# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE SENATE JOURNAL

# EIGHTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2023 FORTY-SECOND DAY

Charleston, West Virginia, Tuesday, February 21, 2023

The Senate met at 11:06 a.m.

(Senator Blair, Mr. President, in the Chair.)

Prayer was offered by Dr. D. W. Cummings, Senior Pastor, Bethlehem Apostolic Temple, Wheeling, West Virginia.

The Senate was then led in recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance by the Honorable Patricia Puertas Rucker, a senator from the sixteenth district.

Pending the reading of the Journal of Monday, February 20, 2023,

At the request of Senator Oliverio, unanimous consent being granted, the Journal was approved and the further reading thereof dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second order of business and the introduction of guests.

The Senate then proceeded to the third order of business.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the amendment by that body, passage as amended with its House of Delegates amended title, and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the House of Delegates amendments, as to

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 89**, Requiring hospitals to staff qualified personnel to perform sexual assault forensic exams.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the bill was taken up for immediate consideration.

The following House of Delegates amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk:

Page 1, by striking everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### **ARTICLE 9B. SEXUAL ASSAULT EXAMINATION NETWORK.**

#### §15-9B-1a. Definitions.

As used in this article:

(1) "Biological evidence" includes a sexual assault forensic examination kit, semen, blood, saliva, hair, skin tissue, or other identified biological material.

(2) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid. DNA is located in the nucleus of cells and provides an individual's personal genetic blueprint. DNA encodes genetic information that is the basis of human heredity and forensic identification.

"Hospital" means a facility licensed pursuant to the provisions of §16-5B-1 et seq. of this code that primarily provides inpatient diagnostic, treatment, or rehabilitative services to the injured, disabled, or sick persons under the supervision of physicians with a 24-hour emergency department.

(3) "Nonreported kit" means a kit collected from an alleged victim who has consented to the collection of the kit, but has not consented to participation in the criminal justice process.

(4) "Sexual assault forensic examination kit" or "kit" means a set of materials, including, but not limited to, swabs and tools for collecting blood samples, clothing, or other materials used to gather forensic evidence from a victim of a reported sexual offense and the evidence obtained with the materials.

(5) "Sexual offense" means any offense or attempted offense in the jurisdiction of the state in which a sexual assault forensic examination kit is collected, including, but not limited to, the following sections:

(A) §61-8-12 of this code;

- (B) §61-8A-2 of this code;
- (C) §61-8A-4 of this code;
- (D) §61-8A-5 of this code;
- (E) Any offenses listed in §61-8B-1 et seq. of this code;
- (F) Any offenses listed in §61-8C-1 et seq. of this code;
- (G) Any offenses listed in §61-8D-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(6) "Unfounded" means evidence developed after reasonable investigation and supported by proper documentation proving no crime occurred or where the alleged victim has recanted.

#### §15-9B-4. Submission, testing, and retention of sexual assault forensic examination kits.

(a) The Sexual Assault Forensic Examination Commission created by §15-9B-1 of this code shall establish a subgroup of persons with subject matter expertise to establish best-practice protocols for the submission, testing, retention, and disposition of sexual assault forensic examination kits collected by health care providers. The commission shall propose rules for legislative approval, in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code, detailing best-practice

protocols. Upon approval of the legislative rules, local sexual assault forensic examination boards shall follow the rules.

(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include:

(1) Time frames for submission of sexual assault forensic examination kits in the possession of law enforcement; and

(2) Protocols for storage of DNA samples and sexual assault forensic examination kits; and,

(3) Requiring a hospital to have trained health care provider available or transfer agreement as provided in a county plan, to complete a sexual assault forensic examination. "Available" includes, but not limited, having access to a trained sexual assault forensic examination expert via telehealth.

(c) The commission may promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the provisions of §29A-3-15 of this code in order to implement this section: *Provided*, That no emergency rule may permit the destruction of any DNA evidence.

(d) Upon collection, a sexual assault forensic examination kit shall be submitted for testing by the health care provider to the West Virginia State Police Forensic Laboratory within 30 days of collection or as soon thereafter as practicable. All packaging kits for transmittal and transmittal protocols shall be designed to meet applicable standards for maintaining the efficacy of the sample and chain of custody.

(e) No sexual assault forensic examination kit need be tested where the alleged victim has not consented to the testing, requests that the kit not be tested, where he or she recants as to the allegation of a sexual offense, or the allegation that a sexual offense occurred is determined to be unfounded. If the alleged victim does not consent to law enforcement involvement, the kit shall be designated a nonreported kit and transmitted to the Marshall University Forensic Science Center.

(f) The Commission shall, in cooperation with the West Virginia State Police, develop protocols for storage of previously tested materials to be made available for secondary testing upon a court order to do so.

(g) Biological evidence obtained through tests of a sexual assault forensic examination kit shall not be destroyed:

(1) During the time period of incarceration of a person whose DNA was identified by the use of the biological evidence, or while the person remains under continued supervision, whichever is later in time; or;

(2) For as long as the offense from which the biological evidence is obtained remains unresolved;

(h) Notwithstanding any provision of this code, or any rule or policy promulgated thereunder, upon completion of the processing and testing set forth in subsection (d) of this section, the sexual assault forensic examination kit shall be transmitted to the appropriate investigating local or state law-enforcement agency which shall retain all identified biological material that is secured in

connection with any sexual offense or attempted sexual offense for the periods set forth in subsection (g) of this section.

(i) After processing and testing of a sexual assault forensic examination kit, the West Virginia State Police Laboratory shall transmit the sexual assault forensic examination kit to the appropriate investigating state or local law-enforcement agency through any reasonable means sufficient to establish the proper chain of custody, including, but not limited to, use of the United States Postal Service or hand delivery by appropriate personnel or a law-enforcement officer. The appropriate investigating state or local law-enforcement agency shall preserve the sexual assault forensic examination kit for the period of time prescribed in subsection (g) of this section in a condition where any biological evidence is suitable for DNA testing. The lack of timely submission, or the inadvertent loss or destruction of a sexual assault forensic examination kit, standing alone, shall not constitute a bar to the prosecution of a sexual offense.

(j) Sexual assault forensic examination kits retained pursuant to this section shall be made available for DNA testing pursuant to §15-2B-7 of this code or pursuant to an appropriate order of a circuit court of competent jurisdiction for secondary testing.

(k) The appropriate investigating state or local law-enforcement agency responsible for retaining the sexual assault forensic examination kit shall obtain approval from the circuit court of competent jurisdiction for the county in which the crime occurred before disposal of any biological evidence. Before the disposal of any sexual assault forensic examination kit, reasonable efforts shall be made to provide written notice to the victim by the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the crime occurred.

(I) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting a state or local law-enforcement agency's discretion concerning the conditions under which biological evidence is retained, preserved, or transferred among different entities if the evidence is retained in a condition that is suitable for DNA testing.;

And,

By striking out the title and substituting therefor a new title, to read as follows:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 89**—A Bill to amend and reenact §15-9B-1a and §15-9B-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to sexual assault forensic examinations; defining terms; requiring legislative rules; requiring hospitals to have health care providers available to conduct sexual assault forensic examinations.

On motion of Senator Takubo, the Senate concurred in the House of Delegates amendments to the bill.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 89, as amended by the House of Delegates, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 89) passed with its House of Delegates amended title.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2150**—A Bill to amend and reenact §49-4-712 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §49-4-712a, all relating to requiring parents, guardians, or custodians to participate in programs for juveniles in an out-of-home placement unless there is a finding by the court that said participation is not in the best interest of the juvenile; requiring certain services to include programs that require the participation of parents, guardians, or custodians unless there is a finding by the court that said participation is not in the best interest of the juvenile; requiring provisions in a valid court order to enforce certain compliance mandating that parents, guardians, or custodians participate in programs for juveniles in an out-of-home placement; and requiring parents, guardians, or custodians to participate in programs designed for out-of-home placement including family therapy sessions offered by the treatment provider unless there is a finding by the court that said participation is not in the best interest of the juvenile.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2848**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §16-1-9g, related to modifying the requirements for out of state wastewater operators to obtain a license in the state; setting forth application requirements; and providing a waiver.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 3101**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §16-5A-6, relating to the notification of breast density; and providing for medical guidelines and information.

Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 3147**—A Bill to amend and re-enact §20-17A-1 and §20-17A-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and by adding thereto a new article, designated §20-17B-1, §20-17B-2, §20-17B-3, §20-17B-4, and §20-17B-5, all relating to the expansion of the

Mountaineer Trail Network Recreation Authority and the creation of the Upper Ohio Valley Trail Network Recreation Authority; providing for legislative findings and purposes; providing for interconnection of recreational trail networks; providing for the continuation of the Upper Ohio Valley Trail Network Recreation Authority and the establishment of the recreation area; providing recreational purposes; providing for a governing body and expenses; and providing for protection for private landowners.

Referred to the Committee on Outdoor Recreation; and then to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. House Bill 3215**—A Bill to amend and reenact §8A-1-2, §8A-2-7, §8A-4-2, §8A-5-1, §8A-5-3, §8A-5-6, §8A-5-8, §8A-8-4, and §8A-8-5, of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to land use planning; modifying definitions; modifying the frequency of planning commission meetings; clarifying contents of subdivision and land development ordinances; addressing jurisdiction of planning commission; clarifying process for minor proposals; modifying provisions related to approval of major proposals; providing for flexibility in qualifications for county boards of zoning appeals; and modifying frequency of board of zoning appeals meetings.

Referred to the Committee on Government Organization.

A message from the Clerk of the House of Delegates announced the passage by that body and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the passage of

**Eng. House Bill 3428**—A Bill to amend and reenact §24-2-1n, relating to the West Virginia Business Ready Sites Program; to eliminate the West Virginia Business Ready Sites Program as a pilot program; to eliminate the maximum number of industrial development sites; to eliminate certain requirements that industrial development sites be apportioned geographically amongst West Virginia's congressional districts; and to eliminate the sunset provision of the West Virginia Business Ready Sites Program.

Referred to the Committee on Economic Development.

The Senate proceeded to the fourth order of business.

Senator Tarr, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Finance has had under consideration

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 79** (originating in the Committee on Government Organization), Relating to compensable diseases of certain firefighters covered by workers' compensation.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

**Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 79** (originating in the Committee on Finance)—A Bill to amend and reenact §23-4-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to compensable diseases of certain firefighters covered by workers' compensation; establishing

rebuttable presumption of injury arising out of and in the course of employment for certain covered firefighters that develop bladder cancer, mesothelioma, and testicular cancer; providing for conditions of the presumption, and providing that the rebuttable presumption expires on July 1, 2027, unless extended by the Legislature.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute for committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric J. Tarr, *Chair.* 

Senator Azinger, from the Committee on Banking and Insurance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Banking and Insurance has had under consideration

Senate Bill 480, Modifying group accident and sickness insurance requirements.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 480** (originating in the Committee on Banking and Insurance)—A Bill to amend and reenact §33-16-1a and §33-16-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §33-16-2a, all relating to modifying group accident and sickness insurance requirements and permitting self-insured multiple employer welfare arrangements; modifying and creating definitions; reducing requirements for bona fide associations; authorizing bona fide associations in good standing to sponsor and operate self-insured multiple employer welfare arrangements if certain requirements are met; setting forth requirements for self-insured multiple employer welfare arrangements; authorizing Insurance Commissioner to issue certificates of authority; imposing a non-refundable filing fee; requiring annual reporting by the arrangements; requiring rulemaking by Insurance Commissioner; and authorizing rulemaking on penalties, fines, and suspension and revocation of certificates of authority for violations of requirements for multiple employer welfare arrangements.

And,

Senate Bill 657, WV Long-Term Care Insurance Act.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 657** (originating in the Committee on Banking and Insurance)—A Bill to amend and reenact §33-15A-6 of the Code of West Virginia, as amended, relating to requirements for long term care insurance.

With the recommendation that the two committee substitutes do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael T. Azinger, *Chair.*  At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, one of the bills (Com. Sub. for S. B. 480) contained in the preceding report from the Committee on Banking and Insurance was taken up for immediate consideration, read a first time, and ordered to second reading.

Senator Azinger, from the Committee on Banking and Insurance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Banking and Insurance has had under consideration

**Senate Bill 594,** Specifying fairness in cost sharing calculations for certain high deductible health plans.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 594** (originating in the Committee on Banking and Insurance)—A Bill to amend and reenact §33-15-4t of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §33-16-3ee of said code; to amend and reenact §33-24-7t of said code; to amend and reenact §33-25-8q of said code; and to amend and reenact §33-25A-8t of said code, all relating to cost-sharing calculations in insurance code and Health Savings Account eligibility.

With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael T. Azinger, Chair.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 594) contained in the preceding report from the Committee on Banking and Insurance was taken up for immediate consideration, read a first time, and ordered to second reading.

Senator Weld, from the Committee on Military, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Military has had under consideration

Senate Bill 616, WV Veterans' Home Loan Mortgage Program of 2023.

And reports back a committee substitute for same with the following title:

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 616** (originating in the Committee on Military)—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §31-18F-1, §31-18F-2, §31-18F-3, §31-18F-4, §31-18F-5, §31-18F-6; and to amend and reenact §36-8-13 of said code, all relating generally to creating the West Virginia Veterans' Home Loan Mortgage Program of 2023; establishing a fund known as the West Virginia Veterans' Home Loan Mortgage Fund ; declaring the purpose of the fund; providing that the Housing Development Fund shall administer the fund; setting forth terms of the program; authorizing the Housing Development Fund to make certain mortgage loans from the fund; and authorizing the unclaimed property administrator to transfer a certain amount from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund to the fund. With the recommendation that the committee substitute do pass; but under the original double committee reference first be referred to the Committee on Finance.

Respectfully submitted,

Ryan W. Weld, *Chair.* 

At the request of Senator Tarr, as chair of the Committee on Finance, unanimous consent was granted to dispense with the second committee reference of the bill contained in the foregoing report from the Committee on Military.

Senator Tarr, from the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Finance has had under consideration

Senate Bill 678, Adding appropriations to DHHR, Division of Human Services.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric J. Tarr, *Chair.* 

Senator Hamilton, from the Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources, submitted the following report, which was received:

Your Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources has had under consideration

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 3122,** Permitting certain types of rifles using an encapsulated propellant charge that loads from the breech.

And reports the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill Hamilton, *Chair.* 

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 3122) contained in the preceding report from the Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources was taken up for immediate consideration, read a first time, and ordered to second reading.

The Senate proceeded to the sixth order of business.

Senator Blair (Mr. President) offered the following resolution:

**Senate Resolution 37**—Reaffirming support of the signing of a Bilateral Trade Agreement (BTA) between the United States and the Republic of China (Taiwan) in strengthening the

sisterhood partnership between the State of West Virginia and Taiwan, and reaffirming support for Taiwan's meaningful participation and contributions in international organizations.

Which, under the rules, lies over one day.

The Senate proceeded to the seventh order of business.

**Senate Concurrent Resolution 18,** Requesting Joint Committee on Government and Finance study increasing availability of prescription nonopioid medications.

On unfinished business, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules.

The Senate proceeded to the eighth order of business.

Eng. Senate Bill 488, Aligning state and federal accreditation rules.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 488) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 543,** Authorizing rule-making changes to terms, procedures and reporting duties in higher education.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 543) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect from passage.

On this question, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 543) takes effect from passage.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 548,** Clarifying what parties can redeem delinquent property and limiting those entitled to bid.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 548) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

**Eng. Senate Bill 591**, Allowing counties and municipalities to jointly undertake development projects.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 591) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 596, Modifying payment for housing and maintenance of inmates.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, with the right having been granted on yesterday, Monday, February 20, 2023, for amendments to be received on third reading, was read a third time.

On motion of Senator Barrett, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### ARTICLE 3. DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION.

#### §15A-3-16. Funds for operations of jails under the jurisdiction of the commissioner.

(a) Any special revenue funds previously administered by the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority or its executive director are continued, and shall be administered by the commissioner.

(b) Funds that have been transferred by §15A-3-16(a) of this code shall be limited in use to operations of jail functions, and for payment to the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority Board, for payment of indebtedness. In no case shall a fund be utilized to offset or pay operations of nonjail parts of the facility: *Provided*, That funds may be utilized on a pro rata basis for shared staff and for operational expenses of facilities being used as both prisons and jails.

(c) Whenever the commissioner determines that the balance in these funds is more than the immediate requirements of this article, he or she may request that the excess be invested until needed. Any excess funds so requested shall be invested in a manner consistent with the investment of temporary state funds. Interest earned on any moneys invested pursuant to this section shall be credited to these funds.

(d) These funds consist of the following:

(1) Moneys collected and deposited in the State Treasury which are specifically designated by Acts of the Legislature for inclusion in these funds;

(2) Contributions, grants, and gifts from any source, both public and private, specifically directed to the operations of jails under the control of the commissioner;

(3) All sums paid pursuant to §15A-3-16(g) of this code; and

(4) All interest earned on investments made by the state from moneys deposited in these funds.

(e) The amounts deposited in these funds shall be accounted for and expended in the following manner:

(1) Amounts deposited shall be pledged first to the debt service on any bonded indebtedness;

(2) After any requirements of debt service have been satisfied, the commissioner shall requisition from these funds the amounts that are necessary to provide for payment of the administrative expenses of this article, as limited by this section;

(3) The commissioner shall requisition from these funds, after any requirements of debt service have been satisfied, the amounts that are necessary for the maintenance and operation of jails under his or her control. These funds shall make an accounting of all amounts received from each county by virtue of any filing fees, court costs, or fines required by law to be deposited in these funds and amounts from the jail improvement funds of the various counties;

(4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, sums paid into these funds by each county pursuant to §15A-3-16(g) of this code for each inmate shall be placed in a separate account and shall be requisitioned from these funds to pay for costs incurred; and

(5) Any amounts deposited in these funds from other sources permitted by this article shall be expended based on particular needs to be determined by the commissioner.

(f)(1) After a jail facility becomes available pursuant to this article for the incarceration of inmates, each county within the region shall incarcerate all persons whom the county would have incarcerated in any jail prior to the availability of the jail facility in the jail facility, except those whose incarceration in a local jail facility used as a local holding facility is specified as appropriate under the previously promulgated, and hereby transferred standards and procedures developed by the Jail Facilities Standards Commission, and whom the sheriff or the circuit court elects to incarcerate therein.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of 15A-3-16(f)(1) of this code, circuit and magistrate courts are authorized to:

(A) Detain persons who have been arrested or charged with a crime in a county or municipal jail specified as appropriate under the standards and procedures referenced in §15A-3-16(f)(1) of this code, for a period not to exceed 96 hours; or

(B) Commit persons convicted of a crime in a county or municipal jail, specified as appropriate under the standards and procedures referenced in 15A-3-16(f)(1) of this code, for a period not to exceed 14 days.

(g) When inmates are placed in a jail facility under the jurisdiction of the commissioner pursuant to §15A-3-16(f) of this code, the county, and municipality if the incarceration is a municipal violation, shall pay into this fund a cost per day for each incarcerated inmate, to be determined <u>as set forth in subsection (k) of this section.</u> by the state Budget Office annually by examining the most recent three fiscal years of costs submitted by the commissioner for the cost of operating the jail facilities and units under his or her jurisdiction, and taking an average per day, per inmate cost of maintaining the operations of the jail facilities or units: *Provided*, That beginning Beginning July 1, 2018, and continuing through July 1, 2023 June 30, 2023, in no case shall any county or municipality be required to pay a rate that exceeds \$48.25 per day, per inmate. Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that the per diem cannot be decreased or be less than \$48.25 per day per inmate.

(h) The per diem costs for incarcerating inmates may not include the cost of construction, acquisition, or renovation of the regional jail facilities: *Provided*, That each jail facility or unit operating in this state shall keep a record of the date and time that an inmate is incarcerated, and a county may not be charged for a second day of incarceration for an individual inmate until that inmate has remained incarcerated for more than 24 hours. After that, in cases of continuous incarceration, subsequent per diem charges shall be made upon a county only as subsequent intervals of 24 hours pass from the original time of incarceration.

(i) The county is responsible for costs incurred by the division for housing and maintaining inmates in its facilities who are pretrial inmates and convicted misdemeanants. The costs of housing shall be borne by the division on a felony conviction on which an inmate is incarcerated beginning the calendar day following the day of sentencing: *Provided*, That beginning July 1, 2019, the costs of housing shall be borne by the division on a felony conviction when an inmate is incarcerated beginning the calendar day following the day of conviction. In no case shall the county be responsible for any costs of housing and maintaining felony convicted inmate populations.

(j) The county is responsible for the costs incurred by the authority for housing and maintaining an inmate who, prior to a felony conviction on which the inmate is incarcerated and is awaiting transportation to a state correctional facility for a 60-day evaluation period as provided in §62-12-7a of this code.

(k) On or before July 1, 2020, the commissioner shall prepare a report on the feasibility of phasing out the county and municipal per diem charges required by §15A-3-16(g) of this code. This report shall include information regarding savings realized because of the consolidation of the former Division of Corrections, Division of Juvenile Services, and the operations of the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority, as well as any other recommendations that might ease the burden of paying the per diem inmate costs by the counties or municipalities. On or before January 1, 2019, January 1, 2020, January 1, 2021, and January 1, 2023 the commissioner shall report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and the co-chairmen of the Joint Standing Committee on Finance the actual per diem rate as calculated pursuant to §15A-3-16(g) of this code and any amount not assessed to counties if the actual per diem cost is larger than the amount charged to the counties or municipalities pursuant to §15A-3-16(g) between July 1, 2018, and July 1, 2023

(k) (1) Effective July 1, 2023, the cost per day per inmate for an incarcerated inmate shall be determined as set forth in this subsection. The base rate per day per inmate rate shall be set at \$54.48. The State Budget Office shall annually examine the most recent three fiscal years of costs submitted by the commissioner for the cost of operating the jail facilities and units under his or her jurisdiction, and taking an average per day, per inmate cost of maintaining the operations of the jail facilities or units shall adjust the per day per inmate rate annually. Notice of the adjusted per day per inmate rate shall be provided to each county commission.

(2) Beginning July 1, 2023, the commissioner shall determine the pro rata share of inmate days per county. This figure shall be calculated by multiplying each counties population as contained in the 2020 United States Census by .52.

(3) A county or municipality, if the incarceration is a municipal violation, shall pay 80 percent of the base rate per day per inmate cost as set forth in this subsection (k)(1) of this section for any inmate whose period of incarceration is 80 percent less than the base number of pro rata days resulting from the calculation as set forth in subsection (k)(2) of this section. The rate shall be determined by multiplying the pro rata night figure by 80 percent. This will set the number of days which the county or municipality shall pay at the reduced rate of 80 percent of the per day per inmate cost as set forth in subsection (k)(1) of this section.

(4) The per day per inmate cost between the reduced rate as determined by subsection (k)(3) of this section up to and including the base number of pro rata days as set determined by subsection (k)(2) of this section shall be 100 percent of the base rate per day per inmate costs as set forth in subsection (k)(1) of this section.

(5) A county or municipality shall pay an increased per day per inmate cost for any inmate whose incarceration exceeds the base number of pro rata days for that county as set forth in subsection (I)(1) of this section. That cost will be determined by adding an additional 20 percent over and above the base rate per day per inmate cost as set forth in subsection (k)(1) of this section.

(6) Beginning July 1, 2031, and every 10 years thereafter the pro rata share of inmate days per county shall be calculated by dividing the number of inmate days from the previous calendar year by the state's population according to the most recent United States Census data and then multiplying that number by each counties population.

(7) The commissioner shall post on the Division of Corrections and Rehabilitations webpage by county:

(i) The pro rata share of inmate days:

(ii) The base number of pro rata days;

(iii) The reduced rate of the per day per inmate costs;

(iv) The increased per day per inmate; and

(v) Any other information deemed necessary by the commissioner.

(I) County commissioners may be liable in both their official and individual capacity for the payment of the fees established in this section. County commissioners pursuant to the jurisdiction, powers, and duties placed upon them pursuant to §7-1-1 *et seq.* of this code and Section 11, Article 9 of the West Virginia Constitution are responsible for the fiscal affairs of their county. This includes oversight of all financial transaction including compliance with legal requirements for the operation of a county government. The non-payment of the expenses associated with providing housing and maintaining inmates as required by this section is in direct contradiction of their established statutory and constitutional duties as the fiscal officers of a county. This violation of the clearly established statutory and constitutional duty to manage all fiscal matters of a county abrogates any qualified immunity county commissioners may have as a government official: *Provided*, That if a county commission has entered into a payment agreement to pay the amount of arrears for the housing and maintenance of inmates and continues to remain current in the payment of the arrears as set forth in the agreement, that shall stay any personal liability of a county commissioner as set forth in this subsection.

On motion of Senator Karnes, the following amendment to Senator Barrett's amendment to the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 596) was reported by the Clerk:

On page 6, section 16, lines 38 through 51, by striking out subsection (I) and adding thereto two new subsections (I) and (m), to read as follows:

(I) Payment for fees incurred by a county related to housing and maintaining inmates shall be applied in reverse chronological order, to the most recent bills first and the oldest bills last, unless a different application is specifically authorized by a county commission.

(m) County Commissioners may be liable in both their official and individual capacity for the payment of the fees established in this section except where one of the following exceptions apply:

(i) A County Commissioner may not be held personally liable for fees incurred before their service on the county commission commenced.

(ii) A County Commission's inability to pay, as a result of fulfilling other constitutional or statutory obligations, shall negate any personal liability of individual County Commissioners.

(iii) If a County Commission has entered into a payment agreement to pay the amount of arrears for the housing and maintenance of inmates and continues to remain current in the payment of the arrears as set forth in the agreement, that shall stay any personal liability of a county commissioner as set forth in this subsection.

Following discussion,

The question being on the adoption of the amendment offered by Senator Karnes to Senator Barrett's amendment to the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 596), and on this question, Senator Karnes demanded the yeas and nays.

The roll being taken, the yeas were: Chapman, Hamilton, Karnes, Martin, Maynard, Rucker, Smith, Stover, and Taylor—9.

The nays were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hunt, Jeffries, Maroney, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—24.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of those present and voting not having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the amendment offered by Senator Karnes to Senator Barrett's amendment to the bill rejected.

The question now being on the adoption of Senator Barrett's amendment to the bill, the same was put and prevailed.

The bill, as just amended, was again ordered to engrossment.

Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 596 was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hunt, Jeffries, Maroney, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Stover, Swope, Tarr, Trump, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—22.

The nays were: Chapman, Hamilton, Karnes, Martin, Maynard, Rucker, Smith, Stuart, Takubo, Taylor, and Weld—11.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 596) passed with its title.

Senator Takubo moved that the bill take effect July 1, 2023.

On this question, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hunt, Jeffries, Maroney, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—28.

The nays were: Chapman, Hamilton, Karnes, Martin, and Taylor-5.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, two thirds of all the members elected to the Senate having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 596) takes effect July 1, 2023.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 602, Enabling WVSU and Bluefield State University to offer associate degrees.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

Pending discussion,

The question being "Shall Engrossed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 602 pass?"

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 602) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. Senate Bill 629, Establishing auto-renewal program for wildlife licenses.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, was read a third time and put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. S. B. 629) passed with its title.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

Eng. House Bill 3272, Relating to the operation of private trust companies in West Virginia.

On third reading, coming up in regular order, with the right having been granted on February 17, 2023, for amendments to be received on third reading, was read a third time.

On motion of Senator Azinger, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

By striking out everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### CHAPTER 31I. TRUST COMPANIES.

#### ARTICLE 1. PRIVATE TRUST COMPANIES AND PRIVATE TRUST BUSINESS.

#### §31I-1-1. Short title.

This article may be cited as the "Private Trust Company Act".

#### §31I-1-2. Purposes; findings.

(a) The purpose of the article is to establish requirements for licensing private trust companies, to regulate persons who provide fiduciary services to family members of no more than three families and their related interests as a private trust company, and to establish the degree of regulatory oversight required of the State Auditor over such companies. The public interest served by this article is to ensure that fiduciary activities performed by a private trust company are restricted to family members and their related interests and as otherwise provided in this article.

(b) The Legislature finds that:

(1) A private trust company is not a financial institution, and licensure of such a company is not required.

(2) A private trust company may elect to be a licensed private trust company under this article if the company desires to be subject to the regulatory oversight of the State Auditor, as provided in this article, notwithstanding that the company restricts its services to family members.

(3) With respect to a licensed private trust company, the State Auditor is responsible for regulating, supervising, and examining the company as provided under this article.

(4) With respect to a private trust company that does not elect to be licensed, the State Auditor's role is limited to ensuring that fiduciary services provided by the company are restricted to family members and authorized related interests and not to the general public. The State Auditor is not responsible for examining a private trust company regarding the safety or soundness of its operations.

#### §31I-1-3. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

(1) "Applicant" means the corporation or limited liability company on whose behalf an application for a license to operate as a licensed private trust company is submitted under §311-1-4(e) of this code.

(2) "Capital account" means the aggregate value of unimpaired capital stock based on the par value of the shares, plus any unimpaired surplus and undivided profits or retained earnings of a private trust company organized as a corporation; or the initial cash investment remitted for membership interests in a private trust company organized as a limited liability company, plus any undivided profits or retained earnings of the limited liability company.

(3) "Capital stock" means the shares of stock issued to create nonwithdrawable capital for a corporation, or membership interests issued to create nonwithdrawable capital for a limited liability company.

(4) "Collateral kinship" means a relationship that is not lineal but derives from a common ancestor.

(5) "Degrees of kinship" means, with respect to two persons:

(A) Degrees of lineal kinship computed by counting one degree for each person in the line of ascent or descent, exclusive of the person from whom the computing begins; and

(B) Degrees of collateral kinship computed by commencing with one of the persons and ascending from that person to a common ancestor, descending from that ancestor to the other person, and counting one degree for each person in the line of ascent and in the line of descent, exclusive of the person from whom the computation begins, the total to represent the degree of such kinship.

(6) "Designated relative" means a common ancestor of a family, who may be a living or deceased person, who is the individual to or through whom the family members are related, and who is so designated in the application for a license.

(7) "Family" means a designated relative and family members of that designated relative.

(8) "Family affiliate" means a company or other entity in which one or more family members own, control, or have the power, directly or indirectly, to vote all of the capital stock, partnership interests, membership interests, or other equity interests of the entity.

(9) "Family member" means a designated relative and:

(A) Any individual within: (i) the fifth degree of lineal kinship to a designated relative of a private trust company, or the sixth degree of lineal kinship to a designated relative of a licensed private trust company, or (ii) the seventh degree of collateral kinship to a designated relative of a private trust company, or the ninth degree of collateral kinship to a designated relative of a licensed private trust company;

(B) The present or past spouse of any individual qualifying as a family member and an individual who is within the fifth degree of lineal kinship to such spouse or former spouse;

(C) A trust established by: (i) a family member if the trust is funded exclusively by one or more family members and, for these purposes, a trust to which property has been transferred as a result of a family member's exercise of a power of appointment shall be considered established by that family member if all qualified beneficiaries of the appointee trust are family members, or (ii) an individual who is not a family member if all of the noncharitable qualified beneficiaries of the trust are family members, except that a trust composed exclusively of nonindividual qualified beneficiaries are charitable foundations or other charitable entities as described in paragraph (F) of this subdivision;

(D) A family affiliate or officer or former officer of a family affiliate: *Provided*, That in the case of a former officer, such officer must have qualified as an officer of the family affiliate at any time within the past three years;

(E) The estate of a family member or the estate of an individual who is not a family member if all of the noncharitable beneficiaries of such estate are family members, except that an estate composed exclusively of nonindividual beneficiaries is considered to be a family member if all of the nonindividual beneficiaries are charitable foundations or other charitable entities as described in paragraph (F) of this subdivision; or

(F) A charitable foundation or other charitable entity that either: (i) was created by a family member, or (ii) has a governing body consisting mostly of family members.

(10) "Fiduciary" means executor, administrator, conservator, guardian, committee, or trustee.

(11) "Licensed private trust company" means a private trust company that operates in accordance with this article and has been issued a license that has not been revoked or suspended by the State Auditor.

(12) "Lineal kinship" means a family member who is in the direct line of ascent or descent from a designated relative.

(13) "Officer" of a family affiliate means an individual, regardless of whether the individual has an official title or receives a salary or other compensation, who may participate in the major policymaking functions of a family affiliate, other than as a director. The term does not include an individual who may have an official title and exercise discretion in the performance of duties and functions, but who does not participate in determining the major policies of the family affiliate and whose decisions are limited by policy standards established by other officers, regardless of whether the policy standards have been adopted by the board of directors or other members of management. The chair of the board of directors, the president, the chief officer, the chief financial officer, the senior trust officer, and all executive vice presidents of a family affiliate, and all managers if organized as a limited liability company, are presumed to be officers unless such officer is excluded by resolution of the board of directors or members or by the bylaws or operating agreement of the family affiliate, other than in the capacity of a director, from participating in major policymaking functions of the family affiliate, and such excluded officer does not actually participate therein.

(14) "Operating plan" means a plan that establishes the policies and procedures a private trust company will have in effect when the institution opens for business and thereafter:

(A) To ensure that trust accounts are handled in accordance with recognized standards of fiduciary conduct; and

(B) To assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

(15) "Private trust business" means acting as or performing the duties of a fiduciary in the regular course of its business for family members. A person does not engage in private trust business by:

(A) Rendering services as an attorney-at-law in the performance of duties as a fiduciary;

(B) Rendering services as a certified or registered public accountant in the performance of duties as such;

(C) Acting as trustee under a deed of trust made only as security for the payment of money or for the performance of another act;

(D) Acting as a trustee in bankruptcy or as a receiver;

(E) Holding trusts of real estate for the primary purpose of subdivision, development, or sale, or to facilitate any business transaction with respect to such real estate;

(F) Engaging in the business of an escrow agent;

(G) Holding assets as trustee of a trust created for charitable purposes if:

(i) The trustee is an entity exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(ii) The trust is: (I) exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, (II) a charitable remainder trust described in Section 664 of the Internal Revenue Code, (III) a pooled income fund described in Section 642(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, or (IV) a trust the charitable interest in which is either a guaranteed annuity or a fixed percentage distributed yearly of the fair market value of the trust property, described in Section 2055(e)(2)(B) or Section 2522(c)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) Receiving rents and proceeds of sale as a licensed real estate broker on behalf of the principal; or

(I) Engaging in securities transactions as a broker-dealer or salesman.

(16) "Private trust company" means a corporation or limited liability company that:

(A) Is exclusively owned by one or more family members;

(B) Is organized or qualified to do business in this state;

(C) Engages or proposes to engage in private trust business under this article with one or more family members:

(D) Does not serve as a fiduciary for a person, entity, trust, or estate that is not a family member, except that it may serve as a fiduciary for up to 35 individuals who are not family members if the individuals are current or former employees of the private trust company or one or more trusts, companies, or other entities that are family members; and

(E) Does not transact business with the general public.

(17) "Qualified beneficiary" has the meaning provided in §44D-1-103(r) of this code.

(18) "State Auditor" means the West Virginia State Auditor.

(19) "Tax" includes, but is not limited to, federal, state, or local income, gift, estate, generation-skipping transfer, or inheritance tax.

(20) "Trust institution" means a bank or trust company chartered by a state bank supervisory agency or by the Office of the Comptroller of Currency.

#### <u>§31I-1-4. Organization; minimum capital requirements; notice to State Auditor; control;</u> <u>application for license.</u>

(a) No person other than a corporation or limited liability company organized under the laws of this state to engage exclusively in the private trust business shall act as a private trust company or licensed private trust company.

(b) A licensed private trust company that has one designated relative may not be organized or operated with an owners' capital account of less than \$250,000. The minimum capital account is \$350,000 if two designated relatives of the licensed private trust company are named in the application for a license or in the annual license renewal. The minimum capital account is \$450,000 if three designated relatives of the licensed private trust company are named in the application for a license or in the annual license renewal. A private trust company may not be organized or operated with a capital account of less than \$250,000.

(c) No person shall engage in business as a private trust company or licensed private trust company without first giving written notice to the State Auditor. The notice shall identify at least one designated relative for any private trust company, and up to three designated relatives for any licensed private trust company, whose relationship to other individuals determines whether the individuals are family members. The notice shall identify the location of the principal office and additional office, if any, within this state. The notice shall be accompanied by an operating plan and such other books, records, documents, or information as the State Auditor may require. The notice shall also certify that:

(1) All provisions of law have been complied with;

(2) The private trust company or licensed private trust company is formed for no other reason than to engage in the private trust business;

(3) Family members have subscribed for capital stock, surplus, and a reserve for operation in an amount equal to or in excess of \$250,000; and

(4) The private trust company or licensed private trust company is serving or will serve as trustee for one or more trusts having an aggregate of at least \$50,000,000 in trust assets as further specified in §31I-1-10 of this code.

(d) All of the capital stock, membership interests, or other equity interests of a private trust company or licensed private trust company shall be and shall remain owned by, and under the voting control of, family members, including any spouses, trusts, stock corporations, limited partnerships, limited liability companies, or estates that qualify under §31I-1-3(9)(B) through (E) of this code of one or more families.

(e) An applicant seeking to operate as a licensed private trust company must file an application with the State Auditor on forms prescribed by the State Auditor, accompanied by a nonrefundable \$10,000 application fee to be deposited into a special account in the State Treasury to be known as the Private Trust Company Application Fund. Expenditures from the fund shall be for the purpose of the State Auditor administering this article. Expenditures are not authorized from collections but are to be made only in accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of §12-3-1 *et seq.* of this code and upon fulfillment of the provisions of §11B-2-1 *et seq.* of this code: *Provided*, That for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, expenditures are authorized from collections rather than pursuant to appropriation by the Legislature. The application to operate as a licensed private trust company must also contain or be accompanied by:

(1) The name of the proposed licensed private trust company;

(2) A copy of the articles of incorporation or articles of organization and the bylaws or operating agreement of the proposed licensed private trust company;

(3) The physical address and mailing address of the proposed licensed private trust company, which must be located in this state;

(4) A statement describing in detail the services that will be provided to family members by the proposed licensed private trust company;

(5) The name and biographical information of each individual who will initially serve as a director, officer, manager, or member acting in a managerial capacity of the proposed licensed private trust company;

(6) The name and biographical information of each individual who owns or has the ability or power to directly or indirectly vote at least 10 percent or more of the outstanding shares, membership interest, or membership units of the proposed licensed private trust company;

(7) The names of the designated relatives;

(8) The amount of the initial capital account of the proposed licensed private trust company and the form in which the capital was paid and will be maintained;

(9) The type and amount of bonds or insurance that will be procured and maintained on directors, officers, managers, or members acting in a managerial capacity or employees pursuant to §31I-1-12 of this code;

(10) A statement signed by the applicant, or by the individual signing on behalf of the proposed licensed private trust company, under penalty of perjury, affirming that the following statements are true:

(A) The proposed licensed private trust company is not currently transacting business with the general public;

(B) No director, officer, manager, or member served as a director, officer, or manager, or acted in a managerial capacity, for a trust company or any other financial institution that had a license issued under the financial institutions codes or by the Federal Government or any other state, the District of Columbia, a territory of the United States, or a foreign country that was suspended or revoked within the 10 years preceding the date of the application;

(C) No director, officer, manager, or member acting in a managerial capacity has been convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of whether adjudication of guilt is entered by the court, to a violation of the financial institutions codes, or other similar state or federal laws or related rules, or to a crime involving fraud, misrepresentation, or moral turpitude;

(D) No director, officer, manager, or member acting in a managerial capacity has had a professional license suspended or revoked within the 10 years preceding the date of the application;

(E) All information contained in the application is true and correct to the best knowledge of the individual signing the application on behalf of the proposed licensed private trust company; and

(11) Any other additional information reasonably required by the State Auditor.

#### §311-1-5. Operation and powers.

Every private trust company and licensed private trust company shall conduct its business in accordance with an operating plan and in accordance with generally accepted fiduciary standards. A private trust company or licensed private trust company when engaging in a private trust business shall have the same rights, powers, and privileges as a banking or trust institution pursuant to §31A-4-14 of this code, including the power to act as executor under the last will and testament or administrator of the estate of any deceased family member.

#### §31I-1-6. Reacquisition of shares or interests; dividends.

A private trust company or licensed private trust company shall not buy, redeem, or otherwise reacquire shares of stock or membership interests that the private trust company or licensed private trust company has issued, or declare a dividend or other distribution to its stockholders, members, or holders of equity interests, to the extent that such purchase, redemption, reacquisition, dividend, or distribution shall cause the private trust company's or licensed private trust company's paid-in capital, retained surplus, and reserves to be reduced below \$250,000.

### §31I-1-7. Offices.

(a) The office at which a private trust company or licensed private trust company begins business shall be designated initially as its principal office. The board of directors or managers of a private trust company or licensed private trust company may thereafter redesignate as the principal office another authorized office of the private trust company or licensed private trust company in this state.

(b) The board of directors or managers of a private trust company or licensed private trust company may designate, and from time to time redesignate, one additional office at which the private trust company or licensed private trust company may conduct business in this state.

(c) The private trust company or licensed private trust company shall notify the State Auditor of any such redesignation of its principal office or designation or redesignation of an additional office not later than 30 days before its effective date and shall confirm to the State Auditor any such designation or redesignation within 10 days of its occurrence.

#### §311-1-8. Directors or managers.

The affairs of every private trust company or licensed private trust company shall be directed by a board of directors if a corporation, or managers if a limited liability company, consisting of not less than five nor more than 25 persons. At least one director or manager shall be a resident of this state.

#### §311-1-9. Limitation on powers.

(a) In the exercise of any power held by a private trust company or licensed private trust company in its capacity as a fiduciary, the private trust company or licensed private trust company shall have a duty not to exercise any power in such a way as to deprive the estate, trust, or other entity for which it acts as a fiduciary of an otherwise available tax exemption, deduction, or credit for tax purposes, or deprive a donor of trust assets of a tax exemption, deduction, or credit or operate to impose a tax upon a donor or other person as owner of any portion of the estate, trust, or otherwise.

(b) Without limitation to subsection (a) of this section, no family member who is a stockholder or member or who otherwise holds an equity interest in, or is serving as a director, officer, manager, or employee of, a private trust company or licensed private trust company shall participate in or otherwise have a voice in any discretionary decision by the private trust company or licensed private trust company to distribute income or principal of any trust in order to discharge a legal obligation of a family member or for a family member's pecuniary benefit, unless:

(1) The exercise of the discretion is limited by an ascertainable standard relating to the health, education, support, or maintenance of that family member;

(2) The distribution is necessary for that family member's support, health, or education; or

(3) The instrument governing the administration of that trust clearly so provides.

#### §31I-1-10. Minimum trust assets under management certification.

As part of the notice to the State Auditor required of any private trust company or licensed private trust company that is required under §31I-1-4 of this code, an affidavit must also be submitted by the applicant, signed under penalty of perjury, certifying that the private trust company or licensed private trust company serves or will serve as trustee for one or more trusts having at least \$50,000,000 in aggregate trust assets under management as of the date of such affidavit.

#### §31I-1-11. Unlawful to advertise services.

A private trust company or licensed private trust company may not advertise its services to the public.

#### §31I-1-12. Fidelity bonds; insurance.

(a) The directors or managers of a licensed private trust company shall procure and maintain fidelity bonds on all active officers, directors, managers, members acting in a managerial capacity, and employees of the company, regardless of whether they receive a salary or other compensation from the company, in order to indemnify the company against loss because of a dishonest, fraudulent, or criminal act or omission on their part, whether acting alone or in combination with other persons.

(b) Each fidelity bond shall be issued in an amount of at least \$1,000,000.

(c) In lieu of the fidelity bonds required under subsection (a) of this section, a licensed private trust company may increase its capital account required under §31I-1-4(b) of this code by \$1,000,000 so that if it has:

(1) One designated relative, then it is organized or operated with a capital account of at least \$1,250,000;

(2) Two designated relatives, then it is organized or operated with a capital account of at least \$1,350,000; or

(3) Three designated relatives, then it is organized or operated with a capital account of at least \$1,450,000.

(d) The licensed private trust company shall also procure and maintain an errors and omissions insurance policy of at least \$1,000,000 in which it is listed as the insured to cover the acts and omissions of officers, directors, managers, and members acting in a managerial capacity, regardless of whether the person receives a salary or other compensation from the company.

(e) A private trust company or licensed private trust company may also procure and maintain other insurance policies necessary or desirable in connection with the business of the company, including, but not limited to, one or more casualty insurance policies.

(f) A private trust company that is not a licensed private trust company may procure and maintain fidelity bonds as described in this section.

(g) A private trust company that is not a licensed private trust company may procure and maintain errors and omissions insurance coverage as described in this section.

#### §311-1-13. Rule-making authority by State Auditor.

<u>The State Auditor shall promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the provisions of §29A-3-15</u> of this code and may propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code to implement the provisions of this article.

#### CHAPTER 36. ESTATES AND PROPERTY.

#### ARTICLE 1A. UNIFORM STATUTORY RULE AGAINST PERPETUITIES.

#### §36-1A-1. Statutory rule against perpetuities.

(a) A <u>Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a</u> nonvested property interest is invalid unless:

(1) When the interest is created, it is certain to vest or terminate no later than 21 years after the death of an individual then alive; or

(2) The interest either vests or terminates within 90 years after its creation.

(b) A <u>Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a</u> general power of appointment not presently exercisable because of a condition precedent is invalid unless:

(1) When the power is created, the condition precedent is certain to be satisfied or become impossible to satisfy no later than 21 years after the death of an individual then alive; or

(2) The condition precedent either is satisfied or becomes impossible to satisfy within 90 years after its creation.

(c) A <u>Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a</u> nongeneral power of appointment or a general testamentary power of appointment is invalid unless:

(1) When the power is created, it is certain to be irrevocably exercised or otherwise to terminate no later than 21 years after the death of an individual then alive; or

(2) The power is irrevocably exercised or otherwise terminates within 90 years after its creation.

(d) In determining whether a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment is valid under the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a), or subdivision (1), subsection (b), or subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, the possibility that a child will be born to an individual after the individual's death is disregarded.

(e) As to any trust created by a private trust company pursuant to §31I-1-1 *et seq.* of this code on or after July 1, 2023, this subsection shall apply to a nonvested property interest or power of appointment contained in a trust by substituting 1,000 years in place of "90 years" in each place such term appears in this section, unless the terms of the trust require that all beneficial interests in the trust vest or terminate within a lesser period.

On motion of Senator Trump, the following amendment to Senator Azinger's amendment to the bill (Eng. H. B. 3272) was reported by the Clerk:

On page 14, section 1, line 22, by striking out the word "created" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "administered".

Following discussion,

Senators Nelson and Trump, respectively, requested rulings from the Chair as to whether they should be excused from voting under Rule 43 of the Rules of the Senate.

The Chair replied that any impact on Senators Nelson and Trump would be as members of a class of persons and that they would be required to vote.

The question being on the adoption of Senator Trump's amendment to Senator Azinger's amendment to the bill, the same was put and prevailed.

The question now being on the adoption of Senator Azinger's amendment to the bill, as amended, the same was put and prevailed.

Engrossed House Bill 3272, as just amended, was then put upon its passage.

On the passage of the bill, the yeas were: Barrett, Boley, Caputo, Chapman, Clements, Deeds, Grady, Hamilton, Hunt, Jeffries, Karnes, Maroney, Martin, Maynard, Nelson, Oliverio, Phillips, Plymale, Queen, Roberts, Rucker, Smith, Stover, Stuart, Swope, Takubo, Tarr, Taylor, Trump, Weld, Woelfel, Woodrum, and Blair (Mr. President)—33.

The nays were: None.

Absent: Azinger—1.

So, a majority of all the members present and voting having voted in the affirmative, the President declared the bill (Eng. H. B. 3272) passed.

On motion of Senator Azinger, the following amendment to the title of the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

**Eng. House Bill 3272**—A Bill to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new chapter, designated §31I-1-1, §31I-1-2, §31I-1-3, §31I-1-4, §31I-1-5, §31I-1-6, §31I-1-7, §31I-1-8, §31I-1-9, §31I-1-10, §31I-1-11, §31I-1-12, and §31I-1-13; and to amend and reenact §36-1A-1 of said code, all relating to the operation of private trust companies; creating the West Virginia Private Trust Company Act; setting forth purposes and findings; defining terms; specifying requirements and limitations for and powers of private trust companies and licensed private trust companies; requiring a nonrefundable application fee; creating a special account in the State Treasury; specifying responsibilities and rule-making authority of the State Auditor; and modifying statutory rule against perpetuities.

*Ordered,* That the Clerk communicate to the House of Delegates the action of the Senate and request concurrence therein.

The Senate proceeded to the ninth order of business.

Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 195, Glucagon for Schools Act.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

**Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 273,** Relating to allocation of child protective workers in counties based upon population of county.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 297, Mountain Homes Act.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 429,** Establishing statewide health and safety fee for tourism and recreational activities by county commissions.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Woodrum, the following amendments to the bill were reported by the Clerk, considered simultaneously, and adopted:

On page 1, section 3uu, line 1, by striking out "\$1";

On page 1, section 3uu, line 1, after the word "Fee", by inserting the words "of up to \$1";

And,

On page 3, section 3uu, line 46, after the word "emergency", by inserting the word "medical".

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 429), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 436, Prompt Payment Act of 2023.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Nelson, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk and adopted:

On page 3, section 2, lines 58 and 59, by striking out all of subsection (h), and inserting in lieu thereof two new subsections (h) and (i), to read as follows:

(h) Nothing in this article should be construed to limit the right of a state agency or the State Auditor to refuse illegitimate, erroneous, fraudulent, or disputed claims for payment. Examples of these types of payments include, but are not limited to:

(1) Payment claims that do not conform to a State agency's standards for payment or internal controls;

(2) Payment claims of a fraudulent or a personal nature;

(3) Payment claims for services not ordered, rendered, or received;

(4) Payment claims that appear to be in violation of any State, local, or Federal law;

(5) Claims for payment that do not conform to the payment standards administered by the State Auditor in authorized promulgated administrative law, rule, or policy, or;

(6) Any other situation where paying a claim for payment would be unlawful, inappropriate, or not in the best interests of the State of West Virginia. *Provided:* That no state agency shall arbitrarily deem an invoice illegitimate, erroneous, fraudulent, or disputed solely in order to circumvent the requirements of this article.

(i) No state agency shall be liable for the interest provided for in this article if the Legislature declines to fund the payment claim's program or appropriation for a given state agency in a subsequent fiscal year or if the State Budget Office determines that the payment of interest provided for in this article provides a financial hardship or burden on the State in any given fiscal year.

The bill (Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 436), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 523,** Clarifying purpose and use of Economic Development Project Fund.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 539**, Authorizing state and subdivisions to negotiate price for construction when all bids received exceed maximum budget.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

Senate Bill 553, Allowing for evaluation of prequalified bidders to be based on best value.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 577,** Reducing copay cap on insulin and devices and permitting purchase of testing equipment without prescription.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

Senate Bill 580, Authorizing election for special levy renewal.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 601,** Providing that WV Secondary School Activities Commission promulgate legislative rules.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules.

Senate Bill 608, Correcting list of items which are considered deadly weapons.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 621,** Requiring sheriff to serve child abuse and neglect petitions without additional compensation.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 630,** Creating offense of knowingly and willfully obstructing social service worker.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 635,** Updating language and increasing penalties for indecent exposure.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time.

On motion of Senator Chapman, the following amendment to the bill was reported by the Clerk:

On page 1, section 9, line 2, after word "anus," by inserting the words "or the sex organs or anus of another person, or intentionally causes such exposure by another or engages in any overt act of sexual gratification".

Following discussion,

The question being on the adoption of Senator Chapman's amendment to the bill, the same was put and prevailed.

The bill (Com. Sub. for S. B. 635), as amended, was then ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Senate Bill 674,** Providing statutory recognition and appointment of board members for WV First Foundation.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to engrossment and third reading.

**Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill 2006,** Relating to reorganizing the Department of Health and Human Resources.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was read a second time and ordered to third reading.

Eng. House Bill 3141, Relating to the practice of dentistry.

On second reading, coming up in regular order, was reported by the Clerk.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the bill was laid over one day, retaining its place on the calendar.

The Senate proceeded to the tenth order of business.

At the request of Senator Takubo, unanimous consent being granted, the following bills on first reading were considered read a first time and ordered to second reading:

Senate Bill 597, Allowing Workforce WV to hire classified service exempt employees.

**Senate Bill 620,** Increasing maximum number of registered voters per precinct and distance between polling places.

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 631,** Updating administration, funding, and requirements for federal elections held in WV.

Senate Bill 641, Clarifying when magistrate vacancies shall be filled.

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 644, Updating contested elections procedures.

And,

**Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 661,** Clarifying preferential recall rights for employees sustaining compensable injury.

The Senate proceeded to the thirteenth order of business.

The following communications were reported by the Clerk:

#### The Senate of West Virginia Charleston

LEE CASSIS CLERK OF THE SENATE



STATE CAPITOL, ROOM M-211 1900 KANAWHA BLVD, EAST CHARLESTON, WV 25305-0800 304-357-7800

February 20, 2023

The Honorable Jim Justice, II Governor, State of West Virginia State Capitol 1900 Kanawha Boulevard, East Charleston, West Virginia 25305

Dear Governor Justice,

The following bill, authenticated by the signature of the Clerk of each house, and signed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates, has been examined and found truly enrolled:

**Com. Sub. for S. B. 239** - Requiring Commissioner of Bureau for Behavioral Health to engage certain providers and leaders to study homeless demographic.

This bill is presented to you on this day, February 20, 2023.

Respectfully submitted,

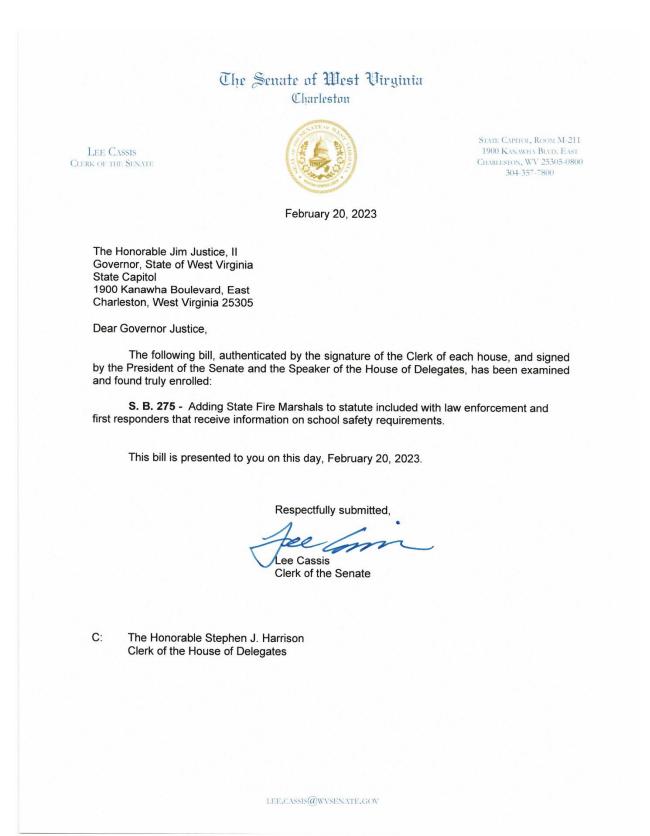
Lee Cassis

Clerk of the Senate

C:

The Honorable Stephen J. Harrison Clerk of the House of Delegates

LEE.CASSIS@WVSENATE.GOV



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West Hirginia House of Aelegates Office of the Clerk Building 1. Suite 212 1900 Kanawha Blvd., East Charleston 25305



STEPHEN J. HARRISON CLERK OF THE HOUSE (304) 340-3200 STEVE.HARRISON@WVHOUSE.GOV

February 20, 2023

The Honorable Jim Justice, II Governor, State of West Virginia 1900 Kanawha Boulevard, East Charleston, West Virginia 25305

Dear Governor Justice,

The following bills, authenticated by the signature of the Clerk of each House, and signed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates and the President of the Senate, have been examined and found truly enrolled:

**Com. Sub. for H. B. 2412**, Declaring November 14 every year, a special Memorial Day in remembrance of the Marshall University airplane crash;

H. B. 2800, All relating to authorizing legislative rules regarding higher education;

H. B. 2882, Making a supplemental appropriation to the Department of Economic Development;

And,

Com. Sub. for H. B. 3061, Relating to updating the authority of the Foster Care Ombudsman.

These bills are presented to you on this day, February 20, 2023.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephen J. Harrison Clerk of the House of Delegates

C: The Honorable Lee Cassis Clerk of the Senate Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senators were removed as co-sponsors of the following bills on February 20, 2023:

Senate Bill 642: Senator Chapman;

And,

Senate Bill 673: Senator Weld.

Under the provisions of Rule 15 of the Rules of the Senate, the following senators were added as co-sponsors to the following bills and resolutions on February 20, 2023:

Senate Bill 3: Senator Karnes;

Senate Bill 5: Senator Taylor;

Senate Bill 9: Senator Taylor;

Senate Bill 55: Senator Taylor;

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 79: Senators Barrett and Oliverio;

Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 199: Senator Oliverio;

Senate Bill 304: Senator Smith;

Senate Bill 594: Senator Nelson;

Senate Bill 633: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 639: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 656: Senator Stuart;

Senate Bill 657: Senator Nelson;

Senate Bill 678: Senator Barrett;

Senate Bill 679: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 681: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 682: Senator Rucker;

Senate Bill 686: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 687: Senator Deeds;

Senate Bill 690: Senator Queen;

Senate Bill 693: Senator Rucker;

Senate Bill 694: Senator Woelfel;

Senate Bill 695: Senator Phillips, Grady, and Woelfel;

Senate Bill 727: Senators Barrett and Hamilton;

Senate Bill 729: Senators Queen and Smith;

Senate Joint Resolution 9: Senator Taylor;

Senate Joint Resolution 10: Senator Taylor;

Senate Resolution 35: Senator Taylor;

And,

Senate Resolution 37: Senator Weld.

Pending announcement of meetings of standing committees of the Senate,

On motion of Senator Takubo, at 12:10 p.m., the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, Wednesday, February 22, 2023, at 11 a.m.

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#### SENATE CALENDAR

#### Wednesday, February 22, 2023 11:00 AM

#### UNFINISHED BUSINESS

S. R. 37 - Recognizing sister-state relationship between WV and Taiwan

#### THIRD READING

- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 273 Relating to allocation of child protective workers in counties based upon population of county
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 297 Mountain Homes Act
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 429 Establishing statewide health and safety fee for tourism and recreational activities by county commissions
- Eng. Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 436 Prompt Payment Act of 2023
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 523 Clarifying purpose and use of Economic Development Project Fund
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 539 Authorizing state and subdivisions to negotiate price for construction when all bids received exceed maximum budget
- Eng. S. B. 553 Allowing for evaluation of prequalified bidders to be based on best value
- Eng. S. B. 580 Authorizing election for special levy renewal
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 621 Requiring sheriff to serve child abuse and neglect petitions
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 630 Creating offense of knowingly and willfully obstructing social service worker
- Eng. Com. Sub. for S. B. 635 Updating language and increasing penalties for indecent exposure
- Eng. S. B. 674 Providing statutory recognition and appointment of board members for WV First Foundation
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 2006 Relating to reorganizing the Department of Health and Human Resources

#### SECOND READING

- Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 195 Glucagon for Schools Act
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 480 Modifying group accident and sickness insurance requirements
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 577 Reducing copay cap on insulin and devices and permitting purchase of testing equipment without prescription

- Com. Sub. for S. B. 594 Specifying fairness in cost sharing calculations for certain high deductible health plans
- S. B. 597 Allowing Workforce WV to hire classified service exempt employees
- S. B. 608 Correcting list of items which are considered deadly weapons
- S. B. 620 Increasing maximum number of registered voters per precinct and distance between polling places
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 631 Updating administration, funding, and requirements for federal elections held in WV
- S. B. 641 Clarifying when magistrate vacancies shall be filled
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 644 Updating contested elections procedures
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 661 Clarifying preferential recall rights for employees sustaining compensable injury
- Eng. Com. Sub. for H. B. 3122 Permitting certain types of rifles using an encapsulated propellant charge that loads from the breech
- Eng. H. B. 3141 Relating to the practice of dentistry (Com. amend. pending)

#### FIRST READING

- Com. Sub. for Com. Sub. for S. B. 79 Relating to compensable diseases of certain firefighters covered by workers' compensation
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 616 WV Veterans' Home Loan Mortgage Program of 2023
- Com. Sub. for S. B. 657 WV Long-Term Care Insurance Act
- S. B. 678 Adding appropriations to DHHR, Division of Human Services

## ANNOUNCED SENATE COMMITTEE MEETINGS

#### **Regular Session 2023**

# Wednesday, February 22, 2023

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1 p.m.

Economic Development

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(Room 451M)