# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

# **2024 REGULAR SESSION**

Introduced

# House Bill 4757

By Delegates Summers, Tully, Hite, and Rohrbach

[Introduced January 15, 2024; Referred

to the committee on Health and Human Resources

then Finance]

1	A BILL to repeal §5-11-1, §5-11-2, §5-11-3, §5-11-4, §5-11-5, §5-11-6, §5-11-7, §5-11-8, §5-11-9,
2	§5-11-10, §5-11-11, §5-11-12, §5-11-13, §5-11-14, §5-11-15, §5-11-16, §5-11-17, §5-11-
3	18, §5-11-19, and §5-11-20 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to repeal §5-
4	11A-1, §5-11A-2, §5-11A-3, §5-11A-3a, §5-11A-4, §5-11A-5, §5-11A-6, §5-11A-7, §5-11A-
5	8, §5-11A-9, §5-11A-10, §5-11A-11, §5-11A-12, §5-11A-13, §5-11A-14, §5-11A-15, §5-
6	11A-16, §5-11A-17, §5-11A-18, §5-11A-19 and §5-11A-20 of said code; to repeal §5-11B-
7	1, §5-11B-2, §5-11B-3, §5-11B-4, §5-11B-5, §5-11B-6, and §5-11B-7 of said code; to
8	repeal §16-1-22, §16-1-22a, §16-1-22b, §16-1-22c of said code; to repeal §16-2E-1, §16-
9	2E-2, §16-2E-3, §16-2E-4, and §16-2E-5 of said code; to repeal §16-2N-1, §16-2N-2, and
10	§16-2N-3 of said code; to repeal §16-5B-1, §16-5B-2, §16-5B-3, §16-5B-4, §16-5B-5, §16-
11	5B-5a, §16-5B-6, §16-5B-7, §16-5B-8, §16-5B-9, §16-5B-10, §16-5B-11, §16-5B-12, §16-
12	5B-13, §16-5B-14, §16-5B-15, §16-5B-16, §16-5B-17, §16-5B-18, §16-5B-19, and §16-
13	5B-20 of said code; to repeal §16-5C-1, §16-5C-2, §16-5C-3, §16-5C-4, §16-5C-5, §16-
14	5C-6, §16-5C-7, §16-5C-8, §16-5C-9, §16-5C-9a, §16-5C-10, §16-5C-11, §16-5C-12,
15	§16-5C-12a, §16-5C-13, §16-5C-14, §16-5C-15, §16-5C-18, §16-5C-19, §16-5C-20, §16-
16	5C-21, and §16-5C-22 of said code; to repeal §16-5D-1, §16-5D-2, §16-5D-3, §16-5D-4,
17	§16-5D-5, §16-5D-6, §16-5D-7, §16-5D-8, §16-5D-9, §16-5D-10, §16-5D-11, §16-5D-12,
18	§16-5D-13, §16-5D-14, §16-5D-15, and §16-5D-18 of said code; to repeal §16-5E-1, §16-
19	5E-1a, §16-5E-2, §16-5E-3, §16-5E-3a, §16-5E-4, §16-5E-5, and §16-5E-6 of said code;
20	to repeal §16-5H-1, §16-5H-2, §16-5H-3, §16-5H-4, §16-5H-5, §16-5H-6, §16-5H-7, §16-
21	5H-8, §16-5H-9, and §16-5H-10 of said code; to repeal §16-5I-1, §16-5I-2, §16-5I-3, §16-
22	5I-4, §16-5I-5, and §16-5I-6 of said code; to repeal §16-5N-1, §16-5N-2, §16-5N-3, §16-
23	5N-4, §16-5N-5, §16-5N-6, §16-5N-7, §16-5N-8, §16-5N-9, §16-5N-10, §16-5N-11, §16-
24	5N-12, §16-5N-13, §16-5N-14, §16-5N-15, and §16-5N-16 of said code; to repeal §16-5O-
25	1, §16-50-2, §16-50-3, §16-50-4, §16-50-5, §16-50-6, §16-50-7, §16-50-8, §16-50-9,
26	§16-5O-10, §16-5O-11, and §16-5O-12 of said code; to repeal §16-5R-1, §16-5R-2, §16-

27 5R-3, §16-5R-4, §16-5R-5, §16-5R-6, and §16-5R-7 of said code; to repeal §16-5W-1, 28 §16-5W-2, §16-5W-3, and §16-5W-4 of said code; to repeal §16-5Y-1, §16-5Y-2, §16-5Y-29 3, §16-5Y-4, §16-5Y-5, §16-5Y-6, §16-5Y-7, §16-5Y-8, §16-5Y-9, §16-5Y-10, §16-5Y-11, 30 §16-5Y-12, and §16-5Y-13 of said code; to repeal §16-5AA-1, §16-5AA-2, §16-5AA-3, 31 §16-5AA-4, §16-5AA-5, §16-5AA-6, §16-5AA-7, §16-5AA-8, §16-5AA-9, and §16-5AA-10 32 of said code: to repeal \$16-49-1, \$16-49-2, \$16-49-3, \$16-49-4, \$16-49-5, \$16-49-6, \$16-49-7, §16-49-8, and §16-49-9 of said code; to amend said code by adding a new chapter, 33 designated §16B-1-1; §16B-2-1, §16B-2-2, §16B-2-3, §16B-2-4, §16B-3-1, §16B-3-2, 34 35 §16B-3-3, §16B-3-4, §16B-3-5, §16B-3-5a, §16B-3-6, §16B-3-7, §16B-3-8, §16B-3-9, §16B-3-10, §16B-3-11, §16B-3-12, §16B-3-13, §16B-3-14, §16B-3-15, §16B-3-16, §16B-36 37 3-17, §16B-3-18, §16B-3-19, §16B-3-20, §16B-4-1, §16B-4-2, §16B-4-3, §16B-4-4, §16B-38 4-5, §16B-4-6, §16B-4-7, §16B-4-8, §16B-4-9, §16B-4-9a, §16B-4-10, §16B-4-11, §16B-4-12, §16B-4-12a, §16B-4-13, §16B-4-14, §16B-4-15, §16B-4-18, §16B-4-19, §16B-4-20, 39 40 §16B-4-21, §16B-4-22, §16B-5-1, §16B-5-2, §16B-5-3, §16B-5-4, §16B-5-5, §16B-5-6, 41 §16B-5-7, §16B-5-8, §16B-5-9, §16B-5-10, §16B-5-11, §16B-5-12, §16B-5-13, §16B-5-14, 42 §16B-5-15, §16B-5-18, §16B-6-1, §16B-6-1a, §16B-6-2, §16B-6-3, §16B-6-3a, §16B-6-4, §16B-6-5, §16B-6-6, §16B-7-1, §16B-7-2, §16B-7-3, §16B-7-4, §16B-7-5, §16B-7-6, 43 44 §16B-7-7, §16B-7-8, §16B-7-9, §16B-7-10, §16B-8-1, §16B-8-2, §16B-8-3, §16B-8-4, §16B-8-5, §16B-8-6, §16B-9-1, §16B-9-2, §16B-9-3, §16B-9-4, §16B-9-5, §16B-9-6, 45 46 §16B-9-7, §16B-9-8, §16B-9-9, §16B-9-10, §16B-9-11, §16B-9-12, §16B-9-13, §16B-9-47 14, §16B-9-15, §16B-9-16, §16B-10-1, §16B-10-2, §16B-10-3, §16B-10-4, §16B-10-5, 48 §16B-10-6, §16B-10-7, §16B-10-8, §16B-10-9, §16B-10-10, §16B-10-11, §16B-10-12, 49 §16B-11-1, §16B-11-2, §16B-11-3, §16B-11-4, §16B-11-5, §16B-11-6, §16B-11-7, §16B-50 12-1, §16B-12-2, §16B-12-3, §16B-13-1, §16B-13-2, §16B-13-3, §16B-13-4, §16B-13-5, §16B-13-6, §16B-13-7, §16B-13-8, §16B-13-9, §16B-13-10, §16B-13-11, §16B-13-12, 51 §16B-13-13, §16B-14-1, §16B-14-2, §16B-14-3, §16B-14-4, §16B-14-5, §16B-14-6, §16B-52

53 14-7, §16B-14-8, §16B-14-9, §16B-14-10, §16B-15-1, §16B-15-2, §16B-15-3, §16B-15-4, §16B-15-5, §16B-15-6, §16B-15-7, §16B-15-8, §16B-15-9, §16B-16-1, §16B-16-2, §16B-54 55 16-3, §16B-16-4, §16B-16-5, §16B-16-6, §16B-16-7, §16B-16-8, §16B-16-9, §16B-16-10, 56 §16B-17-1, §16B-17-2, §16B-17-3, §16B-17-4, §16B-17-5, §16B-17-6, §16B-17-7, §16B-57 17-8, §16B-17-9, §16B-17-10, §16B-17-12, §16B-17-13, §16B-17-14, §16B-17-15, §16B-17-16, §16B-17-17, §16B-17-18, §16B-17-19, §16B-17-20, §16B-18-1, §16B-18-2, §16B-58 59 18-3, §16B-18-3a, §16B-18-4, §16B-18-5, §16B-18-6, §16B-18-7, §16B-18-8, §16B-18-9, 60 §16B-18-10, §16B-18-11, §16B-18-12, §16B-18-13, §16B-18-14, §16B-18-15, §16B-18-61 16, §16B-18-17, §16B-18-18, §16B-18-19, §16B-18-20, §16B-19-1, §16B-19-2, §16B-19-3, §16B-19-4, §16B-19-5, §16B-19-6, §16B-19-7, §16B-20-1, §16B-20-2, §16B-20-3, 62 §16B-20-4, §16B-20-5, §16B-21-1, §16B-21-2, and §16B-21-3; to amend and reenact 63 64 §25-1B-7 of said code; to amend and reenact §27-1-9 of said code; to amend and reenact 65 §27-1A-6 and §27-1A-7 of said code: to amend and reenact §27-9-1 and §27-9-2 of said 66 code; to amend and reenact §27-17-1 and §27-17-3 of said code; to amend and reenact 67 §49-1-203 of said code; and to repeal §49-9-101, §49-9-102, §49-9-103, §49-9-104, §49-68 9-105, §49-9-106, §49-9-107, §49-9-108, §49-9-109, and §49-9-110; all relating to the 69 organization of the Office of the Inspector General.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

# CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC. ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

§5-11-1.

Short

title.

1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-2. Declaration of policy.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-3. Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-4. Powers and objectives.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-5. Composition; appointment, terms, and oath of members; compensation and
	expenses.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-6. Commission organization and personnel; executive director; offices; meetings;
	quorum; expenses of personnel.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-7. Assistance to commission; legal services.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-10. Discriminatory practices; investigations, hearings, procedures and orders.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-11. Appeal and enforcement of commission orders
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-12. Local human relations commissions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-13, Exclusiveness of remedy; exceptions.

1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-14. Penalty.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-15. Construction; severability.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-16. Certain records exempt.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-17. Posting of law and information.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-18. Injunctions in certain housing complaints.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-19. Private club exemption.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11-20. Violations of human rights; civil action by attorney general.
1	[Repealed.]
	ARTICLE 11A. WEST VIRGINIA FAIR HOUSING ACT.
	§5-11A-1. Short title.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-2. Declaration of policy.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-3. Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-3a. Volunteer services or materials to build or install basic universal design
	features; workers, contractors, engineers, and architects; immunity from civil
	liability.

1 [Repealed.]

#### §5-11A-4. Application of article.

1 [Repealed.]

§5-11A-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices.

- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §5-11A-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.
- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §5-11A-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.
- 1 [Repealed.]

§5-11A-8. Religious organization or private club exemption.

- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §5-11A-9. Administration; authority and responsibility; delegation of authority; appointment of administrative law judges; location of conciliation meetings; administrative review; cooperation of the commission and executive departments and agencies to further fair housing purposes; functions of the commission.
- 1 [Repealed.]

§5-11A-10. Education and conciliation; conferences and consultations; reports.

- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §5-11A-11. Administrative enforcement; preliminary matters; complaints and answers; service; conciliation; injunctions; reasonable cause determinations; issuance of charge.
- 1 [Repealed.]

§5-11A-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.

1 [Repealed.]

§5-11A-13. Election of remedies; administrative hearings and discovery; exclusivity of remedies; final orders; review by commission; judicial review; remedies; attorney fees.

1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-14. Enforcement by private persons; civil actions; appointed attorneys; remedies;
	bona fide purchasers; intervention by Attorney General.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-15. Enforcement by Attorney General; pattern or practice cases; subpoena
	enforcement; remedies; intervention.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-16. Interference, coercion, or intimidation; enforcement by civil action.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-17. Cooperation with local agencies administering fairhousing laws; utilization of
	services and personnel; reimbursement; written agreements; publication instate
	register.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-18. Effect on other laws.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-19. Severability of provisions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11A-20. Rules to implement article.
1	[Repealed.]
	ARTICLE 11B. PREGNANCY WORKERS' FAIRNESS ACT.
	§5-11B-1. Short title.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11B-2. Nondiscrimination with regard to reasonable accommodations related to
	pregnancy.
1	[Repealed.]
	§5-11B-3. Remedies and enforcement.

1	[Repealed.]				
	§5-11B-4. Rule-makir	ng.			
1	[Repealed.]				
	§5-11B-5.				Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§5-11B-6.	Relationship	to	other	laws.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§5-11B-7. Reports.				
1	[Repealed.]				
		CHAPTER	16. PUBLIC	HEALTH.	
	ARTICLE 2. OFFIC	E OF THE INS	PECTOR GE	NERAL, DUTIES,	AND POWERS.
	§16-1-22. O	ffice of	the	Inspector	General.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-1-22a. Judicial Ro	eview of decision	s of contested	cases.	
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-1-22b. Authority	to subpoena w	itnesses and	documents when	investigating the
	provision	of	medical	assistance	programs.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-1-22c. Authority	of Investigation	s and Fraud	Management Divis	ion to subpoena
	witnesses		and		documents.
1	[Repealed.]				
	ARTICLE 2E. BIRTH	IING CENTERS.			
	§16-2E-1. Definitions.				
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-2E-2. Birthing ce	nters to obtain lic	ense, applicati	on, fees, suspensio	on, or revocation.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-2E-3. State director of health to establish rules and regulations; legislative findings; emergency filing.

- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §16-2E-4. Insurance.
- 1 [Repealed.]

§16-2E-5. Violations; penalties; injunction.

1 [Repealed.]

## ARTICLE 2N. NEONATAL ABSTINENCE SYNDRONE CENTER.

§16-2N-1. Neonatal Abstinence Centers authorized; licensure required.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-2N-2. Rules; minimum standards for neonatal abstinence centers.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-2N-3. Certificate of need; exemption from moratorium.

1 [Repealed.]

ARTICLE 5B. HOSPITALS AND SIMILAR INSTITUTIONS.

§16-5B-1. Health facilities and certain other facilities operated in connection therewith to

obtain license; exemptions; meaning of hospital, etc.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-5B-2. Hospitals and institutions to obtain license; qualifications of applicant.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-5B-3. Application for license.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-5B-4. License fees.

1 [Repealed.]

	§16-5B-5. Inspection.		
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-5a. Accreditation re	ports accepted for periodic I	icense inspection.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-6. State director of	health -to issue licenses; sus	pension or revocation.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-7. Judicial review.		
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-8. State board of he	ealth to establish standards; o	director enforces.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-9. Hospitals and sin	nilar institutions required to s	supply patients, upon request, with
	one specifically iten	nized statement of charges a	assessed to patient, at no cost to
	patient.		
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-10. Information not	to be disclosed; exception.	
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-11. Violations; pena	lties.	
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-12. Injunction; seve	erability.	
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-13. Hospital-based	paternity program.	
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-14. Rura	al Emergency	Hospital Act
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5B-15. Hospital visitation	on.	
1	[Repealed.]		

§16-5B-16. Public notice regarding the closure of a licensed health care facility or hospital.

1 [Repealed.]

§16-5B-17. Healthcare-associated infection reporting.

- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §16-5B-18. Designation of comprehensive, primary, acute, and thrombectomy capable stroke-ready hospitals; reporting requirements; rulemaking.
- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §16-5B-19. Hospital police departments; appointment of hospital police officers; qualifications; authority; compensation and removal; law-enforcement grants; limitations on liability.
- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §16-5B-20. Patient safety and transparency.
- 1 [Repealed.]
  - **ARTICLE 5C NURSING HOMES.**
  - §16-5C-1. Purpose.
- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §16-5C-2. Definitions.
- 1 [Repealed.]
  - §16-5C-3. Powers, duties, and rights of secretary.
- 1 [Repealed.]

	§16-5C-4.	Adı	ninistrative	and	in	spection	staff.
1	[Repe	ealed.]					
	§16-5C-5.	Rules;	minimum	standards	for	nursing	homes.
1	[Repe	ealed.]					
	§16-5C-6.	License	required;	application;	fees;	duration;	renewal.
1	[Repe	ealed.]					

	§16-5C-7.	Cost	disclosure;	surety	for	resident	funds.
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-8.		Investigation		of	co	omplaints.
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-9.					Ins	spections.
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-9a.					Ex	emptions.
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-10. Re	ports of insp	ections; plans of	correction; a	issessmen	t of penalties a	and use of
	funds		derived	the	erefrom;		hearings.
1	[Repea	lled.]					
	§16-5С-11. Ва	an on admiss	sions; closure; tr	ansfer of res	idents; ap	pointment of t	temporary
	manag	jement; asse	ssment of intere	st; collection	of assess	ments; promu	lgation of
	rules	to	conform	with	federa	al requ	uirements.
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-12. Lie	cense denial,	limitation, suspe	ension, or rev	ocation.		
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-12a. lı	ndependent i	nformal dispute	resolution.			
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-13. Jเ	udicial Revie	w.				
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-14. Le	gal counsel a	and services of t	he departmer	nt.		
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§16-5C-15. Ur	nlawful acts;	penalties; injunc	tions; private	right of ac	ction.	
1	[Repea	led.]					

	§16-5C-18. Separate a	accounts for reside	ents' personal	funds; cor	nsent for us	se; records;
	penalties.					
2	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5C-19.	Federal	law;	legisl	ative	rules.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5C-20. Hospice pa	lliative care require	ed to be offered	l.		
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5C-21. Employme	nt restrictions.				
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5C-22. Jury trial v	vaiver to be a sepai	rate document.			
1	[Repealed.]					
	ARTICLE 5D. ASSIS	TED LIVING RESI	DENCES.			
	§16-5D-1.					Purpose.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5D-2. Definitions.					
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5D-3. Powe	rs, duties,	and	rights	of	secretary.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5D-4.	Administrativ	ve and	ir	spection	staff.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5D-5. Rules;	minimum stan	dards for	assisted	living	residences.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5D-6. Lice	nse required;	application;	fees;	duration;	renewal.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5D-7. Cost	disclosure;	surety	for	residents'	funds.
1	[Repealed.]					

	§16-5D-8. Investigation	of complaints.
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-9.	Inspections.
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; asses	ssment of penalties and use of
	funds derived therefr	om; hearings.
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-11. Enforcement actions; assessment of interest;	collection of assessments;
	hearings.	
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-12. License denial; limitation, suspe	ension, or revocation.
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-13. Judicial	review.
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-14. Legal counsel and services for the secretary.	
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-15. Unlawful acts; penalties; injunctions; private righ	nt of action.
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	§16-5D-18. Separate accounts for residents' personal func	ls; consent for use; records;
	penalties.	
1	1 [Repealed.]	
	ARTICLE 5E. REGISTRATION AND INSPECTION OF	SERVICE PROVIDERS IN
	LEGALLY UNLICENSED HEALTH CARE HOMES.	
	§16-5E-1.	Purpose.
1	1 [Repealed.]	

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	§16-5E-1a.	Powers,	rights and	duties	of the	director.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5E-2.					Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5E-3. Registrati	on of service pr	oviders require	ed; form of reg	istration; infor	mation to be
	provided.					
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5E-3a. Exempti	on for the Unite	d States Depar	rtment of Veter	ans Affairs Me	dical Foster
	Homes;					reporting.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5E-4.	Public	availab	ility	of	registry.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5E-5.	Ins	pections;	right	of	entry.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5E-6.	Enforcen	nent;	crimina	I	penalties.
1	[Repealed.]					
	ARTICLE 5H.	CHRONI	C PAIN	CLINIC	LICENSING	G ACT.
	§16-5H-1. Purpose a	and short title.				
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5H-2.					Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5H-3. Pain man	agement clinic	s to obtain lic	ense; applicat	ion; fees and	nspections.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5H-4.		Operational		re	quirements.
1	[Repealed.]					
	§16-5H-5.				I	Exemptions.
			15			

1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5H-6.		Inspection.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5H-7.	Suspe	nsion; revocation.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5H-8.	Violations;	penalties; injunction.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5H-9.		Rules.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5H-10.	Advertisement	disclosure.
1	[Repealed.]		
	ARTICLE 5I. HOSPIC	E LICENSURE ACT.	
	§16-5I-1.	Purpose a	and short title.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5I-2.		Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5I-3. Hospices	to obtain license; appli	ication; fees and inspections.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5I-4.	Suspe	nsion; revocation.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5I-5. Secretary	of Health and Human	Resources to establish rules.
1	[Repealed.]		
	§16-5I-6.	Violations; p	penalties; injunction.
1	[Repealed.]		

ARTICLE 5N. RESIDENTIAL CARE COMMUNITIES.

	§16-5N-1. Purpose.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-2. Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-3. Powers, duties, and rights of director.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-4. Administrative and inspection staff.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-5. Rules; minimum standards for residential care communities.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-7. Cost disclosure; residents' funds; nursing care; fire code.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-8. Investigation of complaints.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-9. Inspections.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties, fees and
	costs; use of funds derived therefrom; hearings.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-11. License limitation, suspension, and revocation; ban on admissions;
	continuation of disciplinary proceedings; closure, transfer of residents,
	appointment of temporary management; assessment of interest; collection of
	assessments; hearing.
1	[Repealed.]

	§16-5N-12. Administrative appeals from civil penalty assessment, license limitation,
	suspension, or revocation.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-13. Judicial review.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-14. Legal counsel and services for the director.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-15. Unlawful acts; penalties; injunctions; private right of action.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5N-16. Availability of reports and records.
1	[Repealed.]
	ARTICLE 50. MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION BY UNLICENSED PERSONNEL.
	§16-5O-1Short title.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5O-2. Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5O-3. Administration of medications; performance of health maintenance tasks;
	maintenance of liability insurance in facilities.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5O-4.——Exemption from licensure; statutory construction.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5O-5. Instruction and training.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5O-6. Availability of records; eligibility requirements of facility staff.
1	[Repealed.]
	816 50.7 Oversight of modication administration and performance of health maintenance

§16-50-7. Oversight of medication administration and performance of health maintenance

	tasks	by t	the approved	d medication	assistive personnel.
1	[Repeal	ed.]			
	§16-5O-8.		Withdrawal	of	authorization.
1	[Repeal	ed.]			
	§16-5O-9.				Fees.
1	[Repeal	ed.]			
	§16-50-10. L	mitations	on medication	administration or	performance of health
	mainter	nance			tasks.
1	[Repeal	ed.]			
	§16-5O-11 Ru	les.			
1	[Repeal	ed.]			
	§16-50-12.			Advisory	Committee.
1	[Repeal	ed.]			
				IAL CARE STAND	
	ARTICLE SR.	THE ALZ	HEIWIER 5 SPEC	JAL CARE STAND	ARDS ACT.
	§16-5R-1.		Name	O	
1					
1	§16-5R-1.				
1	<b>§16-5R-1</b> . [Repeal	ed.]	Name	o	f act.
_	§16-5R-1. [Repeal §16-5R-2.	ed.]	Name Findings	o	f act.
_	<b>§16-5R-1</b> . [Repeal <b>§16-5R-2</b> . [Repeal	ed.] ed.] <b>Definition</b>	Name Findings	or and	f act. declarations.
1	§16-5R-1. [Repeal §16-5R-2. [Repeal §16-5R-3.	ed.] ed.] <b>Definition</b> ed.]	Name Findings of alzhe	oi and imer's special	f act. declarations.
1	§16-5R-1. [Repeal §16-5R-2. [Repeal §16-5R-3. [Repeal	ed.] ed.] <b>Definition</b> ed.] <b>Alzheime</b>	Name Findings of alzhe	oi and imer's special	f act. declarations. care unit/program.
1	§16-5R-1. [Repeal §16-5R-2. [Repeal §16-5R-3. [Repeal §16-5R-4.	ed.] ed.] <b>Definition</b> ed.] <b>Alzheime</b>	Name Findings of alzhe	and imer's special I care	f act. declarations. care unit/program.
1	§16-5R-1. [Repeal §16-5R-2. [Repeal §16-5R-3. [Repeal §16-5R-4. [Repeal	ed.] <b>Definition</b> ed.] <b>Alzheime</b> ed.]	Name Findings of alzhe er's specia	and imer's special I care	f act. declarations. care unit/program. disclosure required.
1 1 1	§16-5R-1. [Repeal §16-5R-2. [Repeal §16-5R-3. [Repeal §16-5R-4. [Repeal §16-5R-5.	ed.] <b>Definition</b> ed.] <b>Alzheime</b> ed.]	Name Findings of alzhe er's specia Standards	and imer's special I care	f act. declarations. care unit/program. disclosure required. care; rules.

	§16-5R-7.	Establishment	of	a central	registry.
1	[Repealed.]				
	ARTICLE 5W. RE	GULATION OF BEH	AVIORAL HE	ALTH.	
	§16-5W-1.				Reporting.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5W-2.	Independent	Mental	Health	Ombudsman.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5W-3. Intellect	ual and Developmen	tal Disabilities	Waiver Program	workforce study.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5W-4.	Annual	capitation	rate	review.
1	[Repealed.]				
	ARTICLE 5Y. ME	DICATION-ASSISTE	D TREATMEN	IT PROGRAM LIC	CENSING ACT.
	§16-5Y-1.				Purpose.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5Y-2.				Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5Y-3. Opioid tr	eatment programs to	obtain license	; application; fees	and inspections.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5Y-4. Office-ba	ased, medication-ass	isted treatmen	it programs to ob	tain registration;
	application;	fees		and	inspections.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5Y-5.	Оре	erational		requirements.
1	[Repealed.]				
	§16-5Y-6.	Restrictions;	variances	and	waivers.
1	[Repealed.]				

	§16-5Y-7.	li	nspection;		inspectio	n	warrant.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5Y-8. L	_icense and	registration	limitation;	denial;	suspension;	revocation.
1	[Repe	ealed.]					
	§16-5Y-9.—	V	iolations;	I	penalties;		injunction.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5Y-10.		Adv	ertisement			disclosure.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5Y-11.	State	e 0	pioid	Treat	ment	Authority.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5Y-12.		Moratoriun	n; c	ertificate	of	need.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5Y-13. I	Rules; minimu	ım standards	for medica	ation-assis	ted treatmen	t programs.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	ARTICLE 5	AA. MEDICA	ATION ADMIN	NISTERD B	Y UNLICI	ENSED PER	SONNEL IN
	NUR	SING HOMES.					
	§16-5AA-1.						Definitions.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5AA-2.		Administratio	n	of		medications.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5AA-3.	Exemption	n from	licensur	e; sta	atutory c	construction.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	§16-5AA-4.		Instruction		and		training.
1	[Repe	aled.]					
	816-500-5	Eligibility roqui	romonte of nu	reing home	staff		

§16-5AA-5. Eligibility requirements of nursing home staff.

1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5AA-6. Oversight of approved medication assistive personnel.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5AA-7. Withdrawal of authorization.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5AA-8. Fees.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5AA-9. Limitations on medication administration.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-5AA-10. Permissive participation.
1	[Repealed.]
	ARTICLE 49. WEST VIRGINIA CLEARANCE FOR ACCESS: REGISTRY AND
	EMPLOYMENT SCREENING ACT.
	§16-49-1. Definitions.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-49-2. Background check program for the department, covered providers, and covered
	contractors.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-49-3. Prescreening and criminal background checks.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-49-4. Notice of ineligibility; prohibited participation as direct access personnel or
	department employee.
1	[Repealed.]
	§16-49-5. Variance; appeals.
1	[Repealed.]

	§16-49-6.	Provisional en	nployment pending	completion of	background check.
1	[Repe	ealed.]			
	§16-49-7.	Clearance	e for	subsequent	employment.
1	[Repe	ealed.]			
	§16-49-8.				Fees.
1	[Repe	ealed.]			
	§16-49-9.	Rules;	penalties;	confidentialit	y; immunity.
1	[Repe	ealed.]			

## **CHAPTER 16B. INSPECTOR GENERAL.**

## ARTICLE 1. OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL, LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.

	<u>§16B-1-1.</u>			Legis	lative		Findings.
1	<u>It is de</u>	clared to be th	e public p	policy of the	<u>s state:</u>		
2	<u>(1)</u> Tr	<u>at the Depar</u>	tment of	Health, t	he Department	of Human Serv	ices, and the
3	Department o	<u>of Health Facili</u>	ties need	d separate	and independer	nt oversight by a	n autonomous
4	agency to pro	tect the vulner	able citize	ens served	by these agencie	<u>es.</u>	
5	<u>(2) Th</u>	<u>at the Office o</u>	f Inspecto	or General	shall be free of	all influence and	control by the
6	<u>Department</u> of	of Health, the	Departm	ent of Hu	man Services, a	and the Departm	<u>ent of Health</u>
7	Facilities to w	<u>hich it provides</u>	oversigh	nt, transpar	ency, and accou	<u>ntability.</u>	
8	<u>(3)</u> Th	<u>nat the Office</u>	of Insp	ector Gen	eral shall be c	ontinued to prov	ide oversight,
9	transparency,	and accountat	oility to the	e Departme	ent of Health, the	Department of Hu	<u>man Services,</u>
10	and the Depa	rtment of Heal	th Faciliti	es. The po	wers of the Offic	e of Inspector Ge	eneral shall be
11	interpreted bro	oadly to effectu	ate this l	egislative p	ourpose.		
	ARTICLE 2	OFFICE O	THE	INSPECT	OR GENERAL	<u>, DUTIES, ANI</u>	D POWERS.
	<u>§16B-2-1.</u>	Office	of	the	Inspector	General	continued.
1	<u>(a) The</u>	e Office of the li	nspector	General is	continued as a se	eparate and auton	omous agency

2	within the Department of Health. The Department of Health shall provide administrative support, at
3	the request of the Office of Inspector General. Shared services shall be provided at the request of
4	the Office of the Inspector General when the same can be accomplished with current staffing
5	within the Office of the Inspector General. The Office of Inspector General shall be headed by the
6	Inspector General and is comprised of the offices as provided in §5F-2-1a of this code.
7	(b) (1) The Inspector General shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to the advice and
8	consent of the Senate.
9	(A) The term of the Inspector General is 5 years.
10	(B) At the end of a term, the Inspector General is eligible to be reappointed for one
11	additional term. The Inspector General shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed.
12	(C) If a vacancy occurs in the office, an interim Inspector General may be appointed as
13	successor to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.
14	(2) The Inspector General may be removed by the Governor only for:
15	(A) Misconduct in office;
15 16	(A) Misconduct in office; (B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or
16	(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or
16 17	(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or (C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice.
16 17 18	(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or (C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice. (c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or
16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or</li> <li>(C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice.</li> <li>(c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or</li> <li>education in at least two of the following areas:</li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20	(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or (C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice. (c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or education in at least two of the following areas: (1) Law;
16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or</li> <li>(C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice.</li> <li>(c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or</li> <li>education in at least two of the following areas:         <ul> <li>(1) Law;</li> <li>(2) Auditing;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or</li> <li>(C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice.</li> <li>(c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or</li> <li>education in at least two of the following areas:         <ul> <li>(1) Law;</li> <li>(2) Auditing;</li> <li>(3) Government operations;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or</li> <li>(C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice.</li> <li>(c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or</li> <li>education in at least two of the following areas: <ul> <li>(1) Law;</li> <li>(2) Auditing;</li> <li>(3) Government operations;</li> <li>(4) Financial management; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(B) Persistent failure to perform the duties of the Office; or</li> <li>(C) Conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice.</li> <li>(c) The Inspector General shall be professionally qualified through experience or</li> <li>education in at least two of the following areas: <ul> <li>(1) Law;</li> <li>(2) Auditing;</li> <li>(3) Government operations;</li> <li>(4) Financial management; or</li> <li>(5) Health policy.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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28	(1) Shall conduct and supervise investigations, perform inspections, evaluations, and
29	review, and provide quality control for the programs of the Department of Human Services, the
30	Department of Health, and the Department of Health Facilities.
31	(2) Shall investigate fraud, waste, abuse of departmental funds, and behavior in the
32	Department of Human Services, the Department of Health, and the Department of Health
33	Facilities that threatens public safety or demonstrates negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance;
34	(3) Shall cooperate with and coordinate investigative efforts with the Medicaid Fraud
35	Control Unit, and where a preliminary investigation establishes a sufficient basis to warrant
36	referral, shall refer such matters to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit;
37	(4) Shall cooperate with and coordinate investigative efforts with departmental programs
38	and other state and federal agencies to ensure a provider is not subject to duplicative audits; and
39	(5) Shall be empowered to consult with the Legislature for policy development;
40	(6) (A) Organize a board of review, consisting of a chairman appointed by the Inspector
41	General and as many assistants or employees of the department as may be determined by the
42	Inspector General and as may be required by federal laws and rules respecting assistance, the
43	board of review to have such powers of a review nature and such additional powers as may be
44	granted to it by the Inspector General and as may be required by federal laws and rules respecting
45	assistance.
46	(B) Provide by rules, review and appeal procedures within the office as may be required by
47	applicable federal laws and rules respecting assistance, and as will provide applicants for, and
48	recipients of, all classes of assistance an opportunity to be heard by the board of review, a member
49	thereof, or individuals designated by the board, upon claims involving denial, reduction, closure,
50	delay, or other action or inaction pertaining to public assistance.
51	(7) (A) May subpoena any person or evidence, administer oaths, take and certify affidavits,
52	and take depositions and other testimony for the purpose of investigating fraud, waste, abuse of
53	departmental funds, or behavior in the departments that threatens public safety or demonstrates

54	negligence, incompetence, or malfeasance.
55	(B) If a person fails to comply with a lawful order or subpoena issued under this subsection,
56	on petition of the Inspector General or a designated Assistant Inspector General, a court of
57	competent jurisdiction may compel:
58	(i) Compliance with the order or subpoena; or
59	(ii) Testimony or the production of evidence.
60	(C) Within 30 business days after receiving a complaint or allegation, the Inspector
61	General shall respond to the individual who filed the complaint or allegation with:
62	(i) A preliminary indication of whether the Office of the Inspector General is able to
63	investigate the complaint or allegation; and
64	(ii) If the Office of the Inspector General is unable to investigate the complaint or allegation
65	because of a conflict of interest, the Office of the Inspector General shall refer the complaint or
66	allegation to another unit of government or law enforcement.
67	(g) Neither the secretary nor any employee of the Department of Human Services,
68	Department of Health or the Department of Health Facilities may prevent, inhibit, or prohibit the
69	Inspector General or his or her employees from initiating, carrying out, or completing any
70	investigation, inspection, evaluation, review, or other activity oversight of public integrity by the
71	Office of the Inspector General.
72	(h) The Inspector General formulates, approves, and submits his or her budget to the
73	Governor for consideration by the Governor.
74	(i) The Inspector General shall supervise all personnel of the Office of the Inspector
75	General. Qualification, compensation, and personnel practice relating to the employees of the
76	Office of the Inspector General, shall be governed by the classified service.
77	(j) Employ and discharge within the Office of the Inspector General employees, including
78	professional employees such as investigators and other professional personnel as may be
79	necessary to carry out the functions of the Inspector General, which employees shall continue to

80	be within the classified service provisions of §29-6-1 et seq. of this code and rules promulgated
81	thereunder, except for the Inspector General.
82	(k) Cause the various sections of the Office of the Inspector General to be operated
83	effectively, efficiently, and economically and to develop goals, policies and plans that are
84	necessary or desirable for the effective, efficient, and economical operation of the Office of the
85	Inspector General.
86	(I) Eliminate or consolidate positions and name a person to fill more than one position.
87	(m) Reorganize internal functions or operations.
88	(n) Enter into contracts or agreements or agreements requiring the expenditure of public
89	funds and authorize the expenditure or obligation of public funds as authorized by law: Provided,
90	That the powers granted to the Inspector General to enter into agreements and to make
91	expenditures or obligations of public funds under this provision shall not exceed or be interpreted
92	as authority to exceed the powers granted by the Legislature.
93	(o) Promulgate rules, as defined in §29A-1-2 of this code, to implement and make effective
94	the powers, authority and duties granted and imposed by the provisions of this chapter in
95	accordance with the provisions of chapter 29A of this code. The Inspector General may
96	promulgate emergency rules pursuant to §29A-3-15 of this code to effectuate the purposes of this
97	section.
98	(p) Delegate to administrators the duties of the Inspector General may deem appropriate,
99	from time to time, to facilitate execution of the powers, authority, and duties delegated to the
100	Inspector General.
101	(q) Transfer permanent state employees between units of the Inspector General.
102	(r) Enter into memorandum of understanding;
103	(s) Take any other action involving or relating to internal management not otherwise
104	prohibited by law; and
105	(t) All legislative rules currently in effect impact the Office of the Inspector General or its

106	programs will continue to remain in full force and effect.
	§16B-2-2. Board of Review- Judicial Review of decisions of contested cases.
1	(a) For purposes of this section:
2	(1) "Agency" means the Board of Review or the Bureau of Medical Services, as the case
3	may be, that has been named a party to any proceeding on appeal made pursuant to the
4	provisions of this section.
5	(2) "Board of Review" or "Board" means the board of Review operating pursuant to the
6	provisions of §16B-2-1 of this code.
7	(3) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Medical Services.
8	(b) The Board shall provide a fair, impartial, and expeditious grievance and appeal process
9	to applicants or recipients of assistance as defined in §9-1-1 et seq. of this code. The bureau shall
10	provide a fair, impartial, and expeditious grievance and appeal process to providers of Medicaid
11	services.
12	(c) Any party adversely affected or aggrieved by a final decision or order of the agency may
13	seek judicial review of that decision by filing an appeal to the Intermediate Court of Appeals as
14	provided in §29A-5-4 et seq., of this code.
15	(d) The process established by this section is the exclusive remedy for judicial review of
16	final decisions of the Board of Review and the Bureau for Medical Services.
	§16B-2-3. Board of Review-Subpoena Powers.
1	The Inspector General and every duly appointed hearing examiner shall have the power to
2	apply, on behalf of any party, to the circuit court of the county in which the hearing is to be held, or
3	the circuit court in which the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum is to be served, or the judge of
4	either such court in vacation, for the issuance of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum to compel
5	the attendance of witnesses or the production of documents, before any hearing or administrative
6	tribunal convened to consider suspension or termination of any person or corporation from
7	providing services under the medical assistance programs. The application for a subpoena duces

8	tecum shall state with particularity any papers or documents requested and upon hearing, the
9	applicant or party shall notify the court or judge, as the case may be, of the necessity therefor in
10	such hearing. The court or judge thereof, prior to issuing the requested subpoena or subpoena
11	duces tecum, may make any order which justice requires to protect a party or person from
12	annoyance, embarrassment, oppression or undue burden or expense. The party who applies for
13	the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum shall pay the sheriff's fees required for service of these
14	documents.
	§16B-2-4. Authority of Investigations and Fraud Management Division to subpoena
	witnesses and documents.
1	(a) When the Investigations and Fraud Management Unit of the Office of the Inspector
2	General, which is charged with investigating welfare fraud and intra-agency employee
3	misconduct, has credible information that indicates a person has engaged in an act or activity
4	related to the Department of Human Services, the Department of Health, and the Department of
5	Health Facilities programs, benefits or intra-agency employee misconduct which is subject to
6	prosecution, it may conduct an investigation to determine if the act has been committed. To the
6 7	prosecution, it may conduct an investigation to determine if the act has been committed. To the extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the
7	extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the
7 8	extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the Inspector General may administer oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and
7 8 9	extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the Inspector General may administer oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents relevant to the investigation, including information concerning the existence,
7 8 9 10	extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the Inspector General may administer oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents relevant to the investigation, including information concerning the existence, description, nature, custody, condition and location of any book, record, documents or other
7 8 9 10 11	extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the Inspector General may administer oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents relevant to the investigation, including information concerning the existence, description, nature, custody, condition and location of any book, record, documents or other tangible thing and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any
7 8 9 10 11 12	extent necessary to the investigation, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office of the Inspector General may administer oaths or affirmations and issue subpoenas for witnesses and documents relevant to the investigation, including information concerning the existence, description, nature, custody, condition and location of any book, record, documents or other tangible thing and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

16 <u>benefits or intra-agency employee misconduct, the Inspector General or an employee of the Office</u>

17 of the Inspector General may request search warrants and present and swear or affirm criminal

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19 (b) If documents necessary to an investigation of the Investigations and Fraud 20 Management Unit appear to be located outside the state, the documents shall be made available 21 by the person or entity within the jurisdiction of the state having control over such documents either 22 at a convenient location within the state or, upon payment of necessary expenses to the division 23 for transportation and inspection, at the place outside the state where these documents are 24 maintained. 25 (c) Upon failure of a person to comply with a subpoena or a subpoena for the production of 26 evidence or failure of a person to give testimony without lawful excuse and upon reasonable notice 27 to all persons affected thereby, the Investigations and Fraud Management Division may apply to 28 the circuit court of the county in which compliance is sought for appropriate orders to compel 29 obedience with the provisions of this section.

- 30 (d) The Investigations and Fraud Management Unit may not make public the name or
- 31 identity of a person whose acts or conduct is investigated pursuant to this section or the facts
- 32 disclosed in an investigation except as the same may be used in any legal action or enforcement
- 33 proceeding brought pursuant to this code or federal law.

#### **ARTICLE 3. HOSPITALS AND SIMILAR INSTITUTIONS.**

# §16B-3-1. Health facilities and certain other facilities operated in connection therewith to obtain license; exemptions; meaning of hospital, etc.

No person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or
 any division, department, board or agency thereof shall establish, conduct, or maintain in the State
 of West Virginia any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, freestanding or
 operated in connection with a hospital, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection
 with a hospital, without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinafter provided:
 *Provided*, That only one license shall be required for any person, partnership, association,
 corporation or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency

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8	thereof who operates any combination of an ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical
9	facility, hospital, extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital, or more than one
10	thereof, at the same location. Ambulatory health care facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities,
11	hospitals, or extended care facilities operated in connection with a hospital operated by the federal
12	government shall be exempt from the provisions of this article.
13	A hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital, within the
14	meaning of this article, shall mean any institution, place, building or agency in which an
15	accommodation of five or more beds is maintained, furnished or offered for the hospitalization of
16	the sick or injured: Provided, That nothing contained in this article shall apply to nursing homes,
17	rest homes, personal care facilities, homes for the aged, extended care facilities not operated in
18	connection with a hospital, boarding homes, homes for the infirm or chronically ill, convalescent
19	homes, hotels or other similar places that furnish to their guests only board and room, or either of
20	them: Provided, however, That the hospitalization, care or treatment in a household, whether for
21	compensation or not, of any person related by blood or marriage, within the degree of
22	consanguinity of second cousin to the head of the household, or his or her spouse, shall not be
23	deemed to constitute the premises a hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with
24	a hospital, within the meaning of this article. "Hospital" shall include state hospitals as defined by
25	<u>§27-1-6 of this code.</u>
26	An "ambulatory health care facility" shall include any facility which provides health care or
27	mental health care to noninstitutionalized persons on an outpatient basis. This definition does not
28	include the legally authorized practice of medicine by any one or more persons in the private office
29	of any health care provider.
30	"Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility which provides surgical treatment to patients
31	not requiring hospitalization. This definition does not include the legally authorized practice of
32	surgery by any one or more persons in the private office of any health care provider.
33	"Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification, or

34	his or her designee.
35	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General as
36	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
37	"Office of Health Facilities Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
38	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
39	The Inspector General designates the director of the Office of the Health Facility Licensure
40	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated.
41	Nothing in this article or the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of this
42	article shall be construed to authorize the licensure, supervision, regulation or control in any
43	manner of (1) private offices of physicians, dentists or other practitioners of the healing arts; (2)
44	dispensaries and first aid stations located within business or industrial establishments maintained
45	solely for the use of employees: Provided, That such facility does not contain inpatient or resident
46	beds for patients or employees who generally remain in the facility for more than twenty-four
47	hours.
48	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or
48	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or
48 49	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to
48 49 50	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be
48 49 50	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be construed to restrict or modify any statute pertaining to the placement or adoption of children.
48 49 50 51	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be construed to restrict or modify any statute pertaining to the placement or adoption of children. §16B-3-2. Hospitals and institutions to obtain license; gualifications of applicant.
48 49 50 51	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be construed to restrict or modify any statute pertaining to the placement or adoption of children. §16B-3-2. Hospitals and institutions to obtain license; qualifications of applicant. No person, partnership, association, corporation or any state or local governmental unit or
48 49 50 51 1 2	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be construed to restrict or modify any statute pertaining to the placement or adoption of children. §16B-3-2. Hospitals and institutions to obtain license; qualifications of applicant. No person, partnership, association, corporation or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof may continue to operate an existing ambulatory
48 49 50 51 1 2 3	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be construed to restrict or modify any statute pertaining to the placement or adoption of children. <b>§16B-3-2.</b> Hospitals and institutions to obtain license; gualifications of applicant. No person, partnership, association, corporation or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof may continue to operate an existing ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in
48 49 50 51 1 2 3 4	Nothing in this article shall authorize any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine, as defined by law. This article shall not be construed to restrict or modify any statute pertaining to the placement or adoption of children. <b>§16B-3-2.</b> Hospitals and institutions to obtain license; qualifications of applicant. No person, partnership, association, corporation or any state or local governmental unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof may continue to operate an existing ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital, or open an ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, a

8 <u>number by type of bed and/or type of services shall require the issuance of a new license.</u>

9 Before a license shall be issued under this article, the person applying, if an individual, 10 shall submit evidence satisfactory to the state department of health that he or she is not less than 11 eighteen years of age, of reputable and responsible character and otherwise qualified. In the event 12 the applicant is an association, corporation, or governmental unit, like evidence shall be submitted 13 as to the members thereof and the persons in charge. 14 Every applicant shall, in addition, submit satisfactory evidence of his or her ability to 15 comply with the minimum standards and with all rules and regulations lawfully promulgated. Every 16 applicant shall further submit satisfactory evidence that he or she has implemented the paternity 17 program created pursuant to §16B-3-13 of this code. §16B-3-3. Application for license.

1 Any person, partnership, association, or corporation, or any state or local governmental 2 unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file 3 with the state Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification a verified application stating the 4 name of the applicant, and if the applicant is an individual, his or her age; the type of institution to 5 be operated; the location thereof; the name of the person in charge thereof; and such other 6 information as the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification may require. An application 7 on behalf of a corporation, association or governmental unit shall be made by any two officers 8 thereof or by its managing agents and shall contain like information. The application shall be on a 9 form prescribed, prepared and furnished by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification §16B-3-4. License fees. 1 The application of any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any state or local 2 government unit for a license to operate a hospital or extended care facility operated in connection 3 with a hospital, shall be accompanied by a fee to be determined by the number of beds available

4 <u>for patients, according to the following schedule of fees: Those with five beds but less than fifty</u>

5 beds shall pay a fee of \$500; those with fifty beds or more and less than one hundred beds shall

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6	pay a fee of \$750; those with one hundred beds or more and less than two hundred beds shall pay
7	a fee of \$1,000; and those with two hundred beds or more shall pay a fee of \$1,250. The director
8	may annually adjust the licensure fees for inflation based upon the consumer price index. The
9	application of any person, partnership, association, corporation, or local governmental unit for a
10	license to operate an ambulatory health care facility or ambulatory surgical facility shall be
11	accompanied by a reasonable fee to be determined by the director, based on the number of
12	patients served by the facility. No such fee shall be refunded. All licenses issued under this article
13	shall expire on June 30 following their issuance, shall be on a form prescribed by the Office of
14	Health Facility Licensure and Certification, shall not be described in the application, shall be
15	posted in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises, and may be renewed from year to year
16	upon application, investigation and payment of the license fee, as in the case of the procurement
17	of an original license: Provided, That any such license in effect on June 30 of any year, for which
18	timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee, has been made to the state
19	department of health in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules and
20	regulations issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of such license, shall continue in
21	effect until (a) June 30 next following the expiration date of such license, or (b) the date of the
22	revocation or suspension of such license pursuant to the provisions of this article, or (c) the date of
23	issuance of a new license, whichever date first occurs: Provided, however, That in the case of the
24	transfer of ownership of a facility with an unexpired license, the application of the new owner for a
25	license shall have the effect of a license for a period of three months when filed with the director. All
26	fees received by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification under the provisions of
27	this article shall be deposited in accordance with §16-1-13 of this code.
	§16B-3-5. Inspection.

Every building, institution, or establishment for which a license has been issued shall be
 inspected periodically by a duly appointed representative of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
 and Certification under rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Inspector General.

4	Inspection reports shall be prepared on forms prescribed by the state department of health.
5	Institutions licensed hereunder shall in no way be exempt from being inspected or licensed under
6	the laws of this state relative to hotels, restaurants, lodginghouses, boardinghouses and places of
7	refreshment.
	§16B-3-5a. Accreditation reports accepted for periodic license inspection.
1	Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a periodic license inspection shall not be
2	conducted by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification for a hospital if the hospital
3	has applied for and received an exemption from that requirement: Provided, That no exemption
4	granted diminishes the right of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification to conduct
5	complaint inspections.
6	The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall grant an exemption from a
7	periodic license inspection during the year following accreditation if a hospital applies by
8	submitting evidence of its accreditation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care
9	Organizations or the American Osteopathic Association, or any accrediting organization approved
10	by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and submits a complete copy of the
11	accrediting organization's accreditation report.
12	If the accreditation of a hospital is for a period longer than one year, the Office of Health
13	Facility Licensure and Certification may conduct at least one license inspection of the hospital after
14	the first year of accreditation and before the accreditation has expired and may conduct additional
15	license inspections if needed. Hospitals receiving a three-year accreditation shall conduct annual
16	self-evaluations using the current year accreditation manual for hospitals unless the Office of
17	Health Facility Licensure and Certification informs the hospital that the hospital will be inspected
18	by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification. Hospitals are not required to conduct
19	self-evaluations for any calendar year during which they are inspected by the Office of Health
20	Facility Licensure and Certification. These self-evaluations shall be completed and placed on file
21	in the hospital by March 31 of each year. Hospitals shall make the results of the self-evaluation

22	available to the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification if requested.
23	Accreditation reports filed with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall
24	be treated as confidential in accordance with §16B-3-10 of this code.
	§16B-3-6. Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification to issue licenses;
	suspension or revocation.
1	The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification is hereby authorized to issue
2	licenses for the operation of ambulatory health care facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities,
3	hospitals or extended care facilities operated in connection with hospitals, which are found to
4	comply with the provisions of this article and with all regulations lawfully promulgated by the
5	Inspector General.
6	The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification is hereby authorized to suspend or
7	revoke a license issued hereunder, on any of the following grounds:
8	(1) Violation of any of the provisions of this article or the rules and regulations issued
9	pursuant thereto;
10	(2) Knowingly permitting, aiding or abetting the commission of any illegal act in such
11	institution;
12	(3) Conduct or practices detrimental to the health or safety of the patients and employees
13	of such institution; or
14	(4) Operation of beds or services not specified in the license.
15	Before any such license is suspended or revoked, however, written notice shall be given
16	the licensee, stating the grounds of the complaint, and the date, time and place set for the hearing
17	on the complaint, which date shall not be less than thirty days from the time notice is given. Such
18	notice shall be sent by registered mail to the licensee at the address where the institution
19	concerned is located. The licensee shall be entitled to be represented by legal counsel at the
20	hearing.
21	If a license is revoked as herein provided, a new application for a license shall be

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22	considered by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification if, when, and after the	
23	conditions upon which revocation was based have been corrected and evidence of this fact has	
24	been furnished. A new license shall then be granted after proper inspection has been made and all	
25	provisions of this article and rules and regulations promulgated hereunder have been satisfied.	
26	All of the pertinent provisions of §29A-5-1 of this code shall apply to and govern any	
27	hearing authorized and required by the provisions of this article and the administrative procedure	
28	in connection with and following any such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article	
29	five were set forth in extenso in this section.	
	§16B-3-7. Judicial review.	
1	Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the Office of Health	
2	Facility Licensure and Certification as a result of the hearing provided in §16B-3-6 of this code	
3	may, within thirty days after receiving notice of the decision, appeal to the West Virginia	
4	Intermediate Court of Appeals for judicial review of the decision.	
5	The Board of Review shall promptly certify and file in the court the transcript of the hearings	
6	on which its decision is based.	
7	Findings of fact by the department shall be considered as prima facie correct, but the court	
8	may remand the case to the department for the taking of further evidence. The Office of Health	
9	Facility Licensure and Certification may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact which	
10	shall likewise be considered as prima facie correct. All evidence in the case shall be held secret	
11	until the final order is issued by the court which order shall be made public.	
12	The court shall have the power to affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the Office of	
13	Health Facility Licensure and Certification and either the applicant or licensee or the Office of the	
14	Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the Supreme Court of Appeals. Pending	
15	the final disposition of the matter the status quo of the applicant or licensee shall be preserved.	
	§16B-3-8. Judicial review. Inspector General to establish standards; director enforces.	
1	The Inspector General shall have the power to promulgate rules and regulations in	

2 accordance with the provisions of 29A of this code and the director shall have the power to enforce 3 such rules and regulations, as the Inspector General may establish, not in conflict with any 4 provision of this article, as it finds necessary, or in the public interest, in order to protect patients in 5 institutions required to be licensed under this article from detrimental practices and conditions, or 6 to ensure adequate provision for their accommodations and care. No rule or regulation or standard 7 of the Inspector General shall be adopted or enforced which would have the effect of denying a 8 license to a hospital or other institution required to be licensed hereunder, solely by reason of the 9 school or system of practice employed or permitted to be employed by physicians therein: 10 *Provided*, That such school or system of practice is recognized by the laws of this state. 11 The Inspector General designates the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and 12 Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated. §16B-3-9. Hospitals and similar institutions required to supply patients, upon request, with one specifically itemized statement of charges assessed to patient, at no cost to patient. 1 Any hospital, or other similar institution, required to be licensed under this article, upon 2 request, shall supply to any patient who has received services from the hospital, whether on an 3 inpatient or outpatient basis, one itemized statement which describes with specificity the exact 4 service or medication for which a charge is assessed to the patient at the institution, at no 5 additional cost to the patient. In the event of the death of any such patient, a relative or guardian 6 may make such request and shall receive such statement at no additional cost. §16B-3-10. Information not to be disclosed; exception. 1 Information received by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification under the 2 provisions of this article shall be confidential and shall not be publicly disclosed except in a

- 3 proceeding involving the question of the issuance or revocation of a license. §16B-3-11. Violations; penalties.
- 1 <u>Any person, partnership, association or corporation, and any state or local governmental</u>

2	unit or any division, department, board or agency thereof establishing, conducting, managing or		
3	operating an ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, a hospital, or extended		
4	care facility operated in connection with a hospital, without first obtaining a license therefor as		
5	herein provided, or violating any provision of this article or any rule or regulation lawfully		
6	promulgated thereunder, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be		
7	punished for the first offense by a fine of not more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail		
8	for a period of not more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion		
9	of the court. For each subsequent offense the fine may be increased to not more than \$500, with		
10	imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than ninety days, or both such fine and		
11	imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. Each day of a continuing violation after conviction shall		
12	be considered a separate offense.		
	§16B-3-12. Injunction; severability.		
1	Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Inspector General may,		
2	in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against		
3	any person, partnership, association, corporation, or state or any local governmental unit, or any		
4	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct,		
4 5			
	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct,		
5	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility,		
5 6	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital without first obtaining a		
5 6 7	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinbefore provided.		
5 6 7 8	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinbefore provided. If any part of this article shall be declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect		
5 6 7 8	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinbefore provided. If any part of this article shall be declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect any other part thereof.		
5 6 7 8 9	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinbefore provided. If any part of this article shall be declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect any other part thereof. §16B-3-13. Hospital-based paternity program.		
5 6 7 8 9	division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any ambulatory health care facility, ambulatory surgical facility, hospital or extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinbefore provided. If any part of this article shall be declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect any other part thereof. §16B-3-13. Hospital-based paternity program. (a) Every public and private hospital licensed pursuant to §16-3-2 of this code and every		

- 5 shall provide all public and private hospitals and all birthing centers providing obstetric services in
- 6 this state with:
- 7 (1) Information regarding the establishment of paternity; and
- 8 (2) An acknowledgment of paternity fulfilling the requirements of §16-5-10 of this code; and
- 9 (3) The telephone contact number for the Bureau for Child Support enforcement that a
- 10 parent may call for further information regarding the establishment of paternity.

11 (c) Prior to the discharge from any facility included in this section of any mother who has

- 12 given birth to a live infant, the administrator, or his or her assignee, shall ensure that the following
- 13 materials are provided to any unmarried woman and any person holding himself or herself out to
- 14 <u>be the natural father of the child:</u>
- 15 (1) Information regarding the establishment of paternity; and
- 16 (2) An acknowledgment of paternity fulfilling the requirements of §16-5-10 of this code; and
- 17 (3) The telephone contact number for the Bureau for Child Support enforcement that a
- 18 parent may call for further information regarding the establishment of paternity.
- (d) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement shall notify the Office of Health Facility
   Licensure and Certification of any failure of any hospital or birthing center to conform with the
- 21 <u>requirements of this section.</u>
- (e) Any hospital or birthing center described in this article should provide the information
   detailed in subsection (c) of this section at any time when such facility is providing obstetrical
- 24 services.

# §16B-3-14.RuralEmergencyHospitalAct.1(a) Definitions – As used in this section:2(1) "Critical Access Hospital" means a hospital that has been deemed eligible and received3designation as a critical access hospital by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services4(CMS).5(2) "Rural Emergency Hospital" means a facility that:

6	(A) Was a critical access hospital;	
7	(B) Does not provide acute care inpatient services; and	
8	(C) Provides, at a minimum, rural emergency hospital services.	
9	(3) "Rural Emergency Hospital Services" means emergency department services and	
10	observation care furnished by a rural emergency hospital that does not exceed an annual	
11	per patient average of 24 hours in such rural emergency hospital.	
12	(4) "Staffed Emergency Department" means an emergency department of a rural	
13	emergency hospital that meets the following requirements:	
14	(A) The emergency department is staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; and	
15	(B) A licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, clinical nurse specialist, or	
16	physician assistant is available to furnish rural emergency hospital services in the facility	
17	<u>24 hours a day.</u>	
18	(b) A hospital located in an urban area (Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) county), can	
19	be considered rural for the purposes of a designation as a critical access hospital pursuant to	
19 20	be considered rural for the purposes of a designation as a critical access hospital pursuant to U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria:	
20	U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria:	
20 21	U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria: (1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all	
20 21 22	U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria: (1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients;	
20 21 22 23	U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria: (1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients; (2) Provides emergency health care services to indigent patients;	
20 21 22 23 24	U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria: (1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients; (2) Provides emergency health care services to indigent patients; (3) Maintains 24-hour emergency services; and	
20 21 22 23 24 25	<ul> <li>U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria:</li> <li>(1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients;</li> <li>(2) Provides emergency health care services to indigent patients;</li> <li>(3) Maintains 24-hour emergency services; and</li> <li>(4) Is located in a county that has a rural population of 50 percent or greater as determined</li> </ul>	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<ul> <li>U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria:</li> <li>(1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients;</li> <li>(2) Provides emergency health care services to indigent patients;</li> <li>(3) Maintains 24-hour emergency services; and</li> <li>(4) Is located in a county that has a rural population of 50 percent or greater as determined by the most recent United States decennial census.</li> </ul>	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<ul> <li>U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria:</li> <li>(1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients;</li> <li>(2) Provides emergency health care services to indigent patients;</li> <li>(3) Maintains 24-hour emergency services; and</li> <li>(4) Is located in a county that has a rural population of 50 percent or greater as determined by the most recent United States decennial census.</li> <li>(c) A critical access hospital may apply to be licensed as a rural emergency hospital if:</li> </ul>	
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>U.S.C. §1395i-4(c)(2) if it meets the following criteria:</li> <li>(1) Is enrolled as both a Medicaid and Medicare provider and accepts assignment for all Medicaid and Medicare patients;</li> <li>(2) Provides emergency health care services to indigent patients;</li> <li>(3) Maintains 24-hour emergency services; and</li> <li>(4) Is located in a county that has a rural population of 50 percent or greater as determined by the most recent United States decennial census.</li> <li>(c) A critical access hospital may apply to be licensed as a rural emergency hospital if:</li> <li>(1) It has been designated as a critical access hospital for at least one year; and</li> </ul>	

32	hospital shall, at a minimum:		
33	(1) Provide rural emergency hospital services through a staffed emergency department;		
34	(2) Treat all patients regardless of insurance status; and		
35	(3) Have in effect a transfer agreement with a Level I or Level II trauma center.		
36	(e) A rural emergency hospital may:		
37	(1) With respect to services furnished on an outpatient basis, provide other medical and		
38	health services as specified by the secretary through rulemaking; and		
39	(2) Include a unit of a facility that is a distinct part licensed as a skilled nursing facility to		
40	furnish post-hospital extended care services.		
41	(f) The Inspector General shall propose a rule for legislative approval in accordance with		
42	the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to implement the provisions of this section.		
	§16B-3-15. Hospital visitation.		
1	(a) A public or private hospital licensed pursuant to the provisions of §16B-3-2 of this code		
2	is required to permit patient visitation privileges for nonrelatives unless otherwise requested by the		
3	patient or legal designee. For purposes of this section, the term "legal designee" means and		
4	includes those persons eighteen years of age or older, appointed by the patient to make health		
5	care decisions for the patient pursuant to the provisions of §16-30-6 of this code.		
6	(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that this section facilitate a patient's visitation with		
7	nonrelative individuals, and may not, in any way, restrict or limit allowable uses and disclosures of		
8	protected health information pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act,		
9	42 U.S.C. §1320d-2 and the accompanying regulations in 45 CFR 164.500.		
10	(c) No provision of this section may be construed to prevent a hospital from otherwise		
11	restricting visitation privileges in order to prevent harm to the patient or disruption to the facility.		
	§16B-3-16. Public notice regarding the closure of a licensed health care facility or hospital.		
1	(a) Any hospital, extended care facility operated in connection with a hospital, ambulatory		
2	health care facility, or ambulatory surgical facility freestanding or operated in connection with a		

3	hospital licensed in the State of West Virginia under this article that intends to terminate operations
4	shall provide at least three weeks' notice of such intent to the public prior to the actual termination
5	of operations. Pursuant to the provisions of §59-3-1 et seq. of this code, the hospital or facility shall
6	cause a Class III legal advertisement to be published in all qualified newspapers of general
7	circulation where the hospital or facility is geographically located, and a notice shall be published
8	on the facility's web page within the same time frame. The first publication of the Class III legal
9	advertisement shall occur at least three weeks prior to the date the hospital or facility intends to
10	terminate operations. The Class III legal advertisement shall include, but is not limited to, a
11	statement, along with the specific or proximate date, that the hospital, extended care facility
12	operated in connection with a hospital, ambulatory health care facility, or ambulatory surgical
13	facility freestanding or operated in connection with a hospital, intends to terminate operations, and
14	where medical records, including, but not limited to, all imaging studies may be obtained.
1	(b) Upon closure, the hospital or facility shall cause a Class III legal advertisement to be
2	published in all qualified newspapers of general circulation where the hospital or facility is
3	geographically located informing the public where medical records, including, but not limited to, all
4	imaging studies may be obtained. This notice shall include contact information. A notice shall also
5	be placed on the facility web page.
6	(c) The hospital or facility shall respond to requests for medical records made pursuant to
7	the publication requirements in this section within 30 days.
8	(d) A notification of any change in location of the patients' medical records shall be
9	published in a newspaper of general circulation as set forth in subsection (a) of this section. The
10	confidentiality of the medical records shall be maintained during storage.
11	(e) If the facility fails to produce the requested records within 30 days, a penalty of \$25 per
12	day may be assessed by a court with jurisdiction.
13	(f) This section is effective retroactively to September 1, 2019, and continues in effect
14	thereafter. The applicable penalties are only effective for requests for medical records made after

15 <u>the effective date of passage of this section.</u>

	<u>§16B-3-17.</u>	Healthcare-associated	infection	reporting.
1	<u>(a) As use</u>	d in this section, the following word	<u>s mean:</u>	
2	<u>(1) "Cente</u>	rs for Disease Control and Preve	ntion" or "CDC" me	ans the United States
3	Department of He	alth and Human Services Centers t	for Disease Control a	nd Prevention;
4	<u>(2) "Nation</u>	nal Healthcare Safety Network" or	"NHSN" means the	secure Internet-based
5	data collection su	rveillance system managed by the	Division of Healthcar	e Quality Promotion at
6	the CDC, created	by the CDC for accumulating, excl	nanging and integration	ng relevant information
7	on infectious adve	erse events associated with healthc	are delivery.	
8	<u>(3) "Hospit</u>	al" means hospital as that term is d	lefined in subsection-	e, section three, article
9	twenty-nine-b, cha	apter sixteen.		
10	<u>(4) "Health</u>	care-associated infection" means a	a localized or systemi	ic condition that results
11	<u>from an adverse r</u>	eaction to the presence of an infec	tious agent or a toxir	n of an infectious agent
12	that was not prese	ent or incubating at the time of adm	ission to a hospital.	
13	<u>(5)</u> "Physi	cian" means a person licensed to	practice medicine I	by either the board of
14	Medicine or the bo	pard of osteopathy.		
15	<u>(6) "Nurse</u>	' means a person licensed in West \	∕irginia as a registere	ed professional nurse in
16	accordance with a	rticle seven, chapter thirty.		
17	<u>(b) The Se</u>	ecretary of the Department of Heal	th is hereby directed	to create an Infection
18	Control Advisory	Panel whose duty is to provide gu	uidance and oversigh	nt in implementing this
19	section. The advis	ory panel shall consist of the follow	ving members:	
20	<u>(1) Two bc</u>	ard-certified or board-eligible physi	cians, affiliated with a	a West Virginia hospital
21	or medical schoo	l, who are active members of the	e Society for Health	Care Epidemiology of
22	America and who	have demonstrated an interest in ir	nfection control;	
23	<u>(2) One ph</u>	ysician who maintains active privile	eges to practice in at	least one West Virginia
24	<u>hospital;</u>			

25 (3) Three infection control practitioners, two of whom are nurses, each certified by the

26 Certification Board of Infection Control and Epidemiology, and each working in the area of infection

- 27 <u>control. Rural and urban practice must be represented;</u>
- 28 (4) A statistician with an advanced degree in medical statistics;
- 29 (5) A microbiologist with an advanced degree in clinical microbiology;
- 30 (6) The Director of the Division of Disease Surveillance and Disease Control in the Bureau
- 31 for Public Health or a designee; and
- 32 (7) The director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification, or his or her
- 33 <u>designee.</u>
- 34 (c) The advisory panel shall:
- 35 (1) Provide guidance to hospitals in their collection of healthcare-associated infections;
- 36 (2) Provide evidence-based practices in the control and prevention of healthcare
- 37 <u>associated infections;</u>
- 38 (3) Establish reasonable goals to reduce the number of healthcare-associated infections;
- 39 (4) Develop plans for analyzing infection-related data from hospitals;
- 40 (5) Develop healthcare-associated advisories for hospital distribution;
- 41 (6) Review and recommend to the Secretary of the Department of Health the manner in

42 which the reporting is made available to the public to assure that the public understands the

- 43 meaning of the report; and
- 44 (7) Other duties as identified by the Secretary of the Department of Health.
- 45 (d) Hospitals shall report information on healthcare-associated infections in the manner
- 46 prescribed by the CDC National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN). The reporting standard
- 47 prescribed by the CDC National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) shall be the reporting system
- 48 of the hospitals in West Virginia.

- 49 (e) Hospitals who fail to report information on healthcare associated infections in the
- 50 manner and time frame required by the Secretary of the Department of Health shall be fined the
- 51 <u>sum of \$5,000 for each such failure.</u>
- 52 (f) The Infection Control Advisory Panel shall provide the results of the collection and
- 53 <u>analysis of all hospital data to the Secretary of the Department of Health for public availability and</u>
- 54 the Bureau for Public Health for consideration in their hospital oversight and epidemiology and
- 55 disease surveillance responsibilities in West Virginia.
- 56 (g) Data collected and reported pursuant to this act may not be considered to establish
- 57 standards of care for any purposes of civil litigation in West Virginia.
- 58 (h) The Secretary of the Department of Health shall require that all hospitals implement
- 59 and initiate this reporting requirement.

# §16B-3-18. Designation of comprehensive, primary, acute, and thrombectomy capable stroke-ready hospitals; reporting requirements; rulemaking.

1 (a) A hospital, as that term is defined in §16B-3-1 et seq. of this code, shall be recognized 2 by the Office of Emergency Medical Services as a comprehensive stroke center (CSC), 3 thrombectomy-capable stroke center (TSC), primary stroke center (PSC), or an acute stroke-4 ready hospital (ASRH), upon submitting verification of certification as granted by the American 5 Heart Association, the joint commission, or other nationally recognized organization to the Office 6 of Emergency Medical Services. A hospital shall immediately notify the Office of Emergency 7 Medical Services of any change in its certification status. 8 (b) The Office of Emergency Medical Services shall gain access to, and utilize, a nationally 9 recognized stroke database that compiles information and statistics on stroke care that align with 10 the stroke consensus metrics developed and approved by the American Heart Association and the 11 American Stroke Association, for the purpose of improving stroke care and access across the 12 State of West Virginia. The Office of Emergency Medical Services shall, upon request, provide the 13 data accessed and utilized relating to comprehensive stroke centers, thrombectomy-capable

14	stroke centers, primary stroke centers, and acute stroke-ready hospitals to the advisory committee
15	in §16B-3-18(d) of this code.
16	(c) The Office of Emergency Medical Services shall provide annually, by June 1, a list of all
17	hospitals recognized pursuant to the provisions of §16-5B-18(a) of this code to the medical
18	director of each licensed emergency medical services agency in this state. This list shall be
19	maintained by the Office of Emergency Medical Services and shall be updated annually on its
20	website.
21	(d) No later than July 1, 2024, the Secretary of the Department of Health shall establish
22	and appoint a stroke advisory committee which shall function as an advisory body to the secretary
23	and report no less than biannually at regularly scheduled meetings. Its functions shall include:
24	(1) Increasing stroke awareness;
25	(2) Promoting stroke prevention and health policy recommendations relating to stroke
26	<u>care;</u>
27	(3) Advising the Office of Emergency Medical Services on the development of stroke
28	networks;
29	(4) Utilizing stroke care data to provide recommendations to the Office of Emergency
30	Medical Services to improve stroke care throughout the state;
31	(5) Identifying and making recommendations to overcome barriers relating to stroke care;
32	and
33	(6) Review and make recommendations to the State Medical Director of the Office of
34	Emergency Medical Services regarding prehospital care protocols including:
35	(A) The assessment, treatment, and transport of stroke patients by licensed emergency
36	medical services agencies; and
37	(B) Plans for the triage and transport, within specified time frames of onset symptoms, of
38	acute stroke patients to the nearest comprehensive stroke center, thrombectomy-capable stroke
39	center, primary stroke center, or acute stroke-ready hospital.

- 40 (e) The advisory committee as set forth §16B-3-18(d) of this code shall consist of no more
- 41 than 14 members. Membership of the advisory committee shall include:
- 42 (1) A representative of the Department of Health;
- 43 (2) A representative of an association with the primary purpose of promoting better heart
- 44 <u>health;</u>
- 45 (3) A registered emergency medical technician;
- 46 (4) Either an administrator or physician representing a critical access hospital;
- 47 (5) Either an administrator or physician representing a teaching or academic hospital;
- 48 (6) A representative of an association with the primary purpose of representing the
- 49 interests of all hospitals throughout the state; and
- 50 (7) A clinical and administrative representative of hospitals from each level of stroke center
- 51 certification by a national certifying body (CSC, TSC, PSC, and ASRH).
- 52 (f) Of the members first appointed, three shall be appointed for a term of one year, three
- 53 shall be appointed for a term of two years, and the remaining members shall be appointed for a
- 54 term of three years. The terms of subsequent appointees shall be three years. Members may be
- 55 <u>reappointed for additional terms.</u>
- 56 (g) Nothing in this section may permit the Office of Emergency Medical Services to conduct
- 57 inspections of hospitals in relation to recognition as a stroke center as set forth in this section:
- 58 Provided, That nothing in this section may preclude inspections of hospitals by the Office of
- 59 <u>Emergency Medical Services which are otherwise authorized by this code.</u>

§16B-3-19. Hospital police departments; appointment of hospital police officers; qualifications; authority; compensation and removal; law-enforcement grants; limitations on liability.

(a) The governing board of a hospital licensed under §16-3-2 of this code may establish a
 hospital police department and appoint qualified individuals to serve as hospital police officers
 upon any premises owned or leased by the hospital and under the jurisdiction of the governing

4	board, subject to the conditions and restrictions established in this section.
5	(1) A person who fulfills the certification requirements for law-enforcement officers under
6	§30-29-5 of this code is considered qualified for appointment as a hospital police officer.
7	(2) A retired police officer may qualify for appointment as a hospital police officer if he or
8	she meets the certification requirements under §30-29-5 of this code.
9	(3) Before performing duties as a hospital police officer in any county, a person shall qualify
10	as is required of county police officers by:
11	(A) Taking and filing an oath of office as required by §6-1-1 et seq. of this code; and
12	(B) Posting an official bond as required by §6-2-1 et seq. of this code.
13	(b) A hospital police officer may carry a gun and any other dangerous weapon while on
14	duty if the officer fulfills the certification requirement for law-enforcement officers under §30-29-5
15	of this code.
16	(c) It is the duty of a hospital police officer to preserve law and order:
17	(1) On the premises under the jurisdiction of the governing board and its affiliated
18	properties; and
19	(2) On any street, road, or thoroughfare, except controlled access highways, immediately
20	adjacent to or passing through the premises under the jurisdiction of the governing board, to which
21	the officer is assigned by the chief executive officer or his or her designee: Provided, That a
22	hospital police officer may only enforce the provisions of §17C-1-1 et seq. of this code upon
23	request of a local law-enforcement agency.
24	(A) For the purposes of this subdivision, the hospital police officer is a law-enforcement
25	officer pursuant to the provisions of §30-29-1 et seq. of this code;
26	(B) The hospital police officer has and may exercise all the powers and authority of a law-
27	enforcement officer as to offenses committed within the area assigned;
27 28	

30	(D) Authority assigned pursuant to this subdivision does not supersede in any way the
31	authority or duty of other law-enforcement officers to preserve law and order on such hospital
32	premises;
33	(E) Hospital police officers may assist a local law-enforcement agency on public highways.
34	The assistance may be provided to control traffic in and around premises owned by the state or
35	political subdivision when:
36	(i) Traffic is generated as a result of activities or events conducted or sponsored by the
37	hospital; and
38	(ii) The assistance has been requested by the local law-enforcement agency;
39	(F) Hospital police officers may assist a local law-enforcement agency in any location
40	under the agency's jurisdiction at the specific request of the agency; and
41	(G) Hospital police officers shall enforce the general policies and procedures of the
42	hospital as established by the chief executive officer or his or her designee.
43	(d) The salary of a hospital police officer is paid by the employing hospital's governing
44	board. The hospital shall furnish each hospital police officer with a firearm and an official uniform to
45	be worn while on duty. The hospital shall furnish, and require each officer while on duty to wear, a
46	shield with the appropriate inscription and to carry credentials certifying the person's identity and
47	authority as a hospital police officer.
48	(e) The governing board of the employing hospital may at its pleasure revoke the authority
49	of any hospital police officer and such officers serve at the will and pleasure of the governing
50	board. The chief executive officer of the hospital or his or her designee shall report the termination
51	of employment of a hospital police officer by filing a notice to that effect in the office of the clerk of
52	each county in which the hospital police officer's oath of office was filed.
53	(f) For the purpose of hospital police officers appointed and established in this section, the
54	civil service provisions of §8-14-1 et seq. of this code and the investigation and interrogation
55	provisions of <u>§</u> 8-14A-1 <i>et seq.</i> of this code shall not apply.

56	(g) A hospital police officer shall not be subject to civil or criminal liability unless one of the		
57	following applies:		
58	(1) His or her acts or omissions were manifestly outside the scope of employment or offici		
59	responsibilities;		
60	(2) His or her acts or omissions were with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton		
61	reckless manner; or		
62	(3) Liability is expressly imposed upon the hospital police officer by any other provision c		
63	this code.		
64	(h) A hospital police officer shall be trained in crisis de-escalation techniques cons	<u>istent</u>	
65	with the goals and objectives of this section: Provided, That within 180 days of beginning wor	<u>k as a</u>	
66	hospital police officer, the employing hospital shall provide crisis management training	to a	
67	hospital police officer through a program approved by the Law-Enforcement Professiona		
68	Standards Subcommittee established by §30-29-2 of this code.		
	§16B-3-20. Patient safety and transpar	<u>ency.</u>	
1			
	(a) As used in this section:		
2	(a) As used in this section: "Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific	<u>: data</u>	
2 3			
	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific	its for	
3	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement	i <u>ts for</u> t and	
3 4	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement individual patients based on severity of patient illness, need for specialized equipment	<u>its for</u> t and ursing	
3 4 5	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement individual patients based on severity of patient illness, need for specialized equipment technology, intensity of nursing interventions required, and the complexity of clinical nursing	<u>its for</u> t and ursing istent	
3 4 5 6	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement individual patients based on severity of patient illness, need for specialized equipment technology, intensity of nursing interventions required, and the complexity of clinical nur- judgment needed to design, implement and evaluate the patient's nursing care plan const	<u>its for</u> t and ursing istent on the	
3 4 5 6 7	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement individual patients based on severity of patient illness, need for specialized equipment technology, intensity of nursing interventions required, and the complexity of clinical nursing judgment needed to design, implement and evaluate the patient's nursing care plan const with professional standards of care. The acuity system criteria shall take into consideration	<u>its for</u> t and ursing istent on the	
3 4 5 6 7 8	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement individual patients based on severity of patient illness, need for specialized equipment technology, intensity of nursing interventions required, and the complexity of clinical nur- judgment needed to design, implement and evaluate the patient's nursing care plan cons with professional standards of care. The acuity system criteria shall take into consideration patient care services provided by registered nurses, licensed practical nurses and other line	<u>its for</u> <u>t and</u> <u>ursing</u> <u>istent</u> on the <u>nealth</u>	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	"Acuity-based patient classification system" means a set of criteria based on scientific that acts as a measurement instrument which predicts registered nursing care requirement individual patients based on severity of patient illness, need for specialized equipment technology, intensity of nursing interventions required, and the complexity of clinical nursing judgment needed to design, implement and evaluate the patient's nursing care plan consideration with professional standards of care. The acuity system criteria shall take into consideration patient care services provided by registered nurses, licensed practical nurses and other license care personnel.	t and ursing istent on the health	

12 perform expected nursing duties of a unit.

13	"Direct-care registered nurse" means a registered nurse, who is a member of the facility's
14	staff, has no management role or responsibility, and accepts direct responsibility and
15	accountability to carry out medical regimens, nursing or other bedside care for patients.
16	"Facility" means a hospital, licensed pursuant to the provisions of this article, a licensed
17	private or state-owned and operated general acute-care hospital, an acute psychiatric hospital, or
18	any acute-care unit within a state operated facility.
19	"Nursing care" means care which falls within the scope of practice, as provided §30-7-1 et
20	seq. of this code.
21	"Orientation" means the process that the facility develops to provide initial training and
22	information to clinical staff relative to job responsibilities and the organization's mission and goals.
23	"Unit" means those areas of the hospital organization not considered departments which
24	provide specialized patient care.
25	"Unit Nurse Staffing Committee" means a committee made up of facility employees which
26	includes a minimum of 51 percent of direct-care registered nurses who regularly provide direct
27	nursing care to patients on the unit of the facility for which the nurse staffing plan is developed.
28	(b) The Legislature finds that to better improve the quality and efficiency of health care and
29	to better facilitate planning for future states of emergency in West Virginia, a comprehensive
30	system for nurses should be established to create staffing plans to ensure facilities are adequately
31	staffed to handle the daily workload that may accompany a state of emergency. Further, the
32	Legislature finds that nurses in West Virginia fall under the definition of "critical infrastructure," and
33	by establishing a comprehensive staffing plan, West Virginia will be better equipped to deal with
34	employment and staffing issues associated with higher acuity treatment in facilities. Additionally,
35	the Legislature finds that based upon the nature of the acuity-based patient classification system it
36	relies upon confidential patient information to generate a staffing plan model and therefore both
37	the classification system and the staffing plan are considered confidential records as defined in
38	§30-3C-3 of this code and are therefore not subject to discovery in any civil action or administrative

- 39 proceeding.
- 40 (c) A facility shall:

41 (1) Develop, by July 1, 2024, an acuity-based patient classification system to be used to

- 42 establish the staffing plan to be used for each unit;
- 43 (2) Direct each unit nurse staffing committee to annually review the facility's current acuity-
- 44 based patient classification system and submit recommendations to the facility for changes based
- 45 on current standards of practice; and
- 46 (3) Provide orientation, competency validation, education, and training programs in
   47 accordance with a nationally recognized accrediting body recognized by the Centers for Medicare
   48 and Medicaid Services or in accordance with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
   49 Certification. The orientation shall include providing for orientation of registered nursing staff to
   50 assigned clinical practice areas.

### **ARTICLE 4. NURSING HOMES.**

### §16B-4-1. Purpose.

1 It is the policy of this state to encourage and promote the development and utilization of 2 resources to ensure the effective and financially efficient care and treatment of persons who are 3 convalescing or whose physical or mental condition requires them to receive a degree of nursing 4 or related health care greater than that necessary for well individuals. Such care and treatment 5 require a living environment for such persons which, to the extent practicable, will approximate a 6 normal home environment. To this end, the guiding principle for administration of the laws of the 7 state is that such persons shall be encouraged and assisted in securing necessary care and 8 treatment in noninstitutional surroundings. In recognition that for many such persons effective care 9 and treatment can only be secured from proprietary, voluntary and governmental nursing homes it 10 is the policy of this state to encourage, promote and require the maintenance of nursing homes so 11 as to ensure protection of the rights and dignity of those using the services of such facilities.

12 The provisions of this article are hereby declared to be remedial and shall be liberally

13 <u>construed to effectuate its purposes and intents.</u>

### §16B-4-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
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- 2 "Deficiency" means a nursing home's failure to meet the requirements specified in §16B-4-
- 3 <u>1 et seq. of this code and rules promulgated thereunder.</u>
- 4 <u>"Department" means the Department of Health.</u>
- 5 "Director" means the director of the office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification.
- 6 "Distance learning technologies" means computer-centered technologies delivered over
- 7 the internet, broadcasts, recordings, instructional videos, or videoconferencing.
- 8 "Household" means a private home or residence which is separate from or unattached to a

### 9 <u>nursing home.</u>

10 <u>"Immediate jeopardy" means a situation in which the nursing home's noncompliance with</u>

11 <u>one or more of the provisions of this article or rules promulgated thereunder has caused or is likely</u>

- 12 to cause serious harm, impairment or death to a resident.
- 13 "Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General as
- 14 described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
- 15 "Nursing home" or "facility" means any institution, residence or place, or any part or unit
- 16 thereof, however named, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained or operated by the
- 17 ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose
- 18 of providing accommodations and care, for a period of more than 24 hours, for four or more
- 19 persons who are ill or otherwise incapacitated and in need of extensive, ongoing nursing care due
- 20 to physical or mental impairment or which provides services for the rehabilitation of persons who
- 21 <u>are convalescing from illness or incapacitation.</u>
- 22 The care or treatment in a household, whether for compensation or not, of any person
- 23 related by blood or marriage, within the degree of consanguinity of second cousin to the head of
- 24 the household, or his or her spouse, may not be deemed to constitute a nursing home within the

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25	meaning of this article. Nothing contained in this article applies to nursing homes operated by the
26	federal government; or extended care facilities operated in conjunction with a hospital; or
27	institutions operated for the treatment and care of alcoholic patients; or offices of physicians; or
28	hotels, boarding homes or other similar places that furnish to their guests only room and board; or
29	to homes or asylums operated by fraternal orders pursuant to §35-3-1 et seq. of this code.
30	"Nursing care" means those procedures commonly employed in providing for the physical,
31	emotional and rehabilitation needs of the ill or otherwise incapacitated which require technical
32	skills and knowledge beyond that which the untrained person possesses, including, but not limited
33	to, such procedures as: Irrigations, catheterization, special procedure contributing to
34	rehabilitation, and administration of medication by any method which involves a level of complexity
35	and skill in administration not possessed by the untrained person.
36	"Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
37	Health Facility Licensure Certification within the Office of Inspector General.
38	"Person" means an individual and every form of organization, whether incorporated or
39	unincorporated, including any partnership, corporation, trust, association, or political subdivision
40	of the state.
41	"Resident" means an individual living in a nursing home.
42	"Review organization" means any committee or organization engaging in peer review or
43	quality assurance, including, but not limited to, a medical audit committee, a health insurance
44	review committee, a professional health service plan review committee or organization, a dental
45	review committee, a physician's advisory committee, a podiatry advisory committee, a nursing
46	advisory committee, any committee or organization established pursuant to a medical assistance
47	program, any committee or organization established or required under state or federal statutes,
48	rules or regulations, and any committee established by one or more state or local professional
49	societies or institutes, to gather and review information relating to the care and treatment of
50	residents for the purposes of:

51	Evaluating and improving the quality of health care rendered; reducing morbidity or
52	mortality; or establishing and enforcing guidelines designed to keep within reasonable bounds the
53	cost of health care.
54	"Sponsor" means the person or agency legally responsible for the welfare and support of a
55	resident.
56	"Substantial compliance" means a level of compliance with the rules such that no
57	deficiencies exist or such that identified deficiencies pose no greater risk to resident health or
58	safety than the potential for causing minimal harm.
59	The Inspector General may define in the rules any term used herein which is not expressly
60	defined.
	§16B-4-3. Powers, duties, and rights of Inspector General.
1	In the administration of this article, the Inspector General shall have the following powers,
2	duties, and rights:
3	(a) To enforce rules and standards promulgated hereunder for nursing homes;
4	(b) To exercise as sole authority all powers relating to the issuance, suspension, and
5	revocation of licenses of nursing homes;
6	(c) To enforce rules promulgated hereunder governing the qualification of applicants for
7	nursing home licenses, including, but not limited to, educational requirements, financial
8	requirements, personal, and ethical requirements;
9	(d) To receive and disburse federal funds and to take whatever action not contrary to law as
10	may be proper and necessary to comply with the requirements and conditions for the receipt of
11	such federal funds;
12	(e) To receive and disburse for authorized purposes any moneys appropriated to the

13 <u>department by the Legislature;</u>

14	(f) To receive and disburse for purposes authorized by this article any funds that may come
15	to the department by gift, grant, donation, bequest, or devise, according to the terms thereof, as
16	well as funds derived from the department's operation, or otherwise;
17	(g) To make contracts, and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient in carrying
18	out the Inspector General's functions and duties; and all such contracts, agreements, and
19	instruments will be executed by the Inspector General;
20	(h) To appoint officers, agents, employees, and other personnel and fix their
21	compensation;
22	(i) To offer and sponsor educational and training programs for nursing homes for clinical,
23	administrative, management, and operational personnel;
24	(j) To undertake survey, research and planning projects, and programs relating to
25	administration and operation of nursing homes and to the health, care, treatment, and service in
26	general of such homes;
27	(k) To assess civil penalties for violations of facility standards, in accordance with §16B-4-
28	<u>10 of this code;</u>
29	(I) To inspect any nursing home and any records maintained therein that are necessary to
30	determine compliance with licensure laws or Medicare or Medicaid certification, subject to the
31	provisions of §16B-4-9 and §16B-4-10 of this code;
32	(m) To establish and implement procedures, including informal conferences,
33	investigations, and hearings, subject to applicable provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code, and
34	to enforce compliance with the provisions of this article and with rules issued hereunder;
35	(n) To subpoena witnesses and documents, administer oaths and affirmations, and to
36	examine witnesses under oath for the conduct of any investigation or hearing. Upon failure of a
37	person without lawful excuse to obey a subpoena to give testimony, and upon reasonable notice to
38	all persons affected thereby, the secretary may apply to the circuit court of the county in which the
39	hearing is to be held for an order compelling compliance;

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40	(o) To make complaint or cause proceedings to be instituted against any person or persons
41	for the violation of the provisions of this article or of rules issued hereunder. Such action may be
42	taken by the secretary without the sanction of the prosecuting attorney of the county in which
43	proceedings are instituted if the officer fails or refuses to discharge his or her duty. The circuit court
44	of the county in which the conduct has occurred or, if emergency circumstances require, the Circuit
45	Court of Kanawha County shall have jurisdiction in all civil enforcement actions brought under this
46	article and may order equitable relief without bond. In no such case may the Inspector General or
47	any person acting under the Inspector General's direction be required to give security for costs;
48	(p) To delegate authority to the secretary's employees and agents to perform all functions
49	of the secretary;
50	(q) To make available to the Governor, the Legislature, and the public at all times online
51	access through the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification website the following
52	information. The online information will describe the licensing and investigatory activities of the
53	Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification during the year. The online information will
54	include a list of all nursing homes in the state, whether such homes are proprietary or
55	nonproprietary; the name of the administrator or administrators; the total number of beds; the legal
56	name of the facility; state identification number; health investigations information and reports; life
57	safety investigations information and reports; and whether or not those nursing homes listed
58	accept Medicare and Medicaid residents; and
59	(r) To establish a formal process for licensed facilities to file complaints about the
60	inspection process or inspectors.
61	(s) The Inspector General designates the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
62	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated.
	§16B-4-4. Administrative and inspection staff.
1	The director may, at such time or times as he or she may deem necessary, employ such
2	administrative employees, inspectors, or other persons as may be necessary to properly carry out

3	the provisions of this article. All employees of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
4	Certification shall be members of the state civil service system and inspectors shall be trained to
5	perform their assigned duties. Such inspectors and other employees as may be duly designated
6	by the director shall act as the director's representatives and, under the direction of the director,
7	shall enforce the provisions of this article and all duly promulgated regulations and, in the
8	discharge of official duties, shall have the right of entry into any place maintained as a nursing
9	home.
	§16B-4-5. Rules; minimum standards for nursing homes.
1	(a) All rules shall be proposed for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of
2	§29A-3-1 et seq. of this code. The Inspector General shall recommend the adoption, amendment
3	or repeal of such rules as may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent of this
4	article.
5	(b) The Inspector General shall recommend rules establishing minimum standards of
6	operation of nursing homes including, but not limited to, the following:
7	(1) Administrative policies, including:
8	(A) An affirmative statement of the right of access to nursing homes by members of
9	recognized community organizations and community legal services programs whose purposes
10	include rendering assistance without charge to residents, consistent with the right of residents to
11	privacy;
12	(B) A statement of the rights and responsibilities of residents in nursing homes which
13	prescribe, as a minimum, such a statement of residents' rights as included in the United States
14	Department of Health and Human Services regulations, in force on the effective date of this article,
15	governing participation of nursing homes in the Medicare and Medicaid programs pursuant to 42
16	<u>U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 et seq. and 1396 et seq.;</u>
17	(C) The process to be followed by applicants seeking a license;
18	(D) The clinical, medical, resident, and business records to be kept by the nursing home;

19	(E) The procedures and inspections for the review of utilization and quality of resident care;
20	and
21	(F) The procedures for informal dispute resolution, independent informal dispute
22	resolution, and administrative due process, and when such remedies are available;
23	(2) Minimum numbers of administrators, medical directors, nurses, aides and other
24	personnel according to the occupancy of the facility;
25	(3) Qualifications of the facility's administrators, medical directors, nurses, aides, and other
26	personnel;
27	(4) Safety requirements;
28	(5) Sanitation requirements;
29	(6) Personal services to be provided;
30	(7) Dietary services to be provided;
31	(8) Medical records;
32	(9) Social and recreational activities to be made available;
33	(10) Pharmacy services;
34	(11) Nursing services;
35	(12) Medical services;
36	(13) Physical facility;
37	(14) Resident rights;
38	(15) Visitation privileges that:
39	(A) Permit immediate access to a resident, subject to the resident's right to deny or
40	withdraw consent at any time, by immediate family or other relatives of the resident;
41	(B) Permit immediate access to a resident, subject to reasonable restrictions and the

42 resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at any time, by others who are visiting with the consent

43 of the resident; and

44 (C) Permit access to other specific persons or classes of persons consistent with state and

45 federal law; and

- 46 (16) Admission, transfer, and discharge rights.
- 47 (c) To ensure compliance with §29A-3-11(b)(3) of this code, the Inspector General shall
- 48 amend his or her legislative rule to exempt federally certified Medicare and Medicaid nursing
- 49 <u>facilities from provisions addressed in the federal regulations.</u>
- 50 (d) The director shall permit the nonclinical instruction portions of a nurse aide training
- 51 program approved by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification to be provided
- 52 through distance learning technologies.

### §16B-4-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.

No person may establish, operate, maintain, offer, or advertise a nursing home within this
 state unless and until he or she obtains a valid license therefor as hereinafter provided, which
 license remains unsuspended, unrevoked, and unexpired. No public official or employee may
 place any person in, or recommend that any person be placed in, or directly or indirectly cause any
 person to be placed in, any nursing home, as defined in §16B-4-2 of this code, which is being
 operated without a valid license from the Inspector General. The procedure for obtaining a license

- 7 is as follows:
- 8 (a) The applicant shall submit an application to the director on a form to be prescribed by 9 the director, containing such information as may be necessary to show that the applicant is in 10 compliance with the standards for nursing homes, as established by this article and the rules 11 lawfully promulgated hereunder. The application and any exhibits thereto shall provide the 12 following information: 13 (1) The name and address of the applicant;
- 14 (2) The name, address, and principal occupation:
- 15 (A) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of 10
- 16 percent or more in the applicant;

17	(B) Of each officer and director of a corporate applicant;
18	(C) Of each trustee and beneficiary of an applicant which is a trust; and
19	(D) Where a corporation has a proprietary interest of 25 percent or more in an applicant,
20	the name, address, and principal occupation of each officer and director of the corporation;
21	(3) The name and address of the owner of the premises of the nursing home or proposed
22	nursing home, if he or she is a different person from the applicant, and in such case, the name and
23	address:
24	(A) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest 10
25	percent or more in the owner;
26	(B) Of each officer and director of a corporate applicant; and
27	(C) Of each trustee and applicant, the name, address, and principal occupation of each
28	officer and director of the corporation;
29	(4) Where the applicant is the lessee or the assignee of the nursing home or the premises
30	of the proposed nursing home, a signed copy of the lease and any assignment thereof;
30 31	of the proposed nursing home, a signed copy of the lease and any assignment thereof; (5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing
31	(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing
31 32	(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home;
31 32 33	(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home; (6) A description of the nursing home to be operated;
31 32 33 34	(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home; (6) A description of the nursing home to be operated; (7) The bed quota of the nursing home;
31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home;</li> <li>(6) A description of the nursing home to be operated;</li> <li>(7) The bed quota of the nursing home;</li> <li>(8) An organizational plan for the nursing home indicating the number of persons employed</li> </ul>
31 32 33 34 35 36	(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home; (6) A description of the nursing home to be operated; (7) The bed quota of the nursing home; (8) An organizational plan for the nursing home indicating the number of persons employed or to be employed and the positions and duties of all employees;
31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home;</li> <li>(6) A description of the nursing home to be operated;</li> <li>(7) The bed quota of the nursing home;</li> <li>(8) An organizational plan for the nursing home indicating the number of persons employed or to be employed and the positions and duties of all employees;</li> <li>(9) The name and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator;</li> </ul>
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home;</li> <li>(6) A description of the nursing home to be operated;</li> <li>(7) The bed quota of the nursing home;</li> <li>(8) An organizational plan for the nursing home indicating the number of persons employed or to be employed and the positions and duties of all employees;</li> <li>(9) The name and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator;</li> <li>(10) Such evidence of compliance with applicable laws and rules governing zoning,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> <li>34</li> <li>35</li> <li>36</li> <li>37</li> <li>38</li> <li>39</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(5) The name and address of the nursing home or the premises of the proposed nursing home;</li> <li>(6) A description of the nursing home to be operated;</li> <li>(7) The bed quota of the nursing home;</li> <li>(8) An organizational plan for the nursing home indicating the number of persons employed or to be employed and the positions and duties of all employees;</li> <li>(9) The name and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator;</li> <li>(10) Such evidence of compliance with applicable laws and rules governing zoning, buildings, safety, fire prevention, and sanitation as the secretary may require;</li> </ul>

43	(b) Upon receipt and review of an application for license made pursuant to §16B-4-6(a) of
44	this code, and inspection of the applicant nursing home pursuant to §16B-4-9 and §16B-4-10 of
45	this code, the director shall issue a license if he or she finds:
46	(1) That an individual applicant, and every partner, trustee, officer, director, and controlling
47	person of an applicant which is not an individual, is a person responsible and suitable to operate or
48	to direct or participate in the operation of a nursing home by virtue of financial capacity, appropriate
49	business or professional experience, a record of compliance with lawful orders of the department,
50	if any, and lack of revocation of a license during the previous five years or consistent poor
51	performance in other states;
52	(2) That the facility is under the supervision of an administrator who is licensed pursuant to
53	the provisions of §30-25-1 et seq. of this code; and
54	(3) That the facility is in substantial compliance with standards established pursuant to
55	§16B-4-5 of this code, and such other requirements for a license as may be established by rule
56	under this article.
56 57	under this article. Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is
57	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is
57 58	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for
57 58 59	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which
57 58 59 60	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the
57 58 59 60 61	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the director in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued thereunder, and prior
57 58 59 60 61 62	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the director in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of the license, shall continue in effect until:
57 58 59 60 61 62 63	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the director in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of the license, shall continue in effect until: (A) Six months following the expiration date of the license; or
57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the director in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of the license, shall continue in effect until: (A) Six months following the expiration date of the license; or (B) The date of the revocation or suspension of the license pursuant to the provisions of
57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65	Any license issued by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is issued, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed 15 months for nursing homes: <i>Provided</i> , That any license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the director in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of the license, shall continue in effect until: (A) Six months following the expiration date of the license; or (B) The date of the revocation or suspension of the license pursuant to the provisions of this article; or

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69	facility with an unexpired license, the application by the proposed new owner shall be filed with the
70	director no later than 30 days before the proposed date of transfer. Upon receipt of proof of the
71	transfer of ownership, the application shall have the effect of a license for three months. The
72	director shall issue or deny a license within three months of the receipt of the proof of the transfer
73	of ownership. Every license shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the nursing home for which it
74	is issued so as to be accessible to and in plain view of all residents of and visitors to the nursing
75	home.
76	(c) A license is renewable, conditioned upon the licensee filing timely application for the
77	extension of the term of the license accompanied by the fee, and contingent upon evidence of
78	compliance with the provisions of this article and rules promulgated hereunder. Any application for
79	renewal of a license shall include a report by the licensee in such form and containing such
80	information as shall be prescribed by the director, including a statement of any changes in the
81	name, address, management, or ownership information on file with the secretary director. All
82	holders of facility licenses as of the effective date of this article shall include, in the first application
83	for renewal filed thereafter, such information as is required for initial applicants under the
84	provisions of §16B-4-6(a) of this code.
85	(d) In the case of an application for a renewal license, if all requirements of §16-4-6 of this
86	
	code are not met, the director may at his or her discretion issue a provisional license, provided that
87	code are not met, the director may at his or her discretion issue a provisional license, provided that care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the nursing home has
87 88	
	care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the nursing home has
88	care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the nursing home has demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for substantial compliance within the term of
88 89	care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the nursing home has demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for substantial compliance within the term of the license: <i>Provided</i> , That a provisional license may not be issued for a period greater than six
88 89 90	care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the nursing home has demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for substantial compliance within the term of the license: <i>Provided</i> , That a provisional license may not be issued for a period greater than six months, may not be renewed, and may not be issued to any nursing home that is a poor performer.
88 89 90 91	care given in the nursing home is adequate for resident needs and the nursing home has demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for substantial compliance within the term of the license: <i>Provided</i> , That a provisional license may not be issued for a period greater than six months, may not be renewed, and may not be issued to any nursing home that is a poor performer. (e) A nonrefundable application fee in the amount of \$200 for an original nursing home

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95 fee for renewal of a license shall be at the rate of \$15 per bed per year for nursing homes, except 96 the annual rate per bed may be assessed for licenses issued for less than 15 months. Annually, 97 the director may adjust the licensure fees for inflation based upon the increase in the consumer 98 price index during the last 12 months. All such license fees shall be due and payable to the 99 director, annually, and in the manner set forth in the rules promulgated hereunder. The fee and 100 application shall be submitted to the director who shall retain both the application and fee pending 101 final action on the application. All fees received by the director under the provisions of this article 102 shall be deposited in accordance with §16-1-13 of this code. §16B-4-7. Cost disclosure; surety for resident funds. 1 (a) Each nursing home shall disclose in writing to all residents at the time of admission a 2 complete and accurate list of all costs which may be incurred by them; and shall notify the 3 residents 30 days in advance of changes in costs. The nursing home shall make available copies 4 of the list in the nursing home's business office for inspection. Residents may not be liable for any 5 cost not so disclosed. 6 (b) If the nursing home handles any money for residents within the facility, the licensee or 7 his or her authorized representative shall either: (1) Give a bond; or (2) obtain and maintain 8 commercial insurance with a company licensed in this state in an amount consistent with this 9 subsection and with the surety as the director shall approve. The bond or insurance shall be upon 10 condition that the licensee shall hold separately and in trust all residents' funds deposited with the 11 licensee; shall administer the funds on behalf of the resident in the manner directed by the 12 depositor; shall render a true and complete account to the depositor and the director when 13 requested, and at least quarterly to the resident; and upon termination of the deposit, shall account 14 for all funds received, expended, and held on hand. The licensee shall file a bond or obtain 15 insurance in a sum at least 1.25 times the average amount of funds deposited with the nursing 16 home during the nursing home's previous fiscal year.

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17	This insurance policy shall specifically designate the resident as the beneficiary or payee
18	reimbursement of lost funds. Regardless of the type of coverage established by the facility, the
19	facility shall reimburse, within 30 days, the resident for any losses directly and seek
20	reimbursement through the bond or insurance itself. Whenever the director determines that the
21	amount of any bond or insurance required pursuant to this subsection is insufficient to adequately
22	protect the money of residents which is being handled, or whenever the amount of any such bond
23	or insurance is impaired by any recovery against the bond or insurance, the director may require
24	the licensee to file an additional bond or insurance in such amount as necessary to adequately
25	protect the money of residents being handled.
26	The provisions of this subsection do not apply if the licensee handles less than \$35 per
27	resident per month in the aggregate. Nursing homes certified to accept payment by Medicare and
28	Medicaid must meet the requirements for surety bonds as listed in the applicable federal
29	regulations.
	§16B-4-8. Investigation of complaints.
1	§16B-4-8. Investigation of complaints. (a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged
1 2	
	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged
2	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such
2 3	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without
2 3 4	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of
2 3 4 5	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home involved of the
2 3 4 5 6	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home involved of the results of the investigation.
2 3 4 5 6 7	(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home involved of the results of the investigation. (b) If, after its investigation, the director determines that the complaint has merit, the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home involved of the results of the investigation.</li> <li>(b) If, after its investigation, the director determines that the complaint has merit, the secretary shall take appropriate disciplinary action and shall advise any injured party of the</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home involved of the results of the investigation.</li> <li>(b) If, after its investigation, the director determines that the complaint has merit, the secretary shall take appropriate disciplinary action and shall advise any injured party of the possibility of a civil remedy.</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>(a) The director shall establish rules for prompt investigation of all complaints of alleged violations by nursing homes of applicable requirements of state law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures shall include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and for promptly informing the complaint and the nursing home involved of the results of the investigation.</li> <li>(b) If, after its investigation, the director determines that the complaint has merit, the secretary shall take appropriate disciplinary action and shall advise any injured party of the possibility of a civil remedy.</li> <li>(1) A nursing home or licensee adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient</li> </ul>

13	(2) No later than 20 working days following the last day of a complaint investigation, the
14	director shall transmit to the nursing home a statement of deficiencies committed by the facility.
15	Notification of the availability of the independent informal dispute resolution process and an
16	explanation of the independent informal dispute resolution process shall be included in the
17	transmittal.
18	(c) No nursing home may discharge or in any manner discriminate against any resident,
19	legal representative, or employee for the reason that the resident, legal representative, or
20	employee has filed a complaint or participated in any proceeding specified in this article. Violation
21	of this prohibition by any nursing home constitutes ground for the suspension or revocation of the
22	license of the nursing home as provided in §16B-4-11 and §16B-4-12 of this code. Any type of
23	discriminatory treatment of a resident, legal representative, or employee by whom, or upon whose
24	behalf, a complaint has been submitted to the director, or any proceeding instituted under this
25	article, within 120 days of the filing of the complaint or the institution of such action, shall raise a
26	rebuttable presumption that such action was taken by the nursing home in retaliation for such
27	complaint or action.
	§16B-4-9. Inspections.
1	The director and any duly designated employee or agent shall have the right to enter
2	upon and into the premises of any nursing home at any time for which a license has been issued,
3	for which an application for license has been filed with the director, or which the director has
4	reason to believe is being operated or maintained as a nursing home without a license. If entry is
5	refused by the owner or person in charge of the nursing home, the director may apply to the circuit
6	court of the county in which the nursing home is located or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for
7	a warrant authorizing inspection to conduct the following inspections:
8	(1) An initial inspection prior to the issuance of a license pursuant to §16B-4-6 of this code;

9	(2) A license inspection for a nursing home, which shall be conducted at least once every
10	15 months, if the nursing home has not applied for and received an exemption from the
11	requirement as provided for in this section;
12	(3) The director, by the director's authorized employees or agents, shall conduct at least
13	one inspection prior to issuance of a license pursuant to §16B-4-6 of this code, and shall conduct
14	periodic unannounced inspections thereafter, to determine compliance by the nursing home with
15	applicable rules promulgated thereunder. All facilities shall comply with regulations of the State
16	Fire Commission. The State Fire Marshal, by his or her employees or authorized agents, shall
17	make all fire, safety, and like inspections. The director may provide for such other inspections as
18	the director may deem necessary to carry out the intent and purpose of this article. Any nursing
19	home aggrieved by a determination or assessment made pursuant to this section, shall have the
20	right to an administrative appeal as set forth in §16B-4-12 of this code;
21	(4) A complaint inspection based on a complaint received by the director. If, after
22	investigation of a complaint, the director determines that the complaint is substantiated, the
23	director may invoke any applicable remedies available pursuant to §16B-4-11 of this code.
	§16B-4-9a. Exemptions.
1	(a) The director may grant an exemption from a license inspection if a nursing home was
2	found to be in substantial compliance with the provisions of this chapter at its most recent
3	inspection and there have been no substantiated complaints thereafter. The director may not grant
4	more than one exemption in any two-year period.
5	(b) The director may grant an exemption to the extent allowable by federal law from a
6	standard survey, only if the nursing home was found to be in substantial compliance with
7	certification participation requirements at its previous standard inspection and there have been no
0	
8	substantiated complaints thereafter.

10 home receives accreditation by an accrediting body approved by the director and submits a

11 complete copy of the accreditation report. The accrediting body shall identify quality of care

measures that assure continued quality care of residents. The director may not grant more than 12

- 13 one exemption in any two-year period.
- 14 (d) If a complaint is substantiated, the director has the authority to immediately remove the
- 15 exemption.

# §16B-4-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties and use of funds derived therefrom; hearings.

- 1 (a) Reports of all inspections made pursuant to §16B-4-8 and §16B-4-9 of this code shall
- 2 be in writing and filed with the director and shall list all deficiencies in the nursing home's
- 3 compliance with the provisions of this article and the rules adopted hereunder.
- 4 (1) No later than 10 working days following the last day of the inspection, the director shall
- 5 transmit to the nursing home a copy of such report and shall specify a time within which the nursing
- 6 home shall submit a plan for correction of such deficiencies.
- 7 (2) Additionally, notification of the availability of the independent informal dispute resolution
- 8 process and an explanation of the independent informal dispute resolution process shall be
- 9 included in the transmittal.
- 10 (3) A nursing home adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient practice issued

11 pursuant to this section may request the independent informal dispute resolution process

- 12 contained in §16B-4-12a of this code.
- 13 (4) The plan submitted by the nursing home shall be approved, rejected, or modified by the 14 director.
- 15 (5) The inspectors or the nursing home shall allow audio taping of the exit conference with 16 the expense to be paid by the requesting party.
- 17 (b) With regard to a nursing home with deficiencies and upon its failure to submit a plan of
- 18 correction which is approved by the director, or to correct any deficiency within the time specified in
- 19 an approved plan of correction, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may

20	assess civil penalties as hereinafter provided or may initiate any other legal or disciplinary action
21	as provided by this article: Provided, That any action by the director shall be stayed until federal
22	proceedings arising from the same deficiencies are concluded.
23	(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit the director from enforcing a rule,
24	administratively or in court, without first affording formal opportunity to make correction under this
25	section, where, in the opinion of the director, the violation of the rule jeopardizes the health or
26	safety of residents, or where the violation of the rule is the second or subsequent such violation
27	occurring during a period of 12 full months.
28	(d) Civil penalties assessed against nursing home shall not be less than \$50 nor more than
29	\$8,000: Provided, That the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may not assess a
30	penalty under state licensure for the same deficiency or violation cited under federal law and may
31	not assess a penalty against a nursing home if the nursing home corrects the deficiency within 20
32	days of receipt of written notice of the deficiency unless it is a repeat deficiency or the nursing
33	home is a poor performer.
34	(e) In determining whether to assess a penalty, and the amount of penalty to be assessed,
35	the director, in consultation with the Inspector General shall consider:
36	(1) How serious the noncompliance is in relation to direct resident care and safety;
37	(2) The number of residents the noncompliance is likely to affect;
38	(3) Whether the noncompliance was noncompliance during a previous inspection;
39	(4) The opportunity the nursing home has had to correct the noncompliance; and
40	(5) Any additional factors that may be relevant.
41	(f) The range of civil penalties shall be as follows:
42	(1) For a deficiency which presents immediate jeopardy to the health, safety, or welfare of
43	one or more residents, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil

45	(2) For a deficiency which actually harms one or more residents, the director, in
46	consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor
47	<u>more than \$3,000;</u>
48	(3) For a deficiency which has the potential to harm one or more residents, the director, in
49	consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty of not less than \$50 nor more
50	<u>than \$1,000;</u>
51	(4) For a repeated deficiency, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may
52	impose a civil penalty of up to 150 percent of the penalties provided in §16B-4-10(f)(1) through
53	<u>§16B-4-10(f)(3) of this code; and</u>
54	(5) If no plan of correction is submitted as established in this rule, a penalty may be
55	assessed in the amount of \$100 a day unless a reasonable explanation has been provided and
56	accepted by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General.
57	(g) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall assess a civil penalty of
58	not more than \$1,000 against an individual who willfully and knowingly certifies a material and
59	false statement in a resident assessment. Such penalty shall be imposed with respect to each
60	such resident assessment. The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall impose a
61	civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 against an individual who willfully and knowingly causes
62	another individual to certify a material and false statement in a resident assessment. Such penalty
63	shall be imposed with respect to each such resident assessment.
64	(h) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall assess a civil penalty of
65	not more than \$2,000 against any individual who notifies, or causes to be notified, a nursing home
66	of the time or date on which an inspection is scheduled to be conducted under this article or under
67	<u>42 U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 et seq. and 1396 et seq.</u>
68	(i) If the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, assesses a penalty under this
69	section, the director shall cause delivery of notice of such penalty by personal service or by
70	certified mail. Said notice shall state the amount of the penalty, the action or circumstance for

71	which the penalty is assessed, the requirement that the action or circumstance violates, and the
72	basis upon which the secretary assessed the penalty and selected the amount of the penalty.
73	(j) The Inspector General shall, in a civil judicial proceeding, recover any unpaid
74	assessment which has not been contested under §16B-4-12 of this code within 30 days of receipt
75	of notice of such assessment, or which has been affirmed under the provisions of that section and
76	not appealed within 30 days of receipt of the Board of Review's final order, or which has been
77	affirmed on judicial review, as provided in §16B-4-13 of this code. All money collected by
78	assessments of civil penalties or interest shall be paid into a special resident benefit account and
79	shall be applied by the Inspector General for:
80	(1) The protection of the health or property of facility residents;
81	(2) Long-term care educational activities;
82	(3) The costs arising from the relocation of residents to other nursing homes when no other
83	funds are available; and
84	(4) In an emergency situation in which there are no other funds available, the operation of a
85	facility pending correction of deficiencies or closure.
86	(k) The opportunity for a hearing on an action taken under this section shall be as provided
87	in §16B-4-12 of this code.
	§16B-4-11. Ban on admissions; closure; transfer of residents; appointment of temporary
	management; assessment of interest; collection of assessments; promulgation of
	rules to conform with federal requirements.
1	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may reduce the bed quota of
2	the nursing home or impose a ban on new admissions, where he or she finds upon inspection of
3	the nursing home that the licensee is not providing adequate care under the nursing home's
4	existing bed quota, and that reduction in quota or ban on new admissions, or both, would place the

- 5 licensee in a position to render adequate care. A reduction in bed quota or a ban on new
- 6 admissions, or both, may remain in effect until the nursing home is determined by the director to be

7	in substantial compliance with the rules. In addition, the director shall determine that the facility
8	has the management capability to ensure continued substantial compliance with all applicable
9	requirements. The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall evaluate the
10	continuation of the admissions ban or reduction in bed quota on a continuing basis, and may make
11	a partial lifting of the admissions ban or reduction in bed quota consistent with the purposes of this
12	section. If the residents of the facility are in immediate jeopardy of their health, safety, welfare, or
13	rights, the Inspector General may seek an order to transfer residents out of the nursing home as
14	provided for in §16B-4-11(d) of this code. Any notice to a licensee of reduction in bed quota or a
15	ban on new admissions shall include the terms of such order, the reasons therefor, and a date set
16	for compliance.
17	(b) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may deny, limit, suspend, or
18	revoke a license issued under this article or take other action as set forth in this section, if he or she
19	finds upon inspection that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this
20	article or the standards or rules promulgated pursuant hereto.
20 21	article or the standards or rules promulgated pursuant hereto. (c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a
21	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a
21 22	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed
21 22 23	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the
21 22 23 24	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a
21 22 23 24 25	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter
21 22 23 24 25 26	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application, suspending, or revoking the license, or otherwise taking
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application, suspending, or revoking the license, or otherwise taking disciplinary action on any such ground.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application, suspending, or revoking the license, or otherwise taking disciplinary action on any such ground. (d) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the Inspector
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application, suspending, or revoking the license, or otherwise taking disciplinary action on any such ground. (d) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the Inspector General, a circuit court in the county in which a facility is located, or in Kanawha County if
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of the authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application, suspending, or revoking the license, or otherwise taking disciplinary action on any such ground. (d) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the Inspector General, a circuit court in the county in which a facility is located, or in Kanawha County if emergency circumstances occur, may determine that a nursing home's deficiencies under this

33	issue an order to:
34	(1) Close the nursing home;
35	(2) Transfer residents in the nursing home to other nursing homes; or
36	(3) Appoint temporary management to oversee the operation of the facility and to assure
37	the health, safety, welfare, and rights of the nursing home's residents, where there is a need for
38	temporary management while:
39	(A) There is an orderly closure of the facility; or
40	(B) Improvements are made in order to bring the nursing home into compliance with all the
41	applicable requirements of this article and, if applicable, 42 U.S.C.A. §§ 1395 et seq. and 1396 et
42	<u>seq.</u>
43	If the Inspector General petitions a circuit court for the closure of a nursing home, the
44	transfer of residents, or the appointment of temporary management, the circuit court shall hold a
45	hearing no later than seven days thereafter, at which time the Inspector General and the licensee
46	or operator of the nursing home may participate and present evidence. The burden of proof is on
47	the Inspector General.
48	A circuit court may divest the licensee or operator of possession and control of a nursing
49	home in favor of temporary management. The temporary management shall be responsible to the
50	court and shall have such powers and duties as the court may grant to direct all acts necessary or
51	appropriate to conserve the property and promote the health, safety, welfare, and rights of the
52	residents of the nursing home, including, but not limited to, the replacement of management and
53	staff, the hiring of consultants, the making of any necessary expenditures to close the nursing
54	home, or to repair or improve the nursing home so as to return it to compliance with applicable
55	requirements, and the power to receive, conserve, and expend funds, including Medicare,
56	Medicaid, and other payments on behalf of the licensee or operator of the nursing home. Priority
57	shall be given to expenditures for current direct resident care or the transfer of residents.
58	Expenditures other than normal operating expenses totaling more than \$20,000 shall be approved

59 by the circuit	court.
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60	The person charged with temporary management shall be an officer of the court, is not
61	liable for conditions at the nursing home which existed or originated prior to his or her appointment,
62	and is not personally liable, except for his or her own gross negligence and intentional acts which
63	result in injuries to persons or damage to property at the nursing home during his or her temporary
64	management. All compensation and per diem costs of the temporary manager shall be paid by the
65	nursing home. The costs for the temporary manager for any 30-day period may not exceed the
66	75th percentile of the allowable administrator's salary as reported on the most recent cost report
67	for the nursing home's peer group as determined by the director. The temporary manager shall bill
68	the nursing home for compensation and per diem costs. Within 15 days of receipt of the bill, the
69	nursing home shall pay the bill or contest the costs for which it was billed to the court. Such costs
70	shall be recoverable through recoupment from future reimbursement from the state Medicaid
71	agency in the same fashion as a benefits overpayment.
72	The temporary management shall promptly employ at least one person who is licensed as
73	a nursing home administrator in West Virginia.
74	A temporary management established for the purpose of making improvements in order to
75	bring a nursing home into compliance with applicable requirements may not be terminated until the
76	court has determined that the nursing home has the management capability to ensure continued
77	compliance with all applicable requirements, except if the court has not made such determination
78	within six months of the establishment of the temporary management, the temporary management
79	terminates by operation of law at that time, and the nursing home shall be closed. After the
80	termination of the temporary management, the person who was responsible for the temporary
81	management shall make an accounting to the court, and after deducting from receipts the costs of
82	the temporary management, expenditures, civil penalties, and interest no longer subject to appeal,
83	in that order, any excess shall be paid to the licensee or operator of the nursing home.
84	(e) The assessments for penalties and for costs of actions taken under this article shall

85	have interest assessed at five percent per annum beginning 30 days after receipt of notice of such
86	assessment or 30 days after receipt of the Board of Review's final order following a hearing,
87	whichever is later. All such assessments against a nursing home that are unpaid shall be added to
88	the nursing home's licensure fee and may be filed as a lien against the property of the licensee or
89	operator of the nursing home. Funds received from such assessments shall be deposited as funds
90	received in §16B-4-10 of this code.
91	(f) The opportunity for a hearing on an action by the Inspector General taken under this
92	section shall be as provided in §16B-4-12 of this code.
	§16B-4-12. License denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation.
1	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall deny, limit, suspend, or
2	revoke a license issued if the provisions of this article or if the rules promulgated pursuant to this
3	article are violated. The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may revoke a nursing
4	home's license and prohibit all physicians and licensed disciplines associated with that nursing
5	home from practicing at the nursing home location based upon an annual, periodic, complaint,
6	verification, or other inspection and evaluation.
7	(b) Before any such license is denied, limited, suspended, or revoked, however, written
8	notice shall be given to the licensee, stating the grounds for such denial, limitation, suspension, or
9	revocation.
10	(c) An applicant or licensee has 10 working days after receipt of the order denying, limiting,
11	suspending, or revoking a license to request a formal hearing contesting the denial, limitation,
12	suspension, or revocation of a license under this article. If a formal hearing is requested, the
13	applicant or licensee and the director shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of §29A-5-1
14	<u>et seq. of this code.</u>
15	(d) If a license is denied or revoked as herein provided, a new application for license shall
16	be considered by the director if, when, and after the conditions upon which the denial or revocation
17	was based have been corrected and evidence of this fact has been furnished. A new license shall

18	then be granted after proper inspection, if applicable, has been made and all provisions of this
19	article and rules promulgated pursuant to this article have been satisfied.
20	(e) If the license of a nursing home is denied, limited, suspended, or revoked, the
21	administrator or owner or lessor of the nursing home property shall cease to operate the facility as
22	a nursing home as of the effective date of the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation. The
23	owner or lessor of the nursing home property is responsible for removing all signs and symbols
24	identifying the premises as a nursing home within 30 days. Any administrative appeal of such
25	denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation shall not stay the denial, limitation, suspension, or
26	revocation.
27	(f) Upon the effective date of the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation, the
28	administrator of the nursing home shall advise the director and the Board of Pharmacy of the
29	disposition of all medications located on the premises. The disposition is subject to the supervision
30	and approval of the director. Medications that are purchased or held by a nursing home that is not
31	licensed may be deemed adulterated.
32	(g) The period of suspension for the license of a nursing home shall be prescribed by the
33	director but may not exceed one year.
	§16B-4-12a. Independent informal dispute resolution.
1	(a) A facility or licensee adversely affected by an order or citation of a deficient practice
2	issued pursuant to this article or by a citation issued for a deficient practice pursuant to federal law
3	may request the independent informal dispute resolution process. A facility may contest a cited
4	deficiency as contrary to law or unwarranted by the facts or both.
5	(b) The director shall contract with up to three independent review organizations to conduct
6	an independent informal dispute resolution process for facilities. The independent review
7	organization shall be accredited by the Utilization Review Accreditation Commission.
8	(c) The independent informal dispute resolution process is not a formal evidentiary
9	proceeding and utilizing the independent informal dispute resolution process does not waive the

10	facility's right to a formal hearing.
11	(d) The independent informal dispute resolution process consists of the following:
12	(1) No later than 10 working days following the last day of the survey or inspection, or no
13	later than 20 working days following the last day of a complaint investigation, the director shall
14	transmit to the facility a statement of deficiencies committed by the facility. Notification of the
15	availability of the independent informal dispute resolution process and an explanation of the
16	independent informal dispute resolution process shall be included in the transmittal;
17	(2) When the facility returns its plan to correct the cited deficiencies to the director, the
18	facility may request in writing the independent informal dispute resolution process to refute the
19	cited deficiencies;
20	(3) Within five working days of receipt of the written request for the independent informal
21	dispute resolution process made by a facility, the director shall refer the request to an independent
22	review organization from the list of certified independent review organizations approved by the
23	state. The secretary director shall vary the selection of the independent review organization on a
24	rotating basis. The director shall acknowledge in writing to the facility that the request for
25	independent review has been received and forwarded to an independent review organization for
26	review. The notice shall include the name and address of the independent review organization.
27	(4) Within 10 working days of receipt of the written request for the independent informal
28	dispute resolution process made by a facility, the independent review organization shall hold an
29	independent informal dispute resolution conference unless additional time is requested by the
30	facility. Before the independent informal dispute resolution conference, the facility may submit
31	additional information.
32	(5) The facility may not be accompanied by counsel during the independent informal
33	dispute resolution conference. The manner in which the independent informal dispute resolution
34	conference is held is at the discretion of the facility, but is limited to:
35	(A) A desk review of written information submitted by the facility;

36	(B) A telephonic conference; or
37	(C) A face-to-face conference held at the facility or a mutually agreed upon location.
38	(6) If the independent review organization determines the need for additional information,
39	clarification, or discussion after conclusion of the independent informal dispute resolution
40	conference, the director and the facility shall present the requested information.
41	(7) Within 10 calendar days of the independent informal dispute resolution conference, the
42	independent review organization shall provide and make a determination, based upon the facts
43	and findings presented, and shall transmit a written decision containing the rationale for its
44	determination to the facility and the director.
45	(8) If the director disagrees with the determination, the director may reject the
46	determination made by the independent review organization and shall issue an order setting forth
47	the rationale for the reversal of the independent review organization's decision to the facility within
48	10 calendar days of receiving the independent review organization's determination.
49	(9) If the director accepts the determination, the director shall issue an order affirming the
50	independent review organization's determination within 10 calendar days of receiving the
51	independent review organization's determination.
52	(10) If the independent review organization determines that the original statement of
53	deficiencies should be changed as a result of the independent informal dispute resolution process
54	and the director accepts the determination, the director shall transmit a revised statement of
55	deficiencies to the facility within 10 calendar days of the independent review organization's
56	determination.
57	(11) Within 10 calendar days of receipt of the director's order and the revised statement of
58	deficiencies, the facility shall submit a revised plan to correct any remaining deficiencies to the
59	director.
60	(e) A facility has 10 calendar days after receipt of the director's order to request a formal
61	hearing for any deficient practice cited under this article. If the facility requests a formal hearing,

62 the director and the facility shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of §29A-5-1 et seq. of 63 this code. 64 (f) Under the following circumstances, the facility is responsible for certain costs of the 65 independent informal dispute resolution review, which shall be remitted to the director within 60 66 days of the informal hearing order: 67 (1) If the facility requests a face-to-face conference, the facility shall pay any costs incurred 68 by the independent review organization that exceed the cost of a telephonic conference, 69 regardless of which part ultimately prevails. 70 (2) If the independent review organization's decision supports the originally written 71 contested deficiency or adverse action taken by the director, the facility shall reimburse the 72 director for the cost charged by the independent review organization. If the independent review 73 organization's decision supports some of the originally written contested deficiencies, but not all of 74 them, the facility shall reimburse the director for the cost charged by the independent review 75 organization on a pro rata basis. §16B-4-13. Judicial Review. 1 (a) Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the formal hearing as a 2 result of the hearing provided for in §16B-4-12 of this code may, within 30 days after receiving 3 notice of the decision, petition the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals for judicial review of 4 the decision. 5 (b) The court may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the Board of Review and either 6 the applicant, licensee, or Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the Supreme 7 Court of Appeals. 8 (c) The judgment of the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals shall be final unless 9 reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals in accordance with the 10 provisions of §29A-6-1 *et seq*. of this code.

#### §16B-4-14. Legal counsel and services of the Inspector General.

#### 2024R2614H 2024R2719S

1	(a) Legal counsel and services for the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification
2	in all administrative hearings may be provided by the Attorney General or a staff attorney and all
3	proceedings in any circuit court and the Supreme Court of Appeals shall be provided by the
4	Attorney General, or his or her assistants, or an attorney employed by the Inspector General in
5	proceedings in any circuit court, by the prosecuting attorney of the county as well, all without
6	additional compensation.
7	(b) The Governor may appoint counsel for the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
8	Certification, who shall perform such legal services in representing the interests of residents in
9	nursing homes in matters under the jurisdiction of the Inspector General as the Governor shall
10	direct. It shall be the duty of such counsel to appear for the residents in all cases where they are
11	not represented by counsel. The compensation of such counsel shall be fixed by the Governor.
	§16B-4-15. Unlawful acts; penalties; injunctions; private right of action.
1	(a) Whoever establishes, maintains, or is engaged in establishing or maintaining a nursing

2 home without a license granted under §16B-4-6 of this code, or who prevents, interferes with or 3 impedes in any way the lawful enforcement of this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 4 conviction thereof, shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not more than \$100, or by 5 confinement in jail for a period of not more than 90 days, or by both fine and confinement, at the 6 discretion of the court. For each subsequent offense, the fine may be increased to not more than 7 \$250, with confinement in jail for a period of not more than 90 days, or by both fine and 8 confinement, at the discretion of the court. Each day of a continuing violation after conviction is 9 considered a separate offense. 10 (b) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may in his or her discretion

bring an action to enforce compliance with this article or any rule or order hereunder whenever it
 appears to the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, that any person has engaged
 in, or is engaging in, an act or practice in violation of this article or any rule or order hereunder, or

14 whenever it appears to the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, that any person has

15	aided, abetted or caused, or is aiding, abetting or causing, such an act or practice. Upon
16	application by the Inspector General, the circuit court of the county in which the conduct has
17	occurred or is occurring, or if emergency circumstances occur the circuit court of Kanawha County,
18	has jurisdiction to grant without bond a permanent or temporary injunction, decree or restraining
19	order.
20	Whenever the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, has refused to grant or
21	renew a license, or has revoked a license required by law to operate or conduct a nursing home, or
22	has ordered a person to refrain from conduct violating the rules of the Inspector General, and the
23	person has appealed the action of the director, the court may, during pendency of the appeal, issue
24	a restraining order or injunction upon proof that the operation of the nursing home or its failure to
25	comply with the order of the director adversely affects the well-being or safety of the residents of
26	the nursing home. Should a person who is refused a license or the renewal of a license to operate
27	or conduct a nursing home or whose license to operate is revoked or who has been ordered to
28	refrain from conduct or activity which violates the rules of the Inspector General fails to appeal or
29	should the appeal be decided favorably to the Inspector General, then the court shall issue a
30	permanent injunction upon proof that the person is operating or conducting a nursing home
31	without a license as required by law, or has continued to violate the rules of the Inspector General.
32	(c) Any nursing home that deprives a resident of any right or benefit created or established
33	for the well-being of this resident by the terms of any contract, by any state statute or rule, or by
34	any applicable federal statute or regulation, shall be liable to the resident for injuries suffered as a
35	result of such deprivation. Upon a finding that a resident has been deprived of such a right or
36	benefit, and that the resident has been injured as a result of such deprivation, and unless there is a
37	finding that the nursing home exercised all care reasonably necessary to prevent and limit the
38	deprivation and injury to the resident, compensatory damages shall be assessed in an amount
39	sufficient to compensate the resident for such injury. In addition, where the deprivation of the right
40	or benefit is found to have been willful or in reckless disregard of the lawful rights of the resident,

41	punitive damages may be assessed. A resident may also maintain an action pursuant to this
42	section for any other type of relief, including injunctive and declaratory relief, permitted by law.
43	Exhaustion of any available administrative remedies is not required prior to commencement of suit
44	under this subsection.
45	(d) The amount of damages recovered by a resident, in an action brought pursuant to this
46	section, is exempt for purposes of determining initial or continuing eligibility for medical assistance
47	under §9-4-1 et seq. of this code, and may neither be taken into consideration, nor required to be
48	applied toward the payment or part payment of the cost of medical care or services available under
49	that article.
50	(e) Any waiver by a resident or his or her legal representative of the right to commence an
51	action under this section, whether oral or in writing, is void as contrary to public policy.
52	(f) The penalties and remedies provided in this section are cumulative and are in addition
53	to all other penalties and remedies provided by law.
54	(g) Nothing in this section or any other section of the code shall limit the protections
55	afforded nursing homes or their health care providers under §55-7b-1 et seq. of this code. Nursing
56	homes and their health care providers shall be treated in the same manner as any other health
57	care facility or health care provider under §55-7b-1 et seq. of this code. The terms "health care
58	facility" and "health care provider" as used in this subsection shall have the same meaning as set
59	forth in §55-7b-2(f) and (g) of this code.
60	(h) The proper construction of this section and the limitations and provisions of §55-7b-1 et
61	seq. of this code shall be determined by principles of statutory construction.
	§16B-4-18. Separate accounts for residents' personal funds; consent for use; records;
	penalties.
1	(a) Each nursing home subject to the provisions of this article shall hold in a separate
2	account and in trust each resident's personal funds deposited with the nursing home.

3 (b) No person may use or cause to be used for any purpose the personal funds of any

4	resident admitted to any such nursing home unless consent for the use thereof has been obtained
5	from the resident or from a committee or guardian or relative.
6	(c) Each nursing home shall maintain a true and complete record of all receipts for any
7	disbursements from the personal funds account of each resident in the nursing home, including
8	the purpose and payee of each disbursement, and shall render a true account of such record to the
9	resident or his or her representative upon demand and upon termination of the resident's stay in
10	the nursing home.
11	(d) Any person or corporation who violates any subsection of this section is guilty of a
12	misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned in
13	jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
14	(e) Reports provided to review organizations are confidential unless inaccessibility of
15	information interferes with the director's ability to perform his or her oversight function as
16	mandated by federal regulations and this section.
17	(f) Notwithstanding §16B-4-18(b) of this code or any other provision of this code, upon the
18	death of a resident, any funds remaining in his or her personal account shall be made payable to
19	the person or probate jurisdiction administering the estate of said resident: Provided, That if after
20	30 days there has been no qualification over the decedent resident's estate, those funds are
21	presumed abandoned and are reportable to the State Treasurer pursuant to the West Virginia
22	Uniform Unclaimed Property Act, §36-8-1 et seq. of this code.
	<u>§16B-4-19. Federal law; legislative rules.</u>
1	Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the contrary, the Inspector General shall
2	promulgate legislative rules, in compliance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code,
3	pertaining to nursing homes, when those rules are required for compliance with federal law or

4 <u>regulations. The rules may be filed as emergency rules.</u>

# §16B-4-20. Hospice palliative care required to be offered.

1 (a) When the health status of a nursing home facility resident declines to the state of

2	terminal illness or when the resident receives a physician's order for "comfort measures only", the
3	facility shall notify the resident with information about the option of receiving hospice palliative
4	care. If a nursing home resident is incapacitated, the facility shall also notify any person who has
5	been given the authority of guardian, a medical power of attorney, or health care surrogate over
6	the resident, information stating that the resident has the option of receiving hospice palliative
7	care.
8	(b) The facility shall document that it has notified the resident, and any person who has
9	been given a medical power of attorney or health care surrogate over the resident, information
10	about the option of hospice palliative care and maintain the documentation so that the secretary
11	may inspect the documentation, to verify the facility has complied with this section.
	§16B-4-21. Employment restrictions.
1	All personnel of a nursing home by virtue of ownership, employment, engagement, or
2	agreement with a provider or contractor shall be subject to the provisions of the West Virginia
3	Clearance for Access: Registry and Employment Screening Act, §16B-15-1 et seq. of this code
4	and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto.
	§16B-4-22. Jury trial waiver to be a separate document.
1	(a) Every written agreement containing a waiver of a right to a trial by jury that is entered
2	into between a nursing home and a person for the nursing care of a resident, must have as a
3	separate and stand-alone document any waiver of a right to a trial by jury.
4	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed to require a court of competent jurisdiction to
5	determine that the entire agreement or any portion thereof is enforceable, unenforceable,
6	conscionable, or unconscionable.
	ARTICLE 5. ASSISTED LIVING RESIDENCES.
	<u>§16B-5-1. Purpose.</u>
1	(a) It is the policy of this state to encourage and promote the development and utilization of

2 <u>resources to ensure the effective care and treatment of persons who are dependent upon the</u>

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3	services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment who may require limited and
4	intermittent nursing care, including those individuals who qualify for and are receiving services
5	coordinated by a licensed hospice. Such care and treatment requires a living environment for such
6	persons which, to the extent practicable, will approximate a normal home environment. To this
7	end, the guiding principle for administration of the laws of the state is that such persons shall be
8	encouraged and assisted in securing necessary care and treatment in noninstitutional
9	surroundings.
10	(b) In recognition that for many such persons effective care and treatment can only be
11	secured from proprietary, voluntary and governmental assisted living residences, it is the policy of
12	this state to encourage, promote and require the maintenance of assisted living residences so as
13	to ensure protection of the rights and dignity of those using the services of assisted living
14	residences.
15	(c) The provisions of this article are hereby declared to be remedial and shall be liberally
16	construed to effectuate its purposes and intents.
16	construed to effectuate its purposes and intents.
16 1	
	§16B-5-2. Definitions.
1	§16B-5-2. Definitions. (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
1 2	§16B-5-2. Definitions. (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: "Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of
1 2 3	§16B-5-2. Definitions.         (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:         "Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is
1 2 3 4	§16B-5-2. Definitions. (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: "Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained, or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a
1 2 3 4 5	§16B-5-2. Definitions. (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: <u>"Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained, or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or</u>
1 2 3 4 5 6	§16B-5-2. Definitions. (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: "Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained, or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or supervision, or both, provided to any residents therein who are dependent upon the services of
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	§16B-5-2. Definitions.         (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:         "Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of         accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is         advertised, offered, maintained, or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a         consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or         supervision, or both, provided to any residents therein who are dependent upon the services of         others by reason of physical or mental impairment and who may also require nursing care at a
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<u>\$16B-5-2. Definitions.</u> (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: "Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained, or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or supervision, or both, provided to any residents therein who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment and who may also require nursing care at a level that is not greater than limited and intermittent nursing care: <i>Provided</i> , That the care or
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<b>§16B-5-2. Definitions.</b> (a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: <u>"Assisted living residence" means any living facility, residence, or place of</u> accommodation, however named, available for four or more residents, in this state which is advertised, offered, maintained, or operated by the ownership or management, whether for a consideration or not, for the express or implied purpose of having personal assistance or supervision, or both, provided to any residents therein who are dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment and who may also require nursing care at a level that is not greater than limited and intermittent nursing care: <i>Provided</i> , That the care or treatment in a household, whether for compensation or not, of any person related by blood or

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12	this article. Nothing contained in this article applies to hospitals, as defined under §16B-3-1 of this
13	code; or state institutions, as defined under §25-1-3 or §27-1-6 of this code; or residential care
14	homes operated by the federal government or the state; or institutions operated for the treatment
15	and care of alcoholic patients; or offices of physicians; or hotels, boarding homes, or other similar
16	places that furnish to their guests only room and board; or to homes or asylums operated by
17	fraternal orders pursuant to §35-3-1 et seq. of this code;
18	"Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been
19	established and the reasons therefor;
20	"Director" means the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification
21	within the Office of the Inspector General.
22	"Division" means the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office
23	of the Inspector General;
24	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of Inspector General as
25	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
25 26	<u>described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.</u> <u>"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an</u>
26	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an
26 27	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer
26 27 28	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an
26 27 28 29	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an individual who, after having established a residence in an assisted living residence, subsequently
26 27 28 29 30	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an individual who, after having established a residence in an assisted living residence, subsequently qualifies for and receives services coordinated by a licensed hospice and such time limitations
26 27 28 29 30 31	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an individual who, after having established a residence in an assisted living residence, subsequently qualifies for and receives services coordinated by a licensed hospice and such time limitations shall not apply to home health services provided by a Medicare-certified home health agency.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an individual who, after having established a residence in an assisted living residence, subsequently qualifies for and receives services coordinated by a licensed hospice and such time limitations shall not apply to home health services provided by a Medicare-certified home health agency. Limited and intermittent nursing care may only be provided by or under the supervision of a
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an individual who, after having established a residence in an assisted living residence, subsequently qualifies for and receives services coordinated by a licensed hospice and such time limitations shall not apply to home health services provided by a Medicare-certified home health agency. Limited and intermittent nursing care may only be provided by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse and in accordance with rules proposed by the secretary for
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands-on nursing care of an individual who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of time no longer than 90 consecutive days per episode: <i>Provided</i> , That such time limitations shall not apply to an individual who, after having established a residence in an assisted living residence, subsequently qualifies for and receives services coordinated by a licensed hospice and such time limitations shall not apply to home health services provided by a Medicare-certified home health agency. Limited and intermittent nursing care may only be provided by or under the supervision of a registered professional nurse and in accordance with rules proposed by the secretary for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 <i>et seq</i> . of this code;

38	to, such procedures as: Irrigations, catheterization, special procedures contributing to
39	rehabilitation, and administration of medication by any method which involves a level of complexity
40	and skill in administration not possessed by the untrained person;
41	"Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
42	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
43	"Person" means an individual and every form of organization, whether incorporated or
44	unincorporated, including any partnership, corporation, trust, association, or political subdivision
45	of the state;
46	"Personal assistance" means personal services, including, but not limited to, the following:
47	Help in walking, bathing, dressing, feeding, or getting in or out of bed, or supervision required
48	because of the age or mental impairment of the resident;
49	"Resident" means an individual living in an assisted living residence for the purpose of
50	receiving personal assistance or limited and intermittent nursing services;
51	"Substantial compliance" means a level of compliance with the rules such that identified
52	deficiencies pose no greater risk to resident health or safety than the potential for causing minimal
53	harm.
54	(b) The Inspector General may define in rules any term used herein which is not expressly
55	defined.
	§16B-5-3. Powers, duties, and rights of Inspector General.
1	In the administration of this article, the Inspector General has the following powers, duties,
2	and rights:
3	(a) To enforce rules and standards for assisted living residences which are adopted,
4	promulgated, amended, or modified by the Inspector General;
5	(b) To exercise as sole authority all powers relating to the issuance, suspension, and
6	revocation of licenses of assisted living residences;
7	(c) To enforce rules adopted, promulgated, amended, or modified by the Inspector General

8	governing the qualification of applicants for assisted living residences, including, but not limited to,
9	educational requirements, financial requirements, personal, and ethical requirements;
10	(d) To receive and disburse federal funds and to take whatever action not contrary to law as
11	may be proper and necessary to comply with the requirements and conditions for the receipt of
12	federal funds;
13	(e) To receive and disburse for authorized purposes any moneys appropriated for the
14	division by the Legislature;
15	(f) To receive and disburse for purposes authorized by this article, any funds that may
16	come to the division by gift, grant, donation, bequest, or devise, according to the terms thereof, as
17	well as funds derived from the division's operation or otherwise;
18	(g) To make contracts and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient in carrying
19	out the secretary's functions and duties; and all such contracts, agreements, and instruments will
20	be executed by the Inspector General;
21	(h) To appoint officers, agents, employees, and other personnel and fix their
22	compensation;
23	(i) To offer and sponsor educational and training programs for assisted living residences'
24	administrative, management, and operational personnel;
25	(j) To undertake survey, research and planning projects, and programs relating to
26	administration and operation of assisted living residences and to the health, care, treatment, and
27	service in general of residents of assisted living residences;
28	(k) To assess civil penalties for violations of assisted living residence standards in
29	accordance with §16B-5-10 of this code;
30	(I) To inspect any assisted living residence and any records maintained therein subject to
31	the provisions of §16B-5-9 and §16B-5-10 of this code;
32	(m) To establish and implement procedures, including informal conferences, investigations
33	and hearings, subject to applicable provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code, and to enforce

- 34 <u>compliance with the provisions of this article and with rules issued hereunder by the Inspector</u>
   35 <u>General;</u>
   36 (n) To subpoena witnesses and documents, administer oaths and affirmations, and to
- examine witnesses under oath for the conduct of any investigation or hearing. Upon failure of a
   person without lawful excuse to obey a subpoena to give testimony, and upon reasonable notice to
   all persons affected thereby, the secretary director may apply to the circuit court of the county in
- 40 which the hearing is to be held or to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for an order compelling
- 41 <u>compliance;</u>

42 (o) To make complaint or cause proceedings to be instituted against any person for the 43 violation of the provisions of this article or of rules issued hereunder by the Inspector General. 44 Such action may be taken by the secretary without the sanction of the prosecuting attorney of the 45 county in which proceedings are instituted if the prosecuting attorney fails or refuses to discharge 46 his or her duty. The Circuit Court of Kanawha County or the circuit court of the county in which the conduct has occurred shall have jurisdiction in all civil enforcement actions brought under this 47 48 article and may order equitable relief without bond. In no such case may the Inspector General or 49 any person acting under the Inspector General's direction be required to give security for costs;

## 50 (p) To delegate authority to the Inspector General's employees and agents to perform all

51 <u>functions of the Inspector General; and</u>

52 (q) To make available to the Governor, the Legislature, and the public at all times online 53 access through the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification website the following 54 information. The online information will describe the assisted living residence licensing and 55 investigatory activities of the division. The online information will include a list of all assisted living 56 residences in the state and such of the following information as the secretary determines to apply: 57 Whether the assisted living residences are proprietary or nonproprietary; the classification of each 58 assisted living residence; the name of the administrator or administrators; the total number of 59 beds; license type; license number; license expiration date; health investigations information and

60	reports; life safety investigations information and reports; and whether or not those assisted living
61	residences listed accept Medicare and Medicaid residents.
62	(r) The Inspector General designates the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
63	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except there otherwise stated.
	§16B-5-4. Administrative and inspection staff.
1	The director may, as he or she determines necessary, employ administrative employees,
2	inspectors, or other persons as may be necessary to properly carry out the provisions of this
3	article. All employees of the division will be members of the state civil service system. Inspectors
4	and other employees as may be duly designated by the director will act as the director's
5	representatives and, under the direction of the director, will enforce the provisions of this article
6	and all duly promulgated rules of the director and, in the discharge of official duties, will have the
7	right of entry into any place maintained as an assisted living residence at any time.
	§16B-5-5. Rules; minimum standards for assisted living residences.
1	(a) The Inspector General will propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the
2	provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to carry out the purposes and intent of this article and to
3	enable the Inspector General to exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred upon the
4	director by this article.
5	(b) The Inspector General will propose rules establishing minimum standards of operation
6	of assisted living residences, including, but not limited to, the following:
7	(1) Administrative policies, including:
8	(A) An affirmative statement of the right of access to assisted living residences by
9	members of recognized community organizations and community legal services programs whose
10	purposes include rendering assistance without charge to residents, consistent with the right of
11	residents to privacy;
12	(B) A statement of the rights and responsibilities of residents;

13 (C) The process to be followed by applicants seeking a license;

14	(D) The clinical, medical, resident, and business records to be kept by the assisted living
15	residence;
16	(E) The procedures for inspections and for the review of utilization and quality of resident
17	care; and
18	(F) The procedures for informal dispute resolution and administrative due process and
19	when such remedies are available.
20	(2) Minimum numbers and qualifications of personnel, including management, medical
21	and nursing, aides, orderlies, and support personnel, according to the size and classification of the
22	assisted living residence;
23	(3) Safety requirements;
24	(4) Sanitation requirements;
25	(5) Protective and personal services to be provided;
26	(6) Dietary services to be provided;
27	(7) Maintenance of health records;
28	(8) Social and recreational activities to be made available;
29	(9) Physical facilities;
30	(10) Requirements related to provision of limited and intermittent nursing;
31	(11) Visitation privileges governing access to a resident by immediate family or other
32	relatives of the resident and by other persons who are visiting with the consent of the resident; and
33	(12) Such other categories as the secretary determines to be appropriate to ensure
34	resident's health, safety, and welfare.
35	(c) The Inspector General will include in rules detailed standards for each of the categories
36	of standards established pursuant to §16-5-5(b) and §16-5-5(d) of this code and will classify such
37	standards as follows:
38	(1) Class I standards are standards the violation of which, as the Inspector General
39	determines, would present either an imminent danger to the health, safety, or welfare of any

40	resident or a substantial probability that death or serious physical harm would result;
41	(2) Class II standards are standards which the Inspector General determines have a direct
42	or immediate relationship to the health, safety, or welfare of any resident, but which do not create
43	imminent danger;
44	(3) Class III standards are standards which the Inspector General determines have an
45	indirect or a potential impact on the health, safety, or welfare of any resident.
46	(d) An assisted living residence shall attain substantial compliance with standards
47	established pursuant to this section and such other requirements for a license as may be
48	established by rule under this article.
	§16B-5-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.
1	(a) There shall be one assisted living residence license for each assisted living residence.
2	No person may establish, operate, maintain, offer, or advertise an assisted living residence within
3	this state unless and until he or she obtains a valid license therefor as provided in this article,
4	which license remains unsuspended, unrevoked, and unexpired. No public official or employee
5	may place any person in, or recommend that any person be placed in, or directly or indirectly
6	cause any person to be placed in any assisted living residence, as defined in §16B-5-2 of this
7	code, which is being operated without a valid license from the director. The licensee shall be
8	responsible for, and shall have complete control of, the operation and premises of the assisted
9	living residence and the personal assistance and supervision provided to the residents: Provided,
10	That the secretary director may review any leases or any contracts, subcontracts, agreements, or
11	arrangements for the provision of on-site services to the residents of an assisted living residence
12	to ensure the proper care, safety, and welfare of current or potential residents. Nothing in this
13	article shall be construed to prevent or prohibit the ability of a resident of an assisted living
14	residence to contract or arrange for, and to receive, privately paid nursing care or personal
15	assistance in addition to those services provided by the licensee, subject to the consent and
16	cooperation of the licensee and consistent with the duties and responsibilities imposed by this

section.

18	(b) Nothing in this article shall be construed to require the licensing of landlords or property
19	owners who are not involved in the provision of supervision, personal assistance, limited and
20	intermittent nursing care, or other on-site professional services for the residents of an assisted
21	living residence or in the advertising, recruitment of residents, transportation of residents, or other
22	substantial and ongoing services for the operation or maintenance of the assisted living residence.
23	(c) The procedure for obtaining a license shall be as follows:
24	The applicant shall submit an application to the director on a form to be prescribed by the
25	director, containing such information as may be necessary to show that the applicant is in
26	compliance with the standards for assisted living residences as established by this article and the
27	rules lawfully promulgated by the secretary hereunder. The application and any exhibits thereto
28	shall provide the following information:
29	(A) The name and address of the applicant;
30	(B) The name, address, and principal occupation:
31	(i) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of 10
32	percent or more in the applicant;
33	(ii) Of each officer and director of a corporate applicant;
34	(iii) Of each trustee and beneficiary of an applicant which is a trust; and
35	(iv) Where a corporation has a proprietary interest of 25 percent or more in an applicant,
36	the name, address, and principal occupation of each officer and director of the corporation;
37	(C) The name and address of the owner of the premises of the assisted living residence or
38	proposed assisted living residence, if he or she is a different person from the applicant, and in such
39	case, the name and address:
40	(i) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of 10
/1	percent or more in the owner.

- 41 percent or more in the owner;
- 42 (ii) Of each officer and director of a corporate applicant;

43	(iii) Of each trustee and beneficiary of the owner if it is a trust; and
44	(iv) Where a corporation has a proprietary interest of 25 percent or more in the owner, the
45	name and address of each officer and director of the corporation;
46	(D) Where the applicant is the lessee or the assignee of the assisted living residence or the
47	premises of the proposed assisted living residence, a signed copy of the lease and any
48	assignment thereof;
49	(E) The name and address of the assisted living residence or the premises of the proposed
50	assisted living residence;
51	(F) The proposed bed quota of the assisted living residence and the proposed bed quota of
52	each unit thereof;
53	(G) An organizational plan for the assisted living residence indicating the number of
54	persons employed or to be employed, the positions and duties of all employees;
55	(H) The name and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator;
56	(I) Such evidence of compliance with applicable laws and rules governing zoning,
57	buildings, safety, fire prevention, and sanitation as the director may require; and
58	(J) Such additional information as the director may require.
59	(d) Upon receipt and review of an application for license made pursuant to §16B-5-6(a) of
60	this code and inspection of the applicant assisted living residence pursuant to §16B-5-9 and §16B-
61	5-10 of this code, the director will issue a license if he or she finds:
62	(1) That an individual applicant, and every partner, trustee, officer, secretary, and
63	controlling person of an applicant which is not an individual, is a person responsible and suitable to
64	operate or to direct or participate in the operation of an assisted living residence by virtue of
65	financial capacity, appropriate business or professional experience, a record of compliance with
66	lawful orders of the department, if any, and lack of revocation of a license during the previous five
67	<u>years;</u>
68	(2) That the assisted living residence is under the supervision of an administrator who is

69	qualified by training and experience; or
70	(3) That the assisted living residence is in substantial compliance with standards
71	established pursuant to §16B-5-5 of this code and such other requirements for a license as the
72	secretary may establish by rule under this article.
73	(e) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may deny an initial or renewal
74	license if the information provided in an application or report is known by the applicant to be false
75	or the applicant fails to report required information or for any other reason permitted by law or rules
76	promulgated pursuant to this article.
77	(f) Any license granted by the director will state the maximum bed capacity for which it is
78	granted, the date the license was issued, and the expiration date. Licenses will be issued for a
79	period not to exceed one year for assisted living residences: Provided, That any such license in
80	effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been
81	made to the department in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules issued
82	thereunder and prior to the expiration date of the license, shall continue in effect until: (1) One year
83	following the expiration date of the license; or (2) the date of the revocation or suspension of the
84	license pursuant to the provisions of this article; or (3) the date of issuance of a new license,
85	whichever date first occurs. Each license will be issued only for the premises and persons named
86	in the application and is not transferable or assignable: Provided, however, That in the case of the
87	transfer of ownership of an assisted living residence with an unexpired license, the application of
88	the new owner for a license shall have the effect of a license for a period of three months when
89	filed with the secretary. Every license shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the assisted living
90	residence for which it is issued so as to be accessible to and in plain view of all residents and
91	visitors of the assisted living residence.
92	(g) An original license shall be renewable, conditioned upon the licensee filing timely
93	application for the extension of the term of the license accompanied by the fee and contingent

94 upon evidence of compliance with the provisions of this article and rules promulgated by the

95	Inspector General hereunder; the application shall be accompanied by:
96	(1) The information required in §16B-5-6(c)(A) through §16B-5-6(c)(C) of this code.
97	(2) A balance sheet of the assisted living residence as of the end of its fiscal year, setting
98	forth assets and liabilities at such date, including all capital, surplus, reserve, depreciation, and
99	similar accounts;
100	(3) A statement of operations of the assisted living residence as of the end of its fiscal year,
101	setting forth all revenues, expenses, taxes, extraordinary items, and other credits or charges; and
102	(4) A statement of any changes in the name, address, management, or ownership
103	information on file with the secretary.
104	(h) In the case of an application for a renewal license, if all requirements of §16B-5-5 and
105	§16B-5-6 of this code are not met, the director may in his or her discretion issue a provisional
106	license, provided that care given in the assisted living residence is adequate for resident needs
107	and the assisted living residence has demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for
108	substantial compliance within the term of the license: Provided, That a provisional renewal may
109	not be issued for a period greater than one year, may not be renewed, and may not be issued to
110	any assisted living residence with uncorrected violations of any Class I standard, as defined in
111	<u>§16B-5-5(c) of this code.</u>
112	(i) A nonrefundable application fee in the amount of \$65 for an original assisted living
113	residence license shall be paid at the time application is made for the license. An average cost of
114	all direct costs for the initial licensure for the preceding 10 facilities based on the size of the
115	facility's licensed bed capacity shall be borne by the applicant and shall be received by the
116	secretary prior to the issuance of an initial or amended license. The license fee for renewal of a
117	license shall be at the rate of \$6 per bed per year for assisted living residences except the annual
118	rate per bed may be assessed for licenses issued for less than one year. The director may
119	annually adjust the licensure fees for inflation based upon the consumer price index. The bed
120	capacity for the holder of each license will be determined by the director. All license fees shall be

121	due and payable to the director annually, and in the manner set forth in the rules promulgated by
122	the director. The fee and application shall be submitted to the director who will retain both the
123	application and fee pending final action on the application. All fees received by the director under
124	the provisions of this article will be deposited in accordance with §16-1-13 of this code.
	§16B-5-7. Cost disclosure; surety for residents' funds.
1	(a) Each assisted living residence shall disclose in writing to all prospective residents a
2	complete and accurate list of all costs which may be incurred by them. Residents are not liable for
3	any cost not so disclosed.
4	(b) If the assisted living residence handles any money for residents within the assisted
5	living residence, the licensee or his or her authorized representative shall give a bond in an
6	amount consistent with this subsection and with such surety as the director will approve. The bond
7	shall be upon condition that the licensee shall hold separately and in trust all residents' funds
8	deposited with the licensee, shall administer the funds on behalf of the resident in the manner
9	directed by the depositor, shall render a true and complete account to the depositor and the
10	secretary when requested, and at least quarterly to the resident, and upon termination of the
11	deposit, shall account for all funds received, expended, and held on hand. The licensee shall file a
12	bond in a sum to be fixed by the director based upon the magnitude of the operations of the
13	applicant, but which sum may not be less than \$2,500.
14	(c) Every person injured as a result of any improper or unlawful handling of the money of a
15	resident of an assisted living residence may bring an action in a proper court on the bond required
16	to be posted by the licensee pursuant to this subsection for the amount of damage suffered as a
17	result thereof to the extent covered by the bond. Whenever the director determines that the
18	amount of any bond which is filed pursuant to this subsection is insufficient to adequately protect
19	the money of residents which is being handled, or whenever the amount of any bond is impaired
20	by any recovery against the bond, the director may require the licensee to file an additional bond in
21	such amount as necessary to adequately protect the money of residents being handled.

22	(d) The provisions of §16B-5-7(b) of this code do not apply if the licensee handles less than
23	\$25 per resident and less than \$500 for all residents in any month.
	§16B-5-8. Investigation of complaints.
1	(a) The Inspector General will establish, by rule, procedures for prompt investigation of all
2	complaints of alleged violations by assisted living residences of applicable requirements of state

law or rules, except for such complaints that the director determines are willfully intended to harass
 a licensee or are without any reasonable basis. Such procedures will include provisions for
 ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and of any other person so named in the complaint
 and for promptly informing the complainant and the assisted living residence involved of the
 results of the investigation.
 (b) If, after its investigation, the director determines that the complaint has merit, the
 director will take appropriate disciplinary action and will advise any injured party of the possibility of

## 10 <u>a civil remedy under this article.</u>

11 (c) No assisted living residence may discharge or in any manner discriminate against any 12 resident or employee for the reason that the resident or employee has filed a complaint or 13 participated in any proceeding specified in this article. Violation of this prohibition by any assisted 14 living residence constitutes grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license of the assisted 15 living residence as provided in §16B-5-11 and §16B-5-12 of this code. Any type of discriminatory 16 treatment of a resident or employee by whom, or upon whose behalf, a complaint has been 17 submitted to the director, or any proceeding instituted under this article, within 120 days of the filing 18 of the complaint or the institution of the action, shall raise a rebuttable presumption that the action 19 was taken by the assisted living residence in retaliation for the complaint or action.

#### §16B-5-9. Inspections.

(a) The director and any duly designated employee or agent thereof will have the right to
 enter upon and into the premises of any assisted living residence at any time for which a license
 has been issued, for which an application for license has been filed with the director, or which the

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4 director has reason to believe is being operated or maintained as an assisted living residence without a license. If entry is refused by the owner or person in charge of the assisted living 5 6 residence, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, will apply to the circuit court of 7 the county in which the assisted living residence is located or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County 8 for an administrative inspection warrant. 9 (b) The director, by the director's authorized employees or agents, will conduct at least one 10 inspection prior to issuance of a license pursuant to §16B-5-6 of this code and will conduct periodic 11 unannounced inspections thereafter to determine compliance by the assisted living residence with 12 applicable statutes and rules promulgated thereunder. All assisted living residences shall comply 13 with rules of the State Fire Commission. The State Fire Marshal, by his or her employees or 14 authorized agents, shall make all fire, safety, and like inspections. The director may provide for 15 such other inspections as the director may deem necessary to carry out the intent and purpose of 16 this article. If after investigating a complaint the director determines that the complaint is 17 substantiated and that an immediate and serious threat to a resident's health or safety exists, the 18 director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may invoke any remedies available pursuant 19 to §16B-5-11 and §16B-5-12 of this code. Any assisted living residence aggrieved by a 20 determination or assessment made pursuant to this section shall have the right to an 21 administrative appeal as set forth in §16B-5-12 of this code. §16B-5-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties and use of

#### funds derived therefrom; hearings.

(a) Reports of all inspections made pursuant to §16B-5-9 of this code will be in writing and
will list all deficiencies in the assisted living residence's compliance with the provisions of this
article and the rules adopted by the Inspector General hereunder. The director will send a copy of
the report to the assisted living residence by physical or electronic method with verifiable delivery,
and will specify a time within which the assisted living residence shall submit a plan for correction
of deficiencies, which plan will be approved, rejected, or modified by the director. The inspectors

7 will allow audio taping of the exit conference for licensure inspections with all costs directly 8 associated with the taping to be paid by the assisted living residence, provided that an original 9 tape is provided to inspectors at the end of taping. 10 (b) Upon an assisted living residence's failure to submit a plan of correction which is 11 approved by the director, or to correct any deficiency within the time specified in an approved plan 12 of correction, the secretary may assess civil penalties as hereinafter provided or may initiate any 13 other legal or disciplinary action as provided by this article. 14 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit the Inspector General from 15 enforcing a rule, administratively or in court, without first affording formal opportunity to make 16 correction under this section, where, in the opinion of the director, in consultation with the 17 Inspector General the violation of the rule jeopardizes the health or safety of residents or where 18 the violation of the rule is the second or subsequent violation occurring during a period of 12 full 19 months. (d) Civil penalties assessed against assisted living residences will be classified according 20 21 to the nature of the violation as defined in §16B-5-5(c) of this code and rules promulgated 22 thereunder by the Inspector General, as follows: For each violation of a Class I standard, a civil 23 penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500 will be imposed; for each violation of a Class II 24 standard, a civil penalty of not less than \$25 nor more than \$50 will be imposed; for each violation 25 of a Class III standard, a civil penalty of not less than \$10 nor more than \$25 will be imposed. Each 26 day a violation continues, after the date of citation, shall constitute a separate violation. The date of 27 citation is the date the facility receives the written statement of deficiencies. 28 (e) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, will assess a civil penalty not to 29 exceed \$2,000 against any individual who notifies, or causes to be notified, an assisted living 30 residence of the time or date on which an inspection is scheduled to be conducted under this 31 article.

32 (f) If the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, assesses a penalty under this

33	section, the director will cause delivery of notice of the penalty by personal service or by certified
34	mail. The notice will state the amount of the penalty, the action or circumstance for which the
35	penalty is assessed, the requirement that the action or circumstance violates, and the basis upon
36	which the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, assessed the penalty and selected
37	the amount of the penalty.
38	<u>(g) The Inspector General will, in a civil judicial proceeding, recover any unpaid</u>
39	assessment which has not been contested under §16B-5-12 of this code within 30 days of receipt
40	of notice of the assessment or which has been affirmed under the provisions of that section and
41	not appealed within 30 days of receipt of the Board of Review's final order or which has been
42	affirmed on judicial review, as provided in §16B-5-13 of this code. All money collected by
43	assessments of civil penalties or interest will be paid into a special resident benefit account and
44	will be applied by the director only for the protection of the health or property of residents of
45	assisted living residences operated within the state that the director finds to be deficient, including
46	payment for the costs of relocation of residents to other facilities, operation of an assisted living
47	residence pending correction of deficiencies, or closure and reimbursement of residents for
48	personal funds lost.
49	(h) The opportunity for a hearing on an action taken under this section shall be as provided
50	in §16B-5-12 of this code. In addition to any other rights of appeal conferred upon an assisted
51	living residence pursuant to this section, an assisted living residence shall have the right to request
52	a hearing and seek judicial review pursuant to §16B-5-12 and §16B-5-13 of this code to contest
53	the citing by the director of a deficiency on an inspection report, irrespective of whether the
54	deficiency results in the imposition of a civil penalty.
	<u>§16B-5-11. Enforcement actions; assessment of interest; collection of assessments;</u>

# <u>hearings.</u>

(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, will, by order, impose a ban on
 the admission of residents or reduce the bed quota of the assisted living residence, or any

3 combination thereof, where he or she finds upon inspection of the assisted living residence that the licensee is not providing adequate care under the assisted living residence's existing bed 4 5 guota and that reduction in quota or imposition of a ban on admissions, or any combination 6 thereof, would place the licensee in a position to render adequate care. Any notice to a licensee of 7 reduction in quota or ban on new admissions will include the terms of the order, the reasons 8 therefor, and the date set for compliance. 9 (b) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may suspend or revoke a 10 license issued under this article or take other action as set forth in this section if he or she finds 11 upon inspection that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this 12 article or the standards or rules promulgated pursuant hereto. 13 (c) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture, or cancellation by operation of law or order of the 14 director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of a license issued by the secretary or the 15 withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive 16 the secretary of the director's authority to institute or continue an enforcement action or a 17 proceeding for the denial of a license application against the licensee or applicant upon any 18 ground provided by law or to deny the license application or suspend or revoke the license or 19 otherwise take enforcement action on any such ground. 20 (d) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the Inspector 21 General, the circuit court of the county in which the conduct has occurred or is occurring or the 22 Circuit Court of Kanawha County may determine that an assisted living residence's deficiencies 23 under this article constitute an emergency immediately jeopardizing the health, safety, welfare, or 24 rights of its residents and issue an order to: 25 (1) Close the assisted living residence; 26 (2) Transfer residents in the assisted living residence to other facilities; or 27 (3) Appoint temporary management to oversee the operation of the assisted living 28 residence and to assure the health, safety, welfare, and rights of the assisted living residence's

29	residents where there is a need for temporary management while:
30	(A) There is an orderly closure of the assisted living residence; or
31	(B) Improvements are made to bring the assisted living residence into compliance with all
32	the applicable requirements of this article.
33	(e) If the Inspector General petitions a circuit court for the closure of an assisted living
34	residence, the transfer of residents, or the appointment of a temporary management, the circuit
35	court shall hold a hearing no later than seven days thereafter, at which time the Inspector General
36	and the licensee or operator of the assisted living residence may participate and present evidence.
37	(f) A circuit court may divest the licensee or operator of possession and control of an
38	assisted living residence in favor of temporary management. The temporary management shall be
39	responsible to the court and shall have such powers and duties as the court may grant to direct all
40	acts necessary or appropriate to conserve the property and promote the health, safety, welfare,
41	and rights of the residents of the assisted living residence, including, but not limited to, the
42	replacement of management and staff, the hiring of consultants, the making of any necessary
43	expenditures to close the assisted living residence, or to repair or improve the assisted living
44	residence so as to return it to compliance with applicable requirements and the power to receive,
45	conserve, and expend funds, including payments on behalf of the licensee or operator of the
46	assisted living residence. Priority shall be given to expenditures for current direct resident care or
47	the transfer of residents.
48	(g)The person charged with temporary management:
49	(1) Shall be an officer of the court;
50	(2) Shall be paid by the licensee;
51	(3) Is not liable for conditions at the assisted living residence which existed or originated
52	prior to his or her appointment; and
53	(4) Is not personally liable, except for his or her own gross negligence and intentional acts
54	which result in injuries to persons or damage to property at the assisted living residence during his

55	or her temporary management.
56	(h) No person may impede the operation of temporary management. There shall be an
57	automatic stay for a 90-day period subsequent to the establishment of temporary management of
58	any action that would interfere with the functioning of the assisted living residence, including, but
59	not limited to, cancellation of insurance policies, termination of utility services, attachments to
60	working capital accounts, foreclosures, evictions, and repossessions of equipment used in the
61	assisted living residence.
62	(i) A temporary management established for the purpose of making improvements to bring
63	the assisted living residence into compliance with applicable requirements may not be terminated
64	until the court has determined that the assisted living residence has the management capability to
65	ensure continued compliance with all applicable requirements; except if the court has not made
66	such determination within six months of the establishment of the temporary management, the
67	temporary management terminates by operation of law at that time, and the assisted living
68	residence shall be closed. After the termination of the temporary management, the person who
69	was responsible for the temporary management shall make an accounting to the court and after
70	deducting from receipts the costs of the temporary management, expenditures, and civil penalties
71	and interest no longer subject to appeal, in that order, any excess shall be paid to the licensee or
72	operator of the assisted living residence.
73	(j) The assessments for penalties and for costs of actions taken under this article shall
74	have interest assessed at five percent per year beginning 30 days after receipt of notice of the
75	assessment or 30 days after receipt of the Board of Review's final order following a hearing,
76	whichever is later. All assessments against an assisted living residence that are unpaid shall be
77	added to the assisted living residence's licensure fee and may be filed as a lien against the
78	property of the licensee or operator of the assisted living residence. Funds received from
79	assessments shall be deposited as funds received as provided in §16B-5-10 of this code.

80 (k) The opportunity for a hearing on an action by the secretary taken under this section

81 shall be as provided in §16B-5-12 of this code. §16B-5-12. License denial; limitation, suspension, or revocation. 1 (a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall issue an order denying, 2 limiting, suspending, or revoking a license issued pursuant to this article if the provisions of this 3 article or of the rules promulgated pursuant to this article are violated. The director, in consultation 4 with the Inspector General, may issue an order revoking a program's license and prohibit all 5 licensed disciplines associated with the assisted living residence from practicing at the assisted 6 living residence based upon an annual, periodic, complaint, verification, or other inspection and 7 evaluation. 8 (b) Before any order is issued by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, 9 denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking a license, written notice will be given to the licensee, 10 stating the grounds for such denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation. 11 (c) An applicant or licensee has 10 working days after receipt of the secretary's director's order denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking a license to request a formal hearing contesting 12 13 the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation under this article. If a formal hearing is requested, 14 the applicant or licensee and the secretary shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of 15 §29A-5-1 et seq. of this code. 16 (d) If a license is denied or revoked as herein provided, a new application for license will be 17 considered by the director if, when, and after the conditions upon which the denial was based have 18 been corrected and evidence of this fact has been furnished. A new license will then be granted 19 after proper inspection, if applicable, has been made and all provisions of this article and rules 20 promulgated pursuant to this article have been satisfied. 21 (e) Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision as a result of the formal 22 hearing provided in this section may, within 30 days after receiving notice of the decision, petition 23 the Circuit Court of Kanawha County, in term or in vacation, for judicial review of the decision. 24 (f) If the license of an assisted living residence is denied, limited, suspended, or revoked,

25	the administrator, any owner of the assisted living residence, or owner or lessor of the assisted
26	living residence property shall cease to operate the facility as an assisted living residence as of the
27	effective date of the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation. The owner or lessor of the
28	assisted living residence property is responsible for removing all signs and symbols identifying the
29	premises as an assisted living residence within 30 days. Any administrative appeal of such denial,
30	limitation, suspension, or revocation shall not stay the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation.
31	(g) Upon the effective date of the denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation, the
32	administrator of the assisted living residence shall advise the director and the Board of Pharmacy
33	of the disposition of all medications located on the premises. The disposition is subject to the
34	supervision and approval of the director. Medications that are purchased or held by an assisted
35	living residence that is not licensed may be deemed adulterated.
36	(h) If the license of an assisted living residence is suspended or revoked, any person
37	named in the licensing documents of the assisted living residence, including persons owning or
38	operating the assisted living residence, may not, as an individual or as part of a group, apply to
39	operate another assisted living residence for up to five years after the date of suspension or
40	revocation.
41	(i) The period of suspension for the license of an assisted living residence will be
42	prescribed by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, but may not exceed one
43	<u>year.</u>
	§16B-5-13. Judicial review.
1	(a) Any applicant or licensee or the Inspector General who is adversely affected by the
2	decision as a result of the formal hearing provided for in §16-5D-12 of this code may, within 30
3	days after receiving notice of the decision, petition the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals
4	for judicial review of the decision.
5	(b) The court may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the Board of Review and either
6	the applicant, licensee, or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the

7 <u>Supreme Court of Appeals.</u>

- 8 (c) The judgment of the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals shall be final unless
- 9 reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals in accordance with the
- 10 provisions of §29A-6-1 et seq. of this code.

### §16B-5-14. Legal counsel and services for the Inspector General.

- 1 (a) Legal counsel and services for the Inspector General in all administrative hearings and 2 all proceedings in any circuit court and the Supreme Court of Appeals shall be provided by the 3 Attorney General, his or her assistants or an attorney employed by the Office of the Inspector 4 General in proceedings in any circuit court by the prosecuting attorney of the county as well, all 5 without additional compensation. 6 (b) The Governor may appoint counsel for the secretary who shall perform such legal 7 services in representing the interests of residents in assisted living residences in matters under the 8 jurisdiction of the Inspector General as the Governor shall direct. It shall be the duty of such 9 counsel to appear for the residents in all cases where they are not represented by counsel. The
- 10 <u>compensation of such counsel shall be fixed by the Governor.</u>

# §16B-5-15. Unlawful acts; penalties; injunctions; private right of action.

- 1 (a) Whoever advertises, announces, establishes or maintains or is engaged in establishing 2 or maintaining an assisted living residence without a license granted under §16B-5-6 of this code, 3 or who prevents, interferes with or impedes in any way the lawful enforcement of this article shall 4 be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished for the first offense by 5 a fine of not more than \$100 or by imprisonment in jail for a period of not more than 90 days, or by 6 both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court. For each subsequent offense, the 7 fine may be increased to not more than \$250, with imprisonment in jail for a period of not more than 8 90 days, or both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court. Each day of a continuing 9 violation after conviction shall be considered a separate offense.
- 10 (b) The Inspector General may in his or her discretion bring an action to enforce

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11 compliance with this article or any rule, or order hereunder, whenever it appears to the Inspector 12 General that any person has engaged in, or is engaging in, an act or practice in violation of this 13 article or any rule or order hereunder, or whenever it appears to the Inspector General that any 14 person has aided, abetted, or caused or is aiding, abetting, or causing such an act or practice. 15 Upon application by the Inspector General, the circuit court of the county in which the conduct has 16 occurred or is occurring, or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County shall have jurisdiction to grant 17 without bond a permanent or temporary injunction, decree, or restraining order. 18 (c) Whenever the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, refuses to grant or 19 renew a license or revokes a license required by law to operate or conduct an assisted living 20 residence or orders a person to refrain from conduct violating the rules of the Inspector General, 21 and the person deeming himself or herself aggrieved by the refusal, revocation, or order appeals 22 the action of the director, the court may, during pendency of the appeal, issue a restraining order or 23 injunction upon proof that the operation of the assisted living residence or its failure to comply with 24 the order of the director adversely affects the well-being or safety of the residents of the assisted 25 living residence. Should a person who is refused a license or the renewal of a license to operate or 26 conduct an assisted living residence or whose license to operate is revoked or who has been 27 ordered to refrain from conduct or activity which violates the rules of the Inspector General, fails to 28 appeal or should such appeal be decided favorably to the director, then the court shall issue a 29 permanent injunction upon proof that the person is operating or conducting an assisted living 30 residence without a license as required by law or has continued to violate the rules of the Inspector 31 General. 32 (d) Any assisted living residence that deprives a resident of any right or benefit created or 33 established for the well-being of the resident by the terms of any contract, by any state statute or

34 <u>rule, or by any applicable federal statute or regulation shall be liable to the resident for injuries</u>

35 suffered as a result of the deprivation. Upon a finding that a resident has been deprived of such a

36 right or benefit and that the resident has been injured as a result of the deprivation and unless

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37	there is a finding that the assisted living residence exercised all care reasonably necessary to
38	prevent and limit the deprivation and injury to the resident, compensatory damages shall be
39	assessed in an amount sufficient to compensate the resident for the injury. In addition, where the
40	deprivation of any right or benefit is found to have been willful or in reckless disregard of the lawful
41	rights of the resident, punitive damages may be assessed. A resident may also maintain an action
42	pursuant to this section for any other type of relief, including injunctive and declaratory relief,
43	permitted by law. Exhaustion of any available administrative remedies may not be required prior to
44	commencement of suit hereunder.
45	(e) The amount of damages recovered by a resident, in an action brought pursuant to this
46	section, are exempt for purposes of determining initial or continuing eligibility for medical
47	assistance pursuant to §9-5-1 et seq. of this code and may neither be taken into consideration nor
48	required to be applied toward the payment or part payment of the cost of medical care or services
49	available pursuant to §9-5-1 et seq. of this code.
50	(f) Any waiver by a resident or his or her legal representative of the right to commence an
51	action under this section, whether oral or in writing, shall be null and void as contrary to public
52	policy.
53	(g) The penalties and remedies provided in this section are cumulative and shall be in
54	addition to all other penalties and remedies provided by law.
	§16B-5-18. Separate accounts for residents' personal funds; consent for use; records;
	penalties.
1	(a) Each assisted living residence subject to the provisions of this article shall hold in a
2	separate account and in trust each resident's personal funds deposited with the assisted living
3	residence.
4	(b) No person may use or cause to be used for any purpose the personal funds of any
5	resident admitted to any assisted living residence unless consent for the use thereof has been
6	obtained from the resident or from a committee or guardian or relative.

7 (c) Each assisted living residence shall maintain a true and complete record of all receipts 8 for any disbursements from the personal funds account of each resident in the assisted living 9 residence, including the purpose and payee of each disbursement, and shall render a true account 10 of the record to the resident or his or her representative upon demand and upon termination of the 11 resident's stay in the assisted living residence. 12 (d) Any person or corporation who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a 13 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned in 14 both fined jail not more than one year, or and imprisoned. ARTICLE 6. REGISTRATION AND INSPECTION OF SERVICE PROVIDERS IN

# LEGALLY UNLICENSED HEALTH CARE HOMES.

#### §16B-6-1. Purpose.

1 It is the policy of this state to encourage the availability of appropriate noninstitutional 2 surroundings for the elderly and for the care of persons in need limited and intermittent of nursing 3 care or personal assistance. The registration of providers of services to such residents in 4 unlicensed homes will help to identify where the services are available and to ensure that 5 individuals in unlicensed homes are receiving care appropriate to their needs. §16B-6-1a. Powers, rights, and duties of the Inspector General.

- In the administration of this article, the Inspector General shall have the following powers,
   duties and rights:
- 3 (a) To promulgate and enforce rules governing complaint investigations within the homes
- 4 of legally unlicensed health care providers registered under this article. Such rules shall include
- 5 the minimum health, safety and welfare standards in the following areas:
- 6 <u>(1) Physical environment;</u>
- 7 <u>(2) Nutrition;</u>
- 8 (3) Requirements related to limited and intermittent nursing care;

9	(4) Medication administration;
10	(5) Protective and personal services to be provided;
11	(6) Treatment;
12	(7) Visitation privileges governing access to a resident by immediate family or other
13	relatives of the resident and by other persons who are visiting with the consent of the resident;
14	(8) Such other categories as the director determines to be appropriate to ensure residents'
15	health, safety and welfare.
16	(b) To exercise as sole authority all powers relating to issuance, suspension and
17	revocation of registration of legally unlicensed homes providing health care;
18	(c) To issue directed plans of correction for deficiencies identified during complaint
19	investigations;
20	(d) To order closure of any home for failure to comply with a directed plan of corrections;
21	(e) To take all actions required under the provisions of sections §16B-6-3, §16B-6-4, §16B-
22	<u>6-5, §16B-6-6 of this code; and</u>
23	(f) To deny registration to any operator of a legally unlicensed home who is listed on the
24	state abuse registry.
25	(g) The Inspector General designates the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
26	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated.
	§16B-6-2. Definitions.
1	As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
2	"Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or
3	his or her designee.
4	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General as
5	described in §16B-2-1, or his or her designee.
6	"Limited and intermittent nursing care" means direct hands on nursing care of an individual
7	who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of no longer than ninety

7 who needs no more than two hours of nursing care per day for a period of no longer than ninety

8	consecutive days per episode, which may only be provided when the need for such care meets the
9	following factors: (1) The resident requests to remain in the home; (2) the resident is advised of the
10	availability of other specialized health care facilities to treat his or her condition; and (3) the need
11	for such care is the result of a medical pathology or a result of normal aging process. Limited and
12	intermittent nursing care shall be provided under the supervision of a registered professional nurse
13	and in accordance with rules promulgated by the director.
14	"Nursing care" means those procedures commonly employed in providing for the physical,
15	emotional and rehabilitational needs of the ill or otherwise incapacitated which require technical
16	skills and knowledge beyond that which the untrained person possesses, including, but not limited
17	to, such procedures as: Irrigations; catheterization; special procedures contributing to
18	rehabilitation; and administration of medication by any method prescribed by a physician which
19	involves a level of complexity and skill in administration not possessed by the untrained person.
20	"Personal assistance" means personal services, including, but not limited to, the following:
21	Help in walking, bathing, dressing, feeding or getting in or out of bed, or supervision required
22	because of the age or physical or mental impairment of the resident.
23	"Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
24	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of Inspector General.
25	"Resident" means an individual who is provided services, whether or not for a fee, by a
26	service provider, but resident does not include a person receiving services provided by another
27	who is related to him or her or the spouse thereof by blood or marriage, within the degree of
28	consanguinity of the second cousin. Residents, who are incapable of self-preservation, shall be
29	housed only on a ground floor level of the home with direct egress to the outside. A registered
30	unlicensed health care home shall: (1) Provide residents at the time of admission with the name,
31	address and telephone number of the offices of health facility licensure and certification, the state
32	
	long-term care ombudsman, and adult protective services; and (2) advise residents both orally and

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"Self-preservation" means that a person is at least capable of removing him or her self from
situations involving imminent danger, such as fire.
"Service provider" means the individual administratively responsible for providing to
consumers for a period of more than twenty-four hours, whether for compensation or not, services
of personal assistance for one to three residents and who may require limited and intermittent
nursing care, including those individuals who qualify for and are receiving services coordinated by
a licensed hospice: Provided, That services utilizing equipment which requires auxiliary electrical
power in the event of a power failure may not be used unless the home has a backup power
generator.
§16B-6-3. Registration of service providers required; form of registration; information to be
provided.
(a) Service providers shall register with the director. No fee may be charged for
registration. Registration information shall be provided on a registration form or may be verbally
communicated to the director for placement by the director on the form, but no provision of
information may be deemed to meet the registration requirement until the signature of the service
provider is recorded on the registration form.
(b) Information required for registration shall include the following:
(1) Name, address and telephone number of the service provider;
(2) Address and telephone numbers where services are provided to residents and the
number of residents provided service;
(3) The services, such as nursing care or personal assistance, provided to residents; and
(4) Other information required by rules promulgated by the director.
(c) The director may deny registration if the information provided in an application is known
by the applicant to be false or the applicant fails to report required information.
(d) A legally unlicensed provider may operate no more than one legally unlicensed home.

# §16B-6-3a. Exemption for the United States Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Foster

#### Homes; reporting.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article do not apply to any home or facility approved and annually
- 2 reviewed by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as a Medical Foster Home,
- 3 pursuant to 38 CFR §17.73, in which care is provided exclusively to three or fewer veterans.
- 4 (b) The West Virginia Department of Veterans Affairs shall report annually by December 1,
- 5 to the Governor, outlining the scope and effectiveness of the Medical Foster Home Program for
- 6 veterans in West Virginia.

### §16B-6-4. Public availability of registry.

- 1 <u>The director shall publish and make available to the public on an annual basis a list of</u>
- 2 <u>service providers registered in accordance with §16B-6-3 of this code.</u>

#### §16B-6-5. Inspections; right of entry.

1 The director may employ inspectors to enforce the provisions of this article. These 2 inspectors shall have the right of entry into any place where services are provided by a service 3 provider, to determine the number of residents therein and the adequacy of services being 4 provided to them. The director may obtain a search warrant to inspect those premises that the 5 director has reason to believe are being used to provide services. The inspectors shall have 6 access to all parts of the home and grounds, including, but not limited to, all areas of all buildings 7 on the grounds of a home, food supplies, resident medications, and resident medical records. 8 Inspectors shall also be permitted to conduct private interviews with all residents and staff of a 9 home. 10 If after investigating a complaint, the director determines that the complaint is 11 substantiated and that an immediate and serious threat to a resident's health or safety exists, the 12 director may petition the circuit court for an injunction, order of abatement or other appropriate 13 action or proceeding to: (1) Close the home; (2) transfer residents in the home to other facilities; or

- 14 (3) appoint temporary management to oversee the operation of the home to assure the health,
- 15 safety, welfare and rights of the home's residents where there is a need for temporary

16	manage	ement to ensure	e compliance v	vith the court's or	der. Any home	aggrieved by a d	etermination
17	or asse	<u>ssment made p</u>	ursuant to this	section shall hav	e the right to a	n administrative a	appeal as set
18	forth	in	§1	6B-4-12	of	this	code.
	<u>§16B-6</u>	-6. Enforceme	nt; criminal p	enalties.			
1		<u>(a) Any servic</u>	e provider w	ho fails to regis	ter with the	director shall be	guilty of a
2	<u>misdem</u>	neanor and, upo	on conviction t	hereof, shall be fi	ned not less th	nan \$500 or more	<u>than \$2,500</u>
3	<u>or impri</u>	isoned in jail no	t less than ten	days, or more tha	an thirty days a	after notice by cer	<u>tified mail by</u>
4	the dire	ector to such se	rvice provider	of the requireme	nts of this artic	<u>cle.</u>	
5		(b) Any person	who interfere	s with or impede	s in any way	the lawful enforc	ement of the
6	provisio	ons of this article	e is guilty of a	misdemeanor and	d, upon convic	tion thereof, shal	<u>l be fined not</u>
7	less tha	an \$500 or more	e than \$2,500	or imprisoned in	the jail not les	s than ten days,	<u>or more than</u>
8	<u>thirty:</u> F	Provided, That	prior to July	1, 1989, no such	penalty may	<u>be imposed up</u>	<u>on a service</u>
9	provide	r until thirty day	s after notice	by certified mail I	by the director	to the service pr	ovider at the
10	<u>require</u>	<u>ments of this ar</u>	<u>ticle.</u>				
11		<u>(c) If after inves</u>	tigating a com	plaint, the directo	or determines t	that the home is h	ousing more
12	<u>than thr</u>	<u>ree residents, t</u>	<u>he director, in</u>	consultation with	the Inspector	r General, shall a	<u>issess a civil</u>
13	penalty	of \$50 per da	y per the nur	mber of residents	s exceeding t	<u>hree. Each day</u>	the violation
14	<u>continu</u>	<u>es, after the da</u>	te of citation s	hall constitute a s	eparate violat	ion. The date of o	<u>citation is the</u>
15	date the	e facility receive	es the written s	statement of defic	ciencies.		
16		(d) The Inspe	<u>ctor General</u>	<u>may in his or l</u>	ner discretion	bring an actior	<u>ı to enforce</u>
17	<u>complia</u>	ance with the pr	ovisions of thi	<u>s article.</u>			
18		<u>(e) The circuit</u>	court of Kana	wha County or t	<u>he circuit cou</u>	irt of the county	in which the
19	<u>conduc</u>	t occurred shal	<u>l have jurisdic</u>	tion in all civil enf	orcement acti	ons brought und	<u>er this article</u>
20	and	may	order	equitable	relief	without	bond.
	ARTIC	LE 7. CHRON	NIC PAIN CL	INIC LICENSIN	<u>G ACT.</u>		

§16B-7-1. Purpose and short title.

1	This article shall be known as the Chronic Pain Clinic Licensing Act. The purpose of this act
2	is to establish licensing requirements for facilities that treat patients for chronic pain management
3	in order to ensure that patients may be lawfully treated for chronic pain by physicians in facilities
4	that comply with oversight requirements developed by the Office of the Inspector General.
	§16B-7-2. Definitions.
1	(a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
2	(1) "Chronic pain" means pain that has persisted after reasonable medical efforts have
3	been made to relieve the pain or cure its cause and that has continued, either continuously or
4	episodically, for longer than three continuous months. For purposes of this article, "chronic pain"
5	does not include pain directly associated with a terminal condition.
6	(2) "Director" means the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,
7	or his or her designee.
8	(3) "Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General
9	as described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
10	(4) "Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
11	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
12	(5) "Owner" means any person, partnership, association, or corporation listed as the owner
13	of a pain management clinic on the licensing forms required by this article.
14	(6) "Pain management clinic" means all privately-owned pain management clinics,
15	facilities, or offices not otherwise exempted from this article and which meet both of the following
16	<u>criteria:</u>
17	(A) Where in any month more than 50 percent of patients of the clinic are prescribed or
18	dispensed Schedule II opioids or other Schedule II controlled substances specified in rules
19	promulgated pursuant to this article for chronic pain resulting from conditions that are not terminal;
20	and
21	(B) The facility meets any other identifying criteria established by the Inspector General by

22	rule.
23	(7) "Physician" means an individual authorized to practice medicine or surgery or
24	osteopathic medicine or surgery in this state.
25	(8) "Prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by law to prescribe drugs or drug
26	therapy related devices in the course of the individual's professional practice, including only a
27	medical or osteopathic physician authorized to practice medicine or surgery; a physician assistant
28	or osteopathic physician assistant who holds a certificate to prescribe drugs; or an advanced
29	nurse practitioner who holds a certificate to prescribe.
30	(b) The Inspector General may define in rules any term or phrase used in this article which
31	is not expressly defined.
	§16B-7-3. Pain management clinics to obtain license; application; fees and inspections.
1	(a) The Inspector General designates the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
2	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated.
3	(b) No person, partnership, association, or corporation may operate a pain management
4	clinic without first obtaining a license from the director in accordance with the provisions of this
5	article and the rules lawfully promulgated pursuant to this article.
6	(c) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation desiring a license to operate a pain
7	management clinic in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
8	Certification an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by
9	a fee to be determined by the director.
10	(d) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her
11	designee shall inspect each facility prior to issuing a license and review all documentation
12	submitted with the application. The director shall issue a license if the facility is in compliance with
13	the provisions of this article and with the rules lawfully promulgated pursuant to this article.
14	(e) A license shall expire one year from the date of issuance. Sixty days prior to the
15	expiration date, an application for renewal shall be submitted on forms furnished by the director. A

16 license shall be renewed if the director determines that the applicant is in compliance with this 17 article and with all rules promulgated pursuant to this article. A license issued to one facility 18 pursuant to this article is not transferable or assignable. A change of ownership of a licensed pain 19 management clinic requires submission of a new application. 20 (f) The director or his or her designee shall inspect on a periodic basis all pain 21 management clinics that are subject to this article and all rules adopted pursuant to this article to 22 ensure continued compliance. §16B-7-4. Operational requirements. 1 (a) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation that desires to operate a pain 2 management clinic in this state must submit to the director documentation that the facility meets all 3 of the following requirements: 4 (1) The clinic shall be licensed in this state with the director, the Secretary of State, the 5 State Tax Department and all other applicable business or license entities. 6 (2) The application shall list all owners of the clinic. At least one owner shall be a physician 7 actively licensed to practice medicine, surgery or osteopathic medicine or surgery in this state. The 8 clinic shall notify the director of any change in ownership within ten days of the change and must 9 submit a new application within the time frame prescribed by the secretary. 10 (3) Each pain management clinic shall designate a physician owner who shall practice at 11 the clinic and who will be responsible for the operation of the clinic. Within ten days after 12 termination of a designated physician, the clinic shall notify the director of the identity of another 13 designated physician for that clinic. Failing to have a licensed designated physician practicing at 14 the location of the clinic may be the basis for a suspension or revocation of the clinic license. The 15 designated physician shall: 16 (A) Have a full, active and unencumbered license to practice medicine, surgery or 17 osteopathic medicine or surgery in this state: 18 (B) Meet one of the following training requirements:

19	(i) Complete a pain medicine fellowship that is accredited by the Accreditation Council for
20	Graduate Medical Education or such other similar program as may be approved by the secretary;
21	<u>or</u>
22	(ii) Hold current board certification by the American Board of Pain Medicine or current
23	board certification by the American Board of Anesthesiology or such other board certification as
24	may be approved by the director.
25	(C) Practice at the licensed clinic location for which the physician has assumed
26	responsibility;
27	(D) Be responsible for complying with all requirements related to the licensing and
28	operation of the clinic;
29	(E) Supervise, control and direct the activities of each individual working or operating at the
30	facility, including any employee, volunteer or individual under contract, who provides treatment of
31	chronic pain at the clinic or is associated with the provision of that treatment. The supervision,
32	control and direction shall be provided in accordance with rules promulgated by the secretary.
33	(4) All persons employed by the facility shall comply with the requirements for the operation
34	of a pain management clinic established by this article or by any rule adopted pursuant to this
35	article.
36	(5) No person may own or be employed by or associated with a pain management clinic
37	who has previously been convicted of, or pleaded guilty to, any felony in this state or another state
38	or territory of the United States. All owners, employees, volunteers or associates of the clinic shall
39	undergo a criminal records check prior to operation of the clinic or engaging in any work, paid or
40	otherwise pursuant to §16B-15-1 et seq. of this code.
41	(6) The clinic may not be owned by, nor may it employ or associate with, any physician or
42	prescriber:
43	(A) Whose Drug Enforcement Administration number has ever been revoked;
44	(B) Whose application for a license to prescribe, dispense or administer a controlled

45	substance has been denied by any jurisdiction; or
46	(C) Who, in any jurisdiction of this state or any other state or territory of the United States,
47	has been convicted of or plead guilty or nolo contendere to an offense that constitutes a felony for
48	receipt of illicit and diverted drugs, including controlled substances, as defined by §60A-1-101 of
49	this code.
50	(7) A person may not dispense any medication, including a controlled substance, as
51	defined by section §60A-1-101 of this code, on the premises of a licensed pain management clinic
52	unless he or she is a physician or pharmacist licensed in this state. Prior to dispensing or
53	prescribing controlled substances, as defined by §60A-1-101 of this code, at a pain management
54	clinic, the treating physician must access the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program
55	database maintained by the Board of Pharmacy to ensure the patient is not seeking controlled
56	substances from multiple sources. If the patient receives ongoing treatment, the physician shall
57	also review the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program database at each patient examination
58	or at least every ninety days. The results obtained from the Controlled Substances Monitoring
59	Program database shall be maintained with the patient's medical records.
60	(8) Each clinic location shall be licensed separately, regardless of whether the clinic is
61	operated under the same business name or management as another clinic.
62	(9) A pain management clinic shall not dispense to any patient more than a seventy-two-
63	hour supply of a controlled substance, as defined by §60A-1-101 of this code.
64	(10) The pain management clinic shall develop patient protocols, treatment plans and
65	profiles, as prescribed by the secretary by rule, and which shall include, but not be limited by, the
66	following guidelines:
67	(A) When a physician diagnoses an individual as having chronic pain, the physician may
68	treat the pain by managing it with medications in amounts or combinations that may not be
69	appropriate when treating other medical conditions. The physician's diagnosis shall be made after
70	having the individual evaluated by one or more other physicians who specialize in the treatment of

71 the area, system or organ of the body perceived as the source of the pain unless the individual has

72 <u>been previously diagnosed as suffering from chronic pain and is referred to the pain management</u>

73 <u>clinic by such diagnosing physician. The physician's diagnosis and treatment decisions shall be</u>

- 74 made according to accepted and prevailing standards for medical care.
- 75 (B) The physician shall maintain a record of all of the following:
- 76 (i) Medical history and physical examination of the individual;

77 (ii) The diagnosis of chronic pain, including signs, symptoms and causes;

- 78 (iii) The plan of treatment proposed, the patient's response to the treatment and any
- 79 modification to the plan of treatment;
- 80 (iv) The dates on which any medications were prescribed, dispensed or administered, the

81 name and address of the individual to or for whom the medications were prescribed, dispensed or

82 administered and the amounts and dosage forms for the drugs prescribed, dispensed or

83 administered;

86

84 (v) A copy of the report made by the physician to whom referral for evaluation was made.

85 (C) A physician, physician assistant, certified registered nurse anesthetist or advanced

87 physician initially prescribes, dispenses or administers a controlled substance to a patient and at

nurse practitioner shall perform a physical examination of a patient on the same day that the

88 least four times a year thereafter at a pain management clinic according to accepted and

89 prevailing standards for medical care.

(D) A physician authorized to prescribe controlled substances who practices at a pain
 management clinic is responsible for maintaining the control and security of his or her prescription
 blanks and any other method used for prescribing controlled substance pain medication. The
 physician shall comply with all state and federal requirements for tamper-resistant prescription
 paper. In addition to any other requirements imposed by statute or rule, the physician shall notify
 the director in writing within twenty-four hours following any theft or loss of a prescription blank or

96 breach of any other method for prescribing pain medication.

97	(c) Upon satisfaction that an applicant has met all of the requirements of this article, the
98	director may issue a license to operate a pain management clinic. An entity that obtains this
99	license may possess, have custody or control of, and dispense drugs designated as Schedule II or
100	Schedule III in §60A-2-206 or §60A-2-208 of this code.
	§16B-7-5. Exemptions.
1	(a) The following facilities are not pain management clinics subject to the requirements of
2	this article:
3	(1) A facility that does not prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the treatment of
4	chronic pain;
5	(2) A hospital licensed in this state, a facility located on the campus of a licensed hospital
6	that is owned, operated or controlled by that licensed hospital, and an ambulatory health care
7	facility as defined by §16-2D-2 of this code that is owned, operated or controlled by a licensed
8	hospital;
9	(3) A physician practice owned or controlled, in whole or in part, by a licensed hospital or by
10	an entity that owns or controls, in whole or in part, one or more licensed hospitals;
11	(4) A hospice program licensed in this state;
12	(5) A nursing home licensed in this state;
13	(6) An ambulatory surgical facility as defined by section two, article two-d, chapter sixteen
14	of this code; and
15	(7) A facility conducting clinical research that may use controlled substances in studies
16	approved by a hospital-based institutional review board or an institutional review board accredited
17	by the association for the accreditation of human research protection programs.
18	(b) Any facility that is not included in this section may petition to the director for an
19	exemption from the requirements of this article. All such petitions are subject to the administrative
20	procedures requirements of §29A-1-1 et seq. of this code.
	§16B-7-6. Inspection.

1	(a) The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall inspect each pain
2	management clinic annually, including a review of the patient records, to ensure that it complies
3	with this article and the applicable rules.
4	(b) During an onsite inspection, the inspector shall make a reasonable attempt to discuss
5	each violation with the designated physician or other owners of the pain management clinic before
6	issuing a formal written notification.
7	(c) Any action taken to correct a violation shall be documented in writing by the designated
8	physician or other owners of the pain management clinic and verified by follow-up visits by the
9	Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification.
	§16B-7-7. Suspension; revocation.
1	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may suspend or revoke a
2	license issued pursuant to this article if the provisions of this article or of the rules promulgated
3	pursuant to this article are violated. The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may
4	revoke a clinic's license and prohibit all physicians associated with that pain management clinic
5	from practicing at the clinic location based upon an annual or periodic inspection and evaluation.
6	(b) Before any such license is suspended or revoked, however, written notice shall be
7	given to the licensee, stating the grounds of the complaint and shall provide notice of the right to
8	request a hearing. The notice shall be sent by certified mail to the licensee at the address where
9	the pain management clinic concerned is located. The licensee shall be entitled to be represented
10	by legal counsel at the hearing.
11	(c) If a license is revoked pursuant to this article, a new application for a license may be
12	considered by the director if, when and after the conditions upon which revocation was based have
13	been corrected, and evidence of this fact has been furnished to the secretary director. A new
14	license may then be granted after proper inspection has been made and all provisions of this
15	article and rules promulgated pursuant to this article have been satisfied.
16	(d) All of the pertinent provisions of §29A-5-1 et seq. of this code shall apply and govern

17	any hearing authorized and required by the provisions of this article and the administrative
18	procedure in connection therewith.
19	(e) Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the Board of Review as
20	a result of the hearing provided in this section may, within thirty days after receiving notice of the
21	decision, appeal the decision to West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals for judicial review of
22	the decision.
23	(f) The court may affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the Board of Review and either
24	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the
25	Supreme Court of Appeals.
26	(g) If the license of a pain management clinic is revoked or suspended, the designated
27	physician of the clinic, any other owner of the clinic or the owner or lessor of the clinic property
28	shall cease to operate the facility as a pain management clinic as of the effective date of the
29	suspension or revocation. The owner or lessor of the clinic property is responsible for removing all
30	signs and symbols identifying the premises as a pain management clinic within thirty days.
31	(h) Upon the effective date of the suspension or revocation, the designated physician of the
32	pain management clinic shall advise the director and the Board of Pharmacy of the disposition of
33	all drugs located on the premises. The disposition is subject to the supervision and approval of the
34	director. Drugs that are purchased or held by a pain management clinic that is not licensed may be
35	deemed adulterated.
36	(i) If the license of a pain management clinic is suspended or revoked, any person named
37	in the licensing documents of the clinic, including persons owning or operating the pain
38	management clinic, may not, as an individual or as part of a group, apply to operate another pain
39	management clinic for five years after the date of suspension or revocation.
40	(j) The period of suspension for the license of a pain management clinic shall be prescribed
41	by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, but may not exceed one year.

# §16B-7-8. Violations; penalties; injunction.

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1	(a) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation which establishes, conducts,
2	manages, or operates a pain management clinic without first obtaining a license therefor as herein
3	provided, or which violates any provisions of this article or any rule lawfully promulgated pursuant
4	to this article, shall be assessed a civil penalty by the director, in consultation with the Inspector
5	General, in accordance with this subsection. Each day of continuing violation after conviction shall
6	be considered a separate violation:
7	(1) If a pain management clinic or any owner or designated physician is found to be in
8	violation of any provision of this article, unless otherwise noted herein, the director, in consultation
9	with the Inspector General, may suspend or revoke the clinic's license.
10	(2) If the clinic's designated physician knowingly and intentionally misrepresents actions
11	taken to correct a violation, the secretary may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000, and, in
12	the case of an owner-operated pain management clinic, revoke or deny a pain management
13	clinic's license.
14	(3) If an owner or designated physician of a pain management clinic concurrently operates
14 15	(3) If an owner or designated physician of a pain management clinic concurrently operates an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General,
15	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General,
15 16	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day.
15 16 17	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to
15 16 17 18	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to apply for a new license for the clinic upon a change-of-ownership and operates the clinic under the
15 16 17 18 19	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to apply for a new license for the clinic upon a change-of-ownership and operates the clinic under the new ownership, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty
15 16 17 18 19 20	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to apply for a new license for the clinic upon a change-of-ownership and operates the clinic under the new ownership, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to apply for a new license for the clinic upon a change-of-ownership and operates the clinic under the new ownership, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000. (5) If a physician knowingly operates, owns or manages an unlicensed pain management
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to apply for a new license for the clinic upon a change-of-ownership and operates the clinic under the new ownership, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000. (5) If a physician knowingly operates, owns or manages an unlicensed pain management clinic that is required to be licensed pursuant to this article; knowingly prescribes or dispenses or
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	an unlicensed pain management clinic, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty upon the owner or physician, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day. (4) If the owner of a pain management clinic that requires a license under this article fails to apply for a new license for the clinic upon a change-of-ownership and operates the clinic under the new ownership, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000. (5) If a physician knowingly operates, owns or manages an unlicensed pain management clinic that is required to be licensed pursuant to this article; knowingly prescribes or dispenses or causes to be prescribed or dispensed, controlled substances in an unlicensed pain management

27	consultation with the Inspector General, may assess a civil penalty of not more than \$20,000. The
28	penalty may be in addition to or in lieu of any other action that may be taken by the director, in
29	consultation with the Inspector General, or any other board, court or entity.
30	(b) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary may, in the
31	manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against any
32	person, partnership, association, or corporation to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct,
33	management or operation of any pain management clinic or violation of any provisions of this
34	article or any rule lawfully promulgated thereunder without first obtaining a license therefor in the
35	manner hereinbefore provided.
36	(c) In determining whether a penalty is to be imposed and in fixing the amount of the
37	penalty, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall consider the following
38	factors:
39	(1) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical or
40	emotional harm to a patient has resulted, or could have resulted, from the pain management
41	clinic's actions or the actions of the designated or practicing physician, the severity of the action or
42	potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable laws or rules were violated;
43	(2) What actions, if any, the owner or designated physician took to correct the violations;
44	(3) Whether there were any previous violations at the pain management clinic; and
45	(4) The financial benefits that the pain management clinic derived from committing or
46	continuing to commit the violation.
47	(d) Upon finding that a physician has violated the provisions of this article or rules adopted
48	pursuant to this article, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall provide notice
49	of the violation to the applicable licensing board.
	<u>§16B-7-9. Rules.</u>
1	(a) The Inspector General, in collaboration with the West Virginia Board of Medicine and
0	the West Virginia Deard of Osteonethy, shall promyleste vulse in accordance with the provisions of

2 the West Virginia Board of Osteopathy, shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of

3	§29A-1-1 et seq. of this code for the licensure of pain management clinics to ensure adequate
4	care, treatment, health, safety, welfare, and comfort of patients at these facilities. These rules shall
5	include, at a minimum:
6	(1) The process to be followed by applicants seeking a license;
7	(2) The qualifications and supervision of licensed and nonlicensed personnel at pain
8	management clinics and training requirements for all facility health care practitioners who are not
9	regulated by another board;
10	(3) The provision and coordination of patient care, including the development of a written
11	plan of care;
12	(4) The management, operation, staffing, and equipping of the pain management clinic;
13	(5) The clinical, medical, patient, and business records kept by the pain management
14	<u>clinic;</u>
15	(6) The procedures for inspections and for the review of utilization and quality of patient
16	<u>care;</u>
17	(7) The standards and procedures for the general operation of a pain management clinic,
18	including facility operations, physical operations, infection control requirements, health and safety
19	requirements, and quality assurance;
20	(8) Identification of drugs that may be used to treat chronic pain that identify a facility as a
21	pain management clinic, including, at a minimum, tramadol and carisoprodol;
22	(9) Any other criteria that identify a facility as a pain management clinic;
23	(10) The standards and procedures to be followed by an owner in providing supervision,
24	direction, and control of individuals employed by or associated with a pain management clinic;
25	(11) Data collection and reporting requirements; and
26	(12) Such other standards or requirements as the Inspector General determines are
27	appropriate.

28 (b) The rules authorized by this section may be filed as emergency rules if deemed

29 necessary to promptly effectuate the purposes of this article. The Legislature finds that the

30 changes made to this article during the 2024 regular session of the Legislature constitute an

31 <u>emergency for the purposes of filing any amendment to existing rules.</u>

#### §16B-7-10. Advertisement disclosure.

1 Any advertisement made by or on behalf of a pain management clinic through public

2 media, such as a telephone directory, medical directory, newspaper or other periodical, outdoor

3 advertising, radio, or television, or through written or recorded communication, concerning the

4 treatment of chronic pain, as defined in section two of this article, shall include the name of, at a

5 <u>minimum, one physician owner responsible for the content of the advertisement.</u>

# ARTICLE 8. HOSPICE LICENSURE ACT.

### §16B-8-1. Purpose and short title.

1 This article shall be known as the Hospice Licensure Act. The purpose of this Act is to

- 2 establish licensing requirements for hospices. It is the intent of the Legislature to establish,
- 3 promote and make available within this state a comprehensive hospice care program for the

4 treatment of physical, emotional, and mental symptoms of terminal illness.

# §16B-8-2. Definitions.

<u>"Bereavement services" means support services designed to assist individuals to</u>
 experience, respond emotionally to and adjust to the death of another person.

3 "Director" means the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification, or

- 4 <u>his or her designee.</u>
- 5 "Hospice" means a coordinated program of home and inpatient care provided directly or
- 6 <u>through an agreement under the direction of an identifiable hospice administration which provides</u>
- 7 palliative and supportive medical and other health services to terminally ill individuals and their
- 8 <u>families</u>. Hospice utilizes a medically directed interdisciplinary team. A hospice program of care
- 9 provides care to meet the physical, psychological, social, spiritual, and other special needs which

10	are experienced during the final stages of illness and during dying and bereavement.
11	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General as
12	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
13	"Interdisciplinary team" means the hospice patient and the patient's family, the attending
14	physician and the following hospice personnel: Physician, nurse, social worker, clergy and trained
15	volunteer. Providers of supportive services such as mental health, pharmaceutical and any other
16	appropriate allied health services may also be included on the team as the needs of the individual
17	dictate.
18	"Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
19	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
20	"Palliative services" means treatment directed at controlling pain, relieving other
21	symptoms, and focusing on the special needs of the individual and family as they experience the
22	stress of the dying process, rather than treatment designed for investigation and intervention for
23	the purpose of cure or prolongation of life.
24	"Terminally ill" means that an individual has a medical prognosis that his or her life
25	expectancy is six months or less or another length of time determined by the centers for Medicare
26	and Medicaid services and designated in federal hospice regulations.
27	The Inspector General may define in regulation any term or phrase used in this article
28	which is not expressly defined.
	§16B-8-3. Hospices to obtain license; application; fees and inspections.
1	(a) The Inspector General designates the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
2	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise state.
3	(b) No person, partnership, association, or corporation or any governmental unit or any
4	division, department, board, or agency thereof may operate a hospice without first obtaining a
5	license from the director in accordance with the provisions of this article and the rules lawfully
6	promulgated hereunder.

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7	(c) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation or any governmental unit or any
8	division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the
9	Secretary an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a
10	fee to be determined by the board of Health, based upon the number of persons served by the
11	hospice. The director shall inspect the hospice prior to issuing a license. Upon receipt and review
12	of an application for license, the director shall issue a license if the hospice is in compliance with
13	the provisions of this article and with the rules lawfully promulgated hereunder. The license is not
14	transferable or assignable.
15	(d) A license shall expire one year from the date of issuance. Sixty days prior to the
16	expiration date, an application for renewal shall be submitted on forms furnished by the director. A
17	license shall be renewed if the director determines that the applicant is in compliance with this
18	article and with all rules promulgated hereunder.
19	(e) The director or his or her designee shall inspect all hospices that are subject to rules
20	adopted pursuant to this article periodically and at least as often as required by the Centers for
21	Medicare and Medicaid Services in order to determine compliance with the provisions of this
22	article and with rules adopted hereunder, and regulations promulgated by the Centers for
23	Medicare and Medicaid Services.
	§16B-8-4. Suspension; revocation.
1	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, is authorized to suspend or
2	revoke a license issued hereunder if the provisions of this article or of the rules are violated.
3	(b) Before any such license is suspended or revoked, however, written notice shall be
4	given the licensee, stating the grounds of the complaint, and the date, time and place set for the
5	hearing on the complaint, which date shall not be less than thirty days from the time notice is given.
6	Such notice shall be sent by registered mail to the licensee at the address where the hospice
7	concerned is located. The licensee shall be entitled to be represented by legal counsel at the
8	hearing.

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9	(c) If a license is revoked as herein provided, a new application for a license shall be
10	considered by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, if, when and after the
11	conditions upon which revocation was based have been corrected and evidence of this fact has
12	been furnished. A new license shall then be granted after proper inspection has been made and all
13	provisions of this article and rules promulgated hereunder have been satisfied.
14	(d) All of the pertinent provisions of §29A-5-1 <i>et seq</i> . of this code shall apply to and govern
15	any hearing authorized and required by the provisions of this article and the administrative
16	procedure in connection with and following any such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of
17	said article five were set forth in extenso in this section.
18	(e) Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the Board of Review as
19	a result of the hearing provided in this section may, within thirty days after receiving notice of the
20	decision, appeal to the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals for judicial review of the
21	decision.
22	(f) The court may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the Board of Review and either
22 23	(f) The court may affirm, modify, or reverse the decision of the Board of Review and either the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the
23	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the
23	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to theSupremeCourtofAppeals.
23 24	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the         Supreme       Court       of       Appeals.         §16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.
23 24 1	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the         Supreme       Court       of       Appeals.         §16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.       The Inspector General may promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-1-
23 24 1 2	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the         Supreme       Court       of       Appeals.         §16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.       The Inspector General may promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-1-         1 et seq. of this code for the licensure of hospice programs to ensure adequate care, treatment,
23 24 1 2 3	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the         Supreme       Court       of       Appeals.         §16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.       Inspector General to establish rules.       Inspector General may promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-1-         1 et seq. of this code for the licensure of hospice programs to ensure adequate care, treatment, health, safety, welfare, and comfort of hospice patients. Such rules shall include, but not be limited
23 24 1 2 3 4	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the         Supreme       Court       of       Appeals.         §16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.
23 24 1 2 3 4 5	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the         Supreme       Court       of       Appeals.         §16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.         The Inspector General may promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-1-         1 et seq. of this code for the licensure of hospice programs to ensure adequate care, treatment,         health, safety, welfare, and comfort of hospice patients. Such rules shall include, but not be limited         to:         (a) The qualifications and supervision of licensed and nonlicensed personnel;
23 24 1 2 3 4 5 6	the applicant or licensee or the Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the Supreme Court of Appeals. <b>§16B-8-5. Inspector General to establish rules.</b> The Inspector General may promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-1- 1 et seq. of this code for the licensure of hospice programs to ensure adequate care, treatment, health, safety, welfare, and comfort of hospice patients. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to: (a) The qualifications and supervision of licensed and nonlicensed personnel; (b) The provision and coordination of inpatient care and in-home treatment services,

10	(e) The procedures for the review of utilization and quality of patient care; and
11	(f) Such other requirements as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
	§16B-8-6. Violations; penalties; injunction.
1	(a) Any person, partnership, association or corporation and any local governmental unit or
2	any division, department, board, or agency thereof which establishes, conducts, manages, or
3	operates a hospice without first obtaining a license therefor as herein provided, or which violates
4	any provisions of this article or any rule or regulation lawfully promulgated thereunder, shall be
5	assessed a civil penalty by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, not to exceed
6	\$50 for each violation. Each day of continuing violation after conviction shall be considered a
7	separate violation.
8	(b) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Inspector General
9	may, in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction
10	against any person, partnership, association, corporation or any governmental unit or any division,
11	department, board, or agency thereof to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct,
12	management or operation of any hospice or violation of any provisions of this article or any rule or
13	regulation lawfully promulgated thereunder without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner
14	hereinbefore provided.
	ARTICLE 9. RESIDENTIAL CARE COMMUNITIES.

#### §16B-9-1. Purpose.

It is the policy of this state to encourage and promote the development and utilization of quality residential communities for persons who desire to live independently in an apartment, who are or may be dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental impairment, and who may require limited and intermittent nursing care and who are capable of selfpreservation and are not bedfast. Individuals may not be disqualified for residency solely because they qualify for or receive services coordinated by a licensed hospice. This care and treatment requires a living environment for these persons which, to the extent practicable, approximates a

8	normal home environment. To this end, it is the policy of this state to encourage and promote the
9	development and maintenance of residential care communities.
10	The provisions of this article are remedial and shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
11	purposes and intents. This article is intended to apply only to residential communities in which
12	apartments are rented on a month-to-month basis. All residential care community rental contracts
13	shall specify in bold-faced type, under the conspicuous caption "NOTICE TO RESIDENT", that
14	residents of the residential community must be capable of self-preservation, or substantially
15	similar words clearly conveying the same meaning. This article may not be construed to require
16	that any person be required to vacate any property in which that person has an ownership or a
17	leasehold interest, except for a month-to-month tenancy, because that person is disabled and
18	incapable of self-preservation. Nothing in this article is intended to supersede the provisions of §5-
19	<u>11A-1 et seq. of this code.</u>
	§16B-9-2. Definitions.
1	(a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context:
1 2	(a) As used in this article, unless a different meaning appears from the context: (1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically
2	(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically
2 3	(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;
2 3 4	(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire; (2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been
2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically</li> <li>capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;</li> <li>(2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been</li> <li>established and the reasons therefor;</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically</li> <li>capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;</li> <li>(2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been</li> <li>established and the reasons therefor;</li> <li>(3) "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically</li> <li>capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;</li> <li>(2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been</li> <li>established and the reasons therefor;</li> <li>(3) "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,</li> <li>or his or her designee;</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically</li> <li>capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;</li> <li>(2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been</li> <li>established and the reasons therefor;</li> <li>(3) "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,</li> <li>or his or her designee;</li> <li>(4) "Division" means the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification;</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically</li> <li>capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;</li> <li>(2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been</li> <li>established and the reasons therefor;</li> <li>(3) "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,</li> <li>or his or her designee;</li> <li>(4) "Division" means the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification;</li> <li>(5) "Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>(1) "Capable of self-preservation" means that a person is, at a minimum, physically</li> <li>capable of removing himself or herself from situations involving imminent danger such as fire;</li> <li>(2) "Deficiency" means a statement of the rule and the fact that compliance has not been</li> <li>established and the reasons therefor;</li> <li>(3) "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,</li> <li>or his or her designee;</li> <li>(4) "Division" means the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification;</li> <li>(5) "Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General</li> <li>as described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.</li> </ul>

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14	meets these requirements: The resident requests that he or she remain in the residential care
15	community; the resident is advised of the availability of other specialized health care facilities to
16	treat his or her condition; and the need for care results from a medical pathology or the normal
17	aging process. Limited and intermittent nursing care may be provided only by or under the
18	supervision of a registered professional nurse and in accordance with legislative rules.
19	(7) "Nursing care" means those procedures commonly employed in providing for the
20	physical, emotional and rehabilitation needs of the ill or otherwise incapacitated and which require
21	technical skills and knowledge beyond those that untrained persons possess, including,
22	irrigations, catheterizations, special procedures that contribute to rehabilitation and administration
23	of medication by any method involving a level of complexity and skill not possessed by untrained
24	persons;
25	(8) "Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
26	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
27	(9) "Person" means a natural person and every form of organization, whether incorporated
28	or unincorporated, including partnerships, corporations, trusts, associations and political
29	subdivisions of the state;
30	(10) "Personal assistance" means services of a personal nature, including help in walking,
31	bathing, dressing, toileting, getting in or out of bed and supervision that is required because of the
32	age or mental impairment of a resident;
33	(11) "Resident" means an individual who lives in a residential care community for the
34	purpose of receiving personal assistance or limited and intermittent nursing services from the
35	community;
36	(12) "Residential care community" means any group of seventeen or more residential
37	apartments, however named, which are part of a larger independent living community and which
38	are advertised, offered, maintained or operated by an owner or manager, regardless of
39	consideration or the absence thereof, for the express or implied purpose of providing residential

40	accommodations, personal assistance and supervision on a monthly basis to seventeen or more
41	persons who are or may be dependent upon the services of others by reason of physical or mental
42	impairment or who may require limited and intermittent nursing care but who are capable of self-
43	preservation and are not bedfast. Individuals may not be disqualified for residency solely because
44	they qualify for or receive services coordinated by a licensed hospice. Each apartment in a
45	residential care community shall be at least three hundred square feet in size, have doors capable
46	of being locked and contain at least: One bedroom; one kitchenette that includes a sink and a
47	refrigerator; and one full bathroom that includes a bathing area, toilet and sink. Services utilizing
48	equipment which requires auxiliary electrical power in the event of a power failure may not be used
49	unless the residential care community has a backup power generator. Nothing contained in this
50	article applies to hospitals, as defined under §16B-3-1, state institutions, as defined under §27-1-
51	6, residential care communities operated as continuing care retirement communities or housing
52	programs operated under rules of the federal department of housing and urban development
53	and/or the office of rural economic development, residential care communities operated by the
54	federal government or the state government, institutions operated for the treatment and care of
55	alcoholic patients, offices of physicians, hotels, boarding homes or other similar places that furnish
56	only room and board, or to homes or asylums operated by fraternal orders pursuant to §35-3-1 of
57	this code;
58	(13) "Substantial compliance" means a level of compliance with the rules promulgated
59	hereunder that identified deficiencies pose a risk to resident health or safety no greater than a
60	potential for causing minimal harm.
61	(b) The Inspector General may by rule define terms pertinent to this article which are not
62	defined.
	§16B-9-3. Powers, duties, and rights of Inspector General.
1	In the administration of this article, the Inspector General may:
2	(1) Enforce rules and standards for residential care communities as adopted, proposed,

3	amended, or modified by the Inspector General;
4	(2) Exercise all powers granted herein relating to the issuance, suspension, and revocation
5	of licenses of residential care communities;
6	(3) Enforce rules governing the qualification of applicants for residential care community
7	licenses, including, but not limited to, educational, financial, personal, and ethical requirements, as
8	adopted, proposed, amended, or modified by the Inspector General;
9	(4) Receive and disburse federal funds and to take any lawful action that is necessary or
10	appropriate to comply with the requirements and conditions for the receipt or expenditure of
11	federal funds;
12	(5) Receive and disburse funds appropriated by the Legislature to the division for any
13	authorized purpose;
14	(6) Receive and disburse funds obtained by the division by way of gift, grant, donation,
15	bequest, or devise, according to the terms thereof, funds derived from the division's operation, and
16	funds from any other source, no matter how derived, for any authorized purpose;
17	(7) Negotiate and enter into contracts, and to execute all instruments necessary or
18	convenient in carrying out the functions and duties of the position of Inspector Director; and all of
19	these contracts, agreements, and instruments shall be executed by the Inspector Director;
20	(8) Appoint officers, agents, employees, and other personnel and establish the duties and
21	fix the compensation thereof;
22	(9) Offer and sponsor education and training programs for residential care communities'
23	administrative, managerial, and operations personnel;
24	(10) Undertake survey, research, and planning projects and programs relating to the
25	administration and operation of residential care communities and to the health, care, treatment,
26	and service in general of residents of these communities;
27	(11) Establish by legislative rule in accordance with §16B-9-10 of this code and to assess
28	reasonable civil penalties for violations of residential care community standards;

29	(12) Inspect any residential care community and any of the records maintained therein,
30	subject to the provisions of §16B-9-10 of this code;
31	(13) Establish legislative rules in accordance with §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code, setting
32	forth procedures for implementing the provisions of this article, including informal conferences,
33	investigations and hearings, and for enforcing compliance with the provisions of this article and the
34	rules promulgated hereunder;
35	(14) Subpoena witnesses and documents, administer oaths and affirmations, and examine
36	witnesses. Upon the failure of any person without lawful excuse to obey a subpoena to give
37	testimony and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the Inspector General may
38	apply to the circuit court of the county in which the hearing is to be held or to the circuit court of
39	Kanawha County for an order compelling compliance;
40	(15) Make a complaint or cause proceedings to be instituted against any person or persons
41	for the violation of the provisions of this article or of the rules promulgated hereunder. An action
42	may be taken by the Inspector General in the absence of concurrence or participation by the
43	prosecuting attorney of the county in which the proceedings are instituted. The circuit court of
44	Kanawha County or the circuit court of the county in which the violation has occurred has
45	jurisdiction in any civil enforcement action brought pursuant to this article and may order equitable
46	relief. In these cases, the court may not require that a bond be posted, nor may the Inspector
47	General or any person acting under his or her authority be required to give security for costs;
48	(16) Delegate authority to his or her employees and agents in the performance of any
49	power or duty granted in this article, except the issuance of final decisions in any adjudicatory
50	matter; and
51	(17) Make available at all times online access through the Office of Health Facility
52	Licensure and Certification website the following information. The online information shall
53	describe the residential care community licensing and investigatory activities of the division. The
54	online information shall include a list of all residential care communities and the following

55	information: Whether the residential care communities are proprietary or nonproprietary; the name
56	of the administrator or administrators; the total number of beds; license type; license number;
57	license expiration date; health investigations information and reports; life safety investigations
58	information and reports; and whether those residential care communities listed accept Medicare or
59	Medicaid residents.
60	(18) The Inspector General designates the Director of the Office of Health Facility
61	Licensure and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated.
	§16B-9-4. Administrative and inspection staff.
1	The director may, at any time he or she considers necessary, employ administrative
2	employees, inspectors, or other persons to properly implement the provisions of this article.
3	Employees of the division shall be members of the state civil service system and shall enforce the
4	provisions of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder. In discharging their official duties,
5	employees of the division have the right of entry into any place maintained as a residential care
6	<u>community.</u>
6	<u>community.</u> §16B-9-5. Rules; minimum standards for residential care communities.
6 1	
	§16B-9-5. Rules; minimum standards for residential care communities.
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1 2 3 4 5 6	§16B-9-5. Rules; minimum standards for residential care communities. <ul> <li>(a) The Inspector General shall propose all rules that may be necessary or proper to implement or effectuate the purposes and intent of this article and to enable the director to exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred herein. All rules authorized or required pursuant to this article shall be proposed by the Inspector General and promulgated in accordance with the provisions governing legislative rules, contained in §29A-3-1 of this code.</li> <li>(b) The Inspector General shall propose rules establishing minimum standards for the</li> </ul>
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	§16B-9-5. Rules; minimum standards for residential care communities. (a) The Inspector General shall propose all rules that may be necessary or proper to implement or effectuate the purposes and intent of this article and to enable the director to exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred herein. All rules authorized or required pursuant to this article shall be proposed by the Inspector General and promulgated in accordance with the provisions governing legislative rules, contained in §29A-3-1 of this code. (b) The Inspector General shall propose rules establishing minimum standards for the operation of residential care communities, including, but not limited to, the following:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	§16B-9-5. Rules; minimum standards for residential care communities. <ul> <li>(a) The Inspector General shall propose all rules that may be necessary or proper to implement or effectuate the purposes and intent of this article and to enable the director to exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred herein. All rules authorized or required pursuant to this article shall be proposed by the Inspector General and promulgated in accordance with the provisions governing legislative rules, contained in §29A-3-1 of this code.</li> <li>(b) The Inspector General shall propose rules establishing minimum standards for the operation of residential care communities, including, but not limited to, the following:</li> <li>(1) Administrative policies, including: (i) An affirmative statement of the right of access to</li> </ul>

12	responsibilities of residents;
13	(2) Minimum numbers and qualifications of residential care community personnel
14	according to the size, classification and health care needs of the residential care community;
15	(3) Safety requirements, except for those fire and life safety requirements under the
16	jurisdiction of the state Fire Marshal;
17	(4) Sanitation requirements;
18	(5) Protective and personal services required to be provided;
19	(6) Dietary services required to be provided;
20	(7) Maintenance of health records, including confidentiality;
21	(8) Social and recreational activities required to be made available;
22	(9) Physical facilities;
23	(10) Requirements related to limited and intermittent nursing care;
24	(11) Visitation privileges governing access to a resident by immediate family or other
25	relatives of the resident and by other persons who are visiting with the consent of the resident; and
26	(12) Other items or considerations that the secretary considers appropriate to ensure the
27	health, safety and welfare of residents of residential care communities.
28	(c) The Inspector General shall propose rules that include detailed specifications for each
29	category of standards required under subsections (b) and (d) of this section, and shall classify
30	these standards as follows:
31	(1) Class I standards, the violation of which presents either an imminent danger to the
32	health, safety or welfare of a resident or a substantial probability that death or serious physical
33	harm may result;
34	(2) Class II standards, the violation of which directly implicates the health, safety or welfare
35	of a resident, but which does not present imminent danger thereto; and
36	(3) Class III standards, the violation of which has an indirect or potential impact on the
37	health, safety, or welfare of any resident.

38	(d) A residential care community shall attain substantial compliance in every category of
39	standard enumerated in this section in order to be considered as being in substantial compliance
40	with the requirements of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder.
41	(e) Until such time as the Inspector General proposes rules governing residential care
42	communities under this section, existing rules governing residential board and care homes shall
43	apply to residential care communities and shall be construed so as to conform with the provisions
44	of this article in their application to residential care communities: Provided, That to the extent any
45	provisions of the rule governing residential board and care homes conflict with the provisions of
46	this article, the provisions of this article shall govern.
	§16B-9-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.
1	No person may establish, operate, maintain, offer, or advertise a residential care
2	community within this state unless he or she first obtains a license therefor as provided in this
3	article, which license remains unsuspended, unrevoked, and unexpired. No public official or
4	employee may place any person in, or recommend that any person be placed in, or directly or
5	indirectly cause any person to be placed in, any residential care community which is being
6	operated without a valid license from the director. The procedure for obtaining a license is as
7	follows:
8	(a) The applicant shall submit an application to the director on a form prescribed by the
9	director, containing information as may be necessary to show that the applicant is in compliance
10	with the standards for residential care communities as established by this article and the rules
11	promulgated hereunder. The application and any exhibits thereto shall provide the following
12	information:
13	(1) The name and address of the applicant;
14	(2) The name, address and principal occupation: (i) Of each person who, as a stockholder
15	or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of ten percent or more in the applicant; (ii) of each officer
16	and director of a corporate applicant; (iii) of each trustee and beneficiary of an applicant which is a

17	trust; and (iv) where a corporation has a proprietary interest of twenty-five percent or more in an
18	applicant, the name, address and principal occupation of each officer and director of the
19	corporation;
20	(3) The name and address of the owner of the premises of the residential care community
21	or proposed residential care community, if different from the applicant, and if so, the name and
22	address: (i) Of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of ten
23	percent or more in the owner of the premises; (ii) of each officer and director of a corporate
24	applicant; (iii) of each trustee and beneficiary of the owner if it is a trust; and (iv) where a
25	corporation has a proprietary interest of twenty-five percent or more in the owner, the name and
26	address of each officer and director of the corporation;
27	(4) Where the applicant is the lessee or the assignee of the residential care community or
28	the premises of the proposed residential care community, a signed copy of the lease and any
29	assignment thereof;
30	(5) The name and address of the residential care community or the premises of the
31	proposed residential care community;
32	(6) The proposed number of apartments in the residential care community;
33	(7) (A) An organizational plan for the residential care community indicating the number of
34	persons employed or to be employed, and the positions and duties of all employees; (B) the name
35	and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator; and (C) evidence of compliance
36	with applicable laws and rules governing zoning, building, safety, fire prevention and sanitation, as
37	the director may require; and
38	(8) Additional information as the director may require.
39	(b) Upon receipt and review of an application for license made pursuant to subdivision (a)
40	of this section and inspection of the applicant pursuant to section ten of this article §16B-9-10, the
41	director shall issue a license if he or she finds:
42	(1) That an applicant which is an individual and every partner, trustee, officer, director and

43	person with a controlling interest of an applicant which is not an individual, is a person responsible
44	and suitable to operate or to direct or participate in the operation of a residential care community
45	by virtue of financial capacity, appropriate business or professional experience, a record of
46	compliance with lawful orders of the department (if any) and a history of nonrevocation of a license
47	during the five years immediately preceding the application;
48	(2) That the residential care community is under the supervision of an administrator
49	qualified for that position by training and experience;
50	(3) That the residential care community is in substantial compliance with standards
51	established pursuant to section five of this article, and other requirements as the Inspector
52	General may establish by rule under this article.
53	Any license granted by the director shall state the maximum number of apartments for
54	which it is granted, the date of issuance and the date of expiration. Residential care community
55	licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed one year: Provided, That any license which is
56	unexpired, for which timely application for renewal has been made, together with payment of the
57	proper fee, as required by the provisions of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder,
58	continues in effect until: (i) One year after the original expiration date of the license; (ii) the date
59	that the license is revoked or suspended pursuant to the provisions of this article; or (iii) the date of
60	issuance of a new license, whichever date first occurs. Each license issued is only for the
61	premises and applicant named in the application and may not be transferred or assigned:
62	Provided, however, That if the ownership of a residential care community with an unexpired
63	license is transferred, the filing of an application for a license with the director by the new owner
64	shall have the effect of licensing the operation of the residential care community under the new
65	owner for a period not to exceed three months. Every residential care community license shall be
66	displayed in a conspicuous place at the facility for which it is issued so as to be accessible to and in
67	plain view of residents and visitors.
68	(c) An original license may be renewed upon the timely filing of an application therefor

68 (c) An original license may be renewed upon the timely filing of an application therefor,

69	accompanied by the required fee and contingent upon the licensee's submission of evidence
70	satisfactorily demonstrating compliance with the provisions of this article and the rules
71	promulgated hereunder together with the following:
72	(1) A balance sheet as of the end of the residential care community's fiscal year, setting
73	forth its assets and liabilities as of that date, including all capital, surplus, reserve, depreciation and
74	similar accounts;
75	(2) A statement of operations of the residential care community as of the end of its fiscal
76	year, setting forth all revenues, expenses, taxes, extraordinary items and other credits or charges;
77	and
78	(3) A statement of any changes in the name, address, management or ownership
79	information on file with the director.
80	(d) In the case of an application for license renewal, if all the requirements of section five of
81	this article are not met, the director may issue a provisional license, provided that care given in the
82	residential care community is adequate for resident needs and the residential care community has
83	demonstrated improvement and evidences potential for substantial compliance during the term of
84	the provisional license: Provided, That a provisional license is effective for a period not to exceed
85	one year, may not be renewed, and may not be issued to any residential care community with
86	uncorrected violations of any Class I standard, as defined in subsection (c), section five of this
87	article.
88	(e) A nonrefundable application fee in the amount of \$75 for an original residential care
89	community license shall be paid at the time an application for license is made. The average cost of
90	all direct costs for initial licensure inspections of all residential care communities for the preceding
91	year shall be assessed against and paid by the applicant to the director before an initial or
92	amended license may be issued. The fee for license renewal shall be computed at the rate of \$4
93	per apartment in the community per year: Provided, That the rate per apartment may be assessed
94	against applicants for whom a license is issued for a period of less than one year. The director may

95	annually adjust licensure fees for inflation, based upon the consumer price index. All license fees
96	are due and payable to the director, annually, in the manner set forth in the rules promulgated
97	hereunder. The director shall retain each application and licensure fee pending final action on the
98	application. All fees received by the director under the provisions of this article shall be deposited
99	in accordance with §16B-1-13 of this code.
	§16B-9-7. Cost disclosure; residents' funds; nursing care; fire code.
1	(a) Each residential care community shall disclose in writing to all prospective residents a
2	complete and accurate list of all costs which may be incurred by them as residents of the
3	community. Residents may not be held liable for any cost that was not disclosed.
4	(b) Residential care communities may not manage the personal finances or funds of its
5	residents.
6	(c) A residential care community may be required to have registered nurses on its staff to
7	the extent that it provides limited and intermittent nursing care.
8	(d) Residential care communities shall comply with the applicable provisions of the current
9	edition of the life safety code as promulgated by the national fire protection association and
10	adopted by the state Fire Commission.
	§16B-9-8. Investigation of complaints.
1	The director shall by rule establish procedures for the prompt investigation of all
2	complaints of alleged violations of applicable requirements of state law or rules by residential care
3	communities, except those complaints that the director determines are without any reasonable
4	basis or are made with the sole intention to willfully harass a licensee. These procedures shall
5	include provisions for ensuring the confidentiality of the complainant and of any other person
6	named in the complaint, and for promptly informing the complainant and the residential care
7	community involved of the results of the investigation.
8	If, after its investigation, the director determines that the complaint has merit, the director
9	shall take appropriate disciplinary action and shall advise any injured party of the possibility of a

10	civil remedy under this article.
11	No residential care community may discharge or in any manner discriminate or retaliate
12	against any employee or resident for filing a complaint or participating in any proceeding provided
13	for in this article. Violation of this prohibition by any residential care community constitutes grounds
14	for the suspension or revocation of its license as provided in §16B-9-11 of this code. Any type of
15	adverse action taken by a residential care community against a resident who has submitted a
16	complaint to the director or upon whose behalf a complaint has been submitted or who has
17	instituted any proceeding under this article, if taken within one hundred twenty days of the filing of
18	the complaint or the institution of the proceeding, shall raise a rebuttable presumption that the
19	adverse action was taken in retaliation for filing the complaint or instituting the proceeding.
	§16B-9-9. Inspections.
1	The director and any duly designated employee or agent thereof is authorized to enter
2	upon and into the premises of any residential care community for which a license has been issued,
3	for which an application for license has been filed, or which the director has reason to believe is
4	being operated or maintained as a residential care community without a license. If entry is refused
5	by the owner or person in charge of the residential care community, the director shall apply to the
6	circuit court of the county in which the residential care community is located or the circuit court of
7	Kanawha County for an order authorizing inspection, and the court shall issue an appropriate
8	order if it finds good cause for inspection.
9	The director, by and through his or her agents or employees, shall conduct at least one
10	inspection of a residential care community before issuing a license to it and shall conduct periodic
11	unannounced inspections thereafter to determine if it is in compliance with all applicable statutory
12	requirements and rules. All residential care communities shall comply with applicable rules of the
13	state Fire Commission. The State Fire Marshal, by and through his or her agents or employees,
14	shall make all fire, safety, and similar inspections of residential care communities. The director
15	may provide for other inspections he or she considers necessary to effectuate the intent and

16 purpose of this article. If the director determines upon investigation that a complaint is substantiated and that an immediate and serious threat to health or safety exists at a residential 17 18 care community, he or she may invoke any remedy available pursuant to §16B-9-11 of this code. 19 Any residential care community aggrieved by a determination or assessment made pursuant to 20 this section shall have the right to an administrative appeal as set forth in §16B-9-12 of this code. §16B-9-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties, fees and costs; use of funds derived therefrom; hearings. 1 (a) Reports of all inspections made pursuant to §16B-9-9 of this code shall be in writing and 2 filed with the director, and shall list all deficiencies in the residential care community's compliance 3 with the provisions of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder. The director shall send a 4 copy of the report to the residential care community and shall specify a time within which the 5 residential care community shall submit a plan for correction of any listed deficiencies, which plan 6 shall be approved, rejected or modified by the director. Inspectors shall allow audio taping of the 7 exit conference that follows a licensure or certification inspection, with all costs incurred as a result 8 of the taping to be paid by the residential care community. A copy of the audio tape shall be 9 provided to the inspector.

10 (b) Upon the failure of a residential care community to submit a plan of correction as 11 required or to correct any deficiency within the time specified, the director, <u>in consultation with the</u> 12 <u>Inspector General,</u> may assess a civil penalty or initiate other appropriate legal or disciplinary 13 action, as provided by this article.

14 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to require the director to afford a formal 15 opportunity for a residential care community to correct a deficiency before initiating an 16 enforcement action in either an administrative or judicial forum, where, in the opinion of the 17 director, <u>in consultation with the Inspector General</u>, the deficiency jeopardizes the health or safety 18 of the community's residents or where the deficiency is the second or subsequent violation to 19 occur within a twelve-month period.

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20 (d) Civil penalties assessed against residential care communities shall be classified 21 according to the nature of the violation, as provided in §16B-9-5(c) and rules promulgated 22 thereunder, consistent with the following: For each violation of a Class I standard, the civil penalty 23 imposed shall be not less than fifty nor more than \$500; for each violation of a Class II standard, 24 the civil penalty imposed shall be not less than twenty-five nor more than \$50; for each violation of 25 a Class III standard, the civil penalty imposed shall be not less than ten nor more than \$25. Each 26 day that a violation continues after the date of citation constitutes a separate violation. The date of 27 the citation is the date the facility receives the written statement of deficiencies.

(e) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall assess a civil penalty not
to exceed \$2,000 against any individual who notifies a residential care community, or causes it to
be notified, in advance, of the time or date on which an inspection is scheduled to be conducted
under this article.

(f) If the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, assesses a penalty under this section, he or she shall cause a notice of penalty to be delivered to the residential care community by personal service or by certified mail. This notice shall state the amount of the penalty, the action, deficiency or other circumstance for which the penalty is assessed, the statutory requirement or rule which has been violated and the basis upon which the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, determined the amount of the penalty.

38 (g) The Inspector General shall recover in a judicial proceeding any civil penalty which: (i) 39 Remains uncontested and unpaid for thirty days after its receipt; or (ii) if contested, has been 40 affirmed by the Board of Review and remains unappealed for thirty days after receipt of the Board 41 of Review's final order; or (iii) if appealed, has been affirmed upon judicial review of the Board of 42 Review's final order. All funds received in the form of civil penalties or interest thereon pursuant to 43 this article shall be deposited in a special resident benefit account which is hereby established and 44 applied by the director exclusively for the protection of the health or property of residents of 45 residential care communities operated within this state that the director determines to be deficient,

which may include payment of costs to relocate residents of a deficient residential care community
to other facilities, operation costs of a residential care community pending correction of
deficiencies or closure and reimbursement of residents for personal funds lost.

(h) The opportunity for a hearing on any action taken under this section is as provided in
 §16B-9-12 of this code. In addition to any other rights of appeal conferred upon a residential care
 community under this section, it may also request a hearing and seek judicial review pursuant to
 §16B-9-12 and §16B-9-13 of this code to contest the director's citing of a deficiency in an
 inspection report, irrespective of whether the deficiency results in the imposition of a civil penalty.
 §16B-9-11. License limitation, suspension, and revocation; ban on admissions;
 continuation of disciplinary proceedings; closure, transfer of residents,
 appointment of temporary management; assessment of interest; collection of

1 (a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall by order impose a ban on 2 the admission of additional residents or reduce the number of apartments permitted in a residential 3 care community, or any combination thereof, where it is determined upon inspection that a 4 licensee is not providing adequate care to its residents under its existing quota and, further, that a 5 reduction in the quota or the imposition of a ban on additional admissions, or a combination 6 thereof, would enable the licensee to render adequate care to its residents. A notice to a licensee 7 of a reduction in its quota or a ban on additional admissions shall include the terms of the order, the 8 reasons therefor, and the date by which it must comply.

9 (b) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may suspend or revoke a 10 license issued under this article if it is determined upon inspection that there has been a 11 substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this article or the standards or rules 12 promulgated hereunder.

(c) Whenever a license is limited, suspended, or revoked pursuant to this section, the
 director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall file an administrative complaint stating

15	facts constituting the grounds therefor. Upon the filing of this administrative complaint, the director,
16	in consultation with the Inspector General, shall notify the licensee in writing, enclose a copy of the
17	administrative complaint, and advise the licensee of its opportunity for a hearing pursuant to §16B-
18	9-12 of this code. The notice and copy of the administrative complaint shall be served on the
19	licensee by certified mail, return receipt requested.
20	(d) The suspension, revocation, or expiration of a license, or the withdrawal of an
21	application for a license after it has been filed with the director, in consultation with the Inspector
22	General, may not deprive the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, of his or her
23	authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding or to deny an application for a license.
24	(e) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the Inspector
25	General, a circuit court may determine that a residential care community's deficiencies under this
26	article constitute an emergency immediately jeopardizing the health, safety, welfare or rights of its
27	residents, and issue an order to:
28	(1) Close the residential care community;
28 29	(1) Close the residential care community; (2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or
29	(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or
29 30	(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or (3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care
29 30 31	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's</li> </ul>
29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's residents, where there is a need for temporary management while:</li> </ul>
29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's residents, where there is a need for temporary management while:</li> <li>(A) There is an orderly closure of the residential care community; or</li> </ul>
29 30 31 32 33 34	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care</li> <li>community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's</li> <li>residents, where there is a need for temporary management while:</li> <li>(A) There is an orderly closure of the residential care community; or</li> <li>(B) Corrections are made in order to bring the residential care community into compliance</li> </ul>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care</li> <li>community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's</li> <li>residents, where there is a need for temporary management while:</li> <li>(A) There is an orderly closure of the residential care community; or</li> <li>(B) Corrections are made in order to bring the residential care community into compliance</li> <li>with all applicable requirements of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder.</li> </ul>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care</li> <li>community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's residents, where there is a need for temporary management while: <ul> <li>(A) There is an orderly closure of the residential care community; or</li> <li>(B) Corrections are made in order to bring the residential care community into compliance</li> </ul> </li> <li>with all applicable requirements of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder. <ul> <li>If the Inspector General petitions a circuit court for the closure of a residential care</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>(2) Transfer residents of the residential care community to other facilities; or</li> <li>(3) Appoint a temporary manager to oversee the operation of the residential care</li> <li>community and to assure the health, safety, welfare and rights of the residential care community's</li> <li>residents, where there is a need for temporary management while:</li> <li>(A) There is an orderly closure of the residential care community into compliance</li> <li>(B) Corrections are made in order to bring the residential care community into compliance</li> <li>with all applicable requirements of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder.</li> <li>If the Inspector General petitions a circuit court for the closure of a residential care</li> </ul>

41	A circuit court may divest the licensee or operator of possession and control of a residential
42	care community in favor of temporary management. The temporary management is accountable
43	to the court and has those powers and duties that the court may grant to direct all acts necessary
44	or appropriate to conserve the property and promote the health, safety, welfare and rights of the
45	residents, including, but not limited to, replacing managerial and other staff, hiring consultants,
46	making necessary expenditures to close the residential care community or to repair or improve the
47	residential care community so as to return it to compliance with applicable requirements, and
48	receiving, conserving and expending funds, including making payments on behalf of the licensee
49	or operator. Priority in making payments shall be given to expenditures for current direct resident
50	care and the transfer of residents, if necessary.
51	The person charged with temporary management shall be an officer of the court and paid
52	by the residential care community if resources are available; he or she may not be held liable in
53	any capacity for conditions at the residential care community that originated or existed before his
54	or her appointment nor may he or she be held personally liable for any act or omission, except
55	those constituting gross negligence or intentional acts that result in injuries to persons or damage
56	to property during his or her tenure as temporary manager.
57	It is unlawful for any person to impede the operation of temporary management as
58	appointed by the court. For ninety days after the appointment of temporary management at a
59	residential care community, any legal action that would interfere with its functioning or operation
60	shall be automatically stayed. These actions include, but are not limited to, cancellation of
61	insurance policies, termination of utility services, attachments to working capital accounts,
62	foreclosures, evictions and repossessions of equipment used in the residential care community.
63	Temporary management appointed by the court for purposes of making improvements to
64	bring a residential care community into compliance with applicable requirements may not be
65	terminated until the court has determined that the residential care community has the
66	management capability to ensure continued compliance with all applicable requirements:

67	Provided, That if the court does not make such a determination within six months of the
68	appointment of the temporary management, the temporary management terminates by operation
69	of law at that time, and the residential care community shall be closed. After the termination of the
70	temporary management, the person who was appointed as the temporary management shall
71	make an accounting to the court, and after deducting the costs of the temporary management,
72	expenditures and civil penalties and interest no longer subject to appeal, in that order, from
73	receipts, the remainder, if any, shall be paid to the licensee or operator of the residential care
74	community.
75	(f) Assessments for civil penalties and costs of actions taken under this article, including
76	attorney fees, shall accrue interest at the rate of five percent per annum, beginning on the thirtieth
77	day after receipt of notice of the assessment or the thirtieth day after receipt of the director's final
78	order following a hearing, whichever later occurs. All assessments against a residential care
79	community that remain unpaid shall be added to its licensure fee next due and may be filed as a
80	lien against the property of the licensee or operator of the residential care community. Funds
81	received from these assessments shall be deposited in the same manner as are funds received
82	pursuant to §16B-9-10 of this code.
83	(g) The Inspector General is authorized to propose emergency rules, if necessary, to
84	expand the powers of the Inspector General beyond those provided in this article, to the extent
85	required to comply with federal requirements: Provided, That the Inspector General's powers may
86	be expanded only to the extent required by federal requirements. Emergency rules proposed
87	pursuant to this subsection are subject to the provisions governing legislative rules contained in
88	§29A-3-1 et seq. of this code.
89	(h) The opportunity for a hearing on any action taken by the director under this section is as
90	provided in §16B-9-12 of this code.
	§16B-9-12. Administrative appeals from civil penalty assessment, license limitation,

suspension, or revocation.

1	(a) Any licensee or applicant aggrieved by an order issued pursuant to §16B-9-5, §16B-9-
2	6, §16B-9-10 or §16B-9-11 of this code shall, upon timely written request, be afforded an
3	opportunity for a hearing by the Board of Review at which the order may be contested as contrary
4	to law, unwarranted by the facts, or both. The provisions of §29A-5-1 et seq. of this code governing
5	contested cases apply to and govern hearings conducted pursuant to this section and the
6	administrative procedures in connection therewith. A licensee or applicant may also request an
7	informal meeting with the director before requesting a hearing.

8 (b) After a hearing conducted pursuant to this section, the Board of Review shall make and 9 enter a written order either dismissing the complaint or taking whatever action is authorized and 10 appropriate pursuant to this article. This written order shall be served upon the licensee and his or 11 her attorney of record, if any, by certified mail, return receipt requested, accompanied by the 12 director's findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in §29A-5-3 of this code. If the 13 director, in consultation with the Inspector General, suspends a residential care community's 14 license, the order directing the suspension shall specify the grounds for the suspension and the time by which the conditions or circumstances giving rise to the suspension must be corrected in 15 16 order for the licensee to be entitled to reinstatement of its license. If the director, in consultation 17 with the Inspector General, revokes a license, he or she may stay the effective date of the 18 revocation upon a showing that a delay is necessary to assure appropriate placement of the 19 licensee's residents: Provided, That the effective date of revocation may not be stayed for more 20 than ninety days. The Board of Review's order is final unless it is vacated, reversed or modified by 21 the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals upon judicial review in accordance with the 22 provisions of §16B-9-13 of this code.

#### §16B-9-13. Judicial review.

Any licensee adversely affected by an order of the director rendered after a hearing held in
 accordance with the provisions of §16B-9-12 of this code is entitled to judicial review thereof. All of
 the pertinent provisions of section §29A-5-4 of this code of this code apply to and govern these

4	proceedings with like effect as if those provisions were set forth in extenso herein.
5	The judgment of the West Virginia Intermediate Court is final unless reversed, vacated, or
6	modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6-
7	1 of this code.
	§16B-9-14. Legal counsel and services for the Inspector General.
1	(a) Legal counsel and legal services for the Inspector General in all administrative hearings
2	and all proceedings in any circuit court and the Supreme Court of Appeals shall be provided by the
3	Attorney General or his or her assistants, an attorney employed by the Inspector General or, in
4	proceedings in any circuit court, by the prosecuting attorney of the county wherein the action is
5	instituted, all without additional compensation.
6	(b) The Governor may appoint counsel for the Inspector General, who shall perform legal
7	services in representing the interests of residents in residential care communities in matters under
8	the jurisdiction of the director, as the Governor shall direct. It is the duty of counsel so appointed to
9	appear for the residents in all cases where they are not represented by counsel. The
10	compensation of counsel so appointed shall be fixed by the Governor.
	§16B-9-15. Unlawful acts; penalties; injunctions; private right of action.
1	(a) Whoever advertises, announces, establishes or maintains, or is engaged in
2	establishing or maintaining a residential care community without a license granted under §16B-9-6
3	of this code, or who prevents, interferes with or impedes in any way the lawful enforcement of this
4	article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished for the first
5	offense by a fine of not more than \$100, or by confinement in the regional or county jail for a period
6	of not more than ninety days, or both, in the discretion of the court. For a second or subsequent
7	offense, the fine may be increased to not more than \$250, with confinement in the regional or
8	county jail for a period of not more than ninety days, or both, in the discretion of the court. Each day

9	that a violation continues after conviction therefor constitutes a separate offense.
10	(b) The Inspector General may bring an action to enforce compliance with this article, any
11	rule promulgated hereunder, or order issued hereunder, whenever it appears to the director in
12	consultation with the Inspector General, that a person has engaged in or is engaging in an act or
13	practice in violation of this article or any rule or order hereunder, or whenever it appears to the
14	director, in consultation with the Inspector General, that a person has aided, abetted or caused, or
15	is aiding, abetting or causing such an act or practice. Upon application by the director, the circuit
16	court of the county in which the conduct has occurred or is occurring has jurisdiction to grant
17	without bond a permanent or temporary injunction, decree or restraining order.
18	Whenever the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, has refused to grant or
19	renew a license, revoked a license that is required to operate a residential care community, or
20	ordered a person to refrain from actions that violate the rules promulgated pursuant to this article,
21	and the person has appealed the action of the director, the court may, during the pendency of the
22	appeal, issue a restraining order or injunction upon proof that the operation of the residential care
23	community or its failure to comply with the order of the director adversely affects the well-being or
24	safety of the residents of the residential care community. Should a person who appeals an order of
25	the director fail to appear or should the appeal be decided in favor of the director, the court shall
26	issue a permanent injunction upon proof that the person is operating or conducting a residential
27	care community without a license as required by law, or has continued to violate the rules
28	promulgated pursuant to this article.
29	(c) Any residential care community that deprives a resident of any right or benefit created
30	or established for the well-being of the resident by the terms of any contract, any state statute or
31	rule, or by any applicable federal statute or regulation, is liable to that resident in a civil action for
32	any injuries suffered as a result of the deprivation. Upon a finding that a resident has been
33	deprived of a right or benefit and suffered an injury thereby, compensatory damages shall be
34	assessed in an amount sufficient to compensate the resident for the injury, unless there is a finding

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35	that the residential care community exercised due care reasonably necessary to prevent and limit
36	the deprivation and injury to the resident. In addition, if the deprivation by a residential care
37	community of a right or benefit is found to have been willful or in reckless disregard, punitive
38	damages may be assessed. A resident may also maintain an action pursuant to this section for
39	any other type of relief, including injunctive and declaratory relief, permitted by law. Exhaustion of
40	available administrative remedies may not be required prior to commencing an action hereunder.
41	The amount of damages recovered by a resident in an action brought pursuant to this
42	section is exempt for purposes of determining initial or continuing eligibility for medical assistance
43	under §9-4-1 et seq. of this code, and may not be taken into consideration or required to be applied
44	toward the payment or part payment of the cost of medical care or services available under that
45	article.
46	Any waiver by a resident or his or her legal representative of the right to commence an
47	action under this section, whether oral or in writing, is null and void as contrary to public policy.
48	(d) The penalties and remedies provided in this section are cumulative and are in addition
49	to all other penalties and remedies provided by law.
	§16B-9-16. Availability of reports and records.
1	The director shall make available for public inspection and provide copies at a nominal cost
2	of all inspection reports and other reports of residential care communities filed with or issued by
3	the director. Nothing contained in this section may be construed to allow the public disclosure of
4	confidential medical, social, personal, or financial records of any resident. The Inspector General
5	shall adopt rules that are reasonably necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section and
6	preserve the confidentiality of medical, social, personal, or financial records of residents.
	ARTICLE 10. MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION BY UNLICENSED PERSONNEL.
	<u>§16B-10-1. Short title.</u>

## 1 This article may be cited as the "Ken Ervin Community Living Act."

## <u>§16B-10-2.</u>

Definitions.

1	As used in this article the following definitions apply:
2	(a) "Administration of medication" means:
3	(1) Assisting a person in the ingestion, application, or inhalation of medications, including
4	prescription drugs, or in the use of universal precautions or rectal or vaginal insertion of
5	medication, according to the legibly written or printed directions of the attending physician or the
6	health care professional in accordance with subdivision sixty-one, section four, article five, chapter
7	thirty of this code, or as written on the prescription label; and
8	(2) Making a written record of such assistance with regard to each medication
9	administered, including the time, route and amount taken. However, for purposes of this article,
10	"administration" does not include judgment, evaluation, assessments, injections of medication
11	(except for prefilled insulin or insulin pens), or monitoring of medication or self-administration of
12	medications, such as prescription drugs and self-injection of medication by the resident.
13	(b) "Approved medication assistive personnel (AMAP)" means unlicensed facility staff
14	member, who meets eligibility requirements, has successfully completed the required training and
15	competency testing, and is considered competent by the authorized registered professional nurse
16	to administer medications or perform health maintenance tasks, or both, to residents of the facility
17	in accordance with this article.
18	(c) Authorized practitioner" means a physician licensed under the provisions of §30-3-1 <i>et</i>
19	seg. of this code or §30-14-1 et seq. of this code.
20	(d) "Authorized registered professional nurse" means a person who holds an
21	unencumbered license pursuant to §30-7-1 et seq. of this code and meets the requirements to
22	train and supervise approved medication assistive personnel pursuant to this article, and has
23	completed and passed the facility trainer/instructor course developed by the authorizing agency.
24	(e) "Authorizing agency" means the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification
25	(f) "Delegation" means transferring to a competent individual, as determined by the
26	authorized registered professional nurse, the authority to perform a selected task in a selected

27	situation.
28	(g) "Delegation decision model" means the process the authorized registered professional
29	nurse must follow to determine whether or not to delegate a nursing task to an approved
30	medication assistive personnel. The delegation decision model is approved by the West Virginia
31	Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses.
32	(h) "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification,
33	or his or her designee.
34	(i) "Facility" means an intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability,
35	assisted living, behavioral health group home, private residence in which health care services and
36	health maintenance tasks are provided under the supervision of a registered professional nurse as
37	defined in §30-7-1 et seq. of this code.
38	(j) "Facility staff member" means an individual employed by a facility but does not include a
39	health care professional acting within his or her scope of practice.
40	(k) "Family" means biological parents, adoptive parents, foster parents, or other immediate
41	family members living within the same household.
42	(I) "Health care professional" means a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy, a podiatrist,
43	registered professional nurse, practical nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, physician's
44	assistant, dentist, optometrist or respiratory care professional licensed under chapter thirty of this
45	<u>code.</u>
46	(m) "Health maintenance tasks" means performing the following tasks according to the
47	legibly written or printed directions of a health care professional or as written on the prescription
48	label, and making a written record of that assistance with regard to each health maintenance task
49	administered, including the time, route and amount taken:
50	(1) Administering glucometer tests;
51	(2) Administering gastrostomy tube feedings;
52	(3) Administering enemas;

53	(4) Performing ostomy care which includes skin care and changing appliances; and
54	(5) Performing tracheostomy and ventilator care for residents in a private residence who
55	are living with family and/or natural supports.
56	(n) "Health maintenance tasks" do not include judgment, evaluation, assessments,
57	injections of medication, except for prefilled insulin or insulin pens, or monitoring of medication or
58	self-administration of medications, such as prescription drugs and self-injection of medication by
59	the resident.
60	(o) "Immediate family" means mother, stepmother, father, stepfather, sister, stepsister,
61	brother, stepbrother, spouse, child grandparent and grandchildren.
62	(p) "Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of Inspector General as
63	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
64	(q) "Location of medication administration or location where health maintenance tasks are
65	performed" means a facility or location where the resident requires administration of medication or
66	assistance in taking medications or the performance of health maintenance tasks.
66 67	assistance in taking medications or the performance of health maintenance tasks. (r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been
67	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been
67 68	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the
67 68 69	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or
67 68 69 70	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or applied through nose drops, vaginal or rectal suppositories.
67 68 69 70 71	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or applied through nose drops, vaginal or rectal suppositories. (s) "Natural supports" means family, friends, neighbors or anyone who provides assistance
67 68 69 70 71 72	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or applied through nose drops, vaginal or rectal suppositories. (s) "Natural supports" means family, friends, neighbors or anyone who provides assistance and support to a resident but is not reimbursed.
67 68 69 70 71 72 73	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or applied through nose drops, vaginal or rectal suppositories. (s) "Natural supports" means family, friends, neighbors or anyone who provides assistance and support to a resident but is not reimbursed. (t) "Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or applied through nose drops, vaginal or rectal suppositories. (s) "Natural supports" means family, friends, neighbors or anyone who provides assistance and support to a resident but is not reimbursed. (t) "Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	<ul> <li>(r) "Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the nose or mouth, administered through a gastrostomy tube, applied to the outer skin, eye or ear, or applied through nose drops, vaginal or rectal suppositories.</li> <li>(s) "Natural supports" means family, friends, neighbors or anyone who provides assistance and support to a resident but is not reimbursed.</li> <li>(t) "Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.</li> <li>(u) "Registered professional nurse" means a person who holds a valid license pursuant to</li> </ul>

79	(w) "Solf administration of modication" means the act of a resident, who is independently
	(w) "Self-administration of medication" means the act of a resident, who is independently
80	capable of reading and understanding the labels of drugs ordered by an authorized practitioner, in
81	opening and accessing prepackaged drug containers, accurately identifying and taking the correct
82	dosage of the drugs as ordered by the health care professional, at the correct time and under the
83	correct circumstances.
84	(x) "Self-administration of medication with assistance" means assisting residents who are
85	otherwise able to self-administer their own medications except their physical disabilities prevent
86	them from completing one or more steps in the process.
87	(y) "Stable" means the individual's health condition is predictable and consistent as
88	determined by the registered professional nurse.
89	(z) "Supervision of self-administration of medication" means a personal service which
90	includes reminding residents to take medications, opening medication containers for residents,
91	reading the medication label to residents, observing residents while they take medication,
92	checking the self-administered dosage against the label on the container and reassuring residents
93	that they have obtained and are taking the dosage as prescribed.
	§16B-10-3. Administration of medications; performance of health maintenance tasks;
	maintenance of liability insurance in facilities.
1	(a) The inspector general designates the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
2	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise stated.
3	(b) The director shall continue a program for the administration of medications and
4	performance of health maintenance tasks in locations covered by this article. The program shall be
5	developed and conducted in cooperation with the appropriate agencies, advisory bodies and
6	boards.

- 8 performed only by:
- 9 (1) Licensed health care professionals; or

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10	(2) Facility staff members who have been trained and retrained every two years and who
11	are subject to the supervision of and approval by an authorized registered professional nurse.
12	(d) After assessing the health status of an individual resident, a registered professional
13	nurse, in collaboration with the resident's health care professional and the facility staff member,
14	may recommend that the facility authorize a facility staff member to administer medication or
15	perform health maintenance tasks if the staff member:
16	(1) Has been trained pursuant to the requirements of this article;
17	(2) Is considered by the authorized registered professional nurse to be competent;
18	(3) Consults with the authorized registered professional nurse on a regular basis; and
19	(4) Is monitored or supervised by the authorized registered professional nurse.
20	(e) An agency or facility employing personnel for the purposes of supervising the
21	administration of medication or the performance of health maintenance tasks shall maintain
22	liability insurance for the licensed health care provider, any facility staff member who has been
23	trained and is employed to administer medication or perform health maintenance tasks and if
24	applicable the health care provider's collaborative supervising physician.
25	(f) Nothing in this article may be construed to prohibit any facility staff member from
26	administering medications or performing health maintenance tasks, or providing any other prudent
27	emergency assistance to aid any person who is in acute physical distress or requires emergency
28	assistance.
29	(g) Supervision of self-administration of medication by facility staff members who are not
30	licensed health care professionals may be permitted in certain circumstances, when the
31	substantial purpose of the setting is other than the provision of health care.
	§16B-10-4. Exemption from licensure; statutory construction.
1	(a) Any individual who is not otherwise authorized by law to administer medication or
2	perform health maintenance tasks may administer medication or perform health maintenance
3	tasks in locations covered by this article if he or she meets the requirements of this article and is

4 <u>exempt from the licensing requirements of §30-1-1 of this code.</u>

5 (b) Licensed health care professionals remain subject to their respective licensing laws.

6 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, this article shall not be 7 construed to violate or be in conflict with §30-7-1 *et seq*. or §30-7A-1 *et seq*. of this code.

8 (d) Any parent or guardian may administer medication to, or perform health maintenance

9 tasks for, his or her adult or minor child regardless of whether or not the parent or guardian

10 receives compensation for caring for said child.

#### §16B-10-5. Instruction and training.

(a) The authorizing agency shall establish a council of nurses to represent the facilities and
 registered professional nurses affected by this article. The council shall prepare a procedural
 manual and recommendations regarding a training course to the director. The council shall meet
 every two years to review and make recommendations to the training curricula, competency
 evaluation procedures and rules implemented by the director.

6 (b) The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall develop and approve 7 training curricula and competency evaluation procedures for facility staff members who administer 8 medication or perform health maintenance tasks. The Office of Health Facility Licensure and 9 Certification shall consider the recommendations of the council and shall consult with the West 10 Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Nurses in developing the training curricula and 11 competency evaluation procedures. 12 (c) The authorizing agency shall coordinate and collaborate with the Board of Respiratory 13 Care to develop the training and testing component for health maintenance tasks related to

14 respiratory care, including but not limited to inhaled medications, tracheostomy care and ventilator

- 15 care. This includes modifying and updating the existing curriculum for an authorized registered
- 16 professional nurse and the approved medication assistive persons.

17 (1) The authorizing agency shall develop and approve training curricula and competency
 18 evaluation. The authorizing agency shall establish a council of nurses to assist with the

19	development of the training and evaluation process.
20	(2) The curriculum, training competency and testing components related to respiratory
21	care shall be approved by the Respiratory Care Board per §30-34-15(e).
22	(d) The program developed by the department Office of Health Facility Licensure and
23	Certification shall require that any person who applies to act as a facility staff member authorized
24	to administer medications or perform health maintenance tasks shall:
25	(1) Hold a high school diploma or general education diploma;
26	(2) Be certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and first aid;
27	(3) Participate in the initial training program developed by the department;
28	(4) Pass a competency evaluation developed by the department; and
29	(5) Participate in a retraining program every two years.
30	(e) Any facility may offer the training and competency evaluation program developed by
31	the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification to its facility staff members. The training
32	and competency programs shall be provided by the facility through a registered professional
33	nurse.
34	(f) A registered professional nurse who is authorized to train facility staff members to
35	administer medications or perform health maintenance tasks in facilities shall:
36	(1) Possess a current active license as set forth in §30-7-1 et seq. of this code in good
37	standing to practice as a registered nurse;
38	(2) Have practiced as a registered professional nurse in a position or capacity requiring
39	knowledge of medications and the performance of health maintenance tasks for the immediate
40	two years prior to being authorized to train facility staff members;
41	(3) Be familiar with the nursing care needs of residents of facilities as described in this
42	article; and
43	(4) Have completed and passed the facility trainer/instructor course developed by the
44	authorizing agency.

45	(g) After successfully completing the initial training and testing for the AMAP program,
46	registered professional nurses and AMAPs shall have competencies for health maintenance tasks
47	reassessed and documented annually by the employer of record to ensure continued
48	competence.
	§16B-10-6. Availability of records; eligibility requirements of facility staff.
1	(a) Any facility which authorizes unlicensed staff members to administer medications or
2	perform health maintenance tasks shall make available to the authorizing agency a list of the
3	individual facility staff members authorized to administer medications or perform health
4	maintenance tasks.
5	(b) Any facility may permit a facility staff member to administer medications or perform
6	health maintenance tasks in a single specific agency only after compliance with all of the following:
7	(1) The staff member has successfully completed a training program and received a
8	satisfactory competency evaluation as required by this article;
9	(2) The facility determines there is no statement on the state administered nurse aide
10	registry indicating that the staff member has been the subject of finding of abuse or neglect of a
11	long-term care facility resident or convicted of the misappropriation of a resident's property;
12	(3) The facility staff member has had a criminal background check or if applicable, a check
13	of the State Police Abuse Registry, establishing that the individual has not been convicted of
14	crimes against persons or drug related crimes by utilizing and following the provisions of §16B-15-
15	<u>1 et seq. of this code;</u>
16	(4) The medication to be administered is received and maintained by the facility staff
17	member in the original container in which it was dispensed by a pharmacist or the physician; and
18	(5) The facility staff member has complied with all other applicable requirements of this
19	article, the legislative rules adopted pursuant to this article and other criteria, including minimum
20	competency requirements, as are specified by the authorizing agency.
	§16B-10-7. Oversight of medication administration and performance of health

# maintenance tasks by the approved medication assistive personnel.

1	(a) Any facility in which medication is administered or health maintenance tasks performed
2	by the approved medication assistive personnel shall establish an administrative monitoring
3	system in administrative policy. The specific requirements of the administrative policy shall be
4	established by the Inspector General, through legislative rules. These rules shall be developed in
5	consultation with the West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Nurses, the West Virginia
6	Nurses Association, the West Virginia Statewide Independent Living Council, and the West
7	Virginia Board of Respiratory Care. These rules are required to include, at a minimum:
8	(1) Instructions on protocols for contacting an appropriate healthcare professional in
9	situations where a condition arises which may create a risk to the resident's health and safety;
10	(2) The type and frequency of monitoring and training requirements for management of
11	these occurrences; and
12	(3) Procedures to prevent drug diversion.
12 13	(3) Procedures to prevent drug diversion. (b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be
13	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be
13 14	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be performed by a registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the facility, who shall
13 14 15	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be performed by a registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the facility, who shall exercise judgment, evaluate and assess the patient, inject medicine, except prefilled insulin and
13 14 15 16	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be performed by a registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the facility, who shall exercise judgment, evaluate and assess the patient, inject medicine, except prefilled insulin and insulin pens if this task is delegated to an approved medication assistive person, and monitor
13 14 15 16 17	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be performed by a registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the facility, who shall exercise judgment, evaluate and assess the patient, inject medicine, except prefilled insulin and insulin pens if this task is delegated to an approved medication assistive person, and monitor medications, self-administration of medications and self-injections by the resident in accordance
13 14 15 16 17	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be performed by a registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the facility, who shall exercise judgment, evaluate and assess the patient, inject medicine, except prefilled insulin and insulin pens if this task is delegated to an approved medication assistive person, and monitor medications, self-administration of medications and self-injections by the resident in accordance with his or her scope of practice.
13 14 15 16 17 18	(b) Monitoring of facility staff members authorized pursuant to this article shall be performed by a registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the facility, who shall exercise judgment, evaluate and assess the patient, inject medicine, except prefilled insulin and insulin pens if this task is delegated to an approved medication assistive person, and monitor medications, self-administration of medications and self-injections by the resident in accordance with his or her scope of practice. §16B-10-8. Withdrawal of authorization.

- 4 performing medication administration or health maintenance tasks in accordance with the training
- 5 and written instructions. The withdrawal of the authorization shall be documented and relayed to
- 6 the facility and the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification in order to remove the

7	facility staff member from the list of authorized individuals. The Office of Health Facility Licensure
8	and Certification shall maintain a list of the names of persons whose authorization to administer
9	medication or perform health maintenance tasks has been withdrawn, and the reasons for
10	withdrawal of authorization. The list may be accessed by registered professional nurses or
11	facilities.
	<u>§16B-10-9. Fees.</u>
1	The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification may set and collect fees necessary
2	for the implementation of the provisions of this article pursuant to rules authorized by §16B-10-11
3	of this code
	§16B-10-10. Limitations on medication administration or performance of health
	maintenance tasks.
1	The following limitations apply to the administration of medication or performance of health
2	maintenance tasks by facility staff members:
3	(a) Injections or any parenteral medications may not be administered, except that prefilled
4	insulin or insulin pens may be administered;
5	(b) Irrigations or debriding agents used in the treatment of a skin condition or minor
6	abrasions may not be administered;
7	(c) No verbal medication orders may be accepted, no new medication orders shall be
8	transcribed and no drug dosages may be converted and calculated;
9	(d) No medications ordered by the health care professional to be given "as needed" may
10	be administered unless the order is written with specific parameters which preclude independent
11	judgment; and,
12	(e) Health maintenance tasks for the performance of tracheostomy care and ventilator care
13	is not permitted in an intermediate care facility for individuals with an intellectual disability, assisted
14	living, behavioral health group home, private residence where the resident is not residing with
15	family and/or natural supports.

## §16B-10-11. Rules.

- 1 The director shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions
- 2 of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code as may be necessary to implement the provision of this article.

## §16B-10-12. Advisory Committee.

1 (a) There is continued an advisory committee to assist with the development of polices and

2 procedures regarding health maintenance care in order to safeguard the well-being and to

3 preserve the dignity of persons who need assistance to live in their communities and avoid

## 4 institutionalization.

- 5 (b)(1) The advisory committee shall consist of eleven voting members as follows:
- 6 (A) The Olmstead Coordinator within the Office of Inspector General;
- 7 (B) One physician with expertise in respiratory medicine to be chosen by the West Virginia

# 8 Board of Respiratory Care.

- 9 (C) A representative chosen by AARP West Virginia;
- 10 (D) A representative chosen by the West Virginia Statewide Independent Living Council;
- 11 (E) A representative chosen by the West Virginia Developmental Disabilities Council;
- 12 (F) A representative chosen by the West Virginia Board of Respiratory Care;
- 13 (G) A representative chosen by the West Virginia Society for Respiratory Care.
- 14 (H) One representative of the West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered
- 15 <u>Professional Nurses;</u>
- 16 (I) One representative of the West Virginia Nurses Association;
- 17 (J) One representative of the Fair Shake Network; and
- 18 (K) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification.
- 19 (c) A chairman shall be selected from the voting members of the advisory committee.
- 20 (d) The advisory committee shall meet at least four times annually, upon the call of the

21 chairman, or at the request of the authorizing agency. A simple majority of the members shall

22 <u>constitute a quorum.</u>

23	(e) All members of the committee shall be reimbursed reasonable expenses pursuant to
24	the rules promulgated by the Department of Administration for the reimbursement of expenses of
25	state officials and employees and shall receive no other compensation for their services.
	ARTICLE 11. THE ALZHEIMER'S SPECIAL CARE STANDARDS ACT.
	§16B-11-1. Name of act.
1	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Alzheimer's Special Care Standards Act."
	§16B-11-2. Findings and declarations.
1	The Legislature finds and declares that:
2	(a) Certain nursing homes and related facilities, adult congregate living facilities, adult day
3	care centers, hospices and adult foster homes claim to provide special care units and services for
4	persons who have alzheimer's disease;
5	(b) It is in the public interest to provide for the protection of consumers by ensuring the
6	accuracy and authenticity of such claims; and
7	(c) The provisions of this article are intended to require the facilities to actually provide the
8	care they claim to offer, require written disclosure of special services provided, require the
9	appropriate state licensing agency to examine the performance of such facilities in providing
10	special services for persons who have alzheimer's disease, and provide penalties for failure to
11	provide the services claimed as the agency considers appropriate.
	§16B-11-3. Definition of alzheimer's special care unit/program.
1	For the purposes of this article, the following definitions apply:
2	"Alzheimer's disease" means a diagnosis of presenile dementia or senile dementia-
3	Alzheimer type (SDAT), characterized by confusion, memory failure, disorientation, restlessness,
4	agnosia, speech disturbances, inability to carry out purposeful movements and hallucinosis.
5	"Alzheimer's Special Care Unit or Program," means any facility that secures, segregates or
6	provides a special program or special unit for residents with a diagnosis of probable alzheimer's
7	disease or a related disorder and that advertises, markets or otherwise promotes the facility as

8	providing specialized alzheimer's or dementia care services.
9	"Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification, or
10	his or her designee.
11	"Facility" means any nursing home or facility, residential board and care home, personal
12	care home, assisted living facility, adult congregate living facility, home health agency, adult day
13	care center, hospice or adult foster home situate or operating in this state.
14	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of Inspector General as
15	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
16	"Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of the
17	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
18	"Resident" means an individual living in a facility that offers an alzheimer's special care unit
19	or program.
	§16B-11-4. Alzheimer's special care disclosure required.
1	(a) Any facility which offers to provide or provides care for a person with alzheimer's
2	disease through an alzheimer's special care unit or special care program shall disclose in writing
3	the form of care or treatment that distinguishes the unit or program as being especially applicable
4	to or suitable for such persons. The disclosure shall be provided to the Office of Health Facility
5	Licensure and Certification, to any person seeking placement within an alzheimer's special care
6	unit or program, and to any legal guardian or relative acting on behalf of a resident or person
7	seeking placement.
8	(b) The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall examine all disclosures
9	provided to it as part of the facility's license renewal procedure and verify the accuracy of the
10	disclosures.
11	(c) The disclosure required by this section shall include the following information:
12	(1) A statement of the overall treatment philosophy and mission of the special care unit or
13	program which reflects the needs of residents afflicted with alzheimer's disease or dementia;

14	(2) A description of the facility's screening, admission and discharge procedures,
15	assessment, care planning and implementation, staffing patterns and training ratios unique to the
16	program or unit;
17	(3) A description of the physical environment and design features and an explanation of
18	how they are appropriate to support the functioning of cognitively impaired adult residents;
19	(4) A description of activities available to residents, the frequency and types of resident
20	activities, and how they are specialized for residents who suffer from alzheimer's disease;
21	(5) A statement that describes the involvement of families in the care of residents and the
22	availability of family support programs;
23	(6) The costs of care and any additional fees unique to the alzheimer's special care unit or
24	program.
	§16B-11-5. Standards for care; rules.
1	(a) The Inspector General shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with
2	the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code, setting minimum standards for the care and
3	treatment of persons with alzheimer's disease and other dementia in facilities offering alzheimer's
4	special care units or programs.
5	(b) The standards established pursuant to this section shall apply to all facilities offering
6	alzheimer's special care units or program and shall be in addition to any other statutory
7	requirements, rules or standards that are applicable to the facility.
8	(c) The Inspector General shall enforce the rules and standards for alzheimer's special
9	care units or programs and shall exercise all powers necessary for such enforcement, including
10	investigation and reporting of violation of the rules, issuance of notices or warnings to facilities
11	found in violation of the standards, assessment of civil penalties in accordance with the applicable
12	licensing provisions of the facility, and suspension or revocation of licenses.
13	(d) The Inspector General designates the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure
14	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except where otherwise indicated.

15	(e) If a facility advertising, marketing or otherwise promoting the facility as providing
16	specialized alzheimer or dementia care services does not meet the standards established by the
17	secretary, the department shall instruct the facility to cease such advertising, marketing, or
18	promoting.
	§16B-11-6. Alzheimer's and dementia care training; rules.
1	(a) For the purposes of this section, "resident" means an individual receiving care or
2	services in an adult day care facility, nursing home, assisted living facility or residential care
3	<u>community.</u>
4	(b) The Inspector General shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with
5	the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code, setting minimum standards for Alzheimer's and
6	dementia care training of all staff, employees and contractors that come in regular and direct
7	contact with residents.
8	(c) The standards established in this section shall apply to adult day care facilities, nursing
9	homes, assisted living facilities and residential care communities who provide services under the
10	supervision of a licensed operator.
	§16B-11-7. Establishment of a central registry.
1	(a) To the extent funds are available, the Governing Board of the West Virginia University
2	shall establish an Alzheimer's Disease Registry to collect information concerning Alzheimer's
3	disease and related disorders. The purpose of the registry shall be to provide a central database of
4	information to assist in the development of public policy and planning. The information collected by
5	the registry shall be analyzed to prepare reports and perform studies as necessary when such
6	data identifies information useful in developing policy.
7	(b) All reporting sources, including hospitals, physicians, facilities, clinics, or other similar
8	units diagnosing or providing treatment or care for Alzheimer's disease and related disorders, shall
9	provide a report of each case to the Alzheimer's Disease Registry in the format specified.
10	(c) All information reported pursuant to this section is confidential and shall be used only for

11	the purposes set forth herein. A report provided to the Alzheimer's Disease Registry that discloses
12	the identity of the individual being treated shall only be released in accordance with the provisions
13	of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. No liability of any kind or
14	character for damages or other relief shall arise or be enforced against any reporting source by
15	reason of having provided the information or material to the Alzheimer's Disease Registry.
16	(d) The governing board shall propose rules pursuant to the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq.
17	of this code to implement this section. The rules shall include, but not be limited to: (1) The content
18	and design of all forms and reports required by this section; (2) the type of information to be
19	collected and maintained; (3) the procedures for disclosure of nonidentifying data to other
20	appropriate research entities; (4)the manner in which reporting entities or individuals, including
21	families, may be contacted by the registry for additional relevant information; and (5) any other
22	matter necessary to the administration of this section.
	ARTICLE 12. REGULATION OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH.
	§16B-12-1. Reporting.
1	(a) The Office of the Inspector General shall send to county prosecutors any findings that
2	may be subject to criminal prosecution in cases of abuse and neglect with IDD. The Office of the
3	Inspector General shall send to the P&A the findings of any cases involving instances of
4	substantiated abuse or neglect involving a person with a developmental disability.
5	(b) An annual report shall be submitted to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health
6	and Human Resources Accountability including:
7	(1) All instances where abuse and neglect cases involving IDD at any location has been

- 8 substantiated by the Office of the Inspector General.
- 9 (2) The county or region where the substantiated abuse or neglect occurred;
- 10 (2) The descriptive category of the abuse and neglect;
- 11 (3) The type of setting where the abuse and neglect occurred;
- 12 (4) Whether the abuse and neglect information was turned over to the county prosecutor

- 13 and law enforcement;
- (5) The name of the provider, if the provider is involved, who is charged with the care of the
   individual; and
- 16 (6) The age range and gender of the individual.
- 17 (c) In instances where abuse and/or neglect leads to the death of an individual, the

18 <u>department shall send a letter, within 30 days after the findings where substantiated, to the Senate</u>

19 President, the Speaker of the House, and the chairs of LOCHHRA outlining the information above

20 about the case.

	<u>§16B-12-2.</u>	Independent	Mental	Health	Ombudsman.
1	<u>(a) (1) The Office (</u>	of the Inspector Gen	eral shall contin	ue an independ	lent mental health
2	<u>ombudsman;</u>				
3	<u>(2) The duties of t</u>	he mental health om	budsman shall ir	nclude, but are	not limited to, the
4	following:				
5	(A) Advocating for	the well-being, trea	tment, safety, ar	id rights of con	sumers of mental

- 6 <u>health care facilities or psychiatric hospital;</u>
- 7 (B) Participating in any procedure to investigate, and resolve complaints filed on behalf of a
- 8 consumer of a mental health care facility or psychiatric hospital, relating to action, inaction, or

9 decisions of providers of mental and behavioral health, of public agencies, or social service

- 10 agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, and rights of a consumer of a
- 11 <u>mental health care facility or psychiatric hospital; and</u>
- 12 (C) Monitoring the development and implementation of federal, sate, and local legislation,
- 13 regulations, and policies with respect to mental and behavioral health care and services;
- 14 (3) The mental health ombudsman shall participate in ongoing training programs related to
- 15 <u>his or her duties or responsibilities;</u>
- 16 (4)(A) Information relating to any investigation of a complaint that contains the identity of
- 17 the complainant or consumer shall remain confidential except:

18	(i) Where imminent risk of serious harm is communicated directly to the mental health
19	ombudsman or his or her staff; or
20	(ii) Where disclosure is necessary to the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
21	Certification in order for such office to determine the appropriateness of initiating an investigation
22	to determine facility compliance with applicable rules of licensure, certification, or both;
23	(B) The mental health ombudsman shall maintain confidentiality with respect to all matters
24	including the identities of complainants, witnesses, or others from whom information is acquired,
25	except insofar as disclosures may be necessary to enable the mental health care ombudsman to
26	carry out duties of the office or to support recommendations;
27	(C) All information, records, and reports received by or developed by the mental health
28	ombudsman program which relate to a consumer of a mental health care facility or psychiatric
29	hospital, including written material identifying a consumer are confidential, and are not subject to
30	the provisions of §29-1-1, et seq. of this code, and may not be disclosed or released by the mental
31	health ombudsman program, except under the circumstances enumerated in this section;
31 32	health ombudsman program, except under the circumstances enumerated in this section; (D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health
32	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health
32 33	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section
32 33 34	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or
32 33 34 35	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or complainant; and
32 33 34 35 36	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or complainant; and (E) The Inspector General shall have access to the records and files of the mental health
32 33 34 35 36	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or complainant; and (E) The Inspector General shall have access to the records and files of the mental health ombudsman program to verify its effectiveness and quality.
32 33 34 35 36 37	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health         ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section         or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or         complainant; and         (E) The Inspector General shall have access to the records and files of the mental health         ombudsman program to verify its effectiveness and quality.         §16B-12-3.       Annual       capitation       rate       review.
32 33 34 35 36 37	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or complainant; and (E) The Inspector General shall have access to the records and files of the mental health ombudsman program to verify its effectiveness and quality. §16B-12-3. Annual capitation rate review. (a) The Bureau of Medicaid Services shall conduct an annual study reviewing the
32 33 34 35 36 37 1 2	(D) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the mental health ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this section or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any consumer or complainant; and (E) The Inspector General shall have access to the records and files of the mental health ombudsman program to verify its effectiveness and quality. <b>§16B-12-3.</b> Annual capitation rate review. (a) The Bureau of Medicaid Services shall conduct an annual study reviewing the adequacy and appropriateness of the reimbursement rates to providers in the IDDW Program. The

6 payments to IDDW providers. The bureau may require, and contracted providers shall provide 7 financial data to the bureau to assist in the study. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing in 8 conducting this study, the bureau shall review and compare equivalent programs both in and out of 9 state in order to determine appropriate rates. 10 (b) Upon completion of the study, BMS shall provide the report to the Joint Committee of 11 Finance beginning July 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, on its findings, conclusions, and 12 recommendations, together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate its 13 recommendations. **ARTICLE 13. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM LICENSING ACT.** §16B-13-1. Purpose. 1 The purpose of this act is to establish licensing and registration requirements for facilities 2 and physicians that treat patients with substance use disorders to ensure that patients may be 3 lawfully treated by the use of medication and drug screens, in combination with counseling and 4 behavioral therapies, to provide a holistic approach to the treatment of substance use disorders 5 and comply with oversight requirements developed by the Inspector General. The Legislature 6 recognizes the problem of substance use disorders in West Virginia and the need for quality, safe 7 treatment of substance use disorders to adequately protect the people of West Virginia. §16B-13-2. Definitions. 1 "Addiction" means a primary, chronic disease of brain reward, motivation, memory, and 2 related circuitry. Dysfunction in these circuits leads to characteristic biological, psychological, 3 social, and spiritual manifestations which is reflected in an individual pathologically pursuing 4 reward or relief by substance use, or both, and other behaviors. Addiction is characterized by 5 inability to consistently abstain; impairment in behavioral control; craving; diminished recognition 6 of significant problems with one's behaviors; interpersonal problems with one's behaviors and 7 interpersonal relationships; a dysfunctional emotional response; and as addiction is currently 8 defined by the American Society of Addiction Medicine.

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9	"Administrator" means an individual designated by the governing body to be responsible	
10	for the day-to-day operation of the opioid treatment programs.	
11	"Advanced alcohol and drug abuse counselor" means an alcohol and drug abuse	
12	counselor who is certified by the West Virginia Certification Board for Addiction and Prevention	
13	Professionals who demonstrates a high degree of competence in the addiction counseling field.	
14	"Alcohol and drug abuse counselor" means a counselor certified by the West Virginia	
15	Certification Board for Addiction and Prevention Professionals for specialized work with patients	
16	who have substance use problems.	
17	"Biopsychosocial" means of, relating to, or concerned with, biological, psychological, and	
18	social aspects in contrast to the strictly biomedical aspects of disease.	
19	"Center for Substance Abuse Treatment" means the center under the Substance Abuse	
20	and Mental Health Services Administration that promotes community-based substance abuse	
21	treatment and recovery services for individuals and families in the community and provides	
22	national leadership to improve access, reduce barriers, and promote high quality, effective	
23	treatment and recovery services.	
24	"Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database" means the database maintained	
25	by the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy pursuant to §60A-9-3 of this code that monitors and tracks	
26	certain prescriptions written or dispensed by dispensers and prescribers in West Virginia.	
27	"Director" means the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification, or	
28	his or her designee.	
29	"Dispense" means the preparation and delivery of a medication-assisted treatment	
30	medication in an appropriately labeled and suitable container to a patient by a medication-assisted	
31	treatment program or pharmacist.	
32	"Governing body" means the person or persons identified as being legally responsible for	
33	the operation of the opioid treatment program. A governing body may be a board, a single entity or	
34	owner, or a partnership. The governing body must comply with the requirements prescribed in	

35	rules promulgated pursuant to this article.
36	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of Inspector General as
37	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
38	"Medical director" means a physician licensed within the State of West Virginia who
39	assumes responsibility for administering all medical services performed by the medication-
40	assisted treatment program, either by performing them directly or by delegating specific
41	responsibility to authorized program physicians and health care professionals functioning under
42	the medical director's direct supervision and functioning within their scope of practice.
43	"Medication-assisted treatment" means the use of medications and drug screens, in
44	combination with counseling and behavioral therapies, to provide a holistic approach to the
45	treatment of substance use disorders.
46	"Medication-assisted treatment program" means all publicly and privately owned opioid
47	treatment programs and office-based, medication-assisted treatment programs, which prescribe
48	medication-assisted treatment medications and treat substance use disorders, as those terms are
49	defined in this article.
49 50	defined in this article. "Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the
50	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the
50 51	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and
50 51 52	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U. S. C. § 355, for use in the treatment of substance use disorders that is an
50 51 52 53	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U. S. C. § 355, for use in the treatment of substance use disorders that is an opioid agonist or partial opioid agonist and is listed on the Schedule of Controlled Substances in
50 51 52 53 54	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U. S. C. § 355, for use in the treatment of substance use disorders that is an opioid agonist or partial opioid agonist and is listed on the Schedule of Controlled Substances in §60A-2-2201 <i>et seq.</i> of this code.
50 51 52 53 54 55	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U. S. C. § 355, for use in the treatment of substance use disorders that is an opioid agonist or partial opioid agonist and is listed on the Schedule of Controlled Substances in §60A-2-2201 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. "Office-based, medication-assisted treatment" means all publicly or privately owned
50 51 52 53 54 55 56	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U. S. C. § 355, for use in the treatment of substance use disorders that is an opioid agonist or partial opioid agonist and is listed on the Schedule of Controlled Substances in §60A-2-2201 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. "Office-based, medication-assisted treatment" means all publicly or privately owned clinics, facilities, offices, or programs that provide medication-assisted treatment to individuals
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	"Medication-assisted treatment medication" means any medication that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U. S. C. § 355, for use in the treatment of substance use disorders that is an opioid agonist or partial opioid agonist and is listed on the Schedule of Controlled Substances in §60A-2-2201 <i>et seq.</i> of this code. "Office-based, medication-assisted treatment" means all publicly or privately owned clinics, facilities, offices, or programs that provide medication-assisted treatment to individuals with substance use disorders through the prescription, administration, or dispensing of a

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61	"Opioid agonist" means substances that bind to and activate the opiate receptors resulting
62	in analgesia and pain regulation, respiratory depression, and a wide variety of behavioral
63	changes. As used in this article, the term "opioid agonist" does not include partial agonist
64	medications used as an alternative to opioid agonists in the treatment of opioid addiction.
65	"Opioid treatment program" means all publicly- or privately-owned medication-assisted
66	treatment programs in clinics, facilities, offices, or programs that provide medication-assisted
67	treatment to individuals with substance use disorders through on-site administration or dispensing
68	of a medication-assisted treatment medication in the form of an opioid agonist or partial opioid
69	agonist.
70	"Owner" means any person, partnership, association, or corporation listed as the owner of
71	a medication-assisted treatment program on the licensing or registration forms required by this
72	article.
73	"Partial opioid agonist" means a Federal Drug Administration approved medication that is
74	used as an alternative to opioid agonists for the treatment of substance use disorders and that
75	binds to and activates opiate receptors, but not to the same degree as full agonists.
76	"Physician" means an individual licensed in this state to practice allopathic medicine or
77	surgery by the West Virginia Board of Medicine or osteopathic medicine or surgery by the West
78	Virginia Board of Osteopathic Medicine and that meets the requirements of this article.
79	"Prescriber" means a person authorized in this state, working within their scope of practice,
80	to give direction, either orally or in writing, for the preparation and administration of a remedy to be
81	used in the treatment of substance use disorders.
82	"Program sponsor" means the person named in the application for the certification and
83	licensure of an opioid treatment program who is responsible for the administrative operation of the
84	
	opioid treatment program and who assumes responsibility for all of its employees, including any
85	practitioners, agents, or other persons providing medical, rehabilitative, or counseling services at

87	"State opioid treatment authority" means the agency or individual designated by the	
88	Governor to exercise the responsibility and authority of the state for governing the treatment of	
89	substance use disorders, including, but not limited to, the treatment of opiate addiction with opioid	
90	drugs.	
91	"State oversight agency" means the agency or office of state government identified by the	
92	secretary to provide regulatory oversight of medication-assisted treatment programs on behalf of	
93	the State of West Virginia.	
94	"Substance" means the following:	
95	(1) Alcohol;	
96	(2) Controlled substances defined by §60A-2-204, §60A-2-206, §60A-2-208, and §60A-2-	
97	210 of this code; or	
98	(3) Any chemical, gas, drug, or medication consumed which causes clinically and	
99	functionally significant impairment, such as health problems, disability, and failure to meet major	
100	responsibilities at work, school, or home.	
101	"Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration" means the agency under	
102	the United States Department of Health and Human Services responsible for the accreditation and	
103	certification of medication-assisted treatment programs and that provides leadership, resources,	
104	programs, policies, information, data, contracts, and grants for the purpose of reducing the impact	
105	of substance abuse and mental or behavioral illness.	
106	"Substance use disorder" means patterns of symptoms resulting from use of a substance	
107	that the individual continues to take, despite experiencing problems as a result; or as defined in the	
108	most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of	
109	Mental Disorders.	
110	"Telehealth" means the mode of delivering health care services and public health via	
111	information and communication technologies to facilitate the diagnosis, consultation, treatment	
112	education, care management, and self-management of a patient's health care while the patient is	

113	at the originating site and the health care provider is at a distant site.
114	"Variance" means written permission granted by the secretary to a medication-assisted
115	treatment program that a requirement of this article or rules promulgated pursuant to this article
116	may be accomplished in a manner different from the manner set forth in this article or associated
117	rules.
118	"Waiver" means a formal, time-limited agreement between the designated oversight
119	agency and the medication-assisted treatment program that suspends a rule, policy, or standard
120	for a specific situation so long as the health and safety of patients is better served in the situation
121	by suspension of the rule, policy, or standard than by enforcement.
	§16B-13-3. Opioid treatment programs to obtain license; application; fees and inspections.
1	(a) No person, partnership, association, or corporation may operate an opioid treatment
2	program without first obtaining a license from the director in accordance with the provisions of this
3	article and the rules lawfully promulgated pursuant to this article.
4	(b) Any person, partnership, association or corporation desiring a license to operate an
4 5	(b) Any person, partnership, association or corporation desiring a license to operate an opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
5	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and
5 6	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe
5 6 7	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee.
5 6 7 8	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee. (c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her
5 6 7 8 9	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee. (c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her designee shall inspect each facility and review all documentation submitted with the application.
5 6 7 8 9 10	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee. (c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her designee shall inspect each facility and review all documentation submitted with the application. The director shall then approve or deny the application for a license. The director shall issue a
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee. (c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her designee shall inspect each facility and review all documentation submitted with the application. The director shall then approve or deny the application for a license. The director shall issue a license if the facility is in compliance with the provisions of this article and with the rules lawfully
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee. (c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her designee shall inspect each facility and review all documentation submitted with the application. The director shall then approve or deny the application for a license. The director shall issue a license if the facility is in compliance with the provisions of this article and with the rules lawfully promulgated pursuant to this article.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	opioid treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee. (c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her designee shall inspect each facility and review all documentation submitted with the application. The director shall then approve or deny the application for a license. The director shall issue a license if the facility is in compliance with the provisions of this article and with the rules lawfully promulgated pursuant to this article. (d) A license shall be issued in one of three categories:

17	article;
18	(2) A provisional license shall be issued when an opioid treatment program seeks a
19	renewal license, or is an existing program as of the effective date of this article and is seeking an
20	initial license, and the opioid treatment program is not in substantial compliance with this article
21	and with all rules promulgated pursuant to this article, but does not pose a significant risk to the
22	rights, health and safety of a consumer. It shall expire not more than six months from the date of
23	issuance, and may not be consecutively reissued; or
24	(3) A renewal license shall be issued when an opioid treatment program is in substantial
25	compliance with this article and with all rules promulgated pursuant to this article. A renewal
26	license shall expire not more than one year from the date of issuance.
27	(e) At least sixty days prior to the license expiration date, an application for renewal shall
28	be submitted by the opioid treatment program to the director on forms furnished by the director. A
29	license shall be renewed if the director determines that the applicant is in compliance with this
30	article and with all rules promulgated pursuant to this article. A license issued to one program
31	location pursuant to this article is not transferrable or assignable. Any change of ownership of a
32	licensed medication-assisted treatment program requires submission of a new application. The
33	medication-assisted treatment program shall notify the director of any change in ownership within
34	ten days of the change and must submit a new application within the time frame prescribed by the
35	secretary.
36	(f) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation that seeks to obtain or renew a
37	license for an opioid treatment program in this state must submit to the director the following
38	documentation:
39	(1) Full operating name of the program as advertised;
40	(2) Legal name of the program as registered with the West Virginia Secretary of State;
41	(3) Physical address of the program;
42	(4) Preferred mailing address for the program;

- 43 (5) Email address to be used as the primary contact for the program;
- 44 (6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;
- 45 (7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the
- 46 <u>Secretary of State and all other applicable business entities;</u>
- 47 (8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;
- 48 (9) Hours of operation;
- 49 (10) Legal Registered Owner Name name of the person registered as the legal owner of
- 50 the program. If more than one legal owner (i.e., partnership, corporation, etc.) list each legal
- 51 <u>owner separately, indicating the percentage of ownership;</u>
- 52 (11) Medical director's full name, medical license number, Drug Enforcement
- 53 <u>Administration registration number, and a list of all current certifications;</u>
- 54 (12) For each employee of the program, provide the following:
- 55 (A) Employee's role and occupation within the program;
- 56 (B) Full legal name;
- 57 (C) Medical license, if applicable;
- 58 (D) Drug Enforcement Administration registration number, if applicable;
- 59 (E) Drug Enforcement Administration identification number to prescribe buprenorphine for
- 60 addiction, if applicable; and
- 61 (F) Number of hours per week worked at program;
- 62 (13) Name and location address of all programs owned or operated by the applicant;
- 63 (14) Notarized signature of applicant;
- 64 (15) Check or money order for licensing fee and inspection fee;
- 65 (16) Verification of education and training for all physicians, counselors and social workers
- 66 practicing at or used by referral by the program such as fellowships, additional education,
- 67 accreditations, board certifications and other certifications;
- 68 (17) Board of Pharmacy Controlled Substance Prescriber Report for each prescriber

69 practicing at the program for the three months preceding the date of application; and

70 (18) If applicable, a copy of a valid Certificate of Need or a letter of exemption from the

71 <u>West Virginia Health Care Authority.</u>

72 (g) Upon satisfaction that an applicant has met all of the requirements of this article, the

73 director shall issue a license to operate an opioid treatment program. An entity that obtains this

74 license may possess, have custody, or control of, and dispense drugs indicated and approved by

75 the United States Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of substance use disorders.

76 (h) The opioid treatment program shall display the current license in a prominent location

77 where services are provided and in clear view of all patients.

78 (i) The director or his or her designee shall inspect on a periodic basis all opioid treatment

programs that are subject to this article and all rules adopted pursuant to this article to ensure
 continued compliance.

so <u>continued compliance.</u>

81 (j) Any license in effect at the time of the passage of this section in the 2016 regular session 82 of the Legislature shall remain in effect until such time as new legislative rules promulgated 83 pursuant to this article become effective. Upon the effective date of the new rules any licensee 84 shall file for a new license within six months pursuant to the licensing procedures and 85 requirements of this section and the new rules promulgated hereunder. The existing license shall 86 remain effective until receipt of the new license.

## <u>§16B-13-4. Office-based, medication-assisted treatment programs to obtain registration;</u> application; fees and inspections.

(a) No person, partnership, association, or corporation may operate an office-based,
 medication-assisted treatment program without first obtaining a registration from the director in
 accordance with the provisions of this article and the rules lawfully promulgated pursuant to this
 article.

(b) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation desiring a registration to operate
 an office-based, medication-assisted treatment program in this state shall file with the Office of

7	Health Facility Licensure and Certification an application in such form and with such information as
8	the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by an application fee.
9	(c) The Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or his or her
10	designee shall inspect and review all documentation submitted with the application. The director
11	shall approve or deny the application for registration. The director shall issue a registration if the
12	facility is in compliance with the provisions of this article and with the rules lawfully promulgated
13	pursuant to this article.
14	(d) A registration shall be issued in one of three categories:
15	(1) An initial 12-month registration shall be issued to an office-based, medication-assisted
16	treatment program establishing a new program or service for which there is insufficient consumer
17	participation to demonstrate substantial compliance with this article and with all rules promulgated
18	pursuant to this article;
19	(2) A provisional registration shall be issued when an office-based, medication-assisted
20	treatment program seeks a renewal registration, or is an existing program as of the effective date
21	of this article and is seeking an initial registration, and the office-based, medication-assisted
22	treatment program is not in substantial compliance with this article and with all rules promulgated
23	pursuant to this article, but does not pose a significant risk to the rights, health, and safety of a
24	consumer. It shall expire not more than six months from the date of issuance, and may not be
25	consecutively reissued; or
26	(3) A renewal registration shall be issued when an office-based, medication-assisted
27	treatment program is in substantial compliance with this article and with all rules promulgated
28	pursuant to this article. A renewal registration shall expire not more than one year from the date of
29	issuance.
30	(e) At least 60 days prior to the registration expiration date, an application for renewal shall
31	be submitted by the office-based, medication-assisted treatment program to the director on forms
32	furnished by the director. A registration shall be renewed if the director determines that the

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33	applicant is in compliance with this article and with all rules promulgated pursuant to this article. A
34	registration issued to one program location pursuant to this article is not transferrable or
35	assignable. Any change of ownership of a registered office-based, medication-assisted treatment
36	program requires submission of a new application. The office-based, medication-assisted
37	treatment program shall notify the director of any change in ownership within 10 days of the
38	change and must submit a new application within the time frame prescribed by the director.
39	(f) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation seeking to obtain or renew a
40	registration for an office-based, medication-assisted treatment program in this state must submit
41	to the director the following documentation:
42	(1) Full operating name of the program as advertised;
43	(2) Legal name of the program as registered with the West Virginia Secretary of State;
44	(3) Physical address of the program;
45	(4) Preferred mailing address for the program;
46	(5) Email address to be used as the primary contact for the program;
46 47	(5) Email address to be used as the primary contact for the program; (6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;
47	(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;
47 48	(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program; (7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the
47 48 49	(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program; (7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities;
47 48 49 50	(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program; (7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities; (8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;
47 48 49 50 51	<ul> <li>(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;</li> <li>(7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the</li> <li>Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities;</li> <li>(8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;</li> <li>(9) Hours of operation;</li> </ul>
47 48 49 50 51 52	<ul> <li>(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;</li> <li>(7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the</li> <li>Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities;</li> <li>(8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;</li> <li>(9) Hours of operation;</li> <li>(10) Legal Registered Owner Name – name of the person registered as the legal owner of</li> </ul>
47 48 49 50 51 52 53	<ul> <li>(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;</li> <li>(7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the</li> <li>Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities;</li> <li>(8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;</li> <li>(9) Hours of operation;</li> <li>(10) Legal Registered Owner Name – name of the person registered as the legal owner of</li> <li>the program. If more than one legal owner (i.e., partnership, corporation, etc.) list each legal</li> </ul>
47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	<ul> <li>(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;</li> <li>(7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the</li> <li>Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities;</li> <li>(8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;</li> <li>(9) Hours of operation;</li> <li>(10) Legal Registered Owner Name – name of the person registered as the legal owner of</li> <li>the program. If more than one legal owner (i.e., partnership, corporation, etc.) list each legal</li> <li>owner separately, indicating the percentage of ownership;</li> </ul>
47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	<ul> <li>(6) Federal Employer Identification Number assigned to the program;</li> <li>(7) All business licenses issued to the program by this state, the state Tax Department, the</li> <li>Secretary of State, and all other applicable business entities;</li> <li>(8) Brief description of all services provided by the program;</li> <li>(9) Hours of operation;</li> <li>(10) Legal Registered Owner Name – name of the person registered as the legal owner of</li> <li>the program. If more than one legal owner (i.e., partnership, corporation, etc.) list each legal</li> <li>owner separately, indicating the percentage of ownership;</li> <li>(11) Medical director's full name, medical license number, Drug Enforcement</li> </ul>

59	(B) Full legal name;
60	(C) Medical license, if applicable;
61	(D) Drug Enforcement Administration registration number, if applicable;
62	(E) Drug Enforcement Administration identification number to prescribe buprenorphine for
63	addiction, if applicable; and
64	(F) Number of hours worked at program per week;
65	(13) Name and location address of all programs owned or operated by the applicant;
66	(14) Notarized signature of applicant;
67	(15) Check or money order for registration fee;
68	(16) Verification of education and training for all physicians, counselors, and social workers
69	practicing at or used by referral by the program such as fellowships, additional education,
70	accreditations, board certifications, and other certifications; and
71	(17) Board of Pharmacy Controlled Substance Prescriber Report for each prescriber
72	practicing at the program for the three months preceding the date of application.
73	(g) Upon satisfaction that an applicant has met all of the requirements of this article, the
74	director shall issue a registration to operate an office-based, medication-assisted treatment
75	program. An entity that obtains this registration may possess, have custody or control of, and
76	dispense drugs indicated and approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the
77	treatment of substance use disorders.
78	(h) The office-based, medication-assisted treatment program shall display the current
79	registration in a prominent location where services are provided and in clear view of all patients.

#### 80 (i) The director or his or her designee shall perform complaint and verification inspections

- 81 on all office-based, medication-assisted treatment programs that are subject to this article and all
- 82 rules adopted pursuant to this article to ensure continued compliance.

83 (j) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation operating an office-based,

84 medication-assisted treatment program shall be permitted to continue operation until the effective

85	date of the new rules promulgated pursuant to this article. At that time a person, partnership,
86	association, or corporation shall file for registration within six months pursuant to the licensing
87	procedures and requirements of this section and the new rules promulgated hereunder. The
88	existing procedures of the person, partnership, association, or corporation shall remain effective
89	until receipt of the registration.
90	(k) A person, partnership, association, or corporation providing office-based, medication-
91	assisted treatment to no more than 30 patients of their practice or program is exempt from the
92	registration requirement contained in §16-5Y-4(a) of this code: Provided, That it:
93	(1) Attests to the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification on a form prescribed
94	by the director that the person, partnership, association, or corporation requires counselling and
95	drug screens, has implemented diversion control measures, has completed medical education
96	training on addiction treatment encompassing all forms of medication-assisted treatment, will
97	provide patient numbers upon request, and will provide any other information required by the
98	director related to patient health and safety; and
99	(2) Is prohibited from establishing an office-based, medication-assisted treatment at any
100	other location or facility after the submission of an attestation submitted pursuant to $\frac{16-5Y-4(k)}{2}$
101	of this code. This subdivision includes any person, partnership, association, or corporation that
102	has an ownership interest in a partnership, association, or corporation or other corporate entity
103	providing office-based, medication-assisted treatment.
104	(I) A licensed behavioral health center, pursuant to Behavioral Health Center Licensure,
105	64 CSR 11, providing office-based medication-assisted treatment is exempt from the registration
106	requirement contained in §16-5Y-4(a) of this code: Provided, That it:
107	(1) Attests to the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification on a form prescribed
108	by the director that the person, partnership, association, or corporation requires counseling and
109	drugs screens, has implemented diversion control measures, will provide patient numbers upon
110	request, and will provide any other information required by the director related to nation health

110 request, and will provide any other information required by the director related to patient health

111	and safety; and
112	(2) Must notify the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification prior to establishing
113	or terminating an office-based medication-assisted treatment program at any other licensed
114	behavioral health center location after the submission of an attestation submitted pursuant to §16-
115	5Y-4(I)(1) of this code.
	§16B-13-5. Operational requirements.
1	(a) The medication-assisted treatment program shall be licensed and registered in this
2	state with the director, the Secretary of State, the State Tax Department, and all other applicable
3	business or licensing entities.
4	(b) The program sponsor need not be a licensed physician but shall employ a licensed
5	physician for the position of medical director, when required by the rules promulgated pursuant to
6	this article.
7	(c) Each medication-assisted treatment program shall designate a medical director. If the
8	medication-assisted treatment program is accredited by a Substance Abuse and Mental Health
9	Services Administration approved accrediting body that meets nationally accepted standards for
10	providing medication-assisted treatment, including the Commission on Accreditation of
11	Rehabilitation Facilities or the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations,
12	then the program may designate a medical director to oversee all facilities associated with the
13	accredited medication-assisted treatment program. The medical director shall be responsible for
14	the operation of the medication-assisted treatment program, as further specified in the rules
15	promulgated pursuant to this article. He or she may delegate the day-to-day operation of a
16	medication-assisted treatment program as provided in rules promulgated pursuant to this article.
17	Within 10 days after termination of a medical director, the medication-assisted treatment program
18	shall notify the director of the identity of another medical director for that program. Failure to have
19	a medical director practicing at the program may be the basis for a suspension or revocation of the
20	program license. The medical director shall

20 program license. The medical director shall:

21	(1) Have a full, active, and unencumbered license to practice allopathic medicine or
22	surgery from the West Virginia Board of Medicine or to practice osteopathic medicine or surgery
23	from the West Virginia Board of Osteopathic Medicine in this state and be in good standing and not
24	under any probationary restrictions;
25	(2) Meet both of the following training requirements:
26	(A) If the physician prescribes a partial opioid agonist, he or she shall complete the
27	requirements for the Drug Addiction Treatment Act of 2000; and
28	(B) Complete other programs and continuing education requirements as further described
29	in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article;
30	(3) Practice at the licensed or registered medication-assisted treatment program a
31	sufficient number of hours, based upon the type of medication-assisted treatment license or
32	registration issued pursuant to this article, to ensure regulatory compliance, and carry out those
33	duties specifically assigned to the medical director as further described in the rules promulgated
34	pursuant to this article;
35	(4) Be responsible for monitoring and ensuring compliance with all requirements related to
36	the licensing and operation of the medication-assisted treatment program;
37	(5) Supervise, control, and direct the activities of each individual working or operating at
38	the medication-assisted treatment program, including any employee, volunteer, or individual
39	under contract, who provides medication-assisted treatment at the program or is associated with
40	the provision of that treatment. The supervision, control, and direction shall be provided in
41	accordance with rules promulgated by the secretary; and
42	(6) Complete other requirements prescribed by the secretary by rule.
43	(d) Each medication-assisted treatment program shall designate counseling staff, either
44	employees, or those used on a referral-basis by the program, which meet the requirements of this
45	article and the rules promulgated pursuant to this article. The individual members of the
46	counseling staff shall have one or more of the following qualifications:

47	(1) Be a licensed psychiatrist;
48	(2) Certification as an alcohol and drug counselor;
49	(3) Certification as an advanced alcohol and drug counselor;
50	(4) Be a counselor, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, or social worker with a
51	master's level education with a specialty or specific training in treatment for substance use
52	disorders, as further described in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article;
53	(5) Under the direct supervision of an advanced alcohol and drug counselor, be a
54	counselor with a bachelor's degree in social work or another relevant human services field:
55	Provided, That the individual practicing with a bachelor's degree under supervision applies for
56	certification as an alcohol and drug counselor within three years of the date of employment as a
57	counselor;
58	(6) Be a counselor with a graduate degree actively working toward licensure or certification
59	in the individual's chosen field under supervision of a licensed or certified professional in that field
60	and/or advanced alcohol and drug counselor;
61	(7) Be a psych-mental health nurse practitioner or a psych-mental health clinical nurse
62	specialist; or
63	(8) Be a psychiatry CAQ-certified physician assistant.
64	(e) The medication-assisted treatment program shall be eligible for, and not prohibited
65	from, enrollment with West Virginia Medicaid and other private insurance. Prior to directly billing a
66	patient for any medication-assisted treatment, a medication-assisted treatment program must
67	receive either a rejection of prior authorization, rejection of a submitted claim, or a written denial
68	from a patient's insurer or West Virginia Medicaid denying coverage for such treatment: Provided,
69	That the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may grant a variance from this
70	requirement pursuant to §16B-13-6 of this code. The program shall also document whether a
71	patient has no insurance. At the option of the medication-assisted treatment program, treatment
72	may commence prior to billing.

73	(f) The medication-assisted treatment program shall apply for and receive approval as
74	required from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration, Center for Substance Abuse
75	Treatment, or an organization designated by Substance Abuse and Mental Health and Mental
76	Health Administration.
77	(g) All persons employed by the medication-assisted treatment program shall comply with
78	the requirements for the operation of a medication-assisted treatment program established within
79	this article or by any rule adopted pursuant to this article.
80	(h) All employees of an opioid treatment program shall furnish fingerprints for a state and
81	federal criminal records check by the Criminal Identification Bureau of the West Virginia State
82	Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The fingerprints shall be accompanied by a signed
83	authorization for the release of information and retention of the fingerprints by the Criminal
84	Identification Bureau and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The opioid treatment program shall
85	be subject to the provisions of §16-49-1 et seq. of this code and subsequent rules promulgated
86	thereunder.
87	(i) The medication-assisted treatment program shall not be owned by, nor shall it employ or
88	associate with, any physician or prescriber:
89	(1) Whose Drug Enforcement Administration number is not currently full, active, and
90	unencumbered;
91	(2) Whose application for a license to prescribe, dispense, or administer a controlled
92	substance has been denied by and is not full, active, and unencumbered in any jurisdiction; or
93	(3) Whose license is anything other than a full, active, and unencumbered license to
94	practice allopathic medicine or surgery by the West Virginia Board of Medicine or osteopathic
95	medicine or surgery by the West Virginia Board of Osteopathic Medicine in this state, and who is in
96	good standing and not under any probationary restrictions.
97	(j) A person may not dispense any medication-assisted treatment medication, including a
98	controlled substance as defined by §60A-1-101 of this code, on the premises of a licensed

99	medication-assisted treatment program, unless he or she is a physician or pharmacist licensed in
100	this state and employed by the medication-assisted treatment program unless the medication-
101	assisted treatment program is a federally certified narcotic treatment program. Prior to dispensing
102	or prescribing medication-assisted treatment medications, the treating physician must access the
103	Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database to ensure the patient is not seeking
104	medication-assisted treatment medications that are controlled substances from multiple sources
105	and to assess potential adverse drug interactions, or both. Prior to dispensing or prescribing
106	medication-assisted treatment medications, the treating physician shall also ensure that the
107	medication-assisted treatment medication utilized is related to an appropriate diagnosis of a
108	substance use disorder and approved for such usage. The physician shall also review the
109	Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database no less than quarterly and at each patient's
110	physical examination. The results obtained from the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program
111	Database shall be maintained with the patient's medical records.
112	(k) A medication-assisted treatment program responsible for medication administration
112 113	(k) A medication-assisted treatment program responsible for medication administration shall comply with:
113	shall comply with:
113 114	shall comply with: (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;
113 114 115	<u>shall comply with:</u> (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations; (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;
113 114 115 116	shall comply with:         (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;         (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;         (3) All applicable federal laws and regulations relating to controlled substances; and
113 114 115 116 117	shall comply with:         (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;         (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;         (3) All applicable federal laws and regulations relating to controlled substances; and         (4) Any requirements as specified in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.
<ul> <li>113</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>118</li> </ul>	shall comply with:         (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;         (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;         (3) All applicable federal laws and regulations relating to controlled substances; and         (4) Any requirements as specified in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.         (1) Each medication-assisted treatment program location shall be licensed separately,
<ol> <li>113</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>118</li> <li>119</li> </ol>	shall comply with:         (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;         (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;         (3) All applicable federal laws and regulations relating to controlled substances; and         (4) Any requirements as specified in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.         (1) Each medication-assisted treatment program location shall be licensed separately,         regardless of whether the program is operated under the same business name or management as
<ol> <li>113</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>118</li> <li>119</li> <li>120</li> </ol>	shall comply with:         (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;         (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;         (3) All applicable federal laws and regulations relating to controlled substances; and         (4) Any requirements as specified in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.         (1) Each medication-assisted treatment program location shall be licensed separately,         regardless of whether the program is operated under the same business name or management as another program.
<ol> <li>113</li> <li>114</li> <li>115</li> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>118</li> <li>119</li> <li>120</li> <li>121</li> </ol>	shall comply with:         (1) The West Virginia Board of Pharmacy regulations;         (2) The West Virginia Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses regulations;         (3) All applicable federal laws and regulations relating to controlled substances; and         (4) Any requirements as specified in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.         (1) Each medication-assisted treatment program location shall be licensed separately,         regardless of whether the program is operated under the same business name or management as         another program.         (m) The medication-assisted treatment program shall develop and implement patient

125	physician may treat the substance use disorder by managing it with medication in doses not
126	exceeding those approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as indicated for the
127	treatment of substance use disorders and not greater than those amounts described in the rules
128	promulgated pursuant to this article. The treating physician and treating counselor's diagnoses
129	and treatment decisions shall be made according to accepted and prevailing standards for
130	medical care;
131	(2) The medication-assisted treatment program shall maintain a record of all of the
132	following:
133	(A) Medical history and physical examination of the individual;
134	(B) The diagnosis of substance use disorder of the individual;
135	(C) The plan of treatment proposed, the patient's response to the treatment, and any
136	modification to the plan of treatment;
137	(D) The dates on which any medications were prescribed, dispensed, or administered, the
138	name and address of the individual for whom the medications were prescribed, dispensed, or
139	administered, and the amounts and dosage forms for any medications prescribed, dispensed, or
140	administered;
141	(E) A copy of the report made by the physician or counselor to whom referral for evaluation
142	was made, if applicable; and
143	(F) A copy of the coordination of care agreement, which is to be signed by the patient,
144	treating physician, and treating counselor. If a change of treating physician or treating counselor
145	takes place, a new agreement must be signed. The coordination of care agreement must be
146	updated or reviewed at least annually. If the coordination of care agreement is reviewed, but not
147	updated, this review must be documented in the patient's record. The coordination of care
148	agreement will be provided in a form prescribed and made available by the director;
149	(3) Medication-assisted treatment programs shall report information, data, statistics, and
150	other information as directed in this code, and the rules promulgated pursuant to this article to

151	required agencies and other authorities;
152	(4) A prescriber authorized to prescribe a medication-assisted treatment medication who
153	practices at a medication-assisted treatment program is responsible for maintaining the control
154	and security of his or her prescription blanks and any other method used for prescribing a
155	medication-assisted treatment medication. The prescriber shall comply with all state and federal
156	requirements for tamper-resistant prescription paper. In addition to any other requirements
157	imposed by statute or rule, the prescriber shall notify the director and appropriate law-enforcement
158	agencies in writing within 24 hours following any theft or loss of a prescription blank or breach of
159	any other method of prescribing a medication-assisted treatment medication; and
160	(5) The medication-assisted treatment program shall have a drug testing program to
161	ensure a patient is in compliance with the treatment strategy.
162	(n) Medication-assisted treatment programs shall only prescribe, dispense, or administer
163	liquid methadone to patients pursuant to the restrictions and requirements of the rules
164	promulgated pursuant to this article.
164 165	promulgated pursuant to this article. (o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his
165	(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his
165 166	(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted
165 166 167	(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements.
165 166 167 168	(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements. (p) If a physician treats a patient with more than 16 milligrams per day of buprenorphine
165 166 167 168 169	(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements. (p) If a physician treats a patient with more than 16 milligrams per day of buprenorphine then clear medical notes shall be placed in the patient's medical file indicating the clinical reason or
165 166 167 168 169 170	(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements. (p) If a physician treats a patient with more than 16 milligrams per day of buprenorphine then clear medical notes shall be placed in the patient's medical file indicating the clinical reason or reasons for the higher level of dosage.
165 166 167 168 169 170 171	<ul> <li>(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements.</li> <li>(p) If a physician treats a patient with more than 16 milligrams per day of buprenorphine then clear medical notes shall be placed in the patient's medical file indicating the clinical reason or reasons for the higher level of dosage.</li> <li>(q) If a physician is not the patient's obstetrical or gynecological provider, the physician</li> </ul>
165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172	<ul> <li>(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements.</li> <li>(p) If a physician treats a patient with more than 16 milligrams per day of buprenorphine then clear medical notes shall be placed in the patient's medical file indicating the clinical reason or reasons for the higher level of dosage.</li> <li>(q) If a physician is not the patient's obstetrical or gynecological provider, the physician shall consult with the patient's obstetrical or gynecological provider to the extent possible to</li> </ul>
165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173	<ul> <li>(o) The medication-assisted treatment program shall immediately notify the director, or his or her designee, in writing of any changes to its operations that affect the medication-assisted treatment program's continued compliance with the certification and licensure requirements.</li> <li>(p) If a physician treats a patient with more than 16 milligrams per day of buprenorphine then clear medical notes shall be placed in the patient's medical file indicating the clinical reason or reasons for the higher level of dosage.</li> <li>(q) If a physician is not the patient's obstetrical or gynecological provider, the physician shall consult with the patient's obstetrical or gynecological provider to the extent possible to determine whether the prescription is appropriate for the patient.</li> </ul>

177	medication-assisted treatment medication. If the schedule is not followed, the physician shall
178	document in the patient's medical record and the clinical reason why the schedule was not
179	followed. The director may investigate a medication-assisted treatment program if a high
180	percentage of its patients are not following the recommended tapering schedule.
	§16B-13-6. Restrictions; variances and waivers.
1	(a) A medication-assisted treatment program shall not be located, operated, managed or
2	owned at the same location where a chronic pain management clinic licensed and defined in
3	article five-h, chapter sixteen of this code is located.
4	(b) Medication-assisted treatment programs shall not have procedures for offering a
5	bounty, monetary, equipment, or merchandise reward, or free services for individuals in exchange
6	for recruitment of new patients into the facility.
7	(c) Medication-assisted treatment programs shall not be located within one-half mile of a
8	public or private licensed day care center or public or private K-12 school.
9	Existing medication-assisted treatment programs, including both opioid treatment
10	programs and office based medication-assisted treatment programs that are located within one-
11	half mile of a public or private licensed day care center or public or private K-12 school, shall be
12	granted a variance, provided that the facility demonstrates adequate patient population controls
13	and that it may otherwise meet the requirements of this article and the rules promulgated pursuant
14	to this article.
15	(d) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may grant a waiver or a
16	variance from any licensure or registration standard, or portion thereof, for the period during which
17	the license or registration is in effect.
18	(1) Requests for waivers or variances of licensure or registration standards shall be in
19	writing to the director and shall include:
20	(A) The specific section of this article or rules promulgated pursuant to this article for which
21	a waiver or variance is sought;

22	(B) The rationale for requesting the waiver or variance;
23	(C) Documentation by the medication-assisted treatment program's medical director to the
24	director that describes how the program will maintain the quality of services and patient safety if
25	the wavier or variance is granted; and
26	(D) The consequences of not receiving approval of the requested wavier or variance.
27	(2) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall issue a written statement
28	to the medication-assisted treatment program granting or denying a request for a waiver or
29	variance of program licensure or registration standards.
30	(3) The medication-assisted treatment program shall maintain a file copy of all requests for
31	waivers or variances and the approval or denial of the requests for the period during which the
32	license or registration is in effect.
33	(4) The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall inspect each medication-
34	assisted treatment program prior to a waiver or variance being granted, including a review of
35	patient records, to ensure and verify that any waiver or variance request meets the spirit and
36	purpose of this article and the rules promulgated pursuant to this article. The Office of Health
37	Facility Licensure and Certification may verify, by unannounced inspection, that the medication-
38	assisted treatment program is in compliance with any waiver or variance granted by the director, in
39	consultation with the Inspector General, for the duration of such waiver or variance.
	§16B-13-7. Inspection; inspection warrant.
1	(a) The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall inspect each opioid
2	treatment program annually, including a review of the patient records, to ensure that the program
3	complies with this article and the applicable rules. A pharmacist, employed or contracted by the
4	secretary, licensed in this state, and a law-enforcement officer may be present at each inspection.
5	(b) The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall perform unannounced
6	complaint and verification inspections at office based medication-assisted treatment programs,
7	including a review of the patient records, to ensure that the program complies with this article and

8	the applicable rules. A pharmacist, employed or contracted by the Inspector General, licensed in
9	this state and a law-enforcement officer may be present at each inspection.
10	(c) During an onsite inspection, the inspectors shall make a reasonable attempt to discuss
11	each violation with the medical director or other owners of the medication-assisted treatment
12	program before issuing a formal written notification.
13	(d) Any action taken to correct a violation shall be documented in writing by the medical
14	director or other owners of the medication-assisted treatment program and may be verified by
15	follow-up visits by the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification.
16	(e) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Inspector General
17	may, in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an inspection
18	warrant against any person, partnership, association or corporation to allow any inspection or
19	seizure of records in order to complete any inspection allowed by this article or the rules
20	promulgated pursuant to this article, or to meet any other purpose of this article or the rules
21	promulgated pursuant to this article.
22	(f) When possible, inspections for annual certification and licensure by the medication-
23	assisted treatment programs will be done consecutively or concurrently. However, this provision
24	does not limit the ability to conduct unannounced inspections pursuant to a complaint.
	<u>§16B-13-8. License and registration limitation; denial; suspension; revocation.</u>
1	§16B-13-8. License and registration limitation; denial; suspension; revocation. (a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may, by order, impose a ban on
1 2	
	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may, by order, impose a ban on
2	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may, by order, impose a ban on the admission of patients or reduce the patient capacity of the medication-assisted treatment
2 3	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may, by order, impose a ban on the admission of patients or reduce the patient capacity of the medication-assisted treatment program, or any combination thereof, when he or she finds upon inspection of the medication-
2 3 4	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may, by order, impose a ban on the admission of patients or reduce the patient capacity of the medication-assisted treatment program, or any combination thereof, when he or she finds upon inspection of the medication- assisted treatment program that the licensee or registrant is not providing adequate care under the
2 3 4 5	(a) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may, by order, impose a ban on the admission of patients or reduce the patient capacity of the medication-assisted treatment program, or any combination thereof, when he or she finds upon inspection of the medication- assisted treatment program that the licensee or registrant is not providing adequate care under the medication-assisted treatment program's existing patient quota, and that a reduction in quota or

9	the date set for compliance.
10	(b) The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall deny, suspend, or revoke
11	a license or registration issued pursuant to this article if the provisions of this article or of the rules
12	promulgated pursuant to this article are violated. The director, in consultation with the Inspector
13	General, may revoke a program's license or registration and prohibit all physicians and licensed
14	disciplines associated with that medication-assisted treatment program from practicing at the
15	program location based upon an annual, periodic, complaint, verification or other inspection and
16	evaluation.
17	(c) Before any such license or registration is denied, suspended, or revoked, however,
18	written notice shall be given to the licensee or registrant, stating the grounds for such denial,
19	suspension, or revocation.
20	(d) An applicant, licensee or registrant has ten working days after receipt of the director's
21	order denying, suspending, or revoking a license or registration to request a formal hearing
22	contesting such denial, suspension, or revocation of a license or registration under this article. If a
23	formal hearing is requested, the applicant, licensee or registrant and the secretary shall proceed in
24	accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
25	(e) If a license or registration is denied or revoked as herein provided, a new application for
26	license or registration shall be considered by the director, in consultation with the Inspector
27	General, if, when and after the conditions upon which the denial or revocation was based have
28	been corrected and evidence of this fact has been furnished. A new license or registration shall
29	then be granted after proper inspection, if applicable, has been made and all provisions of this
30	article and rules promulgated pursuant to this article have been satisfied.
31	(f) Any applicant, licensee or registrant who is dissatisfied with the decision of the secretary
32	as a result of the hearing provided in this section may, within thirty days after receiving notice of the
33	decision, petition the circuit court of Kanawha County, in term or in vacation, for judicial review of
34	the decision.

35	(g) The West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals may affirm, modify or reverse the
36	decision of the Board of Review and either the applicant, licensee or registrant, or the director may
37	appeal from the court's decision to the Supreme Court of Appeals.
38	(h) If the license or registration of a medication-assisted treatment program is denied,
39	suspended, or revoked, the medical director of the program, any owner of the program or owner or
40	lessor of the medication-assisted treatment program property shall cease to operate the clinic,
41	facility, office, or program as a medication-assisted treatment program as of the effective date of
42	the denial, suspension, or revocation. The owner or lessor of the medication-assisted treatment
43	program property is responsible for removing all signs and symbols identifying the premises as a
44	medication-assisted treatment program within thirty days. Any administrative appeal of such
45	denial, suspension or revocation shall not stay the denial, suspension, or revocation.
46	(i) Upon the effective date of the denial, suspension or revocation, the medical director of
47	the medication-assisted treatment program shall advise the director and the Board of Pharmacy of
48	the disposition of all medications located on the premises. The disposition is subject to the
49	supervision and approval of the director. Medications that are purchased or held by a medication-
50	assisted treatment program that is not licensed may be deemed adulterated.
51	(j) If the license or registration of a medication-assisted treatment program is suspended or
52	revoked, any person named in the licensing or registration documents of the program, including
53	persons owning or operating the medication-assisted treatment program, may not, as an
54	individual or as part of a group, apply to operate another medication-assisted treatment program
55	for up to five years after the date of suspension or revocation. The director, in consultation with the
56	Inspector General, may grant a variance pursuant to §16B-13-6 of this code to the prohibition of
57	this subsection.
58	(k) The period of suspension for the license or registration of a medication-assisted
59	treatment program shall be prescribed by the director, in consultation with the Inspector General,
60	but may not exceed one year.

	§16B-13-9. Violations; penalties;	injunction.
1	(a) Any person, partnership, association, or corporation which establi	<u>shes, conducts,</u>
2	manages, or operates a medication-assisted treatment program without first obtai	ning a license or
3	registration as herein provided, or who violates any provisions of this article or	any rule lawfully
4	promulgated pursuant to this article, shall be assessed a civil penalty by	the director, in
5	consultation with the Inspector General, in accordance with this subsection	<u>n. Each day of</u>
6	continuing violation after conviction shall be considered a separate violation:	
7	(1) If a medication-assisted treatment program or any owner or medical dir	rector is found to
8	be in violation of any provision of this article, unless otherwise noted herein,	the director, in
9	consultation with the Inspector General, may limit, suspend or revoke the prog	ram's license or
10	registration;	
11	(2) If the program's medical director knowingly and intentionally misrep	presents actions
12	taken to correct a violation, the director, in consultation with the Inspector Genera	al, may impose a
13	civil money penalty not to exceed \$10,000 and, in the case of any owner-operative	ator medication-
14	assisted treatment program, limit or revoke a medication-assisted treatment prog	<u>ram's license or</u>
15	registration;	
16	(3) If any owner or medical director of a medication-assisted trea	atment program
17	concurrently operates an unlicensed or unregistered medication-assisted treatme	ent program, the
18	director, in consultation with the Inspector General, may impose a civil money p	enalty upon the
19	owner or medical director, or both, not to exceed \$5,000 per day;	
20	(4) If the owner of a medication-assisted treatment program that requi	<u>res a license or</u>
21	registration under this article fails to apply for a new license or registration for the	program upon a
22	change of ownership and operates the program under new ownership, the directo	r, in consultation
23	with the Inspector General, may impose a civil money penalty upon the owne	r, not to exceed
24	<u>\$5,000; or</u>	
25	(5) If a physician operates, owns or manages an unlicensed or unregiste	ered medication-

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26 assisted treatment program that is required to be licensed or registered pursuant to this article; 27 knowingly prescribes or dispenses or causes to be prescribed or dispensed, a medicationassisted treatment medication through misrepresentation or fraud; procures, or attempts to 28 29 procure, a license or registration for a medication-assisted treatment program for any other person 30 by making or causing to be made any false representation, the director, in consultation with the 31 Inspector General, may assess a civil money penalty of not more than \$20,000. The penalty may 32 be in addition to or in lieu of any other action that may be taken by the director, in consultation with 33 the Inspector General, or any other board, court or entity. 34 (b) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Inspector General may, in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction 35 36 against any person, partnership, association or corporation to restrain or prevent the 37 establishment, conduct, management or operation of any medication-assisted treatment program 38 or violation of any provision of this article or any rule lawfully promulgated thereunder without first 39 obtaining a license or registration in the manner herein provided. 40 (c) In determining whether a penalty is to be imposed and in fixing the amount of the 41 penalty, the director, in consultation with the Inspector General, shall consider the following 42 factors: 43 (1) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical or 44 emotional harm to a patient has resulted, or could have resulted, from the medication-assisted 45 treatment program's actions or the actions of the medical director or any practicing physician, the 46 severity of the action or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable 47 laws or rules were violated; 48 (2) What actions, if any, the owner or medical director took to correct the violations; 49 (3) Whether there were any previous violations at the medication-assisted treatment 50 program; and 51 (4) The financial benefits that the medication-assisted treatment program derived from

52	committing or continuing to commit the violation.
53	(d) Upon finding that a physician has violated the provisions of this article or rules adopted
54	pursuant to this article, the director shall provide notice of the violation to the applicable licensing
55	board.
	§16B-13-10. Advertisement disclosure.
1	Any advertisement made by or on behalf of a medication-assisted treatment program
2	through public media, such as a telephone directory, medical directory, newspaper or other
3	periodical, outdoor advertising, radio or television, or through written or recorded communication,
4	concerning the treatment of substance use disorders, as defined in section two of this article, shall
5	include the name of, at a minimum, the medical director responsible for the content of the
6	advertisement.
	§16B-13-11. State Opioid Treatment Authority.
1	(a) Prior to establishing, operating, maintaining, or advertising a medication-assisted
2	treatment program within this state, a medication-assisted treatment program shall be approved
3	by the state opioid treatment authority for operation of a medication-assisted treatment program in
4	this state.
5	(b) The state opioid treatment authority shall act as the state's coordinator for the
6	
	development and monitoring of medication-assisted treatment programs and it shall serve as a
7	development and monitoring of medication-assisted treatment programs and it shall serve as a liaison with the appropriate federal agencies.
7 8	
	liaison with the appropriate federal agencies.
8	liaison with the appropriate federal agencies. (c) The designated state oversight agency is responsible for licensing, monitoring, and
8 9	liaison with the appropriate federal agencies. (c) The designated state oversight agency is responsible for licensing, monitoring, and investigating complaints and grievances regarding medication-assisted treatment programs.
8 9 10	Iiaison with the appropriate federal agencies.         (c) The designated state oversight agency is responsible for licensing, monitoring, and         investigating complaints and grievances regarding medication-assisted treatment programs.         (d) The powers and duties of the state opioid treatment authority include, but are not limited
8 9 10 11	liaison with the appropriate federal agencies. (c) The designated state oversight agency is responsible for licensing, monitoring, and investigating complaints and grievances regarding medication-assisted treatment programs. (d) The powers and duties of the state opioid treatment authority include, but are not limited to, the following:

15	(2) Act as a liaison between relevant state and federal agencies;
16	(3) Be available for consultation regarding medication-assisted treatment guidelines, rules,
17	regulations and recovery models for individualized treatment plans of care developed by the
18	federal government and other nationally recognized authorities;
19	(4) Ensure delivery of technical assistance and informational materials to medication-
20	assisted treatment programs as needed;
21	(5) Perform both scheduled and unscheduled site visits to medication-assisted treatment
22	programs in cooperation with the identified state oversight agency when necessary and
23	appropriate;
24	(6) Consult with the federal government regarding approval or disapproval of requests for
25	exceptions to federal regulations, where appropriate;
26	(7) Review and approve exceptions to federal and state dosage policies and procedures;
27	(8) Receive and refer patient appeals and grievances to the designated state oversight
28	agency when appropriate; and
	agency when appropriate; and (9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services
28	
28 29	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services
28 29	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services needed and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.
28 29 30	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the servicesneeded and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.§16B-13-12.Moratorium;certificateofneed.
28 29 30 1	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the servicesneeded and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.§16B-13-12.Moratorium;certificateofneed.There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid treatment programs which do not
28 29 30 1 2	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services         needed and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.         §16B-13-12.       Moratorium;       certificate       of       need.         There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid treatment programs which do not         have a certificate of need as of the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2016
28 29 30 1 2 3	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services         needed and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.         §16B-13-12.       Moratorium;       certificate       of       need.         There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid treatment programs which do not         have a certificate of need as of the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2016         regular session of the Legislature which shall continue until the Legislature determines that there
28 29 30 1 2 3	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services         needed and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.         §16B-13-12.       Moratorium;       certificate       of       need.         There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid treatment programs which do not         have a certificate of need as of the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2016         regular session of the Legislature which shall continue until the Legislature determines that there         is a necessity for additional opioid treatment programs in West Virginia.
28 29 30 1 2 3 4	<ul> <li>(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services needed and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program.</li> <li>§16B-13-12. Moratorium; certificate of need. There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid treatment programs which do not have a certificate of need as of the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2016 regular session of the Legislature which shall continue until the Legislature determines that there is a necessity for additional opioid treatment programs in West Virginia.</li> <li>§16B-13-13. Rules; minimum standards for medication-assisted treatment programs.</li> </ul>
28 29 30 1 2 3 4	(9) Work cooperatively with other relevant state agencies to determine the services needed and the location of a proposed medication-assisted treatment program. §16B-13-12. Moratorium; certificate of need. There is a moratorium on the licensure of new opioid treatment programs which do not have a certificate of need as of the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2016 regular session of the Legislature which shall continue until the Legislature determines that there is a necessity for additional opioid treatment programs in West Virginia. §16B-13-13. Rules; minimum standards for medication-assisted treatment programs. (a) The Inspector General shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of

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5	(1) The process to be followed by applicants seeking a license;
6	(2) The qualifications and supervision of licensed and nonlicensed personnel at
7	medication-assisted treatment programs and training requirements for all facility health care
8	practitioners who are not regulated by another board;
9	(3) The provision and coordination of patient care, including the development of a written
10	plan of care and patient contract;
11	(4) The management, operation, staffing and equipping of the medication-assisted
12	treatment program;
13	(5) The clinical, medical, patient and business records kept by the medication-assisted
14	treatment program;
15	(6) The procedures for inspections and for review of utilization and quality of patient care;
16	(7) The standards and procedures for the general operation of a medication-assisted
17	treatment program, including facility operations, physical operations, infection control
18	requirements, health and safety requirements and quality assurance;
19	(8) Identification of drugs that may be used to treat substance use disorders that identify a
20	facility as a medication-assisted treatment program;
21	(9) Any other criteria that identify a facility as a medication-assisted treatment program;
22	(10) The standards and procedures to be followed by an owner in providing supervision,
23	direction and control of individuals employed by or associated with a medication-assisted
24	treatment program;
25	(11) Data collection and reporting requirements;
26	(12) Criteria and requirements related to specific medication-assisted treatment
27	medications; and
28	(13) Such other standards or requirements as the Inspector General determines are
29	appropriate.
30	(b) The Legislature finds that an emergency exists and, therefore, the Inspector General

- 31 shall file an emergency rule to implement the provisions of this section pursuant to the provisions
- 32 of §29A-3-15 of this code.

# ARTICLE 14. MEDICATION ADMINISTERD BY UNLICENSED PERSONNEL IN NURSING HOMES.

#### §16B-14-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- <u>"Administration of medication" means assisting a person in the ingestion, application, or</u>
  <u>inhalation of medications, or the supervision of or the providing of assistance with self-</u>
  <u>administered medication, both according to the legibly written or printed directions of the health</u>
  <u>care professional, or as written on the prescription label.</u> "Administration" does not include
  <u>judgment, evaluation, assessments, or injections of medication.</u>
- 7 "Approved medication assistive personnel (AMAP)" means a staff member who meets 8 eligibility requirements, has successfully completed a nationally recognized model curriculum for 9 certified medication assistants, has passed a national medication aide certification examination 10 approved by the National Council of State Boards of Nursing, and is considered competent by the 11 authorized registered professional nurse to administer medications to residents of the nursing 12 home in accordance with this article. 13 "Authorized practitioner" means a physician actively licensed under the provisions of §30-14 3-1 et seq. or §30-14-1 et seq. of this code, an advanced practice registered nurse with 15 prescriptive authority actively licensed under the provisions of §30-7-1 et seq. of this code, a 16 physician's assistant actively licensed under the provisions of §30-3E-1 et seq. of this code, an 17 optometrist actively licensed under the provisions of §30-8-1 et seq. of this code, or a dentist 18 actively licensed under the provisions of §30-4-1 et seq. of this code. 19 "Authorized registered professional nurse" means a person who is actively licensed
- 20 pursuant to §30-7-1 et seq. of this code and meets the requirements to train and supervise

21	approved medication assistive personnel pursuant to this article, and has completed and passed
22	the facility trainer/instructor course developed by the authorizing agency.
23	"Authorizing agency" means the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification.
24	"Delegation" means transferring to a competent individual, as determined by the
25	authorized registered professional nurse, the authority to administer medications or perform a
26	health maintenance task.
27	"Director" means the Director of the Office of Health Facility Licensuer and Certification, or
28	his or her designee.
29	"Health care professional" means an allopathic physician, osteopathic physician,
30	registered professional nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, physician's assistant, dentist,
31	optometrist, or respiratory therapist licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 30 of this code.
32	"Health maintenance tasks" means: Administering glucometer tests; administering
33	gastrostomy tube feedings; administering enemas; and performing tracheostomy and ventilator
34	care for residents.
35	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General as
36	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
37	"Medication" means a drug, as defined in §60A-1-101 of this code, which has been
38	prescribed by a health care professional to be ingested through the mouth, inhaled through the
39	nose or mouth using an inhaler or nebulizer, applied to the outer skin, eye, or ear, or applied
40	through nose drops, or applied through vaginal or rectal suppositories. Medication does not mean
41	a controlled substance listed in Schedule I as provided in §60A-2-204 of this code, Schedule II as
42	provided in §60A-2-206 of this code, buprenorphine, or benzodiazepines.
43	"Medication reconciliation" means the process of creating an accurate list of all
44	medications a resident is taking, including drug name, dosage, frequency, and route, so correct
45	medications are being provided to the resident.

45 medications are being provided to the resident.

46	"Nursing home" means the same as it is defined in §16B-4-1 of this code.
47	"Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
48	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of Inspector General.
49	"Prescribing practitioner" means an individual who has prescriptive authority as provided in
50	chapter 30 of this code.
51	"Registered professional nurse" means a person who is actively licensed pursuant to §30-
52	7-1 et seq. of this code.
53	"Resident" means a person living in a nursing home who is in stable condition.
54	"Self-administration of medication" means the act of a resident, who is independently
55	capable of reading and understanding the labels of medication ordered by an authorized
56	practitioner, opening, and accessing prepackaged drug containers, and accurately identifying and
57	taking the correct dosage of the drugs as ordered by the health care professional at the correct
58	time and under the correct circumstances.
59	"Self-administration of medication with assistance" means assisting residents who are
60	otherwise able to self-administer their own medications, except their physical disabilities prevent
61	them from completing one or more steps in the process.
62	"Stable" means the resident's health condition is predictable and consistent as determined
63	by the registered professional nurse, and the resident's medications have been reconciled.
64	"Staff member" means an individual employed by a nursing home but does not include a
65	health care professional acting within his or her scope of practice.
66	"Supervision of self-administration of medication" means a personal service which
67	includes reminding residents to take medications, opening medication containers for residents,
68	reading the medication label to residents, observing residents while they take medication,
69	checking the self-administered dosage against the label on the container, and reassuring
70	residents that they have obtained and are taking the dosage as prescribed.

#### §16B-14-2. Administration of medications.

- (a) The authorizing agency shall create a program for the administration of medications in
   nursing homes.
- 3 (b) Administration of medication shall be performed by an approved medication assistive
- 4 personnel (AMAP) who has been trained and retrained every two years, passed a national
- 5 medication aide certification examination, and who is subject to the supervision of, and approval
- 6 by, an authorized registered professional nurse.
- 7 (c) After assessing the health status of a resident, a registered professional nurse, in
- 8 <u>collaboration with the resident's prescriber, may allow an AMAP to administer medication.</u>
- 9 (d) Nothing in this article prohibits a staff member from administering medications or

10 performing health maintenance tasks or providing any other prudent emergency assistance to aid

11 any person who is in acute physical distress or requires emergency assistance.

#### §16B-14-3. Exemption from licensure; statutory construction.

- 1 (a) A staff member who is not authorized by law to administer medication may do so in a
- 2 <u>nursing home if he or she meets the requirements of this article.</u>
- 3 (b) An approved medication assistive personnel is exempt from the licensing requirements
- 4 of chapter 30 of this code.
- 5 (c) A health care professional remains subject to his or her respective licensing laws.
- 6 (d) This article shall not be construed to violate or conflict with chapter 30 of this code.

#### §16B-14-4. Instruction and training.

- 1 (a) The authorizing agency's training curricula shall be based on a nationally recognized
- 2 model curriculum for certified medication assistants. The authorizing agency shall consult with the
- 3 West Virginia Board of Respiratory Care Practitioners in developing the training curricula relating
- 4 to the use of an inhaler or nebulizer. The certification examination must be a national Medication
- 5 <u>Aide Certification Examination.</u>
- 6 (b) The program developed by the authorizing agency shall require that a person who

7	applies to act as an approved medication assistive personnel shall:
8	(1) Hold a high school diploma or its equivalent;
9	(2) Be a nurse aide with at least one year of full-time experience;
10	(3) Be certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and first aid;
11	(4) Participate in the initial training program as set forth in §16B-14-1 of this code;
12	(5) Pass a national certification examination as set forth in §16B-14-1 of this code;
13	(6) Not have a statement on the stated administered nurse aide registry indicating that the
14	staff member has been the subject of finding of abuse or neglect of a long-term care nursing home
15	resident or convicted of the misappropriation of a resident's property; and
16	(7) Participate in a retraining program every two years.
17	(c) A nursing home may offer the training program developed by the authorizing agency to
18	its staff members. The training shall be provided by the nursing home through a registered
19	professional nurse.
20	(d) A registered professional nurse who is authorized to train staff members to administer
21	medications in nursing homes shall:
22	(1) Possess a current active license as set forth in §30-7-1 et seq. of this code to practice
23	as a registered professional nurse;
24	(2) Have practiced as a registered professional nurse in a position or capacity requiring
25	knowledge of medications for the immediate two years prior to being authorized to train staff
26	members;
27	(3) Be familiar with the nursing care needs of the residents as described in this article; and
28	(4) Have completed and passed the nursing home trainer/instructor course developed by
29	the authorizing agency.
	§16B-14-5. Eligibility requirements of nursing home staff.

1 In order to administer medication, an approved medication assistive personnel (AMAP)

- 2 shall:
- 3 (1) Determine the medication to be administered is in its original container in which it was
  4 dispensed by a pharmacist or the physician;
- 5 (2) Make a written record of assistance of medication with regard to each medication
- 6 <u>administered, including the time, route, and amount taken;</u>
- 7 (3) Display the title Approved Medication Assistive Personnel; and
- 8 (4) Comply with the legislative rules promulgated by the authorizing agency pursuant to
- 9 §29A-3-1 et seq of this code relating to the provisions of this article, which shall address, at a
- 10 minimum, the supervision provided by the registered professional nurse to the AMAP.

#### §16B-14-6. Oversight of approved medication assistive personnel.

1 <u>A nursing home using an approved medication assistive personnel shall establish an</u>

2 administrative monitoring system and shall comply with the applicable provisions of the legislative

3 rules promulgated pursuant to §16B-10-11 of this code.

#### §16B-14-7. Withdrawal of authorization.

(a) The registered professional nurse who supervises an approved medication assistive
 personnel (AMAP) may withdraw authorization for an AMAP to administer medications if the nurse
 determines that the AMAP is not performing the function in accordance with the training and
 written instructions.
 (b) The withdrawal of the authorization shall be documented and relayed to the nursing

- home and the authorizing agency. The agency shall remove the AMAP from the list of authorized
   individuals. The Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification shall maintain a list of the
   names of persons whose authorization has been withdrawn and the reasons for withdrawal of
   authorization. The list may be accessed by registered professional nurses and administrative
- 10 personnel of nursing homes.

#### §16B-14-8. Fees.

1 The authorizing agency may set and collect any appropriate fees necessary for the

2 implementation of the provisions of this article pursuant to the legislative rules authorized by this

#### 3 <u>article.</u>

#### §16B-14-9. Limitations on medication administration.

- 1 (a) An approved medication assistive personnel (AMAP) may not:
- 2 (1) Administer the first dose of a medication;
- 3 (2) Perform an injection;
- 4 (3) Administer irrigations or debriding agents to treat a skin condition or minor abrasions;
- 5 (4) Act upon verbal medication orders;
- 6 (5) Transcribe medication orders;
- 7 (6) Convert or calculate drug dosages;
- 8 (7) Administer medications to be given "as needed" as ordered by the health care
- 9 professional, unless the supervising nurse has first performed and documented a bedside
- 10 assessment, and then the AMAP may administer the medication based on the written order with
- 11 specific parameters which preclude independent judgment; or
- 12 (8) Perform health maintenance tasks.
- 13 (b) An AMAP may not be assigned to both medication administration duty and typical nurse
- 14 <u>aide duties related to resident care and assistance with activities of daily living simultaneously.</u>
- 15 When assigned to medication administration, the AMAP's responsibility shall be to administer
- 16 medication and tasks related to the administration of medication. An AMAP may be assigned to
- 17 other resident care and assistance with activities of daily living during such times that the AMAP is
- 18 not engaged in, or scheduled to be engaged in, the administration of medication.

#### §16B-14-10. Permissive participation.

<u>The provisions of this article are not mandatory upon any nursing home or nursing home</u>
 <u>employee. A nursing home may not, as a condition of employment, require a nurse aide to become</u>
 <u>an approved medication assistive personnel (AMAP) or require its health care professionals to use</u>
 <u>AMAPs.</u>

### ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA CLEARANCE FOR ACCESS: REGISTRY AND

## EMPLOYMENT SCREENING ACT.

#### §16B-15-1. Definitions.

- 1 <u>As used in this article:</u>
- 2 "Applicant" means an individual who is being considered for employment or engagement
- 3 with the department, a covered provider or covered contractor.
- 4 "Background check" means a prescreening of registries specified by the secretary by rule
- 5 and a fingerprint-based search of state and federal criminal history record information.
- 6 <u>"Bureau" means a division within the Department of Health, Department of Human</u>
- 7 <u>Services and Department of Health Facilities.</u>
- 8 "Covered contractor" means an individual or entity, including their employees and

9 subcontractors, that contracts with a covered provider to perform services that include any direct

- 10 access services.
- 11 <u>"Covered provider" means the following facilities or providers:</u>
- 12 (i) A skilled nursing facility;
- 13 <u>(ii) A nursing facility;</u>
- 14 (iii) A home health agency;
- 15 <u>(iv) A provider of hospice care;</u>
- 16 <u>(v) A long-term care hospital;</u>
- 17 <u>(vi) A provider of personal care services;</u>
- 18 (vii) A provider of adult day care;
- 19 (viii) A residential care provider that arranges for, or directly provides, long-term care
- 20 services, including an assisted living facility;
- 21 (ix) An intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities;
- 22 (x) Any other facility or provider required to participate in the West Virginia Clearance for

23	Access: Registry and Employment Screening program as determined by the secretary by
24	legislative rule; and
25	(xi) Excludes medical foster home approved and annually reviewed by the United States
26	Department of Veterans Affairs pursuant to 38 CFR §17.73.
27	"Department" means the Department of Health, Department of Human Services and
28	Department of Health Facilities.
29	"Department employee" means any prospective or current part-time employee, full-time
30	employee, temporary employee, independent contractor, or volunteer of the department.
31	"Direct access" means physical contact with a resident, member, beneficiary, or client, or
32	access to their property, personally identifiable information, protected health information, or
33	financial information.
34	"Direct access personnel" means an individual who has direct access by virtue of
35	ownership, employment, engagement or agreement with the department, a covered provider, or
36	covered contractor. Direct access personnel does not include volunteers or students performing
37	irregular or supervised functions or contractors performing repairs, deliveries, installations or
38	similar services for the covered provider. The secretary director shall determine by legislative rule
39	whether the position in question involves direct access.
40	"Director" means the Director of the West Virginia Clearance for Access: Registry and
41	Employment Screening program.
42	"Disqualifying offense" means:
43	(A) A conviction of any crime described in 42 U. S. C. §1320a-7(a); or
44	(B) A conviction of any other crime specified by the secretary in rule, which shall include
45	crimes against care-dependent or vulnerable individuals, crimes of violence, sexual offenses, and
46	financial crimes.
47	"Negative finding" means a finding in the prescreening that excludes an applicant from

48 direct access personnel positions.

49	"Notice of ineligibility" means a notice pursuant to §16-49-3 of this code that the secretary's
50	review of the applicant's criminal history record information reveals a disqualifying offense.
51	"Prescreening" means a mandatory search of databases and registries specified by the
52	secretary in legislative rule for exclusions and licensure status prior to the submission of
53	fingerprints for a criminal history record information check.
54	"Rap back" means the notification to the department when an individual who has
55	undergone a fingerprint-based, state, or federal criminal history record information check has a
56	subsequent state or federal criminal history event.
57	"State Police" means the West Virginia State Police Criminal Identification Bureau.
	§16B-15-2. Background check program for the department, covered providers, and
	covered contractors.
1	(a) The director shall create and implement a background check program to facilitate the
2	processing and analysis of the criminal history and background of applicants to the department,
3	covered providers, and covered contractors with direct access. This program shall be called the
4	West Virginia Clearance for Access: Registry and Employment Screening.
5	(b) The purpose of the program is to protect West Virginia's vulnerable populations by
6	requiring registry and criminal background checks for all direct access personnel of the
7	department, covered providers, and covered contractors.
8	(c) The program shall include:
9	(1) A centralized Internet-based system of registries to allow the department, covered
10	providers, and covered contractors to perform a mandatory prescreening of applicants;
11	(2) Fingerprint-based state and federal criminal background checks on all direct access
12	personnel; and
13	(3) An integrated Rap Back Program with the State Police to allow retention of fingerprints
14	and updates of state and federal criminal information on all direct access personnel until such time
15	as the individual is no longer employed or engaged by the department, the covered provider, or

16	covered contractor.
17	(d) The director shall notify applicants subject to a criminal history record check that their
18	fingerprints shall be retained by the State Police Criminal Identification Bureau and the Federal
19	Bureau of Investigation.
	§16B-15-3. Prescreening and criminal background checks.
1	(a) Except as otherwise permitted in this article, the department, covered provider, or
2	covered contractor may not employ or engage an applicant prior to completing the background
3	check process.
4	(b) If the applicant has a negative finding on any required prescreening registry or
5	database, the employer shall notify the individual of such finding.
6	(c) If the applicant has a negative finding on any required prescreening registry or
7	database, that individual may not immediately be engaged by the department, covered provider, or
8	covered contractor.
9	(d) If the applicant does not have a negative finding in the prescreening process, the
10	applicant shall submit to fingerprinting for a state and federal criminal history record information
11	check.
12	(e) The State Police shall notify the secretary of the results of the criminal history record
13	information check.
14	(f) If the director's review of the criminal history record information reveals that the
15	applicant does not have a disqualifying offense, the director shall provide written notice to the
16	department's bureau, covered provider, or covered contractor that the individual may be engaged.
	§16B-15-4. Notice of ineligibility; prohibited participation as direct access personnel or
	department employee.
1	(a) If the director's review of the applicant's criminal history record information reveals a
2	disqualifying offense, the director shall provide written notice to the department's bureau, covered
~	

3 provider, or covered contractor advising that the applicant is ineligible for work. The director may

4	not disseminate the criminal history record information.
5	(b) The director, covered provider, or covered contractor may not engage an applicant with
6	a disqualifying offense as direct access personnel. If the applicant has been provisionally
7	employed pursuant to §16B-15-6 of this code, the employer shall terminate the provisional
8	employment upon receipt of the notice.
	<u>§16B-15-5. Variance; appeals.</u>
1	(a) If the director issues a notice of ineligibility, the applicant, or the employer on the
2	applicant's behalf, may file a written request for a variance with the director not later than 30 days
3	after the date of the notice required by §16B-15-3 or §16B-15-4 of this code.
4	(b) The director may grant a variance if:
5	(1) Mitigating circumstances surrounding the negative finding or disqualifying offense is
6	provided; and
7	(2) The director finds that the individual will not pose a danger or threat to residents,
8	members and their property.
9	(c) The director shall establish in legislative rule factors that qualify as mitigating
10	circumstances.
11	(d) The director shall mail to the applicant and the department's bureau, covered provider,
12	or covered contractor a written decision within 60 days of receipt of the request indicating whether
13	a variance has been granted or denied.
14	(e) If an applicant believes that their criminal history record information within this state is
15	incorrect or incomplete, they may challenge the accuracy of such information by writing to the
15 16	incorrect or incomplete, they may challenge the accuracy of such information by writing to the State Police for a personal review. However, if the discrepancies are at the charge or final

19	(f) If an applicant believes that their criminal history record information outside this state is
20	incorrect or incomplete, they may appeal the accuracy of such information by contacting the
21	Federal Bureau of Investigation for instructions.
22	(g) If any changes, corrections, or updates are made in the criminal history record
23	information, the State Police shall notify the secretary that the applicant has appealed the
24	accuracy of the criminal history records and provide the secretary with the updated results of the
25	criminal history record information check, which the secretary shall review de novo in accordance
26	with the provisions of this article.
	§16B-15-6. Provisional employment pending completion of background check.
1	(a) The department, covered provider, or covered contractor may permit an applicant to
2	work on a provisional basis for not more than 60 days pending notification from the director
3	regarding the results of the criminal background check if:
4	(1) The applicant is subject to direct on-site supervision, as specified in rule by the
5	secretary, during the course of the provisional period; and
6	(2) In a signed statement the applicant:
7	(A) Affirms that he or she has not committed a disqualifying offense;
8	(B) Acknowledges that a disqualifying offense reported in the required criminal history
9	record information check shall constitute good cause for termination; and
10	(C) Acknowledges that the department, covered provider, or covered contractor may
11	terminate the individual if a disqualifying offense is reported in the background check.
12	(b) Provisional employees who have requested a variance shall not be required to sign
13	such a statement. The department, covered provider, or covered contractor may continue to
14	employ an applicant if an applicant applies for a variance of his or her fitness determination until
15	the variance is resolved.
	<u>§16B-15-7. Clearance for subsequent employment.</u>

2	(a) An applicant is not required to submit to fingerprinting and a criminal background check
3	if:
4	(1) The individual previously submitted to fingerprinting and a full criminal background
5	<u>check as required by this article;</u>
6 7	(2) The prior criminal background check confirmed that the individual did not have a disgualifying offense or the individual received prior approval from the director to work for or with
' 8	the same type of covered provider or covered contractor; and
9	(3) The Rap Back Program has not identified any criminal activity that constitutes a
10	disqualifying offense.
11	(b) The director shall provide notice of prior clearance for direct access status upon request
12	by a subsequent bureau, covered provider, or covered contractor inquiries.
	<u>§16B-15-8. Fees.</u>
1	In order to enforce the requirements and intent of this article, the following fees may be
2	<u>charged:</u>
3	(1) The State Police may assess a fee to the department, applicants, covered providers, or
4	covered contractors for conducting the criminal background check and for collecting and retaining
5	fingerprints for Rap Back as authorized under this article.
6	(2) The director may assess a fee to applicants, the department, covered providers, or
7	covered contractors for the maintenance of the Internet-based system required by this article. The
8	assessment shall be deposited into a special revenue account within the State Treasurer's office
9	to be known as the Office of Inspector General Criminal Background Administration Account.
10	Expenditures from the account shall be made by the director for purposes set forth in this article
11	and are authorized from collections. The account shall be administered by the director and may

12 <u>not be deemed a part of the general revenue of the state.</u>

# §16B-15-9. Rules; penalties; confidentiality; immunity.

1 (a) The Inspector General shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with

2	§29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to implement the provisions of this article. The Inspector General
3	may promulgate emergency rules, if justified, pursuant to §29A-3-15 of this code as may be
4	required.
5	(b) Failure of a covered provider or covered contractor to ensure proper completion of the
6	background check process for each individual employed as direct access personnel may result in
7	the imposition of monetary civil penalties. In addition, engaging individuals knowing that they are
8	ineligible to work may subject the employer to monetary civil penalties.
9	(c) The director shall treat and maintain any criminal background search information
10	obtained under this article as confidential. The director shall limit the use of records solely to the
11	purposes authorized in this article. The criminal history record information in the custody of the
12	director is not subject to subpoena, other than one issued in a criminal action or investigation; is
13	confidential by law and privileged; and is not subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any
14	private civil action.
15	(d) The Office of the Inspector General and its employees are immune from liability, civil or
16	criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for good faith conduct in determining
17	eligibility or granting variances permitted by this article.

# ARTICLE 16. FOSTER CARE OMBUDSMAN PROGRAM.

	<u>§16B-16-1.</u>	The	Foster	Care	Ombudsman.
1	<u>(a) There</u>	is continued within	the Office of the Ins	spector General the	e position of the West
2	Virginia Foster Ca	ire Ombudsman. Th	ne Office of the Inspe	ector General shall	employ a Foster Care
3	Ombudsman to at	ffect the purposes of	of this article.		
4	<u>(b) In addi</u>	tion to the duties pr	rovided in §9-5-27 o	f this code, the duti	ies of the Foster Care
5	Ombudsman inclu	ude, but are not limi	ited to, the following	<u>I:</u>	
6	<u>(1) Establi</u>	shing a statewide p	procedure to receive	e, investigate, and r	esolve complaints:
7	<u>(A) Filed o</u>	n behalf of a child w	vho is subject to a re	ported allegation of	f abuse and neglect, a
8	child who has die	d or sustained a cr	itical incident, a chi	ld in the juvenile ju	stice system, a foster

9	child, foster parent, or kinship parent;
10	(B) On the Foster Care Ombudsman's own initiative, of a child who is subject to a reported
11	allegation of abuse and neglect, a child who has died or sustained a critical incident, a child in the
12	juvenile justice system; or
13	(C) On the Foster Care Ombudsman's own initiative, on behalf of a foster child, relating to
14	action, inaction, or decisions of the state agency, child-placing agency, or residential care facility
15	which may adversely affect the foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent;
16	(2) Review periodically and make appropriate recommendations for the policies and
17	procedures established by any state agency providing services to the child welfare system;
18	(3) Pursuant to an investigation, provide assistance to an individual who the Foster Care
19	Ombudsman determines is in need of assistance, including, but not limited to, collaborating with
20	an agency, provider, or others on behalf of the best interests of the child;
21	(4) Recommend action when appropriate, including, but not limited to, undertaking
22	legislative advocacy and making proposals for systemic reform and formal legal action, in order to
23	secure and ensure the legal, civil, and special rights of children in the child welfare system and the
24	juvenile justice system;
25	(5) Conduct programs of public education when necessary and appropriate;
26	(6) Have input into the creation of, and thereafter make recommendations consistent with,
27	the foster children, foster parents, and kinship parents bill of rights;
28	(7) Take appropriate steps to advise the public of the services of the Foster Care
29	Ombudsman, the purpose of the ombudsman, and procedures to contact the office; and
30	(8) Make inquiries and obtain assistance and information from other state governmental
31	agencies or persons as the Foster Care Ombudsman requires for the discharge of his or her
32	duties.
33	(c) (1) The Foster Care Ombudsman or his or her staff may not be compelled to testify or
34	produce evidence in any judicial or administrative proceeding with respect to the identity of an

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35	individual providing information to the ombudsman as part of an official investigation, or the
36	substance of that person's report to the ombudsman as part of an official investigation. All
37	memoranda, work product, notes, or case files developed and maintained as part of an official
38	investigation of the Foster Care Ombudsman Office are confidential and are not subject to
39	discovery, subpoena, or other means of legal compulsion, and are not admissible as evidence in a
40	judicial or administrative proceeding.
41	(2) The ombudsman may be compelled to provide testimony by a court or administrative
42	body of competent jurisdiction related to any action carried out by the office that is unrelated to the
43	substance of a specific official investigation, or reports submitted to the Legislative Oversight
44	Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability provided for in §9-5-27 and §49-9-
45	102 of this code. Should the ombudsman be compelled to testify, provide evidence in discovery,
46	respond to a subpoena, or otherwise divulge testimony or evidence in any judicial, administrative,
47	or legislative proceeding, the ombudsman may not be compelled to provide testimony or evidence
48	concerning the identity of any complainant or any individual providing information to the
49	ombudsman as part of an official investigation, or the substance of any complaint or report unless
50	the ombudsman should decline to exercise that privilege. The purpose of this provision is to
51	ensure a level of confidentiality between the ombudsman and a person reporting to, complaining
52	to, or providing other evidence to the ombudsman as part of an official investigation carried out by
53	the office.
54	(3) Any objection by the ombudsman to the disclosure of any testimony, documentary, or
55	physical evidence shall be reviewed by the presiding official of such tribunal, in camera, upon the
56	request of the ombudsman, and the presiding official shall prevent the disclosure of the identity of
57	any complainant, witness, or reporter as well as the substance of their complaint, testimony, or
58	report.
	§16B-16-2. Investigation of complaints.

1 (a) Upon receipt of a complaint or by court order within the scope of the Foster Care

2	Ombudsman Program, the Foster Care Ombudsman shall investigate, except as provided in §49-
3	9-102(c) of this code, any act, practice, policy, or procedure of any state agency, child-placing
4	agency, juvenile facility, or residential care facility which affects the health, safety, welfare, or rights
5	of a foster child, a foster parent, a child who is subject to a reported allegation of abuse and
6	neglect, a child who has died or sustained a critical incident, a child in the juvenile justice system,
7	or a kinship parent.
8	(b) Investigative activities of the Foster Care Ombudsman include, but are not limited to:
9	information gathering, mediation, negotiation, informing parties of the status of the investigation,
10	notification to any aggrieved party of alternative processes, reporting of suspected violations to a
11	licensing or certifying agency, and the reporting of suspected criminal violations to the appropriate
12	authorities.
13	(c) The Foster Care Ombudsman need not investigate any complaint upon determining
14	that:
15	(1) The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious, or not made in good faith;
16	(2) The complaint has been too long delayed to justify present investigation;
17	(3) The resources available, considering the established priorities, are insufficient for an
18	adequate investigation;
19	(4) The matter complained of is not within the investigatory authority of the Foster Care
20	Ombudsman; or
21	(5) A real or apparent conflict of interest exists and no other person within the office is
22	available to investigate the complaint in an impartial manner.
23	(d) The Office of the Inspector General and other appropriate state governmental agencies
24	may establish and implement cooperative agreements for receiving, processing, responding to,
25	and resolving complaints involving state governmental agencies under the provisions of this
26	section.
27	(e) The Foster Care Ombudsman shall submit an annual written report to the Governor

28	containing:
29	(1) The number of complaints;
30	(2) The types of complaints;
31	(3) The location of the complaints;
32	(4) How the complaints are resolved; and
33	(5) Any other information the Foster Care Ombudsman feels is appropriate.
34	(f) The Foster Care Ombudsman shall summarize the reports and present that information
35	to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Health and Human Resources Accountability. Nothing
36	shall preclude the Foster Care Ombudsman office from submitting data, findings, or reports
37	beyond this annual report.
38	(g) Another office, department, agency, or official may not prohibit the release of an
39	ombudsman's recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature.
	§16B-16-3. Access to foster care children.
1	(a) The Foster Care Ombudsman shall, with proper identification, have access to a foster
2	family home, a state agency, a child-placing agency, or a residential care facility for the purposes
3	of investigations of a complaint. The Foster Care Ombudsman may enter a foster family home, a
4	state agency, a child-placing agency, or a residential care facility at a time appropriate to the
5	complaint. The visit may be announced in advance or be made unannounced as appropriate to the
6	complaint under investigation. Upon entry, the Foster Care Ombudsman shall promptly and
7	personally advise the person in charge of his or her presence. If entry is refused by the person in
8	charge, the Foster Care Ombudsman may apply to the magistrate court of the county in which a
9	foster family home, a state agency, a child-placing agency, or a residential care facility is located
10	for a warrant authorizing entry, and the court shall issue an appropriate warrant if it finds good
11	cause therefor.
12	(b) For activities other than those specifically related to the investigation of a complaint, the

13 Foster Care Ombudsman, upon proper identification, shall have access to a foster family home, a

14	state agency, a child-placing agency, or a residential care facility between the hours of 8:00 a.m.
15	and 8:00 p.m. in order to:
16	(1) Provide information on the Foster Care Ombudsman Program to a foster child, foster
17	parents, or kinship parents;
18	(2) Inform a foster child, a foster parent, or a kinship parent of his or her rights and
19	entitlements, and his or her corresponding obligations, under applicable federal and state laws;
20	and
21	(3) Direct the foster child, the foster parents, or the kinship parents to appropriate legal
22	resources;
23	(c) Access to a foster family home, a state agency, a child-placing agency, or a residential
24	care facility under this section shall be deemed to include the right to private communication with
25	the foster child, the foster parents, or the kinship parents.
26	(d) A Foster Care Ombudsman who has access to a foster family home, a state agency, a
27	child-placing agency, or a residential care facility under this section shall not enter the living area of
28	a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent without identifying himself or herself to the foster
29	child, foster parent, or kinship parent. After identifying himself or herself, an ombudsman shall be
30	permitted to enter the living area of a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent unless that foster
31	child, foster parent, or kinship parent communicates on that particular occasion the foster child,
32	foster parents', or kinship parents' desire to prevent the ombudsman from entering. A foster child,
33	foster parent, or kinship parent has the right to terminate, at any time, any visit by the Foster Care
34	Ombudsman.
35	(e) Access to a foster family home, a state agency, a child-placing agency, or a residential
36	care facility pursuant to this section includes the right to tour the facility unescorted.
	§16B-16-4. Access to records.
1	(a) The Foster Care Ombudsman is allowed access to any foster child's, foster parents' or

2 kinship parents' records, including medical records reasonably necessary to any investigation,

3	without fee.
4	(b) The Foster Care Ombudsman is allowed access to all records of any foster family
5	home, state agency, child-placing agency, or residential care facility that is reasonably necessary
6	for the investigation of a complaint, including, but not limited to, incident reports; dietary records;
7	policies and procedures that a foster family home, a state agency, a child-placing agency, or a
8	residential care facility are required to maintain under federal or state law; admission agreements;
9	staffing schedules; or any document depicting the actual staffing pattern.
	§16B-16-5. Subpoena powers.
1	(a) The Foster Care Ombudsman may, in the course of any investigation:
2	(1) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha
3	County for the issuance of a subpoena to compel at a specific time and place, by subpoena, the
4	appearance, before a person authorized to administer oaths, the sworn testimony of any person
5	whom the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may be able to give information relating
6	to a matter under investigation; or
6 7	to a matter under investigation; or (2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha
7	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha
7 8	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific
7 8 9	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records,
7 8 9 10	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence which the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may
7 8 9 10 11	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence which the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may relate to a matter under investigation.
7 8 9 10 11 12	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence which the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may relate to a matter under investigation. (b) A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum applied for by the Foster Care Ombudsman may
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence which the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may relate to a matter under investigation. (b) A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum applied for by the Foster Care Ombudsman may not be issued until a circuit court judge in term or vacation thereof has personally reviewed the
7 9 10 11 12 13 14	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence which the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may relate to a matter under investigation. (b) A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum applied for by the Foster Care Ombudsman may not be issued until a circuit court judge in term or vacation thereof has personally reviewed the application and accompanying affidavits and approved, by a signed order entered by the judge,
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	(2) Apply to the circuit court of the appropriate county or the Circuit Court of Kanawha County for the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum to compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, before a person authorized to administer oaths, any documents, books, records, papers, objects, or other evidence which the Foster Care Ombudsman reasonably believes may relate to a matter under investigation. (b) A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum applied for by the Foster Care Ombudsman may not be issued until a circuit court judge in term or vacation thereof has personally reviewed the application and accompanying affidavits and approved, by a signed order entered by the judge, the issuance of the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum. Subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum

19	Foster Care Ombudsman in all administrative proceedings and in all proceedings in any circuit
20	court and the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.
	§16B-16-6. Cooperation among government departments or agencies.
1	(a) The Foster Care Ombudsman shall have access to the records of any state
2	government agency reasonably necessary to any investigation. The Foster Care Ombudsman
3	shall be notified of and be allowed to observe any survey conducted by a government agency
4	affecting the health, safety, welfare, or rights of the foster child, the foster parents, or the kinship
5	parents.
6	(b) The Foster Care Ombudsman shall develop procedures to refer any complaint to any
7	appropriate state government department, agency, or office.
8	(c) When abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a foster child is suspected, the Foster Care
9	Ombudsman shall make a referral to the Bureau for Children and Families, Office of Health Facility
10	Licensure and Certification, or both.
11	(d) Any state government department, agency, or office that responds to a complaint
12	referred to it by the Foster Care Ombudsman Program shall make available to the Foster Care
13	Ombudsman copies of inspection reports and plans of correction, and notices of any citations and
14	sanctions levied against the foster family home, the child-placing agency, or the residential care
15	facility identified in the complaint.
	§16B-16-7. Confidentiality of investigations.
1	(a) Information relating to any investigation of a complaint that contains the identity of the
2	complainant, a child who is subject to a reported allegation of abuse and neglect, a child who has
3	died or sustained a critical incident, a child in the juvenile justice system, a foster child, foster
4	parent, or kinship parent shall remain confidential except:
5	(1) Where imminent risk of serious harm is communicated directly to the Foster Care
6	Ombudsman or his or her staff;
7	(2) Where disclosure is necessary to the bureau in order for such office to determine the

- 8 appropriateness of initiating an investigation regarding potential abuse, neglect, or emergency 9 circumstances; or 10 (3) Where disclosure is necessary to the Office of Health Facility Licensure and 11 Certification in order for such office to determine the appropriateness of initiating an investigation 12 to determine facility compliance with applicable rules of licensure, certification, or both. 13 (b) The Foster Care Ombudsman shall maintain confidentiality with respect to all matters 14 including the identities of complainants, witnesses, or others from whom information is acquired, 15 except insofar as disclosures may be necessary to enable the Foster Care Ombudsman to carry 16 out duties of the office or to support recommendations. 17 (c) Notwithstanding any other section within this article, all information, records, and 18 reports received by or developed by the Foster Care Ombudsman Program which relate to a foster 19 child, foster parent, or kinship parent, including written material identifying a foster child, foster 20 parent, or a child who is subject to a reported allegation of abuse and neglect, a child who has died 21 or sustained a critical incident, a child in the juvenile justice system, or kinship parent, are 22 confidential pursuant to §49-5-101 et seq. of this code and are not subject to the provisions of 23 §29B-1-1 et seq. of this code, and may not be disclosed or released by the Foster Care 24 Ombudsman Program, except under the circumstances enumerated in this section. 25 (d) Nothing in this section prohibits the preparation and submission by the Foster Care 26 Ombudsman of statistical data and reports, as required to implement the provisions of this article 27 or any applicable federal law, exclusive of any material that identifies any foster child, foster 28 parent, kinship parent, or complainant. 29 (e) The Inspector General shall have access to the records and files of the Foster Care 30 Ombudsman Program to verify its effectiveness and quality where the identity of any complainant, 31 a child who is subject to a reported allegation of abuse and neglect, a child who has died or
- 32 <u>sustained a critical incident, a child in the juvenile justice system, or foster child, foster parent, or</u>
- 33 kinship parent is not disclosed.

# §16B-16-8. Limitations on liability.

1	(a) The Foster Care Ombudsman participating in an investigation carried out pursuant to
2	this article who is performing his or her duties is immune from civil liability that otherwise might
3	result by reason of his or her participation in the investigation, as long as such participation is not
4	violative of any applicable law, rule, or regulation, and done within the scope of his or her
5	employment and in good faith.
6	(b) If an act or omission by the Foster Care Ombudsman or an act in good faith pursuant to
7	a specific foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent complaint causes a foster child's, foster
8	parents', or kinship parents' rights to be violated, no foster family home, state agency, child-placing
9	agency, or residential care facility, its owners, administrators, officers, director, agents,
10	consultants, employees, or any member of management may be held civilly liable as a result of the
11	act or omission.
	§16B-16-9. Willful interference; retaliation; penalties.
1	(a) An individual who willfully interferes with or impedes the Foster Care Ombudsman in
1 2	(a) An individual who willfully interferes with or impedes the Foster Care Ombudsman in the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
2	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
2 3	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100.
2 3 4	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (b) An individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory, or
2 3 4 5	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (b) An individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory, or reprisal action against a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent for having filed a complaint
2 3 4 5 6	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (b) An individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory, or reprisal action against a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent for having filed a complaint with or provided information in good faith to the Foster Care Ombudsman in carrying out the duties
2 3 4 5 6 7	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (b) An individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory, or reprisal action against a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent for having filed a complaint with or provided information in good faith to the Foster Care Ombudsman in carrying out the duties pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (b) An individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory, or reprisal action against a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent for having filed a complaint with or provided information in good faith to the Foster Care Ombudsman in carrying out the duties pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	the performance of his or her official duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (b) An individual who institutes or commits a discriminatory, disciplinary, retaliatory, or reprisal action against a foster child, foster parent, or kinship parent for having filed a complaint with or provided information in good faith to the Foster Care Ombudsman in carrying out the duties pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$100. (c) An individual violating the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section is, for the

- 13 (d) Nothing in this section infringes upon the rights of an employer to supervise, discipline,
- 14 <u>or terminate an employee for other reasons.</u>

### §16B-16-10. Funding for Foster Care Ombudsman Program.

- 1 The Foster Care Ombudsman Program shall receive such funds appropriated by the
- 2 Legislature for the operation of the program.

# ARTICLE 17. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

### §16B-17-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited and referred to as "The West Virginia Human
- 2 Rights Act."

### §16B-17-2. Declaration of policy.

1 It is the public policy of the State of West Virginia to provide all of its citizens equal 2 opportunity for employment, equal access to places of public accommodations, and equal opportunity in the sale, purchase, lease, rental and financing of housing accommodations or real 3 4 property. Equal opportunity in the areas of employment and public accommodations is hereby 5 declared to be a human right or civil right of all persons without regard to race, religion, color, 6 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, or disability. Equal opportunity in housing 7 accommodations or real property is hereby declared to be a human right or civil right of all persons 8 without regard to race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, disability, or familial 9 status. 10 The denial of these rights to properly qualified persons by reason of race, religion, color, 11 national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, disability, or familial status is contrary to the

12 principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and is destructive to a free and democratic

13 <u>society.</u>

### §16B-17-3. Definitions.

- 1 <u>When used in this article:</u>
- 2 (a) The term "person" means one or more individuals, partnerships, associations,

3	organizations, corporations, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees,
4	trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups of persons;
5	(b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission;
6	(c) The term "director" means the executive director of the commission who reports to the
7	Inspector General;
8	(d) The term "employer" means the state, or any political subdivision thereof, and any
9	person employing twelve or more persons within the state for twenty or more calendar weeks in
10	the calendar year in which the act of discrimination allegedly took place or the preceding calendar
11	year: Provided, That such terms shall not be taken, understood or construed to include a private
12	<u>club;</u>
13	(e) The term "employee" shall not include any individual employed by his or her parents,
14	spouse or child;
15	(f) The term "labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, in
16	whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances,
10	
17	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment;
17	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment;
17 18	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without
17 18 19	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity
17 18 19 20	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment
17 18 19 20 21	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency;
17 18 19 20 21 22	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency; (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency: (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry,
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency; (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, disability or familial status and includes to separate or segregate;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	terms or conditions of employment or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment; (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency; (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, disability or familial status and includes to separate or segregate; (i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" includes only those practices specified in

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29	services, goods, facilities, or accommodations to the general public, but shall not include any
30	accommodations which are in their nature private. To the extent that any penitentiary, correctional
31	facility, detention center, regional jail or county jail is a place of public accommodation, the rights,
32	remedies and requirements provided by this article for any violation of subdivision (6), §16B-17-9
33	of this code shall not apply to any person other than: (1) Any person employed at a penitentiary,
34	correctional facility, detention center, regional jail or county jail; (2) any person employed by a law-
35	enforcement agency; or (3) any person visiting any such employee or visiting any person detained
36	in custody at such facility;
37	(k) The term "age" means the age of forty or above;
38	(I) For the purpose of this article, a person shall be considered to be blind only if his central
39	visual acuity does not exceed twenty/two hundred in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if his
40	visual acuity is greater than twenty/two hundred but is occasioned by a limitation in the fields of
41	vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty
42	degrees; and
43	(m) The term "disability" means:
44	(1) A mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such person's
45	major life activities. The term "major life activities" includes functions such as caring for one's self,
46	performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working;
47	(2) A record of such impairment; or
48	(3) Being regarded as having such an impairment.
49	For the purposes of this article, this term does not include persons whose current use of or
50	addiction to alcohol or drugs prevents such persons from performing the duties of the job in
51	guestion or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol or drug abuse, would constitute
52	a direct threat to property or the safety of others.
	<u>§16B-17-4. Powers and objectives.</u>

2	services as in this article prescribed and as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall
3	encourage and endeavor to bring about mutual understanding and respect among all racial,
4	religious and ethnic groups within the state and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination in
5	employment and places of public accommodations by virtue of race, religion, color, national origin,
6	ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination in the sale,
7	purchase, lease, rental or financing of housing and other real property by virtue of race, religion,
8	color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap or familial status.
	§16B-17-5. Composition; appointment, terms, and oath of members; compensation and
	expenses.
1	The commission shall be composed of nine members, all residents, and citizens of the
2	State of West Virginia and broadly representative of the several racial, religious, and ethnic groups
3	residing within the state, to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of
4	the Senate. Not more than five members of the commission shall be members of the same political
5	party and not more than five members shall be appointed from any one congressional district.
6	Members of the commission shall be appointed for terms of three years commencing on
7	July 1 of the year of their appointments, except that the nine members first appointed hereunder
8	shall be appointed for terms of from one to three years, respectively, so that the terms of three
9	members of the commission will expire on June 30 of each succeeding year thereafter. Upon the
10	expiration of the initial terms, all subsequent appointments shall be for terms of three years each,
11	except that appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired term thereof. Members shall
12	be eligible for reappointment. Before assuming and performing any duties as a member of the
13	commission, each commission member shall take and subscribe to the official oath prescribed by
14	section 5, article IV of the Constitution of West Virginia, which executed oath shall be filed in the
15	office of the Secretary of State.
16	The members of the commission shall not receive a salary, but each appointed member

17 shall be paid \$50 per diem for actual time spent in the performance of duties under this article and

18 shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incident to the performance of their duties, 19 upon presentation of an itemized and sworn statement thereof. The foregoing per diem and 20 reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses shall be paid from appropriations made by the 21 Legislature to the commission. §16B-17-6. Commission organization and personnel; executive director; offices; meetings; quorum; expenses of personnel. 1 As soon as practical after July 1, of each year, the Governor shall call a meeting of the 2 commission to be convened at the state Capitol. The commission shall at such meeting organize 3 by electing one of its members as chairperson of the commission and one as vice chairperson 4 thereof for a term of one year or until their successors are elected and gualified. At such meeting 5 the commission shall also elect from its membership such other officers as may be found 6 necessary and proper for its effective organization. 7 The Governor shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint an 8 executive director to serve at his or her will and pleasure. The executive director shall serve as 9 secretary of the commission. The executive director shall have a college degree. He or she shall 10 be selected with particular reference to his or her training, experience and qualifications for the 11 position and shall be paid an annual salary, payable in monthly installments, from any 12 appropriations made therefor. The commission, upon recommendation of the executive director 13 and in accordance with the requirements of the civil service law, may employ such personnel as 14 may be necessary for the effective and orderly performance of the functions and services of the 15 commission. The commission shall employ an administrative law judge who shall be an attorney, 16 duly licensed to practice law in the State of West Virginia, for the conduct of the public hearings 17 authorized in subdivision (3), subsection (d), §16B-17-8 of this code. 18 The commission shall equip and maintain its offices at the state Capitol and shall hold its 19 annual organizational meeting there. The commission may hold other meetings during the year at 20 such times and places within the state as may be found necessary and may maintain one branch

21	office within the state as determined by the commission to be necessary for the effective and
22	orderly performance of the functions and services of the commission. Any five members of the
23	commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Minutes of its meetings shall
24	be kept by its secretary.
25	The executive director and other commission personnel shall be reimbursed for necessary
26	and reasonable travel and subsistence expenses actually incurred in the performance of
27	commission services upon presentation of properly verified expense accounts as prescribed by
28	law.
	§16B-17-7. Assistance to commission; legal services.
1	The commission may call upon other officers, departments, and agencies of the state
2	government to assist in its hearings, programs, and projects. The Attorney General of the state
3	shall render legal services to the commission upon request made by the commission or by the
4	chairman or the executive director thereof.
	§16B-17-8. Commission powers; functions; services.
1	§16B-17-8. Commission powers; functions; services. The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:
1 2	
	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:
2	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities
2 3	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater
2 3 4	<u>The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:</u> (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state;
2 3 4 5	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state; (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic
2 3 4 5 6	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state; (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic organizations, industrial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in
2 3 4 5 6 7	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state; (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic organizations, industrial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, understanding and the equal
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state; (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic organizations, industrial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, understanding and the equal protection of the laws of all groups and peoples;
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state; (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic organizations, industrial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, understanding and the equal protection of the laws of all groups and peoples; (c) To receive, investigate and pass upon complaints alleging discrimination in

13	race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, disability or familial status, and to
14	initiate its own consideration of any situations, circumstances or problems, including therein any
15	racial, religious or ethnic group tensions, prejudice, disorder or discrimination reported or existing
16	within the state relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing
17	accommodations and real property;
18	(d) To hold and conduct public and private hearings, in the county where the respondent
19	resides or transacts business or where agreed to by the parties or where the acts complained of
20	occurred, on complaints, matters and questions before the commission and, in connection
21	therewith, relating to discrimination in employment or places of public accommodations, housing
22	accommodations or real property and during the investigation of any formal complaint before the
23	commission relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing accommodations
24	or real property to:
25	(1) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum upon the approval of the executive
26	director or the chairperson of the commission; administer oaths; take the testimony of any person
27	under oath; and make reimbursement for travel and other reasonable and necessary expenses in
28	connection with such attendance;
29	(2) Furnish copies of public hearing records to parties involved therein upon their payment
30	of the reasonable costs thereof to the commission;
31	(2) Delevate to an administrative law judge who shall be an atterney, duly licenced to
	(3) Delegate to an administrative law judge who shall be an attorney, duly licensed to
32	practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein
32 33	
	practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein
33	practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein provided, to determine all questions of fact and law presented during the hearing and to render a
33 34	practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein provided, to determine all questions of fact and law presented during the hearing and to render a final decision on the merits of the complaint, subject to the review of the commission as hereinafter
33 34 35	practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein provided, to determine all questions of fact and law presented during the hearing and to render a final decision on the merits of the complaint, subject to the review of the commission as hereinafter set forth.

- 39 administrative law judge's decision. The commission shall limit its review upon such appeals to
- 40 whether the administrative law judge's decision is:
- 41 (A) In conformity with the Constitution and the laws of the state and the United States;
- 42 (B) Within the commission's statutory jurisdiction or authority;
- 43 (C) Made in accordance with procedures required by law or established by appropriate
- 44 <u>rules of the commission;</u>
- 45 (D) Supported by substantial evidence on the whole record; or
- 46 (E) Not arbitrary, capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted
- 47 <u>exercise of discretion.</u>
- 48 (4) To enter into conciliation agreements and consent orders.

49 Each conciliation agreement shall include provisions requiring the respondent to refrain

50 from the commission of unlawful discriminatory practices in the future and shall contain such

- 51 <u>further provisions as may be agreed upon by the commission and the respondent.</u>
- 52 If the respondent and the commission agree upon conciliation terms, the commission shall 53 serve upon the complainant a copy of the proposed conciliation agreement. If the complainant 54 agrees to the terms of the agreement or fails to object to such terms within fifteen days after its 55 service upon him or her, the commission shall issue an order embodying such conciliation 56 agreement. If the complainant objects to the agreement, he or she shall serve a specification of his
- 57 or her objections upon the commission within such period. Unless such objections are met or
- 58 withdrawn within ten days after service thereof, the commission shall notice the complaint for
- 59 <u>hearing.</u>
- 60 <u>Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the commission may, where it finds</u> 61 <u>the terms of the conciliation agreement to be in the public interest, execute such agreement, and</u>
- 62 limit the hearing to the objections of the complainant.
- 63 If a conciliation agreement is entered into, the commission shall serve a copy of the order
- 64 <u>embodying such agreement upon all parties to the proceeding.</u>

65	Not later than one year from the date of a conciliation agreement, the commission shall
66	investigate whether the respondent is complying with the terms of such agreement. Upon a finding
67	of noncompliance, the commission shall take appropriate action to assure compliance;
68	(5) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts
69	business for enforcement of any conciliation agreement or consent order by seeking specific
70	performance of such agreement or consent order;
71	(6) To issue cease and desist orders against any person found, after a public hearing, to
72	have violated the provisions of this article or the rules of the commission;
73	(7) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts
74	business for an order enforcing any lawful cease and desist order issued by the commission;
75	(e) To recommend to the Governor and Legislature policies, procedures, practices and
76	legislation in matters and questions affecting human rights;
77	(f) To delegate to its executive director such powers, duties and functions as may be
78	necessary and expedient in carrying out the objectives and purposes of this article who shall report
79	to the Inspector General;
80	(g) To prepare a written report on its work, functions and services for each year ending on
81	June 30 and to deliver copies thereof to the Governor on or before December 1, next thereafter;
82	(h) To do all other acts and deeds necessary and proper to carry out and accomplish
83	effectively the objects, functions and services contemplated by the provisions of this article,
84	including the promulgation of legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et
85	seq. of this code, implementing the powers and authority hereby vested in the commission;
86	(i) To create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local, regional or statewide,
87	as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purposes of this article, to study the problems of
88	discrimination in all or specific fields or instances of discrimination because of race, religion, color,
89	<u>national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, disability or familial status; to foster, through</u>
90	community effort or otherwise, goodwill, cooperation and conciliation among the groups and

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91	elements of the population of this state, and to make recommendations to the commission for the
92	development of policies and procedures, and for programs of formal and informal education, which
	development of policies and procedures, and for programs of formal and mormal education, which
93	the commission may recommend to the appropriate state agency. Such advisory agencies and
94	conciliation councils shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay. The
95	commission may itself make the studies and perform the acts authorized by this subdivision. It
96	may, by voluntary conferences with parties in interest, endeavor by conciliation and persuasion to
97	eliminate discrimination in all the stated fields and to foster goodwill and cooperation among all
98	elements of the population of the state;
99	(j) To accept contributions from any person to assist in the effectuation of the purposes of
100	this section and to seek and enlist the cooperation of private, charitable, religious, labor, civic and
101	benevolent organizations for the purposes of this section;
102	(k) To issue such publications and such results of investigation and research as in its
103	judgment will tend to promote goodwill and minimize or eliminate discrimination: Provided, That
104	the identity of the parties involved shall not be disclosed.
	§16B-17-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.
1	It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational
2	qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the
3	United States or the State of West Virginia or its agencies or political subdivisions:

4 (1) For any employer to discriminate against an individual with respect to compensation, 5 hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment if the individual is able and competent 6 to perform the services required even if such individual is blind or disabled: Provided, That it shall 7 not be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer to observe the provisions of any bona 8 fide pension, retirement, group or employee insurance or welfare benefit plan or system not 9 adopted as a subterfuge to evade the provisions of this subdivision: Provided, however, That an 10 employer my grant preference in hiring to a veteran or a disabled veteran in accordance with the 11 provisions of §16B-17-9a of this code without violating the provisions of this article.

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12	(2) For any employer, employment agency or labor organization, prior to the employment
13	or admission to membership, to: (A) Elicit any information or make or keep a record of or use any
14	form of application or application blank containing questions or entries concerning the race,
15	religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age of any applicant for employment or
16	membership; (B) print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement
17	relating to employment or membership indicating any preference, limitation, specifications or
18	discrimination based upon race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, disability or age; or
19	(C) deny or limit, through a quota system, employment or membership because of race, religion,
20	color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or disability;
21	(3) For any labor organization because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry,
22	sex, age, blindness or disability of any individual to deny full and equal membership rights to any
23	individual or otherwise to discriminate against such individual with respect to hire, tenure, terms,
24	conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter, directly or indirectly, related to
25	employment;
25 26	<u>employment;</u> (4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor-
26	(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor-
26 27	(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:
26 27 28	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:</li> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:</li> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> <li>Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:         <ul> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> <li>Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which permit review;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:         <ul> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> <li>Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which</li> <li>permit review;</li> <li>(B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or her right to be admitted to or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:</li> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> <li>Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which permit review;</li> <li>(B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or her right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training</li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:         <ul> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> <li>Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which permit review;</li> <li>(B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or her right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training program or other occupational training or retraining program;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<ul> <li>(4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor- management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:</li> <li>(A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the State of West</li> <li>Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which permit review;</li> <li>(B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his or her right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training program or other occupational training or retraining program;</li> <li>(C) Discriminate against any individual in his or her pursuit of such programs or to</li> </ul>

38	connection with a program which expresses, directly or indirectly, discrimination or any intent to
39	discriminate unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification;
40	(5) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, refer for employment
41	or otherwise to discriminate against any individual because of his or her race, religion, color,
42	national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or disability;
43	(6) For any person being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent or
44	employee of any place of public accommodations to:
45	(A) Refuse, withhold from or deny to any individual because of his or her race, religion,
46	color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or disability, either directly or indirectly, any of
47	the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of the place of public
48	accommodations;
49	(B) Publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, either directly or indirectly, any written or
50	printed communication, notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations,
51	advantages, facilities, privileges or services of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or
52	denied to any individual on account of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age,
53	blindness or disability, or that the patronage or custom thereat of any individual, belonging to or
54	purporting to be of any particular race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age, or who
55	is blind or disabled, is unwelcome, objectionable, not acceptable, undesired or not solicited; or
56	(7) For any person, employer, employment agency, labor organization, owner, real estate
57	broker, real estate salesman or financial institution to:
58	(A) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to engage in, or hire, or conspire with
59	others to commit acts or activities of any nature, the purpose of which is to harass, degrade,
60	embarrass or cause physical harm or economic loss or to aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce any
61	person to engage in any of the unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this section;
62	(B) Willfully obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provisions of this
63	article, or to resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commission or any of its members or

64	representatives in the performance of a duty under this article; or
65	(C) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise discriminate against any person because
66	he or she has opposed any practices or acts forbidden under this article or because he or she has
67	filed a complaint, testified, or assisted in any proceeding under this article.
	§16B-17-10. Discriminatory practices; investigations, hearings, procedures and orders.
1	Any individual claiming to be aggrieved by an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice shall
2	make, sign and file with the commission a verified complaint, which shall state the name and
3	address of the person, employer, labor organization, employment agency, owner, real estate
4	broker, real estate salesman or financial institution alleged to have committed the unlawful
5	discriminatory practice complained of, and which shall set forth the particulars thereof and contain
6	such other information as may be required by the commission's rules and regulations. The
7	commission upon its own initiative, or the Attorney General, shall, in like manner, make, sign and
8	file such complaint. Any employer, whose employees, or some of them, hinder or threaten to
9	hinder compliance with the provisions of this article, shall file with the commission a verified
10	complaint, asking for assistance by conciliation or other remedial action and, during such period of
11	conciliation or other remedial action, no hearings, orders or other actions shall be held, made or
12	taken by the commission against such employer. Any complaint filed pursuant to this article must
13	be filed within three hundred sixty-five days after the alleged act of discrimination.
14	After the filing of any complaint, or whenever there is reason to believe that an unlawful
15	discriminatory practice has been committed, the commission shall make a prompt investigation in
16	connection therewith.
17	If it shall be determined after such investigation that no probable cause exists for
18	substantiating the allegations of the complaint, the commission shall, within ten days from such
19	determination, cause to be issued and served upon the complainant written notice of such
20	determination, and the said complainant or his or her attorney may, within ten days after such
21	service, file with the commission a written request for a meeting with the commission to show

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22 probable cause for substantiating the allegations of the complaint. If it shall be determined after 23 such investigation or meeting that probable cause exists for substantiating the allegations of the 24 complaint, the commission shall immediately endeavor to eliminate the unlawful discriminatory 25 practices complained of by conference, conciliation and persuasion. The members of the 26 commission and its staff shall not disclose what has transpired in the course of such endeavors: 27 Provided, That the commission may publish the facts in the case of any complaint which has been dismissed, and the terms of conciliation when the complaint has been adjusted, without disclosing 28 29 the identity of the parties involved. 30 In case of failure so to eliminate such practice or in advance thereof, if in the judgment of 31 the commission circumstances so warrant, the commission shall cause to be issued and served a 32 written notice, together with a copy of such complaint as the same may have been amended, in the 33 manner provided by law for the service of summons in civil actions, requiring the person, 34 employer, labor organization, employment agency, owner, real estate broker, real estate salesman 35 or financial institution named in such complaint, hereinafter referred to as respondent, to answer 36 the charges of such complaint at a hearing before the commission in the county where the 37 respondent resides or transacts business at a time and place to be specified in such notice: 38 *Provided*, That said written notice be served at least thirty days prior to the time set for the hearing. 39 The case in support of the complaint shall be presented before the commission by one of 40 its attorneys or agents. The respondent may file a written, verified answer to the complaint and 41 appear at such hearing in person or otherwise, with or without counsel, and submit testimony and 42 evidence. Except as provided in this article, all of the pertinent provisions of §29A-5-1 et seq. of 43 this code shall apply to and govern the hearing and the administrative procedures in connection 44 with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth 45 in extensor in this section. 46 If, after such hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the

47 case, the commission shall find that a respondent has engaged in or is engaging in any unlawful

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48	discriminatory practice as defined in this article, the commission shall issue and cause to be
49	served on such respondent an order to cease and desist from such unlawful discriminatory
50	practice and to take such affirmative action, including, but not limited to, hiring, reinstatement or
51	upgrading of employees, with or without back pay, admission or restoration to membership in any
52	respondent labor organization, or the admission to full and equal enjoyment of the services,
53	goods, facilities, or accommodations offered by any respondent place of public accommodation,
54	and the sale, purchase, lease, rental or financial assistance to any complainant otherwise qualified
55	for the housing accommodation or real property, denied in violation of this article, as in the
56	judgment of the commission, will effectuate the purposes of this article, and including a
57	requirement for report of the manner of compliance. Such order shall be accompanied by findings
58	of fact and conclusions of law as specified in §29A-5-3 of this code.
59	If, after such hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the
60	case, the commission shall find that a respondent has not engaged in such unlawful discriminatory
61	practice, the commission shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of law as aforesaid and
62	shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the said complaint as
63	to such respondent.
64	A copy of its order shall be delivered in all cases by the commission to the complainant, the
65	respondent, the Attorney General and to such other public officers as the commission may deem
66	proper. Any such order shall not be enforceable except as provided in §16B-17-11 of this code.
	§16B-17-12. Local human relations commissions.
1	(a) The legislative body of a political subdivision may, by ordinance or resolution, authorize
2	the establishment or membership in and support of a local human relations commission. The
3	number and qualifications of the members of any local commission and their terms and method of
4	appointment or removal shall be such as may be determined and agreed upon by the legislative
5	body, except that no such member shall hold office in any political party.

6 (b) The legislative body of any political subdivision shall have the authority to appropriate

7 <u>funds, in such amounts as may be deemed necessary, for the purpose of contributing to the</u>
8 operation of a local commission.

9 (c) The local commission shall have the power to appoint such employees and staff, as it
 10 may deem necessary, to fulfill its purpose.
 §16B-17-13. Exclusiveness of remedy; exceptions.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), nothing contained in this article shall be deemed 2 to repeal or supersede any of the provisions of any existing or hereafter adopted municipal 3 ordinance, municipal charter or of any law of this state relating to discrimination because of race, 4 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or disability, but as to acts declared 5 unlawful by section nine of this article the procedure herein provided shall, when invoked, be 6 exclusive and the final determination therein shall exclude any other action, civil or criminal, based 7 on the same grievance of the complainant concerned. If such complainant institutes any action 8 based on such grievance without resorting to the procedure provided in this article, he or she may 9 not subsequently resort to the procedure herein. In the event of a conflict between the 10 interpretation of a provision of this article and the interpretation of a similar provision contained in 11 any municipal ordinance authorized by charter, the interpretation of the provision in this article 12 shall apply to such municipal ordinance. 13 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a complainant may 14 institute an action against a respondent in the county wherein the respondent resides or transacts 15 business at any time within ninety days after the complainant is given notice of a right to sue 16 pursuant to this subsection or, if the statute of limitations on the claim has not expired at the end of 17 such ninety-day period, then at any time during which such statute of limitations has not expired. If 18 a suit is filed under this section the proceedings pending before the commission shall be deemed 19 concluded. 20 The commission shall give a complainant who has filed a complaint a notice of a right to

21 sue upon: (1) The dismissal of the complaint for any reason other than an adjudication of the

22	merits of the case; or (2) the request of a complainant at any time after the timely filing of the
23	complaint in any case which has not been determined on its merits or has not resulted in a
24	conciliation agreement to which the complainant is a party. Upon the issuance of a right to sue
25	letter pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2), the commission may dismiss the complaint.
26	Notice of right to sue shall be given immediately upon complainant being entitled thereto,
27	by personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, which notice shall inform the
28	complainant in plain terms of his or her right to institute a civil action as provided in this section
29	within ninety days of the giving of such notice. Service of the notice shall be complete upon
30	mailing.
31	(c) In any action filed under this section, if the court finds that the respondent has engaged
32	in or is engaging in an unlawful discriminatory practice charged in the complaint, the court shall
33	enjoin the respondent from engaging in such unlawful discriminatory practice and order affirmative
34	action which may include, but is not limited to, reinstatement or hiring of employees, granting of
35	back pay or any other legal or equitable relief as the court deems appropriate. In actions brought
36	under this section, the court in its discretion may award all or a portion of the costs of litigation,
37	including reasonable attorney fees and witness fees, to the complainant.
38	(d) The provisions of this section shall be available to all complainants whose active cases
39	are pending before the Human Rights Commission as well as those complainants who file after the
40	effective date of this section.
	<u>§16B-17-14. Penalty.</u>
1	Any person who shall willfully resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commission, its
2	members, agents or agencies in the performance of duties pursuant to this article, or shall willfully
3	violate a final order of the commission, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
4	thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, or by imprisonment
5	not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court, but
6	seeking judicial review of an order shall not be deemed to be such willful conduct.

### §16B-17-15. Construction; severability.

1 The provisions of this article shall be liberally construed to accomplish its objectives and 2 purposes. If any provision of this article be held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of 3 competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect or invalidate the other 4 provisions hereof, all of which are declared and shall be construed to be separate and severable. §16B-17-16. Certain records exempt. 1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, it shall not be an unlawful 2 discriminatory practice for the Bureau of Employment Programs to ascertain and record the age, 3 sex, race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, blindness or disability of any individual for the 4 purpose of making such reports as may from time to time be required by agencies of the federal 5 government or be necessary to show compliance with any rule or regulation issued by any such 6 agency. Said records may be made and kept in the manner required by the federal government: 7 Provided, That such recording of the age, sex, race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, 8 blindness or disability of any individual shall not be used to discriminate, within the meaning of this 9 article, directly or indirectly, against any such individual as prohibited by all other sections of this 10 article. §16B-17-17. Posting of law and information. 1 Every employer, labor organization, employment agency and person operating a place of 2 public accommodations, as defined herein, subject to this article, shall keep posted in a

3 <u>conspicuous place or places on his or her premises a notice or notices to be prepared or approved</u>

4 by the commission, which shall set forth excerpts of this article and such other relevant information

5 which the commission shall deem necessary.

# §16B-17-18. Injunctions in certain housing complaints.

When it appears that a housing unit or units described in a complaint may be sold, rented
 or otherwise disposed of before a determination of the complaint or case has been made by the
 commission or during judicial review of any final order of the commission, the circuit court of the

4	county in which such housing unit or units are located may, upon the joint petition of the
5	commission and the complainant, or if there be more than one complainant, all such complainants,
6	issue a prohibitive injunction restraining the sale, rental or other disposition of such housing unit or
7	units except in compliance with the order of the court. No such injunction shall be issued by the
8	court until the complainant or complainants shall have posted bond, with good security therefor, in
9	such penalty as the court or judge awarding it may direct. The court may include in any such
10	injunction granted such other conditions as it deems proper and just. Such injunction, if granted,
11	shall be of no more than thirty days duration. If at the end of such thirty day period the commission
12	notifies the court that additional time is needed for the disposal or determination of the complaint or
13	case or the conclusion of such judicial review, the court, for good cause shown, may extend the
14	period of the injunction for such additional time as the court deems proper. No such extension shall
15	be granted except upon the continuation or reposting of the bond required for the original
16	injunction and any such extension of the injunction may be granted upon such additional terms
17	and conditions as to the court seem proper and just.
	§16B-17-19. Private club exemption.

Nothing in this article shall prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an
 incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other

3 than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members

4 or guests of members or from giving preference to its members or guests of members: *Provided*,

5 That this exemption shall not apply to any private club not in fact open to the public which owns or

6 operates residential subdivisions providing lodgings for rental, occupancy or sale, or which

7 provides real estate for sale for the construction of single or multiunit dwellings.

### §16B-17-20. Violations of human rights; civil action by attorney general.

(a) A person has the right to engage in lawful activities without being subject to actual or
 threatened:

3 (1) Physical force or violence against him or her or any other person, or

4	(2) Damage to, destruction of or trespass on property,
5	any of which is motivated by race, color, religion, sex, ancestry, national origin, political
6	affiliation or disability.
7	(b) Whenever any person, whether or not acting under the color of law, intentionally
8	interferes or attempts to interfere with another person's exercise or enjoyment of rights secured by
9	this article or §16B-18-1 et seq. of this code, by actual or threatened physical force or violence
10	against that person or any other person, or by actual or threatened damage to, destruction of or
11	trespass on property, the Attorney General may bring a civil action:
12	(1) For injunctive or other appropriate equitable relief in order to protect the peaceable
13	exercise or enjoyment of the rights secured, or
14	(2) For civil penalties as specified in subsection (c) of this section, or
15	(3) For both equitable relief and civil penalties.
16	This action must be brought in the name of the state and instituted in the circuit court for the
17	county where the alleged violator resides or has a principal place of business or where the alleged
18	violation occurred.
19	(c) A civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per violation may be assessed against any
20	person violating this section.
21	(d) Each preliminary, temporary, or permanent injunction issued under this section must
22	include a statement describing the penalties to be imposed for a knowing violation of the order or
23	injunction as provided in subsection (e) of this section. The clerk of the circuit court shall transmit
24	one certified copy of each order or injunction issued under this section to the appropriate law-
25	enforcement agency or agencies having authority over locations where the defendant was alleged
26	to have committed the act giving rise to the action, and service of the order or injunction must be
27	accomplished pursuant to the West Virginia rules of civil procedure.
28	(e) A person who knowingly violates a preliminary, temporary or permanent injunction
00	

29 issued under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined

30 31	not more than \$5,000, or imprisoned in the county or regional jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
	ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA FAIR HOUSING ACT.
	<u>§16B-18-1. Short title.</u>
1	This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Fair Housing Act."
	§16B-18-2. Declaration of policy.
1	It is the policy of the State of West Virginia to provide, within Constitutional limitations, for
2	fair housing throughout the state.
	§16B-18-3. Definitions.
1	As used in this article:
2	(a) "Commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission;
3	(b) "Dwelling" means any building, structure or portion thereof which is occupied as, or
4	designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence or sleeping place by one or more persons or
5	families and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location
6	thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof;
7	(c) "Family" includes a single individual;
8	(d) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations,
9	labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts,
10	unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in cases under Title 11 of the United States Code,
11	receivers and fiduciaries;
12	(e) "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration
13	the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant;
14	(f) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under §16B-18-5, §16B-
15	<u>18-6, §16B-18-7, or §16B-18-19 of this article;</u>
16	(g) "Disability" means, with respect to a person:
17	(1) A physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of the person's

18	major life activities;
19	(2) A record of having such an impairment; or
20	(3) Being regarded as having such an impairment, but the term does not include current,
21	illegal use of or addiction to a controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled
22	Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Section 802;
23	(h) "Aggrieved person" includes any person who:
24	(1) Claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or
25	(2) Believes that the person will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is
26	about to occur;
27	(i) "Complainant" means the person, including the commission, who files a complaint
28	<u>under §16B-18-11;</u>
29	(j) "Familial status" means:
30	(1) One or more individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen years being
31	domiciled with:
31 32	<u>domiciled with:</u> (A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or
32	(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or
32 33	(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or (B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the
32 33 34	(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or (B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the written permission of the parent or other person; or
32 33 34 35	(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or (B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the written permission of the parent or other person; or (2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any
32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or</li> <li>(B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the</li> <li>written permission of the parent or other person; or</li> <li>(2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any</li> <li>individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;</li> </ul>
32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or</li> <li>(B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the</li> <li>written permission of the parent or other person; or</li> <li>(2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any</li> <li>individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;</li> <li>(k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the</li> </ul>
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or</li> <li>(B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the</li> <li>written permission of the parent or other person; or</li> <li>(2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any</li> <li>individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;</li> <li>(k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the</li> <li>investigation of the complaint through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the</li> </ul>
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<ul> <li>(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or</li> <li>(B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the</li> <li>written permission of the parent or other person; or</li> <li>(2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any</li> <li>individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;</li> <li>(k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the</li> <li>investigation of the complaint through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the</li> </ul>
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<ul> <li>(A) A parent or another person having legal custody of the individual or individuals; or</li> <li>(B) The designee of the parent or other person having custody of the individual with the</li> <li>written permission of the parent or other person; or</li> <li>(2) Any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any</li> <li>individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;</li> <li>(k) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint or by the</li> <li>investigation of the complaint through informal negotiations involving the aggrieved person, the</li> <li>respondent and the commission;</li> <li>(I) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the</li> </ul>

44	(2) Any other person or entity identified in the course of investigation and notified as
45	required with respect to respondents identified under subsection (a), section eleven of this article;
46	(n) The term "rooming house" means a house or building where there are one or more
47	bedrooms which the proprietor can spare for the purpose of giving lodgings to persons he or she
48	chooses to receive; and
49	(o) The term "basic universal design" means the design of products and environments to
50	be useable by all people, to the greatest extent possible, without the need for adaptation or
51	specialization.
52	(p) "Assistance animal" means any service, therapy or support animal, weighing less than
53	one hundred fifty pounds, with or without specific training or certification, that works, provides
54	assistance, or performs tasks for the benefit of a person with a disability, or provides emotional
55	support that alleviate one or more identified symptoms or effects of a person's disability.
	<u>§16B-18-3a. Volunteer services or materials to build or install basic universal design</u>
	features; workers, contractors, engineers, and architects; immunity from civil
	liability.
1	Any person, including a worker, contractor, engineer or architect, who in good faith
2	
	provides services or materials, without remuneration, to build or install basic universal design
3	provides services or materials, without remuneration, to build or install basic universal design features as set forth in §30-42-10 of this code may not be liable for any civil damages as the result
3 4	
	features as set forth in §30-42-10 of this code may not be liable for any civil damages as the result
4	features as set forth in §30-42-10 of this code may not be liable for any civil damages as the result of any act or omission in providing such services or materials: <i>Provided</i> , That the basic universal
4 5	features as set forth in §30-42-10 of this code may not be liable for any civil damages as the result of any act or omission in providing such services or materials: <i>Provided</i> , That the basic universal design feature or features shall be built or constructed in accordance with applicable state and

(a) The prohibitions against discrimination in the sale or rental of housing set forth in §16B <u>18-5 of this code shall apply to all dwellings except as hereinafter exempted. Nothing in section</u>
 five of this article, other than subsection (b) of this section, shall apply to the rental of a room or
 rooms in a rooming house occupied by the owner as a place of residence and containing no more

5 than four rented rooms or rooms to be rented. Solely for the purposes of familial status, nothing in 6 section five shall apply to: 7 (1) Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner: Provided, That such private 8 individual owner does not own more than three such single-family houses at any one time: 9 Provided, however, That in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private 10 individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale or who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply 11 12 only with respect to one such sale within any twenty-four month period: Provided further, That such 13 bona fide private individual owner does not own any interest in, nor is there owned or reserved on 14 his or her behalf under any express or voluntary agreement, title to or any right to all or a portion of 15 the proceeds from the sale or rental of more than three such single-family houses at any one time: 16 And provided further, That the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted 17 from the application of this article only if such house is sold or rented: 18 (A) Without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental 19 services of any real estate broker, agent or salesman, or of such facilities or services of any person 20 in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, 21 agent, salesman or person; and 22 (B) Without the publication, posting or mailing, after notice, of any advertisement or written 23 notice in violation of subsection (c), §16B-18-5 of this code; but nothing in this proviso shall prohibit

24 the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies and other such professional

- 25 assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title; or
- 26 (2) Rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be
- 27 <u>occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other, if the owner actually</u>
- 28 maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as his residence.
- 29 (b) For the purposes of subsection (a) of this section, a person shall be deemed to be in the
- 30 <u>business of selling or renting dwellings if:</u>

31	(1) The person has within the preceding twelve months participated as principal in three or
32	more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein;
33	(2) The person has within the preceding twelve months participated as agent, other than in
34	the sale of his or her own personal residence, in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental
35	services in two or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest
36	therein; or
37	(3) The person is the owner of any dwelling designed or intended for occupancy by or
38	occupied by five or more families.
	§16B-18-5. Discrimination in sale or rental of housing and other prohibited practices.
1	As made applicable by section four of this article and except as exempted by sections four
2	<u>§16B-18-4 and §16B-18-8 of this code, it is unlawful:</u>
3	(a) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for
4	the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of
5	race, color, religion, ancestry, sex, familial status, blindness, disability or national origin;
6	(b) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental
7	of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race,
8	color, religion, ancestry, sex, familial status, blindness, disability or national origin;
9	(c) To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published any notice,
10	statement or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any
11	preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability,
12	familial status, ancestry or national origin, or an intention to make any such preference, limitation
13	or discrimination;
14	(d) To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability,
15	familial status, ancestry or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or
16	rental when the dwelling is in fact available;
17	(e) For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by

18	representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or
19	persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or
20	national origin; or
21	(f) (1) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny, a
22	dwelling to any buyer or renter because of a disability of: (A) That buyer or renter; (B) a person
23	residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is so sold, rented or made available; or (C)
24	any person associated with that buyer or renter.
25	(2) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental
26	of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with the dwelling, because of
27	a disability of: (A) That person; (B) a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it
28	is so sold, rented or made available; or (C) any person associated with that person.
29	(3) For purposes of this subdivision, discrimination includes:
30	(A) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the disabled person, reasonable modifications of
31	existing premises occupied or to be occupied by the person if the modifications may be necessary
32	to afford the person full enjoyment of the premises, except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord
33	may where it is reasonable to do so condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing
34	to restore the interior of the premises to the condition that existed before the modification,
35	reasonable wear and tear excepted;
36	(B) A refusal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services
37	when the accommodations may be necessary to afford the person equal opportunity to use and
38	enjoy a dwelling; or
39	(C) In connection with the design and construction of covered multifamily dwellings for first
40	occupancy after the date that is thirty months after the date of enactment of the West Virginia Fair
41	Housing Act, a failure to design and construct those dwellings in a manner that:
42	(i) The public use and common use portions of the dwellings are readily accessible to and
43	usable by disabled persons;

44	(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and within all premises within the dwellings
45	are sufficiently wide to allow passage by disabled persons in wheelchairs; and
46	(iii) All premises within the dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design: (I)
47	An accessible route into and through the dwelling; (II) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats
48	and other environmental controls in accessible locations; (III) reinforcements in bathroom walls to
49	allow later installation of grab bars; and (IV) usable kitchens and bathrooms that an individual in a
50	wheelchair can maneuver about the space.
51	(4) Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National Standard for
52	Buildings and Facilities Providing Accessibility and Usability for Physically Handicapped People,
53	commonly cited as ANSI A117.1, suffices to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (3)(C)(iii) of
54	this subdivision.
55	(5) (A) If a unit of general local government has incorporated into its laws the requirements
56	set forth in subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision, compliance with those laws satisfy the
57	requirements of that subparagraph.
57 58	requirements of that subparagraph. (B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly
58	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly
58 59	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether
58 59 60	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met.
58 59 60 61	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met. (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to
58 59 60 61 62	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met. (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered
58 59 60 61 62 63	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met. (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings
58 59 60 61 62 63 64	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met. (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings are consistent with subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance
58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met. (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings are consistent with subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance to units of local government and other persons to implement the requirements of that
58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66	(B) The commission or unit of general local government may review and approve newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings for the purpose of making determinations as to whether the design and construction requirements of subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision are met. (C) The commission shall encourage, but may not require, units of local government to include in their existing procedures for the review and approval of newly constructed covered multifamily dwellings, determinations as to whether the design and construction of such dwellings are consistent with subparagraph (3)(C) of this subdivision, and may provide technical assistance to units of local government and other persons to implement the requirements of that subparagraph.

70	subdivision.
71	(6) (A) Nothing in paragraph (5) of this subdivision affects the authority and responsibility of
72	the commission or a local public agency to receive and process complaints or otherwise engage in
73	enforcement activities under this article.
74	(B) Determinations by a unit of general local government under subparagraphs (5)(A) and
75	(B) of this subdivision are not conclusive in enforcement proceedings under this article.
76	(7) As used in this section, the term "covered multifamily dwellings" means: (A) Buildings
77	consisting of four or more units if the buildings have one or more elevators; and (B) ground floor
78	units in other buildings consisting of four or more units.
79	(8) Nothing in this article invalidates or limits any law of this state or any political
80	subdivision of this state that requires dwellings to be designed and constructed in a manner that
81	affords disabled persons greater access than is required by this article.
82	(9) This section does not require that a dwelling be made available to an individual whose
83	tenancy would constitute a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals or whose
84	tenancy would result in substantial physical damage to the property of others. The burden of
85	proving such threat to health or safety or the likelihood of such damage is upon the respondent.
86	(10) For the purposes of this subdivision, rules, policies, practices, or services regarding
87	animals are subject to the reasonable accommodation requirements of subparagaph (B),
88	paragraph (3) of this subdivision and the following provisions:
89	(A) In connection with a request for reasonable accommodation to the rules, policies or
90	services, a person with a disability may be required to submit documentation, from a professional
91	treatment provider, of the disability related need for the assistance animal.
92	(i) Such documentation is sufficient if it establishes that the assistance animal will provide
93	some type of disability-related assistance or emotional support.
94	(ii) A person with a disability may not be required to submit or provide access to medical
95	records or medical providers, or to provide detailed or extensive information or documentation of a

96	person's physical or mental impairments.
97	(B) A person with a disability may be denied the accommodation of an assistance animal if
98	there is credible evidence that:
99	(i) The assistance animal poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others that cannot
100	be eliminated by another reasonable accommodation; or
101	(ii) The assistance animal would cause substantial physical damage to the property of
102	other that cannot be reduced or eliminated by another reasonable accommodation.
103	(C) A determination that an assistance animal poses a direct threat of harm to others or
104	would cause substantial physical damage to the property of others must be based on an
105	individualized assessment that relies on objective evidence about the specific animal's actual
106	conduct.
107	(D) A request for a reasonable accommodation may not be unreasonably denied,
108	conditioned on payment of a fee or deposit or other terms and conditions applied to applicants or
109	residents with pets, and a response may not be unreasonably delayed.
109	residents with pets, and a response may not be unreasonably delayed. §16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.
109 1	
	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.
1	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. (a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in
1 2	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. (a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available
1 2 3	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. (a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color,
1 2 3 4	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. <ul> <li>(a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.</li> </ul>
1 2 3 4 5	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions.         (a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.         (b) As used in this section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any
1 2 3 4 5 6	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. <ul> <li>(a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.</li> <li>(b) As used in this section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any of the following:</li> </ul>
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. <ul> <li>(a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.</li> <li>(b) As used in this section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any of the following:</li> <li>(1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance: (A) For</li> </ul>
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	§16B-18-6. Discrimination in residential real estate-related transactions. <ul> <li>(a) It is unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction because of race, color, religion, sex, blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.</li> <li>(b) As used in this section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any of the following:</li> <li>(1) The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance: (A) For purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling; or (B) secured by</li> </ul>

12	appraisals of real property to take into consideration factors other than race, color, religion,
13	national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, disability, or familial status.
	§16B-18-7. Discrimination in provision of brokerage services.
1	It is unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple
2	listing service, real estate broker's organization or other service, organization or facility relating to
3	the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him or her in the terms or
4	conditions of such access, membership, or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex,
5	blindness, disability, familial status, ancestry or national origin.
	§16B-18-8. Religious organization or private club exemption.
1	(a) Nothing in this article shall prohibit a religious organization, association or society, or
2	any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction
3	with a religious organization, association or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of
4	dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same
5	religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is
6	restricted on account of race, color or national origin. Nor shall anything in this article prohibit a
7	private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes
8	provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the
9	rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members.
10	(b) (1) Nothing in this article limits the applicability of any reasonable local, state or federal
11	restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling. Nor
12	does any provision in this article regarding familial status apply with respect to housing for older
13	persons.
14	(2) As used in this section, "housing for older persons" means housing:
15	(A) Provided under any state or federal program that the secretary of the United States
16	department of housing and urban development determines is specifically designed and operated

17	to assist elderly persons, as defined in the state or federal program; or
18	(B) Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons sixty-two years of age or older; or
19	(C) Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five years of age or
20	older per unit. In determining whether housing qualifies as housing for older persons under this
21	subsection, the commission shall develop regulations which require at least the following factors:
22	(i) The existence of significant facilities and services specifically designed to meet the physical or
23	social needs of older persons, or if the provision of such facilities and services is not practicable,
24	that such housing is necessary to provide important housing opportunities for older persons; (ii)
25	that at least eighty percent of the units are occupied by at least one person fifty-five years of age or
26	older per unit; and (iii) the publication of, and adherence to, policies and procedures which
27	demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide housing for persons fifty-five years of
28	age or older.
29	(3) Housing shall not fail to meet the requirements for housing for older persons by reason
30	of: (A) Persons residing in such housing as of the date of enactment of this article who do not meet
31	the age requirements of subdivision (2)(B) or (C) of this subsection: Provided, That new occupants
32	of such housing meet the age requirements of such subdivisions; or (B) unoccupied units:
33	Provided, however, That such units are reserved for occupancy by persons who meet the age
34	requirements of subdivision (2)(B) or (C) of this subsection.
35	(4) Nothing in this article prohibits conduct against a person because such person has
36	been convicted by any court of competent jurisdiction of the illegal manufacture or distribution of a
37	controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United
38	States Code, Section 802.
	<u>§16B-18-9. Administration; authority and responsibility; delegation of authority;</u>
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appointment of administration and responsibility, delegation of authority, appointment of administrative law judges; location of conciliation meetings; administrative review; cooperation of the commission and executive departments and agencies to further fair housing purposes; functions of the commission.

1	The authority and responsibility for administering this article shall be in the West Virginia
2	Human Rights Commission.
3	The commission may delegate any of its functions, duties and powers to employees of the
4	Human Rights Commission, including functions, duties and powers with respect to investigating,
5	conciliating, hearing, determining, ordering, certifying, reporting or otherwise acting as to any
6	work, business or matter under this article. The person to whom such delegations are made with
7	respect to hearing functions, duties and powers shall be a licensed attorney. Insofar as possible,
8	conciliation meetings shall be held in the county where the discriminatory housing practices
9	allegedly occurred. The commission shall by rule prescribe such rights of appeal from the
10	decisions of its administrative law judges to other administrative law judges or to other officers in
11	the commission, to boards of officers or to itself, as shall be appropriate and in accordance with
12	law.
13	All executive departments and agencies shall administer their programs and activities
14	relating to housing, including any agency having regulatory or supervisory authority over financial
15	institutions, in a manner affirmatively to further the purposes of this article and shall cooperate with
16	the commission to further such purposes.
17	The commission may:
18	(1) Make studies with respect to the nature and extent of discriminatory housing practices
19	in representative communities, urban, suburban and rural, throughout the state;
20	(2) Publish and disseminate reports, recommendations and information derived from such
21	studies, including reports to the Legislature specifying the nature and extent of progress made
22	statewide in eliminating discriminatory housing practices and furthering the purposes of this
23	article, obstacles remaining to achieving equal housing opportunity and recommendations for
24	further legislative or executive action;
25	(3) Cooperate with and execute such cooperative agreements with federal agencies as are
26	necessary to compress the provisions of this outide, and

26 necessary to carry out the provisions of this article; and

(4) Administer the programs and activities relating to fair housing in a manner affirmatively

#### 28 <u>to further the policies of this article.</u>

#### §16B-18-10. Education and conciliation; conferences and consultations; reports.

1 Immediately upon the effective date of this article, the commission shall commence such 2 educational and conciliatory activities as in its judgment will further the purposes of this article. It 3 may call conferences of persons in the housing industry and other interested parties to acquaint 4 them with the provisions of this article and its suggested means of implementing it, and may 5 endeavor with their advice to work out programs of voluntary compliance and of enforcement. It 6 may pay per diem, travel and transportation expenses for persons attending such conferences as 7 permitted by law. It may consult with local officials and other interested parties to learn the extent, if 8 any, to which housing discrimination exists in their locality, and whether and how local 9 enforcement programs might be utilized to combat such discrimination in connection with the 10 commission's enforcement of this article. The commission shall issue reports on such conferences 11 and consultations as it deems appropriate.

# §16B-18-11. Administrative enforcement; preliminary matters; complaints and answers; service; conciliation; injunctions; reasonable cause determinations; issuance of charge.

1 (a) (1) (A) An aggrieved person may, not later than one year after an alleged discriminatory 2 housing practice has occurred or terminated, file a complaint with the commission alleging a 3 discriminatory housing practice. The commission, on the commission's own initiative, may also file 4 such a complaint. Such complaint shall be in writing and shall contain such information and be in 5 such form as the commission requires. The commission may also investigate housing practices to 6 determine whether a complaint should be brought under this section. 7 (B) Upon the filing of such complaint: (i) The commission shall serve notice upon the 8 aggrieved person acknowledging such filing and advising the aggrieved person of the time limits

9 and choice of forums provided under this article; (ii) the commission shall, not later than ten days

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10	after such filing or the identification of an additional respondent under paragraph (2) of this
11	subsection, serve on the respondent a notice identifying the alleged discriminatory housing
12	practice and advising such respondent of the procedural rights and obligations of respondents
13	under this article, together with a copy of the original complaint; (iii) each respondent may file, not
14	later than ten days after receipt of notice from the commission, an answer to such complaint; and
15	(iv) unless it is impracticable to do so, the commission shall make an investigation of the alleged
16	discriminatory housing practice and complete such investigation within one hundred days after the
17	filing of the complaint.
18	(C) If the commission is unable to complete the investigation within one hundred days after
19	the filing of the complaint, the commission shall notify the complainant and respondent in writing of
20	the reasons for not doing so.
21	(D) Complaints and answers shall be under oath or affirmation and may be reasonably and
22	fairly amended at any time.
23	(2) (A) A person who is not named as a respondent in a complaint, but who is identified as a
24	respondent in the course of investigation, may be joined as an additional or substitute respondent
24 25	respondent in the course of investigation, may be joined as an additional or substitute respondent upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.
25	upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.
25 26	upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission. (B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this
25 26 27	upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission. (B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice
25 26 27 28	upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission. (B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.
25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.</li> <li>(B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.</li> <li>(b) (1) During the period beginning with the filing of such complaint and ending with the</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.</li> <li>(B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.</li> <li>(b) (1) During the period beginning with the filing of such complaint and ending with the filing of a charge or a dismissal by the commission, the commission shall, to the extent feasible,</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.</li> <li>(B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.</li> <li>(b) (1) During the period beginning with the filing of such complaint and ending with the filing of a charge or a dismissal by the commission, the commission shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to such complaint.</li> </ul>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>upon written notice, under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to such person, from the commission.</li> <li>(B) Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection, shall explain the basis for the commission's belief that the person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.</li> <li>(b) (1) During the period beginning with the filing of such complaint and ending with the filing of a charge or a dismissal by the commission, the commission shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to such complaint.</li> <li>(2) A conciliation agreement arising out of such conciliation shall be an agreement</li> </ul>

36	appropriate relief, including monetary relief.
37	(4) Each conciliation agreement shall be made public unless the complainant and
38	respondent otherwise agree and the commission determines that disclosure is not required to
39	further the purposes of this article.
40	(5) (A) At the end of each investigation under this section, the commission shall prepare a
41	final investigative report containing: (i) The names and dates of contacts with witnesses; (ii) a
42	summary and the dates of correspondence and other contacts with the aggrieved person and the
43	respondent; (iii) a summary description of other pertinent records; (iv) a summary of witness
44	statements; and (v) answers to interrogatories.
45	(B) A final report under this paragraph may be amended if additional evidence is later
46	discovered.
47	(c) Whenever the commission has reasonable cause to believe that a respondent has
48	breached a conciliation agreement, the commission shall refer the matter to the Attorney General
49	with a recommendation that a civil action be filed under §16B-18-15 of this code for the
50	enforcement of such agreement.
51	(d) Nothing said or done in the course of conciliation under this article may be made public
52	or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this article without the written consent of
53	the persons concerned, except the commission shall make available to the aggrieved person and
54	the respondent, at any time, upon request following completion of the commission's investigation,
55	information derived from an investigation and any final investigative report relating to that
56	investigation.
57	(e) (1) If the commission concludes at any time following the filing of a complaint that
58	prompt judicial action is necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, the commission may
59	authorize a civil action for appropriate temporary or preliminary relief pending final disposition of
60	the complaint under this section. Upon receipt of such authorization, the Attorney General shall
61	promptly commence and maintain such an action. Any temporary injunction or other order granting

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62	preliminary or temporary relief shall be issued in accordance with the West Virginia rules of civil
63	procedure. The commencement of a civil action under this subsection does not affect the initiation
64	or continuation of administrative proceedings under this section and §16B-18-13 of this code.
65	(2) Whenever the commission has reason to believe that a basis may exist for the
66	commencement of proceedings against any respondent under subsections (a) and (b), §16B-18-
67	15 of this code or for proceedings by any governmental licensing or supervisory authorities, the
68	commission shall transmit the information upon which such belief is based to the Attorney
69	General, or to such authorities, as the case may be.
70	(f) (1) The commission shall within one hundred days after the filing of the complaint
71	determine, based on the facts, whether reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory
72	housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, unless it is impracticable to do so, or unless the
73	commission has approved a conciliation agreement with respect to the complaint. If the
74	commission is unable to make the determination within one hundred days after the filing of the
75	complaint, the commission shall notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons
75 76	complaint, the commission shall notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so.
76	for not doing so.
76 77	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a
76 77 78	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as
76 77 78 79	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for
76 77 78 79 80	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article.
76 77 78 79 80 81	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article. (B) Such charge: (i) Shall consist of a short and plain statement of the facts upon which the
76 77 78 79 80 81 82	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article. (B) Such charge: (i) Shall consist of a short and plain statement of the facts upon which the commission has found reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article. (B) Such charge: (i) Shall consist of a short and plain statement of the facts upon which the commission has found reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur; (ii) shall be based on the final investigative report; and (iii) need not
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 83	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article. (B) Such charge: (i) Shall consist of a short and plain statement of the facts upon which the commission has found reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur; (ii) shall be based on the final investigative report; and (iii) need not be limited to the facts or grounds alleged in the complaint filed under subsection (a) of this section.
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 83 84 85	for not doing so. (2) (A) If the commission determines that reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall, except as provided in subparagraph (C), immediately issue a charge on behalf of the aggrieved person, for further proceedings under section thirteen of this article. (B) Such charge: (i) Shall consist of a short and plain statement of the facts upon which the commission has found reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur; (ii) shall be based on the final investigative report; and (iii) need not be limited to the facts or grounds alleged in the complaint filed under subsection (a) of this section. (C) If the commission determines that the matter involves the legality of any state or local

88	charge.
89	(3) If the commission determines that no reasonable cause exists to believe that a
90	discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the commission shall promptly
91	dismiss the complaint. The commission shall make public disclosure of each such dismissal.
92	(4) The commission may not issue a charge under this section regarding an alleged
93	discriminatory housing practice after the beginning of the trial of a civil action commenced by the
94	aggrieved party under an act of Congress or a state law seeking relief with respect to that
95	discriminatory housing practice.
96	(g) After the commission issues a charge under this section, the commission shall cause a
97	copy thereof, together with information as to how to make an election under subsection (a), §16B-
98	18-13 of this code and the effect of such an election, to be served: (1) On each respondent named
99	in such charge, together with a notice of opportunity for a hearing at a time and place specified in
100	the notice, unless that election is made; and (2) on each aggrieved person on whose behalf the
101	complaint was filed.
101	<u>complaint was filed.</u> §16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.
101 1	
	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.
1	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas. The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order
1 2	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas. The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery
1 2 3	<u>§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.</u> <u>The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order</u> <u>discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery</u> <u>may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the</u>
1 2 3 4	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas. The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or discovery were ordered or served in aid of a civil action in the circuit courts of this
1 2 3 4 5	<u>\$16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.</u> <u>The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order</u> <u>discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery</u> <u>may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the</u> <u>subpoenas or discovery were ordered or served in aid of a civil action in the circuit courts of this</u> <u>state.</u>
1 2 3 4 5 6	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.         The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order         discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery         may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the         subpoenas or discovery were ordered or served in aid of a civil action in the circuit courts of this         state.         Witnesses summoned by a subpoena under this article shall be entitled to the same
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas.         The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order         discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery         may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the         subpoenas or discovery were ordered or served in aid of a civil action in the circuit courts of this         state.         Witnesses summoned by a subpoena under this article shall be entitled to the same         witness and mileage fees as witnesses in proceedings in the circuit courts of this state. Fees
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	§16B-18-12. Subpoenas; giving of evidence; witness fees; enforcement of subpoenas. The commission may, in accordance with this subsection, issue subpoenas and order discovery in aid of investigations and hearings under this article. Such subpoenas and discovery may be ordered to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or discovery were ordered or served in aid of a civil action in the circuit courts of this state. Witnesses summoned by a subpoena under this article shall be entitled to the same witness and mileage fees as witnesses in proceedings in the circuit courts of this state. Fees payable to a witness summoned by a subpoena shall be paid by the commission, the complainant

# §16B-18-13. Election of remedies; administrative hearings and discovery; exclusivity of remedies; final orders; review by commission; judicial review; remedies; attorney fees.

1 (a) When a charge is filed under §16B-18-11 of this code a complainant, a respondent or 2 an aggrieved person on whose behalf the complaint was filed, may elect to have the claims 3 asserted in that charge decided in a civil action under subsection (o) of this section in lieu of a 4 hearing under subsection (b) of this section. The election must be made not later than twenty days 5 after the receipt by the electing person of service under section eleven of this article or, in the case 6 of the commission, not later than twenty days after such service. The person making such election 7 shall give notice of doing so to the commission and to all other complainants and respondents to 8 whom the charge relates. 9 (b) If an election is not made under subsection (a) of this section with respect to a charge 10 filed under section eleven of this article, the commission shall provide an opportunity for a hearing 11 on the record with respect to a charge issued under said section. The commission shall delegate 12 the conduct of a hearing under this section to an administrative law judge who shall be a licensed 13 attorney. The administrative law judge shall conduct the hearing at a place in the county in which 14 the discriminatory housing practice is alleged to have occurred or is about to occur. 15 (c) At a hearing under this section, each party may appear in person, be represented by 16 counsel, present evidence, cross-examine witnesses and obtain the issuance of subpoenas under 17 <u>§16B-18-12 of this code. Any aggrieved person may intervene as a party in the proceeding. The</u> 18 rules of evidence apply to the presentation of evidence in such hearing as they would in a civil 19 action in the circuit courts of this state. The case in support of the complaint shall be presented 20 before the administrative law judge by the Attorney General. 21 (d) (1) Discovery in administrative proceedings under this section shall be conducted as 22 expeditiously and inexpensively as possible, consistent with the need of all parties to obtain

23 relevant evidence.

24	(2) A hearing under this section shall be conducted as expeditiously and inexpensively as
25	possible, consistent with the needs and rights of the parties to obtain a fair hearing and a complete
26	record.
27	(3) The commission shall, not later than one hundred eighty days after the date of
28	enactment of this subsection, issue rules to implement this subsection.
29	(e) Any resolution of a charge before a final order under this section shall require the
30	consent of the aggrieved person on whose behalf the charge is issued.
31	(f) An administrative law judge may not continue administrative proceedings under this
32	section regarding any alleged discriminatory housing practice after the beginning of the trial of a
33	civil action commenced by the aggrieved party under an act of Congress or a state law seeking
34	relief with respect to that discriminatory housing practice.
35	(g) (1) The administrative law judge shall commence the hearing under this section no later
36	than one hundred twenty days following the issuance of the charge, unless it is impracticable to do
37	so. If the administrative law judge is unable to commence the hearing within one hundred twenty
38	days after the issuance of the charge, the administrative law judge shall notify the commission, the
39	aggrieved person on whose behalf the charge was filed and the respondent in writing of the
40	reasons for not doing so.
41	(2) The administrative law judge shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law within
42	sixty days after the end of the hearing under this section, unless it is impracticable to do so. If the
43	administrative law judge is unable to make findings of fact and conclusions of law within such
44	period, or any succeeding sixty-day period thereafter, the administrative law judge shall notify the
45	commission, the aggrieved person on whose behalf the charge was filed and the respondent in
46	writing of the reasons for not doing so.
47	(3) If the administrative law judge finds that a respondent has engaged or is about to
48	engage in a discriminatory housing practice, such administrative law judge shall promptly issue an
49	order for such relief as may be appropriate, which may include actual damages suffered by the

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50	aggrieved person and injunctive or other equitable relief. Such order may, to vindicate the public
51	interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent: (A) In an amount not exceeding \$10,000 if
52	the respondent has not been adjudged to have committed any prior discriminatory housing
53	practice; (B) in an amount not exceeding \$25,000 if the respondent has been adjudged to have
54	committed one other discriminatory housing practice during the five-year period ending on the
55	date of the filing of this charge; and (C) in an amount not exceeding \$50,000 if the respondent has
56	been adjudged to have committed two or more discriminatory housing practices during the seven-
57	year period ending on the date of the filing of this charge; except that if the acts constituting the
58	discriminatory housing practice that are the object of the charge are committed by the same
59	natural person who has been previously adjudged to have committed acts constituting a
60	discriminatory housing practice, then the civil penalties set forth in subparagraphs (B) and (C) may
61	be imposed without regard to the period of time within which any subsequent discriminatory
62	housing practice occurred.
63	(4) No such order shall affect any contract, sale, encumbrance or lease consummated
63 64	(4) No such order shall affect any contract, sale, encumbrance or lease consummated before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant
64	before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant
64 65	before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article.
64 65 66	before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article. (5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in
64 65 66 67	before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article. (5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the
64 65 66 67 68	before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article. (5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the commission shall, not later than thirty days after the date of the issuance of such order or, if such
64 65 66 67 68 69	before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article. (5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the commission shall, not later than thirty days after the date of the issuance of such order or, if such order is judicially reviewed, thirty days after such order is in substance affirmed upon such review:
64 65 66 67 68 69 70	<ul> <li>before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article.</li> <li>(5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the commission shall, not later than thirty days after the date of the issuance of such order or, if such order is judicially reviewed, thirty days after such order is in substance affirmed upon such review:</li> <li>(A) Send copies of the findings of fact, conclusions of law and the order to that governmental</li> </ul>
64 65 67 68 69 70 71	<ul> <li>before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article.</li> <li>(5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the commission shall, not later than thirty days after the date of the issuance of such order or, if such order is judicially reviewed, thirty days after such order is in substance affirmed upon such review:</li> <li>(A) Send copies of the findings of fact, conclusions of law and the order to that governmental agency; and (B) recommend to that governmental agency appropriate disciplinary action,</li> </ul>
64 65 67 68 69 70 71 72	<ul> <li>before the issuance of such order and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the charge filed under this article.</li> <li>(5) In the case of an order with respect to a discriminatory housing practice that occurred in the course of a business subject to licensing or regulation by a governmental agency, the commission shall, not later than thirty days after the date of the issuance of such order or, if such order is judicially reviewed, thirty days after such order is in substance affirmed upon such review:</li> <li>(A) Send copies of the findings of fact, conclusions of law and the order to that governmental agency; and (B) recommend to that governmental agency appropriate disciplinary action, including, where appropriate, the suspension or revocation of the license of the respondent.</li> </ul>

76	(7) If the administrative law judge finds that the respondent has not engaged or is not about
70	
77	to engage in a discriminatory housing practice, as the case may be, such administrative law judge
78	shall enter an order dismissing the charge. The commission shall make public disclosure of each
79	such dismissal.
80	(h) (1) The commission may review any finding, conclusion or order issued under
81	subsection (g) of this section. Such review shall be completed not later than thirty days after the
82	finding, conclusion or order is so issued; otherwise the finding, conclusion or order becomes final.
83	(2) The commission shall cause the findings of fact and conclusions of law made with
84	respect to any final order for relief under this section, together with a copy of such order, to be
85	served on each aggrieved person and each respondent in the proceeding.
86	(i) (1) Any party aggrieved by a final order for relief under this section granting or denying,
87	in whole or in part, the relief sought may obtain a review of such order under §29A-5-4 of this code.
88	(2) Notwithstanding §29A-1-1 et seq. of this code, venue of the proceeding shall be in the
89	judicial circuit in which the discriminatory housing practice is alleged to have occurred and filing of
90	the petition for review shall be not later than thirty days after the order is entered.
91	(j) (1) The commission may petition the circuit court in the circuit in which the discriminatory
92	housing practice is alleged to have occurred or in which any respondent resides or transacts
93	business for the enforcement of the order of the administrative law judge and for appropriate
94	temporary relief or injunctive relief by filing in such court a written petition praying that such order
95	be enforced and for appropriate temporary relief or injunctive relief.
96	(2) The commission shall file in court with the petition the record in the proceeding. A copy
97	of such petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the parties to the
98	proceeding before the administrative law judge.
99	(k) (1) Upon the filing of a petition under subsection (i) or (j) of this section, the court may:
100	(A) Grant to the petitioner, or any other party, such temporary relief, injunction or other
101	order as the court deems just and proper;

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102	(B) Affirm the order or decision of the administrative law judge or remand the case for
103	further proceedings. It shall reverse, vacate or modify the order or decision of the administrative
104	law judge if the substantial rights of the parties have been prejudiced because the administrative
105	findings, inferences, conclusions, decision or order are: (i) In violation of Constitutional or statutory
106	provisions; or (ii) in excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the commission; or (iii) made
107	upon unlawful procedures; or (iv) affected by other error of law; or (v) clearly wrong in view of the
108	reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record; or (vi) arbitrary or capricious or
109	characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion; and
110	(C) Enforce such order to the extent that such order is affirmed or modified.
111	(2) Any party to the proceeding before the administrative law judge may intervene in the
112	circuit court.
113	(3) No objection not made before the administrative law judge shall be considered by the
114	court, unless the failure or neglect to urge such objection is excused because of extraordinary
115	<u>circumstances.</u>
115 116	<u>circumstances.</u> (4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on
116	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on
116 117	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6-
116 117 118	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6- 1 of this code.
116 117 118 119	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6- <u>1 of this code.</u> (I) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of
116 117 118 119 120	<ul> <li>(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6-1 of this code.</li> <li>(1) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of forty-five days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, the administrative law</li> </ul>
116 117 118 119 120 121	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6- <u>1 of this code</u> . (I) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of forty-five days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, the administrative law judge's findings of fact and order shall be conclusive in connection with any petition for
116 117 118 119 120 121 122	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6- <u>1 of this code</u> . (1) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of forty-five days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, the administrative law judge's findings of fact and order shall be conclusive in connection with any petition for enforcement: (1) Which is filed by the commission under subsection (j) of this section after the end
<ol> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>118</li> <li>119</li> <li>120</li> <li>121</li> <li>122</li> <li>123</li> </ol>	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6- 1 of this code. (1) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of forty-five days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, the administrative law judge's findings of fact and order shall be conclusive in connection with any petition for enforcement: (1) Which is filed by the commission under subsection (j) of this section after the end of such day; or (2) under subsection (m) of this section.
<ol> <li>116</li> <li>117</li> <li>118</li> <li>119</li> <li>120</li> <li>121</li> <li>122</li> <li>123</li> <li>124</li> </ol>	(4) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of Appeals of this state in accordance with the provisions of §29A-6- 1 of this code. (I) If no petition for review is filed under subsection (i) of this section before the expiration of forty-five days after the date the administrative law judge's order is entered, the administrative law judge's findings of fact and order shall be conclusive in connection with any petition for enforcement: (1) Which is filed by the commission under subsection (j) of this section after the end of such day; or (2) under subsection (m) of this section. (m) If before the expiration of sixty days after the date the administrative law judge's order

128 court for the circuit in which the discriminator	y housing practice is alleged to have occurred.
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(n) The judge of the circuit court in which a petition for enforcement is filed under subsection (I) or (m) of this section shall forthwith enter a decree enforcing the order and shall transmit a copy of such decree to the commission, the respondent named in the petition and to any other parties to the proceeding before the administrative law judge. The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated, or modified on appeal to the Supreme Court of

134 Appeals pursuant to section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

(o) (1) If an election is made under subsection (a) of this section, the commission shall
authorize, and not later than thirty days after the election is made the Attorney General shall
commence and maintain, a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved person in the appropriate circuit
court seeking relief under this subsection. Venue for such civil action shall be in the circuit court in
the county in which the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred.

(2) Any aggrieved person with respect to the issues to be determined in a civil action under
 this subsection may intervene as of right in that civil action.

142 (3) In a civil action under this subsection, if the court finds that a discriminatory housing 143 practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may grant as relief any relief which a court 144 could grant with respect to such discriminatory housing practice in a civil action under §16B-18-12 145 of this code. Any relief so granted that would accrue to an aggrieved person in a civil action 146 commenced by that aggrieved person under said section shall also accrue to that aggrieved 147 person in a civil action under this subsection. If monetary relief is sought for the benefit of an 148 aggrieved person who does not intervene in the civil action, the court shall not award such relief if 149 that aggrieved person has not complied with discovery orders entered by the court.

(p) In any administrative proceeding brought under this section, or any court proceeding
 arising therefrom, or any civil action under section fourteen of this article, the administrative law
 judge or the court, as the case may be, in its discretion, may allow a prevailing complainant a
 reasonable attorney's fee and costs.

# §16B-18-14. Enforcement by private persons; civil actions; appointed attorneys; remedies; bona fide purchasers; intervention by Attorney General.

1 (a) (1) (A) An aggrieved person may commence a civil action in an appropriate circuit court 2 not later than two years after the occurrence or the termination of an alleged discriminatory 3 housing practice, or the breach of a conciliation agreement entered into under this article, 4 whichever occurs last, to obtain appropriate relief with respect to such discriminatory housing practice or breach. 5 6 (B) The computation of such two-year period shall not include any time during which an 7 administrative proceeding under this article was pending with respect to a complaint or charge 8 under this article based upon such discriminatory housing practice. This subparagraph does not 9 apply to actions arising from a breach of a conciliation agreement. 10 (2) An aggrieved person may commence a civil action under this subsection whether or not 11 a complaint has been filed under subsection (a), §16B-18-11 of this code and without regard to the status of any such complaint, but if the commission has obtained a conciliation agreement with the 12 13 consent of an aggrieved person, no action may be filed under this subsection by such aggrieved 14 person with respect to the alleged discriminatory housing practice which forms the basis for such 15 complaint except for the purpose of enforcing the terms of such an agreement. 16 (3) An aggrieved person may not commence a civil action under this subsection with 17 respect to an alleged discriminatory housing practice which forms the basis of a charge issued by 18 the commission if an administrative law judge has commenced a hearing on the record under this 19 article with respect to such charge. 20 (b) Upon application by a person alleging a discriminatory housing practice, the court may: 21 (1) Appoint an attorney for such person; or (2) authorize the commencement or continuation of a 22 civil action under subsection (a) of this section without the payment of fees, costs or security, if in 23 the opinion of the court such person is financially unable to bear the costs of such action. 24 (c) (1) In a civil action under subsection (a) of this section, if the court finds that a

25	discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may award to the
26	complainant actual and punitive damages, and subject to subsection (d) of this section, may grant
27	as relief, as the court deems appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction or other order,
28	including an order enjoining the respondent from engaging in such practice or ordering such
29	affirmative action as may be appropriate.
30	(2) In a civil action under subsection (a) of this section, the court, in its discretion, may allow
31	a prevailing complainant a reasonable attorney's fee and costs.
32	(d) Relief granted under this section shall not affect any contract, sale, encumbrance or
33	lease consummated before the granting of such relief and involving a bona fide purchaser,
34	encumbrancer or tenant without actual notice of the filing of a complaint with the commission or
35	civil action under this section.
36	(e) Upon timely application, the Attorney General may intervene in such civil action, if the
37	Attorney General certifies that the case is of general public importance. Upon such intervention the
38	Attorney General may obtain such relief as would be available to the Attorney General under
39	subsection (d), §16B-18-15 of this code in a civil action to which such section applies.
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# §16B-18-15. Enforcement by Attorney General; pattern or practice cases; subpoena enforcement; remedies; intervention.

1 (a) Whenever the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that any person or 2 group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the full enjoyment of any of the 3 rights granted by this article, or that any group of persons has been denied any of the rights 4 granted by this article and such denial raises an issue of general public importance, the Attorney 5 General may commence a civil action in any appropriate circuit court. 6 (b) (1) The Attorney General may commence a civil action in any appropriate circuit court 7 for appropriate relief with respect to a discriminatory housing practice referred to the Attorney 8 General by the commission under subsection (f), §16B-18-11 of this code. A civil action under this

9 paragraph may be commenced not later than the expiration of eighteen months after the date of

10	the occurrence or the termination of the alleged discriminatory housing practice.
11	(2) The Attorney General may commence a civil action in any appropriate circuit court for
12	appropriate relief with respect to breach of a conciliation agreement referred to the Attorney
13	General by the commission under subsection (c), §16B-18-12 of this code. A civil action may be
14	commenced under this paragraph not later than the expiration of ninety days after the referral of
15	the alleged breach under subsection (c), section eleven of this article.
16	(c) The Attorney General, on behalf of the commission or other party at whose request a
17	subpoena is issued under this article, may enforce such subpoena in appropriate proceedings in
18	the circuit court for the circuit in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides,
19	was served or transacts business.
20	(d) (1) In a civil action under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the court:
21	(A) May award such preventive relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction or
22	other order against the person responsible for a violation of this article as is necessary to assure
23	the full enjoyment of the rights granted by this article;
24	(B) May award such other relief as the court deems appropriate, including monetary
25	damages to persons aggrieved; and
26	(C) May, to vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent: (i) In
27	an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and (ii) in an amount not exceeding
28	\$100,000 for any subsequent violation.
29	(2) In a civil action under this section, the court, in its discretion, may allow a prevailing
30	complainant a reasonable attorney's fee and costs.
31	(e) Upon timely application, any person may intervene in a civil action commenced by the
32	Attorney General under subsection (a) or (b) of this section which involves an alleged
33	discriminatory housing practice with respect to which such person is an aggrieved person or a
34	conciliation agreement to which such person is a party. The court may grant such appropriate relief
35	to any such intervening party as is authorized to be granted to a complainant in a civil action under

36	section	fourteen	of	this	article.

#### §16B-18-16. Interference, coercion, or intimidation; enforcement by civil action.

It shall be unlawful to coerce, intimidate, threaten or interfere with any person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of his or her having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of his or her having aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right granted or protected by section §16B-18-4 of this code, §16B-18-5 of this code, §16B-18-6, of this code or §16B-18-7 of this code of this article.

# <u>§16B-18-17. Cooperation with local agencies administering fairhousing laws; utilization of</u> <u>services and personnel; reimbursement; written agreements; publication instate</u> <u>register.</u>

1 The commission may cooperate with local agencies charged with the administration of 2 local fair housing laws and, with the consent of such agencies, utilize the services of such 3 agencies and their employees and, to the extent permitted by law, may reimburse such agencies 4 and their employees for services rendered to assist it in carrying out this article. In furtherance of 5 such cooperative efforts, the commission may enter into written agreements with such local

6 <u>agencies. All agreements and terminations thereof shall be published in the state register.</u>

#### §16B-18-18. Effect on other laws.

Nothing in this article shall be construed to invalidate or limit any law of this state or of any
political subdivision of this state, that grants, guarantees or protects the same rights as are granted
by this article; but any law of this state or any political subdivision hereof that purports to require or
permit any action that would be a discriminatory housing practice under this article shall to that
extent be invalid.

#### §16B-18-19. Severability of provisions.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is
 held invalid, the remainder of the article and the application of the provision to other persons not
 similarly situated or to other circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

#### §16B-18-20. Rules to implement article.

- 1 In consultation with other appropriate agencies, the commission shall, not later than the
- 2 one hundred eightieth day after the date of the enactment of this article, issue rules to implement it.
- 3 Such rules may include provision for the collection, maintenance, and analysis of appropriate data
- 4 to carry out this article. The commission shall comply with §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code when
- 5 promulgating rules.

#### ARTICLE 19. PREGNANCY WORKERS' FAIRNESS ACT.

#### §16B-19-1. Short title.

1 <u>This article may be cited as the Pregnant Workers' Fairness Act.</u>

# §16B-19-2. Nondiscrimination with regard to reasonable accommodations related to pregnancy.

- 1 <u>It shall be an unlawful employment practice for a covered entity to:</u>
- 2 (1) Not make reasonable accommodations to the known limitations related to the
- 3 pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of a job applicant or employee, following
- 4 <u>delivery by the applicant or employee of written documentation from the applicant's or employee's</u>

5 <u>health care provider that specifies the applicant's or employee's limitations and suggesting what</u>

- 6 <u>accommodations would address those limitations, unless such covered entity can demonstrate</u>
- 7 that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operation of the business of such
- 8 <u>covered entity;</u>
- 9 (2) Deny employment opportunities to a job applicant or employee, if such denial is based

10 <u>on the refusal of the covered entity to make reasonable accommodations to the known limitations</u>

- 11 related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of an employee or applicant;
- 12 (3) Require a job applicant or employee affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related
- 13 medical conditions to accept an accommodation that such applicant or employee chooses not to
- 14 accept; or
- 15 (4) Require an employee to take leave under any leave law or policy of the covered entity if

16	another reasonable accommodation can be provided to the known limitations related to the
17	pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of an employee.
	§16B-19-3. Remedies and enforcement.
1	(a) The powers, procedures, and remedies provided in §16B-19-11 of this code to the
2	Commission, the Attorney General, or any person, alleging a violation of the West Virginia Human
3	Rights Act shall be the powers, procedures, and remedies this article provides to the Commission,
4	the Attorney General, or any person, respectively, alleging an unlawful employment practice in
5	violation of this article against an employee or job applicant.
6	(b) No person shall discriminate against any individual because such individual has
7	opposed any act or practice made unlawful by this article or because such individual made a
8	charge, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or
9	hearing under this article. The remedies and procedures otherwise provided for under this section
10	shall be available to aggrieved individuals with respect to violations of this subsection.
	<u>§16B-19-4. Rule-making.</u>
1	Not later than two years after the date of enactment of this article, the Commission shall
2	propose legislative rules in accordance with §29A-3-1 of this code, to carry out this article. Such
3	rules shall identify some reasonable accommodations addressing known limitations related to
4	pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions that shall be provided to a job applicant or
5	employee affected by such known limitations unless the covered entity can demonstrate that doing
6	so would impose an undue hardship.
	<u>§16B-19-5. Definitions.</u>
1	As used in this article:
2	(1) "Attorney General" means the West Virginia Attorney General;
3	(2) "Commission" means the West Virginia Human Rights Commission;
4	(3) "Covered entity" has the meaning given the word employer in §16B-17-3 of this code.
5	(4) "Person" has the meaning given the word in section three, article eleven of this chapter;

- 6 <u>and</u>
- 7 (5) "Reasonable accommodation" and "undue hardship" have the meanings given those
- 8 terms in section 101 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111) and shall be
- 9 construed as such terms have been construed under such Act and as set forth in the rules required
- 10 by this article.

#### §16B-19-6. Reports.

- 1 The Commission shall on October 1 of each year report to the Joint Committee on 2 Government and Finance on the number of complaints filed under this article during the previous 3 year and their resolution. The report shall be transmitted to the members of the committee 4 electronically. Further, the report shall be provided to the legislative librarian to be posted to the 5 legislative website. No hard copy of the report shall be issued; however, a member shall be 6 provided a hard copy upon request. §16B-19-7. Relationship other laws. to 1 Nothing in this article shall be construed to invalidate or limit the remedies, rights, and
- 2 procedures that provides greater or equal protection for workers affected by pregnancy, childbirth,
- 3 or related medical conditions.

#### ARTICLE 20. BIRTHING CENTERS.

#### §16B-20-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- 2 "Birthing center" means a type of facility which is a building, house or the equivalent
- 3 organized to provide facilities and staff to support a birthing service for pregnant clients.
- 4 "Director" means the director of the Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification or
- 5 <u>his or her designee.</u>

6	"Inspector General" means the Inspector General of the Office of the Inspector General as
7	described in §16B-2-1 of this code, or his or her designee.
8	"Office of Health Facilities Licensure and Certification" means the West Virginia Office of
9	Health Facility Licensure and Certification within the Office of the Inspector General.
	§16B-20-2. Birthing centers to obtain license, application, fees, suspension, or revocation.
1	The Inspector General designates the director of the Office of Health Facilities Licensure
2	and Certification to enforce the provisions of this article, except as otherwise stated.
3	No person, partnership, association, or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any
4	division, department, board or agency thereof may operate a birthing center unless such operation
5	shall have been approved and licensed by the director in accordance with the provisions of this
6	article and the rules and regulations lawfully promulgated hereunder provided that all birthing
7	centers which are in operation or which have received a certificate of need valid as of the date of
8	passage of this act shall be deemed to have been so approved and shall be issued a license within
9	thirty days of passage of this act.
9 10	<u>thirty days of passage of this act.</u> <u>Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any</u>
10	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any
10 11	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the
10 11 12	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a
10 11 12 13	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a fee of \$10. Information received by the director under the provisions of this section shall be
10 11 12 13 14	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a fee of \$10. Information received by the director under the provisions of this section shall be confidential. The director is authorized to issue licenses for the operation of birthing centers which
10 11 12 13 14 15	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a fee of \$10. Information received by the director under the provisions of this section shall be confidential. The director is authorized to issue licenses for the operation of birthing centers which are found to comply with the provisions of this article and with all rules and regulations
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a fee of \$10. Information received by the director under the provisions of this section shall be confidential. The director is authorized to issue licenses for the operation of birthing centers which are found to comply with the provisions of this article and with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Inspector General. The license issued shall not be transferred or assignable.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a fee of \$10. Information received by the director under the provisions of this section shall be confidential. The director is authorized to issue licenses for the operation of birthing centers which are found to comply with the provisions of this article and with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Inspector General. The license issued shall not be transferred or assignable. The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, is authorized to suspend or revoke a
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Any person, partnership, association or corporation, or any local governmental unit or any division, department, board, or agency thereof desiring a license hereunder shall file with the director an application in such form as the director shall prescribe and furnish accompanied by a fee of \$10. Information received by the director under the provisions of this section shall be confidential. The director is authorized to issue licenses for the operation of birthing centers which are found to comply with the provisions of this article and with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Inspector General. The license issued shall not be transferred or assignable. The director, in consultation with the Inspector General, is authorized to suspend or revoke a license issued hereunder if the provisions of this article or of the rules and regulations are violated.

22	notice shall be sent by registered mail to the licensee at the address where the institution
23	concerned is located. The licensee shall be entitled to be represented by legal counsel at the
24	hearing.
25	If a license is revoked as herein provided, a new application for a license shall be
26	considered by the director if, when and after, the conditions upon which revocation was based
27	have been corrected and evidence of this fact has been furnished. A new license shall then be
28	granted after proper inspection has been made and all provisions of this article and rules and
29	regulations promulgated hereunder have been satisfied.
30	All of the pertinent provisions of §29A-5-1 of this code shall apply to and govern any
31	hearing authorized and required by the provisions of this article and the administrative procedure
32	in connection with and following any such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article
33	five were set forth in extenso in this section.
34	The West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals shall have the power to affirm, modify or
35	reverse the decision of the Board of Review and either the applicant or licensee or the Office of
36	Inspector General may appeal from the court's decision to the Supreme Court of Appeals. Pending
37	the final disposition of the matter the status quo of the applicant or licensee shall be preserved.
38	Any applicant or licensee who is dissatisfied with the decision of the Board of Review as a
39	result of the hearing provided in this section may, within thirty days after receiving notice of the
40	decision, appeal to the West Virginia Intermediate Court of Appeals for judicial review of the
41	decision.
	§16B-20-3. Inspector General to establish rules and regulations; legislative findings;
	emergency filing.
1	The Inspector General shall promulgate rules and regulations not in conflict with any
2	provision of this article, as he or she finds necessary in order to ensure adequate care and
3	accommodations for consumers of birthing centers. In promulgating such regulations the

4 Inspector General shall be limited to simple, necessary provisions which shall not have the effect

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5 of hampering the development and licensure of birthing centers. Such regulations shall not 6 address acceptable site characteristics such as the number of minutes of travel time between a 7 birthing center and a hospital, or physical environment, such as acceptable levels of temperature 8 of any refrigerator found in a birthing center, or clinical equipment, such as the number and kind of 9 clocks which a birthing center must have on the premises. Such regulations shall require that all 10 birthing centers submit satisfactory evidence that the center has implemented the paternity 11 program created pursuant to §16B-3-13 of this code along with any application for licensure. 12 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that it is in the public interest to encourage the development of birthing centers for the purpose of providing an alternative method of birth and 13 14 therefore, in order to provide for the licensing of such birthing centers to prevent substantial harm 15 to the public interest because of preexisting delay, within sixty days of passage of this article, the

16 Inspector General shall proceed to promulgate such rules and regulations under the provisions of

#### 17 §29A-3-15 of this code.

#### §16B-20-4. Insurance.

1 Not later than July 1, 1983, every policy or contract of individual accident and sickness 2 insurance covered under the provision of §33-15-1 et seq. of this code, or policy or contract of 3 group accident and sickness insurance covered under the provisions of §33-16-1 et seq. of this 4 code, including, but not limited to, any subscriber contract issued by a corporation organized 5 pursuant to §33-24-1 et seq. of this code, shall include benefits to all subscribers and members for 6 birthing center service charges, and for care rendered therein by a licensed nurse midwife or 7 midwife as this occupation is defined in §30-15-1 et seq. of this code, and which care is within the 8 scope of duties for such licensed nurse midwife or midwife as permitted by the provisions of §30-9 15-7 of this code. §16B-20-5. Violations; penalties; injunction.

Any person, partnership, association or corporation, and any local governmental unit or
 any division, department, board, or agency thereof establishing, conducting, managing or

3	operating a birthing center without first obtaining a license therefor as herein provided, or violating
4	any provisions of this article or any rule or regulation lawfully promulgated thereunder, shall be
5	guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished for the first offense by a
6	fine of not more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than
7	ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. For each
8	subsequent offense the fine may be increased to not more than \$500, with imprisonment in the
9	county jail for a period of not more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the
10	discretion of the court. Each day of a continuing violation after conviction shall be considered a
11	separate offense.
12	Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Inspector General may,
12 13	Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Inspector General may, in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against
13	in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against
13 14	in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any local governmental unit, or any division,
13 14 15	in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any local governmental unit, or any division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct,
13 14 15 16	in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any local governmental unit, or any division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any birthing center without first obtaining a license therefor in the
13 14 15 16	in the manner provided by law, maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any local governmental unit, or any division, department, board or agency thereof, to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of any birthing center without first obtaining a license therefor in the manner hereinbefore provided.

- 2 medical services in the state. Neonatal abstinence centers may provide treatment for infants
- 3 <u>under one year of age suffering from Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome, including, but not limited to,</u>
- 4 <u>the following services:</u>
- 5 <u>(1) Administration of medications;</u>
- 6 (2) Pain management;
- 7 (3) Scoring, analysis and monitoring of symptoms;
- 8 (4) Nursing care;

- 9 <u>(5) Plan of care;</u>
- 10 (6) Therapeutic handling;
- 11 (7) Nutrition management;
- 12 (8) Doctor visits; and
- 13 (9) Parental training.

#### §16B-21-2. Rules; minimum standards for neonatal abstinence centers.

- 1 (a) The Inspector General shall promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the provisions of
- 2 section §29A-3-15 of this code to carry out the purpose of this article. These rules shall include at a
- 3 <u>minimum:</u>
- 4 (1) Licensing procedures for neonatal abstinence centers. These procedures shall be in
- 5 place by July 1, 2015;
- 6 (2) The minimum standards of operation for neonatal abstinence facilities including the
- 7 <u>following:</u>
- 8 (A) Minimum numbers of administrators, medical directors, nurses, aides and other
- 9 personnel according to the occupancy of the facility;
- 10 (B) Qualifications of facility's administrators, medical directors, nurses, aides and other
- 11 <u>personnel;</u>
- 12 (C) Safety requirements;
- 13 (D) Sanitation requirements;
- 14 (E) Therapeutic services to be provided;
- 15 <u>(F) Medical records;</u>
- 16 (G) Pharmacy services;
- 17 <u>(H) Nursing services;</u>
- 18 <u>(I) Medical services;</u>
- 19 <u>(J) Physical facility;</u>
- 20 (K) Visitation privileges; and

#### 21 (L) Admission, transfer and discharge policies.

22 (b) The provisions of the rules promulgated pursuant to this section shall apply only to

23 those facilities regulated pursuant to §16-2D-1 et seq. of this code and shall not apply to a hospital-

24 based acute care unit.

#### §16B-21-3. Certificate of need; exemption from moratorium.

<u>Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, the Health Care Authority shall consider</u>
 <u>neonatal abstinence services provided in neonatal abstinence care centers as a unique and</u>

3 distinct medical service in conducting a certificate of need review.

### **CHAPTER 25. DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS.**

ARTICLE 1B. WEST VIRGINIA CORRECTIONAL CENTER NURSERY ACT.§25-1B-7.Voluntaryregulation.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, neither the Correctional
 Center Nursery Program nor the division, with respect to the program, is subject to any regulation,
 licensing or oversight by the Department of Health and Human Resources Office of Health Facility
 Licensure and Certification unless the division and the Department of Health and Human
 Resources Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification agree to voluntary regulation,
 licensing or oversight.

### CHAPTER 27. MENTALLY ILL PERSONS.

#### ARTICLE 1. WORDS AND PHRASES DEFINED.

#### §27-1-9. Mental health facility.

"Mental health facility" means any inpatient, residential or outpatient facility for the care
and treatment of the mentally ill, intellectually disabled or addicted which is operated, or licensed
to operate, by the Department of Health and Human Resources Office of Health Facility Licensure
and Certification and includes state hospitals as defined in section six of this article. The term also
includes veterans administration hospitals, but does not include any regional jail, juvenile or adult

6 correctional facility, or juvenile detention facility.

#### ARTICLE 1A. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

# §27-1A-6. Division of professional services; powers and duties of supervisor; liaison with other state agencies.

There is a Division of Professional Services established in the Department of Mental
 Health Department of Human Services. The supervisor of this division shall assist the director in

3 the operation of the programs or services of the department and shall be a qualified psychiatrist.

4 The supervisor of this division has the following powers and duties:

5 (1) To develop professional standards, provide supervision of state hospitals, analyze
6 hospital programs and inspect individual hospitals.

7 (2) To assist in recruiting professional staff.

8 (3) To take primary responsibility for the education and training of professional and 9 subprofessional personnel.

(4) To carry on or stimulate research activities related to medical and psychiatric facilities of
 the department, and render specialized assistance to hospital superintendents.

(5) To establish liaison with appropriate state agencies and with private groups interested
in mental health, including the state Bureau for Public Health, Division of Corrections, the
Department of Education, the Board of Governors of West Virginia University, and the West
Virginia Association for Mental Health, Incorporated.

(6) To license, supervise and inspect any hospital, center or institution, or part of any
hospital, center or institution, maintained and operated by any political subdivision or by any
person, persons, association or corporation to provide inpatient care and treatment for the
mentally ill, or individuals with an intellectual disability, or both.

20 (7) To perform any other duties assigned to the division by the Secretary of the Department
 21 of Health and Human Resources.

#### §27-1A-7. Division of community services; powers and duties of supervisor.

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1	There shall be a division of community services in the department of mental health
2	Department of Human Services. This division shall administer all funds made available to the
3	State of West Virginia and any political subdivision thereof under the National Mental Health Act,
4	and all other funds made available for use by this division. The director shall establish standards
5	and criteria for reimbursing sponsoring groups for a portion of the cost of local mental health
6	services which they may provide.

7

The supervisor of this division shall also have the following powers and duties:

8 (1) To establish standards for and supervise the operation of community mental health 9 clinics for adults and children and to develop new community facilities and community service 10 programs for the overall improvement of the regional mental health facilities.

(2) To develop a comprehensive and practical program of mental health education of thepublic, especially at the local level.

13 (3) To work with county mental hygiene commissions and circuit courts.

(4) To determine and approve schedules of reasonable cost for reimbursement by thepatient or responsible relative for mental health services rendered.

16 (5) To perform any other duties assigned to the division by the director of the department.

ARTICLE 9. LICENSING OF HOSPITALS.

#### §27-9-1. License from Secretary of Health and Human Resources; regulations.

1 No behavioral health center shall provide behavioral health services unless a license is 2 first obtained from the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources Office of 3 Health Facility Licensure and Certification. The secretary director of the Office of Health Facility 4 Licensure and Certification shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the 5 provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq., in regard to the operation of behavioral health centers. The 6 secretary director, or any person authorized by the secretary director, has authority to investigate 7 and inspect any licensed behavioral health center. The secretary director may impose a civil 8 money penalty, suspend, or revoke the license of any center for good cause after reasonable

9 notice, including due process rights as provided in legislative rule.

	§27-9-2.	Forensic	group	homes.
1	The Office of the	e-Inspector General	shall propose rules	for legislative approval in
2	accordance with the prov	isions of §29A-3-1 et	seq. of this code and n	nay promulgate emergency
3	rules pursuant to the prov	isions of §29A-3-15 of	this code to amend the	Behavioral Health Centers
4	Licensure Rule, W.Va.	C.S.R. §64-11-1 et	seq. (hereinafter the	"rule"), to implement the
5	requirements of this section	on after consultation v	vith appropriate stakeh	olders.
6	(1) The <del>Office of t</del>	the Inspector General	shall amend the rule	to include that the forensic

group home shall not be located within one mile of a residential area, a public or private licensed
day care center, or a public or private k-12 school learning pods and micro-schools.

9 (2) The Office of the Inspector General may grant a variance to an existing forensic group 10 home referenced in subdivision (1) of this section only if the facility demonstrates that it has 11 adequate patient population controls and that it otherwise meets the requirements set forth in the 12 amended rule.

#### **ARTICLE 17. GROUP RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES.**

#### §27-17-1. Definitions.

1 (a) "Developmental disability" means a chronic disability of a person which: (1) Is 2 attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical 3 impairments; (2) is likely to continue indefinitely; (3) results in substantial functional limitations in 4 self-direction, capacity for independent living or economic self-sufficiency; and (4) reflects the 5 person's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary or generic care, 6 treatment or other services which are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned 7 and coordinated.

8 (b) "Behavioral disability" means a disability of a person which: (1) Is attributable to severe
9 or persistent mental illness, emotional disorder or chemical dependency; and (2) results in
10 substantial functional limitations in self-direction, capacity for independent living or economic self-

11 sufficiency.

12 (c) "Group residential facility" means a facility which is owned, leased or operated by a 13 behavioral health service provider and which: (1) Provides residential services and supervision for 14 individuals who are developmentally disabled or behaviorally disabled; (2) is occupied as a 15 residence by not more than eight individuals who are developmentally disabled and not more than 16 three supervisors or is occupied as a residence by not more than twelve individuals who are 17 behaviorally disabled and not more than three supervisors; (3) is licensed by the Department of 18 Health and Human Resources Office of Health Facility Licensure and Certification; and (4) 19 complies with the state Fire Commission for residential facilities.

(d) "Group residential home" means a building owned or leased by developmentally
disabled or behaviorally disabled persons for purposes of establishing a personal residence. A
behavioral health service provider may not lease a building to such persons if the provider is
providing services to the persons without a license as provided for in this article.

# §27-17-3. License from Secretary of Health and Human Resources; regulations; and penalties.

1 (a) No group residential facility shall be established or operated unless a license is 2 obtained from the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources Office of Health 3 Facility Licensure and Certification. The secretary Inspector General shall propose rules for 4 legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seg., including the operation 5 of the group residential facility; a statement of the rights of patients in group residential facilities to 6 ensure the adequate care and supervision of patients; and shall have the authority to investigate 7 and inspect a facility, and may impose a civil money penalty, suspend or revoke the license for 8 good cause after notice, hearing, and other due process rights as provided by legislative rule. 9 (b) A group residential home is not required to obtain a license from the secretary.

## CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

#### **ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.**

#### §49-1-203. Definitions related, but not limited to, licensing and approval of programs.

1	When used in this chapter, terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to			
2	them that relate to, but are not limited to, licensing and approval of programs, except in those			
3	instances where a different meaning is provided or the context in which the word used clearly			
4	indicates that a different meaning is intended.			
5	"Approval" means a finding by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human			
6	Resources Department of Human Services that a facility operated by the state has met the			
7	requirements of legislative rules promulgated for operation of that facility and that a certificate of			
8	approval or a certificate of operation has been issued.			
9	"Certification of approval" or "certificate of operation" means a statement issued by the			
10	Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources Department of Human Services			
11	that a facility meets all of the necessary requirements for operation.			
12	"Certificate of license" means a statement issued by the Secretary of the Department of			
13	Health and Human Resources Department of Human Services authorizing an individual,			
14	corporation, partnership, voluntary association, municipality, or county, or any agency thereof, to			
15	provide specified services for a limited period of time in accordance with the terms of the			
16	certificate.			
17	"Certificate of registration" means a statement issued by the Secretary of the Department			
18	of Health and Human Resources Department of Human Services to a family child care home,			
19	informal family child care home, or relative family child care home to provide specified services for			
20	a limited period in accordance with the terms of the certificate.			

21 "License" means the grant of official permission to a facility to engage in an activity which22 would otherwise be prohibited.

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23	"Registration" means the grant of official permission to a family child care home, informal					
24	family child care home, or a relative family child care home determined to be in compliance with					
25	the legislative r	rules prom	nulgated pursuan	t to this chap	ter.	
26	"Rule" r	means leg	islative rules pro	mulgated by	the Secretary of the	Department of Health
27	and Human Re	esources [	Department of Hu	man Services	<u>s</u> or a statement issu	ed by the Secretary of
28	the <del>Departmen</del>	t of Health	and Human Res	<del>ources</del> <u>Depa</u>	rtment of Human Ser	<u>vices</u> of the standards
29	to be applied ir	n the vario	us areas of child	care.		
30	"Variance" means a declaration that a rule may be accomplished in a manner different from					manner different from
31	the manner set forth in the rule.					
32	"Waiver	r" means a	a declaration tha	t a certain le	gislative rule is inapp	olicable in a particular
33	circumstance.					
	ARTICLE	9.	FOSTER	CARE	OMBUDSMAN	PROGRAM.
	§49-9-101. The	e Foster (	Care Ombudsma	an.		
1	[Repea	led.]				
	§49-9-102. Inv	estigatio	n of complaints			
1	[Repealed.]					
	§49-9-103. Access to foster care children.					
1	[Repea	led.]				
	§49-9-104. Acc	cess to re	ecords.			
1	[Repea	led.]				
	§49-9-105. Subpoena powers.					
1	[Repea	led.]				
	§49-9-106. Cooperation among government departments or agencies.					
1	[Repea	led.]				
	§49-9-107.		Confidential	ity	of	investigations.

1 [Repealed.]

	§49-9-108.		Limita	ations		on	liability.
1	[Repea	led.]					
	§49-9-109.	Willful		interference;		retaliation;	penalties.
1	[Repealed.]						
	§49-9-110.	Funding	for	Foster	Care	Ombudsman	Program.
1	[Repea	led.]					

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to continue a separate, autonomous Office of the Inspector General. The Department of Health shall provide administrative support upon request and to correct other technical code corrections and amendments.

This bill was recommended for passage during the 2024 legislative session by the Legislative Oversight Commission of Health and Human Resources Accountability.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.