## **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2025 REGULAR SESSION**

### Introduced

## House Bill 2627

FISCAL NOTE

By Delegates Steele and Riley

[Introduced February 19, 2025; referred to the

Committee on Energy and Public Works]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding a new article, designated §5B-2P-1, §5B-2P-2, §5B-2P-3 and §5B-2P-4; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §22-5-11b of said code, relating generally to the Natural Gas Fired Electricity Generation Development Act of 2025; providing for a short title; making legislative findings and declarations; and requiring designation of suitable sites for natural gas electric generation and reporting to the Division of Air Quality of the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection and the West Virginia Public Service Commission; requiring construction and operating permits for natural gas electric generation facilities, including expedited consideration.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### **CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.**

# ARTICLE 2P. NATURAL GAS FIRED ELECTRICITY GENERATION DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 2025.

#### §5B-2P-1. Short title.

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1 This article shall be known and cited as the "Natural Gas Electric Generation Development
2 Act."

#### §5B-2P-2. Legislative findings; declaration of public policy.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- (1) The advent and advancement of new and existing technologies and drilling practices
   have created the opportunity for efficient development of natural gas in West Virginia, including
   opportunities for the production of electricity;
  - (2) Production of electricity utilizing natural gas produced in West Virginia is highly underdeveloped in comparison to nearby states with which West Virginia competes for economically beneficial projects. Natural gas electric generation projects have been undermined by existing regulatory requirements and related time delays;

(3) In developing regulatory actions and identifying appropriate approaches to encourage development of natural gas electric generation projects, agencies shall attempt to promote coordination, simplification, and harmonization. Agencies shall also seek to identify appropriate means to achieve regulatory goals that are designed to promote innovation and enhance West Virginia's competitiveness with surrounding states;

- (4) Agencies shall review their existing legislative and procedural rules to determine whether any such rules should be modified, streamlined, expanded, or repealed so as to make the agency's regulatory program more effective or less burdensome in achieving the regulatory objectives related to natural gas electric generation projects. Agencies shall also evaluate the data that they have to determine what information might be useful to prompt permitting and approval of natural gas generated electricity; and
- (5) The West Virginia Economic Development Authority ("WVEDA") established in §31-15-1 et seq. and the West Virginia Infrastructure and Jobs Development Council created in §31-15A-1 et seq., shall provide as much assistance as possible to grow and sustain the natural gas electric generation segment of the economy.
- (b) The Legislature declares that facilitating the development of business activity directly and indirectly related to natural gas electric generation development, transportation, storage, and use serves the public interest of the citizens of this state by promoting economic development and improving economic opportunities for the citizens of this state.

#### §5B-2P-3. Identification of suitable sites for natural gas electric generation projects.

- (a) The West Virginia Economic Development Authority ("WVEDA") is authorized and directed to identify economically viable sites within the state that are:
- 3 (1) Located near a convenient and sufficient supply of natural gas;
- 4 (2) Located near consumers to provide a convenient supply of the generated electricity;
- 5 <u>and</u>,

6 (3) Likely to create economically viable natural gas electric generation projects that provide

7 economic benefits to the local and state governmental units and the citizens of the state. 8 (b) The WVEDA shall use the following criteria in identifying economically viable sites for 9 natural gas electric generation projects: 10 (1) Geographic locations near producing natural gas wells or pipelines carrying natural gas 11 produced in the state capable of supplying and sustaining one or more natural gas electric 12 generation facilities for the economic life of the facilities; 13 (2) Geographic locations near existing electric transmission infrastructure capable of 14 transmitting the generated electricity to wholesale consumers and industrial, commercial, or 15 residential consumers in the state by one or more natural gas electric generation facilities for the 16 economic life of the facilities; 17 (3) Geographic locations that fulfill the air quality conditions imposed by the Division of Air 18 Quality of the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection ("WVDEP") for one or more 19 natural gas electric generation facilities; and 20 (4) Geographic locations that can demonstrate that allowable emission increases from one 21 or more natural gas electric generation facilities, in conjunction with all other applicable emission 22 increases or reductions (including secondary emissions), would not cause or contribute to air 23 pollution in violation of: 24 (A) Any national or West Virginia Ambient Air Quality Standard in any air quality control 25 region; or 26 (B) Any applicable maximum allowable increase over the baseline concentration in any 27 area. §5B-2P-4. Designation of sites suitable for natural gas electric generation projects. 1 (a) Following identification of economically viable sites that may be suitable for natural gas 2 electric generation projects, the West Virginia Economic Development Authority ("WVEDA") shall 3 identify and designate all sites it has determined to be suitable for natural gas electric generation

projects as "Designated Sites", and shall communicate the Designated Sites to the West Virginia

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Department of Environmental Protection's ("WVDEP") Division of Air Quality and the West Virginia
 Public Service Commission ("PSC") as sites suitable for the construction and operation of natural
 gas electric generation projects.

(b) Any application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity filed with the PSC for development of a natural gas electric generation project at a Designated Site shall be adjudicated, and a final order issued by the PSC, within 270 calendar days after the date of the filing of the application, notwithstanding the requirements of any other provision of this code.

#### **CHAPTER 22. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES.**

#### **ARTICLE 5. AIR POLLUTION CONTROL.**

## §22-5-11b. Construction and operating permits required for natural gas electric generation facilities as stationary sources of air pollutants.

- (a) This section applies to natural gas electric generation facilities as identified and communicated to the secretary by the West Virginia Economic Development Authority ("WVEDA") as sites that may be suitable for one or more natural gas electric generation facilities in accordance with §5B-2P-1 et seq., or as identified by an applicant for a construction and operating permit for one or more natural gas electric generation facilities.
- (b) The secretary shall take all reasonable steps to expedite consideration of permit applications utilizing sites designated by the WVEDA as a site suitable for use as a natural gas electric generation facility and communicated to the secretary in accordance with §5B-2P-1 et seq. These steps shall include:
- (1) An initial determination of whether the identified site is in compliance with National Ambient Air Quality Standards and the West Virginia State Implementation Plan, whether emissions from a natural gas electric generation facility would be likely to interfere with compliance with the same and, if interference is likely, the steps necessary to avoid noncompliance with National Ambient Air Quality Standards and the State Implementation Plan; and

(2) Evaluation of whether there is sufficient data, meteorological and otherwise, that would allow acceptable modeling of the impacts of emissions from a natural gas electric generation facility, and if not, construction of sampling and measuring devices to acquire such data at the site.

(c) Unless otherwise specifically provided in this article, the secretary shall issue a permit for a natural gas electric generation facility which is determined to be a major stationary source within a reasonable time, not to exceed 270 calendar days, after the secretary determines that the application is complete. The secretary shall determine whether an application is complete within 30 days from the date the permit application is filed with the secretary and communicated to the permit applicant.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to encourage development, transportation and use of electricity generated using West Virginia natural gas as the energy source for generating electricity by directing the West Virginia Economic Development Authority to identify and designate sites suitable for natural gas electric generation facilities and by providing for timely consideration and decision concerning applications for permits to construct and operate natural gas electric generation facilities.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.