# ACTS

OF THE

# LEGISLATURE

**OF** 

# WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 1971
First Extraordinary Session, 1971
Second Extraordinary Session, 1970

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#### **FOREWORD**

This volume contains the Acts of the West Virginia Legislature of the 1971 Regular Session, the First Extraordinary Session of 1971 and the Second Extraordinary Session of 1970, and resolutions of general interest adopted by the Legislature during these sessions.

The first regular session of the 60th Legislature convened January 13, 1971, and expired for general purposes at midnight March 13; however, by proclamation of the Governor, the session was extended for the purpose of completing work on the annual Budget Bill; and final adjournment came on March 16.

During the session a total of 1202 bills was introduced in the two Houses—721 House Bills and 481 Senate Bills. The Legislature passed 191 bills—121 House Bills and 70 Senate Bills. The Governor approved 182 enactments, vetoed nine and let one become law without approval. One bill vetoed by the Governor, H. B. 944 (State Building Revenue Bonds), was reconsidered, amended and repassed, and approved by the Governor. This procedure was made possible by a new provision of the Constitution ratified in 1970. The Governor permitted S. B. 214 (Acquisition of space within the Capitol Building for use of the Legislature) to become law without his approval.

Bills vetoed by the Governor and not reconsidered were as follows: H. B. 630 (Sale of milk and milk products), H. B. 678 (Licensing private clubs in parks, etc., to sell alcoholic liquors), H. B. 702 (Creating State Department of Program Development and Management), H. B. 985 (Acquisition of waterworks systems by municipalities), H. B. 990 (Registration and licensing of motorboats), H. B. 1085 (Antitrust litigation), H. B. 1199 (Salary of judge of Criminal Court of Marion County) and S. B. 144 (Public Employees Insurance Act).

There were 111 concurrent resolutions introduced during the session—68 House Concurrent and 43 Senate Concurrent of Which 20 House and 14 Senate were adopted. Eighteen House Joint and 13 Senate Joint Resolutions were introduced, all proposing amendments to the State Constitution. Only one Joint Resolution was adopted—S. J. R. 3, proposing an amendment to Section 2, Article IV, prescribing procedure for making amendments to the Constitution. The House had 43 House Resolutions, of which 38 were adopted; and the Senate had 19 Senate Resolutions, of which 16 were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 70 House Bills passed by the House, and 28 Senate Bills passed by that body, failed of passage by the House.

### First Extraordinary Session, 1971

This session was convened by the Legislature on April 27, 1971, and adjourned *sine die* on April 30, 1971. The proclamation of the Governor included fourteen items of business for consideration by the Legislature, embracing a number of supplementary appropriations for various spending units of the State.

During the session a total of 53 bills was introduced in the two Houses—31 House Bills and 22 Senate Bills. Fifteen House Bills and four Senate Bills were passed. The Governor approved all bills passed.

'There were one House Joint, three House Concurrent and nine House Resolutions offered during the session. The House Joint (ratifying the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right to vote of citizens eighteen years of age or older), and six House Resolutions were adopted. No House Concurrent Resolution was adopted. The Senate had one Joint and seven Senate Resolutions introduced. All of the Senate Resolutions were adopted.

# Second Extraordinary Session, 1970

This session of the Legislature was convened by the Governor on July 28, 1970. The Legislature adjourned July 29 until August 18, reassembled pursuant to the adjournment and adjourned sine die on August 22.

The proclamation of the Governor convening the session contained two items of business for consideration of the Legis-

lature: (1) Legislation relating to the crimes of bribery and conspiracy, etc., and (2) supplementary appropriations and raising revenue for such appropriations.

During the session there was a total of 28 bills introduced in the two Houses—17 House Bills and 11 Senate Bills. Two House Bills, dealing with bribery, and one Senate Bill, transferring items in the appropriation for the office of the Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner, were passed.

There were one House Joint, 10 House Concurrent and 8 House Resolutions offered during the session, of which 2 House Concurrent and 7 House Resolutions were adopted. The Senate had 4 Senate Concurrent and 6 Senate Resolutions, of which 1 Concurrent and all Senate Resolutions were adopted.

C. A. Blankenship, Clerk House of Delegates

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# **ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS**

# Regular Session, 1971

## GENERAL LAWS

har	ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	Page
1.	Uniform Recognition of Acknowledgments Act	1
	AGRICULTURE	
2.	Establishment of Uniform Standards and Grades of Live- stock and Uniform Market Practices and Procedures for Operation of Livestock Auction Markets	8
3.	Inspection of Animals, Meat and Meat Products	8
4.	Recovery of Damages for Livestock or Poultry Killed or	29
u.	Injured by Dogs, and When Such Dog Shall Be Killed	30
	APPROPRIATIONS	
6 7.	General Appropriations (Budget Bill)  Transfer of Amounts Between Items of Certain Appropriations	34 101
	BEER	
8.	Unlawful Acts of Licensees and Hours During Which Beer May Be Dispensed	102
9.	Franchise Agreements Between Brewers and Distributors of Nonintoxicating Beer	106
	BOARD OF INVESTMENTS	
	Classes of Securities in Which Public Funds May Be Invested	109
11.	Purchase, Sale or Exchange of Securities and Restrictions on Investments	112
CHILD WELFARE		
12.	Prosecuting Attorney in Counties Having Population in Excess of 200,000 (Kanawha County) to Represent Petitioners in Juvenile Proceedings	113

Chapt	CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE	D
_		Page
	Compensation and Expenses of Judges of the Court of Claims	114
14.	Finding and Declaring Certain Claims Against the State to Be Moral Obligations and Directing Payment Thereof	115
15.	Payment of Certain Claims Against the Department of Mental Health and the Board of Regents, and Authorizing Legal Proceedings in Connection with Claims Against Spending Units Which Have Overspent Appropriations	115
	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS	
16.	Arranging the Counties of the State into Congressional Districts	121
	CONSTITUTION, STATE	
17.	Submitting to the Voters an Amendment to the State Constitution Designated "Constitutional Improvement Amendment"	122
	CORPORATIONS	
18. 19. 20. 21.	Limitation on Powers of Industrial Loan Companies Supervision by and Reports to Commissioner of Banking by Credit Unions and Examination of Financial Institutions	127 133 137
<b>2</b> 2.	by Commissioner  Powers of the West Virginia Industrial Development Authority Including Granting of Loans to Industrial Development Agencies	143
	COUNTY COURTS AND COUNTY OFFICERS	
<b>2</b> 3.	Compensation of Elected County Officials, Their Assistants, Deputies and Employees	160
24. 25.	Deputies and Employees  Additional Compensation for Assessors  Permitting Counties in Excess of One Hundred Thousand Population to Close Courthouse on Saturdays	180 187
26. 27.	Duties of Prosecuting Attorney on Election Days Offering Rewards by Prosecuting Attorney for Apprehension of Persons Charged with Crime; Detection of Crime and Appointment of Investigators of Crime	189 1 <b>91</b>
<b>2</b> 8.	Compensation of Stenographer to Prosecuting Attorney of	192
29.	Mingo County	193
	COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS	216
30.	Creating Two Replica Judicial Circuits	218
31. 32.	Salaries of Judges of Circuit Courts  Allowances to Circuit Judges for Stationery, Postage and	
33.	Stenographic Help	219
	Appointment, Qualifications and Salary of Law Assistant to Judge of Thirteenth Judicial Circuit	220
34.	Jurisdiction of Domestic Relations Court of Cabell County and Salaries of Probation Officers Jurisdiction of Juvenile Court of Kanawha County and	<b>2</b> 21
35.	Jurisdiction of Juvenile Court of Kanawna County and Salary of Judge.	225
36.	Intermediate Court of McDowell County	227

Chap	ter	Page
37.	Jurisdiction of the Intermediate Court of Mercer County and Salary of Judge	236
38.	Salary of the Judge of the Intermediate Court of Ohio County	238
39.	Jurisdiction of the Intermediate Court of Wood County and Salary of Judge	239
	CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT	
40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45.	Illegal Purchase and Transportation of Copper Wire, Mercury, Lead, etc., by Junk Dealers	243 245 245 247 248 249
	CRIMINAL PROCEDURE	
	Appointment and Remuneration of Counsel Appointed to Assist an Accused in Criminal Cases  Payment of Jail Fees Incurred by Escapees from Forestry Camps and Industrial Schools for Boys and Girls  Enactment of Agreement on Detainers Compact	250 252 253
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION		
49. 50. 51. 52.	Appointment and Compensation of Commissioner of Finance and Administration and Divisions of the Department Estimates of Revenue and Reports on Revenue Collections by Commissioner  Leasing of Grounds, Building and Office Space  Powers and Duties of Division of Information System Services	263 264 265 266
	DOMESTIC RELATIONS	
53.	Persons Authorized to Celebrate Marriages and Records Required to be Kept	267
	DRUGS	
54.	Uniform Controlled Substances Act	269
ELECTIONS		
55.	Defining a Minor as a Person Who Has Not Become Eighteen Years of Age for the Purpose of Voting	309
56.	Implementing Federal Voting Rights Act Amendments of	312
57.	Election of Members of Political Party Executive Committees	314
58.	Voting Booths for Casting Absentee Ballots and Prohibition Against Display of Campaign Material in Area Thereof	316
	EMINENT DOMAIN	
59.	Right of Entity Having Power of Eminent Domain to Cross or Alter Property or Works Belonging to Another Entity With Such Power.	318

hapt	ESTATES AND TRUSTS	Page
60.	Reference of Estates of Decedents to Commissioner of	
61.	Accounts  Accounting by Personal Representative for Money Not Dis-	319
62.	posable at Time of Settlement.  Securities in Which Fiduciaries and Insurers May Invest	321
	Trust Funds	322
63.	Disbursements and Expenditures by Guardians from Income and Corpus of Estates of Infant Wards	327
64.	Appointment of Limited and Standby Guardians for Mentally Retarded Persons	329
	ESTATES IN PROPERTY	
	Release or Disclaimers of General Power of AppointmentGifts to Minors	332 33 <b>4</b>
	HABEAS CORPUS	
67.	Post-conviction Review by Writ of Habeas Corpus	345
	HEALTH	
68.	Organization and Jurisdiction of County, Municipal and Combined Local Boards of Health	347
69. 70.	Compulsory Immunization of School Children Compulsory Testing of School Children and School Per-	352
	sonnel for Tuberculosis  Examination and Treatment of Minors Infected With a Ve-	<b>354</b>
71.	nereal Disease	355
72.	Powers of Public Service Districts for Water and Sewerage Services and Appointment, Qualifications and Removal of Members of Public Board	356
73. 74.	Air Pollution Control	360 370
75.	Blood Donations by Minors	
76.	Board of Directors of Health Care Corporations, Contracts	370
	to Be Furnished Subscribers and Payment for Subscribers by Others	371
	<b>HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION</b>	
77.	Human Rights Commission	373
JURIES		
78. 79.	Selecting and Summoning Grand Jurors Grand Juries Which May Sit for as Long as One Year	391 393
	JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES	
80.	Repealing Statute Providing for Service of Notice of Suit in Justice of the Peace Court on President or Cashier of a Branch Bank	394
81.	Offenses Within Jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace and Penalties Which May Be Imposed	
LABOR		
82. 83.	Labor-management Relations Act for the Private Sector	397 418
	Bro	

LEGAL HOLIDAYS Chapter Pa		Page
	Days to Be Observed as Legal Holidays	425
04.	·	120
	LEGISLATURE	
	Acquisition of Space Within the Capitol Building for the Legislature	426
86. 87.	Compensation and Expenses of Members of the Legislature Purchasing Practices and Procedures Commission	430 435
	MENTAL HEALTH	
88.	Powers and Duties of the Division on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse of the Department of Mental Health	439
	MINES AND MINING	
89. 90.	Coal Mine Health and SafetyExamination and Certification of Coal Miners	442 565
	MOTOR VEHICLES	
91.	Application for Certificate of Title for Motor Vehicle, and	
92.	Tax for Privilege of Certification of Such Title	566 569
93. <b>94</b> .	Placed on Motor Vehicle Title Certificate.  Special Vehicle Plates for Manufacturers and Transporters Operation of Emergency Vehicles and Requirements as to	571 579
95.	Warning Lights	582
96		
97.	Size and Weight  Proof of Financial Responsibility Following an Automobile Accident	588
	MUNICIPALITIES	
98.	Taxation of Purchasers and Consumers of Public Utility	. 589
99.	Special Charges for Municipal Services and Motor Vehicle	591
100.	Special Parking Lot or Parking Building Police Officers	601 603
101. 102.		603
103.	Publication of Abstract of Municipal Public Works Ordi-	604
104.	Policemen	608
105. 106.		620 621
107.	Appropriations by Counties and Municipalities for Museums and Cultural Centers	<b>62</b> 8
	NATURAL RESOURCES	
108.	of Certain Species of Hawks	. <b>D</b> 2T
109.	T	636 637
110.		640
111. 112.	Surface Mining and Land Reclamation	644

	NATURAL RESOURCES-(Continued)	
Chapt	er	Page
113. 114. 115.	Appointment and Training of Conservation Officers  Powers and Duties of Conservation Officers  Penalties for Violations of Natural Resources Law Where	674 676
116.	No Specific Penalty Is Provided	679
	Natural Resources	<b>6</b> 80
	NOTICES AND MOTIONS	
117.	Service of Notice on Nonresidents by Publication	681
	OFFICERS	
118. 119.	Appointment of Conservators of the Peace Appointment, Terms, Qualifications and Salaries of Certain Appointive State Officers	682 689
	PARKS AND RECREATION	
120.	Creation, Dissolution, Powers and Authority of Park and Recreation Boards	691
	PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS	
121.	Qualifications and Certification of Assistants to Physicians and Podiatrists	694
122. 123.	Licensing of Physicians and Surgeons  Licensure of Persons Who are Not Citizens of the United States to Practice Registered Professional Nursing	698
<b>124</b> .	Expiration and Renewal of Forester's License and Fee	700 701
125.	Qualifications and Licensing of Landscape Architects	702
	PUBLIC BONDED INDEBTEDNESS	
126.	Defining Industrial Pollution Under the Industrial Development Bond Act	717
	PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ACT	
127.	Fixing Average Annual Salary of Members of the Legislature for Retirement Purposes	719
	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
<b>12</b> 8.	Commitment of Youthful Male Offenders and Transfer of Such Offenders From One Facility to Another	729
	PUBLIC SAFETY	
129.	Organization of the Department of Public Safety and Sal-	<b>7</b> 00
130.	aries of Members  Criminal Identification Bureau of the Department of Public Safety	739 742
	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
131.	Appointment, Qualifications, Compensation and Duties of Members of the Public Service Commission	746
132.	Members of the Public Service Commission  Appointment, Duties and Compensation of Secretary and  Other Employees of the Public Service Commission	750

a.	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION—(Continued)
Char	Dre.t
133.	Regulation and Registration of Vehicles Engaged as Inter- state for Hire Carriers
134.	Assessment Against Carriers for Expenses for Administering Motor Carrier Law and Compensation of Commissioners Therefor
135.	Collection of Special License Fees from Pipeline Companies for Payment of Salaries and Expenses of Commission
	REAL PROPERTY
136.	Summary Proceedings for Sale, Lease or Mortgage of Estate of Minors, Insane Persons or Convicts
	REGULATION OF TRADE
137.	Requiring Use of Safety Glazing Materials in Hazardous Locations
138.	Prohibiting Pyramid Promotional Schemes
	ROADS AND HIGHWAYS
139. 140.	Terms and Conditions of Bonds of Highway Contractors Issuance and Sale of \$90 Million of Road Bonds Under Au-
141.	thority of Roads Development Amendment of 1968.  Issuance and Sale of \$20 Million of Road Bonds Under Au-
	thority of Better Roads Amendments of 1964
	SCHOOLS AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
142.	Payment of Recruitment, Moving and Other Expenses of Employees of the West Virginia Board of Regents.
143.	Composition of the State Board of Education and Appointment, Qualifications, Terms of Office and Compensation of Members Thereof
144.	Permits for Operation of Correspondence, Business, Occu-
145.	Powers of County Boards of Education Including Employment of Legal Counsel
146.	School Terms and Ages of Persons to Whom Schools Are
147. 148.	Transfer of Students Between School Districts  Establishment of Early Childhood Education Programs by County Boards of Education
149.	Defining the Term Refund Interest and Other Terms Under the Teachers Retirement System
150.	Options of Certain Members of the Teachers Retirement System to Elect Between That System and Other Retire-
151.	ment Plans Computation of Benefits Under the Teachers Retirement System
152.	Loans to Members of the Teachers Retirement System
<b>1</b> 53.	Financial Support of Public Schools and Salaries of Teachers and Auxiliary Service Personnel
154.	Establishment of Staff Development Programs by the State Board of Vocational Rehabilitation
155.	Members of the Education Commission of the States
156.	Operation of Food Services in Public Office Buildings by the West Virginia Society for the Blind and Severely
157.	Disabled

SC	HOOLS AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS—(Continued	)
Chapt		age
158.		840
159.		841 843
160. 161.	Creating a Special Capital Improvement Fund for Institu-	845
162.	Definitions Applicable to the West Virginia Board of Regents	850
163.	Abolishing the State Commission on Higher Education and Transferring its Powers and Duties to the Board of Regents	851
164. 165.	Accreditation of Institutions of Higher Education Branch Colleges and Off-Campus Locations of State Universities and Colleges and Establishment of Community Colleges	860 861
•	SECURITIES	
166.	Transactions Not Included Under Law Regulating and Supervising the Sale of Securities.	86 <b>4</b>
	STATE BUILDING COMMISSION	
167.	Funding State Building Revenue Bonds	866
	TAXATION	
168. 169.	Amending and Repealing Provisions of the Code Relative to Imposition and Collection of Capitation Taxes Made Necessary by Ratification of the Capitation Tax Repeal Amendment to the Constitution	885
170.	cupation Tax on Certain Businesses and Activities  Meaning of Terms Applicable to Personal Income Tax and	906 906
171.	Withheld	909
172.	Compensation of Deputy Commissioners of Forfeited and Delinquent Lands, Redemption of Forfeited and Delinquent Lands by Former Owner and Deed to Purchaser of Such Lands	911
	TRUSTS	
173	Distribution of Income by Trust Deemed a Private Foundation and Prohibited Acts of Split-interest Trusts.	914
•	UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION	
174	. Employment Security and Unemployment Compensation	917
	UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE	
175	Secured Transactions and Effective Period of Financial Statement Filings Under the Uniform Commercial Code	965
	WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION	
176	S. Salary of Workmen's Compensation Commissioner and the Payment of Salaries and Expenses of the Workmen's	966
177	Compensation Fund	969

	LOCAL OR SPECIAL LAWS	
Chapt		Page
178.	Contribution of Budgeted Funds by the County Court of Berkeley County	1001
179. 180.	Foster Homes Division of the Cabell County Youth Center Authorizing the Board of Education of Jefferson County to Sell Certain Real Estate to the United States Department of Interior	1002
181.	Raleigh County Airport Authority	1004 1005
182.	Bond Election by the City of Ripley to Provide Funds for a County Library and a Community Swimming Pool	1007
183.	County Court of Summers County Authorized to Expend Funds for County Centennial Celebration	1008
	RESOLUTIONS	
	HOUSE CONCURRENT	
Numb		Page
2. 3.	Adopting Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Delegates Requesting the Congress of the United States to Adopt Legislation Providing for Reimbursing Counties for Reve-	1009
8.	nue Lost Due to Federal Land Acquisition Interim Legislative Study of Feasibility of Consolidating	1011
	Agencies of State Government Having Authority Regarding Environmental Matters	1011
9.	Memoralizing the Congress to Call a Convention to Propose a Constitutional Amendment Providing for Sharing Federal Income Tax Revenue with States and Political Sub-	1010
10.	Directing the Board of Banking and Financial Institutions to Make a Study Concerning Banking and Financial In-	1012
16.	stitutions Generally  Directing the Board of Regents to Formulate Plan for Es-	1014
	tablishment of Community Colleges	1015
19.	Study by Joint Committee on Government and Finance to Identify Conflicts Between Rules of Civil Procedure and Statutory Provisions Concerning Civil Pleading and	
<b>2</b> 2.	Practice Requesting the National Rail Passenger Corporation to Es-	1017
	tablish Route Between Norfolk, Virginia, and Cincinnati, Ohio, with Stops in West Virginia	1018
39.	Interim Legislative Study into Area of Conservation and Prevention of Waste of Oil and Gas	1019
55.	Legislative Study of Feasibility of Permitting Consolidation	1020
64.	of County and Municipal Governments.  Study of Feasibility of Granting Adult Status to Eighteen-Year-Olds by Joint Committee on Government and Finance	1021
	SENATE CONCURRENT	
_	Creating Special Interim Forest Management Review Com-	1022
8.	Study of Laws Relating to Regulation and Control of Land Use in Areas Adjoining State Parks, Forests and Recrea- tional Facilities	1025
13.	Study of Feasibility of the State Acquiring and Operating a Scenic Railroad to Be Known as the Webster-Randolph Senic Railroad	1026

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Number	Page	
SENATE CONCURREN	NT—(Continued)	
22. Continuing Certain Legislative S	1028	
24. Expressing Concern and Sympat ers of War in Southeast Asia	1029	
32. Legislative Study of Need for Rement Practices on Privately-Ow	egulating Timber Manage- vned Lands 1031	
33. Legislative Study of Departmen Health and the Office of Comm tions	nissioner of Public Institu-	
tions	ning 1036	
39. Directing Joint Committee on Go	overnment and Finance to Process 1038	
40. Legislative Study of Needs of H Correctional Institutions		
SENATE JOINT		
3. Proposing an amendment to the ing Section 2, Article XIV amendments are made to the C	thereof, prescribing how	

# First Extraordinary Session, 1971

	APPROPRIATIONS	
Сьар		Page
1.	Supplementary Appropriation for the Department of Agriculture	1043
2.	Supplementary Appropriation for the Department of Fi-	1045
3.	Supplementary Appropriation for the Department of Mental Health	1046
4.		1048
5.	Supplementary Appropriation for Early Childhood Education Demonstration Centers	1049
6.	Supplementary Appropriations for Joint Expenses of the Legislature	1050
7.		1052
8.	Supplementary Appropriation for the Office of State Auditor	1054
9.	Supplementary Appropriation for Officers and Employees of the Senate	1055
10. 11.	Supplementary Appropriation for the State Tax Department Supplementary Appropriation for the West Virginia Board	1057
12.	of Regents	1058
	priations for Certain State Spending Units	1060
	COUNTY OFFICERS	
13.	Minimum and Maximum Compensation Limits of Elected County Officials	1061
	INSURANCE	
14.	Public Employees Insurance Act	1062
	ROADS AND HIGHWAYS	
15.	Issuance and Sale of \$90 Million of Road Bonds Under Authority of the Roads Development Amendment of 1968	1074
16.	Issuance and Sale of \$20 Million of Road Bonds Under Authority of the Better Roads Amendment of 1964	
17.	Relocation Assistance to and Replacement Housing Costs for	
18.	Persons Dislocated by Highway Construction  Transfer of Funds for Construction of Bridge at Hinton,	1091
	West Virginia	1034
	SCHOOLS	
19.	Transfer of West Virginia University High School Property to the Board of Education of the County of Monongalia	1095
	RESOLUTION	
	HOUSE JOINT	D
Num	···	Page
1.	Ratifying the Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States Extending the Right to Vote to Citizens Eighteen Years of Age or Older	1097

# Second Extraordinary Session, 1970

Chapter APPROPRIATIONS		Page
· 1.	Transferring Items in Appropriation for Office of Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner	1099
	BRIBERY	
2.	Application of Bribery Statute to Illegal Acts in Connection with State Purchases	1100
3.	Bribery and Corrupt Practices Act	1104

### MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

#### **REGULAR SESSION, 1971**

#### **OFFICERS**

President—E. Hans McCourt, Webster Springs
President Pro Tempore—C. H. McKown, Wayne
Clerk—J. Howard Myers, Martinsburg
Sergeant at Arms—John E. Howell, Charleston
Doorkeeper—J. Brent Monroe, Summersville

District	Name	Address
First	Chester R. Hubbard (R) *William Tompos (D)	. Wheeling Weirton
Second	*Theodore M. Bowers (R) John E. Carrigan (R)	New Martinsville Moundsville
Third	Russell G. Beall (D) *J. Frank Deem (R)	Parkersburg St. Marys
Fourth	V. K. Knapp (R)	Hurricane Gay
Fifth	*C. H. McKown (D) Robert R. Nelson (D)	- Wayne - Huntington
Sixth	*John Pat Fanning (D) Lafe P. Ward (D)	Iaeger Williamson
Seventh	*W. Bernard Smith (D) David E. Wallace (D)	Logan Madison
Eighth	*Mario J. Palumbo (D) John T. Poffenbarger (R)	Charleston Dunbar
Ninth	*Tracy Hylton (D)	Mullens Beckley
Tenth	•R. E. Barnett (D)	Bluefield Hinton
Eleventh	Robert K. Holliday (D) Ralph D. Williams (D)	Oak Hill Rainelle
Twelfth	Carl E. Gainer (D)	Richwood Webster Springs
Thirteenth	•Wm. R. Sharpe, Jr. (D)	Clarksbur <b>g</b> Weston
Fourteenth	O. G. Hedrick (D)	- Fairmont - Morgantown
Fifteenth	C. N. Harman (R)	. Grafton Rowlesburg
Sixteenth	Louise Leonard (R)	Harpers <b>Ferry</b> Keyser
Seventeenth	eW. T. Brotherton, Jr. (D)	

Senators elected in 1968. Al	1 others elected in 1970.	
<b>,</b> ,-	rat S lcan 1	

### MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

### First Extraordinary Session, 1971

#### OFFICERS

Speaker—'Lewis N. McManus, Beckley Clerk—C. A. Blankenship, Pineville Sergeant at Arms—Oce W. Smith, Jr., Fairmont Doorkeeper—Dannie Wingo, Yukon

County or District	Name	Address		
Barbour	Kenneth Auvil (D)	Belington		
Boone	Thomas G. Goodwin (D)	Seth		
	Ivan R. White, (D)	Madison		
Braxton	Rodney B. Belknap (D)	Gassaway		
Brooke	Mino R. D'Aurora (D)	Follanshee		
	Charles Donley (D)	Wellsburg		
Cabell	David B. Daugherty (R) Hugh A. Kincaid (D)	Huntington		
	Hugh A. Kincaid (D)	Huntington		
	<sup>2</sup> Freda N. Paul (D)	Huntington		
	C. E. Romine, Jr. (R)	Huntington		
	Jody G. Smirl (R)	Huntington		
~-				
Clay	Robert Reed (D)	Clay		
Fayette	Ethel L. Crandall (D) T. E. Myles (D) Adam Toney (D)	Gauley Bridge		
	Adam Toney (D)	rayettevine		
	Adam Toney (D)	Oak Hill		
Hampshire	_ James B. Cookman (D)			
Hancock	George G. Griffith (D)	Weirton		
	Ronald E. Wilson (D)			
Harrison	Gino R. Colombo (D)	Nutter Fort		
	Donald L. Kopp (D)	Clarksburg		
	Donald L. Kopp (D)  James Laulis (D)  C. Paul Wanstreet (D)	Bridgeport		
	C. Paul Wanstreet (D)	Clarksburg		
Jackson	John E. Fitzgerald (D)			
Jefferson	Roger J. Perry (D)			
Kanawha	<sup>3</sup> Barbara Polan Bolarsky (D)	Charleston		
	James E. Copenhaver (R)	Elkview		
	W. C. Field (R) Phyllis E. Given (D)	Charleston		
	Cleo S. Jones (R)	Charleston		
	Leo G. Kopelman (R)	East Bank		
	Milton Lilly (R)	Charleston		
	James W. Loop (D) Louie A. Paterno, Jr. (R)	Charleston		
	Louie A. Paterno, Jr. (R)			
	Thomas E. Potter (R)	Charleston		
	Don R. Richardson (D)	Charleston		
	Leonard I. Underwood (D)	St Albans		
	Paul Zakaib, Jr. (R)	Charleston		
¥	Fred L. Mulneix (R)			
Lewis				
Lincoln				
Logan.	Charles Gilliam (D)	Logan		
	Errin S. Queen (D)	T.ogan		
	ELVII S. Queen (D)	Vingmont		
Marion	Nick Fantasia (D)	Esimont		
	William E. Shingleton (D)	Fairmont		
	Debert C. Deles (B)	Moundayille		
Marshall	Robert C. Polen (R) Roy H. Rogerson (R)	Moundsville		
	Eugene Ball (D)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Elected Speaker March 13, 1971, to fill the vacancy resulting from the death of Speaker Ivor F. Bolarsky.

<sup>2</sup>Appointed January 11, 1971, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Michael R. Prestera, a Delegate-elect.

<sup>3</sup>Appointed by the Governor April 13, 1971, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of her husband, the Honorable Ivor F. Bolarsky.

<sup>4</sup>Appointed February 1, 1971, to fill the vacancy caused by the disqualification of W. R. Wilson, a Delegate-elect.

### House of Delegates

County or District	Name	Address	
McDowell	Ronnie McKenzie (D)	Roderfield	
	Ernest C. Moore (D)	Thorpe	
	Ernest C. Moore (D) Harry R. Pauley (D) T. J. Scott (D)		
	T. J. Scott (D)		
Mercer	Clarence C. Christian, Jr. (D)	Princeton Princeton	
	Charles E. Lohr (D)	Princeton	
	Odell H. Huffman (D)  Charles E. Lohr (D)  Tony E. Whitlow (D)	Princeton	
Mineral	Robert D. Harman (R)	Keyser	
Mingo	. Howard B. Chambers (D)	Williamson	
	T. I. Varney (D)	Matewan	
Monongalia	Robert W. Dinsmore (D) Terry T. Jones (R) Robert Brand Stone (R)	Morgantown	
_	Terry T. Jones (R)	Morgantown	
		Morgantown	
Monroe	Arnold H. Broyles (R)		
Nicholas	Larry A. Tucker (D)		
Ohio	George F. Beneke (R)	Wheeling	
	Fred A. Grewe, Jr. (R)  Judith A. Herndon (R)  George H. Seibert, Jr. (R)		
	George H. Seibert, Jr. (R)	Wheeling	
Preston	Robert C. Halbritter (R)	Kingwood	
	Robert F. Hatfield (D)	Hurricane	
Putnam	Mary Martha Merritt (D)		
Raleigh	Mary Martina Merriti (D)	Beckley Beckley	
	Lewis N. McManus (D) Anthony J. Sparacino (D) Mrs. W. W. Withrow (D)	Beckley	
	Mrs. W. W. Withrow (D)	Beckley	
Randolph	Earl H. Stalnaker (D)	Elkins	
Roane	Orton A. Jones (R)	Spencer	
Summers	Jack E. Holt (D)	Hinton	
Taylor	Paul K. Moats (R)		
Upshur	Charles R. Shaffer (R)		
Wayne			
wayne	Clayton C. Davidson (D)	Kenova	
Webster	D. P. Given (D)	Webster Springs	
Wetzel	Joseph M. Ballouz (D)		
Wood	Joseph P. Albright (D)	Parkersburg	
W00d	T C Butcher (R)	I Parkershiirg	
	Calvin A. Calendine (R) George E. Farley (D)	Parkersburg	
	George E. Farley (D)		
Wyoming	Charles R. Cline (D)	Pineville	
	Warren R. McGraw (D)	Pineville 4	
1st District	1	į	
Berkeley,	Robert M. Steptoe (D)	Martinsburg	
Morgan	Luke E. Terry (R)	——– Martinsbur <b>g</b>	
2nd District Grant, Tucker	Larkin B. Ours (R)	Dorcas	
3rd District Hardy, Pendleton	Thomas J. Hawse (D)	Moorefield	
4th District	Richard H. Bowman (D)	Rainelle	
Greenbrier, Pocahontas	Thomas C. Edgar (D)	Hillsboro	
5th District Doddridge, Tyler	Forrest M. Buck (R)	Sistersville	
6th District Pleasants, Ritchie.	Harry E. Moats (R)	Harrisville	
7th District Calhoun, Gilmer, Wirt	Billy Brown Burke (D)	Glenville	

(D)	DemocratsRepublicans	68 32
,		100

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### STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1971

#### AGRICULTURE

Susman (Chairman), Gainer (Vice Chairman), Dillon, Hedrick, McKown, Neeley, Smith, Williams, Leonard, Rogers and Sayre.

#### CONFIRMATIONS

Galperin (Chairman), Holliday (Vice Chairman), Dillon, Gainer, Hylton, McKown, Tompos, Wallace, Ward, Carrigan, Harman, Knapp and Sayre.

#### EDUCATION

Palumbo (Chairman), Barnett (Vice Chairman), Beall, Dillon, Galperin, Holliday, McKown, Sharpe, Wallace, Ward, Carrigan, Deem, Hubbard, Poffenbarger and Rogers.

#### ELECTIONS

Ward (Chairman), Fanning (Vice Chairman), Brotherton, Galperin, Moreland, Neeley, Nelson, Williams, Knapp, Leonard and Sayre.

### FINANCE

McKown (Chairman), Susman (Vice Chairman), Barnett, Beall, Dillon, Fanning, Galperin, Hedrick, Hylton, Sharpe, Smith, Williams, Bowers, Deem, Harman, Leonard, Rogers and Wolfe.

#### HEALTH

Wallace (Chairman), Sharpe (Vice Chairman), Brotherton, Galperin, Holliday, Moreland, Knapp, Leonard and Rogers.

#### INSURANCE AND CORPORATIONS

Hylton (Chairman), Neeley (Vice Chairman), McKown, Moreland, Nelson, Susman, Ward, Williams, Carrigan, Harman, Hubbard, Poffenbarger and Sayre.

### INTERSTATE COOPERATION

Gainer (Chairman), Moreland (Vice Chairman), Neeley, Nelson, Susman, President (nonvoting), Bowers and Hubbard.

#### **JUDICIARY**

Brotherton (Chairman), Ward (Vice Chairman), Barnett, Fanning, Gainer, Hedrick, Holliday, Moreland, Neeley, Nelson, Palumbo, Tompos, Wallace, Carrigan, Hubbard, Knapp, Poffenbarger and Sayre.

Tompos (Chairman), Sharpe (Vice Chairman), Dillon, Holliday, Neeley, Ward, Bowers, Harman and Wolfe.

[xxiii]

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Smith (Chairman), Moreland (Vice Chairman), Dillon, Fanning, Nelson, Ward, Poffenbarger, Rogers and Wolfe.

#### MILITARY

Williams (Chairman), Hedrick (Vice Chairman), Fanning, Holliday, Moreland, Palumbo, Harman, Knapp and Poffenbarger.

MINES AND MINING

Hedrick (Chairman), Hylton (Vice Chairman), Brotherton, Fanning, Gainer, Smith, Williams, Bowers and Deem.

#### NATURAL RESOURCES

Gainer (Chairman), Fanning (Vice Chairman), Barnett, Beall, Galperin, Hedrick, Hylton, Nelson, Palumbo, Smith, Susman, Bowers, Deem, Hubbard and Wolfe.

#### PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Sharpe (Chairman), Holliday (Vice Chairman), Beall, Hylton, Smith, Tompos, Wallace, Carrigan, Harman, Knapp and Leonard.

#### RULES

McCourt, Mr. President (Chairman ex officio), Brotherton, Gainer, McKown, Moreland, Palumbo, Carrigan, Deem and Hubbard.

#### TRANSPORTATION

Barnett (Chairman), Dillon (Vice Chairman), Beall, Gainer, Hedrick, Hylton, Moreland, Neeley, Palumbo, Sharpe, Wallace, Williams, Bowers, Deem, Knapp, Poffenbarger, Rogers and Wolfe.

### JOINT COMMITTEES

#### ENROLLED BILLS

Beall (Chairman), Holliday, Palumbo, Leonard and Sayre.

#### GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE

McCourt, Mr. President (Chairman ex officio), Barnett, Brotherton, McKown, Sharpe, Carrigan and Wolfe.

#### JOINT RULES

McCourt, Mr. President (Chairman ex officio), Brotherton and Carrigan.

# STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

June 1, 1971

#### AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Hawse (Chairman), Queen (Vice Chairman), Ballouz, Belknap, Bowman, Cline, Colombo, Donley, Edgar, Fitzgerald, Goodwin, Hatfield, Holt, McKenzie, Merritt, Reed, Withrow, Broyles, Butcher, Moats (Taylor), Mulneix, Ours, Polen, Shaffer and Terry.

#### BANKING AND INSURANCE

Hager of Lincoln (Chairman of Banking), Cookman (Chairman of Insurance), Laulis (Vice Chairman), Albright, Belknap, Bowman, Cline, Crandall, Fantasia, Hager (Logan), Hatfield, Hawse, Myles, Neely, Pauley, Tucker, Wanstreet, Beneke, Broyles, Buck, Calendine, Halbritter, Paterno, Romine and Zakaib.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION

Huffman (Chairman), Dinsmore (Vice Chairman), Albright, Auvil, Ballouz, Boiarsky, Christian, Laulis, Neely, Perry, Richardson, Scott, Stalnaker, Underwood, White (Cabell), Whitlow, Paul, Copenhaver, Jones (Kanawha), Jones (Roane), Mulneix, Potter, Rogerson, Smirl and Stone.

#### EDUCATION

Lohr (Chairman), Goodwin (Vice Chairman), Auvil, Boiarsky, Colombo, Cookman, Davidson, Donley, Given (Kanawha), Hager (Logan), Kincaid, Merritt, Moore, Paul, Rollins, Toney, Wilson, Beneke, Calendine, Harman, Jones (Monongalia), Lilly, Moats (Taylor), Moats (6th District) and Shaffer.

#### FINANCE

McManus (Chairman), Burke (Vice Chairman), Auvil, Ball, Crandall, D'Aurora, Fantasia, Farley, Griffith, Hager (Logan), Kincaid, Neely, Perry, Richardson, Rutledge, Tucker, Withrow, Buck, Grewe, Herndon, Kopelman, Ours, Rogerson, Romine and Terry.

#### HEALTH AND WELFARE

Withrow (Chairman), D'Aurora (Vice Chairman), Ballouz, Colombo, Cookman, Davidson, Fitzgerald, Griffith, Lohr, Merritt, Moore, Rutledge, Shingleton, Stalnaker, Wanstreet, White (Boone), Wilson, Calendine, Daugherty, Lilly, Moats (6th District), Paterno, Polen, Romine and Shaffer.

#### INDUSTRY AND LABOR

Kopp (Chairman), Fantasia (Vice Chairman), Boiarsky, Colombo, D'Aurora, Gilliam, Given (Kanawha), Goodwin, Griffith, Hager (Lincoln), Hatfield, Holt, McKenzie, Moore, Varney, White (Boone), Whitlow, Beneke, Butcher, Copenhaver, Harman, Jones (Monongalia), Kopelman, Shaffer and Terry.

#### INTERSTATE COOPERATION

Hager of Logan (Chairman), Burke, Edgar, Kopp, Loop, Mc-Manus, Speaker (nonvoting), Buck and Halbritter.

#### JUDICIARY

Steptoe (Chairman), Sparacino (Vice Chairman), Albright, Christian, Davidson, Dinsmore, Given (Webster), Huffman, Kopp, Loop, McGraw, Myles, Queen, Scott, Underwood, Varney, White (Cabell), Daugherty, Field, Halbritter, Jones (Kanawha), Jones (Roane), Polen, Potter and Zakaib.

#### POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Dinsmore (Chairman), Varney (Vice Chairman), Ball, Cline, Farley, Kincaid, Laulis, McGraw, Pauley, Rollins, Shingleton, Stalnaker, Toney, Underwood, White (Boone), White (Cabell), Wilson, Grewe, Herndon, Jones (Monongalia), Polen, Rogerson, Smirl, Stone and Zakaib.

#### REDISTRICTING

Perry (Chairman), Loop (Vice Chairman), Burke, Chambers, Cline, Dinsmore, Edgar, Fantasia, Farley, Given (Kanawha), Hager (Lincoln), Kopp, Lohr, Pauley, Rollins, Sparacino, Tucker, Beneke, Buck, Butcher, Field, Halbritter, Jones (Kanawha), Ours and Terry.

#### ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION

Bowman (Chairman), Wanstreet (Vice Chairman), Ball, Belknap, Chambers, Christian, Davidson, Donley, Fitzgerald, Gilliam, Hager (Lincoln), Hawse, Holt, Pauley, Reed, Scott, Shingleton, Buck, Butcher, Copenhaver, Harman, Herndon, Moats (6th District), Paterno and Zakaib.

#### STATE AND FEDERAL AFFAIRS

Edgar (Chairman), Crandall (Vice Chairman), Chambers, Fantasia, Gilliam, Given (Webster), Loop, McGraw, McKenzie, Paul, Queen, Reed, Richardson, Shingleton, Sparacino, Toney, Whitlow, Butcher, Halbritter, Harman, Mulneix, Potter, Smirl, Stone and Zakaib.

#### RULES

McManus (ex officio Chairman), Edgar, Kopp, Lohr, Myles, Perry, Steptoe, Buck, Jones (Kanawha), Ours and Seibert.

### JOINT COMMITTEES

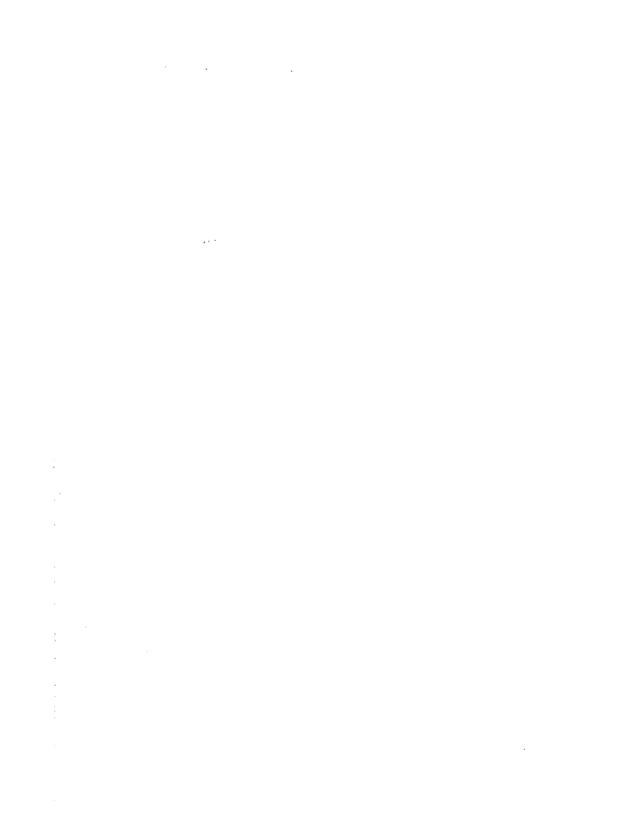
#### ENROLLED BILLS

Rutledge (Chairman), Crandall, Whitlow, Mulneix and Smirl.

GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE

McManus (Cochairman), Lohr, Myles, Steptoe, Ours and Seibert. JOINT RULES

McManus (ex officio Chairman), Myles and Seibert.



# LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

# **ACTS OF 1971**

# REGULAR SESSION

# **CHAPTER 1**

(House Bill No. 629-By Mr. Myles and Mr. Buck)

[Passed February 5, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, relating to the uniform recognition of acknowledgments act, notarial acts performed outside this state, persons with authority to take acknowledgments, recognition and meaning of certificates of acknowledgment, short forms of taking acknowledgments and specifying other acknowledgments not affected or invalidated by this article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 1A. UNIFORM RECOGNITION OF ACKNOWLEDGMENTS ACT.

- §39-1A-1. "Notarial acts" defined; who may perform notarial acts outside the state for use in state.
- §39-1A-2. Proof of authority of person performing notarial act.
- §39-1A-3. What person taking acknowledgment shall certify.
- 839-1A-4. When form of certificate of acknowledgment accepted.

- §39-1A-5. Meaning of "acknowledged before me."
- §39-1A-6. Statutory short forms of acknowledgment.
- §39-1A-7. Application of article; article cumulative.
- §39-1A-8. Uniform interpretation.
- §39-1A-9. Short title.

### §39-1A-1. "Notarial acts" defined; who may perform notarial acts outside the state for use in state.

- For the purposes of this article, "notarial acts" means 1
- 2 acts which the laws and regulations of this state au
  - thorize notaries public of this state to perform, including
- the administering of oaths and affirmations, taking proof
- of execution and acknowledgments of instruments, and
- attesting documents. Notarial acts may be performed
- outside this state for use in this state with the same
- effect as if performed by a notary public of this state
- by the following persons authorized pursuant to the laws
- and regulations of other governments in addition to any 10
- other person authorized by the laws and regulations of 11
- 12 this state:

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- 13 (1) A notary public authorized to perform notarial acts in the place in which the act is performed; 14
- (2) A judge, clerk, or deputy clerk of any court of 15 16 record in the place in which the notarial act is per-17 formed:
- (3) An officer of the foreign service of the United 18 States, a consular agent, or any other person authorized 19 by regulation of the United States department of state 20 to perform notarial acts in the place in which the act is 21 22 performed;
- (4) A commissioned officer in active service with the 24 armed forces of the United States and any other person authorized by regulation of the armed forces to perform notarial acts if the notarial act is performed for one of the following or his dependents: A merchant seaman of the United States, a member of the armed forces of the United States or any other person serving with or accompanying the armed forces of the United States; or
- (5) Any other person authorized to perform notarial 32 33 acts in the place in which the act is performed.

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## §39-1A-2. Proof of authority of person performing notarial act.

- 1 (a) If the notarial act is performed by any of the 2 persons described in subdivisions one to four, inclusive, 3 section one of this article, other than a person authorized 4 to perform notarial acts by the laws or regulations of a 5 foreign country, the signature, rank or title and serial number, if any, of the person are sufficient proof of the 7 authority of a holder of that rank or title to perform the act. Further proof of his authority is not required.
- 10 (b) If the notarial act is performed by a person 11 authorized by the laws or regulations of a foreign country 12 to perform the act, there is sufficient proof of the au-13 thority of that person to act if:
- 14 (1) Either a foreign service officer of the United 15 States resident in the country in which the act is per-16 formed or a diplomatic or consular officer of the foreign 17 country resident in the United States certifies that a 18 person holding that office is authorized to perform the 19 act; and
- 20 (2) The official seal of the person performing the 21 notarial act is affixed to the document; or
  - (3) The title and indication of authority to perform notarial acts of the person appears either in a digest of foreign law or in a list customarily used as a source of such information.
  - (c) If the notarial act is performed by a person other than one described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, there is sufficient proof of the authority of that person to act if the clerk of a court of record in the place in which the notarial act is performed certifies to the official character of that person and to his authority to perform the notarial act.
- 33 (d) The signature and title of the person performing 34 the act are prima facie evidence that he is a person with 35 the designated title and that the signature is genuine.

# §39-1A-3. What person taking acknowledgment shall certify.

1 The person taking an acknowledgment shall certify 2 that:

- 3 (1) The person acknowledging appeared before him 4 and acknowledged he executed the instrument; and
- 5 (2) The person acknowledging was known to the
- 6 person taking the acknowledgment or that the person 7 taking the acknowledgment had satisfactory evidence
- 8 that the person acknowledging was the person described
- 9 in and who executed the instrument.

# §39-1A-4. When form of certificate of acknowledgment accepted.

- 1 The form of a certificate of acknowledgment used by
- 2 a person whose authority is recognized under section
- 3 one of this article shall be accepted in this state if:
- 4 (1) The certificate is in a form prescribed by the
- 5 laws or regulations of this state;
- 6 (2) The certificate is in a form prescribed by the
- 7 laws or regulations applicable in the place in which the
- 8 acknowledgment is taken; or
- 9 (3) The certificate contains the words "acknowledged
- 10 before me," or their substantial equivalent.

## §39-1A-5. Meaning of "acknowledged before me."

- 1 The words "acknowledged before me" mean:
- 2 (1) That the person acknowledging appeared before
- 3 the person taking the acknowledgment;
- 4 (2) That he acknowledged he executed the instru-
- 5 ment;
- 6 (3) That, in the case of:
- 7 (a) A natural person, he executed the instrument
- 8 for the purposes therein stated;
- 9 (b) A corporation, the officer or agent acknowledged
- 10 he held the position or title set forth in the instrument
- 11 and certificate, he signed the instrument on behalf of
- 12 the corporation by proper authority, and the instru-
- 13 ment was the act of the corporation for the purpose
- 14 therein stated;
- 15 (c) A partnership, the partner or agent acknowl-
- 16 edged he signed the instrument on behalf of the partner-

- 17 ship by proper authority and he executed the instru-
- 18 ment as the act of the partnership for the purposes
- 19 therein stated:
- 20 (d) A person acknowledging as principal by an at-21 torney in fact, he executed the instrument by proper
- 21 torney in fact, he executed the instrument by proper 22 authority as the act of the principal for the purposes
- 23 therein stated:
- 24 (e) A person acknowledging as a public officer, trus-25 tee, administrator, guardian or other representative, he
- 26 signed the instrument by proper authority and he exe-
- 27 cuted the instrument in the capacity and for the pur-
- 28 poses therein stated: and

use of other forms.

- 29 (4) That the person taking the acknowledgment
- 30 either knew or had satisfactory evidence that the person
- 31 acknowledging was the person named in the instrument
- 32 or certificate.

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### §39-1A-6. Statutory short forms of acknowledgment.

- The forms of acknowledgment set forth in this section may be used and are sufficient for their respective pursposes under any law of this state. The forms shall be known as "Statutory Short Forms of Acknowledgment" and may be referred to by that name. The authorization of the forms in this section does not preclude the
- For an individual acting in his own right: 8 9 State of 10 County of \_\_\_\_\_ The foregoing instrument was acknowledged 11 before me this .....by 12 (date) 13 14 (name of person acknowledged) 15 16 (Signature of Person Taking Acknowledgment) 17 18 (Title or Rank) 19

(Serial Number, if any)

<b>(</b> 2)	For a corporation:
	State of
	County of The foregoing instrument was acknowledged
	before me thisby
	(date)
	(name of officer or agent,
	title of officer or agent) (name of corporation
	acknowledging) (state or place of incorporation) corporation, on behalf of the corporation.
	(Signature of Person Taking Acknowledgment)
	(Title or Rank)
	(Serial Number, if any)
(3)	For a partnership:
	State of
	County of
	The foregoing instrument was acknowledged
	before me this by (date)
	(date)
	(name of acknowledging partner or agent)
	partner (or agent) on behalf of (name of
	, a partnership.
	partnership)
	(Signature of Person Taking Acknowledgment)
	(Title or Rank)
	(Social Number of prev)
745	(Serial Number, if any)
(4)	For an individual acting as principal by an attorney in fact:
	State of
	County of

63	The foregoing instrument was acknowledged
64	before me thisby
65	(date)
66	as attorney in fact
67 68	(name of attorney in fact) on behalf of
69 70	(name of principal)
71 72	(Signature of Person Taking Acknowledgment)
73. 74	(Title or Rank)
75	(Serial Number, if any)
76 (5) 77	By any public officer, trustee or personal representative:
78	State of
79	County of
80 81	The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this by
82 83	(date)
84	(name and title of position)
85 86	(Signature of Person Taking Acknowledgment)
87 88	(Title or Rank)
89 90	(Serial Number, if any)
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## §39-1A-7. Application of article; article cumulative.

- A notarial act performed prior to the effective date of
- 2 this article is not affected by this article. This article
- 3 provides an additional method of proving notarial acts.
- 4 Nothing in this article diminishes or invalidates the
- 5 recognition accorded to notarial acts by article one of
- 6 this chapter or by other laws or regulations of this state.

# §39-1A-8. Uniform interpretation.

- This article shall be so interpreted as to make uniform
- 2 the laws of those states which enact it.

### §39-1A-9. Short title.

1 This article may be cited as the "Uniform Recognition

2 of Acknowledgments Act."

# **CHAPTER 2**

(House Bill No. 688-By Mr. Halbritter and Mr. Bowman)

[Passed February 15, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article two-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to annual meetings to establish uniform standards, grades and market practices concerning agricultural products.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article two-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2A. PUBLIC MARKETS.

# §19-2A-15. Annual meetings to establish uniform standards, grades and market practices.

- 1 The commissioner shall annually, on or before the first
- 2 day of July, call together in public meeting the president
- 3 and manager, or other officials, of livestock auction
- 4 markets within the state for the purpose of establishing
- 5 uniform standards and grades of livestock and uniform
- 6 market practices and procedures for the operation of live-
- 7 stock auction markets in this state.

# CHAPTER 3

(House Bill No. 786-By Mr. Hawse and Mr. Ours)

[Passed February 18, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, four, six, seven, eight, ten and eleven, article two-b, chapter nineteen of

the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the department of agriculture, to the inspection, labeling and disposition of animals, carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products, to the licensing of commercial slaughterers, custom slaughterers, commercial processors, custom processors or distributors, and to the inspection of slaughter-houses and processing plants; and providing exclusions, exemptions, prohibitions and penalties.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, four, six, seven, eight, ten and eleven, article two-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2B. INSPECTION OF ANIMALS, MEAT AND MEAT PROD-UCTS.

- §19-2B-2. Definitions.
- §19-2B-4. License required for commercial slaughterer, custom slaughterer, commercial processor, custom processor or distributor; application for license; fees; refusal, revocation or suspension; suspension of inspection; establishment number or numbers.
- §19-2B-6. Inspection, marking, labeling, branding, etc.; quarantine; segregation; scheduling of operations; disposition of carcasses, etc.; reinspection; health examinations; rejection tags.
- §19-2B-7. Exclusion of slaughterhouses and processing plants under the supervision of or approved by the United States Department of Agriculture.
- §19-2B-8. Exemptions.
- §19-2B-10. Additional prohibitions.
- §19-2B-11. Penalties.

## §19-2B-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a 2 different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Department" means the department of agricul-4 ture of the state of West Virginia;
- 5 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agri-6 culture of the state of West Virginia and his duly autho-7 rized representatives;
- 8 (c) "Person" means any individual, partnership, cor-9 poration, association, or other entity;

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- 10 (d) "Contract veterinarian" means a graduate of a school of veterinary medicine accredited by the American 11 12 Veterinary Medical Association who provides services for the department under contract: 13
  - (e) "Veterinary supervisor" means a graduate of a school of veterinary medicine accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association, and employed by the department to inspect and supervise the inspection of animals, carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat byproducts;
  - (f) "Meat inspector" means an individual employed by the department to inspect animals, carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products under the supervision of a veterinary supervisor;
  - (g) "State inspection" means inspection services conducted by the department at or in connection with establishments required to be licensed by this article;
- "W. Va. condemned," or abbreviation thereof, 27 means the animal so marked has been inspected and 28 found to be in a dying condition, or to be affected with 30 any other condition or disease that would require condemnation of its carcass; 31
- (i) "W. Va. inspected and condemned," or abbreviation thereof, means that the carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product, so marked or so identified, 34 is adulterated and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by the commissioner;
  - "W. Va. retained" means that the carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product so identified is held for further examination by a veterinary supervisor or contract veterinarian to determine its disposal;
  - (k) "W. Va. suspect" means that the animal so marked and identified is suspected of being affected with a disease or condition which may require its condemnation. in whole or in part, when slaughtered, and is subject to further examination by a contract veterinarian or veterinary supervisor to determine its disposal;
- (1) "W. Va. inspected and passed," or abbreviation 47 thereof, means that the carcass, meat, meat food product 48 or meat by-product, so marked, or so identified, was at 49

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- 50 the time it was so marked or so identified found to be 51 wholesome;
- 52 (m) "Country" when used in the name of a meat, 53 meat food product or meat by-product means that such 54 meat, meat food product or meat by-product was actual-55 ly prepared on a farm;
  - (n) "Federal inspection" means the meat and poultry inspection service conducted or approved by the meat inspection division and the poultry inspection division of the United States department of agriculture;
  - (o) "Federal Meat Inspection Act" means the act so entitled, approved March four, one thousand nine hundred seven, as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act;
  - (p) "Federal Poultry Products Inspection Act" means the act of Congress approved August twenty-eighth, one thousand nine hundred fifty-seven, as amended;
  - (q) "Inspection legend" means a mark or a statement on a carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product indicating the same has been inspected and passed in this state under the provisions of this article;
  - (r) "Meat label" means a display of written, printed or graphic matter on a container indicating the carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product contained therein has been inspected and passed in this state under the provisions of this article;
  - (s) "Official inspection mark" means any symbol prescribed by the commissioner for the purpose of identifying the inspection status of any article so inspected;
  - (t) "Establishment number" means an official number assigned by the commissioner to each establishment and included on the inspection legend and meat label to identify all inspected and passed carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products handled in that establishment;
  - (u) "Container" and "package" shall include but not be limited to any box, can, tin, cloth, plastic or any other receptacle, wrapper or cover;
- 87 (v) "Sell" means offer for sale, expose for sale, have 88 in possession for sale, exchange, barter or trade;
  - (w) "Animals" mean cattle, swine, sheep and goats;

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- (x) "Carcass" means all or any part of a slaughtered animal, including viscera, which is capable of being used for human consumption;
- (y) "Meat" means the edible part of the muscle of 93 animals, which is skeletal or which is found in the 94 tongue, in the diaphragm, in the heart or in the esophagus 95 with or without the accompanying or overlying fat, and 96 the portions of bone, skin, sinew nerve and blood vessels 97 which normally accompany the muscle tissue and which 98 are not separated from it in the process of dressing; it 99 does not include the muscle found in the lips, snout or 100 101 ears:
- "Meat food product" means any article of food (z) for human consumption or any article which enters into the composition of food for human consumption, which 104 is derived or prepared in whole or in part from any por-105 tion of any animal, except organotherapeutic substances, 106 meat juices, meat extract and the like which are only 107 for medicinal purposes and are advertised only to the 108 medical profession; any edible part of the carcass which 109 has been manufactured, cured, smoked, processed or 110 otherwise treated shall be considered a meat food product; 111
- "Meat by-product" means any edible part of an 112 animal other than meat or meat food product; 113
- 114 "Denature" means the uniform application of sufficient quantities of crude carbolic acid, cresylic disin-115 fectant, or any other agent approved by the commissioner 116 upon and into the freely slashed flesh of any carcass or 117 product condemned; 118
- (cc) "Decharacterization" means the uniform applica-119 tion of sufficient quantities of dye, charcoal, malodorous 120 fish oil, or any other agent approved by the commissioner, 121 upon and into the freely slashed flesh of carcasses or 122 meat not being rendered, so as to unequivocally pre-123 clude its use for human food; 124
- 125 (dd) "Inedible" means meat, meat food products and 126 meat by-products derived from 4-D or condemned animals, or animals which the meat, meat food products or 127 meat by-products are otherwise unsuitable for human 128 129 consumption and shall include meat, meat food products

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- or meat by-products regardless of origin, which have deteriorated so far as to be unfit for human consumption;
- 132 (ee) "4-D animal" means an animal that is dead, 133 dying, down or diseased on arrival at the slaughterhouse;
  - (ff) "Commercial slaughterer" means a person engaged for profit in this state in the business of slaughtering or dressing animals for human consumption which are to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or establishment, and shall include a person who, in addition to such commercial slaughtering, also engages in the business of a custom slaughterer;
  - (gg) "Custom slaughterer" means a person engaged for profit in this state in the business of slaughtering or dressing animals for human consumption which are not to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet, commercial establishment, distributor, or to an individual, and shall include the boning or cutting up of carcasses of such animals and the grinding, chopping and mixing of the carcasses thereof;
- (hh) "Slaughterhouse" shall include but not be limited to all buildings, structures and facilities used in the slaughtering or dressing of animals for human consumption;
  - (ii) "Distributor" means a person engaged for profit in this state in the business where carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products are received from state or federally inspected establishments, or approved by the United States department of agriculture, and who stores and distributes to commercial outlets, processors or individuals, and who conducts no processing other than wrapping and/or cutting of carcasses or its parts into quarters or wholesale cuts;
  - (jj) "Processor" means a person who engages for profit in this state in the business of packing or packaging carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products for human consumption or a person engaged for profit in the business of curing, salting, smoking, processing or other preparing of carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products for human consumption;
  - (kk) "Commercial processor" means a processor for

- 170 commercial outlets or distributors and shall include the 171 business of custom processing;
- 172 (ll) "Custom processor" means a processor in which 173 the meat, meat food products or meat by-products de-174 rived through processing cannot be sold or offered for sale 175 through a commercial outlet, commercial establishment, 176 distributor, or to an individual;
- 177 (mm) "Processing plant" shall include but not be lim-178 ited to all buildings, structures, chill rooms, aging rooms, 179 processing rooms, sanitary facilities, other facilities, and 180 utensils, used by or in connection with the operations of 181 a processor;
- 182 (nn) "Establishment" means any slaughterhouse, pro-183 cessing plant or distributor in this state;
- 184 "Related industries" means rendering plants, refrigerated meat warehouses, food lockers, meat and poul-185 186 try wholesalers, brokers, pet food manufacturers, other 187 animal food manufacturers, animal impoundments 188 whose main source of food supply is from the raw meats, transportation firms and private 189 190 carriers:

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- (pp) "Commercial outlet" means a place of business in this state and shall include all retail stores and public eating places in which carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products are stored, sold or offered for sale for human consumption by the purchaser or others;
- (qq) "Commercial dealer" means any person who operates one or more commercial outlets and who sells or offers for sale thereat any carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products for human consumption, and who does not can, cook, cure, dry, smoke, or render any carcass, meat, meat food products or meat by-products at such outlets and who conducts no slaughtering or preparing of carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products at such outlets other than boning or cutting up of carcasses, and other than grinding, chopping and mixing operations at such outlets with respect to trim or meat derived only from such boning or cutting up operations;
- (rr) "Custom slaughtered carcass or meat," "custom slaughtered meat food products" or "custom slaughtered

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- 210 meat by-products" mean, respectively, carcasses, meat, 211 meat food products or meat by-products which were 212 slaughtered, dressed or otherwise processed by a custom 213 slaughterer;
- 214 (ss) "Wholesome" means sound, healthful, clean, and 215 otherwise fit for human consumption;
- 216 (tt) "Adulterated" means and shall apply to any car-217 cass, part thereof, meat or meat food product under one 218 or more of the following circumstances:
  - (i) if it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health; but in case the substance is not an added substance, such article shall not be considered adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such substance in or on such article does not ordinarily render it injurious to health;
  - (ii) (a) if it bears or contains (by reason of administration of any substance to the live animal or otherwise) any added poisonous or added deleterious substance (other than one which is (1) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; (2) a food additive; or (3) a color additive) which may, in the judgment of the commissioners make such article unfit for human food;
  - (b) if it is, in whole or in part, a raw agricultural commodity and such commodity bears or contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
  - (c) if it bears or contains any food additive which is unsafe within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
  - (d) if it bears or contains any color additive which is unsafe within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act: *Provided*, That an article which is not adulterated under clause (b), (c), or (d) shall nevertheless be deemed adulterated if use of the pesticide chemical, food additive, or color additive in or on such article is prohibited by regulations in establishments at which inspection is maintained;
- 247 (iii) if it consists in whole or in part of any 248 filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance or is for any other

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- 249 reason unsound, unhealthful, unwholesome, or otherwise 250 unfit for human food;
- 251 (iv) if it has been prepared, packed, or held 252 under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become 253 contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been 254 rendered injurious to health;
- (v) if it is, in whole or in part, the product of 256 an animal which has died otherwise than by slaughter;
  - (vi) if its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health;
  - if it has been intentionally subjected to radiation, unless the use of the radiation was in conformmity with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
  - (viii) if any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom: or if any substance has been substituted, wholly or in part therefore; or if damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner; or if any substance has been added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength, or make it appear better or of greater value than it is;
- 272 if it is margarine containing animal fat and 273 any of the raw material used therein consisted in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance; 274
  - "Antemortem" means before death; (uu)
- 276 "Postmortem" means after death:
- 277 "Reinspection" means inspection of the preparation of animal products and poultry products, as well as a 278 279 reexamination of articles previously inspected:
- 280 (xx) "Licensee" means any person licensed under the 281 provisions of this article.
- §19-2B-4. License required for commercial slaughterer, custom slaughterer, commercial processor, custom processor or distributor; application for license; fees; refusal, revocation or suspension; suspension of inspection; establishment number or numbers.
  - No commercial slaughterer, custom slaughterer, 1 (a)

2 commercial processor, custom processor or distributor shall operate an establishment unless he shall first have 3 4 obtained a license from the commissioner so to do, which license remains unsuspended and unrevoked. Applica-5 6 tion for such license shall be made on forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall be accompanied by the fee required in this section. When such a person operates 9 as a commercial slaughterer and also operates as a commercial processor, whether such operations are located 10 11 on the same or different premises in this state, each such operation shall be licensed. When such a person 13 operates two or more slaughterhouses not on the same premises in this state, or operates two or more process-14 ing plants not on the same premises in this state, a 15 separate license shall be required for each such slaugh-16 17 terhouse and each such processing plant. Each license shall expire on the thirtieth day of June next following 18 its issuance, and the annual fee for each such license 19 shall be based upon the average number of animals 20 slaughtered per year and upon the average finished 21 product poundage processed per year, as set forth in 22 the following table, except that the annual fee for 23 24 the license of a person who operates solely as a custom slaughterer shall be ten dollars or as a custom processor shall be five dollars or as a distributor shall be 26 27 five dollars.

28		Average Number of Animals	Annual
29	Class	Slaughtered Per Year	Fee
30	Small	1 - 500	\$10.00
31	Medium	501 - 1000	<b>\$</b> 25.0 <b>0</b>
32	Large	1001 - 5000	\$50.00
33	Extra Large	Over 5000	\$75.00
34		Average Finished Product	Annual
35	Class	Poundage Processed Per Year	Fee
36	Small	1 - 25,000	\$10.00
37	Medium	25,001 - 250,000	\$25.00
38	Large	250,001 - 1,000,000	\$50.00
39	Extra Large	Over 1,000,000	\$75.00
40	Before issui	ng any license required by the	provisions of

this section, the commissioner shall inspect the appli-

cant's establishment and if the commissioner is satisfied

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43 that the establishment is clean and sanitary, is properly equipped, and is in conformity with the provisions of 44 this article and any reasonable rules and regulations 45 promulgated by the commissioner, and if he is further 46 satisfied that the carcasses, meat, meat food products 47 or meat by-products to be sold or offered for sale therefrom through commercial outlets will be wholesome and unadulterated, he shall issue the license. Each license shall specify the location of the establishment at which the licensee shall carry on his operations. The license shall also contain the establishment number as-53 signed by the commissioner. 54

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- (b) When a licensee changes the location of his establishment, he shall not operate at such new location 56 unless and until his establishment at such new location 57 58 has been inspected by the commissioner and a new license has been issued, or when a licensee leases, sells, 59 changes name, incorporates or in any other way changes 60 the status of his establishment with relationship to issu-61 ance of current license, the new lessee, owner, etc., shall not operate at the location unless and until the 63 establishment at such location has been inspected and 64 approved by the commissioner and a new license has 65 been issued in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section: Provided, That a fee shall not be charged for such new license during the license year in which the change in location or change in ownership, name or leasing was made.
- 71 (c) The commissioner may refuse to grant a license or may suspend or revoke a license issued under the 72 73 provisions of this section whenever he finds that the applicant's or licensee's establishment, as the case may 74 be, is not clean or sanitary, or is not properly equipped, 75 or is not in conformity with the provisions of this article 76 or any reasonable rules and regulations promulgated 77 by the commissioner, or if he finds that the carcasses, 78 meat, meat food products or meat by-products to be 79 sold or offered for sale therefrom through commercial 80 outlets are or will be adulterated. Upon the refusal to 81 grant a license, the commissioner shall furnish a written 82 statement to the applicant specifying the grounds for

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84 such refusal. No such revocation or suspension of a license shall be effective until the licensee has received 85 written notice thereof, which notice shall specify the 86 grounds for such revocation or suspension. Whenever 87 there is sufficient cause for the revocation or suspension 88 of a license as hereinabove specified, the commissioner 89 90 may in lieu of such revocation or suspension, suspend 91 inspections at the establishment. Immediately upon sus-92 pension of such inspections the commissioner shall give 93 the licensee written notice thereof, and such notice shall 94 contain a recitation of the deficiencies which must be 95 fully and completely corrected before inspections shall be resumed. Upon receipt of a written statement ad-96 97 vising that a license has been refused or upon receipt 98 of a written notice of the revocation or suspension of a 99 license, or upon the suspension of inspections at the licensee's establishment, the applicant or licensee, as the 100 case may be, may, in writing, demand a hearing. The 101 commissioner shall hold such a hearing within ten days 102 after receipt of such written demand, in accordance with 103 the provisions of section nine of this article. 104

## §19-2B-6. Inspection, marking, labeling, branding, etc.; quarantine: segregation; scheduling of operations; disposition of carcasses, etc.; reinspection; health examinations; rejection tags.

- 1 The commissioner shall provide antemortem and postmortem inspection of all animals which are to be 2 sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet, 3 establishment or distributor. 4
- The commissioner shall provide reinspection of 5 carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products 6 during further preparation and processing which have 7 8 previously been inspected.
- (c) All inspections under the provisions of this article shall be performed in accordance with reasonable rules 10 and regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
- The commissioner shall inspect all establishments 12 under state inspection to make certain that they are 13 operating in accordance with the provisions of this article 14

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and all reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by 15 16 the commissioner.

- (e) When one inspector is assigned to make inspections at two or more establishments where few animals are slaughtered, or where small quantities of carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products are handled, or where the operations at such establishments are sporadic, and such establishments in any of such cases are in reasonable close proximity to one another. the commissioner, giving full consideration to the convenience of the licensees of such establishments, may by written notice to such licensees specify a reasonable schedule for such operations: Provided, That the commissioner may not require operations other than during 28 normal working hours.
- Every conveyance used by any establishment 30 under state inspection, and, notwithstanding the pro-31 visions of section seven of this article, every conveyance used by any slaughterhouse, processing plant or distributor operating under federal inspection or approved by the United States department of agriculture, 35 for the transportation of carcasses, meat, meat food products or meat by-products shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and may be inspected in accordance with the provisions of this article and reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the com-40 41 missioner.
  - The commissioner shall require such quarantine and segregation of animals, carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products in establishments as is deemed necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article.
  - The head, tongue, tail, thymus glands, viscera, blood and other parts of any slaughtered animal shall be retained in such a manner as to preserve their identity until after the postmortem inspection has been completed.
- (i) Each licensee shall pay for such devices for the affixing of marks, brands, or stamps and for such meat 53 labels as may be prescribed for his establishment by 54 the commissioner. Such devices and meat labels shall

- 56 be under the exclusive control and supervision of the 57 commissioner. The meat label used by any licensee shall 58 be of the form and size prescribed by reasonable rules 59 and regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
  - (j) Each carcass that has been inspected and passed in this state by the commissioner shall be marked at the time of inspection with the inspection legend. Any carcass which is not passed shall be marked conspicuously by the commissioner at the time of inspection in the following manner: "W. Va. inspected and condemned," or any abbreviation thereof.
  - (k) Each primal part of a carcass that has been inspected and passed shall be marked with the inspection legend, and each liver, beef heart and beef tongue that has been inspected and passed shall be branded with the inspection legend at the time of final inspection. Meat that has been boned out, cut from primal parts or otherwise changed so that the inspection legend is no longer plainly visible, and meat food products and meat by-products that are too small to be marked with the inspection legend shall be packed in closed containers to which shall be affixed the meat label indicating that the meat, meat food products or meat by-products contained therein have been inspected and passed. Upon removal of the contents of such containers bearing such label, the label shall be defaced to prevent its reuse.
  - (1) All carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products which have been derived from an animal slaughtered by a custom slaughterer or processed by a custom slaughterer or custom processor shall be marked "W. Va. custom slaughtered" in letters not less than three eights of an inch in height.
  - (m) Each official inspection mark shall contain the establishment number of the establishment involved, unless otherwise authorized by rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
  - (n) The commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to seize and destroy (i) any animal to be slaughtered in this state and thereafter sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor which cannot be made fit for human consumption; (ii) any

97 animal, carcass, meat, meat food product or meat byproduct slaughtered or processed in this state in violation 98 of the provisions of this article or any reasonable rules 99 and regulations promulgated by the commissioner; (iii) 100 101 any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product 102 that does not bear an inspection legend or meat label 103 provided for by this article or which has not been in-104 spected and passed under federal inspection or approved 105 by the United States department of agriculture and 106 which is intended to be sold or offered for sale 107 through a commercial outlet or distributor; and (iv) 108 any animal, carcass, meat, meat food product or meat 109 by-product which is adulterated. Where appropriate 110 the commissioner may in lieu of destruction as afore-111 said denature, decharacterize, multilate or slash any 112 carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product 113 intended to be sold or offered for sale through a com-114 mercial outlet or distributor. The commissioner is also 115 authorized and empowered to seize and retain under a retained tag any animal, carcass, meat, meat food pro-116 117 duct or meat by-product until the commissioner determines to destroy, denature, decharacterize, mutilate, 118 slash or release the same. Whenever the commissioner 119 120 is authorized or empowered to take any of the actions specified in this subsection, he may order and direct the 121 person having custody or possession of such animal, 122 123 carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product, 124 or the licensee of the establishment in which it is found, 125 to be responsible for the disposition thereof, as well 126 as any necessary storage, handling or other incidentals related thereto. Such disposition shall be carried out 127 only under the direction and supervision of the com-128 129 missioner.

(o) Whenever practicable, the commissioner shall forgo the actions authorized in the immediately pre-132 ceding subsection and permit reprocessing if such reprocessing will correct or eliminate the conditions which 134 would have justified any of such actions. Any such reprocessing in this state shall be under the supervision of the commissioner.

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137 (p) Whenever the commissioner has good cause to believe that any carcass, meat, meat food product or 138 139 meat by-product whether fresh, frozen, cured or other-140 wise prepared, and which is intended to be sold or offered 141 for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor, may 142 be adulterated or otherwise injurious to health, he may 143 inspect or reinspect the same under the provisions of 144 this article and any reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by him, even though such carcass, meat, 145 meat food product or meat by-product may have been 146 147 previously inspected and passed.

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- No licensee shall employ in any establishment any person who has any communicable disease or in-150 fected wounds or who is a carrier of any communicable disease. To enforce the provisions of this subsection. 152 the commissioner may require any employee or prospec-153 tive employee to submit to a health examination by a 154 physician and furnish to the commissioner a certificate 155 from such physician concerning his findings. The cost 156 of conducting such examination and furnishing such certificate shall be borne by the licensee concerned.
- (r) Whenever the commissioner inspects any room, 159 compartment, equipment or utensil in any establish-160 ment subject to state inspection and finds the same not to be clean and sanitary or finds the same to be otherwise unsuitable for the slaughtering or processing op-163 erations carried on in such establishment, he shall affix thereto a rejection tag or rejection notice. No such 164 rejected room, compartment, equipment or utensil shall 165 be used until the deficiencies requiring such rejection shall have been fully and completely corrected and the rejection tag or rejection notice has been removed. No 168 person other than the commissioner shall remove any 170 such rejection tag or notice.
- (s) When any animal, carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product has been inspected hereunder. 172 the appropriate official inspection mark shall be affixed 173 174 thereto, and no person shall remove the same unless authorized so to do by the commissioner. 175

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# §19-2B-7. Exclusion of slaughterhouses and processing plants under the supervision of or approved by the United States Department of Agriculture.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall not apply to any
- 2 slaughterhouse or processing plant operating under the
- 3 Federal Meat Inspection Act or the Federal Poultry
- 4 Products Inspection Act, or approved by the United
- 5 States department of agriculture.

## §19-2B-8. Exemptions.

- 1 (a) In order to accomplish the objectives of this 2 article, the commissioner may by reasonable rules and 3 regulations exempt from inspection:
  - (i) Any commercial dealer, provided all carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products sold or offered for sale by such dealer were slaughtered and/or processed in commercial establishments under state inspection or have been inspected and passed by the United States department of agriculture or have been approved by the United States department of agriculture and shall be prepared, identified, labeled and sold in normal retail quantities as prescribed by reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner;
  - (ii) The slaughtering by any person of animals of his own raising, and the preparation by him of the carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products of such animals exclusively for use by him and members of his household and his nonpaying guests and employees; or custom slaughtered animals, by a custom slaughterer, delivered by the owner thereof for such slaughter and the preparation by such slaughterer or custom processor of the carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products of such animals, exclusively for use, in the household of such owner, by him and members of his household and his nonpaying guests and employees: Provided, That the custom slaughterer or custom processor is not handling adulterated carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products; maintains identity of carcasses, meat, meat food products and meat by-products; and maintains acceptable sanitation and operational controls as prescribed by reason-

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- able rules and regulations promulgated by the commis-33 sioner;
- 34 (iii) Antemortem and postmortem inspection of 35 a licensed custom slaughterer;
- (iv) Any other operations which the commis-37 sioner may determine would best be exempted to further 38 the purposes of this article, to the extent such exemptions conform to the Federal Meat Inspection Act and the Federal Poultry Products Inspection Act as amended from time to time and the regulations thereunder;
- 42 (b) Any institution operated by the state requiring 43 inspection under this article shall be exempt from the licensing fee as required by section four of said article.

## §19-2B-10. Additional prohibitions.

- 1 In addition to any other prohibitions contained in this 2 article, it shall be unlawful:
- 3 (a) For any person to operate any establishment 4 under state inspection which is not clean and sanitary;
- 5 To slaughter any adulterated animal intended to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial out-7 outlet or distributor:
- 8 (c) To sell or offer for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor any carcass, meat, meat food pro-10 duct or meat by-product for human consumption which 11 is adulterated;
- 12 (d) To slaughter for human consumption any animal tagged or permanently identified as "W. Va. condemned," 13 or abbreviation thereof;
- (e) To process, sell or offer for sale for human con-15 16 sumption any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product which is mislabeled with intent to deceive or 17 which is marked "W. Va. inspected and condemned," or 18 19 abbreviation thereof;
- To process in an establishment under state in-20 spection for sale through any commercial outlet or dis-21 tributor any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat **22** by-product intended for human consumption and derived 23 in whole or in part from any calf, pig, kid or lamb 24

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25 which is so immature as to be lacking in nutritional value:

- (g) To knowingly or intentionally expose any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product in any 28 establishment under state inspection to insects, live ani-29 30 mals or any contamination;
- (h) To add kangaroo meat, horse meat, mule meat or other equine meat to any animal meat, or meat food product or meat by-product derived from animals and 34 to be sold or offered for sale through commercial outlets or distributors for human consumption;
  - To remove any hide, skin or any other part of an unborn or stillborn animal in the confines of a room in an establishment where any animals, carcasses, meat. meat food products or meat by-products are slaughtered or processed, as the case may be, or to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor;
  - (j) To process for human consumption in any establishment subject to state inspection any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product derived from any animal which died other than by slaughter;
  - (k) To transport to any commercial outlet or distributor for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale therein, any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product which is not marked, branded or stamped as having been inspected and passed by the commissioner or by the United States department of agriculture or which has not been approved by the United States department of agriculture:
- (1) For any commercial outlet or distributor to receive, for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale 55 therein, any carcass, meat, meat food product or meat 56 57 by-product which is not marked, branded or stamped as having been inspected and passed by the commis-58 sioner or by the United States department of agriculture or which has not been approved by the United States department of agriculture;
- 62 To slaughter any horse, mule or other equine in any establishment under state inspection in which 63 animals are slaughtered for human consumption for

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65 the purpose of being sold or offered for sale through 66 commercial outlets:

- (n) To bring any kangaroo meat, horse meat, mule meat or other equine meat into any establishment under state inspection where animal carcasses, meat, meat 70 food products or meat by-products are processed for human consumption for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale through commercial outlets;
  - To transport, process, sell or offer for sale any kangaroo meat, horse meat, mule meat or other equine meat within this state for human consumption unless it is conspicuously and plainly identified or stamped as such:
  - (p) For any person to use an establishment number not assigned to him or to use an establishment number in connection with operations concerning which a different establishment number was assigned by the commissioner:
  - (g) To remove from any article any retained tag affixed by the commissioner, unless such removal is authorized by him;
  - (r) For a licensee to use any container bearing an official inspection mark unless it contains the exact carcass, meat, meat food product or meat by-product which was in the container at the time such contents were inspected and passed: Provided, That such a container may be otherwise used if such official inspection mark thereon is removed, obliterated or destroyed, and such other use is authorized by reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner;
  - (s) For any person, other than the commissioner. to possess, keep or use, except as authorized by the commissioner, any meat label or device for the affixing of a mark, brand or stamp prescribed for inspection purposes hereunder;
- (t) For any person, with intent to deceive, to pos-100 sess, keep or use any meat label, mark, brand or stamp 101 similar in character or import to an official meat label. 102 mark, brand or stamp prescribed by the commissioner 103 104 hereunder or to an official meat label, mark, brand or

105 stamp used by the United States department of agricul-106 ture;

- 107 (u) To falsely make, falsely issue, falsely publish, 108 alter, forge, simulate or counterfeit any inspection cer109 tificate, memorandum, meat label, mark, brand, or stamp, 110 or device for making an inspection mark, brand or 111 stamp, or to possess, keep or use the same, with intent 112 to deceive:
- 113 (v) For any person to refuse to permit the commis-114 sioner to enter and inspect at any time, upon presenta-115 tion of appropriate credentials, an establishment under 116 state inspection, or to interfere with any such lawful 117 entry or inspection;
- 118 (w) For any person to refuse to permit the com-119 missioner, upon presentation of appropriate credentials, 120 to examine and copy the records described in section five 121 of this article:

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- (x) For a person to prevent or fail to decharacterize or denature carcasses, meat or meat food products as prescribed by reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner;
- (y) For a person to transport offal, blood, or inedible and condemned parts of animal bodies from slaughter-houses, meat processing plants or other related industries: *Provided*, That such products may be transported if placed in suitable containers with tight covers, or water-tight tanks so as not to contaminate the public highways or private roadways while going to or from the points of pickup;
- (z) For a person to store offal, blood, or inedible and condemned parts of animal bodies from slaughter-houses, meat processing plants or other related industries during interim transit movement in refrigerated warehouses, food lockers or other related industries: *Provided*, That such products may be otherwise stored if properly marked "NOT FOR HUMAN FOOD" "FOR ANIMAL FOOD ONLY" and identified as approved products to be used for animal food;
- 143 (aa) For a person knowingly to purchase or deliver, 144 or both, a 4-D animal to an establishment in this state;

- (bb) For any person to transport carcasses, meat, 145 meat food products or meat by-products that are in-146
- 147 tended for human consumption in a manner which would
- 148 permit the products to become adulterated;
- 149 (cc) For any person who forcibly assaults, resists,
- 150 opposes, impedes, intimidates, or interferes with the
- 151 commissioner or his representative while engaged in or
- 152 on account of the performances of his official duties.

### §19-2B-11. Penalties.

- Any person who shall violate any of the provisions
- of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
- upon conviction thereof, shall for the first offense be
- fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred
- dollars and upon conviction of each subsequent offense
- shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than
- one thousand dollars.

# CHAPTER 4

(House Bill No. 858-By Mr. Bowman and Mr. Edgar)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article nineteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one and five, article eighteen of said chapter, all relating to the general and optional stock law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nineteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections one and five, article eighteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 18. GENERAL STOCK LAW.

- \$19-18-1. Stock trespassing on grounds of another; damages.
- §19-18-5. Liability of owner for damage by stock unlawfully running at large.

## §19-18-1. Stock trespassing on grounds of another; damages.

- 1 If any horse, mule, ass, jennet, cattle, sheep, swine,
- 2 or goat shall enter into any grounds, the owner or man-
- 3 ager of any such stock shall be liable to the owner or
- 4 tenant of such grounds for any damage he may sustain
- 5 thereby, and the party so injured may, if he find such
- 6 stock on his premises, impound them, or a sufficient
- 7 number thereof, subject to the provisions of sections
- 7 number thereof, subject to the provisions of sections
- 8 eight, nine and ten of this article, until such damages
- 9 and costs of keeping have been paid.

# §19-18-5. Liability of owner for damage by stock unlawfully running at large.

- 1 Should any stock, while running at large contrary to
- 2 the provisions of sections one, two, three or four of this
- 3 article, injure or destroy the property of another, the
- 4 owner or manager of any such stock shall, notwith-
- 5 standing any penalty imposed by said sections, be liable
- 6 to the party whose property shall have been injured or
- 7 leaders of feether energy of descent material has been
- 7 destroyed for the amount of damage sustained by him 8 by reason of such injury or destruction. And the party
- 9 so injured may, if he find such stock on his premises,
- 10 impound them, or a sufficient number thereof, subject
- 11 to the provisions of sections eight, nine and ten of this
- 12 article, until such damages and costs of keeping be paid.

## CHAPTER 5

(House Bill No. 762-By Mr. Whitlow and Mr. Broyles)

[Passed February 22, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to dogs killing or worrying livestock or poultry and damages resulting therefrom; penalties.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 20. DOGS.

- §19-20-14. Dog killing or worrying livestock or poultry—Recovery of damages from owner of dog or county court.
- §19-20-15. Same—Assessment of damages; appraisers.
- §19-20-16. Same-When lawful to kill dog.
- §19-20-17. Same—Unlawful to harbor dog; penalty.
- §19-20-18. Same—Duty of owner to kill dog; proceeding before justice on failure of owner to kill.

## §19-20-14. Dog killing or worrying livestock or poultry— Recovery of damages from owner of dog or county court.

1 If any dog shall have killed or assisted in killing, wounding or worrying any sheep, lambs, goats, kids, 2 calves or poultry out of the enclosure of the owner of such dog, the owner or keeper of such dog shall be liable 4 to the amount of such sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry in the amount of the damages sustained, to 6 be recovered in an action before any court or justice 7 having jurisdiction of such action; and it shall not be necessary to sustain such action to prove that the owner 9 of such dog knew such dog was accustomed to do such 10 worrying, killing or wounding; but a recovery under 11 this section shall bar and preclude the owner of such 12 sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry from obtain-13 ing compensation from the county court under the pro-14 visions of this article. If such person suffering such loss 15 or damage cannot ascertain the owner or keeper of 16 such dog, or if such owner or keeper is not financially 17 responsible, then the person suffering such loss or dam-18 age may file his claim with, and prove the same before. 19 the county court of the county in which such loss or 20 damage is sustained, in the manner provided in this 21 article, and the court shall pay such loss or damage out 22 of the fund provided for such purposes and according 23 to the provisions of this article. When compensation 24is so obtained from the county court, said county court 25

is authorized to sue under this section and recover as the owner of the sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry might have done, and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the county treasury; but no suit shall be commenced unless authorized by the county court.

## §19-20-15. Same—Assessment of damages; appraisers.

Authority is hereby given to justices of the peace and 1 notaries public within this state, and within their respective jurisdictions, to summon three substantial, upright and worthy bona fide residents, citizens and taxpayers of his county to assess the damages suffered by any person on account of the destruction, loss or injury of any sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry by dogs within the county. Such appraisers shall be appointed upon the request of any person suffering damages on account of such destruction, loss or injury, and 10 shall go upon the ground and investigate fully the ex-11 tent of such destruction, loss or injury, taking all the 12 evidence deemed necessary to arrive at the facts to be 13 passed upon in arriving at the amount of damage, if any, 14 suffered by the party making the complaint. Before 15 such appraisers may be summoned by such justice or notary public, such complainant shall be required to 17 make a sworn complaint before such justice or notary 18 19 public, setting out in plain, easily comprehended terms the facts concerning his damage to the best of his knowl-20 edge. And after making a full investigation of the facts 21 involved, such appraisers, with the assistance of such justice or notary public, shall make a sworn statement 24 and report the facts ascertained and the damages suffered, which report and statement shall be filed with 25 the county court or the clerk thereof in vacation. The 26 fees and mileage for services allowed in such cases shall 27 be the same as are allowed justices, witnesses and arbi-28 trators in justices' courts in this state for similar ser-29 30 vices. In the event that such appraisers find that the complainant has suffered no damage, then the com-31 plainant shall be responsible for and pay all the costs 32 and expenses of such proceeding; and in the event that such complainant has suffered damages on account of 35 the destruction, loss or injury of any such domestic

- 36 animals, according to the finding of such appraisers,
- 37 then in such event the owner, keeper or person per-
- 38 mitting the dog, or dogs, causing such damage to re-
- 39 main upon premises under his control shall be liable
- 40 for all damage sustained by the complainant, including
- 41 all costs and necessary expenses, all of which shall be
- 42 collectible by an action at law before any court or justice
- 43 have jurisdiction of the matter. All papers in connection
- 44 with any such claim shall be filed and preserved in the
- 45 office of the clerk of the county court.

## §19-20-16. Same-When lawful to kill dog.

- 1 Any person may kill any dog that he may see chasing,
- 2 worrying, wounding or killing any sheep, lambs, goats,
- 3 kids, calves or poultry outside of the enclosure of the
- 4 owner of such dog, unless the same be done by the direc-
- 5 tion of the owner of such sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves
- 6 or poultry.

### §19-20-17. Same-Unlawful to harbor dog; penalty.

- 1 Any person who shall harbor or secrete or aid in
  - secreting any dog which he knows or has reasons to
- B believe has worried, chased or killed any sheep, lambs,
- 4 goats, kids, calves or poultry not the property of the
- 5 owner of such dog, out of his enclosure, or knowingly
- 6 permits the same to be done on any premises under his
- 7 control, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 8 conviction thereof, before any court or justice having
- 9 jurisdiction thereof in the county in which the offense
- 10 is committed, shall be fined not less than ten nor more 11 than fifty dollars, and, at the discretion of the court or
- 11 than fifty dollars, and, at the discretion of the court or 12 justice, imprisoned in the county jail not more than
- 13 thirty days; and each day that such dog is harbored,
- 14 kept or secreted shall constitute a separate offense.

# §19-20-18. Same—Duty of owner to kill dog; proceeding before justice on failure of owner to kill.

- 1 The owner or keeper of any dog that has been worry-
- 2 ing, wounding, chasing or killing any sheep, lambs, goats,
- 3 kids, calves or poultry not the property of such owner
- 4 or keeper, out of his enclosure, shall, within forty-eight

5 hours, after having received notice thereof in writing from a reliable and trustworthy source, under oath, cause such dog to be killed. If the owner or keeper refuses 8 to kill said dog as hereinbefore provided, any justice of the peace, upon information, shall summon the owner or keeper of such dog, and, after receiving satisfactory 10 proof that his dog did the mischief, shall issue a warrant 11 on application being made by the owner of the sheep, 12 lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry killed; and give 13 it into the hands of the constable, special constable or 14 sheriff, who shall kill the dog forthwith. The cost of 15 such proceedings shall be paid by the owner or keeper 16 of the dog so killed, including a fee of fifty cents to the 17 18 officer killing the dog. The owner or keeper of the dog 19 so killed shall, in addition to the costs, be liable to the 20 owner of the sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry 21 or to the county court, for the value of the sheep, lambs, goats, kids, calves or poultry so killed or injured.

## \*CHAPTER 6

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 142—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 16, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor March 20, 1971, after deleting and reducing certain items and parts of items and disapproving certain items and parts of items.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public moneys out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### Title

- General Provisions.
- 2. Appropriations.
- 3. Administration.

<sup>\*</sup>See Clerk's note on page 100.

#### TITLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditure.
  - 1 Section 1. General Policy.—The purpose of this act is to
  - 2 appropriate money necessary for economical and efficient
  - 3 discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the state and
  - 4 its agencies during the fiscal year one thousand nine hun-
  - 5 dred seventy-two.
  - 1 Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this act:
  - 2 "Governor" shall mean the Governor of the State of West3 Virginia;
  - 4 "Spending Unit" shall mean the department, agency or
  - 5 institution to which an appropriation is made;
  - 6 The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-
  - 7 two" shall mean the period from July first, one thousand
  - 8 nine hundred seventy-one through June thirtieth, one
  - 9 thousand nine hundred seventy-two;
  - 10 "From collections" shall mean that part of the total ap-
  - 11 propriation which must be collected by the spending unit
- 12 to be available for expenditure. If the authorized amount
- 13 of collections is not collected, the total appropriation for
- 14 the spending unit shall be reduced automatically by the
- 15 amount of the deficiency in the collection. If the amount
- 16 collected exceeds the amount designated "from collections"
- 17 the excess shall be set aside in a special surplus fund and
- 18 may be expended for the purpose of the spending unit as
- 19 provided by Chapter 5-A, Article 2 of the Code of West
- 20 Virginia.
  - 1 Sec. 3. Classification of Appropriations.—An appropriation for:
  - 3 "Personal Services" shall be expended only for the pay-
  - 4 ment of salaries, wages, fees and other compensation for
  - 5 skill, work, or employment, except from the appropriations
  - 6 made to the spending units of State Government, there
  - 7 may be transferred upon approval of the Governor, to a
- 8 special account an amount sufficient to match Federal
- 9 Funds under any Federal Acts;

- 10 Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for personal
- 11 services shall include salaries of heads of spending unit:
- 12 "Current Expenses" shall be expended only for operating 13 cost other than personal services or capital outlay;
- "Repairs and Alterations" shall include all expenditures
- 15 for materials, supplies and labor used in repairing and
- 16 altering buildings, grounds and equipment, other than per-
- 17 sonal service:
- 18 "Equipment" shall be expended only for things which
- 19 have an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in
- 20 excess of one year;
- 21. "Buildings" shall include construction and alteration of
- 22 structures and the improvements of lands, sewer and water
- 23 improvements, and shall include shelter, support, storage,
- 24 protection, or the improvement of a natural condition;
- "Lands" shall be expended only for the purchase of lands 26 or interest in lands.
- Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended
- 28 only where the distribution of expenditures for different
- 29 purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is
- 30 necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit freedom
- 31 to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above
- 32 purposes.
  - Sec. 4. Method of Expenditure.—Money appropriated 1
  - 2 by this act, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be
  - 3 appropriated and expended according to the provisions of
  - 4 Chapter 12, Article 3 of the Code of West Virginia, or ac-
  - 5 cording to any law detailing a procedure specifically limit-
  - 6 ing that article.

#### TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.

Acct. No. 512.

Page §1. Appropriations from general revenue. AGRICULTURE Department of agriculture-Acct. No. 510 70 Department of agriculture (agricultural awards)-Acct. No. 515 .... Department of agriculture (division of rural resources)-70 Department of agriculture (meat inspection)-Acct. No. 514..... Department of agriculture (soil conservation committee)-69

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS
Antiquities commission—Acct. No. 478  Bureau of labor and department of weights and measures—
Acct. No. 450 Council of State Governments—Acct. No. 472
Department of banking—Acct. No. 480
Department of commerce—Acct. No. 465
Department of mines—Acct. No. 460
Interstate commission on Potomac river basin—Acct. No. 473
Interstate education compact—Acct. No. 477.
Ohio river valley water sanitation commission—Acct. No. 474.
Southern regional education board—Acct. No. 475
Acct. No. 470  West Virginia air pollution commission—Acct. No. 476
West Virginia nonintoxicating beer commissioner—Acct. No. 490
West Virginia racing commission—Acct. No. 495
West Virginia state aeronautics commission—Acct. No. 485
CHARITIES AND CORRECTION
Andrew S. Rowan memorial home—Acct. No. 384
Forestry camp for boys-Acct. No. 371
Huttonsville Correctional Center—Acct. No. 376
West Virginia children's home—Acct. No. 380
West Virginia Forestry Camp (Leckie)—Acct. No. 373
West Virginia industrial home for girls—Acct. No. 372
West Virginia industrial school for boys—Acct. No. 370
West Virginia penitentiary—Acct. No. 375
West Virginia state prison for women-Acct. No. 374
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Department of natural resources—Acct. No. 565
Department of veterans affairs—Acct. No. 564
Geological and economic survey commission—Acct. No. 520
EDUCATIONAL
Archives and history—Acct. No. 340
Department of education—Acct. No. 286
Department of education (aid for exceptional children)—
Acct. No. 296
Educational broadcasting authority—Acct. No. 291
FFA-FHA camp and conference center-Acct. No. 336
State board of education (early childhood education)—
Acct. No. 278
State board of education (to implement federal vocational educa-
tion act)—Acct. No. 293
State board of education (vocational division)—Acct. No. 294.  State board of education (vocational division—adult basic educa-
tion)—Acct. No. 289
State board of school finance (state aid to schools)—Acct. No. 295.
State department of education (school lunch program)—
Acct. No. 287.
State department of education (teacher education program)—
A act No. 277
Freehors notinement hoard—Acct. No. 298
West Virginia heard of regents—Acct. No. 280
Transition board of regents (control)—Acct. No. 279
Acct. No. 350
West Virginia schools for the deaf and blind—Acct. No. 333
west vilginia University (medical school)—Acct. No. 285

BY-DAT THICK IS	Page
EXECUTIVE Comments of the Assault No. 100	
Governor's office—Acct. No. 120	45
FISCAL	
Auditor's office (general administration)—Acct. No. 150	46
Department of finance and administration—Acct. No. 210	
Sinking fund commission—Acct. No. 170	
State board of insurance—Acct. No. 225	
State commissioner of public institutions—Acct. No. 190	
State tax department—Acct. No. 180State tax department (property appraisal)—Acct. No. 185	47
Treasurer's office—Acct. No. 160	
11 Cabact 5 Omco—1100 110. 100	71
INCORPORATING AND RECORDING	
Secretary of state—Acct. No. 250	. 51
LEGAL	
Attorney general—Acct. No. 240	. 50
Commission on uniform state laws—Acct. No. 245	. 51
HEALTH AND WELFARE	
Barboursville state hospital—Acct. No. 424	
Berkeley Springs sanitarium—Acct. No. 436	. 64
Colin Anderson Center—Acct. No. 419.	
Denmar state hospital—Acct. No. 432	- 64 - 61
Department of mental health—Acct. No. 410	- 59
Department of welfare—Acct. No. 405	
Fairmont emergency hospital—Acct. No. 425	
Hopemont state hospital—Acct. No. 430	_ 63
Huntington state hospital—Acct. No. 422.	. 62
Lakin state hospital—Acct. No. 423	. 62
Pinecrest state hospital—Acct. No. 431	. 63
Spencer state hospital—Acct. No. 421  State board of education (rehabilitation division)—Acct. No. 440	
State commission on aging—Acct. No. 406	
State health department—Acct. No. 400	
Welch emergency hospital—Acct. No. 426	63
Weston state hospital—Acct. No. 420	_ 61
JUDICIAL	
Auditor's office—Acct. No. 111	
Judicial council—Acct. No. 118	
State law library—Acct. No. 114	
Supreme court of appeals—Acct. No. 110	***
LEGISLATIVE	44
House of Delegates—Acct. No. 102	_ 41 _ 43
Joint expenses—Acct. No. 103	
MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS	
Board of architects—Acct. No. 595	
Board of chiropractic examiners—Acct. No. 588	
Board of embalmers and funeral directors—Acct. No. 593	
Board of examiners for practical nurses—Acct. No. 587	
Board of law examiners—Acct. No. 597  Board of osteopathy—Acct. No. 591	

		1
	Board of pharmacy—Acet. No. 590	_
	Board of professional foresters—Acct. No. 586	-
	Board of registration for professional engineers—Acct. No. 594—Board of sanitarians—Acct. No. 599———————————————————————————————————	-
	Human rights commission—Acct. No. 598	-
	State board of land surveyors—Acct. No. 585	-
	State veterinary board—Acct. No. 596	_
	West Virginia public employees insurance board—Acct. No. 615	_
	West Virginia public employees retirement board—Acct. No. 614	-
	PROTECTION	
	Adjutant general (state militia)—Acct. No. 580	
	Auditor's office (social security)—Acct. No. 582	
	Department of civil and defense mobilization—Acct. No. 581	
	Department of public safety—Acct. No. 570	
	Insurance commissioner—Acct. No. 616	
	State Department of Highways—Acct. No. 617	
63	Annuariations from other funds	
34.	Appropriations from other funds.	
	PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
	Auditor's office (land department operating fund)-Acct. No. 812	
	Department of agriculture—Acct. No. 818	
	Department of finance and administration (division of purchases—	
	revolving fund)—Acct. No. 814	
	Department of natural resources—Acct. No. 830	
	Department of public safety (inspection fees)-Acct. No. 835	
	Public service commission—Acct. No. 828	,
	Public service commission (gas pipeline division)-Acct. No. 8285_	
	Public service commission (motor carrier division)—	
	Acct. No. 829	
	Real estate commission—Acct. No. 801	
	State committee of barbers and beauticians—Acct, No. 822	
	Treasurer's office—Acct. No. 800	
	West Virginia alcohol beverage control—Acct. No. 837	86
	West Virginia board of regents (special capital improvement	
	fund)—Acct. No. 854	
	West Virginia board of regents—West Virginia University (special	
	capital improvement fund)—Acct. No. 853	
	West Virginia civil service system—Acct. No. 840	
	West Virginia racing commission—Acct. No. 808	
	PAYABLE FROM STATE ROAD FUND	
	Department of motor vehicles-Acct. No. 671	79
	State department of highways—Acct. No. 670	
	State tax department (gasoline tax division)—Acct. No. 672	
	PAYABLE FROM GENERAL SCHOOL FUND	
	Department of education (veterans education)—Acct. No. 702	
	PAYABLE FROM MEDICAL FUND	
	West Virginia university (medical school)—Acct. No. 873	

	Page
PAYABLE FROM WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION FU	_
Workmen's compensation commission-Acct. No. 900	91
<ul> <li>§3. Supplemental and deficiency appropriations.</li> <li>§3a. Appropriations of surplus for fiscal year 1970-71.</li> <li>§4. Awards for claims against the state.</li> <li>§5. Legislative findings of fact claims.</li> <li>§6. Special revenue appropriations.</li> <li>§7. Specific funds and collection accounts.</li> <li>§8. Appropriation for refunding erroneous payments.</li> <li>§9. Sinking fund deficiencies.</li> <li>§10. Appropriations from taxes and license fees.</li> <li>§11. Appropriations to pay cost of publication of delingtions.</li> <li>§12. Appropriations for local governments.</li> <li>§13. Total appropriations.</li> <li>§14. General school fund.</li> </ul>	uent corpora-
311. General School land.	
1 Section 1. Appropriations from General Reve 2 the state fund, general revenue, there is he 3 priated conditionally upon the fulfillment of th 4 set forth in Chapter 5-A, Article 2 of the Code 5 ginia, the following amounts, as itemized, for 6 during the fiscal year one thousand nine hund 7 two.	reby appro- ne provisions of West Vir- expenditure
LEGISLATIVE	
1—Senate	
Acet. No. 101	
1 Commence the second many discuss of officers and	Fiscal Year 1970-71
1 Compensation and per diem of officers and 2 attaches	
	Fiscal Year 1971-72
1 Compensation of Members	151,900.00
2 Compensation and per diem of officers and	
3 attaches	181,500.00
4 Expenses of Members	113,500.00
5 Current Expenses and Contingent Fund	150,000.00
6 To pay Clerk of the Senate for compiling and publishing the West Virginia Blue Book,	
7 publishing the West Virginia Blue Book, 8 the distribution of which shall be made by	

9	the office of the Clerk of the Senate and	
10	shall include seventy-five copies for each	
11	member of the Legislature and two copies	
12	to each classified and approved High and	
13	Junior High School and one to each	
14	Elementary School within the state	10,000.00
15	To pay cost of printing the 1971 edition of	
16	the Blue Book	50,000.00
17	The appropriations for the Senate for the	
18	fiscal year 1970-71 are to remain in full	
19	force and effect, and are hereby reappro-	
20	priated to June 30, 1972.	•
21	Any balances so reappropriated may be	
<b>22</b>	transferred and credited to the 1971-72	•
<b>23</b>	accounts.	
24	Upon written request of the Clerk of the	
25	Senate the State Auditor shall transfer	
<b>2</b> 6	amounts between items of the total appro-	
27	priation in order to protect or increase	
<b>2</b> 8	the efficiency of the service.	
29	The Clerk of the Senate is authorized to	
30	draw his requisitions upon the Auditor,	
31	payable out of the contingent fund of the	
<b>32</b>	Senate for any bills for supplies and ser-	
<b>3</b> 3	vices that may have been incurred by the	
34	Senate and not included in the appropria-	
35	tion bill, and for bills for supplies and	
36	services incurred after adjournment, and	
37		
38		
39	companied by the bills to be filed with the	
40	Auditor.	

# 2-House of Delegates Acct. No. 102

Fiscal Year 1970-71

- 1 Compensation and per diem of officers and
- 2 attaches
- 3 Current Expenses and Contingent Fund

	Fiscal Year 1971-72
1 Compensation of Members	\$ 415,900.00
2 Compensation and per diem of officers and	
3 attaches	,
4 Expenses of Members	275,500.00
5 Current Expenses and Contingent Fund	166,000.00
<ul> <li>6 The appropriation for the House of Delegates</li> <li>7 for the fiscal year 1970-71 are to remain</li> <li>8 in full force and effect, and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1972.</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>10 Any balances so reappropriated may be trans-</li><li>11 ferred and credited to the 1971-72 accounts.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>12 Upon the written request of the Clerk of the</li> <li>13 House of Delegates, the State Auditor shall</li> <li>14 transfer amounts between items of the</li> <li>15 total appropriation in order to protect or</li> <li>16 increase the efficiency of the service.</li> </ul>	l e
17 The Clerk of the House of Delegates, with approval of the Speaker, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the Auditor payable out of the contingent fund of the House of Delegates, for any bills for sup plies and services that may have been in curred by the House of Delegates, and no included in the appropriation bill, for bill for services and supplies incurred in preparation for the opening of the session and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation of the House of Delegates offices, the requisition for same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the Auditor.	o c, e e t t s t s d y
32 For duties imposed by law and by the Hous 33 of Delegates, including the salary allowe 34 by law as keeper of the rolls, the Clerk of 35 the House of Delegates shall be paid 36 monthly salary as provided in Committee 37 Substitute for House Resolution No. 16	d of a ee

30	adopted January 25, 1971, payable from
<b>3</b> 9	the contingent fund of the House of Dele-
40	gates, and the Clerk may employ a secre-
41	tary and a bookkeeper, one custodian-
42	messenger, and two janitors at the salaries
43	provided in said resolution.
	The Speaker of the House of Delegates, upon
45	recommendation of the Chairman of the
46	Finance Committee, shall have the au-
47	thority to convene the Finance Committee
<b>48</b>	at any time within ten (10) days prior
49	to the next Legislative session for the
50	purpose of reviewing the budget requests
51	of the various spending units of this State.
<b>52</b>	Such members of the Committee are to
53	be allowed \$25.00 per diem in lieu of actual
54	and necessary expenses, and the Clerk of
55	the House is hereby authorized to draw
56	requisitions upon the State Auditor pay-
57	able out of the appropriation for Current
58	Expenses and Contingent Fund for these
59	expenses.
60	The Speaker of the House of Delegates, upon
61	recommendation of the Chairman of the
62	Finance Committee, shall have authority to
63	employ such staff personnel during and
64	between sessions of the Legislature as shall
65	be needed, and the Clerk of the House is
66	hereby authorized to draw requisitions
67	upon the State Auditor, payable out of the
68	appropriation for Contingent Expenses for
69	such services.

## 3-Joint Expenses

## Acct. No. 103

Fiscal Year 1970-71

- 1 Joint Committee on Government and
- 2 Finance
- 3 Cost of Legislative Printing

4 Commission on Interstat	te
---------------------------	----

5	Coone	eration
v	COOP	cration

Э	Cooperation		
			cal Y <b>ear</b> 971-72
1	To pay the cost of legislative printing\$	i	165,000.00
	Commission on Interstate Cooperation		35,000.00
3	Joint Committee on Government and		
4	Finance	1,	340,650.00
5	Other Legislative Committees		30,000.00
6	The appropriation for Joint Expenses for		
7	the fiscal year 1970-71, are to remain in full		
8 9	force and effect, and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1972.		
10	Any balances so reappropriated may be		
11 12	transferred and credited to the 1971-72 accounts.		
13	Upon written request of the Clerk of the		
14	- ·		
15	gates the State Auditor shall transfer		
16	The second secon		
17	1		
18	the efficiency of the service.		
	JUDICIAL		
,	4—Supreme Court of Appeals		
	Acet. No. 110		
1	Salaries of Judges	\$	137,500.00
2	Other Personal Services		234,024.00
	Current Expenses		36,000.00
4	Equipment		5,000.00
Ę	5 Total	\$	412,524.00
	5—Judicial—Auditor's Office		
	Acet. No. 111		
:	1 Salaries of Judges	\$	637,000.00
:	2 Other Personal Services		174,400.00
:	3 Current Expenses		45,400.00

4 Judges Retirement System 5 Criminal Charges	300,000.00 600,000.00
7 This appropriation shall be administered by 8 the State Auditor who shall draw his requi- 9 sition for warrants in payments of salaries 10 in the form of payrolls, making deductions 11 therefrom as required by law, for taxes and 12 other items. The appropriation for Judges 13 Retirement System is to be transferred to 14 the Judges Retirement Fund, in accord- 15 ance with the law relating thereto, upon 16 requisition of the State Auditor.	1,756,800.00
6—State Law Library	
Acct. No. 114	
1 Personal Services \$ 2 Current Expenses \$ 3 Equipment	59,560.00 10,125.00 40,000.00
4 Total\$	109,685.00
7—Judicial Council Acct. No. 118  1 To pay expenses of Members of the Council\$  EXECUTIVE  8—Governor's Office Acct. No. 120	12,000.00
1 Salary of Governor\$ 2 Other Personal Services 3 Current Expenses 4 Equipment	25,000.00 131,250.00 60,000.00 15,000.00
5 Civil Contingent Fund	400,000.00

6 Of this appropriation there may be expended, 7 at the discretion of the Governor, an 8 amount not to exceed \$1,000.00 as West 9 Virginia's contribution to the Interstate Oil 10 Compact Commission. 11 Custodial Fund 12 To be used for current general expenses, in- 13 cluding compensation of servants and em- 14 ployees, household maintenance, cost of 15 official functions, and any additional house- 16 hold expenses occasioned by such official 17 functions. 18 Federal State Coordination 19 Disaster Relief-Federal Matching 20 To match and aid Federal Programs, and any 21 part of this appropriation may be trans- 22 ferred to any department for such purposes. 23 Any unexpended balance remaining in the 24 appropriation—"Civil Contingent Fund, 25 Office of Federal State Relations, and Fed- 26 eral State Coordination," at the close of 27 the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby reappro- 28 priated for expenditure during the fiscal 29 year 1971-72.		75,000.00 1,250,000.00 50,000.00
30 Total	\$	2,006,250.00
FISCAL		
9—Auditor's Office—General Administra	ati	on
Acct. No. 150		
1 Salary of State Auditor		18,000.00
2 Other Personal Services		500,060.00
3 Current Expenses		136,025.00
4 Equipment		10,000.00
5 Microfilm Program	-	10,000.00
6 Total	\$	674,085.00

## 10—Treasurer's Office

Acct. No. 100		
1 Salary of State Treasurer	\$	17,500.00
2 Other Personal Services		167,980.00
3 Current Expenses		28,190.00
4 Equipment		8,080.00
5 Board of Investments		1,500.00
-	_	
6 Total	\$	223,250.00
11—Sinking Fund Commission		
Acet. No. 170		
1 Personal Services	\$	34,272.00
2 Current Expenses		3,075.00
3 Equipment		1,000.00
-		
4 Total	<b>-\$</b>	38,347.00
12—State Tax Department		
Acct. No. 180		
1 Personal Services	.\$	
2 Current Expenses		832,885.00
3 Equipment	-	44,000.00
4 Total	.\$	
13—State Tax Department		
Property Appraisal		
Acct. No. 185		
1 Personal Services	\$	554,500.00
2 Other Expenses	-Ψ	45,500.00
2 Other Expenses	_	
3 Total	.\$	600,000.00
4 Any balance remaining in the Property Ap	_	
5 praisal Account at the close of the fisca	Ţ	
6 Woor 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for	r	
7 expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.		

## 14—State Commissioner of Public Institutions

Acct. No. 190	
1 Salary of Commissioner\$ 2 Salaries of Board Members—Board of Pro-	16,000.00
3 bation and Parole	36,000.00
4 Other Personal Services	435,267.00
5 Current Expenses	135,900.00
6 Equipment	3,000.00
7 Total\$	626,167.00
15—Department of Finance and Administra	ition
Acct. No. 210	
1 Personal Services\$	865,250.00
2 Current Expenses	397,300.00
3 Repairs and Alterations	65,200.00
4 Equipment	18,600.00
5 Postage	260,000.00
6 Records Management	49,000.00
7 Office of State Emergency Planning	24,000.00
8 Transportation Division	50,000.00
9 Information Systems Service Division	206,016.00
10 Major Building Repairs	150,000.00
11 National Youth Science Camp	80,000.00
12 State Agency Surplus Property	50,000.00
13 Total	2,215,366.00
14 The Workmen's Compensation Commission,	
15 Department of Welfare, Public Service	
16 Commission, Department of Natural Re-	
17 sources, Department of Motor Vehicles,	
18 State Department of Highways, State	
19 Health Department and State Tax Depart-	
20 ment-Income Tax Division shall reim-	
21 burse the Postage appropriation of the De-	
22 partment of Finance and Administration	
23 monthly for all meter service. Any spending	
24 unit operating from Special Revenue or re-	
25 ceiving reimbursement for postage costs	

26	from the Federal Government shall re-
27	fund to the Postage account of the De-
<b>2</b> 8	partment of Finance and Administration
29	such amounts. Should this appropriation for
30	Postage be insufficient to meet the mailing
31	requirements of the State spending units as
32	set out above, any excess postage meter
33	service requirements shall be a proper
34	charge against the units, and each spending
35	unit shall refund to the Postage appropria-
36	tion of the Department of Finance and Ad-
37	ministration any amounts required for that
<b>3</b> 8	Department for postage in excess of this
<b>3</b> 9	appropriation.
40	Any unexpended balance remaining in the
41	"Postage Account" and "National Youth
42	Science Camp" at the close of the fiscal
<b>4</b> 3	year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for
44	expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.
45	Any unexpended balance remaining in
46	"Major Building Repairs", at the close of
47	the 1970-71 fiscal year, is hereby reappro-
<b>4</b> 8	priated for expenditure during the fiscal
<b>4</b> 9	year 1971-72, (Major Building Repairs to
50	include maintenance and repairs to Gover-
51	nor's Mansion).
<b>52</b>	State Department of Highways, shall reim-
53	burse the appropriation of the Department
54	of Finance and Administration monthly for
<b>5</b> 5	all actual expenses incurred pursuant to
56	the provisions of Chapter 17, Article 2-A,
57	Section 13 of the Code of West Virginia.

## 16—State Board of Insurance

1	Personal Services\$	23,520.00
	Current Expenses	8,480.00
	Equipment	500.00
4	Fire Insurance Premiums	350,000.00
<u> </u>	Automobile Insurance Premiums	125,000.00
U	Automobile insurance	

13

6 Bonds Premiums 7 Self-Insurance Fund	50,000.00 300,000.00
8 Total\$	857,500.00
9 The above appropriations on lines 4, 5, 6 and 7	•
10 are for the purpose of paying premiums for	
11 the various state agencies. Should these ap-	
propriations be insufficient to meet the pre-	
mium requirements of the state spending	
<ul><li>14 units, any excess premium requirements</li><li>15 shall be a proper charge against the units</li></ul>	
16 and each spending unit shall reimburse to	
17 the Board of Insurance any amounts re-	
18 quired for that department for premiums	
19 in excess of this appropriation.	
20 Any unexpended balance remaining in the	
21 appropriation for "Self-Insurance Fund"	
22 at the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is	
hereby reappropriated for expenditure dur-	
24 ing the fiscal year 1971-72.	
LEGAL	
17—Attorney General	
Acct. No. 240	
1 Salary of Attorney General\$	18,500.00
2 Other Personal Services	342,657.00
3 Current Expenses	49,250.00
4 Equipment	11,500.00
5 To protect the resources or tax structure of	
6 the State in controversies or legal proceed-	
7 ings affecting same	3,250.00
8 Total\$	425,157.00
9 When legal counsel or secretarial help is ap-	
10 pointed by the Attorney General, for any	
11 state spending unit, this account shall be	
reimbursed from such unit's appropriated	

account in an amount agreed upon by the

14 Attorney General and the proper authority 15 of said spending unit.	
18Commission on Uniform State Lan	ws
Acet. No. 245	
1 Total :	\$ 5,000.00
<ul><li>2 To pay expenses of members of the Com-</li><li>3 mission on Uniform State Laws.</li></ul>	
INCORPORATING AND RECORDIN	G
19—Secretary of State	
Acct. No. 250	
1 Salary of Secretary of State	
2 Other Personal Services	117,755.00
3 Current Expenses4 Equipment	34,000.00 7,650.00
5 Total	176,405.00
EDUCATIONAL	
20—State Department of Education	
Acct. No. 277	
1 Teacher Education Program	100,000.00
21—State Board of Education	
Acet. No. 278	
1 Early Childhood Ed. (Public Kindergarten)\$	3,500,000.00
22-West Virginia Board of Regents (Con	itrol)
Acct. No. 279	
1 Personal Services\$	48,421,124.00
2 Current Expenses  3 Repairs and Alterations	5,523,769.00 1,880,432.00
3 Repairs and Alterations 4 Equipment	2,938,175.00
5 Oak Wilt Research	10,000.00

6 Veterinary Tuition		40,200.00
7 Educational TV		523,000.00
8 Bureau for Coal Research		225,000.00
9 Forestry Products		90,000.00
10 Regional Research Institute		<b>7</b> 9,700.00
11 Intensive Agriculture-Demonstration Trial		26,000.00
12 Experimental Projects in Teacher Education		45,000.00
13 Community Development and Research		18,000.00
14 Center for Economic Action		45,000.00
		203,200.00
15 Branch College 16 Individual Accreditation — 2-year Colleges		203,200.00
		500,000.00
		110,000.00
18 New Programs		,
19 Unclassified		L,305,100.0 <b>0</b>
20 State Commission on Higher Education—		00 400 00
21 Operating Expenses		28,400.00
22 Title I—Matching Funds		130,000.00
23 Scholarship Program		300,000.00
24 Awareness		50,000.00
25 Total 23—West Virginia Board of Regent		2,492,100.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<i>'</i> 3	
Acct. No. 280		0.45.040.00
1 Personal Services		247,340.00
2 Current Expenses		83,625.00
3 Equipment		4,800.00
4 Total	\$	335,765.00
24—West Virginia University—Medical	Sch	1001
Acet. No. 285		
1 Total	\$	3,560,000.00
2 To be transferred to the West Virginia Uni	i-	•
3 versity—Medical School Fund upon th	e	
4 requisition of the Governor.		
25—Department of Education		
Acct. No. 286		
1 Personal Services	\$	650,273.00
2 Current Expenses		188,305.00
2 Current Expenses		-

	Equipment		9,350.00
	National Defense Education Act		301,000.00
	Statewide Testing Program		176,000.00
	Experimental Projects		10,730.00
7	Safety Education—Aid to Counties	-	135,000.00
	State Aid to Children's Home		25,000.00
9	Comprehensive Education Program	-	1,000,000.00
10	Total	\$	2,495,658.00
11	The above appropriation includes the State		
12 13	Board of Education and their executive offices.		
14	Any part or all of the appropriation for		
15	"National Defense Education Act" may be		
16	transferred to a Special Revenue Fund for		
17	the purpose of matching Federal Funds for		
18	this program.		
26–	State Department of Education—School Lu	nc	h Program
	Acet. No. 287		
	Personal Services	\$	93,429.00
	Current Expenses	-	19,560.00
	Aid to Counties-Includes hot lunches and		CEO 000 00
4	canning for hot lunches	-	650,000.00
5	Total	\$	762,989.00
	27—State Board of Education—Vocational	$D^{i}$	vision
	Acct. No. 289		
1	Personal Services	\$	104,850.00
2	Current Expenses		66,500.00
3	Equipment		1,650.00
4	Vocational Aid	-	378,335.00
5	Adult Basic Education	-	200,000.00
6	Total	\$	751,335.00
	A balance remaining in the appropriations	3	
7	"Transfignal Aid and Aid to Counties" at	,	
8 9	the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby	,	
Э	THE CHORC OF THE A		

- 10 reappropriated for expenditure during the
- 11 fiscal year 1971-72.

#### 28-Educational Broadcasting Authority

	Acct. No. 291	
	Personal Services\$	•
	Current Expenses	•
	Equipment	2,050.00
4	Regional ETV	1,009,382.00
5	Total\$	1,086,452.00
6	For participation in the construction and	
7	operation of Regional ETV stations by Mar-	
8	shall University, Concord College, Bluefield	
9	State College, West Virginia Institute of	
10	0,	
11		
12		
13	and/or Federal Funds.	
	29—State Board of Education—Vocational	Division
	Acct. No. 293	
2 3	To implement Vocational Education Act of 1963 P.L. 88-210	2,250,000.00
	30—State Board of Education—Vocational	Division
	Acct. No. 294	
1	Total	150,000.00
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
Ť	•	
	31—State Department of Education—Aid to	Schools
	Acet. No. 295	
1	State Aid to Schools	148,650,594.00

- 2 To be distributed according to Enrolled Com.
- Sub. for Senate Bill No. 122, Regular Ses-
- sion of the Legislature, 1971.

## 32—Department of Education—Aid for Exceptional Children

#### Acct. No. 296

1	Personal Services\$	35,028.00
	Current Expenses	16,240.00
	Out-of-State Instruction	90,000.00
4	Aid to Counties	424,000.00
5	Total \$	565,268.00
6	The appropriation for "Out-of-State Instruc-	
7	tion" may be expended to provide instruc-	
8	tion, care and maintenance for educable	
9	persons who have multiple handicaps and	
10	for whom the state provides no facilities.	

#### 33-Teachers Retirement Board

#### Acct. No. 298

1	Benefit Fund—Payments to Retired	
2	Teachers	\$14,502,000.00
3	Employers' Accumulation Fund-To match	
4	contributions of members	3,525,000.00
5	Expense Fund	35,000.00
	_	
в	Total	\$18,062,000.00

## 34-West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and Blind

Acct. No. 333	
1 Personal Services\$	1,059,903.00
2 Current Expenses	
3 Repairs and Alterations	63,850.00
4 Equipment	
5 Total\$	1,380,453.00
6 Any unexpended balance remaining in the	

appropriation "Intermediate Classroom

639,380.00

- 8 Dormitory Unit" at the close of the fiscal
- 9 year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for
- 10 expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.

#### 35-State FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center

#### Acct. No. 336

1 Personal Services\$	41,665.00
2 Current Expenses	7,250.00
3 Repairs and Alterations	10,200.00
4 Equipment	10,000.00
	00 115 00
5 Total \$	69,115.00

#### 36-Department of Archives and History

#### Acct. No. 340

<b>2</b> C	Personal Services Current Expenses Equipment	-	85,590.00 18,000.00 21,500.00
4	Total	\$	125,090.00

### 37-West Virginia Library Commission

#### Acct. No. 350

1 Personal Services\$	138,000.00
2 Current Expenses	4,900.00
3 Equipment	5 <b>,000.00</b>
4 Books and Periodicals	<b>3</b> 1, <b>4</b> 80.00
5 To Match Federal Funds	210,000.00
6 Library Matching Fund	250,000.00

Я	Anv	unexpended	balance	remaining	in	the

- 9 appropriation "Library Matching Fund" at
- 10 the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby
- 11 reappropriated for expenditure during the
- 12 fiscal year 1971-72.

7

#### CHARITIES AND CORRECTION

## 38-West Virginia Industrial School for Boys

A and DIA 2000		50 <i>9</i> 3
Acct. No. 370  1 Personal Services	\$	669,038.00
2 Current Expenses		223,620.00
3 Repairs and Alterations	_	53,650.00
4 Equipment	-	95,200.00
5 Total	\$	1,041,508.00
39—Forestry Camp for Boys		
Acet. No. 371		
1 Personal Services	\$	151,702.00
2 Current Expenses	•	92,750.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		10,500.00
4 Equipment	•	16,300.00
5 Total	\$	271,252.00
40—West Virginia Industrial Home for (	Gi	rls
Acet. No. 372		
1 Personal Services	\$	279,287.00
2 Current Expenses		101,700.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		19,600.00
4 Equipment		22,000.00
5 Vocational Training		5,000.00
6 Total	\$	427,587.00
41-West Virginia Forestry Camp (Leck	cie	)
Acet. No. 373		
1 Personal Services	\$	148,534.00
2 Current Expenses		103,300.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		5,500.00
4 Equipment		30,000.00
5 Total	\$	287,334.00

## 42-West Virginia State Prison for Women

ACC. NO. 314		
1 Personal Services	\$	72,418.00
2 Current Expenses		41,630.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		9,000.00
4 Equipment		7,350.00
5 Total	\$	130,398.00
43—West Virginia Peniter	ntiary	
Acet. No. 375		
1 Personal Services	\$	1,245,800.00
2 Current Expenses		537,600.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		68,200.00
4 Equipment		38,100.00
5 Total	\$	1,889,700.00
44—Huttonsville Corrections	ıl Center	
Acet. No. 376		
1 Personal Services	<b></b> \$	563,950.00
2 Current Expenses	··	215,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		25,000.00
4 Equipment		28,000.00
5 Roof Installation		150,000.00
6 Total	\$	981,950.00
45—West Virginia Children	i's Home	
•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Acct. No. 380		
1 Personal Services	\$	
2 Current Expenses		39,130.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		14,000.00
4 Equipment		14,600.00
5 Total	\$	144,867.00

46—Andrew S. Rowan Memorial Home				
Acct. No. 384				
1 Personal Services\$	393,645.00			
2 Current Expenses	190,000.00			
3 Repairs and Alterations	32,000.00			
4 Equipment	55,000.00			
5 Total\$	670,645.00			
HEALTH AND WELFARE				
47—State Health Department				
Acct. No. 400				
1 Personal Services\$	720,295.00			
2 Current Expenses	131,140.00			
3 Equipment	21,443.00			
4 Emergency Medical Services	35,000.00			
5 Cancer Control and Treatment	175,000.00			
6 Local Health Services	700,000.00			
7 Dental Clinics	60,000.00			
8 Heart Disease Control	125,000.00			
9 Maternal and Child Healthmobile Medical				
10 Examination Clinic	150,000.00			
11 Home Health Services	40,000.00			
12 Mobile Chest X-Ray & Diagnostic Services				
13 for Tuberculosis Control	80,000.00			
14 Hospital and Medical Facilities Construction				
15 Program	17,500.00			
16 Special Project for Eradication of Tubercu-				
17 losis	237,000.00			
18 Environmental Health Services	69,000.00			
19 Repairs to State Hygienic Laboratory	20,000.00			
20 Nursing Home Inspection Unit	64,000.00			
21 Total \$	2,645,378.00			
48—Department of Veterans Affairs				
Acct. No. 404				
1 Personal Services\$	247,000.00			
2 Current Expenses	64,400.00			

60	Appropriations	[Ch. 6
3 H	Equipment	5,100.00
	Γο provide Educational Opportunities for	,
5	Children of War Veterans as provided by	
6	Chapter thirty-nine, Acts of the Legisla-	
7 8	ture, one thousand nine hundred forty-	00 000 00
0	three	20,000.00
9	Total	\$ 336,500.00
10	Any unexpended balances remaining in the	
11	appropriation "To Provide Educational Op-	
12	portunities for Children of War Veterans"	
13 14	at the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is	
15	hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.	•
10	mg the fiscal year 1011-12.	
	49—Department of Welfare	
	Acct. No. 405	
1	Personal Services	\$ 4,750,000.00
2	Current Expenses	1,876,000.00
3	Equipment	104,213.00
4	Public Assistance Grants—Classified Aid	16,050,000.00
5	Aid to Crippled Children	920,000.00
6	Medical Services	7,500,000.00
7	Child Welfare Services	3,562,100.00
8	General Relief and Boarding Care	300,000.00
9	Social Security Matching Fund	281,687.00
10	Total	\$ 35,344,000.00
	50—State Agency on Aging	
	Acct. No. 406	
1	Personal Services	\$ 36,729.00

1 Personal Services\$	36,729.00
2 Current Expenses	2,805.00
3 Programs for the Elderly	50,000.00
_	<del></del>
4 Total	89,534.00

## 51-Department of Mental Health

Acct. No. 410				
1	Personal Services\$	764,430.00		
	Current Expenses	159,630.00		
	Equipment	13,800.00		
4	Research and Training	30,000.00		
5	Civil Service Costs	82,000.00		
	Division of Health Education	18,500.00		
7	Day Care Center	100,000.00		
	Division of Alcoholism	350,000.00		
	Division of Community Services	362,000.00		
	Roney's Point Branch Hospital	185,000.00		
11	Commission on Mental Retardation	20,000.00		
	<del></del>			
12	Total\$	2,085,360.00		
	52—Colin Anderson Center			
	Acct. No. 419			
1	Personal Services\$	1,981,046.00		
2	Current Expenses	332,100.00		
3	Repairs and Alterations	<b>57,300.00</b>		
4	Equipment	9 <b>4</b> ,782.0 <b>0</b>		
5		2 465 228 00		
_		2,100,220.50		
6	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation "Capital Outlay Improve-			
7 8	ment" at the close of fiscal year 1970-71 is			
9				
10	4.55			
10	during the fiscal year 1071-12.			
	53—Weston State Hospital			
	Acct. No. 420			
1	Personal Services\$	3,605,545.00		
	Current Expenses	1,100,000.00		
3	Repairs and Alterations	115,000.00		
4	Fauinment	100,000.00		
5	Psychiatric Training Center for Student	-		
6	Nurses	310,000.00		
•		<del></del>		
7	Total\$	5,230,545.00		

8 Any unexpended balance remaining in the 9 appropriation "Boiler Replacement" at the 10 close of fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby re- 11 appropriated for expenditure during fiscal year 1971-72.  54—Spencer State Hospital				
•				
Acct. No. 421				
1 Personal Services\$				
2 Current Expenses	610,000.00			
3 Repairs and Alterations	75,000.00			
4 Equipment	<b>7</b> 5,000.00			
5 Total\$	3,011,536.00			
55—Huntington State Hospital				
Acet. No. 422				
1 Personal Services\$	2.377.274.00			
2 Current Expenses				
3 Repairs and Alterations				
4 Equipment				
5 Total\$	3,373,854.00			
·				
56—Lakin State Hospital				
Acet. No. 423				
1 Personal Services\$	1,144,500.00			
2 Current Expenses	325,000.00			
3 Repairs and Alterations	100,000.00			
4 Equipment	59,100.00			

Total \$ 1,628,600.00

6 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation-"Renovate Classroom Build-

ing, Construct Ward Building," at the close

of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby reappro-

priated for expenditure during the fiscal

7

8

9

year 1971-72.

10

11

## 57—Barboursville State Hospital

or—Darooursonie Blate Hospi	iui	
Acct. No. 424		
1 Personal Services	\$	595,686.00
2 Current Expenses		180,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		45,000.00
4 Equipment		17,200.00
5 Total	\$	837,886.00
58—Fairmont Emergency Hospi	tal	
Acct. No. 425		
1 Personal Services	\$	358,500.00
2 Current Expenses	•	115,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		25,000.00
4 Equipment		13,600.00
5 Total	\$	512,100.00
59—Welch Emergency Hospit	al	
Acct. No. 426	•	000 000 00
1 Personal Services		392,978.00
2 Current Expenses		175,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		47,500.00 58,000.00
4 Equipment		06,000.00
5 Total	\$	673,478.00
60-Hopemont State Hospita	ı	
Acct. No. 430		
1 Personal Services	\$	1,568,414.00
2 Current Expenses		310,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		36,200.00
4 Equipment		20,000.00
1 Liquipinone		<u> </u>
5 Total	\$	1,934,614.00
61—Pinecrest State Hospita	l	
Acet. No. 431		
1 Personal Services	\$	1.172.629.00
1 Personal Services		_,,

		[Cir. o
2 Current Expenses		450,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		31,800.00
4 Equipment		70,300.00
		.0,000.00
5 Total	\$	1,724,729.00
62—Denmar State Hospital		
Acct. No. 432		
1 Personal Services	\$	914,338.00
2 Current Expenses	•	244,000.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		33,100.00
4 Equipment		100,000.00
_	_	
5 Total	\$	1,291,438.00
Acct. No. 436  1 Personal Services  2 Current Expenses  3 Repairs and Alterations  4 Equipment	<u>-</u>	68,240.00 10,000.00 12,000.00 3,000.00
5 Total	\$	93,240.00
64—State Board of Education—Rehabilitation Acct. No. 440  1 Personal Services	\$ 	
5 Supervisory Services for Vending Stand Pro		
6 gram for the Blind		22,321.00
7 Training and Special Projects		67,755.00
8 Social Security Matching Fund		40,000.0
9 Total	-	\$ 2,447,007.00

#### BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

# 65—Bureau of Labor and Department of Weights and Measures

#### Acct. No. 450

1	Personal Services\$	569,110.00
2	Current Expenses	187,975.00
	Equipment	32,350.00
	W. Va. Labor-Management	
5	Relations Board	38,000.00
6		827,435.00

## 66-Department of Mines

#### Acct. No. 460

2	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment	1,507,400.00 222,187.00 37,000.00
4	Total\$	1,766,587.00
5	Out of the above appropriation for "Per-	
6	sonal Services" the sum of \$19,000.00 is to	
7	be expended for the employment of the	
8	"deputy director for oil and gas" and only	
9	in the event such deputy director is quali-	
10	fied pursuant to Chapter 22, Article 4, Sec-	
11	tion 1(b) of the code of West Virginia, as	
12	amended.	

## 67—Department of Commerce

1	Personal Services\$	393,750.00
	Current Expenses	812,000.00
	Equipment	5,000.00
4	Mt. State Forest Festival	15,000.00
	Alpine Festival	1,500.00
6	West Virginia Historical Drama Association	35,000.00

7 Arts and Humanities Fund 8 West Virginia Water Festival 9 Independence Hall, Wheeling, West Virginia 10 White Water Weekend 11 Industrial Development Loan Fund 12 Oil and Gas Festival 13 Calhoun County Wood Festival 14 New Martinsville Regatta 15 Braxton County Regatta	150,000.00 5,000.00 125,000.00 2,000.00 500,000.00 2,000.00 2,500.00 2,000.00 4,000.00
17 The above appropriations, "Mountain State 18 Forest Festival, Alpine Festival, White 19 Water Weekend, Oil and Gas Festival, 20 West Virginia Water Festival, West Virginia Historical Drama Association, Calhoun County Wood Festival, New Martins- 21 ville Regatta and Braxton County Regatta" 22 shall be expended only upon authorization 23 of the Commerce Commissioner and in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 24 5-A of the Code of West Virginia. 25 All Federal moneys received as reimburse- 26 ments to the Department of Commerce, for 27 moneys expended from the General Revenue fund for Arts and Humanities are here- 28 by reappropriated for the purposes as originally made, including Personal Services, 29 Current Expenses and Equipment. 20 Any unexpended balance remaining in the 20 appropriation "Independence Hall, Wheeling, West Virginia" at the close of the fiscal 29 year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for 29 expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.	2,054,750.00

# 68—State Commission on Manpower, Technology and Training

1	Personal	Services	\$ 22,050.00
	Current		7,400.00

3 Equipment 200	.00
4 Total \$ 29,650	.00
69—Council of State Governments	
Acct. No. 472	
1 Total \$ 21,900.	.00
70—Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin	
Acct. No. 473	
1 West Virginia's contribution to Potomac 2 River Basin Interstate Commission	.00
71—Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission	
Acct. No. 474	
1 West Virginia's contribution to the Ohio 2 River Valley Water Sanitation Commis- 3 sion\$ 20,657.	.00
72—Southern Regional Education Board	
Acct. No. 475	
1 West Virginia's contribution to Southern 2 Regional Education Board\$ 55,072. 3 To be expended upon requisition of the 4 Governor.	.00
73-West Virginia Air Pollution Commission	
Acct. No. 476	
1 Personal Services\$ 299,100	.00
2 Current Expenses 77,750	
3 Equipment	
4 Total \$ 396,250	.00
74—Interstate Education Compact	
Acct. No. 477	
1 West Virginia's contribution to Interstate 2 Education Compact \$9,500.	.00

5

269,884.00

#### 75-Antiquities Commission

Acct	MA	479

1 Per	rsonal Services	\$ 15,372.00
2 Cu	rrent Expenses	 6,000.00
3 Equ	uipment	 1,862.00
4	Total	\$ 23,234.00

#### 76—Department of Banking

#### Acct. No. 480

1 Personal Services\$	157,755.00
2 Current Expenses	59,605.00
3 Equipment	2,524.00
4 HCR No. 10—Banking Study	50,000.00

#### 77-West Virginia State Aeronautics Commission

Total

#### Acct. No. 485

1 Personal Services\$	27,006.00
2 Current Expenses	18,300.00
3 Equipment	1,000.00
4 Aerial Markers	1,300.00
5 Civil Air Patrol Expenses	12,000.00
6 Airport Matching Fund	750,000.00
7 Total \$	809.606.00

8	Anv	unexpended	balance	remaining	in	the

9 appropriation "Airport Matching Fund" at

10 the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby

11 reappropriated for expenditure during fis-

12 cal year 1971-72.

## 78—West Virginia Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner

#### Acct. No. 490

1 Personal Services\$	147,619.00
2 Current Expenses	66,000.00
3 Equipment	2,500.00

4 Total \$ 216,119.00

## 79—West Virginia Racing Commission

#### Acct. No. 495

2 Current Expenses	\$ 276,082.00 36,355.00
	 6,500.00

#### **AGRICULTURE**

#### 80—Department of Agriculture

#### Acct. No. 510

2	Salary of Commissioner \$ Other Personal Services Current Expenses	17,000.00 771,110.00 293,700.00
4	Repairs and Alterations	30,000.00
	Equipment	25,000.00
6 7 8 9	Total \$  Out of the above funds a sum may be used to match Federal Funds for the eradication and control of pest and plant diseases.	1,136,810.00

## 81-Department of Agriculture-Soil Conservation Committee

71000. 110. 012	
1 Personal Services	\$ 121,500.00
2 Current Expenses	 43,000.00
3 Watershed Program	 75,000.00
4 Total	\$ 239,500.00
5 Any unexpended balance remaining	

- Watershed Program at the end of the fiscal
- year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for
- expenditure during fiscal year 1971-72.

	Acct. No. 513	
1 Ma	tching Fund\$	320,000.00
2 An	y part or all of this appropriation may be	
	ransferred to Special Revenue Fund for	
	he purpose of matching Federal Funds for	
	he above-named program.	
8	33—Department of Agriculture—Meat Inspec	tion
	Acct. No. 514	
1 Ur	classified\$	240,000.00
2 Ar	y part or all of this appropriation may be	
	transferred to Special Revenue Fund for	
	the purpose of matching Federal Funds for	
	the above-named program.	
	ny unexpended balance remaining in the	
	appropriation "Meat Inspection" at the	
	close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby	
	reappropriated for expenditure during the	
10	fiscal year 1971-72.	
84	—Department of Agriculture—Agricultural A	lanarde
		wurus
	Acct. No. 515	waras
1 W	2700 210, 220	
1 W 2 A	Vest Virginia State Fair\$	30,000.00
2 A	2700 210, 220	30,000.00 <b>4</b> 5,000.00
2 A 3 W	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival pple Festival trawberry Festival	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival pple Festival	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival trawberry Festival uckwheat Festival	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival trawberry Festival uckwheat Festival	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M 8 T	Vest Virginia State Fair \$ gricultural Awards \$ Valnut Festival \$ pple Festival \$ trawberry Festival \$ uckwheat Festival \$	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M 8 T	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival trawberry Festival uckwheat Festival larshall Fair own and Country Days	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M 8 T 9 P	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival trawberry Festival uckwheat Festival larshall Fair own and Country Days otato Festival	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00 1,000.00 2,000.00 1,500.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M 8 T 9 P	Total State Fair \$  Test Virginia State Fair \$  Spricultural Awards \$  Valnut Festival \$  Spricultural Awards \$  Valnut Festival \$  Spricultural Awards \$  Valnut Festival \$  Spricultural Awards \$  Spricultu	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 1,500.00
2 A 3 W 4 A 5 S 6 B 7 M 8 T 9 P	Vest Virginia State Fair\$ gricultural Awards Valnut Festival trawberry Festival uckwheat Festival larshall Fair own and Country Days totato Festival\$  CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMEN	30,000.00 45,000.00 3,500.00 1,500.00 3,500.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 1,500.00

<b>-</b>	
Current Expenses	110,000.00
	30,000.00
Cooperative Mapping Program	<b>60,000.00</b>
Total \$	460,000.00
Of the above appropriations for Current Ex-	
<del>-</del>	
- ·	
sources Study.	
86—Department of Veterans Affairs	
Acct. No. 564	
In aid of Veterans Day Patriotic Exercises\$ To be expended subject to the approval of the Department of Veterans Affairs upon pres-	3,000.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_	
Veterans.	
87—Department of Natural Resources	
Acet. No. 565	
	2.592.521.00
	702,806.00
Renairs and Alterations	233,100.00
	Total \$  Of the above appropriations for Current Expenses, the sum of \$50,000.00 may be used to cooperate with the United States Geological Survey in Ground Waters Resources Study.  86—Department of Veterans Affairs  Acct. No. 564  In aid of Veterans Day Patriotic Exercises _\$  To be expended subject to the approval of the Department of Veterans Affairs upon presentation of satisfactory plans by the Grafton G.A.R. Post, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and Sons of Veterans.  87—Department of Natural Resources  Acct. No. 565  Personal Services\$  Current Expenses\$

1 Personal Services\$	2,592,521.00
2 Current Expenses	702,806.00
3 Repairs and Alterations	233,100.00
4 Equipment	249,570.00
5 Subsistence for Conservation Officers	184,830.00
6 Clarke-McNary Fire Prevention	200,000.00
7 A.R.AE.D.A. Park Programs	94,940.00
8 Water Resources Board	12,000.00
9 U.S. Geological Survey	40,500.00
10 Rabies Control	30,000.00
11 Work Incentive Program	270,709.00
12 French Creek Game Farm	30,000.00
13 Cacapon State Park Golf Course	265,000.00
14 Grave Creek Mound Park	100,000.00
15 Total \$	5,005,976.00

16 Out of the above appropriation for Subsist- 17 ence for Conservation Officers, subsistence 18 shall be paid at the rate of five dollars per 19 calendar day to the chief conservation offi- 20 cer and each full-time uniformed conserva- 21 tion officer, under his direct supervision, 22 whose primary duties and responsibilities 23 are law enforcement.
24 Any unexpended balance remaining in the 25 appropriation "Clarke-McNary—Fire Pre- 26 vention" at the close of the fiscal year 27 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for ex- 28 penditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.
29 Out of the above appropriation for "Repairs 30 and Alterations" there shall be expended 31 an amount of \$40,000.00 for improvements 32 to the Camping Facilities at North Bend 33 State Park.
34 Any unexpended balance remaining in the 35 appropriation "Capital Improvements, 36 State Parks" at the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.
<ul> <li>39 Any or all of the appropriation "Capital Im-</li> <li>40 provements, State Parks" may be used to</li> <li>41 match and aid Federal funds.</li> </ul>

## PROTECTION

## 88—Department of Public Safety

## Acet. No. 570

1 Personal Services	\$ 4,520,387.00
2 Current Expenses	2,033,895.00
3 Repairs and Alterations	 130,500.00
4 Equipment	859,048.00
5 Emergency Fund	 10,000.00
g Total	 7,553,830.00

#### 89-Adjutant General-State Militia

#### Acat No. 590

Acct. No. 580		
1 Personal Services	\$	104,129.00
2 Current Expenses	-	196,660.00
3 Repairs and Alterations		23,200.00
4 Equipment		2,300.00
5 Compensation of Commanding Officers, Cleri	-	
6 cal Allowances and Uniform Allowances		92,800.00
7 Property Maintenance		196,200.00
8 State Armory Board		919,000.00
	_	
9 Total	\$	1,534,289.00
Acct. No. 581  1 Personal Services  2 Current Expenses  3 Equipment	_	44,395.00 10,862.00 600.00
5 Equipment		000.00
4 Total	\$	55,857.00
91—Auditor's Office—Social Securi	ty	
Acet. No. 582		
1 To match contributions of state employees for	r	
2 social security		3,400,000.00
3 The above appropriation is intended to cove		
4 the state's share of social security costs for		
5 those spending units operating from Ger		*
6 eral Revenue Fund. The State Departmen		
7 of Highways, Department of Motor Ve	<del>-</del>	
8 hicles, Workmen's Compensation Commis		
9 sion, Public Service Commission, and oth		
10 er departments operating from Specia	1	
11 Revenue Fund and/or Federal Funds shall		
pay their proportionate share of the socia	i	
13 security cost for their respective divisions	;. -	
14 Any unexpended balance remaining in thi 15 appropriation at the close of the fiscal year	5 -	
15 appropriation at the close of the fiscal year	L	

16 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for ex-	
17 penditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.	
92-West Virginia State Board of Land Surve	yors
Acct. No. 585	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other	
2 general expenses\$	6,000.00
3 From Collections	6,000.00
93—State Board of Professional Foresters	
Acct. No. 586	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other	
2 general expenses\$	500.00
3 From Collections	500.00
94—West Virginia Board of Examiners for Practica	ıl Nurses
Acet. No. 587	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other	
2 general expenses\$	31,000.00
3 From Collections	31,000.00
95—State Board of Chiropractic Examiners	!
Acct. No. 588	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other	
2 general expenses\$	700.00
3 From Collections	700.00
96—State Board of Pharmacy	
Acct. No. 590	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other	
2 general expenses\$	37,350.00
3 From Collections	37,350.00
97—State Board of Osteopathy	
Acct. No. 591	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other	
2 general expenses\$	2,356.00
3 From Collections	2,356.00
Control of the contro	

98—State Board of Embalmers and Funeral De	irector <b>s</b>
Acet. No. 593	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other 2 general expenses\$ 3 From Collections	25,000.00 25,000.00
99—State Board of Registration for Professional I	Engine <b>ers</b>
Acct. No. 594	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other 2 general expenses\$ 3 From Collections	37,000.00 37,000.00
100—State Board of Architects	
Acct. No. 595	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other 2 general expenses\$ 3 From Collections	9,000.00 9,000.00
101—State Veterinary Board	
Acct. No. 596	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other 2 general expenses\$ 3 From Collections	1,000.00 1,000.00
102—State Board of Law Examiners	
Acct. No. 597	
1 To pay the per diem of members and other 2 general expenses\$	3,400.00
103—Human Rights Commission	
Acct. No. 598	
1 Personal Services\$	107,432.00
2 Current Expenses	64,778.00
3 Equipment	3,125.00
4 Total\$	175,335.00

## 104—West Virginia State Board of Sanitarians

Acct. No. 599		
1 To pay the per diem of members and other 2 general expenses\$ 3 From Collections		800.00 800.00
105—West Virginia Public Employees Retireme	ent	Board
Acct. No. 614		
1 Employers Accumulation Fund\$ 2 Expense Fund		695,000.00 25,000.00
3 Total \$	2,	720,000.00
the state's share of the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement cost in accordance with Chapter 5, Article 10 of the Code of West Virginia for those departments operating from General Revenue Fund. The State Department of Highways, Department of Motor Vehicles, State Tax Departments—Gasoline Tax Division, Workmen's Compensation Commission, Public Service Commission, and other departments operating from Special Revenue Funds and/or Federal Funds shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement costs for their respective divisions. When specific appropriations are not made such payments may be made from the balances in the various Special Revenue Funds in excess of specific appropriations.		
106—West Virginia Public Employees Insurar	nce	Board
Acet. No. 615		
1 Expense Fund	\$	48,000.00
2 Public Employees Health Insurance—State 3 Contribution	e 	1,000,000.00
4 Total	\$	1,048,000.00

#### 107—Insurance Commissioner

#### Acct. No. 616

1	Personal Services\$	367,500.00
2	Current Expenses	81,900.00
3	Repairs and Alterations	5,500.00
4	Equipment	5,000.00
5	\$	459,900.00

#### 108—State Department of Highways

#### Acct. No. 617

1	Total
2	The total amount herein appropriated to
3	be transferred in equal amounts quarterly
4	to the State Sinking Fund Commission
5	upon the requisition of the Governor for
6	Department of Highways bond require-
7	ments after June 30, 1972.

1 Sec. 2. Appropriations from Other Funds.—From the 2 funds designated there is hereby appropriated condition-3 ally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in 4 Chapter 5-A, Article 2 of the Code of West Virginia, the 5 following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during 6 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two.

#### 109—State Department of Highways

#### Acct. No. 670

#### TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Federal-Aid	Construction — Interstate Pro- \$193,500,000.00
24	grain	
3	Federal-Aid	Construction—ABC Program 27,500,000.00
		Program 102,800,000.00
5	Interstate Ma	aintenance 6,000,000.00
6	Maintenance	
7	-Expressy	vay, Trunkline and Feeder 20,000,000.00

8 Maintenance	
9 —State Local Service	26,000,000.00
10 Nonfederal Aid Construction	
11 Emergency Road Operations	•
12 Scenic Highway	
13 Forest Highway	300,000.00
14 General Operations	23,000,000.00
15 Equipment Purchases	3,500,000.00
16 Inventory Purchases	1,000,000.00
17 Debt Service	33,755,000.00
18 Total	_\$466,555,000.00
able for expenditure, the balances and a revenues and income of the state road function including the proceeds from the sale of bonds, for the maintenance, construction and reconstruction of state roads and for other purposes in accordance with the proceeds of Chapter 17, Code of West Viginia, one thousand nine hundred thirt one, as amended.  29 Out of the above appropriations there shall be an amount of for replacement of Bridge No. 1406 of Alternate Route Three, spanning the New River at Hinton, West Virginia Summer County.  35 Funds in excess of amounts herein appropriated may be made available by budge amendment upon request of the Highward Commissioner and approval of the Godesia ernor.  40 The State Commissioner of Highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types equipment used directly and indirectly the construction and maintenance of road states.	all  d,  of  on  or  o-  r-  y-  all  on  ew  ers  ri- get  ys  ov-  all  ng  che  of  in

46	and for the purchase of inventories and
47	materials and supplies: Provided, how-
48	ever, That the operation of such revolving
49	funds shall not cause expenditures in ex-
50	cess of the foregoing appropriations.
51	There is hereby appropriated, within the
<b>52</b>	above line items, sufficient moneys for the
53	payment of claims, accrued or arising dur-
54	ing this budgetary period, to be paid in ac-
55	cordance with Chapter 14, Article 2, Sec-
<b>56</b>	tions 7 and 8, Code of West Virginia, one thou-
57	sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
58	Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter
59	5A, Article 2, Section 19, Code of West Vir-
60	ginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-
61	one, as amended, transfer of amounts be-
62	tween the line items of appropriation
63	herein is authorized.

## 110-Department of Motor Vehicles

#### Acct. No. 671

#### TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1 Personal Services	\$ 1,029,376.00
2 Current Expenses	626,865.00
3 Equipment	30,000.00
4 Purchase of License Plates	160,000.00
5 Social Security Matching Fund	53,365.00
6 Public Employees Retirement Matching	
7 Public Employees Health Insurance	
• •	
8 Total	\$ 2,020,071.00

## 111—State Tax Department—Gasoline Tax Division

### Acct. No. 672

#### TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ 263,277.00
2	Current Expenses	 100,000.00
_	Equipment	 4,000.00

	-
4 Social Security Matching Fund	14,328.00
5 Public Employees Health Insurance	6,270.00
6 Total \$	387,875.00
112—Department of Education—Veterans Edu	cation
Acet. No. 702	
TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL SCHOOL FUND	
1 Personal Services\$	58,464.00
2 Current Expenses	20,135.00
3 Total \$	78,599.00
4 Expenditures from this appropriation shall	10,099.00
5 not exceed the amount to be reimbursed by	
6 the Federal Government.	
7 Federal funds in excess of the amounts here-	
8 by appropriated may be made available by	
9 budget amendment upon request of the	
10 State Superintendent of Schools and ap-	
11 proval of the Governor for any emergency	
which might arise in the operation of this	
13 Division during the fiscal year.	
113—Treasurer's Office	
Acct. No. 800	
TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
1 Abandoned and Unclaimed Property —	
2 Trust and Expense Fund\$	20,000.00
114—Real Estate Commission	
Acct. No. 801	
TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
1 Personal Services\$	39,540.00
2 Current Expenses	16,614.00
3 Social Security Matching Fund	1,865.00
4 Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund	3,265.00

5	Public Employees Health Insurance	870.00
6	Total \$	62,154.00
7 8 9	be paid out of collections of license fees as	
	115-West Virginia Racing Commission	
	Acet. No. 808	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
1 2 3 4 5	Medical Expenses\$  The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections of license fees and fines as provided by law.	5,000.00
6 7 8 9	No expenditures shall be made from this account except for hospitalization, medical care, and/or funeral expenses for persons contributing to this fund.	
10 11 12 13 14	Special funds in excess of the amounts here- by appropriated may be made available by budget amendments upon request of the West Virginia Racing Commission and ap- proval of the Governor.	
1	16—Auditor's Office—Land Department Operati	ng Fund
	Acct. No. 812	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
2 3	Personal Services\$  Current Expenses  Microfilm Program  Public Employees Health Insurance	23,670.00 16,000.00 5,000.00 570.00
5	Total\$	45,240.00
6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of fees and collections as provided by law.	

9 Special funds in excess of the amount herein appropriated may be made available by 10 budget amendments upon request of the 11 State Auditor and the approval of the 12 Governor. 13 117—Department of Finance and Administration— Division of Purchases-Revolving Fund Acct. No. 814 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Personal Services .....\$ **183,7**50.00 2 Current Expenses \_\_\_\_\_ 20,000.00 3 Equipment \_\_\_\_\_ 20,000.00 4 Social Security Matching Fund \_\_\_\_\_ 8.000.00 5 Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund 10,000.00 6 Public Employees Health Insurance \_\_\_\_\_ 5,000.00 Total\_\_\_\_\_ 246,750.00 7 8 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund as pro-9 vided by Chapter 5-A, Article 2 of the Code 10 of West Virginia. 11 12 The above appropriation includes salaries and operating expenses. 13 14 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in addition to the above appropriation, the 15 necessary amount for the purchase of sup-16 plies for resale. 17 18 Special funds in excess of the amounts hereby appropriated may be made available by 19 budget amendments upon request of the 20 Department of Finance and Administration 21 and approval of the Governor. 22 118-Department of Agriculture Acct. No. 818 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND 1 Personal Services \_\_\_\_\_\$ 229,950.00 58,585.00 2 Current Expenses \_\_\_\_\_

3	Equipment	25,000.00
4	Social Security Matching Fund	10,950.00
	Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund	19,200.00
	Public Employees Health Insurance	5,475.00
7		349,160.00
8	The total amount of this appropriation shall	
9	be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	
10	collections made by the Department of	
11	Agriculture as provided by law. It is the in-	
12	tention that special funds in excess of the	
13	amounts hereby appropriated may be made	
14	available by budget amendments upon re-	
15	quest of the Commissioner of Agriculture,	
16	and approval of the Governor.	
	119—State Committee of Barbers and Beaut	ticians
	Acct. No. 822	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
		•
1	Personal Services\$	69,615.00
2 3	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment	69,615.00
2 3 4	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment Social Security Matching Fund	69,615.00 35,150.00
2 3 4	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00
2 3 4 5	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment Social Security Matching Fund	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00
2 3 4 5	Personal Services\$  Current Expenses  Equipment  Social Security Matching Fund  Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00
2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services\$  Current Expenses  Equipment  Social Security Matching Fund  Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund  Public Employees Health Insurance  Total\$	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Personal Services\$  Current Expenses  Equipment  Social Security Matching Fund  Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund  Public Employees Health Insurance  Total\$  The total amount of this appropriation shall	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services\$  Current Expenses  Equipment  Social Security Matching Fund  Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund  Public Employees Health Insurance  Total\$  The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment Social Security Matching Fund Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund Public Employees Health Insurance  Total \$ The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections made by the State Committee of	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Personal Services\$  Current Expenses  Equipment  Social Security Matching Fund  Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund  Public Employees Health Insurance  Total\$  The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment Social Security Matching Fund Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund Public Employees Health Insurance  Total\$ The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections made by the State Committee of Barbers and Beauticians as provided by law.	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment Social Security Matching Fund Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund Public Employees Health Insurance  Total \$ The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections made by the State Committee of Barbers and Beauticians as provided by law.  120—Public Service Commission	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Personal Services \$ Current Expenses \$ Equipment \$ Social Security Matching Fund \$ Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund Public Employees Health Insurance \$ Total \$ The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections made by the State Committee of Barbers and Beauticians as provided by law.  120—Public Service Commission Acct. No. 828	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Equipment Social Security Matching Fund Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund Public Employees Health Insurance  Total\$  Total\$  The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections made by the State Committee of Barbers and Beauticians as provided by law.  120—Public Service Commission  Acct. No. 828  TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Personal Services \$ Current Expenses \$ Equipment \$ Social Security Matching Fund \$ Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund Public Employees Health Insurance \$ Total \$ The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections made by the State Committee of Barbers and Beauticians as provided by law.  120—Public Service Commission Acct. No. 828	69,615.00 35,150.00 1,000.00 3,736.00 6,962.00 1,650.00

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3	Current Expenses	127,835.00
4	Equipment	16,265.00
5	Social Security Matching Fund	31,200.00
6	Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund	44,700.00
7	Public Employees Health Insurance	16,095.00
	<del></del>	
8	Total\$	1,084,250.00
9	The total amount of this appropriation shall	
10	be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	
11		
12	<u> </u>	
13		
14	\$5,000.00 may be transferred to the State	
15	Water Resources Commission of the De-	
16	partment of Natural Resources for use in	
17	cooperation with the U.S. Geological Sur-	
18	wey in a program of stream gauging.	

#### 121—Public Service Commission

## Gas Pipeline Division

#### Acct. No. 8285

1	Personal Services\$	86,420.00
2	Current Expenses	23,520.00
3	Equipment	6,930.00
4	Social Security Matching Fund	2,890.00
5	Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund	4,100.00
6	Public Employees Health Insurance	690.00
7	Total\$	124,550.00
-	The total amount of this appropriation shall	124,550.00
-	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out	124,550.00
8	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of receipts collected for or by the Public	124,550.00
8	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of receipts collected for or by the Public Service Commission pursuant to and in	124,550.00
8 9 10	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of receipts collected for or by the Public	124,550.00

## 122—Public Service Commission—Motor Carrier Division

#### Acct. No. 829

#### TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services\$	329,180.00
2	Current Expenses	84,100.00
	Equipment	4,860.00
	Social Security Matching Fund	13,427.00
5	Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund	18,575.00
6	Public Employees Health Insurance	6,740.00
	<del></del>	<del></del>
7	Total\$	456,882.00
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	700,002.00
8	The total amount of this appropriation shall	400,002.00
8 9		400,002.00
	The total amount of this appropriation shall	100,002.00
9	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	430,002.00
9 10	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of receipts collected for or by the Public Ser-	400,002.00
9 10 11	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of receipts collected for or by the Public Ser- vice Commission pursuant to and in the	400,002.00

#### 123—Department of Natural Resources

#### Acct. No. 830

2 3 4	Personal Services\$ Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment Public Employees Health Insurance	1,463,215.00 667,591.00 98,700.00 135,789.00 34,900.00
6	Total\$	2,400,195.00
7	The total amount of this appropriation shall	
8	be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	
9	fees collected by the Department of Natur-	
10	al Resources. Expenditures shall be limited	
11	to the amounts appropriated except for	
12	Federal Funds received and Special Funds	
13	collected at state parks. Special Funds in	
14	excess of the amounts hereby appropriated	
15	may be made available by budget amend-	
16	ment upon request of the Department of	

- 17 Natural Resources and approval of the
- 18 Governor.

# 124—Department of Public Safety—Inspection Fees Acct. No. 835

#### TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

2 3 4 5	Personal Services	103,720.00 7,600.00 15,550.00 1,210.00
0	Fublic Employees Hearth Insurance	4,440.00
7	Total	\$ 300,901.00
8	The total amount of this appropriation shall	
9	be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of	
10	fees collected for inspection stickers as	
11	provided by law.	
12	Special Funds in excess of the amounts here-	
13	by appropriated may be made available by	
14	budget amendment upon request of the De-	
15	partment of Public Safety and approval of	
16	the Governor for the purpose of repairs	
17	to, or construction of police barracks.	

# 125—West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control

#### Acct. No. 837

1	Salary of Commissioner\$	16,000.00
2	Other Personal Services	4,200,000.00
3	Current Expenses	1,200,000.00
4	Repairs and Alterations	29,000.00
5	Equipment	<b>252,500.00</b>
6	Social Security Matching Fund	229,000.00
7	Public Employees Retirement Matching	
8	Fund	400,000.00
9	Public Employees Health Insurance	105,000.00
10	Total\$	<b>6,431,</b> 500.00

12 13 14 15 16 17 18	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of liquor revenues.  The above appropriation includes the salaries of store personnel, store inspectors, store operating expenses and equipment and salaries, expenses and equipment of administration offices.  There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in addition to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the purchase of liquor, as provided by law.	
	126—West Virginia Civil Service System	
	Acct. No. 840	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
1	Personal Services\$	226,800.00
	Current Expenses	101,950.00
	Social Security Matching Fund	10,689.00
	1 7	20,000.00
5	Public Employees Health Insurance	5,400.00
6	Total\$	364,839.00
7	The total amount of this appropriation shall	·
8	be paid from Special Revenue Fund sup-	
9	ported by participating agencies as pro-	
10	vided by law.	
	The Governor is hereby authorized to make	
12	available by budget amendment, upon re-	
13		
14		
15	appropriated.	
		_
	127—Board of Regents—West Virginia Univers Special Capital Improvement Fund	nity—
	Acct. No. 853	
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	
1	Debt Service\$	665,000.00

2 Property Acquisition 3 Miscellaneous Small Projects 4 Creative Arts 5 Utilities, Roads and Parking 6 Renovating of Existing Buildings 7 Medical Center—Repairs and Alterations	400,000.00 600,000.00 800,000.00 250,000.00 185,000.00
8 Total\$	3,900,000.00
9 The total amount of this appropriation shall 10 be paid from the nonrevolving Capital Im- 11 provement Fund created by the 1959 Legis- 12 lature, amended by the 1963 Legislature. 13 Any unexpended balance remaining in this	
14 appropriation at the close of the fiscal	

#### 128—Board of Regents—Special Capital Improvement Fund

#### Acct. No. 854

1	Debt Service\$	2,019,225.00
	Develop Plans and Specifications for the fol-	
3	lowing buildings:	
4	Marshall University, Academic Building No. 1	240,000.00
	Marshall University, Academic Building No. 2	120,000.00
6	Fairmont State College, Health and Physical	
7	Education Building	135,000.00
8	Shepherd College, Academic Building	<b>14</b> 0,000.0 <b>0</b>
9	West Liberty State College, Science Building	250,000.00
	Miscellaneous Projects	800,000.00
11	Campus Long Range Land Utilization and	
12		150,000.00
13	West Virginia Institute of Technology, Addi-	
14		200,000.00
15	West Liberty State College, Furniture and	
16	Equipment for New Twin Towers Dormi-	
17	tory Complex	<b>2</b> 50,000.0 <b>0</b>

18 19	West Virginia Institute of Technology, Equipment for New Community and Technical	
20	College Building	550,000.00
21	West Virginia State College, Equipment for	•
22	New Classroom Building	116,700.00 -
23		•
24	Route 48	50,000.00
25	Shepherd College, Additional Amount for Re-	
26	novation of Heating System in Science Hall	80,000.00
27	Bluefield State College, Technical Equipment	175,000.00
	Glenville State College, Intramural Activities	•
29	Playing Fields, Tennis Courts, etc.	136,000.00
30	Concord College, Swimming Pool for New	•
31	Physical Education Building	400,000.00
32	West Liberty State College, Addition to Sani-	
33	tation System	200,000.00
34	West Virginia State College, Additional	
35	Amount for Steam Plant Renovation and	
<b>3</b> 6	ROTC Facility, Phase A	100,000.00 •
37	Bluefield State College, Parking Lot Addition,	
38	Road, Drains, Lighting, etc.	175,000.00
<b>3</b> 9	Fairmont State College, Library Alterations	
40	and Addition	1,200,000.00 •
41	0,000	
42	tenance Building and Allied Equipment	375,000.00 -
43	West Liberty State College, Maintenance	
44	Building and Allied Equipment	400,000.00
45	West Virginia State College, Renovate Ad-	
46	ministration Building	190,000.00 -
47	Total\$	8,451,925.00
		, ,
48	The appropriation of items on lines 1 through	
49	38 is to be paid on a cash basis and made	
50	available from date of passage; items on	
51	lines 39 though 46 are to be started as funds	
52	become available and then only in listed	
53	order of priority.	
54	The total amount of this appropriation shall	
55	be paid from the nonrevolving Capital	
99	ne haid mom	

56 57	Improvement Fund created by the 1959 Legislature, as amended.
58 59 60 61 62 63	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation to this account for the fiscal years 1969-70 and 1970-71 and in this appropriation at the close of the fiscal year is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the next fiscal year.
64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	fiscal year 1969-70, set forth in the Budget Bill, Regular Session, 1969, Section 2, Ap- propriations from Other Funds, pages 47 through 50, inclusive, West Virginia Board of Regents—Special Capital Improvement Fund, Account No. 854, lines 42 and 43, and lines 46 through 64, inclusive is hereby
74 75 76	

of priority.

### 129-West Virginia University-Medical School

#### Acct. No. 873

#### TO BE PAID FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND

<b>2</b> 3	Personal Services Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations Equipment	3,767,194.00 455,000.00
5	Total	\$ 17,160,045.00
6	Special funds in excess of the amounts hereb	
7	appropriated may be made available b	
8	budget amendment upon request of the	
9	Board of Regents and approval of the	ne e
10	Governor.	•

95,000.00

## 130-Workmen's Compensation Commission

#### Acct. No. 900

#### TO BE PAID FROM WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION FUND

	TO BE PAID FROM WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION FUND
2 3 4 5	Personal Services       \$ 1,094,528.00         Current Expenses       442,035.00         Equipment       22,600.00         Social Security Matching Fund       50,580.00         Public Employees Retirement Matching Fund       102,000.00         Public Employees Health Insurance       25,985.00
7	Total \$ 1,737,728.00
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	There is hereby authorized to be paid out of the above appropriation for current expenses the amount necessary for the premiums on bonds given by the State Treasurer and bond custodian for the protection of the Workmen's Compensation Fund. This sum shall be transferred to the Board of Insurance.
3 4 5 6	Sec. 3. Supplemental and Deficiency Appropriation.— From the State Fund, General Revenue, except as otherwise provided, there are hereby appropriated the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, to supplement the 1970-71 appropriations, and to be available for expenditure upon date of passage.
	131—Department of Welfare
	Acct. No. 405
1	Total \$ 2,000,000.00
	132—West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control
	Acct. No. 837
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
1	Personal Services\$ 230,000.00 95.000.00

2 Current Expenses .....

3	Public	Employees	Retirement	Matching	
	Fund	Sanswitze Mate	hing Day		80,000.00
J	Bociai S	security Mate	ching Fund		4,800.00
6	Tot	al		\$	409.800.00

#### 133—Department of Motor Vehicles

#### Acct. No. 671

#### TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1 Public Employees Retirement Matching 2 Fund\$ 28,000.00
2 Fund \$\frac{2}{3}\$ 28,000.00  1 Sec. 3a. Appropriations of surplus for fiscal year 1970-2 71.—The item set forth below in this section is appropriated 3 from the State Fund, General Revenue for fiscal year 4 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this 5 section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, 6 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor 7 transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the 8 State Fund, General Revenue for fiscal year 1970-71, re-9 vised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred 10 seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated 11 revenue in the State Fund, General Revenue for fiscal 2 year 1970-71 will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor 13 shall continue to review the revenue in the State Fund, 14 General Revenue from the first day of July, one thousand 15 nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under 16 this section is expected to be made available for expending ture and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue 18 in the State Fund, General Revenue then in prospect or 19 on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from 20 the State Fund, General Revenue under the budget bill 1 for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect 22 thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient 23 revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appro-24 priations made from the State Fund, General Revenue 25 under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the Governor
26 may, from any excess over and above the amount re- 27 quired to meet all such appropriations, release the follow- 28 ing item, if available funds will permit:

- 29 Item: Department of Welfare, to the extent of any 30 surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a 31 maximum surplus of \$5,500,000.00.
  - 1 Sec. 4. Awards for Claims Against the State.—From 2 the funds designated there are hereby appropriated for 3 the fiscal year 1971-72 for payment of claims against the
  - 4 state, the following amounts as itemized.
- 5 (a) Claims Versus the Department of High-6 ways

#### TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

7	(1)	Equitable Gas Company\$	254.90
8	(2)	Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Lewis	50.00
9	(3)	Sam Melvin	11.00
10	(4)	C. J. Langenfelder & Son,	
11	(-)	Inc.	191,701.42
12	(5)	Harold E. Price	81.24
13	(6)	M & M Construction Co	27,095.75
14	(7)	Monongahela Power Co	189.67
15	(8)	Olaf Humphrey	128.24
16	(9)	Chesapeake & Ohio Railway	1,297.20
17	(10)	Dale E. Olive	1,071.27
18	(11)	Mrs. Jessie P. Randall	139.88
19	(12)	State Farm Mutual Automobile In-	
20	, ,	surance Co., assignee to Sarah	
21		G. Romans	168.8 <b>3</b>
22	(13)	Frank Fedorka	76.00
23	(14)	Lowell C. Shinn	409.87
24	(15)	Gerald S. Swiger	423.49
25	(16)	Everett and Betty Miller	936.25
26	(17)	Perry K. and Anne B. Caldwell	1,497.00
27	(18)	Lemuel L. and Estelle Warden	3,000.00
28	(19)	Charleston Concrete Floor	
29	` '	Company, Inc.	<b>299.93</b>
30	(20)	State Farm Mutual Automobile In-	
31	` '	surance Co	105. <b>46</b>
32	(21)	Esdel B. and Sylvia J. Yost	<b>3</b> 55.00
33	(22)	Joyce J. Droddy Ayers	10,000.00
34	(23)	Charles E. Talbert	40.17
35	(24)	Robert Lee Holley	56.14

36	(b)	Claims Versus the Office of the Governor	
		TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	
37		(1) Pitney-Bowes, Inc\$	90.05
38 39	(c)	Claims Versus the West Virginia Board of Regents	
		TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	
40		(1) Helen I. Wotkiewicz\$	1,258.00
41 42	(d)	Claims Versus the Department of Motor Vehicles	
		TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND	
43		(1) West Virginia Business Forms, Inc.\$	249.97
44 45	(e)	Claims Versus the Department of Mental Health	
		TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	
46		(1) Betsy Ross Bakeries, Inc\$	841.10
47 48		ural Resources	
		TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	AC EE
49		(1) W. M. McClintic\$	46.77
50 51		) Claims Versus the Department of Public Institutions	
		TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	
5	2	(1) Cecil Smith, Jr\$	3,000.00
		Sec. 5. Legislative Findings of Fact Claims.—Ture has heretofore made findings of fact that	

1 Sec. 5. Legislative Findings of Fact Claims.—The Legis2 lature has heretofore made findings of fact that the state
3 has received the benefit of the commodities and services
4 rendered by certain claimants herein and has considered
5 claims against the state and agencies thereof which have
6 arisen due to over-expenditures of departmental appro7 priations by officers of certain state spending units, such
8 claims having been previously considered by the court
9 of claims which found that the state has received the bene10 fit of the commodities and services rendered by each
11 claimant, but were denied by the court of claims on
12 the purely statutory grounds that to allow such claims
13 would be condoning illegal acts contrary to the laws of
14 the state.

The Legislature, pursuant to its findings of fact and 16 also by the adoption of the findings of fact by the court 17 of claims as its own, and, while not condoning such illegal 18 acts, hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the 19 state to pay each such claim in the amount specified below, 20 and directs the auditor to issue warrants for the payment 21 thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for such 22 purpose, and hereby directs the Attorney General to re-23 view the bonds executed by all public officials and em-24 ployees who are in any way responsible for the State 25 spending units over-expending departmental appropria-26 tions and where it appears feasible to institute proper legal 27 proceedings to recover for the State sums equal to the 28 claims specified below; and in instances where the At-29 torney General determines that such legal proceedings 30 are not feasible, to report to the Legislative Auditor the 31 reasons why such legal proceedings are not feasible.

32 From the funds designated there are hereby appropri-33 ated for the fiscal year 1971-72 for payment of claims 34 against the state, the following amounts as itemized.

# 35 (a) Claims Versus the Department of Mental Health TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND

	_		
36	(1)	Airken Sales and Service\$	630.00
37	(2)	Odorite Service and Supply Com-	
38		pany	1,673.40
39	(3)	McCormick Office Supplies, Inc	77.10
40	(4)	Riverside Paper Company, Inc	178.07
41	(5)	Laird Office Equipment Company	98.83
42	(6)	Guthrie-Morris-Campbell Company	1,813.40
43	(7)	Southern Chemical Company	1,217.80
44	(8)	Tri-State Drug Company	166.36
45	(9)	Copco Papers, Inc.	299.52
46	(10)	Copco Papers, Inc.	224.64
47	(11)	Fry Brothers Company	168.00
48	(12)	Fry Brothers Company	605.00
49	(13)	Union 76—Pure Oil Division	824.94
50	(14)	Vaughan's Termite Control Com-	
51	` '	pany	290.00
52	(15)	S. B. Wallace and Company	120.00
53	(16)	Oxford Chemicals	1,155.7 <b>5</b>

96	Appropriations	[Ch. 6
54	(17) Spencer Business Forms Company,	
55	Inc.	175.03
56	(18) Armour and Company	865.54
57	(19) Odorite Service & Supply	112.90
58	(20) Willard C. Starcher, Inc.	70.20
59	(21) McCormick Office Supply, Inc	183.52
60	(22) Goldsmit-Black, Inc.	269.04
61	(23) Goldsmit-Black, Inc.	136.60
62	(24) Goldsmit-Black, Inc.	48.00
63	(25) Mallinckrodt Chemical Works	673.20
64	(26) Industrious Blind Enterprise	269.40
65	(27) Appalantic Corporation	12,252.72
66	(28) Ohio Valley Office Equipment	500.55
67	(29) Will Ross, Inc	126.70
68	(30) Noe Office Equipment	15.55
69	(31) The Medical Arts Supply Com-	
70	pany, Inc.	94.96
71	(32) Roche Laboratories	1,466.80
72	(33) Raybestos-Manhattan, Inc	
73	Revolite Division	390.00
74	(34) Accounting Supplies and Systems,	
75	Inc	25.95
76	(35) Bell Lines, Inc.	64.75
77	(36) Economic Laboratories	29.82
78	(37) Harry W. Higgins General Store	49.20
79	(38) Merck Sharp & Dohme	26.46
80	(39) Shouldis Department Store	472.86
81	(40) DuBois Chemicals	809.06
82	(41) Eaton Laboratories	85.50
83	(42) Sandoz-Wander, Inc.	146.85
84	(43) The Crocker-Fels Company	182.66
85	(44) Acme Cotton Products Company,	E20 10
86	Inc.	533.12
87	(45) William H. Rorer, Inc.	109.96 264.00
88	(46) Lederle Laboratories	345.89
89	(47) Scientific Products	
90	(48) Martini Packing Company	745.53
91	(49) Smith, Kline & French Company	261.32
92	(50) A. B. Dick Products Company	332.15 247.60
	(Ed) Charle Delaine Commons	247 60

(51) Storck Baking Company.(52) Singer Sheet Metal Company, Inc.

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247.60

5,928.00

96 (54) William J. Swearingen 500.00 97 (55) Charles V. Selby, Jr. 200.00 98 (56) Granville H. Lance 500.00 99 (57) K. V. Pathology, Inc. 1,500.00 100 (58) Mt. Clare Provision Company 2,116.00 101 (59) Dowling Pool Company 33.80 102 (60) St. Joseph's Hospital 13.50 103 (61) St. Joseph's Hospital 88.70 104 (62) St. Joseph's Hospital 527.64 105 (63) St. Joseph's Hospital 9.25 106 (64) St. Joseph's Hospital 15.00 107 (65) St. Joseph's Hospital 1,160.38 108 (66) St. Joseph's Hospital 28.00 109 (67) The Red Head Oil Company 52.75 110 (68) Picker X Ray 347.16			
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110 (68) Picker X Ray 347.16	. 28.00		108
	52.75	(67) The Red Head Oil Company	109
111 (69) Empire Foods Inc. 404.70			110
121 (00) Empire Foods, IIIc	494.70	(69) Empire Foods, Inc.	111
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115 (73) Fairmont Foods Company 1,310.34	. 1,310.34	(73) Fairmont Foods Company	115
116 (74) Union Oil Company of California 302.24	302.24	(74) Union Oil Company of California	116
117 (75) Standard Brands Sales Company 1,290.40	1,290.40	(75) Standard Brands Sales Company	117
118 (76) Ace Exterminators, Inc 160.00	160.00	(76) Ace Exterminators, Inc.	118
,			119
120 (78) Capitol Paper Supply, Inc. 382.80	382.80	(78) Capitol Paper Supply, Inc.	120
121 (79) Genuine Parts Co. of W. Va. 94.39	94.39	(79) Genuine Parts Co. of W. Va	121
			122
(,			123
124 (82) McGlothin Printing Co 546.76	546.76	(82) McGlothin Printing Co.	124
125 (b) Claims Versus West Virginia Board of	;	(b) Claims Versus West Virginia Board of	125
126 Regents		•	
TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	m	-	120
			107
,	•	• •	129
130 (c) Claims Versus the Department of Public			
131 Institutions		Institutions	131
TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	D	TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	
132 (1) Crook's Wholesale Food Company\$ 1,657.90	\$ 1,657.90	(1) Crook's Wholesale Food Company\$	132

- Sec. 6. Special Revenue Appropriations.—There is 1 2 hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 3 one thousand nine hundred seventy-two appropriations 4 made by general law from special revenue which are not 5 paid into the state fund as general revenue under the 6 provisions of Chapter 12, Article 2, Section 2 of the Code of 7 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one: 8 Provided, however, That none of the moneys so appro-9 priated by this section shall be available for expenditure 10 except in compliance with and in conformity to the pro-11 visions of Chapter 12, Articles 2 and 3, and Chapter 12 5A, Article 2 of the Code of West Virginia, unless 13 the spending unit has filed with the state director of 14 the budget, the state auditor and the legislative auditor 15 prior to the beginning of each fiscal year:
- 16 (a) An estimate of the amount and sources of all reve-17 nues accruing to such fund;
- 18 (b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for what 19 purposes the fund is to be expended.
  - 1 Sec. 7. Specific Funds and Collection Accounts.—A 2 fund or collection account, which by law is dedicated to a 3 specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient amount to 4 meet all lawful demands upon the fund or collection account, and shall be expended according to the provisions of 6 Chapter 12, Article 3 of the Code of West Virginia.
  - 1 Sec. 8. Appropriation for Refunding Erroneous Pay-2 ments.—Money that has been erroneously paid into the 3 state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into 4 which it was paid for refund to the proper person.
  - When the officer authorized by law to collect money for 6 the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he 7 shall issue his requisition upon the auditor for the re-8 funding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue his 9 warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay the 10 warrant out of the fund into which the amount was 11 originally paid.
  - 1 Sec. 9. Sinking Fund Deficiencies.—There is hereby 2 appropriated to the Governor a sufficient amount to meet

- 3 a deficiency that may arise in the funds of the State Sink-4 ing Fund Commission because of the failure of any state 5 agency for either general obligation or revenue bonds or 6 any local taxing district for general obligation bonds to 7 remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and 8 sinking fund requirements. The Governor is authorized to 9 transfer from time to time such amounts to the State Sink-10 ing Fund Commission as may be necessary for this purpose.
- 11 The State Sinking Fund Commission shall reimburse the 12 State of West Virginia through the Governor from the first 13 remittance collected from any state agency or local taxing 14 district for which the Governor advanced funds, with 15 interest at the rate carried by the bonds for which the 16 advance was made.
  - 1 Sec. 10. Appropriations from Taxes and License Fees.
    2 —There is hereby appropriated from the soft drink tax
    3 revenues for administration and enforcement of the law
    4 relating to said tax, a sum not to exceed two and one-half
    5 percent of the total revenues collected. All such salaries
    6 and expenses, authorized by law as aforesaid, shall be paid
    7 by the Tax Commissioner through the state treasury out
    8 of gross collections.
  - 1 Sec. 11. Appropriations to Pay Cost of Publication 2 of Delinquent Corporations.—There is hereby appropriated 3 out of the state fund, general revenue, out of funds not 4 otherwise appropriated to be paid upon requisition of the 5 auditor and/or the Governor, as the case may be, a sum 6 sufficient to pay the cost of publication of delinquent corporations as provided by Chapter 11, Article 12, Sections 75 8 and 77 of the code of West Virginia.
  - 1 Sec. 12. Appropriations for Local Governments.—2 There is hereby appropriated for payment to counties, dis-3 tricts, and municipal corporations such amounts as will be 4 necessary to pay taxes due county, district, and municipal 5 corporations and which have been paid into the treasury:
  - 6 (a) For the redemption of lands;
  - 7 (b) By public service corporations;
- 8 (c) For tax forfeitures.

- 1 Sec. 13. Total Appropriations. Where only a total
- 2 sum is appropriated to a spending unit that total sum shall
- 3 include personal services, current expenses, and capital
- 4 outlay, except as otherwise provided in Title I, Section 3.
- 1 Sec. 14. General School Fund.—The balance of the
- 2 proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the
- 3 payment of the appropriations made by this act is appro-
- 4 priated for expenditure in accordance with Chapter 18,
- 5 Article 9-A, Section 16 of the Code of West Virginia.

#### TITLE 3. ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- §2. Constitutionality.
  - 1 Section 1. Appropriations Conditional.—The expendi-
  - 2 ture of the appropriations made by this act, except those
  - 3 appropriations made to the legislative and judicial
  - 4 branches of the state government, are conditioned upon
  - 5 the compliance by the spending unit with the require-
  - 6 ments of Chapter 5A, Article 2 of the Code of West 7 Virginia.
  - 8 Where former spending units have been absorbed by or
  - 9 combined with other spending units by acts of this Legisla-
  - 10 ture it is the intent of this act that reappropriation shall
  - 11 be to the succeeding or later spending unit created unless
  - 12 otherwise indicated.
    - 1 Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is
    - 2 declared unconstitutional by a court of competent juris-
    - 3 diction, its decision shall not affect any portion of this act
    - 4 which remains, but the remaining portion shall be in full
    - 5 force and effect as if the portion declared unconstitutional
    - 6 had never been a part of the act.

House Clerk's Note: The Governor disapproved and deleted items and parts of items in the Budget Bill as follows:

Acct. No. 101, line 2, \$68,430.00

Acct. No. 102, line 2, \$55,000.00

Acct. No. 102, line 3, \$24,000.00

Acct. No. 103, line 2, \$797,500.00

Acct. No. 103, line 3, \$75,000.00

Acct. No. 103, line 4, \$11,000.00

Acct. No. 617, line 1, \$7,000.000.00

Acct. No. 670, line 30, \$900,000.00

Reductions in items and parts of items were made by the Governor as follows:

Acct. No. 150, line 2, from \$536,480.00 to \$500,060.00

Acct. No. 150, line 3, from \$158,275.00 to \$136,025.00

Acct. No. 150, line 6, from \$732,755.00 to \$674,085.00

Acct. No. 240, line 2, from \$612,830.00 to \$342,657.00

Acct. No. 240, line 8, from \$695,330.00 to \$425,157.00

Acct. No. 450, line 5, from \$40,000.00 to \$38,000.00

Acct. No. 450, line 6, from \$829,435.00 to \$827,435.00

Acct. No. 510, line 2, from \$809,665.00 to \$771,110.00

Acct. No. 510, line 3, from \$297,440.00 to \$293,700.00

Acct. No. 510, line 6, from \$1,179,105.00 to \$1,136,810.00

# CHAPTER 7

(House Bill No. 609-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed January 20, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nineteen, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, authorizing the governor to transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation made to the department of welfare for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and requiring notices of transfer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nineteen, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. BUDGET DIVISION.

# §5A-2-19. Transfers between items of appropriation prohibited; exceptions.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the con-
- 2 trary except as to the authority of the state department
- 3 of highways contained in the budget act for fiscal year
- 4 one thousand nine hundred seventy-seventy-one re-
- 5 lating to items of appropriation, Account No. 670, and 6 except as provided in this section, there shall be no

- 7 transfer of amounts between items of appropriation, and
- 8 moneys appropriated for any particular purpose shall
- 9 not be spent by a spending unit for any other pur-10 pose.
- 11 Upon the written request of the commissioner of the
- 12 department of welfare, the governor may transfer
- 13 amounts between items of the total appropriation for
- 14 the department of welfare, Account No. 405, as appro-
- 15 priated for expenditure during the fiscal year one thou-
- 16 sand nine hundred seventy-one, by chapter one, acts of
- 17 the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand
- 18 nine hundred seventy. Notices of any such transfer shall
- 19 be sent to the state auditor, the state treasurer and the
- 20 legislative auditor.

# **CHAPTER 8**

(Senate Bill No. 147-By Mr. Hedrick)

[Passed February 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to unlawful acts of beer licensees and penalties thereof and changing the hours, other than in private clubs, during which beer may not be sold, given, dispensed, drunk or consumed in or on any licensed premises or in any rooms directly connected therewith.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

§11-16-13. Unlawful acts of licensees; penalties.

1 It shall be unlawfui:

- 2 (a) For any licensee, his, its or their servants, agents 3 or employees to sell, give or dispense, or any individual 4 to drink or consume, in or on any licensed premises 5 or in any rooms directly connected therewith, non-6 intoxicating beer on weekdays between the hours of 7 two o'clock a.m., and seven o'clock a.m., or between the 8 hours of two o'clock a.m., and one o'clock p.m., on any 9 Sunday, except in private clubs licensed under the pro-10 visions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code, where 11 the hours shall conform with the hours of sale of alcoholic 12 liquors;
  - (b) For any licensee, his, its or their servants, agents or employees, to sell, furnish or give any nonintoxicating beer to any person visibly or noticeably intoxicated, or to any insane person, or to any habitual drunkard, or to any person under the age of eighteen years;

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- (c) For any distributor to sell or offer to sell, or any retailer to purchase or receive, any nonintoxicating beer except for cash; and no right of action shall exist to 20 collect any claims for credit extended contrary to the 21 provisions of this subdivision. Nothing herein contained shall prohibit a licensee from crediting to a purchaser the actual price charged for packages or containers re-24 turned by the original purchaser as a credit on any sale, or from refunding to any purchaser the amount paid or deposited for such containers when title is retained by the vendor; 28
  - (d) For any brewer or distributor or his, its or their agents, to transport or deliver nonintoxicating beer to any retail licensee on Sunday;
- (e) For any brewer or distributor to give, furnish, rent or sell any equipment, fixtures, signs or supplies directly or indirectly or through a subsidiary or affiliate to any licensee engaged in selling products of the brewing industry at retail, or to offer any prize, premium, gift, or other similar inducement, except advertising matter of 37 nominal value, to either trade or consumer buyers: 38 Provided, That nothing contained herein shall prchibat 39 a distributor from offering for sale or ronting tanks 40 of carbonic gas; 41

- 42 (f) For any licensee to transport, sell, deliver or purchase any nonintoxicating beer or product of the brewing 43 44 industry upon which there shall appear a label or other informative data which in any manner refers to the 45 46 alcoholic content of such beer or product of the brewing 47 industry, or upon the label of which there appears the 48 word or words "strong," "full strength," "extra strength," "prewar strength," "high test" or other similar expressions bearing upon the alcoholic content of such product 51 of the brewing industry, or which refers in any manner 52 to the original alcoholic strength, extract or balling proof from which such beverage was produced, except 54 that such label shall contain a statement that the alcoholic content thereof does not exceed three and two-55 56 tenths percent by weight;
  - 57 (g) For any licensee to permit in his premises any 58 lewd, immoral or improper entertainment, conduct or 59 practice;

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- (h) For any licensee except the holder of a license to operate a private club issued under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code, to possess a federal license, tax receipt or other permit entitling, authorizing or allowing such licensee to sell liquor or alcoholic drinks;
- (i) For any licensee to obstruct the view of the interior of his premises by enclosure, lattice, drapes or any means which would prevent plain view of the patrons occupying such premises. The interior of all licensed premises shall be adequately lighted at all times: *Provided*, That provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the premises of a Class B retailer or to the premises of a private club licensed under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code;
- (j) For any licensee to manufacture, import, sell, trade, barter, possess, or acquiesce in the sale, possession or consumption of any alcoholic liquors on the premises covered by such license or on premises directly or indirectly used in connection therewith: *Provided*, That the prohibitions contained in this subdivision with respect to the selling or possessing or to the acquiescence

82 in the sale, possession or consumption of alcoholic liquors 83 shall not be applicable with respect to the holder of a license to operate a private club issued under the pro-84 85 visions of article seven, chapter sixty of this code:

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- (k) For any licensee to print, paint or place upon the door, window, or in any other public place in or about the premises, the word "saloon" or word of similar character or nature, or for the word "saloon" or similar words to be used in any advertisement by the licensee:
- (l) For any retail licensee to sell or dispense nonintoxicating beer purchased or acquired from any source other than a licensed distributor or brewer under the laws of this state:
- (m) For any licensee to permit loud, boisterous or 97 disorderly conduct of any kind upon his premises or to permit the use of loud musical instruments if either or 98 99 any of the same may disturb the peace and quietude of 1.00 the community wherein such business is located: Provided. 101 That no licensee shall have in connection with his place 102 of business any loudspeaker located on the outside of 103 the licensed premises that broadcasts or carries music 104 of any kind:
- 105 (n) For any person whose license has been revoked, 106 as in this article provided, to obtain employment with 107 any retailer within the period of one year from the date of such revocation, or for any retailer to employ know-108 109 ingly any such person within such time:
- 110 (o) For any distributor to sell, possess for sale, transport or distribute nonintoxicating beer except in the 111 112 original container;
- (p) For any licensee to permit any act to be done 113 upon the licensed premises, the commission of which 114 constitutes a crime under the laws of this state: 115
- (g) For any Class B retailer to permit the consump-116 tion of nonintoxicating beer upon his licensed premises: 117
- (r) For any licensee, his, its or their servants, agents. 118 or employees, or for any licensee by or through such 119 servants, agents or employees, to allow, suffer or permit 120

121 any person under the age of eighteen years to loiter in 122 or upon any licensed premises; except, however, that the provisions of this subdivision shall not apply where 124 such person under the age of eighteen years, is in, or upon such premises in the immediate company of his 125 126 or her parent or parents, or where and while such person 127 under the age of eighteen years is in, on or upon such premises for the purpose of and actually making a law-128 129 ful purchase of any items or commodities therein sold, 130 or for the purchase of and actually receiving any lawful service therein rendered, including the consumption 131 of any item of food, drink or soft drink therein lawfully 132 133 prepared and served or sold for consumption on such premises. 134

135 Any person who violates any provision of this article 136 or who makes any false statement concerning any material fact in submitting application for license or for 137 138 a renewal of a license or in any hearing concerning the revocation thereof, or who commits any of the acts 139 herein declared to be unlawful, shall be guilty of a 140 141. misdemeanor, and shall be punished for each offense 142 by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than 143 five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail 144 for not less than thirty days or more than six months, 145 or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of 146 the court. Justices of the peace shall have concurrent 147 jurisdiction with the circuit court, and any other courts having criminal jurisdiction in their county, for the 148 149 trial of all misdemeanors arising under this article.

# CHAPTER 9

(Senate Bill No. 197-By Mr. Fanning)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-b, relating to the sale of nonintoxicating beer, ale or other malt beverage; specifying certain unlawful acts of brewers, their distributors and their officers, agents and representatives; requiring all franchise agreements between a brewer and its distributors to be equitable, in writing and uniform; specifying certain provisions which must be contained in any such franchise agreement; providing that any such franchise agreement may not be cancelled, terminated or rescinded without due regard for the equities of the brewer and distributor and without just cause; providing that any such cancellation, termination or rescission shall not be effective for at least ninety days after written notice; authorizing court action with respect to the cancellation, termination or rescission of a franchise agreement for certain reasons; specifying that the bond of any brewer may be cancelled for any violation of the section; and authorizing court action to enjoin the cancellation, termination or rescission of any such franchise agreement.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article sixteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-b, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

# §11-16-13b. Unlawful acts of brewers and distributors; requirements as to franchise agreements; penalties; injunctions.

- (a) On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred 1 seventy-one, it shall be unlawful for any brewer to 2 transfer or deliver to a distributor any nonintoxicating 3 beer, ale or other malt beverage without first having 4 entered into an equitable franchise agreement with such 5 distributor, which franchise agreement shall be in writing. 6 shall be identical as to terms and conditions with all 7 other franchise agreements between such brewer and 8 its other distributors in this state, and which shall con-9
- 10 tain a provision in substance or effect as follows:

11 The brewer recognizes that the distributor is free to 12 manage his business in the manner the distributor deems 13 best, and that this prerogative vests in the distributor the exclusive right to establish his selling prices, to select 14 the brands of beer he wishes to handle, and to determine 15 the efforts and resources which the distributor will exert to develop and promote the sale of the brewer's 17 products handled by the distributor. However, since the 18 brewer does not expect that its products handled by 19 the distributor will be sold by others in the territory 20 assigned to the distributor, the brewer is dependent upon 21 the distributor alone for the sale of such products in said 22 23 territory. Consequently, the brewer expects that the distributor will price competitively the products handled 24 by the distributor, devote reasonable effort and resources 25 to the sale of such products and maintain a satisfactory 26 27 sales level.

(b) It shall also be unlawful:

- 29 (1) For any brewer or distributor, or any officer, 30 agent or representative of any brewer or distributor, to 31 coerce or persuade or attempt to coerce or persuade any person licensed to sell, distribute or job nonintoxicating 32 33 beer, ale or other malt beverage at wholesale or retail to enter into any contracts or agreements, whether written 34 or oral, or to take any other action, which will violate or 35 tend to violate any provision of this article or any of 36 the rules, regulations, standards, requirements or orders 37 of the commissioner promulgated as provided in section 38 39 fourteen of this article; or
  - 40 (2) For any brewer or distributor, or any officer, agent or representative of any brewer or distributor, to can-41 42 cel, terminate or rescind without due regard for the equities of such brewer or distributor, and without just 43 cause, any franchise agreement, whether oral or written, 44 and in the case of an oral franchise agreement, whether 45 the same was entered into on or before the effective 46 date of this section and prior to July one, one thousand 47 nine hundred seventy-one, and in the case of a franchise 48 agreement in writing, whether the same was entered 49 into on, before or subsequent to July one, one thousand 50

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- 51 nine hundred seventy-one. The cancellation, termination or rescission of any such franchise agreement shall not **52** 53 become effective for at least ninety days after written 54 notice of such cancellation, termination or rescission has been served on the affected party and the commission-55 56 er by certified mail, return receipt requested: Provided, That said ninety-day period and said notice of can-57 cellation, termination or rescission shall not apply if such 58 59 cancellation, termination or rescission is agreed to in writ-60 ing by both the brewer and the distributor involved.
  - (c) The violation of any provision of this section by any brewer shall constitute grounds for the forfeiture of the bond furnished by such brewer in accordance with the provisions of section five of this article. Moreover, any circuit court of the county in which a distributor's principal place of business is located shall have the jurisdiction and power to enjoin the cancellation, termination or rescission of any franchise agreement between a brewer and such distributor, and in granting an injunction to a distributor, the court shall provide that the brewer so enjoined shall not supply the customers or territory of the distributor while the injunction is in effect.

## **CHAPTER 10**

(Senate Bill No. 286-By Mr. Carrigan and Mr. Neeley)

[Passed March 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to investment of public funds and classes of securities in which funds may be invested.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

#### §12-6-9. Investments for periods in excess of one year.

- Notwithstanding the restrictions which may otherwise
- be provided by law as to the securities in which funds
- may be invested, funds made available for investment
- for periods in excess of one year may be invested by the
- board, without the approval of any other state agency
- or official other than as required in section six of this
- article, in the following classes of securities, and not
- 8 otherwise:
- 9 (a) Securities of the United States or agency thereof, or those guaranteed by, or for which the credit of the 10
- United States or agency thereof is pledged for the pay-11
- ment of the principal and interest thereof. 12
- (b) Direct general obligation securities of this state. 13
- or any other state or territory of the United States, or 14
- the District of Columbia, unconditionally guaranteed as 15
- to the principal and interest by such other state or terri-16
- tory of the United States, or the District of Columbia: 17
- 18 Provided, That (1) such other state, territory, or the
- District of Columbia has the power to levy taxes for 19
- the payment of the principal and interest of such securi-20
- ties, and (2) at the time of investment such other state, 21
- territory, or the District of Columbia is not in default 22
- in the payment of any part of the principal or interest 23
- owing by it upon any part of its funded indebtedness. 24
- (c) Securities issued by a federal land bank, or by a 25 federal intermediate credit bank, under the act of Con-26
- gress of July seventeen, one thousand nine hundred six-
- teen, known as the "Federal Farm Loan Act," as amended 28
- or supplemented from time to time, or by the federal 29
- home loan bank system, federal national mortgage as-30
- sociation, or banks for cooperatives. 31
- (d) Securities issued, assumed or unconditionally 32 guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction 33
- and Development, or Tennessee Valley Authority. 34
- (e) Any fixed interest bond, note or debenture of any 35 corporation organized and operating within the United 36
- States: Provided, That such corporation shall have a 37

38 minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its 39 securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on one or more of the national stock exchanges: Pro-40 41 vided, however, That (1) such corporation has earned a profit in eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as re-42 43 flected in its statements, and (2) such corporation has not defaulted in the payment of principal or interest on any 44 of its outstanding funded indebtedness during its pre-45 ceding ten fiscal years, and (3) the bonds, notes or deben-46 tures of such corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" 47 or the equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the 48 equivalent thereof by at least two or more nationally 49 50 recognized rating services, such as Standard and Poor's, Dun & Bradstreet, or Moody's. 51

52 (f) Any security that is secured by a first lien deed of trust or mortgage on real property situate within 53 this state, and that is either (1) insured by the federal 54 housing administration pursuant to provisions of the National Housing Act, as amended or supplemented from 56 time to time, or (2) guaranteed by the veterans admini-57 stration pursuant to provisions of Title 38, United States 58 59 Code, relating to veterans benefits, as amended or supplemented from time to time: Provided, That the board shall 60 not purchase any such security from anyone other than 61 62 a federal housing administration approved mortgagee. To facilitate and encourage the offering of such securities 63 to the board for its investment therein, the board shall 64 have the power and authority to make to any federal 65 housing administration approved mortgagee, at any time, 66 an advance written commitment and obligation, binding 67 upon the board and its funds, for the future purchase of 68 such securities in such amount or amounts, at such price 69 or prices, and at such future time or times as the board 70 may in its discretion deem to be for the best interests of 71 the fund, and all purchases of such securities shall be 72 made pursuant to such a commitment and obligation: 73 Provided, however, That the board shall make no com-74 mitment and obligation to purchase any such securities **7**5 except in specified amounts of two hundred fifty thou-76 sand dollars or more as the aggregate of the unpaid prin-77

78 cipal balances owing on such securities at the time of purchase thereof. No such commitment and obligation 79 shall be valid or binding for more than eighteen months 80 after the date thereof. To facilitate preservation of the 81 value of such securities and of the real property securing 82 83 the same, the board shall have the further power and authority to make with any federal housing administra-84 tion approved mortgagee from whom such a security is 85 purchased a contract under which the mortgagee shall be 86 authorized, empowered and obligated to service a loan 87 represented by the security, and to pay such mortgagee 88 for its services a monthly fee not in excess of the rate of 89 one twelfth of one half of one per centum per annum of 90 the unpaid principal balance of the loan represented by 91 92 the security.

(g) Promissory notes secured by federal loan insurance 93 on loans made to students pursuing programs of higher 94 education or programs of vocational education pursuant 95 to Title IV Part "B" of the Higher Education Act of 1965, 96 as heretofore or hereafter amended: Provided, That there 97 shall be no investment in any such promissory notes exe-98 cuted by nonresidents of the state of West Virginia unless 99 100 such nonresidents are enrolled in good standing in a 101 West Virginia institution of higher education or qualified 102 vocational school or have made application to and have been accepted by such institution or vocational school: 103 And provided further. That there shall be no investment 104 in any such promissory notes executed pursuant to loans 105 106 made prior to the effective date of this section.

# **CHAPTER 11**

(House Bill No. 643-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed February 8, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia state board of investments and providing that

such board shall not invest more than seventy-five percent of each separate fund placed with it for investment in corporate bonds, notes or debentures.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article six, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENTS. §12-6-11. Purchase, sale or exchange of securities; restrictions.

- The board shall not invest more than five percent of 2 each fund placed with it for investment in any bonds,
- notes or debentures of any one corporation meeting the
- requirements of subdivision (e) of section nine of this 5 article; nor shall the board invest more than seventy-five
- 6 percent of each separate fund placed with it for invest-
- ment in bonds, notes or debentures of corporations meet-
- ing the requirements of subdivision (e) of section nine of
- this article.
- Securities purchased or held under the provisions of 10
- this article may be sold or exchanged for other securities: 11
- Provided, That (1) no security shall be purchased, sold 12
- or exchanged without the concurrence of a majority of
- all members of the board, (2) no security shall be pur-14
- chased at a price above, nor sold or exchanged at a price 15
- below, its prevailing fair market value, (3) no security 16
- shall be purchased, sold, or exchanged for the purpose 17 of aiding any individual, firm or corporation by the pay-
- 18 ment of brokerage commissions or fees thereto, (4) no 19
- security shall be received in exchange which does not 20
- comply with the requirements of section nine or ten of
- 21
- 22 this article, and (5) the board shall not engage in any
- arbitrage practices. 23

# **CHAPTER 12**

(House Bill No. 1101-By Mr. Jones, of Kanawha, and Mrs. Given)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter forty-nine of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, providing that the prosecuting attorney in counties having a population in excess of two hundred thousand shall represent petitioners in juvenile proceedings; full-time assistants to appear before juvenile court; county court to provide office space for assistants.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. JUVENILE COURTS.

§49-5-13a. Petitioning juvenile court for disposition of suspected delinquents—Prosecuting attorney shall represent petitioner.

- 1 The prosecuting attorney, in counties having a popula-
- 2 tion in excess of two hundred thousand, shall represent
- 3 the petitioner in all juvenile proceedings before the court
- 4 or judge having juvenile jurisdiction in such counties.
- 5 The prosecuting attorney shall assign one or more full-
- 6 time assistants for the purpose of representing said peti-
- 7 tioners.
- 8 The county court shall provide office space in or near
- 9 the juvenile court for the assistant prosecuting attorney.

# **CHAPTER 13**

(House Bill No. 865-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed February 26, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article two, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the court of claims and the compensation of the judges thereof and

the number of days each such judge may serve during any one fiscal year.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article two, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

#### §14-2-8. Compensation of judges of court of claims; expenses.

- Each judge of the court shall receive one hundred dol-
- 2 lars for each day actually served, and actual expenses
- 3 incurred in the performance of his duties. The number
- 4 of days served by each judge shall not exceed one hun-
- 5 dred in any fiscal year, except by authority of the joint
- 6 committee on government and finance. Requisitions for
- 7 compensation and expenses shall be accompanied by
- 8 sworn and itemized statements, which shall be filed with
- 9 the auditor and preserved as public records. For the
- 10 purpose of this section, time served shall include time
- 11 spent in the hearing of claims, in the consideration of
- 12 the record, in the preparation of opinions, and in necessary
- 13 travel.

# **CHAPTER 14**

(House Bill No. 1121-By Mr. Kincaid and Mr. Buck)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state, and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of highways; office of the governor; West Virginia board of regents; department of motor vehicles; department of mental health; department of natural resources; and department of public institutions, to be

# moral obligations of the state, and directing payment thereof.

thorough
1 The Legislature has considered the findings of fact and
2 recommendations reported to it by the court of claims
3 concerning various claims against the state and agencies
4 thereof, and in respect to each of the following claims
5 the Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own,
6 and hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the 7 state to pay each such claim in the amount specified
8 below, and directs the auditor to issue warrants for the
9 payment thereof out of any fund appropriated and avail-
10 able for the purpose.
11 (a) Claims against the department of highways:
12 (1) Equitable Gas Company\$ 254.90
13 (2) Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Lewis 50.00
14 (3) Sam Melvin 11.00
(-,
15 (4) C. J. Langenfelder & Son, Inc 191,701.42 16 (5) Harold E. Price 81.24
20 (0, 22
17 (6) M & M Construction Co. 27,095.75
18 (7) Monongahela Power Co 189.67
19 (8) Olaf Humphrey 128.24
20 (9) Chesapeake & Ohio Railway 1,297.20
21 (10) Dale E. Olive 1,071.27
22 (11) Mrs. Jessie P. Randall 139.88
23 (12) State Farm Mutual Automobile In-
24 surance Co., assignee to Sarah
25 G. Romans
26 (13) Frank Fedorka
27 (14) Lowell C. Shinn 409.87
28 (15) Gerald S. Swiger 423.49
29 (16) Everett and Betty Miller 936.25
30 (17) Jerry K. and Anne B. Caldwell 1,497.00
31 (18) Lemuel L. and Estelle Warden 3,000.00
32 (19) Charleston Concrete Floor
33 Company, Inc 299.93
34 (20) State Farm Mutual Automobile
35 Insurance Co 105.46

Ch.	[5] Claims Against the State 117
<b>3</b> 6	(21) Esdel B. and Sylvia J. Yost 355.00
37	(22) Joyce J. Droddy Ayers 10,000.00
38	(23) Charles E. Talbert 40.17
39	(24) Robert Lee Holley 56.14
<b>4</b> 0	(b) Claim against the office of the governor:
41	(1) Pitney-Bowes, Inc\$ 90.05
42	(c) Claim against the West Virginia board of regents:
43	(1) Helen I. Wotkiewicz 1,258.00
44	(d) Claim against the department of motor vehicles:
45	(1) West Virginia Business Forms, Inc. 249.97
46	(e) Claim against the department of mental health:
47	(1) Betsy Ross Bakeries, Inc 841.10
48	(f) Claim against the department of natural resources:
49	(1) W. M. McClintic
<b>50</b>	(g) Claim against the department of public institutions:
51	(1) Cecil Smith, Jr 3,000.00
52	The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations
53	and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall
<b>54</b> 55	be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior to the payment to any claimant provided for in this bill,
56	the court of claims shall receive a release from said claim-
5 <b>7</b>	ant releasing any and all claims for moral obligations
58	arising from the matters considered by the Legislature
59	in the finding of the moral obligations and the making of
60	the appropriations for said claimant. The court of claims
61	shall deliver all releases obtained from claimants to the department against which the claim was allowed.
62	department against which the claim was answed.

# **CHAPTER 15**

(House Bill No. 1173-By Mr. Kincaid and Mr. Buck)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state, and

directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of mental health; West Virginia board of regents; and department of public institutions, to be moral obligations of the state, and directing payment thereof.

The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact 1 that the state has received the benefit of the commodities 2 and services rendered by certain claimants herein and has considered claims against the state and agencies thereof 4 5 which have arisen due to over-expenditures of departmental appropriations by officers of certain state spending 6 units, such claims having been previously considered by 7 the court of claims which also found that the state has received the benefit of the commodities and services rendered by each claimant, but were denied by the court of 10 claims on the purely statutory grounds that to allow such 11 claims would be condoning illegal acts contrary to the 12 laws of the state. The Legislature, pursuant to its findings 13 of fact and also by the adoption of the findings of fact by 14 the court of claims as its own, and, while not condoning 15 such illegal acts, hereby declares it to be the moral obli-16 gation of the state to pay each such claim in the amount 17 specified below, and directs the auditor to issue war-18 rants upon receipt of a properly executed requisition sup-19 ported by an itemized invoice, statement or other satis-20 factory document as required by chapter twelve, article 21 three, section ten of the code of West Virginia, one thou-22 sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the pay-23 ment thereof out of any fund appropriated and available 24 for the purpose and hereby directs the attorney general to 25 review the bonds executed by all public officials and em-26 ployees who are in any way responsible for the state 27 spending units which have overspent departmental ap-28 propriations, and where it appears feasible, to institute 29 proper legal proceedings to recover for the state sums 30 equal to the claims specified below, and in instances where 31 the attorney general determines that such legal proceed-32 ings are not feasible, to report to the legislative auditor on 33

34 35 36	in the year	e beginning of the regular legislative one thousand nine hundred seventy- such legal proceedings are not feasib	two, the
37	(a) Clain	ns against the department of mental	health:
38	(1)	Airkem Sales and Service\$	630.00
39	(2)	Odorite Service and Supply	
40		Company	1,673.40
41	(3)	McCormick Office Supplies, Inc	77.10
<b>42</b>	(4)	Riverside Paper Company, Inc.	178.07
43	(5)	Laird Office Equipment Company	98.83
44	(6)	Guthrie-Morris-Campbell Company	1,813.40
<b>4</b> 5	(7)	Southern Chemical Company	1,217.80
46	(8)	Tri-State Drug Company	166.36
47	(9)	Copco Papers, Inc.	299.52
<b>48</b>	(10)	Copco Papers, Inc.	224.64
<b>49</b>	(11)	Fry Brothers Company	<b>16</b> 8. <b>00</b>
<b>50</b>	(12)	Fry Brothers Company	605.00
51	(13)	Union 76-Pure Oil Division	824.94
<b>52</b>	(14)	Vaughan's Termite Control	
53		Company	290.00
54	(15)	S. B. Wallace and Company	120.00
55	(16)	Oxford Chemicals	1,155.75
<b>56</b>	(17)	Spencer Business Forms Company,	4== 00
57		Inc	175.03
58	(18)	Armour and Company	865.54
<b>59</b>	(19)	Odorite Service & Supply	112.90
60	(20)	Willard C. Starcher, Inc.	70.20
61	(21)	McCormick Office Supply, Inc.	183.52
62	(22)	Goldsmit-Black, Inc.	269.04
63	(23)	Goldsmit-Black, Inc.	136.60
64	(24)	Goldsmit-Black, Inc.	48.00
65	(25)	Mallinckrodt Chemical Works	673.20
66	(26)	Industrious Blind Enterprise	269.40
67	(27)	Appalantic Corporation	<b>12,252.72</b>
<b>6</b> 8	(28)	Ohio Valley Office Equipment	500.55
69	(29)	Will Ross, Inc.	126.70

120	CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE	[Ch. 15
70	(30) Noe Office Equipment	15.55
71	(31) The Medical Arts Supply Com-	
72	pany, Inc.	94.96
73	(32) Roche Laboratories	1,466.80
74	(33) Raybestos-Manhattan, Inc	
75	Revolite Division	390.00
76	(34) Accounting Supplies and Systems,	25.05
77	Inc	25.95
78	(35) Bell Lines, Inc.	64.75
79	(36) Economic Laboratories	29.82
80	(37) Harry W. Higgins General Store	49.20
81	(38) Merck Sharp & Dohme	26.46
82	(39) Shouldis Department Store	472.86
83	(40) DuBois Chemicals	809.06
84	(41) Eaton Laboratories	85.50
85	(42) Sandoz-Wander, Inc.	146.85
86	(43) The Crocker-Fels Company	182.66
87	(44) Acme Cotton Products Company,	
88	Inc	533.12
89	(45) William H. Rorer, Inc.	109.96
90	(46) Lederle Laboratories	264.00
91	(47) Scientific Products	345.89
92	(48) Martini Packing Company	745.53
93	(49) Smith, Kline & French Company _	261.32
94	(50) A. B. Dick Products Company	
95	(51) Storck Baking Company	247.60
96	(53) Karoll's, Inc	1,796.48
97	(54) William J. Swearingen	500.00
98	(55) Charles V. Selby, Jr.	200.00
99	(56) Granville H. Lance	500.00
100	(57) K. V. Pathology, Inc.	1,500.00
101	(58) Mt. Clare Provision Company	
102	(59) Dowling Pool Company	
102	(60) St. Joseph's Hospital	
103	(61) St. Joseph's Hospital	
	(62) St. Joseph's Hospital	
105	(02) Di. Godephi Liospieci	

Ch.	16]		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS	121
106		(63)	St. Joseph's Hospital	9.25
107		(64)	St. Joseph's Hospital	<b>15.00</b>
108		(65)	St. Joseph's Hospital	1,160.38
109		(66)	St. Joseph's Hospital	28.00
110		(67)	The Red Head Oil Company	52.75
111		(68)	Picker X Ray	347.16
112		(69)	Empire Foods, Inc.	494.70
113		(70)	General Electric Company	2,594.82
114		(71)	Kellogg Sales Company	547.70
115		(72)	James Produce Company	572.97
116		(73)	Fairmont Foods Company	1,310.34
117		(74)	Union Oil Company of California _	302.24
118		(75)	Standard Brands Sales Company	1,290.40
119		(76)	Ace Exterminators, Inc.	160.00
120		(77)	A. B. Dick Products Company	211.60
121		(78)	Capitol Paper Supply, Inc.	382.80
122		(79)	Genuine Parts Co. of W. Va	94.39
123		(80)	Noe Office Equipment	281.68
124		(81)	The Universal Supply Co	172.14
125		(82)	McGlothin Printing Co	5 <b>4</b> 6.7 <b>6</b>
126	(b)	Clair	ns against West Virginia board of	
127	, ,	reg	ents:	
128		(1)	Appalachian Power Company	
129		(2)	Potomac Edison Company of W. Va.	5,170.2 <b>4</b>
130		(3)	Utilities, Inc.	4,915.82
131	(c)	Clain	ns against the department of public	
132		ins	titutions:	
133		(1)	Crook's Wholesale Food Company	1,657.90
			_	

# **CHAPTER 16**

(House Bill No. 929-By Mr. Loop and Mr. Fantasia)

[Passed March 6, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, chapter one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine

hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the number of members to which the state is entitled in the House of Representatives of the United States Congress and arranging the counties of the state into districts for the election thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two, chapter one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATION.

#### §1-2-3. Congressional districts.

- 1 The number of members to which the state is entitled
- 2 in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the
- 3 United States shall be apportioned among the several
- 4 counties of the state, arranged into four congressional
- 5 districts, numbered as follows:
- 6 First District: Brooke, Doddridge, Hancock, Harrison,
- 7 Marion, Marshall, Ohio, Pleasants, Tyler, Wetzel and
- 8 Wood.
- 9 Second District: Barbour, Berkeley, Fayette, Grant,
- 10 Greenbrier, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Lewis, Mineral,
- 11 Monongalia, Monroe, Morgan, Pendleton, Pocahontas,
- 12 Preston, Randolph, Summers, Taylor, Tucker, Upshur
- 13 and Webster.
- 14 Third District: Boone, Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Gil-
- 15 mer, Jackson, Kanawha, Lincoln, Mason, Nicholas, Put-
- 16 nam, Ritchie, Roane and Wirt.
- 17 Fourth District: Cabell, Logan, McDowell, Mercer,
- 18 Mingo, Raleigh, Wayne and Wyoming.

## **CHAPTER 17**

(Senate Bill No. 74-Originating in the Senate Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed February 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to provide for the submission to the voters of the state of an amendment to the constitution of the state of West Virginia, amending section two, article fourteen thereof, relating to making amendments to the state constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CONSTITUTIONAL IMPROVEMENT AMENDMENT.

- §1. Submitting an amendment to the state constitution.
- §2. Amendment to be known as the "Constitutional Improvement Amendment"; statement of purpose.
- §3. Publication of proposed amendment by governor.
- §4. Form of ballot; election.
- §5. Certificates of election commissioners; canvass of vote; certifying result.
- §6. Proclamation of result of election by governor.

#### §1. Submitting an amendment to the state constitution.

- 1 That the question of the ratification or rejection of an
- 2 amendment to the constitution of the state of West Vir-
- 3 ginia, proposed in accordance with the provisions of
- 4 section two, article fourteen of said constitution, shall
- 5 be submitted to the voters of the state at the next general
- 6 election, to be held in the year one thousand nine hun-
- 7 dred seventy-two, which proposed amendment is that
- 8 section two, article fourteen of the constitution of the
- 9 state of West Virginia, be amended to read as follows:

#### "ARTICLE XIV. AMENDMENTS.

#### "§2. How amendments are made.

- 1 "Any amendment to the Constitution of the State may
  - 2 be proposed in either House of the Legislature at any
  - 3 regular or extraordinary session thereof; and if the
  - 4 same, being read on three several days in each House.
  - 5 be agreed to on its third reading, by two thirds of the
  - 6 members elected thereto, the proposed amendment, with
  - 7 the yeas and nays thereon, shall be entered on the Jour-
  - 8 nals, and it shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide
  - 9 by law for submitting the same to the voters of the
- 10 State for ratification or rejection, at a special election,
- 11 or at the next general election thereafter, and cause the
- 12 same to be published, at least three months before such
- 13 election in some newspaper in every county in which a
- 14 newspaper is printed. And if a majority of the qualified
- 15 voters, voting on the question at the polls held pursuant
- 16 to such law, ratify the proposed amendment, it shall be

17 in force from the time of such ratification, as part of the Constitution of the State. If two or more amend-18 19 ments be submitted at the same time, the vote on the 20 ratification or rejection shall be taken on each separately, 21 but an amendment may relate to a single subject or to related subject matters and may amend or modify as 22 many articles and as many sections of the Constitution 23 24 as may be necessary and appropriate in order to accomplish the objectives of the amendment. Whenever one 25 or more amendments are submitted at a special election, 26 no other question, issue or matter shall be voted upon 27 28 at such special election, and the cost of such special election throughout the State shall be paid out of the State 29 30 Treasury."

#### §2. Amendment to be known as the "Constitutional Improvement Amendment"; statement of purpose.

In accordance with the provisions of section thirteen, article six, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, said proposed amendment is hereby designated as the "Constitutional Improvement Amendment," and the purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows:

"To authorize proposed amendments to the West Virginia Constitution to be voted upon by the voters at special elections as well as general elections."

#### §3. Publication of proposed amendment by governor.

The governor shall cause the said proposed amend-1 ment, with the proper designation and the summary of 2 the purpose for the same as hereinbefore adopted and stated, to be published one time at least three months before such election in some newspaper in every county 5 in which a newspaper is printed, and the cost of such 6 advertising, determined in accordance with the provi-7 sions of section three, article three, chapter fifty-nine 8 of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred 9 thirty-one, as amended, shall in the first instance, if 10 found necessary by him, be paid out of the governor's 11 contingent fund and be afterwards repaid to such fund 12 by appropriation of the Legislature. 13

#### §4. Form of ballot; election.

1 For the purpose of enabling the voters of the state to 2 vote on the question of this proposed amendment to the 3 constitution and any other proposed amendments to the constitution which may be submitted at the said gen-4 eral election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, the board of ballot commissioners 6 of each county is hereby required to place upon and at the foot of the official ballot to be voted at that election. 9 under the heading reading "Ballot on Constitutional Amendment(s)," in the first position under said head-10 11 ing, the following: No. 1. Constitutional Improvement Amendment.

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13 For

14 Against

The said election on the proposed amendment at each 15 place of voting shall be superintended, conducted and 16 returned, and the result thereof ascertained by the same 17 officers and in the same manner as the election of offi-18 cers to be voted for at said election, and all the pro-19 visions of the law relating to general elections, includ-20 ing all duties to be performed by any officer or board, 21 as far as practicable, and not inconsistent with any-22 thing herein contained, shall apply to the election held 23 under the provisions of this act, except when it is here-24 in otherwise provided. The ballots cast on the question 25 of said proposed amendment shall be counted as other 26 ballots cast at said election.

#### §5. Certificates of election commissioners; canvass of vote; certifying result.

As soon as the result is ascertained, the commissioners, 1 or a majority of them, and the canvassers (if there be any), or a majority of them, at each place of voting, shall make out and sign two certificates thereof in the follow-4 ing form or to the following effect: 5 "We, the undersigned, who acted as commissioners (or 6 canvassers, as the case may be) of the election held at 7 Precinct No. ....., in the district of ....., in 9 the county of ...... day of

10	, one thousand nine hundred seventy-
	wo, upon the question of the ratification or rejection of
	he proposed constitutional amendment, do hereby certify
13 t	hat the result of said election is as follows:
14	"Amendment No. 1. Constitutional Improvement
15 A	Amendment.
16	"For the amendmentvotes.
17	"Against the amendment votes.
18	"Given under our hands this day of,
19 c	one thousand nine hundred seventy-two."
20	The said two certificates shall correspond with each other
21 i	n all respects and contain the full and true returns in said
	election at each place of voting on said question. The said
	commissioners, or any one of them (or said canvassers or
	any one of them, as the case may be), shall, within four
	days, excluding Sunday, after that on which said election
	was held, deliver one of said certificates to the clerk of the
	county court of the county, together with the ballots, and
	the other to the clerk of the circuit court of the county.
29 30	The said certificates, together with the ballots cast on
	the question of said proposed amendment, shall be laid be- fore the commissioners of the county court at the court-
	house at the same time the ballots, poll books and the
	certificates of election of the members of the Legislature
	are laid before them; and as soon as the result of said
	election in the county upon the question of such ratifica-
36	tion or rejection is ascertained, two certificates of such
	result shall be made out and signed by said commissioners
	as a board of canvassers, in the form or to the following
39	effect:
40	"We, the board of canvassers of the county of
41	having carefully and impartially examined the
42	returns of the election held in said county, in each district
43	thereof, on the day of November, one thousand nine
44	1 1 1
45	hundred seventy-two, do certify that the result of the
AC	election in said county, on the question of the ratification
46 47	hundred seventy-two, do certify that the result of the election in said county, on the question of the ratification or rejection of the proposed amendment is as follows:  "Amendment No. 1. Constitutional Improvement

49	"For the amendment votes.
50	"Against the amendment votes.
51	"Given under our hands this day of,
52	one thousand nine hundred seventy-two."
53	One of the certificates shall be filed in the office of the
54	clerk of the county court, and the other forwarded by
55	mail to the secretary of state, who shall file and preserve
56	the same until the day on which the result of said election
5 <b>7</b>	in the state is to be ascertained, as hereinafter stated.

#### §6. Proclamation of result of election by governor.

On the twenty-fifth day after the election is held, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the said certificates shall be laid before the governor, whose duty it shall be to ascertain therefrom the result of said election in the state, and declare the same by proclamation published in one or more newspapers printed in the seat of government, the cost of such publication to be determined in accordance with the provisions of section three, article three, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. If a majority of the votes cast at said election upon said question be for ratification of said amendment, the proposed amendment so ratified shall be in force and effect from and after the time of such ratification as part of the constitution of the state.

# **CHAPTER 18**

(House Bill No. 1094-By Mr. Steptoe and Mr. Potter)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections sixty-three and sixty-three-a, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the consolidation or merger of domestic corporations and to the consolidation or merger of a domestic corporation with a foreign corporation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections sixty-three and sixty-three-a, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 1. PROVISIONS RELATING TO CORPORATIONS GENERALLY.

§31-1-63. Consolidation or merger of domestic corporations.

§31-1-63a. Consolidation or merger of domestic with foreign corporations.

#### §31-1-63. Consolidation or merger of domestic corporations.

1 Any two or more corporations organized under the provisions of this chapter, or existing under the laws of this state, for the purpose of carrying on any kind 4 of business, may consolidate or merge into a single corporation which may be any one of such constituent corporations or a new corporation to be formed by means 7 of such consolidation or merger as shall be specified in 8 the agreement hereinafter required. The directors, or a 9 majority of them, of such corporations as desire to consolidate or merge, may enter into an agreement signed 11 by them and under the corporate seals of the respective 12 corporations, which agreement shall state: (1) The terms and conditions of the consolidation or merger; (2) the mode of carrying the same into effect; (3) such other provisions or facts required or permitted by this article 15 to be stated in an agreement of incorporation as can be stated in the case of a consolidation or merger, stated in such altered form as the circumstances of the case require; (4) the manner of converting the shares of each of the constituent corporations into shares or other securities of the corporation surviving or resulting from 21 the consolidation or merger and, if any shares of any of the constituent corporations are not to be converted solely into shares or other securities of the surviving or resulting corporation, the amount of cash or securities of any other corporation, or other property, which the holders of such shares are to receive in exchange for such shares or upon their conversion and the surrender of the certificates evidencing such shares, which cash

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and securities of any other corporation, or other property, 31 may be in addition to or in lieu of the shares or other 32 securities of the surviving or resulting corporation; and 33 (5) such other details or provisions as are deemed de-34 sirable, including, without limiting the generality of the 35 foregoing, a provision for the payment of cash in lieu 36 of the issuance of fractional shares of the surviving or 37 resulting corporation or of any other corporation the 38 securities of which are to be received in the consolidation 39 or merger.

**4**0 Such agreement shall be submitted to the stockholders of each constituent corporation, at a meeting thereof, 41 42 called separately for the purpose of taking the same into consideration; of the time, place and object of which 43 meeting due notice shall be given by publication as a 44 **4**5 Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the pro-46 visions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the 47 county wherein each such corporation either has its 48 49 principal office or conducts its business. A copy of such notice shall also be mailed to the last known post-office 50 51 address of each stockholder of each such corporation, at least twenty days prior to the date of such meeting: Pro-52 vided, That in the consolidation or merger of banking 53 institutions as defined in this chapter, in the case of 54 emergency, and upon the order of the commissioner of 55 banking, the meeting may be held upon at least twelve 56 hours' notice sent by mail or telegraph to the last known 57 post-office address of each stockholder, and without pub-58 59 lication.

At any such stockholders' meeting of any corporation said agreement shall be considered and a vote by ballot, in person or by proxy, taken for the adoption or rejection of the same, each share entitling the holder thereof to one vote; and if the votes of stockholders of each such corporation representing two thirds of the total number of shares of its capital stock then issued and outstanding shall be for the adoption of such agreement, then that fact shall be certified on such agreement by the secretary of each such corporation under the seal there-

of; and the agreement so adopted and certified shall be 70 signed by the president and secretary of each of such 71 corporations under the corporate seals thereof and ac-73 knowledged by the president of each of such corpora-74 tions before any officer authorized by the laws of this state to take acknowledgments of deeds to be the respective act, deed and agreement of each of such corporations, 76 and the agreement so certified and acknowledged shall 77 be filed in the office of the secretary of state, and shall 78 thence be taken and deemed to be the agreement and 79 80 act of consolidation or merger of the said corporations; 81 and a copy of such agreement and act of consolidation or merger, duly certified by the secretary of state un-82 83 der the seal of his office, shall also be recorded in the 84 offices of the clerks of the county courts of the counties 85 of this state in which the respective corporations so con-86 solidating or merging shall have their original certificates 87 of incorporation recorded, if any, or if any of the corporations shall have been specially created by a public act 88 89 of the Legislature, then such agreement shall be recorded in the county where such corporation shall have had 90 91 its principal place of business, if any, and such record, or a certified copy thereof, shall be evidence of the agree-92 ment and act of consolidation or merger of such corpo-93 94 rations, and of the observance and performance of all acts and conditions necessary to have been observed and 95 performed precedent to such consolidation or merger. 96

97 On such date as shall be specified in such agreement, or if no effective date is specified in such agreement, on 98 the date such certified copy of said agreement is issued 99 by the secretary of state, for all purposes of the laws of 100 this state, the separate existence of all the constituent 101 corporations, parties to said agreement, or of all such con-102 stituent corporations except the one into which the other 103 or others of such constituent corporations have been 104 merged, or consolidated, as the case may be, shall cease 105 and the constituent corporations shall become a new 106 corporation, or be merged into one of such corporations, 107 as the case may be, in accordance with the provisions 108 of said agreement, possessing all the rights, privileges, 109

110 powers, franchises and trust and fiduciary duties, powers 111 and obligations, as well of a public as of a private nature, 112 and being subject to all the restrictions, disabilities and 113 duties of each of such corporations so consolidated or 114 merged, and all and singular the rights, privileges, 115 powers, franchises, and trust and fiduciary rights, powers, 116 duties and obligations, of each of said corporations; and all property, real, personal and mixed, and all debts 117 118 due to any of said constituent corporations on whatever 119 account, as well for stock subscriptions as all other things 120 in action or belonging to each of such corporations shall 121 be vested in the corporation resulting from or sur-122 viving such consolidation or merger; and all property, 123 rights, privileges, powers and franchises, and all and 124 every other interest shall be thereafter as effectually 125 the property of the resulting or surviving corporation as 126 they were of the several and respective constituent corporations; and the title to any real estate, whether 127 128 vested by deed or otherwise, under the laws of this 129 state, vested in any of such constituent corporations, shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of this 130 chapter: Provided, That all rights of creditors and all 131 liens upon any property of any of said constituent corpo-132 rations shall be preserved unimpaired, and all debts, lia-133 bilities and duties of the respective constituent corpo-134 rations shall thenceforth attach to said resulting or sur-135 136 viving corporation, and may be enforced against it to to the same extent as if said debts, liabilities and duties 137 had been incurred or contracted by it. 138

#### §31-1-63a. Consolidation or merger of domestic with foreign corporations.

1 Any one or more corporations organized under the provisions of this chapter, or existing under the laws of this state, may consolidate or merge with one or more 4 other corporations organized under the laws of any other state or states of the United States of America, if the 6 laws under which said other corporation or corporations are formed shall permit such consolidation or merger. 8 The constituent corporations may merge into a single

corporation, which may be any one of said constituent

10 corporations, or they may consolidate to form a new corporation, which may be a corporation of the state of 11 incorporation of any one of said constituent corporations 12 as shall be specified in the agreement hereinafter re-13 quired. All the constituent corporations shall enter into an agreement of consolidation or merger, which agree-15 ment shall state: (1) The terms and conditions of the 16 consolidation or merger; (2) the mode of carrying the 17 same into effect; (3) the manner of converting the shares 18 of each of the constituent corporations into shares or other securities of the corporation surviving or resulting 20 21 from the consolidation or merger and, if any shares of any of the constituent corporations are not to be con-22 verted solely into shares or other securities of the sur-23 24 viving or resulting corporation, the amount of cash or securities of any other corporation, or other property, 25 which the holders of such shares are to receive in ex-26 27 change for such shares or upon their conversion and the 28 surrender of the certificates evidencing such shares, which cash or securities of any other corporation, or other prop-29 30 erty, may be in addition to or in lieu of the shares or other securities of the surviving or resulting corporation; 31 32 and (4) such other details or provisions as are deemed desirable, including, without limiting the generality of 33 34 the foregoing, a provision for the payment of cash in lieu of the issuance of fractional shares of the surviving or 35 resulting corporation or of any other corporation the 36 37 securities of which are to be received in the consolidation or merger. There shall also be set forth in the agree-38 ment such other matters or provisions as shall be required 39 40 to be set forth in certificates of incorporation by the laws of the state which are stated in the agreement to 41 be the laws that shall govern the surviving or resulting 42 corporation and that can be stated in the case of a merger 43 or consolidation. Said agreement shall be authorized, 44 adopted, approved, signed and acknowledged by each of 45 said constituent corporations in accordance with the laws 46 under which it is formed and, in the case of a West 47 Virginia corporation, in the manner provided in section 48 sixty-three of this article. The agreement so authorized, 49

50 adopted, approved, signed and acknowledged shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state and a copy 51 thereof, certified by the secretary of state, shall be 52 53 recorded as provided in section sixty-three of this article 54 with respect to the consolidation or merger of corpora-55 tions of this state; and said agreement shall become effec-56 tive on such date as shall be specified in such agreement, or if no effective date is specified in such agreement, on 57 the date such certified copy of said agreement is issued 58 by the secretary of state, and shall thenceforth be taken 59 60 and deemed to be the agreement and act of consolidation or merger of said constituent corporations for all pur-61 62 poses of the laws of this state.

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Wherever the laws of another state than West Virginia are selected as the laws which shall govern the merged or consolidated corporation, such surviving corporation shall comply with the provisions of section seventy-nine, of this article, as last amended, before it holds property or transacts business in this state, and thereafter shall comply with the laws of this state with respect to foreign corporations holding property or transacting business in this state.

### **CHAPTER 19**

(House Bill No. 533-By Mr. Steptoe)

[Passed February 22, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-three, twenty-five and forty-two, article six, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-three, all relating to building and loan associations, default by borrowers, contingent reserves, rights and powers of associations, and their authority to make certain loans and investments.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-three, twenty-five and forty-two, article six, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-three, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 6. BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

- §31-6-23. Default by borrower; acceleration of maturity; realizing on security.
- §31-6-25. Amount and purpose of contingent reserve; undivided profit account.
- §31-6-42. State associations to have same rights, powers, etc., as federal associations as to savings accounts.
- §31-6-43. Certain building and loan associations may make loans and investments permitted to be made by federal savings and loan associations doing business in this state.

#### §31-6-23. Default by borrower; acceleration of maturity; realizing on security.

- Whenever any borrower on a direct reduction basis shall
- fail or neglect to pay his contracted monthly install-
- ments, or whenever any borrower on a loan secured by
- shares shall fail or neglect to pay dues, interest, premium,
- or fines, as provided by the bylaws or the terms of his
- obligation, bond, mortgage, or deed of trust or other 6
- evidence of indebtedness, for a period of thirty days, or
- shall be in default in the performance of any of the ob-
- ligations imposed upon him thereby, then the whole of
- said indebtedness shall become and be immediately due 10
- and payable at the option of the association. Any shares 11
- 12 pledged as security for such loan may be declared can-
- 13 celled and their withdrawal value at the time of said
- 14 declaration applied as a payment on the loan, and such
- 15 shares shall revert to the association. The balance or
- 16 the amount due, with interest and premium, fines, and
- other charges thereon, may be enforced by proceedings
- on the defaulting borrower's security according to law.

#### §31-6-25. Amount and purpose of contingent reserve; undivided profit account.

- Every building and loan association shall set aside out
- 2 of its earnings a contingent reserve. Until such time as

the contingent reserve equals ten percent of the assets 3 4 of the association, the association shall, at each dividend date, transfer to such contingent reserve a credit equivalent to at least five percent of the net earnings of the 6 association for the period since the previous dividend 7 date. The preceding requirement shall not apply to any 8 9 building and loan association which is an insured institution and whose accounts are insured by the federal 10 savings and loan insurance corporation. Such contingent 11 12 reserve shall be used only for the purpose of making 13 good to the association losses suffered on loans and ex-14 penses incurred in the collection of loans which may not 15 be charged against or collected from the borrower. Every building and loan association may also carry an undi-16 vided profit account as provided in the constitution and 17 bylaws of the association. The contingent reserve and 18 the undivided profit account shall be invested as other 19 20 funds of the association.

# §31-6-42. State associations to have same rights, powers, etc., as federal associations as to savings accounts.

1 Building and loan associations organized and existing under the laws of the state of West Virginia are 2 hereby authorized to accept savings accounts and to issue to each holder of its savings accounts an account 4 5 book, or a separate certificate, evidencing the ownership of the account and the interest of the holder thereof in 6 the capital of such association, and to pay dividends and 7 to distribute earnings thereon, all upon the same terms 8 and conditions and subject to the same limitations and 9 restrictions as were provided on the second day of Jan-10 uary, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, for fed-11 eral savings and loan associations whose home offices are 12 located in this state, under the "Rules and Regulations 13 for the Federal Savings and Loan System" issued by 14 the federal home loan bank board, and under the "Rules 15 and Regulations for Insurance of Accounts," issued by 16 the federal savings and loan insurance corporation: Pro-17 vided. That whenever and wherever amendments to the 18 charter or bylaws of said federal savings and loan asso-19 ciations were at such date permitted or required, as a 20 prerequisite to the exercise of any such right, power, 21

22 privilege or benefit, such amendments may be adopted to the charter, constitution and bylaws of building and 23 loan associations organized under the laws of this state 24 and: Provided, however, That whenever and wherever 25 26 action by the members or by the board of directors of said federal savings and loan associations was at said 27 date permitted or required as a prerequisite of the exer-28 cise of such right, power, privilege or benefit, such ac-29 tion may be taken by the shareholders or by the board 30 of directors, as the case may be, of building and loan 31 associations organized under the laws of this state. Noth-32 ing contained in this section shall be construed to au-33 thorize building and loan associations to accept savings 34 deposits as distinguished from savings accounts. 35

36 (b) This statute shall not grant to any building and 37 loan association organized under the laws of the state of 38 West Virginia, permission or authority to install or main-39 tain any branch or to engage in business at any place other than its principal office in this state.

# §31-6-43. Certain building and loan associations may make loans and investments permitted to be made by federal savings and loan associations doing business in this state.

In addition to all other powers conferred by this ar-1 ticle, building and loan associations whose accounts are insured by the federal savings and loan insurance corpo-3 ration are authorized and empowered to make any loan or 4 investment permitted to be made by any federal savings and loan association doing business in this state on the 6 second day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one: Provided, That all such loans and invest-8 ments shall be made upon the same terms and conditions 9 and subject to the same restrictions and limitations as 10 were at said date prescribed for loans and investments 11 made by such a federal savings and loan association 12 doing business in this state under the provisions of the 13 14 Homeowners Loan Act of one thousand nine hundred thirty-three, as amended, and the "Rules and Regulations 15 for The Federal Savings and Loan System," as amended, 16

promulgated by the federal home loan bank board:

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Provided, however, That (a) whenever and wherever authorization by charter or bylaws of such a federal 19 20 savings and loan association was at said date required by said law or said rules and regulations as a prerequi-21 22 site to the making of any such loan or investment, such 23 authorization in the case of a building and loan asso-24 ciation may be granted by its charter or constitution and bylaws, as the case may be, or by amendments thereto 25 heretofore or hereafter duly adopted; (b) whenever or 26 27 wherever authorization of the members of such a federal savings and loan association was at said date required 28 by said law or by said rules and regulations as a pre-29 30 requisite to the making of any such loan or investment, such authorization may in the case of a building and 31 loan association be granted by its shareholders; and 32 33 (c) whenever and wherever approval by the board of 34 directors of such a federal savings and loan association was at said date required by said law or by said rules 35 and regulations as a prerequisite to the making of any 36 such loan or investment, such approval may in the case 37 of a building and loan association be granted by the 38 board of directors of such building and loan association. 39 40 Building and loan associations are authorized and empowered to amend their charters, constitutions and by-41 laws to provide for the making of all loans and invest-42 ments permitted by this section and their shareholders 43 and boards of directors are authorized to take any and all 44 actions required to authorize the making of such loans 45

# **CHAPTER 20**

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and investments.

(House Bill No. 627-By Mr. Myles and Mr. Halbritter)

[Passed February 22, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thou-

sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to industrial loan companies holding obligations secured by real estate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES.

#### §31-7-7. Limitations on powers.

- 1 A corporation under the provisions of this article shall 2 not:
- 3 (a) Make any loan under the provisions of this article
- 4 for a longer period than two years from the date thereof,
- 5 except upon express authorization of the board of direc-
- 6 tors of such company;
- 7 (b) Hold at any one time the primary obligation or
  8 obligations of any one person, firm or corporation, for
  9 more than ten percent of the amount of the paid-up
  10 capital and surplus of such industrial loan company;
- 11 (c) Hold at any one time the obligation or obligations 12 of persons, firms or corporations purchased from any 13 person, firm or corporation in excess of twenty percent 14 of the aggregate paid-up capital and surplus of such in-15 dustrial loan company;
- (d) Make any loan or discount on the security of its own capital stock (controlling and voting stock, if there be more than one class), unless such security or purchase shall be necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted in good faith. Stock so purchased or acquired shall be sold at public or private sale or otherwise disposed of within ninety days from the time of its purchase or acquisition;
- 24 (e) Have outstanding at any time its evidences or 25 certificates of indebtedness, in an aggregate sum in ex-26 cess of ten times the aggregate amount of its paid-up 27 capital (voting and controlling stock) and surplus;
- 28 (f) Deposit any of its funds with any other moneyed 29 corporation unless such corporation has been designated

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30 as such depository by a vote of the majority of the board 31 of directors;

- (g) Pledge or hypothecate any of its securities to any creditor, except that such companies shall have the power to rediscount or to borrow money from any source in addition to selling its evidences or certificates of indebtedness, but the aggregate amount of such rediscounting and borrowing shall at no time exceed the sum total of the capital, surplus and reserve funds of such company, and the security so pledged therefor shall not exceed two times the amount borrowed and rediscounted:
- 42 (h) Pay any fees, bonuses, commissions, rewards, or 43 other consideration to any person, firm or corporation 44 for the privilege of using any plan of operation, scheme or device for the organization or carrying on of business 45 46 under this article, or the use of any name, trademark or copyright to be so used; nor shall any corporation 47 48 under this article enter into any contract for such purpose or purposes, or for the purpose of giving to or vest-49 ing in any other corporation any power or authority 50 over the organization or management of corporations 51 52 under this article.

## **CHAPTER 21**

(Senate Bill No. 412-By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 2, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article ten, chapter thirty-one; and sections six and eight, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to supervision by and reports to commissioner of banking, examinations, fees, penalty for failure to report, revocation of certificates of approval, commissioner's examinations of financial institution, reports, records, communications from commissioner to institution, examination by

federal agency in lieu of commissioner's examination, fees, costs and expenses of examinations, and collection.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article ten, chapter thirty-one; and sections six and eight, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 31. Corporations.
- 31A. Banks and Banking.

#### CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

#### ARTICLE 10. CREDIT UNIONS.

§31-10-6. Supervision by and reports to commissioner of banking; examinations; fees; penalty for failure to report; revocation of certificates of approval.

1 Credit unions shall be under the supervision of the

2 commissioner of banking. They shall report to him at

3 least semiannually on or before the first day of January

4 and the first day of July of each calendar year, on blanks

supplied by the said commissioner for that purpose. Additional reports may be required by said commissioner.

Credit unions shall be examined annually by the com-7

8 missioner of banking, except that, if a credit union has

assets of less than twenty-five thousand dollars, he may

accept the audit of a certified public accountant in place 10

of such examination. The fee for examination of credit 11

unions not subject to the above exception will be charged 12

on the basis of sixty-five dollars per day per examiner. 13

For failure to file reports when due, unless excused 14

for cause, the credit union shall pay to the treasurer of 15

the state five dollars for each day of its delinquency. If 16

the commissioner of banking determines that a credit 17

union is violating any provision of this article, or is in-18

solvent, said commissioner may serve notice on such 19

credit union of his intention to revoke the certificate 20

of approval. If, for a period of fifteen days after such 21

22 notice, such violation continues, the commissioner of

- 23 banking may revoke such certificate and take possession
- 24 of the business and property of such credit union and
- 25 maintain possession until such time as he shall permit
- 26 it to continue business or its affairs are finally liquidated.
- 27 He may take similar action if such report remains in ar-
- 28 rears for more than fifteen days.

#### CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

#### ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF BANKING.

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- §31A-2-6. Commissioner's examinations of financial institution; reports; records; communications from commissioner to institution; examination by federal agency in lieu of commissioner's examination.
- §31A-2-8. Fees, costs and expenses of examinations; collection.
- §31A-2-6. Commissioner's examinations of financial institution; reports; records; communications from commissioner to institution; examination by federal agency in lieu of commissioner's examination.

1 The commissioner of banking shall make, at least once each calendar year, a thorough examination of all the books, accounts, records and papers of every financial institution. He shall carefully examine all of the assets of each such institution, including its notes, drafts, checks, mortgages, securities deposited to assure the payment of debts unto it, and all papers, documents and records showing, or in any manner relating to, its business affairs, 9 and shall ascertain the full amount and the nature in 10 detail of all of its assets and liabilities. The commissioner 11 may also make such examination of any subsidiaries or 12 affiliates of a financial institution as he may deem neces-13 sary to ascertain the financial condition of such financial 14 institution, the relations between such financial institution and its subsidiaries and affiliates and the effect of 15 16 such relations upon the affairs of such financial institu-17 tion. A full report of every such examination shall be made and filed and preserved in the office of the com-18 missioner and a copy thereof forthwith mailed to the 19 20 institution examined. Every such institution shall retain all of its records of final entry for such period of time 21 22 as required in section thirty-five, article four of this

chapter for banking institutions.

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Every official communication from the commissioner to any such institution, or to any officer thereof, relating to an examination or an investigation of the affairs of such institution conducted by the commissioner or containing suggestions or recommendations as to the manner of conducting the business of the institution, shall be read to the board of directors at the next meeting after the receipt thereof, and the president, or other executive officer, of the institution shall forthwith notify the commissioner in writing of the presentation and reading of such communication and of any action taken thereon by the institution.

36 The commissioner of banking, in his discretion, may (a) accept a copy of a reasonably current examination of 37 any banking institution made by the federal deposit 38 insurance corporation or the federal reserve system in 39 lieu of an examination of such banking institution re-40 quired or authorized to be made by the laws of this 41 state, and the commissioner may furnish to the federal 42 deposit insurance corporation or the federal reserve 44 system or to any official or examiner thereof, any copy or copies of the commissioner's examinations of and re-45 ports on such banking institutions, (b) accept a copy of a 46 reasonable current examination of any building and loan 47 association made by the federal home loan bank board, 48 49 a federal home loan bank or the federal savings and loan insurance corporation, in lieu of an examination of such 50 building and loan association required or authorized to 51 be made by the laws of this state, and the commis-52 sioner may furnish to the federal home loan bank or 53 54 any of its member banks or to the federal savings and loan insurance corporation or any official or examiner 55 thereof, any copy or copies of the commissioner's exami-56 nation and reports on such building and loan associa-57 tions; but nothing herein shall be construed to limit the 58 duty and responsibility of banking institutions or build-59 ing and loan associations to comply with all provisions 60 of law relating to examinations and reports, nor to limit 61 the powers and authority of the commissioner of banking 62 with reference to examinations and reports under exist-63 ing laws. 64

#### §31A-2-8. Fees, costs and expenses of examinations; collection.

1 (a) For making an examination within the state of 2 any state banking institution, the commissioner of bank-3 ing shall charge and collect from such institution and pay into the state treasury a fee of one hundred dollars upon the first twenty-five thousand dollars of the assets as shown by the books of the bank on the date of examination and six cents for each additional one thousand 8 dollars of such assets.

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- (b) For making such an examination within the state of any other financial institution, the commissioner of banking shall charge and collect from such other financial institution and pay into the state treasury the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith, as fixed and determined by the commissioner.
- (c) If any such examination be made at a place outside of this state, the fees, costs and expenses shall be as above provided, except that there shall be an additional charge for mileage and travel expense as provided and allowed by law for state agencies and employees.
- 20 (d) The commissioner of banking may maintain an 21 action for the recovery of all such fees, costs and expenses 22 in any court of competent jurisdiction.

# **CHAPTER 22**

(Senate Bill No. 344---By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a; and to amend and reenact sections four, six, seven, eight, nine and thirteen of said article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code, all relating to additional powers given to the West Virginia industrial

development authority authorizing the granting of loans to industrial development agencies for industrial subdivision project improvements; defining industrial subdivision project, industrial subdivision project improvements and cost of industrial subdivision project improvements; such loans not to be in excess of fifty percent of the cost or estimated cost of such improvements; prescribing the conditions to be met by loan applicants and the requirements to be made by the authority on account of such loans; prescribing the security and protection for such loans on behalf of the authority; permitting the deferment of principal and interest on industrial subdivision project improvement loans for a period not in excess of five years; limiting in any single fiscal year the aggregate amount which can be loaned to all applicants for industrial subdivision project improvements; providing that, when an agency of the federal government has made a loan or participated in a loan for, or has constructed industrial subdivision project improvements, the state will not alter or limit the powers of the authority in a manner inconsistent with the performance of any agreements between the authority and such agency; permitting loans to industrial development agencies for industrial development projects not in excess of fifty percent of the cost or estimated cost of such project in instances where federal agencies may not participate in such loans because of relocation restrictions; providing for the assignment by industrial development agencies of deeds of trust, notes and other security to the authority on loans to such agencies for industrial development projects; and elimination of the term "bond" as security on loans for industrial development projects and the substitution, in lieu thereof, the term "negotiable promissory note".

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a; and that sections four, six, seven, eight, nine and thirteen of said article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

- §31-15-4. Definitions.
- §31-15-6. Powers of authority generally.
- §31-15-7. Loans to industrial development agencies for industrial development projects.
- §31-15-7a. Loans to industrial development agencies for industrial subdivision project improvements.
- §31-15-8. Loan application requirements; hearings upon applications.
- §31-15-9. Industrial development fund.
- §31-15-13. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.

#### §31-15-4. Definitions.

- 1 The following terms, whenever used or referred to in
- 2 this article, shall have the following meanings:
- 3 (a) The term "authority" shall mean the public cor-4 poration created by this article.
- 5 (b) The term "board" shall mean the governing body 6 of the authority.
- 7 (c) The term "county" shall mean any county of this 8 state.
- 9 (d) The term "critical economic area" shall mean the 10 area encompassing any municipality or group of munici-
- 11 palities, county, group of counties or region of the state
- 12 reasonably defined by the authority wherein critical con-
- 13 ditions of unemployment, economic depression, wide-
- 14 spread reliance on public assistance and unemployment
- 15 compensation are found to exist by the authority. Prior
- 16 to determination and designation of any area of the
- 17 state as a critical economic area, the authority shall
- 18 conduct such investigations of the area and of the rec-
- 19 ords and statistical indices of the department of employ-
- 20 ment security, department of labor, department of natur-
- 21 al resources, department of welfare and other applicable
- 22 state agencies, as well as the declarations and statistics
- 23 of any federal agencies as shall be necessary to establish
- 24 the existence of the above conditions in such area. No
- 25 area of the state shall be designated a critical economic
- 26 area without such investigations and findings having
- 27 been first made and certified to the permanent records
- 28 of the authority.

- 29 (e) The term "federal agency" shall mean and include 30 the United States of America, the president of the United States of America, and any department of, or corpora-31 tion, agency or instrumentality heretofore or hereafter 32 33 created, designated or established by, the United States 34 of America.
- 35 (f) The term "government" shall mean the state and 36 federal governments, or any political subdivision, agency 37 or instrumentality, corporate or otherwise, of either of 38 them.

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- (g) The term "industrial development agency" shall mean any incorporated organization, foundation, association or agency, regardless of the particular name, and to whose members or shareholders no profit shall inure, which shall have as its primary function the promotion, encouragement and development of industrial, manufacturing and tourist facility enterprises in a critical economic area.
- 47 (h) The term "industrial development fund" shall mean the account created by section nine of this article. 48
- (i) The term "industrial development project" shall mean any site, structure, facility or undertaking comprising or being connected with or being a part of an industrial, manufacturing or tourist facility enterprise **52** 53 established or to be established by an industrial development agency in a critical economic area. 54
- (i) The term "industrial subdivision project" shall 55 mean any tract of land located within a critical economic 56 area, together with utilities, services and access roads, 57 the clear, unencumbered and marketable legal title to 58 which tract of land is held by an industrial develop-59 ment agency for sale or lease for an industrial develop-60 61 ment project.
  - (k) The terms "industrial subdivision project improvements" and "improvements to industrial subdivision projects" shall embrace any or all of the following: Site preparation and grading, installation of utilities and sewage disposal facilities upon, and preparation of access roads to, an industrial subdivision project.

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- 68 (1) The term "municipality" shall mean any city or 69 town of the state.
  - (m) The term "responsible buyer" shall mean any person, partnership, firm, company or corporation organized for profit deemed by the authority, after proper investigation, to be financially responsible to assume all obligations prescribed by the authority in the acquisition of an industrial development project from an industrial development agency, and in the operation of an industrial or manufacturing enterprise therein or thereon.
  - (n) The term "responsible tenant" shall mean any person, partnership, firm, company or corporation organized for profit deemed by the authority, after proper investigation, to be financially responsible to assume all rental and all other obligations prescribed by the authority in the leasing of an industrial development project and in the operation of an industrial or manufacturing enterprise therein or thereon.
- 86 (o) The words "cost of establishing an industrial de-87 velopment project" shall embrace any or all of the fol-88 lowing: The cost of construction, the cost of all lands, 89 property rights, easements, and in cases of demonstrated 90 need, machinery and equipment, if said demonstrated 91 need shall have been shown to the satisfaction of the 92 authority, which are deemed necessary for such construction, financing charges, interest prior to and during 93 94 construction, cost of engineering and legal expense, plans, 95 specifications, surveys, estimates of costs and other expenses necessary or incident to determining the feasi-96 bility or practicability of any industrial development 97 project, together with such other expenses as may be 98 99 necessary or incidental to the financing and the con-100 struction of the industrial development project and the 101 placing of the same in operation.
- 102 (p) The words "cost of industrial subdivision project improvements" shall embrace any or all of the following: 104 Construction cost of site preparation and grading, construction cost of utilities, sewage disposal facilities and access roads; cost of acquiring easements and property rights in other lands, in connection therewith, financing

- 108 charges, interest prior to and during the construction 109 of such improvements, cost of engineering and legal 110 services, preparation of plans, specifications, surveys and 111 estimates of costs, together with such other expenses as 112 may be reasonably necessary or incidental to the financing 113 and the construction of improvements to industrial sub-
- 114 division projects.

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#### §31-15-6. Powers of authority generally.

- The authority, as a public corporation and governmental instrumentality exercising public powers of the state, is hereby granted and shall have and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this article, including the following powers, in addition to others herein granted:
- 7 (a) To make determination and designation of critical 8 economic areas.
- (b) To cooperate with industrial development agencies
   in the efforts to promote the expansion of industrial
   and manufacturing activity in critical economic areas.
  - (c) To determine, upon proper application of industrial development agencies, whether the declared public purpose of this article has been accomplished or will be accomplished by the establishment by such industrial development agencies of an industrial development project in a critical economic area.
- 18 (d) To conduct examinations and investigations and 19 to hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirma-20 tion, at public or private hearings, on any matter ma-21 terial for its information and necessary to the determina-22 tion and designation of critical economic areas and the 23 establishment of industrial development projects therein.
- 24 (e) To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of 25 witnesses and the production of books and papers perti-26 nent to any hearing before such authority, or before one 27 or more members of the authority appointed by it to 28 conduct such hearings.
- 29 (f) To apply to any court, having territorial juris-30 diction of the offense, to have punished for contempt any

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- 31 witness who refuses to obey a subpoena, or who refuses 32 to be sworn or affirmed or to testify, or who is guilty 33 of any contempt after summons to appear.
  - (g) To authorize any member or members of such authority to conduct hearings and to administer oaths, take affidavits and issue subpoenas.
  - (h) To make, upon proper application of industrial development agencies, loans to such industrial development agencies of moneys held in the industrial development fund for industrial development projects and industrial subdivision project improvements, in critical economic areas, and to provide for the repayment and redeposit of such allocations and loans in the manner hereinafter provided.
- 45 (i) To have existence for a term of fifty years.
- 46 (j) To sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, 47 complain and defend in all courts.
  - (k) To adopt, use and alter at will a corporate seal.
- 49 (1) To make bylaws for the management and regula-50 tion of its affairs.
- 51 (m) To appoint officers, agents, employees and servants.
- 52 (n) To make contracts of every name and nature and 53 to execute all instruments necessary or convenient for 54 carrying on its business.
- 55 (o) Without limitation of the foregoing, accept grants 56 from and enter into contracts or other transactions with 57 any federal agency.
- (p) To take title by foreclosure to any industrial de-58 velopment project or any industrial subdivision project 59 where such acquisition is necessary to protect any loan 60 previously made by the authority on account of such 61 industrial development project or improvements to such 62 industrial subdivision project and to sell, transfer and 63 convey any such industrial development project or industrial subdivision project to any responsible buyer; in the event such sale, transfer and conveyance cannot 66 be effected with reasonable promptness, the authority 67 may, in order to minimize financial losses and sustain

69 employment, lease such industrial development project 70 or industrial subdivision project to a responsible tenant or tenants; the authority shall not lease industrial de-71 velopment projects or industrial subdivision projects ex-72 cept under the conditions and for the purposes cited 73 in this section: Provided, That the authority shall have 74 no power at any time to borrow money or in any manner 75 to pledge the credit or taxing power of the state or any 76 of its municipalities or political subdivisions, nor shall 77 any of its obligations be deemed to be obligations of 78 the state or any of its political subdivisions. 79

(q) To participate in any reorganization proceeding 80 pending pursuant to Title II of the United States Bank-81 ruptcy Act or in any receivership proceeding had in a 82 state or United States court for the purpose of reorganiza-83 84 tion or liquidation of a responsible buyer or responsible tenant. It may file its claim against any such responsible 85 buyer or responsible tenant in any of the foregoing pro-86 ceedings, vote upon any question pending therein which 87 requires the approval of the creditors participating in 88 any reorganization proceeding or receivership, exchange 89 any evidence of said indebtedness for any property, secur-90 ity or evidence of indebtedness offered as a part of the 91 reorganization of said responsible buyer or responsible 92 tenant or of any other entity formed to acquire the assets 93 thereof, and may compromise or reduce the amount of 94 any indebtedness owing to it as a part of any such 95 reorganization. 96

# §31-15-7. Loans to industrial development agencies for industrial development projects.

When it has been determined by the authority upon application of an industrial development agency and upon hearing thereon in the manner hereinafter provided that the establishment of a particular industrial development project (of such industrial development agency) in a critical economic area has accomplished or will accomplish the public purposes of this article, the authority may contract to loan such industrial development agency an amount not in excess of thirty percent (or, in the event that agencies of the federal government may not

- participate in such loan because of relocation restrictions.
- 12 an amount not in excess of fifty percent) of the cost, or
- estimated cost, of such industrial development project, 13
- as established or to be established, subject, however, to 14
- 15 the following conditions:
- 16 (A) Industrial development projects to be established.
- 17 1. The authority shall have first determined that the 18 industrial development agency holds funds in an amount
- 19 equal to, or property of a value equal to, not less than
- twenty percent of the estimated cost of establishing the 20 21 industrial development project, which funds or property
- 22 are available for and shall be applied to the establishment
- 23 of such project; and
- 24 2. The authority shall have also determined that the
- 25 industrial development agency has obtained from other 26 independent and responsible sources, such as banks and
- insurance companies or otherwise, a firm commitment 27
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- for all other funds, over and above the loan of the au-
- thority and such funds or property as the industrial de-29
- velopment agency may hold, necessary for payment of 30
- 31 all the estimated cost of establishing the industrial de-
- 32 velopment project, and that the sum of all these funds
- 33 is adequate to insure completion and operation of the
- 34 industrial development project.
- 35 (B) Industrial development projects established with
- 36 initial authority loan participation.
- 37 1. The authority shall have first determined that the industrial development agency has expended funds in 38
- an amount equal to, or has applied property of a value 39
- equal to, not less than twenty percent of the cost of 40
- establishing the industrial development project; and 41
- 2. The authority shall have also determined that the 42 43 industrial development agency obtained from other inde-
- 44 pendent and responsible sources, such as banks and in-
- surance companies or otherwise, other funds necessary 45
- for payment of all the cost of establishing the industrial 46
- development project, and that the industrial develop-47
- 48 ment agency participation and these funds, has been
- adequate to insure completion and operation of the in-49

50 dustrial development project; Provided. That the proceeds of any loan made by the authority to the industrial 51 development agency pursuant to this subdivision (B) shall 52 53 be used only for the establishment of additional indus-54 trial development projects in furtherance of the public purposes of this article. 55

56 Any such loan of the authority shall be for such period 57 of time and shall bear interest at such rate as shall be determined by the authority and shall be secured by 58 the negotiable promissory note of the industrial develop-59 ment agency and by deed of trust on the industrial de-60 velopment project for which such loan was made, or by 61 assignment of any deed of trust and negotiable promissory 62 note and other security taken by the industrial develop-63 ment agency on the industrial development project. 64 such deed of trust and note, assignment of deed of trust, 65 and note and other security to be second and subordinate 66 only to the deed of trust securing the first lien obliga-67 tion issued to secure the commitment of funds from 68 the aforesaid independent and responsible sources and 69 used in the financing of the industrial development 70 71 project.

Moneys so loaned by the authority to industrial development agencies shall be withdrawn from the indus-74 trial development fund and paid over to the industrial development agency in such manner as shall be provided and prescribed by the rules and regulations of the authority.

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All payments of interest on said loans and the principal thereof shall be deposited by the authority in the industrial development fund.

Loans by the authority to an industrial development agency for an industrial development project shall be made only in the manner and to the extent as in this section provided, except, however, in those instances wherein an agency of the federal government participates in the financing of an industrial development project by loan, grant, or otherwise, or in those instances where any bank, insurance company, lending agency, or combination thereof, participates in any industrial develop-

90 ment project in an amount equal to sixty percent of the 91 cost of the project. Where any bank, insurance company, 92 lending agency, or combination thereof, participates in 93 an amount equal to sixty percent of the cost of the industrial development project, the authority may adjust the 94 95 required ratios of financial participation by the local in-96 dustrial development agency to an amount not less than ten percent of the estimated cost of establishing the in-97 dustrial development project. When any federal agency 98 99 participates, the authority may adjust the required ratios 100 of financial participation by the industrial development agency, the source of independent funds and the authority 101 102 in such manner as to insure the maximum benefit avail-103 able to the industrial development agency, the authority. 104 or both, by the participation of the federal agency. When 105 ratios are adjusted in the manner set forth above, no 106 such adjustment shall be made which shall cause the 107 authority to grant a loan to the industrial development agency in excess of thirty percent (or in the event that 108 109 agencies of the federal government may not participate 110 in such loan because of relocation restrictions, an amount not in excess of fifty percent) of the cost, or estimated 111 cost of the industrial development project. 112

113 Where any federal agency participating in the financing 114 of an industrial development project is not permitted to 115 take as security for such participation a deed of trust or assignment of deed of trust and other security the lien 116 117 of which is junior to the deed of trust or assignment of deed of trust and other security of the authority, the 118 119 authority shall, in such instances, be authorized to take as security for its loan to the industrial development 120 121 agency a deed of trust or assignment of deed of trust 122 and other security junior in lien to that of the federal 123 agency.

## §31-15-7a. Loans to industrial development agencies for industrial subdivision project improvements.

1 When it has been determined by the authority upon

- 2 application of an industrial development agency and
- 3 upon hearing thereon in the manner hereinafter provided
- 4 that the improvement by such industrial development

agency of a particular industrial subdivision project, 5 owned by such industrial development agency, which industrial subdivision project shall be located in a critical 7 economic area, will accomplish the public purposes of 8 9 this article, the authority may contract to loan such in-10 dustrial development agency an amount not in excess of fifty percent of the cost, or estimated cost, of such indus-11 trial subdivision project improvements, subject, however, 12 13 to the following conditions:

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- 1. The authority shall have determined that the industrial development agency has obtained from other independent and responsible sources, such as banks and insurance companies or otherwise, a firm commitment for 18 all other funds, over and above the loan of the authority, 19 necessary for payment of all the estimated cost of the industrial subdivision project improvements, and that 20 21 the sum of all these funds is adequate to insure completion of the improvements to the industrial subdivision 22 23 project; and
- 24 2. The authority shall have also determined that the 25 industrial development agency has clear, unencumbered and marketable legal title to the industrial subdivision 26 27 project to be improved; and
- 28 3. The industrial development agency shall covenant in writing to and with the authority that as long as any 29 loan made by the authority to the industrial development 30 31 agency for the improvement of any industrial subdivision project shall remain unpaid, such industrial subdivision 32project, or any portion thereof, shall not be sold, leased 33 or otherwise encumbered except for the purpose of 34 35 establishing an industrial development project or projects on such land by the industrial development agency. 36

Any such loan of the authority shall be for such period of time and shall bear interest at such rate as shall be determined by the authority and shall be secured by the negotiable, promissory note of the industrial development agency and by deed of trust on the industrial subdivision project for which such loan was made, such deed of trust to be second and subordinate only to the deed of trust securing the first lien obligation issued 44

45 to secure the commitment of funds from the aforesaid independent and responsible sources and used in the 46 47 financing of the industrial subdivision project improve-48 ments.

49 In its discretion the authority may, in a proper case, 50 defer the payment of principal and interest, or principal 51 only, or interest only, upon any loan made by the au-52 thority to an industrial development agency for the im-53 provement of any industrial subdivision project, such 54 deferment to be for such period as may be determined by 55 the authority, not to exceed five years from the date of the deed of trust securing the authority for the loan, and, 56 in the event that such industrial subdivision project, or 57 any portion thereof, is sold or leased by the industrial 58 59 development agency prior to the expiration of said five-60 year period, all deferred installments of the principal 61 of the loan accrued on the date of such sale or lease, or 62 the proportionate part of such deferred principal which 63 the sold or leased portion of the industrial subdivision 64 project shall bear to the total acreage thereof, together 65 with all unpaid interest accrued thereon on the date of such sale or lease shall, at the option of the authority, 66 67 be and become immediately due and payable or, become subject to renegotiation by either increasing or decreas-68 69 ing the number of and the amount of each installment 70 of principal and interest, without, however, effecting any change in the amount of principal of the original loan or 71 72 the rate of interest as originally fixed by the authority 73 in said deed of trust and note.

The authority may not lend in any single fiscal year, upon the aggregate of all of the applications made for loans for improvements to industrial subdivision projects, a total sum in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

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Moneys so loaned by the authority to industrial development agencies shall be withdrawn from the industrial development fund and paid over to the industrial development agency in such manner as shall be provided and prescribed by the rules and regulations of the au-84 thority.

85 All payments of interest on said loans and the principal thereof shall be deposited by the authority in the indus-86 trial development fund. 87

Where any federal agency participating in the financing 88 of improvements to industrial subdivision projects is not 89 permitted to take as security for such participation a deed 90 of trust the lien of which is junior to the deed of trust 91 of the authority, the authority shall, in such instances, 92 93 be authorized to take as security for its loan to the in-94 dustrial development agency a deed of trust junior in lien to that of the federal agency. 95

#### §31-15-8. Loan application requirements; hearings upon applications.

- 1 Prior to the loaning of any funds to an industrial
- 2 development agency for an industrial development proj-3 ect or for industrial subdivision project improvements,
- 4 in a critical economic area, the authority shall receive
- from such industrial development agency a loan applica-
- tion in form adopted by the authority. 6
- 7 1. If the loan application is for an industrial development project the form shall contain, without being limit-8 ed to, the following provisions: 9
- (a) A general description of the industrial develop-10 ment project and a general description of the industrial 11. or manufacturing enterprise for which the industrial 12 development project has been or is to be established. 13
- (b) A legal description of all real estate necessary for 14 15 the industrial development project.
- (c) Such plans and other documents as may be re-16 quired to show the type, structure and general character 17 of the industrial development project. 18
- (d) A general description of the type, classes and 19 number of employees employed or to be employed in 20 the operation of the industrial development project. 21
- (e) Cost or estimates of cost of establishing the in-22 dustrial development project. 23
- (f) A general description and statement of value of 24 any property, real or personal, of the industrial develop-25

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- 26 ment agency applied or to be applied to the establishment 27 of the industrial project.
- 28 (g) A statement of cash funds previously applied, or 29 then held by the industrial development agency which are available for and are to be applied, to the estab-30 31 lishment of the industrial development project.
- 32 (h) Evidence of the arrangement made by the in-33 dustrial development agency for the financing of all cost of the industrial development project over and above 34 35 the participation of the industrial agency.
- (i) A general description of the responsible tenant to 37 which the industrial development agency has leased or 38 will lease the industrial development project or of the 39 responsible buyer to which the industrial development agency has sold or will sell the project.
- 41 (j) A general description of the form of lease or sales 42 agreement entered into or to be entered into by and 43 between the industrial development agency and its re-44 sponsible tenant or responsible buyer.
- 45 (k) Evidence that the establishment of the industrial 46 development project will not cause the removal of an 47 industrial or manufacturing plant or facility from one area of the state to another area of the state. 48
- 49 2. If the loan application is for industrial subdivision 50 project improvements the form shall contain, without 51 being limited to, the following provisions:
- 52 (a) A general description of the industrial subdivision 53 project and a general description of its adaptability to 54 industrial or manufacturing purposes, including the kinds or types of industrial development project which may 55 56 be established thereon upon completion of the improve-57 ments for which the loan is requested.
- 58 (b) A legal description of the industrial subdivision 59 project.
- 60 (c) Such plans and other documents as may be required to show the type, structure and general character 61 62 of the proposed improvements to the industrial subdivision project. 63

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- (d) Cost or estimates of cost of the proposed improve-64 ments to the industrial subdivision project. 65
- 66 (e) Evidence of the arrangement made by the industrial development agency for the financing of all cost of 67 the industrial subdivision project improvements over and 68 above the participation by the authority. 69
  - (f) Evidence that the establishment of an industrial development project upon the industrial subdivision project to be improved will not cause the removal of an industrial or manufacturing plant or facility from one area of the state to another area of the state.

The board of the authority shall hold such hearings 75 and examinations as to each loan application received 76 as shall be necessary to determine whether the public 77 purposes of this article will be accomplished by the 78 granting of loans within such applications requested. 79

When the board shall have determined said facts 80 favorable as to any application, it is authorized and em-81 powered, having due regard to the promotion of the 82 public purposes herein declared, to grant a loan to an 83 industrial development agency in the manner and to the extent as in this article provided. 85

#### §31-15-9. Industrial development fund.

1 There is hereby created a special account in the treasury of the state to be known as the industrial development fund to which shall be accredited any appropriation made 3 by the Legislature to the authority, as well as such other deposits as in this section provided. 5

As often as may be necessary, the authority shall requi-6 sition from the industrial development fund such amounts 7 as may be necessary to provide adequate funds for the 8 payment of the administration of the purposes of this 9 article. And whenever the authority determines it to be 10 necessary to purchase, at a foreclosure sale, any industrial 11 development project or industrial subdivision project pur-12 suant to subdivision (p), section six of this article, in order 13 to protect any loan theretofore made by the authority, 14 the authority may requisition from the industrial develop-15 ment fund such amount as may be necessary to pay

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17 the purchase price thereof, notwithstanding the fact that 18 the purchase price, in the instance of the foreclosure sale 19 of any industrial development project, may exceed thirty 20 percent (or in the event that no agency of the federal 21 government participated in the loan because of relocation 22 restrictions, fifty percent) of the original cost of the in-23 dustrial development project, or in the instance of the 24 foreclosure sale of any industrial subdivision project, the 25 purchase price may exceed fifty percent of the original cost of the industrial subdivision project improvements. 26

27 The authority shall also requisition, from time to time, 28 from the industrial development fund such amounts as 29 shall be allocated and appropriated by the authority for 30 loans to industrial development agencies for industrial 31 development projects and for industrial subdivision proj-32 ect improvements. When and as the amounts so allocated 33 and appropriated by the authority as loans to industrial 34 development agencies are repaid to the authority pursuant 35 to the terms of the mortgages and other agreements made 36 and entered into by the authority, the authority shall 37 pay such amounts into the industrial development fund, 38 it being the intent of this article that the industrial de-39 velopment fund shall operate as a revolving fund where-40 by all appropriations and payments made thereto may be 41 applied and reapplied to the purposes of this article.

Whenever the authority shall determine that the balance in the industrial development fund is in excess of the immediate requirements for loan purposes it may request that such excess funds be invested until needed for loan purposes, in which case such excess funds shall be invested in the manner provided for the investment of other temporary state funds. All interest earned on the money invested pursuant to this section shall be credited to the industrial development fund.

At any time that the authority shall determine that funds held for the credit of the industrial development fund are in excess of the amount needed by the authority 54 to carry out the purposes of this article, the authority shall take such action as shall be required to release 56 such excess from the industrial development fund and 57 transfer the same to the general fund of the state treasury.

### §31-15-13. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.

The state does hereby pledge to and agree with the 1 United States and any other federal agency that in the 2 event any federal agency shall construct or loan or contribute any funds for the construction, extension, improvement or enlargement of any industrial development project, or any portion thereof, or construct improvements to any industrial subdivision project or loan or contribute any funds for the construction, extension or 8 enlargement of improvements to any industrial subdivi-9 sion project, or any portion thereof, the state will not 10 alter or limit the rights and powers of the authority in 11 any manner which would be inconsistent with the due 12 performance of any agreements between the authority 13 and any such federal agency, and the authority shall con-14 tinue to have and may exercise all powers herein granted, 15 so long as the same shall be necessary or desirable for the 16 carrying out of the purposes of this article. 17

#### **CHAPTER 23**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 674—Originating in the House Committee on Political Subdivisions)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections four, five-(one) through five-(fifty-four), article one; and section nineteen, article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal sections five, five-(one) through five-(fifty-five) and ten, article two, chapter eleven of said code; to amend and reenact sections one and five, article one, chapter seven of said code; to amend and reenact article seven, chapter seven of said code; and to amend and reenact section two, article two,

chapter eleven of said code, all relating generally to county government, county courts and officers and their deputies, assistants and employees; relating to the composition, powers and duties of county courts; setting forth legislative findings and a declaration of policy; establishing county in-service training programs; requiring participation in such programs as additional duties of county officials; classifying counties on the basis of assessed valuations for the purpose of determining compensation of elected county officials; establishing minimum and maximum compensation limits for elected county officials; relating to the compensation of county commissioners and the compensation of other elected county officials, county deputies, assistants and employees; prohibiting outside employment of certain elected officials; providing percentage limitations with respect to compensation in excess of minimum; relating to the county budget; relating to assistant prosecuting attorneys, and their appointment and compensation; relating to the appointment of an attorney to prosecute cases; relating to the procedure for the payment of compensation of county officials, deputies, assistants and employees; relating to affidavits as to compensation; relating to illegal orders for compensation; providing prohibitions; relating to the allowance for the expenses of sheriffs and prosecuting attorneys; relating to the training of sheriffs and their deputies; relating to the payment of training expenses by the county court; relating to the mileage allowance for county officials and their deputies, assistants and employees and reports in connecton therewith; relating to annual reports by county officers; relating to the source of compensation paid judges of courts of limited jurisdiction; providing criminal penalties; providing a severability clause; and relating to the deputies, assistants and employees of assessors.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, five-(one) through five-(fifty-four), article one; and section nineteen, article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections five, five-(one)

through five-(fifty-five) and ten, article two, chapter eleven of said code be repealed; that sections one and five, article one, chapter seven of said code be amended and reenacted; that article seven, chapter seven of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article two, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 7. County Courts and Officers.
- 11. Taxation.

#### CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COURTS AND OFFICERS.

#### Article

- 1. Couny Courts Generally.
- 7. Training Programs for County Employees, etc.; Compensation of Elected County Officials; County Assistants, Deputies and Employees, Their Number and Compensation.

#### ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COURTS GENERALLY.

- §7-1-1. County courts corporations; how constituted; election of presi-
- §7-1-5. Powers and duties of county commissioners.

#### §7-1-1. County courts corporations; how constituted; election of president.

- The county court or tribunal in lieu thereof of every 1
- 2 county within the state of West Virginia shall be a cor-
- poration by the name of "The county court of \_\_\_\_\_ 3
- 4 county", by which name it may sue and be sued, plead
- and be impleaded, and contract and be contracted with.
- Every county court shall consist of three commissioners as 6
- 7 provided in section twenty-two, article eight of the con-
- stitution of the state of West Virginia, any two of whom 8
- shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business,
- except in the case of any county which, in accordance with 10
- section twenty-nine, article eight of the constitution of 11
- the state of West Virginia or any earlier counterpart 12
- thereof, has applied to the Legislature of West Virginia 13
- for it to reform, alter or modify its county court and the 14
- Legislature by its act, in accordance therewith, and 15 with the assent of the voters of the county voting at an
- 16 election, has effected the requested reformation, alter-
- 17 ation or modification, in which case the provisions of the
- 18 act of the Legislature creating a tribunal in lieu of the
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- county court shall apply concerning the number of county 20

- 21 court commissioners and the number of commissioners
- 22 required to constitute a quorum. Each county court shall
- 23 annually, at its first session in each year, or as soon there-
- 24 after as practicable, elect one of its commissioners as
- 25 president of the county court.
- Throughout this chapter the term "county court" or any reference to a county court shall include all tribunals
- 28 created in lieu of the county court.

#### §7-1-5. Powers and duties of county commissioners.

- The county commissioners of each county shall exercise the following powers and perform the following duties for their respective counties:
- 4 (1) At least quarterly visit and inspect institutions 5 within their county for housing and caring for the poor 6 and investigate the conditions of the poor within their 7 county and not housed within such institutions.
- 8 (2) Arrange for the feeding and care of county jail 9 prisoners and at least quarterly inspect the jails.
- 10 (3) At least quarterly visit and inspect detention 11 homes for children within their county.
- 12 (4) Visit and inspect bridges and bridge approaches 13 under their control.
- 14 (5) Provide for and have general supervision over 15 the repair and maintenance of the county courthouse, jails, 16 houses for the poor and any other county property and 17 prevent their deterioration.
- 18 (6) Supervise and control the purchase, erection, 19 maintenance and operation of any airport owned by the 20 county or operated by the county court.
- 21 (7) Supervise and control the purchase of furniture, 22 fixtures, equipment and supplies for their county.
- 23 (8) Attend the annual meeting of county assessors, 24 and any other meetings called by the state tax commissioner on matters pertaining to the work of the county 26 assessors and the county courts acting as boards of review and equalization; review and equalize the assessments made by the assessors, inspect and review the lists of property, both real and personal, made up by the assessor and his deputies for taxable purposes, and point

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- out to the assessor any property, real and personal, 31 which the county assessors may have overlooked or 32 omitted to place on the tax lists; and call to the attention 33 of the assessor all real estate and personal property 34 belonging to churches, lodges, schools or other charitable institutions which may have been overlooked or omitted 36 by the assessor or his deputies in making up his lists of 37 property for entry on the land and personal property 38 books. 39
  - (9) Purchase, lease, rent, control, supervise, inspect, maintain and erect public parks, playgrounds and recrea-41 tional facilities and purchase, lease or rent equipment 42therefor; and employ qualified recreational directors and 43 personnel to operate those parks, playgrounds and recre-44 ational facilities. 45
  - (10) Construct and operate Four-H camps on county 46 47 property.
  - (11) Operate stone quarries and sand deposits on 48 property owned or leased by the county. 49
    - (12) Construct or aid in constructing or equipping civilian defense buildings on sites approved by the department of civil and defense mobilization.
  - (13) Operate dog pounds for the county and the mu-53 nicipalities of such county. 54
  - (14) Purchase, lease, rent, control, supervise, inspect, 55 maintain and erect public markets; purchase, rent or 56 lease equipment therefor; and employ qualified personnel 57 to operate those public markets. 58
  - (15) Purchase, lease, rent, control, supervise, inspect, 60 maintain and erect county mental and physical health clinics and engage in any program designed for the bet-62 terment of the mental and physical well-being of the residents of their county and to cooperate with any public or private agency for these purposes.
  - (16) Construct fallout shelters and aid individuals, 65 by furnishing to them available information, to construct 66 fallout shelters. 67
  - Survey all abandoned and dilapidated buildings 68 or structures within the county and prepare an inventory 69 thereof which inventory shall be made available to any 70

- 71 agency of the state or federal government or to local 72 governmental agencies upon request.
- 73 (18) Establish and participate in regional councils.
- 74 (19) Supervise and manage county fiscal affairs and 75 business.
- 76 In addition to exercising the powers and performing 77 the duties aforementioned the county commissioners of
- 77 the duties aforementioned, the county commissioners of 78 each county may exercise any other powers and may
- 79 perform any other duties that are reasonably and neces-
- 80 sarily implied in the full and proper exercise of the
- 81 powers and duties conferred upon county commissioners
- 82 and county courts by the constitution of the state of
- 83 West Virginia and by general law.

# ARTICLE 7. TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR COUNTY EMPLOYEES, ETC.; COMPENSATION OF ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS; COUNTY ASSISTANTS, DEPUTIES AND EMPLOYEES, THEIR NUMBER AND COMPENSATION.

- §7-7-1. Legislative findings and declaration of policy.
- §7-7-2. Establishment of county in-service training programs; further additional duties for prosecuting attorney in any county in excess of two hundred thousand.
- §7-7-3. Classification of counties for purpose of determining compensation of elected county officials.
- §7-7-4. Minimum and maximum compensation limits of elected county officials for each class of county.
- §7-7-5. Compensation of county commissioners.
- §7-7-6. Compensation of all elected county officials except county commissioners.
- §7-7-7. County assistants, deputies and employees; their number and compensation; county budget.
- §7-7-8. Assistant prosecuting attorneys; appointment and compensation; when court may appoint attorney to prosecute.
- §7-7-9. Procedure for payment of compensation.
- §7-7-10. Affidavits acknowledging receipt of compensation.
- §7-7-11. Illegal orders for compensation.
- §7-7-12. Sharing compensation prohibited.
- §7-7-13. Allowance for expenses of sheriff.
- §7-7-14. Training of sheriffs and deputies; payment of expenses thereof by county court.
- §7-7-15. Allowance for expenses of prosecuting attorney.
- §7-7-16. Mileage allowance for county officials, their assistants, deputies and employees.
- §7-7-17. Annual reports by county officers of expenditures for assistants, deputies and employees.
- §7-7-18. Source of compensation paid judges of courts of limited jurisdiction.
- §7-7-19. Penalties.
- §7-7-20. Severability.

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#### §7-7-1. Legislative findings and declaration of policy.

1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares (1) that the ever increasing demands upon the counties for addi-2 tional and improved services and the rapid changes in the science of government and technological changes make it necessary to provide training programs for elected county officials and their assistants and em-7 ployees; (2) that such training programs will do much to improve the processes of local government; (3) that the present system of providing compensation for these 9 offices is antiquated and not conducive to attracting and 10 holding the best qualified people in government service; 11 and (4) that it is in the interest of the public to adopt the 12 provisions as hereinafter set forth for the effective oper-13 14 ation of county government.

## §7-7-2. Establishment of county in-service training programs; further additional duties for prosecuting attorney in any county in excess of two hundred thousand.

There is hereby established county in-service trainingprograms as hereinafter set forth.

The attorney general is hereby authorized and directed 3 4 to establish such in-service training programs as in his opinion will do most to assist the prosecuting attorneys 6 in the performance of their duties. The attorney gen-7 eral is authorized to accept any federal aid which may 8 be made available or any financial assistance which may 9 be available from any private nonprofit organization 10 for the purposes of this section. The prosecuting attorney in any county having a population in excess of two hun-11 dred thousand shall also discharge the additional duties imposed upon him by the provisions of section thirteen-a, 13 article five, chapter forty-nine of this code. 14

The state tax commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to establish such in-service training programs for county commissioners, county clerks, circuit clerks, assessors, sheriffs and their assistants and employees as in his opinion will do most to modernize and improve the services of their respective offices. The state tax commissioner is authorized to accept any federal aid which

22 may be made available or any financial assistance which 23

may be available from any private nonprofit organization

24 for the purpose of this article.

Each of the county officials mentioned in this section, 25 26 and, at his option, one or more of his assistants, deputies 27 and employees, shall participate in the programs estab-28 lished under this section.

29 The county court is authorized and directed to expend 30 funds for the purpose of reimbursing such officials and/or 31 employees for the actual amount expended by them for 32 food, lodging and registration while in attendance at 33 meetings called by the attorney general or the tax com-34 missioner for the purpose of this section, not to exceed thirty-five dollars per day, with mileage not to exceed 35 36 the rate of ten cents per mile to be computed according 37 to the distance by the nearest practicable route for travel 38 to and from such meetings.

#### §7-7-3. Classification of counties for purpose of determining compensation of elected county officials.

1 For the purpose of determining the compensation of elected county officials, the counties of the state of West 2 3 Virginia are hereby grouped into seven classes based 4 on their assessed valuation of property, all classes. These seven classes and the minimum and maximum valuation of property, all classes, established to determine the classification of each county are as follows:

8		Mini	mum Assesse	d Maxim	um Assessed
9		Valuati	ion of Prope	rty, Valuatio	on of Property,
10	Class		All Classes	A	ll Classes
11	Class I	\$4	150,000,000	N	o limit
12	Class I	I \$2	200,000,000	\$4	49,999,999
13	Class I	II \$1	100,000,000	\$1	99,999,999
14	Class I	V \$	50,000,000	\$	99,999,999
15	Class V	7 \$	25,000,000	\$	49,999,999
16	Class V	<i>7</i> I \$	15,000,000	\$	<b>24</b> ,999,99 <b>9</b>
17	Class V	7II \$	0	\$	<b>14</b> ,999, <b>9</b> 99

The assessed valuation of property, all classes, that 18 19 shall be used as the base to determine the class of a

county shall be the assessed valuation of property, all
classes, of the county as certified by the county assessor,
state auditor and county clerk prior to March twentyninth of each year.

Prior to March twenty-ninth of each year, the county court of each county shall determine the class of the county based upon the assessed valuation of property, all classes, of the county, as certified by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk in accordance with the table of classes hereinabove set forth. If the county court de-termines that such assessed valuation is within the min-imum and maximum limits of a class above or below those of the classification then current, it shall record the new classification of the county with the state auditor and state tax commissioner and record its action on its county court record. If a county court fails to record a new classi-fication or fails to determine a new classification, the classification of the county for the current fiscal year shall be and remain its classification for the next fiscal year following except as provided in the next succeeding 0 paragraph.

The classification of each county for the next fiscal year shall be subject to review by the state tax commissioner. He shall determine if the classification of each county is correct based on the final assessed valuation of property, all classes, certified to him by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk. If the state tax commissioner finds that a county is incorrectly classified he shall notify the county court of that county promptly of his finding and in any case shall notify the county court prior to June thirtieth of that current fiscal year. Any county court so notified shall correct its classification immediately and make any necessary corrections in the salaries of its elected county officials for the next fiscal year.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, no salary of any member of a county court, sheriff, county clerk, circuit clerk, assessor, prosecuting attorney, or other public officer whose salary is governed by this chapter, shall be reduced during the term for which such public officer is serving.

#### §7-7-4. Minimum and maximum compensation limits of elected county officials for each class of county.

For the purpose of determining the compensation to be paid to the elected county officials of each county, the following minimum and maximum compensation limits for each county office by class are hereby established and shall be used by each county court in determining the compensation of each of their county officials including compensation of members of the county court:

9 10		County Court	Sheriff	County Clerk
10		Court	Suerm	Clerk
11	Class I	\$ 9,600-12,800	\$ 9,000-12,000	\$13,800-18, <b>4</b> 0 <b>0</b>
12	Class II	\$ 6,000- 9,000	\$ 7,800-11,700	\$10,000-15,000
13	Class III	\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 7,800-11,700	\$ 8,000-12,000
14	Class IV	\$ 2,800- 4,200	\$ 6,600- 9,900	\$ 6,000- 9,000
15	Class V	\$ 1,600- 2,400	\$ 4,800- 7,200	\$ 4,800- 7,200
16	Class VI	\$ 1,400- 2,100	\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 4,400- 6,600
17	Class VII	\$ 600- 900	\$ 3,600- 5,400	\$ 2,400- 3,600
18		Circuit		Prosecuting
19		Clerk	Assessor	Attorney
20	Class I	\$13,800-18,400	\$ 9,000-15,000	\$20,000-26,000
21	Class II	\$10,000-15,000	\$ 9,000-13,500	\$12,000-18,000
22	Class III	\$ 8,000-12,000	\$ 7,800-11,700	\$ 9,000-13,500
23	Class IV	\$ 6,000- 9,000	\$ 6,600- 9,900	\$ 7,200- 9,600
24	Class V	\$ 4,800- 7,200	\$ 4,800- 7,200	\$ 4,800- 7,200
25	Class VI	\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 4,400- 6,600
26	Class VII	\$ 1,800- 2,700	\$ 3,000- 4,500	\$ 1,800- 2,700

When the classification of a county is changed as provided in this article, the compensation of each elected county official of that county for each fiscal year thereafter shall be set within the minimum and maximum compensation limits established for each elected county official in that class until the classification again changes.

#### §7-7-5. Compensation of county commissioners.

1 (a) Every county commissioner who attends any ses-2 sion of the county court on which he serves shall receive 3 two dollars per day for every day he attends, which

- 4 shall be paid out of the county treasury, as provided for
  5 in section twenty-three, article eight of the constitution
  6 of the state of West Virginia.
- 7 (b) In addition to the payment for services in court 8 as described in subsection (a) of this section, all county commissioners shall be paid compensation out of the 9 county treasury for performing the duties specified in 10 this chapter and elsewhere in the code. The compensa-11 12 tion shall be determined by each county court for its own members. The compensation of a county court mem-13 14 ber shall never be fixed in an amount less than the mini-15 mum limit or more than the maximum limit in effect for the class in which that county is for that fiscal year. 16 17 The compensation shall be reasonable and proper, and due consideration shall be given to the duties, respon-18 19 sibilities and the work required of the individual mem-20 bers of each county court: Provided, however, That as to any county having a tribunal in lieu of a county court, 21 the county commissioners of such county may be paid 22 23 less than the minimum compensation limits of the county 24 court for the particular class of such county.
- 25 (c) Compensation for all county court members shall 26 be fixed by order of the county court before March 27 twenty-ninth of each year and shall take effect on the 28 first day of July following and shall be in effect through-29 out that fiscal year. Each county court shall enter its 30 order upon its county court record.
- 31 (d) The compensation of all members of each county 32 court under subsection (b) of this section shall be the 33 same for any given fiscal year regardless of any given 34 member's tenure or term of office.

## §7-7-6. Compensation of all elected county officials except county commissioners.

- 1 The county court of each county shall determine the
- 2 compensation to be paid to the county clerk, circuit clerk,
- 3 joint clerk of the county and circuit court, if any, sheriff,
- 4 county assessor and prosecuting attorney for its county.
- 5 The compensation of an elected county official shall never
- 6 be fixed in an amount less than the minimum limit or

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more than the maximum limit in effect for the class in which that county is for the fiscal year involved. The 9 compensation shall be reasonable and proper and due 10 consideration shall be given to the duties, responsibilities 11 and the work required of these elected county officials: 12 Provided, That any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint 13 clerk of the county and circuit court, if any, county 14 assessor, sheriff and prosecuting attorney in a Class I 15 county shall devote full time to his public duties to the 16 exclusion of any other employment, and any county 17 clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county and circuit court, if any, county assessor, sheriff and prosecuting 18 19 attorney in a Class II county receiving at least eighty percent of the maximum compensation shall devote full 20 time to his public duties to the exclusion of any other 21 22 employment.

If a county court for any fiscal year fixes the compensation of its members or of any other elected official of such county in any amount in excess of the minimum compensation limit in effect for such county court or such other elected official for the class in which the county is for that fiscal year, then such county court shall fix the compensation of all other elected officials in that county for such fiscal year so that the compensation of such officials will be the same percentage above the minimum as the compensation of the members of such county court or such other official is above the minimum: Provided, however, That in the case of a county that has a joint clerk of the county and circuit court, the compensation of the joint clerk shall be fixed in an amount not more than fifty percent higher than the compensation that would be fixed for the county clerk of the county if it had separate offices of county clerk and circuit clerk.

Compensation for the county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county and circuit court, if any, sheriff, county assessor and prosecuting attorney shall be fixed by order of the county court before March twenty-ninth of each year and shall take effect on the first day of July following and shall remain in effect throughout that fiscal year. Each county court shall enter its order upon its county court record.

#### §7-7-7. County assistants, deputies and employees; their number and compensation; county budget.

1 The county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county 2

and circuit court, if any, sheriff, county assessor and

prosecuting attorney, by and with the advice and consent 3

of the county court, may appoint and employ to assist 4

5 them in the discharge of their official duties for and dur-

6 ing their respective terms of office assistants, deputies

7 and employees.

8 The county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the coun-9 ty and circuit court, if any, sheriff, county assessor and

prosecuting attorney shall, prior to March second of each 10

11 year, file with the county court a detailed request for

12 appropriations for anticipated or expected expenditures

13 for their respective offices, including the compensation

14 for their assistants, deputies and employees, for the

15 ensuing fiscal year.

16 The county court shall, prior to March twenty-ninth of 17 each year by order fix the total amount of money to be expended by the county for the ensuing fiscal 18 year, which amount shall include the compensation 19

20 of county assistants, deputies and employees. Each

21 county court shall enter its order upon its county court

22 record.

23 The county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county and circuit court, if any, sheriff, county assessor and 24 prosecuting attorney shall then fix the compensation of 25 their assistants, deputies and employees based on the 26 total amount of money designated for expenditure by 27 their respective offices by the county court, and the 28 amount so expended shall not exceed the total expendi-29 ture designated by the county court for each office. 30

The county officials, in fixing the individual compen-31 sation of their assistants, deputies and employees, and 32 the county court in fixing the total amount of money to 33 be expended by the county, shall give due consideration 34 to the duties, responsibilities and work required of the 35 assistants, deputies and employees and their compensa-36 tion shall be reasonable and proper. 37

38 After the county court has fixed the total amount of 39 money to be expended by the county for the ensuing 40 fiscal year and after each county official has fixed the 41 compensation of each of his assistants, deputies and em-42 ployees, as provided in this section, each county official 43 shall file prior to June thirtieth, with the clerk of the 44 county court a budget statement for the ensuing fiscal 45 year setting forth the name, or the position designation 46 if then vacant, of each of his assistants, deputies and 47 employees, the period of time for which each is employed, or to be employed if the position is then vacant, 48 49 and his monthly or semimonthly compensation.

50 All budget statements required to be filed by this section shall be verified by an affidavit by the county of-51 ficial making them. Among other things contained in 52 the affidavit shall be the statement that the amounts 53 shown therein are the amounts actually paid or intended 54 to be paid to the assistants, deputies and employees 55 without rebate, and without any agreement, understand-56 ing or expectation that any part thereof shall be repaid to 57 him, and that, prior to the time the affidavit is made, noth-58 ing has been paid or promised him on that account, and 59 that if he shall thereafter receive any money, or thing of 60 value, on account thereof, he will account for and pay 61 the same to the county. Until the statements required 62 by this section have been filed, no allowance or payments 63 64 shall be made to any county official or his assistants, 65 deputies and employees.

Each county official named in this section shall have the authority to discharge any of his assistants, deputies or employees by filing with the clerk of the county court a discharge statement specifying the discharge action.

## §7-7-8. Assistant prosecuting attorneys; appointment and compensation; when court may appoint attorney to prosecute.

1 The prosecuting attorney of each county may, in ac-

2 cordance with and limited by the provisions of section

3 seven of this article, appoint practicing attorneys to assist

him in the discharge of his official duties during his term

5 of office. Any attorney so appointed shall be classified

6 as an assistant prosecuting attorney and shall take the 7 same oath and may perform the same duties as his prin-8 cipal. Each assistant shall serve at the will and pleasure 9 of his principal and may be removed from office by the circuit court of the county in which he is appointed for 11 any cause for which his principal might be removed.

12 If, in any case, the prosecuting attorney and his as-13 sistants are unable to act, or if in the opinion of the 14 court it would be improper for him or his assistants to act, the court shall appoint some competent practicing 16 attorney to act in that case. The court shall certify 17 to the county court the performance of that service when 18 completed and recommend to the county court a reason-19 able compensation for the attorney for his service, and 20 the compensation, when allowed by the county court, 21 shall be paid out of the county treasury. No provision 22 of this section shall be construed to prohibit the employ-23 ment by any person of a practicing attorney to assist in 24 the prosecution of any person or corporation charged 25 with a crime.

The compensation to be paid to an assistant prosecuting attorney shall include compensation provided by law for any services he renders as attorney for any administrative board or officer of his county. No assistant prosecuting attorney shall serve as attorney for any other political subdivision of this state.

#### §7-7-9. Procedure for payment of compensation.

The compensation of the county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county and circuit court, if any, sheriff, county assessor, prosecuting attorney, and their assistants, deputies and employees shall be paid monthly or semimonthly by the county court, which compensation shall be paid out of the county treasury in the manner prescribed by law.

The county court, after the filing of the budget statement specified in section seven of this article, may, by order of record, authorize and order a draft on the county treasurer, payable out of the general county fund, to be drawn in favor of the county official, assistant, deputy

or employee named in this statement, in payment of the compensation to which the person is entitled.

The draft shall not be issued to the county official, assistant, deputy or employee until the proper county

17 official has filed a detailed monthly or semimonthly state-

18 ment with the county treasurer and has filed with the

19 county clerk a duplicate copy of the monthly or semi-

20 monthly statement, together with a receipt from the

21 county treasurer, showing that the person to be paid

22 has paid into the county treasury all moneys belonging

23 to the county that have been collected by him during

24 that pay period as shown by the monthly or semimonthly

25 statement.

When the order for the draft has been entered of record, the president and clerk of the county court shall be authorized to issue and approve by their signature the draft.

At the end of each fiscal year, each county official,

#### §7-7-10. Affidavits acknowledging receipt of compensation.

2	assistant, deputy and employee shall sign and submit
3	to the clerk of the county court an affidavit which shall
4	be in the following form:
5	No, 19
6	Name
7	Position or job title County
8	Description of services rendered:
9	(Describe service and specify period [dates] of service)
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12	I hereby certify that I have rendered the services
13	herein stated, that I have received the full compensation
14	to which I was entitled for those services rendered for
15	my own use and benefit, and that I have not paid, de-
<b>L6</b>	posited, assigned, or contracted to pay, deposit or assign,
L <b>7</b>	any part of my full compensation for the use of any
18	other person, or in any way, directly or indirectly, paid
19	or given, or contracted to pay or give, any reward or
20	compensation for my position or job or the emoluments
21	thereof to any other person.
22	(Signed)

- 23 If the services to the county of a county official, assis-
- 24 tant, deputy or employee terminate before the end of a
- 25 fiscal year, the official, assistant, deputy or employee
- 26 shall, at the time his services end, sign and submit the
- 27 above affidavit to the clerk of the county court.
- 28 All affidavits submitted shall be filed and preserved
- 29 by the clerk of the county court.

#### §7-7-11. Illegal orders for compensation.

- 1 If any clerk shall issue and deliver a draft to any county
- 2 clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county and circuit
- 3 court, if any, sheriff, county assessor, prosecuting at-
- 4 torney, or any of their assistants, deputies or employees,
- 5 in payment of their compensation, without all the ap-
- 6 plicable requirements of this article being complied
- bicable requirements of this article being complied
- 7 with, the draft so issued and delivered shall be illegal
- 8 and invalid. The clerk and the sureties on his bond shall
- 9 be liable to the county court of his county for the pay-
- 10 ment thereof.

#### §7-7-12. Sharing compensation prohibited.

- 1 No county official shall receive or be paid, directly
- 2 or indirectly, any part of the compensation of any assis-
- 3 tant, deputy or employee, or any fee or reward for
- 4 appointing him to his position. No member of a county
- 5 court shall receive or be paid, directly or indirectly, any
- 6 part of the compensation of any other county officer
- 7 named in this article, or of any county assistant, deputy
- 8 or employee. If any county commissioner or county
- 9 official violates the provisions of this section, he shall
- 10 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,
- 11 shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or
- 12 imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year,
- 13 or both fined and imprisoned. Any county commissioner
- 14 or county official so convicted shall forfeit his office.

#### §7-7-13. Allowance for expenses of sheriff.

- 1 The county court of every county having a population
- 2 of thirty thousand or less as determined by the latest
- 3 official census available which, as provided in section
- 4 two-a, article eight of this chapter, has directed the

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sheriff as jailer to feed prisoners shall, in addition to his compensation, allow to the sheriff for keeping and feeding 7 each prisoner, other than federal prisoners or prisoners 8 held under civil process as provided by law, one dollar 9 and twenty-five cents per day for each prisoner.

The limitation per day shall not include cost of per-11 sonal service, bed or bedding, soaps and disinfectants 12 and items of like kind, the cost of all of which shall be paid out of the allowance fixed by the county court 13 14 under the provisions of present law.

All supplies of whatever kind for keeping and feeding prisoners shall be purchased upon the requisition of the sheriff under rules and regulations prescribed by the county court. At the end of each month the sheriff shall file with the county court a detailed statement showing the name of each prisoner, date of commitment and date of discharge, the number of days in jail, and shall also file an itemized statement showing each purchase and the cost thereof for keeping and feeding prisoners.

The county court of every county shall allow the actual and necessary expenses incurred or expended by the sheriff in the discharge of his duties, including, but not limited to those incurred in arresting, pursuing or transporting persons accused or convicted of crimes and offenses; in the cost of law enforcement and safety equipment; in conveying or transporting a prisoner from and to jail to participate in court proceedings, and in conveying or transferring any person to or from any state institution where he may be committed from his county, where by law the sheriff is authorized to convey or transfer the person. The county court shall allow the actual and necessary expenses incurred or expended in serving summonses, notices or other official papers in connection with the sheriff's office.

Every sheriff shall file monthly, under oath, a full and accurate account of all the actual and necessary expenses incurred by him, his deputies, assistants and employees in the performance and discharge of their official duties supported by verified accounts before reimbursement thereof shall be allowed by the county

45 court. Reimbursement, properly allowed, shall be made 46 from the general county fund.

### §7-7-14. Training of sheriffs and deputies; payment of expenses thereof by county court.

- 1 The county court of each county is authorized, at its
- 2 discretion, to expend from the general county fund, upon
- 3 request and requisition by the sheriff of the county, the
- 4 necessary and proper travel expenses, per diem allowance
- 5 of not less than three dollars fifty cents per day and
- 6 tuition expenses for the training of the sheriff and his
- 7 deputies of the county in the performance of their duties,
- 8 as sheriff and deputy, at any training school or academy
- 9 available therefor located in this state.

#### §7-7-15. Allowance for expenses of prosecuting attorney.

- 1 In addition to his compensation, the prosecuting at-
- 2 torney and his assistants shall be reimbursed for actual
- 3 traveling expenses within the state in the performance
- 4 of their official duties, and when out of the state for the
- 5 purpose of taking depositions in cases in which other
- 6 counsel is not employed by the court under section one,
- 7 article three, chapter sixty-two of this code, which ex-
- 8 penses shall be duly itemized and verified, and shall, if
- 9 found correct, be allowed by the county court and be
- lo paid monthly out of the general county fund.

## §7-7-16. Mileage allowance for county officials, their assistants, deputies and employees.

- 1 The county court of each county shall allow to each
- 2 county official and to their deputies, assistants and em-
- 3 ployees, when they are required to drive their personally
- 4 owned car in the actual performance and discharge of
- 5 their official duties, reimbursement at the rate of ten
- 6 cents for each mile traveled in their personally owned
- 7 car.
- 8 Every county official shall file monthly, under oath, a
- 9 full and accurate account of all the actual mileage driven
- 10 by him, his deputies, assistants and employees, in the
- 11 performance and discharge of their official duties sup-
- 12 ported by verified accounts before reimbursement thereof

- shall be allowed by the county court. Reimbursement.
- properly allowed, shall be made from the general county
- 15 fund.

#### §7-7-17. Annual reports by county officers of expenditures for assistants, deputies and employees.

- 1 Every county official named in this article shall, on the
- 2 first day of June of each year, file with the county court
- and with the state tax commissioner, an itemized sworn
- statement of the amount expended by him, including com-
- pensation, emoluments and other outlay of money or
- 6 thing of value for the twelve months last preceding the
- 7 time of filing the report, for the services of all his as-
- sistants, deputies and employees.

#### §7-7-18. Source of compensation paid judges of courts of limited jurisdiction.

- 1 The compensation of every judge of a court of record
- of limited jurisdiction established by the Legislature
- under section nineteen, article eight of the constitution,
- and the compensation of every person who serves as
- judge of any of those courts when the judge of the
- court cannot act, shall be paid out of the treasury of
- the county and not out of the treasury of the state.

#### §7-7-19. Penalties.

- If any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of any 1
- county and circuit court, sheriff, county assessor or
- prosecuting attorney fail to file the detailed request for
- appropriations or the budget statement as provided in
- section seven of this article or fail to file the monthly or
- semimonthly statement as provided in section nine of
- this article or fail to file the statement of expenditures as
- provided for in section seventeen of this article, or if any
- county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk, or any county and
- 10 circuit court, sheriff, county assessor, prosecuting at-
- torney, their assistants, deputies or employees, fail to 11
- 12 comply with any of the requirements provided in this article, he shall, except where another penalty is pre-
- 13 14 scribed, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
- thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more
- 15
- than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county 16

- 17 jail not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or
- 18 both fined and imprisoned.

#### §7-7-20. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application thereof
- 2 to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such in-
- 3 validity shall not affect other provisions or applications
- 4 of the article, and to this end the provisions of this article
- 5 are declared to be severable.

#### CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

#### ARTICLE 2. ASSESSORS.

#### §11-2-2. Deputy assessors.

- 1 The assessor in every county shall select his deputies,
- 2 assistants and other employees in the same manner as is
- 3 provided for the selection of deputies, assistants and em-
- 4 ployees of sheriffs and clerks of courts.

#### **CHAPTER 24**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 833—Originating in the House Committee on Political Subdivisions)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto new sections, designated section five-a and sections five-a-(one) through five-a-(fifty-five), relating to additional compensation for assessors according to county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto new sections, designated section five-a and five-a-(one) through five-a-(fifty-five), to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. ASSESSORS.

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Additional compensation; additional duties.
§11-2-5a.
§11-2-5a(1).
                  Same—Barbour county.
§11-2-5a(2).
                  Same—Berkeley county.
                  Same-Boone county.
§11-2-5a(3).
§11-2-5a(4).
                  Same-Braxton county.
                  Same-Brooke county.
§11-2-5a(5).
§11-2-5a(6).
                  Same—Cabell county.
§11-2-5a(7).
                  Same—Calhoun county.
§11-2-5a(8).
                  Same—Clay county.
                  Same-Doddridge county.
§11-2-5a(9).
§11-2-5a(10). Same—Fayette county.
§11-2-5a(11). Same—Gilmer county.
§11-2-5a(12). Same—Grant county.
§11-2-5a(13). Same—Greenbrier county.
§11-2-5a(14). Same—Hampshire county.
§11-2-5a(15). Same—Hancock county.
§11-2-5a(16). Same—Hardy county.
§11-2-5a(17). Same—Harrison county.
§11-2-5a(18). Same—Jackson county.
§11-2-5a(19). Same—Jefferson county.
§11-2-5a(20). Same—Kanawha county.
§11-2-5a(21). Same—Lewis county.
§11-2-5a(22). Same—Lincoln county.
§11-2-5a(23). Same—Logan county.
§11-2-5a(24). Same—Marion county.
§11-2-5a(25). Same—Marshall county.
§11-2-5a(26). Same—Mason county.
§11-2-5a(27). Same—McDowell county.
§11-2-5a(28). Same—Mercer county.
§11-2-5a(29). Same—Mineral county.
§11-2-5a(30). Same—Mingo county.
§11-2-5a(31). Same—Monongalia county.
§11-2-5a(32). Same—Monroe county.
§11-2-5a(33). Same-Morgan county.
§11-2-5a(34). Same—Nicholas county.
§11-2-5a(35). Same—Ohio county.
§11-2-5a(36). Same—Pendleton county.
§11-2-5a(37). Same—Pleasants county.
§11-2-5a(38). Same—Pocahontas county.
§11-2-5a(39). Same-Preston county.
§11-2-5a(40). Same—Putnam county.
§11-2-5a(41). Same—Raleigh county.
§11-2-5a(42). Same—Randolph county.
$11-2-5a(42). Same—Randolph county.

$11-2-5a(43). Same—Ritchie county.

$11-2-5a(44). Same—Roane county.

$11-2-5a(45). Same—Summers county.

$11-2-5a(46). Same—Taylor county.

$11-2-5a(47). Same—Tucker county.

$11-2-5a(48). Same—Tyler county.

$11-2-5a(50). Same—Wayne county.

$11-2-5a(51). Same—Webster county.

$11-2-5a(52). Same—Webster county.

$11-2-5a(53). Same—Wirt county.

$11-2-5a(54). Same—Wirt county.

$11-2-5a(55). Same—Wood county.

$11-2-5a(55). Same—Wood county.
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#### §11-2-5a. Additional compensation; additional duties.

- In addition to the salary or compensation provided elsewhere in this code, the county court of each county shall pay to the assessor, on an annual basis, on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, additional compensation in accordance with the provisions of this section and sections five-a-(one) through five-a-(fifty-five) of this article for such additional duties required of him by this section.
- 9 To receive such additional compensation, the following 10 duties are hereby imposed upon every assessor of this state:
- 11 1. He shall annually complete a sales ratio analysis 12 in a manner prescribed by the state tax commissioner.
- 2. He shall present to the tax commissioner a list of
   real property transfers of the prior assessment year by
   December first annually.
- 3. He shall on or before December first of each year supply a list of new construction and improvements exceeding one thousand dollars of the previous assessment year on forms prescribed by the state tax commissioner.
- 4. He shall on or before December first of each year supply a list of new businesses added to the assessment rolls and businesses that have discontinued operations in the previous assessment year and been removed from the assessment rolls.
- 5. He shall provide assistance to the tax commissioner to disseminate information with respect to the taxation, classification and valuation of nonutility and public utility property to the end that all property shall be more equally and uniformly assessed throughout the state.
- 32 6. He shall annually assist the tax commissioner in 33 determining the current use of such real property in his 34 county as the tax commissioner may require to accom-35 plish a uniform appraisal and assessment of real prop-36 erty.
- 37 At the time of substantial completion of the above 38 duties each assessor shall certify to the county court 39 and tax commissioner his performance of the same. When

- 40 the work has been so certified and completed to the sat-
- 41 isfaction of the tax commissioner, the tax commissioner
- 42 shall certify to the county court that the assessor has
- 43 performed these duties and is entitled to the remuner-
- 44 ation provided for in sections five-a (one) through five-a-
- 45 (fifty-five) of this article.

#### §11-2-5a(1). Same—Barbour county.

1 For the county of Barbour, six hundred ninety dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(2). Same—Berkeley county.

- 1 For the county of Berkeley, one thousand six hundred
- 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(3). Same—Boone county.

- 1 For the county of Boone, six hundred twenty-five dol-
- 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(4). Same—Braxton county.

- 1 For the county of Braxton, four hundred seventy dol-
- 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(5). Same—Brooke county.

- 1 For the county of Brooke, six hundred fifty-five dol-
- 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(6). Same—Cabell county.

1 For the county of Cabell, six thousand dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(7). Same—Calhoun county.

1 For the county of Calhoun, one hundred ninety dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(8). Same-Clay county.

1 For the county of Clay, one hundred ninety dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(9). Same—Doddridge county.

- 1 For the county of Doddridge, one hundred ninety dol-
- 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(10). Same—Fayette county.

- 1 For the county of Fayette, one thousand five hundred
- 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(11). Same—Gilmer county.

1 For the county of Gilmer, three hundred fifteen dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(12). Same—Grant county.

1 For the county of Grant, two hundred fifty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(13). Same—Greenbrier county.

1 For the county of Greenbrier, one thousand dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(14). Same—Hampshire county.

- 1 For the county of Hampshire, five hundred thirty dol-
- 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(15). Same—Hancock county.

- 1 For the county of Hancock, two thousand two hundred
- 2 fifty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(16). Same—Hardy county.

1 For the county of Hardy, four hundred seventy dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(17). Same—Harrison county.

- 1 For the county of Harrison, six thousand seven hundred
- 2 fifty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(18). Same—Jackson county.

- 1 For the county of Jackson, three hundred seventy-five
- 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(19). Same—Jefferson county.

1 For the county of Jefferson, nine hundred fifty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(20). Same—Kanawha county.

1 For the county of Kanawha, twelve thousand dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(21). Same—Lewis county.

1 For the county of Lewis, one thousand dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(22). Same—Lincoln county.

1 For the county of Lincoln, two hundred twenty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(23). Same—Logan county.

1 For the county of Logan, nine hundred five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(24). Same—Marion county.

- 1 For the county of Marion, four thousand eight hundred
- 2 seventy-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(25). Same—Marshall county.

1 For the county of Marshall, three thousand dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(26). Same—Mason county.

1 For the county of Mason, four hundred forty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(27). Same—McDowell county.

- 1 For the county of McDowell, two thousand one hundred
- 2 twenty-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(28). Same—Mercer county.

- 1 For the county of Mercer, one thousand six hundred
- 2 twenty-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(29). Same-Mineral county.

- 1 For the county of Mineral, eight hundred seventy-five
- 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(30). Same—Mingo county.

1 For the county of Mingo, nine hundred five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(31). Same—Monongalia county.

- For the county of Monongalia, four thousand six hun-
- 2 dred twenty-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(32). Same—Monroe county.

1 For the county of Monroe, two hundred eighty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(33). Same—Morgan county.

- 1 For the county of Morgan, four hundred eighty dol-
- 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(34). Same—Nicholas county.

1 For the county of Nicholas, one thousand dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(35). Same-Ohio county.

- 1 For the county of Ohio, five thousand seven hundred
- 2 fifty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(36). Same—Pendleton county.

1 For the county of Pendleton, two hundred fifty dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(37). Same—Pleasants county.

- 1 For the county of Pleasants, one hundred twenty-five
- 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(38). Same—Pocahontas county.

- 1 For the county of Pocahontas, four hundred seventy
- 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(39). Same—Preston county.

- 1 For the county of Preston, one thousand three hundred
- 2 seventy-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(40). Same—Putnam county.

- 1 For the county of Putnam, six hundred twenty-five 2 dollars.
- §11-2-5a(41). Same—Raleigh county.
  - 1 For the county of Raleigh, six hundred twenty-five
  - 2 dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(42). Same—Randolph county.

- 1 For the county of Randolph, seven hundred fifty dol-
- 2 lars.
- 1 For the county of Ritchie, four hundred forty dollars.
- §11-2-5a(44). Same—Roane county.

§11-2-5a(43). Same—Ritchie county.

- 1 For the county of Roane, five hundred dollars.
- §11-2-5a(45). Same—Summers county.
  - 1 For the county of Summers, six hundred dollars.
- §11-2-5a(46). Same—Taylor county.
  - 1 For the county of Taylor, five hundred thirty dollars.
- §11-2-5a(47). Same—Tucker county.
  - 1 For the county of Tucker, two hundred fifty dollars.
- §11-2-5a(48). Same—Tyler county.
  - 1 For the county of Tyler, three hundred fifteen dollars.
- §11-2-5a(49). Same—Upshur county.
  - 1 For the county of Upshur, nine hundred five dollars.
- §11-2-5a(50). Same-Wayne county.
  - 1 For the county of Wayne, nine hundred forty dollars.
- §11-2-5a(51). Same—Webster county.
  - 1 For the county of Webster, three hundred fifteen dol-
  - 2 lars.

#### §11-2-5a(52). Same—Wetzel county.

- 1 For the county of Wetzel, one thousand six hundred
- 2 twenty-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(53). Same—Wirt county.

1 For the county of Wirt, one hundred fifty-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(54). Same-Wood county.

- 1 For the county of Wood, four thousand eight hundred
- 2 seventy-five dollars.

#### §11-2-5a(55). Same—Wyoming county.

1 For the county of Wyoming, five hundred dollars.

#### **CHAPTER 25**

(House Bill No. 1130-By Mr. Daugherty and Mr. Romine)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permit closing county courthouses at times other than legal holidays.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. COUNTY PROPERTY.

#### §7-3-2. Courthouse, jail and offices.

- 1 The county court of every county, at the expense of the
- 2 county, shall provide at the county seat thereof a suit-
- 3 able courthouse and jail, together with suitable offices
- 4 for the judge of the circuit court and judges of courts of
- 5 limited jurisdiction, clerks of such courts and of the
- 6 county court, assessor, sheriff, prosecuting attorney,
- 7 county superintendent of schools, and surveyor, and such
- 8 other offices as are or may be required by law: Provided,
- 9 That such courthouse, including any annex or other fa-
- 10 cility housing the courts and offices herein set out, (ex-
- 11 cepting such facilities as are on a twenty-four-hour basis),

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shall be open to the public Monday through Saturday 12. 13 during the hours prescribed by the county court by an order duly recorded in the order book of such court, ex-14 cluding Sundays and national or state holidays, and may, 15 with the consent of the county court in counties having 16 a population in excess of one hundred thousand be closed 17 18 on Saturday: Provided, however, That the county court 19 of every county having a population in excess of two hundred thousand may provide at the county seat or 20 elsewhere in the county, as the county court shall deter-21 22 mine, a suitable jail or jails. The county court shall keep 23 the courthouse, jail and such other offices in constant 24 and adequate repair, and supplied with the necessary heat, light, furniture, record books, and janitor service, 25 26 and, except as to the office for the judge of the circuit 27 court, with the necessary stationery and postage, and such other things as shall be necessary; but all of the 28 public records, books and papers belonging or appertain-29 30 ing to the county surveyor's office shall be delivered to 31 the clerk of the county court and retained by him in his 32 official possession and under his control and shall constitute a part of the public records, books and papers of 33 his office. Such courthouses, jails and offices hereafter 34 35 erected shall be built of stone and brick, or stone or 36 brick, or other equally fireproof materials, and such offices shall be fireproof or be furnished with fireproof 37 vaults or safes. The jails shall be well secured, and suf-38 ficient for the convenient accommodation of those who 39 may be confined therein, and so that the convicts may be 40 in apartments separate from each other, and from the 41 other prisoners; every apartment shall be so constructed 42 that it can be kept comfortable. The county court may 43 offices and buildings, also provide other necessary 44 and may, by purchase or otherwise, acquire so much land as may be requisite or desirable for county purposes, and may suitably inclose, improve and embellish the 47 lands so acquired. 48

Subject to the conditions hereinabove set forth with respect to the site of the courthouse, jail, and other offices, the court may, from time to time, as may seem to it proper, provide, at the expense of the county, a 53 new or other building or buildings to be used for the 54 courthouse and jail, or for either, together with suitable offices, as aforesaid, and for that purpose may ac-55 quire, by purchase or otherwise, and hold any lands, or 56 lands and buildings, which may be necessary, and may 57 58 inclose, improve and embellish the same. When such new or other building or buildings shall be ready for 59 occupancy, the county court shall make an order de-60 claring that, on a day to be therein named, such new 61 or other building or buildings shall become the court-62 house and/or jail of the county, and shall cause copies 63 of the order to be posted at the front door of the new 64 as well as of the old courthouse, at least twenty days 65 before the day named in the order; and on and after 66 the day so named such new or other building or build-67 ings shall be and become, respectively, the courthouse 68 and/or jail of such county in all respects and for all 69 purposes. After such change shall have been made the 70 county court may sell or otherwise dispose of, as may 71 seem to it proper, the building or buildings previously 72 used as a courthouse and jail, or either, and the land 73 74 on which the same are, or either is, situated, and of the interest of the county therein. 75

## **CHAPTER 26**

(House Bill No. 527-By Mr. Steptoe)

[Passed February 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the duties of the prosecuting attorney on election days.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article four, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 4. PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, REWARDS AND LEGAL ADVICE.

## §7-4-1. Duties of prosecuting attorney; further duties upon request of attorney general.

It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney to 1 attend to the criminal business of the state in the county in which he is elected and qualified, and when he has information of the violation of any penal law committed 4 within such county, he shall institute and prosecute all 5 necessary and proper proceedings against the offender, and may in such case issue or cause to be issued a sum-7 mons for any witness he may deem material. Every 8 public officer shall give him information of the violation 9 of any penal law committed within his county. It shall 10 also be the duty of the prosecuting attorney to attend 11 to civil suits in such county in which the state, or any 12 department, commission or board thereof, is interested, 13 14 and to advise, attend to, bring, prosecute or defend, as the case may be, all matters, actions, suits and proceed-15 ings in which such county or any county board of educa-16 17 tion is interested.

18 It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney to keep his office open in the charge of a responsible person during 19 the hours polls are open on general, primary and special 20 county-wide election days, and the prosecuting attorney, 21 22 or his assistant, if any, shall be available for the purpose of advising election officials. It shall be the further duty of 23 the prosecuting attorney, when requested by the attorney 24 general, to perform or to assist the attorney general in 25 performing, in the county in which he is elected, any legal 26 duties required to be performed by the attorney general, 27 and which are not inconsistent with the duties of the 28 prosecuting attorney as the legal representative of such 29 county. It shall also be the duty of the prosecuting attor-30 ney, when requested by the attorney general, to perform 31 or to assist the attorney general in performing, any legal 32 duties required to be performed by the attorney general, 33 in any county other than that in which such prosecuting 34 attorney is elected, and for the performance of any such 35 duties in any county other than that in which such prose-36

37 cuting attorney is elected he shall be paid his actual ex-38 penses.

Upon the request of the attorney general the prosetouting attorney shall make a written report of the state and condition of the several causes in which the state is a party, pending in his county, and upon any matters

43 referred to him by the attorney general as provided by

44 law.

## **CHAPTER 27**

(House Bill No. 592-By Mr. Rollins)

[Passed February 9, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article four, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to rewards, detention of crime and bounties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article four, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 4. PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, REWARDS AND LEGAL ADVICE.

## §7-4-2. Rewards; detection of crime; bounties.

1 The prosecuting attorney of any county, with the

2 approval of the county court, or of the governor, or of

3 the court of the county vested with authority to try

4 criminal offenses, or of the judge thereof in vacation,

5 may, within his discretion, offer rewards for the appre-

6 hension of persons charged with crime, or may expend

7 money for the detection of crime. Any money expended

8 under this section shall, when approved by the prose-

9 cuting attorney, be paid out of the county fund, in the

10 same manner as other county expenses are paid. The

11 county court may also offer reasonable bounties and

12 rewards for the destruction of noxious animals, birds of

13 prey, or weeds in the county, payable out of the county

14 treasury: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall

15 permit or give to the prosecuting attorney of any county, 16 having a population according to the last official census 17 of forty-five thousand or less, the right to appoint a fulltime investigator or detector of crime, or to expend any 18 money for the investigation of any crime committed in his 19 county beyond the actual expenses of the investigation 20 of said crime, except in the county of Wyoming, the 21 prosecuting attorney may appoint an investigator of 22 crime to be paid an annual salary of not less than one 23 thousand two hundred dollars nor more than twenty-four hundred dollars, and actual expenses, the salary to be 25 fixed within these limits by the county court; except 26 further in the county of Wayne, the prosecuting attor-27 ney may appoint an investigator of crime to be paid an 28 annual salary of not less than thirty-six hundred dollars 29 nor more than six thousand dollars, and actual expenses, the salary within these limits to be fixed by the county court; except further in the county of Lincoln, the prosecuting attorney may appoint an investigator of crime 33 to be paid an annual salary of not less than one thou-34 sand two hundred dollars nor more than two thousand 35 four hundred dollars, and actual expenses, the salary 36 within these limits to be fixed by the prosecuting attor-37 ney; except further in the county of Mason, the prose-38 cuting attorney may appoint an investigator of crime 39 to be paid a salary of not less than one hundred dollars 40 nor more than two thousand four hundred dollars and 41 actual expenses, the salary to be fixed within these limits 42 by the county court; except further in the county of Mar-43 shall, the prosecuting attorney may appoint an investiga-44 tor of crime to be paid an annual salary to be fixed by 45 the county court and actual expenses. 46

## **CHAPTER 28**

(Senate Bill No. 211-By Mr. Ward)

[Passed March 3, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six-(thirty), article seven, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the appointment and compensation of the stenographer to the prosecuting attorney of Mingo county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six-(thirty), article seven, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 7. SALARIES; DEPUTIES AND ASSISTANTS AND THEIR SALARIES.

## §7-7-6(30). Assistants, stenographers and clerks for prosecuting attorney—Mingo county.

- 1 For the county of Mingo, one assistant attorney, not
- 2 more than six thousand dollars; one stenographer, five
- 3 thousand one hundred dollars.

## **CHAPTER 29**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 676—Originating in the House Committee on Political Subdivisions)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, relating to mandatory civil service coverage for certain deputy sheriffs in certain counties and permissive civil service coverage for certain deputy sheriffs in other counties on or after the effective date of said article fourteen; relating to appointment, promotion, reinstatement, removal, discharge, suspension and reduction of deputy sheriffs covered by civil service; relating to chief deputy in any county covered by civil service for deputy sheriffs; providing definitions; relating to population determination; relating to a county civil service commission for civil service for deputy sheriffs, the appointment of its members and the removal of such members; relating to the clerk of

and an office and supplies for any such civil service commission; requiring appropriations to carry out provisions of said article fourteen; relating to the powers and duties of any such civil service commission; relating to rules and regulations of any such civil service commission and notice and distribution of such rules and regulations; providing for probationary appointments of deputy sheriffs covered by civil service; relating to application for competitive examination, age requirements and exceptions; relating to competitive and medical examinations for appointment or promotion as a deputy sheriff, and notice of competitive examinations; requiring the state civil service commission to prepare and prescribe competitive examinations for deputy sheriffs; specifying circumstances under which competitive and medical examination shall not be required; relating to training, examination and age of persons employed as deputy sheriffs on the effective date of said article fourteen; relating to the refusal to examine or certify and review of such refusal; relating to eligible lists from which appointments are made; specifying procedures for appointments from an eligible list and procedures for objecting to and removing any name from any such list; relating to filling a vacancy when there is no eligible list; relating to filling vacancies by promotion, and eligibility for promotion; relating to the rights of a chief deputy who was a member of the civil service system for deputy sheriffs at the time he became chief deputy; prohibiting any inquiry as to political or religious opinion or affiliation and prohibiting discrimination on the basis thereof; prohibiting certain political activity of deputy sheriffs and authorizing a petition for vacating an appointment because of political activity; relating to action on such petition and judicial review with respect thereto; requiring training and retraining programs for and satisfactory completion thereof by deputy sheriffs; relating to the removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay of deputy sheriffs and judicial review with respect thereto; relating to reduction in number of deputy sheriffs; specifying that deputy sheriffs subject to said article fourteen may not serve as deputy sheriffs after attaining age sixty; establishing various criminal offenses and providing criminal penalties; establishing procedures for optional civil service coverage of deputy sheriffs; providing a repealer clause; and providing a severability clause.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

- §7-14-1. Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs.
- §7-14-2. Definitions; population.
- §7-14-3. Civil service commission.
- §7-14-4. Clerk of the commission.
- §7-14-5. Office and supplies for commission; appropriations required.
- §7-14-6. Powers and duties of commission.
- §7-14-7. Rules and regulations of commission; notice and distribution thereof; probationary period for appointees.
- §7-14-8. Form of application; age requirements; exceptions.
- §7-14-9. Character and notice of competitive examinations; qualifications of applicants; competitive examinations to be prescribed by state civil service commission; press representatives; posting eligible list; medical examinations; exceptions as to and training of deputies serving on effective date of article.
- §7-14-10. Refusal to examine or certify; review thereof.
- §7-14-11. Appointments from eligible list.
- §7-14-12. Noncompetitive examination for filling vacancy; provisional appointment.
- §7-14-13. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion; rights of chief deputy.
- §7-14-14. No inquiry shall be made concerning political or religious opinions or affiliations of applicants, etc.
- §7-14-15. Political activity of deputy sheriffs prohibited; petition for vacating appointment; action on petition; appeal.
- §7-14-16. Training and retraining programs for all deputies required.
- §7-14-17. Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay; appeal; reduction in number of deputies; no person subject to article may serve as deputy after age sixty.
- §7-14-18. Offenses and penalties.
- §7-14-19. County courts of counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand may place deputy sheriffs under civil service; protest and election with respect thereto.
- §7-14-20. Inconsistent acts repealed; once established civil service remains mandatory.
- §7-14-21. Severability.

## §7-14-1. Appointments and promotions of deputy sheriffs.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of article three, chapter
- 2 six, and article seven, chapter seven of this code, all
- 3 appointments and promotions of full-time deputy sheriffs,

4 as defined in section two of this article, in the offices of sheriffs of counties of twenty-five thousand population or 6 more, shall be made only according to qualifications and 7 fitness to be ascertained by examinations, which, so 8 far as practicable, shall be competitive, as hereinafter 9 provided. On and after the effective date of this article, 10 no person except the chief deputy shall be appointed, 11 promoted, reinstated, removed, discharged, suspended or 12 reduced in rank or pay as a full-time deputy sheriff, as 13 defined in said section two, of any county in the state 14 of West Virginia subject to the provisions hereof, in 15 any manner or by any means other than those prescribed

#### §7-14-2. Definitions; population.

16 in this article.

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- (a) For the purpose of this article:
- 2 (1) "Appointing officer" or "appointing sheriff" shall 3 mean the sheriff of the county in which the appointment 4 of a deputy sheriff shall be made pursuant to this article; 5 and
- 6 (2) "Deputy sheriffs" or "deputies" shall mean per7 sons appointed by a sheriff as his deputies whose sole
  8 duties as such deputies are within the scope of active,
  9 general law enforcement and as such are authorized to
  10 carry deadly weapons, patrol the highways, perform
  11 police functions, make arrests or safeguard prisoners.
- 12 (b) For the purpose of this article, population shall 13 be determined by reference to the last preceding census 14 taken under the authority of the United States or of the 15 Legislature of West Virginia.

## §7-14-3. Civil service commission.

- There shall be a civil service commission in each county having a population of twenty-five thousand or more.
- 3 Each such civil service commission shall consist of three
- 4 commissioners, one of whom shall be appointed by the
- 5 bar association of such county, one of whom shall be
- 6 appointed by the deputy sheriff's association of such
- 7 county, and one of whom shall be appointed by the
- 8 county court of such county. In the event the bar as-
- 9 sociation or deputy sheriff's association shall fail to make

an appointment within the time prescribed in this sec-11 tion therefor, then such appointment shall be made by the county court. The persons appointed commissioners 12 shall be qualified voters of the county for which they are 13 appointed, and at least two of the commissioners shall 14 be persons in full sympathy with the purposes of this 15 16 article. Not more than two of the commissioners, at any one time, shall be members of the same political party. 17 18 The commissioners in each county shall be appointed as follows: Within sixty days from the effective date of this 19 20 article, the authorities having the power to appoint mem-21 bers to the civil service commission shall appoint the 22 three commissioners, the first to be appointed by the 23 bar association of the county shall serve for six years from the date of his appointment, the second to be ap-24 25 pointed by the deputy sheriff's association of the county 26 shall serve for four years from the date of his appointment, and the third to be appointed by the county court 27 of the county shall serve for a term of two years from 28 the date of his appointment. All subsequent appoint-29 ments shall be made for terms of four years. In the 30 event that any commissioner of the civil service com-31 mission shall cease to be a member thereof by virtue 32 of death, final removal or other cause, a new commis-33 34 sioner shall be appointed to fill the unexpired term of that commissioner within ten days after said ex-com-35 missioner shall have ceased to be a member of the com-36 mission. Such appointment shall be made by the authority 37 who appointed the commissioner who is no longer a 38 member of the commission. Each year the three mem-39 bers of the commission shall, together, elect one of their 40 number to act as president of the commission for a term 41 of one year. The county court may at any time remove a 42 commissioner for good cause, which shall be stated in 43 writing and made a part of the records of the commission: 44 Provided, That once the county court has removed any 45 commissioner, such county court shall within ten days 46 thereafter file in the office of the clerk of the circuit 47 court of the county a petition setting forth in full the 48 reason for the removal and praying for the confirmation 49 of the circuit court of the action of the county court in 50

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removing the said commissioner. A copy of the petition 51 52 shall be served upon the commissioner so removed 53 simultaneously with its filing in the office of the clerk of 54 the circuit court and shall have precedence on the docket 55 of the circuit court and shall be heard by the court as 56 soon as practicable upon the request of the removed com-57 missioner. All rights hereby vested in the circuit court 58 may be exercised by the judge thereof in vacation. In the 59 event that no term of the circuit court is being held at 60 the time of the filing of the petition, and the judge thereof cannot be reached in the county wherein the petition was 61 filed, the petition shall be heard at the next succeeding 62 63 term of the circuit court, whether regular or special, and the commissioner so removed shall remain removed until a hearing is had upon the petition of the county court. 66 The circuit court, or the judge thereof in vacation, shall 67 hear and decide the issues presented by the petition. The 68 county court or commissioner, as the case may be, against whom the decision of the circuit court or judge thereof 69 70 in vacation shall be rendered shall have the right to petition the supreme court of appeals for a review of 71 72 the decision of the circuit court or the judge thereof in vacation as in other civil cases. In the event that the 73 county court shall fail to file its petition in the office of 74 75 the clerk of the circuit court, as hereinbefore provided, within ten days after the removal of the commissioner, 76 such commissioner shall immediately resume his position 77 as a member of the civil service commission. 78

Any resident of the county shall have the right at any time to file charges against and seek the removal of any member of the civil service commission. The charges shall be filed in the form of a petition in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county. A copy of the petition shall be served upon the commissioner sought to be removed. The petition shall be matured for hearing and heard as a civil action by the circuit court of the county for which the commissioner serves as a member of the civil service commission or by the judge thereof in vacation. The party against whom the decision of the circuit court or judge thereof in vacation shall be rendered shall have the right to petition the supreme court of appeals

- 92 for a review of the decision of the circuit court or judge 93 thereof in vacation as in other civil cases.
- 94 No commissioner shall hold any other office (other
- 95 than the office of notary public) under the United States.
- 96 this state, or any municipality, county or other political
- 97 subdivision thereof; nor shall any commissioner serve on
- 98 any political party committee or take any active part in
- 99 the management of any political campaign.

#### §7-14-4. Clerk of the commission.

- 1 The clerk of the county court shall be ex officio clerk
- 2 of the civil service commission and shall supply to the
- 3 commission all necessary clerical and stenographic ser-
- 4 vices for the work of the civil service commission.

## §7-14-5. Office and supplies for commission; appropriations required.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the county court of every such
- 2 county to cause suitable and convenient rooms and ac-
- 3 commodations to be assigned and provided, furnished,
- 4 heated and lighted for carrying on the work and examina-
- 5 tions of the civil service commission. The civil service
- 6 commission may order from the proper authorities the
- 7 necessary stationery, postage stamps, official seal and
- 8 other articles to be supplied, and the necessary printing
- 9 to be done, for its official use. It shall be the duty of the
- 10 county court and other county officials of every such
- 11 county to aid the civil service commission in all proper
- 12 ways in carrying out the provisions of this article, and
- 13 to allow the reasonable use of public buildings, and to
- 14 heat and light the same, for holding examinations and
- 15 investigations and in all proper ways to facilitate the
- 16 same.
- 17 The county court of each such county is hereby re-
- 18 guired to appropriate sufficient funds for the purpose of
- 19 carrying out the provisions of this article.

## §7-14-6. Powers and duties of commission.

- 1 The civil service commission in each such county shall:
- 2 (1) Prescribe and enforce rules and regulations for
- 3 carrying into effect the provisions of this article. All

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4 rules and regulations so prescribed may, from time to time, be added to, amended or rescinded.

- 6 (2) Keep minutes of its own proceedings and records 7 of its examinations and other official actions. All recommendations of applicants for the position of deputy sheriff received by the commission or by the sheriff shall be kept and preserved for a period of ten years, 10 11 and all such records, recommendations of former em-12 ployees excepted, and all written causes of removal, filed with the commission, shall, subject to reasonable rule 13 14 and regulation, be open to public inspection.
- (3) Make investigations, either sitting as a body or 16 through a single commissioner, concerning all matters touching the enforcement and effect of the provisions 17 of this article and the rules and regulations prescribed 18 19 hereunder or concerning the action of any examiner or subordinate of the commission or any person in the 20 21 public service with respect to the execution of this article; and, in the course of such investigations, each commis-22 sioner shall have the power to administer oaths and 24 affirmations and to take testimony.
- 25 (4) Have power to subpoena and require the atten-26 dance of witnesses and the production of books and papers 27 pertinent to the investigations and inquiries herein authorized, and examine them and such public records as 28 it shall require, in relation to any matter which it has 29 30 the authority to investigate. The fee of such witnesses 31 for attendance and travel shall be the same as for witnesses before the circuit courts of this state and shall 32 be paid from the appropriation for the incidental ex-33 penses of the commission. All officers in the public 34 service and their deputies, clerks, subordinates and em-35 ployees shall attend and testify when required to do 36 so by the commission. Any disobedience to, or neglect 37 of, any subpoena issued by the commissioners, or any 38 one of them, to any person, shall be held a contempt 39 of court, and shall be punished by the circuit court of 40 the county in which the civil service commission is 41 located, or the judge thereof in vacation, as if such sub-42 poena had been issued by the court. The judge of the

Ch. 297

- circuit court shall, upon the application of any one commissioner, in any such case, cause the process of that court to issue to compel any person or persons, disobeying or neglecting any such subpoena to appear and to give testimony and produce evidence before the commissioners, or any one of them, and shall have power to punish any such contempt.
- 51 (5) Prepare a position classification and promotion 52 plan.
- 53 Make an annual report to the county court and (6) 54 sheriff showing its own actions, its rules and regulations, including all exceptions thereto in force, and the prac-55 tical effects thereof, and any suggestions it may have 56 for the more effectual accomplishment of the purposes 57 of this article. Such report shall be available for public 58 inspection five days after it shall have been delivered to 59 the county court and sheriff. 60

## §7-14-7. Rules and regulations of commission; notice and distribution thereof; probationary period for appointees.

1 The civil service commission in each such county shall make rules and regulations providing for both competi-2 tive and medical examinations for the position of deputy 4 sheriff in each such county subject to the provisions of this article, for appointments to the position of deputy 6 sheriff and for promotions and for such other matters as: are necessary to carry out the purposes of this article. 7 Any such commission shall have the power and authority to require by rules and regulations a physical fitness examination as a part of its competitive examination or 10 as a part of its medical examination. Due notice of the 11 12 contents of all rules and regulations and of any modifications thereof shall be given, by mail, in due season to the 13 appointing officer; and said rules and regulations and 14 any modifications thereof shall also be printed for public 15 distribution. All original appointments on and after the 16 effective date of this article, to any position of deputy 17 sheriff in any county subject to the provisions of this 18 article shall be for a probationary period of six months: 19

- 20 Provided, That at any time during the probationary
- 21 period the probationer may be discharged for just cause,
- 22 in the manner provided in section seventeen of this
- 23 article. If, at the close of this probationary period, the
- 24 conduct or capacity of the probationer has not been
- 25 satisfactory to the appointing sheriff, the probationer
- 26 shall be notified, in writing, that he will not receive
- 27 absolute appointment, whereupon his employment shall
- 20 absorbe appointment, whereupon his employment shan
- 28 cease; otherwise, his retention in the position of deputy
  - 9 sheriff beyond the probationary term shall be equivalent
- 30 to his absolute appointment.

## §7-14-8. Form of application; age requirements; exceptions.

- 1 The civil service commission in each such county shall
- 2 require persons applying for admission to any competitive
- 3 examination provided for under this article or under the
- 4 rules and regulations of the commission to file in its
- 5 office, within a reasonable time prior to the proposed
- competitive examination, a formal application in which
- 7 the applicant shall state under oath or affirmation:
- 8 (1) His full name, residence and post-office address;
- 9 (2) His United States citizenship, age and the place 10 and date of his birth;
- 11 (3) His health and his physical capacity for the posi-12 tion of deputy sheriff;
- 13 (4) His business, employments and residences for at 14 least three previous years; and
- 15 (5) Such other information as may reasonably be re-16 quired, relative to the applicant's qualifications and fitness 17 for the position of deputy sheriff.
- 18 Blank forms for such applications shall be furnished by
- 19 the commission, without charge, to all persons requesting
- 20 the same. The commission may require, in connection with
- 21 the application, such certificates of citizens, physicians or
- others, having pertinent knowledge concerning the applicant, as the good of the service may require.
- No application for original appointment shall be received on and after the effective date of this article.
- 26 if the person applying is less than twenty-one years
- 27 of age or more than forty-five years of age at the

28 date of his application: Provided, That in the event any applicant formerly served as a deputy sheriff for a 29 30 period of more than six months in the county to which 31 he makes application, and resigned as a deputy sheriff at 32 a time when there were no charges of misconduct or other misfeasance pending against him, within a period of 33 two years next preceding the date of his application, and 34 35 at the time of his application resides within the county in which he seeks appointment by reinstatement, then 36 such applicant shall be eligible for appointment by rein-37 statement in the discretion of the civil service commis-38 sion, even though such applicant shall be over the age 39 of forty-five years, provided he is not sixty years of age 40 or over, and such applicant, providing his former term 41 of service as a deputy sheriff so justifies, may be re-42 appointed by reinstatement without a competitive ex-43 amination, but such applicant shall undergo a medical 44 examination; and if such applicant shall be so appointed 45 by reinstatement as aforesaid, he shall be the lowest in 46 rank in the sheriff's office next above the probationers of 47 the office. 48

# §7-14-9. Character and notice of competitive examinations; qualifications of applicants; competitive examinations to be prescribed by state civil service commission; press representatives; posting eligible list; medical examinations; exceptions as to and training of deputies serving on effective date of article.

All competitive examinations for appointments or pro-1 motions to all positions of deputy sheriff shall be prac-2 tical in their character, and shall relate to such matters, 3 and include such inquiries, as will fairly and fully test 4 the comparative merit and fitness of the person or per-5 sons examined to discharge the duties of the position 6 sought by him or them. The state civil service commis-7 sion shall prepare and prescribe, from time to time, the 8 competitive examination to be given by the civil service 9 commission of each such county. All competitive ex-10 aminations shall be open to all applicants who have ful-11 filled the preliminary requirements specified in other 12 sections of this article. 13

Adequate public notice of the date, time and place of every competitive examination held under the provisions of this article, together with information as to the position to be filled, shall be given at least two weeks prior to such competitive examination. The commission shall adopt reasonable rules and regulations for permitting the presence of representatives of the press at any such competitive examination. The commission shall post, in a public place at its office, the eligible list, containing the names and grades of those who have passed such competitive examinations for positions as deputy sheriffs, under this article, and shall indicate thereon such appointments as may be made from said list.

All applicants for appointment or promotion to any position as a deputy sheriff in any such county who have passed the competitive examination specified above shall, before being appointed or promoted, undergo a medical examination which shall be conducted under the supervision of a board composed of two doctors of medicine appointed for such purpose by the sheriff of the county. Such board must certify that an applicant is free from any bodily or mental defects, deformity or diseases which might incapacitate him from the performance of the duties of the position desired and is physically fit to perform such duties before said applicant shall be appointed or promoted to any position. Notwithstanding the first sentence of this paragraph, in the event the commission deems it expedient, the medical examination may be given prior to the competitive examination, and if the medical examination is not passed as aforesaid, the applicant shall not be admitted to the competitive examination.

All deputies who are employed as deputies on the effective date of this article shall be considered to have been appointed under the provisions of this article, without regard to their age, provided they are not on said date sixty years of age or older, and without competitive examination or medical examination, and shall hold their positions in accordance therewith for one year from the effective date of this article. The civil service commission shall, however, establish or prescribe a training pro-

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gram for deputies who are employed as such on the 55 56 effective date of this article, giving due consideration to **57** available training personnel and programs. Such deputies must complete such training program and must 58 score a minimum of sixty points on a written examina-59 tion in which one hundred points would be the highest 60 possible score. The examination shall be given in ac-61 cordance with rules and regulations to be promulgated 62 by the civil service commission of the county. A deputy 63 64 failing to qualify under the provisions of this paragraph may be continued in his position at the discretion of 65 the sheriff but in no event for a period of more than 66 one year. Such person may be reexamined at the dis-67 cretion of the civil service commission of the county and 68 may qualify as provided in this paragraph.

#### §7-14-10. Refusal to examine or certify; review thereof.

1 The commission may refuse to examine an applicant, or after examination to certify as eligible one, who is 2 found to lack any of the established preliminary require-3 4 ments for the examination or position of deputy sheriff for which he applies; or who is physically so disabled as 5 to be rendered unfit for the performance of the duties of 6 the position of deputy sheriff desired; or who is addicted 7 to the habitual use of intoxicating liquors or drugs; or 8 who has been convicted of a felony; or who has been 9 guilty of infamous or notoriously disgraceful conduct; 10 or who has been dismissed from public service for de-11 linquency or misconduct; or who has made a false state-12 ment of any material fact, or practiced or attempted to 13 practice any deception or fraud in his application, in 14 any such examination, or in securing his eligibility; or 15 who refuses to comply with the rules and regulations 16 of the commission. 17

If any applicant feels aggrieved by the action of the commission in refusing to examine him, or after examination in refusing to certify him as eligible, the commission shall, at the request of such applicant, appoint a date, time and place for a public hearing, at which time the applicant may appear, by himself or by counsel or in person and with counsel, and the commission shall then

review its refusal to make such examination or certifica-25 26 tion, and testimony shall be taken. The commission shall 27 subpoena, at the expense of the applicant, any competent witnesses requested by him. After such review, the com-28 29 mission shall file in its records the testimony taken and shall again make a decision, which decision shall be final 30 31 and not subject to judicial review, but under no circum-32 stances shall the provisions of this article be construed, in the case of a refusal to examine an applicant for pro-33 motion or to certify an applicant as eligible for promotion. 34 as depriving such applicant of his right to seek a writ of 35 mandamus, if the application for such writ is made with-36 in twenty days from the date of the decision (made 37 after hearing as aforesaid) refusing to examine or to 38 certify him as eligible for promotion. 39

#### §7-14-11. Appointments from eligible list.

On and after the effective date of this article, every 1 position of deputy sheriff, unless filled by promotion, reinstatement or reduction, shall be filled only in the manner specified in this section. The appointing sheriff shall notify the civil service commission of any vacancy in a position of deputy sheriff which he desires 7 fill, and shall request the certification of eligibles. The commission shall forthwith certify, from the eligible list, the names of the three persons thereon who received the 9 10 highest averages at preceding competitive examinations held under the provisions of this article within a period 11 of three years next preceding the date of the prospective 12 appointment. The appointing sheriff shall, thereupon, 13 with sole reference to the relative merit and fitness of the 14 candidates, make an appointment from the three names 15 so certified: Provided, That should he make objection to 16 the commission to one or more of these persons for any 17 of the reasons stated in section ten of this article, and 18 should such objection be sustained by the commission 19 after a public hearing along the lines of the hearing 20 provided for in said section ten, if any such hearing is 21 requested, the commission shall thereupon strike the 22 name of that person from the eligible list, and certify the 23 next highest name for each person so stricken. As each

25 subsequent vacancy occurs, in the same or another position, precisely the same procedure shall be followed: 26 27 Provided, however, That after any name has been three times rejected for the same or another position in favor 28 29 of a name or names below it on the same list, the name 30 shall be stricken from the list. When there are a number 31 of positions of the same kind to be filled at the same time, each appointment shall, nevertheless, be made 32 33 separately and in accordance with the foregoing provisions. When an appointment is made under the pro-34 visions of this section, it shall be, in the first instance, for 35 the probationary period of six months, as provided in 36 37 section seven of this article.

## §7-14-12. Noncompetitive examination for filling vacancy; provisional appointment.

1 Whenever there are urgent reasons for filling a vacancy in any position of deputy sheriff and there is no list of persons eligible for appointment after a competitive examination, the appointing sheriff may nominate a person to the civil service commission for noncompetitive ex-5 amination; and if such nominee shall be certified by the commission as qualified, after such noncompetitive ex-7 amination and a medical examination, he may be appoint-8 ed provisionally to fill such vacancy until a selection and 9 appointment can be made after competitive examination 10 in the manner prescribed in section eleven of this 11 12 article; but the provisional appointment shall not continue for a longer period than three months, nor shall 13 successive provisional appointments be made to the same 14 position, under the provisions of this section. 15

## §7-14-13. Vacancies filled by promotions; eligibility for promotion; rights of chief deputy.

Vacancies in positions of deputy sheriff on and after the effective date of this article, shall be filled, so far as practicable, by promotion from among persons holding positions in the next lower grade. Promotions shall be based upon merit and fitness to be ascertained by competitive examinations to be provided by the civil service commission and upon the superior qualifications

of the persons promoted, as shown by their previous service and experience: Provided, That, except for the 9 10 chief deputy, no person shall be eligible for promotion 11 from the lower grade to the next higher grade until such person shall have completed at least two years' 12 13 service in the next lower grade: Provided, however. That notwithstanding the provisions of section one of 14 this article, any person occupying the office of chief 15 deputy in any such county on the effective date of this 16 article, or thereafter appointed to such office, shall, except 17 as hereinafter provided in this section, be and shall con-18 tinue to be entitled to all of the rights and benefits of 19 the provisions of this article, except that he may be re-20 moved from such office of chief deputy without cause 21 and the time spent by such person in the office of such 22 chief deputy shall be added to the time, if any, served 23 by such person during the entire time he was a deputy 24 sheriff of such county prior to his appointment as chief 25 deputy, and shall in all cases of removal, except for 26 removal for just cause, retain the regular rank within 27 said sheriff's office which he held, if any, at the time 28 of his appointment to the office of chief deputy or which 29 30 he has attained, if any, during his term of service as chief deputy. The provisions of this section shall be construed 31 to apply and to inure to the benefit of all persons who 32 have ever been subject to the provisions of this article. 33 The commission shall have the power to determine in 34 each instance whether an increase in salary constitutes 35 a promotion. 36

## §7-14-14. No inquiry shall be made concerning political or religious opinions or affiliations of applicants, etc.

No question in any form of application or in or during any examination shall be so framed as to elicit information concerning the political or religious opinions or affiliations of any applicant; nor shall inquiry be made concerning such opinions or affiliations; and all disclosures thereof shall be discountenanced. No discrimination shall be exercised, threatened, or promised by any person in the sheriff's office against, or in favor of, an applicant, eligible or deputy in the office of any sheriff of any county

subject to the provisions of this article because of his political or religious opinions or affiliations.

## §7-14-15. Political activity of deputy sheriffs prohibited; petition for vacating appointment; action on petition; appeal.

- 1 (a) On and after the effective date of this article, no 2 deputy sheriff covered by the provisions of this article 3 shall engage in any political activity of any kind, character 4 or nature whatsoever, except to cast his vote at any election or shall act as an election official in any municipal, 6 county or state election. Any deputy sheriff violating the provisions of this section shall have his appointment vacated and he shall be removed, in accordance with the 9 pertinent provisions of this section.
- 10 (b) Any three residents of the county may file their written petition with the civil service commission there-11 of setting out therein the grounds upon which a deputy 12 sheriff of such county should be removed for a violation 13 of subsection (a) of this section. Notice of the filing 14 of such petition shall be given by the commission to 15 16 the accused deputy, which notice shall require him to file a written answer to the charges set out in the peti-17 tion within thirty days of the date of such notice. The 18 petition and answer thereto, if any, shall be entered 19 upon the records of the civil service commission. If the 20 answer is not filed within the time stated, or any ex-21 22 tension thereof for cause which in the discretion of the civil service commission may be granted, an order 23 shall be entered by the commission declaring the ap-24 pointment of the deputy vacated. If such answer is filed 25 within the time stated, or any extension thereof for 26 cause which in the discretion of the civil service com-27 mission may be granted, the accused deputy may demand 28 within such period a public hearing on the charges, or 29 the civil service commission may, in its discretion and 30 without demand therefor, set a date and time for a pub-31 lic hearing on the charges, which hearing shall be 32 within thirty days of the filing of said answer, subject. 33 however, to any continuances which may in the dis-34 cretion of the civil service commission be granted. A 35

36 written record of all testimony taken at such hearing shall be kept and preserved by the civil service com-37 mission, which record shall be sealed and not be open 38 to public inspection if no appeal be taken from the 39 action of the commission. The commission at the con-40 41 clusion of the hearing, or as soon thereafter as possible, shall enter an order sustaining in whole or in part the 42 charges made, or shall dismiss the charges as unfounded. 43 44 In the event the charges are sustained in whole or in part, the order shall also declare the appointment of 45 such deputy to be vacated and thereupon the sheriff shall 46 immediately remove the deputy from his office and from 47 the payroll of the county. Notice of the action of the 48 commission shall be given by registered letter to the 49 county court and the sheriff. If the sheriff fails to im-50 mediately comply with the order of the commission, he 51 shall be punished for contempt, upon application of the 52 commission to the circuit court of the county. 53

54 (c) An appeal from the ruling of the commission may 55 be had in the same manner and within the same time 56 as specified in section seventeen of this article for an 57 appeal from a ruling of a commission after hearing held 58 in accordance with the provisions of said section seven-59 teen.

## §7-14-16. Training and retraining programs for all deputies required.

- 1 (a) The civil service commission of any such county 2 shall establish or prescribe a training program which 3 every deputy first appointed a deputy of such county on 4 or after the effective date of this article, must satisfactorily 5 complete during his probationary period.
- (b) The civil service commission of any such county 6 shall also establish or prescribe retraining programs 7 which every deputy, whether first appointed such deputy before or after the effective date of this article, must satis-9 factorily complete from time to time after the effective 10 date of this article, in order to continue as a deputy 11 sheriff of such county or to be eligible for promotion. 12 Any training or retraining program established or pre-13 scribed by the civil service commission of any such

- 15 county shall meet the minimum standards prescribed by
- 16 the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and
- 17 correction established by Executive Order 7-A66, dated
- 18 September one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six.

## §7-14-17. Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay; appeal; reduction in number of deputies; no person subject to article may serve as deputy after age sixty.

1 On and after the effective date of this article, no deputy sheriff of any county subject to the provisions of this article shall be removed, discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay except for just cause, which shall not be religious or political, except as provided in section fifteen of this article; and no such deputy shall on and after the effective date of this article, be removed, 7 discharged, suspended or reduced except as provided in this article and in no event until he shall have been furnished with a written statement of the reasons for such 10 action. For the purpose of the remainder of this subsec-11 12 tion and subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the term "suspension" shall mean only (1) a suspension in excess of 13 fifteen days, or (2) a suspension in any calendar year 14 which when added to any previous suspension or sus-15 pensions within the same calendar year results in a total 16 period of suspension in excess of fifteen days within such 17 same calendar year, and for the purpose of the remainder 18 of this subsection and said subsections (b) and (c), a 19 member shall not be considered to be suspended or sought 20 to be suspended unless his suspension meets the foregoing 21 definition of said term. In every case of such removal, dis-22 charge, suspension or reduction, a copy of the statement of 23 reasons therefor and of the written answer thereto, if the 24 deputy sought to be removed, discharged, suspended or re-25 duced desires to file such written answer, shall be furnish-26 ed to the civil service commission and entered upon its 27 records. If the deputy sought to be removed, discharged, 28 suspended or reduced shall demand it, the civil service 29 commission shall grant him a public hearing, which hear-30 ing shall be held within a period of ten days from the filing 31

32 of the charges in writing or the written answer thereto. whichever shall last occur. At such hearing the burden 33 shall be upon the removing, discharging, suspending or re-34 35 ducing sheriff, hereinafter in this section referred to as "removing sheriff," to justify his action, and in the event 36 37 the removing sheriff fails to justify his action before the 38 commission, then the deputy removed, discharged, sus-39 pended or reduced shall be reinstated with full pay, forthwith and without any additional order, for the entire 40 period during which he may have been prevented from 41 42 performing his usual employment, and no charges shall be officially recorded against his record. A written record 43 of all testimony taken at such hearing shall be kept and 44 preserved by the civil service commission, which record 45 shall be sealed and not be open to public inspection, if no 46 appeal be taken from the action of the commission. 47

- 48 In the event that the civil service commission shall sustain the action of the removing sheriff, the deputy 49 removed, discharged, suspended or reduced on or after 50 the effective date of this article, shall have an im-51 mediate right of appeal to the circuit court of the 52 county. In the event that the commission shall reinstate 53 the deputy removed, discharged, suspended or reduced, 54 the removing sheriff shall have an immediate right of 55 appeal to said circuit court. Any appeal must be taken 56 within ninety days from the date of entry by the civil 57 service commission of its final order. Upon an appeal 58 being taken and docketed with the clerk of the circuit 59 court of said county, the circuit court shall proceed to 60 hear the appeal upon the original record made before 61 the commission and no additional proof shall be permitted to be introduced. The circuit court's decision shall be final, but the deputy or removing sheriff, as the case may be, against whom the decision of the circuit court is 65 rendered shall have the right to petition the supreme 66 court of appeals for a review of the circuit court's decision 67 as in other civil cases. Such deputy or removing sheriff 68 shall also have the right, where appropriate, to seek in 69 lieu of an appeal, a writ of mandamus. 70
  - 71 (c) The removing sheriff and the deputy sought to 72 be removed, discharged, suspended or reduced shall at

73 all times, both before the civil service commission and 74 upon appeal, be given the right to employ counsel to 75 represent them.

- 76 If for reasons of economy or other reasons it 77 shall, on and after the effective date of this article, 78 be deemed necessary by any appointing sheriff to re-79 duce the number of his deputies, he shall follow the 80 procedure set forth in this subsection (d). The reduction 81 in the numbers of the deputy sheriffs of the county shall 82 be effected by suspending the last man or men, including 83 probationers, who have been appointed as deputies. 84 Such removal shall be accomplished by suspending the 85 number desired in the inverse order of their appointment: 86 Provided. That in the event the number of deputies 87 shall again be increased in numbers to the strength 88 existing prior to such reduction of deputies, the deputies 89 suspended under the terms of this subsection (d) shall 90 be reinstated in the inverse order of their suspension 91 before any new appointments of deputy sheriffs in the 92 county shall be made.
- 93 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this ar-94 ticle, no deputy sheriff in any county subject to the pro-95 visions of this article shall, on or after the effective date 96 of this article, serve as a deputy sheriff in any county sub-97 ject to the provisions of this article after he attains the 98 age of sixty.

## §7-14-18. Offenses and penalties.

Any person who makes an appointment or promotion to any position, or selects a person for employment, contrary to the provisions of this article, or wilfully refuses or neglects otherwise to comply with, or to conform to, any of the provisions of this article, or violates any of such provisions, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Any commissioner or examiner, or any other person, who shall wilfully, by himself or in cooperation with one or more persons, defeat, deceive or obstruct any person with respect to his right of examination or registration according to this article, or to any rules and regulations prescribed pursuant thereto, or who shall wilfully or corruptly, falsely mark, grade, estimate or report

14 upon such examination or proper standing of any person so examined, registered, or certified, pursuant to the 15 provisions of this article, or aid in so doing, or who shall 16 wilfully or corruptly furnish to any person any special 17 or secret information, for the purpose of either improving 18 or injuring the prospects or chances of appointment or 19 promotion to any position of any person so examined. 20 registered or certified, or to be so examined, registered, or 21 certified; or who shall impersonate any other person, or 22 permit or aid in any manner any other person to im-23 personate him, in connection with any examination or 24 registration, or application or request to be examined or 25 registered, shall, for each offense, be deemed guilty of a 26 misdemeanor. 27

Any person convicted of any such misdemeanor offense shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned, in the discretion of the court.

## §7-14-19. County courts of counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand may place deputy sheriffs under civil service; protest and election with respect thereto.

The county court of any county having a population 1 2 of less than twenty-five thousand may by order entered of record provide that the provisions of this article providing civil service for deputy sheriffs shall apply to such county on and after the effective date of this article. 5 A copy of such order, together with a notice advising 6 the qualified voters of such county of their right to 7 protest the placing of deputy sheriffs of such county under civil service, shall be published as a Class II-O legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions 10 of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the 11 publication area for such publication shall be the county. 12 In the event fifteen percent of the qualified voters of 13 such county protest such order, by petition duly signed 14 by them in their own handwriting (which petition may 15 16 be signed in any number of counterparts) and filed with

- 17 the county clerk of such county within sixty days after
- 18 publication of such copy and notice, such order shall not
- 19 become effective unless and until it is ratified by a
- 20 majority of the legal votes cast with respect to the ques-
- 21 tion of civil service coverage for the deputy sheriffs of
- 22 such county by the qualified voters of such county at
- 23 a regular or special election. Any such election shall
- 24 be conducted and superintended and the results thereof
- 25 ascertained as provided by law for regular or special
- 26 elections, as the case may be.
- 27 Whenever the deputy sheriffs of any county are placed
- 28 under civil service pursuant to the provisions of this
- 29 section, such civil service system for the deputy sheriffs
- 30 of such county shall thereupon become mandatory and
- 31 all of the provisions of this article shall apply to the
- 32 deputy sheriffs of such county with like effect as if said
- 33 county had a population of twenty-five thousand or more.

## §7-14-20. Inconsistent acts repealed; once established civil service remains mandatory.

- 1 All acts and parts of acts of the Legislature, whether
- 2 general, special or local, in relation to deputy sheriffs in-
- 3 consistent with the provisions of this article shall be,
- 4 and the same are, hereby repealed to the extent of such
- 5 inconsistency.
- 6 Any civil service system for deputy sheriffs in any
- 7 county with a population of twenty-five thousand or more
- 8 shall remain mandatory and shall be governed by the
- 9 provisions of this article even if the population of such
- 10 county shall at any time decrease below twenty-five thou-
- 11 sand.

## §7-14-21. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or its application to any
- 2 person or circumstance is held unconstitutional or in-
- 3 valid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not
- 4 affect other provisions or applications of this article, and
- 5 to this end the provisions of this article are hereby
- 6 declared to be severable.

## CHAPTER 30

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 700—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article two by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-ff and one-gg, relating to judicial circuits; creating two replica judicial circuits; relating to the appointment, election and terms of the judges of such two replica judicial circuits; and relating to the terms of court of such replica judicial circuits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article two be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-ff and one-gg, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT, CRIMINAL AND INTER-MEDIATE JUDGES.

- §51-2-1. Judicial circuits; election and terms of judges; terms of court.
- §51-2-1ff. Thirty-second circuit.
- §51-2-1gg. Thirty-third circuit.

## §51-2-1. Judicial circuits; election and terms of judges; terms

- 1 The state shall be divided into judicial circuits as
- 2 follows: The counties of Brooke, Hancock and Ohio
- 3 shall constitute the first circuit; the counties of Marshall,
- 4 Tyler and Wetzel shall constitute the second circuit; the
- 5 counties of Doddridge, Pleasants and Ritchie shall consti-
- 6 tute the third circuit; the counties of Wood and Wirt
- 7 shall constitute the fourth circuit; the counties of Cal-
- 8 houn, Jackson and Roane shall constitute the fifth cir-
- 9 cuit; the county of Cabell shall constitute the sixth cir-

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cuit: the county of Logan shall constitute the seventh 10 11 circuit: the county of McDowell shall constitute the 12 eighth circuit; the county of Mercer shall constitute the 13 ninth circuit: the county of Raleigh shall constitute the 14 tenth circuit: the counties of Greenbrier, Monroe, Poca-15 hontas and Summers shall constitute the eleventh circuit: 16 the county of Favette shall constitute the twelfth circuit: the county of Kanawha shall constitute the thirteenth 17 18 circuit: the counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer and Web-19 ster shall constitute the fourteenth circuit; the county of 20 Harrison shall constitute the fifteenth circuit: the county of Marion shall constitute the sixteenth circuit: the coun-21 22 ty of Monongalia shall constitute the seventeenth cir-23 cuit: the county of Preston shall constitute the eighteenth 24 circuit: the counties of Barbour and Taylor shall con-25 stitute the nineteenth circuit; the county of Randolph 26 shall constitute the twentieth circuit; the counties of 27 Grant, Mineral and Tucker shall constitute the twenty-28 first circuit; the counties of Hampshire, Hardy and Pen-29 dleton shall constitute the twenty-second circuit: the 30 counties of Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan shall con-31 stitute the twenty-third circuit; the county of Wayne 32 shall constitute the twenty-fourth circuit: the counties 33 of Lincoln and Boone shall constitute the twenty-fifth 34 circuit: the counties of Lewis and Upshur shall constitute the twenty-sixth circuit: the county of Wyoming shall 35 constitute the twenty-seventh circuit; the county of 36 Nicholas shall constitute the twenty-eighth circuit: the 37 counties of Mason and Putnam shall constitute the 38 39 twenty-ninth circuit; the county of Mingo shall constitute the thirtieth circuit; the counties of Berkeley, Jefferson 40 and Morgan shall constitute the thirty-first circuit: 41 42 the counties of Braxton, Clay, Gilmer and Webster shall constitute the thirty-second circuit; and the counties 43 of Mineral, Grant and Tucker shall constitute the thirty-44 third circuit. 45

There shall be elected on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, and every eighth year thereafter, one judge in each of the circuits herein constituted, except for the first circuit there shall be two judges elected: *Provided*,

- 51 That the judge of the thirty-second circuit and the judge
- 52 of the thirty-third circuit shall be elected on the Tues-
- 53 day next after the first Monday in November, one
- 54 thousand nine hundred seventy-two, and every eighth
- 55 year thereafter.
- 56 Within thirty days after the provisions of this section
- 57 become effective the governor shall appoint a judge for
- 58 the thirty-second circuit and a judge for the thirty-
- 59 third circuit in the same manner as appointments are
- 60 made to fill vacancies in such offices. Such judge
- 61 shall serve until his successor is elected and qualified.
- The terms of the several circuit judges of the counties
- 63 aforesaid shall commence and be held each year as here-
- 64 inafter provided.

#### §51-2-1ff. Thirty-second circuit.

- 1 For the county of Braxton on the first Monday in
- 2 February, June and October.
- 3 For the county of Clay on the third Monday in March,
- 4 July and November.
- 5 For the county of Gilmer on the first Monday in March,
- 6 July and November.
- 7 For the county of Webster on the first Monday in
- 8 January, May and September.

## §51-2-1gg. Thirty-third circuit.

- 1 For the county of Mineral on the first Monday in
- 2 February, June and October.
- 3 For the county of Grant on the third Monday in
- 4 March, July and November.
- 5 For the county of Tucker on the first Monday in Jan-
- 6 uary, May and September.

## **CHAPTER 31**

(House Bill No. 554-By Mr. Myles)

[Passed February 9, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine

hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to salaries of judges of circuit courts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES.

## §6-7-4. Salaries of judges of circuit courts; additional compensation from counties.

- 1 The salaries of the judges of the circuit courts shall be
- 2 paid out of the state treasury and shall, unless otherwise
- 3 provided by law, be in the following annual amounts:
- 4 (1) In circuits having more than forty-five thousand 5 population, nineteen thousand dollars;
- 6 (2) In circuits having forty-five thousand population 7 or less, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- 8 Any county court or the board of commissioners of
- 9 Ohio county may pay the judge of the circuit court addi-
- 10 tional compensation, but the salary and additional com-
- 11 pensation or combined contribution of the several county
- 12 courts and board of commissioners shall not exceed
- 13 twenty-five thousand dollars.
- 14 The population shall be according to the United States
- 15 census, or the estimate of the United States bureau of
- 16 census, as certified to the state auditor by the United
- 17 States director of the census last preceding the beginning
- 18 of the calendar year in which salary is payable.

## CHAPTER 32

(House Bill No. 857—By Mr. Sparacino)

[Passed February 27, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowances to circuit judges for stationery, postage and stenographic help.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES.

- §6-7-6. Allowances to circuit judges for stationery, postage and stenographic help; additional stenographic compensation from counties; payments therefor.
  - Each judge of the circuit court shall be allowed an 1
  - amount not to exceed four hundred and twenty-five dol-
  - lars per month for the payment of stenographic help
  - 4 necessary in the discharge of the duties of his office, and
  - each judge shall be allowed an amount not to exceed six
  - hundred dollars annually for the procurement of neces-
  - sary stationery, payment of postage, and necessary sup-
  - plies of his office. The judge shall be reimbursed for the
  - actual amounts expended by him for stationery, supplies 9

  - 10 and postage. Payment for stenographic help shall be
  - made directly to the person performing the stenographic 11
  - work. Such amounts shall be paid monthly out of the 12
  - 13 state treasury, but not until the judge submits an itemized
  - 14 statement covering the same.
  - 15 Any county court or the board of county commissioners
  - 16 of Ohio county may pay such additional compensation
  - for stenographic help for the judge of any circuit which 17
  - may be necessary in the discharge of the duties of the 18
  - office of the judge of such circuit, or any combination
  - 20 of counties in any circuit may contribute to such additional
  - stenographic help. Such additional compensation shall 21
  - be paid from county funds directly to the person or per-22
  - 23 sons performing such work.

## **CHAPTER 33**

(Senate Bill No. 208-By Mr. Brotherton)

[Passed February 15, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact chapter one hundred fifty-six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, relating to the authorization of the thirteenth judicial circuit of West Virginia to appoint a law assistant; fixing his qualifications and salary limits; and requiring the county court of Kanawha county to fix within said limits and provide the manner of payment of such salary.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter one hundred fifty-six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### CIRCUIT COURT OF KANAWHA COUNTY.

#### §1. Law assistant; appointment; qualifications; salary.

- On or after the effective date of this act, the judge of
- 2 the circuit court of Kanawha county, West Virginia
- (thirteenth judicial circuit), may appoint a law assistant,
- who shall be a person duly licensed to practice law in
- this state, and who shall discharge such secretarial duties
- 6 as may be assigned to him by the judge; said law assist-
- ant, while acting as such, shall not engage in the practice
- 8 of law, but shall devote his time to the duties of his office,
- and may be removed and his successor appointed at any 9
- time by the judge. Said law assistant shall receive a
- 10 salary of not less than fifteen thousand nor more than 11
- 12 eighteen thousand dollars per year payable monthly, and
- 13 the county court of Kanawha county shall annually, at
- 14 its levy session, fix within said limits and provide for
- 15 the payment out of general county funds the amount of
- 16 the salary so fixed.

## CHAPTER 34

(House Bill No. 1049-By Mr. Romine and Mr. White, of Cabell)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, chapter one hundred sixty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session. one thousand nine hundred twenty-one, as last amended and reenacted by chapter thirty-four, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, relating to the jurisdiction of the domestic relations court of Cabell county; relating to such court generally; and relating to the salaries of the chief probation officer and probation officer of such court.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, chapter one hundred sixty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred twenty-one, as last amended and reenacted by chapter thirtyfour, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### DOMESTIC RELATIONS COURT OF CABELL COUNTY.

#### §2. Jurisdiction.

The said domestic relations court shall have jurisdiction within the said county of Cabell, concurrent with the circuit court, of all matters and causes arising out of or pertaining to annulment of marriages, separate maintenance suits, divorce, alimony, the custody and maintenance of children of litigants and the adjudication of 6 property rights arising out of the same, and all other 7 matters and causes coming within the purview of chap-8 ter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thou-9 sand nine hundred thirty-one, and all amendments and 10 reenactments thereof concerning domestic relations, 11 habeas corpus proceedings; of all matters and causes 12 coming within the purview of chapter forty-nine of the 13 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-14 one, as enacted by chapter one, acts of the Legislature 15 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six, 16 and of all amendments and reenactments thereof, com-17 monly known as the child welfare law; of all matters and 18 causes coming within the purview of chapter eighteen 19 of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred 20thirty-one, and all amendments and reenactments thereof, 21 commonly called the general school law; of all matters 22 and causes coming within the purview of chapter forty-23

24 eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine 25 hundred thirty-one, and of all amendments and reenact-26 ments thereof, commonly known as the reciprocal de-27 pendency law; of all matters and causes coming within 28 the purview of chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, and all 29 30 amendments and reenactments thereof, commonly known 31 as the adoption law; and of all matters and causes com-32 ing within the purview of chapter forty-eight of the code 33 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, 34 and of all amendments and reenactments thereof, com-35 monly known as the change of name law; and of all mat-36 ters and causes coming within the purview of chapter 37 forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand 38 nine hundred thirty-one, and of all amendments and 39 reenactments thereof, commonly known as the main-40 tenance of illegitimate children law; and of all matters 41 and causes coming within the purview of chapter forty-42 four, article ten, section fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, and of 43 all amendments and reenactments thereof, commonly 44 known as the approval of the compromising of infants' 45 46 claims for damages; and of all matters and causes coming 47 within the purview of chapter forty-eight, article one, section six-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand 48 nine hundred thirty-one, and of all amendments and re-49 enactments thereof, commonly known as the issuance of 50 marriage license in case of emergency or extraordinary 51 circumstances; and of all matters and causes coming 52 53 within the purview of chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, 54 55 and of all amendments and reenactments thereof, com-56 monly known as the approval of the sale, lease or mortgage of infants' lands; and of all matters and causes 57 coming within the purview of chapter sixty-one, article 58 seven, section two, commonly known as license to carry 59 weapons; how obtained; and shall have concurrent with 60 61 the circuit court of Cabell county, supervision and con-62 trol of proceedings before justices and other inferior tribunals by mandamus, prohibition and certiorari, and 63 of all matters and causes coming within the purview of all

65 other or future acts of the Legislature touching the subject matter of any and all said laws and acts, and the 66 67 amendments and reenactments thereof, and of the com-68 mon law of said state relating to the subject matter 69 thereof. Independently of any of the foregoing matters. 70 the said domestic relations court shall also have and is 71 hereby given what was heretofore recognized as general 72 equity jurisdiction concurrent with the circuit court, ex-73 cepting in cases involving the enforcement of criminal 74 laws and labor disputes, and excepting cases where it 75 shall appear from the pleadings that the matter or thing 76 in controversy exceeds in value the sum of three hun-77 dred fifty thousand dollars. The proceedings and modes 78 of procedure and power and jurisdiction conferred by law 79 upon the circuit court or the common pleas court in any 80 and all of said matters and causes are hereby conferred 81 upon and shall be exercised by said domestic relations 82 court.

83 The court is authorized and empowered to appoint and discharge one chief probation officer at a yearly salary of 84 nine thousand seven hundred fifty dollars and a proba-85 86 tion officer at a yearly salary of nine thousand five hundred dollars, which said salaries shall be paid by the 87 88 county court monthly, and in addition thereto the said 89 county court shall reimburse the said probation officers of their necessary expenses actually incurred monthly 90 91 in the performance of official duties including an allow-92 ance of ten cents per mile for their automoblie driven in the performance of official duties. The court is further 93 94 authorized and empowered to appoint and discharge such 95 medical, clerical and secretarial assistance as shall enable 96 it to discharge all of the duties required of it under the 97 provisions of this act and the general laws of the state 98 and such person or persons shall be paid by the county court monthly upon the written approval of the judge 99 100 of the said court.

(Senate Bill No. 237-By Mr. Poffenbarger)

[Passed February 15, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, chapter one hundred eighty-five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine; and to amend and reenact section four of said chapter one hundred eighty-five, as last amended and reenacted by chapter two hundred seventeen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all relating to the jurisdiction and judge's salary of the juvenile court of Kanawha county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, chapter one hundred eighty-five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, be amended and reenacted; and that section four of said chapter one hundred eighty-five, as last amended and reenacted by chapter two hundred seventeen, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixtyseven, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### JUVENILE COURT OF KANAWHA COUNTY.

- §2. Jurisdiction.
- §4. Salary.

### §2. Jurisdiction.

- 1 The court shall have jurisdiction, within Kanawha
- 2 county, in all proceedings affecting delinquent, neglected,
- 3 defective and state dependent children as set forth
- 4 and enumerated in chapter forty-nine of the code of
- 5 West Virginia; the adoption of adults and children; the
- 6 care, custody, control and disposition of delinquent, men-
- 7 tally or physically disabled and neglected children under
- tarry or physically disabled and neglected children under
- 8 the age of eighteen years; to take, in the name of the
- 9 state, all manner of recognizance, bonds and obligations
- 10 heretofore or hereafter permitted to be taken in all cases
- 11 where the person charged with delinquency is under

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12 the age of eighteen years and to continue or discharge such recognizance, bonds and obligations. 13

14 The court shall have general equity jurisdiction in any causes or proceedings before it, with full power to grant 15 injunctions and make monetary awards in matters in-16 volving the care, custody, maintenance, preservation and 17 protection of infants under the age of eighteen years, 18 who are delinquent, dependent or neglected. 19

20 The manner and modes of procedure, power and jurisdiction conferred by law upon the circuit court of Ka-21 22 nawha county in any and all of the foregoing matters 23 and causes are hereby conferred upon and shall be exercised by the juvenile court of Kanawha county. 24

The said court shall also have and exercise such other jurisdiction and powers, not herein enumerated, as may have been heretofore or may be hereafter given to the juvenile courts within the several counties of this state, and proceedings affecting the treatment and control of dependent, neglected, defective and delinquent children under the age of eighteen years, and all general laws relating to jurisdiction and powers of any court sitting as a juvenile court are hereby made applicable to said 34 juvenile court.

35 The court shall also have jurisdiction within Kanawha county concurrent with the circuit court of said 36 county of statutory summary proceedings of the sale, 37 lease, or mortgage upon the estate of minors, insane persons and convicts.

# §4. Salary.

- 1 The judge of the juvenile court of Kanawha county
- shall for his services receive the sum of twenty thou-
- sand dollars per annum, to be paid in monthly install-
- 4 ments out of the county treasury of Kanawha county.
- 5 The county court of Kanawha county shall annually
- 6 make provisions by appropriate levy and appropriation
- 7 for the payment of said salary.

(House Bill No. 784—By Mr. Scott and Mr. McKenzie)

[Passed February 11, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact chapter twenty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seven, as last amended by chapter one hundred seventy-three, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five, relating to the criminal court for the county of McDowell, changing the name of said court, enlarging its jurisdiction, fixing the salary of the judge thereof, and as so changed and enlarged to continue its existence.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seven, as last amended by chapter one hundred seventy-three, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five, be amended and reenacted so as to read as follows:

### THE INTERMEDIATE COURT OF McDOWELL COUNTY.

- §1. Court established.
- §2. Jurisdiction concurrent with circuit court.
- Judge; election; term; qualifications; removal from office; filling vacancy.
- §4. Salary of judge; payment thereof.
- §5. General powers and jurisdiction.
- §6. Presumption of jurisdiction.
- §7. Power to punish for contempt.
- §8. Terms of court; when and where held.
- §9. Grand juries; regular and special; offenses which may be considered; applicability of general law; choosing and impaneling grand and petit jurors; compensation of jurors.
- §10. Clerk of court; fees, signing of process, etc., of court and execution thereof.
- §11. Sheriffs to execute process, duties of sheriff of McDowell county; powers, liabilities and fees of sheriffs and other officers.
- §12. Indictments, civil actions and domestic relations cases in circuit court may be certified to intermediate court.
- §13. Change of venue.
- §14. County court to provide record books, etc., office space and secretarial assistance to judge; effect of certificates of judge or clerk.

- §15. Appeals may be allowed and writs of error awarded to judgments, etc., of judge of intermediate court; appeals in cases relating to public revenue.
- §16. Petitions for appeal, writ of error, etc.; who may present and to whom; laws governing; time limitation.
- §17. Appeals, etc., docketed in circuit court of McDowell county; expeditious proceeding.
- §18. Application to supreme court of appeals for writ of error on rejection of petition for appeal by the circuit court.
- §19. Proceedings on appeals, writs of error, etc., allowed by the circuit court.
- §20. Authority to grant writs of habeas corpus, requirements for issuance.
- §21. Prosecuting attorney to attend terms of court and perform duties required by law.
- §22. General laws applicable to court and judge.

#### §1. Court established.

- 1 A court of record of limited jurisdiction is hereby
- 2 established and continued in and for the county of Mc-
- 3 Dowell, to be held and presided over by a judge elected
- 4 or to be elected or appointed as provided by this act,
- 5 which court shall be designated and known as "The In-
- 6 termediate Court of McDowell County."

## §2. Jurisdiction concurrent with circuit court.

- 1 The court, which is the same court originally estab-
- lished by chapter thirty-six, acts of the Legislature, reg-
- 3 ular session, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three,
- 4 but with its name and jurisdiction changed as in this act
- 5 provided, shall continue to have jurisdiction within the
- 6 county of McDowell, concurrent with the circuit court
- 7 of the county, of all felonies, misdemeanors and offenses
- 8 committed or which may be committed within the county
- 9 of McDowell, and shall also have, concurrent with the
- 10 circuit court of the county, jurisdiction, supervision and
- 11 control by appeal, mandamus, prohibition and certiorari
- 12 of all proceedings before justices of the peace of the
- 13 county or the police court, mayor or other constituted
- 14 tribunal, board or commission of any city, town or village
- 15 in the county. The court shall likewise have jurisdic-
- 16 tion within the county of McDowell concurrent with the
- 17 circuit court of the county, of all civil actions or proceed-
- 18 ings at law, except where it shall appear from the plead-
- 19 ings that the matter or thing in controversy in any such
- 20 civil action or proceeding at law, exclusive of interests and

21 costs, exceeds in value the sum of fifty thousand dollars, 22 and all summary proceedings at law and any other man-23 ner of action or proceedings at law authorized by the 24 general laws of West Virginia, as well as of appeals 25 from judgments of the justices of the county when such 26 appeals shall lie to the court in the same manner and 27 under the same regulations as provided in the general 28 laws for appeals from justices. The court shall likewise 29 have jurisdiction within the county of McDowell, con-30 current with the circuit court of the county, of suits for 31 divorce, annulment of marriage and separate mainten-32 ance, of bastardy proceedings and actions for maintenance of illegitimate children as provided by the general laws 33 34 of West Virginia, and the court shall have jurisdiction 35 within the county of McDowell, concurrent with the cir-36 cuit court of the county, of proceedings for adoption, 37 and all juvenile and other matters of which the aforesaid 38 criminal court of McDowell county was given jurisdiction 39 by the general laws of West Virginia or of which the 40 court hereby established may be given jurisdiction by 41 such general laws.

# §3. Judge; election; term; qualifications; removal from office; filling vacancy.

1 The judge of the foresaid criminal court of McDowell 2 county elected at the general election held in this state 3 on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 4 one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, to fill a vacancy then existing, shall hold his office as judge of the court 6 and of the court hereby established for the unexpired 7 term of six years from the first day of January, one thou-8 sand nine hundred sixty-six, which term expires on the 9 last day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-10 two, and until his successor is duly elected and qualified; 11 and at the general election in this state to be held on the 12 Tuesday after the first Monday in November, one thou-13 sand nine hundred seventy-two, and every eight years 14 thereafter, there shall be elected by the legal voters of the county a judge of the intermediate court of Mc-15 Dowell county, who shall be a resident member of the 16 17 bar of the county, and shall be disqualified from prac-

- 18 ticing law in all the courts of this state during his con-
- 19 tinuance in office, who shall preside over the court for
- 20 the term of eight years from the first day of January
- succeeding the election, and shall be, except as to juris-21
- diction, subject to the laws in force governing circuit 22
- judges. The judge of the court may be removed from 23
- office for the same reasons, and in the same manner, 24
- as judges of circuit courts. And if from any cause the 25
- office shall become vacant, the vacancy shall be filled in 26
- 27 the same manner as in the case of a vacancy in the office
- 28 of the judge of the circuit court.

## §4. Salary of judge; payment thereof.

- The judge of the intermediate court shall receive for 1
- 2 his services the sum of nineteen thousand dollars per
- 3 annum to be paid out of the county treasury of the county
- 4 of McDowell.

## General powers and jurisdiction.

- To the extent of the jurisdiction conferred by this act 1
- 2 upon the intermediate court, all powers, jurisdiction and
- 3 authority conferred by law upon circuit courts in the
- 4 trial of cases and in respect to proceedings and modes
- 5 of procedure authorized or required therein within the
- 6 county of McDowell are hereby conferred upon and
- shall be exercised by the intermediate court. And the
- judge of the intermediate court shall have the same
- 9 powers in vacation as to all matters within the juris-
- 10 diction of the court that are now or may hereafter be
- 11 conferred by law upon the judge of the circuit court of
- 12 the county.

# §6. Presumption of jurisdiction.

- 1 It shall not be necessary in any cause or proceeding
- 2 in the intermediate court that the facts authorizing it
- 3 to take jurisdiction of the cause or proceeding be set
- 4 forth upon the record, but jurisdiction shall be presumed
- 5 unless the contrary plainly appears from the record.

# §7. Power to punish for contempt.

- 1 The intermediate court shall have the same powers to
- punish for contempt as are conferred by law upon the
- 3 circuit court.

### §8. Terms of court; when and where held.

- There shall be held four terms of the intermediate court in each year, which terms shall commence on the Tuesday following the second Monday in the months of January, April, July and October of each year. The terms of the court shall be held at the courthouse in the county or in the annex to the courthouse in the county.
- §9. Grand juries; regular and special; offenses which may be considered; applicability of general law; choosing and impaneling grand and petit jurors; compensation of jurors.

The intermediate court shall impanel a grand jury at 1 2 each term thereof. The intermediate court, at a special 3 or adjourned term thereof, whenever it shall be proper to do so, may order a grand jury to be drawn or sum-4 moned to attend such term. All of the provisions of 5 article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Vir-6 ginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, 7 in regard to grand juries in the circuit court shall apply, 8 as far as applicable, to grand juries in the intermediate 9 court. The grand and petit jurors serving in the court, 10 11 shall be chosen and impaneled in the same manner as they are chosen and impaneled by law in the circuit 12 court, and shall receive the same compensation as the 13 14 jurors in the circuit court.

# §10. Clerk of court; fees, signing of process, etc., of court and execution thereof.

1 The clerk of the circuit court of McDowell county shall 2 act as and perform the duties of the clerk of the intermediate court, and shall collect the same fees as the clerk 3 of the circuit court for similar services, and exercise the 4 same powers and duties arising within the jurisdiction 5 of the intermediate court. All processes, rules and orders of the court in the exercise of its jurisdiction, shall be 7 signed by the clerk thereof and be directed to the sheriffs 8 of the proper counties wherein the same are to be exe-9 cuted; and they shall be executed in like manner and with 10 the same effect as processes issuing from the circuit 11 12 court of the county.

# §11. Sheriffs to execute process, duties of sheriff of McDowell county; powers, liabilities and fees of sheriffs and other officers.

1 The sheriff of McDowell county and the sheriffs of the several counties in the state shall by themselves or their deputies execute all processes of the intermediate court. and those issued by the clerk thereof, directed to them 4 respectively; and all processes emanating from the intermediate court heretofore or hereafter issued by the clerk thereof shall be directed to and executed by them in the same manner as is provided by law as to processes issuing from the circuit court or the clerk thereof. And the sheriff of McDowell county shall perform the same 10 duties and services for the intermediate court of Mc-11 Dowell county, as he is now by law required to perform 12 for the circuit court of the county, and in the execution 13 14 of processes, rules and orders of the intermediate court, the officer, and other officers of this state, this county, 15 the several counties of this state, and municipal corpora-16 tions in this state situate, shall have the same powers 17 and rights, be subject to the same liabilities, govern 18 themselves by the same rules and principles of law and 19 the statutes of the state, and be entitled to the same fees 20 as though the processes, rules and orders issued from 21 22 the circuit court of the county.

# §12. Indictments, civil actions and domestic relations cases in circuit court may be certified to intermediate court.

The judge of the circuit court of the county may in his 1 discretion certify to the intermediate court for trial any indictment for any felony or misdemeanor which may hereafter be found by a grand jury impaneled in the circuit court, as well as any civil action or other proceeding at law within the jurisdiction of the intermediate court or suit for divorce, annulment of marriage or separate maintenance which may now be pending or hereafter instituted in the circuit court, and thereupon the original papers filed in the circuit court together with 11 a copy of any order entered in the cause by the court, including any order or judgment theretofore entered 12 therein, shall be transferred to the intermediate court, 13

- 14 and the cause shall be docketed therein and proceeded
- 15 with as though the indictment had been returned or the
- 16 cause originally brought and all prior proceedings had
- 17 in the intermediate court; and the intermediate court
- 18 shall likewise proceed with all indictments for misde-
- 19 meanor or felony heretofore found by a grand jury in
- 20 the criminal court of McDowell county and all appeals
- 21 to the court and other proceedings pending therein as
- 22 though the indictment had been returned or the cause
- 23 originally brought and all prior proceedings had in the
- 24 intermediate court.

# §13. Change of venue.

- 1 A change of venue of any cause pending in the inter-
- 2 mediate court may be ordered as provided in section
- 3 thirteen, article three, chapter sixty-two of the code of
- 4 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
- 5 amended.

# §14. County court to provide record books, etc., office space and secretarial assistance to judge; effect of certificates of judge or clerk.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the county court of McDowell
- 2 county to provide all record books, other books, stationery
- 3 and postage, as well as office room and such stenographic
- 4 or secretarial assistance to the judge of the intermediate
- 5 court as may be necessary, and likewise a seal for the
- 6 court but full faith and credit shall be given to the record
- 7 of the court, and the certificates of its judge or clerk
- 8 whether the seal of the court be affixed thereto or not,
- 9 in like manner and with the same effect as if the same
- 10 were records of the circuit court similarly authenticated.

# §15. Appeals may be allowed and writs of error awarded to judgments, etc., of judge of intermediate court; appeals in cases relating to public revenue.

- 1 Appeals may be allowed, and writs of error and super-
- 2 sedeas awarded to the judgments, decrees and orders of
- 3 the intermediate court by the circuit court of McDowell
- 4 county, or the judge thereof, in all cases or proceedings
- 5 as provided in article four, chapter fifty-eight of the code
- 6 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

- 7 as amended, or elsewhere in the general laws of this
- 8 state; and in cases relating to the public revenues the
- 9 right of appeal shall belong to the state as well as the
- 10 defendant.

# §16. Petitions for appeal, writ of error, etc.; who may present and to whom; laws governing; time limitation.

Any person who is a party to any such cause wishing to obtain a writ of error, appeal or supersedeas from any

3 judgment, decree, or order of the intermediate court

4 may present to the circuit court of McDowell county, or

the judge thereof in vacation, a petition therefor and the

6 provisions of article four, chapter fifty-eight of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,

8 as amended, concerning appeals to the circuit courts shall

9 govern the proceedings on such appeal, writ of error or

10 supersedeas from the intermediate court as to the duties

11 of the petitioner, the courts or judges and clerks thereof:

12 Provided, That no such appeal, writ of error or super-

13 sedeas from the intermediate court shall be allowed unless

14 the petition therefor be presented within four months

15 from the date of such judgment or order.

# §17. Appeals, etc., docketed in circuit court of McDowell county; expeditious proceeding.

1 Every appeal, writ of error or supersedeas from the

2 intermediate court shall be docketed in the circuit court

3 of McDowell county, and shall be proceeded in as ex-

4 peditiously as may be practicable.

# §18. Application to supreme court of appeals for writ of error on rejection of petition for appeal by the circuit court.

1 In a case wherein the appeal, writ of error or super-

2 sedeas is to the circuit court, and the court or judge

3 thereof deems the judgment, decree or order plainly

4 right and rejects it on that ground, if the order of re-

5 jection so states, no further petition shall afterwards

6 be presented for the same purpose; but the same petition

7 with any brief in support thereof and the order of re-

8 jection with the transcript of the record may be pre-

9 sented to the supreme court of appeals, or a judge

10 thereof in vacation, for an appeal, writ of error or super-

- 11 sedeas, from said order of rejection; and if allowed the
- 12 same proceeding may be had thereon as if the same were
- 13 a petition originally from the circuit court of the county
- 14 to the court of appeals.

# §19. Proceedings on appeals, writs of error, etc., allowed by the circuit court.

- 1 The circuit court where an appeal, writ of error or
- 2 supersedeas has been allowed by such court, or the judge
- 3 thereof in vacation, shall upon the hearing thereof, affirm
- 4 the judgment, decree or order, if there be no error therein
- 5 prejudicial to the appellant, or reverse the same in whole
- 6 or in part if erroneous, and remand the same to the in-
- 7 termediate court to be further proceeded in and finally
- 8 determined. And the clerk of the circuit court shall as
- 9 soon as practicable after the adjournment of the court.
- 10 transmit the decision of the circuit court to the clerk of
- 11 the intermediate court.

# §20. Authority to grant writs of habeas corpus, requirements for issuance.

- 1 The intermediate court of McDowell county, or the
  - judge thereof in vacation, concurrent with the supreme
- 3 court of appeals and the circuit court of the county, shall
- 4 have jurisdiction and authority to grant writs of habeas
- 5 corpus, as provided in article four, chapter fifty-three of
- 6 the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
- 7 thirty-one, as amended, and all provisions of the article
- 8 shall be applicable to the granting of such writs by the
- 9 intermediate court; but in no case shall such writ be
- 10 issued by the intermediate court, or the judge thereof in
- 11 vacation, on the application of any person unless such
- 12 person by himself or by someone in his behalf shall 13 apply for such writ by petition and show by affidavit or
- other evidence probable cause to believe that such person
- 15 is detained in the county of McDowell without lawful
- 16 authority.

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# §21. Prosecuting attorney to attend terms of court and perform duties required by law.

- 1 The prosecuting attorney of McDowell county shall
- 2 attend the terms of court of the intermediate court,

- 3 either by himself or his assistant, and shall perform the
- duties of his office in respect to the court and all causes
- and proceedings pending therein as required by the gen-
- eral laws of this state.

#### §22. General laws applicable to court and judge.

- 1 To the extent of the jurisdiction and authority hereby
- 2 conferred upon the intermediate court, the provisions of
- 3 sections three and four, article eight, chapter seven of
- 4 the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
- 5 thirty-one, as amended, as well as other provisions of
- 6 the general laws of this state to the extent applicable,
- shall apply to the intermediate court of McDowell coun-
- 8 ty, and the judge thereof in the same manner and to the
- 9 same extent as to the circuit court of McDowell county
- 10 and the judge thereof.

# CHAPTER 37

(Senate Bill No. 174-By Mr. Barnett)

[Passed February 15, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, chapter thirtyeight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-four, as last amended and reenacted by chapter two hundred twenty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixtyseven; and to amend and reenact section four of said chapter thirty-eight, as last amended and reenacted by chapter sixty-four, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, all relating to the jurisdiction and judge's salary of the intermediate court of Mercer county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, chapter thirty-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-four, as last amended and reenacted by chapter two hundred twenty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, be amended and reenacted; and that section four of said chapter thirty-eight, as last amended and reenacted by chapter sixty-four, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### INTERMEDIATE COURT OF MERCER COUNTY.

- §2. Jurisdiction concurrent with circuit court.
- §4. Salary of judge.

### §2. Jurisdiction concurrent with circuit court.

1 The said court, which is the same court originally established by chapter eighteen, acts of the Legislature, 2 regular session, one thousand eight hundred ninetythree, but with its name and jurisdiction changed as in this act provided, shall continue to have jurisdiction within the county of Mercer, concurrent with the circuit court of said county, of all felonies, misdemeanors and 7 offenses committed or which may be committed within 8 the said county of Mercer, and shall also have, concur-9 rent with the circuit court of said county, jurisdiction, 10 supervision and control by appeal, mandamus, prohibi-11 tion and certiorari of all proceedings before justices of 12 the peace of said county or the police court, mayor or 13 other constituted tribunal, board or commission of any 14 city, town or village in said county. The said court shall 15 likewise have jurisdiction within said county of Mercer, 16 concurrent with the circuit court of said county, of all 17 suits and proceedings in equity, in all actions of eject-18 ment, and in all civil actions or proceedings at law, 19 except where it shall appear from the pleadings that 20 the matter or thing in controversy in any such suit, pro-21 ceeding or action, exclusive of interest and costs, exceeds 22 23 in value the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars, and all summary proceedings at law and any other manner 24 of action or proceeding at law authorized by the general 25 laws of West Virginia, as well as of appeals from judg-26 ments of the justices of said county when such appeals 27 shall lie to the said court in the same manner and under 28 the same regulations as provided in the general laws for 29 appeals from justices. The said court shall likewise have 30

- 31 jurisdiction within said county of Mercer, concurrent
- 32 with the circuit court of said county, of suits for divorce,
- 33 annulment of marriage and separate maintenance, of
- 34 bastardy proceedings and actions for maintenance of
- 35 illegitimate children as provided by the general laws
- 36 of West Virginia, and the said court shall continue to
- 37 have jurisdiction within said county of proceedings for
- 38 adoption and all juvenile and other matters of which
- 39 the aforesaid criminal court of Mercer county was given
- 35 the aloresald criminal court of Mercer county was given
- 40 jurisdiction by the general laws of West Virginia or of
- 41 which the court hereby established may be given juris-
- 42 diction by such general laws.

# §4. Salary of judge.

- 1 The judge of said intermediate court shall receive for
- 2 his services the sum of twenty thousand dollars per
- 3 annum to be paid out of the county treasury of said
- 4 county of Mercer.

# **CHAPTER 38**

(House Bill No. 1175-By Mr. Seibert and Miss Herndon)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, chapter one hundred twenty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five, as last amended and reenacted by chapter forty-one, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, relating to the salary of the judge of the intermediate court of Ohio county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, chapter one hundred twenty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred twenty-five, as last amended and reenacted by chapter forty-one, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### INTERMEDIATE COURT OF OHIO COUNTY.

### §9. Salary of judge.

- 1 The judge shall, from and after the first day of January,
- 2 one thousand nine hundred seventy-three, for his services
- 3 receive twenty thousand dollars per annum, to be paid
- 4 out of the county treasury of the county of Ohio. Until
- 5 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 6 seventy-three, the judge shall receive fifteen thousand
- 7 dollars per annum for his services, payable as herein-
- 8 before provided.

# **CHAPTER 39**

(House Bill No. 1117-By Mr. Calendine and Mr. Farley)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and five, chapter one hundred ninety-nine, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, relating to the jurisdiction of the intermediate court of Wood county and the salary of the judge thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and five, chapter one hundred ninetynine, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### INTERMEDIATE COURT OF WOOD COUNTY.

- §2. Jurisdiction.
- §5. Salary of judge.

# §2. Jurisdiction.

- 1 The court shall have jurisdiction within Wood county,
- 2 concurrent with the circuit court of said county, of ac-
- 3 tions, causes, matters, proceedings and suits relating to
- 4 (a) those matters within the purview of article one,
- 5 chapter forty-eight of the official code of West Virginia,
- 6 and of all amendments and reenactments thereof, of

which the circuit court now has exclusive jurisdiction, including the issuance of a marriage license in an emergency or under extraordinary circumstances as now pro-9 vided in section six-c of said article and chapter; (b) af-10 11 firmation of marriages, annulment of marriages, separate maintenance, divorce, alimony, the care, custody, main-12 13 tenance and education of children of litigants and the adjudication of property rights arising out of same, and 14 all other causes and matters arising within the provisions 15 of article two, chapter forty-eight of the official code of 16 West Virginia, commonly known as "the divorce law," 17 and of all amendments and reenactments thereof; (c) 18 adoption proceedings arising out of article four of the 19 chapter last aforesaid, and of all amendments and re-20 enactments thereof; (d) proceedings for a change of 21 name arising out of article five of the chapter last afore-22 said, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof; 23 (e) the enforcement of support of dependents arising 24 25 out of article nine of the chapter last aforesaid, and of 26 all amendments and reenactments thereof; (f) the care 27 and disposition of delinquent, defective, neglected and 28 dependent children and juvenile offenders arising out of 29 articles five, six and seven, chapter forty-nine of the official code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and 30 reenactments thereof; (g) all proceedings arising out of 31 article eight, chapter forty-nine of the official code of 32 West Virginia, known as the "Interstate Compact on 33 34 Juveniles," and of all amendments and reenactments 35 thereof; (h) compulsory school attendance and truancy arising out of article eight, chapter eighteen of the of-36 37 ficial code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and 38 reenactments thereof; (i) habeas corpus proceedings in-39 volving the award and custody of children under the age of twenty-one years; (j) the collection of recogni-40 zances and bonds taken by said court, or of bonds taken 41 by the clerk thereof in vacation, to secure the payment 42 of judgments for fines and costs rendered by said court; 43 44 (k) the approval of compromise by fiduciaries of liabilities where acting as guardian for an infant in ac-45 cordance with the provisions of section seven, article 46 five, chapter forty-four of the official code of West Vir-

48 ginia, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof: (1) concerning the transfer of securities the property 49 50 of an infant in the name of a fiduciary in accordance with the provisions of section eight, article five, chapter 51 52 forty-four of the official code of West Virginia, and of 53 all amendments and reenactments thereof; (m) direc-54 tion to fiduciaries concerning moneys belonging to a **5**5 minor in accordance with the provisions of section one, 56 article six, chapter forty-four of the official code of West 57 Virginia, and of all amendments and reenactments there-58 of; (n) authority for investment by a fiduciary when the 59 beneficiary of trust funds is the property of a minor in 60 accordance with the provisions of section three, article 61 six, chapter forty-four of the official code of West Vir-62 ginia, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof; 63 (o) instruction of fiduciaries where minor is beneficiary 64 of an estate or trust as provided in section four, article six, chapter forty-four of the official code of West Vir-65 66 ginia, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof: 67 (p) authorization of disbursements by guardians from income and corpus of the estate of infant wards as pro-68 69 vided in section eight, article ten, chapter forty-four of 70 the official code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof; (g) sale of personal estate 71 by guardian in accordance with the provisions of section 72 73 nine, article ten, chapter forty-four of the official code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and reenact-74 ments thereof; (r) proceedings between guardians and 75 76 wards in accordance with the provisions of section thirteen, article ten, chapter forty-four of the official code of 77 West Virginia, and of all amendments and reenactments 78 thereof; (s) the approval of compromising an infant's 79 claim for damages in accordance with the provisions of 80 81 section fourteen, article ten, chapter forty-four of the official code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and 82 reenactments thereof; (t) the transfer of property of 83 nonresident infant to foreign guardian in accordance 84 with the provisions of section three, article eleven, chap-85 ter forty-four of the official code of West Virginia, and 86 of all amendments and reenactments thereof; (u) the 87 transfer of proceeds of sale belonging to nonresident 88

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89 infant to foreign guardian in accordance with section 90 four, article eleven, chapter forty-four of the official 91 code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and re-92enactments thereof; (v) the approval of the sale, lease, 93 mortgage or deeding in trust of infants' lands in ac-94 cordance with the provisions of article one, chapter 95 thirty-seven of the official code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof: (w) release 96 of dower of an infant in accordance with the provisions 97 98 of section nine, article one, chapter thirty-seven of the 99 official code of West Virginia, and of all amendments and reenactments thereof; (x) all matters coming within the 100 purview of section one, article one, chapter forty-eight 101 102 of the official code of West Virginia, relating to the age 103 of consent, and of all amendments and reenactments 104 thereof; (y) all matters and causes coming within the 105 purview of section two, article seven, chapter sixty-one 106 of the official code of West Virginia, commonly known as 107 "license to carry weapons," and of all amendments and 108 reenactments thereto; and (z) any and all other matters 109 arising under the present and future laws of the state of 110 West Virginia, common or statutory, incidental to the foregoing, including, but not limited to, the disposition of 111 112 property and property interests involved in any such matters, and, as well, the adjudication of any and all 113 114 rights, titles and interests necessary or incidental to a 115 full determination of all such matters pending in said 116 court.

117 Said court shall have general equity jurisdiction in ac-118 tions, causes, matters, proceedings and suits before it 119 within its jurisdiction with power to grant injunctions 120 and to require and take recognizances.

The proceedings, modes of procedures, power and jurisdiction conferred by law upon the circuit court of Wood county in any and all said actions, causes, matters, 124proceedings and suits, are hereby conferred upon and shall be exercised by said court.

The judge of said court shall have the same powers in vacation as to any and all of said actions, causes, matters, 128 proceedings and suits that are conferred upon the judge 129 of the circuit court of said county.

- 130 It shall not be necessary in any such actions, causes,
- 131 matters, proceedings or suits to set forth upon the record
- 132 the facts authorizing said court to take jurisdiction there-
- 133 of, but jurisdiction shall be presumed unless the contrary
- 134 plainly appears from the record.

### §5. Salary of judge.

- 1 The judge of said court shall, for his services, receive
- 2 the sum of eighteen thousand six hundred dollars per
- 3 annum, payable in monthly installments, beginning on
- 4 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-
- 5 one, which amount shall be provided for and paid by the
- 6 county court, out of the treasury of Wood county, which
- 7 provision as to salary shall not repeal the existing pro-
- 8 vision until the said first day of July, one thousand nine
- 9 hundred seventy-one. The county court shall annually
- 10 make provision by appropriate levy and appropriation
- 11 for the payment of said salary.

# **CHAPTER 40**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 586—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the purchase of copper wires, cables, copper trolley wire, aluminum wire, brass bearings or fittings, mercury or lead by junk dealers; requiring the keeping of records in connection therewith; requiring proof of ownership in connection therewith; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

# §61-3-49. Purchase of copper wire, etc., by junk dealers; penalty.

Any junk dealer purchasing copper wires, cables, copper trolley wire, aluminum wire, brass bearings or fittings, mercury or lead from any person, firm or corporation, shall accurately list such purchase in a permanent record showing the kind and character of junk purchased, date of purchase and from whom purchased, which record shall be open to the inspection of all law-enforcement officers.

9 It shall be unlawful for any junk dealer to purchase any of the items hereinbefore mentioned without secur-10 ing from the seller a bill of sale, receipt or other proof 11 of lawful ownership, which shall be retained by such 12 13 dealer, and such dealer shall list in a record book the 14 full name and address of the seller, a complete description of the kind and character of the junk or material 15 purchased, the hour and day purchased, and the license 16 number of any automobile or truck which may be used 17 in making delivery of such junk or materials, which 18 record shall be open to the inspection of all law-enforce-19 ment officers, and be preserved for a period of not less 20 than one year. 21

Every nonresident junk dealer, before transporting 22 from the state any of the items hereinbefore mentioned. 23 24 shall file with the sheriff of the county where such purchase was made a complete description of the property he 25 proposes to transport from the state, showing the date 26 of purchase, the names of the buyer and seller, the party 27 to whom consigned, and the license number of any auto-28 mobile or truck which may be employed in transporting 29 such junk or materials hereinbefore mentioned. 30

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction before any justice of the peace or court of competent jurisdiction, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars.

(Senate Bill No. 35-By Mr. Hubbard)

[Passed February 16, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen, making it a misdemeanor for any person to wilfully interrupt, molest, disturb, disrupt or interfere with the orderly and peaceful process of any department, division, agency or branch of state government or of its political subdivisions, and providing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 6. CRIMES AGAINST THE PEACE.

§61-6-19. Wilful disruption of governmental processes.

- 1 If any person wilfully interrupt or molest the orderly
- 2 and peaceful process of any department, division, agency
- 3 or branch of state government or of its political subdi-
- 4 visions, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 5 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one
- 6 hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not
- 7 more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned:
- 8 Provided, That any assembly in a peaceable, lawful
- 9 and orderly manner for a redress of grievances shall
- 10 not be a violation of this section.

# CHAPTER 42

(House Bill No. 518-By Mr. McManus and Mr. Burke)

[Passed March 1, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen, relating to the purchase, sale, transportation and receipt of rifles, shotguns and other legal firearms or any part thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

§61-7-14. Purchase of firearms in contiguous state.

§61-7-15. Sale of firearms to residents of contiguous states.

### §61-7-14. Purchase of firearms in contiguous state.

- 1 Any resident of this state, including a corporation or
- 2 other business entity maintaining a place of business in
- 3 this state, who may lawfully purchase and receive de-
- 4 livery of a rifle, shotgun or any other legal firearm, or
- 5 any part thereof, in this state, may purchase the same
- 6 in a state contiguous to this state and transport or re-
- 7 ceive the same into this state provided the sale meets
- 8 the lawful requirements of any federal statute, and is
- 9 made by a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer,
- 10 licensed dealer or private collector.

# §61-7-15. Sale of firearms to residents of contiguous states.

- 1 Any importer, manufacturer, dealer or collector who
- 2 may lawfully sell rifles, shotguns or other legal firearms,
- 3 or any part thereof, in this state, may sell the same to a
- 4 resident of a state contiguous to this state, including a
- 5 corporation or other business entity, maintaining a place
- 6 of business in such state, provided the sale meets the
- 7 lawful requirements of this state and the lawful require-
- 8 ments of the state of residence of the purchaser, as well
- 9 as the lawful requirements of any federal statute.

(House Bill No. 502-By Mr. Perry and Mr. Jones, of Roane)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article eight, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, prohibiting the lewd or licentious touching or fondling or the sexual molesting of any child under the age of twelve years; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eight, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

### §61-8-29. Child molesting; penalties.

- 1 No person over the age of eighteen years shall in a
- 2 lewd or licentious manner touch or fondle or sexually
- 3 molest any child under the age of twelve years. Any
- 4 person who violates any provision of this section shall
- 5 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,
- 6 shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or
- 7 imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year,
- 8 or both fined and imprisoned. A person convicted for any
- 9 second or subsequent offense under this section shall be
- 10 guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment
- 11 in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than
- 12 five years.

(Senate Bill No. 317—By Mr. Brotherton and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article ten, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to debt pooling; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-three, article ten, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 10. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC POLICY.

§61-10-23. Debt pooling; definition; offenses; penalty; jurisdiction; pleading and proof.

"Debt pooling" shall mean the rendering in any manner 1 of advice or services of any and every kind in the establishment or operation of a plan pursuant to which a debtor would deposit or does deposit funds for the purpose of distributing such funds among his creditors. It shall be 5 unlawful for any person to solicit in any manner a debt 7 pooling. It shall further be unlawful for any person, except licensed attorneys, to make any charge for a debt 8 pooling by way of fee, reimbursement of costs, or other-9 wise, in excess of an amount equal to two percent of 10 the total amount of money actually deposited pursuant 11 to a debt pooling: Provided, That any nonprofit firm, 12 corporation or voluntary association may make an addi-13 tional charge not exceeding five percent of the total 14 amount of money actually deposited pursuant to a debt 15 pooling, to defray costs of counseling services furnished 16 for the benefit of its clientele of debtors generally with 17 respect to personal money management. Any person, 18 whether acting as agent or otherwise, who violates any 19 provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, 20 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than one 21

- 22 hundred nor more than two hundred fifty dollars or
- 23 confined in jail not less than thirty nor more than sixty
- 24 days or both. Justices of the peace and other competent
- 25 courts shall have concurrent jurisdiction of offenses under
- 26 this section. It shall not be necessary in any warrant
- 27 issued or indictment returned under this section to
- 28 allege exceptions or provisos contained in this section but
- 29 in the trial of an offense subject thereto it shall be the
- 29 In the trial of an offense subject thereto it shall be the
- 30 duty of the state to negative such exceptions and provisos.

(Senate Bill No. 352-By Mr. Brotherton and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-one, relating to criminal conspiracy; prohibiting any conspiracy to commit an offense against the state of West Virginia or to defraud the state of West Virginia, the state or any county board of education, or any county or municipality of the state; providing that other provisions of the code shall not be superseded, limited, repealed or affected by said section thirty-one; prohibiting certain defense; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-one, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 10. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC POLICY.

§61-10-31. Conspiracy; construction of section; penalties.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for two or more persons to conspire
- 2 (1) to commit any offense against the state or (2) to
- 3 defraud the state, the state or any county board of
- 4 education, or any county or municipality of the state, if,

5 in either case, one or more of such persons does any act 6 to effect the object of the conspiracy.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede, 8 limit, repeal or affect the provisions of section eight, article nine, chapter three; section two, article one, chapter five; section thirty-eight, article three, chapter 10 five-a; section seven, article seven, chapter twenty; sec-11 tion sixteen, article six, chapter sixty; sections seven, 12 eight, nine and ten, article six, chapter sixty-one; or sec-13 tion one, article eight, chapter sixty-two; all of this code. 14 It shall not be a defense to any prosecution under this 15 section thirty-one that the conduct charged or proven is 16 also a crime under any other provision or provisions of 17 18 this code or the common law.

19 Any person who violates the provisions of this section by conspiring to commit an offense against the state 20 which is a felony, or by conspiring to defraud the state, 21 the state or any county board of education, or any county 22 or municipality of the state, shall be guilty of a felony, 23 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by im-24 prisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one nor 25 more than five years or by a fine of not more than ten 26 thousand dollars, or, in the discretion of the court, by both 27 such imprisonment and fine. Any person who violates the 28 provisions of this section by conspiring to commit an **2**9 offense against the state which is a misdemeanor shall 30 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 31 shall be punished by confinement in the county jail for 32 33 not more than one year or by a fine of not more than 34 one thousand dollars, or, in the discretion of the court, by both such confinement and fine. 35

# **CHAPTER 46**

(House Bill No. 612-By Mr. Huffman and Mr. Jones, of Roane)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to procedures in the trial of criminal cases; appointment and remuneration of appointed counsel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article three, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. TRIAL OF CRIMINAL CASES.

# §62-3-1. Time for trial; depositions of witnesses for accused; counsel, copy of indictment, and list of jurors for accused; remuneration of appointed counsel.

When an indictment is found in a court having juris-1 2 diction, in any county, against a person for a felony, the 3 accused, if in custody, or if he appear in discharge of 4 his recognizance, or voluntarily, shall, unless good cause be shown for a continuance, be tried at the same term. If any witness for the accused be a nonresident of the state, or absent therefrom in any service or employment, so that service of a subpoena cannot be had upon him in this state, or is aged or infirm so that he cannot attend upon the court at the trial, the accused may present to the court in which the case is pending, or to 11 the judge thereof in vacation, an affidavit showing such 12 13 facts, and stating therein what he expects to prove by 14 any such witness, his name, residence, or place of ser-15 vice or employment; and if such court or judge be of the opinion that the evidence of any such witness, as 16 stated in such affidavit, is necessary and material to the 17 defense of the accused on his trial, an order may be 18 made by such court or judge for the taking of the 19 deposition of any such witness upon such notice to the 20 prosecuting attorney, of the time and place of taking 21 the same, as the court or judge may prescribe; and in 22 such order the court or judge may authorize the em-23 ployment of counsel, practicing at or near the place 24 where the deposition is to be taken, to cross-examine 25 the witness on behalf of the state, the reasonable ex-26 pense whereof shall be paid out of the treasury of the 27 state, upon certificate of the court wherein the case is 28

29 pending. Every deposition so taken may, on the motion of the defendant, so far as the evidence therein con-30 tained is competent and proper, be read to the jury on 31 32 the trial of the case as evidence therein. A court of record having criminal jurisdiction may appoint counsel to as-33 34 sist an accused in criminal cases, except traffic violations and violations of municipal ordinances, at any time 35 36 upon request. A copy of the indictment and of the list 37 of the jurors selected or summoned for his trial, as pro-38 vided in section three of this article, shall be furnished him, upon his request, at any time before the jury is impaneled. In every case where the court appoints counsel 41 for the accused and the accused presents an affidavit 42 showing that he cannot pay therefor, the court shall, 43 by order entered of record allow an attorney so ap-44 pointed a fee of not to exceed one hundred dollars in 45 any misdemeanor case, and a fee of not to exceed two 46 hundred dollars in any felony case. In misdemeanor 47 cases, the fee so allowed shall be paid out of the general 48 county fund, and in felony cases shall be paid by the 49 state auditor as other fees in felony cases are paid. The amount so paid, in the event the accused shall not prevail, 50 51 shall be and constitute a judgment of said court against the accused to be recovered as any other judgment for 52 53 costs.

# CHAPTER 47

(Senate Bill No. 26-By Mr. Harman)

[Passed January 29, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six-a, article thirteen, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the division of correction, public institutions, and the payment of jail fees to county courts for juvenile escapees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six-a, article thirteen, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 13. DIVISION OF CORRECTION.

### §62-13-6a. Payment of jail fees to county courts.

- 1 The commissioner of public institutions is hereby
- 2 authorized and directed to pay to the county court of
- 3 any county, jail fees incurred by escapees of any West
- 4 Virginia forestry camp for boys, the West Virginia indus-
- 5 trial home for girls or the West Virginia industrial school
- 6 for boys, when said escapees are confined in said county
- 7 jails. Said jail fee shall not exceed the sum of two dollars
- 8 per diem per prisoner.

# **CHAPTER 48**

(Senate Bill No. 65-By Mr. Holliday and Mr. Sharpe)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, relating to enacting the agreement on detainers; defining appropriate court as a court of record with criminal jurisdiction; providing for enforcement of the agreement by all courts, departments, agencies, officers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions; prohibiting escape from temporary custody; providing that application of the "habitual criminal" law is not required; requiring delivery of custody of an inmate pursuant to the operation of the agreement on detainers; and designating the commissioner of public institutions as the central administrator and chief information officer of the agreement on detainers.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 14. AGREEMENT ON DETAINERS.

- §62-14-1. Enactment of compact.
- §62-14-2. "Appropriate court" defined.
- §62-14-3. Enforcement of agreement.
- §62-14-4. Application of habitual criminal law not required.
- §62-14-5. Escape of prisoner while in temporary custody.
- §62-14-6. Delivering custody of prisoner.
- §62-14-7. Central administrator and information agent.

### §62-14-1. Enactment of compact.

- 1 The agreement on detainers is hereby enacted into law
- 2 and entered into by this state with all other jurisdictions
- 3 legally joining therein in the form substantially as fol-
- 4 lows:

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### AGREEMENT ON DETAINERS

6 The contracting states solemnly agree that:

#### ARTICLE I

- 1 The party states find that charges outstanding against
- 2 a prisoner, detainers based on untried indictments, in-
- 3 formations or complaints, and difficulties in securing
- 4 speedy trial of persons already incarcerated in other,
- 5 jurisdictions, produce uncertainties which obstruct pro-
- 6 grams of prisoner treatment and rehabilitation. Accord-
- 7 ingly, it is the policy of the party states and the purpose
- 8 of this agreement to encourage the expeditious and order9 ly disposition of such charges and determination of the
- 10 proper status of any and all detainers based on untried
- 11 indictments, informations or complaints. The party states
- 12 also find that proceedings with reference to such charges
- 13 and detainers, when emanating from another jurisdiction,
- 14 cannot properly be had in the absence of cooperative
- 15 procedures. It is the further purpose of this agreement
- 16 to provide such cooperative procedures.

#### ARTICLE II

1 As used in this agreement:

- 2 (a) "State" shall mean a state of the United States: 3 the United States of America; a territory or possession of the United States: the District of Columbia; the Com-4 5 monwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (b) "Sending state" shall mean a state in which a 6 prisoner is incarcerated at the time that he initiates a 7 8 request for final disposition pursuant to Article III hereof or at the time that a request for custody or availability 10 is initiated pursuant to Article IV hereof.
- 11 (c) "Receiving state" shall mean the state in which 12 trial is to be had on an indictment, information or complaint pursuant to Article III or Article IV hereof.

#### ARTICLE III

- 1 (a) Whenever a person has entered upon a term of imprisonment in a penal or correctional institution of a party state, and whenever during the continuance of the term of imprisonment there is pending in any other party state 4 any untried indictment, information or complaint on the basis of which a detainer has been lodged against the prisoner, he shall be brought to trial within one hundred eighty days after he shall have caused to be delivered to the prosecuting officer and the appropriate court of the prosecuting officer's jurisdiction written 10 notice of the place of his imprisonment and his request 11 for a final disposition to be made of the indictment, in-12 formation or complaint: Provided, That for good cause 13 shown in open court, the prisoner or his counsel being 14 present, the court having jurisdiction of the matter may 15 16 grant any necessary or reasonable continuance. The request of the prisoner shall be accompanied by a cer-17 tificate of the appropriate official having custody of the 18 prisoner, stating the term of commitment under which 19 the prisoner is being held, the time already served, the 20 time remaining to be served on the sentence, the amount 21 22 of good time earned, the time of parole eligibility of the prisoner, and any decisions of the state parole agency 23 24 relating to the prisoner.
- (b) The written notice and request for final disposition referred to in paragraph (a) hereof shall be given or 26

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27 sent by the prisoner to the warden, superintendent or 28 other official having custody of him, who shall promptly 29 forward it together with the certificate to the appro-30 priate prosecuting official and court by registered or cer-31 tified mail, return receipt requested.

- (c) The warden, superintendent or other official having custody of the prisoner shall promptly inform him of the source and contents of any detainer lodged against him and shall also inform him of his right to make a request for final disposition of the indictment, information or complaint on which the detainer is based.
- 38 (d) Any request for final disposition made by a 39 prisoner pursuant to paragraph (a) hereof shall operate 40 as a request for final disposition of all untried indict-41 ments, informations or complaints on the basis of which 42 detainers have been lodged against the prisoner from the state to whose prosecuting official the request for 43 final disposition is specifically directed. The warden, 44 45 superintendent or other official having custody of the prisoner shall forthwith notify all appropriate prosecut-46 ing officers and courts in the several jurisdictions within 47 the state to which the prisoner's request for final dis-48 position is being sent of the proceeding being initiated 49 by the prisoner. Any notification sent pursuant to this 50 51 paragraph shall be accompanied by copies of the prisoner's written notice, request, and the certificate. If trial 52 is not had on any indictment, information or complaint contemplated hereby prior to the return of the prisoner 54 55 to the original place of imprisonment, such indictment, 56 information or complaint shall not be of any further 57 force or effect, and the court shall enter an order dis-58 missing the same with prejudice.
  - (e) Any request for final disposition made by a prisoner pursuant to paragraph (a) hereof shall also be deemed to be a waiver of extradition with respect to any charge or proceeding contemplated thereby or included therein by reason of paragraph (d) hereof, and a waiver of extradition to the receiving state to serve any sentence there imposed upon him, after completion of his term of imprisonment in the sending state. The

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67 request for final disposition shall also constitute a consent 68 by the prisoner to the production of his body in any 69 court where his presence may be required in order to 70 effectuate the purposes of this agreement and a further 71 consent voluntarily to be returned to the original place **72** of imprisonment in accordance with the provisions of **7**3 this agreement. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent 74 the imposition of a concurrent sentence if otherwise 75 permitted by law.

(f) Escape from custody by the prisoner subsequent to his execution of the request for final disposition referred to in paragraph (a) hereof shall void the request.

#### ARTICLE IV

- 1 (a) The appropriate officer of the jurisdiction in which 2 an untried indictment, information or complaint is pend-3 ing shall be entitled to have a prisoner against whom he 4 has lodged a detainer and who is serving a term of imprisonment in any party state made available in accor-5 dance with Article V (a) hereof upon presentation of a 6 written request for temporary custody or availability to 7 the appropriate authorities of the state in which the 8 prisoner is incarcerated: Provided, That the court having 9 jurisdiction of such indictment, information or complaint 10 shall have duly approved, recorded and transmitted the 11 request: Provided further, That there shall be a period 12 of thirty days after receipt by the appropriate authorities 13 before the request be honored, within which period the 14 15 governor of the sending state may disapprove the request for temporary custody or availability, either upon his own 16 17 motion or upon motion of the prisoner.
  - (b) Upon receipt of the officer's written request as provided in paragraph (a) hereof, the appropriate authorities having the prisoner in custody shall furnish the officer with a certificate stating the term of commitment under which the prisoner is being held, the time already served, the time remaining to be served on the sentence, the amount of good time earned, the time of parole eligibility of the prisoner, and any decisions of the state parole agency relating to the prisoner. Said authorities simultane-

- ously shall furnish all other officers and appropriate courts in the receiving state who have lodged detainers against the prisoner with similar certificates and with notices in-
- 30 forming them of the request for custody or availability 31 and of the reasons therefor.
- 32 (c) In respect of any proceeding made possible by this 33 Article, trial shall be commenced within one hundred 34 twenty days of the arrival of the prisoner in the receiving 35 state, but for good cause shown in open court, the prisoner 36 or his counsel being present, the court having jurisdiction 37 of the matter may grant any necessary or reasonable 38 continuance.
- 39 (d) Nothing contained in this Article shall be con-40 strued to deprive any prisoner of any right which he may 41 have to contest the legality of his delivery as provided 42 in paragraph (a) hereof, but such delivery may not be 43 opposed or denied on the ground that the executive 44 authority of the sending state has not affirmatively con-45 sented to or ordered such delivery.
- 46 (e) If trial is not had on any indictment, information 47 or complaint contemplated hereby prior to the prisoner's 48 being returned to the original place of imprisonment 49 pursuant to Article V (e) hereof, such indictment, in-50 formation or complaint shall not be of any further 51 force or effect, and the court shall enter an order dis-52 missing the same with prejudice.

#### ARTICLE V

(a) In response to a request made under Article III 1 or Article IV hereof, the appropriate authority in a send-3 ing state shall offer to deliver temporary custody of such 4 prisoner to the appropriate authority in the state where such indictment, information or complaint is pending 6 against such person in order that speedy and efficient prosecution may be had. If the request for final disposition 7 is made by the prisoner, the offer of temporary custody 8 9 shall accompany the written notice provided for in Article III of this agreement. In the case of a federal prisoner, the 10 11 appropriate authority in the receiving state shall be en-12 titled to temporary custody as provided by this agreement

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- 13 or to the prisoner's presence in federal custody at the place for trial, whichever custodial arrangement may be 14 15 approved by the custodian.
- 16 (b) The officer or other representative of a state accepting an offer of temporary custody shall present the 17 18 following upon demand:
- 19 (1) Proper identification and evidence of his authority 20 to act for the state into whose temporary custody the 21 prisoner is to be given.
  - (2) A duly certified copy of the indictment, information or complaint on the basis of which the detainer has been lodged and on the basis of which the request for temporary custody of the prisoner has been made.
  - (c) If the appropriate authority shall refuse or fail to accept temporary custody of said person, or in the event that an action on the indictment, information or complaint on the basis of which the detainer has been lodged is not brought to trial within the period provided in Article III or Article IV hereof, the appropriate court of the jurisdiction where the indictment, information or complaint has been pending shall enter an order dismissing the same with prejudice, and any detainer based thereon shall cease to be of any force or effect.
- (d) The temporary custody referred to in this agree-36 ment shall be only for the purpose of permitting prosecution on the charge or charges contained in one or more 38 untried indictments, informations or complaints which form the basis of the detainer or detainers or for prose-40 cution on any other charge or charges arising out of the same transaction. Except for his attendance at court and while being transported to or from any place at which his presence may be required, the prisoner shall be held in a suitable jail or other facility regularly used for persons awaiting prosecution.
  - (e) At the earliest practicable time consonant with the purposes of this agreement, the prisoner shall be returned to the sending state.
- (f) During the continuance of temporary custody or 50 while the prisoner is otherwise being made available for 51

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- 52 trial as required by this agreement, time being served on 53 the sentence shall continue to run but good time shall 54 be earned by the prisoner only if, and to the extent that, 55 the law and practice of the jurisdiction which imposed 56 the sentence may allow.
  - (g) For all purposes other than that for which temporary custody as provided in this agreement is exercised, the prisoner shall be deemed to remain in the custody of and subject to the jurisdiction of the sending state and any escape from temporary custody may be dealt with in the same manner as an escape from the original place of imprisonment or in any other manner permitted by law.
- 64 (h) From the time that a party state receives custody of 65 a prisoner pursuant to this agreement until such prisoner is returned to the territory and custody of the sending state, the state in which the one or more untried indict-68 ments, informations or complaints are pending or in 69 which trial is being had shall be responsible for the 70 prisoner and shall also pay all costs of transporting, caring 71 for, keeping and returning the prisoner. The provisions 72 of this paragraph shall govern unless the states concerned 73 shall have entered into a supplementary agreement pro-74 viding for a different allocation of costs and responsi-75 bilities as between or among themselves. Nothing herein 76 contained shall be construed to alter or affect any internal 77 relationship among the departments, agencies and officers 78 of and in the government of a party state, or between a 79 party state and its subdivisions, as to the payment of costs, 80 or responsibilities therefor.

#### ARTICLE VI

- 1 (a) In determining the duration and expiration dates
  2 of the time periods provided in Articles III and IV of
  3 this agreement, the running of said time periods shall be
  4 tolled whenever and for as long as the prisoner is unable
  5 to stand trial, as determined by the court having juris6 diction of the matter.
- 7 (b) No provision of this agreement, and no remedy 8 made available by this agreement, shall apply to any 9 person who is adjudged to be mentally ill.

#### ARTICLE VII

Each state party to this agreement shall designate an officer who, acting jointly with like officers of other party states, shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms and provisions of this agreement, and who shall provide, within and without the state, information necessary to the effective operation of this agreement.

#### ARTICLE VIII

This agreement shall enter into full force and effect as to a party state when such state has enacted the same into law. A state party to this agreement may withdraw herefrom by enacting a statute repealing the same. However, the withdrawal of any state shall not affect the status of any proceedings already initiated by inmates or by state officers at the time such withdrawal takes effect, nor shall it affect their rights in respect thereof.

#### ARTICLE IX

This agreement shall be liberally construed so as to 1 2 effectuate its purposes. The provisions of this agreement 3 shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this agreement is declared to be contrary to 4 the constitution of any party state or of the United States 5 or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, 6 7 person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this agreement and the applicability 8 thereof to any government, agency, person or circum-9 stance shall not be affected thereby. If this agreement 10 shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state 11 party hereto, the agreement shall remain in full force 12 and effect as to the remaining states and in full force and 13 effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

#### §62-14-2. "Appropriate court" defined.

- The phrase "appropriate court" as used in the agreement on detainers shall, with reference to the courts of
- 3 this state, mean a court of record with criminal jurisdic-4 tion.

#### §62-14-3. Enforcement of agreement.

- 1 All courts, departments, agencies, officers and em-
- 2 ployees of this state and its political subdivisions are
- 3 hereby directed to enforce the agreement on detainers
- 4 and to cooperate with one another and with other party
- 5 states in enforcing the agreement and effectuating its
- 6 purpose.

#### §62-14-4. Application of habitual criminal law not required.

- 1 Nothing in this article or in the agreement on detainers
- 2 shall be construed to require the application of sections
- 3 eighteen and nineteen of article eleven, chapter sixty-one
- 4 of the code of West Virginia to any person on account of
- 5 any conviction had in a proceeding brought to final dis-
- 6 position by reason of the use of said agreement.

#### §62-14-5. Escape of prisoner while in temporary custody.

- 1 Escape or attempt to escape from custody, whether
- 2 within or without this state, while in the temporary
- 3 custody of an authority of another state acting pursuant
- 4 to the agreement on detainers shall constitute an offense
- 5 against the laws of this state to the same extent and
- 6 degree as an escape from the institution in which the
- 7 prisoner was confined immediately prior to having been
- 8 released to temporary custody and shall be punishable
- 9 in the same manner as an escape or attempt to escape
- 10 from said institution.

#### §62-14-6. Delivering custody of prisoner.

- 1 It shall be lawful and mandatory upon the warden,
- 2 superintendent or other state official in charge of a penal
- 3 or correctional institution in this state to give over the
- 4 person of any inmate thereof whenever so required by
- 5 the operation of the agreement on detainers.

#### §62-14-7. Central administrator and information agent.

- 1 The commissioner of public institutions shall serve as
- 2 the central administrator and chief information officer
- 3 for the agreement on detainers, pursuant to the provi-
- 4 sions of Article VII of the agreement.

(Com. Sub. for the Senate Bill No. 350---Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the department of finance and administration and the commissioner thereof; abolishing the office of commissioner and creating a new office of commissioner; and relating to his term and the compensation of such commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, on thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§5A-1-2. Department of finance and administration continued; commissioner; office of commissioner of finance and administration; divisions; directors.

- The department of finance and administration is hereby continued in the executive branch of state government. The office of commissioner of finance and administration
- the office of commissioner of finance and administration
- 4 is hereby abolished and a new office of commissioner of 5 finance and administration is hereby created. The com-
- 6 missioner shall be the chief executive officer of the de-
- 7 partment and director of the budget and shall be ap-
- 8 pointed by the governor, by and with the advice and
- 9 consent of the Senate, for a term not exceeding the term
- 10 of the governor. The commissioner shall serve at the
- 11 will and pleasure of the governor. On and after July
- 12 one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the annual
- 13 compensation of the commissioner shall be twenty thou-
- 14 sand dollars. There shall be in the department of finance
- 15 and administration a budget division, a purchasing divi-
- 16 sion and a general services division. Each division shall

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  - 17 be headed by a director who shall be appointed by the
  - 18 commissioner to serve at his will and pleasure.

(House Bill No. 597-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. McManus)

[Passed February 9, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the estimate of revenues to be collected by each classification of tax during a fiscal year and the collection of revenues by each classification of tax each month during a fiscal year and the time for certifying said estimate of revenues to the governor and legislative auditor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. BUDGET DIVISION.

#### §5A-2-13. Estimates of revenue and reports on revenue collections.

- 1 At the beginning of each fiscal year the commissioner
- 2 shall estimate the revenue to be collected month by
- 3 month by each classification of tax for the fiscal year
- 4 as it relates to the official estimate of each tax for the
- 5 fiscal year and the commissioner shall certify this esti-
- 6 mate to the governor and the legislative auditor.
- 7 The commissioner shall ascertain the collection of the
- 8 revenue of the state, and shall determine each month 9 of the fiscal year the proportion which the amount ac-
- 10 tually collected bears to the collection estimated for that
- 11 period. The commissioner shall certify to the governor
- 12 and the legislative auditor, as soon as possible after the

- 13 close of each month, and not later than the fifteenth day
- 14 of each month, and at such other times as the governor
- 15 or legislative auditor may request, the condition of the
- 16 state revenues and of the several funds of the state. For
- 17 the purposes of this section, the commissioner shall have
- 18 the authority to require all necessary estimates and re-
- 19 ports from any spending unit of the state government.
- 20 The first report shall be due not later than the fifteenth
- 21 day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.

(House Bill No. 662-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Potter)

[Passed February 5, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the power of the commissioner of the department of finance and administration to lease certain space at a price not to exceed fair rental value.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 5. LEASING OF GROUNDS, BUILDINGS, OFFICE OR OTHER SPACE BY STATE GOVERNMENT.

# §5A-5-3. Selection of grounds, etc.; acquisition by contract or lease.

- 1 The commissioner shall have sole authority to select
- 2 and to acquire by contract or lease, in the name of the
- 3 state, all grounds, buildings, office space or other space,
- 4 the rental of which is necessarily required by any spend-
- 5 ing unit, upon a certificate from the chief executive officer
- 6 of said spending unit that the grounds, buildings, office
- 7 space or other space requested is necessarily required
- 8 for the proper function of said spending unit and that

- 9 satisfactory grounds, buildings, office space or other space
- 10 is not available on grounds and in buildings now owned
- 11 or leased by the state. The commissioner shall, before
- 12 executing any rental contract or lease, determine the
- 13 fair rental value for the rental of the requested grounds,
- 14 buildings, office space or other space, in the condition
- 15 in which they exist, and shall contract for or lease said
- 16 premises at a price not to exceed the fair rental value
- 17 thereof.

(House Bill No. 844--By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed February 20, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article seven, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the information system services division.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article seven, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. INFORMATION SYSTEM SERVICES DIVISION.

- §5A-7-6. Powers and duties of division generally; review of findings by governor; authority of governor to order transfer of equipment and personnel; professional staff.
  - 1 The division shall be responsible for the planning of
  - 2 an informational and analytical system for use by all
  - 3 branches of state government. The division shall also
  - 4 evaluate the economic justification, system design and
  - 5 suitability of equipment and systems used in state gov-
  - 6 ernment. The director shall report to the commis-
  - 7 sioner.
  - 8 The governor shall review such findings and recom-
  - 9 mendations and is hereby authorized to order the trans-

- 10 fer, in whole or in part, to the division from any other
- 11 department or agency of state government, except the
- 12 Legislature, the judiciary and the West Virginia board
- 13 of regents, of all data-processing activities, equipment.
- 14 and personnel utilized for data-processing purposes:
- 15 Provided, That any such transfer shall not be effective
- 16 until ninety days following the entry of the transfer
- 17 order by the governor. The director shall be responsible
- 18 for the development of a professional staff to supervise
- 19 and train personnel to carry out the technical work of
- 20 the division.

(Senate Bill No. 39-By Mr. Brotherton)

[Passed February 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twelve, twelve-a and twelve-c, article one, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to persons authorized to perform marriages, the qualifications and bonding of those so authorized, the performance of marriage ceremonies and records with respect thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twelve, twelve-a and twelve-c, article one, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. MARRIAGE.

- §48-1-12. Persons authorized to celebrate marriages.
- §48-1-12a. Qualifications of minister, priest or rabbi for celebrating marriages.
- §48-1-12c. Ritual for ceremony of marriage by minister, rabbi or priest; record of marriage.

#### §48-1-12. Persons authorized to celebrate marriages.

- 1 Any minister, priest or rabbi, over the age of twenty-
- 2 one years, who has complied with the provisions of section

- 3 twelve-a of this article, or a judge of any court of record
- 4 in this state, is authorized to celebrate the rites of mar-
- 5 riage in all the counties of the state. No person, other
- 6 than a minister, priest or rabbi, who has complied with
- 7 the provisions of section twelve-a of this article, or a
- 8 judge of any court of record in this state, shall hereafter
- 9 celebrate the rites of marriage in this state, anything in
- 10 any act of the Legislature or of any court to the contrary,
- 11 notwithstanding.
- 12 Wherever in this article the terms "minister," "priest"
- 13 or "rabbi" shall appear, the same shall be understood
- 14 and held in all respects to include, without being limited
- 15 to, a leader or representative of a generally recognized
- 16 spiritual assembly, church or religious organization which
- 17 does not formally designate or recognize persons as min-
- 18 isters, priests or rabbis.

# §48-1-12a. Qualifications of minister, priest or rabbi for celebrating marriages.

- 1 When any minister, priest or rabbi shall, before the
- 2 county court of any county in this state, or the clerk of
- 3 any such court in vacation, produce proof that he is over
- 4 the age of twenty-one, duly licensed by, and being in
- 5 regular communion with, the religious society of which he
- 6 is a member, and give bond in the penalty of fifteen
- 7 hundred dollars, with surety approved by such court or
- 8 clerk thereof in vacation, such court or clerk may make
- 9 an order authorizing him to celebrate the rites of mar-
- 10 riage in all the counties of the state: Provided, however,
- 11 That any minister, priest or rabbi who gives proof
- 12 before the county court of any county in this state, or
- 13 the clerk of any such court in vacation, of his ordination
- 14 or authorization by his respective church, denomination,
- 15 synagogue or religious society, shall be exempted from
- 16 the giving of such bond.

# §48-1-12c. Ritual for ceremony of marriage by minister, rabbi or priest; record of marriage.

- 1 A minister, priest or rabbi authorized to celebrate
  - the rites of marriage shall perform the ceremony of
- 3 marriage according to the rites and ceremonies of his

- 4 religious denomination, church, synagogue or religious society and the laws of the state of West Virginia.
- A record of each marriage performed, with the names of the parties, their respective places of residence prior to
- marriage, and the date of marriage, shall be kept by the
- officiating minister, priest or rabbi in the permanent
- record of the church, synagogue or religious society which 10
- 11 he serves.

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 38-Originating in the Senate Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal articles eight, eight-a and eight-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, and to enact in lieu thereof a new chapter of said code, designated chapter sixty-a, relating to narcotics, marihuana and drugs generally; providing for the adoption of the uniform controlled substances act; establishing criminal offenses; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That articles eight, eight-a and eight-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed and a new chapter of said code enacted in lieu thereof, designated chapter sixty-a, to read as follows:

#### CHAPTER 60A. UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.

#### Article

- 1. Definitions.
- 2. Standards and Schedules.
  3. Regulation of Manufacture, Distribution and Dispensing of Controlled Substances.
- 4. Offenses and Penalties.
- 5. Enforcement and Administrative Provisions.
- 6. Miscellaneous Provisions.

#### ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS.

#### §60A-1-101. Definitions.

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- As used in this act: 1
- (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient 5 or research subject by:
- 6 (1) a practitioner (or, in his presence, by his authorized 7 agent), or
- 8 (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and 9 in the presence of the practitioner.
- (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on 10 11 behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distri-12 butor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or con-13 tract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the 14 carrier or warehouseman.
- 15 (c) "Bureau" means the "Bureau of Narcotics and 16 Dangerous Drugs, United States Department of Justice," 17 or its successor agency.
- (d) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, 18 or immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of article 19 20 two.
- (e) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name, 24 or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, 26 distributed, or dispensed the substance. 27
- (f) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, con-28 structive, or attempted transfer from one person to an-29 other of a controlled substance, whether or not there is 30 an agency relationship. 31
- (g) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to 33 34 the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling, or compounding 36 necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery.
- (h) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses. 37

- 38 (i) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by ad-39 ministering or dispensing a controlled substance.
  - (j) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

- (k) "Drug" means (1) substances recognized as drugs in the official "United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary," or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) of this subdivision. It does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.
- (1) "Immediate precursor" means a substitute which the "West Virginia Board of Pharmacy" (hereinafter in this act referred to as the state board of pharmacy) has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.
- (m) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for his own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging, or labeling of a controlled substance:
- 74 (1) by a practitioner as an incident to his administer-75 ing or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course 76 of his professional practice, or

- 77 (2) by a practitioner, or by his authorized agent under 78 his supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, 79 research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for 80 sale.
- 81 (n) "Marihuana" means all parts of the plant "Cannabis 82 sativa L.," whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; 83 the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every 84 compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or prep-85 aration of the plant, its seeds, or resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced 86 from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the 87 88 plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except 89 90 the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of 91 92 germination.
  - 93 (o) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, 94 whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction 95 from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by 96 means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of ex-97 traction and chemical synthesis:
    - (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.
      - (2) Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (1) of this subdivision, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
      - (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.

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- (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- (p) "Opiate" means any substance having an addictionforming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having

- 116 addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does
- 117 not include, unless specifically designated as controlled
- 118 under section 201, article two of this act, the dextrorota-
- 119 tory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its
- 120 salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic
- 121 and levorotatory forms.
- 122 (q) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species 123 "Papaver somniferum L.," except its seeds.
- 124 (r) "Person" means individual, corporation, govern-
- 125 ment or governmental subdivision or agency, business
- 126 trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any
- 127 other legal entity.
- 128 (s) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds,
- 129 of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- 130 (t) "Practitioner" means:
- 131 (1) A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific investi-
- 132 gator, or other person licensed, registered, or other-
- 133 wise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research
- 134 with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance
- 135 in the course of professional practice or research in
- 136 this state.
- 137 (2) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed,
- 138 registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, 139 conduct research with respect to, or to administer a
- 139 conduct research with respect to, or to administer a 140 controlled substance in the course of professional prac-
- 141 tice or research in this state.
- 142 (u) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, 143 cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled sub-
- 144 stance.
- 145 (v) "State," when applied to a part of the United
- 146 States, includes any state, district, commonwealth, terri-
- 147 tory, insular possession thereof, and any area subject to
- 148 the legal authority of the United States of America.
- 149 (w) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully
- 150 possesses a controlled substance for his own use or for
- 151 the use of a member of his household or for administer-
- 152 ing to an animal owned by him or by a member of his
- 153 household.

#### ARTICLE 2. STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES.

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§60A-2-201. Authority to control. §60A-2-202. Nomenclature.
§60A-2-203. Schedule I tests.
§60A-2-204. Schedule I.
§60A-2-205. Schedule II tests.
§60A-2-206. Schedule II.
§60A-2-207. Schedule III tests.
 §60A-2-208. Schedule III.
 §60A-2-209. Schedule IV tests.
 §60A-2-210. Schedule IV.
 §60A-2-211. Schedule V tests.
 §60A-2-212. Schedule V.
 $60A-2-213. Republishing of schedules.
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#### 860A-2-201. Authority to control.

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- (a) The state board of pharmacy shall administer this 1 act and may add substances to or delete or reschedule 3 all substances enumerated in the schedule in sections. 4 204, 206, 208, 210 or 212, pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. In mak-6 ing a determination regarding a substance, the state board of pharmacy shall consider the following:
- 8 (1) the actual or relative potential for abuse;
- 9 (2) the scientific evidence of its pharmacological ef-10 fect, if known;
- (3) the state of current scientific knowledge regard-11 12 ing the substance;
  - (4) the history and current pattern of abuse;
  - (5) the scope, duration, and significance of abuse;
- 15 (6) the risk to the public health;
- (7) the potential of the substance to produce psychic 16 or physiological dependence liability; and 17
- (8) whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under this article. 19
- (b) After considering the factors enumerated in subsection (a), the state board of pharmacy shall make 21 findings with respect thereto and issue a rule controlling 22 the substance if it finds the substance has a potential 23 24 for abuse.
- (c) If the state board of pharmacy designates a substance as an immediate precursor, substances which are precursors of the controlled precursor shall not be sub-28 ject to control solely because they are precursors of the controlled precursor.

30 (d) If any substance is designated, rescheduled, or de-31 leted as a controlled substance under federal law and 32 notice thereof is given to the state board of pharmacy. 33 the said board shall similarly control the substance under 34 this act after the expiration of thirty days from publication in the "Federal Register" of a final order designating a 35 36 substance as a controlled substance or rescheduling or 37 deleting a substance, unless within that thirty-day period, the state board of pharmacy objects to inclusion, 38 39 rescheduling, or deletion. In that case, the state board 40 of pharmacy shall publish the reasons for objection and 41 afford all interested parties an opportunity to be heard. 42 At the conclusion of the hearing, the state board of phar-43 macy shall publish its decision, which shall be final un-44 less altered by statute. Upon publication of objection to 45 inclusion, rescheduling, or deletion under this act by 46 the state board of pharmacy, control under this act is stayed until the state board of pharmacy publishes its 47 decision. Each such publication shall be published as a 48 49 Class I-O legal advertisement in compliance with the 50 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, 51 and the publication area for such publication shall be 52 each county of the state.

(e) Authority to control under this section does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms are defined or used in other chapters of this code nor to any nonnarcotic substance if such substance may under the "Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act" and the law of this state be lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription.

#### §60A-2-202. Nomenclature.

- 1 The controlled substances listed or to be listed in the
- 2 schedules in sections 204, 206, 208, 210, and 212 are in-
- 3 cluded by whatever official, common, usual, chemical, or
- 4 trade name designated.

#### §60A-2-203. Schedule I tests.

- 1 The state board of pharmacy shall place a substance in
- 2 Schedule I if it finds that the substance:
- 3 (1) has high potential for abuse; and

- 4 (2) has no accepted medical use in treatment in the
- 5 United States or lacks accepted safety for use in treat-
- 6 ment under medical supervision.

#### §60A-2-204. Schedule I.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section 2 are included in Schedule I.
- 3 (b) Any of the following opiates, including their
- 4 isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters,
- 5 and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the
- 6 existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is
- 7 possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 8 (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 9 (2) Allylprodine;
- 10 (3) Alphacetylmethadol;
- 11 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 12 (5) Alphamethadol;
- 13 (6) Benzethidine;
- 14 (7) Betacetylmethadol;
- 15 (8) Betameprodine;
- 16 (9) Betamethadol;
- 17 (10) Betaprodine;
- 18 (11) Clonitazene;
- 19 (12) Dextromoramide;
- 20 (13) Dextrorphan;
- 21 (14) Diampromide;
- 22 (15) Diethylthiambutene;
- 23 (16) Dimenoxadol;
- 24 (17) Dimepheptanol;
- 25 (18) Dimethylthiambutene;
- 26 (19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- 27 (20) Dipipanone;
- 28 (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 29 (22) Etonitazene;
- 30 (23) Etoxeridine;
- 31 (24) Furethidine;
- 32 (25) Hydroxypethidine;

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33 (26) Ketobemidone;
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- 34 (27) Levomoramide;
- 35 (28) Levophenacylmorphan;
- 36 (29) Morpheridine:
- 37 (30) Noracymethadol;
- 38 (31) Norlevorphanol;
- 39 (32) Normethadone;
- 40 (33) Norpipanone;
- 41 (34) Phenadoxone;
- 42 (35) Phenampromide;
- 43 (36) Phenomorphan;
- 44 (37) Phenoperidine;
- 45 (38) Piritramide:
- 46 (39) Proheptazine;
- 47 (40) Properidine;
- 48 (41) Racemoramide;
- 49 (42) Trimeperidine.
- 50 (c) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts,
- 51 isomers and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted,
- 52 whenever the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts
- 53 of isomers is possible within the specific chemical desig-54 nation:
- 55 (1) Acetorphine;
- 56 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
- 57 (3) Benzylmorphine;
- 58 (4) Codeine methylbromide;
- 59 (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
- 60 (6) Cyprenorphine;
- 61 (7) Desomorphine;
- 62 (8) Dihydromorphine;
- 63 (9) Etorphine;
- 64 (10) Heroin;
- 65 (11) Hydromorphinol;
- 66 (12) Methyldesorphine;
- 67 (13). Methyldihydromorphine;
- 68 (14) Morphine methylbromide;

- 69 (15) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 70 (16) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 71 (17) Myrophine;
- 72 (18) Nicocodeine;
- 73 (19) Nicomorphine;
- 74 (20) Normorphine;
- 75 (21) Phoclodine;
- 76 (22) Thebacon.
- 77 (d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 78 which contains any quantity of the following hallucino-
- 79 genic substances, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers,
- 80 unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of
- 81 these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
- 82 within the specific chemical designation:
- 83 (1) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 84 (2) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 85 (3) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 86 (4) Bufotenine;
- 87 (5) Diethyltryptamine;
- 88 (6) Dimethyltryptamine;
- 89 (7) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxylamphetamine;
- 90 (8) Ibogaine;
- 91 (9) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 92 (10) Marihuana;
- 93 (11) Mescaline;
- 94 (12) Peyote;
- 95 (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 96 (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 97 (15) Psilocybin;
- 98 (16) Psilocyn;
- 99 (17) Tetrahydrocannabinols.

#### §60A-2-205. Schedule II tests.

- 1 The state board of pharmacy shall place a substance
- 2 in Schedule II if it finds that:
- 3 (1) the substance has high potential for abuse;
- 4 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use

- 5 in treatment in the United States, or currently accepted
- 6 medical use with severe restrictions; and
- 7 (3) the abuse of the substance may lead to severe 8 psychic or physical dependence.

#### §60A-2-206. Schedule II.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section 2 are included in Schedule II.
- 3 (b) Any of the following substances, except those 4 narcotic drugs listed in other schedules, whether pro-5 duced directly or indirectly by extraction from sub-6 stances of vegetable origin, or independently by means 7 of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction 8 and chemical synthesis:
- 9 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, de-10 rivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.
- 11 (2) Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or prepara-12 tion thereof which is chemically equivalent or identi-13 cal with any of the substances referred to in subdivision
- 14 (1), but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
- 15 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.
- 16 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or 17 preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, de-18 rivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically 19 equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but 20 not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions 21 which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- 22 (c) Any of the following opiates, including their 23 isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, when-24 ever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and 25 salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 26 (1) Alphaprodine;
- 27 (2) Anileridine;
- 28 (3) Bezitramide;
- 29 (4) Dihydrocodeine;
- 30 (5) Diphenoxylate;
- 31 (6) Fentanyl;
- 32 (7) Isomethadone;
- 33 (8) Levomethorphan;

- 34 (9) Levorphanol;
- 35 (10) Metazocine;
- 36 (11) Methadone;
- 37 (12) Methadone—Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethyla-
- 38 mino-4, 4-diphenyl butane;
- 39 (13) Moramide—Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-
- 40 1, 1-diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid;
- 41 (14) Pethidine;
- 42 (15) Pethidine—Intermediate—A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-
- 43 phenylpiperidine;
- 44 (16) Pethidine—Intermediate—B, ethyl-4-phenylpiper-
- 45 idine-4-carboxylate;
- 46 (17) Pethidine—Intermediate—C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpi-
- 47 peridine-4-carboxylic acid;
- 48 (18) Phenazocine;
- 49 (19) Piminodine;
- 50 (20) Racemethorphan;
- 51 (21) Racemorphan.

#### §60A-2-207. Schedule III tests.

- 1 The state board of pharmacy shall place a substance
- 2 in Schedule III if it finds that:
- 3 (1) the substance has a potential for abuse less than
- 4 the substances listed in Schedules I and II;
- 5 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical
- 6 use in treatment in the United States; and
- 7 (3) abuse of the substance may lead to moderate or
- 8 low physical dependence or high psychological depen-
- 9 dence.

#### §60A-2-208. Schedule III.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section
- 2 are included in Schedule III.
- 3 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
- 4 which contains any quantity of the following substances
- 5 having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant
- 6 effect on the central nervous system:
- 7 (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts
- 8 of its optical isomers;
- 9 (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts;

- 10 (3) Any substance which contains any quantity of 11 methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts 12 of isomers;
  - (4) Methylphenidate.

- 14 (c) Unless listed in another schedule, any material, 15 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any 16 quantity of the following substances having a potential for 17 abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central 18 nervous system:
- 19 (1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a 20 derivative of barbituric acid, or any salt of a derivative 21 of barbituric acid, except those substances which are 22 specifically listed in other schedules;
- 23 (2) Chlorhexadol;
- 24 (3) Glutethimide:
- 25 (4) Lysergic acid;
- 26 (5) Lysergic acid amide;
- 27 (6) Methyprylon;
- 28 (7) Phencyclidine;
- 29 (8) Sulfondiethylmethane;
- 30 (9) Sulfonethylmethane;
- 31 (10) Sulfonmethane.
- 32 (d) Nalorphine.
- 33 (e) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation 34 containing limited quantities of any of the following nar-35 cotic drugs, or any salts thereof:
- 36 (1) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine, or any of 37 its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milli-38 grams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity 39 of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
- 40 (2) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine, or any of its 41 salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams 42 per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic in-43 gredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- 44 (3) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, 45 or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 46 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater 47 quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

- 48 (4) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodein-49 one, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more 50 active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic 51 52 amounts:
  - (5) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts:
  - (6) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 59 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more ingredients 60 in recognized therapeutic amounts;
  - (7) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-63 narcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; 64
  - 65 (8) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams with one 66 67 or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized 68 therapeutic amounts.
  - 69 (f) The state board of pharmacy may except by rule 70 any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any stimulant or depressant substance listed in subsections 71 (b) and (c) from the application of all or any part of this act if the compound, mixture, or preparation contains 73 one or more active medicinal ingredients not having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous 75 76 system, and if the admixtures are included therein in 77 combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances which 78 have a stimulant or depressant effect on the central 79 80 nervous system.

#### 860A-2-209. Schedule IV tests.

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- The state board of pharmacy shall place a substance in 1
- Schedule IV if it finds that:
- (1) the substance has a low potential for abuse rela-3 4 tive to substances in Schedule III:

- 5 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use
- 6 in treatment in the United States; and
- 7 (3) abuse of the substance may lead to limited physi-
- 8 cal dependence or psychological dependence relative to
- 9 the substances in Schedule III.

#### §60A-2-210. Schedule IV.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section 2 are included in Schedule IV.
- 3 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
- 4 which contains any quantity of the following substances
- 5 having a potential for abuse associated with a depres-
- 6 sant effect on the central nervous system:
- 7 (1) Barbital;
- 8 (2) Chloral betaine:
- 9 (3) Chloral hydrate;
- 10 (4) Ethchlorvynol;
- 11 (5) Ethinamate;
- 12 (6) Methohexital;
- 13 (7) Meprobamate:
- 14 (8) Methylphenobarbital;
- 15 (9) Paraldehyde;
- 16 (10) Petrichloral;
- 17 (11) Phenobarbital.
- 18 (c) The state board of pharmacy may except by rule
- 19 any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
- 20 depressant substances listed in subsection (b) from the
- 21 application of all or any part of this act if the compound,
- 22 mixture, or preparation contains one or more active
- 23 medicinal ingredients not having a depressant effect on
- 24 the central nervous system, and if the admixtures are
- 25 included therein in combinations, quantity, proportion,
- 26 or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of
- 27 the substances which have a depressant effect on the
- 28 central nervous system.

### §60A-2-211. Schedule V tests.

- 1 The state board of pharmacy shall place a substance
- 2 in Schedule V if it finds that:

- 3 (1) the substance has low potential for abuse relative 4 to the controlled substances listed in Schedule IV;
- 5 (2) the substance has currently accepted medical use 6 in treatment in the United States, and
- 7 (3) the substance has limited physical dependence or 8 psychological dependence liability relative to the con-

#### 9 trolled substances listed in Schedule IV.

#### §60A-2-212. Schedule V.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are 2 included in Schedule V.
- 3 (b) Any compound, mixture, or preparation contain-4 ing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic 5 drugs, which also contains one or more nonnarcotic active 6 medicinal ingredients in sufficient preparation to confer
- 6 medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer 7 upon the compound, mixture, or preparation, valuable
- 8 medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the
- 9 narcotic drug alone:
- 10 (1) Not more than 200 milligrams of codeine, or any 11 of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
- 12 (2) Not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine, or 13 any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
- 14 (3) Not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine, 15 or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
- 16 (4) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and 17 not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage 18 unit;
- 19 (5) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 20 milliliters or per 100 grams.

#### §60A-2-213. Republishing of schedules.

- 1 The state board of pharmacy shall review and cause
- 2 to be printed the schedules semiannually for two years
- 3 from the effective date of this act, and thereafter an-
- 4 nually; which schedules shall be made available to the
- 5 public.

# ARTICLE 3. REGULATION OF MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION AND DISPENSING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

\$60A-3-301. Rules; fees. \$60A-3-302. Registration required; effect of registration; exemptions; waiver; inspections.

- §60A-3-303. What applicants to be registered; determination of public interest; rights of registrants.
- \$60A-3-304. Suspension or revocation of registration generally. \$60A-3-305. Order to show cause before denying, suspending, etc., registration; proceedings thereon; when order not required.
- §60A-3-306. Records of registrants. §60A-3-307. Order forms. §60A-3-308. Prescriptions.

#### §60A-3-301. Rules: fees.

- 1 The state board of pharmacy shall promulgate rules
- 2 and charge reasonable fees relating to the registration and
- control of the manufacture and distribution of controlled
- 4 substances within this state, and each department, board,
- 5 or agency of this state which licenses or registers practi-
- tioners authorized to dispense any controlled substance
- shall promulgate rules and charge reasonable fees re-
- lating to the registration and control of the dispensing
- of controlled substances within this state by those practi-
- tioners licensed or registered by such department, board, 10
- 11 or agency.

#### §60A-3-302. Registration required; effect of registration; exemptions; waiver; inspections.

- 1 (a) Every person who manufactures, distributes, or 2 dispenses any controlled substance within this state or
- who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution,
- or dispensing of any controlled substance within this
- state, must obtain annually a registration issued by the
  - state board of pharmacy or the appropriate department,
- board, or agency, as the case may be, as specified in 7 8
  - section 301, in accordance with its rules.
- 9 (b) Persons registered by said state board of pharmacy
- or said appropriate department, board, or agency, as 10 11
- the case may be, under this act to manufacture, distribute, dispense, or conduct research with controlled substances 12
- may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense, or con-13
- 14 duct research with those substances to the extent autho-
- 15 rized by their registration and in conformity with the 16 other provisions of this article.
- 17 (c) The following persons need not register and may lawfully possess controlled substances under this act: 18
- (1) an agent or employee of any registered manu-19 20 facturer, distributor, or dispenser of any controlled sub-

- 21 stance if he is acting in the usual course of his business 22 or employment:
- 23 (2) a common or contract carrier or warehouseman, 24 or an employee thereof, whose possession of any con-25 trolled substance is in the usual course of business or 26 employment;
- 27 (3) an ultimate user or a person in possession of any 28 controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a 29 practitioner or in lawful possession of a Schedule V 30 substance.
- 31 (d) The said state board of pharmacy or said appro-32 priate department, board, or agency, as the case may be, 33 may waive by rule the requirement for registration of 34 certain manufacturers, distributors, or dispensers if it 35 finds it consistent with the public health and safety.
- (e) A separate registration is required at each prin cipal place of business or professional practice where
   the applicant manufactures, distributes, or dispenses con trolled substances.
- 40 (f) The said state board of pharmacy or said appro-41 priate department, board, or agency, as the case may be, 42 may inspect the establishment of a registrant or applicant 43 for registration in accordance with the rule of said 44 state board of pharmacy or said appropriate depart-45 ment, board, or agency, as the case may be.

# §60A-3-303. What applicants to be registered; determination of public interest; rights of registrants.

- 1 (a) The state board of pharmacy shall register an applicant to manufacture or distribute controlled sub3 stances included in Schedules I, II, III, IV and
  4 V unless it determines that the issuance of that reg5 istration would be inconsistent with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the state
  7 board of pharmacy shall consider the following factors:
- 9 (1) maintenance of effective controls against diversion 10 of controlled substances into other than legitimate medi-11 cal, scientific, or industrial channels;
- 12 (2) compliance with applicable state and local law;

- 13 (3) any convictions of the applicant under any federal 14 or state laws relating to any controlled substance;
- 15 (4) past experience in the manufacture or distribution 16 of controlled substances, and the existence in the ap-17 plicant's establishment of effective controls against diver-18 sion;
- 19 (5) furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent 20 material in any application filed under this act;
- 21 (6) suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal 22 registration to manufacture, distribute, or dispense con-23 trolled substances as authorized by federal law; and

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- (7) any other factors relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.
- (b) Registration under subsection (a) does not entitle a registrant to manufacture and distribute controlled substances in Schedule I or II other than those specified in the registration.
- 30 (c) Practitioners must be registered to dispense any controlled substances or to conduct research with con-31 32 trolled substances in Schedules II through V if they are 33 authorized to dispense or conduct research under the law 34 of this state. The appropriate department, board, or agency, as specified in section 301, need not require separate 35 36 registration under this article for practitioners engaging in research with nonnarcotic controlled substances in 37 Schedules II through V where the registrant is already 38 39 registered under this article in another capacity. Practitioners registered under federal law to conduct research 40 with Schedule I substances may conduct research with 41 Schedule I substances within this state upon furnishing 42 the appropriate department, board, or agency evidence 43 of that federal registration. 44
- (d) Compliance by manufacturers and distributors with the provisions of the federal law respecting registration (excluding fees) entitles them to be registered under this act.

#### §60A-3-304. Suspension or revocation of registration generally.

1 (a) A registration under section 303 to manufacture, 2 distribute, or dispense a controlled substance may be sus3

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- pended or revoked by the said state board of pharmacy or said appropriate department, board, or agency, as the case may be, upon a finding that the registrant: 5
- (1) has furnished false or fraudulent material infor-6 mation in any application filed under this act; 7
  - (2) has been convicted of a felony under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance; or
- (3) has had his federal registration suspended or re-10 voked to manufacture, distribute, or dispense controlled 11 substances. 12
- (b) The said state board of pharmacy or said appro-14 priate department, board, or agency, as the case may be, may limit suspension or revocation of a registration to 15 the particular controlled substance with respect to which 16 grounds for suspension or revocation exist. 17
- 18 (c) If the said state board of pharmacy or said appro-19 priate department, board, or agency, as the case may be, suspends or revokes a registration, all controlled sub-20 stances owned or possessed by the registrant at the time 21 of suspension or the effective date of the revocation order 22 23 may be placed under seal. No disposition may be made of substances under seal until the time for taking an 24 appeal has elapsed or until all appeals have been con-25 cluded unless a court, upon application therefor, orders 26 the sale of perishable substances and the deposit of the 27 proceeds of the sale with the court. Upon a revocation 28 order becoming final, all controlled substances may be 29 30 forfeited to the state.
- 31 (d) The said state board of pharmacy or said appro-32 priate department, board, or agency, as the case may 33 be, shall promptly notify the bureau of all orders suspend-34 ing or revoking registration and all forfeitures of controlled substances. 35

#### §60A-3-305. Order to show cause before denying, suspending, etc., registration; proceedings thereon; when order not required.

1 (a) Before denying, suspending, or revoking a registration, or refusing a renewal of registration, the said state board of pharmacy or said appropriate department, 3 board, or agency, as the case may be, shall serve upon

the applicant or registrant an order to show cause why registration should not be denied, suspended, or revoked. or why the renewal should not be refused. The order to 7 show cause shall contain a statement of the basis there-8 9 for and shall call upon the applicant or registrant to 10 appear before the said state board of pharmacy or said 11 appropriate department, board, or agency, as the case 12 may be, at a time and place not less than thirty days 13 after the date of service of the order, but in the case of a 14 denial or renewal of registration the show cause order shall be served not later than thirty days before the 15 16 expiration of the registration. These proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with article five, chapter 17 18 twenty-nine-a of this code without regard to any criminal 19 prosecution or other proceeding. Proceedings to refuse renewal of registration shall not abate the existing regis-20 tration which shall remain in effect pending the out-21 22 come of the administrative hearing.

(b) The said state board of pharmacy or said appro-23 24 priate department, board, or agency, as the case may be, 25 may suspend, without an order to show cause, any registration simultaneously with the institution of proceedings 26 27 under section 304, or where renewal of registration is 28 refused, if it finds that there is an imminent danger 29 to the public health or safety which warrants this action. The suspension shall continue in effect until the conclu-30 31 sion of the proceedings, including judicial review thereof, unless sooner withdrawn by the said state board of phar-32 macy or said appropriate department, board, or agency, 33 as the case may be, or dissolved by a court of competent 34 jurisdiction. 35

#### §60A-3-306. Records of registrants.

- Persons registered to manufacture, distribute, or dis-1 pense controlled substances under this act shall keep 2
- records and maintain inventories in conformance with 3
- 4 the record-keeping and inventory requirements of federal
- law and with any additional rules the said state board of 5
- pharmacy or said appropriate department, board or
- agency, as the case may be, issues.

#### §60A-3-307. Order forms.

- Controlled substances in Schedules I and II shall be 1
- distributed by a registrant to another registrant only
- 3 pursuant to an order form. Compliance with the provi-
- 4 sions of federal law respecting order forms shall be
- 5 deemed compliance with this section.

#### §60A-3-308. Prescriptions.

- 1 (a) Except when dispensed directly by a practitioner,
- other than a pharmacy, to an ultimate user, no controlled
- substance in Schedule II may be dispensed without the
- written prescription of a practitioner.
- 5 (b) In emergency situations, as defined by rule of the
- said appropriate department, board, or agency, Schedule
- II drugs may be dispensed upon oral prescription of a 7
- practitioner, reduced promptly to writing and filed by
- the pharmacy. Prescription shall be retained in conformity
- with the requirements of section 306. No prescription for 10
- a Schedule II substance may be refilled. 11
- 12 (c) Except when dispensed directly by a practitioner,
- other than a pharmacy, to an ultimate user, a controlled 13
- substance included in Schedule III or IV, which is a
- 15 prescription drug as determined under appropriate state
- or federal statute, shall not be dispensed without a writ-
- 17 ten or oral prescription of a practitioner. The prescription
- shall not be filled or refilled more than six months after
- the date thereof or be refilled more than five times,
- 20 unless renewed by the practitioner.
- 21 (d) A controlled substance included in Schedule V
- 22 shall not be distributed or dispensed other than for a
- medical purpose. 23

#### ARTICLE 4. OFFENSES AND PENALTIES.

- §60A-4-401. Prohibited acts A—Penalties.
- \$60A-4-402. Prohibited acts B—Penalties. \$60A-4-403. Prohibited acts C—Penalties.
- §60A-4-404. Penalties under other laws.
- \$60A-4-405. Bar to prosecution. \$60A-4-406. Distribution to persons under age eighteen.
- §60A-4-407. Conditional discharge for first offense of possession.
- \$60A-4-408. Second or subsequent offenses.

#### §60A-4-401. Prohibited acts A-Penalties.

- 1 (a) Except as authorized by this act, it is unlawful 2 for any person to manufacture, deliver, or possess with 3 intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance.
- 4 (1) Any person who violates this subsection with 5 respect to:
- 6 (i) a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or
  7 II which is a narcotic drug, is guilty if a felony, and, upon
  8 conviction, may be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not
  9 less than one year nor more than fifteen years, or fined
  10 not more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or both;
- 11 (ii) Any other controlled substance classified in Sched-12 ule I, II or III, is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, 13 may be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than 14 one year nor more than five years, or fined not more 15 than fifteen thousand dollars, or both;
- 16 (iii) a substance classified in Schedule IV, is guilty
  17 of a felony, and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in
  18 the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more
  19 than three years, or fined not more than ten thousand
  20 dollars, or both;
- 21 (iv) a substance classified in Schedule V, is guilty of 22 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, may be confined in 23 the county jail for not less than six months nor more 24 than one year, or fined not more than five thousand dol-25 lars, or both.
- 26 (b) Except as authorized by this act, it is unlawful 27 for any person to create, deliver, or possess with intent 28 to deliver, a counterfeit substance.
- 29 (1) Any person who violates this subsection with re-30 spect to:
- 31 (i) a counterfeit substance classified in Schedule I or 32 II which is a narcotic drug, is guilty of a felony, and, upon 33 conviction, may be imprisoned in the penitentiary for 34 not less than one year nor more than fifteen years, or 35 fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or both;
- 36 (ii) any other counterfeit substance classified in 37 Schedule I, II or III, is guilty of a felony, and, upon con-38 viction, may be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not

- 39 less than one year nor more than five years, or fined not 40 more than fifteen thousand dollars, or both;
- 41 (iii) a counterfeit substance classified in Schedule IV, 42 is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, may be im-43 prisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one year 44 nor more than three years, or fined not more than ten 45 thousand dollars, or both;
- 46 (iv) a counterfeit substance classified in Schedule V, 47 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, may 48 be confined in the county jail for not less than six months 49 nor more than one year, or fined not more than five 50 thousand dollars, or both.
- (c) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or inten-51 52 tionally to possess a controlled substance unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid 54 prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this act. Any person who violates 56 this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and dispo-57 sition may be made under section 407, subject to the 58 limitations specified in said section 407, or upon convic-59 60 tion, such person may be confined in the county jail not less than ninety days nor more than six months, or fined 61 not more than one thousand dollars, or both: Provided, 62 That notwithstanding any other provision of this act 64 to the contrary, any first offense for possession of less 65 than 15 grams of marihuana shall be disposed of under 66 said section 407.

#### §60A-4-402. Prohibited acts B-Penalties.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful for any person:
- 2 (1) who is subject to article 3 to distribute or dispense
- 3 a controlled substance in violation of section 308;
- 4 (2) who is a registrant, to manufacture a controlled 5 substance not authorized by his registration, or to dis-
- 6 tribute or dispense a controlled substance not authorized
  - by his registration to another registrant or other autho-
- 8 rized person;
- 9 (3) to refuse or fail to make, keep, or furnish any rec-

- 10 ord, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or in-11 formation required under this act:
- 12 (4) to refuse an entry into any premises for any in-13 spection authorized by this act; or
- 14 (5) knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop, 15 warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or 16 other structure or place, which is resorted to by persons 17 using controlled substances in violation of this act for the 18 purpose of using these substances, or which is used for 19 keeping or selling them in violation of this act.
- 20 (b) Any person who violates this section is guilty of 21 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, may be confined in 22 the county jail for not less than six months nor more 23 than one year, or fined not more than twenty-five thou-24 sand dollars, or both.
- 25 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act 26 to the contrary, any first offense for distributing less than 27 15 grams of marihuana without any remuneration shall 28 be disposed of under section 407.

#### §60A-4-403. Prohibited acts C-Penalties.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or in-2 tentionally:
- (1) to distribute as a registrant a controlled substance
  4 classified in Schedule I or II, except pursuant to an order
  5 form as required by section 307 of this act;
- 6 (2) to use in the course of the manufacture or distri-7 bution of a controlled substance a registration number 8 which is fictitious, suspended, revoked, or issued to an-9 other person;
- 10 (3) to acquire or obtain possession of a controlled sub-11 stance by misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception, 12 or subterfuge;
- 13 (4) to furnish false or fraudulent material information 14 in, or omit any material information from, any applica-15 tion, report, or other document required to be kept or 16 filed under this act, or any record required to be kept by 17 this act; or

- 18 (5) to make, distribute, or possess any punch, die, 19 plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or
- 20 reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identify-
- 21 ing mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of
- 22 any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or
- 23 labeling thereof so as to render the drug a counterfeit
- 24 substance.
- 25 (b) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a
- 26 felony, and, upon conviction, may be imprisoned in the
- 27 penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than
- 28 four years, or fined not more than thirty thousand dollars,
- 29 or both.

#### §60A-4-404. Penalties under other laws.

- Any penalty imposed for violation of this act is in
- 2 addition to, and not in lieu of, any civil or administrative
- 3 penalty or sanction otherwise authorized by law.

#### §60A-4-405. Bar to prosecution.

- 1 If a violation of this act is a violation of a federal law
- 2 or the law of another state, a conviction or acquittal un-
- 3 der federal law or the law of another state for the same
- 4 act is a bar to prosecution in this state.

#### §60A-4-406. Distribution to persons under age eighteen.

- 1 Any person eighteen years of age or over who violates
- 2 section 401(a) by distributing a controlled substance
- 3 listed in Schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug to a
- 4 person under eighteen years of age who is at least three
- 5 years his junior is punishable by the fine authorized by
- 6 section 401(a)(1)(i), by a term of imprisonment of up
- 7 to twice that authorized by section 401(a)(1)(i), or by
- 8 both. Any person eighteen years of age or over who vio-
- 9 lates section 401(a) by distributing any other controlled
- 10 substance listed in Schedules I, II, III, IV and V to a per-
- 11 son under eighteen years of age who is at least three
- 12 years his junior is punishable by the fine authorized by
- 13 section 401(a)(1)(ii), (iii) or (iv), by a term of imprison-
- 14 ment up to twice that authorized by section 401(a)(1)(ii),
- 15 (iii) or (iv), or both.

#### §60A-4-407. Conditional discharge for first offense of possession.

1 Whenever any person who has not previously been 2 convicted of any offense under this act or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to 4 narcotic drugs, marihuana, or stimulant, depressant, or 5 hallucinogenic drugs, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled substance under section 401(c), the court, without entering a judgment of guilt 7 and with the consent of the accused, may defer further 8 9 proceedings and place him on probation upon terms and conditions. Upon violation of a term or condition, the 10 11 court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and 12 13 conditions, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dis-14 missal under this section shall be without adjudication 15 of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of this sec-16 tion or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities 17 imposed by law upon conviction of a crime, including the 18 additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent 19 convictions under section 408. The effect of such dis-20 21 missal and discharge shall be to restore such person in contemplation of law to the status he occupied prior to 22 such arrest and trial. No person as to whom such dismis-23 sal and discharge have been effected shall be thereafter 24 held to be guilty of perjury, false swearing, or otherwise 25 giving a false statement by reason of his failure to dis-26 close or acknowledge such arrest or trial in response 27 to any inquiry made of him for any purpose. There may 28 be only one discharge and dismissal under this section 29 30 with respect to any person.

After a period of not less than six months which shall begin to run immediately upon the expiration of a term of probation imposed upon any person under this act, such person may apply to the court for an order to expunge from all official records all recordations of his arrest, trial, and conviction, pursuant to this section. If the court determines after a hearing that such person during the period of such probation and during the period of time prior to his application to the court under this section has not been guilty of any serious or re-

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41 peated violation of the conditions of such probation, it 42 shall enter such order.

#### §60A-4-408. Second or subsequent offenses.

- (a) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent 1
- offense under this act may be imprisoned for a term up 2
- to twice the term otherwise authorized, fined an amount
- up to twice that otherwise authorized, or both. When a
- term of imprisonment is doubled under section 406,
- such term of imprisonment shall not be further increased
- for such offense under this subsection (a), even though
- such term of imprisonment is for a second or subsequent 9 offense.
- 10 (b) For purposes of this section, an offense is con-
- sidered a second or subsequent offense, if, prior to his 11
- conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time 12
- 13 been convicted under this act or under any statute of the
- 14 United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs,
- marihuana, depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drugs. 15
- (c) This section does not apply to offenses under sec-16 17 tion 401 (c).

#### ARTICLE 5. ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVI-SIONS.

- §60A-5-501. Powers of enforcement personnel.
- \$60A-5-502. Administrative inspections and warrants. \$60A-5-503. Injunctions. \$60A-5-504. Cooperative arrangements; confidentiality. \$60A-5-505. Forfeitures. \$60A-5-506. Burden of proof; liability of officers.

- §60A-5-507. Judicial review.
- §60A-5-508. Education and research.

#### §60A-5-501. Powers of enforcement personnel.

- 1 (a) Any member of the department of public safety,
- any sheriff, any deputy sheriff and any municipal police
- 3 officer may in the enforcement of the provisions of this
- 4 act:
- 5 (1) carry firearms:
- 6 (2) execute and serve search warrants, arrest war-
- 7 rants, subpoenas, and summonses issued under the au-
- 8 thority of this state;
- (3) make arrests without warrant for any offense 9

- 10 under this act committed in his presence, or if he has
- 11 probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested
- 12 has committed or is committing a violation of this act 13 which may constitute a felony;
  - (4) make seizures of property pursuant to this act; or
- 15 (5) perform such other law-enforcement duties as 16 said state board of pharmacy or said appropriate depart-17 ment, board or agency, as specified in section 301, desig-
- 18 nates.

- 19 (b) All officers, agents, inspectors, and representatives 20 of the said state board of pharmacy and of the said appropriate department, board, or agency, as specified in 21 section 301, and members of the department of public 22 23 safety may execute and serve administrative warrants 24 issued incident to the enforcement of the provisions of 25 this act. Any such officer, agent, inspector, and repre-26 sentative of the said state board of pharmacy and of the said appropriate department, board, or agency, as speci-27 28 fied in said section 301, may:
- 29 (1) execute and serve subpoenas and summonses 30 issued under the authority of this state;
- 31 (2) make arrests without warrant for any offense 32 under this act committed in his presence, or if he has 33 probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested 34 has committed or is committing a violation of this act 35 which may constitute a felony; or
- 36 (3) make seizures of property pursuant to this act.
- 37 (c) All prosecuting attorneys and the attorney gen-38 eral, or any of their assistants, shall assist in the enforce-39 ment of all provisions of this act and shall cooperate with 40 all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws 41 of the United States, of this state, and of all other states 42 relating to controlled substances.

### §60A-5-502. Administrative inspections and warrants.

- 1 (a) Issuance and execution of administrative inspec-2 tion warrants shall be as follows:
- 3 (1) A judge of any court of record in this state having
  4 criminal jurisdiction, and upon proper oath or affirma-
- 5 tion showing probable cause, may issue warrants for the

purpose of conducting administrative inspections autho-7 rized by this act or rules hereunder, and seizures of prop-8 erty appropriate to the inspections. For purposes of the 9 issuance of administrative inspection warrants, probable cause exists upon showing a valid public interest in the 10 11 effective enforcement of this act or rules hereunder, 12 sufficient to justify administrative inspection of the area, 13 premises, building, or conveyance in the circumstances 14 specified in the application for the warrant;

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- (2) A warrant shall issue only upon an affidavit of a 16 designated officer or employee having knowledge of the facts alleged, sworn to before the judge and establishing 18 the grounds for issuing the warrant. If the judge is satis-19 fied that grounds for the application exist or that there is probable cause to believe they exist, he shall issue a 20 warrant identifying the area, premises, building, or conveyance to be inspected, the purpose of the inspection, 22 23 and, if appropriate, the type of property to be inspected, if any. The warrant shall:
- (i) state the grounds for its issuance and the name of 25 26 each person whose affidavit has been taken in support 27 thereof:
  - (ii) be directed to a person authorized by section 501 to execute it;
- 30 (iii) command the person to whom it is directed to 31 inspect the area, premises, building, or conveyance identi-32 fied for the purpose specified and, if appropriate, direct the seizure of the property specified; 33
- (iv) identify the item or types of property to be seized. 34 35 if any;
- 36 (v) direct that it be served during normal business hours and designate the judge to whom it shall be re-37 38 turned;
- 39 (3) A warrant issued pursuant to this section must be executed and returned within ten days of its date unless, 40 upon a showing of a need for additional time, the court 41 42 orders otherwise. If property is seized pursuant to a warrant, a copy shall be given to the person from whom or from whose premises the property is taken, together 44 with a receipt for the property taken. The return of the

46 warrant shall be made promptly, accompanied by a written inventory of any property taken. The inventory shall 47 be made in the presence of the person executing the 48 warrant and of the person from whose possession or 49 premises the property was taken, if present, or in the 50 presence of at least one credible person other than the 51 person executing the warrant. A copy of the inventory 52 53 shall be delivered to the person from whom or from whose premises the property was taken and to the ap-54 55 plicant for the warrant;

(4) The judge who has issued a warrant shall attach thereto a copy of the return and all papers returnable in connection therewith and file them with the clerk of the court.

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- 60 (b) Administrative inspections of controlled premises 61 shall be made in accordance with the following provi-62 sions:
  - (1) For purposes of this section only, "controlled premises" means:
  - (i) places where persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under this act are required to keep records; and
  - (ii) places including factories, warehouses, establishments, and conveyances in which persons registered or exempted from registration requirements under this act are permitted to hold, manufacture, compound, process, sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of any controlled substance.
  - (2) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant issued pursuant to subsection (a), any person authorized in subsection (b), section 501 of this article to execute and serve the same, upon presenting the warrant and appropriate credentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, may enter controlled premises for the purpose of conducting an administrative inspection.
- 82 (3) When authorized by an administrative inspection 83 warrant, any such person may:
- 84 (i) inspect and copy records required by this act to 85 be kept;

- 86 (ii) inspect, within reasonable limits and in a reason-87 able manner, controlled premises and all pertinent equip-88 ment, finished and unfinished material, containers and 89 labeling found therein, and, except as provided in subsection (b) (5), all other things therein, including records, 90 91 files, papers, processes, controls, and facilities bearing on 92 violation of this act; and
- 93 (iii) inventory any stock of any controlled substance therein and obtain samples thereof. 94
- (4) This section does not prevent the inspection without a warrant of books and records pursuant to an administrative subpoena issued in accordance with any pertinent provision of this code, nor does it prevent entries and administrative inspections, including seizures of property, without a warrant: 100
- 101 (i) if the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises consents; 102
- 103 (ii) in situations presenting imminent danger to 104 health or safety;
- (iii) in situations involving inspection of conveyances 105 if there is reasonable cause to believe that the mobility 106 107 of the conveyance makes it impracticable to obtain a 108 warrant;
- 109 (iv) in any other exceptional or emergency circum-110 stance where time or opportunity to apply for a warrant 111 is lacking; or,
- 112 (v) in all other situations in which a warrant is not 113 constitutionally required.
- 114 (5) An inspection authorized by this section shall not 115 extend to financial data, sales data, other than shipment 116 data, or pricing data unless the owner, operator, or agent 117 in charge of the controlled premises consents in writing.

### §60A-5-503. Injunctions.

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- 1. (a) The courts of record of this state have and may 2 exercise jurisdiction to restrain or enjoin violations of this act. 3
- 4 (b) The defendant may demand trial by jury for an alleged violation of an injunction or restraining order under this section.

### §60A-5-504. Cooperative arrangements; confidentiality.

- 1 (a) The state board of pharmacy and the appropriate 2 departments, boards, and agencies, as specified in section 3 301, shall cooperate with federal and other state agencies 4 in discharging their responsibilities concerning traffic in 5 controlled substances and in suppressing the abuse of 6 controlled substances. To this end, they may:
- 7 (1) arrange for the exchange of information among 8 governmental officials concerning the use and abuse of 9 controlled substances;
- 10 (2) coordinate and cooperate in training programs con-11 cerning controlled substance law enforcement at local 12 and state levels;
- 13 (3) cooperate with the bureau by establishing a cen-14 tralized unit to accept, catalogue, file, and collect statistics, 15 including records of drug dependent persons and other 16 controlled substance law offenders within the state, and 17 make the information available for federal, state, and local law-enforcement purposes. They shall not furnish 18 19 the name or identity of a patient or research subject whose 20 identity could not be obtained under subsection (c); and
- 21 (4) conduct programs of eradication aimed at destroy-22 ing wild or illicit growth of plant species from which 23 controlled substances may be extracted.

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- (b) Results, information, and evidence received from the bureau relating to the regulatory functions of this act, including results of inspections conducted by it may be relied and acted upon by the state board of pharmacy in the exercise of its regulatory functions under this act.
- 29 (c) A practitioner engaged in medical practice or re-30 search is not required or compelled to furnish the name 31 or identity of a patient or research subject to the state board of pharmacy or to the appropriate department, 32 board, or agency by which he is licensed or registered, 33 as specified in section 301, nor may he be compelled in 34 any state or local civil, criminal, administrative, legisla-35 tive, or other proceedings to furnish the name or identity 30 of an individual that the practitioner is obligated to 37 38 keep confidential.

39 (d) No mental health organization or hospital shall 40 be compelled in any state or local civil, criminal, admin-41 istrative, legislative or other proceeding to furnish the 42 name or identity of any person voluntarily requesting 43 treatment for or rehabilitation from addiction to or de-44 pendency upon the use of a controlled substance as defined 45 in article one of this chapter.

### §60A-5-505. Forfeitures.

- (a) The following are subject to forfeiture:
- 2 (1) all controlled substances which have been manu-3 factured, distributed, dispensed, or acquired in violation 4 of this act;
- 5 (2) all raw materials, products, and equipment of any 6 kind which are used, or intended for use, in manufacturing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing, or 8 exporting any controlled substance in violation of this 9 act;
- 10 (3) all property which is used, or intended for use, 11 as a container for property described in subdivision (1) 12 or (2);
- 13 (4) all conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or 14 vessels, which are used, or intended for use, to transport, 15 or in any manner to facilitate the transportation, for the 16 purpose of sale or receipt of property described in sub-17 division (1) or (2), but:
- 18 (i) no conveyance used by any person as a common 19 carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier 20 is subject to forfeiture under this section unless it appears 21 that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of 23 this act;
- 24 (ii) no conveyance is subject to forfeiture under this 25 section by reason of any act or omission established by 26 the owner thereof to have been committed or omitted 27 without his knowledge or consent;
- 28 (iii) a conveyance is not subject to forfeiture for a 29 violation of section 401(c); and,
- 30 (iv) a forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a 31 bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of

- 32 the secured party if he neither had knowledge of nor 33 consented to the act or omission;
- 34 (5) all books, records, and research products and ma-35 terials, including formulas, microfilm, tapes, and data 36 which are used, or intended for use, in violation of this 37 act.
- 38 (b) Property subject to forfeiture under this act may 39 be seized by any person granted enforcement powers 40 under this act in subsections (a) and (b), section 501 of 41 this act (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 42 "appropriate person") upon process issued by any court 43 of record having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure 44 without process may be made if:
- 45 (1) the seizure is incident to an arrest or a search 46 under a search warrant or an inspection under an ad-47 ministrative inspection warrant;
  - (2) the property subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a criminal injunction or forfeiture proceeding based upon this act;
- 51 (3) the appropriate person has probable cause to be-52 lieve that the property is directly or indirectly dangerous 53 to health or safety; or
  - (4) the appropriate person has probable cause to believe that the property was used or is intended to be used in violation of this act.
- 57 (c) In the event of seizure pursuant to subsection (b), 58 proceedings under subsection (d) shall be instituted 59 promptly.
  - (d) Property taken or detained under this section shall not be subject to replevin, but is deemed to be in the custody of the appropriate person subject only to the orders and decrees of the court having jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings. When property is seized under this act, the appropriate person may:
  - place the property under seal;

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- 67 (2) remove the property to a place designated by him; 68 or
- 69 (3) require the appropriate administrative agency to

- 70 take custody of the property and remove it to an appro-71 priate location for disposition in accordance with law.
- 72 (e) When property is forfeited under this act the ap-73 propriate person may:
  - (1) retain it for official use;

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- 75 (2) sell that which is not required to be destroyed by 76 law and which is not harmful to the public. The proceeds 77 shall be used for payment of all proper expenses of the 78 proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses 79 of seizure, maintenance of custody, advertising, and court 80 costs;
- 81 (3) require the appropriate administrative agency to 82 take custody of the property and remove it for disposition 83 in accordance with law; or
  - (4) forward it to the bureau for disposition.
- 85 (f) Controlled substances listed in Schedule I which 86 are possessed, transferred, sold, or offered for sale in 87 violation of this act are contraband and shall be seized and summarily forfeited to the state. Controlled sub-88 stances listed in Schedule I, which are seized or come 89 90 into the possession of the state, the owners of which are 91 unknown, are contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to the state. 92
- 93 (g) Species of plants from which controlled substances 94 in Schedules I and II may be derived which have been 95 planted or cultivated in violation of this act, or of which 96 the owners or cultivators are unknown, or which are 97 wild growths, may be seized and summarily forfeited 98 to the state.
- 99 (h) The failure, upon demand by the appropriate per100 son, or his authorized agent, of the person in occupancy
  101 or in control of land or premises upon which the species
  102 of plants are growing or being stored, to produce an
  103 appropriate registration, or proof that he is the holder
  104 thereof, constitutes authority for the seizure and for105 feiture of the plants.

### §60A-5-506. Burden of proof; liability of officers.

1 (a) It is not necessary for the state to negate any ex-2 emption or exception in this act in any complaint, in-

- 3 formation, indictment, or other pleading or in any trial,
- 4 hearing, or other proceeding under this act. The burden
- 5 of proof of any exemption or exception is upon the per-
- 6 son claiming it.
- 7 (b) In the absence of proof that a person is the duly
- 8 authorized holder of an appropriate registration or order
- 9 form issued under this act, he is presumed not to be the
- 10 holder of the registration or form. The burden of proof
- 11 is upon him to rebut the presumption.
- 12 (c) No liability is imposed by this act upon any au-
- 13 thorized state, county, or municipal officer, engaged in the
- 14 lawful performance of his duties.

### §60A-5-507. Judicial review.

- 1 All final determinations, findings, and conclusions of
- 2 the said state board of pharmacy or the appropriate de-
- 3 partment, board, or agency, as specified in section 301,
- 4 made under this act after hearing are final and con-
- 5 clusive decisions of the matters involved. Any person
- 6 aggrieved by the decision may obtain review of the de-
- 7 cision pursuant to the provisions of articles five and six,
- 8 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

### §60A-5-508. Education and research.

- 1 (a) The said state board of pharmacy and the ap-
- 2 propriate departments, boards, and agencies, as specified
- 3 in section 301, and the division on alcoholism and drug
- 4 abuse in the department of mental health (all herein-
- 5 after in this section referred to as "such agencies"), shall
- 6 carry out educational programs designed to prevent and
- 7 deter misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In
- 8 connection with these programs they may:
- 9 (1) promote better recognition of the problems of mis-
- 10 use and abuse of controlled substances within the regu-
- 11 lated industry and among interested groups and organi-12 zations;
- 13 (2) assist the regulated industry and interested groups
- 14 and organizations in contributing to the reduction of mis-
- 15 use and abuse of controlled substances;
- 16 (3) consult with interested groups and organizations

- 17 to aid them in solving administrative and organizational18 problems;
- (4) evaluate procedures, projects, techniques, and
   controls conducted or proposed as part of educational
   programs on misuse and abuse of controlled substances;
- 22 (5) disseminate the results of research on misuse and 23 abuse of controlled substances to promote a better pub-24 lic understanding of what problems exist and what can 25 be done to combat them; and
- 26 (6) assist in the education and training of state and 27 local law-enforcement officials in their efforts to con-28 trol misuse and abuse of controlled substances.
- 29 (b) Such agencies shall encourage research on mis-30 use and abuse of controlled substances. In connection 31 with the research, and in furtherance of the enforcement 32 of this act, such agencies may:
- (1) establish methods to assess accurately the effects
  of controlled substances and identify and characterize
  those with potential for abuse;
- 36 (2) make studies and undertake programs of research 37 to:
- 38 (i) develop new or improved approaches, techniques, 39 systems, equipment, and devices to strengthen the en-40 forcement of this act;
- 41 (ii) determine patterns of misuse and abuse of con-42 trolled substances and the social effects thereof; and,

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- (iii) improve methods for preventing, predicting, understanding, and dealing with the misuse and abuse of controlled substances; and,
- (3) enter into contracts with public agencies, institutions of higher education, and private organizations or individuals for the purpose of conducting research, demonstrations, or special projects which bear directly on misuse and abuse of controlled substances.
- 51 (c) Such agencies may enter into contracts for ed-52 ucational and research activities without performance 53 bonds.
- 54 (d) Such agencies may authorize persons engaged in 55 research on the use and effects of controlled substances

- 56 to withhold the names and other identifying characteris-
- 57 tics of individuals who are the subjects of the research.
- 58 Persons who obtain this authorization are not compelled
- 59 in any civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other
- 60 proceeding to identify the individuals who are the sub-
- 61 jects of research for which the authorization was ob-
- 62 tained.
- 63 (e) Such agencies may authorize the possession and
- 64 distribution of controlled substances by persons engaged
- 65 in research. Persons who obtain this authorization are
- 66 exempt from state prosecution for possession and dis-
- 67 tribution of controlled substances to the extent of the
- 68 authorization.

#### ARTICLE 6. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- §60A-6-601. Pending proceedings.
- §60A-6-602. Continuation of orders and rules.
- §60A-6-603. Uniformity of interpretation.
- §60A-6-604. Short title.
- §60A-6-605. Severability.

### §60A-6-601. Pending proceedings.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this act shall govern and control
- 2 as to any offenses committed in violation thereof on and 3 after the effective date of this act, and the provisions
- 3 after the effective date of this act, and the provisions 4 of articles eight, eight-a and eight-b, chapter sixteen of
- 5 this code shall govern and control as to any offenses
- 6 committed in violation of said articles, or any of them,
- 7 prior to the effective date of this act, with like effect as
- 8 to such prior offenses as if said articles had not been
- 9 repealed and this act had not been enacted: Provided,
- 10 That if the offense being prosecuted is similar to one
- 11 set out in article four of this act, then the penalties
- 12 under article four apply if they are less than those under
- 13 prior law.
- 14 (b) Civil seizures of forfeitures and injunctive pro-15 ceedings commenced prior to the effective date of this 16 act are not affected by this act.
- 17 (c) All administrative proceedings pending under 18 prior laws which are superseded by this act shall be
- 19 continued and brought to a final determination in accord

- 20 with the laws and rules in effect prior to the effective
- 21 date of the act. Any substance controlled under prior
- 22 law which is not listed within Schedules I through V,
- 23 is automatically controlled without further proceedings
- 24 and shall be listed in the appropriate schedule.
- 25 (d) The state board of pharmacy or the appropriate
- 26 departments, boards, and agencies, as specified in sec-
- 27 tion 301, shall initially permit persons to register who
- 28 own or operate any establishment engaged in the manu-
- 29 facture, distribution, or dispensing of any controlled
- 30 substance prior to the effective date of this act and who
- 31 are registered or licensed by the state.
- 32 (e) This act applies to violations of law, seizures, and
- 33 forfeiture, injunctive proceedings, administrative proceed-
- 34 ings, and investigations which occur following its effec-
- 35 tive date.

### §60A-6-602. Continuation of orders and rules.

- Any orders and rules promulgated under any law
- 2 affected by this act and in effect on the effective date of
- 3 this act and not in conflict with it continue in effect until
- 4 modified, superseded or repealed.

### §60A-6-603. Uniformity of interpretation.

- 1 This act shall be so applied and construed as to effec-
- 2 tuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with
- 3 respect to the subject of this act among those states
- 4 which enact it.

### §60A-6-604. Short title.

- 1 This act may be cited as the Uniform Controlled Sub-
- 2 stances Act.

### §60A-6-605. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this act or the application thereof
- 2 to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such in-
- 3 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications
- 4 of the act, and to this end the provisions of this act are
- 5 hereby declared to be severable.

### CHAPTER 55

(House Bill No. 795-By Mr. Dinsmore and Mr. McGraw)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article one; and section two, article two, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, to define the term "minor" as used in article four, section one of the state constitution and as used in the West Virginia election code to mean a person who has not become eighteen years of age, and to permit a minor to vote in a primary election if he will have reached the age of eighteen years on the date of the general election next to be held after such primary election, to provide that citizens of the state who are between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one and who are otherwise qualified to vote shall not be entitled to vote except in elections held on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, within the precincts of the counties and municipalities in which they respectively reside, to permit a minor, otherwise qualified, to register if he shall have attained the age of eighteen years by the time of the next ensuing election, and to provide that on and after the effective date of this act, citizens of the state who are between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one and who are otherwise qualified to vote shall be permitted to register to vote, and the voter registration of any citizen of the state who prior to the effective date of this act registered to vote and who was between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one at the time of registration and who was otherwise qualified to vote shall be valid.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article one; and section two, article two, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### Article

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 2. Registration of Voters.

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

- §3-1-2. Scope of chapter; definitions.
- §3-1-3. Persons entitled to vote.

### §3-1-2. Scope of chapter; definitions.

- 1 Unless restricted by the context, the provisions of this
- 2 chapter shall apply to every general, primary and spe-
- 3 cial election in which candidates are nominated or elected
- 4 or in which voters pass upon any public question sub-
- 5 mitted to them, except that the provisions hereof shall
- 6 be construed to be operative in municipal elections only
- 7 in those instances in which they are made expressly so
- 8 applicable.
- 9 Unless the context clearly requires a different mean-
- 10 ing, as herein used:
- 11 "Voter" shall mean any person who possesses the
- 12 statutory and constitutional qualifications for voting;
- 13 "Election" shall mean the procedure whereby the voters
- 14 of this state or any subdivision thereof elect persons to
- 15 fill public offices, or elect members of a constitutional
- 16 convention, or vote on public questions;
- 17 "Any election" or "all elections" shall include every
- 18 general, primary, or special election held in this state,
- 19 or in any of its subdivisions, for the purpose of nom-
- 20 inating or electing federal or state officers, or county,
- 21 city, town or village officers of any subdivision now
- 22 existing or hereafter created, or for the purpose of elect-
- 23 ing members of a constitutional convention, or for voting
- 24 upon any public question submitted to the people of
- 25 the state or any of the aforesaid subdivisions;
- 26 "Office" shall be construed to mean "public office"
- 27 which shall include (1) any elective office provided for
- 28 by the constitution or laws of the United States or of 29 this state to which a salary or other compensation at-
- 30 taches, and (2) membership in a constitutional conven-
- 31 tion;
- 32 "Candidate" shall mean any person to be voted for at 33 an election:
- 34 "Public question" shall mean any issue or proposition,

35 now or hereafter required by the governing body of this 36 state or any of its subdivisions to be submitted to the

37 voters of the state or subdivision for decision at elections;

38 The term "minor" as used in article four, section one 39 of the state constitution and as used in this chapter shall

40 mean a person who has not become eighteen years of age.

### §3-1-3. Persons entitled to vote.

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1 Citizens of the state shall be entitled to vote at all elections held within the precincts of the counties and municipalities in which they respectively reside. But 3 no person who has not been registered as a voter as 4 required by law, or who is a minor, or of unsound mind. 5 or a pauper, or who is under conviction of treason, felony 7 or bribery in an election, or who, in the case of statecounty elections has not been a bona fide resident of 8 the state for one year and of the county in which he 9 offers to vote for sixty days next preceding such election, 10 or who, in the case of a special election to elect members 11 to a constitutional convention, has not been a bona fide 12 resident of the state for one year and of the county 13 in which he offers to vote for sixty days next preceding 14 such election, or who in the case of municipal elections 15 has not been a bona fide resident of the state for one 16 year and of the municipality in which he offers to vote 17 for sixty days next preceding such election, shall be 18 permitted to vote at such election while such disability 19 continues. Subject to the qualifications otherwise pre-20 scribed in this section, however, a minor shall be per-21 mitted to vote in a primary election if he will have 22 reached the age of eighteen years on the date of the 23 general election next to be held after such primary elec-24 25 tion.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, citizens of the state who are between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one and who are otherwise qualified to vote shall not be entitled to vote except in elections held on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, within the precincts of the counties and municipalities in which they respectively reside.

#### ARTICLE 2. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

### §3-2-2. Voter registration requirements.

- 1 No voter otherwise qualified shall be permitted to vote
- 2 at any election unless he shall have been duly registered
- 3 or shall have placed himself within the "challenged
- 4 voters" provision of this chapter, and only those persons
- 5 who possess the constitutional and statutory qualifica-
- 6 tions for voting shall be permitted to register, except
- 7 that minors, otherwise qualified, who shall have attained
- 8 the age of eighteen years by the time of the next ensuing
- 9 election, may be permitted to register.
- 10 On and after the effective date of this act, citizens of
- 11 the state who are between the ages of eighteen and
- 12 twenty-one and who are otherwise qualified to vote shall
- 13 be permitted to register to vote, and the voter registration
- 14 of any citizen of the state who prior to the effective date
- 15 of this act registered to vote and who was between the
- 16 ages of eighteen and twenty-one at the time of registra-
- 17 tion and who was otherwise qualified to vote shall be
- 18 valid.

### **CHAPTER 56**

(Senate Bill No. 371-By Mr. Brotherton)

[Passed March 6, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, relating to persons entitled to vote under the federal Voting Rights Act Amendments of 1970, and authorizing the secretary of state to make, amend and rescind such rules, regulations, orders and instructions, and prescribe such registration and voting procedures, forms (including registration, ballot and ballot label forms), lists and records, as may be necessary in order for this state to fully implement, and comply with, the federal Voting Rights Act Amendments of 1970, as in-

terpreted and limited by the United States supreme court. and making it the duty of all public officers, election officers, boards and commissions having any authority or responsibility in connection with any election, to comply with all such rules, regulations, orders and instructions, and use, make, follow or comply with all such registration and voting procedures, forms (including registration, ballot and ballot label forms), lists and records as have been prescribed by the secretary of state under the foregoing authority vested in that office.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

- §3-1-3a. Persons entitled to vote under federal Voting Rights Act Amendments of 1970; authority of secretary of state.
- 1 (1) Any citizen of the United States who is a resident of the state and who applies, not later than thirty days immediately prior to any presidential election for registration or qualification to vote for the choice of electors 4 for president and vice-president, or for president and 5 vice-president, in such election, and who is otherwise qualified to vote, may register to vote, and vote, for the choice of electors for president and vice-president, or for president and vice-president, in such election, as provided by the federal Voting Rights Act Amendments 10 11 of 1970.
- (2) Any citizen of the United States who has moved 12 his residence from this state within thirty days next 13 preceding any election for president and vice-president. and who was otherwise qualified to vote in this state as 15 of the date of his change of residence and who has not 16 satisfied the registration requirements of the state to 17 which he has moved, may vote for the choice of elec-18 tors for president and vice-president, or for president 19 and vice-president, in such election, as provided by the 20
- federal Voting Rights Act Amendments of 1970. 21

- 22 (3) Any citizen of the United States who has attained 23 the age of eighteen years but who has not attained 24 the age of twenty-one years by the time of the next 25 ensuing primary or election in which he may vote under 26 section 302 of the federal Voting Rights Act Amendments of 1970, as interpreted and limited by the United 27 28 States supreme court, and who is otherwise qualified 29 to vote, may vote in any primary or election for those candidates for whom he is entitled to vote under said 30 31 section 302 of the federal Voting Rights Act Amend-32ments of 1970, as interpreted and limited by the United 33 States supreme court.
  - 34 (4) The secretary of state shall have authority to make, amend and rescind such rules, regulations, orders 35 and instructions, and prescribe such registration and voting procedures, forms (including registration, ballot and ballot label forms), lists and records, as may be 38 necessary in order for this state to fully implement, and comply with, the federal Voting Rights Act Amend-40 ments of 1970, as interpreted and limited by the United 41 42 States supreme court, and it shall be the duty of all public officers, election officers, boards and commis-43 sioners having any authority or responsibility in con-44 nection with any election, to comply with all such rules, regulations, orders and instructions, and use, make, fol-46 low or comply with all such registration and voting 47 procedures, forms (including registration, ballot and ballot label forms), lists and records as have been prescribed by the secretary of state under the foregoing authority vested in that office.

### CHAPTER 57

(Senate Bill No. 165-By Mr. Ward and Mr. Palumbo)

[Passed March 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to political party committees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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at large.

That section nine, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

### §3-1-9. Political party committees; how composed; organization.

At the May primary election in the year one thousand 2 nine hundred seventy-two and at the May primary elec-3 tion in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-four 4 and in every fourth year subsequent to the May primary 5 election held in the year one thousand nine hundred 6 seventy-four, the voters of each political party in each 7 senatorial district shall elect two male and two female 8 members of the state executive committee of the party. In 9 senatorial districts containing two or more counties, not more than two such elected committee members shall be 10 residents of the same county. The committee, when con-11 vened and organized as herein provided, shall appoint 12 three additional members of the committee from the state 13

15 At such primary election, the voters of each political party in each county shall elect one male and one fe-16 17 male member of the party's executive committee of the congressional district, of the senatorial district in which 18 such county is situated and of the delegate district in 19 which such county is situated if such county be situated in 20 a delegate district. At the same time such voters in 21 22 each magisterial district of the county shall elect one male and one female member of the party's county execu-23 tive committee and, in any county containing a city of 24 ten thousand or more in population, such voters of each 25 ward of such city within the county shall elect one male 26 and one female member of such county party executive 27 committee in addition to the members thereof chosen 28 from the magisterial district or districts in which such 29 city is situated. 30

31 All members of executive committees, selected for

32 each political division as herein provided, shall reside 33 within the county, district, or ward from which chosen. 34 The term of office of all members of executive committees so elected at the May primary election in the 35 36 year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two shall begin on the first day of June, following said May primary, 37 and shall continue for two years thereafter and until 38 their successors are elected and qualified. The term of 39 office of all members of executive committees elected 40 at the May primary in the year one thousand nine 41 42 hundred seventy-four, and every four years thereafter, shall begin on the first day of June, following said May 43 primary, and shall continue for four years thereafter 44 and until their successors are elected and qualified. 45 Vacancies in the state executive committee shall be filled 46 47 by the members of the committee for the unexpired 48 term. Vacancies in the party's executive committee of 49 a congressional district, senatorial district, delegate district or county shall be filled by the party's executive 50 committee of the county in which such vacancy exists, 51 52 and shall be for the unexpired term.

As soon as possible after the first day of June, following the election of the new executive committees, as herein provided, they shall convene within their respective political divisions, on the call of the chairman of corresponding outgoing executive committees, or by any member of the new executive committee in the event there is no corresponding outgoing executive committee, and proceed to select a chairman, a treasurer, and a secretary, and such other officers as they may desire, each of which officers shall for their respective committees perform the duties that usually appertain to such offices.

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### **CHAPTER 58**

(House Bill No. 962-By Mr. Jones, of Roane, and Mr. McGraw)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two-a, article three, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to voting booths within public view for absentee voting and prohibits the display of campaign material in absentee voting areas.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two-a, article three, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.

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# §3-3-2a. Voting booths within public view to be provided by clerk; prohibition against display of campaign material.

1 Throughout the period during which absent voter bal-2 lots may be voted in the clerk's office as provided else-3 where in this article, the clerk shall provide or main-4 tain in his office one or more booths or compartments, each containing a table, counter or shelf, and furnished with proper supplies for preparing ballots, at or in which voters may conveniently prepare their ballots, so that in the preparation thereof they may be secure from the observation of others. Such booths or compartments shall be so placed within the clerk's office as to be sep-10 arate from, but within the clear view of the entrance area 11 accessible to the public conducting normal business in 12 the clerk's office. If the compartment to be used for the 13 purpose of voting is a room otherwise used as a portion 14 of the clerk's office, the entrance to such room shall be 15 within the clear view of the entrance area accessible to 16 the public conducting normal business in the clerk's 17 office, and no other person, including but not limited to 18 the circuit clerk and ballot commissioners, shall be per-19 mitted to pass through the entrance to such voting room 20 during the period in which it is occupied by any one 21 voter while preparing his ballot. 22 Throughout the period during which absent voter bal-23

Throughout the period during which absent voter ballots may be voted in the clerk's office as provided elsewhere in this article, it shall be the duty of the clerk to prohibit the display in any manner of any literature or material of any kind urging the voting for or against any candidate or candidates or public question or questions within the whole area of the clerk's office or within

30 sixty feet thereof. The clerk is hereby authorized to 31 direct the sheriff of the county to enforce such prohibition.

### CHAPTER 59

(House Bill No. 1158-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article one, chapter fifty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the right of one party having power of eminent domain to cross or alter the property and works belonging to another party with such power, and civil action related thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article one, chapter fifty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN.

# §54-1-9. Crossing or alteration of works of another entity; civil action.

1 If any entity having the power of eminent domain

2 under other provisions of this article including any rail-

3 road company, canal company, company organized for

4 the purpose of transporting oil or natural or manufactured

5 gas, or both, by means of pipeline, company organized

6 for the purpose of transporting coal and its derivatives

7 and all mixtures and combinations thereof with any sub-

8 stance by means of pipes or otherwise, telephone or tele-

9 graph company, company operating an electric trans-

10 mission line, private corporation or public corporation

11 operating a system of pipelines for transporting water,

12 private corporation or public corporation operating a

13 sewer system for public use, the West Virginia depart-

14 ment of highways, or any county court, deems it neces-

15 sary in the construction or relocation of its works, or any

16 part thereof, to cross any other railroad, canal, sewer line,

pipeline, any state or other public road at grade or other-

18 wise, telephone or telegraph line or electric transmis-19 sion line, such crossing may be made provided said works 20 be so constructed as not to impede the passage or trans-21 portation of persons, property, commodities or sewage along, over or through the same. If any such company, 22 private corporation, public corporation, West Virginia de-23 partment of highways or county court desire that the 24 course of any other railroad, canal, sewer line, pipeline, 25 state, or other public road, telephone or telegraph line, 26 27 electric transmission line, or any stream which is not a 28 public highway, be altered to avoid the necessity of any crossing, or of frequent crossings, or to facilitate the cross-29 ing thereof, or the construction of a parallel work, the 30 alteration may be made in such manner as may be agreed 31 between the said party desiring such alteration and the 32 owner of such other facility or land to be affected 33 thereby. In case the parties interested fail to agree upon 34 such crossing or alteration as is desired, said party de-35 siring such crossing or alteration may bring a civil action, 36 and in such action the court may, in a proper case, order 37 that any proper crossing, or alteration, may be made 38 upon payment of just compensation for the property or 39 interest in property to be taken and upon payment of 40 damages, if any, to the residue thereof beyond all bene-41 fits to be derived thereby. Following said civil action, 42 and if the court order such crossing or alteration may be **4**3 made, said party desiring such crossing or alteration may thereupon proceed under article two of this chapter to obtain the right to make such crossing or alteration and 46 to have determined the amount of compensation and 47 damages owing as a result thereof. 48

### **CHAPTER 60**

(House Bill No. 547-By Mr. Myles)

[Passed February 15, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the reference of decedents' estates to commissioners of accounts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2. PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS.

### §44-2-1. Reference of decedents' estates: proceedings thereon.

- 1 Upon the qualification of any personal representative,
- the estate of his decedent shall, by order of the county
- court to be then made, be referred to a commissioner of
- 4 accounts for proof and determination of debts and claims,
- establishment of their priority, determination of the
- amount of the respective shares of the legatees and dis-
- 7 tributees, and any other matter necessary and proper for
- 8 the settlement of the estate: Provided, That in counties
- where there are two or more such commissioners, the
- estates of decedents shall be referred to such commis-10 11
- sioners in rotation, in order that, so far as possible, there
- may be an equal division of the work: Provided, how-12
- 13 ever, That if and when the personal representative shall file with the clerk of the county court an appraisement
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- 15 of the estate, showing its value to be three thousand
- 16 dollars or less, then reference to a commissioner of
- 17 accounts shall not be necessary, but the personal repre-
- 18 sentative shall, within two months from his appointment,
- file with the county clerk his report of receipts and dis-
- 20 bursements, and, unless some creditor or heir shall within
- 21 thirty days thereafter show good cause why the report
- 22 is not correct, the personal representative and his bonds-
- man shall be discharged. 23

### **CHAPTER 61**

(House Bill No. 1010-By Mr. Steptoe and Mr. Halbritter)

[Passed March 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-four-a, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to accounting by personal representatives for certain moneys not capable of payment or distribution at the time of final settlement of estates, and to the payment of such moneys to the general receiver of the circuit court; procedure for the distribution of such moneys under the direction of the circuit court.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-four-a, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 2. PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS.

# §44-2-24a. Accounting for money not disposable at time of settlement: subsequent distribution of such money.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an
- 2 estate is otherwise ready for final settlement and the
- 3 personal representative holds any sum or sums of money
- 4 necessary for the payment or distribution of any con-
- 5 tingent, unliquidated, unmatured or disputed bequest
- 6 or claim, which cannot be paid or distributed because
- 7 the whereabouts of the claimant or distributee are un-
- 8 known, or cannot be paid or distributed for any other
- 9 reason, he may, with the consent of the commissioner
- 10 of accounts to whom the estate has been referred, pay
- 11 such sum or sums to the general receiver of the circuit
- 12 court in the county in which the estate is being ad-
- 13 ministered. Any such payment, together with a receipt
- 14 therefor, shall be reflected and shown in said commis-
- 15 sioner's final report. After said report is confirmed by

- 16 the county court, such personal representative shall not
- 17 be personally liable for any such aforesaid bequest or
- 18 claim.
- 19 Any person entitled to any funds paid to a general
- 20 receiver of a circuit court pursuant to the provisions
- 21 of this section may petition the circuit court in a sum-
- 22 mary proceeding for an order directing the distribu-
- 23 tion of such funds. Any person believed to have any
- 24 claim to or interest in said funds shall be made a party
- 25 defendant to such petition and shall be given such
- 26 notice of any hearing thereon as the circuit court may
- 27 direct. The circuit court shall enter an order directing
- 28 the distribution of said funds to the person or persons
- 29 entitled thereto. The costs of said proceedings shall be
- 30 paid from the funds.

### **CHAPTER 62**

(Senate Bill No. 443-By Mr. Brotherton)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article eight, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article six, chapter forty-four of said code, relating to investments that may be made by insurers and fiduciaries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article eight, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article six, chapter forty-four of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 33. Insurance.
- 44. Administration of Estate and Trusts.

#### CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

#### ARTICLE 8. INVESTMENTS.

### §33-8-7. Government obligations.

- 1 An insurer may invest any of its funds in:
- 2 (a) Bonds or securities which are the direct obligation
- 3 of or which are secured or guaranteed in whole or in
- 4 part as to principal and interest by the United States, any
- 5 state or territory of the United States or the District
- 6 of Columbia, where there exists the power to levy taxes
- 7 for the prompt payment of the principal and interest
- of such bonds or evidences of indebtedness, and, in bonds
- 9 issued by the federal land banks or securities issued by
- 10 the federal home loan bank system.
- 11 (b) Bonds or evidences of indebtedness which are
- 12 direct general obligations of any county, district, city,
- 13 town, village, school district, park district or other politi-
- 14 cal subdivision of this state or any other state or ter-
- 15 ritory of the United States or the District of Columbia,
- 16 which shall not be in default in the payment of any of
- 17 its general obligation bonds, either principal or interest,
- 18 at the date of such investment: where they are payable
- 10 from ad violation towar levied on all the tayable prop
- 19 from ad valorem taxes levied on all the taxable prop-
- 20 erty located therein and the total indebtedness after de-21 ducting sinking funds and all debts incurred for self-
- 21 ducting sinking funds and all debts incurred for self-22 sustaining public works does not exceed ten per centum
- 23 of the actual value of all taxable property therein on
- 24 the basis of which the last assessment was made before
- 25 the date of such investment.

# CHAPTER 44. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES AND TRUSTS.

#### ARTICLE 6. INVESTMENTS BY FIDUCIARIES.

### §44-6-2. In what securities fiduciaries may invest trust funds.

- 1 Any executor, administrator, guardian, curator, com-
  - 2 mittee, trustee or other fiduciary whose duty it may be
  - 3 to loan or invest money entrusted to him as such, may,
  - 4 without any order of any court, invest the same or any
- 5 part thereof in any of the following securities, and with-
- 6 out liability for any loss resulting from investments

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therein: Provided, That such fiduciary shall exercise the judgment and care under the circumstances then prevailing which men of prudence, discretion and intelli-9 gence exercise in the management of their own affairs, 10 not in regard to speculation, but in regard to the per-11 manent disposition of their funds, considering the prob-12 able income as well as the probable safety of their capi-13 14 tal:

- (a) In bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligations 16 of the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is distinctly pledged to provide for the payment of the principal and interest thereof, including, but not by way of limitation, bonds or debentures issued under the "Federal Farm Loan Act," debentures issued by "Banks for Cooperatives" under the "Farm 21 22 Credit Act of One Thousand Nine Hundred Thirty-Three," as amended, debentures issued by the federal national mortgage association, securities issued by the federal 24 home loan bank system; and in bonds, interest-bear-25 ing notes and obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed 26 by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Devel-27 opment or by the Inter-American Development Bank; 28
  - (b) In bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligations 29 of this state: 30
    - (c) In bonds of any state of the United States which has not within ten years previous to the making of such investment defaulted in the payment of any part of either principal or interest on any of its bonds issued by authority of the Legislature of such state;
    - (d) In the bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligations of any county, district, school district or independent school district, municipality or any other political division of this state that have been issued pursuant to the authority of any law of this state, since the ninth day of May of the year one thousand nine hundred seventeen;
  - (e) In bonds and negotiable notes secured by first mortgage or first trust deed upon improved real estate where the amount secured by such mortgage or trust deed shall not at the time of making the same exceed eighty percent of the assessed value, or sixty-six and 47

two-thirds percent of the appraised value as determined by wholly disinterested and independent appraisers, whichever value shall be the higher, of the real estate covered by such mortgage or trust deed, and when such mortgage or trust deed is accompanied by a satisfactory abstract of title, certificate of title or title insurance policy, showing good title in the mortgagor when mak-ing such mortgage or trust deed, and by a fire insurance policy in an old line company with loss, if any, payable to the mortgagee or trustee as his interest may appear: Provided, That the rate of interest upon the above enumerated securities in this subdivision (e), in which such investments may be made, shall not be less than two percent, nor more than eight percent, per annum;

- (f) In savings accounts and time deposits of banks or trust companies to the extent that such deposits are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, or by any other similar federal instrumentality that may be hereafter created, provided there shall be such an instrumentality in existence and available for the purpose, or by bonds of solvent surety companies: *Provided*, That the rate of interest upon such savings accounts or time deposits shall not be less than the rate paid other depositors in such bank or trust company;
- (g) In shares of state building and loan associations, or federal savings and loan associations, to the extent that such shares are insured by the federal savings and loan insurance corporation, or by any other similar federal instrumentality that may be hereafter created: Provided, That there shall be such an instrumentality in existence and available for the purpose, or by bonds of solvent surety companies: Provided, however, That the dividend rate upon such shares shall not be less than the rate paid to other shareholders in such associations;
- (h) In other securities of corporations organized and existing under the laws of the United States, or of the District of Columbia or any state of the United States including, but not by way of limitation, bonds, debentures, notes, equipment trust obligations or other evidences of indebtedness, and shares of common and preferred stocks of such corporations and securities of any open end or closed

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89 end management type investment company or investment 90 trust registered under the "Federal Investment Company 91 Act" of one thousand nine hundred forty, as from time 92 to time amended, which men of prudence, discretion and 93 intelligence acquire or retain for their own account, 94 provided, and upon conditions, however, that:

- (1) No investment shall be made pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision (h) which, at the time such investment shall be made, will cause the aggregate market value thereof to exceed fifty percent of the aggregate market value at that time of all of the property of the 100 fund held by such fiduciary. Notwithstanding the aforesaid percentage limitation the cash proceeds of the sale 102 of securities received or purchased by a fiduciary and made eligible by this subdivision (h) may be reinvested 104 in any securities of the type described in this subdivision (h).
  - (2) No bonds, debentures, notes, equipment trust obligations or other evidence of indebtedness of such corporations shall be purchased under authority of this subdivision (h) unless such obligations, if other than issues of a common carrier subject to the provisions of section twenty-a of the "Interstate Commerce Act," as amended, shall be obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed by corporations which have any securities currently registered with the securities and exchange commission.
  - (3) No common or preferred stocks, other than bank and insurance company stocks, shall be purchased under authority of this subdivision (h) unless currently fully listed and registered upon an exchange registered with the securities and exchange commission as a national securities exchange. No sale or other liquidation of any investment shall be required solely because of any change in the relative market value of those investments made eligible by this subdivision (h) and those made eligible by the preceding subdivisions of this section. In determining the aggregate market value of the property of a fund and the percentage of a fund to be invested under the provisions of this subdivision, a fiduciary may rely upon published market quotations as

130 to those investments for which such quotations are avail-131 able, and upon such valuations of other investments as 132 in the fiduciary's best judgment seem fair and reason-133 able according to available information.

Trust funds received by executors, administrators, 134 135 guardians, curators, committees, trustees and other fi-136 duciaries may be kept invested in the securities originally 137 received by them, unless otherwise ordered by a court 138 having jurisdiction of the matter, as hereinafter provided, 139 or unless the instrument under which the trust was cre-140 ated shall direct that a change of investment be made. 141 and any such fiduciary shall not be liable for any loss that 142 may occur by depreciation of such securities.

143 This section shall not apply where the instrument 144 creating the trust, or the last will and testament of any testator, or any court having jurisdiction of the matter, 145 146 specially directs in what securities the trust funds shall 147 be invested, and every such court is hereby given power 148 specially to direct by order or orders, from time to time, 149 additional securities in which trust funds may be in-150 vested, and any investment thereof made in accordance 151 with any such special direction shall be legal, and no 152executor, administrator, guardian, curator, committee, trustee or other fiduciary shall be held for any loss re-153 154 sulting in any such case.

### CHAPTER 63

(House Bill No. 724-By Mr. Steptoe)

[Passed February 19, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article ten, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to income and corpus of estates of infant wards.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article ten, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 10. GUARDIANS AND WARDS.

# §44-10-8. Disbursements and expenditures by guardians from income and corpus of estates of infant wards.

1 No disbursements, beyond the annual income of the 2 ward's estate, shall be allowed to any guardian where the deed or will, under which the estate is derived, does not authorize it, unless the same shall have been authorized by the circuit court of the county in which the guardian was appointed or qualified. Any guardian, who 7 may desire to spend more than the annual income of his ward's estate for any purpose, shall file in such circuit court a petition, verified by his oath, setting forth the reasons why it is necessary to make such expenditures, to which petition the ward shall be made defendant. The 11 court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the ward, 12 who shall answer such petition, be present at the hear-13 ing, and represent the infant. Five days' notice shall be 15 given to the defendant before such petition can be heard. At the hearing the evidence may be taken orally, and 16 the court, if satisfied that such expenditure would be 17 judicious and proper, may grant the prayer of the peti-18 tion. Such petition may be filed and heard before the 19 judge of such court in vacation as well as in term time. 20 21 In the settlement of the guardian's accounts no credit shall be allowed him by the commissioner of accounts 22 23 or the court for expenditures for his ward, except for 24 expenditures of the annual income of his ward's estate 25 and for expenditures of such amounts of the principal 26 of the ward's personal estate as shall have been authorized by the court as provided by this section: Pro-27 28 vided, however, That if the personal estate in the hands 29 of the guardian does not exceed in amount the sum of three thousand dollars, disbursement may be made by 30 31 the guardian from the corpus of such personal estate 32 for the ward's maintenance and education, after first 33 securing the written approval so to do of and from the commissioner of accounts to whom the settlement of the 34 35 ward's estate was referred.

### CHAPTER 64

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 543—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-a, relating to guardianships for mentally retarded persons; limited and standby guardianships for such persons, the duration of all such guardianships and the application of other provisions of this code with respect to such mentally retarded persons.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-a, to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 10A. GUARDIANS OF MENTALLY RETARDED PERSONS GENERALLY.

§44-10A-1. Guardianship of mentally retarded person.

§44-10A-2. Limited guardianship.

§44-10A-3. Duration of guardianship.

§44-10A-4. Standby guardianship.

§44-10A-5. Application of other provisions.

### §44-10A-1. Guardianship of mentally retarded person.

- 1 When it shall appear to the satisfaction of the county
- 2 court that a person is a mentally retarded person as
- 3 defined in section three, article one, chapter twenty-
- 4 seven of this code, that such condition is certified
- 5 as being permanent in nature by at least two physicians,
- 6 licensed to practice medicine in this state, or one such
- 7 physician and one licensed psychologist having qualifi-
- 8 cations to make such certification, and that such person re-
- 9 quires in his best interests the appointment of a guardian,
- 10 the county court is authorized and empowered, upon ap-
- 11 plication of both parents, natural or adoptive, if living, or
- 12 upon application of one such parent and the consent of the

- other, if living, or upon application of any other in-13
- terested person and the consent of both parents or the
- surviving parent if either or both such parents shall be
- living, to appoint such guardian.

### §44-10A-2. Limited guardianship.

- 1 When it shall appear to the satisfaction of the county
- court that such mentally retarded person for whom an 2
- application for guardianship is made is over the age of
- 4 twenty-one years and is wholly or substantially self-
- supporting by means of his wages or earnings from
- 6 employment, the county court is authorized and em-
- powered to appoint a limited guardian for such mentally
- 8 retarded person who shall receive, manage, disburse
- 9 and account for only such property of said mentally
- 10 retarded person as shall be received from other than the
- wages or earnings of said person. 11
- The mentally retarded person for whom a limited 12
- 13 guardian has been appointed shall have the right to
- 14 receive and expend any and all wages or other earnings
- 15 of his employment and shall have the power to contract
- 16 or legally bind himself for any sum of money which in
- 17 the aggregate shall not exceed one month's wages or
- 18 earnings from such employment or the sum of three
- 19 hundred dollars, whichever is less, in any one month.
- In all other respects the requirements, powers and 20 duties of a limited guardian shall be the same as those 21
- of a committee as set forth in article eleven, chapter
- 23 twenty-seven of this code.

### §44-10A-3. Duration of guardianship.

- Such guardianship shall not terminate at the age of 1
  - majority or upon marriage and such limited guardianship shall not terminate upon marriage but shall continue
- 4 during the life of such mentally retarded person, or until
- 5 terminated by the county court; except that the prior ap-6 pointment of a guardian or limited guardian for a men-
- 7 tally retarded female shall terminate upon her subse-
- 8 quent marriage. A person of the age of twenty-one or
- 9 more years for whom a guardian has been previously ap-
- 10 pointed and a person for whom a limited guardian has
- been previously appointed may, however, petition the

- 12 county court which made such appointment or the county
- 13 court of his county of residence to have the guardianship
- 14 or limited guardianship terminated, or, in the alternative,
- 15 to have the guardian or limited guardian discharged and
- 16 a successor appointed, or to have the guardian designated
- 17 as a limited guardian.
- 18 Upon such a petition for review or upon a petition
- 19 for appointment of a guardian in the first instance for
- 20 a mentally retarded person over the age of twenty-one
- 21 or upon a petition for appointment of a limited guardian
- 22 in the first instance for a mentally retarded person, the
- 23 county court shall conduct a hearing at which the re-
- 24 tarded person shall be present.

### §44-10A-4. Standby guardianship.

- 1 (a) Upon application or consent of both parents, 2 natural or adoptive, if living, or of the surviving parent,
- 3 a standby guardian of a mentally retarded person may
- 4 be appointed by the county court. The county court
- 5 may also upon application or consent of such parents
- 6 or surviving parent appoint an alternate to such guar-
- 7 dian, to act if such guardian shall die or become in-
- 8 capacitated after the death of the last surviving parent
- 9 of such retarded person, or if such guardian shall re-
- 10 nounce his appointment.
- 11 (b) Such standby guardian, or alternate in the event 12 of such guardian's death or incapacity or his renuncia-
- 13 tion, shall without further proceedings be empowered
- 14 to assume the duties of his office immediately upon
- 15 death or adjudication of incompetency of the last sur-
- 16 viving of the natural or adoptive parents of such men-
- 17 tally retarded person, subject only to confirmation of
- 18 his appointment by the county court within sixty days
- 19 following assumption of his duties of office.
- 20 (c) After the appointment of a standby guardian,
- the court shall have and retain general jurisdiction over the mentally retarded person for whom such guardian
- 23 shall have been appointed, to take of its own motion or
- 24 to entertain and adjudicate such steps and proceedings
- 25 relating to such standby guardianship as may be deemed

26 necessary or proper for the welfare of such retarded 27 person.

### §44-10A-5. Application of other provisions.

- 1 To the extent that the context thereof shall admit, the
- 2 provisions of article ten of this chapter shall apply to
- 3 all proceedings under this article with the same force and
- 4 effect as if "a child", "a ward" or "a minor", as therein
- 5 referred to, were "a mentally retarded person" as herein
- 6 defined, and a "guardian" as therein referred to were a
- 7 "guardian of a mentally retarded person", as herein pro-
- 8 vided for.

### **CHAPTER 65**

(House Bill No. 657-By Mr. Loop)

[Passed February 22, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four and five, article five, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the release or disclaimer of powers of appointment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four and five, article five, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 5. RELEASE OR DISCLAIMER OF POWERS OF AP-POINTMENT.

- §36-5-1. Release or disclaimer of general power of appointment.
- §36-5-2. Method of effecting release or disclaimer of power of appointment.
- §36-5-3. Release or disclaimer of other than general power of appointment.
- §36-5-4. Validity of release or disclaimer of power of appointment heretofore made.
- §36-5-5. Other methods of release or disclaimer of power of appointment not affected.

# §36-5-1. Release or disclaimer of general power of appointment.

Any general power, whether exercisable by will, by deed, by will or deed, or otherwise, to appoint property. whether real or personal or both, may be released or 3 4 disclaimed by the person or persons having such power. with or without consideration, wholly or partially. Any 5 such power may be released or disclaimed with respect 7 to the whole or any part of the property subject thereto: and any such power may also be released or disclaimed 8 9 in such manner as to reduce, limit, or restrict the persons or objects, or classes of persons or objects, to or among 10 any one or more of whom, but no others, the property 11 12 subject to such power may be appointed by an exercise 13 thereof, as fully as the creator of such power himself 14 could have so reduced, limited or restricted the same and

# §36-5-2. Method of effecting release or disclaimer of power of appointment.

with like effect as if he had.

1 Any release or disclaimer mentioned in section one of 2 this article may be effected by a written instrument signed and acknowledged as a deed by the person or 3 persons having the general power to appoint mentioned in that section; and such instrument may be delivered by filing it for record in the office of the clerk of the county 7 court of the county wherein the will, deed or other instrument creating such power is recorded. Such clerk 8 shall record such instrument of release or disclaimer as 10 a deed is recorded, index it, and note a reference to the 11 record thereof on the margin of the record of the will, deed or other instrument creating such power.

# §36-5-3. Release or disclaimer of other than general power of appointment.

Any other power than a general one, whether exercisable by will, by deed, by will or deed, or otherwise, to appoint property, real or personal or both, may be released or disclaimed to the extent that a release or disclaimer thereof would not be contrary to any manifest intent or purpose of the creator of such power expressly set forth in the will, deed or other instrument creating

- 8 such power; and to the extent so releasable or disclaim-
- 9 able it may be released or disclaimed in like manner as
- 10 above provided in this article for the release or dis-
- 11 claimer of a general power of appointment, and with like
- 12 effect.

# §36-5-4. Validity of release or disclaimer of power of appointment heretofore made.

- Any release or disclaimer of a general or other re-
- 2 leasable or disclaimable power of appointment heretofore
- 3 made in conformity with the provisions of the foregoing
- 4 sections of this article shall be as valid, binding and
- 5 effective as if hereafter so made.

# §36-5-5. Other methods of release or disclaimer of power of appointment not affected.

- 1 Nothing in this article contained shall affect the validity
- 2 of any release or disclaimer of any power of appointment
- 3 heretofore or hereafter lawfully effected in any other
- 4 form or manner.

## **CHAPTER 66**

(Senate Bill No. 80-By Mr. Gainer and Mr. Hubbard)

[Passed February 5, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, six, seven, ten and eleven, article seven, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia uniform gifts to minors act, the inclusion of life insurance policies and annuity contracts as possible subjects of gifts to minors, definition of terms, designation of custodians of gifts to minors, and redesignating article as West Virginia uniform gifts to minors act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, six, seven, ten and eleven, article seven, chapter thirty-six of the code of West Virginia,

one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. WEST VIRGINIA UNIFORM GIFTS TO MINORS ACT.

- §36-7-1. Definitions.
- §36-7-2. Manner of making gift.
- §36-7-3. Effect of gift.
- §36-7-4. Duties and powers of custodian.
- §36-7-6. Exemption of third persons from liability.
- §36-7-7. Resignation, death or removal of custodian; bonds; appointment of successor custodian.
- §36-7-10. Short title; application of amendments.
- §36-7-11. Severability.

#### §36-7-1. Definitions.

- In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 2 (a) An "adult" is a person who has attained the age 3 of twenty-one years.
- 4 (b) A "bank" is a bank, trust company, national bank-5 ing association, savings bank or industrial bank.
- 6 (c) A "broker" is a person lawfully engaged in the 7 business of effecting transactions in securities for the
- 8 account of others. The term includes a bank which effects
- 9 such transactions. The term also includes a person law-
- 10 fully engaged in buying and selling securities for his own
- 11 account, through a broker or otherwise, as a part of a
- 12 regular business.
- 13 (d) "Court" means the circuit court.
- 14 (e) "The custodial property" includes:
- 15 (1) All securities, life insurance policies, annuity con-
- 16 tracts and money under the supervision of the same custo-
- 17 dian for the same minor as a consequence of a gift or
- 18 gifts made to the minor in a manner prescribed in this
- 19 article;
- 20 (2) The income from the custodial property; and
- 21 (3) The proceeds, immediate and remote, from the
- 22 sale, exchange, conversion, investment, reinvestment,
- 23 surrender or other disposition of such securities, money,
- 24 life insurance policies, annuity contracts and income.
- 25 (f) A "custodian" is a person so designated in a manner

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26 prescribed in this article; the term includes a successor 27 custodian.

- 28 (g) A "financial institution" is a bank, a building and loan association, a federal savings and loan association, 29 a savings institution chartered and supervised as a sav-30 ings and loan or similar institution under federal law 31 or the laws of a state; an "insured financial institu-32 tion" is one, deposits (including a savings, share, cer-33 tificate or deposit account) in which are, in whole or 34 in part, insured by the federal deposit insurance cor-35 poration or by the federal savings and loan insurance 36 37 corporation.
- 38 (h) A "guardian" of a minor means the general 39 guardian, guardian, tutor or curator of his property or 40 estate appointed or qualified by a court of this state or 41 another state.
  - (i) An "issuer" is a person who places or authorizes the placing of his name on a security (other than as a transfer agent) to evidence that it represents a share, participation or other interest in his property or in an enterprise or to evidence his duty or undertaking to perform an obligation evidenced by the security, or who becomes responsible for or in place of any such person.
- 50 (j) A "legal representative" of a person is his executor 51 or the administrator, general guardian, guardian, com52 mittee, conservator, tutor or curator of his property or 53 estate.
  - (k) A "life insurance policy or annuity contract" means a life insurance policy or annuity contract issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state on the life of a minor to whom a gift of the policy or contract is made in the manner prescribed in this article or on the life of a member of the minor's family.
  - (l) A "member" of a "minor's family" means any of the minor's parents, grandparents, brothers, sisters, uncles and aunts, whether of the whole blood or the half blood, or by or through legal adoption.

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- 66 (m) A "minor" is a person who has not attained the 67 age of twenty-one years.
- 68 (n) A "security" includes any note, stock, treasury 69 stock, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, collateral 70 trust certificate, transferable share, voting trust certifi-71 cate or, in general, any interest or instrument commonly 72 known as a security, or any certificate of interest or partic-73 ipation in, any temporary or interim certificate, receipt 74 or certificate of deposit for, or any warrant or right to 75 subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing. The term 76 does not include a security of which the donor is the 77 issuer. A security is in "registered form" when it speci-78 fies a person entitled to it or to the rights it evidences
- 81 (o) A "transfer agent" is a person who acts as authenti-82 cating trustee, transfer agent, registrar or other agent 83 for an issuer in the registration of transfers of its securi-84 ties or in the issue of new securities or in the cancellation 85 of surrendered securities.

for that purpose by or on behalf of the issuer.

and its transfer may be registered upon books maintained

86 (p) A "trust company" is a bank or corporation 87 authorized to exercise trust powers in this state.

## §36-7-2. Manner of making gift.

- 1 (a) An adult person may, during his lifetime, make 2 a gift of a security, a life insurance policy or annuity 3 contract or money to a person who is a minor on the 4 date of the gift:
- 5 (1) If the subject of the gift is a security in registered
  6 form, by registering it in the name of the donor, another
  7 adult person or a trust company, followed, in substance,
  8 by the words: "as custodian for \_\_\_\_\_under
  9 (name of minor)

10 the West Virginia Uniform Gifts to Minors Act";

11 (2) If the subject of the gift is a security not in reg-12 istered form, by delivering it to an adult other than 13 the donor or to a trust company, accompanied by a state-14 ment of gift in the following form, in substance, signed 15 by the donor and the person designated as custodian:

16	"GIFT UNDER THE WEST VIRGINIA UNIFORM
17	GIFTS TO MINORS ACT
18	I,, hereby deliver to
19	(name of donor) (name of custodian)
20	(name of donor) (name of custodian) as custodian for—under the West Virginia
21	(name of minor)
22	Uniform Gifts to Minors Act, the following security (ies):
23	(insert an appropriate description of the security or
24	securities delivered sufficient to identify it or them)
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26	(signature of donor)
<b>27</b>	hereby acknowledges receipt of the
28	(name of custodian)
29	above described security (ies) as custodian for the above
30	minor under the West Virginia Uniform Gifts to Minors
31	Act.
<b>32</b>	Dated:
33	(signature of custodian)";
34	(3) If the subject of the gift is money, by paying
35	or delivering it to a broker or a financial institution for
36	credit to an account in the name of the donor, another
37	adult or a trust company, followed, in substance, by the
38	words: "as custodian for under the
39	(name of minor)
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41	(4) If the subject of the gift is a life insurance policy
42	or annuity contract, by causing the ownership of the
43	policy or contract to be registered with the issuing
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55	possession and control of the custodian, but neither the

- 56 donor's failure to comply with this subsection, nor his
- 57 designation of an ineligible person as custodian, nor
- 58 renunciation by the person designated as custodian affects
- 59 the consummation of the gift.

#### §36-7-3. Effect of gift.

- 1 (a) A gift made in a manner prescribed in this article
- 2 is irrevocable and conveys to the minor indefeasibly 3 vested legal title to the security, life insurance policy.
- s vested legal title to the security, life insurance policy,
- annuity contract or money given, but no guardian of
- 5 the minor has any right, power, duty or authority with
- respect to the custodial property except as provided in
- 7 this article.
- 8 (b) By making a gift in a manner prescribed in this
- 9 article, the donor incorporates in his gift all the provi-
- 10 sions of this article and grants to the custodian, and to
- 11 any issuer, transfer agent, bank, financial institution,
- 12 life insurance company, broker or third person dealing
- 13 with a person designated as custodian, the respective
- 14 powers, rights and immunities provided in this article.

### §36-7-4. Duties and powers of custodian.

- 1 (a) The custodian shall collect, hold, manage, invest 2 and reinvest the custodial property
- 2 and reinvest the custodial property.3 (b) The custodian shall pay over to the minor for
- 4 expenditure by him, or expend for the minor's benefit, so
- 5 much of or all the custodial property as the custodian
- deems advisable for the support, maintenance, education
- 7 and benefit of the minor in the manner, at the time or
- 8 times, and to the extent that the custodian in his discre-
- 9 tion deems suitable and proper, with or without court
- 10 order, with or without regard to the duty of himself or
- 11 of any other person to support the minor or his ability
- 12 to do so, and with or without regard to any other income
- 13 or property of the minor which may be applicable or
- 14 available for any such purpose.
- 15 (c) The court, on the petition of a parent or guardian
- 16 of the minor or of the minor, if he has attained the age
- 17 of fourteen years, may order the custodian to pay over
- 18 to the minor for expenditure by him or to expend so

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- 19 much of or all the custodial property as is necessary for 20 the minor's support, maintenance or education.
- 21 (d) To the extent that the custodial property is not 22 so expended, the custodian shall deliver or pay it over 23 to the minor on his attaining the age of twenty-one years 24 or, if the minor dies before attaining the age of twenty-25 one years, he shall thereupon deliver or pay it over to 26 the estate of the minor.
- (e) The custodian, notwithstanding statutes restricting investments by fiduciaries, shall invest and reinvest the custodial property as would a prudent man of discretion and intelligence who is seeking a reasonable income and the preservation of his capital, except that he may, in his discretion and without liability to the minor or his 33 estate, (i) retain a security given to the minor in a manner prescribed in this article or (ii) hold money so given in an 34 account in the financial institution to which it was paid or delivered by the donor.
  - (f) The custodian may sell, exchange, convert, surrender or otherwise dispose of custodial property in the manner, at the time or times, for the price or prices and upon the terms he deems advisable. He may vote in person or by general or limited proxy a security which is custodial property. He may consent, directly or through a committee or other agent, to the reorganization, consolidation, merger, dissolution or liquidation of an issuer, a security which is custodial property, and to the sale, lease, pledge or mortgage of any property by or to such an issuer, and to any other action by such an issuer. He may execute and deliver any and all instruments in writing which he deems advisable to carry out any of his powers as custodian.
  - (g) The custodian shall register each security which is custodial property and in registered form in the name of the custodian, followed, in substance, by the words: "as custodian for \_\_\_\_\_ under the West Virginia (name of minor)

Uniform Gifts to Minors Act." Subject to the provisions of subdivision (ii), subsection (e) of this section, the custodian shall hold all money which is custodial property in

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- an account with a broker or in an insured financial institution in the name of the custodian, followed, in substance, by the words: "as custodian for ...... under the West
  - (name of minor)
- 63 Virginia Uniform Gifts to Minors Act." The custodian 64 shall keep all other custodial property separate and dis-65 tinct from his own property in a manner to identify it 66 clearly as custodial property.
  - (h) The custodian shall keep records of all transactions with respect to the custodial property and make them available for inspection at reasonable intervals by a parent or legal representative of the minor or by the minor, if he has attained the age of fourteen years.
- 72 (i) A custodian has and holds as powers in trust, 73 with respect to the custodial property, in addition to the 74 rights and powers provided in this article, all the rights 75 and powers which a guardian has with respect to 76 property not held as custodial property.
- 77 (j) If the subject of the gift is a life insurance policy 78 or annuity contract, the custodian:
- 79 (1) In his capacity as custodian, has all the incidents of ownership in the policy or contract to the same extent 80 as if he were the owner, except that the designated 81 beneficiary of any policy or contract on the life of the 82 83 minor shall be the minor's estate and the designated beneficiary of any policy or contract on the life of a 84 person other than the minor shall be the custodian as 85 86 custodian for the minor for whom he is acting; and
- 87 (2) May pay premiums on the policy or contract out 88 of the custodial property.

## §36-7-6. Exemption of third persons from liability.

- 1 No issuer, transfer agent, bank, life insurance company,
- 2 broker or other person or financial institution acting on
- 3 the instructions of or otherwise dealing with any person
- 4 purporting to act as a donor or in the capacity of a cus-
- 5 todian is responsible for determining whether the person
- 6 designated as custodian by the purported donor or by
- 7 the custodian or purporting to act as a custodian has
- 8 been duly designated or whether any purchase, sale or

transfer to or by or any other act of any person pur-9 porting to act in the capacity of custodian is in accordance 10 with or authorized by this article, or is obliged to in-11 12 quire into the validity or propriety under this article of any instrument or instructions executed or given by a 13 person purporting to act as a donor or in the capacity of 14 a custodian, or is bound to see to the application by any 15 person purporting to act in the capacity of a custodian 16 of any money or other property paid or delivered to him. 17 No issuer, transfer agent, bank, life insurance company, 18 broker or other person or financial institution acting on 19 any instrument of designation of a successor custodian, 20 executed as provided in subsection (a) of section seven 21 of this article by a minor to whom a gift has been made 22 in a manner prescribed in this article and who has 23 attained the age of fourteen years, is responsible for 24 determining whether the person designated by the minor 25 as successor custodian has been duly designated, or is 26 obliged to inquire into the validity or propriety under 27 this article of the instrument of designation. 28

# §36-7-7. Resignation, death or removal of custodian; bonds; appointment of successor custodian.

- (a) Only an adult member of the minor's family, a 1 2 guardian of the minor or a trust company is eligible 3 to become successor custodian. A custodian may desig-4 nate his successor by executing and dating an instrument of designation before a subscribing witness other than the successor; the instrument of designation may but need not contain the resignation of the custodian. If the custodian does not so designate his successor 9 before he dies or becomes legally incapacitated, and the minor has attained the age of fourteen years, the minor 10 may designate a successor custodian by executing an 11 instrument of designation before a subscribing witness 12 other than the successor. A successor custodian has all 14 the rights, powers, duties and immunities of a custodian 15 designated in a manner prescribed by this article.
- 16 (b) The designation of a successor custodian as pro-17 vided in subsection (a) takes effect as to each item of 18 the custodial property when the custodian resigns, dies

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or becomes legally incapacitated and the custodian or 20 his legal representative:

(1) Causes the item, if it is a security in registered form or a life insurance policy or annuity contract, to be registered, with the issuing insurance company in the case of a life insurance policy or annuity contract, in the name of the successor custodian, followed, in substance, by the words: "as custodian for .....

(name of minor)

under the West Virginia Uniform Gifts to Minors Act:" and

- (2) Delivers or causes to be delivered to the successor 31 custodian any other item of the custodial property. together with the instrument of designation of the successor custodian or a true copy thereof and any additional instruments required for the transfer thereof to the successor custodian.
- 36 (c) A custodian who executes an instrument of designation of his successor containing the custodian's resig-37 38 nation as provided in subsection (a) shall promptly do 39 all things within his power to put each item of the cus-40 todial property in the possession and control of the successor custodian named in the instrument. The legal 41 42 representative of a custodian who dies or becomes legally incapacitated shall promptly do all things within his 43 44 power to put each item of the custodial property in the possession and control of the successor custodian named 45 in an instrument of designation executed as provided 46 in subsection (a) by the custodian or, if none, by the 47 minor if he has no guardian and has attained the age 48 of fourteen years, or in the possession and control of 50 the guardian of the minor if he has a guardian. If the custodian has executed as provided in subsection (a) 51 52 more than one instrument of designation, his legal representative shall treat the instrument dated on an earlier 53 date as having been revoked by the instrument dated 54 on a later date.
  - (d) If a person designated as custodian or as successor custodian by the custodian as provided in subsection (a) is not eligible, dies or becomes legally incapacitated

- before the minor attains the age of twenty-one years 59 and if the minor has a guardian, the guardian of the 60 minor shall be successor custodian. If the minor has 61 no guardian and if no successor custodian who is eligible 62 and has not died or become legally incapacitated has 63 been designated as provided in subsection (a), a donor, 64 his legal representative, the legal representative of the 65 custodian or an adult member of the minor's family may 66 petition the court for the designation of a successor 67 68 custodian.
- (e) A donor, the legal representative of a donor, a 70 successor custodian, an adult member of the minor's family, a guardian of the minor or the minor, if he has 71 attained the age of fourteen years, may petition the 72 court that, for cause shown in the petition, the custodian 74 be removed and a successor custodian be designated or, in the alternative, that the custodian be required to 76 give bond for the performance of his duties.
- (f) Upon the filing of a petition as provided in this 77 78 section, the court shall grant an order, directed to the persons and returnable on such notice as the court may 79 require, to show cause why the relief prayed for in the 80 petition should not be granted and, in due course, grant 81 such relief as the court finds to be in the best interests 82 of the minor.

## §36-7-10. Short title; application of amendments.

- This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Uniform 1
- Gifts to Minors Act."
- 3 Any amendments of this article shall not affect gifts
- 4 made in a manner prescribed by the former provisions of
- 5 this article nor the powers, duties or immunities con-
- 6 ferred by gifts in such manner upon custodians and per-
- 7 sons dealing with custodians. This article as amended
- 8 shall henceforth apply, however, to all gifts made in a
- 9 manner and form prescribed by the former provisions of
- 10 this article except insofar as such application impairs
- 11 constitutionally vested rights.

## §36-7-11. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application there-1

- 2 of to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such
- 3 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications
- 4 of this article, and to this end the provisions of this
- 5 article are severable.

# CHAPTER 67

(Senate Bill No. 266-By Mr. Brotherton)

[Passed February 20, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article four-a, chapter fifty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to post-conviction review by a writ of habeas corpus; and providing that the court with whose clerk a petition for a writ of habeas corpus for such purpose is filed may examine and review the record or records which are part of the official court files of any court within the same judicial circuit as the court with whose clerk such petition is filed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article four-a, chapter fifty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 4A. POST-CONVICTION HABEAS CORPUS.

- §53-4A-3. Refusal of writ; granting of writ; direction of writ; how writ made returnable; duties of clerk, attorney general and prosecuting attorney.
  - 1 (a) If the petition, affidavits, exhibits, records and other
  - 2 documentary evidence attached thereto, or the record in
  - 3 the proceedings which resulted in the conviction and
  - 4 sentence, or the record or records in a proceeding or
  - 5 proceedings on a prior petition or petitions filed under
  - 6 the provisions of this article, or the record or records
  - 7 in any other proceeding or proceedings instituted by the
  - 8 petitioner to secure relief from his conviction or sen-
  - 9 tence (if any such record or records are part of the
- 10 official court files of the court with whose clerk the

11 petition is filed or are part of the official court files of 12 any other court within the same judicial circuit as the 13 court with whose clerk such petition is filed and are thus 14 available for examination and review by such court) 15 show to the satisfaction of the court that the petitioner 16 is entitled to no relief, or that the contention or con-17 tentions and grounds (in fact or law) advanced have been 18 previously and finally adjudicated or waived, the court 19 shall by order entered of record refuse to grant a writ. 20 and such refusal shall constitute a final judgment. If it 21 appears to such court from said petition, affidavits, exhibits, records and other documentary evidence, or any 22 23 such available record or records referred to above, that there is probable cause to believe that the petitioner may 24 be entitled to some relief, and that the contention or 25 26 contentions and grounds (in fact or law) advanced have 27 not been previously and finally adjudicated or waived, 28 the court shall forthwith grant a writ, directed to and returnable as provided in subsection (b) hereof. If any 29 30 such record or records referred to above are not a part 31 of the official court files of the court with whose clerk the petition is filed or are not part of the official court 32 files of any other court within the same judicial circuit 33 34 as the court with whose clerk such petition is filed and are thus not available for examination and review by 35 such court, the determination as to whether to refuse 36 or grant the writ shall be made on the basis of the pe-37 38 tition, affidavits, exhibits, records and other documentary evidence attached thereto. 39

(b) Any writ granted in accordance with the provisions of this article shall be directed to the person under whose supervision the petitioner is incarcerated. Whether the writ is granted by the supreme court of appeals, a circuit court, or any statutory court in this state, it shall, in the discretion of the court, be returnable before (i) the court granting it, (ii) the circuit court, or a statutory court, of the county wherein the petitioner is incarcerated, or (iii) the circuit court, or the statutory court, in which, as the case may be, the petitioner was convicted and sentenced.

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51 (c) The clerk of the court to which a writ granted in **52** accordance with the provisions of this article is made 53 returnable shall promptly bring the petition and any affidavits, exhibits, records and other documentary evi-54 55 dence attached thereto, and the writ to the attention of 56 the court if the writ was granted by some other court, 57 and in every case deliver a copy of such petition and 58 any affidavits, exhibits, records and other documentary 59 evidence attached thereto and the writ to the prosecuting 60 attorney of the county, or the attorney general if the writ 61 is returnable before the supreme court of appeals. The prosecuting attorney or the attorney general, as the case 63 may be, shall represent the state in all cases arising under 64 the provisions of this article.

# **CHAPTER 68**

(Senate Bill No. 187-By Mr. Nelson)

[Passed March 10, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, and section one, article two-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the organization and jurisdiction of county and municipal boards of health.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two, and section one, article two-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### Article

- 2. Local Health Officers.
- 2a. Alternative Method of Organizing Local Health Agencies.

#### ARTICLE 2. LOCAL HEALTH OFFICERS.

§16-2-3. Counties, or counties and municipalities, may combine in employment of officers and installation and main-

# tenance of equipment; combined local boards of health.

1 Any two or more counties, or any county or counties 2 and any one or more municipalities within or partially within the said county or counties, may combine to co-4 operate with the state department of health, by vote of 5 the county court in the case of a county and by vote of the council or other governing body in the case of a municipality, and may participate in the employment of trained health officers and other agents and employees, 9 or in the installation and maintenance of a common laboratory and other equipment. Whenever any such units 10 shall decide so to cooperate and shall appropriate a sum 11 12 or sums of money for such joint or cooperative action, the 13 state department of health is authorized and empowered 14 to pay over and contribute to such cooperating units, and 15 the cooperating units are authorized and empowered to 16 receive and expend for public purposes, such sum or sums 17 of money as may be available from funds included in 18 appropriations made for the state department of health 19 for such purpose: Provided, That the general plan of co-20 operation, as well as the principal health officers, execu-21 tive agent or laboratory director employed by the co-22 operating units, shall first have been approved by the 23 state board of health. The amount of any such payment 24 or contribution by the state department of health to such 25 cooperating units shall be determined in accordance with 26 regulations established by the state board of health. Such 27 regulations shall provide a method for determining the amount of any payment or contribution, and this method 28 29 shall be uniformly applied in determining the amount of 30 any payment or contribution to any such local govern-31 mental unit or units.

Each county or municipality participating in any such cooperative action shall select and appoint by vote of the county court in the case of a county, and by vote of the council or other governing body in the case of a municipality, not less than one nor more than three persons to be members of a combined board of health. No such person shall be selected by, nor represent on, any such combined board, more than one such county or munici-

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pality. The number of persons to be selected by each 41 participating county or municipality as members of such 42board, subject to the limitation contained in the two pre-43 ceding sentences, shall be agreed upon by the several 44 counties or municipalities participating.

All members of such combined board of health shall be appointed for terms of five years each, except that the persons first appointed pursuant to the provisions of this section, if more than one such person is appointed at the same time by any one county court or municipal governing body, shall be individually designated to serve for terms of one, two and three years, respectively, and if only one such person is appointed at such time by each participating county or municipality, the several participating counties or municipalities shall initially appoint such persons to serve for individually designated terms, which shall be agreed upon by the several appointing authorities, of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. Upon the expiration of the term of such initial appointments, the term of each new appointee shall be five years. Any vacancy on such board shall be filled by appointment, by the original appointing authority, for the unexpired term. All members shall serve until their duly qualified successors have been appointed. The number of members of such board belonging to one political party shall not exceed by more than one the number of members of such board belonging to any other political party.

All members of any such board shall be citizens and residents of the county or municipality they are appointed to represent. All members shall be eligible for reappointment.

No member of such board may be removed from office during the term for which he is appointed, except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality.

No member of such board shall receive any compensation for his services, but each may be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary travel and other expenses actually incurred by him in the performance of his duties as a member of such board.

80 Any such combined board of health shall consist of the 81 several members so selected. Such board shall organize by electing a chairman from among its members. It shall 82 83 have the power to adopt, and from time to time amend, 84 such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary concerning the time and place of its meetings, the procedure 85 and method of conducting its meetings or business, and 86 87 any other matters affecting, or necessary to, the orderly and efficient discharge of its duties or exercise of its 88 powers. All powers and duties belonging to or vested in 89 county boards of health or municipal boards of health 90 under any provision of the code are hereby vested in, 91 conferred upon, and declared to be, the powers and duties 92 of any combined board of health created pursuant to the 93 provisions of this section. All powers and duties belonging 94 to or vested in county or municipal health officers, so far as 95 they are applicable and not in conflict with the provisions 96 of this section, are hereby vested in, conferred upon, and 97 declared to be, the powers and duties of any health officer 98 appointed and employed by any combined board of health. 99 Any health officer or other employee appointed or em-100 ployed by any combined board of health shall be employed 101 and serve, and may be discharged, at the will and pleasure 102 of such board. The territorial jurisdiction of any such 103 combined board of health shall be coextensive with the 104 boundaries of all of the counties and municipalities which 105 106 have been combined to cooperate as herein provided.

107 Upon the formation of a combined local board of health 108 as herein provided, and during the period that it continues 109 to exist, there shall be no separate county board of health 110 or municipal board of health in any county or municipal-111 ity represented on the combined board of health.

# ARTICLE 2A. ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF ORGANIZING LOCAL HEALTH AGENCIES.

# §16-2A-1. County and municipal boards of health authorized; jurisdiction.

- 1 Any county or municipality may in its discretion, and
- 2 in lieu and instead of the local board of health provided

for in article two of this chapter, create, establish and maintain a county board of health or a municipal board of health organized pursuant to, and with the powers and duties prescribed by, the provisions of this article. Such 6 7 county board of health may be created and established 8 by the county court, and such municipal board of health 9 may be created and established by the governing body of 10 the municipality. The jurisdiction of such county board 11 of health shall be coextensive with the territorial limits 12 of the county and shall include every city, town, and vil-13 lage therein which does not have a full-time health officer 14 of its own employed in the manner, for the purpose, and 15 to perform the duties set forth in this article. The juris-16 diction of such municipal board of health shall be co-17 extensive with the territorial limits of the municipality 18 and an area including all points within a distance of one 19 mile from the limits of the municipality. The jurisdiction 20 of any combined local board of health established pursuant 21 to the provisions of section three, article two of this 22 chapter shall be coextensive with the combined territorial 23 limits of the participating municipality or municipalities 24 and county or counties, and if any municipality be partly 25 located in a nonparticipating county, the jurisdiction of 26 the combined local board of health shall extend, neverthe-27 less, to include the entire municipality; but the jurisdiction 28 of any such combined local board of health or of any 29 county board of health shall not extend to or include any 30 area within the jurisdiction of any municipal board of health which has established and is maintaining a separate 31 32 full-time municipal health department under the super-33 vision of a municipal health officer.

In any county in which there is created and established a county board of health pursuant to the provisions of this article, the county board of health provided for in article two of this chapter shall cease to exist and shall be abolished during such period of time as the county board of health provided for in this article is maintained and continued in existence.

## CHAPTER 69

(House Bill No. 646-By Mrs. Withrow and Miss Crandall)

[Passed March 5, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to compulsory immunization of school children, and providing for penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 3. PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

# §16-3-4. Compulsory immunization of school children; offenses; penalties.

All children entering school for the first time in this 1 2 state shall have been immunized against smallpox, 3 diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping 4 cough. Any person who cannot give satisfactory proof 5 of having been immunized previously or a certificate 6 from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for any or all smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, 8 rubella, tetanus and whooping cough is impossible or 9 improper or sufficient reason why any or all immuniza-10 tions should not be done, shall be immunized for smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and 11 12 whooping cough prior to being admitted in any of the 13 schools of the state. No child or person shall be admitted 14 or received in any of the schools of the state until he or she has been immunized as hereinafter provided, or 16 produces a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for smallpox, diphtheria, 17 18 polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough has 19 been done or is impossible or improper or other sufficient

reason why such immunizations have not been done.

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Any teacher, having information concerning any person who attempts to enter school for the first time without having been immunized against smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough shall report the names of all such persons to the county health officer. It shall be the duty of the health officer in counties having a full-time health officer to see that such persons are immunized before entering school.

In counties where there is no full-time health officer or district health officer, the county court or municipal council shall appoint competent physicians to do the immunizations and fix their compensation. The expense incurred in carrying into effect the provisions of this section shall be deemed part of the expense of the county, city, town or village as the case may be, and shall be charged and paid in the same manner as other expenses. County health departments shall furnish the biologicals for this immunization free of charge.

Health officers and physicians who shall do this immunization work shall give to all persons and children a certificate free of charge showing that they have been immunized against smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, or he may give the certificate to any person or child whom he knows to have been immunized against smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough. If any physician shall give any person a false certificate of immunization against smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, he shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars.

Any parent or guardian who refuses to permit his or her child to be immunized against smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, who cannot give satisfactory proof that the child or person has been immunized against smallpox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough previously or a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for any or all is impossible or improper or sufficient reason why any or all immuniza-

- 62 tions should not be done, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor,
- 63 and, except as herein otherwise provided, shall, upon
- 64 conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than ten nor
- 65 more than fifty dollars for each offense.

# CHAPTER 70

(House Bill No. 573-By Mrs. Withrow and Mr. McManus)

[Passed February 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, relating to the compulsory testing for tuberculosis of school children and school personnel; X rays required for reactors; suspension from school or employment for pupils and personnel found to have tuberculosis in a communicable stage.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 3. PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

- §16-3-4a. Compulsory testing for tuberculosis of school children and school personnel; X rays required for reactors; suspension from school or employment for pupils and personnel found to have tuberculosis in a communicable stage.
  - 1 All first grade pupils and all students transferring
  - 2 from a school located outside this state shall furnish a
  - 3 certificate from a licensed physician stating that a tuber-
  - 4 culin skin test approved by the director of the department
  - 5 of health has been made within two months prior to
  - 6 the beginning of the school year or during the first seven
  - 7 months of the current school year. Test results must
  - 8 be recorded on the certificate. Positive reactors to the

9 skin test must be immediately X-rayed, and receive 10 annual X rays thereafter, or at more frequent intervals 11 if medically indicated. Pupils found to have tuberculosis 12 in a communicable stage will not be allowed to attend 13 school until their disease has been arrested and is no

14 longer communicable.

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All school personnel shall have an annual chest X ray or an approved tuberculin skin test within two months prior to the beginning of each school year. Positive reactors to the skin test are to be immediately X-rayed and re-x-rayed annually or at more frequent intervals if medically indicated. Reactors who are annually X-rayed will not be required to have an annual skin test. School personnel found to have tuberculosis in a communicable stage shall have their employment discontinued or suspended until their disease has been arrested and is no longer communicable. School personnel who have not had the required examination will be suspended from employment until reports of examination are confirmed.

## CHAPTER 71

(House Bill No. 622-By Mr. Shaffer and Mrs. Withrow)

[Passed February 16, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article four, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to examination and treatment of minors infected with a venereal disease.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article four, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 4. VENEREAL DISEASES.

## §16-4-10. Minors.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any li-
- 2 censed physician may examine, diagnose, or treat any

- 3 minor with his or her consent for any venereal disease
- 4 without the knowledge or consent of the minor's parent
- 5 or guardian. The physician shall not incur any civil or
- 6 criminal liability in connection therewith except for
- 7 negligence or wilful injury.

# CHAPTER 72

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 738—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 10, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and three-a, article thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the grounds and methods for the removal of any member of a public service district board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and three-a, article thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 13A. PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICTS FOR WATER AND SEWERAGE SERVICES.

- §16-13A-3. District to be a public corporation and political subdivision; powers thereof; creation of public service boards; appointment and qualifications of members; terms; removal; vacancies; organization.
- §16-13A-3a. Provisions for removal of members of public service board.
- §16-13A-3. District to be a public corporation and political subdivision; powers thereof; creation of public service boards; appointment and qualifications of members; terms; removal; vacancies; organization.
  - 1 From and after the date of the adoption of the order
  - 2 creating any such public service district, it shall there-
  - 3 after be a public corporation and political subdivision of

the state with power of perpetual succession, but without any power to levy or collect ad valorem taxes. Each such district shall have power to acquire, own and hold prop-6 erty, both real and personal, in its corporate name, and shall have power to sue, may be sued, may adopt an 8 official seal and may enter into contracts necessary or 9 incidental to its purposes, including contracts with any 10 city, incorporated town or other municipal corporation 11 12 located within or without its boundaries for furnishing 13 wholesale supply of water for the distribution system of such city, town or other municipal corporation, and 14 contract for the operation, maintenance, servicing, repair 15 and extension of any properties owned by it, or for the 16 operation and improvement or extension by such district 17 of all or any part of the existing municipally owned public 18 service properties of any city, incorporated town or other 19 municipal corporation included within such district: 20 21 Provided. That no such contract shall extend over a period 22 of forty years, but provisions may be included therein 23 for a renewal or successive renewals thereof, and shall conform to and comply with the rights of the holders 24 of any outstanding bonds issued by such municipalities 25 for such public service properties. 26

The powers of each such public service district shall be vested in and exercised by a public service board consisting of not less than three members, who shall be appointed in the following manner:

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Each city, incorporated town, or other municipal corporation having a population in excess of three thousand, but not exceeding eighteen thousand, shall be entitled to appoint one member of such board, and each such city, incorporated town, or other municipal corporation having a population in excess of eighteen thousand shall be entitled to appoint one additional member of such board for each additional eighteen thousand population. The members of said board representing such cities, incorporated towns or other municipal corporations shall be residents thereof and shall be appointed by a resolution of the governing bodies thereof, and upon the filing of a certified copy or copies of such resolution or resolutions in the office of the clerk of the county court which

45 entered the order creating such district, such persons so 46 appointed shall thereby become members of said board 47 without any further act or proceedings. If the number 48 of members of said board so appointed by the governing 49 bodies of cities, incorporated towns or other municipal 50 corporations included in the district shall equal or ex-51 ceed three, then no further members shall be appointed 52 to such board and such members shall be and constitute 53 the board of said district.

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If no city, incorporated town or other municipal corporation having a population in excess of three thousand is included within the district, then the county court which entered the order creating the district shall appoint 58 three members of said board, who shall be persons residing within the district, which said three members shall become members of and constitute the board of said district without any further act or proceedings.

If the number of members of said board appointed by the governing bodies of cities, incorporated towns or 64 other municipal corporations included within the dis-65 trict shall be less than three, then the county court which 66 entered the order creating the district shall appoint such 67 additional member or members of said board, who shall 68 be persons residing within the district, as shall be necessary to make the number of members of said board equal 70 three, and said additional member or members shall thereupon become members of such board; and the mem-72 ber or members appointed by the governing bodies of 73 the cities, incorporated towns or other municipal cor-74 porations included within the district and the additional member or members appointed by such county court 76 as aforesaid, shall be and constitute the board of said district. It shall be proper for one person to serve as a member of the board in one or more public districts.

The population of any city, incorporated town or other municipal corporation, for the purpose of determining the number of members of such board, if any, to be appointed by the governing body or bodies thereof, shall be conclusively deemed to be the population stated for such city, incorporated town or other

corporation in the last official 86 nicipal federal 87 census.

88 The respective terms of office of the members of the 89 first board shall be fixed by the county court and shall be as equally divided as may be, that is approximately 90 91 one third of the members for a term of two years, a like 92 number for a term of four, and the term of the remaining member or members for six years, from the first 93 day of the month during which such appointments are 94 95 made. The first members of the board appointed as 96 aforesaid shall meet at the office of the clerk of the county court which entered the order creating the dis-97 trict as soon as practicable after such appointments and 98 shall qualify by taking an oath of office: Provided, however, That any member or members of the board may be removed from their respective office as provided in section three-a of this article.

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Any vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term, and otherwise successor members of the board shall be appointed for terms of six years, and the terms of office shall continue until successors have been appointed and qualified. All successor members shall be appointed in the same manner as the member succeeded was appointed.

The board shall organize promptly following the first 110 appointments, and annually thereafter at its first meet-111 ing after January one of each year, by selecting one 112 of its members to serve as chairman and by appointing 113 a secretary and a treasurer who need not be members 114 of such board. The secretary shall keep a record of all 115 proceedings of the board which shall be available for 116 inspection as other public records. The treasurer shall 117 be lawful custodian of all funds of the public service 118 district and shall pay same out on orders authorized 119 or approved by the board. The secretary and treasurer 120 shall perform such other duties appertaining to the 121 affairs of the district and shall receive such salaries as 122 shall be prescribed by the board. The treasurer shall 123 furnish bond in an amount to be fixed by the board for 124 the use and benefit of the district. The members of the 125 board, and the chairman, secretary and treasurer thereof, 126

- 127 shall make available to the county court, at all times,
- 128 all of its books and records pertaining to the district's
- 129 operation, finances and affairs, for inspection and audit.

# §16-13A-3a. Provisions for removal of members of public service board.

- 1 The county court or any other appointive body cre-
- 2 ating or establishing a public service district under the
- 3 provisions of this article shall have the authority to
- 4 remove any member of the governing board thereof for
- 5 consistent violations of any provisions of this article,
- 6 for reasonable cause which shall include but not be
- o for reasonable cause which shall include but not be
- 7 limited to a continued failure to attend meetings of the
- 8 board, failure to diligently pursue the objectives for
- 9 which the district was created, or failure to perform any
- 10 other duty prescribed by law, or for any misconduct in
- 11 office, or upon written petition signed by a majority of
- 12 the registered voters residing within the public service
- 13 district: Provided, That such appointee shall only be
- 14 removed after a full hearing of any complaint presented
- 15 against him and after due notice of such hearing.

# CHAPTER 73

(House Bill No. 916—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Steptoe)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two and five, article twenty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections eleven-a, eleven-b and eleven-c, all relating to air pollution control; specifying a declaration of policy and purpose of the article; relating to the clean air amendments of one thousand nine hundred seventy; defining terms; relating to the powers and duties of the air pollution control commission; relating to the right to enter and inspect any property, premise or

place in connection with air pollution abatement or control; relating to advisory councils; authorizing consent orders; requiring emission reports and data; relating to the release of records, reports, data or information; relating to the confidentiality of certain matters and providing for a determination and review in connection therewith; requiring permits in connection with stationary sources of air pollutants; relating to rules and regulations of the air pollution control commission; relating to motor vehicle pollution; relating to prohibitions; and providing penalties.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two and five, article twenty, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections eleven-a, eleven-b and eleven-c, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 20. AIR POLLUTION CONTROL.

- §16-20-1. Declaration of policy and purpose.
- §16-20-2. Definitions.
- §16-20-5. Air pollution control commission—Powers and duties; legal services; rules and regulations; public hearings.
- §16-20-11a. Records, reports, data or information; confidentiality; proceedings upon request to inspect or copy.
- §16-20-11b. Permits required for stationary sources of air pollutants.
- §16-20-11c. Motor vehicle pollution.

## §16-20-1. Declaration of policy and purpose.

- 1 It is hereby declared to be the public policy of this state
- 2 and the purpose of this article to achieve and maintain
- 3 such levels of air quality as will protect human health
- 4 and safety, and to the greatest degree practicable, pre-
- 5 vent injury to plant and animal life and property, foster
- 6 the comfort and convenience of the people, promote the
- the comfort and convenience of the people, promote the reconomic and social development of this state and facili-
- 8 tate the enjoyment of the natural attractions of this state.
- 9 To these ends it is the purpose of this article to provide
- 10 for a coordinated statewide program of air pollution pre-
- 11 vention, abatement and control; to facilitate cooperation

- 12 across jurisdictional lines in dealing with problems of air
- 13 pollution not confined within single jurisdictions; and to
- provide a framework within which all values may be 14
- 15 balanced in the public interest.
- Further, it is the public policy of this state to fulfill its 16
- 17 primary responsibility for assuring air quality pursuant
- 18 to the "Clean Air Amendments of 1970" act of the Con-
- 19 gress of the United States. To that end it is the public
- 20 policy of this state and the purpose of this article to pro-
- 21 vide priorities in the preparation and implementation of
- a plan for achieving and maintaining and enforcing na-22
- 23 tional primary and secondary ambient air quality stan-
- 24 dards in the state.

### §16-20-2. Definitions.

- The terms used in this article are defined as follows: 1
- 2 The term "person" shall mean any and all persons,
- 3 natural or artificial, including any municipal, public or
- 4 private corporation organized or existing under the laws
- 5 of this or any other state or country, and any firm,
- 6 partnership or association of whatever nature.
- The term "commission" shall mean the air pollution 7
- 8 control commission, and the term "commissioner" shall
- mean a member of said commission.
- The term "air pollutants" shall mean solids, liquids or 10
- gases which, if discharged into the air, may result in a 11
- statutory air pollution. 12
- 13 The term "discharge" shall refer to the release, escape
- 14 or emission of air pollutants into the air.
- The term "statutory air pollution" shall mean and be 15
- 16 limited to the discharge into the air by the act of man
- of substances (liquid, solid, gaseous, organic or inor-17
- ganic) in a locality, manner and amount as to be in-18
- 19 jurious to human health or welfare, animal or plant life,
- 20 or property, or which would interfere with the enjoy-
- ment of life or property. 21
- 22 The term "director" shall mean the director of the West
- 23 Virginia air pollution control commission appointed as
- 24 hereinafter provided.

# §16-20-5. Air pollution control commission—Powers and duties; legal services; rules and regulations; public hearings.

1 The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:

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- 2 (1) To develop ways and means for the regulation 3 and control of pollution of the air of the state;
  - (2) To advise, consult and cooperate with other agencies of the state, political subdivisions of the state, other states, agencies of the federal government, industries, and with affected groups in furtherance of the declared purposes of this article;
- 9 (3) To encourage and conduct such studies and re-10 search relating to air pollution and its control and abate-11 ment as the commission may deem advisable and neces-12 sary;
- (4) To adopt and to promulgate reasonable rules and 13 regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this ar-14 ticle, relating to the control of air pollution: Provided. 15 That no rule and regulation of the commission shall spec-16 ify the design of equipment, type of construction, or par-17 ticular method which a person shall use to reduce the 18 discharge of air pollutants, nor shall any such rule and 19 regulation apply to any aspect of an employer-employee 20 relationship: 21
- 22 (5) To enter orders requiring compliance with the 23 provisions of this article and the rules and regulations 24 lawfully promulgated hereunder;
- 25 (6) To consider complaints, subpoena witnesses, ad-26 minister oaths, make investigations, and hold hearings 27 relevant to the promulgation of rules and regulations and 28 the entry of compliance orders hereunder;
- 29 (7) To encourage voluntary cooperation by munici-30 palities, counties, industries and others in preserving the 31 purity of the air within the state;
- 32 (8) To employ personnel, including specialists and 33 consultants, purchase materials and supplies, and enter 34 into contracts necessary, incident or convenient to the 35 accomplishment of the purpose of this article;
  - (9) To enter and inspect any property, premise or

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place on or at which a source of air pollutants is lo-38 cated or is being constructed, installed or established 39 at any reasonable time for the purpose of ascertaining 40 the state of compliance with this article and rules and 41 regulations in force pursuant thereto. No person shall refuse entry or access to any authorized representative 42 43 of the commission who requests entry for purposes of 44 inspection, and who presents appropriate credentials; nor shall any person obstruct, hamper or interfere with any 45 46 such inspection: Provided, however, That nothing con-47 tained in this article shall be construed to allow a search of a private dwelling, including the curtilage thereof, 48 49 without a proper warrant;

- 50 (10) Upon reasonable evidence of a violation of this article, which presents an imminent and serious hazard 51 to public health, to give notice to the public or to that portion of the public which is in danger by any and all 53 54 appropriate means;
- 55 (11) To cooperate with, receive and expend money from the federal government and other sources; 56
- To represent the state in any and all matters pertaining to plans, procedures and negotiations for interstate compacts in relation to the control of air pollu-59 60 tion:
- (13)To appoint advisory councils from such areas of 62 the state as it may determine. Each such council so appointed shall consist of not more than five members appointed from the general public, for each area so desig-64 nated. Such members shall possess some knowledge and 65 66 interest in matters pertaining to the regulation, control 67 and abatement of air pollution. The council may advise and consult with the commission about all matters per-68 taining to the regulation, control and abatement of air 69 70 pollution within such area;
- To require any and all persons who are directly 72 or indirectly discharging air pollutants into the air to file with the commission such information as the director may require in a form or manner prescribed by him for such purpose, including, but not limited to, lo-76 cation, size and height of discharge outlets, processes

employed, fuels used and the nature and time periods of duration of discharges. Such information shall be filed with the director, when and in such reasonable time, and in such manner as the director may prescribe;

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- (15) To require the owner or operator of any stationary source discharging air pollutants to install such monitoring equipment or devices as the director may prescribe and to submit periodic reports on the nature and amount of such discharges to the commission;
- To do all things necessary and convenient to prepare and submit a plan or plans for the implementation. maintenance and enforcement of each primary and secondary ambient air quality standard for any air pollutant established pursuant to the "Clean Air Amendments of 1970" act: Provided. That in preparing and submitting each such plan the commission shall establish in such plan that such standard shall be first achieved, maintained and enforced by limiting and controlling emissions of pollutants from commercial and industrial sources and locations and shall only provide in such plans for limiting and controlling emissions of pollutants from private dwellings and the curtilage thereof as a last resort: Provided further. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect plans for achievement, maintenance and enforcement of motor vehicle emission standards and of standards for fuels used in dwellings; and
- (17) Whenever the commission achieves informally, by letter, or otherwise, an agreement with any person that said person will cease and desist in any act resulting in the discharge of pollutants or do any act to reduce or eliminate such discharge, such agreement shall be embodied in a consent order and entered as, and shall have the same effect as, an order entered after a hearing as provided in section six of this article.

The attorney general and his assistants and the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties shall render to the commission without additional compensation such legal services as the commission may require of them to enforce the provisions of this article.

No rule and regulation of the commission pertaining to the control, reduction or abatement of air pollution shall 118 become effective until after at least one public hearing 119 thereon shall have been held by the commission within the state. Notice to the public of the time and place of 120 121 any such hearing shall be given by the commission at 122 least thirty days prior to the scheduled date of such hear-123 ing by advertisement published as a Class II legal adver-124 tisement in compliance with the provisions of article 125 three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication 126 area for such publication shall be the county wherein 127 such hearing is to be held. Full opportunity to be heard 128 shall be accorded to all persons in attendance and any 129 person, whether or not in attendance at such hearing, 130 may submit in writing his views with respect to any such 131 rule and regulation to the commission within thirty days 132 after such hearing. After such thirty-day period, no views 133 or comments shall be received in writing or otherwise. 134 unless formally solicited by the commission. The proceedings at the hearing before the commission shall be 135 136 recorded by mechanical means or otherwise as may be prescribed by the commission. Such record of proceedings 137 138 need not be transcribed unless requested by an interested party, in which event the prevailing rates for such tran-139 140 scripts will be required from such interested party.

# §16-20-11a. Records, reports, data or information; confidentiality; proceedings upon request to inspect or copy.

1 All air quality data, emission data, permits, compliance schedules, commission orders and any other information required by a federal implementation program (all for convenience hereinafter referred to in this section as 4 "records, reports, data or information") obtained under 6 this article shall be available to the public, except that upon a showing satisfactory to the director, by any 7 person, that records, reports, data or information or any particular part thereof, to which the director has access under this article if made public, would divulge 10 methods or processes entitled to protection as trade se-11 12 crets of such person, the director shall consider such rec-13 ords, reports, data or information or such particular por-14 tion thereof confidential: Provided. That such confidentiality shall not apply to the types and amounts of air

pollutants discharged, and that such records, reports, data or information may be disclosed to other officers or employees of the state concerned with enforcing this article when relevant to any official proceedings there-under.

21 All requests to inspect or copy documents must state with reasonable specificity the documents or type of 22 23 documents sought to be inspected or copied. Within five business days of the receipt of such a request, the di-24 25 rector or his designate shall: (a) Advise the person 26 making such request of the time and place at which he may inspect and copy the documents; or (b) deny 27 the request, stating in writing the reasons for such de-28 nial. For purposes of judicial appeal, a written denial 29 30 by the director or his designate shall be deemed an exhaustion of administrative remedies. Any person whose 31 request for information is denied in whole or in part 32 33 may appeal from such denial by filing with the director 34 a notice of appeal. Such notice shall be filed within 35 thirty days from the date the request for information was denied, and shall be signed by the person whose 36 request was denied or his attorney. The appeal shall 37 be taken to the circuit court of Kanawha county, where 38 39 it shall be heard without a jury. The scope of review shall be limited to the question of whether the records. 40 41 reports, data or other information, or any particular 42 part thereof (other than emission data), sought to be inspected or copied, would, if made public, divulge 43 44 methods or processes entitled to protection as trade 45 secrets. The said court shall make findings of fact and 46 conclusions of law based upon the evidence and testimony. The director, the person whose request was de-47 48 nied, or any other person whose interest shall have been 49 substantially affected by the final order of the circuit 50 court may appeal to the supreme court of appeals in the 51 manner prescribed by law.

### §16-20-11b. Permits required for stationary sources of air pollutants.

- 1 No person shall construct or modify any stationary
- 2 source of air pollutants without first obtaining a permit
- 3 therefor as hereinafter provided.

4 The commission shall by rule and regulation specify the class or categories of stationary sources to which 5 this section shall apply and compliance with this section 6 shall be required only with respect to such sources as are 7 specified in such rule and regulation. Application for permits shall be made upon such form, in such manner, and within such time as the rule and regulation shall prescribe 10 and shall include such information, as in the judgment of 11 12 the director, will enable him to determine whether such source will be so designed as to operate in conformance 13 14 with the provisions of this article or any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. 15

Within ninety days of the receipt of an application required pursuant to this section the director shall issue such permit unless he determines that the proposed construction or modification will not be in accordance with this article or rules and regulations promulgated 20 21 thereunder, in which case he shall issue an order for 22 the prevention of such construction or modification. 23 Failure to issue the permit or such order within the 24 time prescribed herein shall be deemed a determination 25 that such construction or modification may proceed: Provided, That it is in accordance with the plans and 26 specifications or other information required to be submitted on the application required herein. 28

For the purposes of this section a modification is deemed 29 to be any physical change in, or change in the method 30 of operation of, a stationary source which increases the 31 amount of any air pollutant discharged by such source or which results in the emission of any air pollutant not 34 previously discharged.

## §16-20-11c. Motor vehicle pollution.

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(a) As the state of knowledge and technology re-1 lating to the control of emissions from motor vehicles may permit or make appropriate, and in furtherance of 4 the purposes of this article, the commission may provide 5 by rules and regulations for the control of emissions 6 from motor vehicles. Such rules and regulations may prescribe requirements for the installation and use of 8 equipment designed to reduce or eliminate emissions

and for the proper maintenance of such equipment and of vehicles. Any rules and regulations pursuant to this 10 section shall be consistent with provisions of federal 11 law, if any, relating to control of emissions from the 12 13 vehicles concerned. The commission shall not require, 14 as a condition precedent to the initial sale of a vehicle 15 or vehicular equipment, the inspection, certification or 16 other approval of any feature or equipment designed for 17 the control of emissions from motor vehicles, if such feature or equipment has been certified, approved, or 18 otherwise authorized pursuant to federal law. 19

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- (b) Except as permitted or authorized by law, no person shall fail to maintain in good working order or remove, dismantle, or otherwise cause to be inoperative any equipment or feature constituting an operational element of the air pollution control system or mechanism of a motor vehicle required by rules and regulations of the commission to be maintained in or on the vehicle. Any such failure to maintain in good working order or removal, dismantling, or causing of inoperability shall subject the owner or operator to suspension or cancellation of the registration for the vehicle by the department of motor vehicles. The vehicle shall not thereafter be eligible for registration until all parts and equipment constituting operational elements of the motor vehicle have been restored, replaced or repaired and are in good working order.
- (c) The commission shall consult with the department of motor vehicles and furnish it with technical information, including testing techniques, standards and instructions for emission control features and equipment.
- 41 When the commission has issued rules and regulations requiring the maintenance of features or 42 43 equipment in or on motor vehicles for the purpose of controlling emissions therefrom, no motor vehicle shall 44 be issued an inspection sticker as required by article 45 sixteen, chapter seventeen-c of this code, unless all such 46 required features or equipment have been inspected in 47 accordance with the standards, testing techniques and 48 instructions furnished by the commission pursuant to 49

- 50 this section eleven-c and have been found to meet those 51 standards.
- 52 (e) The remedies and penalties provided in this sec-53 tion eleven-c, shall apply to violations hereof, and no pro-54 visions of sections eight or nine of this article shall apply 55 thereto.
- 56 (f) As used in this section "motor vehicle" shall have 57 the same meaning as in chapter seventeen-c of this code.

# CHAPTER 74

(House Bill No. 522-By Mr. Harman and Mr. Donley)

[Passed February 17, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-one, relating to blood donations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-one, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 21. BLOOD DONATIONS.

§16-21-1. Donations by minors without parental permission.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
- 2 person eighteen years of age or older may donate blood
- 3 without parental or other permission or authorization.

### CHAPTER 75

(Senate Bill No. 261-By Mr. Hubbard and Mr. Wallace)

[Passed February 23, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-

three, providing that the procuring, furnishing, donating, processing, distributing or the using of human whole blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, corneas, bones or organs or other human tissue for the purpose of injecting, transfusing or transplanting any of them in the human body shall be the rendition of a service and not a sale; and providing that no warranties of any kind or description shall be applicable thereto.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twentythree, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 23. TRANSFUSION OF BLOOD; TRANSPLANTING HUMAN ORGANS OR TISSUE.

# §16-23-1. Procuring, etc., human blood, etc., organs or other human tissue declared not a sale; warranties inapplicable.

- 1 The procuring, furnishing, donating, processing, dis-
- 2 tributing or the using of human whole blood, blood
- 3 plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, corneas, bones
- 4 or organs or other human tissue for the purpose of
- 5 injecting, transfusing or transplanting any of them in
- 6 the human body, is declared for all purposes to be the
- 7 rendition of a service by every person, firm or corpora-
- 8 tion participating therein, whether or not any remunera-
- 9 tion is paid therefor, and is declared not to be a sale
- 10 of any such items and no warranties of any kind or
- 11 description shall be applicable thereto.

# CHAPTER 76

(Senate Bill No. 159-By Mr. Moreland)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four and thirteen, article twenty-five, chapter thirty-three of the code of

West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to health care corporations.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and thirteen, article twenty-five, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

§33-25-4. Board of directors.

§33-25-13. Contracts to be furnished to subscribers; payments for subscribers by others; wage deductions.

#### §33-25-4. Board of directors.

- The board of directors of any corporation organized 1
- 2 under this article shall consist of at least seven mem-
- 3 bers, all of whom shall be residents of the state of West
- 4 Virginia, a majority of whom shall be subscribers to its
- 5 services, one of whom shall be a person licensed to prac-
- 6 tice medicine under the laws of the state of West Vir-
- 7 ginia, one of whom shall be a person connected with
- 8 the healing arts, and one of whom shall be a member
- 9 of the general public not connected with any contract-
- 10 ing party. The members of the board shall serve without
- 11 compensation but may be reimbursed for expenses in-
- 12 curred in carrying out their duties as members of the
- 13 board.

#### §33-25-13. Contracts to be furnished to subscribers; payments for subscribers by others; wage deductions.

- (a) Every such corporation shall deliver to each sub-2 scriber to its health care plan a copy of the contract.
- (b) A corporation may accept from private agencies, 3 corporations, associations, groups or individuals, pay-4
- ment for or on behalf of any subscriber of all or any
- part of the cost of subscriptions for direct health care
- services to be rendered: Provided, That no employer or
- sponsor may deduct the proportionate share of such
- payment attributable to any employee or subscriber from
- 10 that employee's or subscriber's wages or salary, without
- the prior written consent of the employee or subscriber.

- 12 It shall be unlawful for any governmental agency to
- 13 pay subscriptions for or on behalf of any subscriber.

### CHAPTER 77

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 589—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, six, eight, nine, ten and thirteen, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seventeen, eighteen and nineteen, prohibiting discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental or financing of housing accommodations and other real property by virtue of race, religion, color, national origin or ancestry; extending the prohibition of employment discrimination to cover employers of twelve or more persons; extending the jurisdiction of article eleven to discrimination by employers, labor organizations, employment agencies and places of public accommodations based upon age or sex; defining the terms age, housing accommodations, real property, real estate broker, real estate salesman and purchaser and owner of housing accommodations or real property; relating to hearings by human rights commission; relating to consent orders; authorizing the human rights commission to hire a hearing examiner and to maintain one branch office; requiring employers, labor organizations, employment agencies and persons operating places of public accommodations to post notices of the human rights commission; extending the statute of limitation to ninety days; providing for injunctive relief in certain housing complaints or cases; and providing exemptions relating to private clubs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, six, eight, nine, ten and thir-

teen, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seventeen, eighteen and nineteen, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

- §5-11-2. Declaration of policy.
- §5-11-3. Definitions.
- §5-11-4. Human rights commission continued; status, powers and objects.
- §5-11-6. Commission organization and personnel; executive director; offices; meetings; quorum; expenses of personnel.
- §5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.
- §5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.
- §5-11-10. Discriminatory practices; investigations, hearings, procedures and orders.
- §5-11-13. Exclusiveness of remedy.
- §5-11-17. Posting of law and information.
- §5-11-18. Injunctions in certain housing complaints.
- §5-11-19. Private club exemption.

#### §5-11-2. Declaration of policy.

- 1 It is the public policy of the state of West Virginia to
- 2 provide all of its citizens equal opportunity for employ-
- 3 ment, equal access to places of public accommodations,
- 4 and equal opportunity in the sale, purchase, lease, rental
- 5 and financing of housing accommodations or real prop-
- ${f 6}$  erty. Equal opportunity in the areas of employment and
- 7 public accommodations is hereby declared to be a human
- 8 right or civil right of all persons without regard to race,
- 9 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age.
- 10 Equal opportunity in housing accommodations or real
- 11 property is hereby declared to be a human right or
- 12 civil right of all persons without regard to race, re-
- 13 ligion, color, national origin or ancestry.
- 14 The denial of these rights to properly qualified persons
- 15 by reason of race, religion, color, national origin, an-
- 16 cestry, sex or age, is contrary to the principles of free-
- 17 dom and equality of opportunity and is destructive to
- 18 a free and democratic society.

#### §5-11-3. Definitions.

1 When used in this article:

- 2 (a) The term "person" means one or more individ-3 uals, partnerships, associations, organizations, corpora-4 tions, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representa-5 tives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers and other 6 organized groups of persons;
- 7 (b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia 8 human rights commission;
- 9 (c) The term "director" means the executive director 10 of the commission;
- 11 (d) The term "employer" means the state, or any 12 political subdivision thereof, and any person employing 13 twelve or more persons within the state: *Provided*, That 14 such term shall not be taken, understood or construed to 15 include a private club;
- 16 (e) The term "employee" shall not include any indi-17 vidual employed by his parents, spouse, or child, or in the 18 domestic service of any person;
- 19 (f) The term "labor organization" includes any or-20 ganization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in 21 part, for collective bargaining or for dealing with em-22 ployers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of 23 employment, or for other mutual aid or protection in 24 relation to employment;
- 25 (g) The term "employment agency" includes any per-26 son undertaking with or without compensation to pro-27 cure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper en-28 gaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course 29 of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment 30 agency;
- 31 (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" 32 means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a 33 person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, 34 national origin, ancestry, sex or age, and includes to 35 separate or segregate;
- 36 (i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" in-37 cludes only those practices specified in section nine of 38 this article;
- (j) The term "place of public accommodations" meansany establishment or person, as defined herein, including

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- the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, 41 which offers its services, goods, facilities or accommoda-42 tions to the general public, but shall not include any 43 44 accommodations which are in their nature private:
- (k) The term "housing accommodations" means any building or portion thereof, which is used or intended 46 for use as the residence or sleeping place of one or more persons. Nothing contained in this definition or this 48 article shall apply to the rental of a room or rooms in 49 a rooming house occupied by the owner as a place of 50 residence and containing no more than four rented 51 52 rooms, or rooms to be rented;
- (1) The term "real property" includes real estate, lands, leaseholds, commercial or industrial buildings and 54 any vacant land offered for sale or rent on which the construction of a housing accommodation, commercial 56 or industrial building is intended, and any land operated 57 as a trailer camp or rented or leased for the use, parking 58 59 or storage of mobile homes or house trailers;
- (m) The term "real estate broker" includes any per-60 son, firm or corporation who, for a fee, commission or 61 other valuable consideration, or by reason of a promise 62 63 or reasonable expectation thereof, lists for sale, sells, exchanges, buys or rents, or offers or attempts to nego-64 tiate a sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of real estate 65 or an interest therein, or collects or offers or attempts to 66 67 collect rent for the use of real estate or solicits for pros-68 pective purchaser or assists or directs in the procuring 69 of prospects or the negotiation or closing of any transaction which does or is contemplated to result in the sale, 70 71 exchange, leasing, renting or auctioning of any real 72 estate or negotiates, offers or attempts or agrees to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by mortgage or other 73 74 encumbrance upon or transfer of any real estate for 75 others, or any person who, for pecuniary gain or expec-76 tation of pecuniary gain, conducts a public or private 77 competitive sale of lands or any interest in lands. In the 78 sale of lots, the term "real estate broker" shall also 79 include any person, partnership, association or corpora-80 tion employed by or on behalf of the owner or owners

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- 81 of lots or other parcels of real estate, at a stated salary, or upon a commission, or upon a salary and commission, 82 or otherwise to sell such real estate, or any parts thereof, 83 84 in lots or other parcels, and who shall sell or exchange, or offer or attempt or agree to negotiate the sale or 85 exchange, of any such lot or parcel of real estate. A 86 newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the 87 normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be 88 89 a real estate broker:
- 90 The term "real estate salesman" includes any 91 person who, for compensation, valuable consideration or commission, or other thing of value, or by reason of a 92 promise or reasonable expectation thereof, is employed 93 by and operates under the supervision of a real estate 94 broker to sell, buy or offer to buy or negotiate the pur-95 chase, sale or exchange of real estate, offers or attempts 96 to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by a mort-97 gage or other encumbrance upon or transfer of real es-98 tate for others, or to collect rents for the use of real 99 estate, or to solicit for prospective purchasers or lessees 100 of real estate, or who is employed by a licensed real 101 estate broker to sell or offer to sell lots or other parcels 102 of real estate, at a stated salary, or upon a commission, 103 or upon a salary and commission, or otherwise to sell 104 real estate, or any parts thereof, in lots or other parcels; 105
  - (o) The term "purchaser" includes any occupant, prospective occupant, lessee, prospective lessee, renter, prospective renter, buyer or prospective buyer;
- 109 (p) The term "owner" shall include the owner, lessee, 110 sublessee, assignee, manager, agent, or other person, 111 firm or corporation having the right to sell, rent or lease 112 any housing accommodation or real property within the 113 state of West Virginia or any agent of any of these;
- 114 (q) The term "age" means ages forty through sixty-115 five, both inclusive;
- 116 (r) The term "rooming house" means a house or 117 building where there are one or more bedrooms which 118 the proprietor can spare for the purpose of giving lodg-119 ings to such persons as he chooses to receive.

# §5-11-4. Human rights commission continued; status, powers and objects.

The West Virginia human rights commission, hereto-1 fore created, is hereby continued. The commission shall have the powers and authority and shall perform the functions and services as in this article prescribed and as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall en-5 courage and endeavor to bring about mutual understanding and respect among all racial, religious and ethnic groups within the state and shall strive to eliminate all 9 discrimination in employment and places of public ac-10 commodations by virtue of race, religion, color, national 11 origin, ancestry, sex or age and shall strive to eliminate 12 all discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental 13 or financing of housing and other real property by virtue 14 of race, religion, color, national origin or ancestry.

# §5-11-6. Commission organization and personnel; executive director; offices; meetings; quorum; expenses of personnel.

As soon as practical after the first day of July of each year, the governor shall call a meeting of the commission to be convened at the state capitol. The commission shall at such meeting organize by electing one of its members as chairman of the commission and one as vice chairman thereof for a term of one year or until their successors are elected and qualified. At such meeting the commission shall also elect from its membership such other officers as may be found necessary and proper for its effective organization.

The governor shall, by and with the advice and con-11 12 sent of the Senate, appoint an executive director to serve at his will and pleasure. The executive director shall serve as secretary of the commission. The executive director shall have a college degree. He shall be 15 selected with particular reference to his training, ex-16 perience and qualifications for the position and shall be 17 18 paid an annual salary, payable in monthly installments, 19 from any appropriations made therefor. The commission, 20 upon recommendation of the executive director and in accordance with the requirements of the civil service 21

law, may employ such personnel as may be necessary for the effective and orderly performance of the functions and services of the commission. The commission shall employ a hearing examiner who shall be an attorney, duly licensed to practice law in the state of West Virginia, for the conduct of the public hearings authorized in subdivision (d) (3), section eight of this article.

29 The commission shall equip and maintain its offices at 30 the state capitol and shall hold its annual organizational 31 meeting there. The commission may hold other meetings 32 during the year at such times and places within the state as may be found necessary, and likewise may maintain 33 one branch office within the state as determined by the 34 35 commission to be necessary for the effective and orderly 36 performance of the functions and services of the commission. Any five members of the commission shall consti-37 tute a quorum for the transaction of business. Minutes 38 of its meetings shall be kept by its secretary. 39

The executive director and other commission personnel shall be reimbursed for necessary and reasonable travel and subsistence expenses actually incurred in the performance of commission services upon presentation of properly verified expense accounts as prescribed by law.

### §5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.

The commission is hereby authorized and empowered:

- 2 (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and 3 local government officers, units, activities and agencies 4 in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious 5 understanding and greater equality of rights between 6 and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this 5 state;
- 8 (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and 9 ethnic units, community and civic organizations, indus-10 trial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups 11 of the state in programs and campaigns devoted to the 12 advancement of tolerance, understanding and the equal 13 protection of the laws of all groups and peoples;
- 14 (c) To receive, investigate and pass upon complaints 15 alleging discrimination in employment or places of pub-16 lic accommodations, because of race, religion, color, na-

- 17 tional origin, ancestry, sex or age, and complaints alleging discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental and financing of housing accommodations or real prop-19 20 erty because of race, religion, color, national origin or ancestry and to initiate its own consideration 21 22 of any situations, circumstances or problems, cluding therein any racial, religious or ethnic group 23 tensions, prejudice, disorder or discrimination reported or existing within the state relating to employment, 25 places of public accommodations, housing accommoda-26 tions and real property; 27
  - (d) To hold and conduct public and private hearings 28 on complaints, matters and questions before the com-29 mission and, in connection therewith, relating to dis-30 crimination in employment, or places of public accommodations, housing accommodations or real property and during the investigation of any formal complaint 33 before the commission relating to employment, places of 34 public accommodations, housing accommodations or real 35 property to: 36
  - 37 Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum upon 38 the concurrence of at least five members of the commission, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath, and make reimbursement for travel and other reasonable and necessary expenses in connec-41 tion with such attendance:
  - (2) Furnish copies of public hearing records to parties 43 involved therein upon their payment of the reasonable 44 costs thereof to the commission;
  - Delegate to a panel of one commission member appointed by the chairman and a hearing examiner who 47 shall be an attorney, duly licensed to practice law in 48 West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and con-49 duct the hearings, as herein provided, but all decisions and action growing out of or upon any such hearings shall be reserved for determination by the commission: **52**
  - (4) To enter into conciliation agreements and con-53 sent orders; 54
  - (5) To apply to the circuit court of the county where 55 the respondent resides or transacts business for enforce-56

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- ment of any conciliation agreement or consent order by 58 seeking specific performance of such agreement or con-59 sent order;
- 60 (6) To issue cease and desist orders against any per-61 son found, after a public hearing, to have violated the provisions of this article or the rules and regulations of 63 the commission:
- To apply to the circuit court of the county where 65 the respondent resides or transacts business for an order 66 enforcing any lawful cease and desist order issued by the commission;
  - (e) To recommend to the governor and Legislature policies, procedures, practices and legislation in matters and questions affecting human rights;
  - To delegate to its executive director such powers. duties and functions as may be necessary and expedient in carrying out the objectives and purposes of this article;
- 74 To prepare a written report on its work, functions and services for each year ending on the thirtieth day of 75 June and to deliver copies thereof to the governor on or 76 before the first day of December next thereafter; 77
- To do all other acts and deeds necessary and proper to carry out and accomplish effectively the ob-79 jects, functions and services contemplated by the pro-80 visions of this article, including the promulgation of 81 rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions 82 of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, implementing the powers and authority hereby vested in the commission:
- 86 (i) To create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local, regional or statewide, as in its judgment 87 will aid in effectuating the purposes of this article, to 88 study the problem of discrimination in all or specific 89 fields or instances of discrimination because of race, 90 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age; to 91 92 foster, through community effort or otherwise, good will, cooperation and conciliation among the groups and ele-93 94 ments of the population of this state, and to make recommendations to the commission for the development of 95

- policies and procedures, and for programs of formal and 96 97 informal education, which the commission may recommend to the appropriate state agency. Such advisory 98 99 agencies and conciliation councils shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay. The com-100 mission may itself make the studies and perform the 101 102 acts authorized by this subdivision. It may, by voluntary 103 conferences with parties in interest, endeavor by con-104 ciliation and persuasion to eliminate discrimination in 105 all the stated fields and to foster good will and cooperation among all elements of the population of the state; 106
- 107 (j) To accept contributions from any person to assist 108 in the effectuation of the purposes of this section and to 109 seek and enlist the cooperation of private, charitable, 110 religious, labor, civic and benevolent organizations for 111 the purposes of this section;
- 112 (k) To issue such publications and such results of 113 investigation and research as in its judgment will tend 114 to promote good will and minimize or eliminate discrimi-115 nation: *Provided*, That the identity of the parties in-116 volved shall not be disclosed.

#### §5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

- It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the state of West Virginia or its agencies or political subdivisions:
- 6 (a) For any employer to discriminate against an individual with respect to compensation, hire, tenure, 7 terms, conditions or privileges of employment if the individual is able and competent to perform the services 10 required: Provided, however, That it shall not be un-11 lawful discriminatory practice for an employer to ob-12serve the provisions of any bona fide pension, retirement, 13 group or employee insurance, or welfare benefit plan or system not adopted as a subterfuge to evade the pro-14 15 visions of this subsection:
- 16 (b) For any employer, employment agency or labor 17 organization, prior to the employment or admission to

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- 18 membership, to (1) elicit any information or make or keep 19 a record of or use any form of application or application 20 blank containing questions or entries concerning the race. religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age of any 21 22 applicant for employment or membership; (2) print or 23 publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership in-24 dicating any preference, limitation, specification or dis-25 26 crimination based upon race, religion, color, national ori-27 gin, ancestry, sex or age; or (3) deny or limit, through a 28 quota system, employment or membership because of race, 29 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age;
  - (c) For any labor organization because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age of any individual to deny full and equal membership rights to any individual or otherwise to discriminate against such individuals with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter, directly or indirectly, related to employment;
- 37 (d) For an employer, labor organization, employ-38 ment agency or any joint labor-management committee 39 controlling apprentice training programs to:
- 40 (1) Select individuals for an apprentice training pro-41 gram registered with the state of West Virginia on any 42 basis other than their qualifications as determined by 43 objective criteria which permit review;
  - (2) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training program, or other occupational training or retraining program;
- 49 (3) Discriminate against any individual in his pur-50 suit of such programs or to discriminate against such a 51 person in the terms, conditions or privileges of such 52 programs;
- 53 (4) Print or circulate or cause to be printed or circu-54 lated any statement, advertisement or publication, or 55 to use any form of application for such programs or 56 to make any inquiry in connection with such program

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- 57 which expresses, directly or indirectly, discrimination 58 or any intent to discriminate, unless based upon a bona 59 fide occupational qualification;
- 60 (e) For any employment agency to fail or refuse 61 to classify properly, refer for employment or otherwise 62 to discriminate against any individual because of his 63 race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age;
- 64 (f) For any person being the owner, lessee, pro-65 prietor, manager, superintendent, agent or employee of 66 any place of public accommodations to:
  - (1) Refuse, withhold from or deny to any individual because of his race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age, either directly or indirectly, any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of such place of public accommodations;
- 72 Publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, 73 either directly or indirectly, any written or printed 74 communication, notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, priv-75 ileges or services of any such place shall be refused, with-76 held from or denied to any individual on account of race, 77 religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age, or that 78 79 the patronage or custom thereat of any individual, belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race, re-80 ligion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age is un-81 welcome, objectionable, not acceptable, undesired or not 82 solicited; 83
- 84 (g) For the owner, lessee, sublessee, assignee or 85 managing agent of, or other person having the right of 86 ownership or possession of or the right to sell, rent, 87 lease, assign, or sublease any housing accommodations 88 or real property or part or portion thereof, or any agent, 89 or employee of any of them; or for any real estate 90 broker, real estate salesman, or employee or agent 91 thereof:
- 92 (1) To refuse to sell, rent, lease, assign or sublease 93 or otherwise to deny to or withhold from any person 94 or group of persons any housing accommodations or 95 real property, or part or portion thereof, because of race,

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- religion, color, national origin or ancestry of such person 97 or group of persons;
  - (2) To discriminate against any person or group of persons because of the race, religion, color, national origin or ancestry of such person or group of persons in the terms, conditions, or privileges of the sale, rental, or lease of any housing accommodations or real property, or part or portion thereof, or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith:
- To print, publish, circulate, issue, display, post 105 or mail, or cause to be printed, published, circulated, 106 issued, displayed, posted or mailed any statement, ad-107 vertisement, publication, or sign or to use any form 108 of application for the purchase, rental, lease, assignment 109 110 or sublease of any housing accommodations or real prop-111 erty, or part or portion thereof, or to make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective purchase, 112 113 rental, lease, assignment or sublease of any housing ac-114 commodations or real property or part or portion thereof, 115 which expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, 116 specification, or discrimination as to race, religion, color, 117 national origin or ancestry or any intent to make any such limitation, specification, or discrimination and 118 the production of any statement, advertisement, pub-119 licity, sign, form of application, record or inquiry pur-120 porting to be made by any such person shall be prima 121 122facie evidence in any action that the same was autho-123 rized by such person;
  - (h) For any person or financial institution or lender to whom application is made for financial assistance for the purchase, acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair or maintenance of any housing accommodations or real property, or part or portion thereof, or any agent or employee thereof to:
- Discriminate against any person or group of persons because of race, religion, color, national origin or ancestry of such person or group of persons or of the prospective occupants or tenants of such housing ac-134 commodations or real property, or part or portion thereof. in the granting, withholding, extending, modifying or renewing, or in the fixing of the rates, terms, conditions

- 137 or provisions of any such financial assistance or in the 138 extension of services in connection therewith;
- 139 (2) Use any form of application for such financial 140 assistance or to make any record of inquiry in connec-141 tion with applications for such financial assistance which 142 expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, specifi-143 cation or discrimination as to race, religion, color, na-144 tional origin or ancestry, or any intent to make 145 any such limitation, specification or discrimination;
- 146 (i) For any person, employer, employment agency, 147 labor organization, owner, real estate broker, real estate 148 salesman or financial institution to:
- 149 (1) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to 150 engage in, or hire, or conspire with others to commit 151 acts or activities of any nature, the purpose of which 152 is to harass, degrade, embarrass, or cause physical harm 153 or economic loss or to aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce 154 any person to engage in any of the unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this section;
- 156 (2) Wilfully obstruct or prevent any person from 157 complying with the provisions of this article, or to re-158 sist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commission 159 or any of its members or representatives in the per-160 formance of duty under this article;
- 161 (3) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise dis-162 criminate against any person because he has opposed 163 any practices or acts forbidden under this article or 164 because he has filed a complaint, testified or assisted 165 in any proceeding under this article;
- 166 (4) For profit to induce or attempt to induce any 167 person to sell or rent or to not sell or rent any housing 168 accommodations or real property by representations re169 garding the entry or prospective entry into the neighbor170 hood of a person or persons of a particular race, religion, 171 color, national origin or ancestry.

# §5-11-10. Discriminatory practices; investigations, hearings, procedures and orders.

Any individual claiming to be aggrieved by an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice shall make, sign and

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3 file with the commission a verified complaint, which shall 4 state the name and address of the person, employer, labor 5 organization, employment agency, owner, real estate 6 broker, real estate salesman or financial institution al-7 leged to have committed the unlawful discriminatory practice complained of, and which shall set forth the 8 9 particulars thereof and contain such other information 10 as may be required by the commission's rules and regu-11 lations. The commission upon its own initiative, or the attorney general, shall, in like manner, make, sign and 12 file such complaint. Any employer, whose employees, or 13 14 some of them, hinder or threaten to hinder compliance with the provisions of this article, shall file with the 15 commission a verified complaint, asking for assistance 16 17 by conciliation or other remedial action and, during 18 such period of conciliation or other remedial action, 19 no hearings, orders or other actions shall be held, made or taken by the commission against such employer. 20 21 Any complaint filed pursuant to this article must be 22 filed within ninety days after the alleged act of dis-23 crimination.

After the filing of any complaint, or whenever there is reason to believe that an unlawful discriminatory practice has been committed, the commission shall make a prompt investigation in connection therewith.

If it shall be determined after such investigation that no probable cause exists for substantiating the allegations of the complaint, the commission shall, within ten days from such determination, cause to be issued and served upon the complainant written notice of such determination, and the said complainant or his attorney may, within ten days after such service, file with the commission a written request for a meeting with the commission to show probable cause for substantiating the allegations of the complaint. If it shall be determined after such investigation or meeting that probable cause exists for substantiating the allegations of the complaint, the commission shall immediately endeavor to eliminate the unlawful discriminatory practices complained of by conference, conciliation and persuasion. The members of the commission and its staff shall not

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44 disclose what has transpired in the course of such en-45 deavors: Provided, That the commission may publish the facts in the case of any complaint which has been 46 dismissed, and the terms of conciliation when the com-47 plaint has been adjusted, without disclosing the identity 48 49 of the parties involved.

50 In case of failure so to eliminate such practice or in advance thereof, if in the judgment of the commission 51 circumstances so warrant, the commission shall cause 52 to be issued and served a written notice, together with 53 a copy of such complaint as the same may have been 54 amended, in the manner provided by law for the service 55 of summons in civil actions, requiring the person, em-56 ployer, labor organization, employment agency, owner, 57 real estate broker, real estate salesman or financial institution named in such complaint, hereinafter referred 60 to as respondent, to answer the charges of such complaint at a hearing before the commission in the county 61 where the respondent resides or transacts business at a time and place to be specified in such notice: Provided, however, That said written notice be served at least 64 65 thirty days prior to the time set for the hearing.

The case in support of the complaint shall be presented before the commission by one of its attorneys or agents. The respondent may file a written, verified answer to the complaint and appear at such hearing in 70 person or otherwise, with or without counsel, and submit testimony and evidence. Except as provided in the 72 immediately preceding proviso, all of the pertinent pro-73 visions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 74 code shall apply to and govern the hearing and the ad-75 ministrative procedures in connection with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth in extenso in this section.

If, after such hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the com-80 mission shall find that a respondent has engaged in or is engaging in any unlawful discriminatory practice 82 as defined in this article, the commission shall issue 84 and cause to be served on such respondent an order

85 to cease and desist from such unlawful discriminatory practice and to take such affirmative action, including, 86 but not limited to, hiring, reinstatement or upgrading 87 88 of employees, with or without back pay, admission or 89 restoration to membership in any respondent labor organization, or the admission to full and equal enjoy-90 91 ment of the services, goods, facilities, or accommodations 92 offered by any respondent place of public accommoda-93 tion, and the sale, purchase, lease, rental or financial assistance to any complainant otherwise qualified for 94 95 the housing accommodation or real property, denied in violation of this article, as in the judgment of the com-96 97 mission, will effectuate the purposes of this article, and including a requirement for report of the manner of 98 compliance. Such order shall be accompanied by find-99 100 ings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in sec-101 tion three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 102 code.

103 If, after such hearing and consideration of all of the 104 testimony, evidence and record in the case, the com-105 mission shall find that a respondent has not engaged 106 in such unlawful discriminatory practice, the commission shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of 107 108 law as aforesaid and shall issue and cause to be served 109 on the complainant an order dismissing the said com-110 plaint as to such respondent.

111 A copy of its order shall be delivered in all cases by 112 the commission to the complainant, the respondent, the 113 attorney general and to such other public officers as the 114 commission may deem proper. Any such order shall not 115 be enforceable except as provided in section eleven of 116 this article.

#### §5-11-13. Exclusiveness of remedy.

- Nothing contained in this article shall be deemed to
- 2 repeal or supersede any of the provisions of any existing
- 3 or hereafter adopted municipal ordinance, municipal
- 4 charter or of any law of this state relating to discrimina-
- 5 tion because of race, religion, color, national origin, ances-
- 6 try, sex or age, but as to acts declared unlawful by section
- 7 nine of this article the procedure herein provided shall,

- 8 when invoked, be exclusive and the final determination
- 9 therein shall exclude any other action, civil or crim-
- 10 inal, based on the same grievance of the complainant
- 11 concerned. If such complainant institutes any action
- 12 based on such grievance without resorting to the pro-
- 13 cedure provided in this article, he may not subsequently
- 14 resort to the procedure herein. In the event of a con-
- 15 flict between the interpretation of a provision of this
- 16 article and the interpretation of a similar provision con-
- 17 tained in any municipal ordinance authorized by charter.
- 18 the interpretation of the provision in this article shall
- 19 apply to such municipal ordinance.

#### §5-11-17. Posting of law and information.

- 1 Every employer, labor organization, employment agency
- 2 and person operating a place of public accommodations,
- as defined herein, subject to this article, shall keep posted
- 4 in a conspicuous place or places on his premises a notice
- 5 or notices to be prepared or approved by the commission,
- 6 which shall set forth excerpts of this article and such other
- 7 relevant information which the commission shall deem
- necessary.

#### §5-11-18. Injunctions in certain housing complaints.

- 1 When it appears that a housing unit or units described
- 2 in a complaint may be sold, rented or otherwise disposed
- 3 of before a determination of the complaint or case has
- 4 been made by the commission or during judicial review
- 5 of any final order of the commission, the circuit court of
- 6 the county in which such housing unit or units are located
- 7 may, upon the joint petition of the commission and the
- 8 complainant, or if there be more than one complainant,
- 9 all such complainants, issue a prohibitive injunction re-
- 10 straining the sale, rental or other disposition of such
- 11 housing unit or units except in compliance with the 12 order of the court. No such injunction shall be issued
- 13 by the court until the complainant or complainants shall
- 14 have posted bond, with good security therefor, in such
- 15 penalty as the court or judge awarding it may direct.
- 16 The court may include in any such injunction granted
- 17 such other conditions as it deems proper and just. Such

18 injunction, if granted, shall be of no more than thirty

- 19 days duration. If at the end of such thirty day period
- 20 the commission notifies the court that additional time
- 21 is needed for the disposal or determination of the com-
- 22 plaint or case or the conclusion of such judicial re-
- 23 view, the court, for good cause shown, may extend the
- 24 period of the injunction for such additional time as the
- 25 court deems proper. No such extension shall be granted
- 26 except upon the continuation or reposting of the beaut
- 27 required for the original injunction and any sach exten-
- 28 sion of the injunction may be granted upon such additional
- 29 terms and conditions as to the court seem proper and just.

#### §5-11-19. Private club exemption.

- 1 Nothing in this article shall prohibit a private club not
- 2 in fact open to the rublic, which as an incident to its
- 3 primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings which
- 4 it owns or operates for other than a commercial pur-
- 5 pose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodg-
- 6 ings to its members or guests of members or from
- 7 giving preference to its members or guests of members:
- 8 Provided, That this exemption shall not apply to any
- 9 private club not in fact open to the public which owns or
- 10 operates residential subdivisions providing lodgings for 11 rental, occupancy or sale, or which provides real estate
- 12 for sale for the construction of single or multi-unit dwell-
- 13 ings.

### CHAPTER 78

(House Bill No. 525-By Mr. Queen)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to grand juries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two, chapter fifty-two of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. GRAND JURIES.

# §52-2-3. Summoning jury commissioners; selection and summoning of jurors.

1 The clerk of any court requiring a grand jury shall, 2 at least thirty days before the term of court, summon 3 the jury commissioners to attend at his office at a day specified, which shall not be less than twenty days before such term, and select persons for the grand jury, but 6 the court, or judge thereof, may require such jury commissioners to appear forthwith, or at any specified time, 7 and select grand jurors for either a regular, special or adjourned term of court. On the day appointed, the jury 10 commissioners shall appear and draw the names of six-11 teen persons from the grand jury box, and the persons 12 so drawn shall constitute the grand jury, and at the same time the jury commissioners shall draw the names of six additional persons from the grand jury box, and the persons so drawn shall constitute alternate jurors 15 for the grand jury, and the judge may replace any absent 16 members of the grand jury from among the alternate 17 grand jurors. If when drawing the ballots it shall appear to the commissioners that any person so drawn is dead, or for any reason disqualified or unable to serve, they shall destroy the ballot and cancel the name on the 21 list and draw another in such person's stead. They shall 22 23 enter the names of all persons so drawn in a book kept for that purpose and deliver a list thereof to the clerk, who shall issue a summons for the persons drawn, di-26 rected to the sheriff of the county requiring him to sum-27 mon them to appear on the day required and serve as grand jurors. The provisions of article one of this chapter relating to the drawing and summoning of petit 30 jurors and drawing ballots and cancellation and marking 31 thereof, so far as applicable and not inconsistent with 32 the provisions of this article, shall be observed and govern 33 the selection of a grand jury, except in that the ballots 34 shall be drawn from the several envelopes in proportion as near as may be to the numbers endorsed thereon, but

36 so that at least one ballot shall be drawn from each 37 envelope.

# CHAPTER 79

(Senate Bill No. 351-By Mr. Brotherton and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen, relating to grand juries; authorizing a grand jury to sit for as long as one year and in addition to any other grand jury and providing that all of the provisions of said article two shall apply to a grand jury authorized to sit for as long as one year with exceptions with respect to the end of the term of court during which such grand jury was drawn and summoned, the appointment of replacement grand jurors beyond the end of the term and compensation for the members of any such grand jury.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. GRAND JURIES.

- §52-2-14. Grand jury authorized to sit for as long as one year and in addition to any other grand jury; provisions of article applicable with certain exceptions.
  - 1 Whenever it appears to the judge of any court of
  - 2 record having criminal jurisdiction that there may be
  - 3 possible offenses against the criminal laws of this state
  - 4 which because of their complexity and involvement may
  - 5 require a grand jury to sit for an extended period of
  - 6 time, he may, pursuant to the provisions of this sec-
  - 7 tion, order a grand jury to be drawn and to attend any

8 special, regular or adjourned term of such court in ad-9 dition to any other grand jury attending any such term 10 of court and all of the provisions of this article shall 11 apply, except as follows:

- 12 (1) Such grand jury shall sit for one year unless 13 an order for its discharge be earlier entered upon a 14 determination by such grand jury, by majority vote, 15 that its business has been completed, and such grand 16 jury shall have the power to make presentments or find 17 indictments at any time while it is sitting, notwith-18 standing the end of the term of court during which it 19 was drawn and summoned;
- 20 (2) The term limitation specified in the last sentence 21 of section ten of this article shall not apply to a grand 22 jury attending pursuant to the provisions of this section 23 fourteen; and
- 24 (3) Notwithstanding the first two sentences of sec-25 tion thirteen of this article, every person who shall 26 serve upon a grand jury attending pursuant to the pro-27 visions of this section fourteen shall be entitled to re-28 ceive for such services not less than eight dollars nor 29 more than twenty dollars, to be fixed by the court, for 30 each day he may so serve, for a total period not in excess of one year, and in addition thereto the same mile-31 32 age as allowed to witnesses, to be paid out of the county 33 treasury.

# **CHAPTER 80**

(House Bill No. 519-By Mr. Steptoe)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section thirteen, article three, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to service of process on the president or cashier of a branch bank.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 3. COMMENCEMENT OF ACTIONS AND PROCESS.

- §1. Repeal of section relating to service of process on the president or cashier of a branch bank.
  - 1 Section thirteen, article three, chapter fifty of the code
  - 2 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,
  - 3 as amended, is hereby repealed.

### **CHAPTER 81**

(House Bill No. 503-By Mr. Perry and Mr. Jones, of Roane)

[Passed March 1, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eighteen, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to various offenses within the criminal jurisdiction of justices of the peace and the penalties which may be imposed upon conviction thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eighteen, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 18. CRIMINAL JURISDICTION AND PROCEDURE; APPEALS.

# §50-18-1. Offenses within criminal jurisdiction of justices; penalties.

- 1 A justice shall have jurisdiction of the following
- 2 offenses committed in his county, or on any river or creek
- 3 adjoining thereto:
- 4 (a) In cases of assault and battery, unless the offense
- was committed on a sheriff or other officer or justice, or
- 6 riotously, or with intent to commit a felony; and no
- 7 compromise with the party injured shall affect or pre-
- 8 vent the trial of such offense by the justice; and if a
- 9 defendant be convicted of such offense he shall be fined
- 10 not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars, or be im-

- prisoned in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, or 12 be both fined and imprisoned;
- 13 (b) In cases of trespass to personal property; and, 14 if a defendant be convicted of such offense, he shall be 15 fined not less than five nor more than fifty dollars;
- 16 (c) In cases for the violation of section fourteen, 17 article six, chapter sixty-one of this code; and, upon the conviction of a defendant for a misdemeanor violation 18 of any of the provisions of said section, he shall be pun-19 20 ished as therein provided;
- 21 In cases of adultery and fornication; and, if a 22 defendant be convicted of such offense, he shall be fined 23 twenty dollars;
- 24 (e) In cases of petit larceny; and, if a defendant be convicted of such offense, he shall be fined not less than 25 26 ten nor more than fifty dollars, or be imprisoned in the 27 county jail not exceeding thirty days, or be both fined and 28 imprisoned;
- 29 (f) In cases for the violation of article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code; and, upon the conviction of a 30 defendant for a violation of any of the provisions of said 31 32 article, he shall be punished as therein provided;
- (g) In any case where the punishment is limited to 33 34 a fine not exceeding ten dollars, or to imprisonment for 35 not more than ten days;
- 36 In all misdemeanor cases for the violation of the provisions of chapter sixty of said code as amended; 37
- (i) In cases for the violation of section thirteen, article six, chapter sixty-one of this code; and, upon the con-39 viction of a defendant for a violation of any of the pro-41 visions of said section, he shall be punished as therein **4**2 provided;
- 43 (j) In all misdemeanor cases for the violation of the provisions of chapter nineteen of this code. Upon con-44 viction of a defendant for a violation of any of the 45 provisions of chapter nineteen of this code, the defendant 47 shall be punished as therein provided.
- 48 Whenever a person has been convicted in the municipal or police court of any incorporated municipality, 49

50 such conviction shall be a bar to any criminal proceedings 51 before a justice for the same offense.

## **CHAPTER 82**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 691—Originating in the House
Committee on the Judiciary.)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article one-a, chapter twentyone of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-b, providing a labor-management relations act for the private sector; setting forth a public policy and the purposes of said article; relating to mediation; relating to decisions of the national labor relations board and of the courts with respect to the national labor relations act; defining terms; providing a rule for the determination of the existence of an agency relationship; relating to rights of employees; specifying various unfair labor practices; relating to representatives of employees and petition and election procedures with respect thereto; authorizing intervention; relating to the prevention of unfair labor practices; specifying that said article one-a shall not preempt, limit or restrict various state court actions and remedies; authorizing actions to prevent unfair labor practices; providing that various provisions of the administrative procedures act shall be applicable; relating to suits by or against labor organizations; providing that labor organizations may sue or be sued as entities; relating to the service of summonses, subpoenas and other legal process under said article one-a; providing a severability clause; creating the West Virginia labormanagement relations board; relating to its composition, the terms of its members, vacancies on the board and grounds for removal of members; relating to the quorum of such board; providing for an executive secretary of such board; relating to the oath of such board members and of the executive secretary; relating to the salary and expenses of the members of such board and of the executive secretary; relating to the employees of such board; and relating to rules and regulations of such board.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-a, chapter twenty-one, of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-b, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 1A. Labor-Management Relations Act for the Private Sector.
- 1B. West Virginia Labor-Management Relations Board.

#### ARTICLE 1A. LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS ACT FOR THE PRIVATE SECTOR.

- §21-1A-1. Public policy and purposes of article; mediation; investigation and mediation by commissioner of certain labor disputes; arbitration; construction of article.
- §21-1A-2. Definitions; determination of agency.
- §21-1A-3. Rights of employees.
- §21-1A-4. Unfair labor practices.
- §21-1A-5. Representatives and elections.
- §21-1A-6. Prevention of unfair labor practices.
- §21-1A-7. Suits by or against labor organizations.
- §21-1A-8. Severability.

#### §21-1A-1. Public policy and purposes of article; mediation; investigation and mediation by commissioner of certain labor disputes; arbitration; construction of article.

- 1 (a) It is hereby declared to be the public policy of
- 2 this state and the purposes of this article to encourage
- 3 the practice and procedure of collective bargaining by
- protecting the exercise by employees of full freedom
- of association, self-organization and designation of rep-
- resentatives of their own choosing, for the purpose of
- negotiating the terms and conditions of their employ-
- ment or other mutual aid or protection; to prescribe
- 9 the legitimate rights of both employees and employers
- 10 in their relations; to provide orderly and peaceful pro-
- cedures for preventing the interference by either with
- the legitimate rights of the other; to protect the rights

13 of individual employees in their relations with labor 14 organizations; to define and prescribe practices on the 15 part of labor and management which are inimical to 16 the welfare, prosperity, health and peace of the people of this state; and to protect the rights of the public in connection with labor disputes. This article shall be deemed an exercise of the police power of the state for 19 20 the protection of the welfare, prosperity, health and peace of the people of this state. 21

- (b) The commissioner of labor or his designated representative may investigate and mediate labor disputes between an employer and a labor organization, 24 whether or not a collective bargaining agreement ex-26 ists between such parties providing both parties to such dispute request in writing such intervention or provided 28 the commissioner offers such service to both parties and both parties to the dispute agree in writing to the investigation or mediation. The commissioner may arbitrate such disputes or arrange for the selection of boards of arbitration on such terms as all of the parties to such disputes may agree upon. Records of the department relating to labor disputes shall be confidential.
- (c) This article is patterned after the provisions of the 35 "National Labor Relations Act," as amended, and except 36 insofar as the provisions of this article differ from the 37 provisions of said act, as amended, the decisions of the 38 national labor relations board and of the courts with 39 respect to said act, as amended, shall be authoritative in 40 the interpretation, administration and application of the 41 42 provisions of this article.

#### §21-1A-2. Definitions; determination of agency.

1 When used in this article: (a)

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- (1) "Person" includes one or more individuals, labor 2 3 organizations, partnerships, associations, corporations. 4 legal representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy or 5 receivers.
- (2) "Employer" includes any person acting as an agent 6 of an employer, directly or indirectly, who employs fif-7 teen or more persons, but shall not include the United

9 States or any wholly owned United States government 10 corporation, or any federal reserve bank, or any person 11 subject to the provisions of the "National Labor Relations Act," as amended, unless the national labor relations 12 board has declined to assert jurisdiction over such per-13 son, or any person subject to the "Railway Labor Act," 14 15 as amended from time to time, or any labor organization, 16 other than when acting as an employer, or the state of West Virginia or any political subdivision or agency 17 18 thereof, or any corporation or association operating a hospital, if no part of the net earnings inures to the benefit 19 of any private shareholder or individual. 20

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- "Employee" includes any employee, and shall not be limited to the employees of a particular employer, unless otherwise explicitly provided in this article, and among others shall include any individual whose work has ceased as a consequence of, or in connection with, any current labor dispute or because of any unfair labor practice, and who has not obtained any other regular and substantially equivalent employment, but shall not include any individual employed in the production of agricultural products or the processing or marketing of agricultural products by the producer thereof, or in the domestic service of any family or person at his home, or any individual employed by his parent or spouse, or any individual having the status of an independent contractor, or any individual employed as a supervisor, or any individual employed by any person who is not an employer as herein defined.
- 38 (4) "Representative" includes any individual or labor 39 organization.
  - (5) "Labor organization" means any organization of any kind, or any agency or employee representation committee or plan, in which employees participate and which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or conditions of work.
- 47 (6) "Unfair labor practice" means any unfair labor 48 practice specified in section four of this article.
  - (7) "Labor dispute" or "dispute" includes any contro-

versy concerning terms, tenure or conditions of employment or concerning the association or representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining, changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment, regardless of whether the disputants stand in the proximate relation of employer and employee.

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- (8) "Supervisor" means any individual having authority, in the interest of the employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, layoff, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward or discipline other employees, or responsibly to direct them, or to adjust their grievances, or effectively to recommend such action, if in connection with the foregoing the exercise of such authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature, but requires the use of independent judgment.
- 65 (9) "Professional employee" means (a) any employee engaged in work (i) predominantly intellectual and var-66 ied in character as opposed to routine mental, manual, me-67 chanical or physical work; (ii) involving the consistent 68 exercise of discretion and judgment in its performance; 69 70 (iii) of such a character that the output produced or the 71 result accomplished cannot be standarized in relation to 72 a given period of time; (iv) requiring knowledge of an 73 advanced type in a field of science or learning custom-74 arily acquired by a prolonged course of specialized intellectual instruction and study in an institution of higher 75 learning or a hospital, as distinguished from a general 76 academic education or from an apprenticeship or from 77 training in the performance of routine mental, manual, or 78 79 physical processes; or (b) any employee, who (i) has completed the courses of specialized intellectual instruc-80 tion and study described in (iv) of (a) of this subdivision 81 (9), and (ii) is performing related work under the 82 supervision of a professional person to qualify himself 83 to become a professional employee as defined in (a) 84 85 of this subdivision (9).
  - (b) In determining whether any person is acting as an "agent" of another person so as to make such other person responsible for his acts, for any purpose under this article including suits by or against labor organizations, the question of whether the specific acts performed were

91 actually authorized or subsequently ratified shall not 92 be controlling.

#### §21-1A-3. Rights of employees.

- Employees shall have the right to self-organization, to form, join or assist labor organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, and to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection, and shall also have the right to refrain from any or all of such activities except to the extent that such right may be affected by an agreement requiring membership in a labor organization as a condition of employment as au-
- 10 thorized in subdivision (3), subsection (a), section four 11 of this article.

#### §21-1A-4. Unfair labor practices.

- 1 (a) It shall be an unfair labor practice for an em-2 ployer:
- 3 (1) To interfere with, restrain or coerce employees in 4 the exercise of the rights guaranteed in section three of 5 this article;
- 6 (2) To dominate or interfere with the formation or 7 administration of any labor organization or contribute 8 financial or other support to it: *Provided*, That an employer shall not be prohibited from permitting employees 10 to confer with him during working hours without loss of time or pay;
- 12 (3) By discrimination in regard to hire or tenure of employment or any term or condition of employment, 13 to encourage or discourage membership in any labor organization: Provided, however, That nothing contained 15 in this article, or in any other statute of this state, 16 shall preclude an employer from making an agreement 17 with a labor organization (not established, maintained 18 or assisted by any action defined in this section as an 19 unfair labor practice) to require as a condition of em-20 ployment membership therein on or after the thirtieth 21 day following the beginning of such employment or the 22 effective date of such agreement, whichever is the later, 23 (i) if such labor organization is the representative of 24

25 the employees as provided in section five of this article, 26 in the appropriate collective-bargaining unit covered by 27 such agreement when made, and (ii) unless following an 28 election held as provided in subsection (d), section five 29 of this article, within one year preceding the effective 30 date of such agreement, the board shall have certified 31 that at least a majority of the employees eligible to vote 32 in such election have voted to rescind the authority of 33 such labor organization to make such an agreement: 34 Provided further, That no employer shall justify any 35 discrimination against an employee for nonmembership 36 in a labor organization (A) if he has reasonable grounds 37 for believing that such membership was not available to 38 the employee on the same terms and conditions gener-39 ally applicable to other members, or (B) if he has 40 reasonable grounds for believing that membership was 41 denied or terminated for reasons other than the failure 42 of the employee to tender the periodic dues and the initi-43 ation fees uniformly required as a condition of acquir-44 ing or retaining membership; 45

(4) To discharge or otherwise discriminate against an employee because he has filed charges or given testimony under this article; and

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- (5) To refuse to bargain collectively with the representatives of his employees, subject to the provisions of subsection (a), section five of this article.
- (b) It shall be an unfair labor practice for a labor organization or its agents:
- (1) To restrain or coerce (A) employees in the exercise of the rights guaranteed in section three of this article: Provided, That this subdivision shall not impair the right of a labor organization to prescribe its own rules with respect to the acquisition or retention of membership therein; or (B) an employer in the selection of his representatives for the purposes of collective bargaining or the adjustment of grievances;
- (2) To cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an employee in violation of subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section or to discriminate against an employee with respect to whom membership

65 in such organization has been denied or terminated on 66 some ground other than his failure to tender the peri-67 odic dues and the initiation fees uniformly required as 68 a condition of acquiring or retaining membership;

- (3) To refuse to bargain collectively with an employer, provided it is the representative of his employees subject to the provisions of subsection (a), section five of this article;
- 73 (4) (i) To engage in or induce or encourage any
  74 individual employed by any person to engage in, a
  75 strike or a refusal in the course of employment to use,
  76 manufacture, process, transport, or otherwise handle or
  77 work on any goods, articles, materials or commodities
  78 or to perform any services; or (ii) to threaten, coerce,
  79 or restrain any person, where in either case an object
  80 thereof is:
- 81 (A) Forcing or requiring any employer or self-82 employed person to join any labor or employer organi-83 zation or to enter into any agreement which is pro-84 hibited by subsection (e) of this section;
  - (B) Forcing or requiring any person to cease using, selling, handling, transporting or otherwise dealing in the products of any other producer, processor or manufacturer, or to cease doing business with any other person, or forcing or requiring any other employer to recognize or bargain with a labor organization as the representative of his employees unless such labor organization has been certified as the representative of such employees under the provisions of section five of this article: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this clause (B) shall be construed to make unlawful, where not otherwise unlawful, any primary strike or primary picketing;
    - (C) Forcing or requiring any employer to recognize or bargain with a particular labor organization as the representative of his employees if another labor organization has been certified as the representative of such employees under the provisions of section five of this article;
- 104 (D) Forcing or requiring any employer to assign

105 particular work to employees in a particular labor or-106 ganization or in a particular trade, craft or class rather 107 than to employees in another labor organization or in 108 another trade, craft or class, unless such employer is 109 failing to conform to an order of certification of the 110 board determining the bargaining representative for 111 employees performing such work: Provided, That noth-112 ing contained in this subsection (b) shall be construed 113 to make unlawful a refusal by any person to enter upon 114 the premises of any employer (other than his own em-115 ployer), if the employees of such employer are engaged 116 in a strike ratified or approved by a representative of 117 such employees whom such employer is required by law 118 to recognize;

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- (5) To require of employees covered by an agreement authorized under subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section, the payment, as a condition precedent to becoming a member of such organization, of a fee in an amount which the board finds excessive or discriminatory under all the circumstances. In making such a finding, the board shall consider, among other relevant factors, the practices and customs of labor organizations in the particular industry, and the wages currently paid to the employees affected;
- 129 (6) To cause or attempt to cause an employer to pay 130 or deliver or agree to pay or deliver any money or other 131 thing of value, in the nature of an exaction, for services 132 which are not performed or not to be performed; and
  - (7) To picket or cause to be picketed, or threaten to picket or cause to be picketed, any employer where an object thereof is forcing or requiring an employer to recognize or bargain with a labor organization as the representative of his employees, or forcing or requiring the employees of an employer to accept or select such labor organization as their collective bargaining representative, unless such labor organization is currently certified as the representative of such employees:
- 142 (A) Where the employer has lawfully recognized in 143 accordance with this article any other labor organization 144 and a question concerning representation may not ap-

- 145 propriately be raised under subsection (c), section five 146 of this article;
- 147 (B) Where within the preceding twelve months a 148 valid election under subsection (c), section five of this 149 article has been conducted; or
- 150 (C) Where such picketing has been conducted without a petition under subsection (c), section five of this article 151 being filed within a reasonable period of time not to 152 153 exceed fifteen days from the commencement of such picketing: Provided, That when such a petition has been 154 filed the board shall forthwith, without regard to the 155 provisions of said subsection (c), section five or the ab-156 157 sence of a showing of a substantial interest on the part of the labor organization, direct an election in such unit 158 as the board finds to be appropriate and shall certify the 159 results thereof. Nothing in this subdivision (7) shall 160 161 be construed to permit any act which would otherwise 162 be an unfair labor practice under this subsection (b).
  - 163 (c) The expressing of any views, argument or opinion, 164 or the dissemination thereof, whether in written, printed, 165 graphic or visual form, shall not constitute or be evidence 166 of an unfair labor practice, or be prohibited under this 167 article, if such expression contains no threat of reprisal 168 or force or promise of benefit.
  - 169 For the purposes of this section, to bargain collectively is the performance of the mutual obligation of 170 171 the employer and the representative of the employees to meet at reasonable times and confer in good faith with 172 173 respect to wages, hours and other terms and conditions 174 of employment, or the negotiation of an agreement, or 175 any question arising thereunder, and the execution of a 176 written contract incorporating any agreement reached if 177 requested by either party, but such obligation does not compel either party to agree to a proposal or require 178 179 the making a concession: Provided, That where there is 180 in effect a collective-bargaining contract covering employees, the duty to bargain collectively shall also mean 181 182 that no party to such contract shall terminate or modify 183 such contract, unless the party desiring such termination 184 or modification:

- 185 (1) Gives a written notice to the other party of the 186 proposed termination or modification sixty days prior 187 to the expiration date thereof, or in the event such con-188 tract contains no expiration date, sixty days prior to the 189 time it is proposed to make such termination or modifica-190 tion;
- 191 (2) Offers to meet and confer with the other party 192 for the purpose of negotiating a new contract or a con-193 tract containing the proposed modifications;

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- (3) Notifies the commissioner of labor of the existence of a dispute;
- 196 (4) Continues in full force and effect, without resort-197 ing to strike or lockout, all the terms and conditions of 198 the existing contract for a period of sixty days after such 199 notice is given or until the expiration date of such contract, whichever occurs later. The duties imposed upon 200 201 employers, employees, and labor organizations by sub-202 divisions (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection (d) shall 203 become inapplicable upon an intervening certification of the board, under which the labor organization or in-204 dividual, which is a party to the contract, has been super-205 206 seded as or ceased to be the representative of the em-207 ployees subject to the provisions of subsection (a), section five of this article, and the duties so imposed shall not be 208 209 construed as requiring either party to discuss or agree to any modification of the terms and conditions contained 210 in a contract for a fixed period, if such modification is to 211 212 become effective before such terms and conditions can be reopened under the provisions of the contract. Any 213 employee who engages in a strike within the sixty-day 214 period specified in this subsection shall lose his status 215 as an employee of the employer engaged in the particular 216 labor dispute, for the purposes of sections three. four 217 and five of this article, but such loss of status for such 218 employee shall terminate if and when he is reemployed by 219 220 such employer.
  - (e) It shall be an unfair labor practice for any labor organization and any employer to enter into any contract or agreement, express or implied, whereby such employer ceases or refrains or agrees to cease or refrain

from handling, using, selling, transporting, or otherwise 225 226 dealing in any of the products of any other employer, or to 227 cease doing business with any other person and any such contract or agreement entered into heretofore or here-228 after shall be to such extent unenforceable and void. 229

#### §21-1A-5. Representatives and elections.

- 1 (a) Representatives designated or selected for the purposes of collective bargaining by the majority of the 2 employees in a unit appropriate for such purposes shall 4 be the exclusive representatives of all the employees in such unit for the purposes of collective bargaining with respect to rates of pay, wages, hours of employment or other conditions of employment.
- (b) The board shall decide in each case whether, in 8 order to assure to employees the fullest freedom in exer-9 cising the rights guaranteed by this article, the unit ap-10 propriate for the purposes of collective bargaining shall 11 12 be the employer unit, craft unit, plant unit, or subdivision thereof: Provided, That the board shall not (1) decide 13 14 that any unit is appropriate for such purposes if such unit includes both professional employees and employees 15 who are not professional employees unless a majority of 16 17 such professional employees vote for inclusion in such unit; or (2) decide that any craft unit is inappropriate for 18 such purposes on the ground that a different unit has 19 been established by a prior board determination, unless 20 a majority of the employees in the proposed craft unit 21 vote against separate representation; or (3) decide that 22 any unit is appropriate for such purposes if it includes, 23 together with other employees, any individual employed 24 as a guard to enforce against employees and other persons 25 rules to protect property of the employer or to protect 26 the safety of persons on the employer's premises; but no 27 labor organization shall be certified as the representative 28 of employees in a bargaining unit of guards if such organi-29 30 zation admits to membership, or is affiliated directly or indirectly with an organization which admits to member-31 ship, employees other than guards. 32
- (1) Whenever a petition shall have been filed, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed 34 by the board: 35

(A) By an employee or group of employees or any individual or labor organization acting in their behalf alleging that employees (i) wish to be represented for collective bargaining and that their employer declines to recognize their representative as the representative de-fined in subsection (a) of this section, or (ii) assert that the individual or labor organization, which has been cer-tified or is being currently recognized by their employer as the bargaining representative, is no longer a represen-tative as defined in subsection (a) of this section; or

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- (B) By an employer, alleging that one or more individuals or labor organizations have presented to him a claim to be recognized as the representative defined in subsection (a) of this section; the board shall investigate such petition and if it has reasonable cause to believe that a question of representation exists shall provide for an appropriate hearing upon due notice. If the board finds upon the record of such hearing that such a question of representation exists, it shall direct an election by secret ballot and shall certify the results thereof.
- (2) Any labor organization may intervene in the procedures provided for in this subsection upon the filing with the board of a petition alleging that it represents one or more employees in the unit with respect to which a question of representation exists. If the board finds the allegation to be valid and the unit to be appropriate, it shall order an election and shall order that the name of such intervening labor organization be included among the choices on the secret ballot to be used in such election. If the board finds that the petition is invalid, the board may dismiss the petition or permit such petition to be amended in accordance with the procedures established by such board.
- (3) No election shall be directed in any bargaining unit or any subdivision within which, in the preceding twelve-month period, a valid election shall have been held. Employees engaged in an economic strike who are not entitled to reinstatement shall be eligible to vote under such regulations as the board shall find consistent with the purposes and provisions of this article in any election conducted within twelve months after the com-

77 mencement of the strike. In any election where none of the choices on the ballot receives a majority, a runoff 78 79 shall be conducted, the ballot providing for a selection 80 between the two choices receiving the largest and second largest number of valid votes cast in the election. 81

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- (4) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the waiving of hearings by stipulation for the purpose of a consent election in conformity with regulations of the board.
  - (5) In determining whether a unit is appropriate for the purposes specified in subsection (b) of this section the extent to which the employees have organized shall not be controlling.
- (d) Upon the filing with the board, by thirty per 91 centum or more of the employees in a bargaining unit 92 covered by an agreement between their employer and a labor organization made pursuant to subdivision (3), 93 subsection (a), section four of this article, of a petition 94 alleging that they desire that such authority be rescinded, 95 96 the board shall take a secret ballot of the employees in 97 such unit and certify the results thereof. No election 98 shall be conducted pursuant to this subsection in any bargaining unit or any subdivision within which, in the 99 preceding twelve-month period, a valid election shall 100 101 have been held.

#### §21-1A-6. Prevention of unfair labor practices.

1 (a) The board is empowered, as hereinafter provided, to prevent any person from engaging in any unfair labor practice specified in section four of this article. The authority and power to prevent unfair labor practices prescribed in this article is exclusively vested in the 5 board, and shall be limited to the procedures provided in this section, except for the rights of action explicitly 7 granted to and against employers and labor organiza-8 9 tions by section seven of this article: Provided, That nothing contained in this article shall be deemed to pre-10 11 empt, limit or restrict any person in the enforcement or 12 prosecution of any action now or at any time in the future 13 in any court of this state to enforce any legal right or 14 cause of action heretofore or otherwise existing under law, including, but not limited to, any right to injunctive relief against violence, threats of violence, mass picketing, obstruction, or injury or threatened injury to property or person, in connection with labor disputes.

- 19 (b) Whenever it is charged by a charge filed with 20 the board that any person has engaged in or is engag-21 ing in any such unfair labor practice, the board's exec-22 utive secretary, provided for in article one-b of this 23 chapter, shall have power to investigate such charge and if he concludes that there is probable cause to be-24 25 lieve that such person has engaged in or is engaging in such unfair labor practice, to issue and cause to be 26 27 served upon such person a complaint stating the charges 28 in that respect, and containing a notice of hearing be-29 fore the board, at a place therein fixed, not less than ten 30 days after the serving of said complaint: Provided. That 31 no complaint shall issue based upon any unfair labor 32 practice occurring more than six months prior to the 33 filing of the charge with the board and the service of a 34 copy thereof upon the person against whom the charge 35 is made, unless the person aggrieved thereby was pre-36 vented from filing such charge by reason of service in 37 the armed forces, in which event the six months' period shall be computed from the day of his discharge. Any 38 39 such complaint may be amended by the board in its dis-40 cretion at any time prior to the issuance of an order based thereon. The person so complained of shall have 41 42 the right to file an answer to the original or amended 43 complaint and to appear in person or otherwise at a 44 hearing scheduled thereon and give testimony. Any such 45 hearing may be conducted by the board, any member thereof or any agent of the board designated by the board 46 47 for such purpose. In the discretion of the board, member or agent conducting the hearing, any other person may 48 be allowed to intervene in the said proceeding and 49 present testimony. Any scheduled hearing may be con-50 tinued by the board, member or agent conducting the 51 hearing upon its or his own motion or for good cause 52 shown by any person thereto. 53
- 54 (c) All of the pertinent provisions of article five, 55 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and

govern the hearing and the administrative procedures 56 in connection with and following such hearing, with like 57 58 effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth in this subsection, with the following modifications 59 60 or exceptions:

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- (1) Any such proceeding shall, so far as is practicable, 62 be conducted in accordance with the rules of evidence as applied in civil cases in the circuit courts of this 64 state; and
  - (2) The testimony taken by the board, member or agent conducting the hearing shall in every case be reduced to writing and filed with the board.
- (d) For the purpose of conducting any such hearing 68 69 any member of the board or agent designated to conduct such hearing shall have the power and authority 70 71 to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum which shall be issued and served within the time, for the fees 72 and shall be enforced, as specified in section one, article 73 five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, and all of the said 74 section one provisions dealing with subpoenas and sub-75 poenas duces tecum shall apply to subpoenas and sub-76 poenas duces tecum issued for the purpose of a hearing 77 78 hereunder.
  - (e) Subsequent to the conclusion of the hearing, the board, in its discretion, may upon notice take further testimony or hear argument.
- (f) If upon consideration of the record by the board, and upon a preponderance of the evidence, the board shall be of the opinion that any person named in the complaint has engaged in or is engaging in any such unfair labor practice, then the board shall state its find-86 ings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue and 87 cause to be served upon such person, by certified mail, return receipt requested, an order requiring such per-89 son to cease and desist from such unfair labor practice. 90 and to take such affirmative action including reinstate-91 92 ment of employees, with or without back pay, as will 93 effectuate the purposes of this article. Such order may 94 further require such person to make reports from time 95 to time showing the extent to which such person has 96 complied with the order. If upon the preponderance of

97 the evidence the board shall not be of opinion that the 98 person named in the complaint has engaged in or is 99 engaging in any such unfair labor practice, then the 100 board shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of 101 law and shall issue an order dismissing the said com-102 plaint. No order of the board shall require the rein-103 statement of any individual as an employee who has been 104 suspended or discharged, or the payment to him of any 105 back pay, if such individual was suspended or discharged 106 for cause.

(g) The decision of the board shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified upon judicial review thereof in accordance with the provisions of subsection (h) of this section.

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- 111 (h) The board shall have power to petition the cir-112 cuit court of any county wherein the unfair labor prac-113 tice in question occurred, for the enforcement of such 114 order and for appropriate temporary relief or a restraining order. Any person aggrieved by a final order of the 115 116 board granting or denying in whole or in part the relief 117 sought may obtain a review of such order in the circuit 118 court of any county wherein the unfair labor practice in 119 question was alleged to have occurred, and such review 120 may be had only in such court notwithstanding the pro-121 visions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a 122 of this code. Upon the filing of any such petition for enforcement or review, the court shall have jurisdiction 123 and power to grant such temporary relief or restraining 124 order as it deems just and to make and enter a decree 125 126 enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, or setting aside in whole or in part, the order of the board. 127 128 Except as provided above in this subsection any petition 129 for review shall be governed by the provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code with 130 131 like effect as if the provisions of said section four were 132 set forth in this subsection (h).
  - (i) The board shall have the power, upon issuance of a complaint as provided in subsection (b) of this section charging that any person has engaged in or is engaging in an unfair labor practice, to petition the circuit court of the county wherein the unfair labor prac-

tice in question is alleged to have occurred or to be occurring for appropriate temporary injunction or a restraining order. Upon the filing of any such petition, the court shall cause notice thereof to be served upon such person, and thereupon shall have jurisdiction to grant to the board such temporary injunction or restraining order as it deems just and proper.

- (j) Whenever it is charged that any person has en-145 gaged in an unfair labor practice within the meaning 146 of subparagraphs (A), (B) or (C), subdivision (4), sub-147 section (b), section four of this article, or subsection (e) 148 of said section four or subdivision (7), subsection (b) 149 of said section four, the preliminary investigation of 150 151 such charge shall be made forthwith and given priority over all cases except cases of like character. If, after 152 such investigation, the executive secretary of the board 153 154 has reasonable cause to believe such charge is true and 155 that a complaint should issue, he shall, on behalf of the 156 board, petition the circuit court of any county wherein 157 the unfair labor practice in question has occurred or is 158 occurring, for appropriate temporary injunctive relief 159 pending the final adjudication of the board with respect 160 to such matter. Upon the filing of any such petition the 161 circuit court shall have jurisdiction to grant such temporary injunctive relief or temporary restraining order 162 163 as it deems just and proper.
  - 164 (k) An appeal from any decision of a circuit court
    165 pursuant to this article may be had, notwithstanding the
    166 provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty167 nine-a of this code, by filing a petition for a writ of
    168 certiorari with the supreme court of appeals of West
    169 Virginia within sixty days of the date of entry of final
    170 order by the circuit court.

#### §21-1A-7. Suits by or against labor organizations.

- 1 (a) Suits for violation of contracts between an em-2 ployer and a labor organization, or between labor organi-
- 3 zations, may be brought in any circuit court of this state
- 4 having jurisdiction of the parties.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any labor organization
  to engage in any activity or conduct defined as an unfair

- 7 labor practice in subdivision (4), subsection (b), sec-
- 8 tion four of this article; and whoever shall be injured in
- 9 his business or property by reason of any such viola-
- 10 tion may sue therefor in the circuit court of any county
- 11 wherein such unfair labor practice occurred, and shall
- 12 recover the damages by him sustained and the cost of
- 13 the suit.
- 14 (c) Any labor organization and any employer shall
- 15 be bound by the acts of its agents. Notwithstanding any
- 16 other provision of law or rule to the contrary, any such
- 17 labor organization may sue or be sued as an entity and
- 18 in behalf of the employees whom it represents. Any
- 19 money judgment against a labor organization in a suit
- 20 under this section shall be enforceable only against the
- 21 organization as an entity and against its assets, and shall
- 22 not be enforceable against any individual member or
- 23 his assets.
- 24 (d) For the purposes of actions and proceedings by
- 25 or against labor organizations, the circuit courts of
- 26 this state shall be deemed to have jurisdiction of a labor
- 27 organization in the county in which such organization
- 28 maintains its principal offices, or in any county in which 29 its duly authorized officers or agents are engaged in
- 29 its duly authorized officers or agents are engaged in 30 representing or acting for employee members.
- 31 (e) The service of summons, subpoena, or other legal
- 32 process of any circuit court of this state upon an officer or
- 33 agent of a labor organization, in his capacity as such,
  - 34 shall constitute service upon the labor organization.

#### §21-1A-8. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article, or the application of
- 2 any provision to any person or circumstance, shall be
- 3 held invalid, the remainder of this article, or the applica-
- 4 tion of any such provision to persons or circumstances
- 5 other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not
- 6 be affected thereby.

#### ARTICLE 1B. WEST VIRGINIA LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELA-TIONS BOARD.

§21-1B-1. West Virginia labor-management relations board created; members; appointment and vacancies; quorum; executive secretary; oath, compensation and expenses; meeting places and times.

§21-1B-2. Employees.

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§21-1B-3. Rules and regulations.

#### §21-1B-1. West Virginia labor-management relations board created; members; appointment and vacancies; quorum; executive secretary; oath, compensation and expenses; meeting places and times.

- There is hereby created the "West Virginia Labor-1 2 Management Relations Board" (hereinafter called the "board") which shall consist of three members, appointed 3 by the governor by and with the advice and consent of 4 the Senate, for terms of five years and until their suc-5 cessors have been appointed and have qualified, except that the terms of the members first appointed shall be for three, four and five years, respectively, as designated by the governor at the time of their appointment, and until their successors have been appointed and have 10 qualified. The governor shall designate one member to 11 serve as chairman of the board. Not more than two of 12 the members shall be members of the same political 13 14 party. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of the member whose 15 16 office shall be vacant and such appointment shall be made 17 within sixty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. 18 Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article six, chapter six of this code, any member of the board 19 may be removed by the governor for neglect of duty, 20 gross immorality or malfeasance in office, but for no 21 22 other cause.
- (b) A vacancy on the board shall not impair the right of the remaining members to exercise all of the 24 powers of the board, and two members of the board shall, at all times, constitute a quorum of the board, provided such two members be in agreement as to any action to be taken. Any member may be appointed any number of times.
  - (c) There shall be an executive secretary of the board who shall be an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, and who shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of four years and until his successor has been appointed and has qualified. Any person may be appointed execu-

36 tive secretary any number of times. The executive secretary of the board shall have final authority, on behalf 37 38 of the board, with respect to the investigation of charges 39 and the issuance of complaints under section six, article 40 one-a of this chapter and with respect to the prosecution 41 of such complaints before the board, and shall have such other duties as the board may prescribe or as may here-42 43 after be provided by law.

- Before entering upon the performance of his duties, each member of the board and the executive secretary shall take and subscribe to the oath prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution.
- 48 Each member of the board shall be paid one 49 hundred dollars per diem for actual time spent in the 50 performances of his duties under article one-a of this 51 chapter, under this article and under any other article 52 of this chapter in which the board is expressly assigned 53 responsibility, jurisdiction and duties to be exercised and performed. The executive secretary of the board 54 55 shall receive an annual salary of twenty thousand dollars. The members of the board and the executive secretary 56 57 shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the discharge of their duties 58 under said article one-a, this article and under any other 59 60 article of this chapter in which such board and executive 61 secretary are expressly assigned responsibility, jurisdic-62 tion and duties to be exercised and performed.
- (f) The principal office of the board shall be in 63 Charleston, Kanawha county, West Virginia, but it may 64 meet and exercise any or all of its powers at any other 65 66 place within this state. The board may meet as often as necessary to exercise and perform its responsibilities. 67 68 jurisdiction and duties.

#### §21-1B-2. Employees.

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- The board shall have the authority to hire such at-1 tornevs admitted to practice law in this state and other
- employees as it may from time to time find necessary for
- the proper exercise and performance of its responsibil-
- ities, jurisdiction and duties. Any such attorneys so hired
- may, at the direction of the board, appear for and rep-

- 7 resent the board in any case in any court in which ad-
- 8 mitted to practice.

#### §21-1B-3. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The board shall have the authority from time to time
- 2 to make, amend and rescind such rules and regulations as
- 3 may be necessary to implement and carry out the pro-
- 4 visions of article one-a of this chapter, this article and
- 5 any other article of this chapter in which the board is
- 6 expressly assigned responsibility, jurisdiction and duties
- 7 to be exercised and performed, all such rules and regula-
- 8 tions to be promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-
- 9 nine-a of this code.

### **CHAPTER 83**

(House Bill No. 610-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Kopp)

[Passed March 6, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four and seven, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to minimum wages and maximum hours for certain employees, definitions of terms, credit for board and lodging, offenses and penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four and seven, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5C. MINIMUM WAGE AND MAXIMUM HOURS STAN-DARDS FOR EMPLOYEES.

- §21-5C-1. Definitions.
- §21-5C-2. Minimum wages.
- §21-5C-3. Maximum hours; overtime compensation,
- §21-5C-4. Credits.
- §21-5C-7. Offenses and penalties.

#### §21-5C-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor
- 3 or his duly authorized representatives.

- 4 (b) "Wage and hour director" means the wage and 5 hour director appointed by the commissioner of labor 6 as chief of the wage and hour division.
- 7 (c) "Wage" means compensation due an employee by 8 reason of his employment.
  - (d) "Employ" means to hire or permit to work.

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- (e) "Employer" includes the state of West Virginia, its agencies, departments and all its political subdivisions, any individual, partnership, association, public or private corporation, or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of any employer in relation to an employee; and who employs during any calendar week six or more employees as herein defined in any one separate, distinct and permanent location or business establishment: *Provided*, That the term "employer" shall not include any individual, partnership, association, corporation, person or group of persons or similar unit if eighty percent of the persons employed by him are subject to any federal act relating to minimum wage, maximum hours and overtime compensation.
- (f) "Employee" includes any individual employed by an employer but shall not include: (1) Any individual employed by the United States; (2) any individual engaged in the activities of an educational, charitable, religious, fraternal or nonprofit organization where the employer-employee relationship does not in fact exist, or where the services rendered to such organizations are on a voluntary basis; (3) newsboys, shoeshine boys, golf caddies, pin boys and pin chasers in bowling lanes; (4) traveling salesmen and outside salesmen; (5) services performed by an individual in the employ of his parent, son, daughter or spouse; (6) any individual employed in a bona fide professional, executive or administrative capacity; (7) any person whose employment is for the purpose of on-the-job training; (8) any person having a physical or mental handicap so severe as to prevent his employment or employment training in any training or employment facility other than a nonprofit sheltered workshop; (9) any individual employed in a boys or girls summer camp; (10) any person sixty-two years of age or over who receives

old age or survivors benefits from the social se-46 administration; (11)any individual 47 ployed in agriculture as the word agriculture is defined in the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, 48 49 as amended; (12) any individual employed as a fire-50 fighter by the state or agency thereof; (13) ushers in theaters; (14) any individual employed on a part-time 51 basis who is a student in any recognized school or college; (15) any individual employed by a local or inter-54 urban motorbus carrier; (16) so far as the maximum 55 hours and overtime compensation provisions of this ar-56 ticle are concerned, any salesman, partsman or mechanic 57 primarily engaged in selling or servicing automobiles, 58 trailers, trucks, farm implements, or aircraft if employed 59 by a nonmanufacturing establishment primarily engaged 60 in the business of selling such vehicles to ultimate pur-61 chasers; (17) any employee with respect to whom the 62 United States Department of Transportation has statu-63 tory authority to establish qualifications and maximum 64 hours of service.

- (g) "Workweek" means a regularly recurring period of one hundred sixty-eight hours in the form of seven consecutive twenty-four-hour periods, need not coincide with the calendar week, and may begin any day of the calendar week and any hour of the day.
- 70 (h) "Hours worked", in determining for the purposes of sections two and three of this article, the hours for 71 which an employee is employed, there shall be excluded 72 73 any time spent in changing clothes or washing at the beginning or end of each workday, time spent in walking, 74 riding or traveling to and from the actual place of per-75 formance of the principal activity or activities which 76 77 such employee is employed to perform and activities 78 which are preliminary to or postliminary to said prin-79 cipal activity or activities, subject to such exceptions 80 as the commissioner may by rules and regulations de-81 fine.

#### §21-5C-2. Minimum wages.

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On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and until the thirtieth day of June,

- 3 one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, every em-
- 4 ployer shall pay to each of his employees wages at a
- 5 rate not less than one dollar and twenty cents per hour;
- 6 on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 7 hundred seventy-two, and until the thirtieth day of June,
- 8 one thousand nine hundred seventy-three, every em-
- 9 ployer shall pay to each of his employees wages at a
- 10 rate not less than one dollar and forty cents per
- 11 hour; on and after the first day of July, one thousand
- 12 nine hundred seventy-three, every employer shall pay
- 13 to each of his employees wages at a rate not less than
- 14 one dollar and sixty cents per hour.

#### §21-5C-3. Maximum hours; overtime compensation.

- 1 (a) On and after January one, one thousand nine hun2 dred sixty-seven, no employer shall employ any of his
  3 employees for a workweek longer than forty-eight hours,
  4 unless such employee receives compensation for his
  5 employment in excess of the hours above specified at
  6 a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular
  7 rate at which he is employed.
- 8 (b) As used in this section the "regular rate" at 9 which an employee is employed shall be deemed to in-10 clude all remuneration for employment paid to, or on 11 behalf of, the employee, but shall not be deemed to 12 include:
- 13 (1) Sums paid as gifts; payments in the nature of 14 gifts made at Christmas time or on other special occa-15 sions, as a reward for service, the amounts of which are 16 not measured by or dependent on hours worked, produc-17 tion, or efficiency;
- Payments made for occasional periods when no 18 work is performed due to vacation, holiday, illness, failure 19 of the employer to provide sufficient work, or other sim-20 ilar cause; reasonable payments for traveling expenses. 21 or other expenses, incurred by an employee in the fur-22 therance of his employer's interests and properly reim-23 bursable by the employer, and other similar payments 24 to an employee which are not made as compensation 25 for his hours of employment; 26

- (3) Sums paid in recognition of services performed during a given period if either, (a) both the fact that payment is to be made and the amount of the payment are determined at the sole discretion of the employer at or near the end of the period and not pursuant to any prior contract, agreement, or promise causing the em-ployee to expect such payments regularly; or (b) the payments are made pursuant to a bona fide profit-sharing plan or trust or bona fide thrift or savings plan, meeting the requirements of the commissioner set forth in ap-propriate regulation which he shall issue, having due regard among other relevant factors, to the extent to which the amounts paid to the employee are determined 40 without regard to hours of work, production, or efficiency; or (c) the payments are talent fees (as such talent fees 42 are defined and delimited by regulations of the commis-sioner) paid to performers, including announcers, on radio and television programs;
  - (4) Contributions irrevocably made by an employer to a trustee or third person pursuant to a bona fide plan for providing old-age, retirement, life, accident, or health insurance or similar benefits for employees;
  - (5) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for certain hours worked by the employee in any day or workweek because such hours are hours worked in excess of eight in a day or in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a) or in excess of the employee's normal working hours or regular working hours, as the case may be;
  - (6) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid for work by the employee on Saturdays, Sundays, holidays, or regular days of rest, or on the sixth or seventh day of the workweek, where such premium rate is not less than one and one-half times the rate established in good faith for like work performed in nonovertime hours on other days; or
  - (7) Extra compensation provided by a premium rate paid to the employee, in pursuance of an applicable employment contract or collective-bargaining agreement, for work outside of the hours established in good faith by the contract or agreement as the basic, normal, or

68 regular workweek where such premium rate is not less 69 than one and one-half times the rate established in 70 good faith by the contract or agreement for like work 71 performed during such workweek.

- (c) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (a) by employing any employee for a workweek in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a) if such employee is employed pursuant to a bona fide individual contract, or pursuant to an agreement made as a result of collective bargaining by representatives of employees, if the duties of such employee necessitate irregular hours of work, and the contract or agreement (1) specifies a regular rate of pay of not less than the minimum hourly rate provided in section two and compensation at not less than one and one-half times such rate for all hours worked in excess of such maximum workweek, and (2) provides a weekly guaranty of pay for not more than sixty hours based on the rates so specified.
- (d) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (a) by employing any employee for a workweek in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under such subsection if, pursuant to an agreement or understanding arrived at between the employer and the employee before performance of the work, the amount paid to the employee for the number of hours worked by him in such workweek in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under such subsection:
- (1) In the case of an employee employed at piece rates, is computed at piece rates not less than one and one-half times the bona fide piece rates applicable to the same work when performed during nonovertime hours; or
- (2) In the case of an employee performing two or more kinds of work for which different hourly or piece rates have been established, is computed at rates not less than one and one-half times such bona fide rates applicable to the same work when performed during nonovertime hours; or
  - (3) Is computed at a rate not less than one and one-

109 half times the rate established by such agreement or 110 understanding as the basic rate to be used in computing 111 overtime compensation thereunder: Provided, That the 112 rate so established shall be authorized by regulation by 113 the commissioner as being substantially equivalent to 114 the average hourly earnings of the employee, exclusive 115 of overtime premiums, in the particular work over a 116 representative period of time; and if (i) the employee's 117 average hourly earnings for the workweek exclusive of 118 payments described in subdivisions (1) through (7) of 119 subsection (b) are not less than the minimum hourly 120 rate required by applicable law, and (ii) extra overtime compensation is properly computed and paid on other 121 forms of additional pay required to be included in com-122 puting the regular rate.

124 (e) Extra compensation paid as described in subdi-125 visions (5), (6) and (7) of subsection (b) shall be credit-126 able toward overtime compensation payable pursuant to 127 this section.

#### §21-5C-4. Credits.

In determining whether an employer is paying an employee wages and overtime compensation as provided in sections two and three of this article, there shall be provided in accordance with the regulations which shall be promulgated by the commissioner a credit of twenty-five cents an hour for an employee customarily receiving gratuities, and a reasonable credit for board and lodging furnished to an employee. The commissioner shall promulgate regulations relating to maximum allowances to employers for room and board furnished to employees.

#### §21-5C-7. Offenses and penalties.

1 (a) Any employer who wilfully discharges or in any 2 manner wilfully discriminates against any employee 3 because such employee has made complaint to his employer, or to the commissioner, that he has not been paid 5 wages in accordance with the wage and hour provisions of this article, or because such employee has instituted 7 or is about to institute any civil action, or file any petition 8 or criminal complaint against the employer by reason

- 9 of the provisions of this article, or because such em10 ployee has testified or is about to testify in any ad11 ministrative proceeding, civil action, or criminal action
  12 under this article, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
  13 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one
  14 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.
- (b) Any employer, labor organization, employee, or 15 other person, alone or in concert, who in any manner 16 wilfully discriminates against any person with respect 17 18 to wages, hours of work or overtime compensation because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, 19 age or sex, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 20 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than two hun-21 22 dred and fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one 23 24 year, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 25 (c) Any employer who wilfully violates any other 26 provision of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, 27 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more 28 than one hundred dollars.

### **CHAPTER 84**

(Senate Bill No. 3-By Mr. Holliday)

[Passed February 1, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to dates of legal holidays and official acts or court proceedings thereon.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 2. LEGAL HOLIDAYS; CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTES; DEFINITIONS.

- §2-2-1. Legal holidays; official acts or court proceedings.
  - 1 The following days shall be regarded, treated and

2 observed as legal holidays, viz: The first day of January, commonly called "New Year's Day"; the twelfth 4 day of February, commonly called "Lincoln's Birthday"; the third Monday of February, commonly called "Washington's Birthday"; the last Monday of May, commonly called "Memorial Day"; the twentieth day of June, commonly called "West Virginia Day"; the fourth day 8 of July, commonly called "Independence Day"; the first 9 Monday of September, commonly called "Labor Day"; 10 the second Monday of October, commonly called "Co-11 lumbus Day"; the fourth Monday of October, commonly 12 called "Veterans Day"; the fourth Thursday of Novem-13 ber, commonly called "Thanksgiving Day"; the twenty-14 fifth day of December, commonly called "Christmas 15 Day"; any national, state or other election day through-16 out the district or municipality wherein held; and all 18 days that may be appointed or recommended by the governor of this state, or the president of the United 19 20 States, as days of thanksgiving, or for the general cessation of business; and when any of said days or dates 21 22 falls on Sunday, then it shall be lawful to observe the succeeding Monday as such holiday. When the return 23 24 day of any summons or other court proceedings or any notice or time fixed for holding any court or doing any 26 official act shall fall on any of said holidays, the ensuing 27 secular day shall be taken as meant and intended: Pro-28 vided, however, That nothing herein contained shall in-29 crease nor diminish the legal school holidays provided 30 for in chapter eighteen-a, article five, section two.

### **CHAPTER 85**

(Senate Bill No. 214-By Mr. Moreland)

[Passed February 26, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Became a law without the approval of the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amend-

ed, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty, relating to acquisition of space within the capitol building for the Legislature and providing for use thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 1. OFFICERS, MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES; APPROPRIATIONS; INVESTIGATIONS; DISPLAY OF FLAGS; RECORDS; USE OF CAPITOL BUILDING.

# §4-1-20. Legislative findings; space in capitol building for use by Legislature.

(a) The Legislature hereby recognizes that in Decem-1 ber, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, the citizens advisory commission on the Legislature of West Virginia concluded its study for strengthening the West Virginia 4 Legislature: that such commission recommended that the 5 capitol building be utilized primarily for the space needs. 6 of the Legislature and that certain executive department 7 offices be moved outside of the capitol building as neces-8 sary to provide the Legislature with the space it requires; and that these recommendations were based upon the 10 following observations and conclusions of such commis-11 sion: (1) There are fifteen committees in the Senate 12 which consider legislation and twelve committees in the 13 House of Delegates which consider legislation, (2) the 14 rules committee of the Senate meets in the office of the 15 president of the Senate and the rules committee of the 16 House of Delegates meets in the office of the speaker of 17 the House of Delegates, (3) the remaining fourteen com-18 mittees of the Senate share three permanent committee 19 rooms, (4) the remaining eleven committees of the House 20 of Delegates share five permanent committee rooms, (5) 21 the Legislature does not have a hearing room or a com-22 mittee room large enough to accommodate large public 23 hearings, (6) when any large public hearing is held, the 24 chamber of the Senate or the House of Delegates must be 25

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26 used, thereby eliminating the desks of the members on the floor of the chamber as work space for members not 27 28 involved in the public hearing, (7) there are no rooms 29 available in which individual members of the Legislature 30 may talk with their constituents, (8) that at the very 31 least offices should be provided for individual members 32 of the Legislature to be used on a shared basis, (9) there 33 is a pressing need for additional permanent committee rooms, with the view that in time all legislative committees which consider legislation would be assigned 36 individual committee rooms, (10) that at least during legislative sessions, all committee chairmen should be 37 provided, if possible, with a private office, and if not 38 39 possible, with offices on a shared basis, (11) there should be adequate office space for the staff of the Senate and 40 41 House of Delegates, and (12) the Legislature should 42 have at least one hearing room, sufficiently large to seat one hundred fifty persons in addition to a legislative 44 committee of twenty-five persons. The Legislature hereby 45 determines and finds that the recommendations of the citizens advisory commission on the Legislature of West 46 47 Virginia with respect to the space needs of the Legisla-48 ture and the observations and conclusions of such commission upon which such recommendations were based are correct and proper. The remainder of this section is 50 51 enacted to implement the recommendations of the commission in this regard. 52

- (b) The Legislature shall continue to have the ex-54 clusive use of all of the space in the main unit of the capitol building above the ground floor, the main unit being that portion of the capitol building connecting the east and west wings. In addition, the following space in the capitol building is assigned to and set aside for the 59 exclusive use of the Legislature, with the use thereof to be determined by the joint committee on government and finance:
- 62 (1) All of the space on the second floor of the east 63 wing of the capitol building; and
- (2) All of the space on the second floor of the west 64

wing of the capitol building, except that room designated 66 and numbered W-212 and the large vault used and occu-67 pied by the land division of the state auditor's office. 68 which said room W-212 and said vault shall continue to be used and occupied by the office of the state auditor. 69 The additional space for the Legislature provided for in 70 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection shall be made 71 72 available to the Legislature as soon as possible, but shall in any event be made available for occupancy by the 73 74 Legislature not later than July one, one thousand nine 75 hundred seventy-two.

- 76 (c) As soon as the additional space provided for in 77 subsection (b) of this section is made available for occupancy by the Legislature, then (1) the rooms designated 78 and numbered E-126, E-128, E-130, E-132, E-134, E-136 79 and E-138 on the ground floor of the east wing of the 80 capitol building and the rooms designated and numbered 81 82 E-140, 28, 30 and 32 on the ground floor of the main unit of the capitol building and occupied by the office of 83 84 legislative services on the effective date of this section shall be relinquished by the Legislature for occupancy 85 by the executive branch of the state government, and 86 87 (2) as a substitute for the space on the second floor of the west wing vacated by the state auditor, and in order 88 to insure adequate space for the office of the state auditor, 89 a constitutional officer, all of the ground floor of the west 90 wing of the capitol building (except the rooms designated 91 and numbered W-129, W-131, W-133, W-135, W-137, W-139, 92 W-141, W-148, W-150, W-152, W-154, W-156 and W-158 93 and except for the space occupied on the effective date 94 of this section by the office of the department of public 95 institutions) shall be assigned to and set aside for the 96 exclusive use of the state auditor. 97
- 98 (d) If any provision of this section or the application 99 thereof to any person or circumstance is held unconstitu-100 tional or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity 101 shall not affect other provisions or applications of the 102 section, and to this end the provisions of this section are 103 declared to be severable.

### **CHAPTER 86**

(Senate Bill No. 326-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed February 12, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-a, relating to compensation for and expenses of members of the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-a, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION FOR AND EXPENSES OF MEM-BERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

#### PART I. GENERAL.

84-2A-1. Implementation of resolutions of citizens legislative compensation commission; definition.

#### . PART II. COMPENSATION.

- Basic compensation for services; proration. §4-2A-2.
- Compensation for members of the Legislature during any §4-2A-3. extraordinary session.
- Additional compensation for president of Senate and §4-2A-4. speaker of House of Delegates.
- Interim compensation for members of joint committee on 84-2A-5. government and finance and commission on interstate cooperation.

#### PART III. EXPENSES.

- Travel expenses. §4-2A-6.
- Reimbursement for expenses incurred during any session. §4-2A-7.
- Interim expenses. §4-2A-8.
- Out-of-state expenses.
- §4-2A-10. Affidavits required; approval by legislative auditor of vouchers; rules authorized.

#### PART I. GENERAL.

- §4-2A-1. Implementation of resolutions of citizens legislative compensation commission; definition.
  - The purpose of this article is to implement from time
  - 2 to time the resolutions submitted by the citizens legis-

- lative compensation commission created by section thirty-
- 4 three, article six of the West Virginia constitution. For
- 5 the purposes of this article, the term "regular session"
- 6 shall include any extension of a regular session of the
- 7 Legislature.

#### PART II. COMPENSATION.

#### §4-2A-2. Basic compensation for services; proration.

- 1 (a) Each member of the Legislature shall receive as 2 compensation for his services the sum of three thousand
- three hundred dollars per calendar year. For the year
- one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, said sum shall 4
  - be payable to each member as soon as possible after
- 6 the effective date of this article.
- 7 (b) Beginning in the year one thousand nine hundred
- seventy-two and each year thereafter, said sum shall 8 be payable twice a month during each regular session 9
- of the Legislature, without regard to any extension of 10
- such regular session. In the event of the death, resig-11
- nation or removal of a member of the Legislature during
- 12
- the regular session of the Legislature in the year one 13
- 14 thousand nine hundred seventy-two or in any
- thereafter and the appointment and qualification of his 15
- successor during any such regular session, the compen-16
- 17 sation provided for in this section shall be prorated between the original member and his successor on the 18
- 19 basis of the number of days served (including Satur-
- days and Sundays) as a member of the Legislature by 20
- 21 each during said regular session.
- 22 (c) In the event of the death, resignation or removal
- 23 of a member of the Legislature and the appointment
- 24 and qualification of his successor subsequent to the
- regular session of the Legislature held in the calendar 25 year in which such successor was appointed and quali-26
- fied, none of the compensation provided for in this sec-27
- 28 tion shall be paid to such successor.

#### §4-2A-3. Compensation for members of the Legislature during any extraordinary session.

- Each member of the Legislature shall receive, in addi-1
- 2 tion to the basic compensation provided for in section

- 3 two of this article, additional compensation of thirty-
- 4 five dollars per day for each day served during any
- 5 extraordinary session of the Legislature, including Satur-
- 6 days and Sundays. Such additional compensation shall
- 7 be paid from time to time during any such extraordinary
- 8 session, as may be prescribed by rules established by the
- 9 legislative auditor.

## §4-2A-4. Additional compensation for president of Senate and speaker of House of Delegates.

- 1 In addition to the basic and additional compensation
- 2 provided for in sections two and three of this article,
- 3 the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House
- 4 of Delegates shall each receive additional compensation of
- 5 fifteen dollars per day for each day served during any
- 6 regular or extraordinary session as presiding officer, in-
- 7 cluding Saturdays and Sundays, Such presiding officer
- 8 compensation shall be paid from time to time during any
- 9 such session, as may be prescribed by rules established
- 10 by the legislative auditor.

# §4-2A-5. Interim compensation for members of joint committee on government and finance and commission on interstate cooperation.

- 1 In addition to the basic and any additional and pre-
- 2 siding officer compensation provided for in sections two,
- 3 three and four of this article, each member of the joint
- 4 committee on government and finance and the commission
- 5 on interstate cooperation shall receive interim compen-
- 6 sation of thirty-five dollars per day for each day actually
- 7 engaged in the performance of interim duties as a mem-
- 8 ber of either such committee or commission between
- 9 regular sessions of the Legislature: Provided, That not
- 10 more than twenty-eight members of both such committee
- and commission shall be entitled to receive the interim
- 12 compensation authorized in this section, and the total
- 13 additional interim compensation payable to any such
- 14 member and his replacement, if any, on such committee
- 15 or commission under the provisions of this section shall
- 16 not exceed the sum of one thousand fifty dollars per
- 17 calendar year.

#### PART III. EXPENSES.

#### §4-2A-6. Travel expenses.

Each member of the Legislature shall be entitled to be reimbursed, upon submission of an expense voucher, for expenses incurred incident to travel in the performance 4 of his duties as a member of the Legislature or any committee of the Legislature, whether such committee is operating under general law or resolution, including, but not limited to, attendance at party caucuses held in ad-8 vance of the date of the assembly of the Legislature in regular session in odd-numbered years for the purpose 9 of selecting candidates for officers of the two houses, at 10 the rate of ten cents per mile for the most direct usually 11 traveled route, if travel is by private automobile, or for 12 actual transportation costs for direct route travel, if 13 travel is by public carrier, or for any combination of such 14 means of transportation actually used, plus the cost of 15 necessary taxi or limousine service, tolls and parking fees 16 in connection therewith, but during any regular or extra-17 ordinary session, travel expenses shall not be paid to any 18 member for more than one round trip to and from the 19 seat of government and to and from his place of residence 20 for each week of any such session. 21

# §4-2A-7. Reimbursement for expenses incurred during any session.

In addition to reimbursement for any travel expenses, 1 as provided for in section six of this article, each mem-2 ber of the Legislature shall also be entitled to be re-3 imbursed, upon submission of an expense voucher there-4 for, for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 5 incurred in connection with any regular or extraordinary session of the Legislature, but the total of any and all such reimbursed expenses, exclusive of reim-8 bursement for any such travel expenses as aforesaid. 9 shall not exceed lodging expenses of fifteen dollars per 10 day or one hundred five dollars per week and meal and 11 miscellaneous expenses of ten dollars per day or seventy 12 dollars per week. A receipt for the amount paid for 13 lodging shall be submitted with the expense voucher, 14

but a receipt shall not be required to be submitted with 15 any such expense voucher for meal and miscellaneous 16 expenses. In lieu of reimbursement for lodging ex-17 penses pursuant to the provisions of this section, any 18 member of the Legislature shall be entitled to be re-19 imbursed, upon submission of an expense voucher, for 20 expenses incurred incident to daily travel to and from 21 22 his place of residence and to and from the seat of government at a rate of ten cents per mile for the most 23 24 direct usually traveled route, but the total of such daily 25 travel expenses shall not exceed fifteen dollars per day.

#### §4-2A-8. Interim expenses.

In addition to any travel expenses and any such reim-1 bursements for any and all such session expenses as provided for in sections six and seven of this article. each member of the Legislature serving as a member of any committee of the Legislature established by and operating under general law and designated for the performance of interim assignments by the Legislature 8 or otherwise duly authorized to perform interim assignments between regular sessions of the Legislature shall 10 also be entitled to be reimbursed, upon submission of an expense voucher therefor, for all reasonable and nec-11 12 essary expenses actually incurred incident to the performance of duties as a member of any such committee, 13 14 but the total of any and all such reimbursed interim 15 expenses, exclusive of reimbursement for any such travel and session expenses as aforesaid, shall not under any 16 circumstances exceed lodging expenses of fifteen dollars 17 per day or meal and miscellaneous expenses of ten dollars per day for each day actually engaged in the per-19 formance of interim duties as a member of any such 20 committee. A receipt for the amount paid for lodging 21 shall be submitted with the expense voucher, but a 22 receipt shall not be required to be submitted with any 23 such expense voucher for meal and miscellaneous 24 25 expenses.

#### §4-2A-9. Out-of-state expenses.

1 In addition to reimbursement for travel expenses as 2 authorized in section six of this article, each member

- 3 of the Legislature traveling from West Virginia to an
- 4 out-of-state point or points and return incident to the
- 5 performance of his duties as a member of the Legis-
- 6 lature or any committee of the Legislature, whether
- 7 such committee is operating under general law or reso-
- 8 lution, shall be entitled to be reimbursed, upon sub-
- 9 mission of an expense voucher therefor, at a rate not to
- 10 exceed thirty-five dollars per day in lieu of actual and
- 11 necessary expenses for lodging and meals. No receipts
- 12 shall be required to be submitted with any such ex-
- 13 pense voucher.

# §4-2A-10. Affidavits required; approval by legislative auditor of vouchers; rules authorized.

- 1 Any expense voucher submitted pursuant to the pro-
- 2 visions of sections six, seven, eight or nine of this article
- 3 must be verified by the affidavit of the member incur-
- 4 ring such expense and all such expense vouchers shall
- 5 be approved by the legislative auditor prior to submis-
- 6 sion for payment.
- 7 The legislative auditor is hereby authorized to adopt
- 8 such rules as may be necessary to implement or effectuate
- 9 the provisions of this article.

### **CHAPTER 87**

(Senate Bill No. 353-By Mr. Brotherton and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five, relating to making the purchasing practices and procedures commission a statutory body; relating to its composition and its general powers, duties and responsibilities; specifically authorizing the commission to sit during any recess of the Senate and House of Delegates; granting the commission the power and authority to subpoena and

compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, records, documents, papers and any other tangible thing; authorizing judicial enforcement of any subpoena issued by the commission; and relating to the compensation and expenses of members of the commission and all expenses of the commission.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. PURCHASING PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES COM-MISSION.

- §4-5-1. Commission continued as statutory body; composition; appointment and terms of members.
- §4-5-2. Powers and duties generally.
- §4-5-3. Executive sessions; hearings; subpoena power; enforcement provisions.
- §4-5-4. Compensation and expenses of members; other expenses; how paid; joint committee approval.

### §4-5-1. Commission continued as statutory body; composition; appointment and terms of members.

- 1 The purchasing practices and procedures commission,
- 2 heretofore existing under a concurrent resolution of the
- 3 Senate and House of Delegates, is hereby continued as a
- 4 statutory body. The commission shall continue to be
- 5 composed of five members of the Senate, to be appointed
- 6 by the president thereof, no more than three of whom
- 7 shall be appointed from the same political party, and five
- 8 members of the House of Delegates, to be appointed by
- 9 the speaker thereof, no more than three of whom shall be
- appointed from the same political party. The commission
- 11 shall be headed by two cochairmen, one to be selected
- 12 by and from the members appointed from the Senate,
- 13 and one to be selected by and from the members ap-
- 14 pointed from the House of Delegates. All members of
- 15 the commission shall serve until their successors shall
- 16 have been appointed as heretofore provided.

#### §4-5-2. Powers and duties generally.

- 1 The purchasing practices and procedures commission
- 2 shall have the power, duty and responsibility to:

- 3 (1) Conduct a comprehensive and detailed investigation into the purchasing practices and procedures of the 4 state:
- 6 (2) Determine if there is reason to believe that the laws or public policy of the state in connection with pur-7 chasing practices and procedures have been violated or 8 are inadequate;
- 10 (3) Determine if any criminal or civil statutes relating to the purchasing practices and procedures in this state 11 are necessary to protect and control the expenditures of 12 money by the state; 13

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- (4) Determine whether to recommend (a) criminal prosecution for any violations of law or (b) the institution of any civil action for the recoupment of moneys paid to vendors in violation of law or (c) both such criminal prosecution and civil action; and
- 19 (5) Make such written reports to the members of the Legislature between sessions thereof as the commission may deem advisable and on the first day of each regular 22 session of the Legislature make an annual report to the Legislature containing the commission's findings and 23 24 recommendations including in such report drafts of any proposed legislation which it deems necessary to carry such recommendations into effect. 26
- The commission is also expressly empowered and au-27 28 thorized to:
- 29 (1) Sit during any recess of the Senate and House of 30 Delegates;
  - (2) Recommend to the judge of any circuit court or of any court of record having criminal jurisdiction that a grand jury be convened pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen, article two, chapter fifty-two of this code, to consider any matter which the commission may deem in the public interest, and in support thereof make available to such court and such grand jury the contents of any reports, files, transcripts of hearings or other evidence pertinent thereto;
- (3) Employ such legal, technical, investigative, cleri-40 cal, stenographic, advisory and other personnel as it 41 42 deems needed and, within the appropriation herein speci-

- fied, fix reasonable compensation of such persons and firms as may be employed;
- 45 (4) Consult and confer with all persons and agencies, 46 public (whether federal, state or local) and private, that 47 have information and data pertinent to an investigation; 48 and all state and local governmental personnel and 49 agencies shall cooperate to the fullest extent with the 50 commission; and
- 51 (5) Call upon any department or agency of state or 52 local government for such services, information and as-53 sistance as it may deem advisable.

# §4-5-3. Executive sessions; hearings; subpoena power; enforcement provisions.

The commission shall have the power and authority to 1. 2 hold executive sessions for the purpose of establishing 3 business, policy, an agenda and the interrogation of a witness or witnesses: Provided, That if a witness desires a 4 public or open hearing he shall have the right to de-5 mand the same and shall not be heard otherwise: Pro-6 vided, however, That if a witness desires a hearing in 7 an executive session, he shall have the right to demand the same and shall not be heard otherwise. However, members of the staff of the commission may be per-10 mitted to attend executive sessions with permission of 11 the commission. 12

The commission is hereby empowered and authorized 13 to examine witnesses and to subpoena such persons and 14 books, records, documents, papers or any other tangible 15 things as it believes should be examined to make a com-16 plete investigation. All witnesses appearing before the 17 commission shall testify under oath or affirmation, and 18 any member of the commission may administer oaths or 19 affirmations to such witnesses. To compel the attendance 20 of witnesses at such hearings or the production of any 21 books, records, documents, papers or any other tangible 22 thing, the commission is hereby empowered and autho-23 rized to issue subpoenas, signed by one of the cochair-24 men, in accordance with section five, article one, chapter 25 four of this code. Such subpoenas shall be served by 26

any person authorized by law to serve and execute legal process and service shall be made without charge. Witnesses subpoenaed to attend hearings shall be allowed the same mileage and per diem as is allowed witnesses before any petit jury in this state.

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If any person subpoenaed to appear at any hearing shall refuse to appear or to answer inquiries there propounded, or shall fail or refuse to produce books, records, documents, papers or any other tangible thing within his control when the same are demanded, the commission shall report the facts to the circuit court of Kanawha county or any other court of competent jurisdiction and such court may compel obedience to the subpoena as though such subpoena had been issued by such court in the first instance.

# §4-5-4. Compensation and expenses of members; other expenses; how paid; joint committee approval.

The members of the commission shall receive travel. 1 interim and out-of-state expenses, as authorized in sec-2 tions six, eight and nine, article two-a, chapter four of this code. Such expenses and all other expenses including those incurred in the employment of legal, technical, investigative, clerical, stenographic, advisory and other personnel shall be paid from the appropriation under "Account No. 103 for Joint Expenses," but no expense of any kind whatever shall be incurred unless the approval .9 of the joint committee on government and finance there-10 for is first had and obtained by the commission. 11

### **CHAPTER 88**

(Senate Bill No. 176-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article one-a, chapter twenty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating

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to designation, powers and duties of a division on alcoholism and drug abuse within the department of mental health: definitions of terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article one-a, chapter twenty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1A. DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH.

#### §27-1A-11. Division on alcoholism and drug abuse; powers and duties: definitions.

- The division on alcoholism, heretofore established in 1
- the department of mental health, shall continue and be
- known as the division on alcoholism and drug abuse.
- The supervisor and personnel of this division shall 4
- assist the director of the department in the establish-
- ment of a program for the care, treatment, and reha-
- bilitation of alcoholics and drug abusers; for research 7
- into the causes, prevention, and treatment of alcoholism 8
- and drug abuse; for the training of personnel to work 9
- with alcoholics and drug abusers; and for the education 10
- of the public concerning alcoholism and drug abuse. 11

The department's program for the care, treatment, and rehabilitation of alcoholics and drug abusers may include, when intended for such purposes, the establishment of special clinics or wards within, attached to, or upon the grounds of one or more of the state hospitals under the control of the department of mental health; the acquisition in the name of the department of real 18 and personal property and the construction of buildings and other facilities; the leasing of suitable clinics, hospitals, or other facilities; and the utilization, through contracts or otherwise, of the available services and assistance of any professional or nonprofessional persons, groups, organizations or institutions in the development. 24

Neither the department of mental health nor the division on alcoholism and drug abuse shall be required to accept any alcoholic or drug abuser voluntarily seeking hospitalization for clinical or hospital care, treatment,

promotion and conduct of the department's program.

or rehabilitation; but the department may accept, pur-30 31 suant to its adopted and promulgated rules and regu-32 lations, responsibility for clinical or hospital care, treatment, or rehabilitation of any alcoholic or drug abuser 33 through arrangements made voluntarily with the de-34 35 partment by him or some person acting in his behalf: Provided, That any such person accepted by the de-36 37 partment on a voluntary basis shall be charged a mini-38 mum fee unless he shows, to the satisfaction of the de-39

partment, that he is unable to pay the fee.

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The department shall accept all alcoholics and drug abusers committed by a county mental hygiene commission in accordance with the procedure of article six of this chapter; but notwithstanding any provision in said article six which may be to the contrary, the supervisor of the division on alcoholism and drug abuse may, in his discretion, specify the clinic or hospital to which the alcoholic or drug abuser shall be committed.

The department's program of research into the causes, prevention, and treatment of alcoholism and drug abuse may include the utilization, through contracts or otherwise, of the available services and assistance of any professional or nonprofessional persons, groups, organizations or institutions, as well as cooperation with private and public agencies engaged in research in alcoholism or drug abuse or rehabilitation of alcoholics or drug abusers.

The department's programs shall also provide for the training of personnel to work with alcoholics and drug abusers and the informing of the public as well as interested groups and persons concerning alcoholism and drug abuse and the prevention and treatment thereof.

The department may employ such medical, psychiatric, psychological, secretarial and other assistance as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

As used in this section:

(a) "Alcoholic" shall mean any person who chronically and habitually uses alcoholic beverages to the extent that he has lost the power of self-control as to the use of such beverages, or, while chronically and habitually

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70 under the influence of alcoholic beverages, endangers 71 public morals, health, safety or welfare.

- (b) "Alcoholism" shall mean the condition of abnor-73 mal behavior or illness resulting directly or indirectly from the chronic and habitual use of alcoholic beverages.
- (c) "Drug abuser" shall mean a person who is in a 76 state of psychic or physical dependence, or both, arising from the administration of any controlled substance, as 78 that term is defined in chapter sixty-a of this code, on 79 a continuous basis.
- 80 (d) "Drug abuse" shall mean the use of any controlled substance, as that term is defined in said chapter sixty-a, 81 until such time as the user has become dependent upon 82 83 or addicted to the same.

### **CHAPTER 89**

(House Bill No. 708-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact articles one and two, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to mines and minerals and the administration and enforcement of the laws pertaining to mines and minerals; defining various terms; providing for a state department of mines; providing for a director of the department of mines, his appointment and term of office; providing for the powers and duties of said director; specifying the eligibility requirements for said director, and specifying his salary; prescribing an oath of office and requiring bond for said director; providing for selection, serving, and removal of mine inspectors, dividing the state into districts and divisions, and providing for the employment, tenure, oath of office and bond required of mine inspectors; providing for the employment of mine safety instructors, and specifying qualifications, and providing for the employ-

ment, compensation, tenure, oath of office and bond required of mine safety instructors; providing for the appointing of mine inspectors to appointive positions within the department of mines, and providing that permanent tenure benefits are not affected; providing for the employment of electrical inspectors, and specifying the qualifications, and providing for salary and expenses. tenure, oath of office, and bond required of electrical inspectors; specifying eligibility requirements for appointment, and qualifications for appointment, and providing for salary, expenses and removal of mine inspectors; providing for a mine inspectors' examining board and specifying salary and expenses and meetings and duties of said board; authorizing the director and inspectors to enter mines, providing for the duties of inspectors to examine mines, providing for the duties of inspectors to examine mines with no advance notice, and providing for reports after fatal accidents; providing for the making and issuing of findings, orders and notices; providing for the duties of mine electrical inspectors, and providing for findings and orders by such inspectors; providing for review of orders by the director; providing for posting of notices, orders, and decisions of mine offices; providing for judicial review of orders and decisions of the director; authorizing the director to institute actions. including injunctions; providing civil penalties and criminal penalties for violations; prohibiting discharge of and discrimination against miners; requiring operators to keep records and make reports; providing for a mine foreman examiner and salary of said examiner; providing for the duties of said examiner; providing for the place and time of examinations; providing for the preparation of examinations; providing for notification and appearance before said examiner; providing for certificates of qualification; providing for distribution of certificates of qualification; providing for a record of such examinations; providing for the withdrawal of certification; creating a board of appeals and prescribing its duties, powers, compensation, expenses and oath of office; authorizing the purchase of mine rescue stations and equipment; authorizing the employment of mine rescue crews and

prescribing their training, compensation and qualifications; providing for mine rescue teams; providing severability clause; relating to mine maps and surveying; requiring plans for ventilation and approval by the director; specifying safety standards for ventilation of mines in general; providing for sealing or ventilating of unused and abandoned parts of mine; relating to the movement of equipment; relating to the employment of mine foremen and specifying qualifications; providing for duties of mine foreman concerning ventilation, loose coal, slate or rock, props, drainage of water and man doors; relating to haulage roads; relating to signals on haulways, lights at mouth and bottom of shaft and operation of cages; relating to boreholes; providing for instruction of employees, annual examinations of persons using flame safety lamps, and providing for records of such examinations; relating to daily inspection of working places and records; relating to safety inspections and gas; relating to dangerous places; relating to examinations of reports of fire bosses; relating to the ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers; relating to notifying of the operator when unable to comply with the law, and duty of the operator; providing for successor of a mine foreman; relating to employment and qualification of fire boss; prescribing duties of fire boss; providing that fire boss to have no superior officers; making it unlawful to enter mine until fire boss reports it safe, with certain exceptions; relating to other duties of fire boss; relating to coal dust and rock dust; relating to roof, face and ribs: requiring operators to carry out roof control programs and plans; specifying safety standards for roof support, roof bolt recovery and mining methods; providing for canopies and cabs and electric face equipment; relating to explosives and blasting; requiring use of authorized explosives and making it unlawful to store or use unauthorized explosives; relating to surface magazines for explosives; specifying safety standards for transportation of explosives; specifying safety standards for underground storage of explosives; specifying safety standards for preparation of shots and blasting practices; specifying safety standards in the event of misfires of

explosives; specifying safety standards for other blasting devices; relating to hoisting; specifying safety standards for hoisting machinery, telephones, safety devices, hoisting engineers, and drum runners; relating to transportation; specifying safety standards for transportation, haulage roads and equipment, shelter holes, signals and inspection and prohibiting certain practices, specifying safety standards for transportation of men by cars, selfpropelled equipment and belts; specifying safety standards for belt conveyor and installation and maintenance thereof; relating to electricity generally; specifying safety standards concerning bonding track used as a power conductor; specifying safety standards concerning telephone service or communication facilities; specifying safety standards for electric equipment in gassy mines; specifying safety standards for electric hand held tools; specifying safety standards for illumination; specifying safety standards for welding and cutting; relating to maintenance of face equipment; relating to control of dust and other inhalation hazards; relating to safeguards for mechanical equipment; relating to dust-tight electrical equipment dust control repairs, welding, handrails and toeboards; relating to housekeeping; relating to lamphouses; prohibiting smoking in and around surface structures; relating to miscellaneous safety provisions and requirements; providing for duties of persons subject to article and rules and regulations for operators; relating to protective clothing; providing for checking systems of identification of men; prohibiting acts endangering security of mine, and requiring search for intoxicants and matches; relating to fire protection; relating to first-aid equipment; providing for accessible outlets and safe roadways for emergencies; relating to coal storage bins, recovery tunnels and coal storage piles; relating to thermal coal dryers and plants; relating to opening and reopening of mines, approval fees, extension of certificate of approval; providing for nontransferability of certificates and requiring that provisions of this section be printed on certificates; relating to sealing of permanently closed or abandoned mines; relating to mining close to abandoned workings; providing for investigation by department of mines in event of explosion or accident; providing for written report of accidents; providing for preservation of evidence at scene of accident; providing for notification of director and district mine inspector in event of fire in and about mine; relating to shafts and slopes generally; providing general provisions concerning the reopening of old or abandoned mines; relating to monthly reports by operator of mine; relating to examinations to determine compliance with permits; and providing a severability clause.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That articles one and two, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### **Article**

- 1. Administration; Enforcement.
- 2. Coal Mines.

#### ARTICLE 1. ADMINISTRATION; ENFORCEMENT.

- §22-1-1. Definitions. §22-1-2. §22-1-3. Department of mines. Director of the department of mines-Appointment; term of **§22-1-4**. Same-Powers and duties. Same—Eligibility; salary. Same—Oath and bond. §22-1-5. §22-1-6. §22-1-7. Mine inspectors; districts and divisions; employment; tenure; oath; bond. §22-1-8. Mine safety instructors; qualifications; employment; compensation; tenure; oath; bond.
   §22-1-9. Mine inspectors may be appointed to fill vacancy in department; permanent tenure benefits not affected. §22-1-10. Employment of electrical inspectors; qualifications; salary and expenses; tenure; oath; bond. §22-1-11. Eligibility for appointment as mine inspector; qualifications; salary and expenses; removal. §22-1-12. Mine inspectors' examining board. §22-1-13. Director and inspectors authorized to enter mines; duties of inspectors to examine mines; no advance notice; reports after fatal accidents. §22-1-14. Findings, orders and notices. §22-1-15. Powers and duties of electrical inspectors as to inspections, findings and orders; reports of electrical inspectors. §22-1-16. Review of orders and notices by the director. §22-1-17. Posting of notices, orders, and decisions; delivery to agent

- of operator; names and addresses to be filed by operators.

- \$22-1-18. Judicial review. \$22-1-19. Injunctions. \$22-1-20. Penalties. \$22-1-21. Discrimination. \$22-1-22. Records and reports.

- §22-1-23. Mine foreman examiner for mine foremen, assistant mine foremen and fire bosses; salary.

- \$22-1-24. Duties of the mine foreman examiner. \$22-1-25. Place and time for examinations. \$22-1-26. Preparation of examinations; notice of intention to take examination; investigation of applicants.
- §22-1-27. Certificates of qualification heretofore granted. §22-1-28. Mine foreman examiner to certify successful applicants to director.

- director.

  §22-1-29. Record of examinations.

  §22-1-30. Withdrawal of certification.

  §22-1-31. Board of appeals.

  §22-1-32. Mine rescue stations; equipment.

  §22-1-33. Mine rescue crews.

  §22-1-34. Mine rescue teams.

  §22-1-35. Provisions of article severable.

#### §22-1-1. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a
- different meaning, the following definitions shall apply
- to articles one and two of this chapter:
- 4 Mine: The term "mine" includes the shafts, slopes,
- drifts or inclines connected with excavations penetrating
- coal seams or strata, which excavations are ventilated by
- one general air current or divisions thereof, and con-
- nected by one general system of mine haulage over which
- coal may be delivered to one or more points outside the
- 10 mine, and the surface structures or equipment connected
- 11 therewith which contribute directly or indirectly to the
- 12 mining, preparation or handling of coal.
- 13 Agent: The term "agent" means any person charged with responsibility for the operation of all or a part of 14
- a mine or the supervison of the miners in a mine. 15
- Imminent Danger: The term "imminent danger" means 16
- the existence of any condition or practice in a coal mine 17
- which could reasonably be expected to cause death or 18
- serious physical harm before such condition or practice 19
- 20 can be abated.
- 21 Department: The term "department" shall mean the 22 state department of mines provided for in section two
- of this article. 23
- 24 Director of the Department of Mines: The term "direc-
- 25 tor of the department of mines" shall mean the director
- 26 of the department of mines provided for in section three
- of this article, and is synonymous with the term "chief 27
- 28 of the department of mines."

- 29 Mine Inspector: The term "mine inspector" shall mean
- 30 a state mine inspector provided for in section seven of
- 31 this article.
- 32 Mine Inspectors' Examining Board: The term "mine
- 33 inspectors' examining board" shall mean the mine in-
- 34 spectors' examining board provided for in section twelve
- 35 of this article.
- 36 Operator: The term "operator" shall mean any firm,
- 37 corporation, partnership, or individual operating any coal
- 38 mine or part thereof.
- 39 Person: The term "person" shall mean any individual,
- 40 partnership, association, corporation, firm, subsidiary of
- 41 a corporation, or other organization.
- 42 Miner: The term "miner" shall mean any individual
- 43 working in a coal mine.
- 44 Work of Preparing the Coal: The term "work of pre-
- 45 paring the coal" shall mean the breaking, crushing, sizing,
- 46 cleaning, washing, drying, mixing, storing, and loading
- 47 of bituminous coal or lignite, and such other work of
- 48 preparing such coal as is usually done by the operator
- 49 of the coal mine.
- 50 Accident: The term "accident" shall mean any mine
- 51 explosion, mine ignition, mine fire, or mine inundation, or
- 52 injury to, or death of any person.
- 53 Abandoned Workings: The term "abandoned workings"
- 54 shall mean excavation, either caved or sealed, that is de-
- 55 serted and in which further mining is not intended, or open
- 56 workings which are ventilated and not inspected regularly.
- 57 Excavations and Workings: The term "excavations and
- Dreavations and Workings. The term excavations and
- 58 workings" shall mean any or all parts of a mine excavated
- 59 or being excavated, including shafts, slopes, drifts, tunnels,
- 60 entries, rooms, and working places, whether abandoned
- 61 or in use.
- 62 Shaft: The term "shaft" shall mean a vertical opening
- 63 through the strata that is or may be used for the purpose
- 64 of ventilation, drainage, and the hoisting and transporta-
- 55 tion of men and material, in connection with the mining
- 66 of coal.

67 Slope: The term "slope" shall mean a plane or incline 68 roadway, usually driven to a coal seam from the surface 69 and used for the same purposes as a shaft.

70 Drift: The term "drift" shall mean a horizontal or ap-71 proximately horizontal opening through the strata or in 72 a coal seam and used for the same purposes as a shaft.

73 Panel: The term "panel" shall mean workings that 74 are or have been developed off of submain entries which do not exceed three thousand feet in length. 75

76 Active Workings: The term "active workings" shall mean all places in a mine that are ventilated and in-77 78 spected regularly.

79 Inactive Workings: The term "inactive workings" shall 80 include all portions of a mine in which operations have 81 been suspended for an indefinite period, but have not 82 been abandoned.

83 Superintendent: The term "superintendent" shall mean 84 the person who shall have, on behalf of the operator, 85 immediate supervision of one or more mines.

86 Mine Foreman: The term "mine foreman" shall mean 87 the certified person whom the operator or superintendent shall place in charge of the inside workings of the mine 88 and of the persons employed therein.

90 Supervisor: The term "supervisor" shall mean a superintendent, mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, or any per-91 son specifically designated by the superintendent or mine 92 foreman to supervise work or employees and who is acting 93 pursuant to such specific designation and instructions. 94

95 Assistant Mine Foreman: The term "assistant mine foreman" shall mean a certified person designated to 96 assist the mine foreman in the supervision of a portion 97 98 or the whole of a mine or of the persons employed therein.

99 Shot Firer: The term "shot firer" shall mean any person 100 having had at least two years of practical experience 101 in coal mines, who has a knowledge of ventilation, mine 102 roof and timbering, and who has demonstrated his knowl-103 edge of mine gases, the use of a flame safety lamp, and 104 other approved detecting devices by examination and 105 certification given him by the department of mines.

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Qualified Person: The term "qualified person" shall 106 mean a person who has completed an examination and is 107 considered qualified on record by the department of mines. 108

109 Interested Persons: The term "interested persons" shall include the operator, members of any mine safety com-110 111 mittee at the mine affected and other duly authorized representative of the mine workers and department of 112 113 mines.

114 Return Air: The term "return air" shall mean a volume of air that has passed through and ventilated all the 115 working places in a mine section. 116

Mechanical Working Section: The term "mechanical working section" shall mean an area of a mine (1) in which coal is loaded mechanically, (2) which is comprised of a number of working places that are generally contiguous, and (3) which is of such size to permit necessary supervision during shift operation, including preshift and on-shift examinations and tests required by law.

Working Section: The term "working section" shall mean all areas of the coal mine from the loading point of 125 the section to and including the working faces. 126

Working Face: The term "working face" shall mean any place in a coal mine in which work of extracting coal from its natural deposit in the earth is performed during the mining cycle.

131 Working Place: The term "working place" shall mean 132 the area of a coal mine inby the last open crosscut.

Working Unit: The term "working unit" shall mean an area of a mine in which coal is mined with a set of production equipment; a conventional mining unit by a single loading machine: a continuous mining unit by a single continuous mining machine, which is comprised of a number of working places.

Face Equipment: The term "face equipment" shall mean mobile or portable mining machinery having electric motors or accessory equipment normally installed or operated inby the last open crosscut in an entry or room.

Approved: The term "approved" shall mean in strict compliance with mining law, or, in the absence of law, 144 accepted by a recognized standardizing body or organization whose approval is generally recognized as authoritative on the subject.

Permissible: The term "permissible" shall mean any equipment, device, or explosive that has been approved as permissible by the United States bureau of mines and meets all requirements, restrictions, exceptions, limitations, and conditions attached to such classification by the bureau.

154 Certified Electrician: The term "certified electrician" 155 shall mean any person who is qualified as a mine elec-156 trician and who has passed an examination given by the 157 department of mines.

Armored Cable: The term "armored cable" shall mean a cable provided with a wrapping of metal, usually steel wires or tapes, primarily for the purpose of mechanical protection.

Borehole Cable: The term "borehole cable" shall mean a cable designed for vertical suspension in a borehole or shaft and used for power circuits in the mine.

165 Cable: The term "cable" shall mean a stranded con-166 ductor (single conductor cable) or a combination of con-167 ductors insulated from one another (multiple conductor 168 cable).

169 Flame-resistant Cable, Portable: The term "flame-170 resistant cable, portable" shall mean a portable flame-171 resistant cable that has passed the flame tests of the 172 federal bureau of mines.

Portable (Trailing) Cable: The term "portable (trail-174 ing) cable" shall mean a flexible cable or cord used for 175 connecting mobile, portable or stationary equipment in 176 mines to a trolley system or other external source of 177 electric energy where permanent mine wiring is pro-178 hibited or is impracticable.

179 Branch Circuit: The term "branch circuit" shall mean 180 any circuit, alternating current or direct current, con-181 nected to and leading from the main power lines.

182 Circuit Breaker: The term "circuit breaker" shall mean 183 a device for interrupting a circuit between separable 184 contacts under normal or abnormal conditions

- 185 High Voltage: The term "high voltage" shall mean 186 voltages of more than one thousand volts.
- 187 Medium Voltage: The term "medium voltage" shall 188 mean voltages from six hundred sixty-one to one thou-

189 sand volts.

- 190 Low Voltage: The term "low voltage" shall mean up 191 to and including six hundred sixty volts.
- Lightning Arrestor: The term "lightning arrestor" shall mean a protective device for limiting surge voltage on equipment by discharging or by passing surge current; it prevents continued flow of follow current to ground and is capable of repeating these functons as specified.
- 197 Mine Power Center or Distribution Center: The term 198 "mine power center or distribution center" shall mean a 199 combined transformer and/or distribution unit, complete 200 within a metal enclosure from which one or more low-201 voltage power circuits are taken.
- Delta Connected: The term "delta connected" shall mean a power system in which the windings or transformers or a.c. generators are connected to form a triangular phase relationship, and with phase conductors connected to each point of the triangle.
- Wye-connected: The term "wye-connected" shall mean a power system connection in which one end of each phase windings or transformers or a.c. generators are connected together to form a neutral point, and a neutral conductor may or may not be connected to the neutral point, and the neutral point may or may not be grounded.
- Zig-zag Transformer (Grounding Transformer): The 214 term "zig-zag transformer (grounding transformer)" shall 215 mean a transformer intended primarily to provide a 216 neutral point for grounding purposes.
- Neutral Point: The term "neutral point" shall mean the connection point of transformer or generator windings from which the voltage to ground is nominally zero, and is the point generally used for system groundings in wye-connected a.c. power system.
- Neutral (Derived): The term "neutral (derived)" shall mean a neutral point or connection established by the

- 224 addition of a "zig-zag" or grounding transformer to a 225 normally ungrounded power system.
- 226 Effectively Grounded: The term "effectively grounded"
- 227 is an expression which means grounded through a
- 228 grounding connection of sufficiently low impedance (in-
- 229 herent or intentionally added or both) so that fault
- 230 grounds which may occur cannot build up voltages in ex-
- 231 cess of limits established for apparatus, circuits, or sys-
- 232 tems so grounded.
- 233 Grounded (Earthed): The term "grounded (earthed)"
- 234 shall mean that the system, circuit, or apparatus referred
- 235 to is provided with a ground.
- 236 Ground or Grounding Conductor (Mining): The term
- 237 "ground or grounding conductor (mining)," also referred
- 238 to as a safety ground conductor, safety ground, and
- 239 frame ground, shall mean a metallic conductor used
- 240 to connect the metal frame or enclosure of any equip-
- 241 ment, device or wiring system with a mine track or
- 242 other effective grounding medium.
- 243 Board of Appeals: The term "board of appeals" shall
- 244 mean as provided for in section thirty-one of this article.
- 245 Certified Person: The term "certified person," when
- 246 used to designate the kind of person to whom the per-
- 247 formance of a duty in connection with the operation of
- 248 a mine shall be assigned, shall mean a person who is
- 249 qualified under the provisions of this law to perform
- 250 such duty.

### §22-1-2. Department of mines.

- 1 There shall be a state department of mines, which shall
- 2 have for its purpose the supervision of the execution and
- 3 enforcement of the provisions of this chapter, enacted for
- 4 the protection of the safety and health of persons em-
- 5 ployed within or at the mines within this state, and for
- 6 the protection and preservation of mining property and
- 7 property used in connection therewith.

### §22-1-3. Director of the department of mines—Appointment; term of office.

- 1 There shall be a director of the department of mines,
- 2 who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice

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- 3 and consent of the Senate and who shall serve for a term
- 4 of four years, subject to the provisions of chapter six,
- 5 article six, section four of this code, as amended. The
- 6 original term of the director of the department of mines
- 7 appointed under this section shall commence as of the
- 8 effective date of this article, as amended, and all appoint-
- 9 ments to such office made thereafter shall be made for a
- 10 full term of four years, except that in case of a vacancy,
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- the appointment shall be made for the unexpired term 12 only.

#### §22-1-4. Same—Powers and duties.

- The director of the department of mines shall have full charge of the department. He shall have the power 3 and duty to:
- 4 (1) Supervise and direct the execution and enforce-5 ment of the provisions of this chapter.
- 6 (2) Appoint a deputy director of the department of mines, fix his compensation and prescribe his powers and 7 duties. 8
- 9 (3) Employ such assistants, clerks, stenographers and 10 other employees as may be necessary and fix their compensation, except as otherwise provided in this article.
- 12 (4) Employ mine inspectors, and assign them to divi-13 sions or districts in accordance with the provisions of section seven of this article, and to supervise and direct 15 such mine inspectors in the performance of their duties.
- (5) Suspend, for good cause, any mine inspector without compensation for a period not exceeding thirty days 17 in any calendar year.
- 19 (6) Prepare report forms to be used by mine inspec-20 tors in making their findings, orders and notices, upon inspections made in accordance with this chapter. 21
- (7) Hear and determine applications made by mine 22 operators for the annulment or revision of orders made 23 by mine inspectors, and to make inspections of mines, in 24 accordance with the provisions of this article. 25
- (8) Cause a properly indexed permanent and public 26 record to be kept of all inspections made by himself or 27 by mine inspectors. 28

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- (9) Make annually a full and complete written report 29 of the administration of his department to the governor 30 31 of the state for the year ending the thirty-first day of December. Such report shall include the number of 32 33 visits and inspections of mines in the state by mine inspectors, the quantity of coal, coke and other minerals 34 (including oil and gas) produced in the state, the number 35 36 of men employed, number of mines in operation, statistics with regard to health and safety of persons working in 37 the mines, improvements made, prosecutions, such other 38 39 information in relation to the subject of mines, mine in-40 spections and needed legislation as he may deem of public interest and beneficial to the mining interest of 41 the state. Such reports shall be filed with the governor 42 on or before the thirtieth day of June next succeeding 43 44 the year for which it was made, and shall upon proper authority be printed and distributed to interested per-45 46 sons.
- 47 (10) Call or subpoena witnesses, for the purpose of 48 conducting hearings into mine fires, mine explosions or any mine accident; to administer oaths and to require 49 production of any books, papers, records, or other docu-50 ments relevant or material to the hearing. Any witness 51 so called or subpoenaed shall receive forty dollars per 52 diem and shall receive mileage at the rate of ten cents 53 for each mile actually traveled, which shall be paid out 54 of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state 55 auditor, properly certified by such witness. 56
  - (11) Institute civil actions for relief, including permanent or temporary injunctions, restraining orders, or any other appropriate action in the appropriate federal or state court whenever any operator or his agent violates or fails or refuses to comply with any lawful order, notice or decision issued by the director or his representative.
- 63 (12) Perform all other duties which are expressly 64 imposed upon him by the provisions of this chapter.
- 65 (13) Make all records of the department open for in-66 spection of interested persons and the public.

### §22-1-5. Same—Eligibility; salary.

1 The director of the department of mines shall be a

male citizen of West Virginia, shall be a competent person of good repute and temperate habits and shall have had 3 at least fifteen years' experience underground in coal 4 mines, at least ten of which shall have been underground 5 in mines in this state. He shall possess a practical knowl-6 edge of the different systems of working, ventilating and 7 draining of coal mines, and a practical and scientific 8 knowledge of all noxious and dangerous gases found in such mines. A diploma in mining engineering from the 10 West Virginia University school of mines or any similarly 11 accredited engineering school shall be counted as two 12 years' working experience. The director shall devote 13 14 all of his time to the duties of his office and shall not be directly or indirectly interested financially in any mine 15 16 in this state. The salary of the director of the department of mines shall be twenty-five thousand dollars per year 17 18 and traveling expenses, which shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, 19 properly certified by the director of the department of 20 mines. 21

### §22-1-6. Same—Oath and bond.

The director of the department of mines shall, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take the oath of office prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution, and shall execute a bond in the penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the governor, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties, a certificate of which oath and which bond shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

## §22-1-7. Mine inspectors; districts and divisions; employment; tenure; oath; bond.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, mine inspectors shall be selected, serve and be removed as in this article provided.

The director of the department of mines shall divide the state into not more than forty-five mining districts and not more than five mining divisions, so as to equalize, as far as practical, the work of each inspector. He may assign inspectors to districts, designate and assign not

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9 more than one inspector-at-large to each division and one 10 assistant inspector-at-large. He shall designate the places 11 of abode of inspectors at points convenient to the mines 12 of their respective districts, and, in the case of inspectors 13 and assistant inspectors-at-large, their respective divi-14 sions.

Except as in the next preceding paragraph provided, all mine inspectors appointed after the mine inspectors' examining board has certified to the director of the department of mines an adequate register of qualified eligible candidates in accordance with section eleven of this article, so long as such register contains the names of at least three qualified eligible candidates, shall be appointed from the names on such register. Each original appointment shall be made by the director of the department of mines for a probationary period of not more than one year.

26 The director of the department of mines shall make 27 each appointment from among the three qualified eligible candidates on the register having the highest grades: 28 29 Provided. That the director of the department of mines 30 may, for good cause, at least thirty days prior to making 31 an appointment, strike any name from the register. Upon 32 striking any name from the register, the director of the 33 department of mines shall immediately notify in writing each member of the mine inspectors' examining board of 34 his action, together with a detailed statement of the rea-35 sons therefor. Thereafter, the mine inspectors' examining 36 board, after hearing, if it finds that the action of the di-37 rector of the department of mines was arbitrary or un-38 reasonable, may order the name of any candidate so 39 stricken from the register to be reinstated thereon. Such 40 reinstatement shall be effective from the date of removal 41 from the register. 42

Any candidate passed over for appointment for three 44 years shall be automatically stricken from the register.

After having served for a probationary period of one year to the satisfaction of the director of the department of mines, a mine inspector shall have permanent tenure until he becomes sixty-five years of age, subject only to

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dismissal for cause in accordance with the provisions of 49 section eleven of this article. No mine inspector, while 50 in office, shall be directly or indirectly interested as 51 owner, lessor, operator, stockholder, superintendent or 52 engineer of any coal mine. Before entering upon the dis-53 charge of his duties as a mine inspector, he shall take 54 55 the oath of office prescribed by the constitution, and shall 56 execute a bond in the penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the director of the de-57 partment of mines, conditioned upon the faithful dis-58 charge of his duties, a certificate of which oath and bond 59 shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. 60

The district inspectors, inspectors-at-large and assistant inspectors-at-large, together with the director, shall make all inspections authorized by articles one and two of this chapter and shall perform such other duties as are imposed upon mine inspectors by articles one, two and six of this chapter.

### §22-1-8. Mine safety instructors; qualifications; employment; compensation; tenure; oath; bond.

1 The department shall employ eleven or more mine safety instructors. To be eligible for employment as a 3 mine safety instructor, the applicant shall be (1) a citizen 4 of West Virginia, in good health, not less than twentyfive nor more than sixty-five years of age, and of good 5 character, reputation and temperate habits, and (2) a person who has had at least five years' experience in first 7 aid and mine rescue work and who has had practical 8 experience with dangerous gases found in coal mines, 9 and who has a practical knowledge of mines, mining 10 methods, mine ventilation, sound safety practices, and 11 applicable mining laws. 12

In order to qualify for appointment as a mine safety instructor, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and oral examination, given by the mine inspectors' examining board. The examination shall relate to the duties to be performed by a safety instructor and may, subject to the approval of the mine inspectors' examining board, be prepared by the director of West Virginia department of mines.

21 If the board finds after investigation and examination 22 that the applicant (1) is eligible for appointment, and (2) 23 has passed all oral and written examinations with a grade of at least eighty percent, the board shall add such ap-24 plicant's name and grade to a register of qualified eligible 25 candidates and certify its action to the director of the 26 department of mines. The director may then appoint one of the candidates from the three having the highest 28 29 grades.

30 The salary for a mine safety instructor shall be not less 31 than ten thousand dollars per year, with graduations of two hundred forty dollars annually for a ten-year period 32 and shall be fixed by the director of the department of 33 mines, who shall take into consideration ability, per-34 formance of duty, and experience. Such instructor shall 36 devote all of his time to the duties of his office. No re-37 imbursement for traveling expenses shall be made except on an itemized accounting for such expenses submitted 38 by the instructor, who shall verify upon oath that such 39 expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his 40 41 official duties.

42 Except as expressly provided in this section to the 43 contrary, all provisions of this article relating to the 44 eligibility, qualification, appointment, tenure and removal 45 of mine inspectors shall be applicable to mine safety in-46 structors.

## §22-1-9. Mine inspectors may be appointed to fill vacancy in department; permanent tenure benefits not affected.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, if a va-
- 2 cancy occurs in any appointive position within the de-
- 3 partment of mines, any mine inspector having permanent
- 4 tenure, if qualified, may be appointed to such appointive
- 5 position without forfeiting any of the benefits which have
- 6 accrued to him because of his permanent tenure as a
- 7 mine inspector.

# §22-1-10. Employment of electrical inspectors; qualifications; salary and expenses; tenure; oath; bond.

- 1 The department shall employ five or more electrical
- 2 inspectors. To be eligible for employment as an electrical

3 inspector, the applicant shall be: (1) A citizen and 4 resident of West Virginia, in good health, not less than 5 twenty-five nor more than fifty-five years of age, and 6 of good character, reputation and of temperate habits; 7 and (2) a person who has had seven years' practical 8 electrical experience in coal mines, or a degree in electrical engineering from an accredited electrical engineering school and one year's practical experience in underground coal mining.

In order to qualify for appointment as a mine electrical inspector, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and oral examination given by the mine inspectors' examining board. The examination shall relate to the duties to be performed by an electrical inspector. If the board finds after investigation and examination that the applicant (1) is eligible for appointment and (2) has passed all oral and written examinations with a grade of at least ninety percent, the board shall add such applicant's name and grade to a register of qualified eligible candidates and certify its action to the director of the department of mines. The director may then appoint one of the candidates from the three having the highest grade. 

The salary of a mine electrical inspector shall be not less than fourteen thousand five hundred dollars per year, with graduations of two hundred forty dollars annually for a ten-year period, and shall be fixed by the director of the department of mines, who shall take into consideration ability, performance of duty, and experience. No reimbursement for traveling expenses shall be made except on an itemized accounting for such expense submitted by the electrical inspector, who shall verify upon oath that such expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his official duties.

Mine electrical inspectors, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, shall take and subscribe to the oath and shall execute a bond in the same penal sum, with surety approved by the director of the department of mines, all as is required by this article in the case of mine inspectors.

mining laws.

- Except as expressly provided in this section to the contrary, all provisions of this article relating to the eligibility, qualifications, appointment, tenure and removal of mine inspectors shall be applicable to mine
- 47 electrical inspectors.

### §22-1-11. Eligibility for appointment as mine inspector; qualifications; salary and expenses; removal.

- 1 No person shall be eligible for appointment as a 2 mine inspector unless, at the time of his probationary 3 appointment, he (1) is a citizen of West Virginia, in 4 good health, not less than thirty nor more than fifty-five years of age, and of good character, reputation and tem-5 perate habits; (2) has had at least ten years' practical 6 7 experience in coal mines, at least five years of which, 8 immediately preceding his original appointment, shall have been in mines in this state: Provided, That gradua-9 tion from any accredited college of mining engineering 10 11 shall be considered the equivalent of two years' practical 12 experience; (3) has had practical experience with danger-13 ous gases found in coal mines; and (4) has a good theoreti-14 cal and practical knowledge of mines, mining methods. mine ventilation, sound safety practices and applicable 15
- 17 (b) In order to qualify for appointment as a mine 18 inspector, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written 19 and oral examination by the mine inspectors' examining 20 board and furnish such evidence of good health, character and other facts establishing eligibility as the board may 21 22 require. If the board finds after investigation and examination that an applicant: (1) Is eligible for appointment 23 24 and (2) has passed all written and oral examinations, with a grade of at least eighty percent, the board shall add 25 such applicant's name and grade to the register of quali-26 fied eligible candidates and certify its action to the di-27 rector of the department of mines. No candidate's name 28 shall remain in the register for more than three years 29 30 without requalifying.
- 31 (c) Salaries of district inspectors shall not be less 32 than thirteen thousand six hundred dollars per year, with

graduations of two hundred forty dollars annually for a ten-year period; assistant inspector-at-large, not less than fifteen thousand dollars per year, with graduations of two hundred forty dollars annually for a ten-year period; inspectors-at-large, not less than sixteen thou-sand dollars per year, with graduations of two hundred forty dollars annually for a ten-year period, and they shall receive mileage at the rate of not less than ten cents for each mile actually traveled in the discharge of their official duties in a privately owned vehicle. Within the limits provided by law, the salary of each inspector shall be fixed by the director of the department of mines. subject to the approval of the mine inspectors' examining board. In fixing salaries of mine inspectors, the director of the department of mines shall consider ability, per-formance of duty and experience. No reimbursement for traveling expenses shall be made except upon an itemized account of such expenses submitted by the inspector, who shall verify upon oath, that such expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his official duties. 

- (d) Any mine inspector who has fulfilled the requirements of this section with respect to employment and who has served satisfactorily as a mine inspector for a minimum period of one year and who has terminated his employment as a mine inspector, upon successfully passing a physical examination, may be reinstated as a mine inspector within two years after terminating his employment with the approval of the examining board and the director of the department of mines.
- (e) A mine inspector, after having received a permanent appointment, shall be removed from office only for physical or mental impairment, incompetency, neglect of duty, drunkenness, malfeasance in office, or other good cause.

Proceedings for the removal of a mine inspector may be initiated by the director of the department of mines whenever he has reasonable cause to believe and does believe that adequate cause exists, warranting removal. Such a proceeding shall be initiated by a verified petition, filed with the board by the director of the department of mines, setting forth with particularity the facts alleged.

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Not less than twenty reputable citizens, who are opera-75 tors or employees in mines in the state, may petition the 76 director of the department of mines for the removal of a 77 mine inspector. If such petition is verified by at least one of the petitioners, based on actual knowledge of the 78 79 affiant and alleged facts, which, if true, warrant the re-80 moval of the inspector, the director of the department 81 of mines shall cause an investigation of the facts to be made. If, after such investigation, the director finds that 82 83 there is substantial evidence, which, if true, warrants 84 removal of the inspector, he shall file a petition with the 85 board requesting removal of the inspector.

On receipt of a petition by the director of the department of mines seeking removal of a mine inspector, the board shall promptly notify the inspector to appear before it at a time and place designated in said notice, which time shall be not less than fifteen days thereafter. There shall be attached to the copy of the notice served upon the inspector a copy of the petition filed with the board.

At the time and place designated in said notice, the board shall hear all evidence offered in support of the petition and on behalf of the inspector. Each witness shall be sworn, and a transcript shall be made of all evidence taken and proceedings had at any such hearing. No continuance shall be granted except for good cause shown. The chairman of the board and the director of the department of mines shall have power to administer oaths and subpoena witnesses.

Any mine inspector who shall wilfully refuse or fail to appear before the board, or having appeared, shall refuse to answer under oath any relevant question on the ground that his testimony or answer might incriminate him, or shall refuse to waive immunity from prosecution on account of any relevant matter about which he may be asked to testify at any such hearing before the board, shall forfeit his position.

110 If, after hearing, the board finds that the inspector 111 should be removed, it shall enter an order to that effect. 112 The decision of the board shall be final and shall not be 113 subject to judicial review.

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### §22-1-12. Mine inspectors' examining board.

1 There shall be a mine inspectors' examining board consisting of five members who, except for the public representative on such board, shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Members so appointed may be removed only for the same causes and in like manner as elective state officers. One of the members of the board shall be a representative 7 8 of the public, who shall be the director of the school of mines at West Virginia University. Two members of the 9 10 board shall be persons who by reason of previous train-11 ing and experience may reasonably be said to represent the viewpoint of coal mine operators and two members 12 13 shall be persons who by reason of previous training and 14 experience may reasonably be said to represent the view-15 point of coal mine workers.

The director of the department of mines shall be an ex officio member of the board and shall serve as secretary of the board, without additional compensation; but he shall have no right to vote with respect to any matter before the board.

The members of the board, except the public representative, shall be appointed for overlapping terms of eight years, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of two, four, six and eight years, respectively. Any member whose term expires may be reappointed by the governor.

Each member of the board shall receive fifty dollars per diem while actually engaged in the performance of the work of the board; and shall receive mileage at the rate of ten cents for each mile actually traveled going from the home of the member to the place of the meeting of the board and returning therefrom, which shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, properly certified by such members of the board.

36 The public member shall serve as chairman of the 37 board. Members of the board, before performing any 38 duty, shall take and subscribe to the oath required by

39 article four, section five of the constitution of West 40 Virginia.

The mine inspectors' examining board shall meet at such times and places as shall be designated by the chairman. It shall be the duty of the chairman to call a meeting of the board on the written request of three members or the director of the department of mines. Notice of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the secretary at least five days in advance of the meeting. Three members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. 9

In addition to other duties expressly set forth elsewhere in this article, the board shall:

- (1) Establish, and from time to time revise, forms of application for employment as mine inspectors and forms for written examinations to test the qualification of candidates for that position;
- (2) Adopt and promulgate reasonable rules and regulations relating to the examination, qualification and certification of candidates for appointment as mine inspectors, and hearings for removal of inspectors, required to be held by this article. All of such rules and regulations shall be printed and a copy thereof furnished by the secretary of the board to any person upon request;
- (3) Conduct, after public notice of the time and place thereof, examinations of candidates for appointment as mine inspector. By unanimous agreement of all members of the board, one or more members of the board or an employee of the department of mines may be designated to give a candidate the written portion of the examination;
- (4) Prepare and certify to the director of the department of mines a register of qualified eligible candidates for appointment as mine inspectors. The register shall list all qualified eligible candidates in the order of their grades, the candidate with the highest grade appearing at the top of the list. After each meeting of the board held to examine such candidates, and at least annually, the board shall prepare and submit to the director of the department of mines a revised and corrected register

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79 of qualified eligible candidates for appointment as mine inspector, deleting from such revised register all persons 80 (a) who are no longer residents of West Virginia, (b) 81 who have allowed a calendar year to expire without, 82 in writing, indicating their continued availability for 83 such appointment, (c) who have been passed over for 84 appointment for three years, (d) who have become in-85 86 eligible for appointment since the board originally certified that such person was qualified and eligible for ap-87 pointment as mine inspector, or (e) who, in the judg-88 ment of at least four members of the board, should be 89 removed from the register for good cause; 90

- (5) Cause the secretary of the board to keep and preserve the written examination papers, manuscripts, grading sheets, and other papers of all applicants for appointment as mine inspector for such period of time as may be established by the board. Specimens of the examinations given, together with the correct solution of each question, shall be preserved permanently by the secretary of the board;
- (6) Issue a letter or written notice of qualification to 99 each successful eligible candidate; 100
  - (7) Hear and determine proceedings for the removal of mine inspectors in accordance with the provisions of this article;
- (8) Hear and determine appeals of mine inspectors from suspension orders made by the director pursuant to the provisions of section four of this article: Provided, 106 That an aggrieved inspector, in order to appeal from 107 any order of suspension, shall file such appeal in writing with the mine inspectors' examining board not later than ten days after receipt of notice of suspension. On such appeal the board shall affirm the act of the director unless it be satisfied from a clear preponderance of the evidence that the director has acted arbitrarily:
- (9) Make an annual report to the governor and the director of the department of mines concerning the administration of mine inspection personnel in the state 116 service, making such recommendations as the board con-117 siders to be in the public interest. 118

# §22-1-13. Director and inspectors authorized to enter mines; duties of inspectors to examine mines; no advance notice; reports after fatal accidents.

The director of the department of mines shall have authority to visit, enter, and examine any mine, whether underground or on the surface, and may call for the assistance of any district mine inspector or inspectors whenever such assistance is necessary in the examination of any mine. The operator of every coal mine shall furnish the director of the department of mines or mine inspector proper facilities for entering such mine and making examination or obtaining information.

If miners at any mine or one of their authorized representatives have reason to believe that dangerous conditions are existing or that the law is not being complied with, they may request the director to have an immediate investigation made.

Mine inspectors shall devote their full time and un-15 divided attention to the performance of their duties, 16 and they shall examine all of the mines in their respec-17 tive districts at least four times annually, and as often, in 18 addition thereto, as the director of the department of 19 mines may direct, or the necessities of the case or the 20 condition of the mine or mines may require, with no 21 advance notice of inspection provided to any person, 22 and they shall make a personal examination of each 23 working face and all entrances to abandoned parts of 24 the mine where gas is known to liberate, for the purpose 25 of determining whether a danger, described in section 26 fourteen of this article, exists in any such mine, or whether 27 any provision of article two of this chapter is being vio-28 lated in any such mine. 29

The mine inspector shall visit the scene of each fatal accident occurring in any mine within his district and shall make an examination into the particular facts of such accident; make a report to the director of the department of mines, setting forth the results of such examination, including the condition of the mine and the cause or causes of such fatal accident, if known,

37 and all such reports shall be made available to the in-38 terested parties, upon written requests.

39 At the commencement of any inspection of a coal 40 mine by an authorized representative of the director, 41 the authorized representative of the miners at the mine 42 at the time of such inspection shall be given an oppor-43 tunity to accompany the authorized representative of the 44 director on such inspection.

### §22-1-14. Findings, orders and notices.

1 (a) If, upon any inspection of a coal mine, an authorized representative of the director finds that an imminent danger exists, such representative shall determine 4 the area throughout which such danger exists, and thereupon shall issue forthwith an order requiring the operator of the mine or his agent to cause immediately all persons, except those referred to in subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4), subsection (c) of this section, to be withdrawn from and to be prohibited from entering such area until an authorized representative of the director determines that such imminent danger no longer exists.

12 All employees on the inside and outside of a mine who 13 are idled as a result of the posting of a withdrawal order by a mine inspector shall be compensated by the operator 14 at their regular rates of pay for the period they are idled, 15 16 but not more than the balance of such shift. If such order 17 is not terminated prior to the next working shift, all such 18 employees on that shift who are idled by such order shall be entitled to full compensation by the operator at their 19 regular rates of pay for the period they are idled, but for 20 not more than four hours of such shift. 21

22 (b) If, upon any inspection of a coal mine, an authorized representative of the director finds that there 23 has been a violation of the law, but the violation has 24 not created an imminent danger, he shall issue a notice 25 to the operator or his agent, fixing a reasonable time for the abatement of the violation. If, upon the expira-27 tion of the period of time, as originally fixed or subse-28 quently extended, an authorized representative of the 29 director of the department of mines finds that the vio-30 lation has not been totally abated, and if he also finds 31

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- that the period of time should not be further extended, 32 he shall find the extent of the area affected by the vio-33 34 lation and shall promptly issue an order requiring the operator of such mine or his agent to cause immediately 35 36 all persons, except those referred to in subdivisions (1). 37 (2), (3) and (4), subsection (c) of this section, to be withdrawn from, and to be prohibited from entering such area 38 until an authorized representative of the director deter-39 mines that the violation has been abated. 40
  - (c) The following persons shall not be required to be withdrawn from or prohibited from entering any area of the coal mine subject to an order issued under this section:
- 45 (1) Any person whose presence in such area is 46 necessary, in the judgment of the operator or an autho-47 rized representative of the director, to eliminate the con-48 dition described in the order;
- 49 (2) any public official whose official duties require 50 him to enter such area;
- 51 (3) any representative of the miners in such mine who
  52 is, in the judgment of the operator or an authorized
  53 representative of the director, qualified to make coal
  54 mine examinations or who is accompanied by such a
  55 person and whose presence in such area is necessary
  56 for the investigation of the conditions described in the
  57 order; and
- 58 (4) any consultant to any of the foregoing.
  - (d) Notices and orders issued pursuant to this section shall contain a detailed description of the conditions or practices which cause and constitute an imminent danger or a violation of any mandatory health or safety standard and, where appropriate, a description of the area of the coal mine from which persons must be withdrawn and prohibited from entering.
  - (e) Each notice or order issued under this section shall be given promptly to the operator of the coal mine or his agent by an authorized representative of the director issuing such notice or order, and all such notices and orders shall be in writing and shall be signed by

- 71 such representative and posted on the bulletin board at 72 the mine.
- 73 (f) A notice or order issued pursuant to this section 74 may be modified or terminated by an authorized represen-75 tative of the director.
- 76 (g) Each finding, order, and notice made under this 77 section shall promptly be given to the operator of the 78 mine to which it pertains by the person making such 79 finding, order, or notice.

# §22-1-15. Powers and duties of electrical inspectors as to inspections, findings and orders; reports of electrical inspectors.

- 1 In order that the electrical inspector may properly per-
- 2 form the duties required of him, he shall devote his whole
- 3 time and attention to the duties of his office, and he shall
- 4 have the right to enter any coal mine for the purpose of
- 5 inspecting electrical equipment, and if he finds during his
- 6 inspection any defects in the electrical equipment which
- 7 are covered by law and may be detrimental to the lives
- 8 or health of the workmen, he shall have the authority
- 9 to order the operator, in writing, to remedy such defects 10 within a prescribed time, and to prohibit the continued
- 11 operation of such electrical equipment after such time,
- 12 unless such defects have been corrected.
- The electrical inspector shall examine each mine in his division at least once each year or as often as the director may deem necessary.
- 15 may deem necessary.
  16 It shall be the duty of the electrical inspector, after
- 17 completing his examination of a mine, to prepare a report 18 describing his findings in said mine in a manner and form
- 19 designated by the director. The original report shall be
- 20 forwarded to the operator or his representative whose
- 21 duty it shall be to post it in some conspicuous place open
- 22 to examination by any interested person or persons. The
- 23 report shall show the date of inspection, a list of equip-
- 24 ment, and any other information that the director may
- 25 deem necessary.

### §22-1-16. Review of orders and notices by the director.

1 (a) (1) An operator, issued an order pursuant to the 2 provisions of section fourteen of this artcle, or any rep-

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resentative of miners in any mine affected by such order or by any modification or termination of such order, may apply to the director for review of the order within thirty days of receipt thereof or within thirty days of its modification or termination. An operator, issued a notice pur-7 suant to subsection (b), section fourteen of this article, or 9 any representative of miners in any mine affected by such notice, may, if he believes that the period of time fixed in 10 such notice for the abatement of the violation is unreason-11 able, apply to the director for review of the notice within 12 thirty days of the receipt thereof. The applicant shall 13 send a copy of such application to the representative of miners in the affected mine, or the operator, as appro-15 priate. Upon receipt of such application, the director shall cause such investigation to be made as he deems appro-17 18 priate. Such investigation shall provide an opportunity for a public hearing, at the request of the operator or the 19 20 representative of miners in such mine, to enable the operator and the representative of miners in such mine 21 to present information relating to the issuance and con-22 tinuance of such order or the modification or termination 23 thereof or to the time fixed in such notice. The filing of 24 an application for review under this law shall not operate 25 as a stay of any order or notice. 26

- (2) The operator and the representative of the miners shall be given written notice of the time and place of the hearing at least five days prior to the hearing.
- (b) Upon receiving the report of such investigation, the director shall make findings of fact, and he shall issue a written decision, incorporating therein an order vacating, affirming, modifying, or terminating the order, or the modification or termination of such order, or the notice complained of and incorporate his findings therein.
- (c) In view of the urgent need for prompt decision of matters submitted to the director under this law, all actions which the director takes under this section shall be taken as promptly as practicable, consistent with adequate consideration of the issues involved.
- (d) Pending completion of the investigation required by this section, the applicant may file with the director a written request that the director grant temporary relief

- 44 from any modification or termination of any order.
- or from any order issued under section fourteen of this
- article, except an order issued under section fifteen of
- 47 this article, together with a detailed statement giving
- 48 reasons for granting such relief. The director may grant
- such relief, under such conditions as he may prescribe, if 49
- (1) A hearing has been held in which all parties were 50 given an opportunity to be heard; 51
- (2) the applicant shows that there is substantial like-52 lihood that the findings of the director will be favorable 53
- 54 to the applicant; and
- (3) such relief will not adversely affect the health and 55 56 safety of miners in the coal mine.
- 57 No temporary relief shall be granted in the case of a notice issued under section fourteen of this article. 58

### §22-1-17. Posting of notices, orders, and decisions; delivery to agent of operator; names and addresses to be filed by operators.

- (a) At each coal mine there shall be maintained an
- office with a conspicuous sign designating it as the office
- of the mine, and a bulletin board at such office or at 4
- some conspicuous place near an entrance of the mine, in 5
- such manner that notices, orders, and decisions required
- by this law or regulation to be posted on the mine bulletin board may be posted thereon, be easily visible to all
- 8 persons desiring to read them, and be protected against
- damage by weather and against unauthorized removal.
- A copy of any notice, order, or decision required by this 10
- law to be given to an operator shall be delivered to the 11
- office of the affected mine, and a copy shall be immedi-12
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- ately posted on the bulletin board of such mine by the 14 operator or his agent.
- 15 (b) The director shall cause a copy of any notice,
- order, or decision required by this law to be given to an 16
- operator to be mailed immediately to a representative of 17
- the miners. Such notice, order, or decision shall be avail-18
- able for public inspection. 19
- (c) In order to insure prompt compliance with any 20 notice, order, or decision issued under this law, the au-21

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22 thorized representative of the director may deliver such 23 notice, order, or decision to an agent of the operator and such agent shall immediately take appropriate measures 24 to insure compliance with such notice, order, or decision. 25

(d) Each operator of a coal mine shall file with the director the name and address of such mine and the name and address of the person who controls or operates the mine. Any revisions in such names or addresses shall be promptly filed with the director. Each operator of a coal mine shall designate a responsible official at such mine as the principal officer in charge of health and safety at such mine, and such official shall receive a copy of any notice, order, or decision issued under this law affecting such mine. In any case, where the coal mine is subject to the control of any person not directly involved in the daily operations of the coal mine, there shall be filed with the director the name and address of such person and the name and address of a principal official of such person who shall have overall responsibility for the conduct of an effective health and safety program at any coal mine subject to the control of such person and such official shall receive a copy of any notice, order, or decision issued affecting any such mine. The mere designation of a health and safety official under this subsection shall not be construed as making such official subject to any penalty under this law.

### §22-1-18. Judicial review.

(a) Any order or decision issued by the director under 1 this law, except an order or decision under section fourteen of this article shall be subject to judicial review by the circuit court of the county in which the mine affected is located or the circuit court of Kanawha county upon the filing in such court or with the judge thereof in vacation of a petition by any person aggrieved by the order or decision praying that the order or decision be modified or set aside in whole or in part, except that the court shall not consider such petition unless such person has 10 exhausted the administrative remedies available under 11 this law and files within thirty days from date of such 12 order or decision.

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- (b) The party making such appeal shall forthwith 14 send a copy of such petition for appeal, by registered 15 mail, to the other party. Upon receipt of such petition 16 for appeal, the director of the department of mines shall 17 promptly certify and file in such court a complete tran-18 script of the record upon which the order or decision 19 complained of was issued. The court shall hear such 20 21 petition on the record made before the director. The findings of the director, if supported by substantial evi-22 dence on the record considered as a whole, shall be con-23 clusive. The court may affirm, vacate, or modify any 24 order or decision or may remand the proceedings to the 25 director for such further action as it may direct. 26
  - In the case of a proceeding to review any order or decision issued by the director under this law, except an order or decision pertaining to an order issued under subsection (a), section fourteen of this article or an order or decision pertaining to a notice issued under subsection (b), section fourteen of this article, the court may, under such conditions as it may prescribe, grant such temporary relief as it deems appropriate pending final determination of the proceeding if
  - (A) All parties to the proceeding have been notified and given an opportunity to be heard on a request for temporary relief:
- 39 (B) The person requesting such relief shows that there is a substantial likelihood that he will prevail on the merits of the final determination of the proceeding; and
- 43 (C) Such relief will not adversely affect the health and safety of miners in the coal mine. 44
  - The judgment of the court shall be subject to review only by the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia upon a writ of certiorari filed in such court within sixty days from the entry of the order and decision of the circuit court upon such appeal from the director.
  - The commencement of a proceeding under this section shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the order or decision of the director.

53 (f) Subject to the direction and control of the attor-54 ney general, attorneys appointed for the director may 55 appear for and represent him in any proceeding instituted

56 under this section.

### §22-1-19. Injunctions.

1 The director may institute a civil action for relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or any other appropriate order in the circuit court of the county in which the mine is located or the circuit court of Kanawha county, whenever the operator or his agent (a) violates or fails or refuses to comply with any order or decision issued under this law, or (b) interferes with, hinders, or delays the director or his authorized representative in carrying out the provisions of this 9 law, or (c) refuses to admit such representatives to 10 the mine, or (d) refuses to permit the inspection of 11 the mine, or the investigation of an accident or occupa-12 tional disease occurring in, or connected with, such 13 mine, or (e) refuses to furnish any information or re-14 port requested by the director in furtherance of the 15 provisions of this law, or (f) refuses to permit access 16 to, and copying of, such records as the director deter-17 mines necessary in carrying out the provisions of this 18 19 law. Each court shall have jurisdiction to provide such relief as may be appropriate. Except as otherwise pro-20 vided herein, any relief granted by the court to enforce 21 an order under clause (a) of this section shall continue 22 in effect until the completion or final termination of all 23 proceedings for review of such order under this law, 24 unless, prior thereto, the circuit court granting such re-25 lief sets it aside or modifies it. In any action instituted 26 under this section to enforce an order or decision issued 27 by the director after a public hearing, the findings of 28 the director, if supported by substantial evidence on the 29 record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive. 30

### §22-1-20. Penalties.

1 (a) (1) Any operator of a coal mine in which a viola-2 tion occurs of a health or safety standard or who violates

any other provision of this law, shall be assessed a civil

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- penalty by the director under subdivision (3) of this subsection, which penalty shall be not more than three thousand dollars for each such violation. Each occurrence of a violation of a health or safety standard 7 may constitute a separate offense. In determining the 8 amount of the penalty, the director shall consider the 9 operator's history of previous violations, the appropriate-10 ness of such penalty to the size of the business of the 11 operator charged, the gravity of the violation, and the 12 demonstrated good faith of the operator charged in at-13 tempting to achieve rapid compliance after notification 14 of a violation. 15
- 16 (2) Any miner who wilfully violates any health 17 and safety standards shall be subject to a civil 18 penalty assessed by the director under subdivision (3) 19 of this subsection which penalty shall not be more 20 than two hundred fifty dollars for each occurrence of 21 such violation.
- 22 (3) A civil penalty shall be assessed by the director only after the person charged with a violation 23 under this law has been given an opportunity for a 24 public hearing and the director has determined, by 25 decision incorporating his findings of fact therein, 26 that a violation did occur, and the amount of the 27 penalty which is warranted, and incorporating, when 28 appropriate, an order therein requiring that the penalty 29 be paid. Any hearing under this section shall be of 30 31 record.
  - (4) If the person against whom a civil penalty is assessed fails to pay the penalty within the time prescribed in such order, the director shall file a petition for enforcement of such order in any appropriate circuit court. The petition shall designate the person against whom the order is sought to be enforced as the respondent. A copy of the petition shall forthwith be sent by registered or certified mail to the respondent and to the representative of the miners at the affected mine or the operator, as the case may be, and thereupon the director shall certify and file in such court the record upon which such order sought to be enforced was issued.

44 The court shall have jurisdiction to enter a judgment enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, or 45 setting aside in whole or in part the order and decision 46 47 of the director or it may remand the proceedings to the director for such further action as it may direct. 48 49 The court shall consider and determine de novo all rele-50 vant issues, except issues of fact which were or could have been litigated in review proceedings before a cir-51 cuit court under section eighteen of this article, and upon 52 53 the request of the respondent, such issues of fact which are in dispute shall be submitted to a jury. On the 54 basis of the jury's findings, the court shall determine 55 the amount of the penalty to be imposed. Subject to 56 57 the direction and control of the attorney general, attorneys appointed for the director may appear for and 58 59 represent him in any action to enforce an order assessing civil penalties under this subdivision. 60

- 61 (b) Any operator who wilfully violates a health or safety standard, or knowingly violates or fails or re-62 63 fuses to comply with any order issued under section 64 fourteen of this article, or any order incorporated in a final decision issued under this article, except an order 65 incorporated in a decision under subsection (a) of this 66 section or subsection (b), section twenty-one of this arti-67 cle, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 68 thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars 69 or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, 70 or both fined and imprisoned, except that if the con-71 viction is for a violation committed after the first convic-72 tion of such operator under this law, he shall be fined 73 not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned in 74 75 the penitentiary not more than three years, or both 76 fined and imprisoned.
- 77 (c) Whenever a corporate operator wilfully violates a 78 health or safety standard, or knowingly violates or fails or 79 refuses to comply with any order issued under this law or 80 any order incorporated in a final decision issued under 81 this law, except an order incorporated in a decision issued 82 under subsection (a) of this section or subsection (b), 83 section twenty-one of this article, any director, officer, or

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- 84 agent of such corporation who knowingly authorized, ordered, or carried out such violation, failure, or refusal 85 shall be subject to the same civil penalties, fines, and 86 imprisonment that may be imposed upon a person under 87 88 subsections (a) and (b) of this section.
- (d) Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, re-90 port, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to this law or any order or decision issued 92 under this law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 93 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five thou-94 sand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not more 95 than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.
- (e) Whoever knowingly distributes, sells, offers for 97 98 sale, introduces or delivers in commerce any equipment for use in a coal mine, including, but not limited to, 99 components and accessories of such equipment, which 100 is represented as complying with the provisions of this 101 102 law, or with any specification or regulation of the director applicable to such equipment, and which does not so 103 comply, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon con-104 viction thereof, shall be subject to the same fine and 105 imprisonment that may be imposed upon a person under 106 subsection (d) of this section. 107

# §22-1-21. Discrimination.

- (a) No person shall discharge or in any other way dis-2 criminate against or cause to be discharged or discrimi-3 nated against any miner or any authorized representative 4 of miners by reason of the fact that such miner or representative (1) has notified the director or his authorized representative of any alleged violation or danger, (2) has filed, instituted or caused to be filed or instituted any proceeding under this law, or (3) has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding resulting from the administration or enforcement of the provisions of this 10 11 law.
- (b) Any miner or a representative of miners who be-12 lieves that he has been discharged or otherwise discrimi-13 14 nated against, or any miner who has not been compen-

15 sated by an operator for lost time due to the posting of a withdrawal order, may, within thirty days after such violation occurs, apply to the appeals board for a review of 17 such alleged discharge, discrimination, or failure to com-18 pensate. A copy of the application shall be sent to such 19 20 person who shall be the respondent. Upon receipt of such 21 application, the appeals board shall cause such investi-22 gation to be made as it deems appropriate. Such investi-23 gation shall provide an opportunity for a public hearing at the request of any party to enable the parties to pre-24 sent information relating to such violation. The parties 25 shall be given written notice of the time and place of the 26 hearing at least five days prior to the hearing. Any such 27 hearing shall be of record. Upon receiving the report of 28 such investigation, the board shall make findings of fact. 29 If it finds that such violation did occur, it shall issue a 30 31 decision, incorporating an order therein, requiring the person committing such violation to take such affirmative 32 action to abate the violation as the board deems appropri-33 ate, including, but not limited to, the rehiring or rein-34 statement of the miner or representative of miners to his 35 36 former position with back pay, and also pay compensation for idle time as a result of a withdrawal order. If it 37 finds that there was no such violation, it shall issue an 38 order denying the application. Such order shall incorpo-39 rate the board's findings therein. 40

(c) Whenever an order is issued under this subsection, 41 at the request of the applicant, a sum equal to the aggre-42 gate amount of all costs and expenses including the at-43 torney's fees as determined by the board to have been 44 reasonably incurred by the applicant for, or in connection 45 with, the institution and prosecution of such proceedings, 46 shall be assessed against the person committing such vio-47 48 lation.

# §22-1-22. Records and reports.

In addition to such records as are specifically required by this law, every operator of a coal mine shall establish

3 and maintain such records, make such reports, and pro-

4 vide such information, as the director may reasonably

5 require from time to time to enable him to perform his

- 6 functions under this law. The director is authorized to
- 7 compile, analyze, and publish, either in summary or de-
- 8 tailed form, such reports or information so obtained.
- 9 Except to the extent otherwise specifically provided by
- 10 this law, all records, information, reports, findings, no-
- 11 tices, orders, or decisions required or issued pursuant to
- 12 or under this law may be published from time to time.
- 13 may be released to any interested person, and shall be
- 14 made available for public inspection.

# §22-1-23. Mine foreman examiner for mine foremen, assistant mine foremen and fire bosses; salary.

- 1 The director of the department of mines shall appoint
- 2 a mine foreman examiner to examine and certify mine
- 3 foremen, assistant mine foremen and mine examiners
- 4 or fire bosses. Such mine foremen examiners shall be
- paid a minimum salary of twelve thousand dollars per
- 6 year.

#### §22-1-24. Duties of the mine foreman examiner.

- 1 The duties of the mine foreman examiner shall be to:
- 2 (a) Prepare and conduct examinations of mine fore-
- 3 men, assistant mine foremen, and fire bosses;
- 4 (b) Prepare and certify to the director of the de-
- 5 partment of mines a register of all persons who success-
- 6 fully completed the examination with a passing grade
- 7 of eighty percent.

# §22-1-25. Place and time for examinations.

- 1 The director of the department of mines shall deter-
- 2 mine the location where the mine foreman examiner
- 3 shall meet for the purpose of holding examinations,
- 4 and at least two weeks' notice of the time and place
- 5 where the examinations are to be held shall be given.

# §22-1-26. Preparation of examinations; notice of intention to take examination; investigation of applicants.

- 1 The mine foreman examiner shall, with the approval
- 2 of the director, prepare, and from time to time, modify
- 3 examinations to be administered applicants for certifica-
- 4 tion as mine foreman and fire bosses.

- 5 All persons who desire to appear for examination
- 6 shall notify the mine foreman examiner of their inten-
- 7 tions to appear, if possible, not less than ten days prior
- 8 to the date set for the examination. The mine foreman
- 9 examiner shall inquire into the character and qualifica-
- 10 tions of the applicants who present themselves for
- 11 examination.

#### §22-1-27. Certificates of qualification heretofore granted.

- 1 Certificates of qualification of service heretofore
- 2 granted shall have equal value with certificates of quali-
- 3 fications granted under this law.

# §22-1-28. Mine foreman examiner to certify successful applicants to director.

- 1 The mine foreman examiner shall certify to the direc-
- 2 tor, on a form furnished by him, every person whose
- 3 examination shall disclose his fitness for the duties of
- 4 mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, and fire boss,
- 5 as above classified, and the director shall prepare cer-
- 6 tificates of qualification for the successful applicants and
- 7 send them to the mine foreman examiner for distribu-
- 8 tion.

# §22-1-29. Record of examinations.

- 1 The mine foreman examiner shall send to the direc-
- 2 tor the answers and all other papers of the applicants,
- 3 together with the tally sheets and a list of the ques-
- 4 tions and answers as prepared by the mine foreman
- 5 examiner which shall be filed in the department as
- 6 public documents.

# §22-1-30. Withdrawal of certification.

- 1 If a mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or fire
- boss is charged by a mine inspector that he has neglected
- 3 or failed to perform his prescribed duties in accordance
- 4 with the mining laws of the state, then such charge
- 5 of neglect of prescribed duties shall be filed with the
- 6 director of the department of mines.
- 7 Upon receipt of the charge, it shall be the duty of the
- 8 director to make a thorough investigation of the alle-
- 9 gations; and if he finds substantial evidence to sustain

- 10 the charge, he shall promptly notify the individual
- and shall file a petition with the board of appeals re-
- questing the withdrawal or suspension of his certificate. 12
- 13 On receipt of a petition from the director of the depart-
- 14 ment of mines seeking the withdrawal or suspension of a
- certificate, the board shall promptly notify the person 15
- so affected to appear before it at a time and place desig-
- nated in said notice, which time shall be not less than 17
- fifteen days thereafter. There shall be attached to such
- notice a copy of the petition filed with the board.
- 20 The board shall hear all evidence offered in support of
- the petition and on behalf of the person so charged at 21
- 22 the time and place designated in said notice. Each wit-
- 23 ness shall be sworn and a transcript shall be made of all
- evidence presented at any such hearing. No continuance 24
- shall be granted except for good cause shown. 25
- 26 The chairman of the board shall have the power to
- administer oaths and subpoena witnesses and require pro-27
- 28 duction of any books, papers, records or other docu-
- ments relevant or material to the inquiry.
- Any person so charged who shall refuse or fail to 30
- appear before the board shall forfeit his certificate for 31
- three years and such certificate cannot be renewed ex-32
- 33 cept upon the successful completion of the examination
- prescribed by law for mine foreman, assistant mine 34
- foreman and fire boss. 35
- If after the hearing the board finds by a preponder-36
- ance of the evidence that the certificate of the charged 37
- person should be suspended (time shall be fixed by the 38
- board not to exceed three years) or revoked for a period 39
- of three years, it shall enter an order to that effect.
- No renewal of the certificate shall be granted except
- as herein provided.

# §22-1-31. Board of appeals.

- There is hereby created a board of appeals, consisting 1
- 2 of three members. Two members of the board shall be
- appointed by the governor, one person who by reason of
- 4 previous training and experience may reasonably be said to represent the viewpoint of miners, and one person

- 6 who by reason of previous training and experience may
- 7 reasonably be said to represent the viewpoint of the
- 8 operators. The third person, who shall be chairman of
- 9 the board and who must not have had any connection at
- 10 any time with the coal industry or an organization repre-
- 11 senting miners, shall be selected by the two members
- 12 appointed by the governor. The term of office of members
- 13 of the board shall be five years.
- 14 The function and duties of the board shall be to hear
- 15 appeals, make determinations on questions of miners'
- 16 entitlements due to withdrawal orders and appeals from
- 17 discharge or discrimnation, and suspension of certification
- 18 certificates.
- 19 The chairman of the board shall have the power to
- 20 administer oaths and subpoena witnesses and require
- 21 production of any books, papers, records or other docu-
- 22 ments relevant or material to the appeal inquiry.
- 23 Each member of the board shall receive fifty dollars
- 24 per diem while actually engaged in the performance of
- 25 the work of the board and shall receive mileage at the rate
- 26 of ten cents for each mile actually traveled going from
- 27 home of the member to the place of the meeting of the
- 28 board and returning therefrom, which shall be paid out 29 of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state
- 30 auditor, properly certified by such members of the board.
- 31 Board members, before performing any duty, shall take
- 32 and subscribe to the oath required by article four, section
- 33 five of the constitution of West Virginia.

# §22-1-32. Mine rescue stations; equipment.

- 1 The director of the state department of mines is hereby
- 2 authorized to purchase, equip and operate for the use
- 3 of said department such mine rescue stations and equip-
- 4 ment as he may deem necessary.

# §22-1-33. Mine rescue crews.

- 1 The director of the state department of mines is hereby
- 2 authorized to have trained and employed at the rescue
- 3 stations, operated by the department within the state,
- 4 such rescue crews as he may deem necessary. Each
- 5 member of a rescue crew shall devote four hours each

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6 month for training purposes and shall be available at 7 all times to assist in rescue work at explosions and mine 8 fires. Regular members shall receive for such services 9 the sum of thirty-two dollars per month, and captains 10 shall receive thirty-five dollars per month, payable on

11 requisition approved by the director of the department 12 of mines. The director of the department of mines may

13 remove any member of a rescue crew at any time.

After the effective date of this article, it shall be the duty and responsibility of the department of mines to see that all rescue teams be properly trained by a qualified instructor of the department of mines or such persons who have a certificate of training from the United States bureau of mines.

20 To qualify for membership of a mine rescue crew, an 21 applicant shall (a) be not more than fifty years of age; 22 (b) pass a physical examination by a licensed physician at least annually; a record that such examination was taken together with pertinent data relating thereto shall be kept on file by the operator, and a copy shall be furnished to the director of the department of mines. All 27 rescue or recovery teams performing recovery work shall be under the jurisdiction of the department of mines 28 29 guided by the mine rescue apparatus and auxiliary 30 equipment manual.

When engaged in rescue work required by an explosion, fire or other emergency at a mine, all members of mine rescue teams assigned to rescue operations shall, during the period of their rescue work, be employees of the operator of the mine where the emergency exists, and shall be compensated by the operator at the rate established in the area for such work. In no case shall this rate be less than the prevailing wage rate in the industry for the most skilled class of inside mine labor. During the period of their emergency employment, members of mine rescue teams shall be protected by the workmen's compensation subscription of such emergency employer.

During recovery work and prior to entering any mine 45 at the start of each shift, all rescue or recovery teams

- 46 shall be properly informed of existing conditions and
- 47 work to be performed by the designated company official
- 48 in charge.
- 49 For every two teams performing rescue or recovery
- 50 work underground, one six-member team shall be sta-
- 51 tioned at the mine portal.
- 52 Two-way communication and lifeline or its equivalent
- 53 shall be provided inby the fresh air base to all rescue or
- 54 recovery teams, and no team member shall be permitted
- 55 to advance beyond such communication system.
- 56 Each rescue or recovery team performing work with
- 57 breathing apparatus shall be provided with a backup
- 58 team of equal strength, stationed at each fresh air base.
- 59 A rescue or recovery team shall immediately return
- 60 to the fresh air base when any team member's atmos-
- 61 pheric pressure depletes to sixty atmospheres.

#### §22-1-34. Mine rescue teams.

- 1 It shall be the duty of any mine operator employing
- 2 fifty or more employees to have available for mine rescue
- 3 work a trained mine rescue team, the members of which
- 4 shall work in the general area of the mine. In the event
- 5 of any fire, explosion or recovery operations in or about
- 6 any mine, the director of the department of mines is
- 7 hereby authorized to call and assign any rescue team for
- 8 the protection of employees and the preservation of prop-
- 9 erty. The director also may assign mine rescue and re-
- 10 covery work to inspectors, instructors, or other qualified
- 11 employees of the department of mines as he may deem
- 12 desirable.

# §22-1-35. Provisions of article severable.

- 1 The various provisions of this article shall be construed
- 2 as separable and severable, and should any of the provi-
- 3 sions, sentences, clauses, or parts thereof be construed or
- 4 held unconstitutional or for any reason be invalid, the re-
- 5 maining provisions of this article shall not be thereby
- 6 affected.

#### ARTICLE 2. COAL MINES.

#### MINE MAPS

§22-2-1. Supervision by professional engineer or licensed land surveyor; seal and certification; contents; extensions; reposi-

tory; availability; traversing; copies; archive; final survey and map; penalties.

#### **VENTILATION**

- §22-2-2. Plan of ventilation; approval by director of department of mines.
- Fans.
- **§22-2-3**. **§22-2-4**. Ventilation of mines in general.
- §22-2-5. Unused and abandoned parts of mine.

#### MOVEMENT OF EQUIPMENT

Movement of mining equipment. **§22-2-6.** 

#### MINE FOREMAN

- When mine foreman to be employed; qualifications; assistants. §22-2-7.
- Duties; ventilation; loose coal, slate or rocks; props; drainage §22-2-8. of water; man doors.
- §22-2-9. Slopes, incline planes and haulage roads.
- Signals on haulways; lights at mouth and bottom of shaft; §22-2-10. operation of cages.
- §22-2-11. Boreholes.
- §22-2-12. Instruction of employees; annual examination of persons using flame safety lamps; records of examination.
- §22-2-13. Daily inspection of working places; records.
- §22-2-14. Safety inspection; removal of gases.
- §22-2-15. Dangerous places.
- §22-2-16. Examinations of reports of fire bosses.
- §22-2-17. Ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers. §22-2-18. Duty of mine foreman to notify operator when unable to comply with law; duty of operator.
- §22-2-19. Death or resignation of mine foreman; successor.

#### FIRE BOSS

- §22-2-20. When fire boss to be employed; qualifications. §22-2-21. Preparation of danger signal by fire boss or certified person acting as such prior to examination; report; records open for inspection.
- §22-2-22. Fire bosses to have no superior officers.
- §22-2-23. Unlawful to enter mine until fire boss reports it safe; exceptions.
- §22-2-24. Authority of fire boss to perform other duties.

#### COAL DUST AND ROCK DUST

§22-2-25. Control of coal dust; rock dusting.

#### ROOF—FACE—RIBS

- §22-2-26. Roof control programs and plans.
- §22-2-27. Roof support; examination and testing; correction of dangerous condition; roof bolt recovery.
- §22-2-28. Canopies or cabs; electric face equipment.

#### Explosives and Blasting

- §22-2-29. Use of authorized explosives; storage or use of unauthorized explosives.
- Surface magazines for explosives. §22**-2-3**0.
- Transportation of explosives. §22-2-31.
- §22-2-32. Underground storage of explosives.
- §22-2-33. Preparation of shots; blasting practices.
- §22-2-34. Misfires of explosives.
- 822-2-35. Other blasting devices.

#### HOISTING

§22-2-36. Hoisting machinery; telephones; safety devices; hoisting engineers and drum runners.

#### Transportation

- §22-2-37. Haulage roads and equipment; shelter holes; prohibited practices; signals; inspection.
- §22-2-38. Transportation of men by cars; self-propelled equipment; belts.
- §22-2-39. Belt conveyor; installation; maintenance.

#### ELECTRICITY

- §22-2-40. General provisions.
- §22-2-41. Bonding track used as power conductor.
- §22-2-42. Telephone service or communication facilities.
- §22-2-43. Electric equipment in mines.
- §22-2-44. Hand-held electric drills and rotating tools; trailing cables. §22-2-45. Installation of lighting.
- §22-2-46. Welding and cutting.
- §22-2-47. Responsibility for care and maintenance of face equipment.
- §22-2-48. When respiratory equipment to be worn; control of dust.

#### SAFEGUARDS FOR MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

§22-2-49. Safeguards for mechanical equipment.

#### SURFACE STRUCTURES AND PRACTICES

- §22-2-50. Procurement of dust-tight electrical equipment; fireproof construction; dust control; repairs; welding; handrails and toeboards; protection of personnel on conveyors; back guards on ladders; walkways or safety devices around thickeners.
- §22-2-51. Housekeeping. §22-2-52. Storage of flammable liquids in lamphouse. §22-2-53. Smoking in and around surface structures.

#### MISCELLANEOUS SAFETY PROVISIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

- §22-2-54. Duties of persons subject to article; rules and regulations of operators.
- §22-2-55. Protective equipment and clothing.
- §22-2-56. Checking systems.
- §22-2-57. No act permitted endangering security of mine; search for intoxicants, matches, etc.
- §22-2-58. Fire protection. §22-2-59. First-aid equipment.

- \$22-2-60. Accessible outlets; safe roadways for emergencies. \$22-2-61. Coal storage bins; recovery tunnels; coal storage piles. \$22-2-62. Thermal coal dryers and plants. \$22-2-63. No mine to be opened or reopened without prior approval of director of department of mines; approval fee; extension of certificate of approval; certificates not transferable; section to be printed on certificates.

- \$22-2-64. Sealing; permanently closed or abandoned mines. \$22-2-65. Mining close to abandoned workings. \$22-2-66. Explosion or accident; notice; investigation by department of mines.
- Written report of accident. §22-2-67.
- §22-2-68. Preservation of evidence following accident or disaster. §22-2-69. Fire in and about mine; notification of director and district mine inspector.
- §22-2-70. Shafts and slopes.

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#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

- §22-2-71. Reopening old or abandoned mines. §22-2-72. Monthly report by operator of mine. §22-2-73. Examinations to determine compliance with permits. §22-2-74. Provisions of article severable.

#### MINE MAPS

- §22-2-1. Supervision by professional engineer or licensed land surveyor; seal and certification; contents; extensions; repository; availability; traversing; copies; archive; final survey and map; penalties.
  - The mapping of all coal mines shall be supervised by 1
  - 2 a competent engineer or land surveyor. The work of such
  - engineer or land surveyor shall be supervised by either
  - 4 a civil engineer or a mining engineer certified by the
  - 5 board of engineers, which exists by authority of section
  - 6 three, article thirteen, chapter thirty of this code, or a
  - 7 licensed land surveyor approved by the board of exam-
  - iners of land surveyors as provided by section three,
  - 9 article thirteen-a of said chapter thirty. To each map
  - 10 supervised by the engineer or land surveyor there shall
  - 11 be affixed thereto the seal of a certified or professional
  - 12 engineer or licensed land surveyor, which shall be identi-
  - 13 cal to the design authorized by the board of engineers,
  - 14 as provided in section nine, article thirteen of said chapter
  - thirty or board of examiners of land surveyors as pro-
- vided by section eleven, article thirteen-a of said chapter . 16
- 17 thirty. Every map certified shall have the professional
- 18 engineer's or land surveyor's signature and certificate, in
- addition to his seal, in the following form: 19
  - "I, the undersigned, hereby certify that this map is correct and shows all the information, to the best of my knowledge and belief, required by the laws of this State, and covers the period ending

(Either Civil or Mining Engineer or Land Surveyor)."

The operator of every underground coal mine shall make, or cause to be made, an accurate map of such mine, on a scale of not less than one hundred, and not more than five hundred feet to the inch. The map of such mine shall show:

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- 32 (1) Name and address of the mine;
- 33 (2) The scale and orientation of the map;
- 34 (3) The property or boundary lines of the mine;
- 35 (4) The shafts, slopes, drifts, tunnels, entries, rooms, 36 crosscuts and all other excavations and auger and strip 37 mined areas of the coalbed being mined;
- 38 (5) All drill holes that penetrate the coalbed being 39 mined;
- 40 (6) Dip of the coalbed;
- 41 (7) The outcrop of the coalbed within the bounds of 42 the property assigned to the mine;
- 43 (8) The elevations of tops and bottoms of shafts and 44 slopes, and the floor at the entrance to drift and tunnel 45 openings;
- 46 (9) The elevation of the floor at intervals of not more 47 than two hundred feet in:
- 48 (a) At least one entry of each working section, and 49 main and cross entries;
- 50 (b) The last line of open crosscuts of each working 51 section, and main and cross entries before such sections 52 and main and cross entries are abandoned; and
- 53 (c) Rooms advancing toward or adjacent to property 54 or boundary lines or adjacent mines;
  - (10) Contour lines passing through whole number elevations of the coalbed being mined, the spacing of such lines not to exceed ten-foot elevation levels, except that a broader spacing of contour lines may be approved for steeply-pitching coalbeds by the person authorized so to do under the federal act; and contour lines may be placed on overlays or tracings attached to mine maps;
- 62 (11) As far as practicable the outline of existing and 63 extracted pillars;
- 64 (12) Entries and air courses with the direction of air-65 flow indicated by arrows;
- 66 (13) The location of all surface mine ventilation fans, 67 which location may be designated on the mine map by 68 symbols;
- 69 (14) Escapeways;

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- 70 (15) The known underground workings in the same 71 coalbed on the adjoining properties within one thousand 72 feet of such mine workings and projections;
- 73 (16) The location of any body of water dammed in 74 the mine or held back in any portion of the mine, but 75 such bodies of water may be shown on overlays or trac-76 ings attached to the mine maps used to show contour 77 lines, as provided under subdivision ten of this section;
- 78 (17) The elevation of any body of water dammed in 79 the mine or held back in any portion of the mine;
  - (18) The abandoned portion or portions of the mine;
- 81 (19) The location and description of at least two 82 permanent base line points coordinated with the under-83 ground and surface mine traverses, and the location and 84 description of at least two permanent elevation bench 85 marks used in connection with establishing or referencing 86 mine elevation surveys;
- 87 (20) Mines above or below;
- 88 (21) Water pools above;
- 89 (22) The location of the principal streams and bodies 90 of water on the surface;
- 91 (23) Either producing or abandoned oil and gas wells 92 located within five hundred feet of such mine and any 93 underground area of such mine;
- 94 (24) The location of all high pressure pipelines, high 95 voltage power lines and principal roads;
- 96 (25) The location of railroad tracks and public high-97 ways leading to the mine, and mine buildings of a perma-98 nent nature with identifying names shown;
  - (26) Where the overburden is less than one hundred feet, occupied dwellings; and
- 101 (27) Such other information as may be required under 102 the federal act or by the department of mines.

The operator of every underground coal mine shall extend, or cause to be extended, on or before the first day of March and on or before the first day of September of each year, such mine map thereof to accurately show the progress of the workings as of the first day of July and the first day of January of each year. Such map shall

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- 109 be kept up to date by temporary notations, which shall 110 include:
- 111 (1) The location of each working face of each working 112 place;
- 113 (2) Pillars mined or other such second mining;
- 114 (3) Permanent ventilation controls constructed or re-115 moved, such as seals, overcasts, undercasts, regulators 116 and permanent stoppings, and the direction of air cur-117 rents indicated; and
  - (4) Escapeways designated by means of symbols.

Such map shall be revised and supplemented at intervals prescribed under the federal act on the basis of a survey made or certified by such engineer or surveyor, and shall be kept by the operator in a fireproof repository located in an area on the surface chosen by the operator to minimize the danger of destruction by fire or other hazard.

126 Such map and any revision and supplement thereof 127 shall be available for inspection by a federal mine in-128 spector, by mine health and safety instructors, by miners 129 in the mine and their representatives and by operators 130 of adjacent coal mines and by persons owning, leasing or 131 residing on surface areas of such mines or areas adjacent 132 to such mines, and a copy of such map and any revision and supplement thereof shall be promptly filed with the 133 134 department of mines. The operator shall also furnish to 135 persons expressly entitled thereto under the federal act, upon request, one or more copies of such maps and any 136 137 revision and supplement thereof. Such map or revision 138 and supplement thereof shall be kept confidential and its contents shall not be divulged to any other person, 139 140 except to the extent necessary to carry out the provisions of the federal act and this chapter and in connection with 141 the functions and responsibilities of the secretary of 142 143 housing and urban development.

Surveying calculations and mapping of underground coal mines which were or are opened or reopened after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, shall be done by the rectangular coordinate traversing method and meridians carried through and tied between at least

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149 two parallel entries of each development panel and panels 150 or workings adjacent to mine boundaries or abandoned 151 workings. These surveys shall originate from at least 152 three permanent survey monuments on the surface of 153 the mine property. The monuments shall be clearly 154 referenced and described in the operator's records. Eleva-155 tions shall be tied to either the United States geological 156 survey or the United States coast and geodetic survey 157 bench mark system, be clearly referenced and described 158 on such map.

Underground coal mines operating on July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, and not using the rectangular coordinate traversing method shall, within two years of such date, convert to this procedure for surveying calculations and mapping. Meridians shall be carried through and tied between at least two parallel entries of each development panel and panels or workings adjacent to mine boundaries or abandoned workings. These surveys shall originate from at least three permanent survey monuments on the surface of the mine prop-168 erty. The monuments shall be clearly referenced and 170 described in the coal mine operator's records. Elevations shall be tied to either the United States geological survey or the United States coast and geodetic survey bench 172 mark system, be clearly referenced and described on such 173 174 map.

The operator of such underground coal mine shall, by reasonable proof, demonstrate to the director of the department of mines or to any federal mine inspector concerned, at any time, that a diligent search was made for all existing and available maps and survey data for the workings on the adjoining properties. The operator shall further be able to show proof to the director of the department of mines or to any federal mine inspector concerned, that a suitable method was used to insure accuracy in the methods used in transposing other workings to the map of such mine.

There shall be an archive of underground coal mine maps maintained at the office of the director of the department of mines. The archive shall:

- 189 (1) Be secured in a fireproof and burglarproof vault;
- 190 (2) Have an appropriate map identification system; 191 and
- 192 (3) Have adequate map microfilming facilities.
- 193 Whenever an operator permanently closes or abandons an underground coal mine, or temporarily closes an un-194 195 derground coal mine for a period of more than ninety 196 days, he shall promptly notify the department of mines 197 and the federal mine inspector of the district in which 198 such mine is located of such closure. Within sixty days 199 of the permanent closure or abandonment of an under-200 ground coal mine, or, when an underground coal mine is temporarily closed, upon the expiration of a period of 201 202 ninety days from the date of closure, the operator shall 203 file with the department of mines and such federal mine inspector a copy of the mine map revised and supple-204 205 mented to the date of the closure. Such copy of the mine 206 map shall be certified by a certified or professional engi-207 neer or licensed surveyor as aforesaid and shall be avail-208 able for public inspection.
- Any person having a map or surveying data of any worked out or abandoned underground coal mine shall make such map or data available to the department of mines to copy or reproduce such material.
- Any person who fails or refuses to discharge any duty 214 imposed upon him by this section shall be guilty of a 215 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 216 not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one 217 thousand dollars.

#### **VENTILATION**

# §22-2-2. Plan of ventilation; approval by director of department of mines.

- ment of mines.

  Every operator of a coal mine, before making any new
- 2 or additional openings, shall submit to the director of the
- 3 department of mines, for his information and approval, a
- 4 general plan showing the proposed system of ventilation
- 5 and ventilating equipment of the openings, with their
- 6 location and relative positions to adjacent developments;
- 7 no such new or additional openings shall be made until
- 8 approved by the director of the department of mines.

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- The director of the department of mines shall promptly
- approve any such plans submitted, if the proposed system 10
- of ventilation and ventilating equipment meet the require-11
- 12 ments of this article.

#### §22-2-3. Fans.

- (a) The ventilation of mines, the systems for which 1 extend for more than two hundred feet underground and which are opened after the effective date of this article. shall be produced by a mechanically operated fan or mechanically operated fans. Ventilation by means of a furnace is prohibited in any mine. The fan or fans shall be kept in continuous operation, unless written 7 permission to do otherwise be granted by the director 8 of the department of mines. In case of interruption 9 to a ventilating fan or its machinery whereby the 10 ventilation of the mine is interrupted, immediate 11 action shall be taken by the mine operator or his 12 management personnel, in all mines, to cut off the 13 power and withdraw the men from the face regions 14 or other areas of the mine affected. If ventilation 15 is restored in fifteen minutes, the face regions and 16 other places in the affected areas where gas (methane) 17 is likely to accumulate, shall be reexamined by a cer-18 tified person; and if found free of explosive gas, 19 power may be restored and work resumed. If ven-20 tilation is not restored in fifteen minutes, all under-21 ground employees shall be removed from the mine, 22 all power shall be cut off in a timely manner, and 23 the underground employees shall not return until 24 ventilation is restored and the mine examined by cer-25 tified persons, mine examiners, or other persons hold-26 ing a certificate to make preshift examination. 27
- (b) All main fans installed after the effective date of this article shall be located on the surface in fireproof housings offset not less than fifteen feet from the nearest side of the mine opening, equipped with fireproof air ducts, provided with explosion doors or a weak wall, and operated from an independent power circuit. In lieu of the requirements for the location of fans and pressurerelief facilities, a fan may be directly in front of, or over 35

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a mine opening: Provided, That such opening is not in 36 direct line with possible forces coming out of the mine if an explosion occurs: Provided, however, That there is 38 another opening having a weak-wall stopping or ex-39 plosion doors that would be in direct line with forces 40 41 coming out of the mine. All main fans shall be provided with pressure-recording gauges or water gauges. A daily 42 43 inspection shall be made of all main fans and machinery 44 connected therewith by a certified electrician and a rec-45 ord kept of the same in a book prescribed for this purpose or by adequate facilities provided to permanently 46 record the performance of the main fans and to give warn-47 ing of an interruption to a fan. 48

- (c) Auxiliary fans and tubing shall be permitted to be used in lieu of or in conjunction with line brattice to 50 51 provide adequate ventilation to the working faces: 52 Provided, That auxiliary fans be so located and operated to avoid recirculation of air at any time. Auxiliary 53 fans shall be approved and maintained as permissible. 54
- (d) If the auxiliary fan is stopped or fails, the elec-56 trical equipment in the place shall be stopped and the power disconnected at the power source until ventilation in the working place is restored. During such stoppage, the ventilation shall be by means of the primary air current conducted into the place in a manner to prevent accumulation of methane.
  - (e) In places where auxiliary fans and tubing are used, the ventilation between shifts, weekends, and idle shifts shall be provided to face areas with line brattice or the equivalent to prevent accumulation of methane.
  - (f) If the air passing through the auxiliary fan or tubing contains gas in excess of one percent, the current shall at once be switched off and the trailing cable shall forthwith be disconnected from the power supply until the place is pronounced safe.
- The director may require that when continuous mine equipment is being used, all face ventilating systems using auxiliary fans and tubing shall be provided with machine-mounted diffuser fans, and such fans shall 75 be continuously operated during mining operations.

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76 (h) In the event of a fire or explosion in any coal mine. 77 the ventilating fan or fans shall not intentionally be started, stopped, speed increased or decreased or the di-78 rection of the air current changed without the approval 79 of the general mine foreman, and, if he is not immediately 80 available, a representative of the state department of 81 82 mines. A duly authorized representative of the employees 83 should be consulted if practical under the circumstances.

#### §22-2-4. Ventilation of mines in general.

- (a) The operator or mine foreman of every coal mine, 1 whether worked by shaft, slope, or drift, shall provide and hereafter maintain for every such mine adequate 4 ventilation. In all mines the quantity of air passing through the last open crosscut between the intake and 5 return in any pair or set of entries shall be not less than nine thousand cubic feet of air per minute and as much 7 more as is necessary to dilute and render harmless and 9 carry away flammable and harmful gases. All working faces in a working section between the intake and return airway entries shall be ventilated with a minimum 11 quantity of three thousand cubic feet of air per minute 12 and as much more as is necessary to dilute and render 13 harmless and carry away flammable and harmful gases. 14 The quantity of air reaching the last crosscut in pillar 15 sections may be less than nine thousand cubic feet of air 16 per minute if at least nine thousand cubic feet of air 17 per minute is being delivered to the intake of the pillar 18 line. The air current shall under any conditions have 19 a sufficient volume and velocity to reduce and carry away 20 smoke from blasting and any flammable or harmful 21 gases. All active underground working places in a mine 22 23 shall be ventilated by a current of air containing not less than nineteen and five-tenths percent of oxygen, not more 24 than five-tenths percent of carbon dioxide, and no harm-25 ful quantities of other noxious or poisonous gases. 26
  - (b) Airflow shall be maintained in all intake and return air courses of a mine, and where multiple fans are used, neutral areas created by pressure equalization between main fans shall not be permitted. Production activities in working faces shall cease while tubing, line

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- brattice, or other ventilation devices are being installed inby the machine operator. 33
- 34 (c) Properly installed and adequately maintained line brattice or other approved devices shall be continuously 35 used from the last open crosscut of an entry or room 36 of each working section to provide adequate ventilation 37 to the working faces for the miners and to remove flam-38 mable, explosive, and noxious gases, dust, and explosive fumes. When damaged by falls or otherwise, such line brattice or other devices shall be repaired imme-41 diately.
  - (d) Brattice cloth used underground shall be of flameresistant material. The space between the line brattice or other approved device and the rib shall be large enough to permit the flow of a sufficient volume and velocity of air to keep the working face clear of flammable, explosive, and noxious gases, dust and explosive fumes.
  - (e) Each working unit newly developed in virgin coal hereafter, shall be ventilated by a separate split of air: Provided, That areas already under development and in areas where physical conditions prevent compliance with this provision, the director of the department of mines may grant temporary relief from compliance until such time as physical conditions make compliance possible. The quantity of air reaching the last crosscut shall not be less than nine thousand cubic feet of air per minute and shall under any condition have sufficient volume and velocity to reduce and carry away smoke and flammable or harmful gases from each working face in the section.
  - (f) As working places advance, crosscuts for air shall be made not more than eighty feet apart. Where necessary to render harmless and carry away noxious or flammable gases, line brattice or other approved methods of ventilation shall be used so as to properly ventilate the face. All crosscuts between the main intake and return airways not required for passage of air and equipment shall be closed with stoppings substantially built with incombustible or fire-resistive material

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- 72 so as to keep working places well ventilated. In mines where it becomes necessary to provide larger pillars for 73 adequate roof support, working places shall not be driven 74 more than two hundred feet without providing a con-75 76 nection that will allow the free flow of air currents. In 77 such cases, a minimum of twelve thousand cubic feet of air a minute shall be delivered to the last open 78 79 crosscut and as much more as is necessary to dilute and render harmless and carry away flammable and noxious 81 gases.
  - (g) In special instances for the construction of sidetracks, haulageways, airways, or openings in shaft bottom or slope bottom layouts where the size and strength of pillars is important, the director of the department of mines may issue a permit approving greater distances. The permit shall specify the conditions under which such places may be driven.
  - (h) In all mines a system of bleeder openings or air 90 courses designed to provide positive movement of air 91 through and/or around abandoned or caved areas, sufficient to prevent dangerous accumulation of gas in 92 such areas and to minimize the effect of variations in atmospheric pressure shall be made a part of pillar recovery plans projected after the effective date of this article.
    - (i) If a bleeder return is closed as a result of roof falls or water during pillar recovery operations, pillar operations may continue without reopening the bleeder return if at least twenty thousand cubic feet of air per minute is delivered to the intake of the pillar line.
- No operator or mine foreman shall permit any person to work where he is unable to maintain the quan-103 tity and quality of the air current as heretofore required: 104 Provided. That such provisions shall not prohibit the employment of men to make place of employment safe.
- (k) The ventilation of any mine shall be so arranged by means of airlocks, overcasts, or undercasts, that the use of doors on passageways where men or equipment 109 travel may be kept to a minimum. Where doors are used 110 in a mine they shall be erected in pairs so as to pro-111

- 112 vide a ventilated airlock unless the doors are operated 113 mechanically.
- 114 (1) A crosscut shall be provided at or near the face 115 of each entry or room before such places are abandoned.
- 116 (m) Overcasts or undercasts shall be constructed of 117 incombustible material and maintained in good condition.

#### §22-2-5. Unused and abandoned parts of mine.

- 1 (a) In any mine, all workings which are abandoned 2 after the effective date of this article shall be sealed or
- 3 ventilated. If such workings are sealed, the sealing shall
- 4 be done with incombustible material in a manner pre-
- 5 scribed by the director of the department of mines, and
- 6 one or more of the seals of every sealed area shall be
- 7 fitted with a pipe and cap or valve to permit the sampling
- 8 of gases and measuring of hydrostatic pressure behind
- 9 the seals. For the purpose of this section, working within
- 10 a panel shall not be deemed to be abandoned until such
- 11 panel is abandoned.
- 12 (b) Air that has passed through an abandoned area
- 13 or an area which is inaccessible or unsafe for inspection
- 14 or air that has been used to ventilate seals shall not
- 15 be used to ventilate any working place in any mine.
- 16 No air which has been used to ventilate an area from
- 17 which the pillars have been removed shall be used to
- 18 ventilate any working place in a mine, except that such
- 19 air, if it does not contain 0.25 volume percent or more 20 of methane, may be used to ventilate enough advancing
- 21 working places immediately adjacent to the line of
- 22 retreat to maintain an orderly sequence of pillar re-
- 23 covery on a set of entries. Before sealed areas, temporary
- 24 or permanent are reopened, the director of the department
- 25 of mines shall be notified.

# MOVEMENT OF EQUIPMENT

## §22-2-6. Movement of mining equipment.

- 1 Mining equipment being transported or trammed un-
- 2 derground, other than ordinary sectional movements,
- 3 shall be transported or trammed by qualified personnel

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- 4 under the supervision of a certified foreman. When equip-
- 5 ment is being transported or trammed, no person shall
- 6 be permitted to be inby the equipment in the ventilating
- 7 split that is passing over such equipment. To avoid acci-
- 8 dental contact with power lines, face equipment shall
- 9 be insulated and assemblies removed, if necessary, so as
- 10 to provide clearance.

#### MINE FOREMAN

## §22-2-7. When mine foreman to be employed; qualifications; assistants.

1 In every coal mine where five or more persons are em-2 ployed in a period of twenty-four hours, the operators 3 shall employ a mine foreman who shall be a competent 4 and practical person, holding a certificate of competency 5 for such position issued to him by the department of 6 mines after an examination by such department. In order 7 to receive a certificate of competency to qualify as mine foreman, he shall at the time he takes the examination. 9 be a citizen, resident or employed in a mine in this state, 10 of good moral character and temperate habits, having had 11 at least three years' experience in the underground work-12 ing, ventilation and drainage of coal mines, or be a grad-13 uate of the school of mines of West Virginia University 14 or of another accredited mining engineering school and 15 have had one year's practical experience in coal mines: 16 Provided, however, That in order to serve as a mine foreman he shall have had at least five years' practical ex-17 perience, and if such service be at a gassy mine then at 18 19 least two years of such experience shall have been in a 20 gassy mine: Provided further, That any person holding a mine foreman's certificate issued by any other state may 21 act in the capacity of mine foreman in any mine in this 22 state until the next regular mine foreman's examination 23 24 held by the department, but not to exceed a maximum of

ninety days. In mines in which the operations are so extensive that all the duties devolving upon the mine foreman cannot 27 be discharged by one man, competent persons having had 28 at least three years' experience in coal mines may be designated as assistants, who shall act under the mine 30

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- 31 foreman's instructions and the mine foreman shall be
- 32 responsible for their conduct in the discharge of their
- 33 duties under such designation.

# §22-2-8. Duties; ventilation; loose coal, slate or rocks; props; drainage of water; man doors.

- 1 (a) The duties of the mine foreman shall be to keep a 2 careful watch over the ventilating apparatus, the airways, 3 traveling ways, pumps and drainage. He shall see that, as 4 the miners advance their excavations, proper breakthroughs are made so as to ventilate properly the mine; that all loose coal, slate and rock overhead in the working places and along the haulways are removed or carefully secured so as to prevent danger to persons employed in such mines, and that sufficient suitable props, caps, tim-9 bers, roof bolts, or other approved methods of roof sup-10 ports are furnished for the places where they are to be 11 used and delivered at suitable points. The mine foreman 12 shall have all water drained or hauled out of the working 13 places where practicable, before the miners enter, and 14 such working places shall be kept dry as far as practicable 15 while the miners are at work. It shall be the duty of the 16 mine foreman to see that proper crosscuts are made, and 17 that the ventilation is conducted by means of such cross-18 cuts through the rooms by means of checks or doors placed 19 on the entries or other suitable places, and he shall not 20 permit any room to be opened in advance of the ventila-21 tion current. The mine foreman or other certified persons 22 designated by him, shall measure the air current with an 23 anemometer or other approved device at least weekly at 24 the inlet and outlet at or near the faces of the advanced 25 headings, and shall keep a record of such measurements 26 in a book or upon a form prescribed by the director of the 27 department of mines. Signs directing the way to outlets 28 or escapeways shall be conspicuously placed throughout 29 the mine. 30
  - (b) After the effective date of this article, hinged man doors, at least thirty inches square or the height of the coal seam, shall be installed between the intake and the return at intervals of three hundred feet when the height of the coal is below forty-eight inches and at intervals

- of five hundred feet when the height of the coal is above 36 37 forty-eight inches.
- §22-2-9. Slopes, incline planes and haulage roads.
  - The mine foreman shall require that all slopes, incline
  - planes and haulage roads used by any person in the mine
  - shall conform to the provisions of this article.

## §22-2-10. Signals on haulways; lights at mouth and bottom of shaft; operation of cages.

- On all haulways, where hauling is done by machinery 1
- of any kind, the mine foreman shall provide for a proper
- system of signals, and a conspicuous light or approved trip 3
- reflector on the rear of every trip or train of cars when
- in motion in a mine. When hoisting or lowering of men 5
- occurs in the morning before daylight, or in the evening 6
- after darkness, at any mine operated by shaft, the mine 7
- foreman shall provide and maintain at the shaft mouth a
- light of stationary character, sufficient to show the land-9
- ing and all surrounding objects distinctly, and sufficient 10
- light of a stationary character shall be located at the 11
- bottom of the shaft so that persons coming to the bottom 12
- may clearly discern the cages and other objects contigu-13
- ous thereto. The mine foreman shall require that no cages 14
- on which men are riding shall be lifted or lowered at a 15
- rate of speed greater than one thousand feet per minute 16
- and that no mine cars, either empty or loaded, shall be 17
- hoisted while men are being lowered, and no cage having 18
- an unstable self-dump platform shall be used for the 19 carrying of workmen unless the same is provided with
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- some device by which it may be securely locked when 21 men are being hoisted or lowered into the mine. Provided,
- 22 however. That during the initial development of a mine, 23
- and only until the shafts are joined, men shall be per-24
- mitted to ride cages with one empty car which has been
- 25
- bolted or strapped to the cage.

# §22-2-11. Boreholes.

- It shall further be the duty of the mine foreman to 1
- have boreholes kept not less than twenty feet in advance
- of the face, one each twenty feet on sides of the working

- 4 places that are being driven toward and in dangerous
- 5 proximity to an abandoned mine or part of a mine which
- 6 may contain inflammable gases or which is filled with
- 7 water. These holes shall be drilled whenever any work-
- 8 ing place in an underground mine approaches within fifty
- 9 feet of abandoned workings in such mine, as shown by
- 10 surveys made and certified by a competent engineer or
- 11 surveyor, or within two hundred feet of any abandoned
- 12 workings of such mine which cannot be inspected.

# §22-2-12. Instruction of employees; annual examination of persons using flame safety lamps; records of examination.

1 The department of mines shall prescribe and establish

2 a course of instruction in mine safety and particularly in

3 dangers incident to such employment in mines and in

4 mining laws and rules, which course of instruction shall

5 be successfully completed within twelve weeks after any

6 person shall be first employed as a miner. It shall further

7 be the duty and responsibility of the department of

B mines to see that such course shall be given to all per-

9 sons as above provided after their first being employed

10 in any mine in this state.

the danger incident to his work.

11 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman or the assistant 12 mine foreman of every coal mine in this state to see that 13 every person employed to work in such mine shall, before beginning work therein, be instructed in the particular 14 danger incident to his work in such mine, and be fur-15 nished a copy of the mining laws and rules of such mine. 16 Every inexperienced person so employed shall work 17 under the direction of the mine foreman, his assistant, or 18 such other experienced worker as may be designated by 19 the mine foreman or assistant, until he is familiar with 20

Persons whose duties require them to use a flame safety lamp or other approved methane detectors shall be examined at least annually as to their competence by a qualified official from the West Virginia department of mines and a record of such examination shall be kept by the operator and the department of mines.

#### §22-2-13. Daily inspection of working places: records.

- The mine foreman or his assistants shall visit and care-
- 2 fully examine each working place in the mine at least
- once every two hours each shift while the miners of
- such places are at work, and shall direct that each work-
- ing place shall be secured by props, timbers, roof bolts,
- or other approved methods of roof support or both where
- 7 necessary to the end that the working places shall be
- made safe. Should the mine foreman or his assistants
- 9 find a place to be in a dangerous condition, they shall not
- leave the place until it is made safe, or shall remove the 10
- persons working therein until the place is made safe by 11
- some competent person designated for that purpose. 12
- He shall place his initials, time and the date at or near 13
- each place he examines. He shall also record any danger-14
- ous conditions and practices found during his examination 15
- in a book provided for that purpose.

## §22-2-14. Safety inspection; removal of gases.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman, or other
- certified person designated by him, to examine all work-
- ing places under his supervision for hazards at least once
- every two hours during each coal-producing shift, or
- oftener if necessary for safety. In all mines such examina-
- tions shall include tests with a permissible flame safety
- 7 lamp or other approved detector for methane and oxygen
- deficiency. It shall also be his duty to remove as soon as 8
- possible after its discovery any accumulations of explo-9
- sive or noxious gases in active workings, and where prac-10
- ticable, any accumulations of explosive or noxious gases 11
- in the worked out and abandoned portions of the mine.

# §22-2-15. Dangerous places.

- The mine foreman shall direct and see that all danger-
- ous places and the entrance or entrances to worked out
- and abandoned places in all mines are properly dangered
- 4 off across the openings.

# §22-2-16. Examinations of reports of fire bosses.

- The mine foreman shall also, each day, read carefully 1
- and countersign with ink or indelible pencil all reports

- 3 entered in the record book of the fire bosses, and he
- 4 shall supervise the fire boss or fire bosses, except as
- 5 hereinafter provided in section twenty-two of this article.

### §22-2-17. Ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers.

- 1 The mine foreman shall give prompt attention to the
- 2 removal of all dangers reported to him by his assistants,
- 3 the fire boss, or any other person working in the
- 4 mine, and in case it is impracticable to remove the danger
- 5 at once, he shall notify all persons whose safety is men-
- 6 aced thereby to remain away from the area where the
- 7 dangerous condition exists. He or his assistants or certi-
- 8 fied persons designated by him, shall at least once each
- 9 week travel and examine the air courses, roads and open-
- 10 ings that give access to old workings or falls, and make
- 11 a record of the condition of all places where danger has
- 12 been found, with ink or indelible pencil in a book pro-
- 13 vided for that purpose.

# §22-2-18. Duty of mine foreman to notify operator when unable to comply with law; duty of operator.

- 1 The mine foreman shall notify, in writing, the oper-
- 2 ator or superintendent of the mine, and the director of
- 3 the department of mines, of his inability to comply with
- 4 any of the requirements of this law, and it shall then
- 5 become the duty of such operator or superintendent
- 6 promptly to attend to the matter complained of by the
- 7 mine foreman so as to enable him to comply with the
- 8 provisions hereof. Every operator of a mine shall furnish
- 9 all supplies necessary for the mine foreman to comply
- 10 with the requirements of this law after being requested
- 11 to do so in writing by the mine foreman.

# §22-2-19. Death or resignation of mine foreman; successor.

- 1 In case of the death or resignation of a mine foreman,
- 2 the superintendent or manager shall appoint a certified
- 3 man to act as mine foreman.

#### FIRE BOSS

#### §22-2-20. When fire boss to be employed; qualifications.

- 1 Every operator shall employ a mine examiner known as
- 2 a fire boss, who shall hold a certificate of competency for

such position issued to him by the department of mines after taking an examination held by the department of mines. In order to receive a certificate of competency to qualify as a fire boss, he shall at the time he takes the examination, be a citizen, resident or employed in a mine in this state, having had at least three years' experience in the underground working, ventilation and drainage of coal mines; he shall have such knowledge of methane and other dangerous gas or gases as to be able to detect the same with a permissible flame safety lamp; he shall have a practical knowledge of the subject of ventilation of mines and the machinery and appliances used for that purpose; and he shall also be a person of good moral character and temperate habits.

# §22-2-21. Preparation of danger signal by fire boss or certified person acting as such prior to examination; report; records open for inspection.

It shall be the duty of the fire boss, or a certified person 1 acting as such, to prepare a danger signal (a separate signal for each shift) with red color at the mine entrance at the beginning of his shift or prior to his entering the mine 4 to make his examination and, except for those persons 5 already on assigned duty, no person except the mine owner, operator, or agent, and only then in the case of necessity, shall pass beyond this danger signal until the mine has been examined by the fire boss or other certified 10 person and the mine or certain parts thereof reported by him to be safe. When reported by him to be safe, the dan-11 ger sign or color thereof shall be changed to indicate that 12 the mine is safe in order that employees going on shift 13 may begin work. Each person designated to make such 14 fire boss examinations shall be assigned a definite under-15 ground area of such mine, and, in making his examination 16 shall examine all active working places in the assigned 17 area and make tests with a permissible flame safety lamp 18 for accumulations of methane and oxygen deficiency; 19 examine seals and doors; examine and test the roof, face, 20 and ribs in the working places and on active roadways 21 and travelways, approaches to abandoned workings and 22 accessible falls in active sections. He shall place his 23

24 initials and the date at or near the face of each place he 25 examines. Should he find a condition which he considers 26 dangerous to persons entering such areas, he shall place a 27 conspicuous danger sign at all entrances to such place or 28 places. Only persons authorized by the mine management 29 to enter such places for the purpose of eliminating the dangerous condition shall enter such place or places while 31 the sign is posted. Upon completing his examination he shall report by suitable communication system or in per-32 33 son the results of this examination to a certified person 34 designated by mine management to receive and record 35 such report, at a designated station on the surface of the premises of the mine or underground, before other per-36 sons enter the mine to work in such coal-producing shifts. 37 38 He shall also record the results of his examination with ink or indelible pencil in a book prescribed by the director of the department of mines kept for such purpose 40 at a place on the surface of the mine designated by mine 41 42 management. All records of daily and weekly reports, as prescribed herein, shall be open for inspection by interest-44 ed persons.

## §22-2-22. Fire bosses to have no superior officers.

- 1 In the performance of the duties devolving upon fire
- 2 bosses, or certified persons acting as such, they shall have
- 3 no superior officers, but all the employees working inside
- 4 of such mine or mines shall be subordinate to them in
- 5 their particular work.

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# §22-2-23. Unlawful to enter mine until fire boss reports it safe; exceptions.

- No person shall enter such mine or mines for any purpose at the beginning of work upon each shift therein
- until such signal or warning has been given by the fire
- 4 boss or bosses as to the safety thereof, as by statute pro-
- vided, except under the direction of the fire boss or bosses,
- 6 and then for the purpose of assisting in making the mine
- safe: Provided, however, That men regularly employed
- 8 on a shift during which the mine is being preshift exam-
- 9 ined by a fire boss or certified person shall be permitted to
- 10 leave or enter the mine in the performance of their duties.

# §22-2-24. Authority of fire boss to perform other duties.

- Notwithstanding any other provision in this article con-1
- 2 tained, any person who holds a certificate issued by the
- state department of mines certifying his competency to
- act as fire boss may perform the duties of a fire boss and 4
- any other duties, statutory or otherwise, for which he is
- qualified, in the same mine or section and on the same
- day or shift.

#### COAL DUST AND ROCK DUST

#### §22-2-25. Control of coal dust; rock dusting.

- 1 (a) In all mines, dangerous accumulations of fine, dry
  - coal and coal dust shall be removed from the mine, and
  - all dry and dusty operating sections and haulageways and
- 4 conveyors and back entries shall be rock dusted or dust
- allayed by such other methods as may be approved by the
- director of the department of mines.
- 7 (b) All mines or locations in mines that are too wet
- or too high in incombustible content for a coal dust ex-
- plosion to initiate or propagate are not required to be
- rock dusted during the time any of these conditions pre-10
- vail. Coal dust and other dust in suspension in unusual 11
- quantities shall be allayed by sprinkling or other dust 12
- allaying devices. 13
- (c) In all dry and dusty mines or sections thereof, rock 14
- dust shall be applied and maintained upon the roof, floor 15 and sides of all operating sections, haulageways and paral-
- 16 lel entries connected thereto by open crosscuts. Back 17
- entries shall be rock dusted. Rock dust shall be so ap-
- plied to include the last open crosscut of rooms and 19
- entries, and to within forty feet of faces. Rock dust shall
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- be maintained in such quantity that the incombustible 21
- content of the mine dust that could initiate or propagate 22
- an explosion shall not be less than sixty-five percent, but 23
- the incombustible content in back entries shall not be 24
- less than eighty percent. 25
- (d) Rock dust shall not contain more than five per-26
- cent by volume of quartz or free silica particles and shall 27
- be pulverized so that one hundred percent will pass 28

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29 through a twenty mesh screen and seventy percent or 30 more will pass through a two hundred mesh screen.

#### ROOF-FACE-RIBS

#### §22-2-26. Roof control programs and plans.

- 1 (a) Each operator shall undertake to carry out on a 2 continuing basis a program to improve the roof control system of each coal mine and the means and measures to 4 accomplish such system. The roof and ribs of all active underground roadways, travelways, and working places shall be supported or otherwise controlled adequately to protect persons from falls of the roof or ribs. A roof control 8 plan and revisions thereof suitable to the roof conditions and mining system of each coal mine and approved by the director of the department of mines shall be adopted and 10 set out in printed form on or before the first day of July, 11 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one. The plan shall 12 13 show the type of support and spacing approved by the director. Such plan shall be reviewed periodically, at 14 least every six months by the director, taking into con-15 sideration any falls of roof or rib or inadequacy of sup-16 port of roof or ribs. No person shall proceed beyond the 17 last permanent support unless adequate temporary support 18 is provided or unless such temporary support is not re-19 quired under approved roof control plan and the absence 20 21 of such support will not pose a hazard to the miners. A 22 copy of the plan shall be furnished to the director of the department of mines or his authorized representative and 23 24 shall be available to the miners and their representatives.
  - (b) The operator, in accordance with the approved plan, shall provide at or near each working face and at such other locations in the coal mines as the director may prescribe, an ample supply of suitable materials of proper size with which to secure the roof of all working places in a safe manner. Safety posts, jacks, or other approved devices shall be used to protect the workmen when roof material is being taken down, crossbars are being installed, roof bolt holes are being drilled, roof bolts are being installed, and in such other circumstances as may be appropriate. Loose roof and overhanging or loose

- faces and ribs shall be taken down or supported. Except 36
- in the case of recovery work, supports knocked out shall 37
- be replaced promptly. 38

# §22-2-27. Roof support; examination and testing; correction of dangerous condition; roof bolt recovery.

- 1 (a) The method of mining followed in any coal mine 2 shall not expose the miner to unusual dangers from roof
- 3 falls. The width of roadways shall not exceed fourteen
- 4 feet unless additional support is added cross sectional.
- During the development of intersections, the roof between
- 6 the tangents of the arches in the entry or room shall be
- supported with artificial roof supports prior to the de-
- velopment of such intersections. All areas where the arch
- is broken shall be considered as having unsupported roof
- and such roof should have artificial roof supports in-10
- stalled prior to any other work being performed in the 11
- 12 area.
- 13 (b) Where miners are exposed to danger from falls
- 14 of roof, face, and ribs, the operator shall examine and
- test the roof, face, and ribs before any work or machine is
- started, and as frequently thereafter as may be necessary
- to insure safety. When dangerous conditions are found, 17
- 18 they shall be corrected immediately.
- 19 (c) Roof bolts shall not be recovered where complete
- 20 extraction of pillars is attempted, where adjacent to clay
- 21 veins or at the locations of other irregularities, whether
- natural or otherwise, that induce abnormal hazards.
- Where roof bolt recovery is permitted, it shall be con-
- ducted only in accordance with methods prescribed in the 24
- approved roof control plan, and shall be conducted by 25
- experienced miners and only where adequate temporary 26
- 27 support is provided.

# §22-2-28. Canopies or cabs; electric face equipment.

- 1 An authorized representative of the director may re-
- quire in any coal mine where the height of the coal bed
- 3 permits that electric face equipment, including shuttle
- 4 cars, be provided with substantially constructed canopies
- or cabs to protect the miners operating such equipment
- from roof falls and from rib and face rolls.

#### EXPLOSIVES AND BLASTING

# §22-2-29. Use of authorized explosives; storage or use of unauthorized explosives.

- 1 Permissible explosives or permissible blasting devices
- 2 only shall be used in blasting coal or other material in
- 3 underground coal mines. It shall be unlawful to have,
- 4 use or store any nonpermissible explosives or nonper-
- 5 missible blasting devices in any coal mine or on the
- 6 premises of the mine, without a permit from the director.

#### §22-2-30. Surface magazines for explosives.

- 1 Separate surface magazines shall be provided for stor-
- 2 age of explosives, detonators and blasting heater ele-
- 3 ments. Surface magazines shall be constructed of incom-
- 4 bustible materials, be reasonably bulletproof and with
- 5 no metal or sparking material exposed inside the maga-
- 6 zine. Surface magazines shall be provided with doors
- 7 constructed of at least one-fourth inch steel plate lined
- 8 with a two-inch thickness of wood or the equivalent,
- 9 properly screened ventilators, and with no openings ex-
- 10 cept for entrances and ventilation, and shall be kept
- 11 locked securely when unattended. The area for a distance
- 12 of at least twenty-five feet in all directions shall be kept
- 13 free of materials of a combustible nature: suitable warn-
- 14 ing signs shall be erected, so located that a bullet passing
- 15 directly through the face of the sign will not strike the
- 16 magazine. The location of magazines shall be not less
- 17 than two hundred feet from any mine openings, occupied
- 18 buildings or public roads unless barricaded. If magazines
- 19 are illuminated electrically, the lamps shall be of vapor-
- 20 proof type, properly installed and wired, and smoking
- 21 and open lights shall be prohibited in or near any
- 22 magazine.

# §22-2-31. Transportation of explosives.

- 1 Individual containers used to carry permissible explo-
- 2 sives or detonators shall be constructed of substantial,
- 3 nonconductive materials, kept closed and maintained in
- 4 good condition. When explosives or detonators are trans-
- 5 ported underground in cars moved by means of locomo-

tives, ropes, or other motive power, they shall be in substantially covered cars or in special substantially-built 7 covered containers used specifically for transporting 8 detonators or explosives. Any container used for trans-9 portation or storage of explosives shall be properly identi-10 fied or marked. Explosives or detonators shall not be 11 hauled into or out of a mine within five minutes pre-12 ceding or following a man trip. Where explosives and 13 detonators are transported underground by belts, they 14 shall be handled in the following manner: In the original 15 16 and unopened cases, in special closed cases constructed of nonconductive material, or in suitable, individual 17 containers. Clearance requirements shall be a minimum 18 of eighteen inches; stop controls shall be provided at load-19 ing and unloading points, and an attendant shall super-20 vise the loading and unloading. Neither explosives nor 21 detonators shall be transported on flight or shaking con-22 veyors, mechanical loading machines, locomotives, 23 scrapers, cutting machines, drill trucks, or any self-24 propelled mobile equipment. If explosives and detonators 25 are transported in the same explosives car or in the same 26 special container, they shall be separated by at least four 27 inches of hardwood partition or the equivalent; the bodies 28 of such cars or containers shall be constructed or lined 29 with nonconductive material. No hand loader shall take 30 into any mine any larger quantity of explosives or deto-31 nators than he may reasonably expect to use in any one 32 33 shift.

# §22-2-32. Underground storage of explosives.

Explosives and detonators stored underground shall be kept in section boxes or magazines of substantial construction with no metal exposed on the inside, and be located at least fifteen feet from roadways and power wires in a well rock-dusted location, protected from falls of roof. If not kept in separate boxes or magazines not less than five feet apart, they may be kept in the same box or magazine if separated by at least a four-inch hardwood partition or the equivalent. Not more than a forty-eight hour supply of explosives or detonators shall be stored underground in section boxes or magazines.

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- 12 These boxes or magazines shall be kept at least one
- 13 hundred feet from the faces and out of the direct line
- 14 of blasting.

### §22-2-33. Preparation of shots; blasting practices.

- (a) Only a certified "shot firer" designated by mine 1 2 management shall be permitted to handle explosives and do blasting. Only electric detonators of proper strength fired with permissible shot firing units shall be used except under special permits as hereinafter provided, and drillholes shall be stemmed with at least twenty-four inches of incombustible material, or at least 8 one half of the length of the hole shall be stemmed if the hole is less than four feet in depth, unless other permissible stemming devices or methods are used. Drill-10 holes shall not be drilled beyond the limits of the cut, 11 and as far as practicable, cuttings and dust shall be 12 cleaned from the holes before the charge is inserted. 13 14 Charges of explosives exceeding one and one-half pounds, but not exceeding three pounds, shall be used only if 15 16 drillholes are six feet or more in depth. Ample warning shall be given before shots are fired, and care shall 17 be taken to determine that all persons are in the clear 18 before firing. Men shall be removed from adjoining 19 places and other places when there is danger of shots 20 blowing through. No shots shall be fired in any place 21 known to liberate explosive gas, until such place has 22 been properly examined by a competent person who is 23 designated by mine management for that purpose, and 24 no shots shall be fired in any place where gas is detected 25 with a permissible flame safety lamp until such gas has 26 been removed by means of ventilation. After firing any 27 shot, or shots, the person firing the same shall not return 28 to the working face until the smoke has been cleared 29 away and then he shall make a careful examination of 30 working face before leaving the place or before per-31 forming any other work in the place. 32 33
  - (b) Multiple shooting in coal or rock or both is authorized only under permit issued by the director of the department of mines. Permission to shoot more than ten shots simultaneously may be granted by the director

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37 only after consultation with interested persons, and such 38 shooting will be performed by special methods and under 39 precautions prescribed by the director. All multiple 40 shooting in bottom or roof rock shall be performed in 41 intake air, except by special permit from the director 42 of the department of mines, after consultation with in-43 terested persons as heretofore provided. Multiple blast-44 ing of more than ten shots performed under any permit granted by the director under this section shall be done 45 46 only on noncoal-producing shifts or idle days, except as 47 may be provided as a condition of the permit granted.

- (c) Regular or short interval delay detonators may 49 be used for blasting purposes with written permission 50 from the director of the department of mines. Regular 51 delay detonators shall not be used for blasting coal, but may be used for grading above or below coal seams and 52 53 during shaft, slope, tunnel work and in faults or wants. 54 Where short-interval delay detonators are permitted by 55 said director to be used, the shot firing circuit must be tested with a blasting galvanometer before firing, and 56 57 the leg wires connected in series. No instantaneous. 58 regular, or zero-delay detonators are to be fired in con-59 junction with short-interval delay detonators. The delay 60 interval between dependent rows must not be less than 61 twenty-five milliseconds or more than one hundred milli-62 seconds, and the entire series of any one round shall not provide a delay of more than five hundred milli-63 64 seconds between the first and last shot. The total number 65 of charged holes to be fired during any one round must 66 not exceed the limit permitted by the director. Misfires 67 must be tested with a blasting galvanometer before 68 removing.
  - (d) Electrical equipment shall not be operated in the face areas, and only work in connection with timbering and general safety shall be performed while boreholes are being charged. Shots shall be fired promptly after charging. Mudcaps (adobes) or any other unconfined shots shall not be permitted in any coal mine. No solid shooting shall be permitted without written permission of the department of mines.

77 (e) Blasting cables shall be well insulated and shall 78 be as long as may be necessary to permit persons au-79 thorized to fire shots to get in a safe place out of the line of fire. The cable, when new, shall be at least one 80 81 hundred twenty-five feet in length and never less than 82 one hundred feet. Shooting cables shall be kept away 83 from power wires and all other sources of electric cur-84 rent, connected to the leg wires by the person who fires 85 the shot, staggered as to length or well separated at the 86 detonator leg wires, and shunted at the battery until ready to connect to the blasting unit. 87

### §22-2-34. Misfires of explosives.

- 1 (a) Where misfires occur with electric detonators, a 2 waiting period of at least five minutes shall elapse before 3 anyone returns to the shot. After such failure, the blast-4 ing cable shall be disconnected from the source of power 5 and the battery ends short-circuited before electric con-6 nections are examined.
- 7 (b) Explosives shall be removed by firing a separate 8 charge at least two feet away from and parallel to the 9 misfired charge or by washing the stemming and the 10 charge from the borehole with water, or by inserting and 11 firing a new primer after the stemming has been washed 12 out.
- 13 (c) A careful search of the working place, and, if 14 necessary, of the coal after it reaches the tipple shall be 15 made after blasting a misfired hole, to recover any un-16 detonated explosive.
- 17 (d) The handling of a misfired shot shall be under the 18 direct supervision of the mine foreman or a certified per-19 son designated by him.

# §22-2-35. Other blasting devices.

- 1 (a) The provisions governing the handling, storage, 2 transportation and use of permissible explosives shall 3 apply to all other blasting devices employing a heater 4 element when used underground.
- 5 (b) Where compressed air is used for blasting, the 6 airlines shall be grounded at the compressor and, if prac-

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- 7 tical, at other low-resistant ground connections along the 8 lines. They shall not be connected in any way to rails. 9 waterlines, or other electric return conductors and shall 10 be adequately insulated and protected where they cross 11 electric wires, underneath track, or at places where equipment passes over or under. Steel, copper, or other air-12 13 lines connected therewith shall not be handled or repaired when air pressure is in the line. Shutoff valves 14 shall be installed every thousand feet in all compressed-15 16 air blasting lines and at all points where branch lines 17 leave the main line and blowdown valves shall not be less than fifty feet from the face and shall be around a corner. 18 19 (c) When misfires occur with any other blasting de-
- vices, they shall be handled in a safe manner and under the supervision of the mine foreman or a certified person 22 designated by him.

#### HOISTING

### §22-2-36. Hoisting machinery; telephones; safety devices; hoisting engineers and drum runners.

1 (a) The operator of every coal mine worked by shaft 2 shall provide and maintain a metal tube, telephone or other approved means of communication from the top to the bottom and intermediate landings of such shafts, suitably adapted to the free passage of sound, through 6 which conversation may be held between persons at the top and at the bottom of the shaft; a standard means of 7 signaling; an approved safety catch, bridle chains, auto-8 matic stopping device, or automatic overwind; a sufficient 9 cover overhead on every cage used for lowering or hoist-10 ing persons; an approved safety gate at the top of the 11 shaft; and an adequate brake on the drum of every ma-12 chine used to lower or hoist persons in such shaft. Such 13 operator shall have the machinery used for lowering and 14 hoisting persons into or out of the mine kept in safe con-15 dition, equipped with a reliable indicator, and inspected 16 once in each twenty-four hours by a qualified electrician. 17 Where a hoisting engineer is required, he shall be readily 18 available at all times when men are in the mine. He 19 shall operate the empty cage up and down the shaft at 20 least one round trip at the beginning of each shift, and

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after the hoist has been idle for one hour or more before hoisting or lowering men; there shall be cut out around the side of the hoisting shaft or driven through the solid strata at the bottom thereof, a traveling way, not less than five feet high and three feet wide to enable a person to pass the shaft in going from one side of it to the other without passing over or under the cage or other hoisting apparatus. Positive stop blocks or derails shall be placed near the top and at all intermediate landings of slopes and surface inclines and at approaches to all shaft landings. A waiting station with sufficient room. ample clearance from moving equipment, and adequate seating facilities shall be provided where men are required to wait for man trips or man cages, and the men shall remain in such station until the man trip or man cage is available.

- (b) No operator of any coal mine worked by shaft, slope, or incline, shall place in charge of any engine or drum used for lowering or hoisting persons employed in such mine any but competent and sober engineers or drum runners: and no engineer or drum runner in charge of such machinery shall allow any person, except such as may be designated for this purpose by the operator, to interfere with any part of the machinery; and no person shall interfere with any part of the machinery; and no person shall interfere with or intimidate the engineer or drum runner in the discharge of his duties. Where the mine is operated or worked by shaft or slope, a minimum space of two and one-half square feet per person shall be available for each person on any cage or car where men are transported. In no instance shall more than twenty men be transported on a cage or car without the approval of the director of the department of mines. No person shall ride on a loaded cage or car in any shaft, slope, or incline: Provided, That this shall not prevent any trip rider from riding in the performance of his authorized duties. No engineer shall be required for automatically operated cages, elevators, or platforms. Cages and elevators shall have an emergency power source unless provided with other escapeway facilities.
  - (c) Each automatic elevator shall be provided with a

- telephone or other effective communication system by 63 64 which aid or assistance can be obtained promptly.
- 65 (d) A "stop" switch shall be provided in the automatic 66 elevator compartment that will permit the elevator to be 67 stopped at any location in the shaft.

#### TRANSPORTATION

## §22-2-37. Haulage roads and equipment; shelter holes; prohibited practices; signals; inspection.

- (a) The roadbed, rails, joints, switches, frogs, and 1 2 other elements of all haulage roads shall be constructed, 3 installed and maintained in a manner consistent with 4 speed and type of haulage operations being conducted to 5 insure safe operation.
- (b) Track switches, except room and entry develop-6 7 ment switches, shall be provided with properly installed 8 throws, bridle bars, and guard rails; switch throws and stands, where possible, shall be placed on the clearance side. 10
- (c) Haulage roads on entries developed after the effec-11 12 tive date of this article shall have a continuous, unobstructed clearance of at least twenty-four inches from 14 the farthest projection of any moving equipment on the 15 clearance side.
- 16 (d) On haulage roads where trolley lines are used, the clearance shall be on the side opposite the trolley lines. 17
- (e) On the trolley wire or "tight" side, after the effec-18 19 tive date of this article, there shall be at least twelve inches of clearance from the farthest projection of any 20 moving equipment. 21
- (f) Warning lights or reflective signs or tapes shall be installed along haulage roads at locations of abrupt or 23 sudden changes in the overhead clearance. 24
- (g) The clearance space on all haulage roads shall be 25 kept free of loose rock, coal, supplies or other material: 26 Provided, That not more than twenty-four inches need 27 be kept free of such obstructions. 28
- (h) Ample clearance shall be provided at all points 29

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- where supplies are loaded or unloaded along haulage 30 31 roads or conveyors.
- (i) Shelter holes shall be provided along haulage 33 entries driven after the effective date of this article where 34 locomotive, rope or animal haulage is used. Such shelter holes shall be spaced not more than one hundred feet 35 36 apart; they shall be on the side of the entry opposite the 37 trolley wire.
- (i) Shelter holes made after the effective date of this 39 article shall be at least five feet in depth, not more than four feet in width, and as high as the traveling space. Room necks and crosscuts may be used as shelter holes even though their width exceeds four feet.
  - (k) Shelter holes shall be kept clear of refuse and other obstructions.
- (1) After the effective date of this article, shelter holes shall be provided at switch throws and manually oper-46 47 ated permanent doors.
  - (m) No steam locomotive shall be used in mines where men are actually employed in the extraction of coal, but this shall not prevent operation of a steam locomotive through any tunnel haulway or part of a mine that is not in actual operation and producing coal.
- (n) Underground equipment powered by internal 53 combustion engines using petroleum products, alcohol, or 54 any other compound shall not be used in a coal mine. 55
  - (o) Locomotives, personnel carriers, mine cars, supply cars, shuttle cars, and all other haulage equipment shall be maintained in a safe operating condition. Each locomotive shall be equipped with a suitable lifting jack and handle. An audible warning device and headlights shall be provided on each locomotive and each shuttle car. All other mobile equipment, using the face areas of the mine, purchased after the effective date of this article, shall be provided with a conspicuous light or other approved device so as to reduce the possibility of collision.
  - (p) No persons other than those necessary to operate a trip or car shall ride on any loaded car or on the outside of any car. Where pusher locomotives are not used, the

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69 locomotive operator shall have an assistant to assist him 70 in his duties.

- 71 (q) The pushing of trips, except for switching purposes, is prohibited on main haulage roads: Provided, 72 That this does not prohibit the use of a pusher locomotive 73 to assist the locomotive pulling a trip. Motormen and 74 75 trip riders shall use care in handling locomotives and cars. It shall be their duty to see that there is a conspicuous 76 77 light on the front and rear of each trip or train of cars when in motion: Provided, That trip lights need not be 78 used on cars being shifted to and from loading machines, 79 80 on cars being handled at loading heads during gathering operations at working faces, or on trips being pulled by 81 animals. No person except the operator or his assistant 82 shall ride on locomotives or loaded cars. 83
- 84 (r) No motorman, trip rider or brakeman shall get on 85 or off cars, trips, or locomotives while they are in motion, 86 except that a trip rider or brakeman may get on or off 87 the rear end of a slowly moving trip or the stirrup of a 88 slowly moving locomotive to throw a switch, align a 89 derail or open or close a door.
  - (s) Flying or running switches and riding on the front bumper of a car or locomotive are prohibited. Back poling shall be prohibited except with precaution to the nearest turning point (not over eighty feet), or when going up extremely steep grades and then only at slow speed. The operator of a shuttle car shall face in the direction of travel except during the loading operation when he shall face the loading machine.
  - (t) (1) A system of signals, methods, or devices shall be used to provide protection for trips, locomotives and other equipment coming out onto tracks used by other equipment.
  - (2) In a mine where more than one thousand tons of coal are produced daily and where coal is transported by track haulage, a dispatcher shall be on duty when there is movement of traffic underground, including times when there is no coal in transit.
- 107 (3) Traffic shall move only at the direction of the 108 dispatcher.

- 109 (4) The dispatcher's only duty shall be to direct 110 traffic.
- 111 (5) Any dispatcher's station provided after the effec-112 tive date of this article shall be on the surface.
- 113 (6) All self-propelled equipment shall be equipped 114 with two-way communications.
- 115 (u) Motormen shall inspect locomotives, and report 116 any mechanical defects found to the proper supervisor 117 before a locomotive is put in operation.
- 118 (v) A locomotive following another trip shall main-119 tain a distance of at least three hundred feet from the 120 rear end of the trip ahead, unless such locomotive is 121 coupled to the trip ahead.
- 122 (w) Positive stopblocks or derails shall be installed 123 on all tracks near the top and at landings of shafts, slopes, 124 and surface inclines. Positive-acting stopblocks or derails 125 shall be used where necessary to protect persons from 126 danger of runaway haulage equipment.

# §22-2-38. Transportation of men by cars; self-propelled equipment; belts.

- (a) Man trips shall be pulled, unless self-propelled, 1 2 at safe speeds consistent with the condition of roads and type of equipment used, but not to exceed twelve miles an hour, except where special substantially covered man-trip cars are used. Each man trip shall be under the charge of a certified person or other competent person designated by a mine foreman or assistant mine foreman. It shall be operated independently of any loaded trip of coal or other heavy material, but may 9 10 transport tools, small machine parts and supplies. When mine cars are used for man trips on steep grades, a loco-11 motive shall be used on each end of the trip. 12
- (b) Cars on the man trip shall not be overloaded, and sufficient cars in good mechanical condition shall be provided.
- 16 (c) No person shall ride under the trolley wire unless 17 suitably covered man cars are used.
- 18 (d) Men shall not load or unload before the cars in 19 which they are to ride, or are riding, come to a full stop.

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- 20 Men shall proceed in an orderly manner to and from 21 man trips.
- 22 (e) When belts are used for transporting men, a
  23 minimum clearance of eighteen inches shall be main24 tained between the belt and the roof or crossbars, pro25 jecting equipment, cap pieces, overhead cables, wiring
  26 and other objects. Where the height of the coal seam
  27 permits, the clearance shall not be less than twenty-four
  28 inches.
- 29 (f) The belt speed shall not exceed two hundred fifty 30 feet per minute where the minimum overhead clearance 31 is eighteen inches, or three hundred feet per minute 32 where the minimum overhead clearance is twenty-four 33 inches, while men are loading, unloading, or being transported. A signaling system or method shall be provided 35 for stopping the belt and men shall ride not less than 36 six feet apart.
  - (g) An assistant mine foreman or some other person designated by the mine foreman shall supervise the loading and unloading of belts and man trips. Where men are required to regularly cross over belts, adequate and safe facilities shall be provided.
  - (h) Positive-acting stop controls shall be installed along all belt conveyors used to transport men, and such controls shall be readily accessible, and maintained so that the belt can be stopped or started at any location.
  - (i) Belt conveyors used for regularly scheduled man trips shall be stopped while men are loading or unloading.
- 49 (j) There shall be at least thirty-six inches of side 50 clearance where men board or leave such belt conveyors.
  - (k) Adequate illumination including colored lights or reflective signs shall be installed at all loading and unloading stations. Such colored lights and reflective signs shall be so located as to be observable to all persons riding the belt conveyor.
  - (l) Telephone or other suitable communications shall be provided at points where men are regularly loaded on or unloaded from belt conveyors.

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59 (m) After supplies have been transported on man-60 trip cars, such cars shall be examined for unsafe condi-61 tions prior to the transportation of men.

## §22-2-39. Belt conveyor; installation; maintenance.

- 1 (a) On or after July 1, 1971, all conveyor belts ac-2 quired for use underground shall be flame-resistant con-3 veyor belts.
  - (b) A clear travelway at least twenty-four inches wide shall be provided on both sides of all belt conveyors installed after July 1, 1971. Where roof supports are installed within twenty-four inches of a belt conveyor, a clear travelway at least twenty-four inches wide shall be provided on the side of such support farthest from the conveyor.
  - (c) On belt conveyors that do not transport men, stop and start controls shall be installed at intervals not to exceed one thousand feet. Such controls shall be properly installed and positioned so as to be readily accessible.
  - (d) Persons shall not cross moving belt conveyors, except where suitable crossing facilities are provided.
  - (e) All belt conveyors shall be inspected for frozen rollers, rock falls, and fires, following the last production shift each week, also before holidays, vacation periods, and each production shift, with records kept of daily inspection.
  - (f) Deluge-type water sprays, water sprinklers, dry chemical sprinkler system or foam generators (designed to be automatically activated in the event of a fire or rise in the temperature at or near the belt drive) shall be installed at each main and secondary conveyor drive.
  - (g) All underground belt conveyors shall be equipped with slippage and sequence switches.
  - (h) Telephones or other suitable communications shall be provided at points where supplies are regularly loaded or unloaded from the belt conveyors.
- 33 (i) After supplies have been transported on belt con-34 veyors, such belts shall be examined for unsafe condi-35 tions prior to the transportation of men.

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#### ELECTRICITY

## §22-2-40. General provisions.

- 1 (a) Operators of coal mines in which electricity is 2 used as a means of power shall comply with the following 3 provisions:
  - (1) All surface transformers, unless of a construction which will eliminate shock hazards, or unless installed at least eight feet above ground, shall be enclosed in a house or surrounded by a fence at least six feet high. If the enclosure is of metal, it shall be grounded effectively. The gate or door to the enclosure shall be kept
- 10 locked at all times, unless authorized persons are present.
- 11 (2) Underground transformers shall be air cooled or 12 cooled with noninflammable liquid or inert gas.
- 13 (3) Underground stations containing transformers or 14 circuit breakers filled with inflammable oil shall be pro-15 vided with doorsills or their equivalent, which will 16 confine the oil if leakage or explosion occurs, and shall 17 be of fireproof construction.
- 18 (4) Transformers shall be provided with adequate 19 overload protection.
  - (5) "Danger—High Voltage" signs shall be posted conspicuously on all transformer enclosures, high-potential switchboards and other high-potential installations.
  - (6) Insulating platforms of rubber or other suitable nonconductive material shall be kept in place at each switchboard and at stationary machinery where shock hazards exist.
  - (7) Capacitors used for power factor connection shall be noninflammable liquid filled. Suitable drain-off resistors or other means to protect workmen against electric shock following removal of power shall be provided.
- 31 (8) All unattended underground loading points where 32 electric driven hydraulic systems are used shall utilize 33 a fireproof oil or emulsion.
- 34 (9) Before electrical changes are made to permissible 35 equipment for use in a mine, they shall be approved by 36 the director of the department of mines.
- 37 (10) Reverse current protection shall be provided at

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- 38 storage battery charging stations to prevent the storage 39 batteries from energizing the power circuits in the event 40 of power failure.
  - (11) On and after July 1, 1971:
- (A) All junction or distribution boxes used for making multiple power connections inby the last open 43 44 crosscut shall be permissible.
  - (B) All hand-held electric drills, blower and exhaust fans, electric pumps, and such other low horsepower electric face equipment which are taken into or used inby the last open crosscut of any coal mine shall be permissible.
  - (C) All electric face equipment which is taken into or used inby the last open crosscut of any coal mine classified gassy prior to July 1, 1972, shall be permissible.
  - (D) All other electric face equipment which is taken into or used inby the last crosscut of any coal mine. after March 30, 1974, which has not been classified under any provision of law as a gassy mine prior to July 1, 1970, shall be permissible.
  - (12) Permissible electric face equipment; coal seams above water table. On and after March 30, 1974, all electric face equipment, which is taken into and used inby the last open crosscut of any coal mine which is operated entirely in coal seams located above the water table and which has not been classified under any provision of law as a gassy mine prior to March 30, 1970, and in which one or more openings were made prior to December 30, 1970, shall be permissible.
- (13) The phrase "coal seams above the water table" 67 means coal seams in a mine which are located at an ele-68 vation above a river or the tributary of a river into which 69 a local surface water system naturally drains. 70
- (14) On and after July 1, 1971, in mines operated in 71 coal seams which are located at elevations above the 72 73 water table:
- (A) All junction or distribution boxes used for 74 making multiple power connections inby the last open 75 crosscut shall be permissible; and 76

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- 77 (B) All hand-held electric drills, blower and ex-78 haust fans, electric pumps, and all other electric-driven 79 mine equipment, except low horsepower rock dusting 80 equipment, that employs an electric current supplied by 81 either a power conductor or battery and consumes not 82 more than two thousand two hundred fifty watts of 83 electricity, which is taken into or used inby the last open 84 crosscut, shall be permissible. On and after March 30, 85 1974, in mines operated entirely in coal seams which are 86 located at elevations above the water table, all electric 87 face equipment which is taken into or used inby the last 88 crosscut shall be permissible.
- (15) The operator of each coal mine shall maintain in permissible condition all electric face equipment, which is taken into or used inby the last open crosscut of any 92 mine after March 30, 1974.
- 93 (16) Except where permissible power connection units are used, all power-connection points outby the last open 94 95 crosscut shall be in intake air.
- 96 (17) All power circuits and electric equipment shall 97 be deenergized before work is done on such circuits and equipment, except when necessary for trouble shoot-98 ing or testing. 99
- 100 (18) Energized trolley wires may be repaired only by 101 a person trained to perform electrical work and to maintain electrical equipment and the operator of a mine shall 102 103 require that such persons wear approved and tested insulated shoes and wireman's gloves. 104
  - (19) No electrical work shall be performed on low-, medium-, or high-voltage distribution circuits or equipment, except by a qualified person or by a person trained to perform electrical work and to maintain electrical equipment under the direct supervision of a qualified person. Disconnecting devices shall be locked out and suitably tagged by the persons who perform such work, except that in cases where locking out is not possible, such devices shall be opened and suitably tagged by such persons. Locks or tags shall be removed only by the persons who installed them, or, if such persons are un-

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- 116 available, by persons authorized by the operator or his 117 agent.
- (20) All electric equipment shall be frequently ex-118 119 amined, tested, and properly maintained by a qualified person to assure safe operating conditions. When a poten-120 tially dangerous condition is found on electric equip-121 122 ment, such equipment shall be removed from service until 123 such condition is corrected. A record of such examinations 124 shall be kept and made available to an authorized repre-125 sentative of the director of the department of mines and 126 to the miners in such mine.
- 127 (21) All electric conductors shall be sufficient in size 128 and have adequate current-carrying capacity and be of 129 such construction that a rise in temperature resulting 130 from normal operation will not damage the insulating 131 material.
- 132 (22) All electrical connections or splices in conductors 133 shall be mechanically and electrically efficient, and suit-134 able connectors shall be used. All electrical connections 135 or splices in insulated wire shall be reinsulated at least 136 to the same degree of protection as the remainder of the 137 wire.
- 138 (23) Cables shall enter metal frames of motors, splice 139 boxes, and electric compartment only through proper 140 fittings. When insulated wire, other than cables pass 141 through metal frames, the holes shall be substantially 142 bushed with insulated bushings.
  - (24) All power wire (except trailing cables on mobile equipment, specially designed cables conducting high-voltage power to underground rectifying equipment or transformers, or bare or insulated ground and return wires) shall be supported on well-installed insulators and shall not contact combustible material, roof or ribs.
- 149 (25) Power wires and cables, except trolley wires, 150 trolley feeder wires and bare signal wires, shall be in-151 sulated adequately and fully protected.
- 152 (26) Automatic circuit-breaking devices or fuses of the 153 correct type and capacity shall be installed so as to 154 protect all electric equipment and circuits against short 155 circuit and overloads. Three-phase motors on all electric

- equipment shall be provided with overload protection that will deenergize all three phases in the event that any phase is overloaded.
- 159 (27) Incandescent lamps installed along haulageways 160 and at other locations shall not contact combustible 161 material, and if powered from trolley or direct current 162 feeder circuits, need not be provided with separate short 163 circuits or overload protection, if the lamp is not more 164 than eight feet in distance from such circuits.
- 165 (28) In all main power circuits, disconnecting switches
  166 shall be installed underground within five hundred feet
  167 of the bottoms of shafts and boreholes through which
  168 main power circuits enter the underground area of the
  169 mine and within five hundred feet of all other places
  170 where main power circuits enter the underground area
  171 of the mine.
- 172 (29) All electric equipment shall be provided with 173 switches or other controls that are safely designed, con-174 structed and installed.
- 175 (30) Each underground, exposed power conductor that 176 leads underground shall be equipped with suitable light-177 ning arrestors of approved type within one hundred 178 feet of the point where the circuit enters the mine. 179 Lightning arrestors shall be connected to a low-resistance 180 grounding medium on the surface which shall be sep-181 arated from neutral ground by a distance of not less 182 than twenty-five feet.
- 183 (31) Except for areas of a coal mine inby the last open 184 crosscut, incandescent lamps may be used to illuminate 185 underground areas. When incandescent lamps are used in 186 a track entry or belt entry or near track entries to illumi-187 nate special areas other than structures, the lamps shall be installed in weatherproof sockets located in positions such 188 189 that the lamps will not come in contact with any combus-190 tible material. Lamps used in all other places must be of substantial construction and be fitted with a glass enclos-191 192 ure.
- 193 (32) An authorized representative may require in any 194 mine that electric face equipment be provided with de-

- vices that will permit the equipment to be deenergized quickly in the event of an emergency.
- 197 (33) On and after July 1, 1971, an authorized repre-198 sentative of the director shall require manually operated 199 emergency stop switches, designed to deenergize the trac-200 tion motor circuit when the contactors or controller fail to 201 open, to be installed on all battery powered tractors, taken 202 into or used inby the last open crosscut of any entry or 203 room.
- 204 (34) Trailing cables used in coal mines shall meet 205 the requirements for flame-resistant cables.
- 206 Short circuit protection for trailing cables shall 207 be provided by an automatic circuit breaker or other no 208 less effective device approved by the director of the de-209 partment of mines of adequate current-interrupting capac-210 ity in each ungrounded conductor. Disconnecting devices 211 used to disconnect power from trailing cables shall be 212 plainly marked and identified and such devices shall be 213 equipped or designed in such a manner that it can be de-214 termined by visual observation that the power is dis-215 connected.
- 216 (36) When two or more trailing cables junction to 217 the same distribution center, means shall be provided to 218 assure against connecting a trailing cable to the wrong 219 size circuit breaker.
- 220 (37) One temporary splice may be made in any trail-221 ing cable. Such trailing cable may only be used for the next twenty-four-hour period. No temporary splice shall 222 be made in a trailing cable within twenty-five feet of the 223 224 machine, except cable reel equipment. Temporary splices 225 in trailing cables shall be made in a workmanlike manner and shall be mechanically strong and well insulated. Trail-226 ing cables or hand cables which have exposed wires or 227 228 which have splices that heat or spark under load shall not be used. As used in this section, the term "splice" means a 229 mechanical joining of one or more conductors that have 230 231 been severed.
- 232 (38) When permanent splices in trailing cables are 233 made, they shall be:

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- 234 (A) Mechanically strong with adequate electrical 235 conductivity and flexibility.
- 236 (B) Effectively insulated and sealed so as to ex-237 clude moisture, and
- 238 (C) Vulcanized or otherwise treated with suitable 239 materials to provide flame-resistant qualities and good 240 bonding to the outer jacket.
- 241 (39) Trailing cables shall be clamped to machines in 242 a manner to protect the cables from damage and to pre-243 vent strain on the electrical connections.
- 244 (40) Trailing cables shall be adequately protected to 245 prevent damage by mobile equipment.
- 246 (41) Trailing cable and power cable connections to 247 junction boxes shall not be made or broken under load.
- 248 (42) All metallic sheaths, armors, and conduits en-249 closing power conductors shall be electrically continuous 250 throughout and shall be grounded by methods approved 251 by an authorized representative of the director of the 252 department of mines.
- 253 (43) Metallic frames, casings and other enclosures of 254 electric equipment that can become alive through failure 255 of insulation or by contact with energized parts shall be 256 grounded.
  - (44) In instances where single-phase 110-220-volt circuits are used to feed electrical equipment, the only method of grounding that will be approved is the connection of all metallic frames, casings and other enclosures of such equipment to a separate grounding conductor which establishes a continuous connection to a grounded center tap of the transformer.
  - (45) The attachment of grounding wires to a mine track or other grounded power conductor will be approved if separate clamps, suitable for such purpose, are used and installed to provide a solid connection.
  - (46) The frames of all offtrack direct-current machines and the enclosures of related detached components shall be effectively grounded or otherwise maintained at no less safe voltages.

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- 272 Installation of silicon diodes shall be restricted to 273 electric equipment receiving power from a direct-current 274 system with one polarity grounded. Where such diodes 275 are used on circuits having a nominal voltage rating of 276 two hundred fifty, they must have a forward current rating of four hundred amperes or more, and have a 277 278 peak inverse voltage rating of four hundred or more. 279 Where such diodes are used on circuits having nominal 280 voltage rating of five hundred fifty, they must have a for-281 ward current rating of two hundred fifty amperes or more, 282 and have a peak inverse voltage rating of eight hundred 283 or more.
  - (48) In addition to the grounding diode, a polarizing diode must be installed in the machine control circuit to prevent operation of the machine when the polarity of a trailing cable is reversed.
- 288 (49) When installed on permissible equipment, all 289 grounding diodes, over-current devices, and polarizing 290 diodes must be placed in explosion-proof compartments.
  - (50) High-voltage lines, both on the surface and underground, shall be deenergized and grounded before work is performed on them, except that repairs may be permitted, in the case of energized surface high-voltage lines, if such repairs are made by a qualified person in accordance with procedures and safeguards, including, but not limited to, a requirement that the operator of such mine provide, test, and maintain protective devices in making such repairs.
  - (51) When two or more persons are working on an energized high-voltage surface line simultaneously, and any one of them is within reach of another, such persons shall not be allowed to work on different phases or on equipment with different potentials.
  - (52) All persons performing work on energized highvoltage surface lines shall wear protective rubber gloves, sleeves, and climber guards if climbers are worn. Protective rubber gloves shall not be worn wrong side out or without protective leather gloves. Protective devices worn by a person assigned to perform repairs on highvoltage surface lines shall be worn continuously from the

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- 312 time he leaves the ground until he returns to the ground, 313 and, if such devices are employed for extended periods, 314 such person shall visually inspect the equipment assigned 315 him for defects before each use, and, in no case, less than 316 twice each day.
- 317 (53) Disconnecting or cutout switches on energized 318 high-voltage surface lines shall be operated only with in-319 sulated sticks, fuse tongs, or pullers which are adequately 320 insulated and maintained to protect the operator from the 321 voltage to which he is exposed. When such switches are 322 operated from the ground, the person operating such de-323 vices shall wear protective rubber gloves.
- 324 (54) Solely for purposes of grounding ungrounded 325 high-voltage power systems, grounded messenger wires 326 used to suspend the cables of such systems may be used 327 as a grounding medium.
- 328 (55) When not in use, power circuits underground 329 shall be deenergized on idle days and idle shifts, except 330 that rectifiers and transformers may remain energized.
  - (56) High-voltage circuits entering the underground area of any coal mine shall be protected by suitable circuit breakers of adequate interrupting capacity. Such breakers shall be equipped with devices to provide protection against undervoltage, grounded phase, short circuit, and overcurrent.
  - (57) Circuit breakers protecting high-voltage circuits entering an underground area of any coal mine shall be located on the surface and in no case installed either underground or within a drift.
  - (58) One circuit breaker may be used to protect two or more branch circuits, if the circuit breaker is adjusted to afford overcurrent protection for the smallest conductor.
  - (59) The grounding resistor, where required, shall be of the proper ohmic value to limit the voltage drop in the grounding circuit external to the resistor to not more than one hundred volts under fault conditions. The grounding resistor shall be rated for maximum fault current continuously and insulated from ground for a voltage equal to the phase-to-phase voltage of the system.
- 351 (60) High-voltage circuits extending underground and

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352 supplying portable mobile or stationary high-voltage 353 equipment shall contain either a direct or derived neutral which shall be grounded through a suitable resistor at the 354 source transformers, and a grounding circuit, originating 355 356 at the grounded side of the grounding resistor, shall extend along with the power conductors and serve as a grounding 357 conductor for the frames of all high-voltage equipment 358 supplied power from that circuit, except that the director 359 or his authorized representative may permit ungrounded 360 high-voltage circuits to be extended underground to feed 361 stationary electrical equipment if such circuits are either 362 steel armored or installed in grounded, rigid steel conduit 363 throughout their entire length, and upon his finding that 364 365 such exception does not pose a hazard to the miners. Within one hundred feet of the point on the surface where high-366 367 voltage circuits enter the underground portion of the mine, disconnecting devices shall be installed and so 368 369 equipped or designed in such a manner that it can be de-370 termined by visual observation that the power is disconnected, except that the director or his authorized repre-371 372 sentative may permit such devices to be installed at a greater distance from such area of the mine if he deter-373 374 mines, based on existing physical conditions, that such installation will be more accessible at a greater distance and 375 376 will not pose any hazard to the miners.

- (61) On and after July 1, 1971, high-voltage resistance grounded systems serving portable or mobile equipment shall include a fail-safe ground check circuit to monitor continuously the grounding circuit to assure continuity, and the fail-safe ground check circuit shall cause the circuit breaker to open when either the ground or pilot check wire is broken, or other no less effective device approved by the director or his authorized representative to assure such continuity.
- (62) Underground high-voltage cables used in resistance grounded systems shall be equipped with metallic shields around each power conductor with one or more ground conductors having a total cross-sectional area of not less than one half the power conductor, and with an insulated internal or external conductor not smaller than No. 10 (A.W.G.) for the ground continuity check circuit.

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- 393 (63) All such cables shall be adequate for the intended 394 current and voltage. Splices made in such cables shall pro-395 vide continuity of all components.
  - (64) Single-phase loads, such as transformer primaries, shall be connected phase-to-phase.
- (65) All underground high-voltage transmission cables shall be installed only in regularly inspected air courses and haulageways, and shall be covered, buried, or placed so as to afford protection against damage, guarded where men regularly work or pass under them unless they are six and one-half feet or more above the floor or rail, se-404 curely anchored, properly insulated, and guarded at ends, and covered, insulated, or placed to prevent contact with 406 trolley wires and other low-voltage circuits.
- 407 (66) Disconnecting devices shall be installed at the be-408 ginning of branch lines in underground high-voltage cir-409 cuits and equipped or designed in such a manner that it 410 can be determined by visual observation that the circuit is 411 deenergized when the switches are open.
- 412 (67) Circuit breakers and disconnecting switches un-413 derground shall be marked for identification.
- 414 In the case of high-voltage cables used as trailing 415 cables, temporary splices shall not be used and all perm-416 anent splices shall be made in accordance with the manu-417 facturers' specifications.
  - (69) Frames, supporting structures and enclosures of stationary, portable, or mobile underground high-voltage equipment and all high-voltage equipment supplying power to such equipment receiving power from resistance grounded systems shall be effectively grounded to the high-voltage ground.
  - (70) Low- and medium-voltage power circuits serving three-phase alternating current equipment serving portable or mobile equipment shall be protected by suitable circuit breakers of adequate interrupting capacity which are properly tested and maintained as prescribed by the director. Such breakers shall be equipped with devices to provide protection against undervoltage, grounded phase, short circuit, and overcurrent.
- (71) Power centers and portable transformers shall be 432

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433 deenergized before they are moved from one location to 434 another, except that, when equipment powered by sources 435 other than such centers or transformers is not available. 436 the director may permit such centers and transformers to 437 be moved while energized, if he determines that another 438 equivalent or greater hazard may otherwise be created. and if they are moved under the supervision of a qualified 439 440 person, and if such centers and transformers are examined 441 prior to such movement by such person and found to be 442 grounded by methods approved by an authorized repre-443 sentative of the director and otherwise protected from 444 hazards to the miner. A record shall be kept of such exam-445 inations. High-voltage cables, other than trailing cables, 446 shall not be moved or handled at any time while ener-447 gized, except that such centers and transformers are mov-448 ed while energized as permitted under this section, ener-449 gized high-voltage cables attached to such centers and transformers may be moved only by a qualified person 450 and the operator of such mine shall require that such per-451 452 son wear approved and tested insulated wireman's gloves.

(72) Low- and medium-voltage three-phase alternating-current circuits used underground shall contain either a director or derived neutral which shall be grounded through a suitable resistor at the power center, and a grounding circuit, originating at the grounded side of the grounding resistor, shall extend along with the power conductors and serve as a grounding conductor for the frames of all the electrical equipment supplied power from the circuit, except that the director or his authorized representative may permit ungrounded lowand medium-voltage circuits to be used underground to feed such stationary electrical equipment if such circuits are either steel armored or installed in grounded rigid steel conduit throughout their entire length. The grounding resistor, where required, shall be of the proper ohmic value to limit the ground fault current to twentyfive amperes. The grounding resistor shall be rated for maximum fault current continuously and insulated from ground for a voltage equal to the phase-to-phase voltage of the system.

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- 473 (73) On or before July 1, 1972, low- and medium-voltage 474 resistance grounded systems serving portable or mobile 475 equipment shall include a fail-safe ground check circuit to 476 monitor continuously the grounding circuit to assure con-477 tinuity which ground check circuit shall cause the circuit 478 breaker to open when either the ground or pilot check 479 wire is broken, or other not less effective device approved 480 by the director or his authorized representative to assure 481 such continuity, except that an extension of time, not in excess of twelve months, may be permitted by the direc-482 483 tor on a mine-to-mine basis if he determines that such 484 equipment is not available. Cable couplers shall be con-485 structed so that the ground check continuity conductor 486 shall be broken first and the ground conductors shall be 487 broken last when the coupler is being uncoupled.
- 488 (74) Disconnecting devices shall be installed in con-489 junction with circuit breakers serving portable or mobile 490 equipment to provide visual evidence that the power is 491 connected.
- 492 (75) Circuit breakers shall be marked for identification.
- 493 (76) Single-phase loads shall be connected phase-to-494 phase.
  - (77) Trailing cables for medium-voltage circuits shall include grounding conductors, a ground check conductor, and grounded metallic shields around each power conductor or a ground metallic shield over the assembly, except that on equipment employing cable reels, cables without shields may be used if the insulation is rated two thousand volts or more.
  - (78) Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires shall be provided with cutout switches at intervals of not more than two thousand feet and near the beginning of all branch lines.
- 506 (79) Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires shall be 507 provided with overcurrent protection.
  - (80) Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires, high-voltage cables, and transformers shall not be located within fifteen feet of the last open crosscut and shall be kept at least one hundred fifty feet from pillar workings.
- 512 (81) Trolley wires, trolley feeder wires, and bare sig-

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- 513 nal wires shall be insulated adequately where they pass 514 through doors and stoppings and where they cross other 515 power wires and cables. Trolley wires and trolley feeder 516 wires shall be guarded adequately:
- 517 (A) At all points where men are required to work 518 or pass regularly under the wires.
  - (B) On both sides of all doors and stoppings.
- 520 (C) At man-trip stations.
- 521 (82) Temporary guards shall be provided where track-522 men and other persons work in proximity to trolley 523 wires and trolley feeder wires.
- 524 (83) Adequate precaution shall be taken to insure that 525 equipment being moved along haulageways will not come 526 in contact with trolley wires or trolley feeder wires.
- 527 (84) Trolley and feeder wires shall be installed as fol-528 lows: Where installed on permanent haulage, they shall 529 be:
  - (A) At least six inches outside the track gauge line.
- 531 (B) Kept taut and not permitted to touch the roof, 532 rib, or crossbars. Particular care shall be taken where 533 they pass through door openings to preclude bare wires 534 from coming in contact with combustible material.
- 535 (C) Installations of trolley wire hangers shall be 536 provided within three feet of each splice in a trolley wire.

### §22-2-41. Bonding track used as power conductor.

- 1 Where track is used as a power conductor, rails and
- 2 switches on main entries shall be bonded and cross-
- 3 bonded in such manner as to assure adequate return. At
- 4 least one rail on secondary track-haulage roads shall be
- 5 welded or bonded at every joint, and cross bonds shall be
- 6 installed at intervals of not more than two hundred feet:
- 7 Provided, however, That rail joints in such secondary
- 8 haulage roads need not be bonded where a copper feeder
- 9 adequate in size parallels the track and is electrically
- 10 connected thereto at intervals of not more than two
- 11 hundred feet by cross bonds.

# §22-2-42. Telephone service or communication facilities.

- 1 Telephone service or equivalent two-way communica-
- 2 tion facilities shall be provided in all mines between the

- 3 surface and each working section that is more than one4 thousand five hundred feet from the main portal.
- 5 Telephone lines, other than cables, shall be carried on
- 6 insulators, installed on the opposite side from power or
- 7 trolley wires, and where they cross power or trolley wires,
- 8 they shall be insulated adequately.
- 9 Lightning arresters shall be provided at the points 10 where telephone circuits enter the mine.

### §22-2-43. Electric equipment in mines.

- 1 (a) Electric equipment shall not be taken into or 2 operated in any place where methane can be detected 3 with a flame safety lamp or other approved methane de-4 tector at any point not less than eight inches from the 5 roof, face, or rib.
- 6 (b) In all mines, electric haulage locomotives operated 7 from trolley wire and other electrical equipment or de8 vices which may ignite gas shall not be used in return 9 air, unless permission is granted by the director of the 10 department of mines for a specified area. For the purpose 11 of this provision, air used to ventilate a section of a mine 12 shall not be considered return air until such time as the 13 air has ventilated all of the workings in the section.
- 14 (c) No person shall be placed in charge of a coal-15 cutting machine in any mine who is not a qualified 16 person, capable of determining the safety of the roof and 17 sides of the working places and of detecting the pres-18 ence of explosive gas, unless they are accompanied by a 19 certified or qualified person who has passed such an 20 examination.
- (d) In any mine no machine shall be brought inby the last breakthrough next to the working face until the machine man shall have made an inspection for gas in the place where the machine is to work. If explosive gas in excess of one percent is found in the place, the machine shall not be taken in until the danger is removed.
- 27 (e) In working places a safety lamp, or other suit-28 able approved apparatus for the detection of explosive 29 gas, shall be provided for use with each mining machine 30 when working, and should any indication of explosive

- 31 gas in excess of one percent appear on the flame of the
- 32 safety lamp, or on other apparatus used for the detection
- 33 of explosive gas, the person in charge shall immediately
- 34 stop the machine, cut off the current at the nearest switch
- 35 and report the condition to the mine foreman or super-
- 36 visor. The machine shall not again be started in such
- 37 place until the condition found has been corrected and
- 38 been pronounced safe by a certified person.
- 39 (f) No electric equipment shall be operated in a mine
- 40 for a longer period than twenty minutes without an ex-41 amination as above described being made for gas; and
- 42 if gas is found in excess of one percent, the current shall
- 43 at once be switched off the machine, and the trailing
- 44 cable shall forthwith be disconnected from the power
- 45 supply until the place is pronounced safe.
- 46 (g) Machine runners and helpers shall use care while
- 47 operating mining machines. They shall not permit any
- 48 person to remain near the machine while it is in opera-
- 49 tion. They shall examine the roof of the working place to
- 50 see that it is safe before starting to operate the machine.
- 51 They shall not move the machine while the cutter chain
- 52 is in motion.

# §22-2-44. Hand-held electric drills and rotating tools; trailing cables.

- 1 Electric drills and other electrically operated rotating
- 2 tools intended to be held in the hand shall have the
- 3 electric switch constructed so as to break the circuit when
- 4 the hand releases the switch and shall be equipped with
- 5 friction or safety clutches.

# §22-2-45. Installation of lighting.

- 1 Electric lights or other approved methods of lighting
- 2 shall be installed so that they do not come in contact
- 3 with combustible materials, and the wires shall be sup-
- 4 ported by suitable insulators and fastened securely to the
- 5 power conductors.

# §22-2-46. Welding and cutting.

- 1 (a) A record shall be kept of oxygen and gas tanks
- 2 or cylinders taken into a mine and the date shall be

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3 recorded when they are removed from the mine. No 4 more tanks or cylinders than necessary to perform efficiently the work shall be permitted underground at one 6 time.

- (b) Propane torches may be used in lieu of blowtorches.
- (c) Welding and cutting may be done in mines: Provided, That all equipment and gauges are maintained in safe condition and not abused, that suitable precautions 1.1 are taken against ignition of methane, coal dust, or com-12 bustible materials, that means are provided for prompt 14 extinguishment of fires accidentally started, and that 15 only persons who have demonstrated competency in welding and cutting are entrusted to do this work. Adequate eye protection shall be used by all persons doing welding or cutting, and precautions shall be taken to 18 prevent other persons from exposure that might be harmful to their eyes. 20
  - (d) Transportation of oxygen and gas tanks or cylinders shall be permitted on self-propelled machinery or belt conveyors specially equipped for safe holding of the containers in transportation. In no instance, shall such transportation be permitted in conjunction with any man trip.
  - (e) Empty oxygen and gas tanks or cylinders shall be marked "empty" and shall be removed from the mine promptly in safe containers provided for transportation of the same.
  - (f) When tanks and cylinders are not in use and when they are being transported, valve protection caps and plugs shall be placed on all tanks or cylinders for which caps and plugs are available. No oxygen tanks, gas tanks or cylinders shall be transported with the hoses and gauges attached thereto.
  - (g) In all mines a certified person shall examine for gas with permissible flame safety lamps or other approved detectors before and during welding or cutting in, at or near working faces. The safety of the equipment and methods used in such cases shall be subject to approval of the director of the department of mines. If equipment is mobile, it shall be removed outby the last

43 open breakthrough before cutting and welding may be 44 performed on such equipment.

# §22-2-47. Responsibility for care and maintenance of face equipment.

- 1 Mine operators shall maintain face equipment in safe
- 2 operating condition. Equipment operators shall exercise
- 3 reasonable care in the operation of the equipment en-
- 4 trusted to them and shall promptly report defects known
- 5 to them.

# §22-2-48. When respiratory equipment to be worn; control of dust.

- 1 Men exposed for short periods to gas-, dust-, fume-,
- 2 and mist-inhalation hazards shall wear permissible res-
- 3 piratory equipment. Dust shall be controlled by the use
- 4 of permissible dust collectors or other approved methods.

## SAFEGUARDS FOR MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

### §22-2-49. Safeguards for mechanical equipment.

- 1 (a) The cutter chains of mining machines shall be
- locked securely by mechanical means or electrical inter-
- 3 locks while such machines are parked or being trammed.
- 4 Loading machines shall not be trammed with loading arms
- 5 in motion, except when loading materials.
- 6 (b) Belt, chain or rope drives and the moving parts of 7 machinery which are within seven feet of the floor,
- ground or platform level, unless isolated, shall be guarded
- 9 adequately. Repair pits shall be kept covered or guarded
- 10 at all times when not in use. Machinery shall not be
- 11 lubricated or repaired while in motion, except where safe
- 12 remote lubricating devices are used. Machinery shall not
- 13 be started until the person lubricating or repairing it has
- 14 given a clear signal. Guards which have been removed
- 15 shall be replaced before the machinery is again put into
- 16 use. Provision shall be made to prevent accumulations
- 17 of spilled lubricants.
- 18 (c) Mechanically operated grinding wheels shall be
- 19 equipped with safety washers, substantial retaining hoods,
- 20 and, unless goggles are used, eye shields.

#### SURFACE STRUCTURES AND PRACTICES

- §22-2-50. Procurement of dust-tight electrical equipment; fireproof construction; dust control; repairs; welding; handrails and toeboards; protection of personnel on conveyors; back guards on ladders; walkways or safety devices around thickeners.
  - 1 (a) In unusually dusty locations, electric motors, 2 switches and controls shall be of dust-tight construction, 3 or enclosed with reasonably dust-tight housings or en-4 closures.
  - (b) After July 1, 1971, all structures erected on the
    surface within one hundred feet of any mine opening shall
    be of fireproof construction.
  - 8 (c) Means and methods shall be provided to assure that 9 structures and the immediate area surrounding the same 10 shall be reasonably free of coal dust accumulations.
  - 11 (d) Where coal is dumped at or near air intake open-12 ings, reasonable provisions shall be made to prevent dust 13 from entering the mine.
  - 14 (e) Where repairs are being made to the plant, proper 15 scaffolding and proper overhead protection shall be pro-16 vided for workmen wherever necessary.
  - 17 (f) Welding shall not be done in dusty atmospheres 18 and dusty locations shall be well cleaned, and fire-19 fighting apparatus shall be readily available during 20 welding.
  - 21 (g) Stairways, elevated platforms and runways shall 22 be equipped with handrails. Railroad car trimmer plat-23 forms are excepted from such requirement.
  - 24 (h) Elevated platforms and stairways shall be pro-25 vided with toeboards where necessary, and they shall be 26 kept clear of refuse and ice and maintained in good repair.
  - (i) Personnel who are required frequently and regularly to travel on belts or chain conveyors extended to heights of more than ten feet shall be provided with adequate space and protection in order that they may work safely. Permanent ladders extending more than ten feet shall be provided with back guards. Walkways around thickeners that are less than four feet above the

- 34 walkway shall be adequately guarded. Employees re-
- 35 quired to work over thickeners shall wear a safety har-
- 36 ness adequately secured, unless walkways or other suit-
- 37 able safety devices are provided.

## §22-2-51. Housekeeping.

- 1 Good housekeeping shall be practiced in and around
- 2 mine buildings and yards. Such practices include cleanli-
- 3 ness, orderly storage of materials, and the removal of
- 4 possible sources of injury, such as stumbling hazards, pro-
- 5 truding nails and broken glass.

### §22-2-52. Storage of flammable liquids in lamphouse.

- 1 Naphtha or other flammable liquids in lamphouses shall
- 2 be kept in approved containers or other safe dispensers.

#### §22-2-53. Smoking in and around surface structures.

- 1 Smoking in or about surface structures shall be re-
- 2 stricted to places where it will not cause fire or an ex-
- 3 plosion.

# MISCELLANEOUS SAFETY PROVISIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

# §22-2-54. Duties of persons subject to article; rules and regulations of operators.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of the operator, mine foreman,
- 2 supervisors, mine examiners, and other officials to comply
- 3 with and to see that others comply with the provisions
- 4 of this article.
- 5 (b) It shall be the duty of all employees and check-
- 6 weighmen to comply with this article and to cooperate
- 7 with management and the department of mines in
- 8 carrying out the provisions hereof.
- 9 (c) Reasonable rules and regulations of an operator
- 10 for the protection of employees and preservation of
- 11 property that are in harmony with the provisions of this
- 12 article and other applicable laws shall be complied with.
- 13 They shall be printed on cardboard or in book form in
- 14 the English language and posted at some conspicuous

- 15 place about the mine or mines, and given to each employee
- 16 upon request.

### §22-2-55. Protective equipment and clothing.

- 1 (a) Welders and helpers shall use proper shields or 2 goggles to protect their eyes. All employees shall have 3 approved goggles or shields and use the same where 4 there is a hazard from flying particles, or other eye
- 5 hazards
- 6 (b) Employees engaged in haulage operations and all 7 other persons employed around moving equipment on the 8 surface and underground shall wear snug-fitting clothing.
- 9 (c) Protective gloves shall be worn when material 10 which may injure hands is handled, but gloves with 11 gauntleted cuffs shall not be worn around moving 12 equipment.
- 13 (d) Safety hats and safety-toed shoes shall be worn 14 by all men while in or around a mine.
- 15 (e) Approved safety goggles or eyeshields shall be 16 worn by all persons while being transported in open-type 17 man trips.
- 18 (f) A self-rescue device approved by the director of 19 the department of mines shall be worn by each person 20 underground or kept within his immediate reach, and 21 such device shall be provided by the operator. The self-22 rescue device shall be adequate to protect such miner for 23 one hour or longer. Each operator shall train each miner 24 in the use of such device, and refresher training courses 25 for all underground employees shall be held during each 26 calendar year.

# §22-2-56. Checking systems.

Each mine shall have a check-in and check-out system that will provide positive identification upon the person of every individual underground. An accurate record of the men in the mine, which shall consist of a written record, a check board, or a time-clock record, shall be kept on the surface in a place that will not be affected in the event of an explosion. Said record shall bear a number or name identical to the identification check

fastened to the belt of all persons going underground.

## §22-2-57. No act permitted endangering security of mine; search for intoxicants, matches, etc.

- 1 (a) No miner, workman or other person shall know-
- 2 ingly injure any shaft, lamp, instrument, air course, or
- brattice, or obstruct or throw open airways, or carry 3
- matches or open lights in the places worked by safety 4
- lights, or disturb any part of the machinery or ap-5
- 6 pliances, open a door closed for directing ventilation and
- 7 not close it again, or enter any part of a mine against
- 8 caution, or disobey any order of any mine foreman or
- 9 assistant mine foreman given in carrying out any of the
- 10 provisions of this section.
- (b) Open lights, smoking, and smokers' articles, in-11 12
- cluding matches, are prohibited in all mines. No person
- 13 shall at any time enter mines with or carry therein any
- 14 matches, pipes, cigars, cigarettes, or any device for mak-
- ing lights or fire not authorized or approved. The operator 15
- 16 shall at frequent intervals search, or cause to be search-
- ed, any person, including his clothing and material be-17
- longings, entering or about to enter the mine, or inside 18
- 19 the mine, to prevent such person from taking or carrying
- 20 therein any of the above-mentioned articles.
- 21 (c) No person shall at any time carry into any mine
- any intoxicants or enter any mine while under the in-22
- 23 fluence of intoxicants.

#### §22-2-58. Fire protection.

- (a) Suitable fire protection shall be provided at sur-1
- 2 face installations of fans, shops, tipples, and preparation
- 3 plants, substations, hoist rooms and compressor stations.
- (b) Fire drills and demonstration of various types of 4
- available fire-fighting equipment shall be held for em-5
- ployees at least every six months. 6
- 7 (c) The location of pipelines, locations of valves, and
- fire taps shall be shown on a map of the mine and kept 8
- 9 available at the mine office at all times.
- (d) Each coal mine shall be provided with suitable 10
- fire-fighting equipment adapted for the size and condition 11
- of the mine. Fire-fighting equipment required under this 12
- article shall meet the following requirements:

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- 14 (1) Waterlines shall be capable of delivering fifty gal-15 lons of water at a nozzle pressure of fifty pounds per 16 square inch.
- 17 (2) A portable water car shall be of at least one thou-18 sand gallons capacity, and shall have at least three hun-19 dred feet of fire hose with nozzles. A portable water car 20 shall be capable of providing a flow through the hose of 21 fifty gallons of water per minute at a nozzle pressure of 22 fifty pounds per square inch.
  - (3) A portable chemical car shall carry enough chemicals to provide a fire extinguishing capacity equivalent to that of a portable water car.
- 26 (4) A portable foam-generating machine shall have fa-27 cilities and equipment for supplying the machine with 28 thirty gallons of water per minute at thirty pounds per 29 square inch for a period of thirty-five minutes.
- 30 (5) A portable fire extinguisher shall be either a multipurpose dry chemical type, containing a nominal 31 32 weight of five pounds of dry powder and enough expellant to apply the powder; or a foam-producing type con-33 taining at least two and one-half gallons of foam-produc-34 ing liquid and enough expellant to supply the foam. Only 35 fire extinguishers approved by the Underwriters Labora-36 37 tories, Inc. or Factor Mutual Laboratories, carrying appropriate labels as to type and purpose shall be used after 38 July 1, 1971, and all new portable fire extinguishers ac-39 quired for use in a coal mine shall be of the multipurpose 40 41 dry chemical type, having a 2A 10BC or higher rating.
  - (6) The fire hose shall be rubber-lined, mildew-proof and the cover shall be of flame-resistant qualities, meeting requirements for hose in Bureau of Mines Schedule 2G, except that the test flame shall be applied to the outer surface rather than to an open end. The bursting pressure shall be at least four times higher than the static water at the mine location; the maximum water pressure in the hose nozzle shall not exceed 100 p.s.i.g.
  - (e) Each working section of coal mines producing three hundred tons or more per shift shall be provided with two portable fire extinguishers and two hundred forty pounds of bagged rock dust; waterlines shall ex-

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tend to each section loading point and be equipped with 55 enough fire hose to reach each working face unless the 56 section loading point is provided with one of the fol-57 lowing: (1) Two portable water cars or (2) two portable 58 chemical cars, or (3) one portable water car or one 59 portable chemical car and either a portable foam-generating machine or a portable high-pressure rock-dusting 60 61 machine, fitted with at least two hundred fifty feet of 62 hose and supplied with at least sixty sacks of rock dust.

- (f) In all coal mines, waterlines shall be installed parallel to the entire length of belt conveyors and shall be equipped with fire hose outlets with valves at threehundred-foot intervals along each belt conveyor and at tailpieces. At least five hundred feet of fire hose with fittings suitable for connection with each belt conveyor waterline system shall be stored at strategic locations along the belt conveyor. Waterlines may be installed in entries adjacent to the conveyor entry belt as long as the outlets project into the belt conveyor entry. Each working section of coal mines producing less than three hundred tons of coal per shift shall be provided with two portable fire extinguishers, two hundred forty pounds of bagged rock dust and at least five hundred gallons of water and at least three pails of ten-quart capacity. In lieu of the five hundred gallon water supply, a waterline with sufficient hose to reach the working places, a portable water car of five hundred fifty gallons capacity, or a portable all-purpose dry powder chemical car of at least one hundred twenty-five pounds capacity may be provided.
- (g) In mines producing three hundred tons of coal or more per shift, waterlines shall be installed parallel to all haulage tracks using mechanized equipment in the track or adjacent entry and shall extend to the loading point of each working section. Waterlines shall be equipped with outlet valves at intervals of not more than five hundred feet, and five hundred feet of fire hose with fittings suitable for connection with such waterlines shall be provided at strategic locations. Two portable water cars, readily available, may be used in lieu of waterlines prescribed under this subsection.

- 95 (h) In mines producing less than three hundred tons 96 of coal per shift, there shall be provided at five-hundred-97 foot intervals in all main and secondary haulage roads:
- 98 (1) A tank of water of at least fifty-five gallon capacity
- 99 with at least three pails of not less than ten-quart ca-
- 100 pacity, or (2) not less than two hundred forty pounds 101 of bagged rock dust.
- 102 (i) Each track or off-track locomotive, self-propelled 103 man-trip car, or personnel carrier shall be equipped with 104 one portable fire extinguisher.
- 105 (j) Two portable fire extinguishers shall be provided 106 at each permanent electrical installation. One portable 107 fire extinguisher and two hundred forty pounds of rock 108 dust shall be provided at each temporary electrical in-109 stallation.
- 110 (k) Two portable fire extinguishers and two hundred 111 forty pounds of rock dust shall be provided at each per-112 manent underground oil storage station. One portable 113 fire extinguisher shall be provided at each working sec-114 tion where twenty-five gallons or more of oil are stored 115 in addition to extinguishers required under subsection 116 (e) of this section.
- 117 (l) One portable fire extinguisher or two hundred 118 forty pounds of rock dust and water shall be provided 119 at locations where welding, cutting, or soldering with 120 arc or flame is being done.
- 121 (m) At each wooden door through which power lines 122 pass there shall be one portable fire extinguisher or two 123 hundred forty pounds of rock dust within twenty-five 124 feet of the door on the intake air side.
- 125 (n) At each mine producing three hundred tons of 126 coal or more per shift, there shall be readily available 127 the following materials at locations not exceeding two 128 miles from each working section:
- 129 (1) One thousand board feet of brattice boards
- 130 (2) Two rolls of brattice cloth
- 131 (3) Two handsaws
- 132 (4) Twenty-five pounds of 8° nails
- 133 (5) Twenty-five pounds of 10° nails

- 134 (6) Twenty-five pounds of 16° nails
- 135 (7) Three claw hammers
- 136 (8) Twenty-five bags of wood fiber plaster or ten
- 137 bags of cement (or equivalent material for stoppings)
- 138 (9) Five tons of rock dust.
- 139 (o) At each mine producing less than three hundred 140 tons of coal per shift, the above materials shall be avail-
- 141 able at the mine: Provided, however, That the emergency
- 142 materials for one or more mines may be stored at a
- 143 central warehouse or building supply company and such
- 144 supply must be the equivalent of that required for all
- 145 mines involved and within one hour's delivery time
- 146 from each mine. This exception shall not apply where
- 140 from each mine. This exception shall not apply where
- 147 the active working sections are more than two miles from
- 148 the surface.

### §22-2-59. First-aid equipment.

- 1 (a) Each operator of an underground coal mine shall 2 maintain a supply of first-aid equipment at each of the 3 following locations:
- 4 (1) At the mine dispatcher's office and on the surface 5 in close proximity to the mine entry.
- 6 (2) At the bottom of each regularly traveled slope
- 7 or shaft; however, where the bottom of such slope or 8 shaft is not more than one thousand feet from the sur-
- 9 face, such first-aid supplies may be maintained on the
- 10 surface at the entrance of the mine.
- 11 (3) At a point in each working section not more than
- 12 five hundred feet outby the active working face or faces.
- 13 (b) The first-aid equipment required to be maintained 14 shall include at least the following:
- 15 (1) One stretcher
- 16 (2) One broken-back board
- 17 (3) Twenty-four triangular bandages
- 18 (4) Eight four-inch bandage compresses
- 19 (5) Sixteen two-inch bandage compresses
- 20 (6) Twelve one-inch adhesive compresses
- 21 (7) One foille

- 22 (8) Two cloth blankets
- 23 (9) One rubber blanket
- 24 (10) Two tourniquets
- 25 (11) One one-ounce bottle of aromatic spirits of am-26 monia
- 27 (12) Two inflatable plastic arm splints
- 28 (13) Two inflatable plastic leg splints
- 29 (14) Six small splints, metal or wooden
- 30 (15) Two cold packs
- 31 (c) All first-aid supplies required to be maintained 32 under the section shall be stored in suitable sanitary, 33 dust-tight, moisture-proof containers and such supplies 34 shall be accessible to the miners.
- 35 (d) No first-aid material shall be removed or diverted 36 without authorization, except in case of accident in or 37 about the mine.
- 38 (e) On all occasions when a person becomes sick or 39 injured underground to the extent that he must go to 40 the surface, he shall be accompanied by one or more 41 persons.

### §22-2-60. Accessible outlets; safe roadways for emergencies.

- 1 (a) No operator or mine foreman of any coal mine shall employ any person to work in such mine, or permit any persons to be in the mine for the purpose of working therein unless they are provided with two 4 openings or outlets to each seam, separated by natural strata, such openings to be not less than three hundred feet apart, if the mine be worked by shaft; if the mine be worked by shaft and slope, such openings shall be 8 separated by one hundred feet of natural strata; and 10 not less than fifty feet apart at the outlets, if worked 11 by slope or drift; but this requirement of a distance of three hundred feet between openings or outlets to shaft mines shall not apply where such openings or outlets have been made prior to the effective date of this article. 15
- 16 (b) At least two separate and distinct travelable pas-17 sageways shall be maintained to insure passage at all

- 18 times to any person, including disabled persons, and which shall be designated as escapeways; at least one 19 20 which is ventilated with intake air shall be provided from each working section continuous to the nearest 21 22 available opening on the surface, and shall be maintained in safe condition and properly marked. Mine 23 24 openings shall be adequately protected to prevent the entrance into the underground area of the mine of sur-25 26 face fires, fumes, smoke and floodwater. Escape facilities approved by the director of the department of mines. 27 28 properly maintained and frequently tested, shall be present at or in each escape shaft or slope to allow all 29 persons, including disabled persons to escape quickly 30 31 to the surface in event of an emergency. Return airways 32 entries designated as escapeways shall be provided with permissible two-way communication systems to the sur-33 34 face, and such systems shall be located at points not to 35 exceed every four thousand feet.
- 36 (c) Escapeways shall be inspected and traveled at least 37 once each week by a certified mine examiner who shall 38 place his initials and the date in a conspicuous place or 39 places and who shall file a written report thereon which 40 shall be kept on the surface.
- 41 (d) When new coal mines are opened, not more than 42 twenty men shall be allowed at any one time in any mine 43 until a connection has been made between the two mine 44 openings, and such connections shall be made as soon as 45 possible.
- 46 (e) When only one opening is available because of 47 final mining of pillars, not more than twenty miners 48 shall be allowed in such mine at any one time, and the 49 distance between the mine opening and working face 50 shall not exceed five hundred feet.

# §22-2-61. Coal storage bins; recovery tunnels; coal storage piles.

- 1 (a) Coal storage bins hereafter constructed with verti-2 cal sides fifty feet or over in height shall be pro-3 vided with ventilators or louvers or both to provide
- 4 adequate ventilation. Where roofs are constructed over

- 5 coal storage bins, adequate ventilation shall be provided
  6 by stacks, ventilators, louvers or mechanical means.
- 7 (b) Where cutting or welding is performed at any 8 location where coal is stored, means of prompt ex9 tinguishment of any fire accidentally started shall be 10 provided, and the area where cutting or welding is per11 formed shall be adequately watered down and rock12 dusted.
- 13 (c) A qualified person shall test for methane with a 14 methane detector prior to and during cutting and welding 15 operations inside or underneath a coal storage bin.
- 16 (d) Electric motors, switches and controls for coal 17 storage bins hereafter acquired shall be of dust-tight 18 construction.
- 19 (e) Repairs to electric equipment shall not be made 20 when the surrounding atmosphere contains dangerous 21 amounts of gas or dust.
- 22 (f) Where electric lights are used in recovery tunnels 23 of over one hundred feet in length, the wiring shall be in 24 rigid conduit and shall be enclosed in waterproof 25 receptacles.
- (g) An escapeway shall be provided from any recovery
  tunnel hereafter constructed to a safe place on the surface;
  such escapeway shall be at least thirty inches in diameter
  and where inclined, a ladder shall be provided to extend
  full length of the escapeway to facilitate emergency exit.
- 31 (h) Extreme caution shall be exercised by all em-32 ployees required to work at or near coal storage piles 33 during coal recovery operations to avoid injury by coal 34 slides or by being in or drawn into a chute.

### §22-2-62. Thermal coal dryers and plants.

- Thermal coal dryer plants shall be hereafter constructed, maintained and operated in compliance with the following provisions:
- 4 (1) Good housekeeping shall be practiced in and 5 around thermal dryer plants.
- 6 (2) Adequate fire-fighting facilities shall be provided 7 on all floors.

- 8 (3) When welding and cutting operations are to be 9 performed in a dryer structure, the area shall be wetted 10 down thoroughly and adequate fire-fighting apparatus 11 shall be readily available during the operation.
  - (4) Only qualified persons shall be permitted to operate dryers; however, this provision shall not prohibit qualified persons from training other persons to become qualified operators.
  - (5) Dryer control panels shall be provided with audible and visible alarm devices; such devices should be adjusted to function at somewhat less than maximum dryer temperature.
  - (6) A bypass or relief stack equipped with an automatically operated damper shall be provided for bypassing gases from the heating units to the outside atmosphere during emergency or normal shutdown operations.
  - (7) Thermal coal dryers hereafter installed shall not be enclosed except that roofs may be used. Whenever it is deemed necessary to enclose thermal dryers, such equipment shall be in a fireproof structure.
  - (8) Dryer installations and discharge stacks shall be protected with adequate explosion release vents that open to the outside atmosphere.
  - (9) Thermal coal dryers shall be located at a safe distance from tipples, cleaning plants, mine openings and surface buildings, such as oil storage areas, explosive magazines, and other buildings where coal dust, sparks and flames are likely to enter and become ignited or otherwise cause danger of fires.
  - (10) Dryers shall be equipped with quick-response heat control devices which, in the event of superelevated temperatures, will automatically divert the hot inlet gases into a bypass stack, thereby bypassing the drying chamber and at the same time stopping the fuel from being supplied to the air heater.
- 43 (11) All dryers, conveyors and other fine coal trans-44 porting machines shall be constructed as dust-tight as 45 practicable. Where necessary, such equipment shall be 46 provided with removable covers for inspection and

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- 47 cleaning and shall be provided with vent pipes to the 48 outside atmosphere to permit the escape of distilled 49 gases.
- 50 (12) Dryers shall be examined thoroughly after 51 normal and emergency shutdown for fires and coal dust 52 accumulations.
- (13) Dryer controls, valves, and mechanical equip-54 ment shall be frequently inspected, and no dryer shall be operated with defective mechanical equipment.
  - (14) The gauges of temperature control instruments shall be of the recording type.
- 58 (15) Operating rules suitable for the characteristics 59 of each dryer system and the materials processed shall 60 be developed and shall be available at the control panel.
  - (16) Electrical equipment, electrical wiring and lighting fixtures shall be of dust-tight construction.
    - (17) Adequate illumination shall be provided.
- 64 (18) Dryers shall not be operated beyond their rated 65 evaporation capacity.
- 66 (19) Fluid bed dryers shall be provided with water 67 sprays of sufficient capacity for use in event of fire.
- 68 (20) After shutdowns, thermal dryers shall be 69 cleared of hot coals so as to minimize ignitions on succeed-70 ing startups.
- 71 (21) Thermal coal dryers previously installed in a 72 tipple or cleaning plant shall be separated where practic-73 able from other working areas by substantial partitions capable of providing greater resistance to explosion pres-74 sures than an exterior wall or walls. 75
- 76 (22) When it is necessary to use extension cables for emergency illumination, such lighting devices shall 77 be dust-tight and adequately guarded. When it becomes 78 necessary to perform work in dryer system bins or any 79 other dusty areas, permissible cap lamps shall be used 80 for illumination. 81
- §22-2-63. No mine to be opened or reopened without prior approval of director of department of mines; approval fee; extension of certificate of approval;

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# certificates not transferable; section to be printed on certificates.

- 1 (a) After the effective date of this section, no mine shall be opened or reopened unless prior approval has been obtained from the director of the department of 4 mines, which approval shall not be unreasonably withbeld. The operator shall pay for such approval a fee of 6 ten dollars, which payment shall be tendered with the 7 operator's application for such approval: *Provided*, That mines producing coal solely for the operator's use shall 9 be issued a permit without charge if coal production will 10 be less than fifty tons a year.
- 11 (b) Within thirty days after January first of each 12 year, the operator of each mine holding a certificate 13 evidencing approval of the director to open a mine, shall apply for the extension of such certificate of approval for 14 an additional year. Such approval, evidenced by a certifi-15 cate of the director, shall be granted as a matter of right 16 17 and without charge if, at the time such application is made, the operator is in compliance with the provisions 18 of section seventy-two of this article. Applications for 19 extension of such certificates of approval not submitted 20 within the time required shall be processed as an applica-21 22 tion to open or reopen a mine and shall be accompanied by a fee of ten dollars. 23
- 24 (c) Certificates of approval issued pursuant to this sec-25 tion shall not be transferable.
- 26 (d) The provisions of this section shall be printed on 27 the reverse side of every certificate issued hereunder.
  - (e) On or after July 1, 1971, no mine shall be opened or reopened unless a surface disturbed reclamation bond in the amount of five hundred dollars per acre is submitted to the department of mines for the removal of unused surface structures and the sealing of abandoned mine openings. The district mine inspector shall be contacted for a preinspection of the area proposed for underground mining prior to the issuance of any new opening approval. The above-mentioned bond shall go into a separate fund and must be submitted separate, when application is made for the issuance of a deep mine permit.

## §22-2-64. Sealing; permanently closed or abandoned mines.

- 1 (a) After July 1, 1971, when any coal mine is worked 2 out or indefinitely closed, such mine openings shall be 3 properly sealed within ninety days after the mine is 4 abandoned.
- 5 (b) Mines temporarily inactive for less than ninety 6 days shall be adequately fenced with conspicuous signs 7 prohibiting the possible entrance of unauthorized persons.
- 8 (c) Shaft openings shall be effectively capped or filled.
  9 Filling shall be for the entire depth of the shaft. Caps
  10 shall consist of a six inch thick concrete cap or other
  11 equivalent means approved by the director of the department of mines.
- 13 (d) Caps shall be equipped with a vent pipe at least 14 two inches in diameter extending for a distance of at 15 least fifteen feet above the surface shaft.

# §22-2-65. Mining close to abandoned workings.

- Any operator working up to an abandoned coal mine may be permitted to work to his property line, if ap-
- 3 proved by the director of the department of mines, but
- 4 in such cases precaution must be taken as provided in
  - this article.

# §22-2-66. Explosion or accident; notice; investigation by department of mines.

Whenever, by reason of any explosion or other accident 1 in or about any coal mine or the machinery connected 2 therewith, loss of life, or serious personal injury shall occur, it shall be the duty of the superintendent of the 4 mine, and in his absence, the mine foreman in charge of the mine, to give immediate notice to the director of the 6 department of mines and the inspector of the district, 7 stating the particulars of such accident. If anyone is 8 killed, the inspector shall immediately go to the scene 9 of such accident and make such recommendations and 10 render such assistance as he may deem necessary for the 11 future safety of the men, and investigate the cause of 12 such explosion or accident and make a record thereof 13 which he shall preserve with the other records in his 14 office, the cost of such records to be paid by the depart-

- 16 ment of mines, and a copy shall be furnished to the oper-
- 17 ator and other interested parties. To enable him to make
- 18 such investigation, he shall have the power to compel the
- 19 attendance of witnesses and to administer oaths or affir-
- 20 mations. The director of the department of mines shall
- 21 have the right to appear and testify and to offer any
- 22 testimony that may be relevant to the question and to
- 23 cross-examine witnesses

### §22-2-67. Written report of accident.

- 1 Whenever any accident occurs in or about any coal
- 2 mine to any employee or person connected with the min-
- 3 ing operation, resulting in personal injury or death, the
- 4 operator shall, within twenty-four hours, report the same
- 5 in writing to the director of the department of mines and
- 6 to the district mine inspector of the district in which the
- 7 accident occurs, giving full details thereof upon forms
- 8 furnished by the department of mines.

# §22-2-68. Preservation of evidence following accident or disaster.

- 1 Following a mine accident resulting in the death of
- 2 one or more persons and following any mine disaster,
- 3 the evidence surrounding such occurrence shall not be
- 4 disturbed after recovery of bodies or injured persons
- 5 until an investigation by the department of mines has
- 6 been completed.

# §22-2-69. Fire in and about mine; notification of director and district mine inspector.

- 1 The operator or mine foreman, upon the discovery of
- 2 fire in or about a mine, shall immediately notify the di-
- 3 rector of the department of mines and the district mine
- 4 inspector in whose district the mine is located.

## §22-2-70. Shafts and slopes.

- 1 (a) When mine examiner to be employed; qualifica-
- 2 tions.
- 3 During the sinking of a shaft or the driving of a slope
- 4 to a coal bed or while engaged in underground construc-
- 5 tion work, or relating thereto, the operator shall assign

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6 a mine examiner to such project areas. Such mine examiner shall have a certificate of competency valid only for 7 the type of work stipulated thereon and issued to him by 8 the department of mines after he has passed an examina-9 tion given by the department of mines. He shall, at the 10 time he takes the examination, have a minimum of five 11 years' experience in shaft sinking, slope driving and 12 underground construction; moreover, he shall be able to 13 detect methane with a flame safety lamp and have a 14 thorough knowledge of the ventilation of shafts, slopes, 15 and mines, and the machinery connected therewith, and 16 finally, he shall be a person of good moral character with 17 temperate habits. 18

(b) Mine examiner or certified person acting as such; duties generally; records open for inspection.

In all shafts and slopes within three hours immediately preceding the beginning of a work shift and before any workmen in such shift, other than those who may be designated to make the examinations, enter the underground areas of such shafts or slopes, a certified foreman or mine examiner, designated by the operator of such shaft or slope to do so, shall make an examination of such areas. Each person designated to make such examinations shall make tests with a permissible flame safety lamp for accumulations of methane and oxygen deficiency, and examine sides of shafts and ribs and roof of all slopes. Should he find a condition which he considers dangerous to persons, he shall place a conspicuous danger sign at all entrances to such places. He shall record the results of his examination with ink or indelible pencil in a book prescribed by the director of the department of mines, kept at a place on the surface designated by mine management. All records as prescribed herein shall be open for inspection by interested persons.

## (c) Approvals and permits.

An approval shall be obtained from the department of mines before work is started. A permit shall be obtained from the department of mines (1) to stop fan when men are in shafts or slopes; (2) to use electrical machinery in shafts or slopes; (3) to use electric lights in shafts or

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46 slopes; (4) to use welders, torches and like equipment in 47 shafts or slopes; (5) to hoist more than four men at one time in buckets or cars; (6) to shoot more than fifteen 48 49 shots in one series.

### (d) Records.

The foreman in charge on each shift shall keep a daily 52 report of conditions and practices. The foreman in charge on each shift shall read and countersign the reports of 53 54 the previous shift. Unsatisfactory conditions and practices reported shall be repeated on daily reports until 55 56 corrected. Hoists, buckets, cars, ropes and appliances 57 thereto shall be examined by a qualified person before 58 the start of each shift and a written record kept. Deaths from accidents or previous injuries shall be reported 59 immediately by wire to the office of the director of the 60 department of mines and to the district mine inspector 61 62 or the inspector-at-large. A written report of all injuries and deaths shall be mailed to the department of mines 63 and district mine inspector promptly. Immediate notice 64 65 shall be given the office of the director of the department of mines, the district mine inspector and the inspector-66 at-large in the event of an ignition of gas, or serious acci-67 dent to men or equipment. All permits and approvals 68 must be available for inspection by all interested per-69 70 sons.

### (e) General.

The foreman on shift shall have at least five years' experience in shafts or slopes. New employees shall be instructed in the dangers and rules incident to their work. Conspicuous bulletin boards and warning signs shall be maintained. Unauthorized persons shall not be permitted around shafts or slopes. First-aid material shall be maintained at the operation as required by section fifty-nine of this article. The scene of a fatal accident shall be left unchanged until an investigation is made by all interested persons. All employees and others around the operation shall wear hard-toe shoes and hardtop hats. Goggles or other eye protection shall be worn when cutting, welding, or striking where particles may fly. Gears, belts, and revolving parts of machinery shall

be properly guarded. Hand tools shall be in good con-86 87 dition. Sides of shafts, ribs and roof of all slopes shall be closely observed for loose and dangerous conditions. 88 89 Loose brows, ribs and top in slopes shall be taken down 90 or supported; loose ribs in shafts shall be scaled. Men shall be hoisted and lowered under power in shafts and 91 slopes. All hoists must have two positive breaking de-92 vices. At least three wraps of rope shall remain on the 93 hoist drum at all times. Wire ropes shall not be less than 94 three-fourths inches in diameter, and of a design to pre-95 96 vent excessive spinning or turning when hoisting.

97 When heavy materials are hoisted, a large rope shall 98 be used if necessary. A hoisting engineer shall be in 99 constant attendance while men are in shaft. Head frames 100 shall be constructed substantially. Noise from machinery 101 shall not interfere with signals. The standard signal code, 102 whistle or bell shall be used for hoisting:

103 One signal \_\_\_\_\_\_Hoist 104 One signal \_\_\_\_\_Stop 105 Two signals \_\_\_\_\_Lower Three signals \_\_\_\_\_ Man cage 106 One signal from hoisting engineer Men board cage 107 108 Hoist signals shall be posted in front of the hoisting engineer. The shaft opening shall be enclosed by a fence 109 five feet high. Buckets shall not be loaded within six 110 inches of the top rim. Buckets shall have a positive lock 111 on the handle or bale to prevent bucket from crumpling 112 while being hoisted. Positive coupling devices shall be 113 used on buckets or cars (hooks with safety catches or 114 threaded clevis). Emergency devices for escape shall 115 be provided while shafts are under construction. Men 116 shall not ride on or work from rims of buckets. Buckets 117 or cars shall not be lowered without a signal from work-118 ing area. Only sober and competent engineers shall be 119 permitted to operate hoists. No intoxicating liquors or 120 intoxicated persons shall be permitted in or around any 121 shaft, slope or machinery. Lattice type platforms shall 122 123 be used.

(f) Explosives.

125 Explosives and blasting caps being taken into or re-126 moved from the operation shall be transported and kept in approved nonconducting receptacles (unopened car-127 tons or cases are permissible). Explosives shall not be 128 129 primed until ready to be inserted into holes. Handling of 130 explosives and loading of holes shall be under the strict 131 supervision of a qualified person or shotfirer. No more 132 explosives or caps than are required to shoot one round 133 shall be taken into shafts. Adobe, mudcapped or unconfined shots shall not be fired. Holes shall be stemmed 134 135 tightly and full to the mouth. Blasting caps shall be 136 inserted in line with the explosive. Leg wires of blasting 137 caps and buss wires shall be kept shunted until connected. 138 Shooting cables shall be shunted at firing devices and before connecting to leg wires. Only approved shooting 139 140 devices shall be used. Shots shall be fired promptly after the round of holes are charged. Warnings shall be given 141 before shots are fired by shouting "Fire" three times 142 143 slowly after those notified have withdrawn. The blasting 144 circuit shall be wired in series or parallel series. All 145 shooting circuits shall be tested with a galvonometer by 146 a qualified person before shooting. A careful examination for misfires shall be made after each shot. Persons shall 147 not return to the face until smoke and dust have cleared 148 away. The shooting cable shall be adequately insulated 149 150 and have a substantial covering; be connected by the person firing the shot; and be kept away from power 151 circuits. Misfires shall be removed by firing separate 152 holes or by washing; shall not be drilled out; and shall 153 be removed under supervision of a foreman or qualified 154 person. Separate magazines for the storage of explosives 155 and detonators shall be located not less than three hun-156 dred feet from openings or other structures. Magazines 157 for the storage of explosives and detonators shall be 158 separated at least fifty feet. Magazines shall be located 159 behind barricades. The outside of magazines shall be con-160 structed of incombustible material. Rubbish and com-161 bustible material shall not be permitted to accumulate 162 163 around or in magazine. Warning signs, to be seen in all directions, shall be posted near magazines. 164

(g) Electrical.

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166 Power cables installed in slopes shall be placed in conduit away from the belt as far as possible. Surface trans-167 168 formers shall be elevated at least eight feet from the 169 ground or enclosed by a fence six feet high, grounded if 170 metal; shall be properly grounded; shall be installed so that they will not present a fire hazard; and shall be 171 172 guarded by sufficient danger signs.

Electric equipment shall be in good condition, clean 174 and orderly; shall be equipped with guards around moving parts; and shall be grounded with effective frame grounds on motors and control boxes.

All electric wires shall be installed and supported on insulators. All electric equipment shall be protected by dual element fuse or circuit breakers.

### (h) Ventilation.

Ventilating fans shall be offset from portal at least fifteen feet; shall be installed so that the ventilating current is not contaminated by dust, smoke or gases; shall be effectively frame grounded; and shall be provided with fire extinguishers.

All shafts and slopes shall be ventilated adequately and continuously with fresh air. Air tubing shall deliver not less than nine thousand feet per minute at the working area or as much more as the inspector may require.

### (i) Gases.

A foreman shall be in attendance at all times in shafts and slopes who has passed an examination given by the department of mines as to his competency in the use of flame safety lamps.

An examination shall be made before and after shooting by the foreman on shift. The foreman shall have no superior in the performance of his duties. A lighted flame safety lamp or other approved detector shall be carried at all times by the foreman when in the working area and weekly gas analysis made. In all shafts and slopes within three hours immediately preceding the beginning of a work shift and before any workmen in such shift, other than those who may be designated to make the examinations, enter the underground areas of such shafts or slopes, a certified mine foreman or mine exam-

- 206 iner designated by the operator of such shaft or slope to
- 207 do so, shall make an examination of such area. Evidence
- 208 of official examination shall be left at the face by marking
- 209 date and initials.
- 210 Gases shall be removed under the supervision of the
- 211 foreman in charge. Smoking shall not be permitted in-
- 212 side of shafts or slopes.
- 213 (j) Drilling.
- 214 Dust allaying or dust collecting devices shall be used
- 215 while drilling.
- 216 (k) Lights to be used in shafts.
- 217 Only approved electric cap lights shall be used in
- 218 shafts. Other lights shall be of explosive-proof type.
- 219 Lights shall be suspended in shafts by cable or chain
- 220 other than the power conductor. In slopes lights must be
- 221 substantially installed. Power cables shall be of an ap-
- 222 proved type. Power cables shall not be taut from shaft
- 223 collar to light. Power cables shall be in good condition
- 224 and free of improper splices. Lights shall be suspended
- 225 not less than twenty feet above where men are working.
- 226 Lights shall be removed from shaft and power cut off
- 227 when shooting. In slopes lights must be removed a safe
- 228 distance when shots are fired. Lights shall not be replaced
- 229 in shafts or slopes until examination has been made for
- 230 gas by the mine examiner and found clear. Front of light
- 231 shall be protected by a substantial metal-type guard.
- 232 Lights shall be protected from falling objects from above
- 233 by a metal hood. The lighting circuit shall be properly
- 234 fused. Electric lights shall not be used in gaseous atmos-
- 235 pheres. A lighted flame safety lamp or approved detector
- 236 shall be kept for use at the face while men are at work.

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

# §22-2-71. Reopening old or abandoned mines.

- 1 No person, without first giving to the director of the
- 2 department of natural resources ten days' written notice
- 3 thereof, shall reopen for any purposes any old or aban-
- 4 doned mine wherein water or mine seepage has collected

[Ch. 89

- 5 or become impounded or exists in such manner or quan-6 tity that upon the opening of such mine, such water or seepage may drain into any stream or watercourse. Such 8 notice shall state clearly the name or names of the owner or owners of the mine proposed to be opened, its exact 10 location, and the time of the proposed opening thereof. Upon receipt of such notice, the director of the de-11 12 partment of natural resources shall have his representa-13 tive present at the mine at the time designated in the 14 notice for such opening, who shall have full supervision of the work of opening such mine with full authority to 15 direct the work in such manner as to him seems proper 16 and necessary to prevent the flow of mine water or seep-17
- age from such mine in such manner or quantity as will 18
- 19 kill or be harmful to the fish in any stream or water-
- course into which such mine water seepage may flow
- directly or indirectly.

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### §22-2-72. Monthly report by operator of mine.

- The operator of every coal mine shall, on or before
- the end of each calendar month, file with the director a
- report covering the preceding calendar month on forms
- furnished by the director. Such reports shall state the
- number of accidents which have occurred, the number
- 6 of persons employed, the days worked and the actual
- tonnage of coal mined.

# §22-2-73. Examinations to determine compliance with permits.

- Whenever permits are issued by the department of 1
- 2 mines, frequent examinations shall be made by the mine
- 3 inspector during the tenure of the permit to determine
- 4 that the requirements and limitations of the permit are
- complied with.

## §22-2-74. Provisions of article severable.

- The various provisions of this article shall be con-1
- strued as separable and severable, and should any of
- the provisions, sentences, clauses, or parts thereof be 3
- 4 construed or held unconstitutional or for any reason be
  - invalid, the remaining provisions of this article shall not
- 6 be thereby affected.

# **CHAPTER 90**

(House Bill No. 913-By Mr. Laulis)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article six, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to certification of coal miners, certificate of competency and qualification required of miners, apprentices, identification, and employment of apprentices.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article six, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 6. CERTIFICATION OF COAL MINERS.

- §22-6-1. Certificate of competency and qualification required of miners; apprentices; identification; employment of apprentices.
  - 1 Except as hereinafter provided no person shall be em-
  - 2 ployed or work as a coal miner in any mine in this
  - 3 state, without first having obtained a certificate of com-
  - 4 petency and qualification.
  - 5 Any miner holding a certificate may have one person
  - 6 working with him, and under his direction, as an ap-
  - 7 prentice, and any foreman, assistant foreman or mine
  - 8 examiner may have not more than five persons working
  - 9 with him and under his immediate supervision and direc-
  - 10 tion, as apprentices, for the purpose of learning and
  - 11 being instructed in the duties and calling of mining.
  - 12 Apprentice miners shall wear red hats which will 13 identify them as being noncertified.
  - 14 On and after the effective date of this section, no person
- 15 shall be employed as an apprentice miner for a period
- 16 in excess of eight months, except in the event of illness

- 17 or injury, time extensions shall be permitted as estab-
- 18 lished by the director of the department of mines.
- 19 For the purposes of this article the term "coal miner"
- 20 or "miner" shall mean all underground workers in
- 21 bituminous coal mines, except as hereinafter provided.

# **CHAPTER 91**

(House Bill No. 1031—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect April 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a, of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the application for certificate of title and tax for privilege of certification of title.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION; IS-SUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

# §17A-3-4. Application for certificate of title; tax for privilege of certification of title.

- 1 Certificates of registration of any vehicle or registration
- 2 plates therefor, whether original issues or duplicates,
- 3 shall not be issued or furnished by the department of
- 4 motor vehicles or any other officer charged with such
- 5 duty, unless the applicant therefor already has received,
- or shall at the same time make application for and be
- 7 granted, an official certificate of title of such vehicle.
- 8 Such application shall be upon a blank form to be
- 9 furnished by the department of motor vehicles and shall
- 10 contain a full description of the vehicle, which descrip-
- 11 tion shall contain the manufacturer's serial or identifica-
- 12 tion number or other number as determined by the

13 commissioner and any distinguishing marks, together with a statement of the applicant's title and of any liens 14 or encumbrances upon such vehicle, the names and 15 addresses of the holders of such liens and such other 16 17 information as the department of motor vehicles may require. The application shall be signed and sworn to 18 by the applicant. A tax is hereby imposed upon the 19 20 privilege of effecting the certification of title of each 21 vehicle in the amount equal to five percent of the value 22 of said motor vehicle at the time of such certification. 23 If the vehicle is new, the actual purchase price or con-24 sideration to the purchaser thereof shall be the value of 25 said vehicle: if the vehicle is a used or secondhand 26 vehicle, the present market value at time of transfer or 27 purchase shall be deemed the value thereof for the purpose of this section: Provided, That so much of the 28 29 purchase price or consideration as is represented by the exchange of other vehicles on which the tax herein 30 31 imposed has been paid by the purchaser shall be de-32 ducted from the total actual price or consideration paid 33 for said vehicle, whether the same be new or secondhand: 34 if the vehicle be acquired through gift, or by any manner whatsoever, unless specifically exempted in this section, 35 the present market value of the vehicle at the time of 36 37 the gift or transfer shall be deemed the value thereof for the purposes of this section. No certificate of title for 38 any vehicle shall be issued to any applicant unless such 39 applicant shall have paid to the department of motor 40 41 vehicles the tax imposed by this section which shall be five percent of the true and actual value of said vehicle 42 whether the vehicle be acquired through purchase, by 43 gift, or by any other manner whatsoever except gifts 44 between husband and wife or between parents and 45 children: Provided, That husband or wife, or parents 46 or children previously have paid said tax on the vehicle 47 so transferred to the state of West Virginia. The tax im-48 posed by this section shall not apply to vehicles to be 49 registered as Class H vehicles or Class S vehicles, as 50 defined in section one, article ten of this chapter, which 51 are used or to be used in interstate commerce, nor shall 52 the tax imposed by this section apply to titling of 53

vehicles by a registered dealer of this state for resale only, nor shall the tax imposed by this section apply to titling of vehicles by this state or any political sub-division thereof, or by any volunteer fire department organized and incorporated under the laws of the state of West Virginia for protection of life or property. The total amount of revenue collected by reason of this tax shall be paid into the state road fund and expended by the state road commissioner for matching federal aid funds allocated for West Virginia. In addition to said tax, there shall be a charge of two dollars for each origi-nal certificate of title or duplicate certificate of title so issued: Provided, however, That this state or any politi-cal subdivision thereof, or any such volunteer fire depart-ment, shall be exempted from payment of such charge. 

Such certificate shall be good for the life of the vehicle, so long as the same is owned or held by the original holder of such certificate, and need not be renewed annually, or any other time, execpt as herein provided.

If, by will or direct inheritance, a person becomes the owner of a motor vehicle and the tax herein imposed previously has been paid, to the department of motor vehicles on that vehicle, he shall not be required to pay such tax.

A person who has paid the tax imposed by this section shall not be required to pay the tax a second time for the same motor vehicle, but he shall be required to pay a charge of two dollars for the certificate of retitle of that motor vehicle, except that such tax shall be paid by such person when the title to such vehicle has been transferred either in this or another state from such person to another person and transferred back to such person.

Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the owners of trailers, semitrailers and other vehicles not subject to the certificate of title tax prior to the enactment of this chapter shall be subject to the privilege tax imposed by this section: Provided, however, That mobile homes, house trailers, modular homes and similar nonmotive propelled vehicles susceptible of being moved upon the highways but primarily designed for habitation and occupancy, rather than for

- 95 transporting persons or property, shall not be subject to
- 96 the tax imposed by this section, but shall be taxable
- 97 under the provisions of articles fifteen and fifteen-a of
- 98 chapter eleven of this code.

# **CHAPTER 92**

(Senate Bill No. 95-By Mr. Barnett)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and two, article four-a, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to automobile title certificates; liens; information required to be placed on the certificate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and two, article four-a, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 4A. LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES ON VEHICLES TO BE SHOWN ON CERTIFICATE OF TITLE; NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND PURCHASERS.

§17A-4A-1. Certificate to show liens or encumbrances.

§17A-4A-2. Liens and encumbrances subsequently created.

## §17A-4A-1. Certificate to show liens or encumbrances.

- The department upon receiving an application for a 1
- certificate of title to a vehicle, trailer, semitrailer or pole
- trailer, for which a certificate of title is required under
- 4 article three of this chapter, all of which are hereinafter
- in this article referred to as vehicles, showing liens or
- encumbrances upon such vehicle, shall, upon issuing to
- the owner thereof a certificate of title therefor, show upon the face of the certificate of title all liens or en-
- 9 cumbrances disclosed by such application. All such liens
- 10 or encumbrances shall be shown in the order of their

11 priority being according to the information contained in such application. When such an application shows liens 12 and encumbrances, such information as evidence of the 13 lien in connection therewith as the department may 14 15 deem necessary shall also be furnished. Such information shall include the name and address of the lienholder, the 16 nature and kind of his lien, the date thereof, and the 17 18 amount thereby secured. However, only the name and address of the lienholder will be endorsed on the title 19 certificate. Upon issuing the certificate, the department 20 shall thereupon send or deliver it to the holder of the 21 first lien. 22

## §17A-4A-2. Liens and encumbrances subsequently created.

Liens or encumbrances placed on vehicles by the 1 voluntary act of the owner (including a registered dealer holding title by assignment entered upon a certificate of title) after the original issue of title to be properly re-5 corded must be shown on the certificate of title. In such 6 cases, the owner or lienholder shall file application with the department on a blank furnished for that purpose, 7 setting forth the lien or liens and such information and evidence of the lien in connection therewith as the de-9 partment may deem necessary. Such information shall 10 include the name and address of the lienholder, the 11. nature and kind of his lien, the date thereof, and the 12 amount thereby secured. However, only the name and 13 address of the lienholder shall be endorsed on the title 14 certificate with the endorsement of the fact of such lien 15 as hereinafter provided. The department, if satisfied that 16 it is proper that the same be recorded, and upon surrender 17 of the certificate of title covering the vehicle, shall 18 thereupon issue a new certificate of title, showing the 19 liens or encumbrances in the order of their filing being 20 according to the date, hour and minute of receipt by the 21 department of the application for same. For the purpose 22 of recording a subsequent lien on a certificate of title, 23 the subsequent lienor shall make a written request upon 24 the lienor in possession of the certificate of title, accom-25 panied by proof of the existence of his subsequent lien, 26 stating his need to have possession of the certificate of 27

- 28 title for the purpose of having his lien recorded thereon
- 29 by the department of motor vehicles. Thereupon, the
- 30 lienor in possession of the certificate shall within a rea-
- 31 sonable time, not to exceed ten days from the receipt of
- 32 said written request, deliver the certificate of title to
- 33 the requesting subsequent lienor.
- 34 Upon delivery of the certificate of title, the subsequent
- 35 lienor shall immediately forward it and his own appli-
- 36 cation to the department of motor vehicles for filing his
- 37 lien and recording the same on the certificate of title.
- 38 Upon issuing the new certificate, the department shall
- 39 thereupon send or deliver it to the holder of the first lien.

# **CHAPTER 93**

(House Bill No. 1197-By Mrs. Smirl and Mr. White, of Cabell)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to definitions; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a, relating to special plates for manufacturers and transporters, fee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article six, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article six be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DIS-MANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS, ETC.

§17A-6-1. Definitions. Special plates for manufacturers and transporters; fee. §17A-6-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires
- 2 a different meaning, as used in this article:

- (1) "New motor vehicle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), en-gaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new motor vehicles or new and used motor vehicles, of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this chapter, except, for the purposes of this article only, motorcycles.
  - (2) "Used motor vehicle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling used motor vehicles of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this chapter, except, for the purposes of this article only, motorcycles.
  - (3) "House trailer dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used house trailers, or new and/or used house trailers and trailers.
  - (4) "Trailer dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used trailers.
  - (5) "Motorcycle dealer" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged, in, the business in this state of selling new and/or used motorcycles.
- 38 (6) "Used parts dealer" means every person (other 39 than his agents and employees, if any, while acting within 40 the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, 41 or who holds himself out to the public to be engaged in, 42 the business in this state of selling any used appliance, 43 accessory, member, portion or other part of any vehicle.

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- 44 (7) "Wrecker or dismantler" means every person (other than his agents and employees, if any, while 45 46 acting within the scope of their authority or employment), engaged in, or who holds himself out to the 47 48 public to be engaged in, the business in this state of 49 dealing in wrecked or damaged motor vehicles or motor 50 vehicle parts for the purpose of selling the parts thereof 51 or scrap therefrom.
- 52 (8) "New motor vehicles" means all motor vehicles, except motorcycles and used motor vehicles, of a type 53 54 required to be registered under the provisions of this 55 chapter.
- 56 (9) "Used motor vehicles" means all motor vehicles, 57 except motorcycles, of a type required to be registered under the provisions of this chapter which have been 58 sold and operated, or which have been registered or 59 60 titled, in this or any other state or jurisdiction.
- 61 (10) "House trailers" means all trailers designed or intended for human occupancy and commonly referred 62 63 to as mobile homes or house trailers, but shall not in-64 clude camping, vacation and travel trailers.
- 65 (11) "Trailers" means all types of trailers other than house trailers, and shall include, but not be lim-66 67 ited to, pole trailers and semitrailers.
- 68 (12) "Sales instrument" means any document re-69 sulting from the sale of a vehicle, which shall include, 70 but not be limited to, a bill of sale, invoice, conditional sales contract, chattel mortgage, chattel trust deed, se-71 72 curity agreement or similar document.
- (13) "Sell," "sale" or "selling" shall, in addition to 74 the ordinary definitions of such terms, include offering for sale, soliciting sales of, negotiating for the sale of, displaying for sale, or advertising for sale, any vehicle, whether at retail, wholesale or at auction. "Selling" shall, in addition to the ordinary definition of that term, also include buying and exchanging.
- "Applicant" means any person making appli-80 cation for an original or renewal license certificate 81 under the provisions of this article. 82

- 83 (15) "Licensee" means any person holding any 84 license certificate issued under the provisions of this 85 article.
- 86 (16) "Predecessor" means the former owner or 87 owners or operator or operators of any new motor 88 vehicle dealer business or used motor vehicle dealer 89 business.
- 90 (17) "Established place of business" shall, in the case of a new motor vehicle dealer, mean a permanent 91 location, not a temporary stand or other temporary 92 quarters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant 93 and actually occupied or to be occupied by him, as 94 the case may be, which is or is to be used exclusively 95 for the purpose of selling new motor vehicles or new 96 and used motor vehicles, which shall have space under 97 roof for the display of at least one new motor vehicle 98 99 and facilities and space therewith for the servicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, which ser-100 101 vicing and repair facilities and space shall be adequate and suitable to carry out servicing and to make repairs 102 necessary to keep and carry out all representations, 103 warranties and agreements made or to be made by such 104 105 dealer with respect to motor vehicles sold by him, which shall be easily accessible to the public, which 106 shall conform to all applicable laws of the state of 107 West Virginia and the ordinances of the municipality 108 in which it is located, if any, which shall display 109 thereon at least one permanent sign, clearly visible 110 from the principal public street or highway nearest 111 said location and clearly stating the business which 112 is or shall be conducted thereat, and which shall have 113 adequate facilities to keep, maintain and preserve rec-114 ords, papers and documents necessary to carry on such 115 business and to make the same available to inspection 116 by the commissioner at all reasonable times: Provided, 117 however, That the requirement of exclusive use shall 118 be met even though (i) some new and any used motor 119 vehicles sold or to be sold by such dealer or sold or 120 are to be sold at a different location or locations not 121 meeting the definition of an established place of busi-122 ness of a new motor vehicle dealer, if each such location 123

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is or is to be served by other facilities and space of such dealer for the servicing and repair of at least 125 one motor vehicle, adequate and suitable as aforesaid, 126 127 and each such location used for the sale of some new and any used motor vehicles otherwise meets the defi-128 nition of an established place of business of a used 129 motor vehicle dealer; (ii) house trailers, trailers 130 and/or motorcycles are sold or are to be sold thereat. 131 132 if, subject to the provisions of section five of this article, a separate license certificate is obtained for 133 134 each such type of vehicle business, which license certificate remains unexpired, unsuspended and unrevoked; 135 (iii) farm machinery is sold thereat; and (iv) acces-136 sory, gasoline and oil, or storage departments are main-137 138 tained thereat, if such departments are operated for the purpose of furthering and assisting in the licensed 139 140 business or businesses.

- (18) "Farm machinery" means all machines and tools used in the production, harvesting or care of farm products.
- (19) "Established place of business" shall, in the case 144 of a used motor vehicle dealer, mean a permanent lo-145 cation, not a temporary stand or other temporary quar-146 ters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant and 147 actually occupied or to be occupied by him, as the 148 case may be, which is or is to be used exclusively for 149 the purpose of selling used motor vehicles, which 150 shall have facilities and space therewith for the ser-151 vicing and repair of at least one motor vehicle, which 152 servicing and repair facilities and space shall be ade-153 quate and suitable to carry out servicing and to make 154 repairs necessary to keep and carry out all represen-155 tations, warranties and agreements made or to be made 156 by such dealer with respect to used motor vehicles 157 sold by him, which shall be easily accessible to the 158 public, shall conform to all applicable laws of the 159 state of West Virginia, and the ordinances of the mu-160 nicipality in which it is located, if any, which shall 161 display thereon at least one permanent sign, clearly 162 visible from the principal public street or highway 163 164 nearest said location and clearly stating the business

165 which is or shall be conducted thereat, and which shall 166 have adequate facilities to keep, maintain and pre-167 serve records, papers and documents necessary to carry on such business and to make the same available to 168 169 inspection by the commissioner at all reasonable times: Provided, That if a used motor vehicle dealer has en-170 171 tered into a written agreement or agreements with a 172 person or persons owning or operating a servicing and repair facility or facilities adequate and suitable as 173 aforesaid, the effect of which agreement or agreements 174 is to provide such servicing and repair services and 175 space in like manner as if said servicing and repair 176 177 facilities and space were located in or on said dealer's 178 place of business, then, so long as such an agreement or agreements are in effect, it shall not be necessary 179 180 for such dealer to maintain such servicing and repair 181 facilities and space at his place of business in order 182 for such place of business to be an established place 183 of business as herein defined: Provided further, That 184 the requirement of exclusive use shall be met even 185 though (i) house trailers, trailers and/or motorcycles 186 are sold or are to be sold thereat, if, subject to the 187 provisions of section five of this article, a separate 188 license certificate is obtained for each such type of vehicle business, which license certificate remains un-189 expired, unsuspended and unrevoked; (ii) farm ma-190 chinery is sold thereat; and (iii) accessory, gasoline 191 192 and oil, or storage departments are maintained thereat, if such departments are operated for the purpose of 193 194 furthering and assisting in the licensed business or busi-195 nesses.

(20) "Established place of business" shall, in the case of a house trailer dealer, trailer dealer, motorcycle dealer, used parts dealer and wrecker or dismantler, mean a permanent location, not a temporary stand or other temporary quarters, owned or leased by the licensee or applicant and actually occupied or to be occupied by him, as the case may be, which shall be easily accessible to the public, which shall conform to all applicable laws of the state of West Virginia and the ordinances of the municipality in which it is lo-

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206 cated, if any, which shall display thereon at least one 207 permanent sign, clearly visible from the principal pub-208 lic street or highway nearest said location and clearly 209 stating the business which is or shall be conducted thereat, and which shall have adequate facilities to keep, 210 211 maintain and preserve records, papers and documents necessary to carry on such business and to make the 212 213 same available to inspection by the commissioner at 214 all reasonable times.

- "Manufacturer" means every person engaged in the business of reconstructing, assembling, or reassembling vehicles with a special type body required by the purchaser if said vehicle is subject to the title and registration provision of the code.
- "Transporter" means every person engaged in 221 the business of transporting vehicles to or from a manufacturing, assembling or distributing plant to dealers, 222 223 or sales agents of a manufacturer, or purchasers.
- (b) Under no circumstances whatever shall the terms "new motor vehicle dealer," "used motor vehicle dealer," "house trailer dealer," "trailer dealer," "motor-226 cycle dealer," "used parts dealer" or "wrecker or dis-227 mantler" be construed or applied under this article in 228 such a way as to include a banking institution, insur-229 ance company, finance company, or other lending or 230 financial institution, or other person, the state or any 231 agency or political subdivision thereof, or any munici-232 pality, who or which owns or shall come in possession 233 234 or ownership of, or acquire contract rights, or security interests in or to, any vehicle or vehicles or any part 235 thereof and shall sell such vehicle or vehicles or any 236 part thereof for purposes other than engaging in and holding himself or itself out to the public to be engaged in the business of selling vehicles or any part thereof.
- It is recognized that throughout this code the term "trailer" or "trailers" is used to include, among other types of trailers, house trailers. It is also recognized that throughout this code the term "trailer" or "trailers" is seldom used to include semitrailers or pole 246 trailers. However, for the purposes of this article only,

247 the term "trailers" shall have the meaning ascribed 248 to it in subsection (a) of this section.

# §17A-6-10a. Special plates for manufacturers and transporters; fee.

- 1 (1) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this 2 article, a manufacturer or transporter may operate or 3 move a vehicle upon the highways of this state solely for 4 purposes of transporting and/or testing the same with-5 out first registering each such vehicle upon condition 6 that any such vehicle display thereon, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, a special plate or plates issued to such manufacturer or transporter as provided 9 in this section.
- 10 (2) Any manufacturer or transporter may make ap11 plication to the commissioner upon a form prescribed by
  12 him for a certificate containing a general distinguishing
  13 number and for a special plate or plates. The applicant
  14 shall also submit proof of his status as a bona fide manu15 facturer or transporter as may be required by the com16 missioner.
- 17 (3) The commissioner, upon approving any such application, shall issue to the applicant a certificate containing the applicant's name and address and the general distinguishing number assigned to the applicant. The commissioner shall also issue a special plate, or special plates, as applied for, which shall have displayed thereon the general distinguishing number assigned to the applicant. Each plate shall also contain a number or symbol identifying the same from every other plate or plates bearing the same general distinguishing number.
- 27 (4) The annual fee for a license certificate for a 28 manufacturer or transporter and one special plate 29 shall be one hundred dollars. Additional special plates 30 shall be twenty-five dollars each.
- 31 (5) Every manufacturer or transporter shall keep 32 a written record of the vehicle upon which such special 33 plates are used, the time during which each is used on 34 a particular vehicle, and the location to which the 35 vehicle was delivered, which record shall be open to in-

- 36 spection by any police officer or employee of the de-37 partment.
- 38 (6) The provisions of this section shall not apply to 39 work or service vehicles owned by a manufacturer or 40 transporter.
- 41 (7) Said manufacturer or transporter shall be re-42 quired to furnish a certificate of insurance in the amount 43 of ten thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or 44 death to any one person in any one accident, twenty 45 thousand dollars because of bodily injury or death to two 46 or more persons in any one accident, and five thousand 47 dollars because of injury to or destruction of property of 48 others in any one accident.

# **CHAPTER 94**

(House Bill No. 807-By Mr. Burke)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two; section five, article nine; and section twenty-six, article fifteen, all of chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to authorized emergency vehicles, operation of vehicles and streetcars on approach of authorized emergency vehicles and equipment on authorized emergency vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article two; section five, article nine; and section twenty-six, article fifteen, all of chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 2. Obedience To and Effect Of Traffic Laws. 9. Right-of-way.
- 15. Equipment.

## ARTICLE 2. OBEDIENCE TO AND EFFECT OF TRAFFIC LAWS. §17C-2-5. Authorized emergency vehicles.

- 1 (a) The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle,
- when responding to an emergency call or when in the
- pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law or
- 4 when responding to but not upon returning from a fire
- alarm, may exercise the privileges set forth in this sec
  - tion, but subject to the conditions herein stated.
- 7 The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle (b) 8 may:
- 9 (1) Park or stand, irrespective of the provisions of this chapter; 10
- 11 (2) Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, 12 but only after slowing down as may be necessary for 13 safe operation;
- (3) Exceed the speed limits so long as he does not 14 15 endanger life or property;
- 16 (4) Disregard regulations governing direction of 17 movement of turning in specified directions.
- 18 (c) The exemptions herein granted to an authorized
- emergency vehicle shall apply only when the driver of 19
- 20 any said vehicle while in motion sounds audible signal
- 21 by bell, siren, or exhaust whistle as may be reasonably
- 22 necessary, and when the vehicle is equipped with at least
- 23 one lighted flashing lamp as authorized by section twenty-
- 24 six, article fifteen of this chapter which is visible under 25 normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of five
- 26 hundred feet to the front of such vehicle, except that an
- authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police vehicle 27
- need not be equipped with or display a warning light 28
- visible from in front of the vehicle. 29
- (d) The foregoing provisions shall not relieve the 30 driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty 31
- to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons, nor
- shall such provisions protect the driver from the conse-
- quences of his reckless disregard for the safety of others.

#### ARTICLE 9. RIGHT-OF-WAY.

# §17C-9-5. Operation of vehicles and streetcars on approach of authorized emergency vehicles.

- 1 (a) Upon the immediate approach of an authorized 2 emergency vehicle equipped with at least one flashing
- 3 lighted lamp of a color authorized by section twenty-six,
- 4 article fifteen of this chapter, which is visible under
- 5 normal atmospheric conditions from a distance of five
- 6 hundred feet to the front of such vehicle other than a
- 7 police vehicle when operated as an authorized emer-
- 8 gency vehicle, and when the driver is giving audible
- 9 signal by siren, exhaust whistle, or bell:
- 10 (1) The driver of every other vehicle shall yield the 11 right-of-way and shall immediately drive to a position
- 11 right-of-way and shall immediately drive to a position
- 12 parallel to, and as close as possible to, the right-hand 13 edge or curb of the roadway clear of any intersection
- 13 edge or curb of the roadway clear of any intersection 14 and shall stop and remain in such position until the
- 15 authorized emergency vehicle has passed, except when
- 16 otherwise directed by a police officer.
- 17 (2) Upon the approach of an authorized emergency
- 18 vehicle, as above stated, the motorman of every street-
- 19 car shall immediately stop such car clear of any inter-
- 20 section and keep it in such position until the authorized
- 21 emergency vehicle has passed, except when otherwise
- 22 directed by a police officer.
- 23 (b) This section shall not operate to relieve the
- 24 driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the
- 25 duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons
- 26 using the highway.

#### ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

## §17C-15-26. Special restrictions on lamps.

- 1 (a) Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a
  - motor vehicle other than head lamps, spot lamps,
  - 3 auxiliary lamps, or flashing front-direction signals which
  - 4 projects a beam of light of an intensity greater than
  - 5 three hundred candlepower shall be so directed that no
  - 6 part of the beam will strike the level of the roadway
    - on which the vehicle stands at a distance of more than
  - 8 seventy-five feet from the vehicle.

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- 9 (b) No person shall drive or move any vehicle or 10 equipment upon any highway with any lamp or device 11 thereon displaying other than a white or amber light 12 visible from directly in front of the center thereof except as authorized by subsection (d) of this section. 13
- (c) Except as authorized in section nineteen, flashing lights are prohibited on motor vehicles, except on an authorized emergency vehicle, school bus, snow removal equipment, or on any vehicle as a means for indicating right or left turn, on any vehicle as a means of indicating the same is disabled or otherwise stopped for an emer-20 gency.
  - (d) Nothwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the following color of flashing warning lights are restricted for the use of the type of vehicle designated:
- (1) Blue flashing warning lights are restricted to 24 25 police vehicles, except as authorized by section twentyseven of this article. 26
  - (2) Red flashing warning lights are restricted to ambulances, fire-fighting vehicles and school buses, except as authorized by sections nineteen and twenty-seven of this article.
- 31 (3) All other emergency vehicles authorized by this chapter and by section twenty-seven of this article shall 32 be restricted to amber or yellow flashing warning lights. 33
  - It shall be unlawful for flashing warning lights of an unauthorized color to be installed or used on a vehicle other than as specified in this section, except that a police vehicle may be equipped with either or both blue or red warning lights.

# **CHAPTER 95**

(Senate Bill No. 54-By Mr. Barnett and Mr. Knapp)

[Passed February 24, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section three, article fourteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four, relating to requirements for protective helmets, eye protection devices, handlebars and grips, seats and footrests, number of motorcycle riders; powers and duties of a board created to establish standards and specifications for protective helmets and eye protection devices; and powers and duties of the commissioner of motor vehicles in regulating sale of protective helmets and eye protection devices.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article fourteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; and that article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

### §17C-15-44. Safety equipment and requirements for motorcyclists and motorcycles.

- 1 (a) No person shall operate or be a passenger on any 2 motorcycle unless he is wearing securely fastened on
- 3 his head by either a neck or chin strap a protective
- 4 helmet designed to deflect blows, resist penetration and
- 5 spread impact forces. Any helmet worn by a motorcycle
- 6 operator or motorcycle passenger shall meet the perform-
- 7 ance specifications established by the United States of
- 8 America Standards Institute, Specifications for Protec-
- 9 tive Headgear for Vehicle Users, Standard Z 90.1-1966.
- Helmets worn by motorcycle operators and motorcycle passengers shall be coated with a reflectorized substance.
- 12 or have attached thereto a reflectorized material, on both
- 13 sides and the back thereof, with a minimum of ten square
- 13 sides and the back thereof, with a minimum of ten square
- 14 inches of coated substance or attached material in each
- 15 of the three locations.
- 16 (b) No person shall operate or be a passenger on any 17 motorcycle unless he is wearing safety, shatter resistant
- 18 eyeglasses (excluding contact lenses), or eyegoggles or
- 19 face shield that complies with the performance specifica-
- 20 tions established by the United States of America

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- 21 Standards Institute, Specifications for Head, Eye and 22 Respiratory Protection Z 2.1-1959. In addition, if any 23 motorcycle be equipped with a windshield or windscreen. the windshield or windscreen shall be constructed of 24 safety, shatter resistant material that complies with the 25 performance specifications established by the United 26 States of America Standards Institute, Safety Glazing 27 28 Materials for Glazing Motor Vehicles Operated on Land 29 Highways, Standard Z 26.1-1966.
- 30 (c) No person shall operate a motorcycle on which 31 the handlebars or grips are more than fifteen inches 32 higher than the uppermost part of the operator's seat 33 when the seat is not depressed in any manner.
- (d) A person operating a motorcycle shall ride in a seated position facing forward and only upon a permanent operator's seat attached to the motorcycle. No operator 37 shall carry any other person nor shall any other person ride on a motorcycle unless the motorcycle is designed 39 to carry more than one person, in which event a passenger 40 may ride behind the operator upon the permanent oper-41 ator's seat if it is designed for two persons, or upon 42 another seat firmly attached to the motorcycle to the rear of the operator's seat and equipped with footrests 44 designed and located for use by the passenger or in a sidecar firmly attached to the motorcycle. No more than 46 two persons, the motorcycle operator and one passenger, shall ride the same motorcycle at the same time. No person shall ride sidesaddle on a motorcycle seat.
  - (e) Every motorcycle shall be equipped with a rearview mirror affixed to the motorcycle handlebars and adjusted so that the motorcycle operator shall have a clear view of the road and condition of traffic behind him for a distance of at least two hundred feet.
  - (f) There is hereby created a three-member board which shall be known as the motorcycle safety standards and specifications board. The board shall be comprised of the superintendent of public safety, the commissioner of motor vehicles and the executive director of the West Virginia safety council or a person each may designate from his own agency.

Within thirty days after the effective date of this section, the board shall meet and elect one of its members chairman. The board shall meet thereafter at least twice in each calendar year at a place the board shall determine. The board may meet oftener if it deems it necessary to perform its functions.

The board is hereby authorized to issue regulations establishing standards and specifications for the protective helmet and eye protection devices as provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section. Not later than thirty days after its first meeting, the board shall establish these standards and specifications. The board shall periodically review the standards and specifications and change them as necessary to comply with this section. The board shall cause all standards and specifications it establishes to be published throughout the state for public knowledge and shall make them available to the commissioner of motor vehicles.

(g) The commissioner of motor vehicles is hereby authorized and shall, in accordance with the standards and specifications established by the motorcycle safety standards and specifications board, approve or disapprove types and makes of motorcycle protective helmets and eye protection devices offered for sale, purchased or used by any person.

The commissioner of motor vehicles is hereby authorized and shall approve or disapprove any type and make of protective helmet and eye protection device within fifteen days after submission to him for approval.

The commissioner of motor vehicles is hereby authorized to establish the procedure which shall be followed when any type and make of protective helmet and eye protection device is submitted to him for approval.

The commissioner of motor vehicles, upon approving any type and make of protective helmet or eye protection device, shall issue to the applicant a certificate of approval.

The commissioner of motor vehicles shall publish throughout the state for public knowledge lists of all types and makes of protective helmets and eye protection devices that have been approved for use. All law-enforcement agencies within the state shall be mailed a copy of these lists.

When the commissioner of motor vehicles has reason to believe a type or make of motorcycle protective helmet or eye protection device is being sold commercially that

to believe a type or make of motorcycle protective helmet 106 or eye protection device is being sold commercially that 107 does not comply with the requirements of this section. 108 he shall, after giving thirty days' previous notice to the 109 seller, conduct a hearing upon the question of compliance 110 of the particular safety device. After the hearing, the 111 commissioner shall determine whether the device meets 112 the standards and specifications established by the motor-113 cycle safety standards and specifications board. If it does 114 not, the commissioner shall give notice of that fact to 115 the seller and the seller shall not sell the device until it 116 is changed or modified to comply with the standards and 117 specifications established by the board and is approved by 118 the commissioner. The commissioner of motor vehicles 119 shall publish the fact that the particular safety device 120 is not approved for use. If the device so disapproved by 121 the commissioner of motor vehicles is one previously 122 approved but which has fallen below the standards and specifications established by the board, he shall suspend 123 124 or revoke the approval issued, and he may require that the seller replace with an approved device any dis-125 126 approved device sold after the notification to the seller 127 that the device does not meet the proper standards and 128 specifications.

## **CHAPTER 96**

(House Bill No. 1054-By Mr. Reed)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to pilot cars accompanying mobile homes on highways.

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#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 17. SIZE, WEIGHT AND LOAD.

#### §17C-17-11. Permits for excess size and weight.

- The commissioner of highways may, in his dis-2 cretion, upon application in writing and good cause being shown therefor issue a special permit in writing authorizing, (1) the applicant, in crossing any highway of this 4 state, to operate or move a vehicle or combination of 5 vehicles of a size or weight or load exceeding the maximum specified in this chapter or otherwise not in con-7 formity with the provisions of this chapter, whether such 8 operation be continuous or not, provided such applicant 9 shall agree to compensate the commissioner of highways 10 for all damages or expenses incurred in connection with 11 such crossing; and (2) the applicant to operate or move 12 a vehicle or combination of vehicles of a size or weight 13 of vehicles or load exceeding the maximum specified 14 in this chapter or otherwise not in conformity with the 15 provisions of this chapter, except that a permit shall not 16 be issued for continuous operation of a vehicle not in 17 conformity with the provisions of this article relating 18 to weight limitations. 19
  - (b) The application for any such permit shall specifically describe the vehicle or vehicles and load to be operated or moved along or across such highway and the particular highway or crossing of the highway for which permit to operate is requested, and whether such permit is requested for a single trip or for a continuous operation.
  - (c) The commissioner of highways is authorized to issue or withhold such permit at his discretion; or, if such permit is issued, to limit the number of trips, or to establish seasonal or other time limitations within which the vehicles described may be operated on or across the highways indicated, or otherwise to limit or prescribe conditions of operation of such vehicle or vehicles, when necessary to assure against undue damage to the road

- 35 foundations, surface, or structures, and may require such
- 36 undertaking, bond or other security as may be deemed
- 37 necessary to compensate for any injury to any roadway
- 38 structure.
- 39 (d) Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle 40 or combination of vehicles to which it refers and shall
- 40 or combination of vehicles to which it refers and shall
- 41 be open to inspection by any police officer or authorized
- 42 agent of the commissioner of highways granting such
- 43 permit, and no person shall violate any of the terms or
- 44 conditions of such special permit.
- 45 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to
- 46 the contrary there shall be no requirement that a pilot
- 47 car follow behind a mobile home being transported over
- 48 the interstate highway system within this state.

### CHAPTER 97

(Senate Bill No. 239-By Mr. Barnett)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen, article four, chapter seventeen-d of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to proof of financial responsibility following an automobile accident.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen, article four, chapter seventeen-d of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 4. PROOF OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FUTURE.

### §17D-4-16. Money or securities as proof.

- 1 (a) Proof of financial responsibility may be evidenced
- 2 by the certificate of the state treasurer that the person

3 named therein has deposited with him twenty thou-4 sand dollars in cash, or securities such as may legally be 5 purchased by savings banks or for trust funds of a market 6 value of twenty thousand dollars. The state treasurer shall not accept any such deposit and issue a certificate therefor and the commissioner shall not accept such certificate unless accompanied by evidence that there 9 are no unsatisfied judgments of any character against 10 the depositor in the county where the depositor resides. 11 (b) Such deposit shall be held by the state treasurer 12 to satisfy, in accordance with the provisions of this 13 chapter, any execution on a judgment issued against such 14 person making the deposit, for damages, including dam-15 ages for care and loss of services, because of bodily in-16 jury to or death of any person, or for damages because 17 18 of injury to or destruction of property, including the 19 loss of use thereof, resulting from the ownership, mainte-20 nance, use or operation of a motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer after such deposit was made. 21

## **CHAPTER 98**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 410—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article thirteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, relating to the taxation of purchasers and consumers of public utility services or tangible personal property by municipalities and collection of such tax, providing new taxing authority, limited to two percent of gross revenue.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article thirteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be

amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 13. TAXATION AND FINANCE. §8-13-5a. Public utilities tax.

1 Every municipality shall have plenary power and au-2 thority to levy and collect an excise tax on the privilege of purchasing, using or consuming, within the corporate limits of such municipality, public utility services and tangible personal property from public utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission of West Virginia. Such tax shall be computed on the basis of an amount not to exceed two percent of the gross amount of each periodic statement rendered such purchasers or consumers by such public utilities: Provided, however, 10 11 That sales of tangible personal property such as appliances or the like, as distinguished from the public service sup-12 plied, shall not be included in the gross amount subject 13 14 to the measure of this tax. Such purchasers or consumers 15 shall pay to such public utilities the amount of the tax 16 levied pursuant to this section which shall be added to and constitute a part of the cost of the service or property 17 so purchased or consumed and shall be collectible as 18 such by said public utilities who shall account to the 19 municipality levying same for all tax paid by such pur-20 chasers or consumers pursuant to the provisions of any 21 22 ordinance imposing such tax.

23 Any ordinance imposing such tax shall require the collection thereof uniformly from all purchasers and con-24 sumers of all such services and property within the cor-25 porate limits of such municipality and contain rea-26 sonable rules and regulations governing the collection 27 thereof by the utilities and the method of its payment 28 and accounting to the municipality: Provided, That such 29 tax shall not be effective until the municipality gives sixty days' written notice by certified mail to any utility doing business therein of the effective date of the ordinance. Any required separation of gross income shall occur in said ordinance whenever necessary to comply 34 with state or federal law: Provided, That the tax autho-35 rized by this section shall not be levied upon charges for 36

telephone services which are paid by the insertion of coins
into coin-operated telephones, and specific charges for
telephone calls to points outside the taxing municipality.
Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to

the contrary contained in the code of West Virginia, 42 one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, the 43 provisions of this section are in addition to all other

4 taxing authority heretofore granted municipalities.

## **CHAPTER 99**

(Senate Bill No. 234-By Mr. Poffenbarger)

[Passed March 1, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article thirteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article sixteen of said chapter eight by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a; and to amend and reenact sections eight and seventeen of said article sixteen, relating to the rendering of essential or special municipal services and charges therefor and the jurisdiction of the public service commission with respect thereto; relating to municipal public works and revenue bond financing thereof; setting forth certain legislative findings with respect to motor vehicle parking facilities, the development of commerce and business and the availability of property for charitable use; authorizing any municipality to lease as lessor space in or on a municipally owned motor vehicle parking facility for any business, commercial or charitable use; authorizing any municipality to lease as lessor or sell space over a municipally owned motor vehicle parking facility for any business, commercial or charitable use; authorizing any municipality to erect or construct any pedestrian viaduct, ramp, bridge or other pedestrian facility leading to and from a municipally owned motor vehicle parking facility and relating to payment therefor when connected to a privately owned building or other structure; relating to property taxation in connection with the foregoing; relating to the right of eminent domain for municipal public works generally and specifically in connection with motor vehicle parking facilities and business, commercial or charitable uses in connection therewith; relating to sinking funds, the sinking fund commission and the purchase of outstanding bonds, all in connection with municipal public works; and authorizing the transfer of the net revenues from any municipal public works to the general fund or any special fund of the municipality and the expenditure thereof for any purpose for which such general or special fund may be expended.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article thirteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that article sixteen of said chapter eight be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a; and that sections eight and seventeen of said article sixteen be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 13. Taxation and Finance.
- 16. Municipal Public Works; Revenue Bond Financing.

#### ARTICLE 13. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

#### §8-13-13. Special charges for municipal services.

- 1 Notwithstanding any charter provisions to the con-
- 2 trary, every municipality which furnishes any essential
- 3 or special municipal service, including, but not limited
- 4 to, police and fire protection, parking facilities on the
- 5 streets or otherwise, parks and recreational facilities,
- 6 street cleaning, street lighting, street maintenance and
- 7 improvement, sewerage and sewage disposal, and the
- 8 collection and disposal of garbage, refuse, waste, ashes,
- 9 trash and any other similar matter, shall have plenary
- 10 power and authority to provide by ordinance for the
- 11 installation, continuance, maintenance or improvement
- 12 of such service, to make reasonable regulations with
- 13 respect thereto, and to impose by ordinance upon the

14 users of such service reasonable rates, fees and charges 15 to be collected in the manner specified in the ordinance: 16 Provided, That any sewerage and sewage disposal ser-17 vice and any service incident to the collection and disposal 18 of garbage, refuse, waste, ashes, trash and any other similar matter shall be subject to the provisions of chap-19 ter twenty-four of this code. The municipality shall 20 21 not, however, have a lien on any property as security 22 for payments due under such ordinance. Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article eleven of this 23 chapter, any ordinance enacted or substantially amended 24 under the provisions of this section shall be published 25 26 as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this 27 28 code, and the publication area for such publication shall be such municipality. In the event thirty percent of the 29 qualified voters of the municipality by petition duly 30 signed by them in their own handwriting and filed with 31 the recorder of the municipality within fifteen days after 32 the expiration of such publication protest against such 33 ordinance as enacted or amended, the ordinance shall not become effective until it shall be ratified by a majority of the legal votes cast thereon by the qualified voters of such municipality at a regular municipal elec-37 tion or special municipal election, as the governing body 38 shall direct. Voting thereon shall not take place until 39 after notice of such submission shall have been given 40 by publication as above provided for the publication 41 of the ordinance after it is adopted or substantially 42 amended. The powers and authority hereby granted to 43 44 municipalities and to the governing bodies thereof are in addition and supplemental to the powers and author-45 ity named in any charters thereof. Notwithstanding any 46 other provisions of this section, in the event rates, fees 47 and charges herein provided for shall be imposed by the 48 governing body of any municipality for the purpose of 49 replacing and in amounts approximately sufficient to 50 replace in its general fund such amounts as shall be 51 appropriated to be paid out of ad valorem taxes upon 52 property within the municipality pursuant to an election duly called and held under the constitution and laws 54

55 of the state to authorize the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds of the municipality for public improve-56 ment purposes, in the call for which election it shall 57 be stated that the governing body of the municipality 58 proposes to impose rates, fees and charges in specified 59 amounts under this section for the use of one or more 60 of the services above specified, which shall be related 61 to the public improvement proposed to be made with 62 the proceeds of the bonds, no notice, publication of 63 notice, or referendum or election or other condition or prerequisite to the imposition of such rates, fees and charges shall be required or necessary other than the 66 legal requirements for issuance and sale of such general 67 obligation bonds. 68

#### ARTICLE 16. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WORKS; REVENUE BOND FINANCING.

§8-16-4a. Additional special provisions as to motor vehicle parking facilities.

Right of eminent domain. **§8-16-8.** 

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§8-16-17. Sinking fund; sinking fund commission; transfer of funds; purchase of outstanding bonds.

#### 88-16-4a. Additional special provisions as to motor vehicle parking facilities.

(a) The Legislature hereby finds that the greatly in-1 creased use by the public of motor vehicles of all kinds 2 has caused serious traffic congestion on the streets of many municipalities in this state; that the lack of adequate planning and supervision of the location of park-5 ing facilities, the parking of motor vehicles of all kinds and the lack of adequate parking facilities for motor vehicles of all kinds substantially impede the free cir-8 culation of traffic in, through and from many munici-9 palities in this state, impede the rapid and effective fight-10 ing of fires and disposition of police officers therein, con-11 tribute to the location and relocation of commercial and 12 business enterprises outside of urban areas and retard 13 the development of commerce and business within many municipalities in this state, thereby giving rise to urban 15 blight and adversely affecting or threatening to ad-16 versely affect the tax base of such municipalities; that

such parking crisis can be reduced by such municipalities

providing adequate motor vehicle parking facilities stra-19 tegically located there; that providing properly located 20 terminal space for motor vehicles is a public responsi-21 bility; that fostering the development of commerce and 22 23 business within municipalities, with the increased tax revenues resulting therefrom, is a public purpose; that 24 fostering the availability of property for charitable use 25 is a public purpose; that the closer the proximity be-26 27 tween municipally owned motor vehicle parking facilities and commercial and business establishments the 28 greater the development of commerce and business and 29 the greater the level of revenue produced by such motor 30 vehicle parking facilities; that the erection or construc-31 tion of pedestrian viaducts, ramps, bridges, tunnels or 32 other pedestrian facilities leading to and from motor 33 vehicle parking facilities so as to facilitate the move-34 ment of pedestrians to and from such motor vehicle 35 36 parking facilities fosters the development of commerce and business and increases the level of revenue pro-37 38 duced by such motor vehicle parking facilities; that the leasing, particularly on a long-term basis, and the selling 39 of space for commercial or business use in connection 40 with a municipally owned motor vehicle parking facility 41 will aid the development of commerce and business, in-42 43 crease the level of revenue produced by such motor vehicle parking facility and maintain and increase the tax base 44 of such municipalities; that in many instances the au-45 thority for the leasing of space as provided for in this 46 section would assist in financing the construction, re-47 construction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, 48 renovation, extension, enlargement, increase, equipment 49 or repair (including replacements) of any such motor 50 vehicle parking facility; that the enactment of this sec-51 tion is for the general welfare of the public and is a 52 public necessity; and that the means and measures au-53 thorized in this section are, as a matter of public policy, 54 for the public purposes of such municipalities. This sec-55 tion is enacted in view of these findings and shall be 56 57 liberally construed in the light thereof.

58 (b) The governing body or bodies, in its or their dis-59 cretion, may provide by ordinance or ordinances:

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- (1) For the leasing by the board as lessor of space in or on a municipal public works which is a motor vehicle parking facility for any business, commercial or charitable use to such person, for such fair and adequate consideration, for such period or periods of time and upon such other terms and conditions as such body or bodies or the board may agree to. In connection with the leasing of any such space, the board may agree to provide in or on such motor vehicle parking facility such structures, accommodations or improvements as may be necessary for such business, commercial or 70 charitable use or such space may be leased upon condition that the lessee shall provide the same in or on the space so leased.
  - (2) For the leasing by the board as lessor or the selling of air space over a municipal public works which is a motor vehicle parking facility for any business, commercial or charitable use to such person, for such fair and adequate consideration, for such period or periods of time in the case of a lease and upon such other terms and conditions as such body or bodies or the board may agree to. Any lease or deed of sale of such air space may contain provisions (i) authorizing the use of such areas of the underlying motor vehicle parking facility as are essential for ingress and egress to and from such air space, (ii) relating to the support of any building or other structure to be erected in such air space, and (iii) relating to the connection of essential public or private utilities to any building or other structure in such air space.
  - (3) For the erection or construction by the board of any pedestrian viaduct, ramp, bridge, tunnel or other pedestrian facility leading to and from a municipal public works which is a motor vehicle parking facility; and any such pedestrian viaduct, ramp, bridge, tunnel or other pedestrian facility shall, for all purposes of this article, be considered to be a part of a municipal public works which is a motor vehicle parking facility with like effect as if the term "municipal public works" were expressly defined in section one of this article to include pedestrian

viaducts, ramps, bridges, tunnels or other pedestrian 100 facilities: Provided, That any cost incurred by any 101 municipality or municipalities in erecting or constructing 102 103 any such pedestrian viaduct, ramp, bridge, tunnel or 104 other pedestrian facility which connects a municipal public works which is a motor vehicle parking 105 106 facility with a privately owned building or buildings or 107 other privately owned structure or structures shall be paid for by the owner or owners of such building or 108 109 buildings or such other structure or structures.

- Any such lease may be privately negotiated without any public notice or advertising, and any such sale may be a public sale pursuant to the provisions of section eighteen, article twelve of this chapter or such sale may be privately negotiated, notwithstanding the provisions of said section eighteen.
- 116 (c) The proceeds received from any lease, sale or 117 payment as provided in this section shall be deemed 118 revenue of the works and used as provided in section 119 seventeen of this article.
- 120 (d) Notwithstanding the fact that any motor vehicle 121 parking facility subject to the provisions of this article 122 is municipally owned and the fact that a lease or sale under the provisions of subdivision (1) or subdivision 123 124 (2), subsection (b) of this section is for a public pur-125 pose as declared in subsection (a) of this section, any leasehold interest under said subdivision (1), and any 126 127 building, structure, accommodation or improvement erected, made or operated in any air space leased or sold 128 129 under said subdivision (2) shall be subject to all property taxes, which shall be assessed and imposed against the 130 lessee or grantee, as the case may be, unless the use of 131 such leasehold interest, building, structure, accommoda-132 tion or improvement is otherwise exempt from property 133 134 taxation under the provisions of section nine, article three, chapter eleven of this code. 135

#### §8-16-8. Right of eminent domain.

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Every such municipality shall have plenary power and authority to condemn any such municipal public works

3 to be acquired, and any land, rights, easements, rights-of-4 way, franchises and other property, real or personal, deemed necessary, appropriate, useful or convenient for, 5 and incidental to, the construction, reconstruction or establishment of any such works and space for business, 7 commercial or charitable use in connection therewith, 8 or for the improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, increase or equipment thereof or thereto, and in 10 connection therewith shall have and may exercise all the 11 rights, power, authority and privileges of eminent domain 12 granted to municipalities under the laws relating thereto. 13 Title to property shall be taken in the name of the 14 municipality or jointly in the names of the participating 15 municipalities. Proceedings for such appropriation of 16 property shall be under and pursuant to chapter fifty-four 17 of this code: Provided, That any such municipality shall 18 be under no obligation to accept and pay for any property 19 condemned, and shall in no event pay for any property 20 21 condemned or purchased, except from funds provided under the authority of this article; and in any proceedings 22 to condemn, such orders may be made as may be just to 23 any such municipality and to the owners of the property 24 to be condemned; and an understanding or other security 25 may be required securing such owners against any loss 26 or damage which may be sustained by reason of the 27 failure of any such municipality to accept and pay for the 28 property, but such undertaking or security shall impose 29 no liability upon any such municipality, except such as 30 may be paid from the funds provided under the au-31 32 thority of this article.

In the event of acquisition by purchase, the board may obtain and exercise an option from the owners of said property for the purchase thereof, and may enter into a contract for the purchase thereof, and such purchase may be made upon such terms and conditions, and in such manner as the board may deem proper: Provided, however, That the exercise of such option, or the contract for such purchase, or such purchase shall in no event create any obligation of any such municipality, or create any debt, liability or claim, except such as may be discharged

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43 or paid from the funds provided under the authority of 44 this article.

In the event of the acquisition of any works already 45 constructed by purchase or condemnation, the board at 46 47 or before the time of the adoption of any ordinance described in section seven hereof, shall cause to be deter-48 mined what reconstruction, improvement, renovation, 49 extension, enlargement, increase, equipment or repair 50 (including replacements) will be necessary, in order that 51 52 such works and space for business, commercial or charitable use in connection therewith, if any, may be effec-53 54 tive for their purpose, and an estimate of the cost thereof shall be included in the estimate of the cost required by 55 section seven hereof, and the same shall be made upon 56 57 the acquisition of the works and as a part of the cost 58 thereof: Provided further, That no municipality or municipalities shall, under the authority conferred by this 59 article, condemn any existing privately owned works 60 61 (other than motor vehicle parking facilities) in operation 62 at the date of the condemnation.

# §8-16-17. Sinking fund; sinking fund commission; transfer of funds; purchase of outstanding bonds.

1 Before the issuance of any such bonds, the governing body or bodies shall, by ordinance or ordinances, provide for a sinking fund for the payment of the bonds and the interest thereon, and the payment of the charges of banking institutions or trust companies for making payment of such bonds and interest, out of the net revenues of said works, and shall set aside and pledge a sufficient amount 7 of the net revenues of the works hereby defined to mean the revenues of the works remaining after the payment of the reasonable expenses of repair (including replace-10 11 ments), maintenance and operation, such amount to be paid by the board into the sinking fund at intervals, to 12 be determined by ordinance or ordinances adopted prior 13 to the issuance of the bonds, for (a) the interest upon 14 15 such bonds as such interest shall fall due; (b) the necessary fiscal agency charges for paying bonds and interest; 16 17 (c) the payment of the bonds as they fall due, or if all bonds mature at one time, the proper maintenance of a 18

10 sinking fund sufficient for the payment thereof at such time; and (d) a margin for safety and for the payment 20 21 of premium upon bonds retired by call or purchase as herein provided, which margin, together with unused 22 23 surplus of such margin carried forward from the preceding year, shall equal ten percent of all other amounts 24 so required to be paid into the sinking fund. Such re-25 26 quired payments shall constitute a first charge upon all 27 the net revenues of the works. Prior to the issuance of 28 the bonds, the board may, by ordinance or ordinances, be 29 given the right to use or direct the trustee or the state 30 sinking fund commission to use such sinking fund, or 31 any part thereof, in the purchase of any of the outstanding bonds payable therefrom, at the market prices there-32 of, but not exceeding the price, if any, at which the 33 same shall in the same year be payable or redeemable, 34 35 and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall forthwith be 36 cancelled, and shall not again be issued. After the pay-37 ments into the sinking fund as herein required and after reserving an amount deemed by the board sufficient 38 39 for repair (including replacements), maintenance and operation for an ensuing period of not less than twelve 40 months and for depreciation, the board may at any time 41 in its discretion transfer all or any part of the balance of the net revenues into the sinking fund or into a fund for improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, in-44 crease or equipment for or to the works, or the governing 45 body or bodies may, notwithstanding the provisions of 46 section twenty, article thirteen of this chapter, transfer 47 all or any part of the balance of the net revenues to the 48 general or any special fund of the municipality or mu-49 nicipalities and use such revenues for any purpose for 50 which such general or special fund may be expended. 51

All amounts for the sinking fund and interest, as and when set apart for the payment of same, shall be remitted to the state sinking fund commission at such periods as shall be designated in the ordinance or ordinances, but in any event at least thirty days previous to the time interest or principal payments become due, to be retained and paid out by said commission consistent with the provisions of this article and the ordinance or ordinances

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- 60 pursuant to which such bonds have been issued. The
- 61 state sinking fund commission is hereby authorized to
- 62 act as fiscal agent for the administration of such sinking
- 63 fund under any ordinance or ordinances passed or adopted
- 64 pursuant to the provisions of this article and shall invest
- 65 all sinking funds as provided by general law.

# **CHAPTER 100**

(House Bill No. 830-By Mr. Jones, of Monongalia, and Mr. Dinsmore)

[Passed February 27, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fourteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, authorizing municipalities to appoint special parking lot or parking building police officers; specifying their duties, power and authority; relating to their uniforms, badges or other signs of authority; specifying that such special police officers shall serve at the will and pleasure of the appointing authority and not come within the civil service provisions of said article fourteen or the policemen's pension and relief fund provisions of article twenty-two of said chapter; authorizing such municipalities to require such special police officers to give bond; and providing a method for the payment of such special police officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fourteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. LAW AND ORDER; POLICE FORCE OR DEPART-MENTS; POWERS, AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS AND POLICE-MEN; POLICE MATRONS; SPECIAL SCHOOL ZONE AND PARKING LOT OR PARKING BUILDING POLICE OFFICERS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR CERTAIN POLICE DEPARTMENTS.

PART IV. SPECIAL SCHOOL ZONE AND PARKING LOT OR PARKING BUILDING POLICE OFFICERS.

# §8-14-5a. Special parking lot or parking building police officers.

1 Every municipality shall have plenary power and authority to provide by ordinance for the appointment of 2 special parking lot or parking building police officers, 3 whose sole duties shall be to patrol, and to enforce munic-4 ipal ordinances upon or within, designated parking lots and parking buildings either owned by, or leased to, or under the control of, and operated by, the municipality or any board, commission or authority created by the 8 municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 9 twelve, article twelve of this chapter, such special park-10 ing lot or parking building police officers may be assigned 11 to police a parking facility established, maintained and 12 operated pursuant to the provisions of said section twelve. 13 In the performance of such duties, such special parking 14 lot or parking building police officers shall be vested with 15 the power to make arrests, issue summonses, sign com-16 17 plaints and request the issuance of capiases. Such special parking lot or parking building police officers shall be in 18 uniform, shall display a badge or other sign of authority, 19 shall serve at the will and pleasure of the appointing 20 21 authority, and shall not come within the civil service provisions of this article or the policemen's pension and relief 22 fund provisions of article twenty-two of this chapter. 23 The governing body of the municipality may require such 24 special parking lot or parking building police officers to 25 give bond, payable to the municipality, in its corporate 26 name, with such sureties and in such penalty as the gov-27 erning body may see fit, conditioned for the faithful per-28 formance of their duties. The cost of providing such 29 special parking lot or parking building police officers may 30 be paid from revenues derived from the parking lot or 31 parking building to which they are assigned. 32

## CHAPTER 101

(House Bill No. 558-By Mr. Colombo)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the dissolution of volunteer fire companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DEPARTMENTS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR PAID FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

#### §8-15-6. Dissolution of volunteer fire company.

- 1 Whenever the governing body shall ascertain that such
- 2 company has failed, for three months successively, to
- 3 consist of twenty effective members, or shall ascertain
- 4 that it has failed for a like period of time to have and
- 5 keep in good, serviceable condition an engine, hose or
- 6 other proper equipment, such governing body shall de-
- 7 clare such failure and by order dissolve the company.
- 8 Whenever a company is dissolved, the order of dis-
- 9 solution shall be recorded in the office of the clerk of the
- 10 county court of the county wherein such municipality or
- 11 the major portion of the territory thereof is located.

# **CHAPTER 102**

(House Bill No. 686-By Mr. Kopp and Mr. Kopelman)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine

hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to hours of duty for firemen in a paid fire department.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DEPART-MENTS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR PAID FIRE DEPART-MENTS.

#### §8-15-10. Hours of duty for firemen in a paid fire department.

- 1 On and after the effective date of this section, the mem-
- 2 bers of a paid fire department, without any reduction in
- 3 their total annual compensation as such members, shall
- 4 not be required to remain on duty in excess of one hun-
- 5 dred twelve hours during any fourteen consecutive days'
- 6 period. The members of any such paid fire department
- 7 shall, by a majority vote, determine the schedule of hours
- 8 to be worked in any twenty-four-hour period: Provided,
- 9 That the members of any paid fire department shall not
- 10 remain on duty for more than twenty-four consecutive
- 11 hours except in case of an emergency requiring the
- 12 service of more than one half of the department. The
- 13 chief executive officer of the department is hereby em-
- 15 chief executive officer of the department is hereby em-
- 14 powered, authorized and directed to make the necessary
- 15 assignments as provided in this section.

## **CHAPTER 103**

(House Bill No. 1102-By Mr. Halbritter and Mr. Jones, of Monongalia)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article sixteen; section five, article nineteen; and section four, article twenty, all of chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the ordinances of municipalities with respect to municipal public works, waterworks systems and combined waterworks and sewerage systems; providing that

an abstract of any such ordinance and not the ordinance itself must be published; relating to the notice to be published with any abstract; and relating to filing of certified copy of ordinance for review by interested persons.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article sixteen; section five, article nineteen; and section four, article twenty, all of chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### Article

- 16. Municipal Public Works; Revenue Bond Financing.
- 19. Municipal Waterworks Systems.
- 20. Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Systems.

#### ARTICLE 16. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WORKS; REVENUE BOND FI-NANCING.

#### §8-16-7. Ordinance for construction, etc., of works.

- Before any municipality or municipalities shall, under the
- 2 provisions of this article, construct, reconstruct, establish,
- 3 acquire, improve, renovate, extend, enlarge, increase, equip
- 4 or repair (including replacements) any municipal public
- 5 works, the governing body, or the governing body of
- 6 each participating municipality, shall enact an ordinance
- 7 or ordinances, which shall (a) set forth a brief and gen-
- 8 eral description of the works, including a reference to the
- 9 preliminary report or plans and specifications which shall
- 10 theretofore have been prepared; (b) set forth the esti-
- 11 mated cost thereof; (c) order the construction, recon-
- 12 struction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, ren-
- 13 ovation, extension, enlargement, increase, equipment
- 14 or repair (including replacements) of such works; (d)
- 15 direct that municipal revenue bonds be issued pursuant to
- 16 this article, in such amount as may be found necessary
- 17 to pay the cost of the works; and (e) contain such other 18 provisions as may be necessary or proper in the premises.
- 19 When two or more municipalities take joint action under
- 20 the provisions of this article, a certified copy of each
- 20 the provisions of this article, a certified copy of each
- 21 such ordinance shall be filed in the office of the clerk of 22 the county court of the county or counties in which

23 the municipalities are located and in the office of the state tax commissioner, and when any such municipality 24 is located in more than one county, the filing for that 25 muncipality shall be in the office of the clerk of the 26 27 county court in which the major portion of the territory of such municipality is located. Before any such ordinance 28 shall become effective, an abstract of the ordinance, 29 determined by the governing body or each governing 30 body, as the case may be, to contain sufficient informa-31 tion as to give notice of the contents of such ordinance, 32 33 together with the following described notice, shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance 34 with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine 35 36 of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be such municipality or each such municipality, 37 as the case may be. The notice to be published with 38 said abstract of the ordinance shall specify a date, time 39 and place for a public hearing, the date being not less 40 than ten days after the first publication of said abstract 41 and notice at which time and place all parties and in-42 terests may appear before the governing body of the 43 municipality or each such municipality and may be heard 44 as to whether or not said ordinance shall be put into 45 effect, and said notice shall also identify the office in 46 which a certified copy of such ordinance shall be on 47 file for review by interested persons during the office 48 hours of such office. At such hearing all objections and 49 suggestions shall be heard and the governing body or 50 each such governing body shall take such action as it 51 or they shall deem proper in the premises: Provided, 52 That if at any such hearing written protest is filed by 53 thirty percent or more of the freeholders of the munici-54 pality for which the hearing is held, then the governing 55 body of said municipality shall not take further action 56 unless four fifths of the members of said governing body 57 assent thereto: Provided, however, That in case writ-58 ten protest is filed by thirty percent or more of the free-59 holders as herein provided, any such governing body 60 shall have authority to appoint a committee to consist 61 of one proponent, one opponent, and the third to be 62 selected by these two, to determine whether or not thirty 63

- 64 percent of the freeholders have in fact protested and said
- 65 committee shall report its findings to any such govern-
- 66 ing body.

#### ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS SYSTEMS.

#### §8-19-5. Publication of abstract of ordinance and notice; hearing.

- 1 After the ordinance for any project under this article
- 2 has been adopted, an abstract of the ordinance, deter-
- 3 mined by the governing body to contain sufficient in-
- 4 formation as to give notice of the contents of such
- ordinance, together with the following described notice,
- 6 shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in
- compliance with the provisions of article three, chap-
- 8 ter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area
- for such publication shall be such municipality. The
- 10 notice to be published with said abstract of the ordi-
- 11 nance shall state that said ordinance has been adopted, 12 that the municipality contemplates the issuance of the
- bonds described in the ordinance, that any person interest-13
- 14 ed may appear before the governing body, upon a certain
- 15 date which shall not be less than ten days subsequent to
- the date of the last publication of such abstract and 16
- notice, and present protests, and that a certified copy 17
- 18 of the ordinance is on file with the governing body
- for review by interested parties during the office hours 19
- of the governing body. At such hearing all protests 20
- and suggestions shall be heard and the governing body 21
- shall take such action as it shall deem proper in the 22
- premises: Provided, That if at such hearing written 23
- protest is filed by thirty percent or more of the free-24
- holders of the municipality, then the governing body 25
- of said municipality shall not take further action unless 26
- four fifths of the qualified members of said governing 27
- body assent thereto.

#### ARTICLE 20. COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEMS. §8-20-4. Publication of abstract of ordinance and notice; hearing.

- After the ordinance for any project under the pro-
- 2 visions of this article has been adopted, an abstract

of the ordinance, determined by the governing body to contain sufficient information as to give notice of the contents of such ordinance, together with the following described notice, shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be such 9 municipality. The notice to be published with said 10 abstract of the ordinance shall state that said ordinance 11 has been adopted, that the municipality contemplates 12 13 the issuance of the bonds described in the ordinance, 14 that any person interested may appear before the governing body, upon a certain date which shall not be less 15 16 than ten days subsequent to the date of the last publication of such abstract and notice, and present pro-17 18 tests, and that a certified copy of the ordinance is on file with the governing body for review by interested parties during the office hours of the governing body. 20 At such hearing all protests and suggestions shall be 21 heard and the governing body shall take such action 22 as it shall deem proper in the premises: Provided, That if at such hearing written protest is filed by thirty 24 percent or more of the freeholders of the municipality, 25 26 then the governing body of said municipality shall not 27 take further action unless four fifths of the qualified 28 members of said governing body assent thereto.

# **CHAPTER 104**

(House Bill No. 828-By Mr. Grewe and Mr. Fantasia)

[Passed February 25, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nineteen, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to municipal policemen's pension and relief funds and municipal firemen's pension and relief funds generally; re-

lating to the contributions thereto by municipalities, policemen and firemen and the amount thereof; relating to levies in connection therewith; and relating to the computation and amount of disability, retirement and death benefits payable from such funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nineteen, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATER-WORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

- §8-22-19. Levy to maintain fund; gifts, etc.; assessments on members of departments; return of assessments.
- §8-22-24. Disability pensions; temporary disability payments.
- §8-22-25. Retirement pensions.
- §8-22-26. Death benefits.
- §8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.

# §8-22-19. Levy to maintain fund; gifts, etc.; assessments on members of departments; return of assessments.

- 1 In every municipality in which there shall be a police-
- 2 men's pension and relief fund or a firemen's pension
- 3 and relief fund, or both, the same shall be maintained
- 4 as follows: The governing body of the municipality
- 5 shall levy annually and in the manner provided by law
- 6 for other municipal levies, and include within the maxi-
- 7 mum levy or levies permitted by law, and if necessary
- 8 in excess of any charter provision, a tax at such rate
- 9 as will, after crediting (a) all interest, if any, to be re-
- 10 ceived in such year from the investments of the respec-
- 11 tive boards, (b) the amount of the contributions received
- 12 during such year from the members of the respective paid
- 13 police department or paid fire department, and (c) in
- 14 the case of the policemen's pension and relief fund, the
- 15 arrest fee of one dollar as provided for in section twenty
- 16 of this article, provide funds equal to the sum of (1) the

full amount of estimated expenditures of the boards of trustees of the respective funds, and (2) an addi-tional amount equal to ten percent of such estimated expenditures, said ten percent amount to be taken, accumulated and invested, if possible, as surplus reserve: Provided, That in no event shall such levy for each of the respective boards of trustees be less than one cent nor more than eight cents on each one hundred dollars of all real and personal property as listed for taxation in such municipality. 

The levies authorized under the provisions of this section, or any part of them, may by the governing body be laid in addition to all other municipal levies, and to that extent, beyond the limit of levy imposed by the charter of such municipality; and such levies shall supersede and if necessary exclude levies for other purposes if such priority or exclusion is necessary under limitations upon taxes or tax levies imposed by law.

Such public corporations are authorized to take by gift, grant, devise or bequest, any money or real or personal property, upon such terms as to the investment and expenditure thereof as may be fixed by the grantor or determined by said trustees.

In addition to all other sums provided for pensions in this section, it shall be the duty of every municipality in which any such fund or funds have been or shall be established to assess and collect from each member of the paid police department or paid fire department or both each month, the sum of six percent of the actual salary or compensation of such member; and the amount so collected shall become a regular part of the policemen's pension and relief fund, if collected from a policeman, and of the firemen's pension and relief fund, if collected from a fireman.

Any member of a paid police or fire department who is removed or discharged or who before retirement on any retirement pension or disability pension severs his connection with said department, provided he has served two full years or more, whether or not consecutive, shall, upon request, be refunded all pension and relief fund deductions made from his salary or compensation, but

58 without interest. In the event such refund is made 59 and such member subsequently reenters the department 60 no credit shall be allowed him for any former service. 61 unless any such member of a paid police or fire de-62 partment repays to the pension and relief fund all sums 63 refunded to him within one year from the date he 64 reenters the department with interest at the rate of six percent per annum: Provided, however, That any mem-65 ber who, on or before June three, one thousand nine 66 hundred fifty-five, reentered the paid police or fire de-67 68 partment shall be allowed credit for any former service in the same department reentered if he within one year 69 from said June three, one thousand nine hundred fifty-70 71 five, repaid all sums withdrawn or refunded to him 72 with interest at the rate of six percent per annum, but 73 in no case shall interest be charged for more than three 74 years. Any probationary member of a paid police or 75 fire department who is not given an absolute appointment at the end of his probationary period shall, upon 76 request, be refunded all pension and relief fund deduc-77 tions made from his salary or compensation, but with-78 79 out interest.

#### §8-22-24. Disability pensions; temporary disability payments.

If any member of any such paid police or fire 1 2 department of any such municipality shall become and 3 be found upon examination by a majority of a board of medical examiners, which board shall consist of not less than three physicians appointed by the board of trustees, to have become so physically or mentally per-7 manently disabled by reason of service rendered in the performance of his duties in such department, as to render necessary his retirement from all service in such department, or if any member who has been such 10 a member of either of such departments for a period 11 of not less than five consecutive years preceding his dis-12 13 ability become and be found upon such an examination 14 to have become so physically or mentally permanently disabled, from any reason other than as specified above 15 in this section, as to render necessary his retirement 16 17 from all service in such department, such board of trustees shall retire such permanently disabled members 18

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- from all service in such department; and said board of trustees of such pension and relief fund shall authorize the payment to each such permanently disabled member monthly from the pension and relief fund a disability pension, the amount thereof to be determined as specified in subsection (f) of this section.
  - (b) If any member of any such department shall at any time be injured or become sick, regardless of the cause therefor, so as to render such member temporarily disabled, he shall be paid, during such disability for not exceeding twenty-six weeks, from said pension and relief fund temporary disability payments, the amount thereof to be determined as specified in said subsection (f) for the determination of payments under a disability pension.
- 34 (c) No member shall be eligible for any disability 35 pension or any temporary disability payments unless such member shall have presented himself for an ex-36 37 amination at the time of his appointment to the department and his condition was then approved by a majority 38 of a board of medical examiners appointed as aforesaid 39 by such pension board: Provided, That this provision 40 shall not apply to any individual who became a member 41 of either of said departments on or before March eight, 42 one thousand nine hundred thirty-five. Any such pen-43 sion board may, if it so elects, designate as a member 44 or members of its board of medical examiners any physi-45 cian or physicians appointed by the policemen's civil 46 service commission or firemen's civil service commission 47 of such municipality to conduct medical examinations 48 on behalf of any such commission under the provisions 49 of article fourteen or article fifteen of this chapter, as 50 the case may be. 51
  - (d) Any member who has been heretofore, or shall hereafter be, allowed a disability pension or temporary disability payments under the provisions of sections sixteen through twenty-eight of this article may be required by such board to be reexamined at any time and if he is then not disabled as aforesaid he shall be ordered by the mayor of the municipality to return to duty in his former position in the paid police or fire

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- 60 department, as the case may be, and his disability pension 61 or temporary disability payments shall be discontinued: 62 Provided, however, That this provision shall not apply 63 to any member until such member can and shall be re-64 stored to his former position in such department.
- 65 (e) All medical examinations conducted under the provisions of this section shall be ordered by the pen-66 67 sion board.
- (f) The monthly sum to be paid to each permanently disabled member of a paid police or fire department entitled thereto shall be equal to sixty percent of the 70 monthly salary or compensation being received by such member, at the time he is so disabled, or the sum of 72two hundred dollars per month, whichever shall be 73 74 greater.

#### §8-22-25. Retirement pensions.

- (a) Any member of a paid police or fire depart-1 ment who is entitled to a retirement pension hereunder, 3 and who has been in the honorable service of such de-4 partment for twenty years, may, upon written application to the board of trustees, be retired from all service in such department without medical examination or disability; and on such retirement the board of trustees shall authorize the payment of annual retirement pension benefits commencing upon his retirement or 9 upon his attaining the age of fifty years, whichever is 10 later, payable in twelve monthly installments for each 11 year of the remainder of his life, in an amount equal 12 13 to sixty percent of such member's average annual salary or compensation received during the five fiscal years. 14 not necessarily consecutive, in which such member re-15 ceived his highest salary or compensation while a mem-16 ber of the department, or an amount of two hundred 17 dollars per month, whichever shall be greater. 18
- (b) Any member of any such department who 19 is entitled to a retirement pension under the provisions 20 of subsection (a) of this section and who has been 21 in the honorable service of such department for more 22 than twenty years at the time of his retirement, as 23 herein provided, shall, in addition to the sixty percent 24

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authorized in said subsection (a), receive one additional percent, to be added to the sixty percent, per each year served in excess of said twenty years, up to a maximum of five additional percent.

- (c) Any member of any such department whose service has been interrupted by duty with the armed forces of the United States as provided in section twenty-seven of this article, shall be eligible for retirement pension benefits immediately upon retirement, regardless of his age, if he shall otherwise be eligible for such retirement pension benefits.
- (d) Any member of a paid police or fire department shall be retired at the age of sixty-five years in the manner provided in this subsection. When a member of the paid police or fire department shall have reached the age of sixty-five years, the said board of trustees shall notify the mayor of this fact, within thirty days of such member's sixty-fifth birthday; and the mayor shall cause such sixty-five-year-old member of the paid police or fire department to be retired within a period of not more than thirty additional days. Upon retirement under the provisions of this subsection (d), such member, whether he has been employed in said department for twenty years or not, shall receive retirement pension benefits payable in twelve monthly installments for each year of the remainder of his life, in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's average annual salary or compensation received during the five fiscal years, not necessarily consecutive, in which such member received his highest salary or compensation while a member of the department, or an amount of two hundred dollars per month, whichever shall be greater, and if such member has been employed in said department for more than twenty years, the provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall apply.
- (e) It shall be the duty of each member of a paid police or fire department at the time a fund is hereafter established to furnish the necessary proof of his date of birth to the said board of trustees, as specified in section twenty-three of this article, within a reasonable length of time, said length of time to be determined

by the said board of trustees; and then the board of trustees and the mayor shall proceed to act in the man-67 68 ner provided in subsection (d) of this section and shall 69 cause all members of the paid police or fire department 70 who are over the age of sixty-five years to be retired 71 in not less than sixty days from the date the fund is 72 established. Upon retirement under the provisions of this subsection (e), such member, whether he has been 73 74 employed in said department for twenty years or not, shall receive retirement pension benefits payable in 75 twelve monthly installments for each year of the re-76 77 mainder of his life, in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's average annual salary or compensa-78 79 tion received during the five fiscal years, not necessarily 80 consecutive, in which such member received his highest salary or compensation while a member of the depart-81 ment, or an amount of two hundred dollars per month, 82 83 whichever shall be greater, and if such member has been employed in said department for more than twenty 84 years, the provisions of subsection (b) of this section 85 shall apply. 86

#### §8-22-26. Death benefits.

(a) In case:

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- 2 (1) Any member of a paid police or fire department 3 who has been in continuous service for more than five 4 years shall die, from any cause other than as specified in subsection (b) of this section twenty-six, before re-6 tirement on a disability pension under the provisions of section twenty-four of this article or a retirement pen-8 sion under the provisions of subsection (a) or both subsections (a) and (b) of section twenty-five of this article, 10 leaving in either case surviving a dependent spouse, or any dependent child or children under the age of eighteen 11 years, or dependent father or mother or both, or any 12 dependent brothers or sisters or both under the age of 13 14 eighteen years; or
- 15 (2) Any former member of any such department 16 who is on a disability pension under the provisions of 17 said section twenty-four, or has attained the age of fifty 18 years and is receiving or is entitled to receive retire-

19 ment pension benefits under the provisions of subsection 20 (a) or both subsections (a) and (b) of section twentyfive of this article, shall die, from any cause other than 21 22 as specified in subsection (b) of this section twenty-six, leaving in either case surviving a dependent spouse to 23 whom the marriage took place prior to the date of such 24 25 member's retirement on a disability pension or a retirement pension, or any dependent child or children under 26 the age of eighteen years who were born prior to or 27 within ten months after the date of such member's re-28 tirement on a disability pension or a retirement pension, 29 or dependent father or mother or both, or any dependent 30 brothers or sisters or both under the age of eighteen 31 32 years; or

33 (3) Any former member of any such department who has retired under the provisions of subsection (a) or 34 35 both subsections (a) and (b) of section twenty-five of this article, shall die before attaining the age of fifty years, from any cause other than as specified in subsection (b) 37 38 of this section twenty-six, leaving surviving a dependent spouse, or any dependent child or children under the 39 age of eighteen years, or dependent father or mother or 40 both, or any dependent brothers or sisters or both under 41 the age of eighteen years; then in any of the cases set 42 forth above in (1), (2) and (3), the board of trustees 43 of such pension and relief fund shall, immediately follow-44 ing the death of such member, pay to or for each of 45 46 such entitled surviving dependents the following pension benefits, viz.: To such dependent spouse, until death 47 or remarriage, a sum per month equal to thirty percent 48 of such member's average monthly salary or compensation 49 received during the five fiscal years, not necessarily 50 consecutive, in which such member received his highest 51 salary or compensation while a member of the department, 52 hereinafter for convenience referred to in this section 53 as "monthly average," or an amount of one hundred dol-54 lars per month, whichever shall be greater; to each such 55 dependent child a sum per month equal to ten percent of 56 such monthly average, or the sum of thirty dollars per 57 month for each such child, whichever shall be greater, 58 until such child shall attain the age of eighteen years

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or marry, whichever first occurs; to each such dependent 61 orphaned child a sum per month equal to fifteen percent 62 of such monthly average, or the sum of forty-five dollars 63 per month for each such child, whichever shall be greater, 64 until such child shall attain the age of eighteen years 65 or marry, whichever first occurs; to each such depen-66 dent father or mother a sum per month for each 67 equal to ten percent of such monthly average, or the 68 sum of thirty dollars per month for each such father 69 and mother, whichever shall be greater; to each such 70 dependent brother or sister the sum of five dollars 71 per month until such individual shall attain the age 72 of eighteen years or marry, whichever first occurs, but 73 in no event shall the aggregate amount paid to such 74 brothers and sisters exceed thirty dollars per month; 75 but if at any time, because of the number of dependents, 76 all such dependents cannot be paid in full as herein 77 provided, then each dependent shall receive his pro rata 78 share of such payments: Provided, That in no case shall 79 the payments to the surviving spouse and children be cut 80 below sixty-five percent of the total amount to be paid 81 to all dependents.

- (b) The dependent spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or 84 sisters, of any such member who shall die by reason of service rendered in the performance of such member's duties shall, regardless of the length of such member's service and irrespective of whether such member was or was not entitled to receive or was or was not receiving a disability pension or temporary disability payments at the time of his death, receive the death benefits provided for in subsection (a) of this section, and if such member had less than five years' service at the time of his death, the monthly average shall be computed on the basis of the actual number of years of service.
- (c) The provisions of this section shall not be construed as creating or establishing any contractual or 97 vested rights in favor of any individual who may be or 98 become qualified as a beneficiary of the death benefits herein authorized to be made, all the provisions hereof and benefits provided for hereunder being expressly sub-

101 ject to such subsequent legislative enactments as may provide for any change, modification or elimination of 103 the beneficiaries or benefits specified herein.

#### §8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.

- 1 (a) In determining the years of service of a 2 member in a paid police or fire department for the pur-3 pose of ascertaining certain disability pension benefits, 4 all retirement pension benefits and certain death benefits, the following provisions shall be applicable: 5
- 6 (1) Absence from the service because of sick-7 ness or injury shall not be construed as time out of ser-8 vice; and
- 9 (2) Any member of any paid police or fire de-10 partment covered by the provisions of sections sixteen through twenty-eight of this article who has been re-11 quired to or shall at any future time be required to 12 13 enter the armed forces of the United States by conscrip-14 tion, by reason of being a member of some reserve 15 unit of the armed forces or a member of the West Vir-16 ginia national guard or air national guard, or who en-17 lists in one of the armed forces of the United States 18 during hostilities, and who upon receipt of an honorable discharge from such armed forces presents him-20 self for resumption of duty to his appointing municipal official within six months from his date of discharge, 21 and is accepted by the pension board's board of medical examiners as being mentally and physically capable of performing his required duties as a member of such paid police or fire department, shall be given credit for continuous service in said paid police or fire department, 26 and his rights shall be governed as herein provided. No member of a paid police or fire department shall be re-28 quired to pay the monthly assessment as now required by law, during his period of service in the armed forces 31 of the United States.
- (b) As to any former member of a paid police 33 or fire department receiving disability pension benefits 34 or retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, on the effective date of this

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article [July 1, 1969], the following provisions shall 36 37 govern and control the amount of such pension benefits:

- (1) A former member who on June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive pension benefits but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, such pension benefits shall be in the amount of two hundred dollars per month; and
- A former member who became entitled to disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixtytwo, shall continue to receive pension benefits but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall receive the disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits provided for in section twenty-four or section twenty-five of this article, as the case may be.
- As to any dependent spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member of a paid police or fire department, receiving any death benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, on the effective date of this article, the following provisions shall govern and control the amount of such death benefits:
- (1) A dependent spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member, who on June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving any death benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive death benefits but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, such death benefits shall be in the following amounts: To a dependent spouse, until death or remarriage, the sum of one hundred dollars per month; to each dependent child the sum of thirty dol-73 lars per month, until such child shall attain the age of 74 eighteen years or marry, whichever first occurs; to each dependent orphaned child the sum of forty-five dollars 76 per month, until such child shall attain the age of eighteen

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years or marry, whichever first occurs; to each dependent 78 father and mother the sum of thirty dollars per month 79 for each; to each dependent brother or sister the sum of 80 five dollars per month, until such individual shall attain 81 the age of eighteen years or marry, whichever first occurs, but in no event shall the aggregate amount paid to such brothers and sisters exceed thirty dollars per month; but if at any time, because of the number of dependents, all 84 such dependents cannot be paid in full as herein provided, then each dependent shall receive his pro rata share of such payments: Provided, That in no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be cut below sixty-five percent of the total amount to be paid 90 to all dependents;

A dependent spouse, child or children, or **(2)** dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member, who became eligible for death benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, shall continue to receive death bene-96 fits but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall receive the death benefits provided 98 for in section twenty-six of this article.

## CHAPTER 105

(House Bill No. 1015-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend article twenty-four, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifty-a, relating to municipal corporations, planning and zoning, and the adoption of the standards of federal department of housing and urban development.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-four, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifty-a, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 24. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS—URBAN AND RURAL PLANNING AND ZONING.

PART XIII-A. Adoption of Standards of Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development.

# §8-24-50a. Standards of federal department of housing and urban development for factory-built housing, components, etc., adopted.

- 1 Notwithstanding any existing provisions of law, mu-
- 2 nicipal or county ordinance, or local building code, but
- 3 excluding any such provisions relating to zoning or land
- 4 use control, the standards for factory-built housing,
- 5 housing prototypes, subsystems, materials and components
- 6 certified as acceptable by the federal department of hous-
- 7 ing and urban development are hereby deemed acceptable
- 8 and approved for use in housing construction in this state.
- 9 A certificate from the state director of the federal housing
- 10 administration of the department of housing and urban
- 11 development shall constitute prima facie evidence that
- 12 the products or materials listed therein are acceptable
- 13 and such certificates shall be furnished by the building
- 14 contractor to any local building inspector or other local
- 15 housing authority upon request.

### **CHAPTER 106**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 847—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, fourteen and twenty, article twenty-seven, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections. designated sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, relating to urban mass transportation

authorities; authorizing participating governments to contribute moneys or property to such authorities; relating to the number of votes participating governments shall have in the affairs of such authorities; authorizing other counties and municipalities within and without this state to join such authorities; relating to the revenue bonds to be issued by such authorities; providing an exemption from taxation; relating to dissolution of such authorities and the disposition of their assets after payment of debts; and relating to workmen's compensation for employees of such authorities.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, fourteen and twenty, article twenty-seven, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 27. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS—URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS.

## PART II. ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTION OF AUTHORITIES AND BOARDS.

§8-27-5. Management of authority vested in board; eligibility, appointment, number and term of members; vote of members; vacancies.

#### PART VI. DEVELOPMENT OF SYSTEM; FINANCING THEREOF.

- §8-27-14. Bonds generally.
- §8-27-20. Exemption from taxation.

## PART XI. DISSOLUTION OF AUTHORITY; WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

- §8-27-26. Dissolution of authority; disposition of assets after payment of debts.
- §8-27-27. Employees to be covered by workmen's compensation.

## PART II. ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTION OF AUTHORITIES AND BOARDS.

§8-27-5. Management of authority vested in board; eligibility, appointment, number and term of members; vote of members; vacancies.

The management and control of any authority, its 1 operations, business and affairs shall be lodged in a board 2 of not less than five nor more than fifteen individuals 3 who shall be known as members of the board and who 4 shall be appointed for terms of three years each by the 5 governing bodies of the participating governments. 6 Prior to making the initial appointments to the board, 7 the governing bodies of the participating governments 8 shall agree to make such initial apointments so that 9 approximately one third of the total number of the mem-10 bers to be so appointed shall be appointed for a term of 11 one year, approximately one third of such total number 12 13 of the members shall be appointed for a term of two years and approximately one third of such total num-14 ber of the members shall be appointed for a term of 15 three years. As the term of each such initial appointee 16 expires, the successor to fill the vacancy created by such 17 expired term shall be appointed for a term of three years. 18 19 The number of members representing each participating 20 government shall be as agreed upon from time to time 21 by the governing bodies of the said participating governments. When a participating government is represented 22 by more than one member on the board of an authority, 23 such members shall be entitled to cast the votes of that 24 25 participating government in such manner as that participating government may direct in the order or ordinance 26 appointing its members. 27

28 Each participating government shall have one vote for each five hundred dollars it has contributed to the au-29 thority in the form of moneys or property. When prop-30 31 erty is contributed, the contributing participating government and the authority shall agree in writing at the 32 33 time the contribution is made as to the fair market value of such property, which valuation shall determine the 34 number of votes to be allocated to the participating 35 government on the basis thereof. For the fiscal year 36 during which any authority is formed, the number of 37 votes to which any participating government shall be 38 entitled shall be determined as of the time of formation 39 of the authority and shall govern until the end of that

41 fiscal year, even though additional moneys or property are contributed during that fiscal year. Thereafter, the 42 43 number of votes shall be determined at the end of each fiscal year and such determination shall govern for the ensuing fiscal year, even though additional moneys or 45 property are contributed during that fiscal year. Subsequent to its formation, any authority may permit any 47 municipality or county within or without this state to 48 participate in the affairs of the authority, to appoint 49 members of the authority in the same manner, and to 50 have such vote or votes beginning as of the next ensuing 51 52 fiscal year, as prescribed by law with respect to the original participating municipalities or counties or any com-53 54 bination thereof.

55 Any individual who is a resident of, or member of the 56 governing body, of, any participating government is eligible to serve as a member of the board. The govern-57 ing body of each participating government shall inform 58 the authority of its appointments or reappointments to 59 60 the board by delivering to the authority a certified copy of the ordinance or order making the appointment or 61 62 reappointment. If any member of the board dies, resigns 63 or for any other reason ceases to be a member of the 64 board, the governing body of the participating government which such member represented shall appoint an-66 other individual to fill the unexpired portion of the 67 term of such member.

#### PART VI. DEVELOPMENT OF SYSTEM; FINANCING THEREOF.

#### §8-27-14. Bonds generally.

The authority is hereby empowered and authorized to provide by resolution, from time to time, for the issuance of revenue bonds of the authority for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of acquiring, constructing or improving a system or systems, or any part thereof, or the facilities and equipment therefor, as the case may be, or for any other purpose or project authorized by the provisions of this article. The purposes for which revenue bonds may be issued may include the payment of all costs and estimated costs incidental to or con-

nected with the accomplishment of such purpose or project including, without limitation, engineering, inspection and legal fees, the fees of fiscal agents and financial consultants and other fees, bond and other reserve funds, working capital, bond interest estimated to accrue during the construction period and for a period not to exceed two years thereafter, and expenses of all proceedings for the authorization, issuance and sale of the bonds.

19 The bonds of each issue shall be dated and shall bear interest at such rate or rates as are approved by the author-20 ity, payable semiannually, and shall mature at such time 21 22 or times not exceeding forty years from their date or dates 23 as may be determined by the authority, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the au-24 thority, at such price or prices and under such terms 25 26 and conditions as may be fixed by the authority prior to the issuance of the bonds. The authority shall deter-27 mine the form of the bonds, including any interest 28 29 coupons to be attached thereto, and shall fix the denomination or denominations of the bonds and the place or 30 places of payment of the principal and interest, which 31 may be at any banking institution or trust company 32 within or without the state. The bonds shall be signed 33 by the president of the authority or shall bear his fac-34 simile signature, and the official seal of the authority. **3**5 36 or a facsimile thereof, shall be impressed or imprinted thereupon and attested by the secretary of the authority, 37 and any coupons attached to the bonds shall bear the 38 facsimile signature of the president of the authority. 39 All such signatures, countersignatures and seal may be 40 printed, lithographed or mechanically reproduced, except 41 42 that one of such signatures or countersignatures on the 43 bonds shall be manually affixed, unless the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds shall otherwise pro-44 vide. If any officer whose signature or countersignature 45 or a facsimile of whose signature or countersignature 46 appears on bonds or coupons ceases to be such officer be-47 fore the delivery of the bonds, his signature shall be as 48 effective as if he had remained in office until such de-49 livery. The bonds may be issued in coupon or in regis-50 51 tered form, or both, as each authority may determine

and provision may be made for the registration of any coupon bonds as to principal alone, and also as to both principal and interest, for the reconversion into coupon bonds of any bonds registered as to both principal and interest, and for the interchange of registered and coupon bonds. Notwithstanding the form or tenor thereof, and in the absence of any express recital on the face thereof that the bond is nonnegotiable, all such bonds shall be, and shall be treated as, negotiable instruments for all purposes except when registered in the name of a regis-tered owner.

The authority may exchange its bonds, in whole or in part, for any system or systems, or any parts thereof, or facilities and equipment therefor, or may sell its bonds, in whole or in part, in such manner either at public or private sale and for such price as it may determine will best effect the purposes of this article and be for the best interest of the authority: *Provided*, That if the bonds be issued the minimum price for which they may be exchanged or at which they may be sold shall be such that the interest cost to the authority of the proceeds of the bonds shall not exceed the interest rate per annum thereon computed to maturity according to the standard table of bond values.

Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the authority may, under like restrictions, issue interim receipts or temporary bonds with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds shall have been executed and are available for delivery. The authority may also provide for the replacement of any bonds which shall become mutilated or shall be destroyed or lost.

The authority is hereby empowered and authorized to provide by resolution, from time to time, for the issuance, sale or exchange of revenue refunding bonds of such authority for the purpose of refunding any bonds then outstanding which shall have been issued under the provisions of this article, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon, and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of such bonds, and the payment of all expenses incidental thereto. The

- 92 authority is further empowered and authorized to pro-
- 93 vide by resolution, from time to time, for the issuance,
- 94 sale or exchange of revenue bonds of such authority for
- 95 the combined purpose of refunding any bonds then out-
- 96 standing, as herein provided, and paying all or any part of
- 97 the cost of any additional project or projects. All provi-
- 98 sions of this article applicable to the issuance of revenue
- 99 bonds are applicable to the issuance of refunding bonds
- 100 and to the sale or exchange thereof.

#### §8-27-20. Exemption from taxation.

- 1 It is hereby found, determined and declared that the
- 2 creation of any authority and the carrying out of its
- B purposes is in all respects for the benefit of the people
- 4 of this state in general, and of the participating govern-
- 5 ments in particular, and is a public purpose; and that
- 6 the authority will be performing an essential govern-
- 7 mental function in the exercise of the powers conferred
- 8 upon it by the provisions of this article. Accordingly,
- 9 each authority and, without limitation, its revenues.
- 10 properties, operations and activities shall be exempt from
- 11 the payment of any taxes or fees to the state or any
- 12 of its political subdivisions or to any officer or employee
- 13 of the state or any of its political subdivisions, except
- 14 the special assessment provided for in section six, arti-
- 15 cle six, chapter twenty-four-a of this code. Property,
- 16 real and personal, owned by or leased and used exclu-
- 17 sively by each authority shall be public property and
- 18 therefore exempt from taxation in accordance with
- 19 section nine, article three, chapter eleven of this code.
- 20 The revenue bonds and other evidences of indebtedness
- 21 issued pursuant to the provisions of this article, and the
- 22 interest thereon, shall be exempt from taxation, except
- 23 inheritance and transfer taxes.

## PART XI. DISSOLUTION OF AUTHORITY; WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

## §8-27-26. Dissolution of authority; disposition of assets after payment of debts.

- 1 In the event full and adequate provision is made for
- 2 the payment of all of the debts of an authority, the

participating municipalities or counties or any combina-3 tion thereof which have contributed at least sixty per-4 cent of the total value of all moneys and property (the 5 value of which property is determined as specified in 6 section five of this article) contributed to the authority 7 by the participating municipalities and counties may by resolution provide for the dissolution of the authority 10 and for (1) the conveyance of the real and tangible personal property contributed to it to those participating 11 12 municipalities and counties which contributed the same, (2) equitable distribution among the contributing mu-13 14 nicipalities and counties of any real and tangible personal 15 property purchased or condemned by the authority or 16 of the proceeds of sale thereof, or the fair value thereof, 17 and (3) the equitable distribution of all moneys on hand 18 to the participating municipalities and counties in direct proportion to the contribution of moneys by them.

## §8-27-27. Employees to be covered by workmen's compensa-

- 1 All eligible employees of any authority shall be deemed
- 2 to be within the workmen's compensation statute of this
- 3 state and premiums on their compensation shall be paid
- 4 by the authority as required by law.

### CHAPTER 107

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 86—Originating in the Senate
Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 2, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article thirty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, authorizing counties and municipalities to make appropriations to certain non-stock, nonprofit corporations for public purposes, subject to certain specified limitations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article thirty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 32. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS—CONTRIBU-TIONS TO OR INVOLVEMENT WITH NONSTOCK, NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS FOR PUBLIC PUR-POSES.

PART I. MUSEUMS; CULTURAL CENTERS, ETC.

# §8-32-1. Legislative findings; authority of municipalities and counties to make appropriations; limitations and restrictions.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds that the support of 2 nonstock, nonprofit corporations dedicated to making available to the general public museums, facilities or cultural centers for the appreciation, advancement or 4 5 enjoyment of art, crafts, music, dance, drama, nature, 6 science or other educational and cultural activities is for the general welfare of the public and is a public purpose. 7 This section is enacted in view of this finding and shall be 9 liberally construed in the light thereof.
- (b) When a nonstock, nonprofit corporation, chartered 10 under the laws of this state, (1) is organized for the 11 12 construction, maintenance or operation of museums, 13 facilities or cultural centers for the appreciation, advancement or enjoyment of art, crafts, music, dance, drama, 14 nature, science or other educational and cultural activities 15 and provides in its charter that its buildings or facilities, 16 or a designated portion thereof, shall be devoted to the 17 use by the public for all purposes set forth in such charter 18 without regard to race, religion, national origin or eco-19 nomic circumstance, and free from charge except such 20 as is necessary to provide the means to keep the buildings, 21 facilities and grounds in proper condition and repair, 22 and to pay the cost of insurance, care, management, 23 operations, teaching and attendants, so that the general 24 public may have the benefit of such establishment for 25 the uses set forth in such corporation's charter at as 26 little expense as possible, (2) provides in its charter that 27 no member trustee, or member of the board of directors

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29 (by whatever name the same may be called), of the cor-30 poration shall receive any compensation, gain or profit from such corporation, and (3) is operated in compliance 31 with such charter provisions as aforesaid, then, notwith-32 standing any statutory or municipal charter provisions 33 to the contrary, any municipality in which such nonstock, 34 nonprofit corporation is operating or which is or will be 35 served by such nonstock, nonprofit corporation, if any, 36 and the county court of any county in which such non-37 stock, nonprofit corporation is operating or which is or 38 will be served by such nonstock, nonprofit corporation, 39 may appropriate funds subject to the provisions and limi-40 tations set forth in subsections (c) and (d) of this section, 41 to such nonstock, nonprofit corporation, for such public 42 43 purposes.

In every such case, the governing body of any such municipality or any such county court and such corporation may agree for the appointment of additional members to the board of directors of such corporation by such governing body or county court, either as regular members or in an ex officio capacity.

- (c) No funds appropriated by a municipality or county court under the authority of this section shall be disbursed by any such nonstock, nonprofit corporation unless and until the expenditure thereof has been approved by the governing body of such municipality or any such county court, as the case may be, which made such appropriation, and such corporation shall upon demand at any time make a full and complete accounting of all such funds to such governing body or county court, as the case may be, and shall in every event without demand make to such governing body or county court an annual accounting thereof.
- (d) Under no circumstances whatever shall any action taken by any municipality or county court under the authority of this section give rise to or create any indebtedness on the part of the municipality, the governing body of such municipality, the county, such county court, any member of such governing body or the county court or any municipal or county official or employee.

### **CHAPTER 108**

(Senate Bill No. 20-By Mr. Hubbard)

[Passed February 25, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to unlawful methods of hunting and fishing and deleting certain birds from the unprotected status.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

#### §20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing.

- 1 Except as authorized by the director, it shall be un-
- 2 lawful at any time for any person to:
- 3 (1) Shoot at or to shoot any wild bird or animal unless
  4 it is plainly visible to him;
- 5 (2) Dig out, cut out, or smoke out, or in any manner 6 take or attempt to take any live wild animal or wild bird 7 out of its den or place of refuge, except as may be autho-8 rized by regulations promulgated by the director or by
- 9 law;
- 10 (3) (a) Make use of, or take advantage of, any artifi-11 cial light in hunting for, locating, taking, trapping, or
- 12 killing any wild bird or wild animal; or (b) make use of,
- 13 or take advantage of, any artificial light in hunting for,
- 14 taking, attracting, trapping, or killing any wild bird or 15 wild animal, or to attempt to do so, while having in his
- 15 wild animal, or to attempt to do so, while having in his 16 possession or subject to his control any firearm, whether
- 17 cased or uncased, or other implement or device suitable
- 18 for taking, killing, trapping, skinning, or dressing such
- 19 wild bird or animal. Any person violating the provisions
- 20 of division (b) of this subdivision three shall be guilty

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21 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be fined not less than one hundred dollars 23 nor more than five hundred dollars and shall be imprisoned for not less than ten days nor more than one 24 hundred days: Provided, That it shall not be unlawful 25 26 to hunt or take raccoon, opossum or skunk by the use of 27 artificial lights;

- (4) Hunt for, take, kill, wound or shoot at wild animals or wild birds from an airplane, or other airborne conveyance, an automobile, or other land conveyance, or from a motor-driven water conveyance, except as may be authorized by regulations promulgated by the director;
- (5) Take any beaver or muskrat by any means other 34 than by trap;
- (6) Catch, capture, take or kill by seine, net, bait, trap 36 or snare or like device of any kind, any wild turkey, ruffed grouse, pheasant or quail;
  - (7) Destroy or attempt to destroy needlessly or willfully the nest or eggs of any wild bird or have in his possession such nest or eggs unless authorized to do so under regulations or under a permit by the director;
  - (8) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an uncased or loaded gun in any of the woods of this state except during the open firearms hunting season for game animals and nonmigratory game birds within any county of the state, unless he has in his possession a permit in writing issued to him by the director: Provided, That this section shall not prohibit hunting or taking of unprotected species of wild animals and wild birds and migratory game birds, during the open season, in the open fields, open water and open marshes of the state:
  - (9) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an uncased or loaded gun after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday in any woods or on any highway, railroad right-of-way, public road, field or stream of this state, except at a regularly used rifle, pistol, skeet, target or trap shooting ground or range and nothing contained in section eighteen, article eight, chapter sixtyone of this code shall prohibit the use of a gun by a

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- 61 licensed hunter before the hour of five o'clock antemeri-62 dian on Sunday;
- 63 (10) Have in his possession a loaded firearm or a 64 firearm from the magazine of which all shells and car-65 tridges have not been removed, in or on any vehicle or 66 conveyance, or its attachments, within the state, except 67 as may otherwise be provided by law or regulation. Ex-68 cept as hereinafter provided, between five o'clock post-69 meridian of one day and seven o'clock antemeridian. 70 eastern standard time of the day following, any unloaded firearm, being lawfully carried in accordance with the 71 72 foregoing provisions, shall be so carried only when in a 73 case or taken apart and securely wrapped. During the period from July first to September thirtieth, inclusive, 74 75 of each year, the foregoing requirements relative to carry-76 ing certain unloaded firearms shall be permissible only 77 from eight-thirty o'clock postmeridian to five o'clock ante-78 meridian, eastern standard time;
  - (11) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue with firearms or other implement by which wildlife may be taken after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday any wild animals or wild birds: *Provided*, That traps previously and legally set may be tended after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday, if the person so doing shall not have firearms or long bow of any description in his possession;
- 87 (12) Hunt with firearms or long bow while under the 88 influence of intoxicating liquor;
  - (13) Possess a ferret;
- 90 (14) Buy raw furs, pelts or skins of fur-bearing 91 animals unless licensed to do so;
- 92 (15) Have in his possession or about his premises, without the written permission of the director, any hunt-93 ing or fishing paraphernalia which cannot be used law-94 fully in this state for hunting or fishing, and any con-95 servation officer shall remove and destroy such hunting 96 and fishing paraphernalia, whenever found in this state, 97 and the person or persons claiming ownership shall have 98 99 no recourse at law against such confiscation and destruc-100 tion;

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- 101 (16) Catch, take, kill, or attempt to catch, take or kill 102 any fish at any time by any means other than by rod, 103 line, and hooks with natural or artificial lures unless 104 otherwise authorized by law or regulation issued by the 105 director: *Provided*, That snaring of any species of suckers, 106 carp, fallfish and creek chubs shall at all times be lawful;
- 107 (17) Employ or hire, or induce or persuade, by the use 108 of money or other things of value, or by any means, 109 any person to hunt, take, catch or kill, any wild animal or wild bird except those species on which there is no 110 closed season, or to fish for, catch, take or kill any fish, 111 112 amphibian or aquatic life which is protected by the provisions of this chapter or regulations of the director, or 113 114 the sale of which is prohibited;
- 115 (18) Hunt, catch, take, kill, capture, pursue, transport, possess or use any migratory game or nongame birds 116 included in the terms of conventions between the United 117 States and Great Britain and between the United States 118 119 and United Mexican States for the protection of migratory birds and game mammals concluded, respectively, 120 August sixteen, one thousand nine hundred sixteen, and 121 122 February seven, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six, 123 except during the time and in the manner and numbers 124 prescribed by the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act 125 and regulations made thereunder;
  - (19) Kill, take, catch, or have in his possession living or dead, any wild bird, other than a game bird; or expose for sale, or transport within or without the state any such bird, except as aforesaid. No part of the plumage, skin or body of any protected bird shall be sold or had in possession for sale, except mounted or stuffed plumage, skin, bodies or heads of such birds legally taken and stuffed or mounted, irrespective of whether such bird was captured within or without this state, except the English or European sparrow (Passer domesticus), starling (Sturnus vulgaris), crow (Corvus brachyrhynchos) and cowbird (Molothrus ater), which shall not be protected and the killing thereof at any time is lawful;
- 139 (20) Use dynamite or any like explosive or poisonous 140 mixture placed in any waters of the state for the purpose

- of killing or taking fish. Any person violating the provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned;
- 147 (21) Have a bow and gun, or have a gun and any arrow 148 or arrows, in the fields or woods at the same time;
- 149 (22) Have a crossbow in the woods or fields or use a 150 crossbow to hunt for, take or attempt to take any wild-151 life;
- 152 (23) Take or attempt to take turkey, bear, elk or deer 153 with any arrow unless the same is equipped with a point 154 having at least two sharp cutting edges measuring in 155 excess of three fourths of an inch wide;
- 156 (24) Take or attempt to take any wildlife with an 157 arrow having an explosive head or shaft, a poisoned 158 arrow, or an arrow which would affect wildlife by any 159 chemical action;
- 160 (25) Shoot an arrow across any public highway or 161 from aircraft, motor-driven watercraft, motor vehicle or 162 other land conveyance;
- 163 (26) Permit any dog owned by him or under his 164 control to chase, pursue or follow upon the track of any game animal or game bird, either day or night, between 165 166 the first day of May and the fifteenth day of August next 167 following: Provided, That dogs may be trained on game animals and game birds, except deer and wild turkeys, and 168 field trials may be held or conducted on the grounds or 169 170 lands of the owner or by his bona fide tenant or tenants 171 or upon the grounds or lands of another person with his written permission or on public lands, at any time: 172 Provided, however, That the person training said dogs 173 does not have firearms or other implements in his posses-174 175 sion during the closed season on such game animals and game birds, whereby game animals or game birds could 176 177 be taken or killed;
- 178 (27) Conduct or participate in a field trial, water race 179 or wild hunt hereafter referred to as trial: *Provided*, 180 That any person, group of persons, club or organization

- 181 may hold such trial at any time of the year upon obtain-
- ing such permit as is provided for in section fifty-six of 182
- this article. The person responsible for obtaining said 183
- permit shall prepare and keep an accurate record of the 184
- names and addresses of all persons participating in said 185
- trial, and make same readily available for inspection by 186
- 187 any conservation officer upon request; and
- 188 (28) Except as provided in section four of this article,
- 189 hunt, catch, take, kill or attempt to hunt, catch, take or
- kill any wild animal, wild bird or wild fowl except during 190
- the open season established by regulation of the director 191
- as authorized by subdivision six, section seven, article 192
- one of this chapter. 193



(House Bill No. 730-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 3, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend section thirteen, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the importation and liberation of wildlife.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

#### §20-2-13. Importation of wildlife; certification and inspection of imported wildlife.

- No person shall transport into or have in his possession 1
- 2 within this state any live wildlife or viable eggs thereof
- from without the state, except as authorized by an im-
- 4 portation permit issued by the director: Provided, That
- 5 the director shall not be authorized to issue a permit
- 6 to any person to transport into this state any foxes,
  - either red (Vulpes fulva) or gray (Urocyon cinereo-
- argenteus), fishers (Martes pennanti), or coyotes (Canis

- 9 latrans). The director may issue at his discretion such
- 10 permit as he is authorized to issue, fix the terms thereof
- 11 and revoke it at his pleasure: Provided, That the director
- 12 is hereby authorized to issue permits for the importation
- 13 of foxes, either red (Vulpes fulva) or gray (Urocyon
- 14 cinereoargenteus) to duly organized clubs having twenty-
- 15 five or more members in the counties of Boone, Cabell,
- 16 Kanawha, McDowell, Wayne and Wyoming.
- 17 Importers of fish or viable eggs of the family sal-
- 18 mondiae (trout, char, salmon) shall furnish a statement
- 19 from a recognized fish pathologist certifying the source
- 20 to be free of whirling disease, infectious pancreatic ne-
- 21 crosis, viral hemorrhagic septicemia or other diseases
- 22 which may threaten fish stocks within the state.
- 23 Importers of other wildlife species shall furnish dis-24 ease free certification from pathologists, or veterinarians,
- 25 as the director deems necessary to protect native popu-
- 26 lations.
- 27 All imported wildlife shall be subject to inspection by
- 28 authorized agents of the department and such inspec-29 tions may include biological examinations and the re-
- 30 moval of a reasonable sample of fish or eggs for such
- 31 purposes.
- 32 Any person violating any of the provisions of this section
- 33 concerning foxes, fishers and coyotes shall be guilty of
- 34 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall for
- 35 each offense be fined not less than one hundred nor more
- 36 than three hundred dollars, or confined in jail not less
- 37 than ten nor more than one hundred days, or be both
- 38 fined and imprisoned within the limitations aforesaid.

### **CHAPTER 110**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 1009—Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect January 1, 1972. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section forty-two, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine

hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections thirty-four, thirty-nine, forty, forty-a, forty-four-a and forty-six of said article, all relating to hunting, trapping and fishing licenses; license fees; disposition of license fees.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-two, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections thirty-four, thirtynine, forty, forty-a, forty-four-a and forty-six of said article be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

- **§20-2-34.** Disposition of license fees; reports of agents; special funds and uses.
- §20-2-39. Class A resident statewide hunting and trapping license.
- §20-2-40. Class B resident statewide fishing license. §20-2-40a. Class AB combination resident statewide hunting, trapping and fishing license.
- \$20-2-44a. Class I national forest hunting, trapping and fishing license. \$20-2-46. Class L nonresident statewide bow and arrow hunting and fishing license.

#### §20-2-34. Disposition of license fees; reports of agents; special funds and uses.

- 1 All persons in this state who receive money for licenses
- 2 and permits required by this chapter shall, on the first
- day of each month, pay over to the director all moneys
- 4 so collected by them during the preceding month. Such
- payment shall be accompanied by a report showing, in
- 6 the case of license money, the name of the county, the
- class of license sold, the names and addresses of the
- persons paying the same, the date of the receipt thereof,
- the signature of the person receiving and remitting such
- 10 funds, and such other information as the director may
- 11 deem necessary.
- Except where other provisions of this chapter spe-12 cifically require and direct payment of any such moneys 13
- into designated funds for specific uses and purposes, all
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- moneys so received by the director hereunder shall be 15
- by him promptly paid into the state treasury and shall 16
- be credited to the department of natural resources and 17
- shall be further credited to and kept in a separate fund 18
- designated "license fund-wildlife resources" which shall 19

- 20 be used and paid out, upon order of the director solely
- 21 for law enforcement and for purposes directly relating
- 22 to the conservation, protection, propagation and distribu-
- 23 tion of wildlife in this state pursuant to the provisions
- 24 of this chapter.
- 25 No funds from the "license fund—wildlife resources"
- 26 shall be expended for recreational factilities or activities
- 27 that are used by or for the benefit of the general public,
- 28 rather than purchasers of hunting and fishing licenses.
- 29 Of the annual license fund income, the director shall
- 30 retain ten percent for capital improvements and land
- 31 purchases benefiting state wildlife, forty percent shall
- 32 be budgeted to the wildlife resources division, forty
- 33 percent to law enforcement and ten percent apportioned
- 34 by the director within provisions of this section. Any
- 35 unexpended moneys for capital improvements and land
- 36 purchases shall be carried forward.

## §20-2-39. Class A resident statewide hunting and trapping license.

- 1 A Class A license shall be a resident statewide hunting
- 2 and trapping license and shall entitle the licensee to
- 3 hunt and trap all legal species of game in all counties
- 4 of the state, except as prohibited by rules or regulations
- 5 of the director. It shall be issued only to citizens of the
- 6 United States who are residents of this state. The fee
- 7 therefor shall be five dollars.

#### §20-2-40. Class B resident statewide fishing license.

- 1 A Class B license shall be a resident statewide fishing
- 2 license and shall entitle the licensee to fish for all legal
- 3 fish in all counties of the state, except as prohibited
- 4 by rules or regulations of the director. It shall be issued
- 5 only to citizens of the United States, and unnaturalized
- 6 persons possessing the permit mentioned in section
- 7 twenty-nine of this article, who are residents of this
- 8 state. The fee therefor shall be five dollars.

## §20-2-40a. Class AB combination resident statewide hunting, trapping and fishing license.

- 1 A Class AB combination license shall be a resident
- 2 statewide hunting, trapping and fishing license and shall

- 3 entitle the licensee to hunt and trap for all legal species
- 4 of game, and fish for all legal species of fish and frogs
- 5 in all counties of the state, except as prohibited by rules
- 6 or regulations of the director. It shall be issued only to
- 7 citizens of the United States who are residents of this
- 8 state. The fee therefor shall be eight dollars.

## §20-2-44a. Class I national forest hunting, trapping and fishing license.

- 1 A Class I license shall be a national forest hunting,
- 2 trapping and fishing license. It shall entitle the licensee,
- 3 when within national forest land in West Virginia, to
- 4 hunt legal species in season; to trap all fur-bearing ani-
- 5 mals in season; and to fish in the waters therein. The li-
- 6 cense shall be issued only to a nonresident holding a Class
- 7 E. Class L. Class F or Class K license, or to a resident
- 8 holding a Class A, Class B or Class AB license. The fee
- 9 therefor shall be one dollar.

## §20-2-46. Class L nonresident statewide bow and arrow hunting and fishing license.

- 1 A Class L license shall be a nonresident bow and arrow
- 2 hunting and fishing license and shall entitle the licensee to
- 3 employ a long bow and arrow in taking game, fish and
- 4 frogs in all counties of the state. It shall be issued only
- 5 to citizens of the United States who are not residents
- 6 of this state. The fee therefor shall be fifteen dollars.

### **CHAPTER 111**

(Senate Bill No. 232-By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to subpoenas in appeal hearings before water resources board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5A. WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT.

#### §20-5A-15. Appeal to water resources board.

- 1 (a) Any person adversely affected by an order made 2 and entered by the chief in accordance with the pro-3 visions of this article, or aggrieved by failure or refusal 4 of the chief to act within the time required by section 5 seven of this article on an application for a permit or 6 aggrieved by the terms and conditions of a permit granted under the provisions of this article, may appeal to the 8 water resources board for an order vacating or modifying such order, or for such order, action or terms and 9 conditions as the chief should have entered, taken or 10 imposed. The person so appealing shall be known as 11 12 the appellant and the chief shall be known as the appellee. If the chief denies a permit because of any dis-13 approval of a permit application by one or more of 14 15 the public officers required to review such application 16 under the provisions of subsection (b), section seven of 17 this article, such public officers shall be joined as a co-18 appellee or coappellees with the chief in such appeal.
- (b) Such appeal shall be perfected by filing a notice 19 20 of appeal, on the form prescribed by the board for such purpose, with the board within thirty days after date 21 22 upon which the appellant received the copy of such order or received such permit, as the case may be. The filing 23 of the notice of appeal shall not stay or suspend the 24 execution of the order appealed from. If it appears to 25 the director or the board that an unjust hardship to the 26 appellant will result from the execution of the chief's 27 order pending determination of the appeal, the director 28 or the board may grant a suspension of such order and 29 30 fix its terms. The notice of appeal shall set forth the order or terms and conditions complained of and the grounds 31 upon which the appeal is based. A copy of the notice

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of appeal shall be filed by the board with the chief within three days after the notice of appeal is filed with the board.

- (c) Within seven days after receipt of his copy of the notice of appeal, the chief shall prepare and certify to the board a complete record of the proceedings out of which the appeal arises including all documents and correspondence in the chief's file relating to the matter in question. With the consent of the board and upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe, any persons affected by any such activity or by such alleged pollution may by petition intervene as a party appellant or appellee. The board shall hear the appeal de novo, and evidence may be offered on behalf of the appellant and appellee, and, with the consent of the board, by any intervenors.
- (d) All of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern the hearing on appeal authorized by this section and the administrative procedures in connection with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth in extenso in this section, with the following modifications or exceptions:
- (1) Unless the board directs otherwise, the appeal hearing shall be held in the city of Charleston, Kanawha county, West Virginia; and
- (2) In accordance with the provisions of section one, article five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, all of the testimony at any such hearing shall be recorded by stenographic notes and characters or by mechanical means. Such reported testimony shall in every appeal hearing under this article be transcribed.
- (e) Any such appeal hearing shall be conducted by a quorum of the board, but the parties may by stipulation agree to take evidence before a hearing examiner employed by the board. For the purpose of conducting such appeal hearing, any member of the board and the chairman thereof shall have the power and authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in the name of the board, in accordance with the provisions of section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. All sub-

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73 poenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be issued and served within the time and for the fees and shall be 74 75 enforced, as specified in section one, article five of said 76 chapter twenty-nine-a, and all of the said section one 77 provisions dealing with subpoenas and subpoenas duces 78 tecum shall apply to subpoenas and subpoenas duces 79 tecum issued for the purpose of an appeal hearing 80 hereunder.

- (f) Any such hearing shall be held within twenty days after the date upon which the board received the 83 timely notice of appeal, unless there is a postponement 84 or continuance. The board may postpone or continue any hearing upon its own motion, or upon application of the appellant, the appellee or any intervenors for good cause shown. The chief shall be represented at any such hearing by the attorney general or his assistants. At any such hearing the appellant and any intervenor may represent himself or be represented by an attorney at law admitted to practice before any circuit court of this state.
  - (g) After such hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the board shall make and enter an order affirming, modifying or vacating the order of the chief, or shall make and enter such order as the chief should have entered, or shall make and enter an order approving or modifying the terms and conditions of any permit issued. In determining its course of action, the board shall take into consideration not only the factors which the chief was authorized to consider in making his order and in fixing the terms and conditions of any permit, but also the economic feasibility of treating and/or controlling the sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes involved.
  - (h) Such order shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of such order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be served upon the appellant, and any intervenors, and their attorneys of record, if any, and upon the appellee in person or by registered or certified mail.

113	(i) The board shall also cause a notice to be served
	with the copy of such order, which notice shall advise
	the appellant, the appellee and any intervenors of their
	right to judicial review, in accordance with the pro-
	visions of section sixteen of this article. The order of
118	the board shall be final unless vacated or modified upon
119	judicial review thereof in accordance with the provisions
120	of section sixteen of this article.

### **CHAPTER 112**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 193—Originating in the Senate
Committee on Natural Resources)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and thirty, article six, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections nine-a, eleven-a, thirteen-a and fourteen-a; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all relating to surface mining and reclamation; definitions of terms, duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors; reclamation commission, its duties, functions and compensation; prospecting permit, bond and postponement of reclamation; surface mine permits required, applications, issuance and renewal of permits, fees and use of proceeds; preplanning plans; alternative plans; time affecting plans; limitations; mandamus; blasting restriction, formula, filing preplan, penalties and warning; requirements regarding surface-mined areas where benches result: requirements regarding surface-mined areas where benches do not result; obligations of the operator; cessation of operation by inspector; completion of planting, inspection and evaluation; performance bonds; special reclamation tax and offenses, penalties, prosecutions, treble damages and injunctive relief; providing that commencing on the effective date of this act and ending two years thereafter, no new permits, including prospecting permits, shall be issued under the provisions of article six of this chapter, for the surface mining of coal in any county in which no surface mining existed during calendar year one thousand nine hundred seventy, under lawful permit.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and thirty, article six, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections nine-a, eleven-a, thirteen-a and fourteen-a; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all to reads as follows:

#### Article

- 6. Surface Mining and Reclamation.
- 6A. Limitations on Surface mining.

#### ARTICLE 6. SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION.

§20-6-2. §20-6~5. Duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors. §20-6-6. Reclamation commission; duties, functions and compensa-§20-6-7. Prospecting permit; bond; postponement of reclamation. §20-6-8. Permit required; applications; issuance and renewals; fees and use of proceeds. Preplans. §20-6-9. §20-6-9a. Installation of drainage system. §20-6-10. Alternative plans; time. §20-6-11. Limitations; mandamus. §20-6-11a. Blasting restriction; formula; filing preplan; penalties; notice. §20-6-13. Requirements regarding surface-mined areas where benches result. §20-6-13a. Requirements regarding surface-mined areas where benches do not result. §20-6-1**4**. Obligations of the operator. \$20-6-14a. Cessation of operation by inspector. \$20-6-15. Completion of planting; inspection a Completion of planting; inspection and evaluation. §20-6-16. §20-6-17. Performance bonds. Special reclamation tax. Offenses; penalties; prosecutions; treble damages; injunctive relief. §20-6-30.

#### §20-6-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a
- 2 different meaning as used in this article:

- 3 (a) "Adequate treatment" shall mean treatment of
  4 water by physical, chemical or other approved meth5 ods in a manner that will cause the analyzed PH level
  6 of the treated water to be 5.5 or more and analyzed con7 tent of iron of the treated water to be ten milligrams
  8 per liter or less or approved treatment which will not
  9 lower the water quality standards established for the
  10 river, stream or drainway into which such water is
  11 released.
- 12 (b) "Breakthrough" shall mean the release of water 13 which has been trapped or impounded underground, or 14 the release of air into any underground cavity, pocket 15 or area.
- 16 (c) "Director" shall mean the director of natural re-17 sources or his authorized agents.
- 18 (d) "Disturbed land" or "land disturbed" shall mean 19 (1) the area from which the overburden has been re-20 moved in surface-mining operations, (2) the area cov-21 ered by the spoil, and (3) any areas used in surface-min-22 ing operations which by virtue of their use are sus-23 ceptible to excessive erosion including all lands disturbed by the construction or improvement of haulageways, 24 25 roads or trails.
- (e) "Minerals" shall mean coal, clay, flagstone, gravel,
   limestone, manganese, sand, sandstone, shale, iron ore
   and any other metal or metallurgical ore.
- 29 (f) "Mulch" shall mean any natural or plant residue, 30 organic or inorganic material, applied to the surface of 31 the earth to retain moisture and curtail or limit soil 32 erosion.
- 33 (g) "Multiple bench" or "multiple seam" shall mean 34 a form of surface mining in which two or more benches 35 are produced, one above the other, in order to allow the 36 removal of minerals from superjacent seams.
- 37 (h) "Operator" shall mean any individual, partner-38 ship, firm, association, trust or corporation who or which 39 is granted a permit to engage in any activity covered 40 by this article.

- 41 (i) "Permit area" shall mean the area of land indi-42 cated on the approved map submitted by the operator 43 with the reclamation plan as specified in section nine of 44 this article showing the exact location of end strip mark-45 ers, permit markers and monument.
- 46 (j) "Person" shall mean any individual, partnership, 47 firm, association, trust or corporation.
- 48 (k) "Surface mine" shall mean all areas surface mined 49 or being surface mined, as well as adjacent areas ancillary to the operation, together with preparation and 50 processing plants, storage areas and haulageways, roads 51 or trails: Provided, That mines subject to the provisions 52 of articles one, two, four, five and seven, chapter twenty-53 two of said code, are not "surface mines" within this 54 55 definition.
- 56 (1) "Surface mining" shall mean all activity for the 57 recovery of minerals, except those activities subject to the provisions of articles one, two, four, five and seven, 58 59 chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one 60 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, and subject to such exception, shall include any and all plants 61 and equipment used in processing said minerals: Pro-62 63 vided, however. That the bonding and reclamation provisions of this chapter shall not apply to surface mining 64 65 of limestone, sandstone and sand, and that the surface mining of limestone, sandstone and sand shall be subject 66 to separate rules and regulations to be promulgated by 67 68 the commission.
- 69 (m) "Surface of a regraded bench" shall mean the top 70 portion or part of any regraded area.

#### §20-6-5. Duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors.

The surface-mining reclamation inspectors shall make all necessary surveys and inspections of surface-mining operations, shall administer and enforce all surface-mining laws, rules and regulations, and shall perform such other duties and services as may be prescribed by the director. Such inspectors shall give particular attention to all conditions of each permit to insure complete compliance therewith. The director shall cause inspections to be

- made of each active surface-mining operation in this 9
- state by a surface-mining reclamation inspector at least 10
- 11 once every fifteen days. Said inspector shall note all vio-
- lations of law thereat and immediately report such vio-12
- 13 lations to the director in writing, furnishing at the same
- 14 time a copy of such report to the operator concerned and
- to the prosecuting attorney of the county wherein the 15
- operation lies. 16

#### §20-6-6. Reclamation commission; duties, functions and compensation.

- 1 There is hereby created and established in the department of natural resources a reclamation commission
- 3 which shall be composed of the director of natural re-
- sources, serving as chairman, the chief of the division of 4
- reclamation, the chief of the water resources division and 5
- the director of the department of mines. The members of 6
- the commission shall receive no compensation for their
- services on the commission, but shall be reimbursed for ex-
- penses necessarily incurred in performing their functions. 9
- The commission shall meet upon the call of any member. 10
- The director shall request the attorney general to appoint 11
- one or more assistant attorneys general who shall perform 12
- such duties as may be required by the director. The at-13
- torney general, in pursuance of such request, may select 14
- and appoint one or more assistant attorneys general, to 15
- serve at the will and pleasure of the attorney general, 16
- and such assistant or assistants, shall be paid out of any 17
- funds made available for that purpose by the Legislature 18
- to the department of natural resources. 19
- 20 The commission shall have authority to:
- 21 (a) Promulgate reasonable rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a 22
- of this code, to implement the provisions of this article; 23
- (b) Make investigations or inspections necessary to in-24 sure complete compliance with the provisions of this ar-25 26 ticle;
- (c) Conduct hearings under provisions of this article 27 or rules and regulations adopted by the commission and 28
- for the purpose of any investigation or hearing, hereun-29

- 30 der, the commission or any member thereof may ad-
- 31 minister oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses, com-
- 32 pel their attendance, take evidence and require produc-
- 33 tion of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda,
- 34 agreements, or other documents or records relevant or
- 35 material to the inquiry;
- (d) Order, through the director, the suspension orrevocation of any permit for failure to comply with any
- 38 of the provisions of this article or any rules and regula-
- 39 tions adopted pursuant thereto;
- 40 (e) Order, through the director, a cease and desist
- 41 order of any operation that is started without a permit 42 as required by law;
- 43 (f) Appoint such advisory committees as may be of
- 44 assistance to the commission in the development of pro-
- 45 grams and policies: Provided, That such advisory com-
- 46 mittees shall, in each instance, include members repre-
- 47 sentative of the general public; and
- 48 (g) Review orders and decisions of the director.

## §20-6-7. Prospecting permit; bond; postponement of reclama-

- 1 It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to use
- 2 excavating equipment in an area not covered by a sur-
- 3 face mine permit for the purpose of removing the over-
- 4 burden to determine the location, quantity or quality
- 5 of a natural coal deposit, making feasibility studies or
- 6 for any other purpose without having first obtained from
- 7 the department of natural resources a permit therefor
- 8 as provided in this section. Application for a prospect-
- 9 ing permit shall be made in writing on forms prescribed
- 10 by the director and shall be signed and verified by the
- 11 applicant. The application shall be accompanied by:
- 12 (1) A fee of three hundred dollars; (2) a United States
- 13 geological survey topographic map showing by proper
- 14 markings the crop line and the name, where known, of
- 15 the seam or seams to be prospected; (3) a reclamation
- 16 plan for the proposed disturbed areas as required for
- 17 holders of surface-mining permits in section nine of this
- 18 article; and (4) a bond, or cash or collateral securities or
- 19 certificates of the same type, form and amount and in

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20 the same manner as provided in section sixteen of this article in the amount of five hundred dollars per acre 21 22 or fraction thereof for the total estimated disturbed acre-23 age. If such bond is used, it shall be payable to the state 24 of West Virginia and conditioned that the operator shall 25 faithfully perform the requirements of this article as 26 they relate to reclamation of the disturbed acreage. The prospecting permit and the bond accompanying said per-27 28 mit shall be released by the director in the same manner 29 as surface-mining permits and bonds are released. In the event the holder of a prospecting permit desires to mine 30 31 the area covered by the prospecting permit, the director shall permit such holder to convert the prospecting per-32 mit to a surface-mining permit, providing the holder of 33 said permit shall comply with the provisions of this 34 article as they relate to surface-mining permits: Provided, 35 36 That the prospecting permit fee shall be a credit toward 37 the surface-mining permit fee if the area covered by the prospecting permit is converted to a surface-mining per-38 39 mit.

In the event the holder of a prospecting permit desires to surface mine the area covered by the prospecting permit, and has fulfilled all the remaining requirements of a surface-mining permit, the director may permit the postponement of the reclamation of the acreage prospected if that acreage is incorporated into the complete reclamation plan submitted with application for a surfacemining permit within a period of three months following completion of each separate excavation under the prospecting permit. Any excavation carried out under a prospecting permit and not incorporated into the complete reclamation plan shall be reclaimed within a period of three months: Provided, That nothing herein shall pre-52 vent a landowner from obtaining coal from his own property for use in his own household if the same is not produced on a commercial basis.

#### §20-6-8. Permit required; applications; issuance and renewals; fees and use of proceeds.

It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to en-1 gage in surface mining without having first obtained from

3 the department of natural resources a permit therefor 4 as provided in this section. Application for a surface-5 mining permit shall be made in writing on forms pre-6 scribed by the director of natural resources, and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The application, in addition to such other information as may be rea-9 sonably required by the director, shall contain the fol-10 lowing information: (1) The common name and geo-11 logic title, where applicable, of the mineral or minerals 12 to be extracted; (2) maps and plans as provided in section nine hereof; (3) the owner or owners of the surface 13 14 of the land to be mined; (4) the owner or owners of the mineral to be mined; (5) the source of the opera-16 tor's legal right to enter and conduct operations on the land to be covered by the permit; (6) a reasonable es-17 18 timate of the number of acres of land that will be disturbed by mining on the area to be covered by the 19 permit; (7) the permanent and temporary post-office 20 addresses of the applicant and of the owners of the 21 22 surface and the mineral; (8) whether any surface-mining permits are now held and the numbers thereof: 23 (9) the names and post-office addresses of every officer. 24 partner, director (or person performing a similar func-25 tion), applicant, together with all persons, if any, own-26 27 ing of record or beneficially (alone or with associates), if known, ten percent or more of any class of stock 28 of the applicant: Provided, That if such list be so large 29 as to cause undue inconvenience, the director may waive 30 the requirements that such list be made a part of such 31 application, except the names and current addresses of 32 33 every officer, partner, director and applicant must accompany such application; (10) if known, whether ap-34 plicant, any subsidiary or affiliate or any person con-35 36 trolled by or under common control with applicant, or any person required to be identified by item (9) above. 37 has ever had a surface or strip-mining permit issued 38 under the laws of this state revoked or has ever had a 39 surface-mining bond, or security deposited in lieu of 40 bond, forfeited; and (11) names and addresses of the 41 reputed owner or owners of all surface area within five 42 hundred feet of any part of proposed disturbed land,

which such owners shall be notified by registered or certified mail of such application and such owners shall be given ten days within which to file written objections thereto, if any, with the director. There shall be attached to the application a true copy of an original policy of insurance issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state covering all surface-mining operations of the applicant in this state and affording personal injury protection in an amount not less than one hundred thousand dollars and property damage, in-cluding blasting damage, protection in an amount of not less than three hundred thousand dollars. 

The director shall upon receipt of the application for a permit, cause to be published, as a Class III legal advertisement in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, a notice of the application for the permit. Such notice shall contain in abbreviated form the information required by this section, together with the director's statement that written protests to such application will be received by him until a specified date, which date shall be at least thirty days after the first publication of the notice.

The publication area of the notices required by this section shall be the county or counties in which the proposed permit area is located. The cost of all publications required by this section shall be borne by the applicant.

Upon the filing of an application in proper form, accompanied by the fees and bond required by this article and said true copy of the policy of insurance, and after consideration of the merits of the application and written protests, if any, the director may issue the permit applied for if the applicant has complied with all of the provisions of this article. If the director finds that the applicant is or has been affiliated with or managed or controlled by, or is or has been under the common control of, other than as an employee, a person who or which has had a surface or strip-mining permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to reclaim lands as required by the laws of this state, he shall not issue a permit to the applicant: *Provided*, however, That no

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84 surface-mining permit shall be refused because of any 85 past revocation of a permit and forfeiture of a bond 86 or other security if such revocation and forfeiture oc-87 curred before July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and if, after such revocation and forfeiture, the 88 89 operator whose permit has been revoked and bond for-90 feited shall have paid into the surface-mining reclamation 91 fund the full amount of the bond so forfeited, and any 92 additional sum of money determined by the director to 93 be adequate to reclaim the land covered by such forfeited 94 bond: Provided, further, That in no event shall such additional sum be less than sixty dollars per acre. 95

The permit shall be valid for one year from its date of issue. Upon verified application, containing such information as the director may reasonably require, accompanied by such fees and bond as are required by this article, and a true copy of the policy of insurance as aforesaid, the director shall from year to year renew the permit, if the operation is in compliance with the provisions of this article.

The registration fee for permits for surface mining, whether by open cut, auger method or by highwall mechanical mining or modification thereof, shall be five hundred dollars. The annual renewal fee for permits for surface mining shall be one hundred dollars payable on the anniversary date of said permit upon renewal.

110 The permit of any operator who fails to pay any fees 111 provided for in this article shall be revoked.

An operator who has been issued a surface-mining permit may use any of the usual methods of mining, including the auger method or highwall mechanical mining or any combination of mining methods defined as "surface mining" in section two of this article, unless otherwise provided by law. Any modifications of these methods shall also be under the director's jurisdiction.

All registration and renewal fees for prospecting and surface mining shall be collected by the director and shall be deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the surface reclamation 123 fund.

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#### §20-6-9. Preplans.

Under the provisions of this article, and rules and regu-1 2 lations adopted by the commission, the operator shall pre-3 pare a complete reclamation and mining plan for the 4 area of land to be disturbed. Said reclamation and mining plan shall include a proposed method of operation prepared by a registered professional engineer or a person approved by the director for grading, backfilling, soil 7 preparation, mining and planting and such other proposals as may be necessary to develop the complete rec-10 lamation and mining plan contemplated by this article. In developing this complete reclamation and mining plan 11 all reasonable measures shall be taken to eliminate dam-12 ages to members of the public, their real and personal 13 14 property, public roads, streams and all other public property from soil erosion, rolling stones and overburden, 15 water pollution and hazards dangerous to life and prop-17 erty. The plan shall be submitted to the director and the director shall notify the applicant by certified mail 18 within thirty days after receipt of the plan and 19 20 complete application if it is or is not acceptable. If the plan is not acceptable, the director shall set forth the 21 reasons why the plan is not acceptable and he may pro-22 pose modifications, delete areas or reject the entire plan. Should the applicant disagree with the decision of the 24 director, he may, by written notice, request a hearing before the commission. The commission shall hold such 26 hearing within thirty days after receipt of this notice. 27 When a hearing is held by the commission, it shall noti-28 fy the applicant of its decision by certified mail within 29 twenty days after the hearing. Any person aggrieved 30 by a final order of the commission made after the hear-31 ing or without a hearing may appeal to the reclamation 32 board of review. 33

The application for a permit shall be accompanied by two copies of an enlarged United States geological survey topographic map meeting the requirements of the subdivisions below. Aerial photographs of the area shall be acceptable if the plan for reclamation can be shown to the satisfaction of the director. The maps shall:

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- 41 (a) Be prepared and certified by or under the super-42 vision of a registered professional civil engineer, or a registered professional mining engineer, or a registered 43 land surveyor, who shall submit to the director a cer-44 45 tificate of registration as a qualified engineer or land 46 surveyor;
- 47 (b) Identify the area to correspond with the appli-48 cation;
- (c) Show probable limits of adjacent deep-mining op-50 erations, probable limits of adjacent inactive or minedout deep-mined areas and the boundaries of surface prop-51 erties and names of surface and mineral owners of the 52 surface area within five hundred feet of any part of the 53 54 proposed disturbed area;
- 55 (d) Be of such scale as may be prescribed by the direc-56 tor;
  - (e) Show the names and locations of all streams, creeks or other bodies of public water, roads, buildings, cemeteries, active, abandoned or plugged oil and gas wells, and utility lines on the area of land to be disturbed and within five hundred feet of such area;
- (f) Show by appropriate markings the boundaries of 63 the area of land to be disturbed, the crop line of the seam or deposit of coal to be mined, and the total number of acres involved in the area of land to be disturbed;
  - (g) Show the date on which the map was prepared, the north point and the quadrangle sketch and exact location of the operation;
    - (h) Show the drainage plan on and away from the area of land to be disturbed. Such plan shall indicate the directional flow of water, constructed drainways, natural waterways used for drainage, and the streams or tributaries receiving or to receive this discharge. Upon receipt of such drainage plan, the director shall furnish to the chief of the division of water resources a copy of all information required by this subdivision, as well as the names and locations of all streams, creeks or other bodies of public water within five hundred feet of the area to be disturbed;

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80 (i) Show the presence of any acid-producing materials which when present in the overburden, may cause spoil 81 with a PH factor below 3.5, preventing effective revegeta-82 tion. The presence of such materials, wherever occurring in 83 significant quantity, shall be indicated on the map, filed with 84 application for permit. The operator shall also indicate the 85 manner in which acid-bearing spoil will be suitably prepared 86 for revegetation and stabilization, whether by application 87 88 of mulch or suitable soil material to the surface or by some 89 other type of treatment, subject to approval of the director.

The certification of the maps shall read as follows: "I, the undersigned, hereby certify that this map is correct, and shows to the best of my knowledge and belief all the information required by the surface-mining laws of this state." The certification shall be signed and notarized. The director may reject any map as incomplete if its accuracy is not so attested.

In addition to the information and maps required above, each application for a permit shall be accompanied by a detailed reclamation plan as required by this article.

A monument as prescribed by the department of nat-101 ural resources shall be placed in an approved location 102 near the operation. If the operations under a single per-103 mit are not geographically continuous, the operator shall 104 locate additional monuments and submit additional maps 105 before mining other areas.

106 Upon an order of the director, the operator shall, within thirty days after service of a copy of said order upon 107 said operator by certified United States mail, furnish to 108 109 the department of natural resources three copies of a progress map prepared by or under the supervision of 110 a registered professional civil engineer or registered pro-111 fessional mining engineer, or by a registered land sur-112 veyor, showing the area disturbed by operations to the 113 date of such map. Such progress map shall contain in-114 formation identical to that required for both the proposed 115 and final maps, required by this article, and shall show 116 in detail completed reclamation work, as required by 117 the director. Such progress map shall include a geologic 118 survey sketch showing the location of the operation, shall 119

- 120 be properly referenced to a permanent landmark, and
- shall be within such reasonable degree of accuracy as 121
- 122 may be prescribed by the director. If no land has been
- 123 disturbed by operations during the preceding year, the
- 124 operator shall notify the director of this fact. A final
- 125 map shall be submitted within sixty days after com-
- 126 pletion of mining operations. Failure to submit maps or
- aerial photographs or notices at specified times shall 127
- cause the permit in question to be suspended. 128

#### §20-6-9a. Installation of drainage system.

- Prior to the beginning of surface-mining operations.
- 2 the operator shall complete and shall thereafter main-
- 3 tain a drainage system including any necessary settling
- 4 ponds in accordance with the rules and regulations as
- 5 established by the commission.

#### §20-6-10. Alternative plans; time.

- 1 An operator may propose alternative plans not calling
- for backfilling where a water impoundment is desired, if
- 3 such restoration will be consistent with the purpose of this
- article. Such plans shall be submitted to the director,
- and if such plans are approved by the director and
- complied with within such time limits as may be deter-
- mined by him as being reasonable for carrying out such
- plans, the backfilling requirements of this article may
- be modified.
- By regulations of the commission, time limits shall be 10
- established requiring backfilling, grading and planting 11
- to be kept current. All backfilling and grading shall be 12
- completed before equipment necessary for such back-
- filling and grading is moved from the operation. 14
- 15 If the operator or other person desires to conduct deep mining upon the premises or use a deep-mine opening for
- 16 haulageways or other lawful purposes, the operator may
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- designate locations to be used for such purposes at 18
- which places it will not be necessary to backfill as here-19 in provided for until such deep mining or other use is 20
- completed, during which time the bond on file for that 21
- portion of the operation shall not be released. Such loca-22

23 tions shall be described and designated on the map re-24 quired by the provisions of section nine of this article.

Suitable soil material shall be used to cover the surface of the regraded and backfilled area of operation in an amount sufficient to support vegetation.

When the backfilling and grading have been completed and approved by the director, the director shall release that portion of the bond which was filed and designated to cover the backfilling and grading requirements of this article, the remaining portion of the bond in an amount equal to two hundred fifty dollars per acre, but not less than a total amount of five thousand dollars being retained by the treasurer until such time as the planting and revegetation is done according to law and is approved by the director, at which time the director shall release the remainder of the bond.

All fill and cut slopes shall be seeded during the first planting or seeding season after the construction of a haulageway to the area. Upon abandonment of a haulageway, the haulageway shall be seeded and every effort made to prevent its erosion by means of culverts, waterbars or other devices required by the director. In proper season, all fill and cut slopes of the operation and haulageways shall be seeded and planted in a manner as prescribed by the director, as soil tests indicate soil suitability and in accordance with accepted agricultural and reforestation practices.

In any such area where surface mining is being conducted, mulch shall be required on all disturbed areas where the remaining slope exceeds twenty degrees from horizontal as shown on the preplan map filed with the director as required by the provisions of section nine of this article.

After the operation has been backfilled, graded and approved by the director, the operator shall prepare or cause to be prepared a final planting plan for the planting of trees, shrubs, vines, grasses or legumes upon the area of the land affected in order to provide a suitable vegetative cover. The seed or plant mixtures, quantities, method of planting, type and amount of lime, fertilizer, mulch,

62 and any other measures necessary to provide a suitable

63 vegetative cover shall be defined by the rules and regu-

64 lations of the commission. Such rules and regulations shall

65 be promulgated under the provisions of article three,

66 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

67 The planting called for by the final planting plan shall be carried out in a manner so as to establish a satisfactory 68 cover of trees, shrubs, grasses, legumes or vines upon 69 the disturbed area covered by the planting plan within 70 a reasonable period of time. Such planting shall be done 71 by the operator or such operator may contract in writing 72 with the soil conservation district for the district in 73 which the operation covered by such permit is located 74 or with a private contractor approved by the director to 75 have such planting done by such district or private con-76 77 tractor. The director shall not release the operator's bond until all haulageways, roads and trails within the permit 78 area have been abandoned according to the provisions 79 80 of this article and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or such operator or any other person has 81 secured a permit to deep mine such area as required by 82 chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one 83 84 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

85 The purpose of this section is to require restoration of land disturbed by surface mining to a desirable pur-86 pose and use. The director may, in the exercise of his 87 sound discretion when not in conflict with such purpose, 88 modify such requirements to bring about a more desir-89 able land use, including, but not limited to, industrial 90 sites, sanitary landfills, recreational areas, building sites: 91 Provided, That the person or agency making such 92 modifications will execute contracts, post bond or other-93 wise insure full compliance with the provisions of this 94 section in the event such modified program is not car-95 ried to completion within a reasonable length of time. 96

#### §20-6-11. Limitations; mandamus.

- 1 The Legislature finds that there are certain areas in
- 2 the state of West Virginia which are impossible to reclaim
- 3 either by natural growth or by technological activity

and that if surface mining is conducted in these certain areas such operations may naturally cause stream pollu-tion, landslides, the accumulation of stagnant water, flooding, the destruction of land for agricultural purposes, the destruction of aesthetic values, the destruction of recreational areas and the future use of the area and surrounding areas, thereby destroying or impairing the health and property rights of others, and in general creating hazards dangerous to life and property so as to con-stitute an imminent and inordinate peril to the welfare of the state, and that such areas shall not be mined by the surface-mining process.

Therefore, authority is hereby vested in the director to delete certain areas from all surface-mining operations.

No application for a permit shall be approved by the director if there is found on the basis of the information set forth in the application or from information available to the director and made available to the applicant that the requirements of this article or rules and regulations hereafter adopted will not be observed or that there is not probable cause to believe that the proposed method of operation, backfilling, grading or reclamation of the affected area can be carried out consistent with the purpose of this article.

If the director finds that the overburden on any part of the area of land described in the application for a permit is such that experience in the state of West Virginia with a similar type of operation upon land with similar overburden shows that one or more of the following conditions cannot feasibly be prevented: (1) Substantial deposition of sediment in stream beds, (2) landslides or (3) acid-water pollution, the director may delete such part of the land described in the application upon which such overburden exists.

If the director finds that the operation will constitute a hazard to a dwelling house, public building, school, church, cemetery, commercial or institutional building, public road, stream, lake or other public property, then he shall delete such areas from the permit application before it can be approved.

44 The director shall not give approval to surface mine any area which is within one hundred feet of any public 45 road, stream, lake or other public property, and shall not 46 approve the application for a permit where the surface-47 **4**8 mining operation will adversely affect a state, national or interstate park unless adequate screening and other mea-49 50 sures approved by the commission are to be utilized and the permit application so provides: Provided, That the 51 one-hundred-foot restriction aforesaid shall not include 52 ways used for ingress and egress to and from the minerals 53 as herein defined and the transportation of the removed 54 minerals, nor shall it apply to the dredging and removal of 55 minerals from the streams or watercourses of this state. 56

Whenever the director finds that ongoing surfacemining operations are causing or are likely to cause any of the conditions set forth in the first paragraph of this section, he may order immediate cessation of such operations and he shall take such other action or make such changes in the permit as he may deem necessary to avoid said described conditions.

The failure of the director to discharge the mandatory duty imposed on him by this section shall be subject to a writ of mandamus, in any court of competent jurisdiction by any private citizen affected thereby.

# §20-6-11a. Blasting restriction; formula; filing preplan; penalties; notice.

Where blasting of overburden is necessary, such blasting shall be done in accordance with established principles for preventing vibration damage to residences, buildings, and communities. Such blasting shall be considered in compliance with provisions of this article if the
following measures are followed:

7 (1) The weight in pounds of explosive charge deto-8 nated at any one time shall conform with the following 9 scaled distance formula:  $W = (D/50)^2$ . Where W equals 10 weight in pounds of explosives detonated at any one 11 instant time, then D equals distance in feet from nearest point of blast to nearest residence, building, or structure, 13 other than operation facilities of the mine: Provided.

- 14 That explosive charges shall be considered to be deto-15 nated at one time if their detonation occurs within eight 16 milliseconds or less of each other.
- 17 (2) Where blast sizes would exceed the limits under sub18 division (1) of this section, blasts shall be detonated by the
  19 use of delay detonators (either electric or nonelectric)
  20 to provide detonation times separated by nine millisec21 onds or more for each section of the blast complying
  22 with the scaled distance of the formula.
- 23 (3) A plan of each operation's methods for compliance 24 with this section (blast delay design) for typical blasts 25 which shall be adhered to in all blasting at each 26 operation, shall be submitted to the department of 27 natural resources with the application for a permit. 28 It shall be accepted if it meets the scaled distance 29 formula established in subdivision (1) of this sec-30 tion.
- 31 (4) Records of each blast shall be kept in a log to 32 be maintained for at least three years, which will show 33 for each blast other than secondary (boulder breaking) 34 blasts the following information:
- 35 (a) Date and time of blast,
- 36 (b) Number of holes,
- 37 (c) Typical explosive weight per delay period,
- 38 (d) Total explosives in blast at any one time,
- (e) Number of delays used,
- 40 (f) Weather conditions, and
- 41 (g) Signature of operator employee in charge of the 42 blast.
- 43 (5) Where inspection by the department of nat-44 ural resources establishes that the scaled distance 45 formula and the approved preplan are not being 46 adhered to, the following penalties shall be im-47 posed:
- 48 (a) For the first offense in any one permit year under 49 this section, the permit holder shall be assessed not less 50 than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 51 dollars:

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- 52 (b) For the second offense in any one permit year 53 under this section, the permit holder shall be assessed 54 not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five 55 thousand dollars;
- 56 (c) For the third offense in any one permit year under 57 this section or for the failure to pay any assessment here-58 inabove set forth within a reasonable time established 59 by the director, the permit shall be revoked.

All such assessments as set forth in this section shall be assessed by the director, collected by him and deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the special reclamation fund.

The director shall promulgate rules and regulations which shall provide for a warning of impending blasting to the owners, residents or other persons who may be present on property adjacent to the blasting area. Such warning shall be by means approved by the director.

# §20-6-13. Requirements regarding surface-mined areas where benches result.

1 On lands where the mining operation necessitates, requires or produces benches, the bench width of the first cut made shall not exceed the limits specified in the 4 table of maximum bench widths provided in this section. In the event that more than one bench results from the removal of minerals on a single slope, the limits specified in the table of maximum bench width provided in this section, shall apply equally to every such bench: Provided, That the coal seams are more than one hundred and fifty vertical feet apart. In multiple seam mining when 10 the interval between coal seams is less than one hundred 11 and fifty vertical feet, all overburden will be retained on 12 13 the bench immediately below the seams being mined.

The operator shall show on the map, filed with the application for a permit, the percent of slope of original surface within each two-hundred-foot interval along the contour of the operation, the first measurement to be taken at the starting point of the operation. The flagged field measurement shall be made from the estimated crop line or proposed coal seam down slope to the esti-

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21 mated toe of the outer spoil. All reasonable measures 22 shall be taken so as not to overload the fill bench during 23 the first cut. No overburden material in excess of the 24 first cut shall be placed over the fill bench. With the 25 exception of haulageways and auger-mining operations, trees and brush shall be removed from the upper one 26 half of all fill sections prior to excavation, and no trees 27 or brush removed from the cut section shall be placed 28 therein or thereon. 29

MAXIMUM BENCH WIDTHS ALLOWED RELATED TO SLOPE OF ORIGINAL SURFACE

Percent (degree) of slope of original surface		Maximum bench width allowed in feet
31	36% (20°)	150
<b>32</b>	46% (25°)	120
33	58% (30°)	100
34	65% (33°)	60

Above 65% (33°) No fill material beyond cut section.

No fill bench shall be produced on slopes of more than

sixty-five percent, except for construction of haulageways, and such haulageways shall not exceed thirty-five feet in width, with very scattered forty-five-foot passing areas permitted.

Lateral drainage ditches connecting to natural or constructed waterways shall be constructed to control water runoff and prevent erosion whenever required by the director. There shall be no depressions that will accumulate water except those the director may specify and approve. The depth and width of natural drainage ditches and any other diversion ditches may vary depending on the length and degree of slope.

If the highwall is composed of materials of sufficient hardness to ordinarily require blasting to displace, where there is insufficient soil available to provide a suitable vegetative cover on the reduced highwall, or where the reduction of the highwall will result in excessive damage to undisturbed vegetated lands above the highwall, such highwall shall be backfilled with soil available from the

- 56 operation. In no instance shall the backfilling be less
- 57 than four feet above the seam of coal being worked, and
- 58 subject to the discretion of the director, no greater than
- 59 sixty percent from the horizontal. The highwall shall not
- 60 exceed thirty feet in vertical rise from the surface of the
- 61 regraded bench.
- 62 Suitable access to the lands above the highwall for at
- 63 least a four-wheel drive vehicle shall be provided. The
- 64 number and location of access roads shall be subject to
- 65 the approval of the director and shall be contained in the
- 66 final reclamation plan; however, in no case may access
- 67 roads be spaced further apart than one-half mile.
- The table portion of the restored area shall be a terrace
- 69 with a slope toward the reduced highwall that will direct
- 70 surface water toward the highwall in a manner to pre-
- 71 vent water from flowing over the outer slope of the
- 72 disturbed area. The restored area shall have a minimum
- 73 depth of fill sufficient to cover all acid-producing material,
- 74 all toxic material and all material which constitutes a fire
- 75 hazard. Such fill shall also be sufficient to support vegeta-
- 76 tion, as may be prescribed by the director. Additional
- to son, as may be presented by the arcelon management
- 77 restoration work may be required by the director accord-
- 78 ing to rules and regulations promulgated by the commis-
- 79 sion. In addition to the requirements specified in this
- 80 section, the operator's method of operation on slopes may
- 81 be further regulated and controlled according to rules
- 82 and regulations adopted by the commission.

# §20-6-13a. Requirements regarding surface-mined areas where benches do not result.

- 1 On lands where the mining operation does not produce
- 2 a bench, complete backfilling shall be required, not to
- 3 exceed the approximate original contour of the land. Such
- 4 backfilling shall eliminate all highwalls and spoil peaks.
- 5 Whenever directed by the director, the operator shall
- 6 construct, in the final grading, such diversion ditches or
- 7 terraces as will control the water runoff. Additional
- 8 restoration work may be required by the director, ac-
- 9 cording to rules and regulations adopted by the com-
- 10 mission.

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#### §20-6-14. Obligations of the operator.

- In addition to the method of operation, grading, back-2 filling and reclamation requirements of this article and rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the oper-4 ator shall be required to perform the following:
- (1) Cover the face of the coal and the disturbed area 6 with material suitable to support vegetative cover and of 7 such thickness as may be prescribed by the director, or with a permanent water impoundment.
- 9 (2) Bury under adequate fill to be determined by the director, all roof coal, pyritic shale and materials 10 11 determined by the director to be acid-producing mater-12 ials, toxic material or materials constituting a fire hazard.
- 13 (3) Seal off, as directed by rules and regulations, any 14 breakthrough of acid water caused by the operator.

15 Any breakthrough caused by the operator during the 16 course of his operations shall be sealed immediately and 17 reported immediately to the director. If the breakthrough 18 is one that allows air to enter a mine, the seal shall 19 either prevent any air from entering the mine by way of 20 the breakthrough, or prevent any air from entering the 21 breakthrough while allowing the water to flow from the 22 breakthrough. If the breakthrough is one that allows 23 acid water to escape, the seal shall prevent the acid 24 water from flowing. Seals shall be constructed of stone, 25 brick, block, earth or similar impervious materials which are acid resistant. Any cement or concrete employed in 26 27 the construction of these seals shall also be of an acid 28 resistant, impervious type.

(4) Impound, drain or treat all runoff water so as to reduce soil erosion, damage to agricultural lands and pollution of streams and other waters.

Any sizeable quantity of storm water accumulating in depressions in the area of operations or any breakthrough of water caused by the operator during the course of his operations shall be sampled immediately and analyzed for PH, total acidity and total iron content. Such analysis shall be made by a competent water analyst or chemist. The original and at least one copy of such analysis shall be retained by the operator, one copy submitted to the 40 director and one copy to the chief of the water resources 41 division.

42 In the case of storm water accumulations or any break-43 through of water, adequate treatment shall be undertaken by the operator so as to prevent pollution occurring from 44 45 the release of such water into the natural drainway or 46 stream. Treatment may include check-dams, settling ponds 47 and chemical or physical treatment. In the case of a breakthrough of water, where it is possible, the water released 48 49 shall be impounded immediately. All water so impounded 50 shall receive adequate treatment by the operator before 51 it is released into the natural drainway or stream.

52 Storm water or water which escapes, including that 53 which escapes after construction of the seals, and is 54 polluted as defined in this code, or as defined in the rules 55 and regulations promulgated under this code, shall be 56 subject to the requirements of article five-a of this 57 chapter.

(5) Remove or bury all metal, lumber, equipment and 58 59 other refuse resulting from the operation. No operator 60 shall throw, dump or pile; or permit the throwing, dump-61 ing, piling or otherwise placing of any (1) overburden, (2) stones, (3) rocks, (4) coal, (5) particles of coal, (6) earth, 62 (7) soil, (8) dirt, (9) debris, (10) trees, (11) wood, (12) 63 logs or (13) other materials or substances of any kind or 64 nature beyond or outside the area of land which is under 65 66 permit and for which bond has been posted; nor shall any operator place any of the foregoing listed materials 67 in such a way that normal erosion or slides brought about 68 by natural physical causes will permit the same to go 69 beyond or outside the area of land which is under permit 70 and for which bond has been posted. 71

#### §20-6-14a. Cessation of operation by inspector.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, a surface-mining reclamation inspector shall have the authority to order the immediate cessation of any operation where (1) any of the requirements of this article or the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or the orders of the director or the commission have not been

- 7 complied with or (2) the public welfare or safety calls
- 8 for the immediate cessation of the operation. Such ces-
- 9 sation of operation shall continue until corrective steps
- 10 have been started by the operator to the satisfaction of
- 11 the surface-mining reclamation inspector. Any operator
- 12 who believes he is aggrieved by the actions of the surface-
- 12 who believes he is aggireved by the actions of the surface-
- 13 mining reclamation inspector may immediately appeal
- 14 to the director, setting forth reasons why the operation
- 15 should not be halted. The director shall determine when
- 16 and if the operation may continue.

#### §20-6-15. Completion of planting; inspection and evaluation.

- 1 When the planting of an area has been completed, the
- 2 operator shall file or cause to be filed a planting report with
- 3 the director on a form to be prescribed and furnished
- by the director, providing the following information: (1)
- 5 Identification of the operation; (2) the type of planting
- or seeding, including mixtures and amounts; (3) the date
- 7 of planting or seeding; (4) the area of land planted; and
- 8 (5) such other relevant information as the director may
- 9 require. All planting reports shall be certified by the
- 10 operator, or by the party with whom the operator con-
- 11 tracted for such planting, as aforesaid.

#### §20-6-16. Performance bonds.

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Each operator who shall make application for a per-1 mit under section eight of this article shall, at the time such permit is requested, furnish bond, on a form to be prescribed and furnished by the director, payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned that the operator shall faithfully perform all of the requirements of this article. The amount of the bond shall be not less than six hundred dollars for each acre or fraction thereof of the land to be disturbed: Provided, That the director shall have the discretion to determine the amount per acre of the bond that shall be required 11 before a permit is issued, such amount to be based 12 upon the estimated reclamation costs per acre, not to 13 14 exceed a maximum of one thousand dollars per acre The minimum amount of bond or fraction thereof. 15

furnished shall be ten thousand dollars. Such bond

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17 shall be executed by the operator and a corporate surety 18 licensed to do business in the state of West Virginia: 19 Provided, however, That in lieu of corporate surety, 20 the operator may elect to deposit with the director 21 cash, or collateral securities or certificates as fol-22 lows: Bonds of the United States or its possessions, of the federal land banks, or of the home owners' loan corporation; full faith and credit general obliga-24 25 tion bonds of the state of West Virginia, or other states, and of any county, district or municipality of the 26 27 state of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, which certificates shall be 28 in favor of the commission. The cash deposit or market 29 30 value of such securities or certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of the bond. The director shall, 31 upon receipt of any such deposit of cash, securities or 32 certificates, immediately place the same with the trea-34 surer of the state of West Virginia whose duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in the name of the state 35 in trust for the purpose for which such deposit is made. 36 37 The operator making the deposit shall be entitled from 38 time to time to receive from the state treasurer, upon the written order of the director, the whole or any por-39 tion of any cash, securities or certificates so deposited, 40 upon depositing with him in lieu thereof, cash or other 41 securities or certificates of the classes herein specified 42 43 having value equal to or greater than the sum of the 44 bond.

It shall be unlawful for the owner or owners of surface rights or the owner or owners of mineral rights to interfere with the operator in the discharge of his obligation to the state for the reclamation of lands disturbed by him. If the owner or owners of the surface rights or the owner or owners of the mineral rights desire another operator or other operators to conduct mining operations on lands disturbed by the operator furnishing bond hereunder, it shall be the duty of said owner or owners to require the other operator or operators to secure the necessary mining permit and furnish suitable bond as herein provided. The director may then release an equivalent amount of the bond of the operator original.

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58 inally furnishing bond on the disturbed area. The direc-59 tor shall determine the amount of bond per acre required 60 for other mining operations within the limitations of this section: Provided, however, That the minimum bond 61 for this type of operation shall be one thousand dollars. 62 63 The director shall take into consideration the character and nature of the overburden, the future use of the land and all costs of backfilling, grading and adequate reclama-65 tion, including planting, and shall determine the total 66 bond required for other mining operations. 67

68 The director shall not release that portion of any bond filed by any operator which is designated to assure faith-69 70 ful performance of, and compliance with, the backfilling and regrading requirements of the reclamation plan un-71 72 til all acid-bearing or acid-producing spoil within the permit area has received adequate treatment as specified 73 74 in section ten of this article.

#### §20-6-17. Special reclamation tax.

1 In addition to the fees required by the provisions of 2 section eight of this article, every applicant for a permit to surface mine coal shall, before such permit may be issued, pay to the director a special reclamation tax of sixty dollars for each acre of land to be disturbed in the mining operation, with the exception of exempted road-7 ways, storage areas and processing plants. The director shall in due course determine whether the special recla-8 mation tax for each acre of land disturbed has been paid 9 10 by such operator. In the event that all such taxes have not been paid, said operator shall pay such taxes, as above set 11 forth. In the event that said operator shall have paid 12 taxes for more acres than were actually disturbed, the 13 director shall certify such overpayment to the treasurer who shall refund out of the special reclamation fund such 15 16 overpayment.

The director shall deposit with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the special reclama-18 tion fund, all special reclamation taxes collected.

The special reclamation fund shall be administered by the director. The director shall cause to be prepared plans for the reclamation and rehabilitation of

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lands which are unreclaimed and for which bond either 24 has not been posted or is uncollectible and shall pre-25 pare specifications for reclamation of such lands. The 26 director, as funds become available in the special reclamation fund, shall reclaim and rehabilitate such lands in accordance with such plans and specifications, and in so doing the director shall comply with the provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code in 31 obtaining supplies, materials, equipment and contractual services deemed necessary by the director for the purposes of reclamation and rehabilitation of said lands: 34 Provided, That during the first year after the effective date of this act, twenty-five percent of the special reclamation taxes collected may be used by the director 36 37 to pay inspectors, provide necessary equipment, conduct research and conduct inspection of permit areas and sur-38 face-mined areas: Provided, however, That during the first 39 40 year a maximum of four hundred fifty thousand dollars 41 from the special reclamation taxes collected shall be made 42 available for the director's use as provided above: Pro-43 vided further, That during the second year after the effective date of this act and each year thereafter, fifteen percent of the special reclamation taxes collected 46 may be used by the director for the same purposes: And 47 provided further. That a portion of the special reclamation taxes allocated for the director's use may be used 48 by the director to provide a subsistence allowance not 49 50 to exceed one hundred fifty dollars per month to each 51 inspector. 52

Some of the special reclamation taxes collected may be made available for the purchase of orphaned surfacemined lands, for the reclamation thereof, and for the engineering, administrative and research costs necessary to said reclamation, providing federal funds on a matching basis are made available for the purpose of reclaiming said orphaned surface-mined lands.

The director shall make an annual report to the governor and to the Legislature setting forth the number of acres reclaimed and rehabilitated through the use, in whole or in part, of the special reclamation fund provided for herein. Such report shall identify each such reclama-

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- 64 tion project, state the number of acres reclaimed thereby,
- show the county wherein located, and furnish a detailed 65
- accounting of expenditures from the special reclama-66
- 67 tion fund.

#### §20-6-30. Offenses; penalties; prosecutions; treble damages; injunctive relief.

- (a) Any person who shall conduct any surface-mining 1 operation, or any part thereof, without a permit or with-2 out having furnished the required bond, or who shall 3 carry on such operation or be a party thereto on land 4 not covered by a permit, or who shall falsely represent 5 any material fact in an application for a permit or in 6 an application for the renewal of a permit, or who wil-7 fully violates any provision of this article, shall be guilty 8 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall 9 be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred nor 10 more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment 11 12 not exceeding six months, or by both. Any person who deliberately violates any provision of this article or con-13 ducts surface-mining operations without a permit shall 14 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction there-15 of, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one 16 17 thousand nor more than ten thousand dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both. Each 18 day of violation constitutes a separate offense. It shall 19 be the duty of the director to institute prosecutions for 20 violations of the provisions hereof. Any person convicted **2**1 22 under the provisions of this section shall, in addition to any fine imposed, pay to the director for deposit in the 23 surface-mining reclamation fund an amount sufficient to 24 25 reclaim the area with respect to which such conviction relates. The director shall institute any suit or other 26 legal action necessary for the effective administration of 27 the provisions of this article. 28
- (b) In addition to and notwithstanding any other penalties provided by law, any operator who directly causes damage to the property of others as a result of surface mining shall be liable to them, in an amount not in excess of three times the provable amount of such damage, if and only if such damage occurs before or within one 34

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year after such operator has completed all reclamation 35 work with respect to the land on which such surface min-36 37 ing was carried out and all bonds of such operator with respect to such reclamation work are released. Such dam-38 39 ages shall be recoverable in an action at law in any court of competent jurisdiction. The director shall require, in 40 addition to any other bonds and insurance required by 41 42 other provisions of this article, that any person engaged in the business of surface mining shall file with the 43 director a certificate of insurance, or other security in 44 45 an amount of not less than ten thousand dollars, to cover possible damage to property for which a recovery 46 may be sought under the provisions of this subsection. 47

(c) Upon application by the director, the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the major portion of the permit area is located, any court of competent jurisdiction may by injunction compel compliance with and enjoin violations of the provisions of this article. The court or the judge thereof in vacation may issue a preliminary injunction in any case pending a decision on the merits of any application filed.

An application for an injunction under the provisions of this section may be filed and injunctive relief granted notwithstanding that all of the administrative remedies provided for in this article have not been pursued or invoked against the person or persons against whom such relief is sought and notwithstanding that the person or persons against whom such relief is sought have not been prosecuted or convicted under the provisions of this article.

The judgment of the circuit court upon any application filed under the provisions of this article shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner provided by law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil cases, except that the petition seeking such review must be filed with said supreme court of appeals within thirty days from the date of entry of the judgment of the circuit court. 74

#### ARTICLE 6A. LIMITATIONS ON SURFACE MINING.

# §20-6A-1. Limitation on the issuance of new permits for surface mining.

- 1 Commencing on the effective date of this section, and
- 2 ending two years from such date, no new permits, includ-
- 3 ing prospecting permits, shall be issued under the provi-
- 4 sions of article six of this chapter for the surface mining
- 5 of coal in any county where no surface mining existed
- 6 under lawful permit during the calendar year one thou-
- 7 sand nine hundred seventy: Provided, however, That if
- 8 in any such county any application for a permit was
- 9 made prior to the first day of January, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred seventy-one, such application shall be
- 11 processed and granted or refused, according to the provi-
- 12 sions of this article as if this section had not been enacted.

## **CHAPTER 113**

(House Bill No. 1004-By Mr. Goodwin and Mr. White, of Boone)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to chief conservation officer; conservation officers; special and emergency conservation officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENALTIES; MOTORBOATING.
  - PART I. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENALTIES.
- §20-7-1. Chief conservation officer; conservation officers; special and emergency conservation officers.

The department's law-enforcement policies, practices and program shall be under the immediate supervision and direction of the department law-enforcement officer selected by the director and designated as chief conservation officer as provided in article one hereof.

Under the supervision of the director, the chief con-servation officer shall organize, develop and maintain law-enforcement practices, means and methods geared, timed and adjustable to seasonal, emergency and other needs and requirements of the department's comprehensive natural resources program. All department per-sonnel detailed and assigned to law-enforcement duties and services hereunder shall be known and designated as conservation officers and shall be under the imme-diate supervision and direction of the chief conservation officer. All such conservation officers shall be trained. equipped and conditioned for duty and services wherever and whenever required by department law-enforcement needs.

The chief conservation officer, acting under supervision of the director, is authorized to select and appoint emergency conservation officers for a limited period of time for effective enforcement of the provisions of this chapter when considered necessary because of emergency or other unusual circumstances. The emergency conservation officers shall be selected from qualified civil service personnel of the department, except in emergency situations and circumstances when the director may designate such officers, without regard to such requirements and qualifications, to meet law-enforcement needs. Emergency conservation officers shall exercise all powers and duties prescribed in section four of this article for full-time salaried conservation officers except the provisions of subdivision (8).

The chief conservation officer, acting under supervision of the director, is also authorized to select and appoint as special conservation officers any full-time civil service employee of the department who is assigned to, and has direct responsibility for management of an area owned, leased or under the control of the department and who has satisfactorily completed a course of train-

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42 ing established and administered by the chief conservation officer, when such action is deemed necessary be-43 cause of law-enforcement needs. The powers and duties 44 of a special conservation officer, appointed under this 45 provision, shall be the same within his assigned area as 46 47 prescribed for full-time salaried conservation officers. The jurisdiction of such persons appointed as a special 48 conservation officer, under this provision, shall be limited 49 50 to the department area or areas to which he is assigned. resides on and directly manages. 51

The chief conservation officer, acting under supervision of the director, is also authorized to appoint as special conservation officers any full-time civil service 54 forest fire control personnel who have satisfactorily com-55 pleted a course of training established and administered 56 by the chief conservation officer. The jurisdiction of 57 forest fire control personnel appointed as special con-58 servation officers shall be limited to the enforcement of 59 the provisions of article three of this chapter. 60

The chief conservation officer, with the approval of the director, shall have the power and authority to re-62 voke any such appointment of an emergency conservation officer or of a special conservation officer at any time. 64

65 Conservation officers shall be subject to seasonal or other assignment and detail to duty whenever and 66 wherever required by the functions, services and needs 67 68 of the department.

### CHAPTER 114

(Senate Bill No. 235-By Mr. Gainer)

[Passed March 5, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to natural resources, and the powers and duties of conservation officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENAL-TIES: MOTORBOATING.

#### §20-7-4. Powers and duties of conservation officers.

- Conservation officers and all other persons authorized
- to enforce the provisions of this chapter shall be under
- the supervision and direction of the director in the per-
- formance of their duties as herein provided. The au-4
- 5 thority, powers and duties of the conservation officers
- 6 shall be statewide and they shall have authority to:
- 7 (1) Arrest on sight, without warrant or other court
- 8 process, any person or persons committing a criminal offense in violation of any of the laws of this state, in 9
- the presence of such officer, but no such arrest shall be 10
- 11 made where any form of administrative procedure is pre-
- 12 scribed by this chapter for the enforcement of any of the
- 13 particular provisions contained herein;
- 14 (2) Carry such arms and weapons as may be pre-
- scribed by the director in the course and performance of 15
- their duties, upon giving the bond required by the pro-16 visions of section five, article seven, chapter sixty-one 17
- of this code, but no license or other authorization shall 18
- be required of such officers for this privilege; 19
- 20 (3) Search and examine, in the manner provided by law, any boat, vehicle, automobile, conveyance, express 21
- or railroad car, fish box, fish bucket or creel, game bag 22 or game coat, or any other place in which hunting and
- 24 fishing paraphernalia, wild animals, wild birds, fish,
- 25 amphibians or other forms of aquatic life could be con-
- cealed, packed or conveyed whenever they have reason 26
- to believe that they would thereby secure or discover 27
- evidence of the violation of any provisions of this chapter; 28
- 29 (4) Execute and serve any search warrant, notice or
- 30 any process of law issued under the authority of this
- chapter or any law relating to wildlife, forests, and all 31
- 32 other natural resources, by a justice of the peace or any

court having jurisdiction thereof, or copies of orders made and entered by the chief of the division of water resources, or, without fee, any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued in accordance with the provisions of article five-a of this chapter, in the same manner, with the same authority, and with the same legal effect, as any constable or sheriff can serve or execute such warrant, notice or process;

- (5) Require the operator of any motor vehicle or other conveyance on or about the public highways or roadways, or in or near the fields and streams of this state, to stop for the purpose of allowing such officers to conduct game-kill surveys;
- (6) Summon aid in making arrests or seizures or in executing any warrants, notices or processes, and they shall have the same rights and powers as sheriffs have in their respective counties in so doing;
- (7) Enter private lands or waters within the state while engaged in the performance of their official duties hereunder: *Provided*, That in connection with all surveys, examinations, inspections, inquiries, investigations and studies needed in the gathering of facts concerning water resources and their use or the pollution thereof under article five or article five-a of this chapter, such conservation officers and all other persons authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter, shall act pursuant to and under the direction of the chief of the division of water resources or the state water resources board, and such officers and other persons shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (c), section five, article five, and subsection (d), section three, article five-a of this chapter;
- (8) Arrest on sight, without warrant or other court process, subject to the limitations set forth in subdivision (1) of this section, any person or persons committing a criminal offense in violation of any law of this state in the presence of any such officer on any state-owned lands and waters and lands and waters under lease by the department of natural resources and all national forest lands, waters and parks, and U. S. Corps of Army Engineers'

- properties within the boundaries of the state of West Vir-73
- ginia, and, in addition to any authority conferred in the 74
- other subdivisions of this section, execute all warrants of 75
- 76 arrest on such state and national lands, waters and parks,
- and U.S. Corps of Army Engineers' properties, consistent 77
- with the provisions of article one, chapter sixty-two of 78
- 79 this code: and
- 80 (9) Do all things necessary to carry into effect the 81 provisions of this chapter.

## **CHAPTER 115**

(House Bill No. 571-By Mr. Harman)

[Passed March 10, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to penalties for violation of nonresident hunting license.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENAL-TIES: MOTORBOATING.

#### §20-7-9. Violations of chapter generally; penalties.

- Any person violating any of the provisions of this 1
- chapter, or rules and regulations promulgated under
- 3 the provisions of this chapter, the punishment for which
- 4 is not prescribed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
- upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be fined
- 6 not less than twenty nor more than three hundred 7 dollars, or confined in jail not less than ten nor more
- 8 than one hundred days, or be both fined and imprisoned
- 9 within the limitations aforesaid; and, in the case of a
- 10 violation by a corporation, every officer or agent thereof

11 directing or engaging in such violation shall be guilty 12 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to the same penalties and punishment as herein 13 provided: Provided, however, That any person violating 14 subdivision three, section five, article two of this chap-15 ter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon convic-16 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred 17 dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and shall be 18 19 imprisoned for not less than ten days nor more than one hundred days: Provided further, That any person vio-20 lating sections forty-three and forty-five, article two 21 of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, 22 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty 23 dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, or con-24 fined in jail not less than ten nor more than one hundred days, or both fined and imprisoned within the lim-26 itations aforesaid. 27

## **CHAPTER 116**

(House Bill No. 1151-By Mr. Perry)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize and empower the state of West Virginia to receive by gift or to acquire by purchase or agreement a certain tract or parcel of land owned by the Rumseyan Society, located in Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, commonly known as the "James Rumsey Park", to be used by the state of West Virginia through its Department of Natural Resources as a public park and recreation area, historical site and for other related purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### JAMES RUMSEY PARK.

§1. State authorized to receive by gift or acquire Rumseyan Society property and certain other land.

- 1 The state of West Virginia is hereby authorized and empowered to receive by gift a certain tract or parcel of land containing approximately two acres, owned by the Rumseyan Society, located in Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, commonly known as the "James Rum-5 sey Park", and also to receive by gift or to acquire by purchase or agreement a tract or parcel of land adjacent to the said "James Rumsey Park," said additional tract or parcel of land being bound by the said park on the north, the Norfolk and Western railway to the east, Rocky street to the south, and Mill street to the west and 11 consisting of approximately four and one-fourth acres, 12
- 13 the total tract to be used by the state of West Virginia
- 14 through its Department of Natural Resources as a public
- 15 park and recreational area, historical site and for preser-
- 16 vation of the James Rumsey Monument and for other
- 17 related purposes.

### **CHAPTER 117**

(House Bill No. 539-By Mr. Jones, of Roane)

[Passed March 1, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article two, chapter fifty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to service by publication.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article two, chapter fifty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. NOTICES AND MOTIONS.

#### §56-2-2. Service by publication.

- Any such notice to a person not residing in this state
- 2 may be served by the publication thereof as a Class III
- 3 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions

- 4 of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the
- 5 publication area for such publication shall be the county
- 6 in which the suit or action is pending.

## **CHAPTER 118**

(House Bill No. 1182-----By Mr. McKenzie and Mr. Scott)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the appointment of deputy sheriffs and conservators of the peace; their duties and compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article three, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 3. DEPUTY OFFICERS AND CONSERVATORS OF THE PEACE.

- §6-3-1. Appointment of deputies and local conservators of the peace; powers and duties; compensation; vacating appointment of deputy sheriff; removal of conservators.
  - 1 (a) (1) The clerk of the supreme court of appeals,
  - 2 or of any circuit, criminal, common pleas, intermediate
  - 3 or county court, or of any tribunal established by law
  - 4 in lieu thereof, may, with the consent of the court,
  - 5 or such tribunal, duly entered of record, appoint any
  - 6 person or persons his deputy or deputies.
  - 7 (2) A sheriff, surveyor of lands, or assessor may, 8 with the consent of the county court duly entered of
  - 9 record, appoint any person or persons his deputy or
- 10 deputies.
- 11 (3) A sheriff, when in the opinion of the judge of
- 12 the circuit court the public interest requires it, may,
- 13 with the assent of said court, duly entered of record,

- 14 appoint any person or persons his deputy or depu-15 ties to perform any temporary service or duty.
- 16 (4) Each deputy so appointed shall take the same 17 oath of office required of his principal, and may, dur18 ing his continuance in office, perform and discharge 19 any of the official duties of his principal, and any de20 fault or misfeasance in office of the deputy shall con21 stitute a breach of the conditions of the official bond of 22 his principal.
- 23 A sheriff in any county in which there are more 24 than four deputies shall devote his full time to the performance of the services or duties required by law of such sheriff, and he shall not receive any compensation or reimbursement, directly or indirectly, from any person, firm or corporation for the performance 28 of any private or public services or duties: Provided, 29 30 That any such sheriff may retain or make any invest-31 ment and receive income therefrom, unless such in-32 vestment is otherwise prohibited by law or will impair his independence of judgment in the exercise of, 33 34 or might reasonably tend to conflict with the proper 35 discharge of, the services or duties of his office. A sheriff in any county in which there are four or fewer 36 37 deputies, or a deputy sheriff in any county irrespective of the number of deputies, need not devote his 38 full time to the services or duties of his office as sheriff 39 or his employment as deputy sheriff, as the case may 40 be; but any such sheriff or deputy sheriff shall not 41 engage in any business or transaction, accept other 42 employment or make any investment which is other-43 wise prohibited by law or which will impair his in-44 dependence of judgment in the exercise of, or might 45 46 reasonably tend to conflict with the proper discharge 47 of, the services or duties of his office as sheriff or his employment as deputy sheriff, as the case may be. A 48 sheriff and his deputies in any county, irrespective of 49 the number of deputies, shall receive for the perfor-50 51 mance of their public services and duties no compensation or remuneration except such as may be reg-52 53 ularly provided and paid out of public funds to the

54 amount and in the manner provided by law. No sheriff 55 or deputy sheriff in any county, irrespective of the 56 number of deputies, may receive, directly or indirectly, 57 any gift or donation from any person, firm or corpora-58 tion.

- (6) Except as hereinafter expressly provided by subsection (b) of this section no sheriff shall appoint or continue the appointment of any deputy contrary to the provisions hereof. Any sheriff or deputy sheriff who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than five thousand dollars, or confined in jail not to exceed one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.
- (7) Circuit courts shall have jurisdiction in equity and mandamus, and the supreme court of appeals shall have jurisdiction in mandamus, upon the filing of a petition by the prosecuting attorney, the attorney general, or any three or more citizens of the county, to require any sheriff and the county court to vacate the appointment of any deputy, the appointment of which is made or continued in violation of the provisions hereof. Any such proceeding may be instituted and prosecuted by the attorney general either in the circuit court of Kanawha county or in the county for which such appointment was made.
- (b) (1) Any resident or group of residents of any unincorporated community, as hereinafter defined, may petition the sheriff for the appointment of a local conservator of the peace and such sheriff, when in his opinion the public interests require it, may with the assent of said county court and the judge of the circuit court duly entered of record, either in term or vacation of any such court, appoint any person or persons a local conservator or conservators of the peace to perform the duties of a conservator of the peace outside of any incorporated city, town or village. No person shall be appointed such local conservator of the peace who has not been a bona fide resident and taxpayer of the

94 county for at least one year prior to his appointment. Such local conservator of the peace during his con-95 96 tinuance in office, may perform and discharge any of the official duties of the sheriff, subject neverthe-97 less to the provisions of this section. No local con-98 99 servator so appointed shall be subject to the direction or control of any person other than his principal and 100 he shall not perform any services or duties, either 101 private or public, except the duties required by law 102 of conservators of the peace pursuant to the provisions 103 hereof, for any person, firm, or corporation. No such 104 local conservator shall be entitled to collect or receive 105 any fees provided by law to be paid to the sheriff 106 107 or to a deputy sheriff, but all fees provided by law for the sheriff, when such duties and services are ren-108 dered by such local conservator, shall be paid to the 109 sheriff as regular collections of the sheriff's office. The 110 111 local conservator shall be paid for the public services performed by him a salary of not less than seventy-112 five dollars per month out of the county treasury from 113 114 a fund to be paid into such treasury by a resident or the residents of the community for which he is ap-115 pointed, for the sole purpose of compensating such 116 local conservator or conservators and no such local 117 conservator shall receive any other compensation, di-118 rectly or indirectly, from any person, firm, or corpo-119 ration, for any private or public service, except the 120 salary payable to him for his public services and duties 121 and from such fund, except that he shall be entitled 122 to witness and mileage fees when a witness in a court 123 of record. Each local conservator so appointed shall 124 take the same oath of office required of his principal 125 and any default or misfeasance in the office of such 126 local conservator shall constitute a breach of the 127 conditions of the official bond of his principal. 128

(2) When the sheriff shall have been petitioned for the appointment of a local conservator and has determined that the appointment is proper, he shall select the person whom he proposes to have appointed such conservator and shall notify the county court of the community for which such conservator is to be ap-134

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135 pointed and the name of the person proposed for such 136 appointment. The county court shall thereupon cause 137 notice that the sheriff has recommended the appoint-138 ment of the person named as conservator for the com-139 munity named to be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article 140 141 three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publi-142 cation area for such publication shall be the county. 143 The notice shall designate a day not less than five days 144 after the date of the last publication when the county 145 court will act upon the petition and recommendation. 146 Neither the county court nor the judge of the circuit 147 court shall assent and approve the appointment of such 148 local conservator until such publication has been made. 149 The costs of the publication shall be paid by the per-150 son or persons petitioning for the appointment of the 151 conservator.

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No local conservator shall be appointed except it 153 be made to appear to the satisfaction of the county 154 court and the judge of the circuit court that because 155 of the lack of sufficient funds, geographical location 156 of the unincorporated community for which such con-157 servator is to be appointed, or other good reason, the 158 sheriff and his regular deputies and the constables of the county are not sufficient to afford proper local 160 policing of such community and that the person or 161 persons moving for the appointment of such local conservator have made satisfactory arrangements to com-162 163 pensate him for his services as such local conservator of 164 the peace.

Such local conservator of the peace shall have all the powers and duties of a regularly appointed deputy sheriff except that he shall not execute any civil process except such process as may be necessary to bring parties before the court in any action at law 170 or suit in equity and subpoenas for witnesses within the unincorporated community for which he is appointed and within a distance of one mile outside the boun-172 daries thereof, except as hereinafter expressly pro-174 vided, but he shall not participate in any strike, unemployment boycott, or other industrial or labor dispute.

nor serve any court process of any character relating thereto. He shall act as such local conservator only in the unincorporated community for which he is appointed, and within a distance of one mile from the boundaries thereof as fixed by the county court: Provided, however, That the authority of one local con-servator shall not extend into any other unincorporated community for which another local conservator is ap-pointed and acting, except as otherwise expressly provided by subdivision (6) of this subsection, except that in fresh pursuit he may effect arrests anywhere in the county. He may also exercise the powers of a regularly appointed deputy anywhere in the county when required to guard or assist in guarding a pay-roll, or any other property of value in transit to or from the unincorporated community for which he is appointed. Any person arrested by such local con-servator shall, with all convenient speed, be turned over to the sheriff, or one of his regular deputies, or to a regular constable of the county to be dealt with according to law, and his authority for that pur-pose shall be coextensive with the county. 

(4) Any local conservator appointed to perform the duties of conservator of the peace shall be a public officer and the payment, or contribution to the payment of compensation of such local conservator shall not constitute the person, firm or corporation making such payment or contribution the employer of such local conservator and no person, firm or corporation paying, or contributing to the payment of compensation to such local conservator shall be answerable in law or in equity for any damages to person or property resulting from any official act of such local conservator.

 (5) No person appointed such local conservator shall thereby be entitled to carry weapons, but such local conservator may carry weapons when he shall be duly licensed and shall have given bond as provided by section two, article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one.

- 217 (6) Not more than one local conservator of the peace 218 shall be appointed, to perform the duties of conservator 219 of the peace, for each two thousand five hundred in-220 habitants of the county as ascertained by the last regular decennial census after deducting the number of 221 inhabitants of the county residing in the incorporated 222 223 cities, towns and villages in such county. Not more than one local conservator shall be appointed for any 224 unincorporated community unless the population thereof 225 exceed fifteen hundred people and in such case not 226 227 more than two conservators shall be appointed for 228 such community.
  - (7) The phrase "unincorporated community" within the meaning of this section shall mean any center of population wherein fifty or more persons reside within an area of not more than one square mile.

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- (8) The county court and the judge of the circuit court in approving the appointment of a local conser-234 vator shall enter of record an order making such appointment and shall show therein the necessity for the appointment, the person or persons on whose motion the appointment is made, the arrangement for the payment of compensation to such local conservator, the unincorporated community or communities, for which the appointment is made, including the general boundary of each unincorporated community for which he is appointed.
  - (9) No local conservator shall act as an election official or remain in, about or near any voting place or place of political convention, further than is necessary for him to promptly cast his vote and retire from the voting place.
- (10) Any local conservator violating any of the pro-249 visions of subdivisions (3) and (9) of this subsection 250 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 251 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more 252 than three hundred dollars, or be confined in the county 253 jail not more than six months, or both, in the discre-254 tion of the court; and it shall be the duty of the sheriff 255 and the county court to forthwith revoke his appoint-256 ment irrespective of any criminal prosecution. A pro-257

258 ceeding in mandamus or injunction shall lie in the 259 circuit court and a proceeding in mandamus shall lie 260 in the supreme court of appeals at the instance of the prosecuting attorney, the attorney general, or of any 261 262 three or more citizens of the community for which such 263 conservator is appointed, to require the performance of 264 such duty by the sheriff and the county court.

(11) Such local conservator shall serve during the joint will and pleasure of the sheriff and the county court and his appointment may be revoked by order entered of record by the county court either with or without the assignment of cause therefor.

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A local conservator may be removed by the judge of 271 the circuit court, either in term or vacation, for drunk-272 enness, gross immorality, incompetence, neglect of duty, 273 or other good cause, upon the petition of three or more 274 residents of the community for which he has been appointed. The petition shall set forth the cause or causes for which such removal is asked and shall show that demand for removal has been made of the sheriff and the county court and that the sheriff and the county court have failed to remove the local conservator. At least three copies of the petition shall be filed, and upon the filing of the petition the judge shall fix a time and place for a hearing thereon, which time shall not be less than ten days after the filing of the petition, and shall 284 cause a copy thereof to be served upon the sheriff and such local conservator at least ten days before the hearing thereon.

### CHAPTER 119

(House Bill No. 1174-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two-a, article seven, chapter six, of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to terms of appointive state officers; appointment; qualifications; powers and salaries of such officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two-a, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES.

§6-7-2a. Terms of certain appointive state officers; appointment; qualifications; powers and salaries of such officers.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 1 the contrary, on and after the effective date of this section each of the following named appointive state officers shall be appointed by the governor, by and with 4 the advice and consent of the Senate. Each of such 5 appointive state officers shall serve at the will and 6 pleasure of the governor and until the respective state 7 officer's successors have been appointed and qualified. 8 Each of such appointive state officers shall hereafter 9 be subject to the existing qualifications for holding each 10 such respective office and each shall have and is hereby 11 granted all of the powers and authority and shall per-12 form all of the functions and services heretofore vested 13 in and performed by virtue of existing law respecting 14 each such office. The annual salary of each such named 15 appointive state officer shall be as follows: 16

The commissioner of highways, thirty thousand dol-17 lars: director of mental health, twenty-two thousand 18 five hundred dollars; commissioner of commerce, eighteen 19 thousand five hundred dollars; tax commissioner, twenty 20 thousand dollars; director of department of natural re-21 sources, eighteen thousand five hundred dollars; com-22 missioner of department of welfare, twenty-two thou-23 sand dollars; alcohol beverage control commissioner, 24 sixteen thousand dollars; director of department of 25 mines, twenty thousand dollars; commissioner of public 26 institutions, sixteen thousand dollars; commissioner of 27 employment security, twenty-two thousand dollars; com-28 missioner of labor, seventeen thousand dollars; director 29

30 of personnel civil service commission, seventeen thou-31 sand dollars; superintendent of department of public 32 safety, sixteen thousand dollars; insurance commissioner, 33 eighteen thousand dollars; commissioner of motor vehicles, sixteen thousand dollars; commissioner of bank-34 35 ing, eighteen thousand dollars; members of the board of probation and parole, twelve thousand dollars; non-36 37 intoxicating beer commissioner, twelve thousand dollars; 38 state historian and archivist, twelve thousand dollars; 39 adjutant general, twelve thousand dollars; director of civil and defense mobilization, twelve thousand dollars; **4**0 director of veterans affairs, twelve thousand dollars; 41 members of board of review of employment security, 42 twelve thousand dollars; members of workmen's com-43 pensation appeal board, six thousand dollars; state work-44 men's compensation commissioner, twenty thousand 45 dollars. 46

### **CHAPTER 120**

(Senate Bill No. 188-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Passed March 10, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, relating to the creation of park and recreation boards as public bodies corporate, providing for the dissolution of such boards, prescribing the powers and authority of such boards, requiring annual accounting, prohibiting the incurring of indebtedness and requiring bond covering officers and employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. PUBLIC RECREATION AND PLAYGROUNDS.

§10-2-4a. Public corporation may be created; name; dissolution; powers; authority; annual accounting; debts prohibited; general powers; bonded officers or employees.

1 Subject to the provisions of this section, and subject further to the terms and conditions of any agreement mentioned in section three of this article insofar as such 4 terms and conditions are not contrary to the provisions of this section, any park and recreation board created by a governing body or bodies pursuant to this article shall be a public body corporate by the name of "The 7 8 ----- Park and Recreation Board" by which name 9 it may sue or be sued, contract and be contracted with, take and hold title to any property other than real 10 11 property and operate and manage programs under this 12 article upon real property owned or leased by the governing body or bodies which create such board or by an-13 other public body corporate. 14

15 The board shall have a corporate seal and perpetual 16 existence: Provided, That the board may be dissolved by the affirmative vote of at least sixty percent of the per-17 sons elected to the governing body or bodies and: Pro-18 19 vided, however, That a governing body may withdraw from any board created by agreement of two or more 20 governing bodies upon the affirmative vote of at least 21 sixty percent of the persons elected to such governing 22 23 body.

24 Such dissolution or withdrawal shall be effective only upon June thirtieth of any year and any action to dis-25 solve or withdraw must be completed by city or county 26 27 ordinance or board of education order not later than March thirty-first of such year. In the event of such 28 dissolution or withdrawal the property of the board shall 29 promptly be appraised by the assessor of the county in 30 his reasonable discretion at current value and shall there-31 upon be apportioned among the parties in proportion to 32 the contributions to the board after the effective date 33 of this section from the general funds of each governing 34

body or by such other means as are agreed upon by allinterested parties.

The board shall have the power and authority to adopt bylaws determining its name, providing for the selection and terms of its officers, personnel policy and otherwise governing the operation of the board, and the powers and duties of its officers, which bylaws shall not be effective until approved by resolution of every governing body or bodies.

The board shall have power and authority to receive any gift, federal grant, other grant, donation or bequest and to receive income and other funds, whether in cash or check, whether appropriated by governing body or bodies to the board or derived from programs under the direction and control of the board, to deposit, invest, manage and disburse, all such funds, income or receipts, including interest or income earned thereon or therefrom, to obtain one or more insurance policies affording coverage to it, to the public and to the governing bodies for loss of or damage to the property and facilities and programs under its control and affording public and employee liability coverage for the board and the governing body or bodies, their officers, agents and employees as the need therefor may arise.

The board shall annually at a time convenient to each governing body report to such body upon all receipts and disbursements of the board, the scope and location of its activities and such other information as such governing body may by resolution request and shall at the same time present a proposed budget showing projected receipts and disbursements, describing the programs and their anticipated costs and giving such other information as any governing body shall by resolution request, which annual report shall be a public record.

Any governing body or bodies are hereby authorized to contribute funds to any board, to appropriate matching funds for a federal grant or other grant to such board and to join with such board in executing any necessary application or contract for such federal grant or other grant and to give such assurances and commitments 75 as may be necessary or convenient thereto; Provided further, That under no circumstances whatever shall any 76 77 action under this section of a governing body or the 78 board give rise to or create any indebtedness on the part 79 of the governing body or board, except that the govern-80 ing body or bodies may separately or by joint agreement enter into such revenue bond financing agreements as 81 82 have heretofore been lawful. 83 The board shall have power and authority to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out and 84 effectuate the purposes and provisions of this section and shall furnish the governing body or bodies a blanket surety bond covering those individuals authorized by the 88 board to sign checks in its behalf, in a penal sum of not

## **CHAPTER 121**

less than twenty-five thousand dollars.

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 839—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article two-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one and two, article three of said chapter; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, all relating to the establishment of qualifications and certification of assistants to licensed physicians; definition of terms; and fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article two-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one and two, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted;

and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 2A. Medical Licensing Board.3. Physicians and Surgeons.
- 3A. Assistants to Physicians.

#### ARTICLE 2A. MEDICAL LICENSING BOARD.

#### §30-2A-2. Powers and duties.

- The medical licensing board of West Virginia shall as-
- sume, carry on, and succeed to all the duties, rights,
- powers, obligations and liabilities heretofore belonging
- 4 to, exercised by, or assumed by the public health council,
- 5 with regard to the licensure of physicians and surgeons
- and podiatrists.
- 7 The medical licensing board shall examine all quali-
- 8 fied applicants for license to practice medicine and sur-
- gery, and podiatry and it shall license all such applicants
- who are qualified under applicable statutes and who 10
- pass any examination that may be required by statute 11
- or by any legally adopted rule or regulation. The board 12
- shall also have authority to authorize medical corpora-13
- 14 tions in accordance with the provisions and subject to
- 15 the limitations of article three of this chapter to prac-
- 16 tice medicine and surgery through duly licensed physi-
- 17 cians and surgeons.
- 18 The board shall have the power to make such exami-
- nation of all applicants appearing before it for any type 19
- of license as may be necessary to determine that the ap-20
- plicant is qualified. The board shall also have the power 21
- to revoke or suspend any license or certificate of au-22 thorization issued by it, for cause, after having given 23
- the person whose license or medical corporation whose 24
- certificate of authorization is sought to be revoked or 25
- 26 suspended, an opportunity to be heard in the manner
- provided by section eight, article one, chapter thirty of 27
- this code. It shall have the power to reinstate any license 28
- or certificate of authorization revoked or suspended 29 30 by it.
- 31 The board is authorized and empowered to hold and conduct hearings and investigations on the issuance, sus-32

- 33 pension, revocation or reinstatement of licenses or cer-
- 34 tificates of authorization. The said board shall have the
- power to hire, fix the compensation of, and discharge 35
- such employees as are necessary for the performance of 36
- the powers and duties vested in the said board by law. 37
- 38 The board shall have the power to certify and establish
- standards for employment of assistants to licensed physi-39
- cians and licensed podiatrists. 40

#### ARTICLE 3. PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

§30-3-1. Evidence of qualification to practice and license required. §30-3-2. Who deemed practitioner; limitations of article.

#### §30-3-1. Evidence of qualification to practice and license required.

- Any person practicing or offering to practice medicine 1
- and surgery in this state, with the exception of an as-
- sistant to a licensed physician or licensed podiatrist, shall
- 4 be required to submit evidence that he is qualified so
- 5 to practice, and shall be licensed as hereinafter provided.

#### §30-3-2. Who deemed practitioner; limitations of article.

- The term "practice medicine and surgery," as used in 1
  - this article, shall be construed to mean the treatment of
- any human ailment or infirmity by any method. To 3
- open an office for such purpose or to announce to the
- public in any way a readiness to treat the sick or afflicted
- shall be deemed to engage in the practice of medicine 6
- and surgery within the meaning of this article: Provided, 7
- That the provisions of this article, with the exceptions 8
- of sections eight and ten, shall not apply to dentists, 9
- dental hygienists, nurses, optometrists, podiatrists, osteo-10
- pathic physicians and surgeons, midwives, or chiroprac-11
- tors, regularly licensed or registered as such under the 12
- provisions of this chapter applicable to such professions 13
- and occupations, in the practice of their respective pro-14
- fessions and occupations; nor to assistants to physicians or 15
- podiatrists; nor to physicians or surgeons living in other 16
- states and duly qualified to practice medicine therein 17
- who shall be called in consultation into this state by a 18
- physician or surgeon legally entitled to practice medicine 19
- and surgery in this state; nor to commissioned officers 20

- 21 of the United States army, navy or marine hospital ser-
- 22 vice when in the actual discharge of their duties as such;
- 23 nor to the practice of the religious tenets of any church
- 24 in the administration to the sick or suffering by mental
- or spiritual means, whether gratuitously or for compen-25
- 26 sation: Provided, however, That sanitary and public
- 27 health laws shall be complied with: Provided further,
- 28 That no practices shall be used which may be dangerous
- or detrimental to life or health and that no person shall
- 30
- be denied the benefits of accepted medical and surgical 31 practices.

#### ARTICLE 3A. ASSISTANTS TO PHYSICIANS.

- \$30-3A-1. Definition; supervision; certification of assistant to ophthal-mologist not required or permitted.
  \$30-3A-2. Approval and certification by medical licensing board.
  \$30-3A-3. Fees.

- §30-3A-4. Limitation on scope of dutise.

### §30-3A-1. Definition; supervision; certification of assistant to ophthalmologist not required or permitted.

- 1 The term "assistant to a physician," as used in this
- 2 chapter, shall mean a person employed in a physician's
- 3 or podiatrist's office, licensed hospital or any licensed
- 4 health care institution who performs selected medical
- tasks and functions in accordance with an approved job
- description, and who possesses the qualifications which
- have been established for the described job. The as-
- sistant to a physician shall be under the supervision of a
- permanently licensed physician or podiatrist in West Vir-
- 10 ginia. Certification of an assistant to a physician prac-
- ticing the specialty of ophthalmology shall neither be 11
- required nor permitted under this article.

#### §30-3A-2. Approval and certification by medical licensing board.

- Approval of a job description and establishment of 1
- qualifications for employment as an assistant to a physi-
- 3 cian or podiatrist must be obtained from the medical
- licensing board. The medical licensing board shall certify
- each qualified applicant for employment as an assistant
- to a physician or podiatrist upon submission of a job
- description, and shall provide for annual renewal of cer-7
- tification. The board shall have the power to revoke

- 9 or suspend any certification of an assistant to a physician
- 10 or podiatrist, for cause, after having given the person an
- 11 opportunity to be heard in the manner provided by sec-
- 12 tions eight and nine, article one of this chapter.

#### §30-3A-3. Fees.

- Each job description submitted by permanently licensed
- 2 physician or physicians shall be accompanied by a fee
- 3 of fifty dollars. A fee of five dollars shall be charged for
- 4 each annual renewal of certification.

#### §30-3A-4. Limitation on scope of duties.

- 1 Assistants to physicians and podiatrists shall not sign
- 2 prescriptions or perform any service which his employing
- 3 physician or podiatrist is not qualified to perform.

## **CHAPTER 122**

(Senate Bill No. 263-By Mr. Wallace)

[Passed February 23, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the practice of medicine and surgery in the state of West Virginia, the licensing of licensed practitioners of other states, examinations by the medical licensing board, and the licensing of foreign medical school graduates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

§30-3-4. Who permitted to practice medicine and surgery in this state; licensing of licensed practitioners from

# other states; permits to practice in prescribed areas.

1 The following persons and no others shall hereafter 2 be permitted to practice medicine and surgery in this state: (a) All such persons as shall be legally entitled to 4 practice medicine and surgery in this state including those persons holding temporary permits to practice in prescribed areas as of the effective date of this section [May 24, 1971]; (b) all such persons as shall be graduates of medical schools, as approved by the medical 9 licensing board of West Virginia, and then only from 10 such schools, when so approved, as required, as a condi-11 tion to entrance upon the study of medicine, at least 12 two years of academic work of collegiate grade in a standard college of arts and sciences of equal rank 13 14 with the college of arts and sciences of West Virginia University, and who shall pass an examination 15 before the medical licensing board and shall receive a 16 17 certificate therefrom as hereinafter provided; and (c) all such persons as shall be graduates of foreign medical 18 schools whose diplomas have been authenticated by the 19 medical licensing board, and whose premedical education 20 shall meet the requirements of subdivision (b) above, 21 and who have become citizens of the United States or 22 who have presented evidence of their declaration of 23 intention and show progress toward becoming citizens 24 of the United States, and who shall pass an examination 25 before the medical licensing board and shall receive a 26 certificate therefrom as hereinafter provided: Provided, 27 That the said board, or a majority of them, may accept 28 in lieu of an examination of applicants under sub-29 division (b) above, the certificate of the national board 30 of medical examiners, or the certificate of license to 31 practice medicine and surgery legally granted by the 32 state board of registration or examination or licensing **33** board of another state or territory, whose standard of 34 qualification for the practice of medicine and surgery 35 is equivalent to that of this state, and grant to such ap-36 plicant a certificate of license to practice medicine and 37 surgery in this state, provided such state or territory 38

39 accords like privileges to licentiates of this state: Provided, however, That whenever in the judgment of 40 the medical licensing board a condition exists in which 41 medical service may be required, the said board is authorized to grant permits for the practice of medicine 43 to qualified physicians in prescribed areas, and such permits shall be subject to revocation when the agreement, under which they were issued, has been violated. A fee 46 of one hundred dollars shall accompany each application for licensure by examination or reciprocity, twenty-five dollars of which shall be retained by the board in the 49 event an application is withdrawn or rejected. A fee of twenty-five dollars shall accompany each application for 51 temporary licensure and a fee of ten dollars shall ac-

# CHAPTER 123

company each application for an extension thereof.

(House Bill No. 988-By Mr. Myles and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 3, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the qualifications and licensure of persons who are not citizens of the United States of America to practice registered professional nursing in this state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES.

#### §30-7-7. Qualifications and licensure of persons not citizens of United States.

- The board may, upon application, issue a license to 1
- 2 practice registered professional nursing by endorsement

- 3 to any person who is not a citizen of the United States
- 4 of America if such person (a) has been duly licensed as
- a registered professional nurse under the laws of an-
- other state, territory or foreign country, and (b) shall,
- 7 in any such state, territory or foreign country, have
- passed a written examination in the English language which, in the opinion of the board, is comparable in con-
- 10 tent and scope to the type of written examination which
- is authorized in the second paragraph of section six of 11
- 12 this article.
- 13 All other provisions of this article shall be applicable
- 14 to any application for or license issued pursuant to this
- 15 section.

## **CHAPTER 124**

(House Bill No. 591-By Mr. Butcher)

[Passed February 8, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article nineteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to renewal of foresters' license and the fee therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article nineteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 19. FORESTERS.

### §30-19-7. Expiration and renewal of license; fee.

- Licenses shall expire on the last day of the month of 1
  - June following their issuance or renewal and shall be-
- 3 come invalid on that date unless renewed. It shall be the
- 4 duty of the secretary of the board to notify every person
- 5 registered under this article, at his last registered ad-
- 6 dress, of the date of the expiration of his license and the
- 7 amount of the fee that shall be required for its renewal

- 8 for one year; such notice shall be mailed at least sixty
- 9 days in advance of the date of the expiration of said
- 10 license. The fee for the renewal of licenses shall be five
- 11 dollars per year.

## **CHAPTER 125**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 198—Originating in the Senate Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twentytwo, relating to the practice of landscape architecture; providing for the licensing of persons engaging in the practice of landscape architecture; providing a legislative finding, a declaration of public policy and definitions; creating the West Virginia state board of landscape architects; relating to the qualifications, terms, oath and expenses of members of said board; relating to the officers of said board; providing for meetings of said board; specifying the powers and duties of said board; relating to the receipt and disbursement of funds by said board; establishing qualifications for the issuance of a license or temporary permit for a landscape architect; providing exceptions; providing for applications for and the issuance of licenses and temporary permits, renewals thereof and fees in connection therewith: relating to the license and seal of a landscape architect; relating to partnerships and corporations and the practice of landscape architecture; relating to various exemptions from said article twenty-two; authorizing the board to suspend or revoke a license or temporary permit of a landscape architect and establishing the grounds therefor; authorizing said board to hold hearings; providing a time and place for such hearings; expressly providing that the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of the code shall govern such hearings;

authorizing the board to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in connection with such hearings; providing an automatic stay or suspension of certain orders of the board pending such hearings; relating to the costs for such hearings; providing for judicial review of decisions of the board entered following such hearings; providing for appeals to the supreme court of appeals; providing for legal counsel for the board; relating to issuance of new license after revocation of license; establishing criminal penalties; providing for injunctive relief; and providing a severability clause.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 22. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS.

- Legislative findings and declaration of public policy. §30-22-1.
- Definitions.
- §30-22-2. §30-22-3. License to practice landscape architecture required.
- §30-22-4. Creation of board of landscape architects; members, terms, meetings, officers, oath and expenses; general provisions. Powers and duties of board; funds of board.
- §30-22-5.
- §30-22-6. Qualifications of applicants; exceptions; applications; fee.
- Issuance of license; renewal of license; renewal fee; dupli-§30-22-7. cate license; display of license; seal.
- §30-22-8. §30-22-9.
- Temporary permits.
  Partnerships and corporations.
- §30-22-9. Partnerships and corpora §30-22-10. Exemptions from article.

- §30-22-11. Suspension or revocation of license or temporary permit. §30-22-12. Procedures for hearing. §30-22-13. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal representation for board.
- §30-22-14. Issuance of new license after revocation. §30-22-15. Penalties. §30-22-16. Actions to enjoin violations. §30-22-17. Severability.

#### §30-22-1. Legislative findings and declaration of public policy.

- The Legislature of the state of West Virginia hereby 1
- 2 determines and finds that in the public interest persons
- 3 should not hold themselves out as landscape architects
- 4 in this state without the requisite experience and train-
- ing and without adequate regulation and control. It is
- therefore declared to be the public policy of this state
- 7 that the practice of landscape architecture affects the

- 8 general welfare and public interest of the state and its
- 9 citizens; that persons without the necessary qualifica-
- 10 tions, training and education should not hold themselves
- 11 out to the public as landscape architects; and that the
- 12 evils of such unauthorized and unqualified representations
- 13 may be best prevented and the interest of the public
- 14 best served by regulating and controlling such repre-
- 15 sentations as provided in this article.

#### §30-22-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires 2 a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Applicant" means any person making application
  4 for an original or renewal license or a temporary permit
  5 under the provisions of this article.
- 6 (2) "Licensee" or "landscape architect" means any 7 person holding a license or a temporary permit issued 8 under the provisions of this article and hence licensed 9 to practice landscape architecture in the state of West 10 Virginia under the provisions of this article.
- 11 (3) "Board" means the West Virginia state board of 12 landscape architects created in section four of this 13 article.
- 14 (4) "Examination" means the examination in landscape 15 architecture required by subdivision (5), subsection (a), 16 section six of this article.
- 17 (5) "Landscape architecture" means the performance 18 of professional services, including but not limited to 19 consultations, research, planning, design or responsible 20 supervision in connection with the development of land, 21 where the dominant purpose of such professional services 22 is the preservation, enhancement or determination of:
- 23 (i) Land uses;
- 24 (ii) Natural land features;
- 25 (iii) Ground cover and planting;
- 26 (iv) Naturalistic and aesthetic value;
- 27 (v) Settings and approaches to structures or other 28 improvements;
- 29 (vi) Natural drainage; and

- 30 (vii) Consideration and determination of inherent 31 problems of the land relating to erosion, wear and tear, 32 blight or other hazard.
- 33 (b) The practice of landscape architecture shall in-34 clude the location and arrangement of such tangible 35 objects and features as are incidental and necessary to the purposes outlined in the above definition of such 36 term, but shall not include the design of structures or 37 38 facilities with separate and self-contained purposes such as are ordinarily included in the practice of engineering 39 or architecture; and shall not include the making of final 40 land plats for official approval or recording: Provided, 41 That nothing contained herein shall preclude a landscape 42 architect from performing any of the services described 43 in the foregoing provisions of this subsection in connec-44 tion with the settings, approaches or surroundings for 45 buildings, structures or facilities. 46

#### §30-22-3. License to practice landscape architecture required.

On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, no person shall hold himself out to the public as a landscape architect unless and until he shall first obtain a license or temporary permit in accordance with the provisions of this article, which license or temporary permit remains unexpired, unsuspended and unrevoked.

# §30-22-4. Creation of board of landscape architects; members, terms, meetings, officers, oath and expenses; general provisions.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia state
  2 board of landscape architects which shall be composed
  3 of three members appointed by the governor by and with
  4 the advice and consent of the Senate. Each member must
  5 be a resident of West Virginia and must be the holder of
  6 a license under the provisions of this article, or, in the
  7 case of the members first appointed, must be eligible for
  8 such a license.
- 9 (b) The members of the board shall be appointed for 10 overlapping terms of three years each and until their 11 respective successors have been appointed and have quali-12 fied, except for the original appointments. For the pur-

13 pose of original appointments, one member shall be ap-14 pointed for a term of three years and until his successor has been appointed and has qualified, one member shall be appointed for a term of two years and until his suc-16 cessor has been appointed and has qualified and one 17 member shall be appointed for a term of one year and 18 until his successor has been appointed and has qualified. 19 Members may be reappointed for any number of terms. 20 Before entering upon the performance of his duties, each 21 22 member shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article four of the constitution of this state. 23 24 Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of the member whose office shall 25 be vacant and such appointment shall be made within 26 sixty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. Any mem-27 ber may be removed by the governor in case of incom-28 petency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance 29 30 in office.

31 (c) The board shall elect from its membership a chair-32 man and secretary who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the board. A majority of the members of the board 33 shall constitute a quorum and meetings shall be held at 34 the call of the chairman or upon the written request of 35 two members at such time and place as designated in 36 such call or request, and, in any event, the board shall 37 meet at least once annually to conduct the examination 38 hereinafter provided for and to transact such other busi-39 ness as may come before it. Members shall serve without 40 41 compensation but may be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the perform-42 ance of their duties, which expenses shall be paid in ac-43 cordance with the provisions of subsection (b), section 44 five of this article.

## §30-22-5. Powers and duties of board; funds of board.

(a) The board shall:

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- 2 (1) Examine applicants and determine their eligi-3 bility for a license or temporary permit as a landscape 4 architect:
- 5 (2) Prepare, conduct and grade an apt and proper 6 written, oral or written and oral examination of appli-

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- 7 cants for a license, to ascertain whether an applicant is 8 qualified as to the theory and practice of landscape archi-9 tecture, and determine the satisfactory passing score on 10 such examination;
- 11 (3) Promulgate reasonable rules and regulations im-12 plementing the provisions of this article and the powers 13 and duties conferred upon the board hereby, all of which 14 reasonable rules and regulations shall be promulgated in 15 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter 16 twenty-nine-a of this code;
- 17 (4) Issue, renew, deny, suspend or revoke licenses 18 and temporary permits of landscape architects in accord-19 ance with the provisions of this article and, in accord-20 ance with the administrative procedures hereinafter pro-21 vided, may review, affirm, reverse, vacate or modify 22 its order with respect to any such denial, suspension or 23 revocation;
- 24 (5) Investigate alleged violations of the provisions of 25 this article, reasonable rules and regulations promulgated 26 hereunder and orders and final decisions of the board and take appropriate disciplinary action against any 27 licensee for the violation thereof or institute appropriate 28 29 legal action for the enforcement of the provisions of this article, reasonable rules and regulations promulgated 30 hereunder and orders and final decisions of the board or 31 take such disciplinary action and institute such legal 32 33 action;
- 34 (6) Obtain an office, secure such facilities and employ, 35 direct, discharge and define the duties of full or part-36 time professional, clerical or other personnel to the extent 37 necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article;
  - (7) Keep accurate and complete records of its proceedings, certify the same as may be appropriate, and prepare, from time to time, a list showing the names and addresses of all licensees:
- 42 (8) Whenever it deems it appropriate, confer with the 43 attorney general or his assistants in connection with all 44 legal matters and questions; and

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- 45 (9) Take such other action as may be reasonably neces-46 sary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of this 47 article.
- 48 (b) All moneys paid to the board shall be accepted by 49 a person designated by the board and deposited by him 50 with the treasurer of the state and credited to an account 51 to be known as the "board of landscape architects fund." 52 The reimbursement of all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred by the members of the board 53 and all other costs and expenses incurred by the board in 54 55 the administration of this article shall be paid from such fund, and no part of the state's general revenue fund 56 shall be expended for this purpose. 57

# §30-22-6. Qualifications of applicants; exceptions; applications: fee.

- 1 (a) To be eligible for a license as a landscape archi-2 tect, the applicant must:
  - (1) Be at least twenty-one years of age;
- 4 (2) Be of good moral character;
- 5 (3) Not, within the next preceding twelve months, 6 have had his application for a license or a certificate or 7 for registration to engage in the practice of landscape 8 architecture or as a landscape architect refused, sus-9 pended or revoked in any state of the United States;
  - (4) Either (i) be a holder of an undergraduate degree or graduate degree in landscape architecture from an accredited institution of higher learning, with adequate course study at such institution in landscape architecture, the adequacy of any such course study to be determined by the board; and when the degree held is an undergraduate degree, have had at least two years' experience subsequent to receiving said degree in the practice of landscape architecture under the supervision of a landscape architect, and similar to the qualifications of a landscape architect, and, when the degree held is a graduate degree, have had at least one year's experience subsequent to receiving said graduate degree in the practice of landscape architecture under the supervision of a land-

- scape architect or a person having qualifications accept-able to the board and similar to the qualifications of a landscape architect; or (ii) have had at least ten years' experience in the practice of landscape architecture, of a grade and character to qualify him to assume responsi-bility for the work involved in the practice of landscape architecture, at least six years of which shall have been under the supervision of a landscape architect or a person having qualifications acceptable to the board and similar to the qualifications of a landscape architect; and
- 35 (5) Have passed the examination prescribed by the 36 board, which examination shall cover the theory and 37 practice of landscape architecture.
- 38 (b) The following persons shall be eligible for a li-39 cense as a landscape architect without examination:
  - (1) Any person who was once licensed under the provisions of this article, who temporarily abandoned the practice of landscape architecture and did not renew his license, provided he satisfies the board that he remains qualified to engage in the practice of landscape architecture; and
  - (2) Any person who holds a license or certificate or is registered to engage in the practice of landscape architecture issued by or effected in any other state, the requirements for which license, certificate or registration are found by the board to be at least as great as those provided in this article.
  - (c) Any person meeting the qualifications set forth in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3), subsection (a) of this section, who submits evidence satisfactory to the board that for at least one year prior to the effective date of this article he regularly engaged in the practice of landscape architecture as a principal livelihood shall be entitled to be licensed under the provisions of this article, without meeting the qualifications set forth in subdivisions (4) and (5), subsection (a) of this section, if he files such application with the board within six months from and after the effective date of this article.

64 (d) Any applicant for any such license shall submit an application therefor at such time (subject to the time 65 66 limitation set forth in subsection (c) of this section), in 67 such manner, on such forms and containing such information as the board may from time to time by reason-68 able rule and regulation prescribe, and pay to the board 69 70 a license fee of forty dollars, which fee shall be returned 71 to the applicant if he is denied a license.

# §30-22-7. Issuance of license; renewal of license; renewal fee; duplicate license; display of license; seal.

1 Whenever the board finds that an applicant meets all 2 of the requirements of this article for a license as a landscape architect, it shall forthwith issue to him such license; and otherwise the board shall deny the same. Licenses shall expire on June thirty of each year, but shall be renewable each year without examination upon application for renewal on a form prescribed by and filed with the board and payment to the board of an annual renewal fee in such amount as may be prescribed by 9 the board not to exceed fifty dollars: Provided, That 10 if application for renewal is filed with the board after 11 June thirty of the year of expiration, an additional re-12 13 newal fee of fifteen dollars must accompany such appli-14 cation: Provided, however, That the board may deny an application for renewal for any reason which would 15 16 justify the denial of an original application for a license. A duplicate license may be obtained upon the payment 17 to the board of a fee of ten dollars. The board shall pre-18 scribe the form of licenses and each license shall be con-19 20 spicuously displayed by the licensee at his principal place 21 of practice.

Every person licensed under the provisions of this article as a landscape architect shall have a seal, approved by the board, which shall contain the name of the licensee and the words "Professional Landscape Architect, State of West Virginia" and such other words or figures as the board may prescribe. All working drawings and specifications, prepared by such landscape architect or under the supervision of such landscape architect, shall

- 30 have such seal affixed thereto: Provided further, That
- 31 nothing contained in this article shall be construed to
- 32 permit the seal of a landscape architect to serve as a
- 33 substitute for the seal of an architect, an engineer or a
- 34 land surveyor whenever the seal of such architect, engi-
- 35 neer or land surveyor is required by law.

#### §30-22-8. Temporary permits.

- 1 (a) Upon proper application the board may issue,
- 2 without examination, a temporary permit as a landscape
- 3 architect, pending examination, to an applicant who meets
- 4 the qualifications of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4),
- 5 subsection (a), section six of this article, which tempo-
- 6 rary permit shall expire thirty days after the board gives
- 7 written notice of the results of the examination held
- 8 next following the issuance of such temporary permit,
- 9 and such permit may not be renewed nor another thereof
- 10 issued to the same person.
- 11 (b) The fee for such temporary permit shall be fifteen 12 dollars.

## §30-22-9. Partnerships and corporations.

- 1 Nothing contained in this article shall be deemed to
  - 2 preclude a person licensed under the provisions of this
- 3 article from forming a partnership or corporation with per-
- 4 sons who are not so licensed if the name of the person so
- 5 licensed shall appear as the landscape architect on all
  - plans, drawings, specifications, reports or other instru-
- 7 ments of service rendered or submitted by such partner-
- 8 ship or corporation. In no case shall the other members
- 9 of such partnership or the others having an interest in or 10 connected with such corporation be designated or de-
- 10 connected with such corporation be designated of de-11 scribed as landscape architects. A landscape architect
- 12 who forms a partnership or corporation with a person
- 13 or persons who are not landscape architects shall notify
- 14 the board in writing of such fact within thirty days
- 15 thereof, giving the board such information as may be re-
- 16 quired by the board. Upon dissolution of any such part-
- 17 nership or corporation, the landscape architect shall notify
- 18 the board thereof, in writing, within thirty days after
- 19 such dissolution.

#### §30-22-10. Exemptions from article.

- 1 Nothing contained in this article shall under any cir-
- 2 cumstances whatever be construed as in any way affecting
- the laws relating to the practice, licensing, certification
- or registration of architects, engineers, land surveyors and
- foresters. 5
- An architect, engineer, land surveyor or forester 6
- licensed, certified or registered to practice his profession
- or occupation in West Virginia under the provisions of 8
- any law to regulate the practice of such profession or 9
- occupation is exempt from licensing under the provisions 10
- of this article, and nothing contained in this article shall 11
- under any circumstances whatever be construed as in 12
- any way precluding an architect, engineer or forester 13
- from performing any of the services included within the
- definition of the term landscape architecture in section 15
- two of this article when incidental to the performance 16
- of his normal practice as an architect, engineer or forester 17
- or as requiring any such person to be licensed under the 18
- 19 provisions of this article.
- 20 Community, city or other municipal, urban and regional
- 21 planners and urban designers shall not be required to be
- licensed under the provisions of this article. 22
- Every agriculturist, horticulturist, landscape contractor, 23
- nurseryman, gardener, landscape gardener, garden or
- lawn caretaker, and grader or cultivator of land is exempt 25
- from licensing under the provisions of this article. 26
- 27
- Nothing contained in this article shall under any cir-
- cumstances whatever be construed as in any way pre-28
- cluding any person from making any landscape plans, 29
- drawings or specifications for any property owned, leased 30
- or rented by him or, without compensation therefor, for 31
- the property of any other person, or as requiring such 32
- person to be licensed under the provisions of this article. 33
- None of the persons referred to in this section shall, 34
- however, use the title, "Landscape Architect," without 35
- obtaining a license under the provisions of this article. 36

# §30-22-11. Suspension or revocation of license or temporary permit.

- 1 (a) The board may at any time upon its own motion, 2 and shall upon the verified written complaint of any per-3 son filed with the board within two years from and after 4 the act or omission complained of, conduct an investiga-5 tion to determine whether there are any grounds for the 6 suspension or revocation of a license or temporary permit 7 issued under the provisions of this article.
- 8 (b) The board shall suspend for a period not exceed-9 ing one year or revoke any license or shall suspend or 10 revoke any temporary permit when it finds the holder 11 thereof has:
- 12 (1) Obtained a license or temporary permit by means 13 of fraud or deceit or false or forged evidence;
- 14 (2) Been incompetent, grossly negligent, or guilty of 15 other malpractice as defined by the board by reasonable 16 rules and regulations or has been guilty of any fraud or 17 deceit as defined by the board by reasonable rules and 18 regulations;
- 19 (3) Affixed his seal to any plans, drawings, specifica-20 tions, reports or other instruments of service which were 21 not prepared by him or under his immediate and respon-22 sible supervision, or permitted his name to be used for 23 the purpose of assisting any person to evade the provisions 24 of this article; or
- 25 (4) Failed or refused to comply with the provisions 26 of this article or any reasonable rule and regulation 27 promulgated by the board hereunder or any order or final 28 decision of the board.
- 29 (c) The board shall also suspend for a period not ex-30 ceeding one year or revoke any license or shall suspend 31 or revoke any temporary permit if it finds the existence 32 of any ground which would justify the denial of an appli-33 cation for such license or temporary permit if application 34 were then being made for it.

## 830-22-12. Procedures for hearing.

1 (a) Whenever the board shall deny an application for 2 any original or renewal license or deny an application for

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a temporary permit or shall suspend or revoke any license or temporary permit, it shall make and enter an order to that effect and serve a copy thereof on the applicant or licensee, as the case may be, by certified mail, return receipt requested. Such order shall state the grounds for the action taken and shall require that any license or temporary permit suspended or revoked thereby shall be returned to the board by the holder within twenty days after receipt of said copy of said order.

- 12 (b) Any person adversely affected by any such order shall be entitled to a hearing thereon (as to all issues not 13 excluded from the definition of a "contested case" as 14 set forth in article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 15 code) if, within twenty days after receipt of a copy there-16 of, he files with the board a written demand for such 17 hearing. A demand for hearing shall operate automatically to stay or suspend the execution of any order suspending or revoking a license or temporary permit or denying an application for a renewal license. The board may 21 require the person demanding such hearing to give reasonable security for the costs thereof and if such person 23 does not substantially prevail at such hearing such costs 24 shall be assessed against him and may be collected by an 25 26 action at law or other proper remedy.
  - (c) Upon receipt of a written demand for such hearing, the board shall set a time and place therefor not less than ten and not more than thirty days thereafter. Any scheduled hearing may be continued by the board upon its own motion or for good cause shown by the person demanding the hearing.
  - (d) All of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern the hearing and the administrative procedures in connection with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth in this subsection.
  - (e) Any such hearing shall be conducted by a quorum of the board. For the purpose of conducting any such hearing any member of the board shall have the power and authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces

- 43 tecum which shall be issued and served within the time,
- 44 for the fees and shall be enforced, as specified in sec-
- 45 tion one, article five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, and
- 46 all of the said section one provisions dealing with sub-
- 47 poenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall apply to sub-
- 48 poenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued for the pur-
- 49 pose of a hearing hereunder.
- 50 (f) At any such hearing the person who demanded the
- 51 same may represent himself or be represented by an
- 52 attorney at law admitted to practice before any circuit
- 53 court of this state. Upon request by the board, it shall
- 54 be represented at any such hearing by the attorney
- general or his assistants without additional compensation.
- 56 (g) After any such hearing and consideration of all
- 57 of the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the
- 58 board shall render its decision in writing. The written
- 59 decision of the board shall be accompanied by findings
- 60 of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three,
- 61 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a
- 62 copy of such decision and accompanying findings and con-
- 63 clusions shall be served by certified mail, return receipt
- 64 requested, upon the person demanding such hearing, and
- 65 his attorney of record, if any.
- 66 (h) The decision of the board shall be final unless re-
- 67 versed, vacated or modified upon judicial review thereof
- 68 in accordance with the provisions of section thirteen of
- 69 this article.

# §30-22-13. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal representation for board.

- 1 Any person adversely affected by a decision of the board
- 2 rendered after a hearing held in accordance with the
- 3 provisions of section twelve of this article shall be en-
- 4 titled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent pro-
- 5 visions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a
- 6 of this code shall apply to and govern such judicial re-
- 7 view with like effect as if the provisions of said section
- 8 four were set forth in this section.
- 9 The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless
- 10 reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme

- 11 court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of sec-
- 12 tion one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 13 Legal counsel and services for the board in all appeal
- 14 proceedings in any circuit court and the supreme court
- 15 of appeals shall be provided by the attorney general or
- 16 his assistants and in any circuit court by the prosecuting
- 17 attorney of the county as well, all without additional
- 18 compensation.

#### §30-22-14. Issuance of new license after revocation.

- 1 After revocation of a license to engage in the practice
- 2 of landscape architecture, the board may not issue a new
- 3 license to the person whose license was revoked, without
- 4 an examination. Such person may file an application with
- 5 the board for an examination and new license, and the
- 6 board may, in its sole discretion, issue a new license to
- 7 such person.

#### §30-22-15. Penalties.

- Any person who violates any of the provisions of this
- 2 article, any of the reasonable rules and regulations
- 3 promulgated hereunder or any order or any final decision
- 4 of the board shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 5 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hun-
- 6 dred and not more than five hundred dollars, or im
  - prisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or
- 8 both fined and imprisoned.

#### §30-22-16. Actions to enjoin violations.

- 1 Whenever it appears to the board that any person has
- 2 been or is violating or is about to violate any provision
- 3 of this article, any reasonable rule and regulation promul-
- 4 gated hereunder or any order or final decision of the
- 5 board, the board may apply in the name of the state to
- 6 the circuit court of the county in which the violation or
- 7 violations or any part thereof has occurred, is occurring
- or is about to occur, or the judge thereof in vacation, for
- 9 an injunction against such person and any other persons
- 10 who have been, are or are about to be, involved in any
- 11 practices, acts or omissions, so in violation, enjoining such
- 12 person or persons from any such violation or violations.
- 13 Such application may be made and prosecuted to conclu-
- 14 sion whether or not any such violation or violations have

- 15 resulted or shall result in prosecution or conviction under
- the provisions of section fifteen of this article. 16
- Upon application by the board, the circuit courts of 17
- this state may by mandatory or prohibitory injunction 18
- compel compliance with the provisions of this article. the 19
- 20 reasonable rules and regulations promulgated hereunder
- 21 and all orders and final decisions of the board. The court
- 22 may issue a temporary injunction in any case pending
- a decision on the merits of any application filed. 23
- 24 The judgment of the circuit court upon any application
- 25 permitted by the provisions of this section shall be final
- 26 unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the
- 27 supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be
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- sought in the manner and within the time provided by
- 29 law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil actions.
- 30 The board shall be represented in all such proceedings
- 31 by the attorney general or his assistants and in such
- proceedings in the circuit court by the prosecuting at-32
- 33 torneys of the several counties as well, all without addi-
- 34 tional compensation.

### §30-22-17. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application thereof
- 2 to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional
- or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not
- 4 affect other provisions or applications of the article, and to
- this end the provisions of this article are declared to be
- severable.

## **CHAPTER 126**

(House Bill No. 1129-By Mr. Neely)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to public bond indebtedness, industrial development bond act and the financing of pollution abatement facilities.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2C. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOND ACT.

§13-2C-2. Legislative findings.

§13-2C-3. Definitions.

#### §13-2C-2. Legislative findings.

- It is hereby determined and declared as a matter 1
- 2 of legislative finding (a) that critical conditions of un-
- employment exist in many areas of this state; (b) that
- 4 lack of employment and business opportunities have
- 5 resulted in thousands of people leaving this state to
- 6 find employment elsewhere, and this exodus has ad-
- versely affected the tax base of counties and municipali-
- 8 ties within this state, resulting in an impairment of
- 9 their ability to support local government; (c) that the
- 10 development of new commercial, industrial and manufacturing plants are essential to relieve unemployment
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- and establish a balanced economy within the state; 12
- (d) that the present and prospective health, happiness, 13
- 14 safety, right of gainful employment, and general wel-
- 15 fare of the citizens of each of the counties and munici-
- palities of this state will be promoted by the establish-16
- ment of industrial plants as herein provided; (e) that 17
- the means and measures herein authorized for the pro-18
- motion of industrial plants are as a matter of public 19
- 20 policy, for the public purpose of the several counties,
- municipalities and the state of West Virginia; and (f) 21
- 22 that the abatement or control of pollution of the envi-
- ronment of the state is necessary to protect the health 23
- 24 and welfare of the citizens of the state, to protect the
- natural resources of the state and to encourage the 25
- economic development of the state.

#### §13-2C-3. Definitions.

- The following terms, whenever used in this article, 1
- shall have the following meaning:

- - (a) The term "municipality" shall mean any incor-3 porated town or city.
  - 5 (b) The term "county court" shall mean the govern- . mental body created by section twenty-two, article eight 6 of the West Virginia constitution.
  - (c) The term "governmental body" shall mean the 8 9 county court, the council of a town or city, or any other governing body in lieu thereof. 10
  - 11 (d) The term "industrial pollution" shall mean any gaseous, liquid, or solid waste substances or adverse 12 thermal effects or combinations thereof resulting from 13 any process of industry, manufacturing, trade or busi-14 ness, or from the development, processing, or recovery 15 of any natural resources which pollute the land, water 16 or air of the state. 17
- 18 (e) The term "industrial plant" shall mean any site, structure, building, fixtures, machinery, equipment and 19 20 related facilities including both real and personal prop-21 erty or any combination thereof which shall be suitable as a factory, mill, shop, processing, assembly, manufac-22 turing, fabricating plant, research and development 23 facility or pollution abatement or control facility or 24 facilities, including the reconstruction, modernization or 25 modification of existing industrial plants, for the abate-26 ment or control of industrial pollution: Provided, That 27 28 except to the extent provided above, the term industrial plant shall not include facilities designed for sale 29 or distribution to the public of electricity, gas, water, 30 telephone or other services commonly classified as "pub-31 lic utilities." 32

## **CHAPTER 127**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 647-Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

(Passed February 10, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.)

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, seventeen, twentytwo and twenty-nine, article ten, chapter five of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia public employees retirement act generally and particularly to those provisions of said act concerning or involving members or former members of the Legislature; redefining the term "final average salary" as used in said act; establishing procedures for determining average compensation of members or former members of the Legislature; and relating to the membership of the public employees retirement system, membership status thereunder, retirement annuities under said system, the increase of certain of said retirement annuities from time to time, the members' deposit fund of said system and the contributions to be made by members to said fund generally and particularly with respect to members of the Legislature.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, seventeen, twenty-two and twenty-nine, article ten, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT

§5-10-2. Definitions.

§5-10-17. Retirement system membership.

\$5-10-22. Retirement annuity. \$5-10-29. Members' deposit fund; members' contributions.

#### §5-10-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following words and phrases as used in this article,
- unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the
- context, shall have the following meanings:
- 4 (1) "State" means the state of West Virginia;
- 5 "Retirement system" or "system" means the West
- Virginia public employees retirement system created
- and established by this article; 7
- "Board of trustees" or "board" means the board 8
- of trustees of the West Virginia public employees re-
- 10 tirement system;
- "Political subdivision" means the state of West 11
- Virginia, a county, city or town in the state; a school 12
- corporation or corporate unit; any separate corporation 13
- or instrumentality established by one or more counties,

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- 15 cities or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, 16 17 cities or towns; any public corporation charged by law 18 with the performance of a governmental function and 19 whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more 20 counties, cities or towns, any agency or organization 21 established by, or approved by the department of men-22 tal health for the provision of community health or 23 mental retardation services, and which is supported in 24 part by state, county or municipal funds;
- (5) "Participating public employer" means the state 26 of West Virginia, any board, commission, department, institution or spending unit, and shall include any 28 agency created by rule of the supreme court of appeals having full-time employees, which for the purposes of 30 this article shall be deemed a department of state gov-31 ernment; and any political subdivision in the state which 32 has elected to cover its employees, as defined in this article, under the West Virginia public employees re-34 tirement system;
- 35 (6) "Employee" means any person who serves reg-36 ularly as an officer or employee, full time, on a salary basis, whose tenure is not restricted as to temporary or 37 38 provisional appointment, in the service of, and whose 39 compensation is payable in whole or in part by any 40 political subdivision, or an officer or employee whose 41 compensation is calculated on a daily basis and paid 42 monthly or on completion of assignment, including technicians and other personnel employed by the West Virginia national guard whose compensation in whole or in part is paid by the federal government: Provided, 45 46 That members of the state Legislature, the clerk of the 47 House of Delegates, the clerk of the state Senate, members of the legislative body of any political subdivision 48 and judges of the state court of claims shall be con-49 sidered to be employees, anything contained herein to 50 the contrary notwithstanding. In any case of doubt as 51 to who is an employee within the meaning of this ar-52 ticle the board of trustees shall decide the question: 53
  - (7) "Member" means any person who is included in the membership of the retirement system:

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- (8) "Retirant" means any member who retires with 56 57 an annuity payable by the retirement system;
- "Beneficiary" means any person, except a retirant, who is entitled to, or will be entitled to, an an-59 nuity or other benefit payable by the retirement system;
- (10) "Service" means personal service rendered to 61 a participating public employer by an employee, as de-62 fined in this article, of a participating public employer; 63
- 64 (11) "Prior service" means service rendered prior to July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, to the 65 extent credited a member as provided in this article; 66
- (12) "Contributing service" means service rendered 67 by a member from and after the date of his entrance in 68 the retirement system, to the extent credited him as provided in this article; 70
- (13) "Credited service" means the sum of a mem-71 72 ber's prior service credit and contributing service credit standing to his credit as provided in this article: 73
- 74 (14) "Compensation" means the remuneration paid a member by a participating public employer for per-75 sonal services rendered by him to the participating public employer. In the event a member's remunera-78 tion is not all paid in money, his participating public 79 employer shall fix the value of the portion of his re-80 muneration which is not paid in money;
- (15) "Final average salary" means either (a) the 81 82 average of the highest annual compensation received by a member (including a member of the Legislature 83 84 who participates in the retirement system in the year 85 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one or thereafter) during any period of three consecutive years of his 86 credited service contained within his ten years of credited service immediately preceding the date his em-88 ployment with a participating public employer last 89 terminated, or (b) if he has less than five years of 90 credited service, the average of the annual rate of com-91 92 pensation received by him during his total years of credited service; and in determining the annual com-93 94 pensation, under either (a) or (b) of this subdivision (15), of a member of the Legislature who participates

in the retirement system as a member of the Legisla-96 ture in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-97 one or in any year thereafter, his actual legislative 98 99 compensation (the total of all compensation paid under 100 sections two, three, four and five, article two-a, chapter 101 four of this code) in the year one thousand nine hun-102 dred seventy-one or in any year thereafter, plus any 103 other compensation he receives in any such year from 104 any other participating public employer including the state of West Virginia, without any multiple in excess 105 106 of one times his actual legislative compensation as afore-107 said and other compensation, shall be used: Provided. 108 That "final average salary" for any former member of 109 the Legislature or for any member of the Legislature 110 in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-one 111 who, in either event, was a member of the Legislature 112 on November thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-113 eight, or November thirty, one thousand nine hundred 114 sixty-nine, or November thirty, one thousand nine hun-115 dred seventy, or on November thirty in any one or 116 more of said three years, and who participated in the 117 retirement system as a member of the Legislature in 118 any one or more of such years of one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, one thousand nine hundred sixty-119 120 nine or one thousand nine hundred seventy, means (i) 121 either [notwithstanding the provisions of this sub-122 division (15) preceding this proviso] one thousand five hundred dollars multiplied by eight, plus the highest 123 other compensation such former member or member 124 received in any one of said three years from any other 125 participating public employer including the state of 126 West Virginia, or (ii) "final average salary" determined 127 in accordance with (a) or (b) of this subdivision (15), 128 whichever computation shall produce the higher final 129 average salary [and in determining the annual com-130 pensation under (ii) of this proviso, the legislative 131 compensation of any such former member shall be com-132 puted on the basis of one thousand five hundred dollars 133 multiplied by eight, and the legislative compensation 134 of any such member shall be computed on the basis set 135 forth in the provisions of this subdivision (15) im-136

- 137 mediately preceding this proviso or on the basis of one
- 138 thousand five hundred dollars multiplied by eight, which-
- 139 ever computation as to such member shall produce the
- 140 higher annual compensation];
- 141 (16) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of
- 142 all amounts deducted from the compensations of a
- 143 member and credited to his individual account in the
- 144 members' deposit fund, together with regular interest
- 145 thereon;
- 146 (17) "Regular interest" means such rate or rates 147 of interest per annum, compounded annually, as the 148 board of trustees shall from time to time adopt:
- 149 (18) "Annuity" means an annual amount payable 150 by the retirement system throughout the life of a per-
- 151 son. All annuities shall be paid in equal monthly in-
- 152 stallments, using the upper cent for any fraction of a cent;
- 153 (19) "Annuity reserve" means the present value of
- 154 all payments to be made to a retirant or beneficiary of
- 155 a retirant on account of any annuity, computed upon
- 156 the basis of such mortality and other tables of experience,
- 157 and regular interest, as the board of trustees shall from
- 158 time to time adopt;
- 159 (20) "Retirement" means a member's withdrawal 160 from the employ of a participating public employer with
- 161 an annuity payable by the retirement system;
- 162 (21) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal
- 163 value computed upon the basis of such mortality table
- 164 and regular interest as the board of trustees shall from
- 165 time to time adopt; and
- 166 (22) The masculine gender shall include the feminine
- 167 gender, and words of the singular number with respect
- 168 to persons shall include the plural number, and vice
- 169 versa.

### §5-10-17. Retirement system membership.

- 1 The membership of the retirement system shall con-
- 2 sist of the following persons:
- 3 (a) All employees, as defined in section two of this
- 4 article, who are in the employ of a political subdivision
- 5 the day preceding the date it becomes a participating

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- public employer and who continue in the employ of the said participating public employer on or after the said 8 date shall become members of the retirement system: 9 and all persons who become employees of a participating 10 public employer on or after the said date shall thereupon become members of the system; except as provided in 11 subdivisions (b) and (c) of this section. 12
- (b) The membership of the retirement system shall 14 not include any person who is a member of, or who has been retired by, the state teachers' retirement system, 16 the judges' retirement system, the retirement system of 17 the department of public safety, or any municipal retirement system for either, or both, policemen or firemen; 18 and the West Virginia department of employment se-19 20 curity, by the commissioner of such department, may 21 elect whether its employees will accept coverage under this article or be covered under the authorization of a separate enactment: Provided. That such exclusions of 24 membership shall not apply to any member of the state Legislature, the clerk of the House of Delegates, the 26 clerk of the state Senate or to any member of the legislative body of any political subdivision provided he once 27 becomes a contributing member of the retirement system.
  - (c) Any member of the state Legislature, the clerk of the House of Delegates, the clerk of the state Senate or any member of the legislative body of any other political subdivision shall become a member of the retirement system provided he notifies the retirement system in writing of his intention to be a member of the system and files a membership enrollment form as the board of trustees shall prescribe, and each person, upon filing his written notice to participate in the retirement system. shall by said act authorize the clerk of the House of Delegates or the clerk of the state Senate or such person as the legislative body of any other political subdivision shall designate to deduct said member's contribution, as provided in subsection (b), section twenty-nine of this article, and after said deductions have been made from said member's compensation, such deductions shall be forwarded to the retirement system.

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47 (d) Should any question arise regarding the mem-48 bership status of any employee, the board of trustees has 49 the final power to decide the question

#### §5-10-22. Retirement annuity.

1 Upon a member's retirement, as provided in this article. he shall receive a straight life annuity equal to one and five-tenths percent of his final average salary multiplied by the number of years, and fraction of a year, of his 4 credited service in force at the time of his retirement: Provided, That after March one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, all members retired and all members 8 retiring shall receive a straight life annuity equal to two percent of his final average salary multiplied by the number of years, and fraction of a year, of his 10 credited service in force at the time of his retirement. 11 12 In either event, upon his retirement he shall have the right to elect an option provided for in section twenty-13 four of this article. All annuity payments shall com-14 mence effective the first of the month following the 15 16 month in which a member retires or a member dies leaving a beneficiary entitled to benefits and shall con-17 18 tinue to the end of the month in which said retirant or beneficiary dies, and said annuity payments shall not 19 be prorated for any portion of a month in which a 20 member retires or retirant or beneficiary dies. 21

The annuity of any member of the Legislature who participates in the retirement system as a member of the Legislature and who retires under this article or of any former member of the Legislature who has retired under this article (including any former member of the Legislature who has retired under this article and whose annuity was readjusted as of March one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, under the former provisions of this section) shall be increased from time to time during the period of his retirement when and if the legislative compensation paid under section two, article two-a, chapter four of this code to a member of the Legislature shall be increased to the point where a higher annuity would be payable to the retirant if he were retiring as of the effective date of the latest

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- 37 increase in such legislative compensation, but on the
- 38 basis of his years of credited service to the date of his
- 39 actual retirement.

### §5-10-29. Members' deposit fund; members' contributions.

- 1 (a) The members' deposit fund is hereby created.
- 2 It shall be the fund in which shall be accumulated, at
- 3 regular interest, the contributions deducted from the 4 compensation of members, and from which refunds of
- compensation of members, and from which refunds of
- 5 accumulated contributions shall be paid and transfers
- 6 made as provided in this section.

provided by this article.

- 7 (b) The contributions of a member to the retirement system (including any member of the Legislature, ex-9 cept as otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this 10 section) shall be a sum of not less than three and five-11 tenths percent of his annual compensations but not 12 more than four and five-tenths percent of his annual 13 compensations, as determined by the board of trustees. 14 The said contributions shall be made notwithstanding 15 that the minimum salary or wages provided by law for 16 any member shall be thereby changed. Each member 17 shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions 18 made and provided for herein. Payment of a member's compensation less said deductions shall be a full and 19 20 complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for services rendered by him to 21 a participating public employer, except as to benefits 22
  - (c) The officer or officers responsible for making up the payrolls for payroll units of the state government and for each of the other participating public employers shall cause the contributions, provided for in subsection (b) above, to be deducted from the compensations of each member in the employ of the participating public employer, on each and every payroll, for each and every payroll period, from the date the member enters the retirement system to the date his membership terminates. When deducted, each of said amounts shall be paid by the participating public employer to the retirement system; said payments to be made in such manner and form, and in such frequency, and shall be accompanied

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37 by such supporting data, as the board of trustees shall from time to time prescribe. When paid to the retire-38 39 ment system, each of said amounts shall be credited 40 to the members' deposit fund account of the member 41 from whose compensations said contributions were de-42 ducted.

- (d) In addition to the contributions deducted from the compensations of a member, as heretofore provided. a member shall deposit in the members' deposit fund, by a single contribution or by an increased rate of contribution as approved by the board of trustees, the amounts he may have withdrawn therefrom and not repaid thereto, together with regular interest from the date of withdrawal to the date of repayment. In no case shall a member be given credit for service rendered prior to the date he withdrew his contributions or accumulated contributions, as the case may be, until he returns to the members' deposit fund all amounts due the said fund by him.
- (e) Upon the retirement of a member, or if a survivor annuity becomes payable on account of his death, in either event his accumulated contributions standing to his credit in the members' deposit fund shall be transferred to the retirement reserve fund.
- In the event an employee's membership in the 62 retirement system terminates and no annuity becomes 63 or will become payable on his account, any accumulated 64 contributions standing to his credit in the members' deposit fund, unclaimed by the said employee, or his 66 legal representative, within three years from and after the date his membership terminated, shall be transferred 67 68 to the income fund.
- 69 (g) Any member of the Legislature who is a member 70 of the retirement system and with respect to whom 71 the term "final average salary" includes a multiple of eight, pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (15), 72 73 section two of this article, shall contribute to the retirement system on the basis of his legislative compensation 74 the sum of five hundred forty dollars each year he par-75 ticipates in the retirement system as a member of the 76 77 Legislature.

## **CHAPTER 128**

(Senate Bill No. 45-By Mr. Holliday and Mr. Sharpe)

[Passed February 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article four, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one through eleven, inclusive, article one, chapter twenty-eight of said code, all relating to the commitment of youthful male offenders; forestry camps and other facilities for youthful offenders; lateral transfer of inmates and the authority of the state commissioner of public institutions.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article four, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections one through eleven, inclusive, article one, chapter twentyeight of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 25. Commissioner of Public Institutions.
- 28. State Correctional and Penal Institutions.

#### CHAPTER 25. COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

#### ARTICLE 4. FORESTRY CAMPS FOR HOUSING YOUTHFUL MALE LAW OFFENDERS.

## §25-4-7. Physical and mental examination of offenders.

- Before the judge of any court of original jurisdiction 1
- 2 or juvenile court can transfer a youthful offender to the
- 3 custody of the commissioner of public institutions to
- 4 be assigned to a forestry camp, such offender shall be
- 5 given a complete medical examination by a doctor
- 6 designated by the commissioner of public institutions. 7 and the offender must be free of any communicable
- 8 disease or other physical defects which would prohibit
- 9 him from participating in the program of the forestry
- 10 camp. In the event there is a question concerning the

- mental status of an offender, he shall be given an exami-
- 12 nation by a competent psychiatrist designated by the
- 13 commissioner of public institutions to determine whether
- 14 he is fit to participate in the program of the forestry
- 15 camp.
- 16 Any offender who is found to have a communicable
- disease, is feeble-minded, psychotic, mentally ill, or has 17
- a history of homosexual activities, or arsonist tenden-18
- 19 cies, shall not be eligible for assignment to a forestry
- 20 camp.
- 21 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit the
- 22 free transfer of any male youth from one youth facility
- to another youth facility in the manner provided in
- article one, chapter twenty-eight of this code.

## CHAPTER 28. STATE CORRECTIONAL AND PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

### ARTICLE 1. COMMITMENT OF YOUTHFUL MALE OFFENDERS.

- Care of youthful male offenders. §28-1-1.
- Commitment; age limits.
  Commitment of boy convicted in state or federal court of crime punishable by imprisonment.
  Conveyance of boys; expenses.
  Rules and regulations. §28-1-2. §28-1-3.
- §28-1**-4**.
- §28-1-5. §28-1-6.
- Discharge or parole; arrest and return of paroled boys. Transfer of boys to and from penitentiary.
- §28-1-7.
- Offenses relating to youth facilities; penalties; escape; arrest §28-1-8. and return.
- §28-1-9. Payment by counties of cost of detention of boys-Reimbursement.
- §28-1-10. Same—Preparation of inmate lists for billing purposes; application of county funds in state treasury.
- §28-1-11. Same—Determination of payments due from counties; levy; compelling payment.

### §28-1-1. Care of youthful male offenders.

- 1 The state commissioner of public institutions shall be
- exclusively charged with the care, training and reforma-
- tion of male youths of the state committed to his custody.
- All state facilities and institutions for such purpose shall
- be managed and controlled as prescribed in article one,
- chapter twenty-five of this code.

## §28-1-2. Commitment; age limits.

- Any male youth between the ages of ten and eighteen
- years shall be committed to the custody of the state
- 3 commissioner of public institutions:

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- (a) By any juvenile or domestic relations court of 4 competent jurisdiction for any of the causes, and in the manner prescribed in article two, chapter forty-nine of 7 the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended and reenacted by chapter one, acts of the Legislature of West Virginia, first extra-9 10 ordinary session, one thousand nine hundred thirty-six, 11 pertaining to delinquent children.
- (b) By any court of record of competent jurisdiction 13 of this state or of the United States for the districts of 14 West Virginia in the manner prescribed in the next succeeding section of this article: Provided, however, That 16 any male youth who has been adjudged delinquent and placed on probation by a court of competent jurisdiction prior to his eighteenth birthday may be committed to the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions for any act or omission amounting to a violation of any condition of his probation which said act or omission occured prior to the expiration of the period of his probation and prior to the attainment of his twenty-first birthday.
  - But no youth shall be committed to such school as an inmate thereof, who is of unsound mind, or imbecilic, or idiotic, or epileptic, or afflicted with tuberculosis. Before committing a boy to the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions, the court committing him shall cause him to be examined by a full-time county health physician duly authorized to practice medicine in this state, or if there be no full-time county health physician, then by some physician duly authorized to practice medicine in this state designated by the juvenile court for that purpose, in order to ascertain whether such boy is sound in mind, or whether he is an imbecile. or an idiot, or afflicted with tuberculosis, epilepsy, syphilis, gonorrhea or any other infectious disease, and as to anv other particulars deemed necessary by the juvenile court as may be prescribed in the rules and regulations of the state commissioner of public institutions.

In the event there is no full-time health officer in the county or if there be one and the county health depart-

44 ment is not adequately equipped or staffed to give the 45 mental or physical examinations required in cases, in 46 the opinion of the juvenile court, needing specialized 47 diagnostic services, the juvenile court may order the child 48 to receive such physical or mental examinations from a duly qualified physician designated by the juvenile court, 49 and it shall be the duty of the county court and the 50 county court shall pay for such examinations and services 51 52 upon receipt of an itemized statement along with the written order and approval of the juvenile court. Such 53 54 examination shall be made in private. The physician 55 making such examination shall make out a statement 56 respecting the particulars named in the form prescribed 57 by the state health department and the state commissioner of public institutions, which certificate of the 58 physician shall accompany the commitment. If it shall 59 appear from such examination or otherwise that the boy 60 is of unsound mind, or is imbecilic, or idiotic, or epileptic, 61 or is afflicted with tuberculosis, epilepsy, syphilis, gonorrhea or has any infectious disease, he shall not be committed to the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions, except as hereinafter provided; and the state 66 commissioner of public institutions shall not receive any boy into his custody unless the commitment is accom-67 68 panied by a certificate of health, signed by such physician, showing that he is not of unsound mind and is not an 69 imbecile, or idiot, nor afflicted with tuberculosis, epilepsy, 70 71 syphilis, gonorrhea, or any other infectious disease. If, upon such examination, it shall appear that the boy is 72 73 suffering with tuberculosis, or a venereal disease, in any stage, the judge committing such boy shall make an 74 75 order committing him to the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions, and shall make an addi-76 77 tional order directing that he first be transferred to one 78 of the state hospitals for tuberculosis, in case he is found 79 to have tuberculosis, and in case he is found to be infected 80 with any venereal disease, then to the Fairmont emergency hospital or the Welch emergency hospital for 81 82 observation, treatment and detention, pending such treat-83 ment until cured of such venereal disease or rendered 84 completely noninfectious therefrom, after which time he

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shall be transferred to the custody of the state com-85 missioner of public institutions and be kept as provided 86 by law: Provided, however, That any such boy who is 87 feeble-minded shall be sent to the Colin Anderson center, 88 89 or if there is no room in the center, then to one of the state hospitals for the insane, and not to Fairmont emer-90 91 gency hospital or Welch emergency hospital. It shall 92 be the duty of the superintendents of the hospitals at 93 Fairmont and Welch to receive into said hospitals all boys who may be committed thereto as provided herein, 94 95 and to detain, care for, and treat such boys until cured 96 or rendered completely noninfectious, and as soon there-97 after as convenient arrange to transfer them to the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions, 98 99 except as herein provided.

The said commissioner of public institutions shall provide such suitable buildings or equipment at the said hospitals as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section including the expenses of transferring the boys and for their care and treatment at said hospitals.

105 It shall be the duty of the clerk of the committing court, upon the commitment of a boy who is infected 106 with a venereal disease to the said hospitals, as provided 1.07 108 herein, to notify the director of the bureau of venereal 109 diseases of West Virginia of the fact, giving the name, 110 age and address of the boy, and the disease from which he is suffering; and it shall be the duty of the superinten-111 dent of the hospital receiving such boy to notify the 112 113 director when any boy is received and when he is transferred to the custody of the state commissioner of public 114 115 institutions.

In the case of boys found to be afflicted with venereal disease but who have been rendered noninfectious, but who have not by treatment as herein provided been completely cured, the further treatment of such boys shall be continued by a competent doctor at the facility wherein such boys are committed, following the directions given by the superintendent of the Fairmont emergency hospital or the Welch emergency hospital; and the decision of the superintendent of Fairmont emergency

hospital or Welch emergency hospital that any boy is 125 noninfectious and admissible to the custody of the state 126 127 commissioner of public institutions may be questioned 128 only by appeal to the state director of health of the state 129 of West Virginia, who, in such a case, shall make due 130 investigation and shall order such boy returned to the 131 Fairmont emergency hospital or Welch emergency hospital for further treatment or order that such boy have 132 133 his treatment continued at the facility to which he is 134 committed by the state commissioner of public institu-135 tions; and in all such cases where treatment is given or 136 continued at such facility, careful records shall be kept 137 for each boy under treatment showing the dates of treat-138 ment and the progress of the case.

# §28-1-3. Commitment of boy convicted in state or federal court of crime punishable by imprisonment.

Whenever any male youth under the age of eighteen 1 years shall have been convicted in any court of record of this state of a felony, or of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment, the judge of such court, in his discre-4 tion, instead of sentencing such youth to be confined in the penitentiary or the county jail, may order him to be removed to and confined in the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions, there to remain until he shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, unless 10 sooner discharged or paroled by the state commissioner of public institutions. Any male youth, under eighteen 11 12 years of age, convicted in any of the courts of the United States for the districts of West Virginia of any offense 13 14 punishable by imprisonment, may also be received into 15 the custody of the state commissioner of public institu-16 tions upon such regulations and terms as to his mainte-17 nance and support as may be prescribed by the state com-18 missioner of public institutions and assented to by the 19 proper authorities of the United States.

The state commissioner of public institutions shall have the authority to receive any youthful offender commanded to his custody into any facility under his control for the detention and rehabilitation of youthful offenders and may, from time to time as he deem proper, transfer 25 such youths from any such facility to any other such 26 facility.

## §28-1-4. Conveyance of boys; expenses.

As soon as practicable after a youth, on any account, is 1 2 committed to the custody of the state commissioner of public institutions, the papers in the case shall be mailed 4 to the superintendent of the receiving youth facility, and such youth shall remain in the custody of the court pronouncing such commitment until he be delivered to an officer of the receiving youth facility, who shall be sent without delay and duly authorized by the superintendent to conduct such youth by the most direct and convenient 9 route to said facility; but no youth committed to any 10 facility shall be lodged in any jail or lockup, if he be 11 under the age of sixteen years. The superintendent of a 12 facility shall, insofar as is consistent with the safe con-13 14 veyance of youths to the facility, cause as many youths as may be committed from the same or several counties 15 to be conducted to the facility at the same time. The ex-16 pense incurred in conducting a youth to a youth facility, 17 18 including transportation and other necessary traveling expenses of the youth and of his conductor, shall be paid 19 20 by the county court out of the treasury of the county 21 from which the youth was committed to the facility, and a written statement of such necessary expenditures, fully 22 23 itemized and sworn to by the officer making such ex-24 penditures, and attested by the superintendent of the facility, when presented to any county court, shall be a 25 26 bill against such court, to be paid to the receiving facility and credited to that fund of the facility from which 27 the original expenditure was made; but when two or 28 more youths shall be so conducted from more than one 29 county, the necessary expenditure on the personal ac-30 count of the conductor shall be apportioned among the 31 counties concerned in due proportion to the mileage 32 traveled by the youths from their respective counties.

## §28-1-5. Rules and regulations.

The state commissioner of public institutions shall have authority to make such rules and regulations for the

- 3 management and government of the facilities for youth-
- 4 ful offenders under his control, and the instruction, dis-
- 5 cipline, training, employment and disposition of the boys
- 6 and their transportation to and from the various fa-
- 7 cilities and continues to leave all the various ra-
- 7 cilities, not contrary to law, as the commissioner may
  - deem proper.

## §28-1-6. Discharge or parole; arrest and return of paroled boys.

1 The state commissioner of public institutions shall have

authority, under such rules and regulations as the com-

3 missioner may prescribe, to grant, on the recommen-

4 dation of the superintendent, a discharge or parole to

5 any inmate of any of the various facilities; but while

6 such inmate is on parole, and until he is discharged

7 according to law, he shall remain in the legal custody

of the commissioner of public institutions and subject

at any time to be returned to physical custody, if in the

10 judgment of the commissioner the interests of such

11 paroled inmate will best be served thereby. The written

12 order of said commissioner, countersigned by the super-

13 intendent, shall be sufficient warrant for any officer or

14 person named therein to arrest and return to the facility

15 the youth so paroled; and it shall be the duty of any

16 such officer or person to arrest and return such youth

17 to the facility. All actual expenses incurred in return-

18 ing such youth to the facility shall be paid out of the

19 funds appropriated for the maintenance of the facility.

## §28-1-7. Transfer of boys to and from penitentiary.

1 In any case where a youth is committed to any youth

2 facility for an offense punishable by confinement in the

B penitentiary, and it is found by the state commissioner

4 of public institutions that the youth facility is unable

to benefit such youth, and that his presence is a detri-

ment or menace to other youths in the institution, or

7 to the general good of the facility, he may be returned

8 to the court by which he was committed to the facility,

and such court shall thereupon pass such sentence upon

10 him as to confinement in the penitentiary as may be

11 proper in the premises, or as it might have passed had

12 it not committed him as a youthful offender. The gov-

- 13 ernor shall have power, when, in the judgment of the
- 14 warden of the penitentiary and of the superintendent
- 15 of the facility, it is advisable, to remit the penalty of
- 16 any offender under the age of eighteen years confined
- 17 in the penitentiary to a commitment to a youth facility.

# §28-1-8. Offenses relating to youth facilities; penalties; escape; arrest and return.

- 1 If any person shall entice or attempt to entice away
- 2 from any youth facility any youth legally committed to
- 3 the same, or shall aid or abet any youth to escape there-
- 4 from, or shall harbor, conceal or aid or abet in harboring
- or concealing, any youth who shall have escaped there-
- 6 from, or shall, without the permission of the superin-
- 7 tendent, give or sell, or aid or abet any other person to
- 8 give or sell, to any youth in the youth facility, whether
- 9 on the premises of such institution or otherwise, any
- 10 money, firearms, intoxicating drinks, tobacco, cigarettes,
- 11 or other articles whatsoever, or shall in any way cause
- 12 or influence, or attempt to cause or influence or aid or
- 12 or innuence, or attempt to cause or innuence or aid or
- 13 abet therein, any youth in the youth facility to violate
- 14 any rule of the institution or to rebel against the gov-
- 15 ernment of said facility in any particular, or shall receive
- 16 by the hands of any such youth anything of value,
- 17 whether belonging to the state or otherwise, such per-
- 18 son shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon con-19 viction thereof, shall be fined not less than ten, nor more
- 20 than one hundred dollars, or be confined not more than
- 21 twelve months in the county jail, or, in the discretion
- 22 of the court, both fined and imprisoned. The superin-
- 23 tendent, or any of his assistants, or any one authorized
- 24 in writing by him, or any sheriff, constable, policeman
- 25 or other peace officer, shall have power, and it is hereby
- 26 made his duty, to arrest any youth, when in his power
- 27 to do so, who shall have escaped from said facility, and
- 28 return him thereto.

## §28-1-9. Payment by counties of cost of detention of boys— Reimbursement.

- 1 The county court of every county shall pay into the
- 2 state treasury the sum of fifty dollars a year on account

- 3 of each youth from the county who shall be received
- 4 into the custody of the state commissioner of public
- 5 institutions on proper commitment. But in all cases of
- 6 youths received into such custody, the parent, if of suf-
- 7 ficient means, or the guardian, where the youth has suf-
- 8 ficient estate, shall annually reimburse the county the
- 9 amount paid into the state treasury, by virtue of this
- 10 section, on account of such youth, and the county court
- 11 of such county shall have the right to recover the same
- 12 of such parent or guardian in any court of competent
- 13 jurisdiction.

# §28-1-10. Same—Preparation of inmate lists for billing purposes; application of county funds in state treasury.

1 The superintendent of each youth facility shall, before

2 the tenth day of January in each year, prepare and certify

3 to the auditor and the state commissioner of public in-

4 stitutions each a list by counties of all such youths as

5 are mentioned in the preceding section, who were kept

6 in each facility during the preceding year or any part of

it, showing as to each youth what part of the year he was

so kept in the facility. On receiving such list the auditor

9 shall charge to each county fifty dollars on account of

10 each youth from such county who was kept in such

11 facility during the preceding year, and a proportionate

12 amount on account of each youth kept for any part of

13 such year less than the whole. Any money in the treasury

14 of the state to the credit of any such county, from what-

15 ever source arising, and not appropriated to pay any

16 other debt of the county to the state, shall be applied

17 so far as necessary, to the payment of the sums so

18 charged. If any sum in the treasury due the county

19 shall not be sufficient to pay the whole amount so charged

20 against it, such sum shall be applied as a credit on the

21 amount charged, and the balance shall remain a charge

22 against the county.

# §28-1-11. Same—Determination of payments due from counties; levy; compelling payment.

1 Within ten days after receiving such list the auditor

2 shall certify to the county court of such county a list of

3 the youths from the county in such facility, stating the 4 length of the term during the year each youth was in 5 such facility, as shown by the list certified by the super-6 intendent, the amount due from the county on his ac-7 count, and the total amount due on account of all. He 8 shall credit on such statement whatever amount has been 9 applied as a payment thereon from any funds of the 10 county in the treasury. Such statement shall be a receipt 11 to the county for any amount so credited, and shall be 12 a bill for any amount still appearing to be due from the county. Unless the bill shall have been paid by the ap-13 plication of funds of the county in the state treasury, 14 the county court shall at its next levy term provide for 15 the payment of the same, or such part as may not have 16 17 been paid, and cause the amount to be paid into the state treasury. If the amount so due from any county be not 18 19 paid in a reasonable time after such levy term, the auditor may, in the name of the state, apply to the circuit court 20 21 of the county for a mandamus to require the county 22 court to provide for and to pay for the same, or he may proceed in the name of the state by any other appropriate 23 24 remedy to recover the same.

## **CHAPTER 129**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 379—Originating in the Senate

Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the organization of companies and platoons of the department of public safety, the training of members and the salaries and bonds of members.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two, chapter fifteen of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

# §15-2-3. Companies and platoons; how constituted; training of members and other peace officers; salaries and honds of members.

The superintendent shall create, appoint and equip a department of public safety, which shall, in addition to the personnel provided for in section two of this article, consist of four companies or platoons. They shall be designated as companies "A", "B", "C" and "D". Each company or platoon shall be composed of one captain, one lieutenant, one first sergeant, seven sergeants, not more than seventeen corporals and such number of troopers and troopers first class as the superintendent may decide best, but such number of troopers and troopers first class in any company or platoon shall not at any time be less than twenty-five.

The superintendent shall provide adequate facilities for the training of all members of the department and shall prescribe a basic training course for newly enlisted members. He shall also provide advanced or in-service training from time to time for all members of the department. The superintendent shall hold training classes for other peace officers in the state without cost to such officers, except actual expenses for food, lodging and school supplies.

Members of the department shall receive salaries, as follows:

24 The inspector shall receive an annual salary of twelve 25 thousand two hundred forty dollars; the major shall receive an annual salary of ten thousand nine hundred 26 27 ninety-two dollars; captains shall each receive an annual 28 salary of nine thousand eight hundred forty dollars; lieutenants shall each receive an annual salary of nine thou-29 sand two hundred eighty-eight dollars; the master ser-30 geants and first sergeants shall each receive an annual 31 salary of eight thousand six hundred seventy-six dollars;

sergeants shall each receive an annual salary of eight 33 thousand four hundred dollars; corporals shall each re-34 ceive an annual salary of eight thousand twenty-eight 35 dollars; troopers first class shall receive an annual sal-36 ary of seven thousand seven hundred sixty-four dollars; 37 and each newly enlisted trooper shall receive a salary 38 of five hundred thirty-four dollars during the period of 39 40 his basic training, and upon the satisfactory completion of such training and assignment to active duty each 41 trooper shall receive, during the remainder of his first 42 43 year's service, a salary of five hundred ninety-eight dollars monthly. During the second year of his service in 44 the department each trooper shall receive an annual 45 salary of seven thousand three hundred thirty-two dol-46 lars; during the third year of his service each trooper 47 shall receive an annual salary of seven thousand four 48 hundred eighty-eight dollars; and during the fourth and 49 50 fifth years of his service and for each year thereafter each trooper shall receive an annual salary of seven 51 52 thousand six hundred thirty-two dollars. Each member of 53 the department entitled thereto by the provisions hereof 54 shall receive an increase in salary over that hereinbefore set forth in this section, for grade and rank, based on length 55 of service, including that heretofore and hereafter served. 56 57 with the department, as follows: At the end of five years of 58 service with the department, such member of the depart-59 ment shall receive a salary increase of three hundred dol-60 lars per year to be effective during his next three years of service and like increases at three-year intervals there-61 62 after, until a total of six such increases shall be received 63 and such increases shall be cumulative.

In applying the foregoing salary schedule where salary increases are provided for length of service, members of the department in service at the time this article becomes effective shall be given credit for prior service and shall be paid such salaries as the same length of service will entitle them to receive under the provisions hereof.

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71 Each member of the department of public safety, ex-72 cept the superintendent and civilian employees, shall,

- 73 before entering upon the discharge of his duties, execute
- 74 a bond with security in the sum of three thousand five
- 75 hundred dollars payable to the state of West Virginia,
- 76 conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as
- 77 such, and such bond shall be approved as to form by the
- 78 attorney general, and as to sufficiency by the governor.
- 79 and the same shall be filed with the secretary of state
- 80 and preserved in his office.

## **CHAPTER 130**

(House Bill No. 1014-By Mr. Sparacino)

[Passed March 5, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-nine, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the criminal identification bureau of the department of public safety and providing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-nine, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-29. Criminal identification bureau; establishment; officer in charge; purpose; fingerprints, photographs, records and other information; reports; offenses and penalties.
  - 1 (a) The superintendent of the department of public
  - 2 safety shall establish, equip and maintain at the depart-
  - 3 mental headquarters a criminal identification bureau, for
  - 4 the purpose of receiving and filing fingerprints, photo-
  - 5 graphs, records and other information pertaining to
  - 6 the investigation of crime and the apprehension of

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- criminals, as hereinafter provided. The superintendent 8 shall appoint or designate a regularly enlisted member of the department as officer in charge of the criminal 9 identification bureau and such officer shall be responsible 10 11 to the superintendent for the affairs of the bureau. Mem-12 bers of the department assigned to the criminal identi-13 fication bureau shall carry out their duties and assign-14 ments in accordance with internal management rules and regulations pertaining thereto promulgated by the su-15 16 perintendent.
- (b) The criminal identification bureau shall cooperate with identification bureaus of other states and of the 19 United States to develop and carry on a complete inter-20 state, national and international system of criminal identification.
- (c) The criminal identification bureau may furnish 23 fingerprints, photographs, records or other information 24 to authorized law-enforcement and governmental agencies 25 of the United States and its territories, of foreign countries duly authorized to receive the same, of other states within the United States and of the state of West Virginia upon proper request stating that the fingerprints, photographs, records or other information requested are necessary in the interest of and will be used solely in the administration of official duties and the criminal laws.
- 32 The criminal identification bureau may furnish, with the approval of the superintendent, fingerprints, 33 photographs, records or other information to any private 34 or public agency, person, firm, association, corporation or 35 other organization, other than a law-enforcement or governmental agency as to which the provisions of sub-37 section (c) of this section shall govern and control, but 38 all requests under the provisions of this subsection (d) for such fingerprints, photographs, records or other information must be accompanied by a written authorization signed and acknowledged by the person whose fingerprints, photographs, records or other information is to be released.
  - The criminal identification bureau may furnish fingerprints, photographs, records and other information

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47 of persons arrested or sought to be arrested in this state to the identification bureau of the United States govern-**4**8 ment and to other states for the purpose of aiding law 49 50 enforcement.

- (f) Persons in charge of any penal or correctional 52 institution including any city or county jail, in this state shall take, or cause to be taken, the fingerprints 54 and description of all persons lawfully committed thereto or confined therein and furnish the same in duplicate 56 to the criminal identification bureau, department of public safety. Such fingerprints shall be taken on forms approved by the superintendent of the department of public safety. All such officials as herein named may, when possible to do so, furnish photographs to the criminal identification bureau of such persons so fingerprinted.
- (g) Members of the department of public safety, and 62 63 all other state law-enforcement officials, sheriffs, deputy 64 sheriffs, constables, and each and every peace officer in 65 this state, shall take or cause to be taken the fingerprints 66 and description of all persons arrested or detained by 67 them, charged with any crime or offense in this state, 68 in which the penalty provided therefor is confinement in any penal or correctional institution, or of any person who they have reason to believe is a fugitive from 70 justice or an habitual criminal, and furnish the same in 71 duplicate to the criminal identification bureau, department of public safety, on forms approved by the super-73 74 intendent of said department of public safety. All such officials as herein named may, when possible to do so, 76 furnish to the criminal identification bureau, photographs of such persons so fingerprinted. The arresting officer 77 shall submit to the criminal identification bureau, in 78 duplicate, a report of final disposition concerning any case held for court, or in any case in which the disposition 80 thereof has not been previously furnished to said bureau 81 (on the fingerprint record of the person arrested). Such 82 report of final disposition shall be made on forms fur-83 nished or approved by the superintendent of the depart-84 ment of public safety. 85
  - (h) Any person who has been fingerprinted or photographed in accordance with the provisions of this sec-

tion, who is acquitted of the charges upon which he or she was arrested, and who has no previous criminal record, may, upon the presentation of satisfactory proof to the superintendent of the department of public safety, have such fingerprints or photographs, or both, returned to them.

- 94 (i) All state, county and municipal law-enforcement agencies shall submit to the bureau uniform crime reports 95 96 setting forth their activities in connection with law 97 enforcement. It shall be the duty of the bureau to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations prescribing the 98 99 form, general content, time and manner of submission 100 of such uniform crime reports. Willful or repeated failure 101 by any state, county or municipal law-enforcement official 102 to submit the uniform crime reports required by this 103 article shall constitute neglect of duty in public office. 104 The bureau shall correlate the reports submitted to it 105 and shall compile and submit to the governor and the 106 Legislature semiannual reports based on such reports. A 107 copy of such reports shall be furnished to all prosecuting 108 attorneys and law-enforcement agencies.
- 109 Neglect or refusal of any person mentioned in 110 this section to make the report required herein, or to 111 do or perform any act on his or her part to be done 112 or performed in connection with the operation of this 113 section, shall constitute a misdemeanor, and such per-114 son shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than two hun-115 dred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for 116 a period of not exceeding sixty days, or both, in the 117 discretion of the court. Such neglect shall constitute 118 misfeasance in office and subject such person to removal 119 from office. Any person who wilfully removes, destroys, 120 or mutilates any of the fingerprints, photographs, records 121 or other information of the department of public safety. 122 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and such person shall. 123 upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not ex-124 ceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the 125 county jail for a period of not exceeding six months. or 126 by both, in the discretion of the court. 127

## **CHAPTER 131**

(House Bill No. 801-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and six, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section one, article two of said chapter; to further amend said article two by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen; and to amend and reenact section six, article three of said chapter, all relating to the public service commission, compensation of commissioners, enforcement of federal acts and certain special fees and funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and six, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section one, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article two be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, and that section six, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted all to read as follows:

#### Article

1. General Provisions.

2. Powers and Duties of Public Service Commission.

3. Duties and Privileges of Public Utilities Subject to Regulations of Commission.

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §24-1-2. Composition; appointment, qualifications and disqualification of commissioners; removal from office; terms of office; vacancies; salaries.
- §24-1-6. Office of commission; time and place of hearings; number of commissioners required for taking action.
- §24-1-2. Composition; appointment, qualifications and disqualification of commissioners; removal from office; terms of office; vacancies; salaries.
  - 1 There shall be a public service commission of West
  - 2 Virginia which by that name may sue and be sued. The

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3 terms of members of the public service commission at the 4 time this section becomes effective shall hereby be con-5 tinued. Such public service commission shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by the governor 6 7 with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commis-8 sioners shall be citizens and residents of this state and at 9 least one of them shall be duly licensed to practice law in 10 West Virginia, of not less than ten years' actual experi-11 ence at the bar. No more than two of said commissioners shall be members of the same political party. The ap-12 13 pointment of a commissioner shall be for a period of 14 six years, except that an appointment to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired term only. Each commissioner 15 shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take 16 17 and subscribe to the oath provided by section five, ar-18 ticle four of the constitution, which oath shall be filed 19 in the office of the secretary of state. The governor shall 20 annually designate one of the commissioners as chairman 21 who shall be the chief administrative officer of the com-22 mission. The governor may remove any commissioner 23 only for incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality 24 or malfeasance in office.

No person while in the employ of, or holding any official relation to, any public utility subject to the provisions of this chapter, or holding any stocks or bonds thereof, or who is pecuniarily interested therein, shall serve as a member of the commission or as an employee thereof. Nor shall any such commissioners be a candidate for or hold public office, or be a member of any political committee, while acting as such commissioner; nor shall any commissioner or employee of said commission receive any pass, free transportation or other thing of value, either directly or indirectly, from any public utility subject to the provisions of this chapter. In case any of such commissioners shall become a candidate for any public office or a member of any political committee, his office as commissioner shall be ipso facto vacated.

For the administration of this chapter each commissioner shall receive a salary of sixteen thousand dollars per annum to be paid in monthly installments from the

- 44 special fund collected from public utilities under the
- 45 provisions of subsection (a), section six, article three of
- 46 this chapter.

# §24-1-6. Office of commission; time and place of hearings; number of commissioners required for taking action.

- 1 The general office of the commission shall be kept at
- 2 the capitol of the state, and kept open on each working
- 3 day between the hours of nine o'clock a.m. and five
- 4 o'clock p.m., and in charge of the secretary or his deputy.
- 5 Hearings and the taking of evidence may be had at
- 6 such times and places and in such manner in each par-
- 7 ticular case as the commission may designate.
- 8 The concurrent judgment of two of the commissioners,
- 9 when in session as the commission, shall be deemed the
- 10 action of the commission, and a vacancy in the commis-
- 11 sion shall not affect the right or duty of the remaining
- 12 commissioners to function as a commission.

### ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COM-MISSION.

- §24-2-1. Jurisdiction of commission.
- §24-2-13. Enforcement of federal acts.

## §24-2-1. Jurisdiction of commission.

- 1 The jurisdiction of the commission shall extend to all
- 2 public utilities in this state, and shall include any utility
- 3 engaged in any of the following public services:
- 4 Common carriage of passengers or goods, whether by
- 5 air, railroad, street railroad, motor or otherwise, by ex-
- 6 press or otherwise, by land, water or air, whether wholly
- 7 or partly by land, water or air; mass transit authorities;
- 8 transportation of oil, gas or water by pipeline; transpor-
- 9 tation of coal and its derivatives and all mixtures and
- 10 combinations thereof with other substances by pipeline;
- 11 sleeping car or parlor car services; transmission of mes-
- 12 sages by telephone, telegraph or radio; generation and 13 transmission of electrical energy by hydroelectric or
- 14 other utilities for service to the public, whether directly
- 15 or through a distributing utility; supplying water, gas or
- 16 electricity, by municipalities or others; sewer systems
- 17 servicing twenty-five or more persons or firms other than

- 18 the owner of the sewer systems; any public service dis-
- 19 trict created under the provisions of article thirteen-a,
- 20 chapter sixteen of this code; toll bridges, wharves, ferries;
- 21 and any other public service.

### §24-2-13. Enforcement of federal acts.

- 1 In addition to all other powers and duties conferred
- 2 upon the public service commission herein, the commis-
- 3 sion shall be charged with the duty of enforcing the
- 4 provisions of the United States "Federal Railroad Safety
- 5 Act" and the "Uniform Motor Carrier Identification Act"
- 6 in this state under the federal requirements contained
- 7 therein requiring state enforcement of such acts, insofar
- 8 as the same are not repugnant to the laws of this state
- 9 or contrary to the rules and regulations of the commis-
- 10 sion.

# ARTICLE 3. DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF PUBLIC UTILITIES SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS OF COMMISSION.

## §24-3-6. Special license fee; "public service commission fund".

- 1 (a) All public utilities subject to the provisions of this
  - 2 chapter shall pay a special license fee in addition to
  - 3 those now required by law. The amount of such fees
  - 4 shall be fixed by the public service commission and
  - 5 levied by it upon each of such public utilities according
  - 6 to the value of its property as ascertained by the last
- 7 assessment, and shall be apportioned among such public
- 8 utilities upon the basis of such valuation, so as to pro-
- 9 duce a revenue of three hundred twenty thousand dol-
- 10 lars per annum, which fees shall be paid on or before the
- 11 twentieth day of January in each year. Such sum of
- 12 three hundred twenty thousand dollars, together with 13 that provided in subsection (b) hereof shall be paid
- 14 into the state treasury and kept as a special fund, desig-
- 15 nated "public service commission fund," to be appro-
- 16 priated as provided by law for the purpose of paying
- 17 the salaries of the commission, as fixed by this chapter,
- 18 its expenses and salaries, compensations, costs and ex-
- 18 its expenses and salaries, compensations, costs and 19 penses of its employees.
- 20 (b) All public utilities subject to the provisions of 21 this chapter shall pay a special license fee in addition

22 to any and all fees now required by law. The amount of 23 such fees shall be fixed by the public service commission and levied by it upon each of such public utilities, 24 in the proportion which the total gross revenue derived 25 from intrastate business done by each of such public 26 27 utilities in the calendar year next preceding bears to the total gross revenue derived from intrastate business 28 29 done in such year by all public utilities subject to regulation by the public service commission, so as to pro-30 duce a revenue of six hundred forty thousand dollars 31 per annum, in addition to such fees as may be fixed by 32 33 the public service commission under the provisions of subsection (a) hereof and which fees shall be paid on or 34 before the first day of July in each year. Such sum of 35 six hundred forty thousand dollars shall be paid into 36 the state treasury and be kept, appropriated and used 37 as provided in subsection (a) hereof. 38

39 (c) Any balance remaining in said fund at the end 40 of any fiscal year shall not revert to the treasury but 41 shall remain in said fund and may be appropriated and 42 used as provided in subsection (a) hereof.

## **CHAPTER 132**

(House Bill No. 756-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to appointment, duties and compensation of the secretary and other employees of the public service commission and specifying that any commissioner or director of any division of the commission shall devote full time to the performance of his duties as such commissioner or employee during the regular working hours as set by the commission.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

# §24-1-3. Appointment, duties and compensation of secretary and other employees; hearings generally; outside employment by certain employees prohibited.

The commission shall appoint a secretary and such 1 2 other employees as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and shall fix their respective salaries or compensations. It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep a full and true record of all proceedings, acts, orders and judgments of the commission, to 7 issue all necessary process, returns and notices, to keep all books, maps, documents and papers ordered filed by the commission, and all orders made by the commission or approved and confirmed by it and ordered to be filed; and he shall be responsible to the commis-11 sion for the safe custody and preservation of all such 12 documents in his office. He may administer oaths in all 13 parts of the state, so far as the exercise of such power 14 is properly incidental to the performance of his duty 15 or that of the commission. 16

The commission may designate such of its employees as it deems necessary to hold hearings, held or required by this chapter, and to take evidence at such hearings, which employees are hereby empowered to subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, require the production of documentary evidence and exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be delegated to them and required by the commission, in any proceeding or examination instituted or conducted by the commission under this chapter, at any designated place of hearing within the state.

Any commissioner or person employed by the commission as director of any division thereof shall devote full time to the performance of his duties as such commissioner or employee during the regular working hours as set by the commission.

## CHAPTER 133

(House Bill No. 1006-By Mr. Myles)

[Passed March 6, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all relating to motor carriers of passengers and property for hire; and regulation of uniform registration of authority and vehicles of interstate for hire carriers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 1. Purposes, Definitions and Exemptions.
- 6A. Registration of Interstate Commerce Commission Authority and Identification of Vehicles to Be Operated Thereunder.

#### ARTICLE 1. PURPOSES, DEFINITIONS AND EXEMPTIONS.

## §24A-1-2. Definitions.

- 1 When used in this chapter: (a) The term "motor ve-
- 2 hicle" means, and includes, any automobile, truck, tractor,
- 3 truck-tractor, trailer, semitrailer, motorbus, taxicab, any
- 4 self-propelling motor-driven motor vehicle, or any combi-
- 5 nation thereof, used upon any public highway in this state
- 6 for the purpose of transporting persons or property; (b)
- 7 the term "public highway" means any public street, alley,
- 8 road, or highway, or thoroughfare of any kind in this
- 9 state used by the public; (c) the term "commission" means
- 10 the public service commission of West Virginia; (d) the
- to the public scribe commission of west virginia, (a) wie
- 11 term "person" means and includes any individual, firm,
- 12 copartnership, corporation, company, association, or joint-

stock association, and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee or personal representative thereof; (e) the term 14 15 "common carrier by motor vehicle" means any person 16 who undertakes, whether directly or by lease or any other arrangement, to transport passengers or property, 17 18 or any class or classes of property, for the general public over the highways of this state by motor vehicles for 19 20 hire, whether over regular or irregular routes, including such motor vehicle operations of carriers by rail, 21 22 water or air and of express or forwarding agencies, and 23 leased or rented motor vehicles, with or without drivers; 24 (f) the term "contract carrier by motor vehicle" means 25 any person not included in subdivision (e) of this sec-26 tion, who under special and individual contracts or agree-27 ments, and whether directly or by lease or any other 28 arrangement, transports passengers or property over the 29 highways in this state by motor vehicles for hire; (g) 30 the term "motor carrier" includes both a common car-31 rier by motor vehicle and a contract carrier by motor 32 vehicle; (h) the term "exempt carrier" means any per-33 son operating a motor vehicle exempt from the provisions of this chapter under section three thereof; (i) the term 34 35 "power unit" means any vehicle which contains within 36 itself the engine, motor, or other source of power by which said vehicle is propelled; (j) the letters "I.C.C." 37 mean the interstate commerce commission; (k) the words 38 "driveaway operation" mean an operation in which any 39 vehicle or vehicles, operated singly or in lawful com-40 binations, new or used, not owned by the transporting 41 motor carrier, constitute the commodity being trans-42 ported; (1) the letters "NARUC" mean the national as-43 sociation of regulatory utility commissioners; (m) the 44 term "operations within the borders of this state" means 45 interstate or foreign operations to, from, within or tra-46 47 versing this state.

# ARTICLE 6A. REGISTRATION OF INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION AUTHORITY AND IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES TO BE OPERATED THEREUNDER.

§24A-6A-1. Filing of interstate commerce commission authority required; exception.

\$24A-6A-2. Prior registration. \$24A-6A-3. When registration of vehicles required.

- §24A-6A-4. Application for, issuance and use of identification stamps and cab cards; expiration of registration and identification.
- §24A-6A-5. Form and execution of application for identification stamp; fee; option of commission to issue stamp, card or combination thereof.
- §24A-6A-6. Form of identification stamp.
- §24A-6A-7. Form of cab card.
- §24A-6A-8. Use of cab cards in connection with vehicles not used in driveaway operations.
- §24A-6A-9. Use of cab cards in driveaway operations.
- §24A-6A-10. Inspection of cab cards.
- §24A-6A-11. Destruction or nullification of cab cards.
- \$24A-6A-12. Alteration, loss, mutilation, etc., of cab cards.
- §24A-6A-13. Collection of state taxes and fees not affected.

# §24A-6A-1. Filing of interstate commerce commission authority required; exception.

- 1 No motor carrier shall operate within the borders of
- 2 this state under authority issued by the interstate com-
  - 3 merce commission (hereinafter referred to as I. C. C.)
- 4 unless and until it shall have filed with this commission
- 5 a copy of such authority. However, a motor carrier shall
- 6 only be required to file with this commission that por-
- 7 tion of its authority permitting operation within the bor-
- 8 ders of this state. A motor carrier shall not be required
- 9 to file with this commission an emergency or temporary
- 10 operating authority having a duration of thirty consecu-
- 11 tive days or less if such carrier has: (a) Registered its
- 10 with an authority and identified its rehisles on drives were
- 12 other authority and identified its vehicles or driveaway
- 13 operation under the provisions of this chapter, and (b)
- 14 furnished to this commission a telegram or other written
- 15 communication describing such emergency or temporary
- 16 operating authority and stating that operation thereunder
- 17 shall be in full accord with the requirements of this
- 18 chapter.

## §24A-6A-2. Prior registration.

- 1 A motor carrier need not register under the provisions
- 2 of this article any authority issued by the I. C. C. per-
- 3 mitting operation within the borders of this state, when
- 4 the same was properly filed with the commission at the
- 5 time this article became effective.

## §24A-6A-3. When registration of vehicles required.

- 1 No motor carrier subject to the provisions of section
- 2 one of this article shall operate any motor vehicle within
- 3 the borders of this state unless and until such vehicle,

- 4 other than one used in driveaway operation, shall have
- 5 been registered with this commission in accordance with
- 6 the provisions of this article.

# §24A-6A-4. Application for, issuance and use of identification stamps and cab cards; expiration of registration and identification.

- On or before the thirty-first day of January of each calendar year, but not earlier than the preceding first day of November, such motor carrier shall apply to the commission for the issuance of an identification stamp or stamps for the registration and identification of the vehicle or vehicles which it intends to operate, or driveaway operations which it intends to conduct, within the borders of this state during the ensuing year. Such motor carrier may thereafter file one or more supplemental applications for additional stamps if the need therefor arises or is anticipated.
- 12 (b) If the commission determines that the motor 13 carrier has complied with all applicable provisions of this 14 chapter, the commission shall issue to the motor carrier 15 the number of identification stamps requested.
  - (c) An identification stamp issued under the provisions of this article shall be used for the purpose of registering and identifying a vehicle or driveaway operation as being operated or conducted by a motor carrier under authority issued by the I. C. C., and shall not be used for the purpose of distinguishing between the vehicles operated by the same motor carrier. A motor carrier receiving an identification stamp under the provisions of this article shall not knowingly permit the use of same by any other person or organization.
  - (d) The commission shall require the motor carrier to accompany such application with a list identifying each vehicle (other than one to be used in driveaway operations) which it intends to operate within the borders of this state during the ensuing year. The commission shall further require the motor carrier to keep such list current by filing with it an identification of each vehicle acquired for operation within the borders of this state and each vehicle whose operation is discontinued therein

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- after the filing of such list. The filing of an identification of such newly acquired or discontinued vehicle shall be 36 37 made with the commission on or before the fifteenth day 38 after the motor carrier initiates or discontinues operation 39 of the vehicle within the borders of this state.
- 40 (e) On or before the thirty-first day of January of 41 each calendar year, but not earlier than the preceding first day of November, such motor carrier shall apply to 42 43 the national association of regulatory utility commissioners (hereinafter referred to as NARUC) for the issuance of 44 a sufficient supply of uniform identification cab cards 45 for use in connection with the registration and identifica-46 47 tion of the vehicle or vehicles which it intends to operate, or driveaway operations which it intends to conduct, 48 within the borders of this state during the ensuing year. 49
- (f) A motor carrier receiving a cab card under the 50 51 provisions of this article shall not knowingly permit the 52 use of same by any other person or organization. Prior 53 to operating a vehicle, or conducting a driveaway operation, within the borders of this state during the en-54 suing year, the motor carrier shall place one of such 55 identification stamps on the back of a cab card in the 56 square bearing the name of this state in such a manner 57 58 that the same cannot be removed without defacing it. The motor carrier shall thereupon duly complete and 59 execute the form or certificate printed on the front of the 60 cab card so as to identify itself and such vehicle or drive-61 62 away operation.
- (g) The registration and identification of a vehicle or driveaway operation under the provisions of this article 64 and the identification stamp evidencing same and the cab card prepared therefor shall become void on the 66 first day of February in the succeeding calendar year, unless such registration is terminated prior thereto.

## §24A-6A-5. Form and execution of application for identification stamp; fee; option of commission to issue stamp, card or combination thereof.

- The application for the issuance of such identification 1 2 stamp or stamps shall be in the form prescribed by the
- commission. The application shall be duly completed and

- 4 executed by an official of the motor carrier, and shall
- 5 be accompanied by a three dollar fee for the issuance of
- 6 each identification stamp. However, the fee for each
- vehicle identification issued for the period beginning the
- 8 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one,
- 9 and expiring the first day of February, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred seventy-three, shall be five dollars. For
- 11 the period beginning the first day of July, one thousand
- 12 nine hundred seventy-one, and expiring the first day of
- 13 February, one thousand nine hundred seventy-three, the
- 14 commission shall have the option to issue either a vehicle
- 15 identification stamp or a vehicle identification card as
- 16 presently authorized under subdivision (a), section six,
- 17 article six of this chapter or a combination of such stamp
- 18 and such card.

## §24A-6A-6. Form of identification stamp.

- 1 Any identification stamp issued under the provisions
- 2 of this article by the commission shall bear its name or
- 3 symbol and such other distinctive markings or informa-
- 4 tion, if any, as the commission deems appropriate. The
- 5 stamp shall be in the shape of a square and shall not
- 6 exceed one inch in diameter.

#### §24A-6A-7. Form of cab card.

- 1 The cab card shall be in the form prescribed by the
- 2 NARUC and the commission.

# §24A-6A-8. Use of cab cards in connection with vehicles not used in driveaway operations.

- 1 In the case of a vehicle not used in a driveaway opera-
- 2 tion, the cab card shall be maintained in the cab of such
- 3 vehicle for which prepared whenever the vehicle is oper-
- 4 ated under the authority of the carrier identified in the
- 5 cab card. Such cab cards shall not be used for any vehicle
- 6 except the vehicle for which it was originally prepared.
- 7 A motor carrier shall not prepare two or more cab cards
- 8 which are effective for the same vehicle at the same time.

## §24A-6A-9. Use of cab cards in driveaway operations.

- 1 In the case of a driveaway operation, the cab card
- 2 shall be maintained in the cab of the vehicle furnishing

- 3 the motive power for the driveaway operation whenever
- 4 such an operation is conducted under the authority of
- 5 the carrier identified in the cab card.

## §24A-6A-10. Inspection of cab cards.

- 1 A cab card shall, upon demand, be presented by the
- 2 driver to any authorized commission personnel for in-
- 3 spection.

## §24A-6A-11. Destruction or nullification of cab cards.

- 1 (a) Each motor carrier shall destroy a cab card im-2 mediately upon its expiration.
- 3 (b) If a motor carrier permanently discontinues the
- 4 use of a vehicle for which a cab card has been prepared,
- 5 it shall nullify the cab card at the time of such discon-
- 6 tinuance.

## §24A-6A-12. Alteration, loss, mutilation, etc., of cab cards.

- 1 (a) Any erasure, improper alteration or unauthorized
- 2 use of a cab card shall render it void.
- 3 (b) If a cab card is lost, destroyed, mutilated or be-
- 4 comes illegible, a new cab card may be prepared and new
- 5 identification stamps may be issued therefor upon ap-
- 6 plication by the motor carrier and upon payment of the
- 7 same fee prescribed for the original issuance thereof.

## §24A-6A-13. Collection of state taxes and fees not affected.

- 1 Nothing in this article shall be construed to affect the
- 2 collection or method of collection of taxes or fees by this
- 3 state from motor carriers for the operation of vehicles
- 4 within the borders of this state.

## **CHAPTER 134**

(House Bill No. 803-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to compensation of commissioners for administering this chapter.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 6. DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF MOTOR CARRIERS SUBJECT TO REGULATION OF THE COMMISSION.

# §24A-6-6. Special annual assessment against motor carriers for expenses of administering chapter; "public service commission motor carrier fund."

1 In addition to the license fees, registration fees, or any 2 other taxes required by law to be collected from motor 3 carriers subject to this chapter, each such motor carrier 4 shall be subject to, and shall pay to the public service 5 commission, a special annual assessment for the purpose of paying the salaries, compensation, costs and expenses of administering and enforcing this chapter. All proceeds or funds derived from such assessment shall be paid into 9 the state treasury and credited to a special fund designated public service commission motor carrier fund, to 11 be appropriated as provided by law for the purposes 12 herein stated. Each member of the commission shall re-13 ceive a salary of five thousand five hundred dollars per 14 annum as compensation for the administration of this 15 chapter in addition to all other salary or compensation otherwise provided by law, to be paid in monthly install-16 ments from said fund. The special assessment against each 17 motor carrier shall be apportioned upon the number and 18 capacity of motor vehicles used by said carrier, computed 19 as hereinafter provided. 20

- (a) For each uniform identification card \$ 3.00
- 22 (b) Upon each power unit of such carriers of 23 property, in accordance with its capacity as rated 24 by its manufacturer, in addition to amount of sub-25 division (a):
- 26 Of one ton or less capacity \$9.00
- 27 Of over one to one and one-half tons capacity \_\_\_\_\_\_ 13.50
- 28 Of over one and one-half tons to two tons capacity \_ 18.00

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29	Of over two tons to three tons capacity	22.50
30	Of over three tons to four tons capacity	
31	Of over four tons to five tons capacity	
32	Of over five tons to six tons capacity	
33	Of over six tons to seven tons capacity	
34	Of over seven tons to eight tons capacity	
35	Of over eight tons to nine tons capacity	
36	Of over nine tons to ten tons capacity	
37	Of over ten tons capacity, \$54.00 plus \$4.50 for each	
38	additional ton of capacity in excess of ten tons.	
39	(c) Upon each trailer and semitrailer of such	
40	carriers of property, in accordance with its capacity	
41	as rated by its manufacturer, in an amount of two	
<b>42</b>	thirds of the amount provided for vehicles of its ca-	
43	pacity in subdivision (b) of this section.	
44	(d) Upon each power unit of such carriers of	
45	passengers, in accordance with the seating capacity	
46	thereof, in addition to amount in subdivision (a):	
47	Of ten passengers or less	\$13.50
48	Of eleven to twenty passengers, inclusive	22.50
49	Of twenty-one to thirty passengers, inclusive	31.50
50	Of thirty-one to forty passengers, inclusive	45.00
51	Of over forty passengers	54.00
52	(e) The annual assessment of each motor carrier	shall
53	be paid on or before the first day of July of each	year.
54	Additional assessments shall be collected upon the	plac-

- ing in use of any additional motor vehicle: Provided, That 55 56 such additional assessments shall be subject to a reduction in the amounts shown in subdivisions (b), (c), and (d) corresponding to the unexpired quarterly periods of the fiscal year, but shall not in any event be less than one fourth of such amount plus the sum of three dollars provided in subdivision (a).
- 62 (f) Upon payment by any motor carrier of the as-63 sessment provided for, the public service commission shall advise the department of motor vehicles by notice in writing that such assessment has been paid, where-65 66 upon the department of motor vehicles may issue motor 67 vehicle license for the vehicles described in said notice.
- 68 (g) Prior to the beginning of any fiscal year the public service commission, after taking into consideration

70 any unexpended balance in the motor carrier fund, the

71 probable receipts to be received in the ensuing fiscal year,

72 and the probable costs of administering and enforcing

73 this chapter for the ensuing fiscal year, may fix the

74 assessments provided for in this section for the ensuing

75 fiscal year in amounts which, in the commission's judg-

76 ment, will produce sufficient revenue to administer and

77 enforce this chapter for said fiscal year: Provided. That

78 in no event shall such assessments exceed the amounts

79 set up in this section.

## CHAPTER 135

(House Bill No. 802-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to remove from the office of state auditor and place in the public service commission the duty to impose and collect the special license fees payable by certain gas pipeline companies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYEES OF COMMISSION; COMPENSATION TO COMMISSIONERS; FUNDING.

## §24B-5-3. Funding; property and revenue license fees.

- 1 (a) Every pipeline company shall pay a special license
- 2 fee in addition to those now required by law. The amount
- 3 of such fees shall be fixed by the public service commis-
- 4 sion and levied by it upon each of such pipeline com-
- 5 panies according to the number of three inch equiva-

- 6 lent pipeline miles included in its pipeline facilities, 7 and shall be apportioned among such pipeline companies
- 8 upon the basis of the pipeline companies' reports sub-
- 9 mitted to the commission in such form as the commis-
- 10 sion may prescribe, so as to produce a revenue of not
- sion may prescribe, so as to produce a revenue of not
- 11 more than ninety thousand dollars per annum, which
- 12 fees shall be paid on or before the first day of July in
- 13 each year.
- 14 (b) Such sums collected under section six, article
- 15 four hereof and under subsection (a) of this section
- 16 shall be paid into the state treasury and kept as a
- 17 special fund, designated "public service commission gas
- 18 pipeline safety fund," to be appropriated as provided
- 19 by law for the purpose of paying the salaries of the
- 20 commission, as fixed by this chapter, its expenses and
- 21 salaries, compensation, costs and expenses of its em-
- 22 ployees. Any balance in said fund at the end of any
- 23 fiscal year shall not revert to the treasury, but shall
- 24 remain in said fund and may be appropriated as provided
- 25 in this subsection.

## **CHAPTER 136**

(Senate Bill No. 236-By Mr. Poffenbarger)

[Passed February 19, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article one, chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to summary proceedings on petition for sale, lease or mortgage of the estate of minors, insane persons, or convicts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article one, chapter thirty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 1. LANDS OF INFANTS, INSANE PERSONS, OR CON-VICTS, AND LANDS HELD IN TRUST.

# §37-1-11. Summary proceedings for sale, lease or mortgage; petition; notice.

1 In addition to the proceedings authorized by section 2 two of this article, the guardian of any minor, or the 3 committee of any insane person or convict, if he deem 4 that the interests of his ward or insane person or convict 5 will be promoted by a sale, lease or mortgage of, or trust 6 deed upon, his estate, or of any estate in which he with 7 others, infants or adults, is interested, whether the 8 estate of the minor, or insane person or convict, or of 9 any of the other persons interested, be absolute or limited. 10 and whether there be or be not limited thereon any other 11 estate, vested or contingent, may apply by petition, in a 12 summary way, to the circuit court, or to the judge thereof 13 in vacation, or to any court of concurrent jurisdiction 14 with the circuit court, or to the judge thereof in vaca-15 tion, or to any juvenile court, or to the judge thereof in 16 vacation, of the county in which the estate proposed to 17 be sold, leased, or encumbered, or some part thereof may 18 be, describing all the estate, real and personal, belonging 19 to the minor, or insane person or convict and setting forth plainly all the facts calculated to show the pro-20 priety of the sale, lease, mortgage, or deed of trust. The 21 petition shall be verified by the oath of the plaintiff, and 22 all persons interested shall be made defendants, and ten 23 days' notice shall be given to such defendants before such 24 petition can be heard: Provided, That any notice or 25 service required by this section to be made upon any 26 infant under fourteen years of age shall be made by 27 delivering a copy of such notice and petition to his guar-28 dian resident in this state; or, if there be no such guar-29 dian, then either to his father or mother if they be found. 30 If there is no such guardian and if the father or mother 31 cannot be found, service of such notice and petition shall 32 be made upon a guardian ad litem appointed in the 33 manner provided by law. 34

## CHAPTER 137

(House Bill No. 504-By Mr. Kopp and Mr. Buck)

[Passed February 15, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five, relating to safety glazing materials; definitions; labeling required; requiring safety glazing materials in hazardous locations; nonliability of employees; violations and penalties; effective date and prior contracts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. SAFETY GLAZING MATERIALS.

§47-5-1. Definitions.

§47-5-2. Labeling required.

\$47-5-3. Safety glazing materials required in hazardous locations. \$47-5-4. Nonliability of employees. \$47-5-5. Violations; penalties. \$47-5-6. Effective date; prior contracts.

#### §47-5-1. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- (a) "Fabricator" means a person who fabricates, 2
- assembles, or glazes from component parts such struc-
- tures or products commonly known as sliding glass doors,
- entrance doors, adjacent fixed glazed panels, storm doors, 5
- shower doors, bathtub enclosures, panels to be fixed
- glazed, entrance doors, or other structures to be glazed,
- to be used or installed in hazardous locations. 8
- 9 (b) "Hazardous locations" shall mean those areas in residential, commercial, and public buildings where the 10
- use of other than safety glazing materials would consti-11
- tute a hazard as the commissioner of the West Virginia 12
- department of labor may determine after notice and hear-13
- 14 ings as required by chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- and shall specifically include those installations, glazed 15
- 16 or unglazed, known as sliding glass doors, frame or un-

- 17 framed glass doors, and adjacent fixed glazed panels which
- 18 may be mistaken for a means of ingress or egress, storm
- 19 doors, shower doors, and tub enclosures whether or not
- 20 the glazing in such doors, panels, or enclosures is trans-
- 21 parent.
- 22 (c) "Installer" means those persons or concerns who 23 or which install glazing materials or build structures 24 containing glazing materials, in hazardous locations.
- 25 (d) "Manufacturer" means a person who manufac-26 tures safety glazing material.
- 27 "Safety glazing material" means any glazing ma-28 terial, such as tempered glass, laminated glass, wire glass 29 or rigid plastic, which meets the test requirements of 30 the American National Standards Institute Standard 31Z-97.1-1966 and such further requirements as may be 32 adopted by the department of labor in compliance with 33 chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia and 34 which are so constructed, treated or combined with other 35 materials as to minimize the likelihood of cutting and 36 piercing injuries resulting from human contact with glazing material.

## §47-5-2. Labeling required.

- 1 (a) Each light of safety glazing material manufac-2 tured, distributed, imported or sold for use in hazardous
- 3 locations or installed in a hazardous location within this
- 4 state shall be permanently labeled by such means as
- 5 etching, sandblasting or firing ceramic material on the
- 6 safety glazing material. The label shall identify the
- 7 labeler, whether manufacturer, fabricator or installer, 8 the thickness and type of safety glazing material, and the
- 9 fact that the material meets the test requirements of
- 10 American National Standards Institute Standard Z-97.1-
- 11 1966 and any further requirements as may be adopted
- 12 by the department of labor. The label must be legible
- 13 and visible after installation.
- 14 (b) Safety glazing labeling shall not be used on other 15 than safety glazing materials.

# §47-5-3. Safety glazing materials required in hazardous locations.

1 It shall be unlawful in this state to knowingly sell,

- 2 fabricate, assemble, glaze, install, consent or cause to be
- 3 installed glazing materials other than safety glazing
- 4 materials in, or for use in, any hazardous location: Pro-
- 5 vided, however, That this shall not apply to the replace-
- 6 ment of glazing materials in a residence constructed for
- 7 occupancy of not more than two families, which residence
- 8 is in existence on July first, one thousand nine hundred
- 9 seventy-one.

#### §47-5-4. Nonliability of employees.

- 1 No liability under this article is created for workmen
- 2 who are employees of a contractor, subcontractor or
- 3 other employer responsible for compliance with this
- 4 article.

### §47-5-5. Violations; penalties.

- 1 Whoever violates any of the provisions of this article
- 2 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
- 3 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more
- 4 than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county
- 5 jail not more than thirty days, or both fined and im-
- 6 prisoned.

#### §47-5-6. Effective date; prior contracts.

- 1 This article shall take effect on the first day of July, one
- 2 thousand nine hundred seventy-one. All contracts involv-
- 3 ing glazing materials entered into prior to the effective
- 4 date of this article shall not be affected by the provisions
- 5 of this article even if performance of the contract occurs
- 6 after the effective date.

# **CHAPTER 138**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 1038—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen, relating to prohibition of pyramid promotional schemes in the regulation of trade; restraining prohibited acts; criminal offenses; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 15. PYRAMID PROMOTIONAL SCHEME

- §47-15-1. Definitions. §47-15-2. Unlawful act. §47-15-3. Contracts void and unenforceable. §47-15-4. Restraining prohibited acts.
- §47-15-5. Criminal penalties.
- §47-15-6. Severability.

#### §47-15-1. Definitions.

- (a) "Pyramid promotional scheme" shall mean the 1
- organization of any chain letter club, pyramid club, or
- other group organized or brought together under any
- plan or device whereby fees or dues or anything of
- material value to be paid or given by members thereof
- are to be paid or given to any other member thereof,
- which plan or device includes any provision for the in-
- 8 crease in such membership through a chain process of
- 9 any members securing other new members and thereby
- advancing themselves in the group to a position where
- such members in turn receive fees, dues or things of 11
- 12 material value from other members.
- 13 (b) "Promote" or "promotion" shall mean the initia-14 tion, preparation, operation, advertisement, or the re-
- cruitment of any person or persons in the furtherance of
- 16 any pyramid promotional scheme as defined in subsection
- 17 (a) of this section.

## \$47-15-2. Unlawful act.

- 1 No person shall promote any pyramid promotional
- 2 scheme, either personally or through an agent or agents.

## §47-15-3. Contracts void and unenforceable.

- All contracts and agreements entered into after the 1
- 2 effective date of this article wherein the whole or any

- 3 part of the consideration of such contract or agreement
- 4 is given in exchange for the right to participate in any
- 5 pyramid promotional scheme are hereby declared to be
- 6 against public policy and are hereby declared to be void
- 7 and unenforceable.

### §47-15-4. Restraining prohibited acts.

- 1 The prosecuting attorney of any county or the attorney
- 2 general, or any person, may petition the circuit court
- 3 to enjoin the continued operation of any pyramid pro-
- 4 motional scheme as defined in this article. The procedure
- 5 in any such suit shall be the same as the procedure in
- 6 other suits for equitable relief, except that no bond shall
- 7 be required upon the granting of either a temporary or
- 8 permanent injunction therein, when such proceedings
- 8 permanent injunction therein, when such proceedings
- 9 are initiated by a prosecuting attorney of any county or
- 10 the attorney general.

### §47-15-5. Criminal penalties.

- 1 Any person who shall violate the provisions of this
- 2 article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon con-
- 3 viction thereof, shall be fined not less than three hundred
- 4 nor more than one thousand dollars, or confined in jail
- 5 for a period not to exceed six months, or both.

## §47-15-6. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article is declared unconstitu-
- 2 tional or the application thereof to any person or circum-
- 3 stance is held invalid, the constitutionality of the re-
- 4 mainder of the article and the applicability thereof to
- 5 other persons and circumstances shall not be affected
- 6 thereby.

# **CHAPTER 139**

(House Bill No. 618-By Mr. Seibert and Mr. Dinsmore)

[Passed February 26, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty, article four, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thou-

sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to highway contractors' bonds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article four, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 4. STATE ROAD SYSTEM

#### §17-4-20. Bidder's bond required; return or forfeiture of bond.

In any case where a contract for work and materials 2 shall be let as a result of competitive bidding, the successful bidder shall promptly and within twenty days after notice of award execute a formal contract to be approved as to its form, terms and conditions by the commissioner, and shall also execute and deliver to the 7 commissioner a good and sufficient surety or collateral bond, payable to the state of West Virginia, to be ap-9 proved by the commissioner, in such amount as the com-10 missioner may require, but not to exceed the contract 1.1 price, conditioned that such contractor shall well and 12 truly perform his contract and shall pay in full to the 13 persons entitled thereto for all material, gas, oil, repairs, 14 supplies, tires, equipment, rental charges for equipment 15 and charges for the use of equipment, and labor used by 16 him in and about the performance of such contract, or 17 which reasonably appeared, at the time of delivery or 18 performance, would be substantially consumed in and 19 about the performance of such contract. An action either 20 at law or in equity, may be maintained upon such bond for breach thereof by any person for whose benefit the 21 same was executed or by his assignee. The bidder who 22 23 has the contract awarded to him and who fails within 24 twenty days after notice of the award to execute the 25 required contract and bond shall forfeit such check or 26 bond, and the check or bond shall be taken and con-27 sidered as liquidated damages and not as a penalty for 28 failure of such bidder to execute such contract and bond. Upon the execution of such contract and bond by the 29 successful bidder his check or bond shall be returned to 30 31 him. The checks or bonds of the unsuccessful bidders 32 shall be returned to them promptly after the bids are

- 33 opened and the contract awarded to the successful bidder.
- 34 A duplicate copy of such contract and bond shall be
- 35 furnished by the commissioner of highways in loose-leaf
- 36 form, to the clerk of the county court of the county in
- 37 which such contract is to be performed and it shall be
- 38 the duty of the clerk to bind and preserve the same in
- 39 his office, and index the same in the name of the com-
- 40 missioner and of the contractor.

# **CHAPTER 140**

(House Bill No. 744-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the issuance and sale by the governor of bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority of the Roads Development Amendment of 1968, in an amount not exceeding ninety million dollars during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, for the sole purpose of raising funds for the building and construction of free state roads and highways as provided for by the constitution and the laws enacted thereunder; specifying the powers of and limitations upon the governor in the issuance and sale of such bonds; prescribing the duties of the auditor and treasurer with respect to such bonds; providing for redemption; providing for transfer and registration fees with respect to registered bonds and the disposition of such fees; providing for places of payment of principal and interest on such bonds; exempting such bonds from taxation by the state, or by any county, district, or municipality thereof; setting forth the form of coupon and registered bonds and coupons; stating what moneys shall be paid into the state road sinking fund; providing for the disposition and investment of the state road sinking fund; providing a covenant between the state and the bondholders; providing that the proceeds from the sale of the bonds shall be paid into a separate and distinct account

in the state road fund and for expenditures from such account: providing that the plates, etc., from which the bonds are produced or made shall be the property of the state; providing for interim certificates in lieu of permanent bonds; providing for the state treasurer to be financial advisor; providing for the attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel; and providing that all necessary expenses, including legal expenses approved by the attorney general, incurred in the execution of this act shall be paid out of the state road fund on warrants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state treasurer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ROAD BONDS.

Road bonds: amount: when may issue.

- Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest rate; tax exempt.
- §3. Form of bond.
- Form of coupon.

Listing by auditor.

§6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.

§7. Covenants of state.

§8. Sale by governor; minimum price.

**89**. Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expendi-§10. Plates, etc., property of state. §11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds. §12. Interim certificates.

- §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds. §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.
- §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

### §1. Road bonds; amount; when may issue.

- 1 Bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority
- of the Roads Development Amendment of 1968, of the
- par value not to exceed ninety million dollars during
- the fiscal year ending June thirty, one thousand nine
- hundred seventy-two, are hereby authorized to be issued
- and sold for the sole purpose of raising funds for the
- building and construction of free state roads and high-
- ways as provided for by the constitution and the laws
- enacted thereunder. Such bonds may be issued by the
- 10 governor in such amounts, in coupons or registered
- 11 form, in such denominations, at such time, bearing such
- date or dates, as the governor may determine, based upon

an examination of the West Virginia department of high-13 ways' yearly program which justifies the issuance by the 14 governor of said bonds, and shall become due and payable 15 serially, annually or semiannually, in such amounts and 16 17 mature in such years as the governor may determine: Provided, That such bonds shall mature within and not 18 exceeding twenty-five years from their date: Provided 19 further, That the governor shall not offer for sale more 20

than thirty million dollars of bonds at any one time 21 and, in the event said amount of bonds are sold, no 22

other bonds shall be offered for sale until the expiration 23

24 of ninety days from the date the bonds were first offered

25 for sale.

#### Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest **§2.** rate; tax exempt.

The auditor and the treasurer are hereby authorized 1 2 to arrange for the transfer of registered bonds and for each such transfer a fee of fifty cents shall be charged by and paid to the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the state road sinking fund. Bonds taken in exchange shall be cancelled by the auditor and treasurer and be carefully preserved by the treasurer. The treasurer shall make provisions for registering "payable to bearer" bond and for each bond registered a fee of fifty cents shall 10 likewise be charged by and paid to the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the state road sinking fund. All 11 such bonds shall be payable at the office of the trea-12 surer of the state of West Virginia, or, at the option of the 13 holder, at a bank in the city of New York to be designated by the governor, or, at the option of the holder at such other bank or banks, within or without the 16 state, as may be designated or approved by the gov-17 ernor. The bonds shall bear interest, payable semi-18 annually, to bearer, at the office of the treasurer of the 19 state of West Virginia, at the capitol of the state, or 20 at the banks designated and approved by the governor, 21 upon presentation and surrender of interest coupons, 22 then due, in the case of coupon bonds. For the payment 23 of interest on registered bonds, the treasurer of the 24 state of West Virginia shall requisition a warrant from 25

the auditor of the state to be drawn on the state treasurer, and shall mail such warrant to the registered 27 28 owner at the address as shown by the record of registration. Both the principal and interest of the bonds 29 shall be payable in lawful money of the United States 30 31 of America and the bonds shall be exempt from taxation 32 by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, district or municipality thereof, which facts shall appear 33 on the face of the bonds as part of the contract with the 34 35 holder thereof.

### §3. Form of bond.

11

12

The bonds shall be executed on behalf of the state of West Virginia, by the manual or facsimile signature of the treasurer thereof, under the great seal of the state or a facsimile thereof, and countersigned by the manual or facsimile signature of the auditor of the state:

Provided, That one of said signatures on said bonds shall be a manual signature and said bonds shall be in the following form or to the following effect, as nearly as may be, namely:

#### 10 COUPON ROAD BOND

(Or registered road bond, as the case may be)

#### OF THE

## 13 STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

No..... 14 15 The state of West Virginia, under and by virtue of authority of an amendment to the constitution, which was 16 proposed by Senate Joint Resolution No. 2, adopted 17 the eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred 18 sixty-eight, and was ratified by a vote of the people at 19 the general election on the fifth day of November, one 20 thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, which is hereby 21made a part hereof as fully as if set forth at length 22 23 herein, acknowledges itself to be indebted to and hereby promises to pay to the bearer hereof (in case of a coupon 24 bond) or to \_\_\_\_\_ or assigns (the 25 owner of record, in case of registered bonds) on the 26 \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, in 27 lawful money of the United States of America at the

29	office of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia at
30	the capitol of said state, or, at
31	bank in the city of New York, or, at
32	bank, at the option of the holder, the sum of
33	dollars, with interest thereon at per
34	centum per annum from the date, payable semiannually
35	in like lawful money of the United States of America
36	at the treasurer's office or banks aforesaid, on the first
37	day of and the first day of
38	of each year (and in the case of coupon bonds) according
39	to the tenor of the annexed coupons bearing the fac-
<b>4</b> 0	simile signature of the treasurer of the state of West
41	Virginia, upon surrender of such coupons. This bond
<b>4</b> 2	(in case of a coupon bond) may be exchanged for a
43	registered bond of like tenor upon application to the
44	treasurer of the state of West Virginia.
45	(Redemption provisions, if any, to be inserted here)
46	To secure the payment of the principal and interest of
47	this bond, the state of West Virginia covenants and
48	agrees with the holder as follows: (1) That this bond
49	shall constitute a direct and general obligation of the
50	state of West Virginia; (2) that the full faith and credit
51	of the state is pledged to secure the payment of the
52	principal and interest of this bond; (3) that an annual
<b>53</b>	state tax shall be collected in an amount sufficient to
<b>54</b>	pay as it may accrue the interest on this bond and the
55	principal thereof; and (4) that such tax shall be levied
56	in any year only to the extent that the moneys in the
57	state road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated
58	for and applied to the payment of the interest on and
59	principal of this bond becoming due and payable in such
60	year are insufficient therefor.
61	This bond is hereby made exempt from any taxation
<b>6</b> 2	by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, dis-
63	trict, or municipal corporation thereof.
64	In testimony whereof, witness the manual or facsimile
65	signature of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia,
66	and the manual or facsimile countersignature of the
67	auditor of the state, hereto affixed according to law,
68	dated the, one

thousand nine hundred ....., and

70 71	the seal of the state of West Virginia or a facsimile thereof.
72	·
73	Treasurer of the State of West Virginia
74	
75	Countersigned:
76	***************************************
77	Auditor of the State of West Virginia
<b>§4.</b>	Form of coupon.
1	The form of coupon shall be substantially as follows,
2	to wit:
3	STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
4	Bond No Coupon No
5	On the first day of, 19,
6	the state of West Virginia will pay to the bearer, in
7	lawful money of the United States of America, at the
8	office of the treasurer of the state, or, at
9	bank in the city of New York, or, at,
10	at the option of the holder, the sum of
11	dollars, the same being semiannual interest on Road
12 13	Bond No.
14	Treasurer of the State of West Virginia
15	The signature of the treasurer to such coupon shall
16	be by his facsimile signature and the coupons shall be
17	numbered in the order of their maturity, from number
18	one consecutively. The bonds and coupons may be signed,
19	as provided in this act, by the present treasurer and
20	auditor, or by any of their respective successors in office,
21	and the bonds signed by the persons now in the office
22	may be sold by the governor or his successor in office
23	without being signed by the successor in office of the
24	present treasurer or auditor.
<b>§5</b> .	Listing by auditor.
1	All coupons and registered bonds issued under this
2	act shall be separately listed by the auditor of the state
3	in books provided for the purpose, in each case giving the date, number, character and amount of obligations
4 5	issued, and in case of registered bonds, the name and
~	

- 6 post-office address of the person, firm or corporation 7 registered as the owner thereof.
- §6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.
  - 1 Into the state road sinking fund there shall be paid 2 all money from any and all appropriations made by the
  - 3 state from the state road fund for the purpose of paying
  - 4 the interest on such bonds or paying off and retiring
  - 5 the bonds, from transfer and registration fees as herein
  - 6 provided, and from any other source whatsoever which
  - 7 is made liable by law for the payment of the principal
  - 8 of such bonds or the interest thereon.
  - 9 All such funds shall be kept by the treasurer in a 10 separate account, under the designation aforesaid, and 11 all moneys belonging to the fund shall be deposited in
  - 12 the state treasury to the credit thereof.
  - Such fund shall be applied by the treasurer of the state first to the payment of the semiannual interest on
  - 15 such bonds as it shall become due as herein provided.
  - 16 The remainder of the fund shall be turned over by
  - 17 the state treasurer to the state sinking fund commission,
  - 18 whose duty it shall be to invest the same in obligations
  - 19 of the government of the United States, bonds of the
  - 20 state of West Virginia, or any political subdivision
  - 21 thereof: Provided, That bonds or other obligations so
  - 22 purchased by the state sinking fund commission shall
  - 23 mature so as to provide sufficient money to pay off all
  - 24 bonds herein provided to be issued as they become due;
  - 25 and the money so paid into the state road sinking fund
  - 26 under the provisions of this act shall be expended for
  - 27 the purpose of paying the interest and principal of the
  - 28 bonds hereby provided for as they severally become
  - 29 due and payable and for no other purpose except that
- 30 the fund may be invested until needed, as herein pro-
- 31 vided.

#### §7. Covenants of state.

- 1 The state of West Virginia covenants and agrees with
- 2 the holders of the bonds issued pursuant hereto as fol-

3 lows: (1) That such bonds shall constitute a direct 4 and general obligation of the state of West Virginia; (2) that the full faith and credit of the state is hereby 6 pledged to secure the payment of the principal and in-7 terest of such bonds; (3) that an annual state tax shall 8 be collected in an amount sufficient to pay as it may accrue the interest on such bonds and the principal 10 thereof; and (4) that such tax shall be levied in any 11 year only to the extent that the moneys in the state 12 road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated for 13 and applied to the payment of the interest on and principal of said bonds becoming due and payable in such 14 15 year are insufficient therefor.

#### §8. Sale by governor; minimum price.

1 The governor shall sell the bonds herein authorized at such time or times as he may determine necessary to provide funds for the building and construction of free state roads and highways, as herein provided, upon the recommendation of the West Virginia commissioner of highways, and after reviewing the program of the West Virginia department of highways and subject to the limitations contained in this act. All sales shall be at not less 8 than par and accrued interest. All interest coupons be-9 coming payable prior to the sale date shall be cancelled 10 by the treasurer and rendered ineffective, before the 11 12 delivery of the bonds so sold.

# §9. Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expenditures.

The proceeds of all sales of bonds herein authorized 1 shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in the state road fund and shall be used and appropriated solely 3 for the building and construction of free state roads and highways provided for by the state constitution and 5 the laws enacted thereunder. Except for such sums necessary for current operating balances, such account shall be invested and reinvested in short-term obligations of the United States treasury: Provided, That no 9 such investment or reinvestment shall adversely affect 10 the current operating balances of such account. 11

#### §10. Plates, etc., property of state.

- 1 The plates, casts, dies or other forms from which the
- 2 bonds authorized by this act are produced or made shall
- 3 be the property of the state of West Virginia.

#### §11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.

- 1 The state auditor shall be the custodian of all unsold
- 2 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.

## §12. Interim certificates.

- 1 The governor may authorize the issuance of interim
- 2 certificates to be issued to the purchasers of such bonds
- 3 to be held by them in lieu of permanent bonds. When
- 4 interim certificates are so issued, they shall become full
- 5 and legal obligations of the state of West Virginia under
- 6 all of the provisions of this act just as fully and completely
- 7 as the permanent bonds.

# §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.

- 1 The state treasurer shall serve as financial advisor to
- 2 the governor for the issuance and sale of such bonds. In
- 3 addition to his other duties, the state treasurer may pro-
- 4 vide in the bond resolution and on the face of the bonds
- 5 that said bonds are subject to redemption prior to ma-
- 6 turity, the redemption price, the redemption date, and
- 7 the manner in which the bonds shall be redeemed.

# §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.

- 1 The attorney general, or his duly appointed legal rep-
- 2 resentative, shall serve as bond counsel and shall be
- 3 responsible for the issuance of a final approving opinion
- 4 regarding the legality of the sale of such bonds.

## §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

- 1 All necessary expenses, including legal expenses ap-
- 2 proved by the attorney general, incurred in the execution
- 3 of this act shall be paid out of state road fund on war-
- 4 rants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state
- 5 treasurer.

# CHAPTER 141

(House Bill No. 759-By Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the issuance and sale by the governor of bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority of the Better Roads Amendment of 1964, in an amount not exceeding twenty million dollars during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventytwo, for the sole purpose of raising funds for the building and construction of state roads and highways as provided for by the constitution and the laws enacted thereunder: specifying the powers of and limitations upon the governor in the issuance and sale of such bonds; prescribing the duties of the auditor and treasurer with respect to such bonds; providing for redemption; providing for transfer and registration fees with respect to registered bonds and the disposition of such fees; providing for places of payment of principal and interest on such bonds; exempting such bonds from taxation by the state, or by any county, district, or municipality thereof; setting forth the form of coupon and registered bonds and coupons; stating what moneys shall be paid into the state road sinking fund: providing for the disposition and investment of the state road sinking fund; providing a covenant between the state and the bondholders; providing that the proceeds from the sale of the bonds shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in the state road fund and for expenditures from such account; providing that the plates, etc., from which the bonds are produced or made shall be the property of the state; providing for interim certificates in lieu of permanent bonds; providing for the state treasurer to be financial advisor; providing for the attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel; and providing that all necessary expenses, including legal expenses approved by the attorney general, incurred in the execution of this act shall be paid out of the state road fund on warrants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state treasurer.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ROAD BONDS.

- Road bonds; amount; when may issue.
- Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest rate; tax exempt.
- Form of bond. Form of coupon.
- Listing by auditor.
  State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.
- Covenants of state.
- §7. §8. Sale by governor; minimum price.
- Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expendi-

- \$10. Plates, etc., property of state.
  \$11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.
  \$12. Interim certificates.
  \$13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.
  \$14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.
- §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

#### §1. Road bonds; amount; when may issue.

- Bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority 1
- of the Better Roads Amendment of 1964, of the par
- value not to exceed twenty million dollars during the
- fiscal year ending June thirty, one thousand nine hun-
- dred seventy-two, are hereby authorized to be issued
- and sold for the sole purpose of raising funds for the
- building and construction of state roads and high-
- ways as provided for by the constitution and the laws
- enacted thereunder. Such bonds may be issued by the
- governor in such denominations, at such time, bearing 10
- such date or dates as the governor may determine, 11
- based upon an examination of the West Virginia 12
- department of highways' yearly program which jus-13
- tifies the issuance by the governor of said bonds, and 14
- shall become due and payable serially, annually 15
- or semiannually, in such amounts and mature in 16
- such years as the governor may determine: Provided, 17
- That such bonds shall mature within and not exceed-18
- ing twenty-five years from their date.

## §2. Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest rate: tax exempt.

- The auditor and the treasurer are hereby authorized
- 2 to arrange for the transfer of registered bonds and for

3 each such transfer a fee of fifty cents shall be charged 4 by and paid to the state of West Virginia, to the credit 5 of the state road sinking fund. Bonds taken in exchange 6 shall be cancelled by the auditor and treasurer and be carefully preserved by the treasurer. The treasurer 8 shall make provisions for registering "payable to bearer" bonds, and for each bond registered a fee of fifty cents, shall likewise be charged by and paid to the state of 10 11 West Virginia, to the credit of the state road sinking 12 fund. All such bonds shall be payable at the office of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, or, at the 13 14 option of the holder, at a bank in the city of New York to be designated by the governor, or, at the option 15 of the holder at such other bank or banks, within or 17 without the state, as may be designated or approved by the governor. The bonds shall bear interest, pay-18 able semiannually, to bearer, at the office of the treasurer 19 of the state of West Virginia, at the capitol of the state, 20 21 or at the banks designated and approved by the governor, 22 upon presentation and surrender of interest coupons then 23 due, in the case of coupon bonds. For the payment of interest on registered bonds, the treasurer of the 24 state of West Virginia shall requisition a warrant from 25 the auditor of the state to be drawn on the state trea-26 surer, and shall mail such warrant to the registered 27 28 owner at the address as shown by the record of registration. Both the principal and interest of the bonds shall 29 30 be made payable in lawful money of the United States 31 of America and the bonds shall be exempt from taxation 32 by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, district, or municipality thereof, which facts shall appear 33 34 on the face of the bonds as part of the contract with 35 the holder thereof.

## §3. Form of bond.

The bonds shall be executed on behalf of the state of West Virginia, by the manual or facsimile signature of the treasurer thereof, under the great seal of the state or a facsimile thereof, and countersigned by the manual or facsimile signature of the auditor of the state: *Provided*, That one of said signatures on said bonds shall be a man-

<b>7</b> 8	ual signature and said bonds shall be in the following form or to the following effect, as nearly as may be, namely:
9	COUPON ROAD BOND
10 11	(Or registered road bond, as the case may be) OF THE
12	STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
13	\$No
14 15 16 17 18	The state of West Virginia, under and by virtue of authority of an amendment to the constitution, which was proposed by House Joint Resolution No. 10, adopted the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and was ratified by a vote of the people
19	at the general election on the third day of November,
20	one thousand nine hundred sixty-four, which is here-
21	by made a part hereof as fully as if set forth at length
22	herein, acknowledges itself to be indebted to and hereby
23 24	promises to pay to the bearer hereof (in case of a coupon bond) or to
2 <del>5</del>	of record, in case of registered bonds) on theday
26	of, 19, in lawful money of the
27	United States of America at the office of the treasurer
28	of the state of West Virginia at the capitol of said state,
29	or, at bank in the city of
30	New York, or, at bank, at the
31	option of the holder, the sum of dollars,
32 33	with interest thereon at per centum per annum
აა 34	from the date, payable semiannually in like lawful money of the United States of America at the treasurer's office
35	or banks aforesaid, on the first day of and
36	the first day of of each year (and in
37	the case of coupon bonds) according to the tenor of
38	the annexed coupons bearing the facsimile signature
39	of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, upon sur-
<b>4</b> 0	render of such coupons. This bond (in case of a coupon
41	bond) may be exchanged for a registered bond of like
42	tenor upon application to the treasurer of the state of
43 44	West Virginia. (Redemption provisions, if any, to be inserted here)
45 46	To secure the payment of the principal and interest of this bond, the state of West Virginia covenants and

agrees with the holder as follows: (1) That this bond 47 shall constitute a direct and general obligation of the 48 state of West Virginia; (2) that the full faith and credit 49 of the state is pledged to secure the payment of the 50 principal and interest of this bond; (3) that an annual 51 state tax shall be collected in an amount sufficient to 52 pay as it may accrue the interest on this bond and the 53 54 principal thereof; and (4) that such tax shall be levied in any year only to the extent that the moneys in the 55 state road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated 56 for and applied to the payment of the interest on and 57 principal of this bond becoming due and payable in such 58 year are insufficient therefor. 59 60 This bond is hereby made exempt from any taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, 61 district, or municipal corporation thereof. 62 63 In testimony whereof, witness the manual or facsimile signature of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia. 64 and the manual or facsimile countersignature of the auditor of the state, hereto affixed according to law, 66 dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand 67 nine hundred \_\_\_\_\_, and the seal of the state of 68 West Virginia or a facsimile thereof. 69 70 71 Treasurer of the State of West Virginia 72 (SEAL) 73 Countersigned: 74 Auditor of the State of West Virginia 75 §4. Form of coupon. The form of coupon shall be substantially as follows, 1 2 to wit: STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA 3 Coupon No. \_\_\_\_ 4 Bond No. .... On the first day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_, the state 5 of West Virginia will pay to the bearer, in lawful money of the United States of America, at the office of the treasurer of the state, or, at \_\_\_\_\_ bank in the city of New York, or, at ....., at the 9

option of the holder, the sum of

dollars, the same being semiannual interest on Road 11 12 Bond No.

13

Treasurer of the State of West Virginia

14 15 The signature of the treasurer to such coupon shall be by his facsimile signature and the coupons shall be 16 numbered in the order of their maturity, from number 17 18 one consecutively. The bonds and coupons may be signed, as provided in this act, by the present treasurer 19 and auditor, or by any of their respective successors 20 in office, and the bonds signed by the persons now in 21 22 the office may be sold by the governor or his successor in office without being signed by the successor in office 23 of the present treasurer or auditor. 24

### **§5.** Listing by auditor.

1 All coupons and registered bonds issued under this act shall be separately listed by the auditor of the state in books provided for the purpose, in each case giving the date, number, character and amount of obligations issued, and in case of registered bonds, the name and post-office address of the person, firm or corporation registered as the owner thereof.

## §6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.

1 Into the state road sinking fund there shall be paid 2 all money from any and all appropriations made by the state from the state road fund for the purpose of 3 paying the interest on such bonds or paying off and 4 retiring the bonds, from transfer and registration fees 5 as herein provided, and from any other source what-6 soever which is made liable by law for the payment 7 8 of the principal of such bonds or the interest thereon. 9

All such funds shall be kept by the treasurer in a 10 separate account, under the designation aforesaid, and all money belonging to the fund shall be deposited in 11 12 the state treasury to the credit thereof.

13 Such fund shall be applied by the treasurer of the state first to the payment of the semiannual interest 14 on such bonds as it shall become due as herein pro-

vided. The remainder of the fund shall be turned over by the state treasurer to the state sinking fund com-17 mission, whose duty it shall be to invest the same in obligations of the government of the United States. 19 20 bonds of the state of West Virginia, or any political subdivision thereof: Provided, That bonds or other obli-21 gations so purchased by the state sinking fund commis-22 23 sion shall mature so as to provide sufficient money to pay off all bonds herein provided to be issued as they 24 become due; and the money so paid into the state road 25 sinking fund under the provisions of this act shall be 26 27 expended for the purpose of paying the interest and principal of the bonds hereby provided for as they 28 severally become due and payable and for no other 29 30 purpose except that the fund may be invested until needed, as herein provided. 31

#### §7. Covenants of state.

The state of West Virginia covenants and agrees with 1 the holders of the bonds issued pursuant hereto as follows: (1) That such bonds shall constitute a direct and general obligation of the state of West Virginia; (2) that the full faith and credit of the state is hereby pledged 5 to secure the payment of the principal and interest of such bonds; (3) that an annual state tax shall be collected in an amount sufficient to pay as it may accrue the interest on such bonds and the principal thereof; 10 and (4) that such tax shall be levied in any year only to the extent that the moneys in the state road fund 11 12 irrevocably set aside and appropriated for and applied 13 to the payment of the interest on and principal of said 14 bonds becoming due and payable in such year are in-15 sufficient therefor.

## §8. Sale by governor; minimum price.

The governor shall sell the bonds herein authorized at such time or times as he may determine necessary to provide funds for the building and construction of state roads and highways, as herein provided, upon the recommendation of the West Virginia commissioner of highways, and after reviewing the program of the West

- 7 Virginia department of highways and subject to the limi-
- 8 tations contained in this act. All sales shall be at not less
- 9 than par and accrued interest. All interest coupons becom-
- 10 ing payable prior to the sale date shall be cancelled
- 11 by the treasurer and rendered ineffective, before the
- 12 delivery of the bonds so sold.

# §9. Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expenditures.

- 1 The proceeds of all sales of bonds herein authorized
- 2 shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in
- 3 the state road fund and shall be used and appropri-
- 4 ated solely for the building and construction of state
- 5 roads and highways provided for by the state consti-
- 6 tution and the laws enacted thereunder. Except for
- 7 such sums necessary for current operating balances,
- 8 such account shall be invested and reinvested in short-
- 9 term obligations of the United States treasury: Provided,
- 10 That no such investment or reinvestment shall adversely
- 11 affect the current operating balances of such account.

## §10. Plates, etc., property of state.

- 1 The plates, casts, dies or other forms from which the
- 2 bonds authorized by this act are produced or made shall
- 3 be the property of the state of West Virginia.

#### \$11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.

- 1 The state auditor shall be the custodian of all unsold
- 2 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.

#### §12. Interim certificates.

- 1 The governor may authorize the issuance of interim
- 2 certificates to be issued to the purchasers of such bonds
- 3 to be held by them in lieu of permanent bonds. When
- 4 interim certificates are so issued, they shall become full
- 5 and legal obligations of the state of West Virginia under
- 6 all of the provisions of this act just as fully and completely
- 7 as the permanent bonds.

# §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.

- 1 The state treasurer shall serve as financial advisor to
- 2 the governor for the issuance and sale of such bonds.

- 3 In addition to his other duties, the state treasurer may
- 4 provide in the bond resolution and on the face of the
- 5 bonds that said bonds are subject to redemption prior
- 6 to maturity, the redemption price, the redemption date,
- 7 and the manner in which the bonds shall be redeemed.

#### §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.

- 1 The attorney general, or his duly appointed legal
- 2 representative, shall serve as bond counsel and shall be
- 3 responsible for the issuance of a final approving opinion
- 4 regarding the legality of the sale of such bonds.

#### §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

- All necessary expenses, including legal expenses ap-
- 2 proved by the attorney general, incurred in the execu-
- 3 tion of this act shall be paid out of state road fund on
- 4 warrants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state
- 5 treasurer.

# CHAPTER 142

(Senate Bill No. 257-By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to travel expenses, out-of-state travel rules and regulations, payment of dues or membership in organizations, recruitment expenses for the West Virginia board of regents, and moving expenses of employees of the West Virginia board of regents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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#### ARTICLE 3. APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES.

§12-3-11. Travel expense; rules to be promulgated concerning same; dues to voluntary organizations; recruitment expenses for West Virginia board of regents; moving expenses of employees of West Virginia board of regents.

1 The governor shall promulgate rules and regulations concerning out-of-state travel by state officials and employees, except those in the legislative and judicial 3 branches of the state government and except for the attorney general, auditor, secretary of state, treasurer and commissioner of agriculture and their employees. The Legislature, the supreme court of appeals and the at-7 torney general, auditor, secretary of state, treasurer and 9 commissioner of agriculture shall promulgate rules and regulations concerning out-of-state travel for their re-10 11 spective branches and departments of state government. Copies of such rules and regulations shall be filed with 12 the auditor, and the secretary of state. It shall be unlaw-13 ful for the auditor to issue a warrant in payment of 14 any claim for out-of-state travel expenses incurred by 15 a state officer or employee unless such claim meets all 16 the requirements of the rules and regulations so filed. 17 Payment for dues or membership in annual or other 18 19 20 21

voluntary organizations shall be made from the proper item or appropriation after an itemized schedule of such organizations, together with the amount of such dues or membership, has been submitted to the budget director and approved by the governor.

It shall be lawful for the West Virginia board of regents to authorize the payment of traveling expenses incurred by any person invited to visit the campus of any state institution of higher education or any other facility under control of the board to be interviewed concerning his possible employment by the board or agent thereof.

It shall be lawful for the West Virginia board of regents to authorize payment of: (1) All or part of the reasonable expense incurred by a person newly em-32ployed by the board in moving his household furniture. 33 effects and immediate family to his place of employment:

- 35 and (2) all or part of the reasonable expense incurred
- 36 by an employee of the board in moving his household
- 37 furniture, effects and immediate family as a result of
- 38 a reassignment of the employee which is considered de-
- 39 sirable, advantageous to and in the best interest of the
- 40 state: Provided, That no part of the moving expenses
- 41 of any one such employee shall be paid more frequently
- 42 than once in twelve months.

# **CHAPTER 143**

(Senate Bill No. 101-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Palumbo)

[Passed February 24, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and three, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to composition, terms of office, and compensation of state board of education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and three, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-2-1. Creation; composition; appointemnt, qualifications, terms and removal of members; offices.
- §18-2-3. Meetings; compensation and expenses of members.

# §18-2-1. Creation; composition; appointment, qualifications, terms and removal of members; offices.

- 1 There shall be a state board of education, to be known
- 2 as the West Virginia board of education, which shall be
- 3 a corporation and as such may contract and be contracted
- 4 with, plead and be impleaded, sue and be sued, and have
- 5 and use a common seal. The state board shall consist of
- 6 eleven members, of whom one shall be the state superin-
- 7 tendent of schools, ex officio, and one of whom shall be the

chancellor of the board of regents, ex officio, neither of 9 whom shall be entitled to vote. The other nine members 10 shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by 11 and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for over-12 lapping terms of nine years, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of one, two, three, four, five, 13 six, seven, eight and nine years, respectively. Terms of of-14 15 fice shall begin on the fifth day of November of the appro-16 priate year and end on the fourth day of November of the appropriate year. At least two but not more than three mem-17 18 bers shall be appointed from each congressional district. 19 No more than five of the appointive members shall 20 belong to the same political party, and no person shall be 21 eligible for appointment to membership on the state board who is a member of any political party executive 22 23 committee or holds any other public office or public em-24 ployment under the federal government or under the gov-25 ernment of this state or any of its political subdivisions. 26 or who is an appointee or employee of the board. Mem-27 bers shall be eligible for reappointment. Any vacancy on 28 the board shall be filled by the governor by appointment 29 for the unexpired term.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article six, chapter six of this code, no member of the state board may be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, or gross immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal by the governor of state elective officers.

Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a member of the state board, each member shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia, the certificate whereof shall be filed with the secretary of state. A suitable office in the state department of education at the state capitol shall be provided for the use of the state board.

# §18-2-3. Meetings; compensation and expenses of members.

The state board shall hold at least six meetings in every year at such times and places as it may prescribe. It may

meet at such other times as may be necessary, such meetings to be held upon its own resolution or at the call of the president of the state board. The members of the state board, other than the ex officio members of the board, shall be paid fifty dollars per diem each day or any part thereof spent in the performance of their duties under this article, and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred incident to the performance of their duties. The state superintendent of schools and the chancellor of the board of regents shall be reimbursed for such expenses, but shall not receive a per diem allowance. Upon presentation of itemized sworn statements, the per diem and reimbursement payments shall be made from appropriations made by the Legislature to the state board.

# **CHAPTER 144**

(Senate Bill No. 104-By Mr. McKown and Mr. Hubbard)

[Passed February 24, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools inside and outside this state; requiring permits in connection therewith; providing certain exemptions from the permit requirements; providing that the West Virginia board of education may refuse the granting of such exemptions; providing for annual reports to the West Virginia board of education by correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools located in this state; providing that permits shall be valid for one year; providing for the issuance of permits upon the furnishing of a surety bond; providing for the revocation of a permit for the failure of a school to fulfill its contract with one or more students, or for viola-

tion or failure to comply with any provisions of law or with any regulations of the West Virginia board of education; providing that a permit is not approval or accreditation of course or school; prohibiting actions by any such school to recover for services where there was no valid permit; authorizing enforcement by attorney general or prosecuting attorney; and providing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-2-10. Permits required for certain correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools; reports, issuance, renewal and revocation of permits; penalty and enforcement.
  - 1 Except for persons representing correspondence, occu-
  - 2 pational and trade schools that are members of nationally
  - 3 recognized accrediting associations approved by the West
  - 4 Virginia board of education, and for persons representing
  - 5 business schools that are members of the West Virginia
  - 6 association of business schools and are also members of
  - 7 the national association and council of business schools,
  - 8 it shall be unlawful for any person representing a corre-
  - 9 spondence, business, occupational or trade school inside
  - 10 or outside this state to solicit, sell or offer to sell courses
  - 11 of instruction to any resident of this state for considera-
  - 12 tion or remuneration unless he first obtains a permit from
  - 13 the West Virginia board of education in the manner and
  - 14 on the terms herein prescribed.
  - 15 All schools whose representatives are exempted from
  - 16 the requirement of a permit under this section shall, be-
  - 17 fore recruiting any students in West Virginia, secure
  - 18 authorization from the state board of education. The board
  - 19 may refuse authorization to any such school, regardless of
  - 20 that school's membership in any accrediting association, if
  - 21 the board has reason to believe that the school engages in

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practices which are inconsistent with this section or with rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto.

All correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools located in this state, including those schools whose representatives are not required to secure permits under this section, shall make annual reports to the state board of education, on forms furnished by the board, providing such appropriate information as the board reasonably may require.

The application for a permit shall be made on forms to be furnished by the board. The application shall be accompanied by a fee of five dollars and by a surety bond in the penal sum of one thousand dollars. Such bond may be continuous and shall be conditioned to provide indemnification to any student suffering loss as a result of any fraud or misrepresentation used in procuring his enrollment. The bond may be given by the representative of a school or by the school itself as a blanket bond covering all of its representatives in the amount of one thousand dollars each. The surety on any such bond may cancel the same upon giving thirty days' notice in writing to the principal on said bond and to the state board of education and thereafter shall be relieved of liability for any breach of condition occurring after the effective date of said cancellation.

A permit shall be valid for one year from the date on which it is issued, and, upon application, accompanied by a fee of five dollars and the surety bond as herein required, may be renewed if a continuous bond has not been furnished.

All fees collected for the issuance or renewal of such permits shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the general school fund.

The state board of education may issue a permit to any school representative who shall furnish the surety bond required herein and who shall furnish proof satisfactory to the board that he is of good moral character and that the school he represents has a good reputation for honesty and integrity in prior education transactions.

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61 A permit issued hereunder, upon fifteen days' notice 62 and after a hearing if a hearing is requested by the permit 63 holder, may be revoked by the board of education for 64 fraud or misrepresentation in soliciting or enrolling 65 students, for failure of the school to fulfill its contract 66 with one or more students who are residents of West 67 Virginia, or for violation of or failure to comply with any provision of this section or with any regulation of the 68 69 state board of education.

70 The issuance of a permit pursuant to this section does not constitute approval or accreditation of any course 71 or school. No school nor any representative of a school 72 73 shall make any representation stating, inserting or imply-74 ing that a permit issued pursuant to this section con-75 stitutes approval or accreditation by the state of West 76 Virginia, state board of education or any other depart-77 ment or agency of the state.

The state board of education is hereby authorized to adopt rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this section, and to establish an advisory committee of not more than five owners or other representatives of privately owned correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools.

84 Any person violating any provision of this section shall 85 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, 86 shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars, or 87 imprisoned in the county jail not more than sixty days, or both fined and imprisoned. No correspondence, busi-88 89 ness, occupational or trade school shall maintain an action 90 in any court of this state to recover for services rendered pursuant to a contract solicited by the school's repre-91 sentative if the representative is required under this sec-92 93 tion to obtain a permit and did not hold a valid permit at the time the contract was signed by any of the parties 94 thereto. The attorney general or any county prosecuting 95 attorney, at the request of the state board of education or 96 upon his own motion, may bring any appropriate action 97 or proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction for 98 the enforcement of the provisions of this section relating 99 to permits, bonds and sureties. 100

# CHAPTER 145

(House Bill No. 1073-By Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the powers and authority of county boards of education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

#### §18-5-13. Authority of boards generally.

- 1 The boards, subject to the provisions of this chapter
- 2 and the rules and regulations of the state board, shall
- 3 have authority:
- 4 (1) To control and manage all of the schools and
- 5 school interests for all school activities and upon all
- 6 school property, whether owned or leased by the county,
- 7 including the authority to require that records be kept
- 8 of all receipts and disbursements of all funds collected
- 9 or received by any principal, teacher, student or other
- 10 person in connection therewith, any programs, activities
- 11 or other endeavors of any nature operated or carried
- 12 on by or in the name of the school, or any organization
- 13 or body directly connected with the school, to audit such
- 14 records and to conserve such funds, which shall be
- 15 deemed quasi-public moneys, including securing surety
- 16 bonds by expenditure of board moneys;
- 17 (2) To establish schools, from preschool through high
- 18 school, inclusive of vocational schools; and to establish
- 19 schools and programs, or both, for post high school
- 20 instruction, subject to approval of the state board of 21 education:
- 22 (3) To close any school which is unnecessary and to 23 assign the pupils thereof to other schools: *Provided*, That

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such closing shall be officially acted upon and teachers and service personnel involved notified on or before the first Monday in May, in the same manner as provided in section four of this article, except in an emergency, subject to the approval of the state superintendent, or under subdivision (5) of this section:

- (4) To consolidate schools;
- (5) To close any elementary school whose average daily attendance falls below twenty pupils for two months in succession, and send the pupils to other schools in the district or to schools in adjoining districts. If the teachers in the schools so closed are not transferred or reassigned to other schools, they shall receive one month's salary;
- 36 37 To provide at public expense adequate means of 38 transportation for all children of school age who live 39 more than two miles distant from school by the nearest available road and to provide at public expense and ac-40 41 cording to such regulations as the board may establish, adequate means of transportation for school children 42 43 participating in board-approved curricular and extra-44 curricular activities; and provide in addition thereto, 45 by rules and regulations and within the available reve-46 nues, transportation for those within two miles distance: 47 Provided. That in all cases the buses or other transportation facilities owned by the board of education shall 48 be driven or operated only by drivers regularly employed 49 50 by the board of education: Provided, however, That buses shall be used for extracurricular activities as herein 51 provided only when the insurance provided for by this 52 53 section shall have been effected;
  - (7) To provide at public expense for insurance against the negligence of the drivers of school buses, trucks or other vehicles operated by the board; and if the transportation of pupils be let out to contract, then the contract therefor shall provide that the contractor shall carry insurance against negligence in such an amount as the board shall specify;
- 61 (8) To employ and to provide in-service training for 62 teacher aides, the training to be in accordance with rules 63 and regulations of the state board;

- 64 (9) To establish and conduct a self-supporting dormi-65 tory for the accommodation of the pupils attending a 66 high school or participating in a post high school program 67 and of persons employed to teach therein;
  - (10) To employ legal counsel;

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- The board shall be authorized to provide at (11)public expense, adequate public liability insurance;
- No policy or contract of public liability insurance providing coverage for public liability shall be purchased as provided herein, unless it shall contain a provision or endorsement whereby the company issuing such policy waives, or agrees not to assert as a defense to any claim covered by the terms of such policy, the defense of governmental immunity. In any action against the board. its officers, agents or employees, in which there is in effect liability insurance coverage in an amount equal to or greater than the amount sued for, the attorney for such board, the attorney for such insurance carrier, or any other attorney who may appear on behalf of the board, its agents, officers or employees shall not set up the defense of governmental immunity in any such action.

"Quasi-public funds" as used herein are defined as any money received by any principal, teacher, student or 86 87 other person for the benefit of the school system as a result of curricular or noncurricular activities. 88

89 The board of any district shall expend under such regulations as it establishes for each child an amount not 90 to exceed the proportion of all school funds of the district 91 that each child would be entitled to receive if all the 92 funds were distributed equally among all the children of 93 school age in the district upon a per capita basis.

# CHAPTER 146

(Senate Bill No. 130-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Palumbo)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five,

chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to ages of persons to whom schools open.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

## §18-5-15. School term; employment term; instructional term; extension of terms; levies; ages of persons to whom schools are open.

- 1 The board shall provide a school term for its schools
- 2 which shall be comprised of (a) an employment term
- for teachers, and (b) an instructional term for pupils. 3
- 4 The employment term for teachers shall be no less than
- 5 ten months, a month to be defined as twenty employment
- days exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays: Provided, That
- the board may contract with all or part of the personnel
- for a longer term. The employment term shall be fixed
- within such beginning and closing dates as established by
- the state board: Provided, however, That the time be-
- tween the beginning and closing dates does not exceed 11
- forty-three weeks. 12
- 13 Within the employment term there shall be an instruc-
- tional term for pupils of not less than one hundred 14
- eighty nor more than one hundred eighty-five instruc-15
- tional days. Instructional and noninstructional activities 16
- may be scheduled during the same employment day. The 17
- instructional term shall start not later than the fifth 18
- 19 day of the employment term.
- Noninstructional days in the employment term may be 20
- used for curriculum development, preparation for open-21
- ing and closing of the instructional term, in-service and 22
- professional training of teachers, teacher-pupil-parent 23
- conferences, professional meetings and other related 24
- activities. 25

Where the employment term overlaps a teacher's parti-27 cipation in a summer institute or institution of higher 28 learning for the purpose of professional growth, the 29 teacher may substitute, with the approval of the county 30 superintendent, such participation for not more than four 31 of the noninstructional days of the employment term.

32 The board may extend the instructional term beyond 33 one hundred eighty-five instructional days provided the 34 employment term is extended an equal number of days. 35 If the state revenues and regular levies, as provided by law, are insufficient to enable the board of education to 36 37 provide for the school term, the board may at any general 38 or special election, if petitioned by at least five percent of 39 the qualified voters in the district, submit the question of 40 additional levies to the voters. If at the election sixty 41 percent of the qualified voters cast their ballots in favor 42 of the additional levy, the board shall fix the term and 43 lay a levy necessary to pay the cost of the additional 44 term. The additional levy fixed by the election shall not 45 continue longer than five years without submission to the voters. The additional rate shall not exceed by more 46 47 than one hundred percent the maximum school rate pre-48 scribed by article eight, chapter eleven of the code, as 49 amended.

50 The public schools shall be open for the full instruc-51 tional term to all persons who have attained the entrance 52 age as stated in section five, article two and section eighteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this code: 53 Provided, That persons over the age of twenty-one may 54 enter only those programs or classes authorized by the 55 state board of education and deemed appropriate by the 56 county board of education conducting any such program 57 or class: And provided further, That authorization for 58 such programs or classes shall in no way serve to affect 59 or eliminate programs or classes offered by county boards 60 of education at the adult level for which fees are charged 61 to support such programs or classes. 62

# CHAPTER 147

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 100—Originating in the Senate

Committee on Education)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to transfer of students between school districts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-16a. Authorization to transfer pupils from one district to another; payment of tuition; and net enrollment.

- 1 Whenever, in the opinion of the board of education
- 2 of any county, the education and welfare of a pupil will
- 3 be enhanced, the board of education of such county shall
- 4 have the authority to transfer any such pupil or pupils
- 5 on a part-time or full-time basis from one school district
- 6 to another school district within the state: Provided, That
- 7 the boards of education of both the transferor and the
- 8 transferee districts agree to the same. Whenever a pupil
- 9 is transferred from one school district to another dis-
- 10 trict on a full-time or part-time basis, the board of edu-11 cation of the school district in which the pupil is a bona
- 12 fide resident shall pay to the board of education of the
- 13 school district to which the pupil is transferred a tuition
- 14 that is agreed upon by both such boards. Tuition for each
- 15 full-time pupil shall not exceed the difference between
- 16 the state aid per pupil received by the county to which
- 17 the pupil is transferred and the county cost per pupil in
- 18 the county to which said pupil is transferred.
- 19 For purposes of net enrollment as defined in section
- 20 two of article nine-a of this chapter: (1) Whenever a

- 21 pupil is transferred on a full-time basis from one school
- 22 district to another district pursuant to the provisions of
- 23 this section, the county to which the pupil is transferred
- 24 shall include such pupil in its net enrollment; and (2)
- 25 whenever a pupil is transferred on a part-time basis
- 26 from one school district to another school district pur-
- 27 suant to the provisions of this section, the county in
- 90 1:-1 the stadent is a less Clause less that the life section is
- 28 which the student is a bona fide resident shall count the
- 29 pupil in its net enrollment.

# **CHAPTER 148**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 343—Originating in the Senate

Committee on Education)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to early childhood education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

### §18-5-18. Early childhood education.

- 1 County boards of education shall provide by the school
- 2 year one thousand nine hundred seventy-three—seventy-
- 3 four and continue thereafter early childhood education
- 4 programs for all children who shall have attained the
- 5 age of five prior to November first of the school year in
- 6 which the pupil enters such early childhood education
- 7 program and may establish early childhood education
- 8 programs designed for children below the age of five.
- 9 Persons employed as early childhood education teach-
- 10 ers, as distinguished from paraprofessional personnel,

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11 shall be required to hold a certificate valid for teaching at the assigned level as prescribed by regulations estab-12 13 lished by the state board of education. The state board of education shall establish and prescribe guidelines and 14 criteria setting forth the minimum requirements for all 15 paraprofessional personnel employed in early childhood 16 17 education programs established pursuant to the provisions of this section and no such paraprofessional per-18 sonnel shall be employed in any early childhood edu-19 cation program unless he meets such minimum require-20 21 ments.

The state board of education with the advice of the state superintendent of free schools shall establish and prescribe guidelines and criteria relating to the establishment and operation of early childhood education programs in accordance with the other provisions of this section. Guidelines and criteria so established and prescribed are also intended to serve for the establishment and operation of nonpublic early childhood education programs and shall be used for the evaluation and approval of such programs, provided application for such evaluation and approval is made in writing to the state board by proper authorities in control of such programs. The state superintendent of free schools at intervals not to exceed two years shall publish a list of nonpublic early childhood education programs that have been approved in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Pursuant to such guidelines and criteria, and only pursuant to such guidelines and criteria, the county boards may establish programs taking early childhood education to the homes of the children involved, using educational television, paraprofessional personnel in addition to and to supplement regularly certified teachers, mobile or permanent classrooms and other means developed to best carry early childhood education to the child in its home and enlist the aid and involvement of its parent or parents in presenting the program to the child; or may develop programs of a more formal kindergarten type, in existing school buildings, or both, as such county board may determine, taking into con-

sideration the cost, the terrain, the existing available facilities, the distances each child may be required to travel, the time each child may be required to be away from home, the child's health, the involvement of parents and such other factors as each county board may find pertinent.

Funds for implementing the early childhood education programs during the fiscal year nineteen hundred seventy-two and thereafter shall be allocated to counties from a special appropriation to the state department of education from the general revenue fund: *Provided*, however, That except for expenditures from the general revenue funds for regional early childhood demonstration centers, in no event shall any state money from the general fund be expended under the provisions of this section unless federal funds are available for the purpose of this section.

Allocations to counties will be made on the basis of approved early childhood programs. The West Virginia board of education shall establish criteria and standards necessary to guide counties in developing approvable early childhood education programs and shall determine funding levels of said programs on local operating costs.

An additional appropriation shall be made to the state department of education from the general revenue fund to establish and operate during the fiscal year nineteen hundred seventy-two, regional early childhood education demonstration centers in educational regions three, four, five, six and seven, and thereafter in regions one through seven. Said funds shall be allocated to said regions for establishing and operating regional demonstration centers in accordance with criteria and standards established by the West Virginia board of education. Said regional centers shall be established to provide exemplary and innovative early childhood education programs, to provide laboratory experiences for preservice and inservice education for professional personnel and staff development programs for training paraprofessional personnel, to establish organizational and administrative machinery designed to promote cooperation between and among all agencies involved in the education and de-

- 92 velopment of young children, and to promote cooperation
- 93 between counties in providing high cost supervisory, de-
- 94 velopmental, research and evaluative services not cur-
- 95 rently available to individual counties.

## **CHAPTER 149**

(House Bill No. 1080-By Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the definition of "refund interest" in relation to teachers retirement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

### §18-7A-3. Definitions.

- 1 "Teacher" shall include the following persons, if reg-
- 2 ularly employed for at least half-time service: (a) Any
- 3 person employed for instructional service in the public
- 4 schools of West Virginia; (b) principals; (c) public
- 5 school librarians; (d) superintendents of schools and as-
- 6 sistant county superintendents of schools; (e) any county
- 7 school attendance director holding a West Virginia
- 8 teacher's certificate; (f) the executive secretary of the
- 9 retirement board; (g) members of the research, exten-
- 10 sion, administrative or library staffs of the public schools;
- 11 (h) the state superintendent of schools, heads and as-
- 12 sistant heads of the divisions under his supervision, or
- 13 any other employee thereunder performing services of
- 14 an educational nature; (i) employees of the state board

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of education who are performing services of an educational nature; (j) any person employed in a nonteaching 16 17 capacity by the state board of education, the West Virginia board of regents, any county board of education, the 18 19 state department of education or the teachers retirement 20 board, if such person was formerly employed as a teacher in the public schools; (k) all classroom teachers, prin-21 cipals and educational administrators in schools under the 22 supervision of the state commissioner of public institu-23 tions; (1) employees of the state board of school finance 24 25 if such person was formerly employed as a teacher in the 26 public schools.

"Members of the administrative staff of the public school" shall include deans of instruction, deans of men, deans of women, and financial and administrative secretaries.

"Members of the extension staff" of the public schools shall include every agricultural agent, boys' and girls' club agent, and every member of the agricultural extension staff whose work is not primarily stenographic, clerical or secretarial.

"Retirement system" shall mean the state teachers retirement system provided for in this article.

"Present teacher" shall mean any person who was a teacher within the twenty-seven years beginning July first, one thousand nine hundred thirty-four, and whose membership in the retirement system has been continuous.

"New entrant" shall mean a teacher who is not a present teacher.

"Present member" shall mean a present teacher who is a member of the retirement system.

"Total service" shall mean all service as a teacher while a member of the retirement system since last becoming a member and, in addition thereto, his credit for prior service, if any.

"Prior service" shall mean all service as a teacher completed prior to July first, one thousand nine hundred forty-one, and all service of a present member who was employed as a teacher, and did not contribute to retirement account because he was legally ineligible for membership during such service.

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56 "Average final salary" shall mean the average annual salary earned as a teacher during the last fifteen years 57 of prior service, including military service, as provided 58 59 herein, or if prior service is less than fifteen years, the average annual salary for that period. If the records 60 for determining each annual salary need cannot reason-61 62 ably be established by the retirement board, then the 63 term shall mean the average annual salary of the teacher 64 for years for which records are available.

"Accumulated contributions" shall mean all deposits and all deductions from the earnable compensation of a contributor minus the total of all supplemental fees deducted from his compensation.

"Regular interest" shall mean interest at three percent compounded annually, or a higher earnable rate if approved by the retirement board.

72 "Refund interest" shall mean interest compounded an-73 nually at a rate of three percent.

"Employer" shall mean the agency of and within the state which has employed or employs a member.

"Contributor" shall mean a member of the retirement system who has an account in the teachers accumulation fund.

79 "Beneficiary" shall mean the recipient of annuity pay-80 ments made under the retirement system.

"Refund beneficiary" shall mean the estate of a deceased contributor, or such person as he shall have nominated as beneficiary of his contributions by written designation duly executed and filed with the retirement board.

"Earnable compensation" shall mean the full compensation actually received by members for service as teachers whether or not a part of such compensation is received from other funds, federal or otherwise, than those provided by the state or its subdivisions. Allowances from employers for maintenance of members shall be deemed a part of earnable compensation of such members.

"Annuities" shall mean the annual retirement payments for life granted beneficiaries in accordance with this article.

- 95 "Member" shall mean a member of the retirement sys-96 tem.
- 97 "Public schools" shall mean all publicly supported
- 98 schools, including normal schools, colleges, and universi-
- 99 ties in this state.
- "Deposit" shall mean a voluntary payment to his account 101 by a member.
- The masculine gender shall be construed so as to in-
- 102 The masculine gender shall be construed so as to in-103 clude the feminine.
- Age in excess of seventy years shall be deemed to be seventy years.

### **CHAPTER 150**

(House Bill No. 649-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 6, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section thirteen-f, article two, and section five-c, article eleven; to amend article seven-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen-a; and to amend article twenty-three by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, all of chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to options of certain members of the state teachers retirement system to elect between paying into the state teachers retirement system, a combination of that system and a supplemental retirement system, and a retirement plan other than the state teachers retirement system, and the consequences of such elections, and also, relating to supplemental and additional retirement plans for employees of the West Virginia board of regents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen-f, article two, and section five-c, article eleven be repealed; that article seven-a be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen-a; and that

article twenty-three be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, all of chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all to read as follows:

#### Article

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- 7A. State Teachers Retirement System.
- 23. Additional Powers, Duties and Responsibilities of Governing Boards of State Institutions of Higher Education.

### ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7A-14a. Options of certain members to elect between state teachers retirement system, a combination of that system and a supplemental retirement system, and a retirement plan other than the state teachers retirement system.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article to 1 2 the contrary, any present member of the retirement system, or person who was a member on February twelve, one thousand nine hundred seventy, who, as an employee of the West Virginia board of regents was limited in the amount he could pay into the retirement system to two hundred sixteen dollars per year from July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, to July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, and to two hundred eighty-eight dollars from July one, one thousand 10 11 nine hundred seventy, shall have the option, at any time 12 within twelve months from the effective date hereof, 13 to pay into the retirement system twice the amount of the difference between such limitations and the amount 14 he would have paid therein had he been paying the 15 full amount provided by law for members of the retire-16 ment system other than employees of the board of re-17 gents: Provided. That this additional payment into the 18 retirement system by any such member who was em-19 ployed by the board of regents while he was under 20 thirty years of age shall be reduced to once the amount 21 of such difference so far as any salary he received from 22 the board while under thirty years of age is concerned. 23 If such a member makes such election, he must there-24 after make contributions into the retirement system on 25

his entire salary without limitation, unless later imposed

by law, and after such election is made the board of 27 28 regents as his employer shall no longer make payments 29 for such employee for the supplemental retirement plan 30 authorized by section four-a, article twenty-three of this 31 chapter, but the matching contributions made by the state or employer in his behalf for retirement plans shall 32 be limited to those provided by sections fourteen and 33 34 sixteen of this article.

35 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 36 Plan B, section twenty-six of this article, or any other 37 provision herein, any such member who exercises such 38 option and makes the required additional payment will 39 then be considered entitled to retirement, death, with-40 drawal and all other benefits under the retirement system to the same extent as if he had been paying into 41 42 the retirement system the full amount provided by law 43 for members of the system other than employees of the 44 board of regents throughout the period of his member-45 ship in the retirement system.

Any such member who does not make such election 46 47 shall have the options of retaining his present status 48 under the retirement system and the supplemental retirement plan as provided by section four-a, article twenty-49 50 three of this chapter, or of ceasing to pay any portion 51 of his salary into the retirement system and paying a 52 percentage of his entire salary into a retirement plan es-53 tablished by the board of regents pursuant to the provi-54 sions of said section four-a, article twenty-three of this 55 chapter. In the event he makes the latter election he shall, upon retirement, receive benefits under the retire-56 ment system as if he had retired at the date he ceased 57 making payments into the system, except that between 58 59 such time and the time of actual retirement regular inter-60 est shall be considered in computing such benefits.

A person employed by the West Virginia board of regents in the future shall have the option, as of the date of his employment, to elect whether he is to pay a percentage of his entire salary into the state retirement 64 system, or to pay a percentage of such salary into a retirement plan established by the board of regents pursuant to the provisions of section four-a, article twenty-

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68 three of this chapter, and shall receive benefits accord-69 ing to the retirement plan he selects.

70 Since persons employed by the former board of governors of West Virginia University, and by the state board 71 72 of education at institutions of higher education, on July 73 one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, became em-74 ployees of the West Virginia board of regents on that date, employment by such board of governors and the 75 76 state board of education at institutions of higher education shall be deemed to have been employment by the 77 78 board of regents for the purposes of this section.

### ARTICLE 23. ADDITIONAL POWERS, DUTIES AND RESPONSI-BILITIES OF GOVERNING BOARDS OF STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

# §18-23-4a. Supplemental and additional retirement plans for employees; payroll deductions; authority to match employee contributions.

1 The governing boards shall have the authority to con-2 tract for a supplemental retirement plan for any or all of its employees to supplement the benefits such em-4 ployees will receive under the state teachers retirement system. The governing boards shall have the authority to make additional periodic deductions from the salary payments due such employees in the amount they are required to contribute for the supplemental retirement plan selected by the board. The additional deductions shall not exceed five percent of the salary of employees 10 under thirty-five years of age, six percent of the salary 11 of those thirty-five through forty-four years of age, and 12 seven and one-half percent of the salary of those forty-13 five years of age and above, and shall not cover any portion of an employee's salary which is covered by the 15 state teachers retirement system. 16

The governing boards shall also have the authority to contract for an additional retirement plan for any of its employees who elect to participate solely in such a retirement plan selected by the governing boards without participating in the state retirement system. The governing boards shall have the authority to make periodic deductions from the salary payments due such employees

24 in the amount they are required to contribute to the 25 additional plan, which deductions shall be the same per-26 centage of the participating employees' salaries as that 27 deducted from the salaries of members of the state re-28 tirement system.

29 The board is further authorized, by way of additional 30 compensation to such employees, to pay an amount equal to the contributions of such employees into either the 31 32 supplemental or additional retirement plan from funds appropriated to it for personal services. Each participat-33 34 ing employee shall have a full and immediate vested interest in the retirement and death benefits accrued 35 36 from all the moneys paid into such supplemental or additional retirement plan for his benefit. Upon proper 37 requisition of the board, the auditor shall periodically 38 39 issue a warrant, payable as specified in the requisition, for the total contributions so withheld from the salaries 40 41 of all participating employees and for the governing 42 board's matching funds.

Notwithstanding any provisions contained in article seven-a and article twenty-three of this chapter, once a member has elected one of the options contained in section fourteen-a of article seven-a of this chapter and section four-a of article twenty-three of this chapter, he cannot thereafter change such election.

# **CHAPTER 151**

(House Bill No. 648-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-six-e, all relating to computation of benefits under the state teachers retirement system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-six, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-six-e, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7A-26. Computation of annuities.

§18-7A-26e. Supplemental benefits to certain annuitants.

### §18-7A-26. Computation of annuities.

- 1 Annuitants whose annuities were approved by the
- 2 retirement board effective before July first, one thousand
- 3 nine hundred seventy shall be paid the annuities which
- 4 were approved by the retirement board, subject to the
- 5 supplemental benefits authorized in this article.
- 6 Annuities approved by the board effective after June
- 7 thirty, one thousand nine hundred seventy, shall be
- 8 computed as provided herein.
- 9 Upon establishment of eligibility for a retirement al-
- 10 lowance, a member shall be granted an annuity which
- 11 shall be the sum of either Plan A or Plan B, whichever
- 12 provides the larger annuity.
- 13 Plan A shall be computed as follows:
- 14 (a) The actuarial equivalent of the contributions and 15 deposits of the member in his individual account up to
- 16 the time of his retirement, with regular interest;
- 17 (b) The actuarial equivalent of the contributions of
- 18 the employer up to the time of the member's retirement,
- 19 which shall equal the sum in subdivision (a) of Plan
- 20 A minus deposits with regular interest on such deposits;
- 21 (c) Where prior service credit has been granted, an 22 allowance of one and one-half percent of the member's
- 23 average final salary multiplied by the number of years
- 24 of prior service credited to him;
- 25 (d) The actuarial equivalent of the amounts that would
- 26 have accumulated under subdivisions (a) and (b) of
- 27 Plan A, if the member had contributed to his individual
- 28 account until he was fifty years old, at the annual rate
- 29 of his past actual contributions, but this subdivision shall

- 30 apply only as additional income to members who qualify 31 for disability retirement before they are fifty years old;
- 32 Twelve dollars multiplied by his total service 33 credit as a teacher:
- 34 (f) The member shall receive in addition to the allow-35 ances under subdivisions (c) and (d) an amount equal to six dollars multiplied by his total service credit: Pro-36 37 vided. That the maximum allowance under this sub-38 division shall be one hundred ninety-two dollars: 39 Provided, however, That this subdivision shall be effec-40 tive on and after July first, one thousand nine hundred 41 fifty-seven:
- 42 (g) Twelve dollars multiplied by the member's total 43 service credit as a teacher.
  - For the purpose of subdivision (c) in Plan A:
- 45 (1) An allowance for prior service shall in no case 46 exceed three fifths of the member's average final salary;
  - (2) Average final salary for this purpose shall in no case exceed two thousand five hundred dollars, nor shall it be less than twelve hundred dollars.
    - Plan B shall be computed as follows:

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- 51 (a) Two percent of the member's average salary mul-52 tiplied by his total service credit as a teacher. In this paragraph "average salary" shall mean the average of 53 the highest annual salaries received by the member dur-54 55 ing any five years contained within his last fifteen years 56 of total service credit: Provided, That the highest annual 57 salary used in this calculation for members employed by the West Virginia board of regents at institutions of 58 higher education under its control, shall be four thou-59 60 sand eight hundred dollars;
  - (b) The actuarial equivalent of the deposits of the member in his individual account up to the time of his retirement, with regular interest.
- 64 The disability annuities of all teachers retired for dis-65 ability shall be based upon a disability table prepared by a competent actuary approved by the retirement board.
- Upon the death of an annuitant who qualified for an 67 68 annuity as a surviving spouse or because of permanent

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87 88 annuity.

69 disability, the estate of the deceased or beneficiary designated for such purpose, shall be paid the difference, if 70 any, between the member's contributions with regular 71 interest thereon, and the sum of the annuity payments. 72 All annuities shall be paid in twelve monthly payments. 73 74 In computing such monthly payments, fractions of a cent shall be deemed a cent. Such monthly payments 75 76 shall cease with the payment for the month within which the beneficiary dies, and shall begin with the payment 77 for the month succeeding the month within which the 78 79 annuitant became eligible under this article for the an-80 nuity granted; in no case, however, shall an annuitant 81 receive more than four monthly payments which are retroactive after the board receives his application for 82

In case the retirement board receives data affecting the approved annuity of a retired teacher, the annuity shall be changed in accordance with such data, the change being effective with the payment for the month within which the board received the new data.

Any person who has attained the age of sixty-five and who has served at least twenty-five years as a teacher prior to July one, one thousand nine hundred forty-one, shall be eligible for prior service credit and for prior service pensions as prescribed in this section.

### §18-7A-26e. Supplemental benefits to certain annuitants.

1 (a) An annuitant whose annuity was approved by the board effective after June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and before July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, may receive, at his election, an 4 annuity of two percent of his average final salary times 6 his total service credit, plus deposits and tax sheltered annuities, but not including the supplemental benefits 7 permitted pursuant to sections twenty-six-a, twenty-six-b, 8 twenty-six-c and twenty-six-d of this article. Any addi-9 tional benefit conferred herein shall not be retroactive. 10 but shall be paid beginning July one, one thousand nine 11 hundred seventy-one, if the option to elect the above 12 plan is exercised by the annuitant prior to May thirty-one. 13 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.

- 15 (b) An annuitant whose annuity was approved by the board effective before July one, one thousand nine hun17 dred sixty-three, and any annuitant who is eligible for, but does not elect the plan specified in subsection (a) 
  19 of this section shall receive, upon application, an additional amount equal to twenty-five percent of his present retirement allowance.
- 22 (c) Any retired teacher who was an employee of the 23 West Virginia board of governors or the state board of 24 education and who was limited in the amount he could 25 pay into the retirement system to two hundred sixteen 26 dollars per year from July one, one thousand nine hun-27 dred sixty-three, to July one, one thousand nine hundred 28 seventy, and who retired prior to February one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, shall have the option at any 29 time within six months from the effective date hereof. 30 31 to pay into the retirement system the difference between 32 such limitations and twice the amount he would have 33 paid therein had he been paying the full amount provided by law for members of the retirement system other 34 than employees of the West Virginia board of governors 35 or the state board of education. Upon completion of such 36 37 above-named contributions the annuitant shall be entitled to benefits under the formula specified in sub-38 section (a) of this section, plus deposits and tax sheltered 39 annuities, but not including the supplemental benefits per-40 41 mitted pursuant to sections twenty-six-a, twenty-six-b. 42 twenty-six-c and twenty-six-d of this article. Any additional benefit conferred herein shall not be retroactive 43 to the time of retirement, but shall be paid beginning 44 July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one. 45

# **CHAPTER 152**

(House Bill No. 1040-By Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-four, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia,

one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to loans to members of the state teachers retirement system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-four, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

### §18-7A-34. Loans to members.

- A member of the retirement system upon written ap-
- plication may borrow from his individual account in
- the teachers accumulation fund, subject to these restric-
- 4 tions:
- 5 (1) Loans shall be made in multiples of ten dollars, the minimal loan being forty dollars and the maximum 6
- being three thousand dollars.
- 8 (2) Loans to any one member shall not exceed one
- half of his contributions to his individual account in the
- 10 teachers accumulation fund.
- 11 (3) Interest charged on the amount of the loan shall
- 12 be six percent per annum, and minimal interest charge
- 13 shall be for six months.
- 14 (4) No member shall be eligible for more than one loan in any one year, except in cases of accidents, illness 15
- requiring medical or hospital care for himself or a mem-
- 17 ber of his immediate family.
- (5) If a refund or benefit is payable to the borrower 18
- or his beneficiary before he repays the loan with interest, 19
- the balance due with interest to date shall be deducted 20
- 21 from such benefit or refund.
- 22 (6) From his monthly salary as a teacher the member
- shall pay the loan and interest by deductions which will 23 pay the loan and interest in not more than forty-eight
- 24
- nor less than six months. Upon notice of loan granted
- and payment due, the employer shall be responsible for 26
- making such salary deductions and reporting them to 27
- the retirement board. At the option of the retirement 28
- board, loan deductions may be collected as prescribed 29

- 30 herein for the collection of members' contribution, or
- 31 may be collected through issuance of warrant by em-
- 32 ployer. If the borrower decides to make loan payments
- 33 while not paid for service as a teacher, the retirement
- 34 board must accept such payments.

### **CHAPTER 153**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 122—Originating in the Senate
Committee on Education)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections six and six-a, article nine, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact article nine-a, chapter eighteen of said code; and to amend and reenact sections two, seven and eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code, all relating to the financial support of the free public school system, the powers and duties of the state board of school finance and the minimum salary schedule for public school teachers and auxiliary and service personnel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections six and six-a, article nine, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; that article nine-a, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted; and that sections two, seven and eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

### CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

#### ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

§18-9A-1. Public school support plan.

§18-9A-2. Definitions.

§18-9A-3. Total state basic foundation program.

§18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.

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### §18-9A-1. Public school support plan.

- 1 The intent of this article is to provide a plan of financial
- 2 support for the public schools to be known as the West
- 3 Virginia public school support plan, and to fix statutorily
- 4 both state and county responsibility for the financing of
- 5 the same. In enacting this plan, the Legislature has in
- 6 mind the following purpose: To effect a basic foundation
- 7 support plan that shall provide for program growth which
- 8 will assure more equitable educational opportunity for
- 9 all children and youth irrespective of where they may
- 10 live.

### §18-9A-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- 2 "State board" means the West Virginia board of educa-3 tion.
- 4 "County board" or "board" means a county board of education.
- "Professional salaries" means the state legal-mandated
  salaries of the professional educators as provided in article
  four, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- "Professional educator" shall be synonymous with and shall have the same meaning as "teacher" as defined in section one, article one, chapter eighteen of this code.
- "Employment term" means the months of employment as defined in section fifteen, article five of this chapter.
- "Net enrollment" means the number of pupils enrolled
- 15 in special education programs, early childhood programs

- and grades one to twelve, inclusive, of the public schools of the county.
- 18 "Adjusted enrollment" means the net enrollment plus
- 19 twice the number of pupils enrolled for special education,
- 20 all adjusted to the equivalent of the instructional term and
- 21 in accordance with such eligibility requirements and
- 22 regulations as established by the state board, but no pupil
- 23 shall be counted more than once by reason of transfer
- 24 within the county or from another county within the
- 25 state, and no pupil shall be counted who attends school
- 26 in this state from another state.
- 27 "Levies for general current expense purposes" means
- 28 on each hundred dollars of valuation, nineteen and six-
- 29 tenths cents on Class I property, thirty-nine and two-
- 30 tenths cents on Class II property, and seventy-eight and
- 31 four-tenths cents on Classes III and IV property.

### §18-9A-3. Total state basic foundation program.

- 1 The total basic foundation program for the state for
- 2 any year shall be the sum of the computed costs for the
- 3 counties in aggregate, as hereinafter determined, for the
- 4 following:
- 5 (1) Allowance for professional educators;
- 6 (2) Allowance for other personnel;
- 7 (3) Allowance for fixed charges;
- 8 (4) Allowance for transportation cost;
- 9 (5) Allowance for administrative cost;
- 10 (6) Allowance for other current expense; and
- 11 (7) Allowance toward national average attainment.

### §18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.

- 1 The basic foundation allowance to the county for pro-
- 2 fessional educators shall be the amount of money re-
- 3 quired to pay the state minimum salaries, in accordance
- 4 with provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-a of the
- 5 code, to such personnel employed: Provided, That in
- 6 making this computation no county shall receive an al-
- 7 lowance for such personnel which number is in excess

of fifty-five professional educators to each one thousand 9 students in adjusted enrollment: Provided, That any 10 county not qualifying under the provision of section four-11 teen of this article shall be eligible for a growth-rate in 12 professional personnel in any one year not to exceed 13 twenty percent of its total potential increase under this 14 provision, except that in no case shall such limit be fewer than five professional: Provided, however, That the num-15 16 ber of and the allowance for personnel paid in part by state and county funds shall be prorated: Provided further, 17 That where two or more counties join together in sup-18 port of a vocational or comprehensive high school or any 19 other program or service, the professional educators for 20 such school or program may be prorated among the 21 participating counties on the basis of each one's enroll-22 23 ment therein and that such personnel shall be considered

### §18-9A-5. Foundation allowance for other personnel.

within the above stated limit.

- 1 The total allowance for other personnel shall be the 2 sum of the following:
- 3 (1) An amount equal to thirteen and one-half percent 4 of the computed total state allocation for professional 5 educators, as defined in section four, above, such amount 6 to be distributed to the counties in proportion to the ad-7 justed enrollment; and
- 8 (2) An amount equal to five and one-half percent of 9 the total state allocation for professional educators, such 10 amount to be distributed in proportion to the number of 11 full-time school bus drivers employed within the several 12 counties.

### §18-9A-6. Foundation allowance for fixed charges.

The total allowance for fixed charges shall be equal to the sum of the foundation allowance for professional eduactors and the foundation allowance for other personnel,

4 as determined in sections four and five above, multiplied

5 by the sum of the current social security rate of con-

6 tribution plus two percent. Computation for distribution

7 to the counties shall be made in the same manner.

### §18-9A-7. Foundation allowance for transportation cost.

- 1 The allowance in the foundation school program for
- 2 each county for transportation shall be the sum of the
- 3 following computations:
- 4 (1) Eighty percent of the transportation cost within
- 5 each county for maintenance, operation and related costs,
- exclusive of all salaries;
- 7 (2) The total cost, within each county, of insurance
- 8 premiums on buses, buildings and equipment used in
- 9 transportation: Provided, That such premiums were pro-
- 10 cured through competitive bidding;
- 11 (3) An amount equal to ten percent of the current re-
- 12 placement value of the bus fleet within each county as
- 13 determined by the state board, such amount to be used
- 14 only for the replacement of buses;
- 15 (4) Eighty percent of the cost of contracted transpor-
- 16 tation services and public utility transportation with each
- 17 county; and
- 18 (5) Aid in lieu of transportation equal to the state
- 19 average amount per pupil for each pupil receiving such
- 20 aid within each county.
- 21 The total state share for this purpose shall be the sum
- 22 of the county shares: Provided, That no county shall re-
- 23 ceive an allowance which is greater than one third above
- 24 the computed state average allowance per mile multiplied
- 25 by the total mileage in the county.

### §18-9A-8. Foundation allowance for administrative cost.

- 1 The allowance for administrative cost shall be equal to
- 2 one percent of the allocation for professional educators,
- 3 as determined in section four of this article. Distribution
- 4 of the computed allowance shall be made to the counties
- 5 in equal amounts.

### §18-9A-9. Foundation allowance for other current expense.

- 1 The total allowance for other current expense shall be
- 2 equal to ten percent of the sum of the computed state al-
- 3 location for professional educators and other personnel
- 4 as determined in sections four and five of this article.
- 5 Distribution to the counties shall be made proportional
- 6 to adjusted enrollment.

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# §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance toward national average attainment.

- So long as the average expenditure per pupil in West
- 2 Virginia remains below the national average as com-
- 3 puted by the United States office of education, funds
- 4 which accrue from allocations due to increase in total
- 5 local share, from balances in the general school fund, or
- 6 from appropriations for such purpose shall be allocated
- 7 proportional to adjusted enrollment.

# §18-9A-11. Computation of local share; appraisal and assessment of property.

1 On the basis of the most recent survey of property

2 valuations in the state, completed as to all classes of

3 property in all counties determined by the tax commis-

4 sioner under present or former provisions of this article,

the state board shall for each county compute by applica-

6 tion of the levies for general current expense purposes,

7 as defined in section two of this article, the amount of

8 revenue which such levies would produce if levied upon

9 one hundred percent of the appraised value of each of

10 the several classes of property contained in the report

11 or revised report of such value, made to it by the tax

12 commissioner as follows: (1) The state board shall first

13 take ninety-seven and one-half percent of the amount

14 ascertained by applying these rates to the total assessed

15 public utility valuation in each classification of property

16 in the county. (2) The state board shall then apply these

17 rates to the appraised value of other property in each

18 classification in the county as determined by the tax

19 commissioner and shall deduct therefrom five percent as

20 an allowance for the usual losses in collections due to

21 discounts, exonerations, delinquencies and the like. Fifty

22 percent of the amount so determined shall be added to

23 the ninety-seven and one-half percent of public utility

24 taxes computed as provided above and this total shall

25 be the local share of the particular county.

The tax commissioner shall make or cause to be made

27 an appraisal in the several counties of the state of all 28 nonutility real property and of all nonutility personal

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29 property which shall be based upon true and actual 30 value as set forth in article three, chapter eleven of this 31 code. In determining the value of personal property— 32 other than all machinery, equipment, furniture and fix-33 tures of any industrial plant, mine, quarry or installation and of any commercial, industrial, or professional estab-34 lishment—the tax commissioner shall prescribe accepted 35 36 methods of determining such values. The tax commissioner shall in accordance with such methods determine the 37 38 value of such property.

For the purpose of appraising commercial, industrial and professional properties, the tax commissioner, after consultation with the county court, may employ a competent property appraisal firm or firms, which appraisals shall be under his supervision and direction.

In making or causing to be made such appraisal, the tax commissioner shall employ such assistance as available appropriations will permit and shall prescribe and use such accepted methods and procedures for checking property values and determining the amount of property in the several classes of property provided by law as are customarily employed for appraisal purposes.

51 Such appraisal of all said property in the several coun-52 ties shall be completed prior to the first day of July, 53 one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven. Each year after 54 the completion of the property appraisal in a county the tax commissioner shall maintain the appraisal by 55 making or causing to be made such surveys, examina-56 tions, audits, maps and investigations of the value of 57 the several classes of property in each county which 58 should be listed and taxed under the several classifica-**59** tions, and shall determine the appraised value thereof. 60 61 On the basis of information so ascertained, the tax com-62 missioner shall annually revise his reports to the Legislature and to the state board concerning such appraisals, 63 such reports to be made not later than the first day of 64 January of each year.

As information from such appraisal of property in a county under the provisions of this section becomes avail-

able for a district, municipality and county, the tax commissioner shall notify the county court and the assessor of said county that such information is available and shall make available to said county court and assessor all data, records and reports or other information relating to said work, along with a list of any properties in said district, municipality and county which are entered on the assessment rolls but for which no appraisal has been made, a list of any properties which were appraised but which cannot be found on the assessment rolls and a list of all properties carried on the assessment rolls which have not been identified on the map. Said list shall set forth the name of the owner and a description of the property and the reason, if known, for its failure to have been entered on the assessment rolls or to have been appraised or to have been identified on the map, as the case may be.

As such appraisal of property in a county, under this section, is completed to the extent that a total valuation for each class of property can be determined, such appraisal shall be delivered to the assessor and the county court, and in each assessment year commencing after such appraisal is so delivered and received, the county assessor and the county court, sitting as a board of equalization and review, shall use such appraised valuations as a basis for determining the true and actual value for assessment purposes of the several classes of property. The total assessed valuation in each of the four classes of property shall be not less than fifty percent nor more than one hundred percent of the appraised valuation of each said class of property.

Whenever in any year a county assessor or a county court shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this section in setting the valuations of property for assessment purposes in any class or classes of property in the county, the state tax commissioner shall review the valuations for assessment purposes made by the county assessor and the county court and shall direct the county assessor and the county court to make such corrections in the valuations as may be necessary so that

they shall comply with the requirements of chapter eleven of this code and of this section, and the tax commissioner shall enter the county and fix the assessments at the required ratios. Refusal of the assessor or the county court to make such corrections shall constitute grounds for removal from office.

114 In any year in which the total assessed valuation of 115 a county shall fail to meet the minimum requirements 116 above set forth, the county court of such county shall 117 allocate for such year to the county board of education 118 from the tax levies allowed to the county court a sufficient 119 portion of its levies as will, when applied to the valua-120 tions for assessment purposes of such property in the 121 county, provide a sum of money equal to the difference 122 between the amount of revenue which will be produced 123 by application of the allowable school levy rates defined 124 in section two of this article upon the valuations for 125 assessment purposes of such property and the amount 126 of revenue which would be yielded by the application of 127 such levies to fifty percent of the total of appraised 128 valuations of such property. In the event the county 129 court shall fail or refuse to make the reallocation of 130 levies as provided for herein, the county board of education, the tax commissioner, the state board, or any 131 132 other interested party, shall have the right to enforce 133 the same by writ of mandamus in any court of competent

In conjunction with and as a result of the appraisal herein set forth the tax commissioner shall have the power, and it shall be his duty, to establish a permanent records system for each county in the state, consisting of:

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(1) Tax maps of the entire county drawn to scale or aerial maps, which maps shall indicate all property and lot lines, set forth dimensions or areas, indicate whether the land is improved, and identify the respective parcels or lots by a system of numbers or symbols and numbers, whereby the ownership of such parcels and lots can be ascertained by reference to the property record cards and property owner's index;

- (2) Property record cards arranged geographically ac-cording to the location of property on the tax maps, which cards shall set forth the location and description thereof, the acreage or dimensions, description of improvements, if any, the owner's name, address and date of acquisition, the purchase price, if any, set forth in the deed of ac-quisition, the amount of tax stamps, if any, on the deed, the assessed valuation, and the identifying number or symbol and number, shown on the tax map; and
  - (3) Property owner's index consisting of an alphabetical listing of all property owners, setting forth brief descriptions of each parcel or lot owned and cross-indexed with the property record cards and the tax map.

The tax commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into such contracts as may be necessary, and for which funds may be available, to establish the permanent records system herein provided for, or may through his staff and employees, prepare and complete such system.

All microfilm photography and original copies of tax maps created under the provisions of this section are the property of the state of West Virginia and the reproduction, copying, distribution or sale of such microfilm, photography or tax maps or any copies thereof without the written permission of the state tax commissioner is prohibited. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this paragraph shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned. Justices of the peace shall have concurrent jurisdiction with other courts having jurisdiction for the trial of all misdemeanors arising under this paragraph.

The tax commissioner shall by uniform regulations establish a procedure for the sale of reproduction of microfilm, photography and maps and may pay for having such reproductions made from the appropriation for "property appraisal." Any funds received as a result of the sale of such reproductions shall be deposited to

187 the appropriated account from which the payment for 188 reproduction is made.

189 The cost of conducting the appraisal herein provided 190 for shall be borne jointly by the state and the several 191 counties in the following manner and terms: There 192 shall be appropriated from the general revenue fund 193 annually an amount sufficient to maintain the appraisal in all counties of the state. Each county shall furnish, 194 195 through its county court, not more than ten percent of 196 the cost of such appraisal or reappraisal and permanent 197 records system for each county. Such county costs may be paid over a period of three years with the approval 198 199 of the tax commissioner. In those instances where the 200 cost of the appraisal, reappraisal or permanent records system required by this section has been paid by the 201 202 tax commissioner from funds appropriated for these 203 purposes, the share of such cost allocated to each county shall, upon receipt thereof by the tax commissioner. 204 205 be deposited to the appropriated account from which 206 such payments have been made.

The county assessor and the county court shall comply with the provisions of chapter eleven of this code in determining the true and actual value of property for assessment purposes and shall not arbitrarily use a direct percentage application to the appraisal valuations, whether complete appraisal or spot survey, of any class of property or property within a class for such purpose.

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The provisions of this section shall not be construed to alter or repeal in any manner the provisions of chapter eleven of this code, but shall be construed in pari materia therewith, and compliance with this section by the assessor and county court shall be considered, pro tanto, as compliance with said chapter eleven.

# §18-9A-12. County basic foundation; total basic state aid allowance.

- The basic foundation program for each county for the fiscal year shall be the sum of the amounts computed in
- 3 accordance with the provisions of sections four, five, six,
- 4 seven, eight, nine and ten of this article. On the first

working day of July in each year, the state board shall determine the basic foundation program for each county for that fiscal year. Data used in the computations relating to net and adjusted enrollment, and the number of professional educators, shall be for the third month of the prior school term. Transportation expenditures used 10 11 in these computations shall be for the most recent year 12 in which data are available. The allocated state aid share of the county's basic foundation program shall be 13 14 the difference between the cost of its basic foundation 15 program and the county's local share as determined in 16 section eleven of this article.

Total basic state aid to the county shall be the computed state share of basic foundation support. After such computation is completed, the state board shall immediately certify to each county board the amount of state aid allocated to the county for that fiscal year, subject to any qualifying provisions of this article.

### §18-9A-13. Allowance for loss reduction.

For the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and for each of the next three fiscal years, there shall be an allowance for loss reduction which shall be distributed as provided in this section.

6 In order to determine which counties are entitled to 7 such allowance, and the amount of such aid, the state board shall first compute the amount to be received by 9 each county from the regular state aid appropriation for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one 10 11 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, allocated as provided in section twelve of this article. The state board 12 shall then compare such amount with the state aid the 13 county would have received from the plan in effect dur-14 ing the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-15 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one. From the funds 16 appropriated for the purpose, the state board shall then 17 allocate to each county showing a loss in state aid on the 18 basis of such comparison, eighty percent of such loss the 19 first year, sixty percent the second year, forty percent 20

21 the third year, and twenty percent the fourth and last 22 year.

### §18-9A-14. Incentive for program improvement.

- In order to encourage counties to move toward new
- 2 and improved programs and to reduce class size, counties
- 3 having ratios of adjusted enrollment to professional staff
- 4 higher than the state average will be granted advance
- 5 funds to employ sufficient additional staff to reach the
- 6 state average: Provided, That in any one fiscal year no
- 7 more than one half of such additional staff may be counted
- 8 under this provision. Such funds shall be granted to each
- 9 eligible county based on data at the end of the third
- 10 month of school but only on the basis of actual staff
- 11 members employed.

### §18-9A-15. Allowance for increased enrollment.

- 1 To provide for the support of increased net enrollments
- 2 in the counties in a school year over the net enrollments
- 3 used in the computation of total state aid for that year,
- 4 there shall be appropriated for that purpose from the
- 5 general revenue fund an amount equal to the average
- 6 total state aid per net pupil multiplied by the total of all
- 7 of the increases in the net enrollments of the counties
- 8 made by comparing the most recent reports of net enroll-
- 9 ment for the third school month to the immediately
- 10 previous year's reports for the same school month.
- 11 Upon determination of the several increases in the re-
- 12 spective counties' net enrollments, as of the close of the
- 13 third school month, each county showing such increase
- 14 shall be allocated an amount equal to that county's aver-
- 15 age per net pupil total state aid multiplied by the in-
- 16 crease in that county's net enrollment found as provided
- 17 heretofore. Such allocations shall be distributed not later
- 18 than December thirty-one of each year to the counties
- 19 having increases in net enrollment as heretofore pro-
- 20 vided. If the amount appropriated for this purpose shall
- 21 not be sufficient to provide payment in full for the total of
- 22 these several allocations, each county allocation shall be
- 23 reduced to an amount which is proportionate to the
- 24 appropriation compared to the total of the several alloca-

- 25 tions, and the allocations as thus adjusted shall be dis-
- 26 tributed to the counties as provided in this section.
- No provision of this section shall be construed to in any
- 28 way affect the allocation of moneys for educational pur-
- 29 poses to a county under other provisions of law.

### §18-9A-16. General school fund and its use.

- 1 There shall be established a separate school fund to
- 2 be known as the "general school fund" which shall be
- 3 administered by the same board as provided in section
- 4 five, article nine of this chapter. The proceeds from the
- 5 income of this school fund, and the interest thereon, as
- 6 provided for under the irreducible school fund amend-
- 7 ment to the constitution shall accrue to the general school
- 8 fund which, with moneys appropriated by the Legislature,
- 9 shall be used to support the public schools of the state.
- 10 All other state funds and taxes formerly dedicated to
- 11 the general school fund shall hereafter be paid into the
- 12 state general fund.
- 13 No person who, at the time of passage of this article,
- 14 depended on the general school fund in part or in whole
- 15 for payment of his salary shall have his salary reduced
- 16 by virtue of this article.

### §18-9A-17. Administration of school finance.

- 1 Notwithstanding any and all references to the board
- 2 of school finance as found in article nine-b of this chap-
- 3 ter, the West Virginia board of education, through its
- 4 chief executive officer, shall direct and carry out all pro-
- 5 visions of said article nine-b.

### §18-9A-18. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The state board shall have authority to make such
- 2 reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary to
- 3 enable it to carry out the purposes and intent of this ar-
- 4 ticle with respect to the allocation of state aid for schools.

### §18-9A-19. County request schedule.

- 1 Each county board of education shall file a request
- 2 schedule with the state board for payments of state aid
- 3 to which it is entitled in each fiscal year. The state board
- 4 shall have authority to examine and approve, disapprove

- 5 or modify the schedule of payments, so long as its ac-
- 6 tion does not unreasonably curtail the educational pro-
- 7 gram of any county. The state board shall pay state aid
- 8 by requisition upon the state auditor in favor of the
- 9 fiscal officer of each county board in installments accord-
- ing to the schedule as finally approved or modified.

### §18-9A-20. Repeal of inconsistent provisions.

- 1 The provisions of any section or parts of sections, or
- articles or parts of articles, of the code of West Virginia,
- 3 one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, which
- 4 are inconsistent with the provisions of this article, are
- 5 hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

### CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

### ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES, AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- §18A-4-2. State minimum salary schedule.
- §18A-4-7. Substitute teachers.
- §18A-4-8. Minimum pay for service and auxiliary personnel.

### §18A-4-2. State minimum salary schedule.

### STATE MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE

(1) Years	(2) 4th	(3) 3rd	(4) 2nd	(5) B.A.	(6) B.A.	(7) M.A.	(8) M.A.	(9) M.A.	(10) Doctor-
Exp.	Class	Class	Class	D.A.	+15	141.72.	+15	+30	ate
0	3945	4483	4698	5719	5988	6257	6525	679 <b>4</b>	7063
1	4074	4612	4827	5848	6117	6386	6654	6923	7192
2	4203	4741	4956	5977	6246	6515	6783	7052	7321
3	4332	4870	5085	6106	6375	664 <del>4</del>	6912	7181	7450
4	4461	<b>4</b> 99 <b>9</b>	5214	6235	6504	6773	7041	7310	7579
5	4590	5128	5343	6364	6633	6902	7170	7439	7708
6	4719	5257	5472	6493	6762	7031	7299	7568	7837
7		5386	5601	6622	6891	7160	7428	7697	7966
8		5515	5730	6751	7020	7289	<b>7</b> 557	7826	8095
9			5859	6880	7149	7418	7686	7955	8224
10			5988	700 <b>9</b>	7278	7547	7815	8084	8353
11				7138	7407	7676	79 <b>44</b>	8213	8482
12				7267	7536	7805	8073	8342	8611
13				7396	7665	7934	8202	8471	8740
14						8063	8331	8600	8869
15						8192	8460	8729	8998
16						8321	8589	8858	9127
17								8987	9256
18								9116	9385
19								9245	9514

### §18A-4-7. Substitute teachers.

- 1 The pay of the substitute teacher shall be based upon
- 2 his training classification and experience and shall be in
- 3 accordance with the salary schedule of the regularly em-
- 4 ployed teachers of the county in which he is employed;
- 5 except that any substitute teacher who teaches five con-
- 6 secutive instructional days or less in the same position
- 7 shall be paid only the basic salary in effect in his county.

### §18A-4-8. Minimum pay for service and auxiliary personnel.

- 1 Until such time as a state minimum pay scale is estab-
- 2 lished for service and auxiliary personnel, the foundation
- 3 allowance as provided in section five, article nine-a,
- 4 chapter eighteen of the code shall be used for the employ-
- 5 ment, adjustment of and increase in the pay of such
- 6 personnel: Provided, That any increase in allocation
- 7 under this computation resulting solely from an increase
- 8 in the minimum pay schedule of teachers effective with
- 9 the date of passage of this act, or for any year thereafter,
- 10 shall be used solely to increase the pay of all such per-
- 11 sonnel included under the provisions of this section.

# CHAPTER 154

(Senate Bill No. 415-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the powers and duties of the division of vocational rehabilitation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 10A. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION.

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# §18-10A-3. Director of division of vocational rehabilitation; powers and duties.

- The division shall be administered, under the general supervision and direction of the state board, by a director appointed by such board in accordance with established personnel standards and on the basis of his education, training, experience and demonstrated ability.
- 6 In carrying out his duties under this article, the director shall:
  - (1) Appoint, with the approval of the state board, such personnel as he deems necessary for the efficient performance of the functions of the division.
  - (2) Establish a merit system of personnel management, or in lieu thereof, avail himself of the services of the state merit system upon payment of a fair share of the expenses of the operation of such system.
  - (3) Make regulations governing the protection of records and confidential information; the manner and form of filing applications for vocational rehabilitation services, eligibility therefor, and investigation and determination thereof; procedures for fair hearings; and such other matters as may be necessary or desirable in accomplishing the purposes of this article.
  - (4) Have the authority to establish and operate a staff development program for the employees of the division and may, in furtherance of such a program, and utilizing any funds appropriated or made available, for such purpose, pay to such employees compensation or expenses, or both, while such employees are pursuing approved training courses or academic studies for the purpose of becoming better equipped for their employment in such division; such staff development program shall be conducted subject to appropriate rules and regulations as adopted by the director and approved by the state board: Provided, That such rules and regulations shall include reasonable provisions for the return of any employee, receiving the benefits of such training, for a reasonable period of duty, or for reimbursement to the state for expenditures incurred on behalf of the training of such employee.

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- 38 (5) Establish, with the approval of the state board, ap-39 propriate subordinate administrative units within the di-40 vision.
  - (6) Prepare and submit to the state board annual reports of activities and expenditures and, prior to each regular session of the Legislature, estimates of sums required for carrying out the provisions of this article and estimates of the amounts to be made available for this purpose from all sources.
  - (7) Make requisition for disbursement, in accordance with regulations of the funds available for vocational rehabilitation purposes.
- 50 (8) Take such other action, with the approval of the 51 state board, as may be deemed necessary or appropriate 52 to carry out the purposes of this article.
  - In addition to the foregoing, the director may, with the approval of the state board, delegate to any officer or employee of the division such of his powers and duties, except the making of regulations and the appointment of personnel, as may be necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this article.

# **CHAPTER 155**

(House Bill No. 1002-By Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 3, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article ten-d, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to West Virginia's members on the education commission of the states under the compact for education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article ten-d, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 10D. COMPACT FOR EDUCATION.

### §18-10D-2. Members of the education commission of the states; term; qualifications.

- In pursuance of Article III A of said compact, there 1
- 2 shall be seven members of the education commission of
- 3 the states from the state of West Virginia consisting of
- 4 the governor and four persons appointed by the governor.
- by and with the advice and consent of the Senate,
- who shall serve at the pleasure of the governor, and
- members of the Legislature, one
- from the Senate by the president thereof and one ap-
- pointed from the House of Delegates by the speaker. 9
- 10 thereof, who shall serve at the pleasure of the appoint-
- 11 ing officer. Members so appointed shall have the qualifi-
- 12 cations specified in said Article III A of the compact.

### **CHAPTER 156**

(Senate Bill No. 149-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-g. relating to the operation of food service in public office buildings by the West Virginia society for the blind and severely disabled.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-g, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10G. PROVIDING OF FOOD SERVICE IN PUBLIC OF-FICE BUILDINGS BY THE WEST VIRGINIA SO-CIETY FOR THE BLIND AND SEVERELY DIS-ABLED.

§18-10G-1. Policy and purposes; construction of article. §18-10G-2. Definitions.

§18-10G-3. Operation of food service in public office buildings by West Virginia division of vocational rehabilitation; operation of food service by governmental agency in violation of article prohibited.

### §18-10G-1. Policy and purposes; construction of article.

- 1 It is hereby declared to be the policy of this state and
- 2 the purposes of this article to provide blind and severely
- 3 disabled persons with the maximum opportunities for
- 4 remunerative employment and for training for such em-
- 5 ployment; to enlarge the economic opportunities of the
- 6 blind and severely disabled; and to stimulate them to
- 7 greater effort in striving to make themselves self-sup-
- 8 porting. This article shall be construed so as to most ef-
- 9 fectively carry out this policy and to accomplish these
- 10 purposes.

### §18-10G-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- 2 (a) "Public office building" shall mean and include the
- 3 state capitol, all county courthouses, all city and town
- 4 halls, all buildings used primarily for governmental of-
- 5 fices of the state and of any county, city and town within
- 6 the state, but shall not include public school buildings
- 7 and buildings of institutions under the jurisdiction of the
- 8 West Virginia board of regents, the department of health,
- 9 the department of mental health, the department of nat-
- 10 ural resources or the commissioner of public institutions.
- 11 (b) "Food service" shall mean and include a restaurant,
- 12 cafeteria, snack bar, vending machine for the dispensing
- 13 of foods, beverages, confections, tobacco, or other prod-
- 14 ucts for human consumption, and other facilities for
- 15 the sale or providing of goods and services of the types
- 16 customarily offered in connection with the operation of
- 17 any of the foregoing: Provided, That the term "food ser-
- 18 vice" shall not include, and there is expressly excepted
- 19 therefrom, goods and services sold, dispensed, or provided
- 20 by the veterans administration and the facilities for the
- 21 sale, dispensing, or providing thereof.
- 22 (c) "Society" shall mean the West Virginia society
- 23 for the blind and severely disabled, a nonstock corpora-
- 24 tion.

- 25 (d) "Governmental agency" shall mean and include the state of West Virginia, each instrumentality and 26 agency thereof, and every county, city and town within 27 and every political subdivision of, the state of West Vir-28 29 ginia, except county boards of education, the West Vir-30 ginia board of regents, the department of health, the department of mental health, the department of natural 31 32 resources or the commissioner of public institutions.
- §18-10G-3. Operation of food service in public office buildings by West Virginia division of vocational rehabilitation; operation of food service by governmental agency in violation of article prohibited.
- 1 (a) If a governmental agency proposes operating in 2 a public office building a food service, whether such operation be of a food service in existence on the effective 4 date of this article or be one thereafter to be instituted, 5 the governmental agency, before continuing such existing operation beyond the period of six months immediately following the effective date of this article or 8 before instituting such proposed new operation, shall in writing offer to the society the opportunity to operate such food service in such public office building.
- 11 (b) If the society within sixty days from the receipt of the offer mentioned in subsection (a) of this section 12 elects to operate such food service as is mentioned in 13 14 the offer and if the governmental agency by which such offer shall have been made does not, within such 15 sixty-day period, make the determination of inability 16 mentioned in subsection (d) of this section in the man-17 ner prescribed in that subsection, the society may in-18 stitute and conduct the operation of such proposed food 19 service in such public office building without the pay-20 ment of rent or other compensation for the premises 21 22 occupied by it in the rendition of such service therein 23 or for the privilege of conducting such operation.
  - (c) If the society under the authority of subsection (b) of this section shall institute and conduct the operation of such food service as is mentioned therein, the governmental agency shall not during the course of such operation, operate a food service in such public

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29 office building or by contract, lease, license, or other-30 wise, permit any other person, firm, corporation, or 31 agency so to do.

- (d) If within sixty days from the receipt by the society of the offer mentioned in subsection (a) of this section, the society shall reject or shall fail to accept the offer, or the governmental agency by which the offer was made shall, in good faith and after a full and thorough study of the relevant circumstances, determine that the society is unable satisfactorily to operate such proposed food service, or the society shall have accepted such offer, but, within the period of six months from such acceptance, shall have failed to institute such food service, such proposed food service may thereupon be provided in such other manner as may be permitted by law, free from the requirements of this article, and if so instituted, the society shall not thereafter, without the express permission of the offering agency, institute such proposed food service in the public office building designated in such offer. If the governmental agency by which such offer shall have been made shall make the determination of inability of the society to operate the proposed food service, the governmental agency shall, within the aforementioned sixty-day period, provide the society with a full written statement of the reasons upon which such determination was predicated, and a food service shall not be operated in such public office building free from the requirements of this article until the written statement mentioned in this subsection shall have first been given.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provisions contained in this article, no governmental agency shall by reason of the provisions of this article take any action which will result in the violation of the terms of any valid contract, lease or license existing on the effective date hereof, nor shall such governmental agency be precluded from extending the period of such an existing contract, lease or license upon the same terms, and with the same contracting parties, as in the contract, lease or license so extended.

## CHAPTER 157

(Senate Bill No. 184-By Mr. Moreland)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten-b, article eleven, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, authorizing security officers at West Virginia University to assist local police officers on public highways in the control of traffic in and around premises owned by the state whenever such traffic is generated as a result of athletic or other activities conducted or sponsored by West Virginia University.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten-b, article eleven, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 11. WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY. §18-11-10b. Security officers.

- 1 The board of regents is hereby authorized to appoint
- 2 bona fide residents of this state to act as security officers
- 3 upon any premises owned or leased by the state of West
- 4 Virginia and under the jurisdiction of the board, subject
- 5 to the conditions and restrictions hereinafter imposed.
- 6 Before entering upon the performance of his duties as
- 7 such security officer in any county, each person so ap-
- 8 pointed shall qualify therefor in the same manner as is
- 9 required of constables by the taking and filing of an
- 10 oath of office as required by article one, chapter six of
- this code and by the posting of an official bond as required by article two, chapter six of this code. No such
- 13 person shall have authority to carry a gun or any other
- 14 dangerous weapon until he shall have obtained a license
- therefor in the manner prescribed by section two, article
- 16 seven, chapter sixty-one of this code: Provided, That no
- 17 enrolled student of West Virginia University shall be
- 18 appointed as a security officer.
- 19 It shall be the duty of any person so appointed and
- 20 qualified to preserve law and order on any premises under

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21 the jurisdiction of the board to which he may be assigned 22 by the president of the university. For this purpose he 23 shall as to offenses committed on such premises have 24 and may exercise all the powers and authority and shall 25 be subject to all the responsibilities of regularly elected 26 constables of the county. The assignment of security offi-27 cers to any premises under the jurisdiction of the board 28 shall not be deemed to supersede in any way the authority 29 or duty of other peace officers to preserve law and order 30 on such premises. In addition, the security officers ap-31 pointed under provisions of this section shall have author-32 ity to assist local peace officers on public highways in the 33 control of traffic in and around premises owned by the 34 state of West Virginia whenever such traffic is generated as a result of athletic or other activities conducted or 35 sponsored by West Virginia University. 36

The salary of all such security officers shall be paid by the board. The board may also furnish such security officers with an official uniform and shall furnish and require each such officer while on duty to wear a metallic shield with an appropriate inscription and to carry credentials certifying to his identity and to his authority as a security officer.

The board of regents may at its pleasure revoke the authority of any such officer by filing a notice to that effect in the office of the clerk of each county in which his oath of office was filed, and in the case of officers licensed to carry a gun or other dangerous weapons by notifying the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the license therefor was granted.

## **CHAPTER 158**

(Senate Bill No. 148-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article seventeen, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thou-

sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the establishment of a minimum salary scale for employees of the West Virginia schools for the deaf and blind, and granting such employees the same tenure as school teachers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article seventeen, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 17. WEST VIRGINIA SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND.

#### §18-17-1. Continuation; management; minimum salary scale.

- 1 The West Virginia schools for deaf pupils and blind
- 2 pupils heretofore established and located at Romney, in
- 3 Hampshire county, shall be continued and shall be known
- 4 as the "West Virginia schools for the deaf and the blind."
- 5 The schools shall be maintained for the care and educa-
- 6 tion of the deaf youth and blind youth of the state. The
- 7 educational or business affairs of the schools shall be
- 8 under the control, supervision and management of the
- 9 state board of education and the state board shall employ
- 10 the superintendent, principals, teachers and other em-
- 11 ployees and shall fix the yearly or monthly salary to be
- 12 paid to each person so employed.
- 13 The minimum salary scale for said principals and
- 14 teachers shall be the same as set forth in chapter eighteen-
- 15 a, article four, sections two and three of the code of West
- 16 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
- 17 amended.

## **CHAPTER 159**

(House Bill No. 869-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Lohr)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article twenty, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thou-

sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to establishment of special schools and teaching services for exceptional children.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article twenty, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

#### §18-20-1. Establishment of special programs and teaching services for exceptional children.

1 In accordance with the following provisions, county 2 boards of education throughout the state having five or more exceptional children of any one of the types or classifications hereinafter provided for shall establish 4 and maintain special educational programs, including 5 but not limited to special schools, classes, home-teaching or visiting-teacher services for such type or classification in order to provide for educating exceptional children 8 who meet the public school age requirement but who 9 differ from the average or normal in physical, mental 10 or emotional characteristics, or in communicative or in-11 tellectual deviation characteristics, or in both communi-12 13 cative and intellectual deviation characteristics, to the 14 extent that they cannot be educated safely or profitably in the regular grades of the public schools, and for 15 16 whom special educational provisions need to be made 17 in order to educate them in accordance with their capacities, limitations and needs. In addition, county boards 18 of education may establish and maintain other educa-19 tional services for such types or classifications as the 20 state superintendent of free schools may approve. 21

The general types and classifications of exceptional children for whom provision may be made under this 23 article are the following areas of exceptionality: Vis-24 ually impaired, hearing impaired, physically or ortho-25 pedically handicapped, epileptic, mentally retarded, 26 speech handicapped, multiple handicapped, autistic, in-27 tellectually gifted, socially or emotionally maladiusted 28 including the delinquent, learning disabilities both phy-29

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sical and psychological and any other areas of exceptionality which are identified and approved by the state 31 32 superintendent of free schools.

By the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, county boards of education shall establish and maintain these special educational programs, including but not limited to special schools, classes, home-teaching and visiting-teacher services. The state superintendent of free schools shall 38 adopt rules and regulations to advance and accomplish this program.

41 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 42 county boards of education from providing special educational programs, including but not limited to special schools, classes, home-teaching or visiting-teacher ser-44 45 vices for exceptional children who are three years of 46 age or older.

## **CHAPTER 160**

(Senate Bill No. 419-By Mr. Palumbo)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article twenty-two-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the maximum scholarship award available to scholarship recipients under the state scholarship program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article twenty-two-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 22B. STATE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

#### §18-22B-6. Recipients and awards of scholarships.

- The scholarship recipient shall be free to attend any ap-
- 2 proved institution of higher education in this state. The

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institution is not required to accept the scholarship recipient for enrollment, but is free to exact compliance with 4

its own admission requirements, standards and policies. 5

6 Scholarship grants shall be made to undergraduate 7 students only.

8 Each scholarship is renewable until the course of study is completed, but not to exceed an additional three academic years beyond the first year of the award. These 10 may not necessarily be consecutive years and the schol-11 arship will be terminated if the student receives his 12 13 degree in a shorter period of time. Qualifications for renewal will include maintaining satisfactory academic 14 standing, making normal progress toward completion of 15 the course of study and continued eligibility, as deter-16 mined by the commission. 17

18 Scholarship awards shall be made without regard to the applicant's race, creed, color, sex, national origin 19 or ancestry; and in making scholarship awards, the com-20 mission shall provide a fair and equitable geographical 21 distribution of the awards and shall treat all approved 22 institutions of higher education in a fair and equitable 23 24 manner.

25 The maximum scholarship award shall be six hundred dollars per academic year: Provided, however, That for 26 those recipients attending an approved institution of 27 higher education in this state where the tuition exceeds 28 six hundred dollars per academic year, the maximum scholarship award shall be nine hundred dollars or the amount of tuition and fees generally charged by the institution to all students per academic year, whichever is the lesser amount.

Payments of scholarships shall be made directly to 34 35 the institution.

In the event that a scholarship recipient transfers from one approved institution of higher education to another, his scholarship shall be transferable only with the approval of the commission.

Should the recipient terminate his enrollment for any reason during the academic year, the unused portion of the scholarship shall be returned to the commission by 43 the institution according to the institution's own policy 44 for issuing refunds.

## **CHAPTER 161**

(House Bill No. 1115—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the creation of a state system special capital improvements fund to be expended for all state institutions of higher education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 24. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

- §18-24-4. Collection, disposition and use of additional registration fee; creation of special capital improvements funds; revenue bonds.
  - 1 In addition to all other fees imposed by the West Vir-
  - 2 ginia board of regents, there is hereby imposed and
  - 3 the board of regents is hereby directed to provide for
  - 4 the collection of an additional registration fee from
  - 5 all students in the amounts hereinafter provided.
  - 6 For full-time students at each state institution of
  - 7 higher education, the additional registration fee shall
  - 8 be fifty dollars per semester. The board of regents
  - 9 shall have authority to increase such additional regis-
- 10 tration fee at any institution of higher education for
- 11 students who are nonresidents of this state. For all
- 12 part-time students and for all summer school students,

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13 the board of regents shall impose and collect such fee 14 in proportion to, but not exceeding, that paid by full-15 time students.

16 The fee imposed by this section shall be in addition 17 to the maximum fees allowed to be collected under 18 the provisions of section one of this article and shall 19 not be limited thereby. Refunds of such fee may be 20 made in the same manner as any other fee collected 21 at state institutions of higher education.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special capital improvements fund into which shall be paid on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, all proceeds of the additional registration fees collected from students at West Virginia University and at Potomac State College. Subject to 28 any lien created by a pledge of the moneys in said special capital improvements fund for the payment of the principal of and interest on any revenue bonds issued pursuant to this section prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, to finance capital improvements at West Virginia University and at Potomac State College, the board of regents is empowered to expend moneys from this fund for the benefit of any state institution of higher education as provided in this section.

38 There is hereby created in the state treasury a second 39 special capital improvements fund into which shall be paid on and after the first day of July, one thousand 40 nine hundred sixty-three, all proceeds of the additional registration fees collected from students at all state institutions of higher education other than West Virginia University and Potomac State College. Subject to any lien created by a pledge of the moneys in said capital improvements fund for the payment of the 46 principal of and interest on any revenue bonds issued pursuant to this section prior to the first day of July, 48 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, to finance capital improvements at state institutions of higher edu-50 cation other than West Virginia University and Potomac 51 State College, the board of regents is empowered to 52

53 expend moneys from this fund for the benefit of any 54 state institution of higher education as provided in this 55 section.

56 There is created in the state treasury a state system 57 special capital improvements fund to be expended by 58 the board of regents for the benefit of any and all 59 state institutions of higher education. On and after the 60 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-61 one, the board of regents may periodically transfer from 62 each of the two special capital improvements funds 63 previously established by this section into the state sys-64 tem special capital improvements fund moneys in excess 65 of the amount pledged for the payment of the prin-66 cipal of and interest on any revenue bonds issued pur-67 suant to this section prior to the first day of July, one 68 thousand nine hundred seventy-one.

69 The board of regents may make expenditures from 70 any of the special capital improvements funds established 71 in this section to finance in whole or in part, together 72 with any federal, state or other grants or contributions, 73 any one or more of the following purposes: (1) The 74 acquisition of land or any rights or interest therein, 75 (2) the construction or acquisition of new buildings, 76 (3) the renovation or construction of additions to existing buildings, (4) the acquisition of furnishings and 77 78 equipment for any such buildings, and (5) the con-79 struction or acquisition of any other capital improvements or capital educational facilities at such state 80 81 institutions of higher education, including any roads, 82 utilities or other properties, real or personal, or for 83 other purposes necessary, appurtenant or incidental to 84 the construction, acquisition, financing and placing in 85 operation of such buildings, capital improvements or capital educational facilities. 86

87 The board of regents, in its discretion, may use the 88 moneys in such special capital improvements funds to 89 finance the costs of the above purposes on a cash basis, 90 or may from time to time issue revenue bonds of the 91 state as provided in this section to finance all or part 92 of such purposes and pledge all or any part of the moneys

in such special funds for the payment of the principal 93 94 of and interest on such revenue bonds, and for reserves 95 therefor. Any pledge of such special funds for such 96 revenue bonds shall be a prior and superior charge on such special funds over the use of any of the moneys 97 98 in such funds to pay for the cost of any of such pur-99 poses on a cash basis: Provided, That any expenditures 100 from such special funds, other than for the retirement 101 of revenue bonds, may only be made by the board of 102 regents to meet the cost of a predetermined capital 103 improvements program for one or more of the state 104 institutions of higher education, in such order of priority as shall have been agreed upon by the board of regents 105 106 and presented to the governor for inclusion in the annual 107 budget bill, and only with the approval of the Legis-108 lature as indicated by direct appropriation for the pur-109 pose.

Such revenue bonds may be authorized and issued from time to time by the board of regents to finance in whole or in part the purposes provided in this section in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding the amount which the board of regents shall determine can be paid as to both principal and interest and reasonable margins for a reserve therefor from the moneys in such special funds.

118 The issuance of such revenue bonds shall be autho-119 rized by a resolution adopted by the board of regents, 120 and such revenue bonds shall bear such date or dates, 121 mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years 122 from their respective dates; be in such form either 123 coupon or registered, with such exchangeability and interchangeability privileges; be payable in such me-124 125 dium of payment and at such place or places, within 126 or without the state; be subject to such terms of prior redemption at such prices not exceeding one hundred 127 five per centum of the principal amount thereof; and 128 shall have such other terms and provisions as the board 129 of regents shall determine. Such revenue bonds shall 130 be signed by the governor and by the president of the 131 board of regents authorizing the issuance thereof, under 132

the great seal of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the coupons attached thereto shall bear the facsimile signature of the president of the board of regents. Such revenue bonds shall be sold in such manner as the board of regents may determine to be for the best interests of the state.

139 The board of regents may enter into trust agreements 140 with banks or trust companies, within or without the 141 state, and in such trust agreements or the resolutions 142 authorizing the issuance of such bonds may enter into valid and legally binding covenants with the holders 143 144 of such revenue bonds as to the custody, safeguarding 145 and disposition of the proceeds of such revenue bonds. 146 the moneys in such special funds, sinking funds, reserve 147 funds, or any other moneys or funds; as to the rank and 148 priority, if any, of different issues of revenue bonds 149 by the board of regents under the provisions of this 150 section; as to the maintenance or revision of the amounts 151 of such additional registration fees, and the terms and 152 conditions, if any, under which such additional regis-153 tration fees may be reduced; and as to any other matters 154 or provisions which are deemed necessary and advisable 155 by the board of regents in the best interests of the 156 state and to enhance the marketability of such revenue 157 bonds.

158 After the issuance of any of such revenue bonds, the 159 additional registration fees at the state institutions of 160 higher education shall not be reduced as long as any 161 of such revenue bonds are outstanding and unpaid except 162 under such terms, provisions and conditions as shall be contained in the resolution, trust agreement or other 163 proceedings under which such revenue bonds were 164 165 issued.

Such revenue bonds shall be and constitute negotiable instruments under the uniform commercial code of this state; shall, together with the interest thereon, be exempt from all taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, school district, municipality or political subdivision thereof; and such revenue bonds shall not be deemed to be obligations or debts of the state, and the

173 credit or taxing power of the state shall not be pledged

174 therefor, but such revenue bonds shall be payable only

175 from the revenue pledged therefor as provided in this

176 section.

## CHAPTER 162

(House Bill No. 864—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed March 5, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to definitions applicable to the West Virginia board of regents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS.

#### §18-26-2. Definitions.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section one, article
- 2 one of this chapter, the following words when used in
- 3 this article, shall have the meaning hereafter ascribed
- 4 to them unless the context clearly indicates a different
- 5 meaning:
- 6 (a) The term "board" shall mean the West Virginia 7 board of regents.
- 8 (b) The term "state colleges" shall mean Bluefield
- 9 State College, Concord College, Fairmont State College,
- 10 Glenville State College, Shepherd College, West Liberty
- 11 State College, West Virginia Institute of Technology,
- 12 West Virginia State College and any state community
- 13 college or other state institution of higher education
- 14 which may hereafter be established and not designated
- 15 as a "university".

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- 16 (c) The term "state college" shall mean one of the 17 state colleges.
- 18 (d) The terms "state universities" and "universities" 19 shall mean Marshall University and West Virginia Uni-20 versity and any other state institution of higher educa-21 tion which may hereafter be established and designated 22 as a "university".
- 23 (e) The terms "state university" and "university" 24 shall mean one of the state universities.
  - (f) The term "community college" shall mean any institution of higher education which has been designated as a community college by the West Virginia board of regents under the provisions of section thirteen-b, article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of this code.
- 30 (g) The term "higher educational institution" shall 31 mean any institution as defined by sections 401 (f), (g), 32 (h) of the Federal Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, 33 as amended.

## **CHAPTER 163**

(House Bill No. 729-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal articles twenty-two and twenty-two-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section ten, article twenty-six of said chapter; to further amend article twenty-six of said chapter by adding thereto twelve new sections, designated sections thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four, all relating to the transfer of powers, duties and authorities with respect to the academic facilities program, the state scholarship program and the guaranteed student loan program from the state commission on higher education to the board of regents; the creation of an advisory commission; its membership,

terms and organization; the abolishment of the state commission on higher education.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That articles twenty-two and twenty-two-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that section ten, article twenty-six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that article twenty-six be further amended by adding thereto twelve new sections, designated sections thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS.

- §18-26-10. State agency for participation in federal and private grants to higher education; further powers and duties of board
- §18-26-13. Transfer of powers, duties, and authorities, title to property, agreements, and orders, resolutions, etc., of the state commission on higher education to board of regents.
- \$18-26-14. Creation of advisory council on federal resources; appointment, terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; compensation and expenses; meetings; quorum.

  \$18-26-15. Guaranteed student loan program to be administered by board of regents.

  \$18-26-16. "Act," "undertaking" and "obligations" defined.

  \$18-26-17. Board's authority to buy and sell certain student obligations; undertakings not to constitute state debt; undertakings limited to available funds

- takings limited to available funds.
- §18-26-18. Powers and duties of board of regents regarding loan program.
- \$18-26-19. Title to property. \$18-26-20. Acquisition of contingent interests in obligations from lending institutions; collection of delinquent obligations.
- §18-26-21. Terms of acquisitions. §18-26-22. Trust fund established; limitations on use of fund; duties of treasurer in connection therewith; special account
- §18-26-23. Construction of provisions of article relating to loan pro-
- §18-26-24. Purpose of provisions of article relating to loan program.

#### §18-26-10. State agency for participation in federal and private grants to higher education; further powers and duties of board of regents.

- The board of regents, on behalf of the state of West 1
- Virginia, is authorized and empowered to apply for, to
- accept and administer and expend for the purpose or
- purposes designated, any funds which now are, or may
- 5 be made available to the board or to any institution

- 6 under its authority from federal or private grants, ap-7 propriations, allocations and programs.
- 8 The board of regents shall have the power:
- 9 (1) To receive and disburse funds appropriated by 10 the federal government for the construction, equipment, 11 and improvement of academic facilities of institutions 12 of higher education as required by the federal Higher 13 Education Facilities Act of 1963, and any and all subse-14 quent acts of Congress relating to the same subject;
- 15 (2) To apply for, receive, and administer, subject 16 to any applicable regulations or laws of the federal gov-17 ernment or any agency thereof, any federal grants, ap-18 propriations, allocations, and programs for the develop-19 ment of academic facilities on behalf of the state of West 20 Virginia, or any institution of higher education, public 21 or private, within the state;
- 22 (3) To develop, alter, amend, and submit to the fed-23 eral government state plans for participation in federal grants, appropriations, allocations, and programs for the 24 development of academic facilities and to formulate 25 regulations, criteria, methods, forms, procedures, and to 26 do all other things which may be necessary to make pos-27 28 sible the participation of the state in such federal grants, appropriations, allocations, and programs for the de-29 30 velopment of academic facilities;
- 31 (4) To hold hearings, and render decisions as to the 32 priority assigned to any project, or as to any other matter 33 or determination affecting any applicant for federal 34 grants, appropriations, allocations and programs for the 35 development of academic facilities;
- 36 (5) To hire personnel, purchase materials, make 37 studies and reports, enter into contracts, and do all 38 other things necessary to accomplish the duties as set 39 forth in this section within the limits of the funds avail-40 able.
- §18-26-13. Transfer of powers, duties, and authorities, title to property, agreements, and orders, resolutions, etc., of the state commission on higher education to board of regents.
  - 1 All powers, duties, and authorities vested in the state

commission on higher education by articles twenty-two,

3 twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b of this chapter or by

4 any other provisions of law are hereby transferred to

the West Virginia board of regents; and on and after the

effective date of this article all of the powers, duties, and

authorities of the state commission on higher education

shall be exercised and performed by the West Virginia

board of regents, and the state commission on higher

education shall be abolished and repealed. 10

The title to all property heretofore acquired in the 11

name of the state commission on higher education is 12

hereby transferred to and vested in the West Virginia 13

14 board of regents.

15 Each valid agreement and obligation of the state commission on higher education shall on or after the effective 16

date of this section become and be deemed the agreement 17

and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents. 18

All orders, resolutions, rules and regulations adopted 19 or promulgated by the state commission on higher edu-20

21 cation and in effect immediately prior to the effective

date of this section shall continue and shall be deemed 22

the orders, resolutions, rules and regulations of the 23

West Virginia board of regents until rescinded by the 24

board; and all such orders, resolutions, rules and regula-25

tions may be rescinded, revised, altered or amended by 26

the board in the manner and to the extent authorized 27

and permitted by law. 28

#### §18-26-14. Creation of advisory council on federal resources; appointment, terms and qualifications of members: vacancies: compensation and expenses; meetings: quorum.

There is hereby created an advisory council to be 1

known as the higher education advisory council on fed-

eral resources. The council shall review the state plan 3

for administration of the federal Higher Education Fa-

cilities Act of 1963 and Titles I and VI of the federal 5

Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. The council

shall also evaluate proposals pertaining to the afore-7

mentioned federal acts and shall submit such recom-

mendations as it deems appropriate to the board of

regents. The council shall be involved in every significant function of the board of regents pertaining to said federal acts.

13 The advisory council shall consist of nine members to 14 be appointed as follows: One member shall be a member of the board of regents appointed by the president of the 15 board of regents, three members appointed by the board 16 17 of regents to represent the public at large, two members 18 appointed by the board of regents to represent public 19 institutions of higher education, and three members appointed by the board of regents to represent nonpublic 20 institutions of higher education: Provided. That of the 21 22 three members representing nonpublic institutions of 23 higher education, one shall be a president of a nonpublic institution, and of the two members representing public 24 25 institutions of higher education, one shall be a president of a public institution. The board of regents shall appoint 26 27 a chairman of the advisory council who shall be selected 28 from the representatives of the public at large.

The members shall serve for a term of six years, except that the original appointments shall be as follows: Three members shall serve two years, three members to serve four years, and three members to serve six years. The board of regents shall appoint a member to fill any vacancy, which member shall serve for the unexpired term of the vacating member. All shall be eligible for reappointment.

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The members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties not to exceed twenty-five dollars per day plus an allowance of ten cents per mile actually traveled to and from such meetings.

A meeting of the advisory council shall be held within sixty days after the effective date of this section, and thereafter the advisory council shall meet at least annually and at such other times as necessary upon the call of the chairman. Five members of the advisory council shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the quorum shall be necessary to pass upon matters before the council.

#### §18-26-15. Guaranteed student loan program to be administered by board of regents.

- The guaranteed student loan program established and 1
- 2 authorized by this article shall be administered by the
- West Virginia board of regents.

#### §18-26-16. "Act," "undertaking" and "obligations" defined.

- As used in this article, the following words and terms 1
- shall have the following meanings, unless the context 2
- shall indicate another or different meaning or intent:
- 4 (a) The words "act" or "undertaking" shall mean the
- official act of the board in connection with the acquisi-5
- tion or deposition of all or any part of obligations or
- interest therein which the board of regents is authorized 7
- to buy or sell hereunder. 8
- The word "obligations" shall mean those evidences 9
- of debt which the board may buy, sell, endorse, or guar-10
- antee under the provisions of this article. 11

#### §18-26-17. Board's authority to buy and sell certain student obligations; undertakings not to constitute state debt; undertakings limited to available funds.

- 1 In order to facilitate the education of residents in this
  - state and promote the industrial and economic develop-
- ment of the state, the board of regents is hereby autho-
- rized and empowered to buy and sell obligations of stu-
- dents who are residents of West Virginia, who have been 5 residents of this state for at least one year and who are
- students at state supported or private institutions of 7
- higher education or vocational schools accredited by a na-
- tionally recognized accrediting agency or by a state 9
- agency designated by the governor and representing loans 10
- made to such students who have met the requirement of 11 financial need as determined by the board of regents, 12
- such loans having been made for the purpose of an edu-13
- 14 cation.
- No act or undertaking of the board shall be deemed 15
- to constitute a debt of the state or of any political sub-16
- division thereof or a pledge of the faith and credit of 17
- the state or of any such political subdivision, but shall 18
- be payable solely from the funds of the board specifically 19

- 21 All such acts and undertakings shall contain on the face

appropriated for the guaranteed student loan program.

- 22 thereof a statement to the effect that neither the state
- 23 nor the board shall be obligated to pay the same or the
- 24 interest thereon except from revenues of the board and
- 25 that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power
- 26 of the state or of any political subdivision thereof is
- 27 pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest
- 28 on such acts and undertakings.
- 29 All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions
- 30 of this article dealing with the guaranteed student loan
- 31 program shall be payable solely from funds provided for
- 32 the purpose and no liability or obligation shall be in-
- 33 curred by the board hereunder beyond the extent to
- 34 which money shall have been provided under the ap-
- 35 plicable provisions of this article for the guaranteed stu-
- 36 dent loan program.

# §18-26-18. Powers and duties of board of regents regarding loan program.

- 1 The board of regents is hereby authorized and em-2 powered:
- 3 (1) To fix and revise from time to time and charge 4 and collect fees for its acts and undertakings;
- 5 (2) To establish rules and regulations concerning the 6 acts and undertakings;
- 7 (3) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal property 8 in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its 9 duties:
- 10 (4) To make and enter into all contracts and agree-11 ments necessary or incidental to the performance of its 12 duties and the execution of its powers under this article;
- 13 (5) To employ in its discretion such employees as it 14 may deem necessary to carry out its powers and duties 15 as enumerated in this article;
- 16 (6) To receive and accept from any federal or private 17 agency, corporation, association or person, grants to be 18 expended in accomplishing the objectives of this article 19 and to receive and accept from the state, from any munic-20 ipality, county or other political subdivision thereof and

- 21 from any other source, aid or contributions of either
- 22 money, property, or other things of value to be held,
- 23 used and applied only for the purposes for which such
- 24 grants and contributions may be made;
- 25 (7) To sue and be sued as provided by law;
- 26 (8) To do all other acts and things necessary or con-
- 27 venient to carry out the powers expressly granted by
- 28 the provisions of this article which relate to the guar-
- 29 anteed student loan program. Nothing in this article
- 30 shall be construed to empower the board to engage in
- 31 the business of banking or insurance.

#### §18-26-19. Title to property.

- Title to any property acquired by the board of regents
- 2 under the provisions of this article which relate to the
- 3 guaranteed student loan program shall be taken and
- 4 held in the name of the board of regents.

# §18-26-20. Acquisition of contingent interests in obligations from lending institutions; collection of delinquent obligations.

- 1 With funds available to the board of regents for pur-
- 2 poses other than the payment of compensation to per-
- sonnel and the lease or rental of offices or equipment,
- 4 the board may acquire from any bank or other lending
- 5 institution of this state a contingent interest in student
- 6 obligations; the total contingent interest of the board
- 7 on all such obligations shall not exceed at any one time
- 8 a sum of twelve and one-half times the total funds which
- 9 the board can employ to acquire such contingent in-0 terests. When the board acquires any such contingent
- 10 terests. When the board acquires any such contingent 11 interest, it may require the payment to it of a portion
- 12 of the interest payable upon any such obligation. In each
- 13 such acquisition, the board shall provide that at such time
- 14 as the obligation becomes delinquent, the bank or other
- 15 lending institution shall notify the board forthwith and
- 16 shall transfer forthwith to the board, by assignment or
- 17 otherwise, an interest in such obligation equal to the
- 18 contingent interest of the board therein. The bank or
- 19 other lending institution and the board shall forthwith
- 20 take such steps as may be necessary to recover the bal-
- 21 ance due upon any such obligation, and such recovery

- 22 shall be apportioned between the board and the bank or
- 23 other lending institution as their respective interests may
- 24 appear.

#### §18-26-21. Terms of acquisitions.

- 1 The board of regents shall prescribe the terms, condi-
- 2 tions and limitations upon which it will acquire a con-
- 3 tingent or direct interest in any obligation and such terms,
- 4 conditions and limitations shall include, but without
- 5 limiting the generality thereof, the terms for payment of
- 6 principal and interest, applicable life or other insurance
- 7 which may be required in connection with any such
- 8 obligation and who shall pay the premiums thereon, the
- 9 safekeeping of assets pledged to secure any such under-
- 10 taking, and any and all matters in connection with the
- 11 foregoing as will protect the assets of the board.

# §18-26-22. Trust fund established; limitations on use of fund; duties of treasurer in connection therewith; special account created.

- 1 The appropriation made to the board under the pro-
- 2 visions of this article which relate to the guaranteed
- 3 student loan program shall be used exclusively for the
- 4 purpose of acquiring contingent or vested rights in obliga-
- 5 tions which it may acquire under this article, and such
- 6 appropriation, payments, revenue and interest, as well
- 7 as other income received in connection with such obliga-
- 8 tions, is hereby established as a trust fund. Such fund
- 9 shall be used for the purposes of the board other than
- 10 maintenance and operation.
- 11 The maintenance and operating expenses of the board
- 12 shall be paid from funds specifically appropriated for
- 13 such purposes. No part of the trust fund established under
- 14 this section shall be expended for such purposes.
- 15 The board of regents shall be the trustee of the trust
- 16 fund hereby created and all investments to be made from
- 17 the assets of such trust shall be made by the state trea-
- 18 surer in the manner provided by law. For the purposes
- 19 of this article there is hereby created in the treasury
- 20 of this state a special revolving account for deposits and
- 21 withdrawals as herein provided. The state treasurer shall

- 22 be the custodian of the assets of the board. All payments
- 23 from the accounts thereof shall be made by him upon
- 24 warrants issued by the auditor upon vouchers signed
- 25 by such persons as are designated by the board. A duly
- 26 attested copy of a resolution of the board designating such
- 27 persons shall be filed with the state treasurer as his au-
- 28 thority for issuing warrants upon such vouchers.

# §18-26-23. Construction of provisions of article relating to loan program.

- 1 The provisions of this article which relate to the guar-
- 2 anteed student loan program shall be liberally construed
- 3 to the end that its beneficial purposes may be effectuated.

# §18-26-24. Purpose of provisions of article relating to loan program.

- 1 The Legislature enacts the provisions of this article
- 2 which relate to the establishment of the guaranteed stu-
- 3 dent loan program to continue and encourage education
- 4 of citizens of this state who are in need of financial as-
- 5 sistance, such assistance and education being for the wel-
- 6 fare of this state, and the Legislature hereby declares
- 7 such to be a public purpose.

## CHAPTER 164

(Senate Bill No. 66-By Mr. McKown)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, relating to empowering the West Virginia board of regents to determine minimum standards for institutions of higher education and the conferring of higher education degrees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS.

# §18-26-13a. Accreditation of institutions of higher education; standards for degrees.

- 1 The West Virginia board of regents shall make rules
- 2 and regulations for the accreditation of all colleges.
- 3 universities and other institutions of higher education
- 4 in the state, and shall determine the minimum standards
- 5 for the conferring of degrees. No institution of higher
- 6 educational status may confer any degree on any basis
- 7 of work or merit below the minimum standards pre-
- 8 scribed by the West Virginia board of regents. Nothing
- 9 contained herein shall infringe upon the rights granted
- 10 to any institution by charter given according to law
- 11 previous to the adoption of this section.
- 12 No charter or other instrument containing the right
- 13 to confer degrees of higher educational status shall be
- 14 granted by the state of West Virginia to any institution,
- 15 association or organization within the state, nor shall
- 16 any such degree be awarded until the condition of con-
- 17 ferring such degree has first been approved in writing
- 18 by the West Virginia board of regents.

## **CHAPTER 165**

(Senate Bill No. 255-By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed March 9, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section fifteen-a, article two; section nine-b, article eleven; section one, article sixteen; and section eleven, article twenty-four, all of chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-

one, as amended; and to amend article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-b, relating to branch colleges, off-campus locations of state universities and colleges, community colleges, and all other state institutions of higher education offering only programs of two years or less duration.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen-a, article two; section nine-b, article eleven; section one, article sixteen; and section eleven, article twenty-four, all of chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-b, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS.

- §18-26-13b. Continuance, establishment and operation of branch colleges, off-campus locations of state universities and colleges, and community colleges.
  - (a) The board of regents is authorized and empowered 1
  - to continue to operate and maintain any branch colleges 2
  - and off-campus locations of state universities and colleges 3
  - heretofore established including Potomac State College 4
  - of West Virginia University, the Parkersburg branch of West Virginia University, the Logan and Williamson
  - branches of Marshall University, the Hancock county 7

  - branch and the Wheeling campus of West Liberty State 8 9
    - College.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code 10 to the contrary, the board of regents may designate any 11 one, several or all of the existing branches or off-campus
- 12 locations of the state universities and colleges (including 13
- Potomac State College of West Virginia University, the 14
- Parkersburg branch of West Virginia University, the 15
- Logan and Williamson branches of Marshall University, 16
- and the Hancock county branch and the Wheeling campus 17
- of West Liberty State College) to be established as com-18
- munity colleges responsible directly to and subject to the 19
- governance of the board of regents. The board of regents 20

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- 21 shall determine programs to be offered in each community college, provided such programs are of two years or less duration, fix enrollments, designate a name for each com-23 munity college, employ a president and such staff and 24 25 faculty as determined appropriate, appoint an advisory board for each institution consistent with section nine 26 27 of this article and exercise such general determination. control, supervision and management of the financial, 28 business and educational policies and affairs of each com-29 30 munity college as is provided in this chapter.
- 31 (c) The board of regents may fix tuition and establish 32 and set such other fees to be charged students as it deems appropriate, retaining the same in a revolving fund for 33 34 the partial or full support, including the making of capital improvements, of any branch college or off-campus loca-35 tion of a state university or college authorized to be con-36 tinued in subsection (a) of this section or of any commu-37 nity college designated or established under the authority granted in subsection (b) of this section. Funds collected 39 at any such branch college, off-campus location of a state 40 university or college, or community college may be used 41 42 only for the benefit of the institution at which collected. The board of regents may also establish special fees for 43 such purposes as, including but not limited to, health 44 services, student activities, student recreation, athletics 45 46 or any other extracurricular purposes. Such special fees shall be paid into special funds and used only for the 47 48 purposes for which collected.
  - (d) The board of regents may allocate from the appropriations for the state system of higher education fund for the operation and capital improvement of any institution continued under authority of subsection (a) of this section or designated or established as a community college under authority of subsection (b) of this section and may accept federal grants, funds from county boards of education, other local governmental bodies, corporations or persons. The board may enter into memoranda of agreements with such governmental bodies, corporations or persons for the use or acceptance of local plant facilities and/or the acceptance of grants or contributions toward the cost of the acquisition or construction

- 62 of such facilities. Such local governmental bodies may
- 63 convey capital improvements, or lease the same without
- 64 monetary consideration, to the board, for the use by the
- 65 institution, and the board may accept such facilities
- 66 or the use or lease thereof, and such grants or contribu-
- 67 tions, for such purposes from such governmental bodies,
- 68 the federal government or any corporation or person.

## **CHAPTER 166**

(Senate Bill No. 183-By Mr. Poffenbarger)

[Passed March 2, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article one, chapter thirty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to securities; and providing that the provisions of the chapter shall not be applicable to transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article one, chapter thirty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. SECURITIES; DEFINITIONS; REGISTRATION; UNLAWFUL ACTS; PENALTIES; LIABILITIES.

### §32-1-4. Transactions not included.

- 1 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any
- 2 of the following transactions:
- 3 (a) Any judicial, sheriff's, constable's, executor's, ad-
- 4 ministrator's, guardian's or conservator's sale or any
- 5 sale by a receiver or trustee in insolvency or bank-
- 6 ruptcy, or the sale by a pledgee, in good faith and in
- 7 the ordinary course of business and not for the purpose
- 8 of evading any provision of this chapter, of a security
- 9 pledged for a bona fide debt;

- 10 (b) An isolated transaction in which any security 11 is sold, offered for sale, subscription or delivery by the 12 owner thereof, such sale or offer for sale, subscription 13 or delivery not being made in the course of repeated 14 and successive transactions of a like character by such 15 owner:
- 16 (c) A sale upon a customer's order of any security, 17 if sale is made to a person outside this state: *Provided*, 18 That such sale in another state is not a violation of the 19 securities laws of that state;

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- (d) The distribution by a corporation actively engaged in the business authorized by its charter, of capital stock, bonds or other securities to its stockholders or its other security holders as a stock dividend or other distribution out of earnings or surplus;
- (e) The sale, transfer or delivery to any bank, savings institution, trust company, insurance company or to any broker or dealer: *Provided*, That such broker or dealer is actually engaged in buying and selling securities as a business;
- (f) Bonds or notes, or other obligations secured by mortgage, deed of trust, or other lien upon property, where the entire lien, together with all of the bonds or notes secured thereby, is sold to a single purchaser at a single sale, or where the lien is given or incurred to secure the payment of unpaid purchase money;
- (g) The issue and delivery of any security in exchange for any other security of the same issuer pursuant to a right of conversion entitling the holder of the security surrendered in exchange to make such conversion: *Provided*, That the security so surrendered has been registered under the provisions of this chapter or was, when sold, exempt through the provisions of said chapter;
- (h) Transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering;
- (i) The transfer or exchange by one corporation to another corporation of its own securities in connection with a consolidation or merger of such corporations;
- 48 (j) The solicitation or execution by a registered dealer 49 of orders for the purchase of any security, provided such

50 dealer acts as agent for the purchaser, has no direct

51 material interest in the sale or distribution of such

52 security, receives no commission, profit or other com-

53 pensation from any source other than the purchaser,

54 and delivers to the purchaser written confirmation of

55 the transaction which clearly itemizes his commission,

56 profit or other compensation.

## **CHAPTER 167**

(House Bill No. 944-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to conform article six, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, amended, with the principles recently declared with respect thereto in a decision by the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia and to provide funds for the payment of outstanding "State Building Revenue Bonds" issued pursuant to said article, by amending and reenacting said article six and sections nine-a and nineteen-a, article three, chapter sixty of said code; relating to the state building commission of West Virginia, its composition, the appointment, terms and qualifications of its members, its chairman and secretary, the compensation and expenses of its members, and its powers and duties generally; setting forth certain legislative findings with respect to said "State Building Revenue Bonds", the public purpose of the projects constructed with the proceeds from said bonds, and said decision of the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia; defining various terms used in said article six; specifying various specific powers of said commission; relating to the deposits and disbursements of the commission; relating to security for its deposits and audits of its accounts; relating to the authority of the city of Charleston to make certain dedications to the commission; providing that contracts with the commission shall be secured by bonds; requiring competitive bids for certain contracts and specifying requirements with respect thereto; authorizing the issuance of state building revenue bonds; relating to the form of and requirements and procedures for the issuance of such bonds; relating to the interest on such bonds and the maturity thereof; exempting said bonds and the interest thereon from taxation; relating to the sale of said bonds and the proceeds therefrom; relating to temporary bonds; authorizing such bonds as investments for certain state funds; authorizing a trustee for the holders of said bonds; relating to the contents of any trust agreement; providing that a trust exists in favor of the holders of existing "State Building Revenue Bonds"; relating to the management and control of projects of the commission; specifying that article shall not authorize state debt; specifying that compliance with article six and constitution only required; providing that said article six shall be liberally construed; providing a severability clause; continuing in effect a price increase of alcoholic liquors beyond the time the price increase would otherwise expire; providing for a further price increase of alcoholic liquors; requiring the receipts from such continued price increase and such further price increase to be paid into a special fund created in the office of the state treasurer for the purpose of the payment of said "State Building Revenue Bonds"; and providing that the West Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner shall make quarterly payments in the amount of nine hundred thousand dollars into said special fund created in the office of the state treasurer for the purpose of retiring said "State Building Revenue Bonds".

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections nine-a and nineteen-a, article three, chapter sixty of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

5. General Powers and Duties of the Governor, Secretary of
State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works;
State Building Commission; Social Security Agency;
Public Records Management and Preservation Act; Department of Commerce; West Virginia Public Employees Retirement Act; Human Rights Commission;
West Virginia Antiquities Commission; Public Em-

ployees' and Teachers' Reciprocal Service Credit Act; White Cane Law.

60. State Control of Alcoholic Liquors.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; STATE BUILD-ING COMMISSION; SOCIAL SECURITY AGENCY; PUBLIC RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION ACT: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE; WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ACT; HUMAN RIGHTS COM-MISSION; WEST VIRGINIA ANTIQUITIES COMMISSION; PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' AND TEACHERS' RECIPROCAL SERVICE CREDIT ACT: WHITE CANE LAW.

#### ARTICLE 6. STATE BUILDING COMMISSION.

- Name of state office building commission changed; com-§5-6-1. position; appointment, terms and qualifications of members; chairman and secretary; compensation and expenses; powers and duties generally.
- §5-6-2. §5-6-3. Legislative findings; purpose of revision of article.
- Definitions.
- Powers of commission.
- §5-6-4. §5-6**-**5. Deposit and disbursement of funds of commission; security for deposits; audits.
- City of Charleston may dedicate streets, property, etc., to §5-6-6. commission.
- Contracts with commission to be secured by bond; competi-§5-6-7. tive bids required for contracts exceeding two thousand
- Commission empowered to issue state building revenue bonds; **\$5-6-8.** form and requirements for bonds; procedure for issuance; temporary bonds; funds, grants and gifts.

  Trustee for holders of bonds; contents of trust agreement.

- \$5-6-9. Trustee for holders of bonds; contents of trust agreement. \$5-6-10. Trust existing in favor of existing bondholders. \$5-6-11. Management and control of project. \$5-6-12. Article not authority to create state debt. \$5-6-13. Compliance with article and state constitution only restrictions on construction and management of project.
- \$5-6-14. Article to be liberally construed. \$5-6-15. Severability.
- §5-6-1. Name of state office building commission changed; composition; appointment, terms and qualifications of members; chairman and secretary; compensation and expenses; powers and duties generally.
  - "The State Office Building Commission of West Vir-1
  - ginia," heretofore created, shall continue in existence
  - but on and after February nine, one thousand nine hun-
  - dred sixty-six, shall be known and designated as "The
  - State Building Commission of West Virginia" and shall

6 continue as a body corporate and as an agency of the state of West Virginia. On and after the date aforesaid, the commission shall consist of the governor, and four 9 additional members to be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The 10 terms of office for said members to be appointed by 11 12 the governor shall be four years, except that the terms of office of the first four members so appointed by 13 the governor shall be for one, two, three and four 14 years respectively. No more than three of such mem-15 16 bers so appointed by the governor shall be members 17 of the same political party, nor shall any of said members 18 be members or employees of the executive, legislative 19 or judicial branches of government of West Virginia 20 or any political subdivision thereof. The governor shall 21 be chairman of the commission. The secretary of state 22 shall be a member of the commission and serve as its 23 secretary, but shall not have the right to vote upon 24 matters before the commission. All members of the commission shall be citizens and residents of this state. 25 The members of the commission shall be paid or reim-26 bursed for their necessary expenses incurred under this 27 28 article, but shall receive no compensation for their ser-29 vices as members or officers of the commission: Provided, however, That each member of the commission 30 31 appointed by the governor shall, in addition to such 32 reimbursement for necessary expenses receive a per diem of thirty-five dollars for each day or substantial 33 portion thereof that he is engaged in the work of the 34 commission. Such expenses and per diem shall be paid 35 solely from funds provided under the authority of this 36 article, and the commission shall not proceed to exercise 37 or carry out any authority or power herein given it to 38 bind said commission beyond the extent to which money 39 has been provided under the authority of this article. 40 On or before the fifteenth day of each month, the com-41 mission shall prepare and transmit to the president and 42 minority leader of the Senate and the speaker and the 43 minority leader of the House of Delegates a report cover-44 ing the activities of the said commission for the preceding calendar month. 46

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#### §5-6-2. Legislative findings; purpose of revision of article.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds that, with the concurrence of the Legislature, the commission heretofore authorized pursuant to resolution adopted on the eleventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, 4 the issuance of "State Building Revenue Bonds, Series 1968," in the aggregate principal amount of twenty-four million two hundred thousand dollars; pursuant to reso-7 lution adopted the fourteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, the issuance of "State 9 Building Revenue Bonds, Public Safety Series," in the 10 aggregate principal amount of two million five hundred 11 thousand dollars; and pursuant to resolution adopted 12 on the thirteenth day of April, one thousand nine hun-13 dred seventy, the issuance of "State Building Revenue 14 Bonds. Science and Cultural Center Series," in the 15 aggregate principal amount of nine million dollars. 16
- (b) The Legislature hereby further finds that the 17 said "State Building Revenue Bonds, Series 1968" were 18 all sold and are now outstanding in the principal amount 19 of twenty-four million two hundred thousand dollars; 20 that the said "State Building Revenue Bonds, Public 21 Safety Series" were all sold and are now outstanding 22 in the principal amount of two million five hundred 23 thousand dollars; and that said "State Building Revenue 24 Bonds, Science and Cultural Center Series," in the prin-25 cipal amount of one million five hundred thousand dol-26 lars were sold and are now outstanding. 27
  - (c) The Legislature hereby further finds that the proceeds from the issuance and sale of the aforesaid "State Building Revenue Bonds, Series 1968", the aforesaid "State Building Revenue Bonds, Public Safety Series" and the aforesaid "State Building Revenue Bonds, Science and Cultural Center Series" have been expended or obligated in and for construction of or in connection with projects undertaken pursuant to this article, which projects are owned and held in the name of the state or the commission.
- 38 (d) The Legislature hereby further finds that the 39 acquisition and construction of the aforesaid projects

- 40 have been in the best interests of the state by providing 41 additional essential office space and other related struc-42 tures which are needed for the use of the state, and the 43 officers, departments, agencies and public corporations 44 of the state, and the fulfillment of other public uses and 45 purposes.
- 46 (e) The Legislature further finds and declares that 47 the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia has held 48 that the former provisions of this article were uncon-49 stitutional to the extent that the same contemplated 50 that the principal of and the interest on bonds issued 51 by the commission would be paid solely from a fund 52 to be created and maintained from general tax revenues 53 of the state.
- (f) The Legislature further finds and declares that 54 the amendments made by this act to this article are 55 intended (1) to modify the provisions of this article 56 so as to cause the same to be in full compliance with 57 the provisions of the constitution of the state of West Virginia, which said court held were violated by the former provisions of this article, and to be in full compliance with said decision of the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia, and (2) to accord statutory recognition to existing rights, legal and equitable, of the 64 holders of bonds heretofore issued by the commission, afford security for the payment of the obligations evi-65 denced thereby and provide a special fund for the pay-66 ment of the obligations evidenced thereby.

#### §5-6-3. Definitions.

- The following terms, wherever used or referred to in this article, shall have the following meanings, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- 4 (1) "Commission" means the state building commis-5 sion of West Virginia or if said commission shall be 6 abolished, any board or officer succeeding to the princi-7 pal functions thereof, or to whom the powers given to 8 said commission shall be given by law;
- 9 (2) "Bonds" means bonds issued by the commission 10 pursuant to this article;

- 11 (3) "Project" means collectively the acquisition of 12 land, the construction, equipping and furnishing of a 13 building or buildings, together with incidental approaches, 14 structures and facilities, herein authorized to be con-15 structed;
- (4) "Cost of project" includes the cost of construc-16 tion, the cost of equipping and furnishing same, the cost 17 of all land, property, material and labor which are 18 19 deemed essential thereto, the cost of improvements, financing charges, interest during construction, and all other 20 expenses, including legal fees, trustees', engineers' and 21 architects' fees which are necessarily or properly inci-22 dental to the project; 23
- 24 "General tax revenues of the state" means revenues of the state derived from the exercise of the power 25 of taxation and available for appropriation by the Leg-26 islature for general public purposes and shall not in-27 clude revenues of the state, or of any officer, department 28 or agency thereof, derived from taxes levied, collected 29 and dedicated for a special purpose or purposes or de-30 rived from sources other than taxes such as profits, fees 31 or charges; and 32
- 33 "Rent" or "rental" includes all moneys received for the use of any part of a project either from the state 34 of West Virginia or any officer, department or public corporation thereof, or from any instrumentality or po-36 litical subdivision of the state, or directly or indirectly, 37 from the United States of America or any officer, de-38 partment, agency, instrumentality or public corporation 39 thereof: Provided, That nothing in this article shall be 40 taken to authorize the payment to the commission by or 41 42 on behalf of the state, of general tax revenues of the state: Provided, however, That nothing in this article 43 shall be taken to authorize the payment by or on behalf 44 of the state of any rent in excess of the fair rental value 45 of property used by or for such state officer or depart-46 ment or public corporation in the exercise of his or its 47 48 statutory duties.

#### §5-6-4. Powers of commission.

1 The commission shall have power:

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- 2 (1) To sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded;
  - (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- 4 (3) To contract to acquire and to acquire, in the name 5 of the commission or of the state, by purchase or other-6 wise, real property or rights or easements necessary or 7 convenient for its corporate purposes and to exercise the 8 power of eminent domain to accomplish such purposes;
- 9 (4) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal property 10 for its corporate purposes;
- 11 (5) To make bylaws for the management and regu-12 lation of its affairs;
- 13 (6) With the consent of the attorney general of the 14 state of West Virginia, to use the facilities of his office, 15 assistants and employees in all legal matters relating to 16 or pertaining to the commission;
- 17 (7) To appoint officers, agents and employees, and 18 fix their compensation;
- 19 (8) To make contracts, and to execute all instru-20 ments necessary or convenient to effectuate the intent of, 21 and to exercise the powers granted to it by, this article;
  - (9) To renegotiate all contracts entered into by it whenever, due to a change in situation, it appears to the commission that its interests will be best served;
- (10) To construct a building or buildings on real property, which it may acquire, or which may be owned 26 by the state of West Virginia, in the city of Charleston, 27 as convenient as may be to the capitol building, to-28 gether with incidental approaches, structures and facili-29 ties, subject to such consent and approval of the city of 30 Charleston in any case as may be necessary; and, in addi-31 tion, to acquire or construct a warehouse, including office 32 space therein, in Kanawha county for the West Virginia 33 alcohol beverage control commissioner, and equip and 34 furnish the same; and to acquire or construct buildings 35 and additions to buildings (and equip and furnish the 36 same), including remodeling, renovation and repair, as 37 38 may be required for the safety and care of patients, 39 guests and inmates at hospitals under the jurisdiction and

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40 supervision of the department of mental health and at 41 institutions under the jurisdiction and supervision of the commissioner of public institutions: and to formulate and 42 program plans for the orderly and timely capital improvement of all of said hospitals and institutions and the 44 state capitol buildings; and to construct a building or 45 46 buildings in Kanawha county to be used as a general 47 headquarters by the department of public safety to ac-48 commodate that department's executive staff, clerical 49 offices, technical services, supply facilities and dormitory accommodations; and to develop, improve and expand 50 51 state parks and recreational facilities to be operated by 52 the department of natural resources; and to establish one 53 or more systems or complexes of buildings and projects under control of the commission; and, subject to prior 54 55 agreements with holders of bonds previously issued to change the same from time to time, in order to facilitate 56 the issuance and sale of bonds of different series on a 57 58 parity with each other or having such priorities between series as the commission may determine; and to acquire 59 60 by purchase, eminent domain or otherwise all real property or interests therein necessary or convenient to ac-61 62 complish the purposes of this subdivision:

- 63 (11) To maintain, construct and operate a project 64 authorized hereunder:
  - (12) To charge rentals for the use of all or any part of a project or buildings at any time financed, constructed, acquired or improved in whole or in part with the proceeds of sale of bonds issued pursuant to this article, subject to and in accordance with such agreements with bondholders as may be made as hereinafter provided;
- To issue negotiable bonds and to provide for 71 the rights of the holders thereof; 72
- (14) To accept and expend any gift, grant or contribution of money to, or for the benefit of, the com-74 mission, from the state of West Virginia or any other 76 source for any or all of the purposes specified in this article or for any one or more of such purposes as may 77 be specified in connection with such gift, grant or contribution;

- 80 (15) To enter on any lands and premises for the pur-81 pose of making surveys, soundings and examinations;
- 82 (16) To invest in United States government obliga-83 tions, on a short-term basis, any surplus funds which the 84 commission may have on hand pending the completion of 85 any project or projects; and
- 86 (17) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry 87 out the powers given in this article.

88 The rights and powers set forth in subdivision (10) 89 of this section shall not be construed as in derogation of 90 any rights and powers now vested in the West Virginia 91 alcohol beverage control commissioner, the department 92 of mental health, the commissioner of public institutions 93 or the department of natural resources.

# §5-6-5. Deposit and disbursement of funds of commission; security for deposits; audits.

All moneys of the commission from whatever source 2 derived shall be paid to the treasurer of the state of 3 West Virginia, who shall not commingle said moneys 4 with any other moneys, but shall deposit them in a 5 separate bank account or accounts. The moneys in said accounts shall be impressed with and subject to the lien or liens thereon in favor of the bondholders provided 8 in the proceedings for issuance of bonds pursuant to 9 this article. The moneys in said accounts shall be paid out on check of the treasurer on requisition of the 10 chairman of the commission, or of such other person as 11 the commission may authorize to make such requisi-12 13 tion. All deposits of such moneys shall, if required by 14 the treasurer or the commission, be secured by obligations of the United States, of the state of West Virginia, 15 or of the commission, of a market value equal at all 16 times to the amount of the deposit, and all banking 17 institutions are authorized to give such security for 18 such deposits. The state auditor and his legally au-19 thorized representatives are hereby authorized and em-20 powered from time to time to examine the accounts and 21 22 books of the commission, including its receipts, disburse-23 ments, contracts, leases, sinking funds, investments and 24 any other matters relating to its financial standing.

## §5-6-6. City of Charleston may dedicate streets, property, etc., to commission.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the 1
- 2 council of the city of Charleston is hereby authorized
- 3 to dedicate to the commission for a project any street,
- 4 real property, easements or rights in land or any com-
- 5 bination of the foregoing owned by such city.

## §5-6-7. Contracts with commission to be secured by bond; competitive bids required for contracts exceeding two thousand dollars.

- The commission shall construct a project pursuant to 1
- 2 a contract or contracts. Every such contract shall be
- 3 secured by a bond meeting the requirements of section
- 4 thirty-nine, article two, chapter thirty-eight of this
- 5 code.
- 6 No contract or contracts for the construction, re-
- modeling, renovation or repair of any building or build
  - ings or any approaches, structures or facilities incidental
- thereto, or for the equipping and furnishing of any build-
- ing or buildings, when the anticipated expenditure 10
- therefor will exceed the sum of two thousand dollars, 11
- shall be entered into except upon the basis of com-12
- petitive sealed bids. Such bids shall be obtained by 13
- public notice soliciting such bids published as a Class 14
- II legal advertisement in compliance with the provi-15
- sions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, 16
- and the publication area for such publication shall be 17
- the county in which any such contract is to be per-18
- formed. The publication shall be completed at least four-
- 19 teen days prior to the final date for the submission of 20
- bids. The commission may in addition to such publi-21
- cation also solicit sealed bids by sending requests by 22
- mail to prospective bidders. The contract shall be
- 23
- awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, unless any 24
- and all bids are rejected, in which event new bids shall 25
- be sought by again publishing notice as aforesaid. Any 26
- bid, with the name of the bidder, shall be entered on 27
- 28 a record and each record, with the successful bid indi-
- 29 cated thereon, shall, after the award of any contract,

30 be open to public inspection in the office of the secretary 31 of the commission.

# §5-6-8. Commission empowered to issue state building revenue bonds; form and requirements for bonds; procedure for issuance; temporary bonds; funds, grants and gifts.

The commission is hereby empowered to raise the 1 2 cost of a project, as defined hereinabove, by the issuance of state building revenue bonds of the state, the 4 principal of and interest on which bonds shall be payable solely from the special fund herein provided for 6 such payment. Subject to the proceedings pursuant to which any bonds outstanding were authorized and issued pursuant to this article, the commission shall pledge the moneys in such special fund, except such part of 9 10 the proceeds of sale of any bonds to be used to pay the 11 cost of a project, for the payment of the principal of 12 and interest on bonds issued pursuant to this article. 13 such pledge to apply equally and ratably to separate series of bonds or upon such priorities as the commission 14 shall determine. Such bonds shall be authorized by 15 16 resolution of the commission which shall recite an estimate by the commission of such cost, and shall provide 17 for the issuance of bonds in an amount sufficient, when 18 sold as hereinafter provided, to produce such cost, less 19 the amount of any funds, grant or grants, gift or gifts, 20 contribution or contributions received, or in the opinion 21 of the commission expected to be received, from the 22 United States of America or from any other source. The 23 acceptance by the commission of any and all such funds, 24 grants, gifts and contributions whether in money or 25 in land, labor or materials, is hereby expressly autho-26 rized. All such bonds shall have and are hereby de-27 clared to have all the qualities of negotiable instru-28 ments. Such bonds shall bear interest at not more than 29 eight percent per annum, payable semiannually, and 30 shall mature in not more than forty years from their 31 date or dates, and may be made redeemable at the option 32 of the state, to be exercised by the commission, at such 33 price and under such terms and conditions as the com35 mission may fix prior to the issuance of such bonds. The commission shall determine the form of such bonds. 36 including coupons to be attached thereto to evidence 37 the right of interest payments, which bonds shall be 38 signed by the chairman and secretary of the commis-39 sion, under the great seal of the state, attested by the 40 secretary of state, and the coupons attached thereto shall 41 bear the facsimile signature of said chairman of the 42. commission. In case any of the officers whose signatures 43 appear on the bonds or coupons issued as hereinbefore 44 authorized shall cease to be such officers before the 45 delivery of such bonds, such signatures shall neverthe-46 less be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same 47 as if they had remained in office until such delivery. 48 The commission shall fix the denominations of said 49 bonds, the principal and interest of which shall be pay-50 able at the office of the treasurer of the state of West 51 Virginia, at the capitol of said state, or, at option of 52 the holder, at some bank or trust company in the city 53 of New York to be named in the bonds in such medium 54 as may be determined by the commission. The said 55 bonds and interest thereon shall be exempt from tax-56 ation by the state of West Virginia, or any county or 57 municipality therein. The commission may provide for 58 the registration of such bonds in the name of the owner 59 as to principal alone, and as to both principal and in-60 terest under such terms and conditions as the com-61 mission may determine, and shall sell such bonds in such manner as it may determine to be for the best interest of the state, taking into consideration the 64 financial responsibility of the purchaser, and the terms 65 and conditions of the purchase, and especially the avail-66 ability of the proceeds of the bonds when required for 67 payment of the cost of the project, such sale to be made 68 at a price not lower than a price which, computed upon 69 standard tables of bond values, will show a net return 70 of not more than eight percent per annum to the pur-71 chaser upon the amount paid therefor. The proceeds of such bonds shall be used solely for the payment of 73 74 the cost of the project for which bonds were issued, and shall be deposited and checked out as provided by 75

section five of this article, and under such further re-77 strictions, if any, as the commission may provide. If 78 the proceeds of bonds issued for a project shall exceed 79 the cost thereof, the surplus shall be paid into the fund 80 hereinafter provided for payment of the principal and 81 interest of such bonds. Such fund may be used for the 82 purchase of any of the outstanding bonds payable from 83 such fund at the market price, but at not exceeding 84 the price, if any, at which such bonds shall in the same 85 year be redeemable, and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall forthwith be cancelled, and shall not again 86 be issued. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds. 87 the commission may, under like restrictions, issue tem-88 porary bonds with or without coupons, exchangeable 89 for definitive bonds upon the issuance of the latter. 90 Notwithstanding the provisions of sections nine and ten, 91 article six, chapter twelve of this code, revenue bonds 92 issued under the authority herein granted shall be 93 eligible as investments for the workmen's compensation 94 fund, teachers retirement fund, department of public 95 safety death, disability and retirement fund, West Vir-96 ginia public employees retirement system and as security 97 for the deposit of all public funds. Such revenue bonds 98 may be issued without any other proceedings or the 99 happenings of any other conditions or things than those 100 proceedings, conditions and things which are specified 101 and required by this article, or by the constitution of 102 the state. The aggregate amount of all issues of bonds 103 outstanding at one time for all projects authorized here-104 under shall not exceed sixty-two million five hundred 105 thousand dollars including the renegotiation, reissuance 106 or refinancing of any such bonds. No bonds or other 107 obligations shall be issued or incurred hereunder, unless 108 and until the Legislature by concurrent resolution has 109 approved the purpose and amount of each separate 110 111 project.

# §5-6-9. Trustee for holders of bonds; contents of trust agreement.

- The commission may enter into an agreement or agree-
- 2 ments with any trust company, or with any bank hav-

3 ing the powers of a trust company, whether within or outside of the state, as trustee for the holders of bonds issued hereunder, setting forth therein such duties of 5 the state and of the commission in respect of the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, oper-7 ation, repair and insurance of the project, the conserva-8 tion and application of all moneys, the insurance of 9 moneys on hand or on deposit, and the rights and reme-10 dies of the trustee and the holders of the bonds, as may 11 12 be agreed upon with the original purchasers of such bonds, and including therein provisions restricting the 13 individual right of action of bondholders as is customary 14 in trust agreements respecting bonds and debentures of 15 corporations, protecting and enforcing the rights and 16 remedies of the trustee and the bondholders, and provid-17 ing for approval by the original purchasers of the bonds 18 of the appointment of consulting architects, and of the 19 security given by those who contract to construct the 20 building, and by any bank or trust company in which the 21 proceeds of bonds or rentals shall be deposited, and for 22 approval by the consulting architects of all contracts for 23 construction. All expenses incurred in carrying out such 24 agreement may be treated as a part of the cost of main-25 tenance, operation and repairs of the project. 26

# §5-6-10. Trust existing in favor of existing bondholders.

1 The properties and interests in properties, real, personal and mixed, tangible and intangible, standing or 2 held in the name of or for and in behalf of, or for the benefit of, the commission, or the state of West Virginia to the extent that the same were acquired or improved 5 by the expenditure of the proceeds of bonds heretofore 6 issued by the commission, and the moneys, deposits, se-7 curities and choses in action and other rights held in 8 the name of or for and in behalf of, or for the benefit of, 9 the commission, other than moneys, deposits, securities, 10 choses in action and other rights which are, or which 11 are investments of, (1) proceeds of bonds heretofore 12 issued by the commission held for expenditure for com-13 pletion of now existing projects of the commission, or 14 (2) revenues of the commission from existing projects 15

16 of the commission which, after provision for operation 17 and maintenance expenses and coverage requirements 18 not otherwise provided for, are in excess of sums re-19 quired to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds 20 of the commission heretofore issued, as and when due 21 and payable, or (3) proceeds of bonds of the commission 22 issued hereafter, or (4) revenues of the commission from 23 projects hereafter acquired or constructed by the com-24 mission, are declared to be subject to and shall be held 25 by the commission in trust for the satisfaction of the 26 obligations evidenced by the bonds heretofore issued by 27 the commission and the interest coupons thereon: Pro-28 vided, That nothing in this article shall be taken to vali-29 date or to attempt to validate rights under any existing 30 lease or other agreement entered into under the former 31 provisions of this article between the commission and 32 the state of West Virginia or any officer, department or 33 agency thereof to the extent that such lease or agree-34 ment provides for payments from general tax revenues 35 of the state. Until the satisfaction in full of the obliga-36 tions evidenced by bonds heretofore issued by the com-37 mission, the commission shall hold, manage and operate the aforesaid trust properties and interests in properties, 38 moneys, deposits, securities and choses in action and 39 other rights, separate from all other properties and in-40 terests in properties, moneys, deposits, securities and 41 choses in action and other rights that may hereafter be 42 held and owned by the commission. Upon the satisfac-43 tion of all of the aforesaid obligations of the commission. 44 all of the aforesaid trust properties and interests in prop-45 erties, moneys, deposits, securities and choses in action 46 and other rights shall become and be free and clear of 47 the aforesaid trust.

# §5-6-11. Management and control of project.

The commission shall properly maintain, repair, operate, manage and control the project, fix the rates of rental, and establish bylaws and rules and regulations for the use and operation of the project, and may make and enter into all contracts or agreements necessary and incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers under this article.

## §5-6-12. Article not authority to create state debt.

- Nothing in this article contained shall be so construed
- 2 or interpreted as to authorize or permit the incurring of
- 3 state debt of any kind or nature as contemplated by the
- 4 provisions of the constitution of the state of West Vir-
- 5 ginia in relation to state debt.

# §5-6-13. Compliance with article and state constitution only restrictions on construction and management of project.

- 1 It shall not be necessary to secure from any officer or
- 2 board not named in this article any approval or consent,
- 3 or any certificate or finding, or to hold an election, or to
- 4 take any proceedings whatever, either for the construc-
- 5 tion of such project, or the improvement, maintenance,
- 6 operation or repair thereof, or for the issuance of bonds
- 7 hereunder, except such as are prescribed by this article
- 8 or are required by the constitution of the state.

## §5-6-14. Article to be liberally construed.

- 1 This article, being necessary for the health, welfare
- 2 and convenience of the citizens of the state, should be
- 3 liberally construed to effectuate the purposes thereof.

# §5-6-15. Severability.

- 1 If any provision or any part or clause of any provision
- 2 of this article, or the application thereof to any person
- 3 or circumstance, is held unconstitutional or invalid, such
- 4 unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect other
- 5 provisions, or other parts or other clauses of any pro-
- 6 vision, or applications of this article, and to this end the
- 7 provisions of this article are declared to be severable.

# CHAPTER 60. STATE CONTROL OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS.

#### ARTICLE 3. SALES BY COMMISSIONER.

- §60-3-9a. Additional price increase for payment of Korean veterans' bonus bonds and payment of state building revenue bonds.
- §60-3-19a. Payment into veterans' bonus sinking fund for retirement of Korean veterans' bonus bonds and payment into special fund for retirement of state building revenue bonds.

# §60-3-9a. Additional price increase for payment of Korean veterans' bonus bonds and payment of state building revenue bonds.

1 For the purpose of providing revenue for the pay-2 ment of bonds issued under and by virtue of said 3 "Korean Veterans' Bonus Amendment" of one thousand 4 nine hundred fifty-six, the commissioner in the exer-5 cise of his authority under section nine of this article 6 is hereby directed to increase the price of alcoholic 7 liquors in addition to the price increase provided in 8 said section nine hereof, on or before the last day of 9 June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-seven, in an amount sufficient to produce an additional revenue of 10 11 one million eight hundred thousand dollars on an annual volume of business equal to the average for the 12 13 last three years. Whenever in any fiscal year the amount of money accumulated in the veterans' bonus sinking 14 fund for the retirement of Korean veterans' bonus 15 bonds shall be sufficient to pay at maturity all outstand-16 ing bonus bonds issued under said "Korean Veterans' 17 Bonus Amendment" of one thousand nine hundred fifty-18 six, together with the interest due or payable thereon. 19 then the commissioner is hereby directed to continue 20 in effect the aforesaid price increase of alcoholic liquors 21 22 and further increase the same as necessary for such continued increase together with such further increase 23 to equal an amount sufficient to provide revenue of 24 three million six hundred thousand dollars on an annual 25 volume of business equal to the average for the last 26 three years for the purpose of providing revenue to 27 28 be paid into a special fund hereby created in the office of the state treasurer for the purpose of the payment 29 of principal and interest on bonds of the state known 30 as the "State Building Revenue Bonds", and for which 31 payment, to the extent that the state building commis-32 sion of West Virginia has available space in buildings 33 34 operated by it in excess of revenue-producing uses, said commission shall provide at its established rates and charges such available excess space for use by such of-36 ficers, departments or agencies of the state as the com-37 missioner of finance and administration, or such other

officer, agency or department as shall from time to time have the duty to arrange for office space for officers, 40 departments or agencies of the state, shall specify. 41 Whenever in any fiscal year the amount of money ac-42 cumulated in the special fund for the retirement of said 43 "State Building Revenue Bonds" shall be sufficient to 44 pay at maturity all outstanding bonds together with the 45 interest due or payable thereon, the provision herein 46 made for continuing in effect the aforesaid price increase 47 and the provision herein for a further price increase 48 shall become ineffective at the end of such fiscal year.

# §60-3-19a. Payment into veterans' bonus sinking fund for retirement of Korean veterans' bonus bonds and payment into special fund for retirement of state building revenue bonds.

On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 2 hundred fifty-seven, from receipts in excess of the requirements of the operating fund of the commissioner, 4 the sum of four hundred fifty thousand dollars shall, 5 upon requisition of the governor, be paid each quarter 6 into the veterans' bonus sinking fund to be used for 7 the purpose of retiring bonds issued under said "Korean 8 Veterans' Bonus Amendment" of one thousand nine hun-9 dred fifty-six. Whenever, in any fiscal year, the amount 10 of money accumulated in the veterans' bonus sinking 11 fund for the retirement of said Korean veterans' bonus 12 bonds shall be sufficient to pay at maturity all outstand-13 ing bonus bonds issued under the "Korean Veterans' 14 Bonus Amendment" of one thousand nine hundred fifty-15 six, together with interest due or payable thereon, no 16 further transfers to such sinking fund shall be made 17 after the end of such fiscal year. Thereafter, from re-18 ceipts in excess of the requirements of the operating fund of the commissioner, the sum of nine hundred 19 20 thousand dollars shall be paid by the commissioner each quarter into the special fund created in section 21 22 nine-a of this article for the purpose of retiring bonds of the state known as the "State Building Revenue 23 24 Bonds." It shall be the duty and responsibility of the state treasurer to pay the principal and interest on said bonds as they become due and payable. Whenever, in

27 any fiscal year, the amount of money accumulated in 28 the special fund for the retirement of said "State Build-29 ing Revenue Bonds" is sufficient to pay at maturity all 30 of the outstanding bonds, together with interest due or payable thereon, no further transfers to such special 31 32 fund shall be made after the end of such fiscal year. 33 Nothing in section nine-a of this article or in this sec-34 tion nineteen-a contained shall be taken as limiting the 35 power and authority of the Legislature to at any time 36 appropriate the aforesaid receipts for some other purpose 37 or make other direction or provision respecting such 38 receipts.

# CHAPTER 168

(House Bill No. 835-By Mrs. Given and Mr. Ballouz)

[Passed March 8, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section three, article thirteen, chapter eight; to amend and reenact section five-(fifty-six), article two, chapter eleven, section two, article five of said chapter eleven and section one, article seven of said chapter eleven; to amend and reenact section twelve, article one, chapter eleven-a; to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article ten, chapter seventeen; and to amend and reenact section six, article nine, chapter eighteen, all of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to taxes, collection, records, receipts and disposition thereof; and repealing or amending from the code reference to capitation taxes.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article thirteen, chapter eight be repealed; that section five-(fifty-six), article two, chapter eleven, section two, article five of said chapter eleven and section one, article seven of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that section twelve, article one, chapter eleven-a be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-three, article ten, chapter seventeen be amended and reenacted; and that section six,

article nine, chapter eighteen, all of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 11A. Collection and Enforcement of Property Taxes.
- 17. Roads and Highways.
- 18. Education.

## CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

#### Article

- 2. Assessors.
- 5. Assessment of Personal Property.
- 7. Capitation Taxes.

#### ARTICLE 2. ASSESSORS.

### §11-2-5(56). Salaries paid out of county fund.

- 1 The salaries of assessors and their deputies, assistants
- 2 and employees shall be paid out of the county fund at
- 3 the time and in the manner now provided by law for
- 4 paying other county officers.

#### ARTICLE 5. ASSESSMENT OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

## §11-5-2. Personal property books.

- 1 In his personal property books the assessor shall enter
- 2 the names and post-office addresses of the owners of
- 3 personal property alphabetically arranged by districts,
- 4 showing separately the values of:
- 5 (1) All tangible personal property employed exclu-
- 6 sively in agriculture including horticulture and grazing;
- 7 (2) All products of agriculture (including livestock)
- 8 while owned by the producer;
- 9 (3) All notes, bonds, bills and accounts receivable,
- 10 stocks and any other intangible personal property;
- 11 (4) The total of one, two and three;
- 12 (5) All other tangible personal property.
- 13 The tax commissioner may prescribe such itemization
- 14 and further information as he deems necessary. The
- 15 assessor shall make the same number of copies and

- 16 extend the levies in the same way as he does with the
- ARTICLE 7. CAPITATION TAXES.

# §11-7-1. Collection of capitation taxes for tax year 1970; effective date: legislative intent.

- 1 It is hereby declared to be the intent of the Legislature
- 2 that the provisions of this act whereby the former pro-
- 3 visions for collection of capitation taxes are repealed,
- 4 shall become effective July one, one thousand nine hun-
- 5 dred seventy-one, but that such effective date shall in
- 6 no way impair the right of the sheriff or any other public
- 7 official in carrying out the law as existing prior to the
- 8 passage of this act with respect to capitation taxes due
- 9 and collectible for the tax year one thousand nine hundred
- 10 seventy or any other prior year, the collection of which
- 11 was formerly provided for under the provisions of this
- 12 section.

# CHAPTER 11A. COLLECTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF PROPERTY TAXES.

#### ARTICLE 1. ACCRUAL AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

## §11A-1-12. Receipt for taxes.

- 1 The sheriff or his deputy shall deliver to the person
- 2 paying any taxes a written or printed receipt therefor,
- 3 and shall retain for his records the stub or duplicate of
- 4 such receipt. The receipt and the stub or duplicate shall
- 5 specify the total value of personal property; the num-
- 6 ber of acres of land, and the number of town lots, with
- 7 the valuation of each tract or lot separately charged;
- 8 and shall show the total amount of the aggregate tax
- 9 paid for state, school, county, municipal, district, and
- 10 any other purpose for which levied. The officer receiv-
- 11 ing payment shall sign each receipt in his own hand-
- 12 writing. The sheriff shall furnish to each taxpayer a
- 13 statement showing the levies laid for each class of tax-
- 14 able property in each taxing district of the county when
- 15 requested so to do by the taxpayer. The sheriff shall
- 16 cause a statement of the levies, as aforesaid, to be posted
- 17 at the front door of the courthouse and at two conspic-
- 18 uous places in his office, but failure to post such state-

- 19 ment shall in no wise affect the rights of the state, or
- 20 any of its agencies, to collect such taxes. The tax commis-
- 21 sioner may prescribe uniform tax statements and re-
- 22 ceipts, not inconsistent herewith, for use in all counties
- 23 of the state.

#### CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

# ARTICLE 10. COUNTY COURTS; MUNICIPALITIES; GENERAL AUTHORITY AND DUTIES AS TO ROADS, ETC.

## §17-10-23. Levy tax on property outside municipalities.

- 1 The county court of each county may levy a tax on all
- 2 property situated outside of municipalities as follows:
- 3 On class one property, as defined by law, not to exceed
- 4 twelve and one-half cents on the one hundred dollars'
- 5 valuation, and on class two property, as defined by law,
- 6 not to exceed twenty-five cents on the one hundred dol-
- 7 lars' valuation. The levy tax shall be collected by the
- 8 sheriff and the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the
- 9 state treasury and credited to the road fund for the benefit
- 10 of and to be expended for the maintenance, repair,
- 11 construction and reconstruction of the roads of the
- 12 county, outside of municipalities, in which the tax was
- 13 raised.

#### CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

#### ARTICLE 9. SCHOOL FINANCES.

## §18-9-6. General school fund.

- 1 A separate school fund, to be called the "general school
- 2 fund," shall be set apart for the support of the free schools
- 3 of the state, and the revenue from the following sources
- 4 and not otherwise appropriated shall be paid into it:
  - (1) The income of the school funds;
- 6 (2) The net proceeds of all fines and forfeitures 7 which accrued to the state during the previous year,
- 8 except fines referred to in section six, article eight of this
- 9 chapter;

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- 10 (3) All moneys arising from the sources named in
- 11 section four, article twelve of the Constitution, heretofore
- 12 going to the "school fund" but as now amended going
- 13 to the "general school fund";

- 14 (4) All interest on public moneys received from state 15 depositories;
- 16 (5) State license tax on marriages;
- 17 (6) State tax on forfeitures;
- 18 (7) State tax on state licenses, except on motor vehi-19 cles and on owners, chauffeurs, operators and dealers in 20 motor vehicles, hunting and fishing licenses and state 21 licenses paid directly to the state auditor and secretary 22 of state: and
- 23 (8) All funds from any source paid into the treasury 24 for school purposes and not otherwise appropriated.

# **CHAPTER 169**

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 1078—Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect April 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article twelve-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to persons and rates therein; and to amend and reenact sections one, two, two-a, two-b, two-c, two-d, two-e, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, three, three-b and twenty-five, article thirteen of said chapter; and to further amend said article thirteen by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-k and twenty-six, all relating to definitions; clarifications of taxable status; providing for tax on the severance and production of natural resources; providing for dressing and processing of food not to be considered as manufacturing but taxable on wholesale basis; increasing rates of taxpayers; inclusion of banking business and other financial business as taxable; making legislative findings; providing for the deletion of former exemptions for banks, building and loan associations, federal savings and loan associations, and business of industrial loans; permitting taxation by municipalities of banking businesses and

financial organizations; and providing for the severability of any invalid provisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article twelve-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, two-a, two-b, two-c, two-d, two-e, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, three, three-b and twenty-five, article thirteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article thirteen be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-k and twenty-six, all to read as follows:

#### Article

12A. Annual Tax on Incomes of Certain Carriers.

Business and Occupation Tax.

#### ARTICLE 12A. ANNUAL TAX ON INCOMES OF CERTAIN CAR-RIERS.

§11-12A-2. Imposition of annual tax on gross income of certain carriers. §11-12A-3. Imposition of annual tax on net income of certain carriers.

# §11-12A-2. Imposition of annual tax on gross income of certain carriers.

- 1 Every motor vehicle carrier operating on the public
- 2 highways of this state and every railroad car carrier,
- 3 railroad carrier, express company, pipeline company, tele-
- 4 phone and telegraph company, airline company and any
- 5 person operating a steamboat or other watercraft, for
- 6 the transportation of passengers or freight, doing busi-
- 7 ness in the state shall pay to the state an annual tax
- 8 for each calendar year. This tax shall be equal to the
- 9 gross income from all business beginning and ending
- 10 within the state multiplied by the respective rates as
- 11 follows: Motor vehicle carriers, railroad car carrier,
- 12 railroad carrier, express companies, pipeline companies,
- 13 airline companies, any person operating a steamboat
- 14 or other watercraft and telegraph companies, three and
- three-tenths percent, and telephone companies, three and
- 16 seventy-four one-hundredths percent: Provided, That
- 17 any motor vehicle carrier which is an urban or suburban
- 18 bus line shall be taxed at the rate of one and sixty-five
- 19 one-hundredths percent of such gross income and any

- 20 motor vehicle carrier which is a taxi or cab company
- 21 or a company which hauls waste, refuse or garbage shall
- 22 be taxed at the rate of two and five-tenths percent of
- 23 such gross income.

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# §11-12A-3. Imposition of annual tax on net income of certain carriers.

- In addition to the tax imposed in the preceding section, 1 2 every motor vehicle carrier operating on the public highways of the state and every railroad carrier, railroad 4 car carrier, express company, pipeline company, telephone and telegraph company, airline company and any person operating a steamboat or other watercraft for the transportation of passengers or freight, doing business in this state shall pay an annual tax for each calendar year on the net income earned within the state 10 equal to three and seventy-four one-hundredths percent of such net income for telephone companies and six and 11 12 six-tenths percent of such net income for all other car-13 riers included in this section: Provided, That any motor 14 vehicle carrier which is an urban or suburban bus line 15 or a taxi or cab company or a company which hauls waste, refuse or garbage, five percent of such net in-16
- 18 (a) The net income of motor vehicle carriers earned 19 within the state shall be determined by ascertaining a 20 sum bearing the proportion to the total net income of 21 the motor vehicle carrier that its business done in West 22 Virginia measured in motor vehicle miles of motor vehicle 23 carrier operation, bears to all business done, mea-24 sured in like fashion:

come. Net income shall be determined as follows:

- 25 (b) The net income of railroad carriers earned with-26 in the state shall be determined by ascertaining a sum 27 bearing the proportion to total net income of the car-28 riers that its business done in West Virginia, measured in 29 ton-miles, bears to all business done, measured in like 30 fashion;
- 31 (c) The net income of railroad car carriers and ex-32 press companies earned within the state shall be deter-33 mined by ascertaining a sum bearing the proportion 34 to the total net income of the carriers or company that

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35 its business done in West Virginia, measured in car-miles 36 of car operation, bears to all business done, measured 37 in like fashion: Provided, however, That nothing in this 38 article shall be construed as applying to railroad freight car carriers not owned by railroad carriers or their subsidiaries;

- (d) The net income of pipeline companies earned within the state shall be determined by ascertaining a 43 sum bearing the proportion to the total net income of the company that its business done in West Virginia, measured in barrel-miles in the case of oil and liquid coal or slurry and of thousand cubic feet-miles in the case of gas, bears to all business done, measured in like fashion:
  - (e) The net income of airline companies and any person operating a steamboat or other watercraft for the transportation of passengers or freight earned within the state shall be determined by ascertaining a sum bearing the proportion to the total net income of the corporation that its business done in West Virginia, measured in passenger-miles in the case of airline companies and ton-miles in the case of any person operating a steamboat or other watercraft, bears to all business done, measured in like fashion;
  - The net income of telephone and telegraph companies shall be determined by ascertaining a sum bearing the proportion to the total net income of the companies that its business done in West Virginia, measured in wire-miles, bears to all business done, measured in like fashion:
- In computing the tax imposed by this section, the total net income of a taxpayer who shall have been taxed under the preceding section shall be reduced by an amount bearing the proportion to such total net income that the gross income of the taxpayer which is the measure of the tax under the preceding section bears to its total gross income from all business done wherever conducted. No county, city, town, village or other political subdivision of the state shall levy a license, net income 73 or any other kind of tax on the business taxed under this article.

# ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

§11-13-1. Definitions.

§11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax.

§11-13-2a. Severance, extraction and production of coal and other natural resource products.

§11-13-2b. Manufacturing, compounding or preparing products; processing of food excepted.

of food excepted.

811-13-2c.
811-13-2d.
911-13-2e.
811-13-2e.
811-13-2p.
811-13-2h.
811-13-2i.

§11-13-3. Exemptions.

§11-13-3b. Definitions; reduction allowed in tax due; how computed.

§11-13-25. Cities, towns or villages restricted from imposing additional tax. §11-13-26. Severability.

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#### §11-13-1. Definitions.

1 When used in this article, the term "person" or the 2 term "company," herein used interchangeably, includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, trust, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intention to give a more

8 "Tax year" or "taxable year" means either the calendar 9 year, or the taxpayer's fiscal year when permission is obtained from the tax commissioner to use same as the 10 11 tax period in lieu of the calendar year.

limited meaning is disclosed by the context.

12 "Sale." "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of the 13 ownership of, or title to, property, whether for money or 14 in exchange for other property.

"Taxpayer" means any person liable for any tax hereunder.

16 "Gross income" means the gross receipts of the taxpayer, 17 other than a banking or financial business, received as com-18 pensation for personal services and the gross receipts of the 19 taxpayer derived from trade, business, commerce or sales 20 and the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tan-21 gible property (real or personal), or service, or both, and 22 all receipts by reason of the investment of the capital of 23 the business engaged in, including rentals, royalties, fees, 24 reimbursed costs or expenses or other emoluments how-25 ever designated and including all interest, carrying charges, fees or other like income, however denominated, derived

by the taxpayer from repetitive carrying of accounts, in the regular course and conduct of his business, and extension of credit in connection with the sale of any tangible per-sonal property or service, and without any deductions on account of the cost of property sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, taxes, royalties paid in cash or in kind or otherwise, interest or discount paid or any other expense whatsoever. "Gross income" of a banking or financial business is specified in section two-k of this article. 

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"Gross proceeds of sales" means the value, whether in money or other property, actually proceeding from the sale of tangible property without any deduction on account of the cost of property sold or expenses of any kind.

The terms "gross income" and "gross proceeds of sales" shall not be construed to include (1) cash discounts allowed and taken on sales; (2) the proceeds of sale of goods, wares or merchandise returned by customers when the sale price is refunded either in cash or by credit; (3) the amount allowed as "trade-in value" for any article accepted as part payment for any article sold; (4) excise taxes imposed by this state; or (5) money or other property received or held by a professional person for the sole use and benefit of a client or another person or money received by the taxpayer on behalf of a bank or other financial institution for the repayment of a debt of another.

"Business" shall include all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, either direct or indirect. "Business" shall not include a casual sale by a person who is not engaged in the business of selling the type of property involved in such casual sale. "Business" shall include the production of natural resources or manufactured products which are used or consumed by the producer or manufacturer and shall include the activities of a banking business or financial organization.

The term "banking business" or "financial organization" shall mean any bank, banking association, trust company, industrial loan company, small loan company or licensee,

building and loan association, savings and loan association. credit union. finance company. investment company. investment broker or dealer, and any other similar busi-ness organization at least ninety per centum of the assets of which consists of intangible personal property and at least ninety per centum of the gross receipts of which consists of dividends, interest and other charges derived from the use of money or credit.

"Service business or calling" shall include all activities engaged in by a person for other persons for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a service as distinguished from the sale of tangible property, but shall not include the services rendered by an employee to his employer. This term shall include, but not be limited to:

- 81 (a) Persons engaged in manufacturing, compounding 82 or preparing for sale, profit, or commercial use, articles, 83 substances, or commodities which are owned by another 84 or others;
  - (b) Persons engaged as independent contractors in producing natural resource products which are owned by another or others, as personal property, immediately after the same are severed, extracted, reduced to possession and produced;
  - (c) The repetitive carrying of accounts, in the regular course and conduct of business, and extension of credit in connection with the sale of any tangible personal property or service, except as to persons taxed pursuant to the provisions of section two-k of this article.

"Selling at wholesale" or "wholesale sales" shall mean and include: (1) Sales of any tangible personal property for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property; (2) sales of machinery, supplies or materials which are to be directly consumed or used by the purchaser in the conduct of any business or activity which is subject to the tax imposed by this article or by article twelve-a of this chapter; (3) sales of any tangible personal property to the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities or to the state of West Virginia, its institutions or political subdivisions.

"Contracting" shall include the furnishing of work, or 107 both materials and work, in the fulfillment of a contract 108 for the construction, alteration, repair, decoration or im-109 provement of a new or existing building or structure, 110 or any part thereof, or for the alteration, improvement or 111 development of real property.

## §11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax.

There is hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against the persons, on account of the business and other activities, and in the amounts to be determined by the application of rates against values or gross income as set forth in sections two-a to two-k, inclusive, of this article.

7 If any person liable for any tax under sections two-a or 8 two-b shall ship or transport his products or any part thereof out of the state without making sale of such 10 products, the value of the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before transpor-11 12 tation out of the state shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed in said sections, except in those 13 instances in which another measure of the tax is ex-14 pressly provided. The tax commissioner shall prescribe 15 equitable and uniform rules for ascertaining such value. 16

In determining value, however, as regards sales from 17 one to another of affiliated companies or persons, or 18 under other circumstances where the relation between 19 20 the buyer and seller is such that the gross proceeds from the sale are not indicative of the true value of the 21 subject matter of the sale, the tax commissioner shall 22 prescribe uniform and equitable rules for determining 23 the value upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, 24 corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or char-26 acter where no common interest exists between the 27 buyer and seller but the circumstances and conditions 28 are otherwise similar. 29

Gross income included in the measure of the tax under sections two-a and two-b of this article shall neither be added nor deducted in computing the tax levied under the other sections of this article. 34

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A person exercising any privilege taxable under sections two-a or two-b of this article and engaging in the business of selling his natural resources or manufactured products at retail in this state shall be required to make returns of the gross proceeds of such retail sales and pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling such natural resources or manufactured products at retail in this state. But any person exercising any privilege taxable under sections two-a or two-b of this article and engaging in the business of selling his natural resources or manufactured products to producers of natural resources. manufacturers. wholesalers. iobbers. tailers or commercial consumers for use or consumption in the purchaser's business shall not be required to pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article.

Manufacturers exercising any privilege taxable under section two-b of this article shall not be required to pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article for the privilege of selling their manufactured products for delivery outside of this state, but the gross income derived from the sale of such manufactured products outside of this state shall be included in determining the measure of the tax imposed on such manufacturer in section two-b.

A person exercising privileges taxable under the other sections of this article, producing coal, oil, natural gas, minerals, timber or other natural resource products the production of which is taxable under section two-a, and using or consuming the same in his business or transferring or delivering the same as any royalty payment, in kind, or the like, shall be deemed to be engaged in the business of mining and producing coal, oil, natural gas, minerals, timber or other natural resource products for sale, profit or commercial use, and shall be required to make returns on account of the production of the business showing the gross proceeds or equivalent in accordance with uniform and equitable rules for determining the value upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or char75 acter by other taxpayers, which rules the tax commis-76 sioner shall prescribe.

# §11-13-2a. Severance, extraction and production of coal and other natural resource products.

Upon every person exercising the privilege of en-1 2 gaging or continuing within this state in the business of 3 severing, extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale, profit or commercial use any natural resource products, the amount of such tax to be equal to the 5 6 value of the articles produced as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the producer, 7 except as otherwise provided, multiplied by the respec-8 tive rates as follows: Coal, three and five-tenths percent; 9 10 limestone or sandstone, quarried or mined, two and two-11 tenths percent; oil, four and thirty-four one-hundredths 12 percent; natural gas, in excess of the value of five thousand dollars, eight and sixty-three one-hundredths per-13 cent; blast furnace slag, four and thirty-four one-14 hundredths percent; sand, gravel or other mineral prod-15 16 uct not quarried or mined, four and thirty-four one-17 hundredths percent; timber, two and two-tenths per-18 cent; other natural resource products, two and eighty-six one-hundredths percent. The measure of this tax is the 19 20 value of the entire production in this state, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that the delivery may be 21 made to points outside the state: Provided, however, 22 23 That for the purposes of the production of oil classifica-24 tion, and the production of natural gas classification, as set forth in this section, multiple coowners of oil or 25 natural gas, in place, lessees thereof, or others being 26 vested with title and ownership to part or all of 27 the oil and gas, as personal property, immediately after 28 severance, extraction, reduction to possession and pro-29 duction, except royalty recipients, in kind, shall be 30 deemed to be a "group or combination acting as a unit" 31 and one "person", as defined in section one of this article, 32 if not otherwise defined therein, whenever engaged in 33 the business of producing oil or natural gas through 34 common use, by joint or separately executed contracts, 35 of the same independent contractor driller or operator's

- 37 services; and notwithstanding provisions of private con-38 tracts for separate deposit of gross receipts in separate 39 members' accounts or for members of such group or 40 combination to take in kind any proportionate part of such 41 natural resources.
- Lessees, sublessees or other denominated lessees are considered to be producers of all of the oil or natural gas produced, regardless of any payment, in kind, to lessors, sublessors or other denominated lessors of a part of such natural resources as rents or royalties. Recipients of
- 47 royalties or rents, in kind, in cash or otherwise are tax-
- 48 able on their gross income pursuant to the provisions of
- 49 section two-i of this article.

# §11-13-2b. Manufacturing, compounding or preparing products; processing of food excepted.

1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within this state in the business of manufacturing, compounding or 2 preparing for sale, profit, or commercial use, either di-3 rectly or through the activity of others in whole or part, 4 5 any article or articles, substance or substances, commodity or commodities, or electric power produced by 6 public utilities or others and not taxed under other provi-7 sions of this article, the amount of the tax to be equal to 8 the value of the article, substance, commodity or electric 9 power manufactured, compounded or prepared for sale, as 10 11 shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer or person compounding or pre-12 paring the same, except as otherwise provided, multi-13 plied by a rate of eighty-eight one-hundredths of one 14 percent. The measure of this tax is the value of the 15 entire product manufactured, compounded or prepared 16 in this state for sale, profit or commercial use, regard-17 less of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may 18 19 be made to points outside the state. However, the dressing and processing of food by a person, firm or 20 corporation, which food is to be sold on a wholesale 21 basis by such person, firm or corporation shall not be 22 considered as manufacturing or compounding, but the 23 sale of these products on a wholesale basis shall be sub-24 ject to the same tax as is imposed on the business of

26 selling at wholesale as provided in section two-c.

27 It is further provided, however, that in those instances 28 in which the same person partially manufactures, compounds or prepares products within this state and parti-29 ally manufactures, compounds or prepares such products 30 31 outside of this state the measure of his tax under this 32 section shall be that proportion of the sale price of the 33 product that the payroll cost of manufacturing within this state bears to the entire payroll cost of manufacturing 34 the product; or, at the option of the taxpayer, the mea-35 sure of his tax under this section shall be the proportion 36 of the sales value of the articles that the cost of oper-37 ations in West Virginia bears to the full cost of manu-38 facture of the articles. 39

## §11-13-2c. Business of selling tangible property; sales exempt.

Upon every person engaging or continuing within this 1 state in the business of selling any tangible property whatsoever, real or personal, including the sale of food, and the services incident to the sale of food in hotels, restaurants, cafeterias, confectioneries, and other public eating houses, except sales by any person engaging or continuing in the business of horticulture, agriculture 7 or grazing, or of selling stocks, bonds or other evidences 8 of indebtedness, there is likewise hereby levied, and shall 9 be collected, a tax equivalent to fifty-five one-hundredths 10 of one percent of the gross income of the business, ex-11 cept that in the business of selling at wholesale the tax 12 shall be equal to twenty-seven one-hundredths of one 13 percent of the gross income of the business.

# §11-13-2d. Public service or utility business.

Upon any person engaging or continuing within this state in any public service or utility business, except railroad, railroad car, express, pipeline, telephone and telegraph companies, water carriers by steamboat or steamship and motor carriers, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be collected taxes on account of the business engaged in equal to the gross income of the

8 business multiplied by the respective rates as follows:

9 Street and interurban and electric railways, one and four-

10 tenths percent; water companies, four and four-tenths 11 percent except as to income received by municipally 12 owned water plants; electric light and power companies. 13 five and seventy-two hundredths percent on sales and 14 demand charges for domestic purposes and commercial lighting and four and twenty-nine hundredths percent 16 on sales and demand charges for all other purposes. 17 except as to income received by municipally owned plants producing or purchasing electricity and distributing 18 same; natural gas companies, four and twenty-nine 19 hundredths percent on the gross income; toll bridge 20 21 companies, four and twenty-nine hundredths percent; and upon all other public service or utility business, two 22 and eighty-six hundredths percent. The measure of this 23 24 tax shall not include gross income derived from commerce between this state and other states of the United States or between this state and foreign countries. The 26 measure of the tax under this section shall include only 27 gross income received from the supplying of public ser-28 vices. The gross income of the taxpayer from any other activity shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed upon the appropriate section or sections of this 31 32 article.

## §11-13-2e. Business of contracting.

Upon every person engaging or continuing within this 1 2 state in the business of contracting, the tax shall be equal 3 to: (a) Two and six-tenths percent of the gross income 4 of the business derived from contracts entered into prior 5 to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixtyfive; (b) two percent of the gross income of the business derived from contracts entered into on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five and 8 prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 9 10 seventy-one; and (c) two and two-tenths percent of 11 the gross income of the business derived from contracts 12 entered into on or after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.

# §11-13-2g. Business of operating amusements.

- 1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within this
- 2 state in the business of operating a theatre, opera house,

- 3 moving picture show, vaudeville, amusement park, dance
- 4 hall, skating rink, racetrack, radio broadcasting station
- 5 or any other place at which amusements are offered to
- 6 the public, the tax shall be equal to seventy-one one-
- 7 hundredths of one percent of the gross income of the
- 8 business.

# §11-13-2h. Service business or calling not otherwise specifically taxed.

- 1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within this
- 2 state in any service business or calling not otherwise
- 3 specifically taxed under this law, there is likewise here-
- 4 by levied and shall be collected a tax equal to one and
- 5 fifteen one-hundredths percent of the gross income of
- 6 any such business.

## §11-13-2i. Business of furnishing property for hire.

- 1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within this
- 2 state in the business of furnishing any real or tangible
- 3 personal property, which has a tax situs in this state, or
- 4 any interest therein for hire, loan, lease or otherwise,
- 5 whether the return be in the form of rentals, royalties,
- 6 fees or otherwise, the tax shall be one and fifteen one-
- 7 hundredths percent of the gross income of any such
- 8 activity.
- 9 The term "tangible personal property," as used herein,
- 10 shall not include money or public securities.

# §11-13-2j. Small loan and industrial loan businesses.

- 1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within this
- 2 state in the business of making loans of money, credit
- 3 goods, or things in action, who because of such activity
- 4 is required under the provisions of article seven-a, chap-
- 5 ter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thou-
- 6 sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to obtain a
- 7 license from the commissioner of banking of the state
- 8 of West Virginia, and upon each and every industrial
- 9 loan company, the tax shall be one and five one-hun-
- 10 dredths percent of the gross income of any activity, not-11 withstanding any other provisions of this article: Pro-
- 12 vided. That such tax shall apply only to gross income

- 13 received prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine
- 14 hundred seventy-one. Persons subject to the provisions
- 15 of this section shall, on and after the first day of April,
- 16 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, be subject to
- 17 the provisions of section two-k of this article.

# §11-13-2k. Banking and other financial business; legislative findings.

1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within 2 this state in the business of banking or financial business, from and after the first day of April, one thousand 4 nine hundred seventy-one, the tax shall be equal to one and fifteen one-hundredths percent of the gross income received from interest, premiums, discounts, dividends, service fees or charges, commissions, fines, rents from real or tangible personal property, however denominated. royalties, charges for bookkeeping or data processing, 10 receipts from check sales, charges or fees, and receipts from the sale of tangible personal property: Provided, 11 however. That gross income shall not include (a) inter-12 13 est received on the obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, (b) interest received on 14 the obligations of this or any other state, territory or 15 16 possession of the United States, or any political subdivision of any of the foregoing or of the District of 17 Columbia, or (c) interest received on investments or 18 loans primarily secured by first mortgages or deeds 19 of trust on residential property occupied by nontrans-20 sients; Provided, however, That all interest derived on 21 activities exempt under (c) above, shall be reported, as to 22 amounts, on the return of a person taxable under the

Persons taxed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be taxed under sections two-a to two-j, inclusive, of this article.

provisions of this section.

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The Legislature hereby finds and declares that it is the intent of the Legislature to subject national banking associations and other financial organizations to the tax imposed by this article, in accordance with the authorization contained in section five thousand two hun-

- 33 dred nineteen of the Revised Statutes of the United
- 34 States as amended by Public Law 91-156 enacted the
- 55 twenty-fourth day of December, one thousand nine hun-
- 36 dred sixty-nine.

#### §11-13-3. Exemptions.

There shall be an exemption in every case of fifty dollars in amount of tax computed under the provisions of this article. A person exercising a privilege taxable hereunder for a fractional part of a tax year shall be entitled to an exemption of the sum bearing the proportion to fifty dollars that the period of time the privilege is exercised bears to a whole year. Only one exemption shall be allowed to any one person, whether he exercises one or more privileges taxable here-under.

11 The provisions of the article shall not apply to: (a) In-12 surance companies which pay the state of West Virginia a tax upon premiums: Provided, That said exemption 14 shall not extend to that part of the gross income of insurance companies which is received for the use of real 15 16 property, other than property in which any such company maintains its office or offices, in this state, whether 17 18 such income be in the form of rentals or royalties; (b) nonprofit cemetery companies organized and oper-19 ated for the exclusive benefit of their members; (c) fra-20 21 ternal societies, organizations and associations organized and operated for the exclusive benefit of their mem-**22** bers and not for profit: Provided, however, That said 23 24 exemption shall not extend to that part of the gross income arising from the sale of alcoholic liquor, food 25 and related services, of such fraternal societies, organi-26 zations and associations which are licensed as private 27 clubs under the provisions of article seven, chapter sixty 28 of this code; (d) corporations, associations and societies 29 organized and operated exclusively for religious or chari-30 table purposes; (e) production credit association, orga-31 nized under the provisions of the federal "Farm Credit **32** Act of one thousand nine hundred thirty-three": Pro-33 vided, however, That the exemptions of this section shall 34

- 35 not apply to corporations or cooperative associations
- 36 organized under the provisions of article four, chapter
- 37 nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand
- 38 nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

# §11-13-3b. Definitions; reduction allowed in tax due; how computed.

- 1 When used in this section, the phrase "normal tax"
- 2 shall mean the tax computed by the application of rates
- 3 against values or gross income as set forth in sections
- 4 two-a to two-k, inclusive, of this article, less exemption
- 5 at the rate of fifty dollars annually or at the rate of
- 6 four dollars and sixteen cents per month for the period
- 7 actually engaged in business.
- 8 The normal tax shall be computed by the application
- 9 of rates against values or gross income as set forth in
- 10 sections two-a to two-k, inclusive, of this article.

# §11-13-25. Cities, towns or villages restricted from imposing additional tax.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section five, article
- 2 thirteen, chapter eight of this code, no city, town, or
- 3 village shall impose a business and occupation tax or
- 4 privilege tax upon occupations or privileges taxed under
- 5 sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-d, two-e, two-g, two-h,
- 6 two-i and two-j of this article, in excess of rates in effect
- 7 under this article on January one, one thousand nine hun-
- 8 dred fifty-nine, or in excess of one percent of gross income
- 9 under section two-k of this article.

# §11-13-26. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application
- 2 thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court
- 3 of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment
- 4 shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of
- 5 said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the
- 6 provision thereof directly involved in the controversy
- 7 in which such judgment shall have been rendered,
- 8 and the applicability of such provision to other persons
- 9 or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

# **CHAPTER 170**

(Senate Bill No. 22-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Passed January 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-four of said chapter, all relating to the determination of the meaning of terms used in the West Virginia personal income tax and the West Virginia corporation net income tax act.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section three, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 21. Personal Income Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

#### ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

#### §11-21-9. Meaning of terms.

- 1 Any term used in this article shall have the same
- 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the
- 3 laws of the United States relating to income taxes, unless
- a different meaning is clearly required. Any reference
- in this article to the laws of the United States shall
- 6 mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 1954, as amended, and such other provisions of the laws
- of the United States as relate to the determination of 8
- income for federal income tax purposes. All amendments
- 10 made to the laws of the United States prior to the first
- day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one,
- shall be given effect in determining the taxes imposed
- by this article for the tax period beginning the first
- day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.

- 15 and thereafter, but no amendment to laws of the United
- 16 States made on or after the first day of January, one
- 17 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall be given effect.

## ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

## §11-24-3. Meaning of terms.

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- (a) General.—Any term used in this article shall have 2 the same meaning as when used in a comparable context 3 in the laws of the United States relating to federal in-4 come taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context or by definition in this article. Any 5 reference in this article to the laws of the United States 6 or to the Internal Revenue Code or to the federal income 7 tax law shall mean the provisions of the laws of the 8 9 United States as relate to the determination of income for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to 10 the laws of the United States prior to the first day of 11 January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall 12 be given effect in determining the taxes imposed by 13 this article for the tax period beginning the first day of 14 15 July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and thereafter, but no amendment to laws of the United States 16 made on or after the first day of January, one thousand 17
- 19 (b) Certain terms defined.—For purposes of this 20 article:

nine hundred seventy-one, shall be given effect.

- 21 (1) The term "tax commissioner" means the tax com-22 missioner of the state of West Virginia or his delegate.
- 23 (2) The term "corporation" means and includes a joint-24 stock company or any association which is taxable as a 25 corporation under the federal income tax law.
- 26 (3) The term "domestic corporation" means any cor-27 poration organized under the laws of West Virginia.
- 28 (4) The term "foreign corporation" means any cor-29 poration other than a domestic corporation.
- 30 (5) The term "state" means any state of the United 31 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 32 Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United 33 States, and any foreign country or political subdivision 34 thereof.

- 35 (6) The term "taxable year" means the taxable year 36 for which the taxable income of the taxpayer is computed 37 under the federal income tax law.
- 38 (7) The term "taxpayer" means a corporation subject 39 to the tax imposed by this article.
- 40 (8) The term "tax" includes, within its meaning, in-41 terest and penalties unless the intention to give it a 42 more limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
- 43 (9) The term "commercial domicile" means the prin-44 cipal place from which the trade or business of the 45 taxpayer is directed or managed.
- 46 (10) The term "compensation" means wages, salaries, 47 commissions and any form of remuneration paid to em-48 ployees for personal services.
- 49 (11) The term "West Virginia taxable income" means the taxable income of a corporation as defined by the laws 50 51 of the United States for federal income tax purposes, ad-52 justed as provided in section six: Provided, That in the 53 case of a corporation having income from business activity which is taxable without this state, its "West Virginia 54 taxable income" shall be such portion of its taxable income as so defined and adjusted as is allocated or 56 57 apportioned to this state under the provisions of section 58 seven.
- 59 (12) The term "business income" means income arising 60 from transactions and activity in the regular course of 61 the taxpayer's trade or business and includes income 62 from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition 63 and disposition of the property constitute integral parts 64 of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.
- 65 (13) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other 66 than business income.
- 67 (14) The term "public utility" means any business ac-68 tivity to which the jurisdiction of the public service 69 commission of West Virginia extends under section one, 70 article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West 71 Virginia, as amended.
- 72 (15) The term "this code" means the code of West

- 73 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as 74 amended.
- 75 (16) The term "this state" means the state of West
- 75 (16) The term "this state" means the state of West 76 Virginia.

## **CHAPTER 171**

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 380—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 10, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventy-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to employer's returns and payment of withheld taxes under the West Virginia personal income tax act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventy-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

#### §11-21-74. Employer's return and payment of withheld taxes.

- 1 (a) General.—Every employer required to deduct and
- 2 withhold tax under this article shall, for each calendar
- 3 quarter, on or before the last day of the month following
- 4 the close of such calendar quarter, file a withholding re-
- 5 turn as prescribed by the tax commissioner and pay over
- 6 to the tax commissioner the taxes so required to be de-
- 7 ducted and withheld. Where the aggregate amount so de-
- 8 ducted and withheld by any employer is less than twenty-
- 9 five dollars in a calendar quarter and the aggregate for the
- 10 calendar year can reasonably be expected to be less than
- 11 one hundred dollars, the tax commissioner may by regu-
- 12 lation permit an employer to file an annual return and
- 13 pay over to the tax commissioner the taxes deducted and
- 14 withheld on or before the last day of the month following
- 15 the close of such calendar year. The tax commissioner

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may, if he believes such action necessary for the protection of the revenues, require any employer to make such return and pay to him the tax deducted and withheld at any 18 time, or from time to time.

- (b) Monthly returns and payments of withheld tax for April and May 1971.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), in the case of each of the months of April and May, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, every employer required to deduct and withhold tax under this article, except any employer with respect to whom the tax commissioner may have by regulation provided otherwise in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a), shall, for the months of April and May, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, file a withholding return for each of such months as prescribed by the tax commissioner and pay over to the tax commissioner the taxes so required to be deducted and withheld for each of such months by the twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.
- (c) Monthly returns and payments of withheld tax on and after June 1, 1971.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), on and after June 1, 1971, every employer required to deduct and withhold tax under this article shall, for each month, on or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month, file a withholding return as prescribed by the tax commissioner and pay over to the tax commissioner the taxes so required to be deducted and withheld, if such withheld taxes aggregate one hundred dollars or more for such month; except any employer with respect to whom the tax commissioner may have by regulation provided otherwise in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a).
- (d) Deposit in trust for tax commissioner.-Whenever any employer fails to collect, truthfully account for, pay over the tax, or make returns of the tax as required in this section, the tax commissioner may serve a notice requiring such employer to collect the taxes which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such taxes in a bank approved by the tax commissioner, in a separate account, in trust for and payable to the tax commissioner.

- 56 and to keep the amount of such tax in such account until
- 57 payment over to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall
- 58 remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is served by
- 59 the tax commissioner.

### CHAPTER 172

(House Bill No. 989-By Mr. Myles)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seventeen, eighteen and thirty-two, article four, chapter eleven-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to compensation of deputy commissioners of forfeited and delinquent lands.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seventeen, eighteen and thirty-two, article four, chapter eleven-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 4. SALE OF LANDS FOR SCHOOL FUND.

§11A-4-17. Compensation of deputy commissioners; court costs. §11A-4-18. Application for permission to redeem. §11A-4-32. Deed to purchaser; record.

#### §11A-4-17. Compensation of deputy commissioners; court costs.

- 1 As compensation for his services, the deputy commis-
- sioner shall be entitled to an attorney's fee of ten
- dollars for each item included in the suit. In addition
- thereto he shall receive a commission of fifteen per-
- cent on each sale or redemption. Such commission on
- sales shall be based on the sale price and in the case 6
- of redemption on the total taxes and interest due. Such
- compensation shall be collected from the redemptor as
- 9 provided for in section eighteen of this article. Such
- compensation, together with a charge of one dollar

- payable to the clerk of the circuit court for each item
- 12 in the suit, shall be taxed to the state as part of its
- cost in the suit and shall be paid as hereinafter pro-
- 14 vided. Except as otherwise provided in this article, no
- other costs shall be taxed

#### §11A-4-18. Application for permission to redeem.

- 1 The former owner of any forfeited or delinquent land.
- or any other person who was entitled to redeem such
- land under the provisions of section eight, article three
- 4 of this chapter, may file his petition in such suit with
- the circuit court or the judge thereof in vacation, at any
- time before confirmation of sale thereof requesting per-
- mission to redeem such land to the extent that title thereto
- remains in the state. The court or the judge thereof in
- vacation may by proper decree, permit the petitioner
- to redeem the land upon payment to the sheriff of the 10
- total amount of taxes, interest and charges properly due 11
- or chargeable thereon on the date of redemption, and all 12
- 13 court costs taxable in respect thereto under the provisions
- of this article, which amount shall be fixed by the court
- 15 or the judge thereof in vacation, in the order.
- 16 Upon payment being made, the court or the judge
- 17 thereof in vacation, shall enter a decree declaring the
- 18 redemption of such land by the petitioner, so far only
- as the title thereto remains in the state, and dismissing 19 the suit in respect thereto. If redemption was allowed 20
- after sale, the decree shall also direct the sheriff to 21
- return the purchase money to the purchaser. Such decree 22
- shall operate as a release of all the right, title and in-23
- 24 terest of the state in and to such land, but shall in no
- wise affect or impair any right, title or interest which any 25 other person may have therein.
- 27 Any redemption, which may have been heretofore had
- by a former owner of real estate, pursuant to permis-28
- sion, granted such former owner by a vacation order, in 29
- any such suit, is hereby declared valid. 30

#### §11A-4-32. Deed to purchaser; record.

- Whenever ordered to do so as provided in the pre-
- 2 ceding section, the deputy commissioner shall make and

3	deliver to the person entitled thereto a deed in form or
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5	This deed made this day of, 19,
6	by and between deputy com-
7	missioner of forfeited and delinquent lands for
8	County, West Virginia, acting for and on behalf of the
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10	purchaser, (or, heir, devisee
11	or assignee of, purchaser,)
12	grantee, witnesseth that
13	WHEREAS, In pursuance of and in accordance with the
14	statutes in such case made and provided, the above named
15	deputy commissioner did, by order of the Circuit Court
16	of County, in the month of,
17	in the year 19, sell the real estate, hereinafter men-
18	tioned and described, for the benefit of the school fund,
19	and, (here insert name of pur-
20	chaser) for the sum of \$, that being the
21	amount of purchase money paid, did become the pur-
22	chaser of such real estate (or of an undivided
23	interest in such real estate) which was sold to the State
24	for nonpayment of taxes in the name of;
25	(or which was forfeited to the State for nonentry in the
26	name of; or which escheated
27	to the State in the name of; or
28	which was waste and unappropriated land belonging to
29	the State;) and
30	WHEREAS, By an order entered on the day of
31	, 19 , in the case of State of West
32 33	Virginia v. (A. B., et al.), the Circuit Court of
34	deed be executed.
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36	Now, therefore, the grantor, for and in consideration of the premises and in pursuance of the statute, doth grant
30 37	and convey unto, grantee, his heirs and assigns
38	forever, the real estate so purchased, situate in the County
39	of, bounded and described as follows:
40	Witness the following signature:
41	Transition with Lorid Walls Digitature.
42	Deputy Commissioner of Forfeited and
43	Delinquent Lands forCounty
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44 After execution and acknowledgment of the deed, the 45 deputy commissioner shall ascertain from the clerk of the county court the total amount of the transfer fee, 46 47 the fee for recording the deed, and if the grantee was 48 an assignee of the purchaser, the fee for recording the assignment, and shall notify the grantee to pay such 49 50 amount to the clerk of the county court. Upon such payment and upon payment by the grantee to the deputy 51 commissioner of a fee of twenty dollars as his compensa-52 53 tion for preparing and executing the deed, the deputy 54 commissioner shall have the deed and the assignment, 55 if any, recorded by the clerk of the county court before delivery of the deed to the grantee. The purchaser shall 56 57 have the right to examine the deed before it is recorded. 58 The clerk of the county court shall index the deed in the grantor's index under the name of the former owner 59 mentioned in the deed as well as under the name "State 60 of West Virginia." 61

### **CHAPTER 173**

(Senate Bill No. 404-By Mr. Palumbo)

[Passed March 6, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter thirty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, relating to the distribution of income by a trust which is deemed a private foundation; prohibitions as to trusts which are private foundations or split-interest trusts; and providing a definition of terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter thirty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine, all to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 2. EDUCATIONAL, FRATERNAL AND CHARITABLE ORGANIZATIONS.

- §35-2-9. Distribution of income by trust which is deemed a private foundation; prohibitions as to trusts which are private foundations or split-interest trusts; and definition of terms.
- 1 (a) Distribution of income by trust which is deemed a private foundation; prohibitions as to such private foundation.—Every trust, receiving a gift, grant, devise or bequest, which is deemed to be a private foundation 5 as defined in section 509 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, unless its governing instrument expressly includes specific provisions to the contrary, shall distribute 7 8 its income for each taxable year at such time and in such manner as not to subject such trust to tax under 9 section 4942 of the Internal Revenue Code, and such trust 10 shall not engage in any act of self-dealing as defined 11 in section 4941 (d) of the Internal Revenue Code, retain 12 13 any excess business holdings as defined in section 4943 (c) 14 of the Internal Revenue Code, make any investments in such manner as to subject the trust to tax under section 15 4944 of the Internal Revenue Code, or make any tax-16 able expenditures as defined in section 4945(d) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code. This subsection shall apply to 18 any charitable trust established after December thirty-19 one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, and to any 20 charitable trust established before January one, one thou-21 sand nine hundred seventy, only for its taxable years 22 23 beginning on and after January one, one thousand nine 24 hundred seventy-two.
  - (b) Prohibitions as to trust which is deemed a split-interest trust.—Every trust, receiving a gift, grant, devise or bequest, to the extent that such trust is deemed to be a split-interest trust subject to the provisions of section 4947 (a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, unless its governing instrument expressly includes specific provisions to the contrary, shall not:

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32 (1) Engage in any act of self-dealing, as defined in 33 section 4941(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

- 34 (2) Retain any excess business holdings, as defined in 35 section 4943 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 36 (3) Make any investments in such manner as to sub-37 ject the foundation to tax under section 4944 of the 38 Internal Revenue Code; or
- 39 (4) Make any taxable expenditures as defined in sec-40 tion 4945 (d) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- Subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection shall not apply to a split-interest trust if:
- 43 (1) All the income interest (and none of the re-44 mainder interest) of such trust is devoted solely to one 45 or more of the purposes described in section 170(c) (2) (B) 46 of the Internal Revenue Code, and all amounts in such 47 trust for which a deduction was allowed under section 170, 545 (b) (2), 556 (b) (2), 642 (c), 2055, 2106 (a) (2), or 49 section 2522 of the Internal Revenue Code have an ag-50 gregate fair market value not more than sixty percent of the aggregate fair market value of all amounts in 51 52 such trust, or
- 53 (2) A deduction was allowed under section 170, 545 54 (b) (2), 556 (b) (2), 642 (c), 2055, 2106 (a) (2), or section 55 2522 of the Internal Revenue Code for amounts payable under the terms of such trust to every remainder beneficiary but not to any income beneficiary.
- (c) Definitions; meaning of terms.—Any term used 58 59 in this section nine shall have the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the 60 United States relating to federal income taxes and any 61 reference in this section to the Internal Revenue Code 62 63 or to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or to any section or provision thereof shall mean the provisions of the laws 64 of the United States as relate to the determination of 65 66 income for federal income tax purposes, including all amendments made to the laws of the United States prior 67 to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 68 seventy-one, but no amendment to the laws of the United 69 States made on or after the first day of January, one 70 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall be given effect. 71

### CHAPTER 174

(Com. Sub. for Senate Bill No. 280—Originating in the Senate Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one; section sixteen, article two; sections two, three, five, seven and ten, article five; and sections three and ten, article six, all of chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article five by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; to further amend said article six by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all relating to the department of employment security, the commissioner of employment security and unemployment compensation.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one; section sixteen, article two; sections two, three, five, seven and ten, article five; and sections three and ten, article six, all of chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article five be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; that said article six be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-a, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 1. Department of Employment Security.
- 2. The Commissioner of Employment Security.
- 5. Employer Coverage and Responsibility.
- 6. Employee Eligibility; Benefits.
- 6A. Extended Benefits Program.

#### ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY.

#### §21A-1-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly re-
- 2 quires otherwise:

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"Administration fund" means the employment security 3 administration fund, from which the administrative ex-4 penses under this chapter shall be paid. 5

"Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages for employment paid by an employer during a twelve-month period ending with June thirty of any calendar year.

9 "Average annual payroll" means the average of the last three annual payrolls of an employer. 10

"Base period" means the first four out of the last five 12 completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the individual's benefit year.

14 "Base period employer" means any employer who in the base period for any benefit year paid wages to an 15 individual who filed claim for unemployment compen-16 17 sation within such benefit year.

"Base period wages" means wages paid to an individual 18 during the base period by all his base period employers. 19

"Benefit year" with respect to an individual means the 20 21 one-year period beginning with the first day of the 22 calendar week in which he filed a valid claim for benefits, and thereafter the one-year period beginning with 23 the first day of the calendar week in which such individual 25 next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his last preceding benefit year. An initial claim for 26 27 benefits filed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed to be a valid claim within the 28 purposes of this definition if the individual has been paid 29 wages in his base period sufficient to make him eligible 30 31 for benefits under the provisions of this chapter.

32 "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual 33 with respect to his unemployment.

"Board" means board of review.

"Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-one, June thirty, September thirty, or December thirty-one, or the 37 equivalent thereof as the commissioner may by regula-38 tion prescribe.

"Commissioner" means the employment security commissioner.

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"Computation date" means June thirty of the year immediately preceding the January one on which an employer's contribution rate becomes effective.

"Employing unit" means an individual, or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, corporation (domestic or foreign), institution of higher education, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has on January first, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five, or subsequent thereto, had in its employ one or more individuals performing service within this state.

"Employer" means:

- (1) Until January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, any employing unit which for some portion of a day, not necessarily simultaneously, in each of twenty different calendar weeks, which weeks need not be consecutive, within either the current calendar year, or the preceding calendar year, has had in employment four or more individuals irrespective of whether the same individuals were or were not employed on each of such days;
- (2) Any employing unit which is or becomes a liable employer under any federal unemployment tax act;
- (3) Any employing unit which has acquired or acquires the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, of any employing unit which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to this chapter;
- (4) Any employing unit which, after December thirtyone, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and until
  January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, in
  any one calendar quarter, in any calendar year, has in
  employment four or more individuals and has paid wages
  for employment in the total sum of five thousand dollars
  or more, or which, after such date, has paid wages for
  employment in any calendar year in the sum total of
  twenty thousand dollars or more;
- (5) Any employing unit which, after December thirtyone, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and until January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two. in

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82 any three weeks' period, in any calendar year, has in 83 employment ten or more individuals;

- (6) For the effective period of its election pursuant to section three, article five of this chapter, any employing unit which has elected to become subject to this chapter;
- 87 (7) Any employing unit which, after December thirty-88 one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, (i) in any 89 calendar quarter in either the current or preceding 90 calendar year paid for service in employment wages of one thousand five hundred dollars or more, or (ii) for 91 92 some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar 93 weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding calendar year had 94 95 in employment at least one individual (irrespective of 96 whether the same individual was in employment in each 97 such day);
  - (8) Any employing unit for which service in employment, as defined in subdivision nine of the definition of "employment" in this section, is performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one;
- 102 (9) Any employing unit for which service in employ-103 ment, as defined in subdivision ten of the definition of 104 "employment" in this section, is performed after Decem-105 ber thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.

"Employment," subject to the other provisions of this section, means:

- (1) Service, including service in interstate commerce, performed for wages or under any contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied;
- (2) Any service performed prior to January one, one 111 thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which was employ-112 ment as defined in this section prior to such date and, 113 subject to the other provisions of this section, service 114 performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine 115 hundred seventy-one, by an employee, as defined in 116 section 3306(i) of the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," 117 including service in interstate commerce; 118
- 119 (3) Any service performed prior to January one, one 120 thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which was employ-

- ment as defined in this section prior to such date and, subject to the other provisions of this section, service performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, including service in interstate commerce, by any officer of a corporation;
- 126 (4) An individual's entire service, performed within 127 or both within and without this state if: (a) The ser-128 vice is localized in this state; or (b) the service is not 129 localized in any state but some of the service is per-130 formed in this state and (i) the base of operations, or, 131 if there is no base of operations, then the place from 132 which such service is directed or controlled, is in this 133 state; or (ii) the base of operations or place from which 134 such service is directed or controlled is not in any state 135 in which some part of the service is performed but the 136 individual's residence is in this state;
- 137 (5) Service not covered under paragraph four of this 138 subdivision and performed entirely without this state with 139 respect to no part of which contributions are required 140 and paid under an unemployment compensation law 141 of any other state or of the federal government, shall 142 be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter 143 if the individual performing such services is a resident 144 of this state and the commissioner approves the election 145 of the employing unit for whom such services are per-146 formed that the entire service of such individual shall 147 be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter;
- 148 (6) Service shall be deemed to be localized within 149 a state, if: (a) The service is performed entirely with-150 in such state; or (b) the service is performed both within 151 and without such state, but the service performed with-152 out such state is incidental to the individual's service 153 within this state, as, for example, is temporary or transi-154 tory in nature or consists of isolated transactions;
- 155 (7) Services performed by an individual for wages 156 shall be deemed to be employment subject to this chap-157 ter unless and until it is shown to the satisfaction of 158 the commissioner that: (a) Such individual has been 159 and will continue to be free from control or direction 160 over the performance of such services, both under his

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- 161 contract of service and in fact; and (b) such service is either outside the usual course of the business for 162 163 which such service is performed or that such service 164 is performed outside of all the places of business of 165 the enterprise for which such service is performed; and 166 (c) such individual is customarily engaged in an in-167 dependently established trade, occupation, profession or 168 business;
- (8) All service performed by an officer or member 169 170 of the crew of an American vessel (as defined in section 171 three hundred five of an act of Congress entitled "Social 172 Security Act Amendment of 1946," approved August tenth, 173 one thousand nine hundred forty-six) on or in connection with such vessel, provided that the operating office, 174 175 from which the operations of such vessel operating on 176 navigable waters within or within and without the United 177 States is ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, 178 directed and controlled, is within this state;
- 179 (9) Service performed after December thirty-one, one 180 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an individual 181 in the employ of this state or any of its instrumentali-182 ties (or in the employ of this state and one or more 183 other states or their instrumentalities), when such ser-184 vice is performed for a hospital or institution of higher 185 education located in this state provided that such service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the "Federal 186 Unemployment Tax Act" solely by reason of section 187 188 3306(c)(7) of that act, and is not excluded from "em-189 ployment" under subdivision eleven of the exclusions 190 from the term "employment";
  - (10) Service performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an individual in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational or other organization but only if the following conditions are met:
  - (a) the service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act" solely by reason of section 3306(c)(8) of that act; and
- 199 (b) the organization had four or more individuals in 200 employment for some portion of a day in each of twenty

- different weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, within either the current or preceding calendar year, regardless of whether they were employed at the same moment of time;
- 205 (11) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the 206 United States, performed outside the United States (ex-207 cept in Canada or the Virgin Islands), after December 208 thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in 209 the employ of an American employer (other than ser-210 vice which is deemed "employment" under the provisions 211 of subdivisions four, five or six of this definition of "em-212 ployment" or the parallel provisions of another state's 213 law), if:
- 214 (a) the employer's principal place of business in the 215 United States is located in this state; or
- 216 (b) the employer has no place of business in the 217 United States, but (i) the employer is an individual 218 who is a resident of this state; or (ii) the employer is 219 a corporation which is organized under the laws of 220 this state; or (iii) the employer is a partnership or a 221 trust and the number of the partners or trustees who 222 are residents of this state is greater than the number 223 who are residents of any one other state; or
- (c) none of the criteria of subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision (11) is met but the employer has elected coverage in this state or, the employer having failed to elect coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based on such service, under the law of this state.
- An "American employer," for purposes of this subdivi-230 sion (11) means a person who is (i) an individual who 231 232 is a resident of the United States; or (ii) a partnership 233 if two thirds or more of the partners are residents of the United States; or (iii) a trust, if all of the trustees 234 235 are residents of the United States; or (iv) a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or 236 237 of any state.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing definition of "employment," if the services performed during one half or

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240 more of any pay period by an employee for the person 241 employing him constitute employment, all the services 242 of such employee for such period shall be deemed to 243 be employment; but if the services performed during 244 more than one half of any such pay period by an **24**5 employee for the person employing him do not constitute 246 employment, then none of the services of such employee 247 for such period shall be deemed to be employment.

The term "employment" shall not include:

- (1) Services performed in the employ of this state or any political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of this state or its subdivisions, except as otherwise provided herein;
- 253 (2) Service performed directly in the employ of an-254 other state, or its political subdivisions;
- **255** (3) Service performed in the employ of the United 256 States or an instrumentality of the United States exempt 257 under the constitution of the United States from the 258 payments imposed by this law, except that to the extent 259 that the Congress of the United States shall permit states 260 to require any instrumentalities of the United States to 261 make payments into an unemployment fund under a 262 state unemployment compensation law, all of the pro-263 visions of this law shall be applicable to such instrumen-264 talities, and to service performed for such instrumentali-**26**5 ties, in the same manner, to the same extent and on 266 the same terms as to all other employers, employing 267 units, individuals, and services: Provided, That if this state shall not be certified for any year by the secretary 268 of labor under section 1603(c) of the "Federal Internal 269 270 Revenue Code," the payments required of such instru-271 mentalities with respect to such year shall be refunded by the commissioner from the fund in the same man-272 ner and within the same period as is provided in section 273 nineteen, article five of this chapter, with respect to 274 payments erroneously collected; 275
- 276 (4) Service performed after June thirty, one thou-277 sand nine hundred thirty-nine, with respect to which 278 unemployment compensation is payable under the "Rail-279 road Unemployment Insurance Act" (52 Stat. 1094), and

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280 service with respect to which unemployment benefits 281 are payable under an unemployment compensation sys-282 tem for maritime employees established by an act of 283 Congress. The commissioner may enter into agreements 284 with the proper agency established under such an act 285 of Congress to provide reciprocal treatment to individuals who, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment 286 compensation under an act of Congress, or who have, 287 288 after acquiring potential rights to unemployment compensation under an act of Congress, acquired rights to **2**89 benefit under this chapter. Such agreements shall be-290 come effective ten days after such publications as comply 291 with the general rules of the department; 292

- (5) Agricultural labor, and for the purposes of this chapter, the term "agricultural labor" includes all services performed:
- (a) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife;
- (b) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm;
- (c) In connection with the production or harvesting 309 of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity 310 in section 15(g) of the "Agricultural Marketing Act," as 311 amended (46 Stat. 1550, sec. 3; 12 U.S.C. §1141j) or in 312 connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection 313 with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, 314 reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for 315 profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water 316 for farming purposes; 317
- 318 (d) (i) In the employ of the operator of a farm in 319 handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, proces-

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sing, freezing, grading, storing or delivering to storage 320 321 or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market. 322 in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horti-323 cultural commodity; but only if such operator produced 324 more than one half of the commodity with respect to 325 which such service is performed; or (ii) in the employ 326 of a group of operators of farms (or a cooperative organi-327 zation of which such operators are members) in the per-328 formance of service described in subparagraph (i), but 329 only if such operators produced more than one half of 330 the commodity with respect to which such service is 331 performed; but the provisions of subparagraphs (i) and 332 (ii) shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect 333 to service performed in connection with commercial can-334 ning or commercial freezing or in connection with any 335 agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery 336 to a terminal market for distribution for consumption;

- (e) On a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business or is domestic service in a private home of the employer. 340 As used in this subdivision (5), the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, greenhouses and nurseries, or other similar land areas or structures used primarily for the raising of any agricultural or horticultural commodity, and orchards, and the term "greenhouses and nurseries" shall not include greenhouses and nurseries employing more than fifteen full-time employees;
  - (6) Domestic service in a private home;
  - (7) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his son, daughter, or spouse;
  - (8) Service performed by a child under the age of twenty-one years in the employ of his father or mother;
  - (9) Service as an officer or member of a crew of an American vessel, performed on or in connection with such vessel, if the operating office, from which the operations of the vessel operating on navigable water within or without the United States are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled, is without this state;

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- 360 (10) Services performed by agents of mutual fund 361 broker-dealers or insurance companies, exclusive of in-362 dustrial insurance agents, or by agents of investment 363 companies, who are compensated wholly on a commis-364 sion basis;
- 365 (11) Service performed (i) in the employ of a church 366 or convention or association of churches, or an organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes 367 368 and which is operated, supervised, controlled, or prin-369 cipally supported by a church or convention or association of churches; or (ii) by a duly ordained, commis-370 sioned or licensed minister of a church in the exercise 371 372 of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order; or (iii) 373 the employ of a school which is not an institution of 374 375 higher education; or (iv) in a facility conducted for the 376 purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age 377 or physical or mental deficiency or injury or provid-378 379 ing remunerative work for individuals who because of 380 their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be 381 readily absorbed in the competitive labor market by an 382 individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative 383 work; or (v) as part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted or financed in whole 384 or in part by any federal agency or an agency of a 385 state or political subdivision thereof, by an individual 386 receiving such work relief or work training; or (vi) 387 for a hospital in a state prison or other state correctional 388 institution by an inmate of the prison or correctional 389 390 institution:
  - (12) Service performed, in the employ of a school, college or university, if such service is performed (i) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college or university, or (ii) by the spouse of such a student, if such spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to perform such service, that (I) the employment of such spouse to perform such service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school,

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400 college or university, and (II) such employment will not 401 be covered by any program of unemployment insurance;

- 402 (13) Service performed by an individual under the 403 age of twenty-two who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public 404 educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly 405 406 organized body of students in attendance at the place 407 where its educational activities are carried on as a stu-408 dent in a full-time program, taken for credit at such in-409 stitution, which combines academic instruction with work 410 experience, if such service is an integral part of such 411 program, and such institution has so certified to the em-412 ployer, except that this subdivision shall not apply to 413 service performed in a program established for or on 414 behalf of an employer or group of employers;
- 415 (14) Service performed in the employ of a hospital, 416 if such service is performed by a patient of the hospital, 417 as defined in this section.

418 Notwithstanding the foregoing exclusions from the defi-419 nition of "employment," services, except agricultural labor 420 and domestic service in a private home, shall be deemed 421 to be in employment if with respect to such services a 422 tax is required to be paid under any federal law imposing 423 a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions 424 required to be paid into a state unemployment compensa-425 tion fund.

"Employment office" means a free employment office or 427 branch thereof, operated by this state, or any free public 428 employment office maintained as a part of a state-con-429 trolled system of public employment offices in any other 430 state.

"Fund" means the unemployment compensation fund 432 established by this chapter.

"Hospital" means an institution which has been licensed, certified or approved by the state department of health as a hospital.

"Institution of higher education" means an educational institution which:

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- 438 (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having 439 a certificate of graduating from a high school, or the recog-440 nized equivalent of such a certificate;
- 441 (2) Is legally authorized in this state to provide a 442 program of education beyond high school:
- (3) Provides an educational program for which it 444 awards a bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is acceptable for full credit toward such a 446 degree, or provides a program of post-graduate or postdoctoral studies, or provides a program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and
- 450 (4) Is a public or other nonprofit institution.
- 451 Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this 452 definition, all colleges and universities in this state are in-453 stitutions of higher education for purposes of this section.
- 454 "Payments" means the money required to be paid or that may be voluntarily paid into the state unemploy-455 456 ment compensation fund as provided in article five of 457 this chapter.
- 458 "Separated from employment" means, for the purposes 459 of this chapter, the total severance whether by quit-460 ting, discharge, or otherwise, of the employer-employee 461 relationship.
- 462 "State" includes, in addition to the states of the United 463 States, Puerto Rico, District of Columbia and the Virgin 464 Islands.
- 465 "Total and partial unemployment" means:
  - (1) An individual shall be deemed totally unemployed in any week in which such individual is separated from employment for an employing unit and during which he performs no services and with respect to which no wages are payable to him.
  - (2) An individual who has not been separated from employment shall be deemed to be partially unemployed in any week in which due to lack of work he performs no services and with respect to which no wages are pavable to him, or in any week in which due to lack of full-

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476 time work wages payable to him are less than his weekly477 benefit amount plus ten dollars.

"Wages" means all remuneration for personal service, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all remuneration in any medium other than cash: *Provided*, That the term "wages" shall not include:

482 (1) That part of the remuneration which, after re-483 muneration equal to three thousand dollars has been 484 paid to an individual by an employer with respect to 485 employment during any calendar year, is paid after 486 December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred thirtynine, and prior to January one, one thousand nine hundred 487 488 forty-seven, to such individual by such employer with 489 respect to employment during such calendar year; or that part of the remuneration which, after remuneration 490 491 equal to three thousand dollars with respect to employment after one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight has 492 493 been paid to an individual by an employer during any 494 calendar year after one thousand nine hundred forty-495 six, is paid to such individual by such employer during 496 such calendar year, except that for the purposes of 497 sections one, ten, eleven and thirteen, article six of this chapter, all remuneration earned by an individual in 498 499 employment shall be credited to the individual and in-500 cluded in his computation of base period wages: Pro-501 vided, That notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, on and after January one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-502 503 two, the term "wages" shall not include:

That part of the remuneration which, after remuneration equal to three thousand six hundred dollars has been paid to an individual by an employer with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid during any calendar year after one thousand nine hundred sixtyone; and shall not include that part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to four thousand two hundred dollars is paid during a calendar year after one thousand nine hundred seventy-one to an individual by an employer or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year unless that

516 part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a 517 federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be 518 taken for contributions required to be paid into a state 519 unemployment fund. For the purposes of this subdivi-520 sion (1), the term employment shall include service 521 constituting employment under any unemployment com-522 pensation law of another state; or which as a condition 523 for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the "Fed-524 eral Unemployment Tax Act" is required to be covered 525 under this chapter; and, except, that for the purposes 526 of sections one, ten, eleven and thirteen of article six of 527 this chapter, all remuneration earned by an individual 528 in employment shall be credited to the individual and 529 included in his computation of base period wages: And provided further, That the remuneration paid to an 530 531 individual by an employer with respect to employment 532 in another state or other states upon which contribu-533 tions were required of and paid by such employer under 534 an unemployment compensation law of such other state or states shall be included as a part of the remuneration 535 equal to the amounts of three thousand six hundred 536 dollars or four thousand two hundred dollars herein 537 referred to. In applying such limitation on the amount 538 of remuneration that is taxable an employer shall be 539 accorded the benefit of all or any portion of such amount 540 which may have been paid by its predecessor or predeces-541 sors: Provided, however, That if the definition of the 542 term "wages" as contained in section 3306(b) of the 543 "Internal Revenue Code of 1954" is amended (a) effec-544 tive prior to January one, one thousand nine hundred 545 sixty-two, to include remuneration in excess of three 546 thousand dollars, or (b) effective on or after January 547 one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, to include 548 remuneration in excess of three thousand six hundred 549 dollars, or effective on or after January one, one thou-550 sand nine hundred seventy-two, to include remuneration 551 in excess of four thousand two hundred dollars, paid 552 to an individual by an employer under the "Federal Un-553 employment Tax Act" during any calendar year, wages 554 for the purposes of this definition shall include remunera-555 tion paid in a calendar year to an individual by an em-556

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557 ployer subject to this article or his predecessor with re-558 spect to employment during any calendar year up to an 559 amount equal to the amount of remuneration taxable 560 under the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act";

- 561 (2) The amount of any payment made after December 562 thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two (includ-**5**63 ing any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment), 564 to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ or any of his 565 566 dependents, under a plan or system established by an em-567 ployer which makes provision for individuals in its employ 568 generally (or for such individuals and their dependents), 569 or for a class or classes of such individuals (or for a class 570 or classes of such individuals and their dependents), on account of (A) retirement, or (B) sickness or accident disa-571 572 bility, or (C) medical or hospitalization expenses in con-573 nection with sickness or accident disability, or (D) death;
  - (3) Any payment made after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer to an individual in its employ (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement;
- 579 (4) Any payment made after December thirty-one, 580 one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer 581 on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical 582 or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness 583 or accident disability, to, or on behalf of, an individual 584 in its employ after the expiration of six calendar months following the last calendar month in which such individual worked for such employer;
  - (5) Any payment made after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ or his beneficiary (A) from or to a trust described in section 401(a) which is exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the "Federal Internal Revenue Code" at the time of such payment unless such payment is made to such individual as an employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered by such individual and not as a beneficiary of the trust, or (B) under or to an annuity plan which, at the

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- 597 time of such payment, is a plan described in section 403(a) 598 of the "Federal Internal Revenue Code":
- 599 (6) The payment by an employer (without deduction 600 from the remuneration of the individual in its employ) 601 of the tax imposed upon an individual in its employ 602 under section 3101 of the "Federal Internal Revenue 603 Code":
- 604 (7) Remuneration paid by an employer after Decem-605 ber thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, in 606 any medium other than cash to an individual in its 607 employ for service not in the course of the employer's 608 trade or business;
- 609 (8) Any payment (other than vacation or sick pay)
  610 made by an employer after December thirty-one, one
  611 thousand nine hundred fifty-two, to an individual in its
  612 employ after the month in which he attains the age of
  613 sixty-five, if he did not work for the employer in the
  614 period for which such payment is made;
- 615 (9) Payments, not required under any contract of hire, 616 made to an individual with respect to his period of 617 training or service in the armed forces of the United 618 States by an employer by which such individual was 619 formerly employed.
- Gratuities customarily received by an individual in the course of his employment from persons other than his employing unit shall be treated as wages paid by his employing unit, if accounted for and reported to such employing unit.
- The reasonable cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner.
  - "Week" means a calendar week, ending at midnight Saturday, or the equivalent thereof, as determined in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the commissioner.
- "Weekly benefit rate" means the maximum amount of benefit an eligible individual will receive for one week of total unemployment.

"Year" means a calendar year or the equivalent there-635 of, as determined by the commissioner. 636

## ARTICLE 2. THE COMMISSIONER OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY.

#### §21A-2-16. Federal-state cooperation.

- 1 The commissioner shall have all powers and duties 2 necessary to secure to the state the benefits of congres-3 sional action for the promotion and maintenance of a system of public employment offices. To this end the 4
- provisions of the act referred to in the preceding section
- and such additional congressional action consistent with the above act are accepted by the state and the state
- pledges its observance and compliance therewith.
- 9 The department of employment security, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the 10 purpose of compliance with the act of Congress entitled 11 "An act to provide for the establishment of a national 12 13 employment system and for cooperation with states in
- the promotion of such systems, and for other purposes." 14
- approved June six, one thousand nine hundred thirty-15
- 16 three, as amended.
- 17 The department of employment security, by its com-18 missioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering sections 19 20 sixteen and seventeen of an act of Congress entitled "An 21 act to extend and improve the unemployment compen-
- sation program," approved September one, one thousand 22 23 nine hundred fifty-four.
- 24 The department of employment security, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the 25 purpose of complying with and administering an act 26 of Congress entitled "An act to amend title XV of the 27 Social Security Act to extend the unemployment insur-28 ance system to exservicemen, and for other purposes," 29 approved August twenty-eight, one thousand nine hun-30 dred fifty-eight.
- The department of employment security, by its com-32 missioner, is designated the agent of this state for the 33 purpose of complying with and administering an act

of Congress entitled "An act relating to manpower requirements, resources, development, and utilization, and for other purposes," approved March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two.

The department of employment security, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering an act of Congress entitled "An act to establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and under employment in certain economically distressed areas," approved May one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one.

The department of employment security, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering chapter three of title III of an act of Congress entitled "An act to promote the general welfare, foreign policy, and security of the United States through international trade agreements and through adjustment assistance to domestic industry, agriculture, and labor, and for other purposes," approved October eleven, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two.

The department of employment security, by its commissioner, is designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering an act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of a temporary program of extended unemployment compensation, to provide for a temporary increase in the rate of the federal unemployment tax, and for other purposes," approved January three, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one.

The department of employment security, by its commissioner, is also designated the agent of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering other programs of the United States government such as the foregoing.

The commissioner of employment security is designated as the officer of this state for the purpose of complying with and administering the tasks assigned to the West Virginia department of employment security pur-

75 suant to section six, article two-b, chapter eighteen of 76 this code relating to the area vocational educational 77 program of this state.

78 The commissioner is also authorized with the approval 79 of the advisory council, to apply for an advance to the 80 unemployment compensation fund in accordance with the conditions specified in title XII of the "Social Se-81 82 curity Act," as amended, in order to secure to this state and its citizens the advantages available under the pro-83 visions of that title. 84

85 In the administration of this chapter the commissioner shall cooperate with the United States department of 86 labor to the fullest extent consistent with the provisions 87 of this chapter, and shall take such action through the 88 89 adoption of appropriate rules, regulations, administrative methods and standards, as may be necessary to secure 90 91 to this state and its citizens all advantages available 92 under the provisions of the "Social Security Act" which relate to unemployment compensation, the "Federal 93 Unemployment Tax Act," the "Wagner-Peyser Act," and 94 95 the "Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensa-96 tion Act of 1970."

97 In the administration of the provisions in article six-a of this chapter, which are enacted to conform with the 98 requirements of the "Federal-State Extended Unemploy-99 ment Compensation Act of 1970," the commissioner shall 100 take such action as may be necessary (i) to ensure that 101 the provisions are so interpreted and applied as to meet 102 103 the requirements of such federal act, and (ii) to secure this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of 104 105 extended and regular benefits paid under this chapter which are reimbursable under said federal act. 106

#### ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYER COVERAGE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

§21A-5-2. Termination of coverage.

Voluntary coverage; elective coverage by political sub-§21A-5-3. divisions.

§21A-5-3a. Financing benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations.

Rate of contribution. §21A-5-5.

Joint and separate accounts. §21A-5-7.

§21A-5-10. Same—Decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

#### §21A-5-2. Termination of coverage.

Except as otherwise provided in section three of this 1 2 article, an employing unit, with the exception of any 3 employing unit for which service in employment is defined in subdivision ten of the definition of "employment" as set forth in section three, article one of this chapter. 5 shall cease to be an employer subject to this chapter only as of the first day of any calendar year and only if 7 it files with the commissioner not later than January 8 thirty-first of such year, a written application for termi-9 nation of coverage, as of such first day of January, and 10 the commissioner finds that within the preceding calen-11 12 dar year the employing unit did not pay wages of one thousand five hundred dollars or more in any calendar 13 quarter for employment subject to this chapter and dur-14 ing that calendar year no service was performed for it 15 with respect to which it was liable for any tax against 16 17 which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into the unemployment compensation fund 18 of this state; and any employing unit for which service 19 in employment is defined in subdivision ten of the defi-20 nition of "employment" as set forth in section three, 21 22 article one of this chapter, shall cease to be an employer subject to this chapter only as of the first day of any 23 calendar year and only if it files with the commissioner 24 not later than January thirty-first of such year, a writ-25 ten application for termination of coverage, as of such 26 first day of January, and the commissioner finds that 27 there were no twenty different days, each day being in 28 a different calendar week within the preceding calen-29 dar year, within which such employing unit had four 30 or more individuals in employment subject to this chap-31 ter: Provided. That the commissioner may for good cause 32 extend the time for filing application for termination of 33 coverage, effective as of the first day of the next suc-34 ceeding quarter after the application is approved. 35

# §21A-5-3. Voluntary coverage; elective coverage by political subdivisions.

1 (1) An employing unit, not otherwise subject to the 2 provisions of this chapter, which files with the com-

missioner its written election to become an employer subject hereto for not less than two calendar years, shall, with the written approval of such election by the commissioner, become an employer subject hereto to the same extent as all other employers, as of the date stated in such approval, and shall cease to be subject hereto as of January one of any calendar year subsequent to such two calendar years, only if during January of such year it has filed with the commissioner a written notice to that effect

- 13 (2) Any employing unit for which services that do 14 not constitute employment as defined in this chapter are performed, may file with the commissioner a written 15 election that all such services performed by individuals 16 17 in its employ in one or more distinct establishments or 18 places of business shall be deemed to constitute employment for all the purposes of this chapter for not less than 19 20 two calendar years. Upon the written approval of such 21 election by the commissioner, such services shall be 22 deemed to constitute employment subject to this chap-23 ter from and after the date stated in such approval. Such services shall cease to be deemed employment subject 24 hereto as of January first of any calendar year subsequent 25 to such two calendar years, only if during January of such 26 27 year such employing unit has filed with the commissioner 28 a written notice to that effect.
- 29 (3) An employing unit which is or becomes an em-30 ployer subject to this chapter within any calendar year 31 shall be subject to this chapter during the whole of such 32 calendar year.
- 33 (4) Any political subdivision of this state may elect 34 to cover under this chapter service performed by employees in all of the hospitals and institutions of higher 35 36 education, as defined in section three, article one of this chapter, operated by such political subdivision. Any such 37 election of coverage is to be made by filing with the com-38 missioner a notice of such election at least thirty days 39 prior to the effective date of such election. Any political 40 subdivision electing coverage under this subsection shall 41 make payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 42

43 benefits attributable to such employment as provided with 44 respect to nonprofit organizations in section three-a of 45 this article. The provisions of section fifteen, article six 46 of this chapter with respect to benefit rights based on 47 service for state and nonprofit institutions of higher education shall be applicable also to service covered by an 48 49 election under this subsection. The amounts required to be paid in lieu of contributions by any political sub-50 51 division under this subsection shall be billed and pay-52 ment made as provided in section thirteen of this article 53 with respect to similar payments by nonprofit organiza-54 tions. An election under this subsection may be termi-55 nated, by filing with the commissioner written notice not later than thirty days preceding the last day of the 56 57 calendar year in which the termination is to be effective. 58 Such termination becomes effective as of the first day 59 of the next ensuing calendar year with respect to services performed after that date.

## §21A-5-3a. Financing benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations.

Benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations shall be financed in accordance with the provisions of this section. For the purpose of this section, a nonprofit organization is an organization (or group of organizations) described in section 501(c)(3) of the "U. S. Internal Revenue Code" which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of such code.

8 (1) Liability for contribution payments and election of reimbursement-Any nonprofit organization which. 9 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, is, or becomes, 10 subject to this chapter on or after January one, one thou-11 12 sand nine hundred seventy-two, shall be liable for payments and shall pay contributions in accordance with the 13 provisions of this article and of this chapter, unless it 14 elects, in accordance with this subdivision (1), to pay 15 to the commissioner for the unemployment fund an 16 amount equal to the amount of regular benefits and of 17 one half of the extended benefits paid, that is attributable 18 to service in the employ of such nonprofit organization. 19

20 to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin21 during the effective period of such election.

- (a) Any nonprofit organization which is, or becomes, subject to this chapter on January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than one taxable year beginning with January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, provided it files with the commissioner a written notice of its election within the thirty-day period immediately following such date or within a like period immediately following the date of enactment of this section, whichever occurs later.
  - (b) Any nonprofit organization which becomes subject to this chapter after January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than twelve months beginning with the date on which such subjectivity begins by filing a written notice of its election with the commissioner not later than thirty days immediately following the date of the determination of such subjectivity.
  - (c) Any nonprofit organization which makes an election in accordance with subparagraph (a) or subparagraph (b) of this subdivision (1) will continue to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions until it files with the commissioner a written notice terminating its election not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the taxable year for which such termination shall first be effective.
- (d) Any nonprofit organization which has been paying contributions under this chapter for a period subsequent to January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, may change to a reimbursable basis by filing with the commissioner not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any taxable year a written notice of election to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions. Such election shall not be terminable by the organization for that and the next year.
- (e) The commissioner may for good cause extend the period within which a notice of election, or a notice of

- termination, must be filed and may permit an election to 61 be retroactive but not any earlier than with respect to 62 benefits paid after December thirty-one, one thousand 63 nine hundred sixty-nine.
  - (f) The commissioner, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, shall notify each nonprofit organization of any determination which he may make of its status as an employer and of the effective date of any election which it makes and of any termination of such election.
- 70 (2) Reimbursement payments—Payments in lieu of 71 contributions shall be made in accordance with the pro-72 visions of this subdivision (2) including either sub-73 paragraph (a) or subparagraph (b) of this subdivi-74 sion (2).
  - (a) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization (or group of such organizations) which has elected to make payments in lieu of contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular benefits plus one half of the amount of extended benefits paid during such quarter or other prescribed period which is attributable to service in the employ of such organization.
  - (b) Each nonprofit organization which has elected payments in lieu of contributions may request permission to make such payments as provided herein. Such method of payment shall become effective upon approval by the commissioner.

At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of such other period as determined by the commissioner, the commissioner shall bill each nonprofit organization for an amount representing one of the following: (i) For one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, one percent of its total payroll for one thousand nine hundred seventy-one; or (ii) for years after one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, such percentage of its total payroll for the immediately preceding calendar year as the commissioner shall determine. Such determination shall be based each year on the average benefit costs attributable to service

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in the employ of nonprofit organizations during the preceding calendar year; or (iii) for any organization which did not pay wages throughout the four calendar quarters of the preceding calendar year, such percentage of its payroll during such year as the commissioner shall determine.

At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner may modify the quarterly percentage of payroll thereafter payable by the nonprofit organization in order to minimize excess or insufficient payments.

110 At the end of each taxable year, the commissioner shall 111 determine whether the total of payments for such year 112 made by a nonprofit organization is less than, or in excess 113 of, the total amount of regular benefits plus one half of 114 the amount of extended benefits paid to individuals during such taxable year based on wages attributable to 115 116 service in the employ of such organization. Each non-117 profit organization whose total payments for such year 118 are less than the amount so determined shall be liable 119 for payment of the unpaid balance to the fund in ac-120 cordance with subparagraph (c) of this subdivision (2). 121 If the total payments exceed the amount so determined 122 for the taxable year, all or a part of the excess may, at 123 the discretion of the commissioner, be refunded from the 124 fund or retained in the fund as part of the payments 125 which may be required for the next taxable year.

- (c) Payment of any bill rendered under subparagraph (a) or subparagraph (b) of this subdivision (2) shall be made not later than thirty days after such bill was mailed to the last known address of the nonprofit organization or was otherwise delivered to it, unless there has been an application for review and redetermination in accordance with subparagraph (e) of this subdivision (2).
- (d) Payments made by any nonprofit organization under the provisions of this subdivision (2) shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the organization.
- 138 (e) The amount due specified in any bill from the 139 commissioner shall be conclusive on the organization

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140 unless, not later than fifteen days after the bill was mailed 141 to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the 142 organization files an application for redetermination by 143 the commissioner, setting forth the grounds for such ap-144 plication. The commissioner shall promptly review and 145 reconsider the amount due specified in the bill and shall 146 thereafter issue a redetermination in any case in which such application for redetermination has been filed. Any 147 148 such redetermination shall be conclusive on the organiza-149 tion unless, not later than fifteen days after the redeter-150 mination was mailed to its last known address or otherwise delivered to it, the organization files an appeal to 151 152 the board of review, setting forth the grounds for the 153 appeal.

- (f) Past-due payments of amounts in lieu of contributions shall be subject to the same interest and penalties that, pursuant to section seventeen of this article and the provisions of article ten of this chapter, apply to past-due contributions. Also, unpaid amounts in lieu of contributions are subject to the same assessment and civil action provisions of this chapter as apply to unpaid contributions. Further, the provisions of this chapter which provide for the adjustment or refund of contributions shall apply to the adjustment or refund of payments in lieu of contributions.
- 165 (3) Allocation of benefit costs—Each employer which 166 is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay 167 to the commissioner for the fund the amount of regular 168 benefits plus the amount of one half of extended benefits 169 paid which are attributable to service in the employ of 170 such employer. If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by more than one employer and one or 171 172 more of such employers are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the amount payable to the fund by each 173 174 employer which is liable for such payments shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of sub-175 paragraph (a) or subparagraph (b) of this subdivision (3). 176
- 177 (a) Proportionate allocation (when fewer than all 178 base period employers are liable for reimbursement)—179 If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid

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180 by one or more employers which are liable for payments in lieu of contributions and on wages paid by one or more 181 182 employers which are liable for contributions, the amount 183 of benefits payable by each employer which is liable for 184 payments in lieu of contributions shall be an amount 185 which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to 186 the individual as the total base period wages paid to the 187 individual by such employer bear to the total base 188 period wages paid to the individual by all of his base 189 period employers.

- (b) Proportionate allocation (when all base period employers are liable for reimbursement)—If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by two or more employers which are liable for payments in lieu of contributions, the amount of benefits payable by each such employer shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to the individual as the total base period wages paid to the individual by such employer bear to the total base period wages paid to the individual by all of his base period employers.
- 200 (4) Group accounts—Two or more employers which 201 have become liable for payments in lieu of contributions. 202 in accordance with the provisions of this section, may 203 file a joint application with the commissioner for the 204 establishment of a group account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid which are attributable to 205 206 service in the employ of such employers. Each such appli-207 cation shall identify and authorize a group representative 208 to act as the group's agent for the purposes of this sub-209 division (4). Upon his approval of the application, the 210 commissioner shall establish a group account for such 211 employers effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which he receives the application and shall 212 notify the group's representative of the effective date of 213 214 the account. Such account shall remain in effect for not less than three years and thereafter until terminated at 215 the discretion of the commissioner or upon application 216 by the group. Upon establishment of the account, each 217 member of the group shall be liable for payments in lieu 218 of contributions with respect to each calendar quarter 219 in the amount which bears the same ratio to the total 220

221 benefits paid in such quarter which are attributable to service performed in the employ of all members of the 222 223 group as the total wages paid for service in employment 224 by such member in such quarter bear to the total wages paid during such quarter for service performed in the 225 employ of all members of the group. The commissioner 226 227 shall prescribe such regulation as he deems necessary with respect to applications for establishment, mainte-228 229 nance and termination of group accounts which are authorized by this subdivision (4), for addition of new 230 231 members to, and withdrawal of active members from. such accounts, and for the determination of the amounts 232 which are payable under this subdivision (4) by members 233 234 of the group and the time and manner of such payments.

#### §21A-5-5. Rate of contribution.

On and after January first, one thousand nine hun-1 dred forty-one, an employer shall make payments to the 3 unemployment compensation fund equal to two and 4 seven-tenths percent of wages paid by him with respect to employment during each calendar year beginning with the calendar year one thousand nine hundred forty-one, subject, however, to other provisions of this article; ex-7 cept that on and after January first, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, each employer subject to this chap-9 ter shall pay contributions at the rate of one and five-10 tenths percent of wages paid by him with respect to em-11 ployment during each calendar year until he has been 12 an employer for not less than thirty-six consecutive 13 months ending on the computation date; thereafter, his 14 contribution rate shall be determined in accordance with 15 the provisions of section ten of this article.

## §21A-5-7. Joint and separate accounts.

1 (1) The commissioner shall maintain a separate account for each employer, and shall credit his account 3 with all contributions paid by him prior to July first, one 4 thousand nine hundred sixty-one. On and after July first, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, the commissioner shall maintain a separate account for each employer, and shall credit said employer's account with all contributions of such employer in excess of seven tenths of one

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percent of taxable wages; and on and after July first, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the commissioner 10 shall maintain a separate account for each employer, and 11 12 shall credit said employer's account with all contributions of such employer in excess of four tenths of one percent 13 of taxable wages: Provided, That any adjustment made 14 in an employer's account after the computation date shall 15 not be used in the computation of the balance of an em-16 ployer until the next following computation date: Pro-1.7 vided, however, That nothing in this chapter shall be con-18 strued to grant an employer or individual in his service 19 prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into 20 the fund, either on his behalf or on behalf of such in-21 22 dividuals. The account of any employer which has been inactive for a period of four consecutive calendar years 23 24 shall be terminated for all purposes.

- (2) Benefits paid to an eligible individual for regular and extended total unemployment beginning after the effective date of this act shall be charged to the account of the last employer with whom he has been employed as much as thirty working days, whether or not such days are consecutive: Provided further, That no emplover's account shall be charged with benefits paid to any individual who has been separated from a noncovered employing unit in which he was employed as much as thirty days, whether or not such days are consecutive: And provided further, That benefits paid to an eligible individual for regular and extended partial unemployment beginning after the effective date of this act shall be charged to the account of the claimant's current employer: Provided, That no employer's account shall be charged with more than fifty percent of the benefits paid to an eligible individual as extended benefits under the provisions of article six-a of this chapter.
- (3) The commissioner shall, for each calendar year hereafter, classify employers in accordance with their actual experience in the payment of contributions on their own behalf and with respect to benefits charged against their accounts, with a view of fixing such contribution rates as will reflect such experiences. For the purpose of fixing such contribution rates for each calendar

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50 year, the books of the department shall be closed on July 51 thirty-one of the preceding calendar year, and any contributions thereafter paid, as well as benefits thereafter 52 paid with respect to compensable weeks ending on or 53 before June thirty of the preceding calendar year, shall 54 55 not be taken into account until the next annual date for fixing contribution rates: Provided, however, That if an 56 57 employer has failed to furnish to the commissioner on or before July thirty-one of such preceding calendar 58 59 year the wage information for all past periods necessary for the computation of the contribution rate, such em-60 ployer's rate shall be, if it is immediately prior to such 61 July thirty-one, less than three and three-tenths percent, 62 63 increased to three and three-tenths percent: Provided 64 further, That any payment made or any information 65 necessary for the computation of a reduced rate furnished on or before the termination of an extension 66 67 of time for such payment or reporting of such informa-68 tion granted pursuant to a regulation of the commis-69 sioner authorizing such extension, shall be taken into 70 account for the purposes of fixing contribution rates: 71 And provided further, That when the time for filing any report or making any payment required hereunder falls 72 on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, the due date 73 shall be deemed to be the next succeeding business day: 74 Provided. That whenever through mistake or inadvert-75 ence erroneous credits or charges are found to have been 76 made to or against the reserved account of any employer, 77 the rate shall be adjusted as of January one of the calen-78 dar year in which such mistake or inadvertence is dis-79 covered, but payments made under any rate assigned 80 prior to January one of such year shall not be deemed 81 82 to be erroneously collected.

(4) The commissioner may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.

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### §21A-5-10. Same—Decreased rates: adjustment of accounts and rates: debit balance account rates.

- 1 After the requirements of section nine of this article 2 have been complied with, on and after January one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-four, an employer's payment shall remain two and seven-tenths percent; and 4 on and after January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, an employer's payment shall remain one and five-tenths percent: until: 7
  - (1) There have elapsed thirty-six consecutive months immediately preceding the computation date throughout which an employer's account was chargeable with benefits.
- (2) His payments credited to his account for all past years exceed the benefits charged to his account by an 14 amount equal to at least the percent of his average annual payroll as shown in Column B of Table II. His rate shall be the amount appearing in Column C of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.
- 18 When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred million 19 dollars, an employer's rate shall be the amount appear-20 ing in Column D of Table II on line with the percentage 21 22 in Column B.
- 23 When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred ten 24 million dollars, an employer's rate shall be the amount 25 appearing in Column E of Table II on line with the 26 27 percentage in Column B.

28 If the commissioner, in accordance with the provisions 29 of section ten-a of this article, determines the fund to be below the sum of seventy-five million dollars, then, 30 by the express provisions of this paragraph, the em-31 ployer's rate shall immediately be the amount appearing 32 in Column C of Table II on line with the percentage in 33 Column B; and the provisions of section ten-a of this 34 article shall be fully applied by the commissioner. It is 35 the express intent of this paragraph that the increases 36 of the aforesaid section ten-a be applied to and added 37

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38 to the employers' rates set forth in the aforesaid Column 39 C of Table II.

The commission shall determine an employer's com-41 pliance with these requirements.

42		TABLE II					
43	Col. A	Col. B	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E		
44		Percent of					
45		<b>Average</b>					
46		Annual Payroll					
47	Rate	by Which Credits I	Employer's				
48	Class	Exceed Charges	Rate				
49	(1)	0.0 to 6.0	2.7	2.2	1.7		
50	(2)	6.0	2.5	2.0	1.5		
51	(3)	7.0	2.3	1.8	1.3		
<b>52</b>	(4)	8.0	2.1	1.6	1.1		
53	(5)	9.0	1.9	1.4	0.9		
54	(6)	10.0	1.7	1.2	0.7		
55	(7)	10.5	1.5	1.0	0.5		
56	(8)	11.0	1.3	8.0	0.3		
57	(9)	11.5	1.1	0.6	0.1		
58	(10)	12.0	0.9	0.4	0.0		
59	(11)	12.5	0.7	0.2	0.0		
60	(12)	13.0	0.5	0.0	0.0		
61	(13)	14.0	0.3	0.0	0.0		
62	(14)	16.0	0.1	0.0	0.0		
63	(15)	18.0 and over	r 0.0	0.0	0.0		

All employer accounts in which charges for all past years exceed credits for such past years shall be adjusted effective June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixtyseven, so that as of said date, for the purpose of determining such employer's rate of contribution, the credits for all past years shall be deemed to equal the charges to such accounts.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, and not-withstanding the provisions of subsection (1), section seven of this article relating to the noncrediting of employers' accounts with the first seven tenths or with the first four tenths of one percent of contributions paid; for

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77 the purpose of determining whether or not an employer shall pay contributions at a rate in excess of two and 78 seven-tenths percent as hereinafter set forth, but not for 79 80 the purpose of determining such rate, the department 81 shall, only for the purpose set forth herein and not as 82 a credit to such account, add to the accounts of all 83 employers having a debit balance, contribution payments made by such employers on and after July one, one 84 85 thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, which payments are not credited to employers' accounts by reason of the 86 87 provisions contained in subsection (1), section seven of this article. If, after such contribution payments have 88 been added to such employers' accounts, such accounts 89 continue to show a debit balance, such employers shall 90 make payments at a rate in excess of two and seven-91 tenths percent. If, after such contribution payments have 92 been added to such employers' accounts, such accounts 93 show a credit balance, such employers shall make pay-94 ments at the rate of two and seven-tenths percent. If, 95 under the conditions set forth in this paragraph, it is 96 determined that an employer shall pay contributions at 97 a rate in excess of two and seven-tenths percent, the rate 98 99 in excess of two and seven-tenths percent at which an employer shall pay contributions shall then be deter-100 mined solely under the conditions set forth in the fol-101 lowing paragraphs of this section. The provisions con-102 tained in this paragraph shall in no way be considered 103 as providing for the crediting to an employer's account, 104 of amounts of employer contribution payments which are 105 expressly not credited to employers' accounts in sub-106 section (1), section seven of this article. 107

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and including ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the un-114 employment compensation fund at the rate of three percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment.

- 118 Effective on and after the computation date of June
- 119 thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all em-
- 120 ployers with a debit balance account in which the bene-
- 121 fits charged to their account for all past years exceed
- 122 the payments credited to their account for such past
- 123 years by an amount in excess of ten percent of their
- 124 average annual payroll, shall make payments to the un-
- 125 employment compensation fund at the rate of three and
- 126 three-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect
- 127 to employment.
- 128 "Debit balance account" for the purposes of this sec-
- 129 tion means an account in which the benefits charged for
- 130 all past years exceed the payments credited for such past
- 131 years.
- 132 "Credit balance account" for the purposes of this sec-
- 133 tion means an account in which the payments credited
- 134 for all past years exceed the benefits charged for such
- 135 past years.
- 136 Once a debit balance account rate is established for
- 137 an employer's account for a year, it shall apply for the
- 138 entire year notwithstanding the provisions of section
- 139 ten-a of this article.

#### ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.

- §21A-6-3. Disqualification for benefits.
- §21A-6-10. Benefit rate—Total unemployment; annual computation and publication of rates.
- §21A-6-15. Benefit payments for service with nonprofit organizations, state hospitals and institutions of higher education.

#### §21A-6-3. Disqualification for benefits.

- 1 Upon the determination of the facts by the commis-
- 2 sioner, an individual shall be disqualified for benefits:
- 3 (1) For the week in which he left his most recent
- 4 work voluntarily without good cause involving fault on
- 5 the part of the employer and the six weeks immediately
- 6 following such week. Such disqualification shall carry
- 7 a reduction in the maximum benefit amount equal to
- 8 six times the individual's weekly benefit rate. However,
- 9 if the claimant returns to work in covered employment
- 10 during his benefit year, the maximum benefit amount
- 11 shall be increased by the amount of decrease imposed
- 12 under the disqualification. For the purpose of this sub-

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division, the term "work" means employment with the 13 last employing unit with whom such individual was 14 employed as much as thirty days, whether or not such 15 16 days are consecutive.

17 For purposes of this subdivision (1), an individual 18 shall not be deemed to have left his most recent work 19 voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the part of the employer, if such individual leaves his work 20 21 with an employer with whom he has been employed 22 at least thirty working days or more for the purpose of returning to, and if he in fact, within a fourteen-day 23 24 calendar period, does return to, employment with the last preceding employer with whom he was previously 25 employed within the past year prior to his return to 26 27 work day, and which last preceding employer, after 28 having previously employed such individual for thirty 29 working days or more, laid off such individual because of lack of work, which layoff occasioned the payment of 30 benefits under this chapter or could have occasioned the 31 payment of benefits under this chapter had such in-32 33 dividual applied for such benefits. It is the intent of this paragraph to cause no disqualification for benefits for 34 such an individual who complies with the foregoing set 35 of requirements and conditions. Benefits paid to such 36 37 individual under the provisions of this chapter shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), sec-38 tion seven, article five of this chapter, and of subdivision 39 (12) of this section three, be charged to the account of 40 such last preceding employer with whom such individual 41 was previously employed for thirty working days. 42

(2) For the week in which he was discharged from his most recent work for misconduct and the six weeks immediately following such week; or for the week in which he was discharged from his last thirty day employing unit for misconduct and the six weeks immediately following such week. Such disqualification shall 48 carry a reduction in the maximum benefit amount equal 49 to six times the individual's weekly benefit. However, 50 if the claimant returns to work in covered employment 51 for thirty days during his benefit year, whether or not

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53 such days are consecutive, the maximum benefit amount 54 shall be increased by the amount of the decrease imposed 55 under the disqualification; except that:

56 If he were discharged from his most recent work for 57 one of the following reasons; or if he were discharged from 58 his last thirty day employing unit for one of the follow-59 ing reasons: Misconduct consisting of willful destruc-60 tion of his employer's property, assault upon the person of his employer or any employee of his employer, if such 61 62 assault is committed at such individual's place of em-63 ployment or in the course of employment; reporting to 64 work in an intoxicated condition, or being intoxicated 65 while at work; arson, theft, larceny, fraud or embezzle-66 ment in connection with his work; or any other gross 67 misconduct; he shall be and remain disqualified for bene-68 fits until he has thereafter worked for at least thirty days 69 in covered employment.

- (3) For the week in which he failed without good cause to apply for available suitable work, accept suitable work when offered, or return to his customary self-employment when directed to do so by the commissioner, and for the four weeks which immediately follow and for such an additional period as any offer of suitable work shall continue open for his acceptance.
- 77 (4) For a week in which his total or partial unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists be-78 cause of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment, 79 or other premises at which he was last employed, unless 80 the commissioner is satisfied that he was not (one) par-81 ticipating, financing, or directly interested in such dis-82 pute, and (two) did not belong to a grade or class of 83 workers who were participating, financing, or directly 84 interested in the labor dispute which resulted in the 85 stoppage of work. No disqualification under this sub-86 division shall be imposed if the employees are required 87 to accept wages, hours or conditions of employment sub-88 stantially less favorable than those prevailing for similar 89 work in the locality, or if employees are denied the right 90 of collective bargaining under generally prevailing con-91 ditions, or if an employer shuts down his plant or opera-92

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93 tion or dismisses his employees in order to force wage re-94 duction, changes in hours or working conditions.

For the purpose of this subdivision, if any stoppage 95 96 of work continues longer than four weeks after the 97 termination of the labor dispute which caused stoppage 98 of work, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that 99 that part of the stoppage of work which exists after said 100 period of four weeks after the determination of said labor 101 dispute, did not exist because of said labor dispute; and 102 in such event the burden shall be upon the employer or 103 other interested party to show otherwise.

- 104 (5) For a week with respect to which he is receiving 105 or has received:
  - (a) Wages in lieu of notice or payments under any form of a separation wage plan;
- 108 (b) Compensation for temporary total disability under 109 the workmen's compensation law of any state or under 110 a similar law of the United States;
- 111 (c) Unemployment compensation benefits under the 112 laws of the United States or any other state.
- 113 (6) For the week in which an individual has volun-114 tarily quit employment to marry or to perform any mari-115 tal, parental or family duty, or to attend to his or her per-116 sonal business or affairs, and until the individual returns 117 to covered employment and has been employed in cov-118 ered employment at last thirty working days.
  - (7) For the week in which an individual:
- (a) Voluntarily quit her employment because of preg-120 nancy, whether or not upon a physician's advice, and 121 until she returns to covered employment and has been 122 employed therein at least thirty working days; except 1.23 that such disqualification shall last no longer than six 124 weeks subsequent to the birth of her child, provided such 125 individual furnishes to the department a certificate from 126 a physician that she is physically able to work; 127
  - (b) Was discharged or laid off from her employment because of pregnancy and until she returns to covered employment and has been employed therein at least thirty working days; except that such disqualification

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- 132 shall last no longer than six weeks prior to and six weeks 133 subsequent to the date of birth of the child, provided such 134 individual furnishes to the department certificates from 135 a physician that she is physically able to work.
- (8) For each week in which an individual is unem-137 ployed because, having voluntarily left employment to 138 attend a school, college, university, or other educational 139 institution, he is attending such school, college, univer-140 sity, or other educational institution, or is awaiting en-141 trance thereto or is awaiting the starting of a new term 142 or session thereof, and until the individual returns to covered employment.
  - (9) For each week in which he is unemployed because of his request, or that of his duly authorized agent, for a vacation period at a specified time that would leave the employer no other alternative but to suspend operations.
- 148 (10) For each week in which he is receiving or has 149 received remuneration in the form of an annuity, pen-150 sion, or other retirement pay, from an employer or from 151 any trust or fund contributed to by an employer. But if 152 such remuneration for any week is less than the benefits 153 which would otherwise be due him for such week under 154 this chapter, he shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of 155 such remuneration: Provided, That if such amount of 156 157 benefits is not a multiple of one dollar, it shall be computed to the next higher multiple of one dollar: Pro-158 vided, however, That there shall be no disqualification 159 if in the individual's base period there are no wages 160 161 which were paid by the employer paying such remuneration, or by a fund into which the employer has paid 162 during said base period. Claimant may be required to cer-163 tify as to whether or not he is receiving or has received 164 165 remuneration in the form of an annuity, pension, or other retirement pay from an employer or from a trust fund 166 contributed to by an employer. 167
- (11) For each week with respect to which he know-168 ingly made a false statement or representation knowing 169 it to be false or knowingly failed to disclose a material 170 fact in order to obtain or increase a benefit under this 171

172 article. For each week of disqualification he shall be dis-173 qualified an additional five weeks and his maximum benefit amount shall be reduced by an amount equal to 174 175 fives times his weekly benefit rate. Such five weeks' dis-176 qualification periods are to run consecutively beginning with the first week in which it is determined a fraudu-177 178 lent claim was filed: Provided further, That an individual shall not be disqualified under this subdivision for a 179 180 period of more than fifty-two consecutive weeks: And provided further. That disqualification under this sub-181 division shall not preclude prosecution under section 182 183 seven, article ten of this chapter.

184 (12) For the purposes of this section an employer's account shall not be charged under any of the following con-185 ditions: When benefits are paid for unemployment im-186 mediately after the expiration of a period of disqualifica-187 tion for (a) leaving work voluntarily without good cause 188 involving fault on the part of the employer, (b) discharge 189 for any of the causes set forth in subdivision (2) of this 190 section, (c) failing without good cause to apply for avail-191 able suitable work, accept suitable work, when offered, or 192 to return to his customary self-employment when di-193 rected to do so by the commissioner. 194

# §21A-6-10. Benefit rate—Total unemployment; annual computation and publication of rates.

Each eligible individual who is totally unemployed in 1 any week shall be paid benefits with respect to that week 2 at the weekly rate appearing in column (C) in Table A in this paragraph, on the line on which in column (A) 4 there is indicated the employee's wage class, except as otherwise provided under the term "total and partial 6 unemployment" in section three, article one of this chap-7 ter. The employee's wage class shall be determined by 8 his base period wages as shown in column (B) in Table A. 9 The right of an employee to receive benefits shall not be 10 prejudiced nor the amount thereof be diminished by 11 reason of failure by an employer to pay either the wages 12earned by the employee or the contribution due on such 13 wages. An individual who is totally unemployed but earns in excess of fifteen dollars as a result of odd-job or subsidiary work in any benefit week shall be paid benefits for such week in accordance with the provisions of this chapter pertaining to benefits for partial unemployment.

19	TABLE A					
				Maximum Benefit		
20				in Benefit Year for		
21	Wage	Wages in	Weekly 7	otal and/or Partial		
22	Class	Base Period	Benefit Rate	Unemployment		
23	(Column A)	(Column B)	(Column C)	(Column D)		
24	•	Under \$700.00	Ineligible	•		
25	1	700.00— 799.99	\$12.00	\$312.00		
26	2	800.00— 899.99	13.00	338.00		
27	3	900.00— 999.99	14.00	364.00		
28	4	1000.00—1149.99	15.00	390.00		
29	5	1150.00—1299.99	16.00	416.00		
30	6	1300.00—1449.99	17.00	442.00		
31	7	1450.00—1599.99	18.00	468.00		
32	8	1600.00-1749.99	19.00	494.00		
33	9	1750.00-1899.99	20.00	520.00		
34	10	1900.00—2049.99	21.00	546.00		
35	11	2050.00-2199.99	22.00	572.00		
36	12	2200.00-2349.99	23.00	598.00		
37	13	2350.00—2499.99	24.00	624.00		
38	14	2500.00-2599.99	25.00	650.00		
39	15	2600.00-2699.99	26.00	676.00		
<b>40</b>	16	2700.00-2799.99	27.00	702.00		
41	17	2800.00—2899.99	28.00	728.00		
42	18	2900.00-2999.99	29.00	<b>754.00</b>		
43	19	3000.00—3099.99	30.00	780.00		
44	20	3100.00—3199.99	31.00	806.00		
45	21	3200.00—3349.99	32.00	832.00		
46	22	3350.00—3499.99	33.00	858.00		
47	23	3500.00—3649.99	34.00	884.00		
48	24	3650.003799.99	35.00	910.00		

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this section, on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, the maximum weekly benefit rate shall be forty percent of the average weekly wage in West Virginia.

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Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this section, on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy, the maximum weekly benefit rate shall be forty-five percent of the average weekly wage in West Virginia.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this section, on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the maximum weekly benefit rate shall be fifty percent of the average weekly wage in West Virginia.

63 The commissioner, after he has determined the maximum weekly benefit rate upon the basis of the above 64 65 formula, shall establish as many additional wage classes as are required, increasing the amount of base period 66 wages required for each class by one hundred fifty dollars, 67 the weekly benefit rate for each class by one dollar, and 68 the maximum benefit by twenty-six dollars. The maxi-69 mum weekly benefit rate, when computed by the com-70 71 missioner, in accordance with the foregoing provisions, 72 shall be rounded to the next higher dollar amount, if the computation exceeds forty-nine percent of a dollar 73 74 amount. Such rounding off to the next higher dollar amount shall result in one additional wage class, with 75 76 commensurate base period wage requirement of one hundred fifty dollars over the preceding wage class, and 77 with a maximum benefit increase over the preceding 78 79 wage class of twenty-six dollars. Such an additional wage class shall be published by the commissioner with the 80 table required to be published by the foregoing pro-81 82 visions of this section.

After he has established such additional wage classes, the commissioner shall prepare and publish a table setting forth such information.

Average weekly wage shall be computed by dividing the number of employees in West Virginia earning wages in covered employment into the total wages paid to employees in West Virginia in covered employment, and by further dividing said result by fifty-two, and shall be determined from employer wage and contribution reports for the previous calendar year which are furnished to the department on or before June one following such calendar

year. The average weekly wage, as determined by the 95 commissioner, shall be rounded to the next higher dollar. 96 The computation and determination of rates as afore-97 said shall be completed annually before July one, and any such new wage class, with its corresponding wages 98 in base period, weekly benefit rate, and maximum benefit 99 100 in a benefit year established by the commissioner in the foregoing manner effective on a July one, shall apply 101 only to a new claim established by a claimant on and 102 103 after said July one, and shall not apply to continued 104 claims of a claimant based on his new claim established

### §21A-6-15. Benefit payments for service with nonprofit organizations, state hospitals and institutions of higher education.

- 1 Benefits based on service in employment as defined in
- subdivisions nine and ten of the definition of "employment" in section three, article one of this chapter, shall
- be payable in the same amount, on the same terms and
- 5 subject to the same conditions as compensation payable
- on the basis of other service subject to this chapter;
- except that benefits based on service in an instructional,
- research, or principal administrative capacity in an insti-
- 9 tution of higher education shall not be paid to an indi-
- 10 vidual for any week of unemployment which begins dur-
- 11 ing the period between two successive academic years, or
- during a similar period between two regular terms, 12
- whether or not successive, or during a period of paid 13
- sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, 14
- if the individual has a contract or contracts to perform 15
- 16 services in any such capacity for any institution or insti-
- tutions of higher education for both such academic years 17
- or both such terms.

105 before said July one.

#### ARTICLE 6A. EXTENDED BENEFITS PROGRAM.

- §21A-6A-1. Definitions.
- \$21A-6A-2. Effect of state law provisions relating to regular benefits \$21A-6A-3. Eligibility requirements for extended benefits. \$21A-6A-4. Weekly extended benefit amount. \$21A-6A-5. Total extended benefit amount. \$21A-6A-6. Beginning and termination of extended benefit period. \$21A-6A-7. Effective date of article.

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#### §21A-6A-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Extended benefit period" means a period which
- 4 (a) begins with the third week after whichever of 5 the following weeks occurs first:
- 6 (i) A week for which there is a national "on" indicator; 7 or
- 8 (ii) a week for which there is a state "on" indicator; 9 and
- 10 (b) ends with either of the following weeks, which-11 ever occurs later:
- 12 (i) the third week after the first week for which there 13 is both a national "off" indicator and a state "off" indi-14 cator; or
- 15 (ii) the thirteenth consecutive week of such period.
- 16 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this sec-17 tion, no extended benefit period may begin by reason of a state "on" indicator before the fourteenth week follow-18 ing the end of a prior extended benefit period which was 19 20 in effect with respect to this state, and no extended bene-21 fit period may become effective in this state prior to the sixty-first day following the date of enactment of the 22 "Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation 23 24 Act of 1970" and, within the period beginning on such sixty-first day and ending on December thirty-one, one 26 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, an extended benefit period may become effective and be terminated in this 27 state solely by reason of a state "on" and a state "off" 28 29 indicator, respectively.
  - (2) There is a "national 'on' indicator" for a week if the United States secretary of labor determines that for each of the three most recent completed calendar months ending before such week, the rate of insured unemployment (seasonally adjusted) for all states equaled or exceeded four and five-tenths percent.
  - (3) There is a "national 'off' indicator" for a week if the United States secretary of labor determines that for each of the three most recent completed calendar months

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- 39 ending before such week, the rate of insured unemploy-40 ment (seasonally adjusted) for all states was less than 41 four and five-tenths percent.
- 42 (4) There is a "state 'on' indicator" for this state for 43 a week if the commissioner determines, in accordance 44 with the regulations of the United States secretary of 45 labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the 46 immediately preceding twelve weeks, the rate of insured 47 unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this 48 article:
- 49 (a) equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent 50 of the average of such rates for the corresponding thir-51 teen-week period ending in each of the preceding two 52 calendar years, and
  - (b) equaled or exceeded four percent.
  - (5) There is a "state 'off' indicator" for this state for a week if the commissioner determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this article:
  - (a) was less than one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years, or
    - (b) was less than four percent.
  - (6) "Rate of insured unemployment," for purposes of subdivisions (4) and (5) of this section, means the percentage derived by dividing
  - (a) the average weekly number of individuals filing claims in this state for weeks of unemployment with respect to the most recent thirteen-consecutive-week period, as determined by the commissioner on the basis of his reports to the United States secretary of labor, by
  - (b) the average monthly employment covered under this chapter for the first four of the most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such thirteen-week period.

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- (7) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under this chapter or under any other state 79 80 law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C., chapter 85) other than extended benefits.
  - (8) "Extended benefits" means benefits (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to exservicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C., chapter 85) payable to an individual under the provisions of this article for weeks of unemployment in his eligibility period.
  - (9) "Eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period and, if his benefit year ends within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period.
- (10) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with re-94 spect to any week of unemployment in his eligibility period:
- (a) has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits which were available to him under this chapter or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C., chapter 85) in his current benefit year that includes such week: Provided, That for the purposes of this subdivision, an individual shall be deemed to have received all of the regular benefits which were available to him although (i) as a result of a pend-104 ing appeal with respect to wages and/or employment which were not considered in the original monetary determination in his benefit year, he may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits, or (ii) he may be entitled to regular benefits with respect to future weeks of unemployment, but such benefits are not payable with respect to such week of unemployment by reason of the provisions of section one-a, article six of this chapter; or
  - (b) his benefit year having expired prior to such week. has no, or insufficient, wages and/or employment on the basis of which he could establish a new benefit year which would include such week; and

an exhaustee.

- (c) has no right to unemployment benefits or allow-118 ances, as the case may be, under the "Railroad Unemploy-119 ment Insurance Act," the "Trade Expansion Act of 1962," 120 the "Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965" and such 121 other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued 122 123 by the United States secretary of labor; and has not received and is not seeking unemployment benefits under 124 the unemployment compensation law of the Virgin 125 Islands or of Canada; but if he is seeking such benefits 126 and the appropriate agency finally determines that he is 127 not entitled to benefits under such law he is considered 128
- 130 (11) "State law" means the unemployment insurance 131 law of any state, approved by the United States secretary 132 of labor under section 3304 of the "Internal Revenue Code 133 of 1954."

### §21A-6A-2. Effect of state law provisions relating to regular benefits on claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits.

- 1 Except when the result would be inconsistent with
- 2 the other provisions of this article, as provided in the
- 3 regulations of the commissioner, the provisions of this
- 4 chapter which apply to claims for, or the payment of,
- 5 regular benefits shall apply to claims for, and the pay-
- 6 ment of, extended benefits.

## §21A-6A-3. Eligibility requirements for extended benefits.

- 1 An individual shall be eligible to receive extended bene-
- 2 fits with respect to any week of unemployment in his
- 3 eligibility period only if the commissioner finds that with
- 4 respect to such week:
- 5 (1) he is an "exhaustee" as defined in subdivision ten, 6 section one of this article,
- 7 (2) he has satisfied the eligibility requirements of this 8 chapter for the receipt of regular benefits which are ap-9 plicable to individuals claiming extended benefits, in-
- 10 cluding not being subject to a disqualification for the
- 11 receipt of benefits.

#### §21A-6A-4. Weekly extended benefit amount.

- 1 The weekly extended benefit amount payable to an
- 2 individual for a week of total unemployment in his
- eligibility period shall be an amount equal to the weekly
- benefit amount payable to him during his applicable bene-
- 5 fit vear.

#### §21A-6A-5. Total extended benefit amount.

- 1 The total extended benefit amount payable to any
- 2 eligible individual with respect to his applicable benefit
- year shall be the least of the following amounts:
- 4 (1) fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits
- which were payable to him under this chapter in his ap-
- 6 plicable benefit year;
- 7 (2) thirteen times his weekly benefit amount which
- was payable to him under this chapter for a week of
- total unemployment in the applicable benefit year.

## §21A-6A-6. Beginning and termination of extended benefit period.

- 1 (1) Whenever an extended benefit period is to become
- 2 effective in this state (or in all states) as a result of a
- state or a national "on" indicator, or an extended benefit
- 4 period is to be terminated in this state as a result of
- a state "off" indicator or state and national "off" indi-
- cators, the commissioner shall make an appropriate public
- announcement.
- 8 (2) Computations required by the provisions of sub-
- division (6), section one of this article shall be made by 9
- the commissioner, in accordance with regulations pre-10
- scribed by the United States secretary of labor.

## §21A-6A-7. Effective date of article.

- The provisions of this article shall be applicable to 1
- 2 compensable weeks beginning on or after February seven,
- 3 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, determined in
- 4 accordance with the provisions of this article on the basis
- of a state "on" indicator which occurred prior to said
- 6 February seven, as determined by the commissioner.

# CHAPTER 175

(House Bill No. 1074-By Mr. Terry)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.1

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four hundred three. article nine, chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the uniform commercial code, secured transactions and the effective period of financing statements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four hundred three, article nine, chapter fortysix of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9. SECURED TRANSACTIONS: SALES OF ACCOUNTS. CONTRACT RIGHTS AND CHATTEL PAPER.

§46-9-403. What constitutes filing; duration of filing; effect of lapsed filing; duties of filing officer.

- (1) Presentation for filing of a financing statement and 1 tender of the filing fee or acceptance of the statement by the filing officer constitutes filing under this article.
- 4 (2) A filed financing statement which states a maturity date of the obligation secured of five years or less is
- effective until such maturity date and thereafter for a
- period of sixty days. Any other filed financing statement
- 8 is effective for a period of five years from the date of
- filing. The effectiveness of a filed financing statement 9
- lapses on the expiration of such sixty-day period after 10
- a stated maturity date or on the expiration of such five-11 year period, as the case may be, unless a continuation 12
- statement is filed prior to the lapse. Upon such lapse 13
- the security interest becomes unperfected. A filed financ-14
- ing statement which states that the obligation secured
- 15
- is payable on demand is effective for five years from the 16 date of filing. 17
- (3) A continuation statement may be filed by the 18 19 secured party (i) within six months before and sixty

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20 days after a stated maturity date of five years or less. 21 and (ii) otherwise within six months prior to the expira-22 tion of the five-year period specified in subsection (2). Any such continuation statement must be signed by the 23 24 secured party, identify the original statement by file 25 number and state that the original statement is still effective. Upon timely filing of the continuation state-26 27 ment, the effectiveness of the original statement is continued for five years after the last date to which the 28 filing was effective whereupon it lapses in the same man-29 30 ner as provided in subsection (2) unless another continuation statement is filed prior to such lapse. Succeed-31 32 ing continuation statements may be filed in the same manner to continue the effectiveness of the original state-33 34 ment. Unless a statute on disposition of public records provides otherwise, the filing officer may remove a lapsed 35 36 statement from the files and destroy it.

- (4) A filing officer shall mark each statement with a consecutive file number and with the date and hour of filing and shall hold the statement for public inspection. In addition the filing officer shall index the statements according to the name of the debtor and shall note in the index the file number and the address of the debtor given in the statement.
- (5) The uniform fee for filing, indexing and furnishing filing data for an original or a continuation statement shall be \$1.00.
- (6) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, a filed financing statement on public bond issues of counties, municipalities or public service districts of this state shall be effective for the life of such bond issues without the need for filing continuation statements.

# **CHAPTER 176**

(House Bill No. 1147-By Mr. Potter and Mr. Huffman)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and three, article one, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia,

one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the workmen's compensation commissioner and the payment of salaries and expenses of the workmen's compensation fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and three, article one, chapter twentythree of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- §23-1-1. Workmen's compensation commissioner; appointment; term; oath; bond; conflict of interest; compensation; official seal; legal services; references to director deemed to mean commissioner.
- §23-1-3. Payment of salaries and expenses-Manner; limitation.
- §23-1-1. Workmen's compensation commissioner; appointment; term; oath; bond; conflict of interest; compensation; official seal; legal services; references to director deemed to mean commissioner.
- There shall be a state workmen's compensation com-1 2 missioner who shall be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor during the term for which the governor was elected and until the commissioner's successor has been ap-6 pointed and qualified. An appointment may be made to 7 fill a vacancy or otherwise when the Senate is not in 8 session, but shall be acted upon at the next session thereof. The person so appointed shall take the oath 10 or affirmation prescribed by section five of article four 11 of the constitution, and such oath shall be certified by 12 the person who administers the same and shall be filed 13 in the office of the secretary of state. He shall give bond 14 15 in the penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his 16 office, which bond shall be approved by the attorney 17 general as to form, and by the governor as to sufficiency. 18
- 19 The surety of such bond may be a bonding or surety

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company, in which case the premiums shall be paid 20 out of the appropriation made for the administration of 21 22 this chapter. The commissioner shall hold no position of trust or profit, or engage in any occupation or busi-23 24 ness, interfering or inconsistent with his duties as such commissioner. Notwithstanding the provisions of sec-25 26 tion two-a, article seven, chapter six of the code of 27 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. 28 as amended, the commissioner shall receive an annual salary of twenty thousand dollars, payable out of the 29 workmen's compensation fund. The commissioner shall 30 have an official seal for the authentication of his or-31 32 ders and proceedings, upon which seal shall be engraved the words, "West Virginia Compensation Com-33 34 missioner," and such other design as the commissioner 35 may prescribe. The courts in this state shall take judi-36 cial notice of the seal of the commissioner and in all 37 cases copies of orders, proceedings or records in the office of the West Virginia compensation commissioner 38 39 shall be equal to the original in evidence.

The attorney general shall perform all legal services required by the commissioner under the provisions of this chapter: Provided, That in any case in which an application for review is prosecuted from any final de-44 cision of the workmen's compensation appeal board to the supreme court of appeals, as provided by section four, article five of this chapter, or in any court proceeding before the workmen's compensation appeal board, in which such representation shall appear to the commissioner to be desirable, he may designate a regular employee of his office, qualified to practice before such court, to represent him upon such appeal or proceeding, and in no case shall the person so appearing for the commissioner before the court receive remuneration therefor other than his regular salary.

Whenever in this chapter or elsewhere in law reference is made to "State Director of Workmen's Compensation" or "Compensation Commissioner" such reference shall henceforth be construed and understood to mean "State Workmen's Compensation Commissioner."

# §23-1-3. Payment of salaries and expenses—Manner; limitation.

- All payments of salaries and expenses in the administration of this chapter shall be made by the state trea-
- 2 tration of this chapter shall be made by the state trea-3 surer upon requisitions signed by the commissioner, di-
- 4 rected to the auditor of the state, who shall draw his
- 4 rected to the auditor of the state, who shall draw his
- 5 warrant therefor, and any such payment shall be charged
- 6 to the workmen's compensation fund: Provided, That the
- 7 total charges against such fund under this section for
- 8 any one fiscal year shall not exceed the amount appro-
- 9 priated therefor.

## CHAPTER 177

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 790—Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections eight-d, eight-e, eight-f and fifteenc, article four, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one, four, five, six, seven. eight, eight-b, eight-c, nine-b, ten, fourteen, fifteen, fifteenb and sixteen of said article four; to further amend said article four, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a; to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a; to amend and reenact sections one, two and five, article five of said chapter: to further amend said article five by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article six, relating generally to workmen's compensation; relating to the contraction or aggravation of occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease; abolishing the occupational diseases medical board, except as to any claim in which the claimant is examined by such board before July one, one thousand nine hundred seventyone; relating to funeral expenses in workmen's compensation claims; relating to the payment of temporary total disability benefits; relating to the classification of disability benefits; relating to the maximum and minimum workmen's compensation benefits: relating to the average weekly wage in West Virginia: relating to payment following death of claimant of statutory award for severance of a member of the body and providing limitations and qualifications with respect thereto: relating to the evaluation of disability where there is an injury to a member of the body as opposed to the severance thereof; providing that temporary total disability benefits shall not be subtracted from permanent partial disability awards; relating to hernias: relating to physical examinations of claimants; relating to examinations for the occupational pneumoconjosis board: relating to the time during which protests may be filed to the findings of the occupational pneumoconiosis board; providing that preexisting physical impairments shall not be considered in fixing amount of compensation: relating to the classification and amounts of death benefits: relating to the computation of benefits and providing that in any claim for injuries, including occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational diseases, occurring on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, any award for disability benefits or for dependent benefits shall be paid at the weekly rates or the monthly amount in effect on the date of such injury and further providing that if during the life of any such award, the weekly rates or the monthly amount are increased or decreased, the claimant shall receive such increased or decreased benefits as of the effective date of said increase or decrease; relating to the time periods within which applications for various types of workmen's compensation benefits must be filed; relating to the time within which an employer must report an injury; relating to certain nonmedical findings to be made by the commissioner in claims for occupational pneumoconiosis: relating to the time within which such nonmedical findings may be protested; relating to the reopening of claims; providing for interest on certain benefits under certain circumstances; creating the disabled workmen's relief fund and providing for the payment of benefits from such fund; relating to the computation of benefits to be paid from such fund; relating to the mode of payment of benefits from such fund; providing for the payment of bene-

fits from such fund to employees of self-insurers; relating to the powers of the commissioner over such fund: prohibiting the charging of any fee, compensation or gratuity for representing or assisting or pretending to represent or assist any person to receive benefits from such workmen's relief fund; relating to the employees to administer such workmen's relief fund and their salaries and expenses; providing that such workmen's relief fund shall be funded out of interest earned on the workmen's compensation fund; providing that the purpose of such workmen's relief fund is to increase the benefits being paid under life awards or in fatal claims to the minimum amount payable in such claims under the laws in effect on July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one; relating to the time within which the commissioner is to order supplemental hearings and render his decision: relating to the payment of expenses and loss of wages when the claimant attends a hearing under certain circumstances; relating to the salary of the members of the workmen's compensation appeal board; relating to continuances; placing a limitation upon the fees which may be charged by an attorney for a claimant or dependent; and providing a severability clause for said chapter twenty-three.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight-d, eight-e, eight-f and fifteen-c, article four, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections one, four, five, six, seven, eight, eight-b, eight-c, nine-b, ten, fourteen, fifteen, fifteen-b and sixteen of said article four be amended and reenacted; that said article four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article four-a; that sections one, two and five, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article five be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 4. Disability and Death Benefits.
- 4A. Disabled Workmen's Relief Fund.
- Review.
- 6. Severability.

#### ARTICLE 4. DISABILITY AND DEATH BENEFITS.

- §23-4-1. To whom compensation fund disbursed; occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases included in "injury" and "personal injury"; definition of occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases.
- §23-4-4. Funeral expenses.
- §23-4-5. Benefits for first three days after injury.
- §23-4-6. Classification of disability benefits.
- §23-4-7. Hernia.
- §23-4-8. Physical examination of claimant.
- §23-4-8b. Occupational pneumoconiosis board; procedure; autopsy.
- §23-4-8c. Same—Reports and distribution thereof; presumption; findings required of board; objection to findings; procedure thereon.
- §23-4-9b. Preexisting physical impairments not considered in fixing amount of compensation.
- §23-4-10. Classification of death benefits; "dependent" defined.
- §23-4-14. Computation of benefits.
- §23-4-15. Application for benefits; report of injuries by employer.
- §23-4-15b. Determination of nonmedical questions by commissioner; claims for occupational pneumoconiosis; hearing.
- §23-4-16. Commissioner's jurisdiction over case continuous; modification of finding or order; time limitation on awards; reimbursement of claimant for expenses.
- §23-4-16a. Interest on benefits.
- §23-4-1. To whom compensation fund disbursed; occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases included in "injury" and "personal injury"; definition of occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases.
  - 1 Subject to the provisions and limitations elsewhere
  - 2 in this chapter set forth, the commissioner shall disburse
  - 3 the workmen's compensation fund to the employees of
  - 4 such employers as are not delinquent in the payment of
  - 5 the premiums for the quarter in which the injury occurs,
  - 6 and in case of catastrophe, in addition to the employees
  - 7 next above described, to the employees of employers who
  - 8 have elected, under section nine, article two of this
  - 9 chapter, to make payments into the surplus fund as pro-
  - 10 vided in that section, and which employees shall have
  - 11 received personal injuries in the course of and resulting
  - 12 from their employment in this state, or in temporary
- 13 employment without the state as provided in section
- 14 one, article two of this chapter, or to the dependents, if
- 15 any, of such employees in case death has ensued, ac-

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16 cording to the provisions hereinafter made; and also for 17 the expenses of the administration of this chapter, as 18 provided in section two, article one of this chapter.

19 For the purposes of this chapter the terms "injury" and "personal injury" shall include occupational pneumo-20 coniosis and any other occupational disease, as herein-21 after defined, and the commissioner shall likewise dis-22 burse the workmen's compensation fund to the employees 23 of such employers as are not delinquent in the payment 24 of premiums for the last quarter in which such employees 25 26 have been exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease and in this 27 state have contracted occupational pneumoconiosis or 28 other occupational disease, or have suffered a perceptible 29 30 aggravation of an existing pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease, or to the dependents, if any, of such 31 32 employees, in case death has ensued, according to the provisions hereinafter made: Provided, That compensa-33 tion shall not be payable for the disease of occupational 34 pneumoconiosis, or death resulting therefrom, unless the 35 employee has been exposed to the hazards of occupational 36 pneumoconiosis in the state of West Virginia over a 37 continuous period of not less than two years during the 38 ten years immediately preceding the date of his last 39 exposure to such hazards. An application for benefits on 40 41 account of occupational pneumoconiosis shall set forth the name of the employer or employers and the time worked 42 for each, and the commissioner may allocate to and divide 43 any charges resulting from such claim among the employ-44 ers by whom the claimant was employed for as much as 45 sixty days during the period of three years immediately 46 preceding the date of last exposure to the hazards of 47 occupational pneumoconiosis. The allocation shall be 48 based upon the time and degree of exposure with each 49 50 employer.

For the purposes of this chapter disability or death resulting from occupational pneumoconiosis, as defined in the immediately succeeding sentence, shall be treated and compensated as an injury by accident.

Occupational pneumoconiosis is a disease of the lungs caused by the inhalation of minute particles of dust

57 over a period of time due to causes and conditions arising out of and in the course of the employment. The 58 term "occupational pneumoconiosis" shall include, but 59 60 shall not be limited to, such diseases as silicosis, anthracosilicosis, coal worker's pneumoconiosis, commonly 61 known as black lung or miner's asthma, silico-tuber-62 culosis (silicosis accompanied by active tuberculosis of 63 the lungs), coal worker's pneumoconiosis accompanied 64 by active tuberculosis of the lungs, asbestosis, siderosis, 65 anthrax and any and all other dust diseases of the lungs 66 and conditions and diseases caused by occupational 67 68 pneumoconiosis which are not specifically designated herein meeting the definition of occupational pneu-69 moconiosis set forth in the immediately preceding sen-70 71 tence.

72 X-ray evidence shall not necessarily be held conclu-73 sive insofar as it bears upon the absence of occupational 74 pneumoconiosis.

75 For the purposes of this chapter, occupational disease means a disease incurred in the course of and resulting 76 from employment. No ordinary disease of life to which 77 the general public is exposed outside of the employ-78 ment shall be compensable except when it follows as 79 an incident of occupational disease as defined in this 80 chapter. Except in the case of occupational pneumo-81 coniosis, a disease shall be deemed to have been in-82 curred in the course of or to have resulted from the 83 employment only if it is apparent to the rational mind. 84 upon consideration of all the circumstances (1) that 85 there is a direct causal connection between the condi-86 tions under which work is performed and the occu-87 pational disease. (2) that it can be seen to have followed 88 as a natural incident of the work as a result of the 89 exposure occasioned by the nature of the employment, 90 (3) that it can be fairly traced to the employment as 91 the proximate cause, (4) that it does not come from 92 a hazard to which workmen would have been equally 93 exposed outside of the employment, (5) that it is in-94 cidental to the character of the business and not inde-95 pendent of the relation of employer and employee, and 96 (6) that it must appear to have had its origin in a risk 97

- 98 connected with the employment and to have flowed 99 from that source as a natural consequence, though it 100 need not have been foreseen or expected before its 101 contraction.
- Except in the case of silicosis, no award shall be made under the provisions of this chapter for any occupational disease contracted prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred forty-nine. An employee shall be deemed to have contracted an occupational disease within the meaning of this paragraph if the disease or condition has developed to such an extent that it can be diagnosed as an occupational dis-
- 111 Claims for occupational disease as hereinbefore de-112 fined, except occupational pneumoconiosis, shall be pro-113 cessed in like manner as claims for all other personal injuries: Provided, That in any claim in which the oc-114 cupational diseases medical board has examined the claim-115 116 ant prior to July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-117 one, such claim shall be processed and final disposition made with respect thereto without regard to the fore-118 going provisions of this paragraph and with like effect as 119 120 if (i) sections eight-d, eight-e, eight-f and fifteen-c of 121 this article had not been repealed by this act, and (ii) 122 section eight of this article had not been amended and 123 reenacted by this act.

## §23-4-4. Funeral expenses.

- In case the personal injury causes death, and disability is continuous from the date of such injury to date of death, reasonable funeral expenses, not to exceed twelve hundred dollars, shall be paid from the fund, payment to be made to the persons who have furnished the services and supplies, or to the persons who
- 7 have advanced payment for same, as the commissioner 8 may deem proper, in addition to such award as may
- 9 be made to the employee's dependents.

## §23-4-5. Benefits for first three days after injury.

- 1 If the period of disability does not last longer than
- 2 three days from the day the employee leaves work as

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- 3 the result of the injury, no award shall be allowed,
- 4 except the disbursements provided for in the two next
- 5 preceding sections, but if the period of disability lasts
- 6 longer than fourteen days from the day the employee
- 7 leaves work as a result of the injury, an award shall
- 8 be allowed for the first three days of such disability.

#### §23-4-6. Classification of disability benefits.

- Where compensation is due an employee under the provisions of this chapter for a personal injury, such compensation shall be as provided in the following schedule:
- 5 (a) The expressions "average weekly wage earnings, 6 wherever earned, of the injured employee, at the date 7 of injury" and "average weekly wage in West Vir-8 ginia," as used in this chapter, shall have the meaning 9 and shall be computed as set forth in section fourteen 0 of this article.
- (b) If the injury causes temporary total disability, 11 the employee shall receive during the continuance 12 thereof weekly benefits as follows: A maximum weekly 13 14 benefit to be computed on the basis of sixty-six and 15 two-thirds percent of the average weekly earnings, wherever earned, of the injured employee, at the date of injury, not to exceed the percentage of the average 17 weekly wage in West Virginia, as follows: On or after 18 July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, forty-19 five percent; on or after July one, one thousand nine 20 hundred seventy, fifty percent; on or after July one, 21 22 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, fifty-five per-23 cent.
  - The minimum weekly benefits paid hereunder shall not be less than twenty-six dollars per week for injuries occurring on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine and not less than thirty-five dollars per week for injuries occurring on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.
- 30 (c) Subdivision (b) shall be limited as follows: 31 Aggregate award for a single injury causing temporary 32 disability shall be for a period not exceeding two hun-33 dred eight weeks.

- 34 (d) If the injury causes permanent disability, the percentage of disability to total disability shall be 35 determined and the award computed on the basis of 36 37 four weeks compensation for each percent of disability determined and the maximum and minimum weekly 38 39 benefits as provided in subdivision (b) of this section for temporary total disability benefits shall be 40 41 payable.
- 42 For a disability of eighty-five percent or more, bene-43 fits shall be payable during the remainder of life at the maximum or minimum weekly benefits as pro-44 vided in subdivision (b) of this section for temporary **4**5 46 total disability.
- 47 (e) If the injury results in the total loss by severance of any of the members named in this subdivision, **4**8 49 the percentage of disability shall be determined in accordance with the following table, and award made 50 as provided in subdivision (d) of this section: 51
- 52 The loss of a great toe shall be considered a ten 53 percent disability.
- 54 The loss of a great toe (one phalanx) shall be considered a five percent disability. 55
- 56 The loss of other toes shall be considered a four per-57 cent disability.
- 58 The loss of other toes (one phalanx) shall be con-59 sidered a two percent disability.
- The loss of all toes shall be considered a twenty-60 61 five percent disability.
- The loss of forepart of foot shall be considered a 62 63 thirty percent disability.
- The loss of foot shall be considered a thirty-five per-64 65 cent disability.
- The loss of a leg shall be considered a forty-five per-66 67 cent disability.
- The loss of thigh shall be considered a fifty percent 68 69 disability.
- 70 The loss of thigh at hip joint shall be considered a sixty percent disability. 71

- 72 The loss of a little or fourth finger (one phalanx)
- 73 shall be considered a three percent disability.
- 74 The loss of little or fourth finger shall be considered
- 75 a five percent disability.
- 76 The loss of ring or third finger (one phalanx) shall 77 be considered a three percent disability.
- 78 The loss of ring or third finger shall be considered 79 a five percent disability.
- The loss of middle or second finger (one phalanx) shall be considered a three percent disability.
- The loss of middle or second finger shall be considered a seven percent disability.
- The loss of index or first finger (one phalanx) shall be considered a six percent disability.
- The loss of index or first finger shall be considered to a ten percent disability.
- The loss of thumb (one phalanx) shall be considered twelve percent disability.
- The loss of thumb shall be considered a twenty percent disability.
- The loss of thumb and index finger shall be considered a thirty-two percent disability.
- The loss of index and middle finger shall be considered a twenty percent disability.
- The loss of middle and ring finger shall be considered a fifteen percent disability.
- The loss of ring and little finger shall be considered a ten percent disability.
- The loss of thumb, index and middle finger shall be to considered a forty percent disability.
- The loss of index, middle and ring finger shall be to considered a thirty percent disability.
- 104 The loss of middle, ring and little finger shall be 105 considered a twenty percent disability.
- The loss of four fingers shall be considered a thirtytwo percent disability.
- 108 The loss of hand shall be considered a fifty percent 109 disabliity.

The loss of forearm shall be considered a fifty-five percent disability.

The loss of arm shall be considered a sixty percent disability.

The total and irrecoverable loss of the sight of one eye shall be considered a thirty-three percent disability. For the partial loss of vision in one, or both eyes, the percentage of disability shall be determined by the commissioner, using as a basis the total loss of one

119 eye.

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120 The total and irrecoverable loss of the hearing of 121 one ear shall be considered a fifteen percent disability, 122 and the injured employee shall be entitled to compen-123 sation for a period of sixty weeks. The total and irre-124 coverable loss of hearing of both ears shall be con-125 sidered a forty-five percent disability, and the injured 126 employee shall be entitled to compensation for a period 127 of one hundred eighty weeks.

128 For the partial loss of hearing in one, or both ears, 129 the percentage of disability shall be determined by 130 the commissioner, using as a basis the total loss of hear-131 ing in both ears.

132 Should a claimant sustain a compensable injury which 133 results in the total loss by severance of any of the 134 bodily members named in this subdivision, die from 135 sickness or noncompensable injury before the com-136 missioner makes the proper award for such injury, the commissioner shall make such award to claimant's de-137 138 pendents as defined in this chapter, if any; such payment to be made in the same installments that would 139 have been paid to claimant if living: Provided, That 140 no payment shall be made to any widow of such claim-141 142 ant after her remarriage, and that this liability shall not accrue to the estate of such claimant and shall 143 144 not be subject to any debts of, or charges against, such 145 estate.

(f) Should a claimant to whom has been made a permanent partial award of from one percent to eighty-four percent, both inclusive, die from sickness or non-compensable injury, the unpaid balance of such award

- 72 The loss of a little or fourth finger (one phalanx)
- 73 shall be considered a three percent disability.
- 74 The loss of little or fourth finger shall be considered
- 75 a five percent disability.
- 76 The loss of ring or third finger (one phalanx) shall
- 77 be considered a three percent disability.
- 78 The loss of ring or third finger shall be considered
- 79 a five percent disability.
- 80 The loss of middle or second finger (one phalanx)
- 81 shall be considered a three percent disability.
- 82 The loss of middle or second finger shall be considered
- 83 a seven percent disability.
- 84 The loss of index or first finger (one phalanx) shall
- 85 be considered a six percent disability.
- 86 The loss of index or first finger shall be considered
- 87 a ten percent disability.
- 88 The loss of thumb (one phalanx) shall be considered
- 89 a twelve percent disability.
- 90 The loss of thumb shall be considered a twenty per-
- 91 cent disability.
- 92 The loss of thumb and index finger shall be con-
- 93 sidered a thirty-two percent disability.
- 94 The loss of index and middle finger shall be con-
- 95 sidered a twenty percent disability.
- 96 The loss of middle and ring finger shall be considered
- 97 a fifteen percent disability.
- 98 The loss of ring and little finger shall be considered
- 99 a ten percent disability.
- 100 The loss of thumb, index and middle finger shall be
- 101 considered a forty percent disability.
- 102 The loss of index, middle and ring finger shall be
- 103 considered a thirty percent disability.
- 104 The loss of middle, ring and little finger shall be
- 105 considered a twenty percent disability.
- 106 The loss of four fingers shall be considered a thirty-
- 107 two percent disability.
- 108 The loss of hand shall be considered a fifty percent
- 109 disabliity.

110 The loss of forearm shall be considered a fifty-five 111 percent disability.

112 The loss of arm shall be considered a sixty percent 113 disability.

114 The total and irrecoverable loss of the sight of one 115 eye shall be considered a thirty-three percent disability. 116 For the partial loss of vision in one, or both eyes, the 117 percentage of disability shall be determined by the 118 commissioner, using as a basis the total loss of one 119 eye.

120 The total and irrecoverable loss of the hearing of 121 one ear shall be considered a fifteen percent disability, 122and the injured employee shall be entitled to compen-123 sation for a period of sixty weeks. The total and irre-124 coverable loss of hearing of both ears shall be con-125 sidered a forty-five percent disability, and the injured 126 employee shall be entitled to compensation for a period of one hundred eighty weeks.

128 For the partial loss of hearing in one, or both ears, 129 the percentage of disability shall be determined by 130 the commissioner, using as a basis the total loss of hear-131 ing in both ears.

132 Should a claimant sustain a compensable injury which 133 results in the total loss by severance of any of the bodily members named in this subdivision, die from 134 sickness or noncompensable injury before the com-135 missioner makes the proper award for such injury, the 136 commissioner shall make such award to claimant's de-137 138 pendents as defined in this chapter, if any; such payment to be made in the same installments that would 139 have been paid to claimant if living: Provided. That 140 no payment shall be made to any widow of such claim-141 142 ant after her remarriage, and that this liability shall not accrue to the estate of such claimant and shall 143 not be subject to any debts of, or charges against, such 144 145 estate.

(f) Should a claimant to whom has been made a 146 permanent partial award of from one percent to eighty-147 four percent, both inclusive, die from sickness or non-148 compensable injury, the unpaid balance of such award 149

- shall be paid to claimant's dependents as defined in this chapter, if any; such payment to be made in the same installments that would have been paid to claimant if living: *Provided*, *however*, That no payment shall be made to any widow of such claimant after her remarriage, and that this liability shall not accrue to the estate of such claimant and shall not be subject to any debts of, or charges against, such estate.
  - (g) The award for permanent disabilities intermediate to those fixed by the foregoing schedule and permanent disability of from one percent to eighty-four percent shall be in the same proportion and shall be computed and allowed by the commissioner.
  - (h) The percentage of all permanent disabilities other than those enumerated in subdivision (e) of this section shall be determined by the commissioner, and awards made in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (d) of this section. Where there has been an injury to a member as distinguished from total loss by severance of that member, the commissioner in determining the percentage of disability may be guided by but shall not be limited to the disabilities enumerated in subdivision (e) of this section.
  - (i) Compensation payable under any subdivision of this section shall be limited as follows: Not to exceed the maximum nor to be less than the minimum weekly benefits specified in subdivision (b) of this section.
  - (j) Temporary total disability benefits payable under subdivision (b) of this section shall not be deductible from permanent partial disability awards payable under subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section. Compensation, either total temporary or permanent partial, under this section shall be payable only to the injured employee and the right thereto shall not vest in his or her estate, except that any unpaid compensation which would have been paid or payable to the employee up to the time of his death, if he had lived, shall be paid to the dependents of such injured employee if there be such dependents at the time of death.
- 189 (k) The following permanent disabilities shall be 190 conclusively presumed to be total in character:

- 191 Loss of both eyes or the sight thereof.
- 192 Loss of both hands or the use thereof.
- 193 Loss of both feet or the use thereof.
- 194 Loss of one hand and one foot or the use thereof.
- In all other cases permanent disability shall be de-196 termined by the commissioner in accordance with the 197 facts in the case, and award made in accordance with 198 the provisions of subdivision (d).
- 199 (1) A disability which renders the injured employee 200 unable to engage in substantial gainful activity requiring skills or abilities comparable to those of any gainful 202 activity in which he has previously engaged with some 203 regularity and over a substantial period of time shall 204 be considered in determining the issue of total disability.

### §23-4-7. Hernia.

1 In all claims for compensation for hernia resulting from personal injury received in the course of and resulting from the employee's employment, it must be proven by a preponderance of the evidence: First, that there was an injury resulting in hernia; second, that it was accompanied by pain; third, that the hernia fol-7 lowed an injury; and fourth, that the hernia did not exist 8 prior to the injury for which compensation is claimed. All hernia, inguinal, femoral or otherwise, so proven to be the result of an injury received in the course of 10 11 and resulting from the employment, shall be treated 12 in a surgical manner by radical operation. If death results from such operation, the death shall be con-13 sidered as a result of the injury, and compensation paid 14 15 in accordance with the provisions of section ten of this 16 article. In nonfatal cases, time loss only shall be paid, unless it is shown by special examination that the in-17 18 jured employee has a permanent partial disability re-19 sulting after the operation. If so, compensation shall be paid in accordance with the provisions in section six of 20 this article with reference to permanent partial disabil-21 ity. In case the injured employee refuses to undergo 22 the radical operation for the cure of said hernia, no 23 compensation will be allowed during the time such re-

- 25 fusal continues. If, however, it is shown that the em-
- 26 ployee has some chronic disease, or is otherwise in such
- 27 physical condition that it is considered unsafe for him
- 28 to undergo such operation, he shall be paid as pro-
- 29 vided in section six.

### §23-4-8. Physical examination of claimant.

The commissioner shall have authority, after due no-1 tice to the employer and claimant, whenever in his opin-2 ion it shall be necessary, to order a claimant of compensation for a personal injury other than occupational pneumoconiosis to appear for examination before a medical examiner or examiners selected by the commissioner; and the claimant and employer, respectively, shall each have the right to select a physician of his or its own choosing and at his or its own expense to participate in such examination. The claimant and employer shall, 10 respectively, be furnished with a copy of the report of 11 12 examination made by the medical examiner or examiners selected by the commissioner. The respective physicians 13 14 selected by the claimant and employer shall have the right to concur in any report made by the medical exam-15 iner or examiners selected by the commissioner, or each 16 may file with the commissioner a separate report, which 17 18 separate report shall be considered by the commissioner in passing upon the claim. If the compensation claimed 19 is for occupational pneumoconiosis, the commissioner 20 shall have the power, after due notice to the employer, 21 and whenever in his opinion it shall be necessary, to 22 order a claimant to appear for examination before the 23 occupational pneumoconiosis board hereinafter provided. 24 In any case the claimant shall be entitled to reasonable 25 traveling and other expenses necessarily incurred by him 26 in obeying such order, which shall be paid out of the 27 amount allowed under this chapter for medical, surgical, 28 29 dental and hospital treatment.

Where the claimant is required to undergo a medical examination or examinations by a physician or physicians selected by the employer, as aforesaid or in connection with any claim which is in litigation, in addition to the

34 reasonable traveling and other expenses, not to exceed

35 the expenses paid when a claimant is examined by a

36 physician or physicians selected by the commissioner,

37 such claimant shall be reimbursed by the employer for

38 loss of wages necessarily incurred by him in connection

39 with such examination or examinations.

# §23-4-8b. Occupational pneumoconiosis board; procedure; autopsy.

1 The occupational pneumoconiosis board, upon reference to it by the commissioner of a case of occupational pneumoconiosis, shall notify the employee, or in case he is dead, the claimant, and the employer, to appear be-4 fore such board at a time and place stated in the notice. If the employee be living, he shall appear before the board at the time and place specified and submit to such examination, including clinical and X-ray examinations, as the board may require. If a physician lic-9 ensed to practice medicine in the state shall make af-10 fidavit that the employee is physically unable to appear 11 at the time and place designated by the board, such 12 board shall, on notice to the proper parties, change the 13 place and time as may reasonably facilitate the hear-14 ing or examination of the employee, or may appoint a 15 qualified specialist in the field of respiratory disease 16 to examine the claimant on behalf of the board. The 17 employee, or in case he is dead, the claimant, and the 18 employer shall also produce as evidence to the board 19 all reports of medical and X-ray examinations which 20 may be in their respective possession or control, show-21 ing the past or present condition of the employee. If the 22 employee be dead, the notice of the board shall further 23 require that the claimant produce necessary consents 24 and permits so that an autopsy may be performed, if 25 the board shall so direct. When in the opinion of the 26 board an autopsy is deemed necessary accurately and 27 scientifically to ascertain and determine the cause of 28 death, such autopsy examination shall be ordered by 29 the board, which shall designate a duly licensed phy-30 sician, a pathologist, or such other specialists as may be 31 deemed necessary by the board, to make such exami-32 nation and tests to determine the cause of death and 33

certify his or their written findings, in triplicate, to the board, which findings shall be public records. In the event that a claimant for compensation for such death refuses to consent and permit such autopsy to be made, all rights for compensation shall thereupon be forfeited.

The employee, or if he be dead, the claimant, and the employer, shall be entitled to be present at all examinations conducted by the board, and to be rep-

# §23-4-8c. Same—Reports and distribution thereof; presumption; findings required of board; objection to findings; procedure thereon.

resented by attorneys and physicians.

- 1 The occupational pneumoconiosis board, as soon as practicable, after it has completed its investigation. shall make its written report, to the commissioner, of its findings and conclusions on every medical question in controversy, and the commissioner shall send one copy thereof to the employee or claimant and one copy to the employer, and the board shall also return to and file with the commissioner all the evidence as well as all statements under oath, if any, of the persons who appeared before it on behalf of the employee or claim-10 ant, or employer and also all medical reports and X-ray 11 examinations produced by or on behalf of the employee 12 or claimant, or employer. 13
- 14 If it can be shown that the claimant or deceased employee has been exposed to the hazard of inhaling 15 minute particles of dust in the course of and resulting 16 from his employment for a period of ten years during 17 the fifteen years immediately preceding the date of his 18 last exposure to such hazard and that such claimant or 19 deceased employee has sustained a chronic respiratory 20 disability, then it shall be presumed that such claimant 21 is suffering or such deceased employee was suffering at 22 the time of his death from occupational pneumoconiosis 23 which arose out of and in the course of his employment. 24 This presumption shall not be conclusive. 25
- 26 (c) The findings and conclusions of the board shall 27 set forth, among other things, the following:

- 28 (1) Whether or not the claimant or the deceased 29 employee has contracted occupational pneumonconiosis, 30 and, if so, the percentage of permanent disability re-31 sulting therefrom.
- 32 (2) Whether or not the exposure in the employment 33 was sufficient to have caused the claimant's or deceased 34 employee's occupational pneumoconiosis or to have per-35 ceptibly aggravated an existing occupational pneumo-36 coniosis, or other occupational disease.
- 37 (3) What, if any, physician appeared before the 38 board on behalf of the claimant or employer, and what, 39 if any, medical evidence was produced by or on behalf 40 of the claimant or employer.

41 If either party objects to the whole or any part of such findings and conclusions of the board, he shall file 42 with the commissioner, within fifteen days of the mail-43 ing of such copy to him, unless for good cause shown, the 44 commissioner extends such time, his objections thereto 45 in writing, specifying the particular statements of the 46 board's findings and conclusions to which he objects. 47 After the time has expired for the filing of objections 48 to the findings and conclusions of the board, the com-49 missioner shall proceed to act as provided in this chap-50 ter. If after the time has expired for the filing of ob-51 jections to the findings and conclusions of the board no 52 objections have been filed, the report of a majority of 53 the board of its findings and conclusions on any medical 54 question shall be taken to be plenary and conclusive 55 evidence of the findings and conclusions therein stated. 56 If objection has been filed to the findings and conclus-57 58 ions of the board, notice thereof shall be given to the board, and the members thereof joining in such findings 59 and conclusions shall appear at the time fixed by the 60 commissioner for the hearing to submit to examination 61 and cross-examination in respect to such findings and 62 conclusions. At such hearing evidence to support or con-63 trovert the findings and conclusions of the board shall 64 be limited to examination and cross-examination of the 65 members of the board, and to the taking of testimony of 66 other qualified physicians and roentgenologists.

## §23-4-9b. Preexisting physical impairments not considered in fixing amount of compensation.

Where an employee has a definitely ascertainable physical impairment and such employee shall thereafter receive an injury in the course of and resulting from his employment, unless such injury results in 4 total permanent disability within the meaning of section one, article three of this chapter, such physical 6 impairment, and the effect thereof, and an aggravation 7 thereof, shall not be taken into consideration in fixing the amount of compensation allowed by reason of such 9 injury, and such compensation shall be awarded only 10 in the amount that would have been allowable had such employee not had such preexisting physical im-12 pairment.

### §23-4-10. Classification of death benefits; "dependent" defined.

In case a personal injury other than occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease, suffered by an employee in the course of and resulting from his employment, causes death within the period of ten years and disability is continuous from date of such injury until date of death, or if death results from occupational pneumoconiosis or from any other occupational disease within ten years from the date of the last exposure to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis or to the other particular occupational hazard involved, as the case may be, the benefits shall be in the amounts and to the persons as follows:

- 13 (a) If there be no dependents, the disbursements 14 shall be limited to the expense provided for in sections 15 three and four of this article.
- 16 (b) If the deceased employee leaves a dependent widow or invalid widower, the payment shall be one hun18 dred sixty dollars a month until death or remarriage of such widow or widower, and in addition fifty dol20 lars a month for each child under eighteen years of age, to be paid until such child reaches such age, or where such child after reaching eighteen years of age continues as a full-time student in an accredited high school, college, university, business or trade school,

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25 to be paid until such child reaches the age of twenty-26 two years, or if an invalid child, fifty dollars a month. to continue as long as such child remains an invalid 27 to be increased to one hundred sixty dollars per month 28 upon the death of the surviving dependent parent: 29 Provided, That if such widow or invalid widower shall 30 remarry within ten years from the date of the death 31 of such employee, such widow or widower shall be 32 paid at the time of remarriage twenty percent of the 33 amount that would be due for the period remaining 34 35 between the date of such remarriage and the end of ten years from the date of death of such employee. 36 and such widow or widower shall be advised in writing 37 by the commissioner of his or her rights under this 38 proviso at the time of making the original award: 39 40 Provided, however, That if upon investigation and hear-41 ing, as provided in article five of this chapter, it shall be ascertained that such widow or widower is living 42 with a man or woman, as the case may be, as man 43 and wife and not married, or that the widow is living 44 a life of prostitution, the commissioner shall stop pay-45 ment of the benefits herein provided to such widow or 46 widower. 47

If the deceased employee be a widow or widower and leaves a child or children under the age of eighteen years, the payments shall be one hundred dollars a month to each child until he or she reaches the age of eighteen years, or where such child after reaching eighteen years of age continues as a full-time student in an accredited high school, college, university, business or trade school to be paid until such child reaches the age of twenty-two years.

In all awards of compensation to children, unless otherwise provided herein, the award shall be until they reach the age of eighteen years or until their death prior thereto.

(c) If the deceased employee leaves no dependent widow or widower and leaves a wholly dependent father or mother, he or she shall be paid the sum of eighty dollars a month, payments to continue until death, and if there be no widow or widower and both the father

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and mother are wholly dependent, then a joint award 66 shall be made to the father and mother in the sum of 67 68 eighty dollars a month until death.

Upon the death of either the father or mother in 70 any case in which a joint award has been made to them. the full award of eighty dollars a month shall be paid 71 to the survivor until his or her death. 72

- (d) If the deceased employee leaves no dependent 74 widow or widower or wholly dependent father or mother but there are other wholly dependent persons, as defined in subdivision (f) of this section, the payment shall be sixty-five dollars a month, to continue for six years after the death of the deceased, except as otherwise provided herein.
- 80 (e) If the deceased employee leaves no dependent widow or widower, child under eighteen years of age, 81 or wholly dependent person, but there are partially 82 dependent persons at the time of death, the payment shall be thirty-five dollars a month, to continue for such portion of the period of six years after the death, 86 as the commissioner may determine, but no such partially dependent person shall receive compensation payments as a result of the death of more than one em-88 ployee. 89
  - Compensation under subdivisions (b), (c), (d) and (e) hereof shall, except as may be specifically provided to the contrary therein, cease upon the death of the dependent, and the right thereto shall not vest in his or her estate.
- 95 (f) Dependent, as used in this chapter, shall mean a widow, invalid widower, child under eighteen years 96 of age, or under twenty-two years of age when a full-97 time student as provided herein, invalid child or post-98 humous child, who, at the time of the injury causing 99 death, is dependent in whole or in part for his or her 100 support upon the earnings of the employee; also the 101 following persons who are and continue to be resi-102 dents of the United States or its territorial possessions: 103 Stepchild under eighteen years of age, or under twenty-104 two years of age when a full-time student as provided 105

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herein, child under eighteen years of age legally adopted 106 prior to the injury causing death, or under twenty-107 two years of age when a full-time student as provided 108 herein, father, mother, grandfather or grandmother, who 109 at the time of the injury causing death, is dependent 110 in whole or in part for his or her support upon the earn-111 ings of the employee; and invalid brother or sister 112 wholly dependent for his or her support upon the earn-113 ings of the employee at the time of the injury causing 114 115 death.

### §23-4-14. Computation of benefits.

The average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, 1 of the injured person at the date of injury, and the 3 average weekly wage in West Virginia as determined 4 by the commissioner of employment security, in effect at the date of injury, shall be taken as the basis upon which to compute the benefits.

In cases involving occupational pneumoconiosis or 8 other occupational diseases, the "date of injury" shall be the date of the last exposure to the hazards of oc-10 cupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational diseases.

In computing benefits payable on account of occupa-11 12 tional pneumoconiosis, the commissioner shall deduct the amount of all prior workmen's compensation bene-13 14 fits paid to the same claimant on account of silicosis, but a prior silicosis award shall not, in any event, pre-15 clude an award for occupational pneumoconiosis other-16 wise payable under this article. 17

The expression "average weekly wage earnings, wherever earned, of the injured person, at the date of injury," within the meaning of this chapter, shall be two months. six or twelve months immediately preceding the date of the injury.

The expression "average weekly wage in West Virginia," within the meaning of this chapter, shall be the average weekly wage in West Virginia as determined by the commissioner of employment security in accordance with the provisions of sections ten and eleven, article six, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

30 amended, and other applicable provisions of said chapter 31 twenty-one-a.

32 In any claim for injuries, including occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases, occurring on 33 34 or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventyone, any award for temporary total, permanent partial or 35 permanent total disability benefits or for dependent bene-36 37 fits, shall be paid at the weekly rates or in the monthly 38 amount in the case of dependent benefits applicable to the claimant therein in effect on the date of such injury. If 39 40 during the life of such award for temporary total, per-41 manent partial or permanent total disability benefits or for dependent benefits, the weekly rates or the monthly 42 amount in the case of dependent benefits are increased or 43 decreased, the claimant shall receive such increased or de-45 creased benefits beginning as of the effective date of said 46 increase or decrease.

# §23-4-15. Application for benefits; report of injuries by employer.

1 To entitle any employee or dependent of a deceased 2 employee to compensation under this chapter, other than for occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease, the application therefor must be made on 4 the form or forms prescribed by the commissioner and 5 filed in the office of the commissioner within two years from and after the injury or death, as the case may be, and all proofs of dependency in fatal cases must likewise be filed with the commissioner within two years from and after the death. In case the employee is mentally 10 or physically incapable of filing such application, it may 11 be filed by his attorney or by a member of his family. 12 It shall be the duty of every employer to report to the 13 commissioner every injury sustained by any person in his employ. Such report shall be on forms prescribed 15 by the commissioner and shall be made within thirty 16 days from the date the employer first receives knowledge 17 18 of such injury.

To entitle any employee to compensation for occupational pneumoconiosis under the provisions hereof, the application therefor must be made on the form or forms

prescribed by the commissioner and filed in the office of the commissioner within three years from and after the last day of the last continuous period of sixty days or 24 25 more during which the employee was exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis or within three 26 27 years from and after the employee's occupational pneumoconiosis was made known to him by a physician 28 or which he should reasonably have known, whichever 29 shall last occur, or, in the case of death, the applica-30 tion shall be filed as aforesaid by the dependent of such 31 employee within two years from and after such em-32 33 plovee's death.

34 To entitle any employee to compensation for occupa-35 tional disease other than occupational pneumoconiosis under the provisions hereof, the application therefor 36 must be made on the form or forms prescribed by the 37 commissioner and filed in the office of the commissioner 38 within three years from and after the day on which 39 the employee was last exposed to the particular occupa-40 tional hazard involved or within three years from and 41 after the employee's occupational disease was made 42 known to him by a physician or which he should reason-43 ably have known, whichever shall last occur, or, in case 44 of death, the application shall be filed as aforesaid by 45 the dependent of such employee within two years from 46 and after such employee's death.

# §23-4-15b. Determination of nonmedical questions by commissioner; claims for occupational pneumoconiosis; hearing.

If a claim for occupational pneumoconiosis benefits be filed by an employee within three years from and after the last day of the last continuous period of sixty days exposure to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis, the commissioner shall determine whether the claimant was exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis for a continuous period of not less than sixty days while in the employ of the employer within three years prior to the filing of his claim, whether in the state of West Virginia the claimant was exposed to such hazard over a continuous period of not less than

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12 two years during the ten years immediately preceding the date of his last exposure thereto and whether the 13 claimant was exposed to such hazard over a period of 14 not less than ten years during the fifteen years im-15 16 mediately preceding the date of his last exposure thereto. If a claim for occupational pneumoconiosis benefits be 17 filed by an employee within three years from and after 18 the employee's occupational pneumoconiosis was made 19 20 known to him by a physician or otherwise should have reasonably been known to him, the commissioner shall 21 22 determine whether the claimant filed his application 23 within said period and whether in the state of West Virginia the claimant was exposed to such hazard over 24 a continuous period of not less than two years during 25 the ten years immediately preceding the date of last 26 27 exposure thereto and whether the claimant was exposed to such hazard over a period of not less than ten years 28 during the fifteen years immediately preceding the date 29 of last exposure thereto. If a claim for occupational 30 pneumoconiosis benefits be filed by a dependent of a 31 deceased employee, the commissioner shall determine 32whether the deceased employee was exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis for a continuous 34 period of not less than sixty days while in the employ 35 of the employer within ten years prior to the filing of the 36 claim, whether in the state of West Virginia the deceased 37 employee was exposed to such hazard over a continuous 38 period of not less than two years during the ten years 39 immediately preceding the date of his last exposure 40 41 thereto and whether the claimant was exposed to such hazard over a period of not less than ten years during 42 the fifteen years immediately preceding the date of his last exposure thereto. The commissioner shall also de-44 termine such other nonmedical facts as may in his 45 opinion be pertinent to a decision on the validity of the 46 47 claim.

The commissioner shall give each interested party notice in writing of his findings with respect to all such nonmedical facts and such findings and such action of the commissioner shall be final unless the employer, employee, claimant or dependent shall, within fifteen days

after receipt of such notice, object to such findings. Upon 54 receipt of such objection the commissioner shall set a 55 hearing as provided in section one, article five of this

chapter. 56

### §23-4-16. Commissioner's jurisdiction over case continuous; modification of finding or order; time limitation on awards: reimbursement of claimant for expenses.

1 The power and jurisdiction of the commissioner over each case shall be continuing and he may from time to time, after due notice to the employer, make such modifications or changes with respect to former findings or orders as may be justified: Provided. That no further award may be made in fatal cases arising after March 7 seventh, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine, except within two years after the death of the employee, or in case of nonfatal injuries, on and after March seventh, one thousand nine hundred twenty-nine, except 10 within three years after payments for temporary dis-11 12 ability shall have ceased or not more than two times within five years after the commissioner shall have made 13 14 the last payment in the original award or any subse-15 quent increase thereto in any permanent disability case: 16 Provided, however, That no such modification or change may be made in any case in which no award has been 17 made, except within three years after the date of in-18 jury. In any case in which an injured employee shall 19 make application for a further adjustment of his claim, 20 if such application be in writing and filed within the 21 applicable time limit as prescribed herein, the commis-22 sioner shall pass upon and determine the merits of such application within thirty days after the filing 24 25 thereof.

If such application is based on a report of any medical examination made of the claimant and submitted by 27 the claimant to the commissioner in support of his ap-28 plication, and the claim is opened for further consider-29 30 ation and additional award is later made, the claimant shall be reimbursed for the expenses of such examina-31 32 tion. Such reimbursement shall be made by the com-

- 33 missioner to the claimant, in addition to all other bene-
- 34 fits awarded, upon due proof of the amount thereof
- being furnished the commissioner by the claimant, but
- 36 shall in no case exceed the sum of one hundred dollars.

### §23-4-16a. Interest on benefits.

- Whenever any award of temporary total, permanent
- partial or permanent total disability benefits or dependent
- benefits is made on or after July one, one thousand nine
- 4 hundred seventy-one, and a protest is filed thereto or an
- appeal is taken therefrom by an employer only and not
- by the claimant or dependent and the award is not ulti-
- mately denied or reduced following such protest or ap-
- peal, the commissioner shall add thereto interest at the
- simple rate of six percent per annum from the date the
- award would have been payable had such protest or ap-
- peal not been filed or taken, exclusive of any period for 11
- which a continuance was granted upon motion of any 12
- 13 party other than the protesting or appealing employer.
- 14 Any interest payable shall be charged to the account of
- 15 the protesting or appealing employer to the extent that
- the benefits upon which such interest is computed are
- 17 charged to the account of such employer.

#### ARTICLE 4A. DISABLED WORKMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

- \$23-4A-1. Disabled workmen's relief fund created.
  \$23-4A-2. To whom benefits paid.
  \$23-4A-3. Computation of benefits.
  \$23-4A-4. Mode of payment.
  \$23-4A-5. Employers providing own system of compensation.
  \$23-4A-6. Powers of commissioner over disabled workmen's relief fund.
- §23-4A-7. Employees to administer disabled workmen's relief fund; payment of salaries.
- §23-4A-8. Disabled workmen's relief fund; how funded.

### §23-4A-1. Disabled workmen's relief fund created.

- For the relief of persons who are receiving workmen's 1
- compensation benefits by virtue of and under the laws of
- this state in amounts less than the minimum amount pay-
- able under the laws in effect on July one, one thousand
- nine hundred sixty-one, there is hereby created a separate
- fund to be known as the "Disabled Workmen's Relief
- Fund," which fund shall consist of such sums as are from
- 7 time to time made available to carry out the objects and
- 9 purposes of this article. Said fund shall be in the custody

- 10 of the state treasurer and disbursements therefrom shall
- 11 be made upon requisition signed by the commissioner to
- those persons entitled to participate therein and in such 12
- amounts to each participant as is provided in section 13
- 14 three of this article.

### §23-4A-2. To whom benefits paid.

- 1 In order to participate in the disabled workmen's relief
- fund, an individual must be receiving workmen's compen-
- 3 sation benefits by virtue of and under the laws of this
- 4 state in amounts less than the minimum amount payable
- 5 under the laws in effect on July one, one thousand nine
- 6 hundred sixty-one, and be receiving such benefits under
- a permanent total disability award or be receiving such
- benefits because of the death of an employee.

### §23-4A-3. Computation of benefits.

- Each individual entitled to participate in the disabled 1
  - 2 workmen's relief fund shall be entitled to receive pay-
  - ments without application (except that an application
  - shall be required under section five of this article) from
  - said fund of an amount equal to the difference between
  - the minimum amount payable under the rates in effect as
  - of July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, and the
  - amount said individual is in fact receiving by virtue of
  - and under the laws of this state. The first such payment
- 10 shall be made concurrently with the payment to him of
- workmen's compensation for the period next following
- 12 the expiration of the twelfth calendar week after this
- article becomes effective and subsequent payments shall 13 be made during the period thereafter in which such par-
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- ticipant shall be entitled to workmen's compensation
- benefits by virtue of and under the laws of this state.

### §23-4A-4. Mode of payment.

- 1 Payments to an individual entitled to participate in the
- 2 disabled workmen's relief fund may be made from said
- 3 fund by separate check or may be made from said fund
- 4 and from the workmen's compensation fund by one check,
- 5 but each such check drawn on the two funds shall be so
- 6 written as to show plainly the payments made from each
- 7 fund. No disbursements shall be made from the work-

- 8 men's compensation fund on account of any provisions of
- 9 this article.

### §23-4A-5. Employers providing own system of compensation.

- 1 The commissioner shall promptly require of each em-
- 2 ployer who has elected to pay compensation direct under
- 3 the provisions of section nine, article two of this chapter a
- 4 verified list of the names and addresses of all persons to
- 5 whom such employer is paying workmen's compensation
- 6 on account of permanent total disability or because of the
- 7 death of an employee and such evidence respecting such
- 8 persons as the commissioner may reasonably deem neces-
- 9 sary to determine the eligibility of any such person to
- 10 participate in the disabled workmen's relief fund. Any
- person claiming the right to participate in said fund under
- 12 the provisions of this section may file his application
- 13 therefor with the commissioner and shall be accorded a
- 13 therefor with the commissioner and shall be accorded 14 hearing thereon.

# §23-4A-6. Powers of commissioner over disabled workmen's relief fund.

- 1 In the investigation and determination of the right of
  - 2 persons to participate in the disabled workmen's relief
  - 3 fund, the commissioner shall have and exercise all the
  - 4 powers which he possesses under the other articles of this
  - 5 chapter. His powers and jurisdiction over each case shall
  - 6 be continuing, but there shall be no appeal from his de-
  - 7 cisions to any other body or tribunal. No attorney, repre-
  - 8 sentative or agent of any claimant or participant shall
- 9 be entitled to charge or receive a fee or compensation or
- 10 gratuity in any form for representing or assisting or pre-
- 11 tending to represent or assist any person to become a
- 12 participant in said disabled workmen's relief fund.

# §23-4A-7. Employees to administer disabled workmen's relief fund; payment of salaries.

- 1 The commissioner shall employ such employees as may
- 2 be necessary to discharge his duties and responsibilities
- 3 under this article. The salaries and expenses of such em-
- 4 ployees shall be paid by the treasurer of the state from
- 5 the disabled workmen's relief fund upon vouchers autho-
- 6 rized and signed as provided in section two, article one
- 7 of this chapter.

### §23-4A-8. Disabled workmen's relief fund; how funded.

- 1 For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this
- 2 article, the commissioner shall transfer annually, out of
- 3 the interest earned during the previous year on invest-
- 4 ments held by the workmen's compensation fund, an
- 5 amount estimated by the commissioner to be necessary
- 6 to carry out the provisions of this article for one year.
- 7 Such money shall be deposited by the commissioner in
- 8 the disabled workmen's relief fund, as required by this
- 9 article.

#### ARTICLE 5. REVIEW.

- §23-5-1. Notice by commissioner of decision; objections and hearing; appeal.
- §23-5-2. Workmen's compensation appeal board—Generally.
- §23-5-3a. Continuances and supplemental hearings; claims not to be denied on technicalities.
- §23-5-5. Fees of attorney for claimant or dependent.

# §23-5-1. Notice by commissioner of decision; objections and hearing; appeal.

- 1 The commissioner shall have full power and authority
- 2 to hear and determine all questions within his jurisdic-
- 3 tion, but upon the making or refusing to make any
- 4 award, or upon the making of any modification or change
- 5 with respect to former findings or orders, as provided
- 6 by section sixteen, article four of this chapter, the com-
- 7 missioner shall give notice, in writing, to the employer,
- 8 employee, claimant, or dependent, as the case may be,
- 9 of his action, which notice shall state the time allowed
- 10 for filing an objection to such finding, and such action
- 11 of the commissioner shall be final unless the employer,
- 12 employee, claimant or dependent shall, within thirty
- 13 days after the receipt of such notice, object, in writ-14 ing, to such finding. Upon receipt of such objection the
- 15 commissioner shall, within thirty days from receipt
- 16 thereof, set a time and place for the hearing of evidence.
- 17 Any such hearing may be conducted by the commis-
- 18 sioner or his duly authorized representative at the coun-
- 19 ty seat of the county wherein the injury occurred, or
- 20 at any other place which may be agreed upon by the
- 21 interested parties, and in the event the interested parties
- 22 cannot agree, and it appears in the opinion of the com-

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missioner that the ends of justice require the taking 23 of evidence elsewhere, then at such place as the commissioner may direct, having due regard for the con-25 venience of witnesses. Both the employer and claimant 26 shall be notified of such hearing at least ten days in 27 advance, and the hearing shall be held within sixty 28 days after the filing of objection to the commissioner's 29 findings as hereinabove provided, unless such hearing 30 be postponed by agreement of the parties or by the com-31 32 missioner for good cause. The evidence taken at such hearing shall be transcribed and become part of the 33 34 record of the proceedings, together with the other records thereof in the commissioner's office. At any time 35 within forty-five days after hearing, if the commissioner 36 is of the opinion that the facts have not been adequately 37 developed at such hearing, he may order supplemental 38 hearing upon due notice to the parties. After final 39 hearing the commissioner shall, within forty-five days, 40 render his decision affirming, reversing or modifying, 41 his former action, which shall be final: Provided, That 42 the claimant or the employer may apply to the appeal 43 board herein created for a review of such decision; 44 but no appeal or review shall lie unless application 45 therefor be made within thirty days of receipt of notice 46 of the commissioner's final action, or in any event within 47 sixty days of the date of such final action, regardless of 48 49 notice.

After protest by the employer only to any finding or determination of the commissioner made on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and the employer does not prevail in its protest and, in the event the claimant is required to attend a hearing by subpoena or agreement of counsel or at the express direction of the commissioner, then such claimant in addition to reasonable traveling and other expenses shall be reimbursed for loss of wages incurred by him in attending such hearing.

### §23-5-2. Workmen's compensation appeal board—Generally.

There shall be a board to be known as the "Workmen's
 Compensation Appeal Board", which shall be referred

3 to in this article as the "board", to be composed of three members, none of whom shall be a contributor to the 5 compensation fund or in any way connected with a 6 contributor thereto and none of whom shall be a beneficiary of the compensation fund or in any way connected with a beneficiary thereof. Two members of such board 9 shall be of opposite politics to the third, and all three shall be citizens of this state who have resided therein 10 11 for a period of at least five years. All members of the 12 board shall be appointed by the governor for a term of 13 six years. The governor is hereby vested with the power 14 to remove any member of the board in accordance with the provisions of section four, article six, chapter six 15 of this code. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 16 two-a, article seven, chapter six of this code, they shall 17 18 each receive an annual salary of seven thousand five 19 hundred dollars, payable in monthly installments, and 20 shall also be entitled to reasonable and necessary traveling and other expenses incurred while actually en-21 gaged in the performance of their duties. The governor 22 23 shall designate one of the members of the board as chairman thereof, and the board shall meet at the capitol 24 or at such other places throughout the state as it may 25 deem proper at regular sessions commencing on the 26 27 first Tuesday in February, April, June, August, October 28 and December, and continuing as long as may be necessary for the proper and expeditious transaction of the 29 business before it. All clerical services required by the 30 board shall be paid for by the compensation commis-31 sioner from any funds at his disposal. The board shall, 32 33 from time to time, compile and promulgate such rules of practice and procedure as to it shall appear proper 34 35 for the prompt and efficient discharge of its business 36 and such rules shall be submitted to the supreme court of appeals for approval, and if approved by such court 37 shall have the same force and effect as the approved 38 rules of procedure of circuit courts. The board shall 39 employ such clerical staff as may be necessary for the 40 efficient conduct of its business but the number of such 41 employees shall not exceed two. Salaries of the board, 42 and its employees, and all of its necessary operating

- 44 expense shall be paid from the workmen's compensation
- fund. The board shall submit its annual budget to the
- **4**6 state compensation commissioner for inclusion as a sep-
- 47 arate item in the budget estimates prepared by him
- annually and within the limits of such budget, all ex-
- penses of the board shall be by the requisition of the
- commissioner. Salaries of the employees of the board 50
- shall be fixed by the board. 51

### §23-5-3a. Continuances and supplemental hearings; claims not to be denied on technicalities.

- 1 It is the policy of this chapter that the rights of claim-
- 2 ants for workmen's compensation be determined as
- speedily and expeditiously as possible to the end that 3
- 4 those incapacitated by injuries and the dependents of de-
- ceased workmen may receive benefits as quickly as pos-
- sible in view of the severe economic hardships which
- immediately befall the families of injured or deceased 7
- workmen. Therefore, the criteria for continuances and 8
- supplemental hearings "for good cause shown" are to be 9
- strictly construed by the commissioner and his authorized 10
- representatives to prevent delay, in granting or denying 11
- continuances and supplemental hearings. It is also the 12
- policy of this chapter to prohibit the denial of just claims
- of injured or deceased workmen or their dependents on
- technicalities. 15

### §23-5-5. Fees of attorney for claimant or dependent.

- On or after July one, one thousand nine hundred 1
- seventy-one, no attorney's fee in excess of twenty-five 2 percent of any award granted shall be charged or received
- by an attorney for a claimant or dependent. In the event
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- of any award to be paid for the remainder of the life of 5
- the claimant or in the event of any award to a dependent
- of an employee, an attorney's fee shall not be charged or
- received by the attorney of such claimant or dependent
- 9 in excess of twenty-five percent of the benefits to be paid
- during a period of two hundred eight weeks. This para-10
- graph shall not apply to awards made prior to July one, 11
- one thousand nine hundred seventy-one: Provided, That
- the interest on disability or dependent benefits as pro-

- 14 vided for in this chapter shall not be considered as part of
- 15 the award in determining any such attorney's fee.

#### ARTICLE 6. SEVERABILITY.

### §23-6-1. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this chapter or the application there-
- 2 of to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional
- 3 or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not
- 4 affect other provisions or applications of the chapter, and
- 5 to this end the provisions of this chapter are declared to
- 6 be severable.

### **CHAPTER 178**

(House Bill No. 1022—By Mr. Steptoe and Mr. Terry)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize a lump sum contribution of budgeted funds by the Berkeley county court.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

### BERKELEY COUNTY.

- County court authorized to make lump sum contribution of budgeted funds.
  - The county court of Berkeley county, as an aid to the 1
  - health and welfare of the citizens of said county, is
  - 3 hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate and
  - 4 pay out of the general county fund such amounts as it
  - deems necessary to the South Berkeley volunteer fire
  - 6 company, Bedington volunteer fire company, Hedgesville
  - 7 volunteer fire company, eastern panhandle training cen-
  - 8 ter for the retarded and handicapped, Adam Stephen as-

  - 9 sociation and the Berkeley county committee on the
- 10 aging, for the support and maintenance of such organi-
- 11 zations.

### CHAPTER 179

(House Bill No. 806—By Mr. Romine and Mr. White, of Cabell)

[Passed March 13, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, chapter one hundred seventy-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, as last amended and reenacted by chapter eighty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, relating to the Cabell county youth center.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, chapter one hundred seventy-eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, as last amended and reenacted by chapter eightytwo, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### CABELL COUNTY YOUTH CENTER.

### §4. Foster homes division.

The foster homes division of the Cabell county youth center shall be erected and maintained at the Cabell county farm at Ona, West Virginia, as homes for Cabell county children who are orphans, homeless, neglected or deserted, or who, if permitted to run ungoverned or undisciplined, are apt to become delinquent, and which said children are within the age prescribed by the statutes

8 of this state for juveniles. 9 The board of supervisors of the Cabell county youth center with the approval of the Cabell county court, is authorized to erect and maintain at said farm sufficient 11 cottages and of capacity to comfortably house the afore-12 mentioned juveniles. Each cottage when children are 14 housed therein shall have as "cottage parents" a husband and wife team in charge, both of whom shall be persons 15 16 of good moral character, experienced in child care, having proper understanding of children and temperamen-17 tally fit to care and rear them. Each cottage shall be 18 conducted comparable to a well ordered home, with 19 proper supervision and understanding discipline main-20

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21 tained by the "cottage parents". The children therein 22 housed shall be treated as members of a well ordered family where there is proper intellectual, physical, spir-23 24 itual and exemplary moral training. Each child shall be given a home therein so long as its need therefor exists 25 and it remains a juvenile or until a satisfactory perm-26 anent home has been found or it is placed for adoption. 27

The foster homes division shall be made available for any and all Cabell county children now or hereafter to be under the control of the state or county department of welfare.

32 Both the West Virginia and Cabell county departments 33 of welfare, at the earliest practicable time after the fa-34 cilities hereinabove provided have been made ready to 35 receive said children, may appear before the juvenile court of Cabell county and bring to the court's attention 36 37 the name of any child then in Cabell county and in the custody of both of the said departments, the 38 39 whereabouts of each child, and all facts and circum-40 stances which to the department or the court may ap-41 pear pertinent with relation to each child, and all of which the court shall consider, and having so considered 42 43 shall then enter an order committing said child to the 44 foster homes division, or releasing it to the department 45 as to the court may seem just and proper, and the court may from time to time make such other and further 46 orders for the disposition of said child or children as 47 48 may be just or proper.

For the support and maintenance of the children placed in said foster homes divisions, the departments of welfare shall contribute according to institutional formula paid by the departments in other counties of the state. The money so contributed shall be paid to the county court of Cabell county and by that court set aside for the use of said foster homes division.

The "cottage parents" and all other personnel required for the efficient operation of said cottages in which children are maintained shall be carefully selected by the board of supervisors. Said "cottage parents" shall be responsible for the supervision and training of all 61 the children committed to their care; for keeping them

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62 in school during school terms and hours; for teaching 63 them to do a reasonable amount of work, and for making 64 each cottage as nearly self-supporting as possible.

The children residing in said foster homes shall be required, when within school age, and when their health and physical condition permits, to attend the public schools. The board of education of said county shall make provisions for them in the public school at Ona, West Virginia, or if any one or more of them be in a grade higher than is taught at Ona, then provision therefor shall be made in a school wherein such grade is taught.

Complete supervision of the foster homes division together with the employment and discharge of any and all personnel including "cottage parents" shall be under the board of supervisors. The salary of each person so employed shall be reasonable and be determined by the board, and when approved by the said board of supervisors shall be certified for payment as is provided in section six hereof. In the submission by the board of supervisors of the estimate of all monetary needs of the Cabell county youth center to the county court as provided in section six hereof, the board shall include all reasonable monetary needs of the foster homes division for the next fiscal year, said estimate shall cover all anticipated costs for services for all employees and personnel employed in the reasonable operation of said foster homes, and all other reasonable expenses incident thereto.

Physical facilities constructed after the effective date of this act (June 2, 1959) may be used as deemed appropriate by the board of supervisors in carrying out the provisions of sections three, four or five of this act.

### **CHAPTER 180**

(House Bill No. 544-By Mr. Perry)

[Passed March 1, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

Jefferson to negotiate and sell, by private sale, to the United States certain real estate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia: JEFFERSON COUNTY.

- §1. Board of education authorized to negotiate and sell certain real estate, by private sale, to the United States.
  - 1 The board of education of the county of Jefferson is
  - 2 hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate and sell
  - 3 to the United States department of interior, division of
  - 4 national park service, that certain real estate together
  - 5 with the improvements thereon and the appurtenances
  - 6 thereunto belonging, commonly known as Grand View
  - 7 school, and consisting of a four room brick building with
  - 8 an addition of cinder block and the grounds on which
  - 9 said building is situated consisting of eight lots fronting
- 10 on Putnam street, Harpers Ferry, West Virginia, which
- 11 lots total two hundred forty feet by two hundred sixty-
- 12 four feet, more or less.
- 13 The board of education of the county of Jefferson is
- 14 hereby further authorized and empowered to negotiate
- 15 and sell to the United States department of interior,
- 16 division of national park service, that certain real estate
- 17 together with the improvements thereon and the ap-
- 18 purtenances thereunto belonging, commonly known as
- 19 Shipley elementary school, and consisting of ten class-
- rooms, cafeteria and toilets of brick construction, situate
   on Washington and Filmore streets, Harpers Ferry, West
- 21 on Washington and Filmore streets, marpers Ferry, West
- 22 Virginia, which said real estate is two hundred forty
- 23 feet by three hundred twenty-six feet, more or less.
- 24 Any such sale may be a private sale and the process
- 25 of requiring bids or holding a public auction shall not
- 26 be required.

### **CHAPTER 181**

(House Bill No. 1039-By Mr. Sparacino)

[Passed March 11, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, chapter two hundred twelve, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one

thousand nine hundred sixty-three, relating to the Raleigh county airport authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, chapter two hundred twelve, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred sixtythree, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### RALEIGH COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITY.

### §9. Powers.

- 1 The Raleigh county airport authority is hereby given 2 power and authority as follows:
- 3 (1) To make and adopt all necessary bylaws, rules 4 and regulations for its organization and operations not 5 inconsistent with law;
- 6 (2) To elect its own officers, to appoint committees 7 and to employ and fix the compensation for personnel 8 necessary for its operation;
- 9 (3) To enter into contracts with any person, govern10 mental department, firm or corporation, and generally
  11 to do any and all things necessary or convenient, includ12 ing the development of an industrial park, for the pur13 pose of acquiring, equipping, constructing, maintaining,
  14 improving, extending, financing and operating a public
  15 airport in Raleigh county, West Virginia;
- 16 (4) To delegate any authority given to it by law to 17 any of its officers, committees, agents or employees;
- 18 (5) To apply for, receive and use grants-in-aid, do-19 nations and contributions from any source or sources. 20 including but not limited to the federal government and 21 any agency thereof, and the state of West Virginia, and 22 to accept and use bequests, devises, gifts and donations 23 from any person, firm or corporation;
- 24 (6) To acquire lands and hold title thereto in its own 25 name;
- 26 (7) To purchase, own, hold, sell and dispose of per-27 sonal property and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of 28 any real estate which it may own;
- 29 (8) To borrow money and execute and deliver ne-30 gotiable notes, mortgage bonds, other bonds, debentures,

- 31 and other evidences of indebtedness therefor, and give
- 32 such security therefor as shall be requisite, including
- 33 giving a mortgage or deed of trust on its airport proper-
- 34 ties and facilities in connection with the issuance of
  - o mortgage bonds;
- 36 (9) To raise funds by the issuance and sale of revenue
- 37 bonds in the manner provided by the applicable pro-
- 38 visions of article sixteen, chapter eight of the code of
- 39 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one,
  - as amended, it being hereby expressly provided that the
- 41 Raleigh county airport authority is a "governing body"
- 42 within the definition of that term as used in said article
- 43 sixteen, chapter eight of the code;
- 44 (10) To expend its funds in the execution of the 45 powers and authority herein given; and
- 46 (11) To own and operate a water and sewer system
- 47 for its own use and for the use of any person, residence,
- 48 firm, corporation or governmental department located
- 49 within a reasonable distance from the airport.

### **CHAPTER 182**

(House Bill No. 1003-By Mr. Fitzgerald)

[Passed March 12, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize the expenditure of one hundred thirty thousand dollars by the city of Ripley.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CITY OF RIPLEY.

- §1. Authority to issue bonds for purchase of land and construction of a county library and a community swimming pool.
  - 1 The city of Ripley is hereby authorized and empowered
  - 2 to hold a city election seeking public approval of the
  - 3 issuance of bonds in the amount of one hundred thirty
  - 4 thousand dollars to be supported by city levy, the pro-

- 5 ceeds of which are to be distributed one hundred thou-
- 6 sand dollars to the Jackson county board of education to
- 7 be used as fifty percent local share for federal matching
- 8 funds to build a community swimming pool and thirty
- 9 thousand dollars to be expended by such city for the
- 10 purpose of purchasing land to be transferred to the Jack-
- son county library board for the construction of a new 11
- 12 library thereon.

### CHAPTER 183

(Senate Bill No. 93-By Mr. Dillon)

[Passed March 4, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize the expenditure of surplus funds by the Summers county court.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### SUMMERS COUNTY COURT.

- §1. Expenditure of county funds for expenses of Summers County centennial celebration.
  - In addition to any and all authority and power hereto-1
  - fore granted to the county court of Summers county with
  - respect to the expenditure of unexpended sums and sur-
  - pluses, such county court is hereby authorized and em-
  - powered to use fifteen hundred dollars of unexpended
  - sums and surpluses, presently or hereafter existing, in
  - the general fund or in any special fund of said county,
  - for the purpose of paying for the expenses of the Sum-

  - 9 mers county centennial celebration.

### RESOLUTIONS

#### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 2

(By Mr. Myles)

[Adopted January 29, 1971]

Adopting Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Delegates.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

(1) That Joint Rule Nos. 5 and 18 of the 59th Legislature be amended to read as follows:

### Introduction of Bills

5. No bill, other than an appropriation bill, shall be introduced in either house after the fiftieth day of a regular session unless permission to introduce the bill be given by a concurrent resolution, setting out the title to the bill, and adopted by a two-thirds vote of all the members of each house present and voting.

When permission is requested to introduce a bill under the provisions of this rule, quadruplicate copies of such bill shall accompany the resolution when filed for introduction or introduced.

#### Action of Governor on Bills

18. When the Legislature is in session, any bill, including an appropriation bill or any part thereof, disapproved by the Governor shall be returned by him to the house in which it originated, with his objections thereto, within five days after receipt thereof, Sundays excepted, or become a law. If the Legislature, by adjournment, prevents the return of a disapproved bill, other than an appropriation bill, within such time, it shall be filed by the Governor in the office of the Secretary of State with his objections within fifteen days, after adjournment, or become a law. If the Legislature, by adjournment, prevents the return of a disapproved appropriation bill or any part thereof, it shall be filed by the

Governor in the office of the Secretary of State with his objections within five days after adjournment, or become a law. When any bill, including an appropriation bill or any part thereof, is disapproved after adjournment of the Legislature and such bill with the Governor's objections is filed in the office of the Secretary of State within the prescribed time as aforesaid, the Governor shall notify the house in which the bill originated of his action.

Every bill approved by the Governor shall, within the prescribed time after it is presented to him, as aforesaid, be filed by the Governor in the office of the Secretary of State and the fact of such approval communicated by the Governor to the house in which said bill originated.

Any bill which shall be neither approved nor disapproved by the Governor shall immediately after the expiration of the time fixed by the Constitution in which he may disapprove the same, be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, who shall forthwith engross thereon a certificate to the following effect: "I certify that the foregoing act, having been presented to the Governor for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of the Legislature in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the State, has become a law without his approval," and shall date and sign the same. The Governor shall notify the house in which the bill originated of each bill becoming a law without his approval.

When a bill is returned to either house of the Legislature with the objections of the Governor, proceedings thereon shall be governed by section fourteen, article seven of the State Constitution. In such cases the clerk of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Delegates shall engross the action, if any, of their respective houses on the reconsideration of the bill, and sign the same.

The action of the Governor on all bills presented to him shall be appropriately noted in the journals of the two houses.

(2) That the foregoing Rules as amended and all other Joint Rules governing the proceedings of the 59th Legislature are hereby adopted for the 60th Legislature.

## COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 3

# (Originating in the Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources)

[Adopted February 20, 1971]

Requesting Congress to adopt legislation reimbursing counties for revenue loss due to federal land acquisition.

Whereas, Taxation of real property is the fundamental source of revenue for the operation of county government; and

Whereas, The federal government, which pays no real property taxes has acquired large tracts of land in various parts of the United States and in West Virginia in particular; and

Whereas, This acquisition of land has all but destroyed the tax base in some counties of this State resulting in a serious curtailment in county services and facilities; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Congress of the United States is hereby requested to adopt appropriate legislation to provide annual reimbursement to the county from which such land may be removed or has been heretofore removed from the tax rolls, equivalent to the revenue lost to such county, and that there be a showing of necessity before there be acquisition; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates is hereby directed to forward copies of this resolution to the members of the West Virginia congressional delegation in Washington, D. C.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Ours)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a study concerning the feasibility of consolidating into one department or agency all existing departments, agencies, boards and commissions that have authority regarding environmental matters.

WHEREAS, Protection of the environment is a major concern of the people; and

WHEREAS, It is the duty of the West Virginia Legislature to respond to the concerns of the people of the State; and

WHEREAS, There is a need for concerted effort in meeting the problem of environmental protection; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance be directed to conduct a comprehensive study of the feasibility of consolidating into one department or agency all existing departments, agencies, boards and commissions that have authority regarding environmental matters; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee report its findings and recommendations to the Legislature prior to the convening of its regular session, 1972; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct the study, to prepare reports and to draft any proposed legislation shall be paid from the legislative appropriations made to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 9

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Adopted January 20, 1971]

Memoralizing the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole purpose of amending the United States Constitution to provide for intergovernmental sharing of federal income tax revenues.

WHEREAS, A resolution of our Nations myriad and diverse problems is contingent upon a viable partnership between the Federal Government and strengthened state governments; and

Whereas, The Federal Government, by its extensive reliance on the graduated income tax as a revenue source, has virtually preempted the use of this course from state and local governments, thereby creating a disabling fiscal imbalance between the Federal Government and state and local governments; and

Whereas, Increasing demands upon state and local governments for essential public services have compelled the states to rely heavily on highly regressive and inelastic consumer taxes and property taxes; and

Whereas, Federal revenues based predominantly on income taxes increase significantly faster than economic growth, while state and local revenues based heavily on sales and property taxes do not keep pace with economic growth; and

Whereas, The fiscal crisis of state and local governments is the overriding problem of intergovernment relations and of continuing a viable federal system, and the only solution to this problem is a meaningful sharing of federal income tax resources; and

Whereas, The Congress of the United States, despite the immediate and imperative need therefor, has failed to enact acceptable revenue sharing legislation; and

Whereas, In the event of such Congressional inaction, Article V of the Constitution of the United States grants to the states the right to initiate change by applications from the legislatures of two thirds of the several states to Congress, calling for a constitutional convention; and

Whereas, The Congress of the United States is required by the Constitution to call such a convention upon receipt of applications from the legislatures of two thirds of the several states; therefore, be it

### Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States, the Legislature of the State of West Virginia does hereby make application to the Congress of the United States to call a convention for the sole purpose of proposing to the several states a constitutional amendment which shall provide that a portion of the taxes on income levied by Congress pursuant to the sixteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States shall be made available each year to state gov-

ernments and political subdivisions thereof, by means of direct allocation, tax credits, or both, without limiting directly or indirectly the use of such moneys for any purpose not inconsistent with any other provision of the Constitution of the United States; and, be it

Further Resolved, That this application shall constitute a continuing application until the legislatures of two thirds of the states shall have made like applications and such convention shall have been called by the Congress of the United States unless previously rescinded by this Legislature; and, be it

Further Resolved, That certified copies of this resolution be presented forthwith to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States and to the legislature of each of the several states attesting the adoption of this resolution by the Legislature of the State of West Virginia.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 10

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the West Virginia Board of Banking and Financial Institutions to make a study with the view of strengthening the Board of Banking and Financial Institutions and the Department of Banking, which study shall also include branch banking, bank mergers and bank holding companies and to report its findings and recommendations to the Legislature.

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Board of Banking and Financial Institutions is authorized by law to make studies of the organization, programs and services of financial institutions and the laws relating thereto in this State and in other jurisdictions and is authorized to make a report with its recommendations to the Legislature; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature can be assisted materially by the West Virginia Board of Banking and Financial Institutions

through a study by the Board and the development by it of recommendations relative to the complex questions involved in branch banking, bank mergers and bank holding companies and the social and economic results that might occur if present West Virginia Banking laws are modified; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the West Virginia Board of Banking and Financial Institutions shall make a study with the view of strengthening the Board of Banking and Financial Institutions and the Department of Banking, which study shall also include branch banking, bank mergers and bank holding companies with inquiry being made into the present laws of this and other states and the social and economic results of a continuation of present banking laws in this State and of any changes thereto recommended by the Board of this State. The Board shall report to the Legislature not later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature, 1973, on its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of legislation that the Board finds necessary to carry out its recommendations for changes to the West Virginia banking laws.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 16

(By Mr. Seibert)

[Adopted March 12, 1971]

Directing the West Virginia Board of Regents to formulate a plan for the establishment of a state system of comprehensive community colleges as a part of the higher educational system of West Virginia.

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Board of Regents has expressed serious concern over the limited number of higher educational opportunities of less than the baccalaureate degree level available to high school graduates and adults in the State; and

WHEREAS, At the request of the Board of Regents, a consultant team was appointed by the Southern Regional Education Board, to assess the two-year college needs in West Virginia; and

Whereas, That team has recommended that the Board of Regents work to effect the establishment of a statewide comprehensive community college program as a part of the state system of higher education in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, National commissions, associations, and agencies including the Carnegie Commission on Higher Education have endorsed the comprehensive community college as the most effective agency for providing post high school academic, occupational and general educational programs of less than the baccalaureate degree for high school graduates and adults; and

WHEREAS, The development of community college programs statewide will have a significant and beneficial impact on the cultural and economic future of the State of West Virginia and its citizenry; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the West Virginia Board of Regents is hereby directed to formulate and recommend to the Governor and Legislature not later than November 1, 1971, a state plan, with drafts of proposed legislation necessary to put the plan in effect, for the establishment, operation and maintenance of a state system of comprehensive community colleges which, as a part of the higher educational system of the State, will provide post high school programs of two years or less duration including career technical-occupational programs leading to certificates or associate degrees, college parallel or transfer programs of two years or less duration, credit and noncredit general education, continuing education and cultural development offerings, work-study or cooperative education programs and specialized industry training programs. The plan shall include but shall not be limited to the following:

- (1) Designation of a network of districts or regions for providing community college programs throughout the State,
- (2) Proposals whereby community college programs may be offered in each district making maximum use of existing private and state higher educational resources in the district,
- (3) Forecasts of potential enrollment in community college programs in each district,

- (4) Appraisal of available and needed physical facilities,
- (5) Projections of operating and capital outlay costs; and
- (6) Recommended financial plan for developing and operating the state community college program; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Board of Regents is authorized to employ such professional assistance as may be necessary to prepare the plan and draft proposed legislation with all expenses being paid from appropriations to the Board of Regents.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 19

(By Mr. Huffman and Mr. Steptoe)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a study to identify conflicts between the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure and statutory provisions concerning civil pleading and practice and to develop any clarifications and corrections needed.

Whereas, The Rules of Civil Procedure as promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals and statutory provisions concerning civil pleading and procedure conflict in some areas; and

WHEREAS, Such conflicts cause confusion and uncertainty as to what procedure should be followed; and

Whereas, Uniform, nonconflicting rules of civil procedure promote efficiency and fairness in the state court system; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby directed to make a study to identify conflicts between the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure and statutory provisions concerning civil pleading and practice and to develop any clarifications and corrections needed; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance consult with the Judicial Council in this study; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance submit its report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1972, concerning its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any proposed legislation determined necessary to carry its recommendations into effect; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such study, to prepare such report and draft such proposed legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 22

(By Mr. White, of Cabell, and Mr. Holt)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Requesting the National Rail Passenger Corporation to establish between Norfolk, Virginia, and Cincinnati, Ohio, a route with intermediate stops in West Virginia.

Whereas, The 91st Congress of the United States has enacted Public Law 91-518, commonly known as the "Rail Passenger Service Act of 1970" the purpose of which is to streamline the railroad passenger system by providing modern efficient management and relieving the financial burden on the present system; and

Whereas, Said public law directed the United States Department of Transportation to submit a preliminary report not later than December 31, 1970, and a final report not later than January 28, 1971, which said reports identified the end points of the various passenger services that will be established, and identified the intermediate points now in existence; and

Whereas, The incorporation of the National Rail Passenger Corporation, on or before May 1, 1971, will designate the frequency and type of service between the end points, and will designate the route and the intermediate stopping points between the end points; and

Whereas, The United States Department of Transportation, in its final report dated January 28, 1971, designated Norfolk, Virginia, and Cincinnati, Ohio, as two of the end points; and

Whereas, The best interests of the State of West Virginia will be served if the intermediate stops between said end points are White Sulphur Springs, Hinton, Prince, Charleston and Huntington which is the present route of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway's "George Washington", trains one and two; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature respectfully prays and petitions the National Rail Passenger Corporation to establish between Norfolk, Virginia, and Cincinnati, Ohio, a route with intermediate stops in the West Virginia cities of White Sulphur Springs, Hinton, Prince, Charleston and Huntington; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Legislature requests that at least one route be through the New River Gorge in the daylight hours for scenic purposes; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the West Virginia House of Delegates is hereby instructed to forward copies of this resolution to Mr. David W. Kendall, Chairman, National Rail Passenger Corporation, 800 L'enfant Plaza, Washington, D. C., 20001.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 39

(Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to conduct a study into the area of conservation and prevention of waste of oil and gas in this State and the feasibility of unitizing pools and the regulated spacing of oil and gas wells.

WHEREAS, The oil and gas reserves in West Virginia constitute one of the major natural resources of this State; and

Whereas, There has been expressed great concern with respect to the conservation of these natural resources and opinions have been expressed as to the various methods of conserving oil and gas and proper drilling procedures, well spacing and other methods of fully utilizing the oil and gas reserves of this State and preventing the waste thereof; and

Whereas, Some of these proposals could pose grave economic consequences to those persons engaged in the industry of exploring and drilling for or producing oil and gas, as well as consequences and effects upon landowners and others who have an interest in such oil and gas reserves as well as for the entire State of West Virginia; therefore, be it

### Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance conduct a complete and detailed study of the manner and methods for conserving the oil and gas reserves of this State and the prevention of waste of such reserves; such study to include, but not be limited to, the drilling procedures presently used in this State and other states, the feasibility and desirability of unitizing pools for the production of such oil and gas, the spacing of wells used in and about the production of oil and gas, the effects of all of the foregoing upon landowners and other persons in the oil and gas industry and the need for legislation to these and other related matters with respect to the production of oil and gas; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance report its findings, conclusions and recommendations together with any proposed legislation that the Committee can recommend to the regular session of the Legislature, 1972; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such study, to prepare a report and to draft any proposed legislation be paid from the legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 55

(Originating in the Committee on Constitutional Revision)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to conduct a study into the feasibility and advisability of amending the Constitution to allow consolidation of county and municipal governments.

WHEREAS, Municipal and county governments have many problems in common; and

WHEREAS, These common problems may best be solved by one consolidated government which could pool its resources for greater efficiency and uniformity; and

Whereas, Consolidation of municipal and county governments would be a significant change in local governmental structure; and

Whereas, Any significant change in governmental structure should be studied thoroughly to determine any immediate or future effects; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby directed to study the feasibility and advisability of amending the Constitution to allow consolidation of county and municipal governments; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance submit its report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1972, concerning its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry its recommendations into effect; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such study, to prepare such report and draft such proposed legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 64

(By Mr. Myles)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to conduct a study of the broadest possible scope of the feasibility of granting adult status to eighteen-year-olds with special attention to the ramifications this change would have on present law.

WHEREAS, Very little information is available to determine the various problems that would result from granting adult status to eighteen-year-olds; and

WHEREAS, A computer search of the West Virginia Code has revealed approximately ten thousand references to the terms "minor," "infant," "under disability," etc., involving a wide range of subjects, such as the right to contract, liability for contracts, crimes, elections, marriage and property rights; and

Whereas, The granting of adult status to eighteen-year-olds requires careful and meticulous consideration; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance conduct a comprehensive study of the broadest possible scope regarding the feasibility of granting adult status to eighteen-year-olds, the effects this would have on established legal concepts and any problems that might arise from such change; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance submit its report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1972, concerning its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any proposed legislation determined necessary to carry its recommendations into effect: and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such study, to prepare such report and to draft such proposed legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4

(By Mr. Gainer)

[Adopted March 3, 1971]

Creating a continuing special interim Forest Management Review Commission to review the multiple use, sustained yield management policy or any other management policy of the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Forest Service on national forest lands

located within West Virginia, to determine if the objectives of the multiple use, sustained yield concept are being complied with and to take any appropriate action necessary to protect the public's interest on such lands.

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Legislature created a special commission known as the "Forest Management Practices Commission," which conducted a comprehensive study and evaluated forest management practices, particularly clear-cutting or even-aged management, as applied by the United States Forest Service on national forest lands located in West Virginia; and

Whereas, The Forest Management Practices Commission submitted to the West Virginia Legislature, the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture, the Chief of the United States Forest Service and members of the West Virginia congressional delegation its report, which stated the multiple use, sustained yield concept was not being complied with and that even-aged management, i.e. clear-cutting, was being overused, and made fourteen recommendations to correct present problems, which to be complied with requires action of the United States Congress, the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Forest Service: and

Whereas, The implementation of these fourteen recommendations is very important if the multiple use, sustained yield concept of forest management is to be complied with on national forest lands in West Virginia and the Forest Management Practices Commission recommended that a continuing special legislative interim commission be established to aid in the implementation of these fourteen recommendations, review national forest management policy, serve the public's interest, act as a forum for the expression of public opinion regarding use, operation and management of national forest lands in West Virginia and keep the West Virginians currently informed; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That a continuing special interim commission to be known as the "Forest Management Review Commission," consisting of three members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President thereof, no more than two of whom shall be appointed from the same political party, one of whom the President shall designate as cochairman, and three members of the House of Delegates, to be appointed by the Speaker thereof, no more than two of whom shall be appointed from the same political party, one of whom the Speaker shall designate as cochairman, and three persons residing within the State who are knowledgeable in the fields of conservation and forestry who shall be appointed jointly by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates, is hereby created to constantly review the multiple use, sustained yield management policy, or any other management policy, of the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Forest Service on national forest lands located in West Virginia to determine if the objectives of the multiple use, sustained yield concept are being complied with, to counsel with the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Forest Service and aid in the implementation of the recommendations made by the Forest Management Practices Commission and the coordination of management policy with state and local agencies and report any inadequacies or deficiencies along with any recommendations as periodically as necessary to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, and to each session of the West Virginia Legislature, the West Virginia congressional delegation, the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Forest Service; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Commission is hereby authorized to meet with officials of the United States Department of Agriculture, United States Forest Service, West Virginia congressional delegation, state and local agencies, to personally survey national forests in West Virginia, to hold public hearings and to travel as necessary for these purposes; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct the study and to prepare a report be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, but no expenses whatever shall be incurred unless the approval of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is first had and obtained by said commission; and, be it Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate be directed to cause copies of the resolution to be forwarded to the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture and the Chief of the United States Forest Service and to each member of the West Virginia congressional delegation.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8

(By Mr. Carrigan)

[Adopted March 3, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a comprehensive study of the laws relating to regulations and control of land use on areas adjoining state parks, state forests and state recreational facilities, with special emphasis upon the feasibility and desirability of establishing a statewide authority to augment existing controls.

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Legislature has over the years appropriated moneys and authorized the sale of revenue bonds for financing development of new state parks and recreation areas, representing a major investment by the people of West Virginia in outdoor recreation and tourism; and

WHEREAS, The proven potential of state parks, state forests and state recreational areas for attracting visitors from out of state, thus adding substantially to the state and local economy, has confirmed the wisdom of such investment; and

Whereas, The attractiveness of these facilities is due in large measure to their natural setting, including the sense of repose engendered by relative remoteness; and

WHEREAS, Certain commercial or urban developments tend to appear along the approaches to the more popular state facilities, bringing about deterioration of scenic values and lessening the attractiveness of these state facilities; and

WHEREAS, Existing planning agencies have generally lacked the necessary capability for restricting such urbanizing trends; therefore, be it

### Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance be directed to make a comprehensive study of the law relating to land use controls on areas adjoining state parks, state forests and state recreational facilities, with special emphasis upon the feasibility and desirability of establishing a statewide authority to augment existing controls; and, be it

Further Resolved, That a report containing the results of such study and any recommendations and drafts of proposed legislation be submitted to the Legislature at its regular session, 1972; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such study be paid from the legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 13

(By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Gainer)

[Adopted February 18, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a comprehensive study of the feasibility of the State of West Virginia acquiring and operating a scenic railroad for tourists, commonly referred to and known as the Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad, approximately one hundred twenty miles in length, running from Webster Springs, West Virginia, to Elkins, West Virginia.

Whereas, Scenic beauty, natural and recreational areas abound in the State of West Virginia that should be made accessible to citizens of the State and the public at large for their enjoyment and use; and

WHEREAS, The proposed Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad would open many of these now inaccessible areas to the public; and

WHEREAS, The Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad would be a prime tourist attraction that would cause the State's economy, as well as that of the counties wherein the railroad is located to expand and bring additional revenues into the state treasury; and

Whereas, The Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad established and operated as an excursion train would perpetuate an important part of the heritage and history of the State and of America, enabling adults and children to ride on and observe in action the steam locomotive so important in welding this vast country and its people together; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance make a comprehensive study of the feasibility of the State of West Virginia acquiring and operating a scenic railroad for tourists, commonly referred to and known as the Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad, approximately one hundred twenty miles in length, running from Webster Springs, West Virginia, to Elkins, West Virginia; ascertain the cost of acquisition and operation of the railroad; the approximate effect of its operation on local and state economy; and anticipated revenue to be derived by the local and state governments from its operation; and, be it

Further Resolved, That members of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance are expressly authorized to meet with officials of the Western Maryland Railroad, Mower Lumber Company and of other railroads, lumber companies, organizations and government as is necessary and proper to make this study and accomplish the purposes set forth in this resolution; and to personally survey the general area through which the proposed Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad would run; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance complete its field survey, necessary travel and meetings with officials prior to November 1, 1971, and report its findings and recommendations, together with any drafts of any legislation to carry out its recommendations, to the Legislature at its regular session, 1972; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this study, to prepare its reports and to draft any proposed

legislation be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 22

(By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Carrigan)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and the Commission on Interstate Cooperation to continue certain studies.

Whereas, Certain studies referred to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance and the Commission on Interstate Cooperation by prior sessions of the Legislature have not been completed and require additional study; therefore, be it

### Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the studies authorized by the following resolutions be continued:

- 1. House Concurrent Resolution No. 86, regular session, 1970, relating to banking.
- 2. Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 11, regular session, 1957, and last continued by Committee Substitute for House Concurrent Resolution No. 80, regular session, 1970, relating to institutions of higher education.
- 3. Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 15, regular session, 1968, and last continued by Committee Substitute for House Concurrent Resolution No. 80, regular session, 1970, relating to highway safety.
- 4. House Concurrent Resolution No. 6, first extraordinary session, 1970, relating to a homestead exemption.
- 5. House Concurrent Resolution No. 4, first extraordinary session, 1970, relating to a mental health complex.
- 6. House Concurrent Resolution No. 20, regular session, 1969, and continued by Committee Substitute for House Con-

current Resolution No. 80, regular session, 1970, relating to nonpublic school and college aid.

- 7. House Concurrent Resolution No. 8, regular session, 1968, and last continued by Committee Substitute for House Concurrent Resolution No. 80, regular session, 1970, relating to the Potomac River Basin Compact.
- 8. Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 52, regular session, 1970, relating to public employee relations.
- 9. House Concurrent Resolution No. 31, regular session, 1969, and continued by Committee Substitute for House Concurrent Resolution No. 80, regular session, 1970, relating to the tax structure of West Virginia.
- 10. Committee Substitute for House Concurrent Resolution No. 80, regular session, 1970, relating to a water study; and, be it

Further Resolved, That all provisions of said concurrent resolutions be continued in force; and, be it

Further Resolved, That all reports, together with findings, conclusions, recommendations, and any proposed drafts of legislation, be made to the Legislature at its regular session, 1972.

#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 24

(By Mrs. Leonard and Mr. Sharpe)

[Adopted March 11, 1971]

Expressing concern and sympathy to the families of West Virginians, and to the families of all Americans, held as prisoners of War in Southeast Asia.

WHEREAS, All captured American personnel held in Southeast Asia suffer privation and hardship; and

WHEREAS, Prisoners held in North Vietnam are existing under particularly harsh circumstances; and

WHEREAS, Many of these prisoners are confined in a primitive jungle environment in Vietnam, Laos or Cambodia; and

WHEREAS, These prisoners are primarily members of the United States Army, Navy, Air Force and Marine Corps; and

WHEREAS, These prisoners include American civilians; and

Whereas, The enemy's refusal to acknowledge publicly the presence of all prisoners in these areas, and the enemy's refusal to permit certain prisoners to correspond with their families, have increased the burden of anxiety and concern on the families of prisoners of war; and

Whereas, The government of West Virginia and the government of the United States are concerned with continuing efforts to bring national and world public opinion to bear in securing humane treatment for, and the release of, our beloved sons of West Virginia, and all captured American personnel; and

WHEREAS, The National League of Families of American Prisoners Missing in Southeast Asia, recognizes that the Prisoner of War issue is not a political issue, but a humanitarian issue; and

Whereas, The West Virginia State Coordinator of the National League of Families of American prisoners missing in Southeast Asia has received permission from a few families to furnish names of certain West Virginians who are prisoners of war; and

Whereas, Lieutenant Commander William Hardman, U. S. Navy, son of Mrs. Sadie M. Thompkins, St. Albans, West Virginia; Major Glenn H. Wilson, U. S. Air Force, son of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Wilson, St. Albans, West Virginia; and Major Hubert Kelley Flesher, U. S. Air Force, nephew of Mrs. Charles Carson, Jane Lew, West Virginia, are prisoners in Hanoi; and

WHEREAS, Sergeant Albert H. Altizer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth W. Altizer, Squire, West Virginia, and Chief Warrant Officer Joseph A. Rose, U. S. Army, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Rose, Morgantown, West Virginia, are believed to be prisoners of war in Southeast Asia; and

Whereas, There are more than fifteen hundred Americans known to be missing or prisoners; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the members of the Legislature express their deep concern and sympathy for the families of all West Virginians held by hostile forces in Southeast Asia; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the members of the Legislature express their deep concern and sympathy for the families of all Americans held by hostile forces in Southeast Asia; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the members of the Legislature are mindful of the sacrifice of West Virginians and many Americans who have given their lives in the Vietnam War, and that the Legislature of West Virginia expresses sympathy to the families of those who will not return; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Legislature of West Virginia urges humane treatment for communication with, and the release of, all prisoners of war; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the families of the West Virginians named herein who are prisoners of war or who are known to be missing and to The Honorable Richard M. Nixon, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.; The Honorable Ton Duc Thang, President, Democratic Republic of North Vietnam, Hanoi, North Vietnam; The Honorable David K. E. Bruce, U. S. Delegation to the Paris Meeting, U. S. Embassy, 2 Avenue Gabriel, Paris, France; Minister Xuan Thuy, 8 Avenue General Le Clerc, 94 Choisy-Le-Roi, Paris, France; Mme. Nguyen Thi Binh, 39 Avenue Georges Mandell, Paris 16, France; and Mrs. Bobby G. Vinson, National Coordinator, National League of Families of American Prisoners Missing in Southeast Asia, 1 Constitution Avenue, N. E., Washington, D. C.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 32

(By Mr. Gainer and Mr. Poffenbarger)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a comprehensive study of the need for, and desirability of regulating timber management practices on privately-owned lands within the State.

Whereas, the preservation, protection and perpetration of forests and the tree covered lands, the conservation of all resources from these forests and lands and protection of the environment involved or influenced thereby for the equal and guaranteed use of present and future generations are of the utmost concern to the West Virginia Legislature; and

Whereas, It is in the public interest, and for the protection of the health and welfare of citizens of this State, for it to prescribe certain rules of forestry practice and silviculture to be observed and abided in the growing and harvesting of timber and utilizing of natural resources from forests and tree covered lands in this State; and

WHEREAS, Unregulated and mismanaged timbering operations can cause erosion, land slides, stream pollution and siltation, accumulation of stagnant water, increase likelihood of floods and slides, destroy the value of some lands for agricultural or recreational purposes, destroy aesthetic values, counteract efforts to conserve soil, water and other resources, and destroy and impair the health, safety, welfare and property rights of citizens of the State; and

Whereas, Bills regulating timber management practices on privately-owned lands were introduced in the Senate and House of Delegates of the West Virginia Legislature during its regular session, 1971, that are meritorious and should be given full and proper consideration; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance make a comprehensive study of the need for, and desirability of, regulating timber management practices on privately-owned lands within the State, giving particular consideration to all bills introduced regarding this proposition during the regular session of the Legislature, 1971, and present recommendations for adequate regulation; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee report its findings and recommendations, together with drafts of any legis-

lation needed to effect its recommendations, to the Legislature at its regular session, 1972; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct the study, to prepare its reports and any legislation proposed shall be paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 33

(By Mr. Holliday and Mr. Sharpe)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to make a study of the Department of Mental Health and its institutions; the office of the Commissioner of Public Institutions; the Department of Health; and all mental health, humane, penal and correctional institutions thereof; and of the programs, needs and laws relating thereto; providing for a special committee to make certain visits and inspections and to assist said Joint Committee on Government and Finance; and requiring the Joint Committee to prepare and submit a comprehensive plan to reorganize the entire mental health, health, correctional and charitable institutional structure and system to correct all problems revealed by the study.

Whereas, The many problems in the field of mental health, health and correctional systems and the problems with respect to the care and treatment of persons in state health, mental health, humane, penal and correctional institutions are of such magnitude as to demand full and adequate information for use by members of the Legislature in order for such members to evaluate intelligently the budgetary requests and other matters of interest pertaining to these areas of concern; and

WHEREAS, The time available during the session of the Legislature is inadequate for the members of the standing committees of both branches of the Legislature dealing with such departments and institutions to make detailed studies and

analyses thereof of the needs of said departments and institutions under their control and supervision, their practices, problems and needs, and to make adequate, constructive recommendations for the improvement of services and facilities in all such departments and institutions under their control; and

Whereas, The institutions, programs and practices of, and laws relating to, the Department of Mental Health, the office of the Commissioner of Public Institutions, the Department of Health and all units and divisions thereof, cover broad and complicated areas for legislative consideration and action which can best be conducted, investigated and analyzed between the current session of the Legislature and the next regular session thereof, to be held in January, 1972; and

WHEREAS, A full and complete study must be made and a comprehensive plan developed to correct existing problems in the mental health, health, correctional and charitable institutional structure in order to conserve revenues and to obtain from those expended maximum benefits for those under care or treatment and for citizens of this State; therefore, be it

### Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance make a continuing study of the Department of Mental Health; the office of the Commissioner of Public Institutions; the Department of Health; and of all mental health, health, humane, penal and correctional institutions under their control and jurisdiction; of the programs, needs and laws relating thereto, with particular emphasis on the total programs, functions and needs of all mental health, health, humane, penal and correctional institutions in order to discover existing problems, how these should be corrected, how revenues can be conserved while maximizing the services and benefits derived from revenues expended; and that the Joint Committee prepare and submit a comprehensive plan to reorganize the entire mental health, health, correctional and charitable institutional structure and system to correct all problems revealed by the study at the regular session of the Legislature, 1972; and, be it

Further Resolved, That three members of the Senate Standing Committee on Public Institutions, to be designated by the

President of the Senate, and three members of the House of Delegates Standing Committee on Health and Welfare, to be designated by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, no more than two of those designated from each house to be of the same political party, hereinafter referred to as the "special committee", shall assist the Joint Committee on Government and Finance in making such study to the extent specified by the Joint Committee on Government and Finance. Any four members of the special committee shall constitute a quorum. In addition to assisting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance as above specified, the special committee shall be charged with the responsibility to visit the state health. humane, penal and correctional institutions of this State in order to inspect the condition thereof; to consult with the Director of the Department of Health, and of the Department of Mental Health, the Commissioner of Public Institutions, and the Director of the Division of Corrections, the superintendents of all such institutions and their staffs; and to report their findings, conclusions and recommendations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance or any proper subcommittee thereof. No such visitations and inspections shall be made unless the approval of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance therefor is first had and obtained by said special committee; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance shall make a report to the Legislature at its regular session, 1972, on its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of legislation that shall be necessary to carry its recommendations into effect. Such report shall be distributed to each member of the West Virginia Legislature and a copy of such report shall be submitted to the Governor, the Director of the Department of Mental Health, the Director of Health, the Commissioner of Public Institutions, the Director of the Division of Corrections and the chief administrative officer of any other department or agency of state government under whose jurisdiction any such institution may be; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the members of the special committee, who are not members of the Joint Committee, participating in this study shall be reimbursed for their expenses

as provided for in Enrolled Senate Bill No. 326, regular session of the Legislature, 1971; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct the study and to prepare a report and drafts of proposed legislation be paid from the legislative appropriation to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 37

(Originating in the Committee on Natural Resources)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to conduct a study of the existing state laws relating to surface mining and proposed revisions in West Virginia's surface mining laws to correct problems and inadequacies discovered in those laws.

WHEREAS, The interest displayed in surface mining during this session of the Legislature indicates a great public awareness of surface mining and the environmental and economic effects thereof; and

WHEREAS, It is the opinion of the Legislature that the Legislature must be kept fully informed on what will be taking place in the surface mining industry in West Virginia during the remainder of the year 1971; and

Whereas, Bills have been introduced at this session of the Legislature to prohibit the surface mining of coal, which bills would have the Legislature find that the surface mining of coal causes ecological deterioration and destruction extending beyond the sites of the disturbed land, entailing economic and social costs to the state and its citizens in excess of the benefits derived therefrom; causes excessive and unacceptable waste, defacement and destruction of the surface of the land, which is a natural resource of the State that must be conserved in the interest of this and succeeding generations; depreciates drastically those qualities and amenities of the State that make it either a pleasant or acceptable place to live and work; will adversely affect the State's population as the level of the land's

despoilation becomes intolerable for living and employment opportunity; tends to debase the value of property for ad valorem tax purposes thereby depriving the counties, the county boards of education and municipalities of a revenue source essential to the support of their services and institutions: offends sensibilities, creates unsightliness, and will make the State an eyesore for the people now living here and for those who may otherwise be attracted to live and work in our State; adversely affects the long-range economic development, growth and tourist travel in many counties and regions of the State occasioned by its extreme impairment of land. water and aesthetic qualities; detrimentally affects the lands and properties of the state and federal government owned and held in public trust; destroys the grandeur and natural beauty of the country-side which contributes highly important factors to the public welfare of the State; causes soil erosion. landslides, destruction of forests and wildlife habitat, and leaves land isolated and hazardous; causes stream pollution. sedimentation and flooding of streams, the progressive deterioration of rivers and watercourses extending far beyond the lands disturbed by such mining, and threatens public and private water supplies; cannot be adequately regulated; disturbs considerably more acres each year, and causes or will cause the aforementioned undesirable effects to a far greater degree. than the surface mining of other minerals; and

WHEREAS, It has been asserted that a prohibition on the surface mining of coal would adversely affect employment and the economy, as well as the fulfillment of the State's and nation's energy requirements; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia is reported to have vast reserves of readily recoverable reserves of strippable coal located in forty of West Virginia's fifty-five counties; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance obtain and compile for the Legislature and the public all information relevant to the problems incident to the surface mining industry, the adequacy of surface-mining laws, the effect of such laws on the surface-mining industry, the adequacy of existing laws with respect to environmental and economic

effects of surface mining on the people of and the property in the State of West Virginia, whether laws related to the subject matter of surface mining are being fully implemented and whether any new or additional laws are necessary to properly protect the people and property in the State of West Virginia with respect to surface mining; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance give top priority to this study and commit the necessary resources and staff to the obtaining and compiling of comprehensive and in-depth information on the study subject matter including but not limited to the employment of independent objective experts as to the problems of surface mining and reclamation to aid and assist the committee; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance distribute to the members of the Legislature, make public through a news release, not later than forty-five days from the last day of the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, an outline of the study which it intends to conduct or of the questions to which it will seek answers as directed by this resolution; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance complete its inquiry and report all information compiled by it which shall include but not be limited to findings, conclusions and recommendations together with drafts of proposed legislation necessary, to the members of the Legislature not later than the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two; and, be it

Further Resolved, That expenses necessary to conduct such study, employ such staff and prepare and distribute such report be paid from the legislative appropriation to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 39

(By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to continue its study of the budget process.

WHEREAS, Adoption of the Modern Budget Amendment in 1968 has raised many uncertainties regarding the legislative power of budget making; and

Whereas, Changes may be needed in the statutes relating to the budget making process to resolve any inconsistencies between statutory and constitutional law; and

Whereas, The Joint Committee on Government and Finance initiated study of the budget making process on March 3, 1970, and this study has not yet been completed; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby directed to review, examine and study the budgetary process of this State and to make recommendation to the Legislature regarding the same; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Committee report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1972, on its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry its recommendations into effect; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such a study, to prepare a report and to draft proposed legislation be paid from legislative appropriation to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 40

(By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President and Mr. Carrigan)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to conduct a study of the physical needs of all health, humane, penal and correctional institutions under the control of the Commissioner of Public Institutions and all institutions under the control of the Department of Mental Health and to propose a method or methods of financing any needed rebuilding, repairs or replacement of any equipment or structure connected with such institutions.

effects of surface mining on the people of and the property in the State of West Virginia, whether laws related to the subject matter of surface mining are being fully implemented and whether any new or additional laws are necessary to properly protect the people and property in the State of West Virginia with respect to surface mining; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance give top priority to this study and commit the necessary resources and staff to the obtaining and compiling of comprehensive and in-depth information on the study subject matter including but not limited to the employment of independent objective experts as to the problems of surface mining and reclamation to aid and assist the committee; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance distribute to the members of the Legislature, make public through a news release, not later than forty-five days from the last day of the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, an outline of the study which it intends to conduct or of the questions to which it will seek answers as directed by this resolution; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance complete its inquiry and report all information compiled by it which shall include but not be limited to findings, conclusions and recommendations together with drafts of proposed legislation necessary, to the members of the Legislature not later than the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two; and, be it

Further Resolved, That expenses necessary to conduct such study, employ such staff and prepare and distribute such report be paid from the legislative appropriation to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 39

(By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to continue its study of the budget process.

Whereas, Adoption of the Modern Budget Amendment in 1968 has raised many uncertainties regarding the legislative power of budget making; and

Whereas, Changes may be needed in the statutes relating to the budget making process to resolve any inconsistencies between statutory and constitutional law; and

WHEREAS, The Joint Committee on Government and Finance initiated study of the budget making process on March 3, 1970, and this study has not yet been completed; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby directed to review, examine and study the budgetary process of this State and to make recommendation to the Legislature regarding the same; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Committee report to the regular session of the Legislature, 1972, on its findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any proposed legislation necessary to carry its recommendations into effect; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct such a study, to prepare a report and to draft proposed legislation be paid from legislative appropriation to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 40

(By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President and Mr. Carrigan)

[Adopted March 13, 1971]

Directing the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to conduct a study of the physical needs of all health, humane, penal and correctional institutions under the control of the Commissioner of Public Institutions and all institutions under the control of the Department of Mental Health and to propose a method or methods of financing any needed rebuilding, repairs or replacement of any equipment or structure connected with such institutions.

Whereas, There is great concern and awareness by the Legislature regarding the present physical condition of many institutions under the control of both the Commissioner of Public Institutions and the Department of Mental Health, as well as the pressing need to rebuild, repair or replace much equipment and many structures connected with such institutions; and

Whereas, The time available during the session of the Legislature is inadequate to properly survey and study all such institutions or to recommend a method or methods of financing any needed rebuilding, repairs or replacement of any equipment and structures connected with such institutions; and

Whereas, The Legislature finds that such a survey and study must be completed before any long-range decisions can be made regarding the physical needs of such institutions and the method or methods of financing any needed rebuilding, repairs or replacement and such survey and study can best be conducted between the current session of the Legislature and the next regular session thereof to be held in January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two; therefore, be it

### Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance make a survey and study of the physical needs of all health, humane, penal and correctional institutions under the control of the Department of Public Institutions and all institutions under the control of the Department of Mental Health to determine the nature and extent of the physical needs of all equipment and structures connected with such institutions, and to recommend and propose a method or methods of financing any needed rebuilding, repairs or replacement of any equipment and structures connected with any such institutions; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance shall make a report to the Legislature at its regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, on it findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any proposed legislation that shall be necessary to carry its recommendations into effect; and, be it

Further Resolved, That expenses necessary to conduct such study and to prepare any such report and drafts of proposed

legislation be paid from the legislative appropriation to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3

(By Mr. Moreland)

[Adopted February 8, 1971]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State, amending section two, article fourteen thereof, relating to making amendments to the Constitution.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of all the members elected to each House agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at the next general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which proposed amendment is that section two, article four-teen thereof be amended to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE XIV. AMENDMENTS.

### §2. How amendments are made.

Any amendment to the Constitution of the State may be proposed in either House of the Legislature at any regular or extraordinary session thereof; and if the same, being read on three several days in each House, be agreed to on its third reading, by two thirds of the members elected thereto, the proposed amendment, with the yeas and nays thereon, shall be entered on the Journals, and it shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide by law for submitting the same to the voters of the State for ratification or rejection, at a special election, or at the next general election thereafter, and cause the same to be published, at least three months before such election in some newspaper in every county in which a newspaper is printed. If a majority of the qualified voters, voting on the question at the polls held pursuant to such law, ratify the proposed amendment, it shall be in force from the time of such ratification, as part of the Constitution of the State. If two or more amendments be submitted at the same

time, the vote on the ratification or rejection shall be taken on each separately, but an amendment may relate to a single subject or to related subject matters and may amend or modify as many articles and as many sections of the Constitution as may be necessary and appropriate in order to accomplish the objectives of the amendment. Whenever one or more amendments are submitted at a special election, no other question, issue or matter shall be voted upon at such special election, and the cost of such special election throughout the state shall be paid out of the state treasury.

# **ACTS OF 1971**

# FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

(April 27-30, 1971)

# CHAPTER 1

(House Bill No. 111-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to the Department of Agriculture, Account No. 510, chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the "Budget Bill."

Whereas, The estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year 1971-72, substantiated by the "Executive Budget" prepared by the governor, communications from the governor and enacted legislation totals \$368,-161,706.00; and

Whereas, In addition to the estimate of revenue provided by the governor, there existed available for appropriation cash balances from the previous fiscal year and anticipated expirations; and, Whereas, The Legislature, basing its action upon the estimate of revenue as provided by the governor and the available cash balance and estimated expirations, enacted a budget bill for the fiscal year 1971-72, thereby making appropriations to the various accounts of state spending units, which total appropriations were well within the total of all revenues available for appropriation for the fiscal year 1971-72; and

Whereas, The governor, pursuant to his constitutional authority, disapproved and reduced items or parts of items contained in Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one (now chapter 6, acts of the Legislature of 1971), known as the Budget Bill, wherein appropriations were made to certain designated accounts to be expended within the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, the governor by his action reduced the amounts appropriated and thereby made additional revenue available for supplemental appropriations; and

Whereas, There now remains unappropriated a balance in the total general revenue available for further appropriation of \$7,373,138.00 during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 510, chapter 6, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the Budget Bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sums to each of the designated line items:

### AGRICULTURE

80-Department of Agriculture

Acct. No. 510

2	Other Personal Services	\$38,555.00
6	Total	\$38,555.00

### CHAPTER 2

(House Bill No. 128-Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriations of surplus public money out of the treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That notwithstanding, and in addition to, section three-a of an act of the Legislature, Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, known as the Budget Bill for 1971-72. passed March sixteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one and signed into law by the governor, the same being supplemental to chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session. one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill for 1970-71, the item set forth below in this section is appropriated from the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor shall continue to review the revenue in the state fund. general revenue from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under this section is expected to be made available for expenditure and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue in the state fund, general revenue then in prospect or on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appropriations made from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the governor

may, from any excess over and above the amount required to meet all such appropriations, release the following item, if available funds will permit:

Item No. 6: Department of Finance and Administration, Information Systems Service Division, to the extent of any surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a maximum surplus of \$200,000.00.

## CHAPTER 3

(House Bill No. 123-Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriations of surplus public money out of the treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That notwithstanding, and in addition to, section three-a of an act of the Legislature, Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, known as the Budget Bill for 1971-72, passed, March sixteenth, one thousand nine hundred seventyone and signed into law by the governor, the same being supplemental to chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill for 1970-71, the item set forth below in this section is appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor shall continue to review the revenue in the state fund, general revenue from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under this section is expected to be made available for expenditure and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue in the state fund, general revenue then in prospect or on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appropriations made from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the governor may, from any excess over and above the amount required to meet all such appropriations, release the following item, if available funds will permit:

Item No. 3: Department of Mental Health, to the extent of any surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a maximum surplus of \$686,959.00 for the following purposes and accounts:

Acct.	No.	410—Roney's Point Current Expenses	\$ 20,000.00
Acct.	No.	410—Comprehensive Community Mental Health Center—Princeton	171,959.00
Acct.	No.	419—Colin Anderson Center Current Expenses	125,000.00
Acct.	No.	420—Weston State Hospital Current Expenses	200,000.00
Acct.	No.	421—Spencer State Hospital Current Expenses	75,000.00
Acct.	No.	422—Huntington State Hospital Current Expenses	50,000.00
Acct.	No.	423—Lakin State Hospital Current Expenses	25,000.00
Acct.	No.	424—Barboursville State Hospital Current Expenses	20,000.00

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for "Comprehensive Community Mental Health Center—Princeton" at the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.

### CHAPTER 4

(House Bill No. 126-Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriations of surplus public money out of the treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That notwithstanding, and in addition to, section three-a of an act of the Legislature, Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, known as the Budget Bill for 1971-72. passed March sixteenth, one thousand nine hundred seventyone and signed into law by the governor, the same being supplemental to chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill for 1970-71, the item set forth below in this section is appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor shall continue to review the revenue in the state fund, general revenue from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under this section is expected to be made available for expenditure and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue in the state fund, general revenue then in prospect or on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appropriations made from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the governor may, from any excess over and above the amount required to meet all such appropriations, release the following item, if available funds will permit:

Item No. 5: Department of Natural Resources, to the extent of any surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a maximum surplus of \$403.656.00:

Acct. No. 565:

Park and recreation \_\_\_\_\_\_\$205,925.00 Water resources \_\_\_\_\_\_\_197.731.00

Any unexpended balance remaining in these appropriations at the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.

# CHAPTER 5

(House Bill No. 125—Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 29, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriations of surplus public money out of the treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That notwithstanding, and in addition to, section three-a of an act of the Legislature, Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, known as the Budget Bill for 1971-72, passed March sixteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one and signed into law by the governor, the same being supplemental to chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill for 1970-71, the item set forth below in this section is appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor trans-

mitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor shall continue to review the revenue in the state fund, general revenue from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under this section is expected to be made available for expenditure and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue in the state fund, general revenue then in prospect or on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appropriations made from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the governor may, from any excess over and above the amount required to meet all such appropriations, release the following item, if available funds will permit:

Item No. 2. Early Childhood Education Demonstration Centers, to the extent of any surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a maximum surplus of \$550,000.00.

Any unexpended balance remaining in this appropriation at the close of the fiscal year 1970-71 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1971-72.

# CHAPTER 6

(House Bill No. 113-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, to the Joint Expenses of the Legislature, Account No. 103, chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the "Budget Bill."

Whereas, By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71 will be \$302,458,234.00; and

Whereas, In addition to the estimate of revenue provided by the governor, there existed available for appropriation cash balances from the previous fiscal year and anticipated expirations; and

Whereas, The Legislature, basing its action upon the estimate of revenue as provided by the governor and the available cash balance and estimated expirations, enacted a budget bill for the fiscal year 1970-71, thereby making appropriations to the various accounts of state spending units, which total appropriations were well within the total of all revenues available for appropriation for the fiscal year 1970-71; and

Whereas, The governor, pursuant to his constitutional authority, disapproved and reduced items or parts of items contained in Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one (now chapter 6, acts of the Legislature of 1971), known as the Budget Bill, wherein supplemental appropriations were made to certain designated accounts to be expended within the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor by his action reduced the amounts appropriated and thereby made additional revenue available for supplemental appropriations; and

Whereas, There now remains unappropriated a balance in the total general revenue available for further appropriation of \$1,030,930.00 during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 103, chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sums to each of the designated line items:

#### 3-Joint Expenses

#### Acct. No. 103

		Fiscal Year 1970-71
1	To pay the cost of legislative printing	\$ 75,000.00
2	Commission on Interstate Cooperation	11,000.00
3	Joint Committee on Government and Finance	<b>797,500.00</b>

# CHAPTER 7

(House Bill No. 112-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to the Attorney General, Account No. 240, chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the "Budget Bill."

WHEREAS, The estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year 1971-72, substantiated by the "Executive Budget" prepared by the governor, communications from the governor and enacted legislation totals \$368,161,706.00; and

Whereas, In addition to the estimate of revenue provided by the governor, there existed available for appropriation cash balances from the previous fiscal year and anticipated expirations; and

Whereas, The Legislature, basing its action upon the estimate of revenue as provided by the governor and the available cash balance and estimated expirations, enacted a budget bill for the fiscal year 1971-72, thereby making appropriations to the various accounts of state spending units, which total appropriations were well within the total of all revenues available for appropriation for the fiscal year 1971-72; and

Whereas, The governor, pursuant to his constitutional authority, disapproved and reduced items or parts of items contained in Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one (now chapter 6, acts of the Legislature of 1971), known as the Budget Bill, wherein appropriations were made to certain designated accounts to be expended within the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, the governor by his action reduced the amounts appropriated and thereby made additional revenue available for supplemental appropriations; and

Whereas, There now remains unappropriated a balance in the total general revenue available for further appropriation of \$7,373,138.00 during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 240, chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the Budget Bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sums to each of the designated line items:

#### LEGAL

#### 17—Attorney General

Acct. No. 240

2	Other Personal Services	\$269,871.00
8	Total	\$269,871.00

### **CHAPTER 8**

(House Bill No. 110-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to the Auditor, Account No. 150, chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the "Budget Bill."

Whereas, The estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year 1971-72, substantiated by the "Executive Budget" prepared by the governor, communications from the governor and enacted legislation totals \$368,161,706.00; and

Whereas, In addition to the estimate of revenue provided by the governor, there existed available for appropriation cash balances from the previous fiscal year and anticipated expirations; and

Whereas, The Legislature, basing its action upon the estimate of revenue as provided by the governor and the available cash balance and estimated expirations, enacted a budget bill for the fiscal year 1971-72, thereby making appropriations to the various accounts of state spending units, which total appropriations were well within the total of all revenues available for appropriation for the fiscal year 1971-72; and

Whereas, The governor, pursuant to his constitutional authority, disapproved and reduced items or parts of items contained in Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one (now chapter 6, acts of the Legislature of 1971), known as the Budget Bill, wherein appropriations were made to certain designated accounts to be expended within the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine

hundred seventy-two, the governor by his action reduced the amounts appropriated and thereby made additional revenue available for supplemental appropriations; and

Whereas, There now remains unappropriated a balance in the total general revenue available for further appropriation of \$7,373,138.00 during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 150, chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the Budget Bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sums to each of the designated line items:

#### FISCAL

#### 9—Auditor's Office—General Administration

#### Acct. No. 150

2	Other Personal Services	\$25,003.00
3	Current Expenses	7,500.00
6	Total	\$32,503.00

# **CHAPTER 9**

(House Bill No. 114—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventyone, to the Senate, Account No. 101, chapter five, acts of

the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the "Budget Bill."

Whereas, By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71 will be \$302,458,234.00; and

Whereas, In addition to the estimate of revenue provided by the governor, there existed available for appropriation cash balances from the previous fiscal year and anticipated expirations; and

Whereas, The Legislature, basing its action upon the estimate of revenue as provided by the governor and the available cash balance and estimated expirations, enacted a Budget Bill for the fiscal year 1970-71, thereby making appropriations to the various accounts of state spending units, which total appropriations were well within the total of all revenues available for appropriation for the fiscal year 1970-71; and

Whereas, The governor, pursuant to his constitutional authority, disapproved and reduced items or parts of items contained in Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one (now chapter 6, acts of the Legislature of 1971), known as the Budget Bill, wherein supplemental appropriations were made to certain designated accounts to be expended within the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor by his action reduced the amounts appropriated and thereby made additional revenue available for supplemental appropriations; and

Whereas, There now remains unappropriated a balance in the total general revenue available for further appropriation of \$1,030,930.00, during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 101, chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sums to each of the designated line items:

#### LEGISLATIVE

1-Senate

Acct. No. 101

Fiscal Year 1970-71

2	Compensation	and	per	diem	of	officers	and
	•		-				

3 attaches \_\_\_\_\_\_\$68,430.00

# CHAPTER 10

(House Bill No. 127—Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriations of surplus public money out of the treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That notwithstanding, and in addition to, section three-a of an act of the Legislature, Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, known as the Budget Bill for 1971-72, passed March sixteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one and signed into law by the governor, the same being supplemental to chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill for 1970-71, the item set forth below in this section is appropriated from the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted

to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor shall continue to review the revenue in the state fund, general revenue from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under this section is expected to be made available for expenditure and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue in the state fund, general revenue then in prospect or on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appropriations made from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the governor may, from any excess over and above the amount required to meet all such appropriations, release the following item, if available funds will permit:

Item No. 7: State Tax Department, to the extent of any surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a maximum surplus of \$104,666.00:

Acct. No. 180:

Current expenses \_\_\_\_\_\_\$104,666.00

# CHAPTER 11

(House Bill No. 122-Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making supplementary appropriations of surplus public money out of the treasury.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That notwithstanding, and in addition to, section three-a of an act of the Legislature, Enrolled Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 142, known as the Budget Bill for 1971-72, passed March sixteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one and signed into law by the governor, the same being supplemental to chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill for 1970-71, the item set forth below in this section is appropriated from the state fund, general revenue for fiscal year 1970-71, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section. By Executive Message No. 16, dated March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the governor transmitted to the Legislature a revised statement of the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, revised as of March fifteen, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, in which it is stated that the estimated revenue in the state fund, general revenue, for fiscal year 1970-71, will be \$302,458,234.00. Therefore, the governor shall continue to review the revenue in the state fund, general revenue from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy, to the date the appropriation under this section is expected to be made available for expenditure and determine whether, in his opinion, the revenue in the state fund, general revenue then in prospect or on hand will be sufficient to meet all appropriations from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, and make a finding with respect thereto. In the event that such findings shall show sufficient revenue in prospect or on hand to meet all other appropriations made from the state fund, general revenue under the budget bill for fiscal year 1970-71, the governor may, from any excess over and above the amount required to meet all such appropriations, release the following item, if available funds will permit:

Item No. 1: West Virginia Board of Regents, to the extent of any surplus in excess of said sum of \$302,458,234.00, up to a maximum surplus of \$592,710.00.

# **CHAPTER 12**

(House Bill No. 130-Originating in the House Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 29, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT transferring amounts between items of the total appropriations for certain state spending units as appropriated by chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the "Budget Bill."

WHEREAS, Certain spending units have indicated a need to transfer specific amounts between items of appropriation heretofore made by the Legislature for such spending units; and,

Whereas, Such transfers are necessary in order to protect or to increase the efficiency of the service by each of such spending units; therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriations of Account No. 373, Account No. 380, Account No. 426, and Account No. 430, chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, be transferred so as to read as follows:

# 39—West Virginia Forestry Camp—(Leckie)

	Acct. No. 575		
3	Repairs and Alterations	.\$	7,400.00
4	Equipment		11,300.00
	43—West Virginia Children's Home		
	Acct. No. 380		
1	Personal Services	\$	70,464.00
	Current Expenses		40,130.00
	57—Welch Emergency Hospital		
	Acct. No. 426		
1	Personal Services	\$	356,720.00
2	Current Expenses		185,920.00
3	Repairs and Alterations		29,750.00
4	Equipment		10,500.00

#### 58—Hopemont State Hospital

#### Acct. No. 430

1	Personal Services		\$1,206,600.00
2	<b>Current Expenses</b>	***************************************	327,800.00

The foregoing constitute transfers of amounts from one item of appropriation to another item of appropriation within the total appropriation of each designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-one shall be available for expenditure upon the effective date of this act.

# **CHAPTER 13**

(Senate Bill No. 8-By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article seven, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to minimum and maximum compensation limits of elected county officials for each class of county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article seven, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# §7-7-4. Minimum and maximum compensation limits of elected county officials for each class of county.

- 1 For the purpose of determining the compensation to
- 2 be paid to the elected county officials of each county, the
- 3 following minimum and maximum compensation limits
- 4 for each county office by class are hereby established
- 5 and shall be used by each county court in determining

6 the compensation of each of their county officials in-7 cluding compensation of members of the county court:

8	County		County
9	Court	Sheriff	Clerk
10	Class I\$ 9,600-12,800	\$ 9,000-12,000	\$13,800-18,400
11	Class II\$ 6,000- 9,000	\$ 7,800-11,700	\$10,000-15,000
12	Class III\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 7,800-11,700	\$ 8,000-12,000
13	Class IV\$ 2,800- 4,200	\$ 6,600- 9,900	\$ 6,600- 9,900
14	Class V\$ 1,600- 2,400	\$ 4,800- 7,200	\$ 4,800- 7,200
15	Class VI\$ 1,400- 2,100	\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 4,400- 6,600
16	Class VII\$ 600- 900	\$ 3,600- 5,400	\$ 2,400- 3,600
17	Circuit		Prosecuting
18	Clerk	Assessor	Attorney
19	Class I\$13,800-18,400	\$ 9,000-15,000	\$20,000-26,000
20	Class II\$10,000-15,000	\$ 9,000-13,500	\$12,000-18,000
21	Class III\$ 8,000-12,000	\$ 7,800-11,700	\$ 9,000-13,500
22	Class IV\$ 6,600- 9,900	\$ 6,600- 9,900	\$ 7,200- 9,600
<b>2</b> 3	Class V\$ 4,800- 7,200	\$ 4,800- 7,200	\$ 4,800- 7,200
24	Class VI\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 4,400- 6,600	\$ 4,400- 6,600
25	Class VII\$ 1,800- 2,700	\$ 3,000- 4,500	\$ 1,800- 2,700
26	When the classification	of a county is cl	nanged as pro-
27	vided in this article, the	compensation of	f each elected
28	county official of that cou	nty for each fisc	al year there-
29	after shall be set within	the minimum	and maximum
30	compensation limits estab		
31	official in that class until t	he classification	again changes.

# CHAPTER 14

(House Bill No. 115-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed April 29, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen, relating to definitions; creating public employees insurance

board as a body corporate; effective date of insurance program; composition of board, powers and duties, expenses: chairman of board, executive secretary; authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance plan, group major medical insurance plan, and group life and accidental death insurance plan, rules and regulations for administration of plans, what plans may provide; conditions of insurance plans; authorization to execute contracts for group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, and group life and accidental death insurance, limitations, awarding of contracts, reinsurance, certificates for covered employees, discontinuances of contracts; contract provisions for retiring employees, their spouses and dependents; payment of benefits; coverage for employee's dependents; payment of costs by the state, special funds created and duties of treasurer; employee's share, disposition of funds; expense fund; defining offenses and providing criminal penalties; permissive participation in the insurance program and exemptions therefrom; rules and regulations; and providing a severability clause.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen, to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.

- §5-16-1. Short title.
- §5-16-2. Definitions.
- §5-16-3. Public employees insurance board created and established; body corporate.
- §5-16-4. First meeting of board; effective date of program.
- §5-16-5. Composition of board; powers and duties of board generally; expenses.
- §5-16-6. Chairman of board; executive secretary.
- §5-16-7. Authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance plan, group major medical insurance plan and group life and accidental death insurance plan; rules and regulations for administration of plans; what plans may provide.
- §5-16-8. Conditions of insurance plans.

- §5-16-9. Authorization to execute contracts for group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, and group life and accidental death insurance; limitations; awarding of contracts; reinsurance; certificates for covered employees; discontinuances of contracts.
- §5-16-10. Contract provisions for group hospital and surgical, group major medical, and group life and accidental death insurance for retiring employees, their spouses and dependents.
- §5-16-11. To whom benefits paid.
- §5-16-12. Payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's dependents generally.
- §5-16-13. Payment of costs by the state as employer; special funds created; duties of treasurer with respect thereto.
- §5-16-14. Authorization to take advantage of acts of Congress, accept gifts, grants and matching funds.
- §5-16-15. Expense fund.
- §5-16-16. No member or employee of the board shall gain directly or indirectly from any contract or contracts provided for hereunder; criminal penalties.
- §5-16-17. Permissive participation; exemptions.
- §5-16-18. Rules and regulations for administration of article.
- §5-16-19. Severability.

#### §5-16-1. Short title.

- 1 The short title by which this article may be referred
- 2 to is "West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Act."

#### §5-16-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following words and phrases as used in this article,
- 2 unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the
- 3 context, shall have the following meanings:
- 4 (1) "Board" means the public employees insurance
- 5 board created by this article.
- 6 (2) "Employee" means any person, including elected
- 7 officers, who works regularly full time in the service of
- 8 the state. Any matters of doubt as to who is an employee
- 9 within the meaning of this article shall be decided by
- 10 the board.
- 11 (3) "Retired employee" shall mean an employee of 12 the state who retires after the effective date of this article.
- 13 (4) "Employer" means the state of West Virginia, its
- 14 boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions
- 15 or spending units; except the following: The national
- 16 guard, the board of regents and political subdivisions.

#### §5-16-3. Public employees insurance board created and established; body corporate.

- 1 The West Virginia public employees insurance board
- 2 is hereby created and established to provide group hos-
- 3 pital and surgical insurance, group major medical insur-
- 4 ance, and group life and accidental death insurance for
- 5 all employees of the state as hereinafter provided. The
- 6 board shall constitute a body corporate. All business of
- 7 the board shall be transacted in the name of the West
- 8 Virginia public employees insurance board.

#### §5-16-4. First meeting of board; effective date of program.

- 1 The board shall meet as soon as possible after the
- 2 effective date of this article for the purpose of negotiating
- 3 and contracting to provide group insurance for those
- 4 employees herein made eligible, such insurance coverage
- 5 to be effective July one, one thousand nine hundred
- 6 seventy-one, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

# §5-16-5. Composition of board; powers and duties of board generally; expenses.

- 1 The board shall consist of:
- 2 (a) The auditor of the state by virtue of his office;
- 3 (b) The workmen's compensation commissioner;
- 4 (c) The treasurer of the state by virtue of his office;
- 5 (d) Two members appointed by the governor from the
- 6 state board of insurance of West Virginia, one from each 7 political party, whose terms shall be concurrent with that
- 7 political party, whose terms shall be concurrent with tha 8 of the governor.
- 9 The board shall hold a meeting at least twice each year
- 10 and shall designate the time and place. Three board mem-
- 11 bers shall constitute a quorum at any meeting of the
- 12 board. Each board member shall be entitled to one vote
- 13 on each question before the board. A majority of the
- 14 quorum present shall be required for a decision by the
- 15 board at its meetings. The board shall adopt its own rules
- 16 of procedure and shall keep a record of its proceedings.
- 17 The board shall be responsible for the administration
- 18 and management of the public employees insurance sys-
- 19 tem as provided for in this article and in connection there-
- 20 with shall have the power and authority to make all rules

- 21 and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of
- 22 this article, except as is otherwise specifically provided in
- 23 this article.

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- 24 No member of the board shall receive any compensation
- 25 for serving as such; however, each member of the board
- 26 shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary ex-
- 27 penses actually incurred by him in carrying out his duties
- 28 as a member of the board.

#### §5-16-6. Chairman of board; executive secretary.

- 1 The board shall elect from its own number a chairman
- 2 who shall serve for one year, or until a successor is elected.
  - The board shall appoint an executive secretary of the
- 4 West Virginia employees insurance board, and said execu-
- 5 tive secretary shall be the chief administrative officer of
- 6 the board. He shall perform such duties as are required
- 7 of him under the provisions of this article and as the
- 8 board shall delegate to him from time to time. The com-
- 9 pensation of the executive secretary shall be fixed by the
- 10 board. The executive secretary shall, with the approval
- 11 of the board, employ such administrative, technical and
- 12 clerical employees as shall be required for the proper
- 13 administration of the insurance program herein provided.

# §5-16-7. Authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance plan, group major medical insurance plan and group life and accidental death insurance plan; rules and regulations for administration of plans; what plans may provide.

The board is hereby empowered and authorized to 2 establish a group hospital and surgical insurance plan 3 or plans, a group major medical insurance plan or plans.

- 4 and a group life and accidental death insurance plan or
- 5 plans for employees of the state, and to establish and
- 6 promulgate rules and regulations for the administration
- 7 of such plans, subject to the limitations contained in this
- 8 article. Such plans may provide for group hospital and
- 9 surgical and group major medical insurance against the
- 10 financial cost of hospitalization, surgical and medical
- 11 treatment and care, and may also include, among other
- 12 things, prescribed drugs, medicines, prosthetic appliances,

- 13 hospital inpatient and outpatient service benefits, and
- 14 medical expenses and indemnifying benefits, and group
- 15 life and accidental death insurance, and such other cover-
- 16 age and benefits deemed appropriate and desirable by
- 17 the board.

#### §5-16-8. Conditions of insurance plans.

- The insurance plans herein provided for shall be dez signed by the board:
- 3 (1) To provide a reasonable relationship between the 4 hospital, surgical and medical benefits to be included 5 and the expected hospital, surgical and medical expenses 6 to be incurred by the affected employee, his spouse and
- 7 his dependents.
- 8 (2) To include reasonable controls which may include 9 deductible and coinsurance provisions applicable to some 10 or all of the benefits.
- 11 (3) To prevent unnecessary utilization of the various 12 hospital, surgical and medical services available.
- 13 (4) To provide reasonable assurance of stability in 14 future years for the plans.
- 15 (5) To provide major medical insurance for said em-16 ployees.
- 17 (6) To provide certain group life and accidental death 18 insurance for the employees covered under this article.
- 19 (7) To include provisions for the coordination of bene-20 fits payable by the terms of such plans with the bene-21 fits to which such employee, or his spouse or his de-22 pendents may be entitled by the provisions of any other 23 group hospital, surgical or medical or group major medi-
  - 4 cal insurance or any combination thereof.
- §5-16-9. Authorization to execute contracts for group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, and group life and accidental death insurance; limitations; awarding of contracts; reinsurance; certificates for covered employees; discontinuances of contracts.
  - 1 The board is hereby given exclusive authorization to 2 execute such contract or contracts as are necessary to

3 carry out the provisions of this article and to provide
4 the plan or plans of group hospital and surgical insurance
5 coverage, group major medical insurance coverage, and
6 group life and accidental death insurance coverage se7 lected in accordance with the provisions of this article,
8 such contract or contracts to be executed with one or
9 more agencies, corporations, insurance companies or ser10 vice organizations licensed to sell group hospital and
11 surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, and
12 group life and accidental death insurance in this state.

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The group life and accidental death insurance herein provided for shall not exceed an amount equal to the annual salary of the employee to the nearest one thousand dollar multiples and under no circumstances shall the amount of the group life and accidental death insurance exceed ten thousand dollars for any one employee. The amount of the group life and accidental death insurance to which an employee would otherwise be entitled shall be reduced by fifty percent upon such employee attaining age sixty-five.

All of the insurance coverage to be provided for under this article may be included in one or more similar contracts issued by the same or different carriers.

The provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this 26 code, relating to the division of purchases of the depart-27 ment of finance and administration, shall not apply to 28 any contracts for any insurance coverage authorized to 29 be executed under the provisions of this article; however, 30 before entering into any contract for any insurance cover-31 age, as herein authorized, said board shall invite com-32 petent bids from all qualified and licensed insurance 33 companies or carriers, who may wish to offer plans for 34 the insurance coverage desired. The board shall deal di-35 rectly with insurers in presenting specifications and re-36 ceiving quotations for bid purposes. No commission or 37 finder's fee, or any combination thereof, shall be paid to 38 any individual or agent. The board shall award 39 such contract or contracts on a competitive basis. In 40 awarding the contract or contracts the board shall take 41 into account the experience of the offering agency, cor-**4**2 poration, insurance companies or service organization in 43

the group hospital and surgical insurance field, group 44 major medical insurance field, and group life and acci-45 dental death insurance field, and its facilities for the 46 handling of claims. In evaluating these factors, the board 47 may employ the services of impartial, professional in-48 surance analysts or actuaries or both. Any contract ex-49 ecuted by the board with a selected carrier shall be a 50 contract to govern all eligible employees subject to the 51 provisions of this article. Nothing contained in this article 52 shall prohibit any insurance carrier from soliciting em-53 ployees covered hereunder to purchase additional hos-54 pital and surgical, major medical or life and accidental 55 death insurance coverage. 56

The board may authorize the carrier with whom a primary contract is executed to reinsure portions of such contract with other carriers which elect to be a reinsurer 59 and who are legally qualified to enter into a reinsurance 60 agreement under the laws of this state.

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Each employee who is covered under any such contract or contracts shall receive a certificate setting forth a fee schedule of the hospital, surgical or medical benefits to which such employee, his spouse and his dependents are entitled hereunder, to whom such benefits shall be payable, to whom claims shall be submitted, and a summary of the provisions of any such contract or contracts as they affect the employee, his spouse and his dependents.

The board may at the end of any contract period dis-70 continue any contract or contracts it has executed with 71 any carrier and replace the same with a contract or 72 contracts with any other carrier or carriers meeting the 73 requirements of this article.

#### §5-16-10. Contract provisions for group hospital and surgical, group major medical, and group life and accidental death insurance for retiring employees, their spouses and dependents.

Any contract or contracts entered into hereunder may provide for group hospital and surgical, group major

- 3 medical, and group life and accidental death insurance
- 4 for retiring employees and their spouses and dependents

- as defined by rules and regulations of the board, and onsuch terms as the board may deem appropriate.
- 7 In the event the board provides the above benefits for
- 8 retiring employees, their spouses and dependents, the
- 9 board shall adopt rules and regulations prescribing the
- 10 conditions under which retiring employees may elect to
- 11 participate in or withdraw from the plan or plans. Any
- 12 contract or contracts herein provided for shall supple-
- 13 ment any hospital, surgical, major medical or health
- 14 insurance plan administered by the United States de-
- 15 partment of health, education, and welfare to which the
- 16 employee, spouse or dependent may be eligible under
- 17 any law or regulation of the United States.

#### §5-16-11. To whom benefits paid.

- 1 Any benefits payable under any group hospital and
- 2 surgical and group major medical plan or plans may
- 3 be paid either directly to the attending physician,
- 4 hospital, medical group, or other person, firm, association
- 5 or corporation furnishing the service upon which the
- 6 claim is based, or to the insured upon presentation of
- 7 valid bills for such service, subject to such provisions
- 8 designed to facilitate payments as may be made by the
- 9 board.

# §5-16-12. Payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's dependents generally.

- coverage for employee's dependents generally.

  The board is hereby authorized to provide under any
- 2 contract or contracts entered into under the provisions
- 3 of this article that the costs of any such group hospital
- 4 and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance,
- 5 group life and accidental death insurance benefit plan or
- 6 plans may be paid by the employer and employee. In
- 7 addition, each employee shall be entitled to have his
- 8 spouse and dependents, as defined by the rules and reg-
- 9 ulations of the board, included in any group hospital and
- 10 surgical insurance or group major medical insurance
- 11 coverage provided upon agreeing to pay the costs of
- 12 such coverage for such spouse and dependents. The board
- 13 shall adopt rules and regulations governing the discon-
- 14 tinuance and resumption of any employee's coverage for
- 15 his spouse and dependents.

# §5-16-13. Payment of costs by the state as employer; special funds created; duties of treasurer with respect thereto.

- The state as an employer shall pay a sum for all insurance coverage provided hereunder as set by the board not less than twelve dollars per month for each employee electing to receive dependent accident and sickness insurance coverage, and for each employee electing to receive individual accident and sickness insurance coverage only, a monthly sum not less than fifty percent of the monthly sum paid by the state for each employee electing to receive dependent coverage.
- The Legislature shall appropriate to the board annually 10 from the general revenue fund such sums as may be 11 required to pay the state's proportionate share of the 12 premium costs of those spending units operating from the 13 general revenue fund, and each spending unit operating 14 from special revenue funds, or federal funds, or both, 15 shall pay to the board their proportionate share of 16 premium costs from their personal services budget. 17
- The portion of the premium or cost attributable to all insurance coverage provided hereunder and not paid by the state shall be paid by the state employee.
- The state employee's proportionate share of the premium or cost shall be withheld or deducted by the state from such employee's salary or wages as and when paid and such sums shall be forwarded to the board with such supporting data as the board may require.
- All moneys received by the board shall be deposited 26 in a special fund or funds as are necessary in the state 27 treasury and the treasurer of the state shall be custodian 28 of such fund or funds and shall administer such fund 29 or funds in accordance with the provisions of this article 30 or as the board may from time to time direct. The 31 treasurer shall pay all warrants issued by the state auditor 32 against such fund or funds as the board may direct 33 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

# §5-16-14. Authorization to take advantage of acts of Congress, accept gifts, grants and matching funds.

- 1 The board is authorized to take full advantage of the
- 2 benefits and provisions of any acts of Congress and to ac-
- 3 cept any and all gifts, grants and matching funds, whether
- 4 in the form of money or services.

#### §5-16-15. Expense fund.

- 1 The Legislature shall annually appropriate such sums
- 2 as may be necessary to pay the proportionate share of
- 3 the administrative costs for the state as an employer,
- 4 and each division, agency, board, commission or depart-
- 5 ment of the state which operates out of special revenue
- 6 funds or federal funds or both shall pay its proportionate
- 7 share of the administrative costs of the insurance plan or
- 8 plans authorized under the provisions of this article.

# §5-16-16. No member or employee of board shall gain directly or indirectly from any contract or contracts provided for hereunder; criminal penalties.

- 1 No elected or appointed official of the state of West Vir-
- 2 ginia; nor any member, officer, or employees of the Legis-
- 3 lature; nor any officer, agent, servant or employee in the
- 4 executive branch of state government shall have any in-
- 5 terest, direct or indirect, in the gain or profits arising from
- 6 any contract or contracts provided for in this article. Any
- 7 such person who shall gain, directly or indirectly, from
- 8 any contract or contracts herein provided for, except as
- 9 an insured beneficiary thereof, shall be guilty of a mis-
- 10 demeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished
- 11 by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by im-
- 12 prisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding
- 13 one year, or by both, in the discretion of the court.

### §5-16-17. Permissive participation; exemptions.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall not be mandatory
- 2 upon any employee, and nothing contained in this article-

3 shall be construed so as to compel any employee to enroll
4 in or subscribe to, any insurance plan authorized by the
5 provisions of this article.

6 Those employees enrolled in the insurance program authorized under the provisions of article two-b, chapter 7 twenty-one-a of this code shall not be required to enroll in or subscribe to an insurance plan or plans authorized 9 by the provisions of this article, and the employees of 10 any department which has an existing insurance pro-11 gram for its employees to which the government of the 12 United States contributes any part or all of the premium or cost thereof may be exempted from the provisions of this article. Any employee exempted under the provisions of this paragraph may enroll in any insurance 16 program authorized by the provisions of this article at 17 any time, to the same extent as any other qualified em-18 ployee, but any such employee shall not remain enrolled 19 20 in both such programs. The provisions of articles fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, chapter thirty-three of the code. 21 relating to group life insurance, accident and sickness 22 insurance, and group accident and sickness insurance. 23 shall not be applicable to the provisions of this article 24 whenever the provisions of said articles and chapter are 25 in conflict with or contrary to any provision set forth 26 27 herein.

#### §5-16-18. Rules and regulations for administration of article.

- 1 The board shall promulgate such rules and regulations
  - as may be required for the effective administration of
- 3 the provisions of this article. All rules and regulations
- 4 promulgated by the board and all hearings held by the
- 5 board shall be promulgated and held in accordance with
- 6 the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of the code.

#### §5-16-19. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application thereof
- to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional
- 3 or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not
- 4 affect other provisions or applications of the article, and
- 5 to this end the provisions of this article are declared to
- 6 be severable.

# CHAPTER 15

(House Bill No. 107-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed April 29, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact chapter one hundred forty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, authorizing the issuance and sale by the governor of bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority of the Roads Development Amendment of 1968, in an amount not exceeding ninety million dollars during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, for the sole purpose of raising funds for the building and construction of free state roads and highways as provided for by the constitution and the laws enacted thereunder; specifying the powers of and limitations upon the governor in the issuance and sale of such bonds; prescribing the duties of the auditor and treasurer with respect to such bonds; providing for transfer and registration fees with respect to registered bonds and the disposition of such fees; providing for places of payment of principal and interest on such bonds; exempting such bonds from taxation by the state, or by any county, district, or municipality thereof; setting forth the form of coupon and registered bonds and coupons; stating what moneys shall be paid into the state road sinking fund; providing for the disposition and investment of the state road sinking fund; providing a covenant between the state and the bondholders; providing that the proceeds from the sale of the bonds shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in the state road fund and for expenditures from such account; providing that the plates, etc., from which the bonds are produced or made shall be the property of the state; providing for interim certificates in lieu of permanent bonds; providing for the state treasurer to be financial advisor; providing for the attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel; and providing that all necessary expenses, including legal expenses approved by the attorney general, incurred in the execution of this act shall be paid out of the state road fund on warrants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state treasurer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ROAD BONDS.

- §1. Road bonds; amount; when may issue.
- §2. Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest rate; tax exempt.
- §3. Form of bond.
- §4. Form of coupon.
- §5. Listing by auditor.
- §6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.
- §7. Covenants of state.
- §8. Sale by governor; minimum price.
- Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expenditures
- §10. Plates, etc., property of state.
- §11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.
- §12. Interim certificates.
- §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.
- §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.
- §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

#### §1. Road bonds; amount; when may issue.

- Bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority
- 2 of the Roads Development Amendment of 1968, of the
- 3 par value not to exceed ninety million dollars during
- 4 the fiscal year ending June thirty, one thousand nine
- 5 hundred seventy-two, are hereby authorized to be issued
- 6 and sold for the sole purpose of raising funds for the
- 7 building and construction of free state roads and high-
- 8 ways as provided for by the constitution and the laws
- 9 enacted thereunder. Such bonds may be issued by the
- 10 governor in such amounts, in coupons or registered
- 11 form, in such denominations, at such time, bearing such
- 12 date or dates, as the governor may determine, based upon
- 13 an examination of the West Virginia department of high-
- 14 ways' yearly program which justifies the issuance by the
- 15 governor of said bonds, and shall become due and payable
- 16 serially, annually or semiannually, in such amounts and

- 17 mature in such years as the governor may determine:
- 18 Provided, That such bonds shall mature within and not
- 19 exceeding twenty-five years from their date: Provided
- 20 further, That the governor shall not offer for sale more
- 21 than thirty million dollars of bonds at any one time:
- 22 Provided further, That the Governor must offer said
- 23 bonds for competitive bids from recognized financial in-
- 24 vestment institutions before said bonds may be sold.

# §2. Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest rate; tax exempt.

1 The auditor and the treasurer are hereby authorized 2 to arrange for the transfer of registered bonds and for each such transfer a fee of fifty cents shall be charged 4 by and paid to the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the state road sinking fund. Bonds taken in exchange 5 shall be cancelled by the auditor and treasurer and be carefully preserved by the treasurer. The treasurer shall 7 make provisions for registering "payable to bearer" bond and for each bond registered a fee of fifty cents shall 9 likewise be charged by and paid to the state of West 10 Virginia, to the credit of the state road sinking fund. All 11 such bonds shall be payable at the office of the trea-12 surer of the state of West Virginia, or, at the option of the holder, at a bank in the city of New York to be desig-14 nated by the governor, or, at the option of the holder 15 at such other bank or banks, within the state, as 16 may be designated or approved by the governor. 17 The bonds shall bear interest, payable semiannually, 18 to bearer, at the office of the treasurer of the 19 state of West Virginia, at the capitol of the state, or 20 at the banks designated and approved by the governor, 21 upon presentation and surrender of interest coupons, 22 then due, in the case of coupon bonds. For the payment 23 of interest on registered bonds, the treasurer of the 24 state of West Virginia shall requisition a warrant from 25 the auditor of the state to be drawn on the state trea-26 surer, and shall mail such warrant to the registered 27 owner at the address as shown by the record of regis-28 tration. Both the principal and interest of the bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States

31 32 33 34 35	of America and the bonds shall be exempt from taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, dis- trict or municipality thereof, which facts shall appear on the face of the bonds as part of the contract with the holder thereof.
<b>§3.</b>	Form of bond.  The bonds shall be executed on behalf of the state
2 3	of West Virginia, by the manual or facsimile signature of the treasurer thereof, under the great seal of the
4	state or a facsimile thereof, and countersigned by the
5	manual or facsimile signature of the auditor of the state:
6	Provided, That one of said signatures on said bonds shall
7 8	be a manual signature and said bonds shall be in the following form or to the following effect, as nearly as
9	may be, namely:
10	COUPON ROAD BOND
11	(Or registered road bond, as the case may be)
12	OF THE
13	STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
14	\$ No
15	The state of West Virginia, under and by virtue of au-
16	thority of an amendment to the constitution, which was
17 18	proposed by Senate Joint Resolution No. 2, adopted the eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred
19	sixty-eight, and was ratified by a vote of the people at
20	the general election on the fifth day of November, one
21	thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, which is hereby
22	made a part hereof as fully as if set forth at length
23 24	herein, acknowledges itself to be indebted to and hereby promises to pay to the bearer hereof (in case of a coupon
25	bond) or to
26	owner of record, in case of registered bonds) on the
27	day of, 19, in
28	lawful money of the United States of America at the
29 30	office of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia at the capitol of said state, or, at
31	bank in the city of New York, or, at
32	bank, at the option of the holder, the sum of
33	dollars, with interest thereon at per

34 centum per annum from the date, payable semiannually in like lawful money of the United States of America at the treasurer's office or banks aforesaid, on the first 36 day of \_\_\_\_\_ and the first day of \_\_\_\_\_ 37 38 of each year (and in the case of coupon bonds) according to the tenor of the annexed coupons bearing the fac-39 40 simile signature of the treasurer of the state of West 41 Virginia, upon surrender of such coupons. This bond (in case of a coupon bond) may be exchanged for a 42 43 registered bond of like tenor upon application to the 44 treasurer of the state of West Virginia. 45

(Redemption provisions, if any, to be inserted here)

To secure the payment of the principal and interest of 46 this bond, the state of West Virginia covenants and 47 agrees with the holder as follows: 48 (1) That this bond shall constitute a direct and general obligation of the 49 state of West Virginia; (2) that the full faith and credit 50 of the state is pledged to secure the payment of the 51 principal and interest of this bond; (3) that an annual 52 state tax shall be collected in an amount sufficient to 53 pay as it may accrue the interest on this bond and the principal thereof; and (4) that such tax shall be levied 55 in any year only to the extent that the moneys in the 56 state road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated 57 for and applied to the payment of the interest on and 58 principal of this bond becoming due and payable in such 59 year are insufficient therefor. 60

This bond is hereby made exempt from any taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, district, or municipal corporation thereof.

In testimony whereof, witness the manual or facsimile signature of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, and the manual or facsimile countersignature of the auditor of the state, hereto affixed according to law, dated the \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred \_\_\_\_\_, and the seal of the state of West Virginia or a facsimile thereof.

Treasurer of the State of West Virginia

74 (SEAL)

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75 76	Countersigned:
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4.	Form of coupon.
1	The form of coupon shall be substantially as follows
2	to wit:
3	STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
4	Bond No Coupon No
5	On the first day of, 19
6	the state of West Virginia will pay to the bearer, in
7	lawful money of the United States of America, at the
8	office of the treasurer of the state, or, at
9	, ,
10	<u>*</u>
11	dollars, the same being semiannual interest on Road
12	Bond No.
13	
14	Treasurer of the State of West Virginia
15	The signature of the treasurer to such coupon shall
16 17	be by his facsimile signature and the coupons shall be numbered in the order of their maturity, from number
18	one consecutively. The bonds and coupons may be signed,
19	as provided in this act, by the present treasurer and
20	auditor, or by any of their respective successors in office,
21	and the bonds signed by the persons now in the office
22	may be sold by the governor or his successor in office
23	without being signed by the successor in office of the
24	present treasurer or auditor.
5.	Listing by auditor.
1	All coupons and registered bonds issued under this
2	act shall be separately listed by the auditor of the state
3	in books provided for the purpose, in each case giving
4	the date, number, character and amount of obligations
5	issued, and in case of registered bonds, the name and
6	post-office address of the person, firm or corporation reg-
7	istered as the owner thereof.
<b>i</b> .	State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and

§6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.

1 Into the state road sinking fund there shall be paid

- all money from any and all appropriations made by the
- state from the state road fund for the purpose of paying
- the interest on such bonds or paying off and retiring
- the bonds, from transfer and registration fees as herein 5
- provided, and from any other source whatsoever which
- is made liable by law for the payment of the principal 7
- of such bonds or the interest thereon. 8
- 9 All such funds shall be kept by the treasurer in a separate account, under the designation aforesaid, and 10
- all moneys belonging to the fund shall be deposited in 11
- the state treasury to the credit thereof. 12
- 13 Such fund shall be applied by the treasurer of the state first to the payment of the semiannual interest on 14
- such bonds as it shall become due as herein provided.
- 16
- The remainder of the fund shall be turned over by
- 17 the state treasurer to the state sinking fund commission,
- 18 whose duty it shall be to invest the same in obligations
- of the government of the United States, bonds of the 19
- state of West Virginia, or any political subdivision 20
- thereof: Provided, That bonds or other obligations so 21
- purchased by the state sinking fund commission shall 22
- mature so as to provide sufficient money to pay off all 23
- bonds herein provided to be issued as they become due; 24
- and the money so paid into the state road sinking fund 25
- under the provisions of this act shall be expended for 26
- the purpose of paying the interest and principal of the 27
- bonds hereby provided for as they severally become 28
- due and payable and for no other purpose except that 29
- the fund may be invested until needed, as herein pro-30
- vided. 31

#### **§7.** Covenants of state.

- The state of West Virginia covenants and agrees with 1
- the holders of the bonds issued pursuant hereto as fol-2
- (1) That such bonds shall constitute a direct 3
- and general obligation of the state of West Virginia; 4
- (2) that the full faith and credit of the state is hereby 5 pledged to secure the payment of the principal and in-
- 6 terest of such bonds; (3) that an annual state tax shall
- be collected in an amount sufficient to pay as it may
- accrue the interest on such bonds and the principal

- 10 thereof; and (4) that such tax shall be levied in any
- 11 year only to the extent that the moneys in the state
- 12 road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated for
- 13 and applied to the payment of the interest on and prin-
- 14 cipal of said bonds becoming due and payable in such
- 15 year are insufficient therefor.

#### §8. Sale by governor; minimum price.

1 The governor shall sell the bonds herein authorized

2 at such time or times as he may determine necessary to

3 provide funds for the building and construction of free

4 state roads and highways, as herein provided, upon the

5 recommendation of the West Virginia commissioner of

6 highways, and after reviewing the program of the West

7 Virginia department of highways and subject to the limi-

8 tations contained in this act. All sales shall be at not less

9 than par and accrued interest. All interest coupons be-

10 coming payable prior to the sale date shall be cancelled

11 by the treasurer and rendered ineffective, before the

12 delivery of the bonds so sold.

# §9. Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expenditures.

1 The proceeds of all sales of bonds herein authorized

2 shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in the

3 state road fund and shall be used and appropriated solely

4 for the building and construction of free state roads

5 and highways provided for by the state constitution and

6 the laws enacted thereunder. Except for such sums 7 necessary for current operating balances, such account

8 shall be invested and reinvested in short-term obliga-

9 tions of the United States treasury: Provided, That no

10 such investment or reinvestment shall adversely affect

11 the current operating balances of such account.

#### §10. Plates, etc., property of state.

1 The plates, casts, dies or other forms from which the

2 bonds authorized by this act are produced or made shall

3 be the property of the state of West Virginia.

#### §11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.

- 1 The state auditor shall be the custodian of all unsold
- 2 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.

#### §12. Interim certificates.

- 1 The governor may authorize the issuance of interim
- 2 certificates to be issued to the purchasers of such bonds
- 3 to be held by them in lieu of permanent bonds. When
- 4 interim certificates are so issued, they shall become full
- 5 and legal obligations of the state of West Virginia under
- 6 all of the provisions of this act just as fully and com-
- 7 pletely as the permanent bonds.

# §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.

- 1 The state treasurer shall serve as financial advisor to
- 2 the governor for the issuance and sale of such bonds.

#### §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.

- 1 The attorney general, or his duly appointed legal rep-
- 2 resentative, shall serve as bond counsel and shall be
- 3 responsible for the issuance of a final approving opinion
- 4 regarding the legality of the sale of such bonds.

#### §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

- 1 All necessary expenses, including legal expenses ap-
- 2 proved by the attorney general, incurred in the execution
- 3 of this act shall be paid out of state road fund on war-
- 4 rants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state
- 5 treasurer.

# CHAPTER 16

(House Bill No. 108—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed April 29, 1971; in effect July 1, 1971. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact chapter one hundred forty-one, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, authorizing the issuance and sale by the governor of bonds of the state of West Virginia, under

authority of the Better Roads Amendment of 1964, in an amount not exceeding twenty million dollars during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, for the sole purpose of raising funds for the building and construction of state roads and highways as provided for by the constitution and the laws enacted thereunder; specifying the powers of and limitations upon the governor in the issuance and sale of such bonds; prescribing the duties of the auditor and treasurer with respect to such bonds; providing for transfer and registration fees with respect to registered bonds and the disposition of such fees; providing for places of payment of principal and interest on such bonds: exempting such bonds from taxation by the state, or by any county, district, or municipality thereof; setting forth the form of coupon and registered bonds and coupons; stating what moneys shall be paid into the state road sinking fund; providing for the disposition and investment of the state road sinking fund; providing a covenant between the state and the bondholders; providing that the proceeds from the sale of the bonds shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in the state road fund and for expenditures from such account; providing that the plates, etc., from which the bonds are produced or made shall be the property of the state; providing for interim certificates in lieu of permanent bonds; providing for the state treasurer to be financial advisor; providing for the attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel; and providing that all necessary expenses, including legal expenses approved by the attorney general, incurred in the execution of this act shall be paid out of the state road fund on warrants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state treasurer.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ROAD BONDS.

- §1. Road bonds: amount: when may issue.
- §2. Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest rate; tax exempt.
- §3. Form of bond.
- §4. Form of coupon.
- §5. Listing by auditor.
- §6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.

- **§7.** Covenants of state.
- \$8. Sale by governor; minimum price.
- **§9.** Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expenditures.
- §10. Plates, etc., property of state.
- §11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.
- §12. Interim certificates.
- §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.
- §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.
- §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

#### §1. Road bonds; amount; when may issue.

- Bonds of the state of West Virginia, under authority 1
- of the Better Roads Amendment of 1964, of the par
- 3 value not to exceed twenty million dollars during the
- fiscal year ending June thirty, one thousand nine hun-4
- dred seventy-two, are hereby authorized to be issued
- and sold for the sole purpose of raising funds for the 6
- building and construction of state roads and high-7
- ways as provided for by the constitution and the laws 8
- enacted thereunder. Such bonds may be issued by the
- governor in such denominations, at such time, bearing 10
- such date or dates as the governor may determine, 11
- 12 based upon an examination of the West Virginia
- department of highways' yearly program which jus-13
- tifies the issuance by the governor of said bonds, and 14
- shall become due and payable serially, annually 15
- or semiannually, in such amounts and mature in 16
- such years as the governor may determine: Provided, 17
- That such bonds shall mature within and not exceed-18
- ing twenty-five years from their date: Provided further, 19
- That the Governor must offer said bonds for competitive 20
- bids from recognized financial investment institutions be-21
- fore said bonds may be sold. 22

#### Transfer fee; registration fee; where payable; interest **§2**. rate: tax exempt.

- The auditor and the treasurer are hereby authorized 1
- to arrange for the transfer of registered bonds and for
- each such transfer a fee of fifty cents shall be charged
- by and paid to the state of West Virginia, to the credit

of the state road sinking fund. Bonds taken in exchange shall be cancelled by the auditor and treasurer and be carefully preserved by the treasurer. 7 The treasurer shall make provisions for registering "payable to bearer" 8 bonds, and for each bond registered a fee of fifty cents, 9 shall likewise be charged by and paid to the state of 10 West Virginia, to the credit of the state road sinking 11 fund. All such bonds shall be payable at the office of 12 13 the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, or, at the option of the holder, at a bank in the city of New York 14 to be designated by the governor, or, at the option 15 of the holder at such other bank or banks, within the state. 16 17 as may be designated or approved by the governor. The bonds shall bear interest, payable semiannually, to bearer. 18 at the office of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, 19 20 at the capitol of the state, or at the banks designated and approved by the governor, upon presentation and surren-21 der of interest coupons then due, in the case of coupon 22 bonds. For the payment of interest on registered bonds, the 23 treasurer of the state of West Virginia shall requisition a 24 25 warrant from the auditor of the state to be drawn on the state treasurer, and shall mail such warrant to the regis-26 tered owner at the address as shown by the record of regis-27 tration. Both the principal and interest of the bonds shall 28 be made payable in lawful money of the United States 29 of America and the bonds shall be exempt from taxation 30 by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, dis-31 trict, or municipality thereof, which facts shall appear 32 on the face of the bonds as part of the contract with 33 34 the holder thereof.

#### §3. Form of bond.

The bonds shall be executed on behalf of the state of West Virginia, by the manual or facsimile signature of the treasurer thereof, under the great seal of the state or a facsimile thereof, and countersigned by the manual or facsimile signature of the auditor of the state: *Provided*, That one of said signatures on said bonds shall be a manual signature and said bonds shall be in the following form or to the following effect, as nearly as may be, namely:

48

#### 9 COUPON ROAD BOND 10 (Or registered road bond, as the case may be) 11 OF THE 12 STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA 13 No.\_\_\_\_ The state of West Virginia, under and by virtue of 14 authority of an amendment to the constitution, which 15 16 was proposed by House Joint Resolution No. 10, adopted the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred 17 sixty-three, and was ratified by a vote of the people 18 at the general election on the third day of November, 19 one thousand nine hundred sixty-four, which is here-20 by made a part hereof as fully as if set forth at length 21 herein, acknowledges itself to be indebted to and hereby 22 promises to pay to the bearer hereof (in case of a coupon 23 bond) or to \_\_\_\_\_ or assigns (the owner 24 of record, in case of registered bonds) on the \_\_\_\_\_ day 25 of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_, in lawful money of the 26 United States of America at the office of the treasurer 27 of the state of West Virginia at the capitol of said state, 28 or, at \_\_\_\_\_ bank in the city of 29 New York, or, at ...... bank, at the 30 option of the holder, the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ dollars, 31 with interest thereon at \_\_\_\_ per centum per annum 32 from the date, payable semiannually in like lawful money 33 of the United States of America at the treasurer's office 34 or banks aforesaid, on the first day of \_\_\_\_\_ and 35 the first day of \_\_\_\_\_ of each year (and in 36 the case of coupon bonds) according to the tenor of 37 the annexed coupons bearing the facsimile signature 38 of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, upon sur-39 render of such coupons. This bond (in case of a coupon **4**0 bond) may be exchanged for a registered bond of like **4**1 tenor upon application to the treasurer of the state of 42 West Virginia. 43 (Redemption provisions, if any, to be inserted here) 44 To secure the payment of the principal and interest 45 of this bond, the state of West Virginia covenants and 46 agrees with the holder as follows: (1) That this bond 47 shall constitute a direct and general obligation of the

49	state of West Virginia; (2) that the full faith and credit
50	of the state is pledged to secure the payment of the
51	principal and interest of this bond; (3) that an annual
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55	any year only to the extent that the moneys in the
56	state road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated
57	for and applied to the payment of the interest on and
58	principal of this bond becoming due and payable in such
59	year are insufficient therefor.
60	This bond is hereby made exempt from any taxa-
61	tion by the state of West Virginia, or by any county,
62	district, or municipal corporation thereof.
63	In testimony whereof, witness the manual or facsimile
64	signature of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia,
65	and the manual or facsimile countersignature of the
66	auditor of the state, hereto affixed according to law,
67	dated the day of, one thousand
68	nine hundred, and the seal of the state of
69	West Virginia or a facsimile thereof.
70	
71	Treasurer of the State of West Virginia
<b>72</b>	(SEAL)
73	Countersigned:
74	**************************************
75	Auditor of the State of West Virginia
<b>§4.</b>	Form of coupon.
1	The form of coupon shall be substantially as follows,
2	to wit:
3	STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
4	Bond No Coupon No
5	On the first day of, 19, the state
6	of West Virginia will pay to the bearer, in lawful money
7	of the United States of America, at the office of the
8	treasurer of the state, or, atbank
9	in the city of New York, or, at, at the
10	option of the holder, the sum of

9

10

11

12

dollars, the same being semiannual interest on Road 12 Bond No. ...\_ 13

14 Treasurer of the State of West Virginia

15 The signature of the treasurer to such coupon shall be by his facsimile signature and the coupons shall be 16 17 numbered in the order of their maturity, from number one consecutively. The bonds and coupons may be 18 signed, as provided in this act, by the present treasurer 19 and auditor, or by any of their respective successors 20 21in office, and the bonds signed by the persons now in 22 the office may be sold by the governor or his successor in office without being signed by the successor in office 23

24 of the present treasurer or auditor.

#### §5. Listing by auditor.

All coupons and registered bonds issued under this 1 2 act shall be separately listed by the auditor of the state 3 in books provided for the purpose, in each case giving 4 the date, number, character and amount of obligations issued, and in case of registered bonds, the name and 6 post-office address of the person, firm or corporation registered as the owner thereof.

#### §6. State road sinking fund sources used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.

Into the state road sinking fund there shall be paid 1 all money from any and all appropriations made by the state from the state road fund for the purpose of paying the interest on such bonds or paying off and 4 retiring the bonds, from transfer and registration fees as herein provided, and from any other source whatsoever which is made liable by law for the payment of the principal of such bonds or the interest thereon. 8

All such funds shall be kept by the treasurer in a separate account, under the designation aforesaid, and all money belonging to the fund shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit thereof.

Such fund shall be applied by the treasurer of the 13 state first to the payment of the semiannual interest 14 on such bonds as it shall become due as herein pro-

16 vided. The remainder of the fund shall be turned over by the state treasurer to the state sinking fund com-17 mission, whose duty it shall be to invest the same in 18 19 obligations of the government of the United States, bonds of the state of West Virginia, or any political 20 21 subdivision thereof: Provided, That bonds or other obli-22 gations so purchased by the state sinking fund commis-23 sion shall mature so as to provide sufficient money to 24 pay off all bonds herein provided to be issued as they 25 become due; and the money so paid into the state road 26 sinking fund under the provisions of this act shall be 27 expended for the purpose of paying the interest and 28 principal of the bonds hereby provided for as they severally become due and payable and for no other 29 purpose except that the fund may be invested until 30 31 needed, as herein provided.

#### §7. Covenants of state.

1 The state of West Virginia covenants and agrees with 2 the holders of the bonds issued pursuant hereto as fol-3 lows: (1) That such bonds shall constitute a direct and 4 general obligation of the state of West Virginia; (2) that 5 the full faith and credit of the state is hereby pledged 6 to secure the payment of the principal and interest 7 of such bonds; (3) that an annual state tax shall be collected in an amount sufficient to pay as it may accrue 9 the interest on such bonds and the principal thereof; 10 and (4) that such tax shall be levied in any year only 11 to the extent that the moneys in the state road fund irrevocably set aside and appropriated for and applied 12 13 to the payment of the interest on and principal of said bonds becoming due and payable in such year are in-14 15 sufficient therefor.

#### §8. Sale by governor; minimum price.

The governor shall sell the bonds herein authorized at such time or times as he may determine necessary to provide funds for the building and construction of state roads and highways, as herein provided, upon the recommendation of the West Virginia commissioner of highways, and after reviewing the program of the West

- 7 Virginia department of highways and subject to the limi-
  - 8 tations contained in this act. All sales shall be at not less
- 9 than par and accrued interest. All interest coupons becom-
- 10 ing payable prior to the sale date shall be cancelled
- 11 by the treasurer and rendered ineffective, before the
- 12 delivery of the bonds so sold.

# §9. Proceeds paid into separate account in state road fund; expenditures.

1 The proceeds of all sales of bonds herein authorized

- 2 shall be paid into a separate and distinct account in
- 3 the state road fund and shall be used and appropri
  - ated solely for the building and construction of state
- 5 roads and highways provided for by the state consti-
- 6 tution and the laws enacted thereunder. Except for
- 7 such sums necessary for current operating balances,
- 8 such account shall be invested and reinvested in short-
- 9 term obligations of the United States treasury: Provided,
- 10 That no such investment or reinvestment shall adversely
- 11 affect the current operating balances of such account.

#### §10. Plates, etc., property of state.

- 1 The plates, casts, dies or other forms from which the
- 2 bonds authorized by this act are produced or made shall
- 3 be the property of the state of West Virginia.

#### §11. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.

- 1 The state auditor shall be the custodian of all unsold
- 2 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.

#### §12. Interim certificates.

- 1 The governor may authorize the issuance of interim
- 2 certificates to be issued to the purchasers of such bonds
- 3 to be held by them in lieu of permanent bonds. When
- 4 interim certificates are so issued, they shall become full
- 5 and legal obligations of the state of West Virginia under
- 6 all of the provisions of this act just as fully and completely
- 7 as the permanent bonds.

# §13. State treasurer to be financial advisor; redemption of bonds.

- 1 The state treasurer shall serve as financial advisor to
- 2 the governor for the issuance and sale of such bonds.

#### §14. Attorney general or his duly appointed legal representative to serve as bond counsel.

- 1 The attorney general, or his duly appointed legal
- 2 representative, shall serve as bond counsel and shall be
- 3 responsible for the issuance of a final approving opinion
- 4 regarding the legality of the sale of such bonds.

#### §15. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

- 1 All necessary expenses, including legal expenses ap-
- 2 proved by the attorney general, incurred in the execu-
- 3 tion of this act shall be paid out of state road fund on
- 4 warrants of the auditor of the state drawn on the state
- 5 treasurer.

# CHAPTER 17

(Senate Bill No. 1-By Mr. McCourt, Mr. President, and Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty, article two-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to relocation assistance to and replacement housing costs for persons dislocated by highway construction.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article two-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2A. WEST VIRGINIA COMMISSIONER OF HIGHWAYS.

- §17-2A-20. Relocation assistance to and replacement housing costs for persons dislocated by highway construction.
  - 1 The payment of relocation costs and replacement hous-
  - 2 ing costs to persons dislocated by highway construction

is hereby declared to be a cost of highway construction and may be paid from the state road fund, subject to the provisions of this section. The commissioner of highways shall make the payments authorized by this section to reduce hardships to persons so dislocated. In addition, the commissioner shall render advisory assistance to persons 8 9 affected and shall call upon and coordinate the services 10 of such other agencies of state and local government as may be capable of rendering such assistance to reduce 11 12 hardships to persons affected and to reduce delays in highway construction. In rendering such advisory as-13 14 sistance, the commissioner may accumulate and maintain lists of various kinds of properties available to which per-15 sons affected may be relocated, and acquire and file such 16 17 other information and take such other action as may be necessary to render such advisory assistance. With re-18 spect to persons dislocated by federal-aid highway 19 20 projects, the commissioner shall provide a relocation assistance program which will comply with and implement 22 the federal laws and regulations relating to relocation 23 assistance to displaced persons.

24 Any individual, family, business concern (including the operation of a farm) or nonprofit organization to be dis-25 placed by a highway construction project shall be com-26 pensated consistent with the provisions and limitations of 27 this section for reasonable and necessary costs to be in-28 29 curred in consequence of being so displaced. When a family is displaced, no additional payments shall be made 30 to individuals who are members of such family; but, if 31 32 two or more displaced families occupy the same dwelling 33 or comprise a single household, each family within such dwelling or household may receive relocation costs as 34 provided in this section. Payments under this section 35 are subject to the following limitations and to any rules 36 and regulations made by the commissioner as herein 37 authorized: 38

- 39 (1) With respect to state highway projects not on the 40 federal-aid highway system:
- 41 (a) Payments shall not exceed two hundred dollars in 42 the case of a family or an individual, or three thousand

dollars in the case of a business concern (including the operation of a farm) or nonprofit organization.

- (b) In the case of a business concern (including the operation of a farm) and in the case of a nonprofit organization, the allowable expense for transportation under this section shall not exceed the reasonable and necessary cost of moving fifty miles from the point from which such business or organization is being displaced and no expenses shall be allowed if a substantial portion of such business or organization is to be relocated outside the state.
- (2) With respect to federal-aid highway projects, the commissioner shall have authority to make such payments for relocation costs, replacement housing costs, including the increased interest costs which the displaced person is required to pay for financing the acquisition of a comparable replacement dwelling, and reasonable expenses incurred by such displaced person for evidence of title, recording fees, and other closing costs incident to the purchase of the replacement dwelling, and expenses incidental to the transfer of property as are authorized by the federal laws and regulations relating to relocation payments to displaced persons.

The commissioner shall establish by rules and regulations a procedure for the payment of relocation costs within the limits of and consistent with the policies of this section. Such rules and regulations may authorize lump sum payments to individuals or families, in lieu of their respective provable costs, based upon the size of the dwelling being vacated or the number of persons being affected or any other reasonable basis. The commissioner may authorize the obligations of or payment of relocation costs in advance of expenditure for relocation by any person, firm or organization eligible to receive such payment where such advance obligation or payment would speed the clearance of highway construction sites or reduce hardships.

With respect to federal-aid highway projects, the commissioner shall also have authority to comply with the federal laws and regulations relating to providing replacement housing.

84 Nothing contained in this section or in the federal laws 85 and regulations relating to relocation assistance and pay-86 ments to displaced persons shall be construed as creating in any condemnation proceedings brought under the 87 88 power of eminent domain, any element of damages not in existence on the effective date of this section or of the 89 federal laws and regulations relating to relocation assist-90 ance and payments to displaced persons. 91

# CHAPTER 18

(Senate Bill No. 21-Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 29, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT transferring an amount between items of the total appropriation of a state spending unit as appropriated by chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That an item of the total appropriation of Account No. 670, chapter six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, be transferred so as to read as follows:

109—State Department of Highways

Acct. No. 670

#### TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

- 1 Out of the above appropriations there shall be trans-
- ferred from Line Item 10, Nonfederal Aid Construction 2 an amount of \$900,000.00 which shall be expended for
- 3
- the replacement of Bridge No. 1406 on Alternate Route 4
- Three, spanning the New River at Hinton, West Vir-5
- Virginia, Summers County.

# CHAPTER 19

(Senate Bill No. 4-By Mr. Carrigan)

[Passed April 28, 1971; in effect ninety days from passage.

Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, seven and eight, chapter one hundred seventy-six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten, all relating to University high school, erected on the grounds of West Virginia University in Morgantown, Monongalia county, West Virginia, and providing that the West Virginia board of regents is authorized to transfer the property used for said high school to the board of education of the county of Monongalia for continued use for school purposes if the board of education should agree to assume all the duties, obligations and responsibilities of the board of regents in regard to said high school.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, seven and eight, chapter one hundred seventy-six, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten, all to read as follows:

#### UNIVERSITY HIGH SCHOOL.

- §2. Selection of name.
- §3. Control and supervision.
- §7. Payment for maintenance and instruction.
- §8. Levy for buildings.
- §10. Lease of property; transfer of duties and responsibilities.

#### §2. Selection of name.

1 The name of the said high school shall be selected joint-

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- 2 ly by the West Virginia board of regents and the board of
- 3 education of the county of Monongalia.

#### §3. Control and supervision.

- 1 The board of regents and any other controlling authori-
- 2 ties of the university, as provided by law, shall have
- general control and supervision of the said high school
- as a part of West Virginia University.

#### §7. Payment for maintenance and instruction.

- 1 The board of education of the county of Monongalia
- 2 shall pay for maintenance and instruction of pupils en-
- 3 rolled in the said high school a tuition fee of one half of
- 4 the average per capita cost for instruction and mainte
  - nance, exclusive of transportation costs, in high schools of
- West Virginia, as determined by the last preceding report
- ٠7 of the state superintendent of schools of West Virginia.
- The board of regents and any other authorities of the uni-
- versity, as provided by law, shall provide the remainder
- of the cost of maintenance and instruction. 10

#### §8. Levy for buildings.

1

- With the approval of the board of regents and any other
- 2 authorities provided by law, the board of education of
- 3 the county of Monongalia shall have the right to lav a levy
- 4 for the erection of such additions and buildings as may be
- 5 deemed necessary by all parties concerned to provide
- adequate facilities for said high school.

#### §10. Lease of property; transfer of duties and responsibilities.

- - The board of regents and the board of education of the county of Monongalia are hereby authorized to enter
- into an agreement, not to become effective prior to July
- one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, whereby
- the board of regents shall lease for a term not to exceed
- fifty years all of the property, real, personal and mixed,
- 7 used in the operation of said high school to the board of
- education of the county of Monongalia in exchange for the promise of the board of education to assume by the
- end of two years all the duties, obligations and responsi-10
- bilities of the board of regents in regard to said high school 11
- during the term of such lease. 12
- If such an agreement is made by the two boards, the 13
- board of regents is hereby authorized to execute all deeds 14

15 of lease and other instruments necessary to lease said 16 high school property. In case of any such lease, the as-17 sumption of the duties, obligations and responsibilities by 18 the board of education shall include the obligation without 19 any contribution from the board of regents after two 20 years, to continue to use said property as and for a high 21 school, or other school purposes in Monongalia county for 22 the term of the lease unless it should later be of the 23 opinion that it is not in the best interests of the citizens of 24 such county to continue such use.

25 In case of any such lease and transfer of duties, obliga-26 tions and responsibilities, the principal, teachers and 27 members of the clerical and custodial staffs of said high 28 school shall become the employees of the board of educa-29 tion and shall have the same rights in regard to such employment, tenure and retirement benefits that they would! 30 have had if they had been employed by the board of edu-31 32 cation at the time they were employed by the board of 33 regents or its predecessors. For the purpose of computing 34 state aid for the board of education of the county of 35 Monongalia for the fiscal year beginning after any such lease and transfer of duties, obligations and responsi-36 37 bilities, the state board of school finance shall count all 38 instructional personnel in said high school as if they had been employed solely by said board of education during 39 40 the preceding fiscal year.

#### RESOLUTION

#### HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. McManus, and Mr. Seibert)

[Adopted April 28, 1971.]

Ratifying the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right to vote to citizens eighteen years of age or older.

WHEREAS, The Ninety-second Congress of the United States of America at its first session by a constitutional two-thirds vote in both Houses adopted a Joint Resolution proposing an amend-

ment to the Constitution of the United States, which Joint Resolution is in the following words:

#### JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right to vote to citizens eighteen years of age or older.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled (two-thirds of each House concurring therein),

That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

#### ARTICLE

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States, who are eighteen years of age or older, to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of age.

SEC. 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature of the State of West Virginia hereby ratifies this proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States; and, be it

Resolved further, That the Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia notify the Administrator of General Services, Washington, D. C., the President of the Senate of the United States and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States of this action by forwarding to each of them a certified copy of this Joint Resolution adopted by the West Virginia Legislature.

# **ACTS OF 1970**

# SECOND EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

(July 28 - August 22, 1970)

## CHAPTER 1

(Senate Bill No. 11-Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed August 21, 1970: in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT transferring amounts between items of the total appropriation for the West Virginia alcohol beverage control account, as appropriated by chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, known as the Budget Bill.

Whereas, The alcohol beverage control commissioner has indicated a need to transfer specific amounts between items of appropriation heretofore made by the Legislature for such spending unit; and

Whereas, Such transfers are necessary in order to protect or to increase the efficiency of the service of such spending unit; therefore.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 837, chapter five, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred seventy, be transferred so as to read as follows:

129-West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control

Acct. No. 837

#### TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

3 Equipment \_\_\_\_ 138,000.00 4 The foregoing constitute transfers of amounts from one item of appropriation to another 5 6 item of appropriation within the total appro-7 priation of the designated spending unit: the amounts as itemized for expenditure R 9 during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy shall be available for ex-10 penditure upon the effective date of this act. 11

### CHAPTER 2

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(House Bill No. 7-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed August 21, 1970; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections thirty-two, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven and thirty-eight, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, and to amend said article by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections thirtytwo, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight and forty-seven, relating to the purchasing division of the department of finance and administration; relating to the furnishing of paper stock to contractor for state printing and prohibiting the furnishing of paper stock unless all bidders are notified in advance of the prices at which the state will supply such stock and prohibiting the furnishing of paper stock for other than state work under contract; prohibiting the commissioner of such department and the employees of such department from having any financial interest or any beneficial personal interest in the purchase of any commodities or printing or in any vendor furnishing them; prohibiting the commissioner of such department and the employees of such department from accepting or receiving any money or other thing of value, or any promise, obligation or contract for future reward, or compensation; expressly making bribery statute applicable; prohibiting the obtaining from the state under any contract made under the article by false pretense, token or

representation, or by delivery of inferior commodities, with intent to defraud, any money, goods or other property; prohibiting corrupt combinations, collusions or conspiracies in connection with the purchasing or supplying of commodities or printing; making various violations unlawful; and providing criminal penalties.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections thirty-two, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven and thirty-eight, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed, and that said article be amended by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections thirty-two, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight and forty-seven, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.

- §5A-3-32. Furnishing paper stock to contractor for state printing.
- §5A-3-35. Financial interest of commissioner, etc.; receiving reward from interested party; penalty; application of bribery statute.
- §5A-3-36. Penalty for violation of article.
- §5A-3-37. Obtaining money and property under false pretenses or by fraud from state; penalties.
- §5A-3-38. Corrupt combinations, collusions or conspiracies prohibited; penalties.
- §5A-3-47. Severability.

# §5A-3-32. Furnishing paper stock to contractor for state printing.

- Paper stock, if furnished by the state to the contractor,
- 2 shall be billed at the current market price for the grade
- 3 furnished in the quantity furnished. It shall be unlawful
- 4 and discriminatory for the director to furnish the con-
- 5 tractor with paper for any state work, unless all bidders
- 6 are notified in advance of placing their bids of the prices
- 7 at which the state will supply such stock. It shall also
- 8 be unlawful for the director to furnish to the contractor
- 9 any paper for other than the state work under contract.

# §5A-3-35. Financial interest of commissioner, etc.; receiving reward from interested party; penalty; application of bribery statute.

1 Neither the commissioner, nor any employee of the department of finance and administration, shall be finan-2 cially interested, or have any beneficial personal interest, 3 directly or indirectly, in the purchase of any commodities 4 or printing, nor in any firm, partnership, corporation or association furnishing them. Neither the commissioner nor any employee of said department shall accept or 7 8 receive directly or indirectly from any person, firm or corporation, known by such commissioner or employee to be interested in any bid, contract or purchase, by 10 rebate, gift or otherwise, any money or other thing of 11 12 value whatsoever, or any promise, obligation or contract for future reward, or compensation. 13

A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a 14 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be con-15 fined in jail not less than three months nor more than 17 one year, or fined not less than fifty nor more than one 18 thousand dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court: 19 Provided, That any person who violates any of the pro-20 visions of the last sentence of the first paragraph of this section under circumstances constituting the crime of 21 22 bribery under the provisions of section three, article five-a, chapter sixty-one of this code, shall, upon con-23 viction of bribery, be punished as provided in said article 25 five-a.

## §5A-3-36. Penalty for violation of article.

Any person who violates a provision of this article, except where another penalty is prescribed, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail not less than ten days nor more than one year, or fined not less than ten nor more than five hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court.

# §5A-3-37. Obtaining money and property under false pretenses or by fraud from state; penalties.

It shall be unlawful for any person to obtain from the state under any contract made under the provisions of this article, by false pretense, token or representation, or by delivery of inferior commodities, with intent to defraud, any money, goods or other property, and upon violation thereof, such person shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the penitentiary not less than one year nor more than five years, and be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars.

# §5A-3-38. Corrupt combinations, collusions or conspiracies prohibited; penalties.

1 It shall be unlawful for any person to corruptly com-2 bine, collude or conspire with one or more other persons with respect to the purchasing or supplying of commodities or printing to the state under the provisions of this 4 article if the purpose or effect of such combination, col-5 lusion or conspiracy is either to (1) lessen competition 6 among prospective vendors, or (2) cause the state to 7 pay a higher price for such commodities or printing than 8 would be or would have been paid in the absence of such 9 combination, collusion or conspiracy, or (3) cause one 10 prospective vendor or vendor to be preferred over one or 11 more other prospective vendors or vendors. Any person 12 who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty 13 of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be con-14 fined in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than 15 five years, and be fined not exceeding five thousand 16 dollars. 17

#### §5A-3-47. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application thereof
- 2 to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such in-
- 3 validity shall not affect other provisions or applications
- 4 of the article, and to this end the provisions of this article
- 5 are declared to be severable.

## CHAPTER 3

(Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 8-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Boiarsky, and Mr. Seibert)

[Passed August 22, 1970; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-a, relating to bribery and other corrupt practices; adopting a bribery and corrupt practices act; defining certain words and phrases used in said act; specifying and defining the crime of bribery in official and political matters; prohibiting pecuniary benefit for past behavior of any public servant; prohibiting threats in official and political matters; prohibiting gifts or gratuities to public servants under certain circumstances; interrelating section thirty-five, article three, chapter five-a of said code; providing certain exceptions with respect to the prohibition against such gifts or gratuities; prohibiting trading in public office; specifying matters not to constitute defense; providing criminal penalties; disqualifying one for office or for a position of honor, trust or profit upon conviction; providing a six-year statute of limitations for misdemeanor offenses under said article five-a; providing a rule of construction to make it clear that certain other code provisions shall not be affected by said article five-a; specifying that the enactment of said article five-a shall not affect offenses committed under sections four, five, six and seven, article five, chapter sixty-one of said code; and providing a severability clause.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-a, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5A. BRIBERY AND CORRUPT PRACTICES.

- §61-5A-1. Short title.
- §61-5A-2. Definitions.
- §61-5A-3. Bribery in official and political matters.
- §61-5A-4. Unlawful rewarding for past behavior.
- §61-5A-5. Threats in official and political matters.
- §61-5A-6. Gifts or gratuities to public servants prohibited; exceptions.
- §61-5A-7. Trading in public office.
- §61-5A-8. Certain matters not to constitute defense.
- §61-5A-9. Penalties; disqualification to hold office; statute of limitations for misdemeanor offenses.
- §61-5A-10. Construction; certain other code provisions not affected; article not to affect offenses committed under other statutory provisions.
- §61-5A-11. Severability.

#### §61-5A-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 1
- "Bribery and Corrupt Practices Act".

#### §61-5A-2. Definitions.

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- 1 The following words and phrases when used in this
- article shall have the meanings respectively ascribed
- to them in this section unless the context clearly requires
- 4 a different meaning:
- 5 (1) "Government" includes the state, the state or any county board of education, or any county or mu-7
- nicipality of the state: 8 (2) "Public servant" means any officer (whether
- executive, judicial, legislative or ministerial, and whether 10 elected or appointed) or employee of the state, or of the
- state or any county board of education, or of any county 11
- or municipality of the state, including without in any 12
- 13 way limiting the generality of the foregoing, commis-
- sioners of a court, justices of the peace, law-enforcement 14
- officers, and any person participating as juror; or any 15
- candidate for election to any state, county or local public 16
- office; but the term does not include witnesses; 17
- (3) "Party official" means (i) a person who holds 18
- an office or position in a political party or political party 19

committee, whether by election, appointment or other-wise, by virtue of which he directs or conducts, or par-ticipates in directing or conducting party affairs at any level of responsibility (including, but not limited to, a treasurer of a political party committee), or (ii) a com-mittee or any member thereof advancing the interests of any political party or candidate for election to any state, county or local public office (including, but not limited to, a financial agent as that term is now defined in chapter three of this code) or working for or against the approval of a public question by the voters at any election; 

(4) "Administrative proceeding" means any adversary proceeding before any public servant, involving the exercise of administrative authority, and said term shall not be construed as including any legislative proceeding;

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- (5) "Judicial proceeding" means (i) any proceeding before any court or commissioner thereof or justice of the peace, or (ii) any quasi-judicial proceeding before a board, commission or public servant, the outcome of which is required to be based on a record or documentation prescribed by law;
- (6) "Legislative proceeding" means any proceeding before the Legislature or either house or any committee thereof;
- (7) "Official action" means a decision, award of contract, judgment, opinion, report, recommendation, vote, or other exercise of discretion;
- (8) "Benefit" means a gain or advantage, or anything regarded, or which might reasonably be regarded, by the beneficiary as a gain or advantage, including a gain or advantage to any other person; and "pecuniary benefit" means a benefit in the form of money, tangible or intangible property, commercial interests or anything else the primary significance of which is economic gain; but the terms "benefit" and "pecuniary benefit" shall not be construed so as to include (a) salary, fees and other compensation and expenses paid by the government or political party or political party committee in behalf of which the official action or legal duty is per-

- 61 formed, or (b) concurrence in official action in the course 62 of legitimate compromise among public servants, or (c) 63 wages, salary or fees or other compensation paid to a
- 64 public servant when the reason for such payment is not 65 to affect his official impartiality:
- (9) "Harm" means loss to a person, physical injury 66 of a person or injury to the property of a person, including 67 68 loss to, physical injury of or injury to the property of any 69 other person in whose welfare he is interested;
- 70 (10) "Approval" means recommendation, failure to 71 disapprove, or any other manifestation of favor or acqui-72 escence: and
- (11) "Disapproval" means failure to approve, or any 73 74 other manifestation of disfavor or nonacquiescence.

#### §61-5A-3. Bribery in official and political matters.

- 1 A person is guilty of bribery under the provisions of this section if he offers, confers or agrees to confer to or 3 upon another, or solicits, accepts or agrees to accept 4 from another, directly or indirectly:
- Any pecuniary benefit as consideration for the 5 recipient's official action as a public servant or party official; or 7
- 8 (2) Any benefit as consideration for the recipient's official action as a public servant in an administrative 10 or judicial proceeding; or
- (3) Any benefit as consideration for a violation of a 11 12 legal duty as a public servant or party official.
- A person is also guilty of bribery under the provisions 13 14 of this section if he agrees to render or not to render official action as a public servant or party official as 15 16 consideration for a pecuniary benefit being offered or conferred to or upon, or as consideration for a promise 17 that a pecuniary benefit shall be offered or conferred 18
- to or upon, another person or a party official or a political 19
- 20 party.

### §61-5A-4. Unlawful rewarding for past behavior.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to solicit, 1
- 2 accept or agree to accept, directly or indirectly, a pecu-
- niary benefit for:

- 4 (1) Having engaged in official action as a public 5 servant; or
  - (2) Having violated a legal duty as a public servant.
- 7 It shall also be unlawful for any person to offer, 8 confer or agree to confer, directly or indirectly, a pecuniary benefit, the receipt of which is prohibited by sub-

section (a) of this section.

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#### §61-5A-5. Threats in official and political matters.

It shall be unlawful for any person to threaten harm to another with intent to influence the official action 2 of a public servant in a pending or prospective administrative or judicial proceeding before such public servant, or with intent to influence a public servant or party 5 official to violate his legal duty as a public servant or party official.

#### §61-5A-6. Gifts or gratuities to public servants prohibited; exceptions.

- (a) It shall be unlawful:
- 2 (1) For any public servant in any department, agency, 3 division, board, bureau or commission of government exercising regulatory functions, or conducting inspec-4 tions or investigations, or carrying on civil or criminal 5 litigation on behalf of the government, or having custody of prisoners, to solicit, accept or agree to accept, 7 directly or indirectly, any gift or gratuity from a person 8 9 known by such public servant to be subject to such 10 regulation, inspection, investigation or custody, or against whom such litigation is known by such public servant 11 to be pending or contemplated; or 12
- (2) For any public servant (except an officer or 13 employee of the department of finance and administra-14 tion who shall be subject to the prohibitions contained 15 in section thirty-five, article three, chapter five-a of this 16 code) having any official action to perform in connec-17 tion with bids, contracts, purchases, claims or other 18 pecuniary transactions of the government to solicit, ac-19 cept or agree to accept, directly or indirectly, any gift 20 or gratuity from any person known by such public 21 servant to be interested in any such bid, contract, pur-22 chase, claim or transaction; or
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- 24 (3) For any public servant having administrative or 25 judicial authority and for any public servant employed by or in an agency or court or other body having such 26 27 authority, or participating in the enforcement of its 28 decisions, to solicit, accept or agree to accept, directly 29 or indirectly, any gift or gratuity from a person known by such public servant to be interested in any matter 30 31 before such public servant or an agency, court or body 32 with which he is associated: or
  - (4) For any public servant in the legislative branch of government to solicit, accept or agree to accept, directly or indirectly, any gift or gratuity from any person known by such public servant to be interested in a bill, transaction or proceeding before the Legislature or either house thereof or any agency or committee thereof; or

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- 40 (5) For any person to offer, give, or agree to give 41 any gift or gratuity prohibited by the provisions of sub-42 divisions (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection (a).
- 43 (b) The prohibitions contained in subsection (a) of 44 this section shall not apply to (1) gifts or gratuities 45 conferred on account of kinship or other personal, pro-46 fessional or business relationship independent of the 47 official status of the recipient; or (2) trivial gifts or 48 gratuities involving no substantial risk of affecting official impartiality; or (3) social, professional or business enter-49 tainment involving no substantial risk of affecting official 50 51 impartiality. The prohibitions contained in subdivisions 52 (1), (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to campaign contributions made for use 53 in meeting campaign expenses by any public servant 54 by or for whom a certificate of candidacy has been filed 55 for election to the same or another public office for 56 which such campaign is to be conducted, if such cam-57 paign contributions are made after the filing of such certificate of candidacy, if no part of such campaign 59 contributions inures to the private financial gain of any 60 public servant, and, when the provisions of article eight, 61 chapter three of this code are applicable to the public 62 office being sought, if such campaign contributions are 63 within the limits specified in said article eight, are

65 reported as campaign contributions pursuant to the provisions of said article eight, and are not otherwise pro-66 hibited by said chapter three. The prohibitions contained 67 in subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of this section 68 shall not apply to campaign contributions made for use 69 in meeting campaign expenses by any public servant 70 by or for whom a certificate of candidacy has been filed 71 72 for election to the same or another public office for which such campaign is to be conducted, if such cam-73 74 paign contributions are made after the filing of such certificate of candidacy, if the person offering, giving 75 76 or agreeing to give such campaign contributions does not intend that any part of such campaign contributions 77 inure to the private financial gain of any public servant, 78 and, when the provisions of article eight, chapter three 79 of this code are applicable to the public office being 80 sought, if such campaign contributions are within the 81 limits specified in said article eight, are not otherwise 82 prohibited by said chapter three and if the person offering, 83 giving or agreeing to give such campaign contributions 84 does not intend that such contributions not be reported 85 as campaign contributions pursuant to said article eight. 86

#### §61-5A-7. Trading in public office.

It shall be unlawful for any person to solicit, accept or agree to accept, or agree that any political party or political party committee or other person shall accept, or offer, confer or agree to confer, any pecuniary benefit as consideration for approval or disapproval by a public servant or party official of a person for appointment, employment, advancement or retention as a public servant or for nomination as a candidate for public office.

# §61-5A-8. Certain matters not to constitute defense.

It shall be no defense to any prosecution under the provisions of section three or section five of this article that a person whom the actor sought to influence or otherwise affect or deal with was not qualified to act in the desired way, whether because he was a candidate for office, or had not yet assumed office or his position

- 7 of employment, or lacked authority or jurisdiction, or
- 8 the matter was not yet before him, or for any other
- 9 reason was not qualified to act in the desired way.

#### §61-5A-9. Penalties; disqualification to hold office; statute of limitations for misdemeanor offenses.

- 1 (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of section three of this article shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished, if an 4 individual, by imprisonment in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than ten years, and, if a corporation, 6 by a fine of not exceeding fifty thousand dollars. Any person convicted of violating any of the provisions of 7 section three of this article shall also be forever dis-8 qualified from holding any office or position of honor, 9 10 trust or profit of government in this state.
  - (b) Any person who violates any of the provisions of section four of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by confinement in jail not less than three months nor more than one year or by a fine of not exceeding five thousand dollars or, in the discretion of the court, by both such confinement and fine.

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- 18 (c) Any person who violates any of the provisions 19 of section five of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be pun-20 ished by confinement in jail not less than three months 21 nor more than one year or by a fine of not exceeding 22 23 five thousand dollars or, in the discretion of the court, by both such confinement and fine, unless such person 24 25 threatened to commit a crime or made a threat with the purpose to influence an administrative or judicial 26 proceeding, in which event, he shall, upon conviction 27 thereof, be guilty of a felony and shall be punished as 28 specified in subsection (a) of this section for a violation 29 of any of the provisions of section three of this article. 30
- (d) Any person who violates any of the provisions of section six or section seven of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by confinement in jail not less than 34 three months nor more than one year or by a fine of 35

- 36 not less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars. or. in the discretion of the court, by both such confine-37
- ment and fine. 38
- 39 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of section nine, article eleven of this chapter or any other provision of 40
- law to the contrary, a prosecution for a misdemeanor 41
- 42 under the provisions of this article shall be commenced
- within six years after the offense was committed. 43

#### §61-5A-10. Construction: certain other code provisions not affected; article not to affect offenses committed under other statutory provisions.

1 Under no circumstances whatever shall this article be 2 construed as superseding or in any way affecting the provisions of (1) chapter three of this code dealing with bribery and other corrupt practices and criminal offenses in connection with elections, election officials, voters or voting in elections; (2) sections seventeen and eighteen, 6 article two, chapter fifteen of this code; (3) section nine, 7 article two-a, chapter eighteen of this code; and (4) sec-8 tions fifteen and twenty-two, article ten of this chapter sixty-one; and the specific types of bribery, corrupt 10 practices and criminal offenses covered by the statutory 11 provisions referred to in this section shall continue to be 12 governed by such statutory provisions and not by this 13

article. The provisions of this article shall govern and control 15 as to any offenses committed in violation thereof on and 16 after the effective date of this article, and the provisions 17 of sections four, five, six and seven, article five of this 18 chapter, shall govern and control as to any offenses com-19 mitted in violation of said sections four, five, six and 20 seven prior to the effective date of this article five-a. 21 with like effect as to such prior offenses as if this article 22 five-a had not been enacted. 23

### §61-5A-11. Severability.

14

- If any provision of this article or the application thereof 1
- to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such in-
- validity shall not affect other provisions or applications.
- of the article, and to this end the provisions of this
- article are declared to be severable.

#### DISPOSITION OF BILLS ENACTED

The first column gives the number of the bill and the second column the chapter assigned to it.

## Regular Session, 1971 HOUSE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	BIII No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapte
502	43	686	102	962	58
503	81	688		988	100
504	137	691		989	170
518		700		1002	1/2
519		708	30	1002	182
319	60	/06	09	1003	182
522	74	724	63	1004	113
525	78	729	163	1006	133
527	26	730	109	1009	110
533	19	738	72	1010	
539	117	744	140	1014	130
543	64	756	132	1015	105
543 544	180	759	141	1022	
547	80	762		1031	
554		784		1038	120
558	101	786	30	1039	191
330					
571	115	790	177	1040	152
573	70	795	55	1049	
586	40	801	131	1054	96
589 591	77	802	135	1073	145
591	124	803	134	1074	175
592	27	806	179	1078	169
597	50	807	94	1080	149
609		828	104	1094	18
610	83	830	100	1101	
612	46	833	24	1102	103
618	190	835	169	1115	161
622	71	839	121	1117	
627		844		1121	33
021		847	106	1129	120
829 643		857		1130	120
043		001	32		
646		858	4	1147	176
647		864	162	1151	116
648	151	865	13	1158	59
649	150	869	159	1173	
657	65	913	90	1174	119
662	51	916		1175	
674	23	929	16	1182	118
676	20	944	167	1197	

#### SENATE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
3	84	148		257	142
20	108	149		261	
	170	159		263	
	47	165	57	266	
	41	174	37	280	174
	54	176		286	10
39	53	183	166	317	
45	128	184	157	326	
54	95	187	68	343	148
65	48	188		344	
66	164	193		350	
74	17	197	9	351	
80	66	198	125	352	45
86	107	208		353	
93	183	211	28	371	56
95	92	214	85	379	
	147	232	111	380	171
101		234	99	404	173
104	144	235		410	
122	153	236	136	412	
	****			415	154
	146	237	35		
142	6	239	97	419	160
147		255	165	443	62

# First Extraordinary Session, 1971 HOUSE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
107 108 110 111 112	15 16 8 1	113 114 115 122 123	6 9 14 11 3	125 126 127 128 130	5 4 10 2 12

#### SENATE BILLS

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
1		8	13 18

# Second Extraordinary Session, 1970

#### HOUSE BILLS

#### SENATE BILL

Bill No.	Chapter	Bill No.	Chapter
7	2	11	1

# INDEX

A

	OWLED			ments Act		Ch. 1	Page 1
	AMEND		7 1.0.0.0.0 W.1cug.	inelius Pactimination		_ •	•
Acts	Sess.	Ch.	Sec.				Page
1907	Reg.	28		Intermediate County	Court	of Mcl	Dowell 227
1925	Reg.	120	9	Salary, judge of Ohio Cou			
1947	Reg.	176	2 3, 7, 8; 10	University Hig	h Schoo	ol	1095
1959	Reg.	178	4	Foster homes Youth Cente	division	, Cabell C	ounty 1002
1959	Reg.	185	2, 4	Jurisdiction, J wha County,	uvenile and sa	Court of lary of ju	Kana- dge 225
1959	Reg.	199	2, 5	Jurisdiction, Wood County	Intermed y, and sa	iate Cou	rt of dge 239
1963	Reg.	212	9	Powers, Raleig			t Au- 1006
1964	Reg.	38	2, 4	Jurisdiction, I Mercer Coun			
1969	Reg.	156	1	Law assistant Court of Kar	to jud nawha C	ige of County	ircuit 221
1970	Reg.	34	2	Jurisdiction of Cab	f Dome	estic Rela	tions 222
1971	Reg.	140	1-15	Issuance and s	ale of re	oad bonds	1075
1971	Reg.	141	1-15	Issuance and s	ale of ro	ad bonds	1083
Dogs Killi	CULTURE ng or wo e Dogs.		livestock or po	ul <b>try</b>		Ch. . 5	Page 31
Meat a Gene Sec	and meat eral prov e Meat a	isions	ts t Products.			. 3	9
Estal				and grades of liv		2	8
	ral					4	29
AIR P	Stock I OLLUTIO ey genera	N CON					
Commi	ssion					73	365
						73	363
Hearin	g e					73	362
Publi	c				·	73	465
Motor v	vehicle po	llution_		s of air pollutan		73 73	368 367
Policy							
Drosect	ting atto	rnev				73	361
Assis	tance to	commis	sion			73	365

1116 Index

Records, reports, data or information Confidentiality Proceedings upon request to inspect or copy Rules and regulations  APPROPRIATIONS: Budget Bill, making general appropriations for fiscal year 1972 Index to, by accounts Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control Attorney General Auditor's office Board of Regents Department of Agriculture Department of Finance and Administration Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	73 73 6 6 6 1 7 8 11	366 367 363 34 36 1099 1052 1054
Proceedings upon request to inspect or copy Rules and regulations  APPROPRIATIONS: Budget Bill, making general appropriations for fiscal year 1972 Index to, by accounts Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control Attorney General Auditor's office Board of Regents Department of Agriculture Department of Finance and Administration Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	73 73 6 6 6 1 7 8 11	367 363 34 36 1099 1052 1054
Rules and regulations  APPROPRIATIONS: Budget Bill, making general appropriations for fiscal year 1972 Index to, by accounts Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control Attorney General Auditor's office Board of Regents Department of Agriculture Department of Finance and Administration Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	73 6 6 6 7 8 11	363 34 36 1099 1052 1054
APPROPRIATIONS: Budget Bill, making general appropriations for fiscal year 1972 Index to, by accounts Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control Attorney General Auditor's office Board of Regents Department of Agriculture Department of Finance and Administration Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	6 6 1	34 36 1099 1052 1054
Budget Bill, making general appropriations for fiscal year 1972 Index to, by accounts  Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control  Attorney General  Auditor's office  Board of Regents  Department of Agriculture  Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction)  Department of Mental Health	6 1 7 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	36 1099 1052 1054
Index to, by accounts  Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control  Attorney General  Auditor's office  Board of Regents  Department of Agriculture  Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction)  Department of Mental Health	6 1 7 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	36 1099 1052 1054
Supplementary appropriations Alcohol Beverage Control Attorney General Auditor's office Board of Regents Department of Agriculture Department of Finance and Administration Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	1 7 8 11 11 1	1099 1052 1054
Alcohol Beverage Control  Attorney General  Auditor's office  Board of Regents  Department of Agriculture  Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid  Construction)  Department of Mental Health	. 7 . 8 . 11 . 1	1052 1054
Attorney General Auditor's office Board of Regents Department of Agriculture Department of Finance and Administration Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	. 7 . 8 . 11 . 1	1052 1054
Auditor's office  Board of Regents  Department of Agriculture  Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid  Construction)  Department of Mental Health	. 8 . 11 . 1	1054
Board of Regents  Department of Agriculture  Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid  Construction)  Department of Mental Health	11	
Department of Agriculture  Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid  Construction)  Department of Mental Health	. 1	1058
Department of Finance and Administration  Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid  Construction)  Department of Mental Health	2	1043
Department of Highways (Acct. 670—Nonfederal Aid Construction) Department of Mental Health	-	1045
Construction) Department of Mental Health		
Department of Mental Health	. 18	1094
	. 3	1046
Department of Natural Resources	. 4	1048
Early childhood education demonstration centers		1049
Legislature (joint expenses)	. 6	1050
State Senate (per diem of officers and attaches)		1055
State Tax Department	. 10	1057
Transferring amounts of items of total appropriation		
Department of Welfare		101
Hopemont State Hospital		1060
Welch Emergency Hospital		1060
West Virginia Children's Home		1060
West Virginia Forestry Camp	. 12	1060
ASSESSOR:		
Assistants, deputies and employees		
Appointment	. 23	172, 180
Compensation		172
Payment		174
Discharge		173
Mileage allowance		178
Compensation		
Additional	. 23	175
Affidavit acknowledging receipt of		175
Fixed by county court		170
Maximum and minimum limits		169 ,1061
Payment		174
Sharing that of deputy, etc., prohibited		176
Penalty		176
Duties, additional	_ 24	182
Expenditures	. 23	179
Report to county court		178
Mileage allowance		172
When to devote full time to public duties		171
When to devote full this to public duties	20	
ATTORNEY GENERAL:		
Duties as to expenditures by spending units in excess of		
appropriation	15	118
retablishment of in-service training programs for prosecuting		
attorneys	_ 23	166
18		
Д		
Y A STUCE	91	149
<del>-</del>	_ 21 _ 21	142 141

INDEX 1117

BANKS—(continued): Examination by commissioner of banking—(continued):	Ch.	Pag
Examination by federal agency in lieu of	21	14:
Fees, costs and expenses		14:
Collection		14:
Report	21	143
Records to be retained	21	142
West Virginia Board of Banking and Financial Institutions Directed to make study and report on banking laws including branch banking, mergers, holding companies,		
etc. (HCR10)		1014
BERKELEY COUNTY:		
County court		
Contribution from general fund for certain purposes authorized	178	1001
BLIND:		
West Virginia Society for the Blind and Severely Disabled	150	837
Operation of food service in public office buildings		
Policy of state as to	196	836
Schools for the deaf and blind Continuation and management	150	841
Salary scale		841
Salary State	100	011
BLOOD:		
Donation by minors without parental permissionProcuring, etc., human blood	74	370
Declared not a sale	75	. 371
Warranties inapplicable	75	371
BOARD OF REGENTS: See Universities and Colleges.		
BOARDS OF EDUCATION:		
County Boards of Education		
Farly childhood education		
General provisions	148	801
Powers		
General authority of boards	145	795
Pupils	110	700
Age limits	146	799
Transfer of pupils between districts	147	800
Computation of net enrollment	141	800
Tuition Agreed upon by districts	147	800
Paid by district from which pupil transferred	147	800
School terms		
Employment term	146	798
Instructional term for pupils	146	799
Extension	146	799
Minimum school term	146	798
State Board of Education		
Compensation and expenses of members	143	790
Correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools		
Advisory committee	144	794
Authorization for exempt schools	144	792
Bond required	144 144	793
Enforcement of regulations	T.3.4	794
Fines, penalties and forfeitures	144	794
Violations Penalty for violations	144	794
Penalty for Violations Permits	144	792
Reports	_ 144	793
ACDOL W TELEVISION TO THE REPORT OF THE PERSON TO THE PERS		

1118 Index

BOARDS OF EDUCATION—(continued): State Board of Education—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Creation, composition, appointment, qualifications, terms and removal of members	143	789
Early childhood education		
General provisions	148	801
Meetings		790
Offices		790
Public school supportSee Schools.	153	817
BRIBERY:		
Bribery and Corrupt Practices Act		
Article not to affect offenses committed under other statutory		
provisions	3	1112
Citation	3	1105
Code provisions not affected	3	1112
Construction	3	1112
Defense to prosecution		
Certain matters not to constitute defense		1110
Definitions		1105
Disqualifications to hold office	3	1111
Gifts or gratuities to public officials		
Prohibited	3	1108
Exceptions	_ 3	1108
Offenses committed under other statutory provisions not affected	_	1112
Official matters		
Bribery in		1107
Threats in		1108
Past behavior, unlawful rewarding for		1107
Penalties	3	1111
Political matters	_	
Bribery in		1107
Threats in	3	1108 1112
Severability of provisions of article		1105
Short title		1111
Statute of limitations for misdemeanor offenses Trading in public office		1110
Elections	3	1110
Persons convicted of bribery disqualified from voting  Limitation of actions	55	311
Misdemeanor offenses under corrupt practices act	3	1111
Threats in official and political matters		1108
BUDGET BILL:		2200
Making general appropriations for fiscal year 1972	6	34
Index to, by accounts	. 6	36
BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS:		
Borrower		
Default in payments, etc.	. 19	134
Acceleration of maturity.	19	134
Proceedings on security	19	134
Investments authorized	19	136
Loans	. 19	136
Deefts		
Profits Undivided profits account	. 19	135
Investment	. 19	138
Devenue		
Amount and purpose	. 19	134
and the second s		
Rights, powers, etc., of state associations as to	. 19	138

INDEX 1119

BUILDING COMMISSION: Bond issues	Ch.	Page
Bonds issued	167	877
Special fund for retirement of		883
State building revenue bonds		877
Charleston, City of	201	011
May dedicate streets, property, etc., to commission	167	876
Compensation		868
Contracts		
To be secured by bond	167	876
When competitive bids required		876
Debt		
Article not authority to create state	167	882
Definitions	167	871
Expenses	167	868
Funds		
Audits	167	875
Deposits and security for		875
Disbursements		875
Legislative findings		870
Liberal construction of article	167	882
Management and control of project	167	881
Compliance with article and state constitution only		
	167	882
Members	100	868
Appointment, terms and qualifications		868
NamePowers enumerated		872
Powers generally		868
Revision of article	101	000
Purpose	167	870
Severability of article		882
Trusts and trustees		
Trustee for holder of bonds	167	879
Trustee for holder of bonds	167	879
Trust existing in favor of existing bond holders	167	880
BUILDINGS:		
Food service for public office buildings by State Society for		
the Blind and Severely Disabled		
Definitions	156	836
Policy of State	156	836
Operation in public office buildings by State Division of		
Vocational Rehabilitation		837
Construction of article	156	836
BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX:		
Amusements		
Rate of tax	_ 169	901
Banking and other financial business		
Rate of tax	. 169	903
Coal		
Rate of tax	_ 169	898
Contracting	100	001
Rate of tax	. 109	901 893
Definitions	. 109	033
Exemptions General provisions	169	904
		242
For hire property  Rate of tax	. 169	902
Imposition of privilege tax	169	896
Industrial loan business		
Rate of tax	169	902

1120 INDEX

BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Manufacturing and compounding products	169	899
Municipal corporations		
Restricted from imposing additional tax	169	905
Natural resources		
Rate of tax	169	898
Normal tax		
Computing	169	905
Defined	_ 169	905
Reduction allowed in tax due	169	905
Property Solling tongible		
Selling tangible		
Rate of taxPublic utilities	169	900
Pote of ton	100	000
Service business or calling not otherwise specifically taxed	169	900
Rate of tax	160	902
Severability of provisions of article	109	905
Small loan business	109	300
Rate of tax	160	902
	_ 105	302
c		
CABELL COUNTY:		
Domestic Relations Court		
Jurisdiction	34	222
Intermediate Court	01	
Jurisdiction	_ 37	237
Salary of judge		238
Youth Center		
Foster homes division	179	1002
CARRIERS:		
Tax on gross income of certain		890
Rate of tax	169	891
CHILD MOLESTING:		
Penalty	43	247
CIRCUIT COURTS:		
Circuits		
Counties comprising		216
Number of judges for	30	217
Judges		
Allowances		
Stationery, postage and stenographic services	32	220
Election	20	015
Dates for		217 218
Thirty-second and thirty-third circuits		210
Additional compensation from countles		219
Terms and sessions	01	
Thirty-second circuit	30	218
Thirty-third circuit		218
Thirteenth judicial circuit (Kanawha County)	•	
Law assistant to judge		
Appointment, qualification and salary	33	221
and harmonial distance and the same and the		
CIVIL SERVICE:		
Deputy sheriffs		_
Age disqualification	_ 29	213
Appointments and promotions	_ 29	198
Appointing officer defined	29	196
Appointments from eligible list	_ 29	206

CIVIL SERVICE—(continued):		
Deputy Sheriffs—(continued):		_
Appointments and promotions—(continued): Chief deputy, rights of	Ch.	Page
Chief deputy, rights of  Discrimination prohibited on political or religious grounds	. 29 s 29	208 208
Eligible list for appointments	3 29	206
Posting	. 29	204
Probationary period	. 29	201
Civil service commission		
Appointment of members	. 29	196
Clerk	. 29	199
Examinations		
Age requirements	. 29	202
Applicant		
Qualifications		204
Application	. 29 29	202 203
Character of		203
Political or religious test prohibited	29	208
Prescribed by state civil service commission		203
Presence of representatives of the press		204
Qualifications of applicant		204
Refusal to examine or certify applicant	29	205
Review		205
Training and retraining programs	29	204, 210
Funds forOffices and supplies	29	199
Offices and supplies	29	199
Powers and duties	29	199
Qualifications of members		196
Removal of members		197
Rules and regulations		201 195
Counties to which application of acts mandatory		195 196
Other countles may adopt		214
System once established mandatory	29	215
Definitions	29	196
Inconsistent acts repealed	29	215
Offenses and penalties		213
Political activity prohibited	29	209
Removal for	29	209
Promotions		
Eligibility		207
Provisions of article severable	29	215 211
Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay	29 29	211 212
Appeal to circuit court Training and retraining programs	29	210
Vacancies		
Filled by promotion	29	207
Noncompetitive examination for filling	29	207
Provisional appointment	29	207
CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE:		
Against Department of Mental Health, Board of Regents		
and Department of Public Institutions		
Overspending appropriations	15	118
Proceedings to recover amount of claims	15	118
Court of Claims		220
Compensation of judges	13	115
Expenses of judges	13	115
Declaring certain to be moral obligations and directing		
payment	14	115

CLERKS OF CIRCUIT COURTS:			Ch.	Page
Assistants, deputies and employee	25			2
Appointment Compensation			23	172
Compensation				172
Payment			23	174
DischargeMileage allowance			23 23	173 178
Compensation			23	110
Affidavit acknowledging receipt	of		23	175
Fixed by county court			23	170
Maximum and minimum limits.			23, 13	169, 1061
Payment			23	174
Sharing that of deputy, etc., pr	ohibi			176
Penalty			23	176
Expenditures Report to county court			23	179
Mileage allowance				178
Request for appropriation of funds	S		23	172
When to devote full time to publ	lic d	uties	23	171
CLERKS OF COUNTY COURTS:				
Assistants, deputies and employee				
Appointment			23	172
Compensation			23	172
Payment			23 23	174 173
DischargeMileage allowance			23	178
Compensation			20	. 1.0
Affidavit acknowledging receipt	of		23	175
Fixed by county court			23	170
Maximum and minimum limits				169, 1061
Payment		143	23	174 176
Sharing that of deputy, etc., pr Penalties				176
Expenses			-~	2.0
Report to county court			23	179
Liability for illegal payment of				_
deputies, etc			. 23	176
Request for appropriation of fund			. 23 . 23	178 172
When to devote full time to publ				171
_	<u>.</u> .			
CODE AMENDED: Ch. Art. S	ec.			Page
Ch. Art. S	3	Congressional districts		
2. 2	1	Legal holidays		425
	2, 3	Scope of chapter, elections and persons ent	on law	defini-
3 1	3a*	Persons entitled to vote	e, etc	313
8 1	9	Political party commit	tees	315
3 2	2	Voter registration requ		
3 2	2a	Voting by absentees in		
-		office		317
4 1	20*	Space in capitol build Legislature		<b>42</b> 7
• 20	-10	Compensation and exponents of Legislature		430
1	1-4	Purchasing Practices a Commission	nd Proc	edures 436
(*) Indicates new chapter, article	e or	section.		

Co		NDED—(continued):	41.0	
5	. Art.	Sec. 1-15	State Building Commission	Page . 868
5	10	2, 17, 22, 29	Retirement benefits for members of the Legislature	720
5	11	2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 13; 17, 18, 19*	Human Rights Commission	. 374
5	16*	1-19	Public Employees Insurance Act	1063
5.4	A 1	2	Compensation of Commissioner of Fi- nance and Administration	263
5.4	A 2	13	Estimates of revenue and reports on collections	264
5.A	A 2	19	Transfers between items of appro-	101
5.4	A 3	32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 47*	Application of bribery statutes to illegal acts in connection with state purchases	1101
5.A	5	3	Leasing of grounds, buildings, etc., by the state	265
5.A	7	6	Information system services	266
6	3	1	Appointment of deputy sheriffs and conservators of the peace	682
6	7	2a	Appointment, term, salaries, etc., of certain appointive state officers	690
6	7	4	Salaries of judges of circuit courts	219
6	7	6	Stationery, postage and stenographic help for judges of circuit courts	220
7	1	1, 5	County courts, powers and duties	162
7	3	2	Closing courthouse on Saturdays	187
7.	4	1	Duties of prosecuting attorney on election days	190
7	4	2	Rewards for apprehension of persons charged with crime; detection of crime, bounties and investigation of crime	191
7	7	1-20	County in-service training programs; compensation and expenses of county officials, their assistants, deputies and employees	165
7	7	4	Compensation of elected county of-	061
7	7	6 (30)	Compensation of stenographer to prosecuting attorney of Mingo	193
7	14*	1-21		195
8	13	5a	Powers of municipalities to levy ex- cise tax on purchaser and con- sumers of public utility services	590
8	13	13	_	592
8	14	5a*		602
8	15	6	Dissolution of volunteer fire com- panies	603
8	15	10	Hours of duty for municipal firemen	504
8	16	4a*; 8, 17	Municipal public works and revenue	594
(*)	Indicates	new chapter, article or		

		ED—(continued):	<b>n</b>	
Ch. 8	Art. 16	Sec.	Ordinance for construction of munici- pal public works	age 605
8	19	5	Publication of abstract of ordinance for municipal waterworks projects	607
8	20	4	Publication of abstract of ordinance for combined waterworks and sewerage projects	607
8	22	19, 24, 25, 26, 27	Disability, death and retirement benefits for firemen and policemen	609
8	24	50a*	Adopting federal standards for factory-built housing	621
8	27	5, 14, 20; 26, 27*	Urban mass transportation systems	622
8	32	1	Appropriations by counties and mu- nicipalities for museums and cul- tural centers	629
10	2	4a*	Park and recreation boards	692
11	2	2	Selection of deputy assessors	180
11	2	5 (56)	Payment of salaries of assessors, deputies, etc.	886
11	2	5a, 5a(1)-5a(55)*	Additional compensation and duties of assessors	181
11	5	2	Personal property books	886
11	7	1	Collection of capitation taxes for year 1970, etc.	887
11	12A	2, 3	Tax on income of certain carriers	890
11	13	1, 2, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2g, 2h, 2i, 2j, 3, 3b, 25; 2k, 26*	Business and Occupation Tax	893
11	16	13	Unlawful acts of beer licensees	102
11	16	13b*	Brewers and distributors of beer	107
11	21	9	Meaning of terms in personal income tax law	906
11	21	74	Employer's return and payment of personal income taxes withheld	909
11	24	3	Meaning of terms in corporation net income tax law	907
11A	1	12	Sheriff's receipt for taxes	687
11A	4	17, 18, 32	Sale of lands for school fund	911
12	3	11	Recruitment, moving and other expenses of employees of Board of Regents	788
12	6	9	Investments of public funds	110
12	6	11	Purchase, sale or exchange of securities by Board of Investments	113
13	2C	2, 3	Legislative findings and definitions under the Industrial Development Bond Act	
14	2	8	Compensation of judges of court of claims	115
15	2	3	Organization of Department of Public Safety and salaries of members	740
15	2	29	Criminal Identification Bureau, Department of Public Safety	742
(*) I	indicates	new chapter, article or	section.	

COD	E AMEN	DED—(continued):	
Ch. 16	Art. 2	Sec.	Page
10	4	3	Combined local boards of health, employment of officers, installation of equipment, etc. 347
16	2A	1	County and municipal boards of health 350
16	3	4	Compulsory immunization of school children 352
16	3	4a*	Compulsory testing of school children and school personnel for tuberculosis354
16	4	10	Treatment of minors for venereal diseases 355
16	13A	3, 3a	Public service districts for water and sewerage services 356
16	20	1, 2, 5; 11a, 11b, 11c*	Air pollution control 361
16	21	1	Blood donations by minors 370
16	23*	1	Procuring, etc., human blood, etc., organs or other human tissue 371
16	25	4, 13	Health care corporations 372
17	2A	20	Relocation assistance and housing costs for persons displaced by highway construction
17	4	20	Bonds of highway contractors 769
17	10	23	County tax levy of property outside of municipalities 888
17A	3	4	Application for motor vehicle certificate of title and tax on certification of title 566
17A	4A	1, 2	Motor vehicle certificate of title to show liens and encumbrances 569
17A	8	1; 10a*	Special vehicle plates for manufacturers and transporters 571
17C	2	5	Authorized emergency vehicles 580
17C	9	5	Operation of vehicles on approach of emergency vehicles 581
17C	15	26	Lamps, etc., on motor vehicles 581
17C	15	44*	Safety equipment and requirements for motorcyclists and motorcycles 583
17C	17	11	Permits for operation of vehicles of excess size and weight 587
17D	4	16	Proof of financial responsibility following automobile accident 588
18	2	1, 3	Composition, appointment, terms, compensation, etc., of members of State Board of Education and meetings of board
18	2	10	Permits for correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools 792
18	5	13	Authority of county boards of edu- cation generally 795
18	5	15	School terms, age of persons who may attend, etc 798
	_		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMENDED	-(continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	1	Page
18	5	16a	Transfer of pupils between school districts	800
18	5	18	Early childhood education programs	801
18	7A	3	Definitions applicable to Teachers Retirement System	804
18	7A	14a*	Retirement plan options of certain members of Teachers Retirement System	808
18	7A	26; 26e*	Computation of teachers' annuities and supplemental benefits to certain annuitants	812
18	7A	34	Loans to members of Teachers Re- tirement System	816
18	9	6	General school fund	888
18	9A	1-20	Public school support	817
18	10A	3	Powers and duties, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation	833
18	10D	2	Members of Education Commission of the States	835
18	10G*	1-3	Food service in public office buildings	835
18	11	<b>10</b> b	Security officers for West Virginia University	839
18	17	1	Salary scale for employees of schools for deaf and blind	841
18	20	1	Special schools and teaching services for exceptional children	842
18	22B	6	State scholarship awards	843
18	23	4a*	Supplemental retirement plans for employees of institutions of higher education	810
18	24	4	Capital improvement fund for institutions of higher education	845
18	26	2	Definitions applicable to Board of Regents	850
18	26	10; 13-24*	Transferring powers and duties of certain agencies to Board of Regents	852
18	26	13a*	Accreditation of institutions of higher education	861
18	26	13b*	Branch colleges and off-campus locations of universities and colleges.	862
18A .	4	2, 7, 8	Salaries of teachers and other school personnel	831
19	2A	15	Establishment of uniform standards, grades of livestock, market practices, etc.	8
19	2B	2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11	Inspection of animals, meat, meat products, etc.	8
19	18	1, 5	General stock law	29
19	20	14-18	Dogs	31
20	2	5	Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing and protection of certain species of hawks	631

<sup>(\*)</sup> Indicates new chapter, article or section.

Ch.	Art.		•
20	2	Sec. 13	-
20	2	34, 39, 40, 40a, 44a, 46	Hunting and fishing licenses
20	5A	15	Appeals to Water Resources Board
20	6	2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 30; 9a, 11a, 13a, 14a*	Surface mining and reclamation
20	6A*	1	Limitations on surface mining
20	7	1	Conservation officers
20	7	4	Powers and duties of conservation officers
20	7	9	Penalties for violations of natural resources law
21	1 <b>A</b>	1-8	Labor-management relations act for the private sector
21	1B*	1-3	West Virginia Labor - management Relations Board
21	5C	1, 2, 3, 4, 7	Minimum wage and maximum hours standards for certain employees
21A	1	3	Definitions, Department of Employment Security
21A	2	16	Commissioner of Employment Security, federal-state cooperation, etc
21.A	5	2, 3, 5, 7, 10; 3a*	Employer coverage, etc.
21A	6	3, 10; 15*	Employee benefits
21A	6A*	1-7	Extended benefits program
22	1	1-35	Administration and enforcement of mining laws
22	2	1-74	Coal mines4
12	6	1	Certification of coal miners 5
23	1	1, 3	Workmen's Compensation Commissioner and payment of salaries and expenses
3	4	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8b, 8c, 9b, 10, 14, 15, 15b, 16; 16a*	Disability and death benefits 9
3	4A*	1-8	Disabled workmen's relief fund 95
3	5	1, 2, 5; 3a*	Review of commissioner's decisions; attorney fees 99
3	6	1	Provisions of chapter severable 100
4	1	2, 6	Appointment, qualifications, compensation, duties, etc., of members of Public Service Commission 74
4	1	3	Secretary and other employees of PSC 75
4	2	1; 13*	Jurisdiction of Public Service Com- mission and enforcement of federal
•			acts 74

<sup>(\*)</sup> Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMENDE	D—(continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	P	Page
24.A	1	2	Motor carriers of passengers and property	752
24A	6	6	Special assessment against motor carriers for PSC motor carrier fund	759
24A	6A*	1-13	Regulation and registration of inter- state for hire carriers	753
24B	5	3	Special license fee of gas pipeline companies for PSC gas pipeline safety fund	761
25	4	7	Physical and mental examination of youthful offenders	729
27	1A	11	Division of alcoholism and drug abuse, Department of Mental Health	440
28	1	1-11	Commitment of youthful male of- fenders	730
30	2A	2	Powers of Medical Licensing Board _	695
30	3	1, 2	Practitioners of medicine and surgery	696
30	3	4	Licensing of physicians and surgeons	698
30	3A*	1-4	Assistants to physicians	697
30	7	7	Licensing of alien nurses	700
30	19	7	Licensing foresters and fee therefor	701
30	22*	1-17	Landscape architects	703
31	1	63, 63a	Merger of corporations	128
31	6	23, 25, 42; 43*	Building and loan associations	134
31	7	7	Limitations on powers of industrial loan companies	138
31	10	6	Supervision and examination of credit unions	140
31	15	4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13; 7a*	West Virginia Industrial Development Authority	145
31A	2	6, 8	Examination and reports of financial institutions	141
32	1	4	Transaction not included under law regulating sale of securities	864
33	8	7	Investments by insurers	323
35	2	9	Distribution of income by trust deemed a private foundation	915
36	5	1-5	Release or disclaimer of powers of appointment	332
36	7	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11	Gifts to minors	335
37	1	11	Summary proceedings for sale, lease or mortgage of estate of infants, insane persons, convicts, etc.	763
39	1A*	1-9	Uniform Recognition of Acknowledgments Act	1
44	2	1	Reference of decedents' estates to commissioner of accounts	320

<sup>(\*)</sup> Indicates new chapter, article or section.

COD	E AMENI	DED—(continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Pa	ge
44	2	<b>24</b> a	Accounting by personal representa- tive for moneys not capable of pay- ment at time of final settlement of estate	321
44	6	2	Securities in which fiductaries may invest 3	323
44	10	8	Disbursements by guardian from estate of infant wards 3	28
44	10A*	1-5	Guardianships for mentally retarded persons 3	29
46	9	. 403	Financing statements under Uniform Commercial Code	65
47	5*	1-6	Safety glazing materials 7	64
47	15*	1-6	Pyramid promotional schemes 7	67
48	1	12, 12a, 12c	Persons authorized to perform mar- riages 20	67
49	5	13a*	Prosecuting attorney to represent petitioner in juvenile proceedings 13	14
50	18	1	Criminal jurisdiction of justice of the peace 38	95
51	2	1; 1ff, 1gg*	Establishing 32nd and 33rd judicial circuits 21	16
52	2	3	Summoning jury commissioners; selection and summoning grand jurors 3	92
52	2	14*	Grand juries which may sit as long as one year 39	3
53	4A	3	Post-conviction review by writ of habeas corpus 34	.5
54	1	9	Crossing or alteration of works of an entity having power of eminent domain by another entity having such right	8
56	2	2	Service of notice on nonresidents by publication68	1
60	3	9a, 19a	Price increase on alcoholic liquors for retirement of Korean Veterans' Bonus Bonds; continuation of price increase and additional increase for retirement of state building revenue bond	•
60A*	1-6		Uniform Controlled Substances Act_ 269	٠
61	3	49	Illegal purchase and transportation of copper wire, mercury, lead, etc. 244	r
61	5A*	1-11	Bribery and corrupt practices act 1105	-
61	6	19	Disruption of governmental processes 245	
61	7	14, 15*	Purchase and sale of firearms 246	
61	8	29	Child molesting 247	
61	10	23	Debt pooling 248	
61	10	31*	Conspiracy to defraud state, county, etc. 249	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Indicates new chapter, article or section.

CODE	AMENDED-	-(continued):		
Ch.	Art.	Sec.	Pa	ge
62	3	1	Procedure in trial of criminal case and compensation of court appointed counsel	251
62	13	6a	<u>.</u>	ســـ 253
62	14*	1-7	•	254
			Agreement on detainers	:04
Ch.	REPEALED Art.	: Sec.	Pa	<b>7</b> A
5A	3	32, 35, 36, 37, 38	Illegal acts in connection with state	100
7	1	4, 5(1)-5(54)	Compensation of county commissioners	161
7	5	19	Mileage allowance for sheriffs, assessors and their deputies 1	161
8	13	3	Municipal capitation tax8	385
11	2	5, 5(1)-5(55), 10	Salary and expenses of assessors 1	l <b>62</b>
16	8		Poisons and narcotics 2	269
16	8.A.		Narcotic drugs 2	269
18	8B		Dangerous drugs 2	289
17C	14	3	Riding on motorcycles 5	583
18	2	13f	Supplemental retirement plans for employees of institutions of higher education	307
18	2	15a	Branch colleges8	361
18	9	6, 6a	General school fund	317
18	11	<b>5</b> c	Supplemental retirement plan for employees of West Virginia University 8	307
18	11	9b	Branch colleges 8	361
18	16	1	Potomac State School of West Virginia University 8	361
16	22	1-4	Commission on Higher Education 8	351
16	22A	1-11	Student loan program 8	351
18	24	11	Establishment and operation of two- year branch colleges by govern- mental bodies	361
19	19		Stock law	29
20	2	42	Ohio River hunting and fishing licenses	537
23	4	8d, 8e, 8f, 15	Occupational diseases medical board; application for benefits and report of injuries by employer	969
50	3	13	Service of process on president or cashier of branch bank	395
(*) In	dicates new	chapter, article or	section.	
Secure Fina	IERCIAL CO	ns ent	Ch. Pa	. <b>ge</b> 9 <b>65</b>
	ration of fl ities of filin	g officer	175	966
	fect of lapse		175	9 <b>65</b> 9 <b>65</b>
Fil	in <b>g</b>		110	,00

COMMISSIONERS OF ACCOUNTS:	Ch.	Page
Disbursements from corpus of estates	. 63	328
Fiduciaries		
Accounting for money not disposable at time of settlement	. 61	321
Proof and allowance of claims		
Accounts		
Accounting for money not disposable at time of settlement		321
Proceedings for subsequent distribution	. 61	322
References of decedents' estates  By county court	. 60	320
Estates of three thousand dollars or less	. 00	520
Reference not required	. 60	320
Procedure		320
9		
COMMITMENT OF YOUTHFUL MALE OFFENDERS:		
Care charged to state commissioner of public institutions	128	730
Commitment		
Age limits	128	730
Conveyance of boys		735
ExpensesCrime punishable by imprisonment	128	735
Commitment of boys convicted in state or federal courts	128	734
Generally		730
Health requirements		731
Rules and regulations	128	735
Cost of detention		
Payment by counties	128	735
Application of county funds in state treasury Compelling payment		738 739
Determination of payments due from counties		738
Levy		739
Preparation of inmate lists for billing purposes		738
Reimbursement		737
Discharge	128	736
Escape		
Arrest and return	128	737
Offenses relating to youth facilities		737
Penalties	128	737
Parole	400	
Arrest and return of paroled boys	128	736
Penitentiary Transfer of boys to and from	100	736
transfer of boys to and from	120	736
COMMUNICABLE AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES:		
Compulsory immunization of school children against small-		
pox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping		
cough	69	352
Compulsory testing of school children and school personnel		
for tuberculosis	70	384
CONGRESS:	110	400
Congressional districts	110	122
Memorializing the Congress to call a convention for purpose of amending the Constitution of the United States to pro-		
vide for sharing federal income tax revenue with states and		
political subdivisions (HCR 9)		1012
Relmbursement of counties for revenue loss resulting from		_
federal land acquisition (HCR 3)		1011

CONSERVATORS OF THE PEACE:	Ch.	Page
Appointment of local conservators of the peace	118	682
Compensation	118	685
	118	686
Removal of conservator		689
Vacating appointment of deputy sheriff	118	684
vaccing appointment of deputy shelli	110	001
CONSPIRACY:		
To defraud state, boards of education, county or municipality	45	249
Construction of statute	45	250
Penalties	45	250
**************************************		
CONSTITUTION:		•
State		1
Submission of Constitutional Improvement Amendment to		
voters	17	123
Joint resolution proposing (SJR 3)		1041
United States		
Ratifying amendment extending right to vote to citizens 18		1.1
years of age or older (HJR 1)		1097
CONVICTS:		}
Sale, lease or mortgage of lands	136	763
Summary proceedings	136	, 763
COPPER WIRE:		٠,
Purchase or transportation by junk dealer	40	244
CORPORATIONS:		
Banks		
See Banks.		
Building and loan associations		
See Building and Loan Associations.		
Credit unions		4.40
Supervision by and reports to commissioner of banking	<b>2</b> 1	. 140
Domestic		
Consolidation or merger	18	128
With foreign corporations	18	. 131
Industrial loan companies		
Limitations on powers	20	138
Municipal corporations		
Public museums, cultural centers, etc.		
Authority of counties and municipalities to make ap-		
propriations	107	629
Taxation		
Meaning of terms in corporate net income tax law	170	907
West Virginia Industrial Development Authority		
See Industrial Development Authority.		
COUNTIES:		1 00
Classification for determining compensation of elected officials	23	167
Compensation of elected county officials, deputies, assistants		
and employees	23, 14	165, 1061
Courthouse		
Closing on Saturday	25	188
Officials and employees		
In-service training programs established	23	166
Legislative findings and policy	23	166
COUNTY COURTS:	23	162
A corporation	4	102
Commissioners	23	169
Compensation		175
Affidavit acknowledging receipt of	 00 14	
Minimum and maximum limits	14 رتڪ	169, 1061

COUNTY COURTS—(continued): Commissioners—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Powers and duties	23	163
Sharing compensation of county employee, etc., prohibited		176
Penalty County officials	23	176
Compensation determined within limits	23	170
County property	20	1.0
To provide courthouse, jail, offices, etc.	25	187
Courthouse		
Closing on Saturday	25	188
How constituted	23	162
President		
Election		163
Reports on expenditures by county officers	23	179
COURT OF CLAIMS:		
Compensation of judges	13	115
Expenses of judges	13	115
COVIDED		
COURTS: Circuit Courts		
See Circuit Courts.		
County Courts		
See County Courts.		
Court of Claims		
Compensation and expenses of judges	13	115
Juvenile		
When prosecuting attorney to represent petitioner	12	114
Limited jurisdiction		
Compensation of judges paid from county treasury	23	179
Domestic Relations Court of Cabell County		
Jurisdiction	34	222
Intermediate Court of McDowell County		
See McDowell County.		
Intermediate Court of Mercer County	37	237
Jurisdiction Salary of judge	37	238
Intermediate Court of Ohio County	٠.	200
Salary of judge	38	238
Intermediate Court of Wood County		
Jurisdiction	39	239
JurisdictionSalary of judge	39	243
Juvenile Court of Kanawha County		
Jurisdiction	35	225
Salary of judge	35	226
CREDIT UNIONS:		
Commissioner of banking		
Fee for examination	21	140
Penalty for failure to report	21	140
Revocation of certificate of approval	21	140
Supervision by and reports to	21	140
CRIMES AND OFFENSES:		
Bribery, See Bribery,		
Crimes against chastity, morality and decency		
Child molesting	43	247
Penalty	43	247
Crimes against property		
Junk Purchase or transportation of copper wire, etc., by junk		
dealers	40	244
Acres		

CRIMES AND OFFENSES—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Crimes against public policy		
Conspiracy	_ 45	249
Debt pooling.	- 44	248
Crimes against the peace Disruption of governmental processes.	. 41	245
Penalty		245
	• ••	
CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION BUREAU: See Department of Public Safety.		
CRIMINAL PROCEDURE:		
. Copy of indictment for	_ 46	252
Counsel for		
Appointed by court		252
Fee	_ 46	252
, List of jurors for Trial, time for	_ 46 _ 46	252 <b>25</b> 1
Witnesses	_ 460	201
Deposition of	. 46	251
Detainers		
Agreement on	_ 48	254
See Detainers.		
D		
DANGEROUS WEAPONS: . See Weapons.		
DEBT POOLING:	_ 44	248
DefinitionOffenses and penalties		248
Jurisdiction	44	248
Pleading and proof	44	248
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION:		
See Finance and Administration.		
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY:		
Bonds		
Surety bonds of members	_ 129	742
Approval by attorney general	_ 129	742
Criminal identification bureau	120	743
Cooperation with other states and the United States	130	742
Establishment and maintenance Failure to make reports; penalty	130	749
Fingerprints	_ 130	743
Return upon acquittal	_ 130	74
Information		24
Duty of law-enforcement officers to furnish	_ 130	744 741
Offenses and penalties	130	74:
Officer in charge	_ 130	
Photographs Furnishing photographs of persons arrested	_ 130	74:
Purpose	130	743
Decords		
Removal or destruction; penalty	130	74
Denorts		749
Failure to make or perform duty; penalty.	130	743
Department		
Companies or platoons Composition and designation	129	74
Creation and equipment of department by superintendent	_ 129	740
Salaries of members	129	740

1135

DEPUTY SHERIFFS:	Ch.	Page
Civil Service System		•
See Civil Service.		
DETAINERS:		
Agreement on enacted	48	254
Commissioner of Public Institutions		
Administrator and information officer for agreement	48	262
Definition	40	
Appropriate court  Enforcement of agreement		261 262
Habitual criminal law	10	204
Application not required	48	262
Prisoner		
Delivery of	48	262
Escape while in temporary custody	48	262
DISCLAIMER:		
Power of appointment	65	332
See Power of Appointment.		
DOGS:		
Killing or worrying livestock or poultry	5	31
Appraisement of damages	5	32
Appraisement of damages Assessment of damages	5	32
Duty of owner to kill	5	33
Proceedings before justice on failure to kill	5	33
Recovery of damages	5	31
Unlawful to harbor		33
Penalty	5 5	33 33
When lawful to kill	ð	33
DOMESTIC RELATIONS:		
Marriage		
See Marriages.		
DRUGS:		
See Narcotics.		
NOT THE COMES.		
E		
EDUCATION:		
See Schools.		
ELECTIONS:		
Absent voters		
Voting booths provided by clerk	58	317
Display of campaign material during voting period pro-		
hibited	58	317
Definitions	55	310
Federal Voting Rights Act Amendment of 1970	56	314
Authority of secretary of state  Persons entitled to vote under	56	314
Political parties	•	313
Executive Committees		
Composition	57	315
Election	57	315
	57	316
Terms of office	57	316
Registration of voters  Age for registration	55	312
Prerequisite to voting	55	312
Required for voting	55	312
Scope of chapter	88	310

ELECTIONS—(continued): Voters	Ch.	Page
Persons entitled to vote	55	311
EMINENT DOMAIN:		
Crossings and connections		
Civil action	59	319
Construction	59	318
Works of another entity	59	318
Right of eminent domain	99	597
Taght of Chimich Contant	33	001
F		
FIDUCIARIES:		
Accounting for money not disposable at time of settlement	61	321
Investments		
Legal investments	62 62	323 323
Securities in which fiduciaries may invest trust funds	02	343
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION:		
Budget Division		
Revenue		
Estimates of	50	264
Reports on collections	50	264
Commissioner	40	263
Director of budget  Financial interest in purchase of commodities, printing,	49	203
etc., prohibited	_	1102
Salary	_	263
Term of office		263
Conspiracy, purchasing division	2	1103
Data processing equipment		
Authority of governor to transfer equipment and personnel		266
Professional staff	52	267
Department	40	001
Chief executive officer	49 49	263 264
Divisions		201
property from state	_	1103
Fraud in obtaining money and property from state	_	1103
Information System Services Division		
Duties generally	52	260
Findings and reports		
Review by the governor		266
Leasing of grounds, buildings, office or other space.		266 261
Acquiring by contract or lease Selection	51	26
Purchasing Division	•	201
Conspiracies, corrupt combinations, collusions, etc.	2	110
Contracts		
Fraud or deceit	2	110
Fines and penalties	_	
Conspiracies, corrupt combinations, collusions, etc		110
Financial interest of commissioner, etc., in commodities,		110
printing, etc.		110
Obtaining money and property under false pretense or		110
by fraud		110
Public printing and paper	_	
Financial interest of commissioner or employees		
Penalty	. 2	110
Paper stock furnished to contractor for state printing	. 2	110
Severability of article	. 2	110

FIREMEN'S AND POLICEMEN'S PENSIONS:	Ch.	Pag
Assessments	4	
Levy to maintain fund On members of departments		60 60
Refund and return of assessments		60
Benefits	. 101	00
Death benefits	. 104	61
General provisions	104	61
Disability pensions	. 104	61
General provisions	. 104	61
Retirement pension	. 104	61
General provisions	. 104	618
FISH:		
See Game and Fish.		
FORESTERS:		
Licenses		
Expiration	124	701
Fees	. 124	701
Renewal	. 124	701
FORESTRY CAMPS FOR MALE OFFENDERS:		
District.	128	729
Physical and mental examination of offenders	128	729
Transfer from one youth facility to another	. 128	730
FORESTS:		
Creating a special interim Forest Management Review Com-		
mission (SCR 4)		1022
G		
GAME AND FISH:		
Fishing Unlawful methods of fishing	108	631
Funds—wildlife resources		
Use	110	638
Hunting		
Unlawful methods of hunting	108	631
License and permits	***	
Class A resident statewide hunting and trapping license		639
Fee Class AB combination resident statewide hunting, trapping		639
and fishing license		639
Fee	110	640
Class B resident statewide fishing license.		639
Fee	110	639
Class I national forest hunting, trapping and fishing license.		640
Fee	110	640
Class L nonresident statewide bow and arrow hunting and	110	640
fishing license	110	640
Disposition of license fees	110	638
Reports		
Monthly report on licenses and permits by agents to director	110	638
Water pollution		
See Water Pollution Control Act.		
Wildlife	100	
Importation of wildlife	109	636
GIFTS:		
Ciffe to minors	66	225

GOVERNMENTAL PROCESSES:	Ch.	Page
Willful disruption of	41	245
Penalty	41	245
GOVERNOR:		
Appropriations		
Transfer of amounts between items of appropriation for		101
Department of Welfare	7	101
GRAND JURY:		
Additional grand jury to sit for extended period	79	393
Selection and summoning grand jurors	78	392
GUARDIAN:		
Disbursements		
Expenditures from principal		
How authorized	63	328
General provisions	63	328
Limitations on	63	328
Mentally retarded persons		
Application of other provisions	64	332
Appointment of guardian	64	329
Duration of guardianship	64	330
Limited guardianship	64	330
Standby guardianship	64	331
•		
н		
HABEAS CORPUS:		
Post conviction review		
Direction of writ	67	345
Duties of clerk, attorney general and prosecuting attorney	67	345
Granting of writ	67	345
How writ made returnable	67	345
Refusal of writ	67	345
HEALTH:		
Air pollution control		
See Air Pollution Control.		
Combined local boards of health	68	347
Counties and municipalities may combine in employment	68	347
	68	350
Authorized Jurisdiction generally	68	350
Communicable and infectious diseases		
Compulsory immunization of school children against small-		
pox, diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whoop-		
ing cough	69	352
Compulsory testing of school children and school personnel		
for tuberculosis	70	354
Health Care Corporations	76	372
Local officers		045
Combined board of health	68 68	347 347
Counties and municipalities may combine in employment		350
Authorized  Jurisdiction generally		350
	00	350
Venereal diseases		
Minors	71	355
Treatment without consent of parent or guardian.	••	550
HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS:		
Board of directors	76	372
Subsoribers		
Contracts furnished to	76	372
Payments for subscribers by others.	76 76	372
Wage deductions	10	372

HOLIDAYS:	<b>~</b>	Dogo
Legal holidays enumerated	Ch. 84	Page 425
Mondays as legal holidays		425 425
biolidays as legal nondays.	. 0%	423
HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION:		
Continued	77	378
Definitions		374
Discrimination	• ••	0.1
Defined	. 77	375
Unlawful discriminatory practices		382
Complaints		386
Defined		375
Hearing		388
Investigation		386
Orders		388
Procedure		386
Executive director	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	300
Appointment by governor	77	378
Expenses, reimbursement		379
Qualifications	• •	378
Salary		378
Term of office	77	378
From tions of winese slubs	77	391
Exemptions of private clubs.		379
Expenses of personnel	77	379
Functions generally	77	319
Housing law	77	390
Injunctions in certain housing complaints	- •	
Meetings	77 77	379
Officers, election Organization and personnel	77	379
		378
Policy, declaration of	77	374
Posting	-	
Posting of law and information		390
Powers generally	77	378, 379
Remedy		***
Exclusiveness of remedy	77	389
Services generally		379
Status	77	378
HUNTING:		
See Game and Fish.		
I		
INCOME TAX:		
Corporation Net Income Tax		
Definitions	170	907
Personal net income tax		
Meaning of terms in personal income tax law	170	906
Withholding of tax by employers		
Payment of withheld tax	171	909
Return	171	909
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY:		
Agreement with federal agencies	22	160
Definitions	22	145
Fund created	22	158
Loans		
Application requirements	22	156
Hearings on application	22	158
Industrial development agencies	22	150
Industrial subdivision project improvements	22	153
Powers generally	22	146

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOND ACT:	Ch.	Page
Definitions	126	718
Legislative findings	126	718
INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES:		
Powers Timitations on	00	138
Limitations on	20	130
INFANTS:		
Gifts to Minors Act		
Amendment of article		
Application and effect	66	344
Custodian		
Powers and duties	66	339
Resignation, death or removal	66	342
Appointment of successor custodian	66	342
Definitions	66	335
Effect of gift	66	339
Liability		
Exemption of third person from liability	66	341
Procedure for making gift		337
Severability of article	66	344
Short title of article		344
Sale, lease or mortgage of lands by summary proceedings	136	763
INSURANCE:		
Investments		
	62	323
Public Employees Insurance Act	14	1063
See Public Employees Insurance Act.	~-	
INTOXICATING LIQUORS:		
Sales by commissioner		
Price increase for payment of Korean veterans' bonus bonds	167	883
State building revenue bonds		
Payments by commissioner into special fund for retirement		
of	167	883
INVESTMENTS:		
Board of Investments	_	
Investments for more than one year	10	110
Securities		
In which state funds may be invested	10	110
Purchase, sale or exchange		113
Restrictions	11	113
•		
ı		
JAIL FEES:		
Commissioner of Public Institutions		
Payment of fees incurred by escapees from forestry camp		
and industrial schools	47	253
JAMES RUMSEY PARK:		
State authorized to receive by gift or acquire by purchase	116	880
State authorized to receive by gift of acquire by purchase	118	680
To be used as public park and recreational area		<b>U0U</b>
JEFFERSON COUNTY:		
- t tide action		
Sale of certain real estate to U.S. Department of Interior		
authorized	180	1005

JUNK AND JUNK DEALERS:	Ch.	Pag
Copper wire, brass fittings, mercury, lead, etc.	_ 40	24
Offenses ——————————————————————————————————	. 40	24
Bill of sale to be secured on	. 40	24
Record to be kept of		24
Transporting from state by nonresident	. 40	24
Juries:		
Grand jury		
Additional grand jury to sit for extended period		393
Selection and summoning grand jurors	. 70	392
JUSTICES OF THE PEACE:		
Criminal jurisdiction Offenses within criminal jurisdiction of justices	. 81	395
Penalties on conviction	. 81	395
Service of process		000
Repealing statute providing for service of process on presi-		
dent or cashier of a branch bank		395
JUVENILE COURTS:		
Proceedings		
When prosecuting attorney to represent petitioner	. 12	114
Assignment of assistants	. 12	114
<b>T</b>		
KANAWHA COUNTY:		
Circuit Court		
Law assistant		
Appointment, qualifications and salary	. 33	221
Juvenile Court		
Jurisdiction	. 35	225
Salary of judge	. 35	226
L		
LABOR:		
Labor-Management Relations Act for Private Sector		
Agency, determination of		399
Arbitration  Construction of article	82 82	399 398
Definitions		399
Elections	-	•
Representatives and elections	82	408
Employers, rights of		402
Mediation	82	399
Investigation and mediation by commissioner of labor		399
Representatives and elections	82	408
Severability of article	82	415
Suits by or against labor organizations	82	414 402
Unfair labor practices Prevention of	82	410
Labor-Management Relations Board		
Created	82	416
Employees	82	417
Executive secretary		
Oath, compensation and expenses	82	416
Meetings	82	4
Places and times	04	417
Appointment	82	416
Vacancies	82	416
Quorum	82	416
Rules and regulations	82	418

LABOR—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Minimum wages and maximum hours standards		
Amount of minimum wage	83	420
Credits		
General provisions		424
Definitions	83	418
Hours worked		***
Defined		420
Maximum hours		421
Offenses and penalties		424
Overtime compensation	83	422
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS:		
Board of landscape architects		
Actions to enjoin violations	125	715
Appointment		705
Chairman	125	706
. Composition		705
Created		705
Duties and powers generally	125	706
Expenses	125	706
Funds	125	708
Legal representative	125	716
Meetings		706
Oaths		706
Officers		706
Removal		706
Secretary		706
Terms of office		706
Vacancies		706
Corporations		711
Definitions		704
Exemptions		712
Injunctions Legislative findings	125	716
Legislative findings	125	703
License		
Applicants		
Examination		
Exemption from examination	125	709
Qualifications of applicants	125	708
Applications	125	710
Fee	125	71
Display	125	710
Duplicate license	. 125	71
Hearing, procedure	. 125	71:
Judicial review	125	71
Issuance	125	71
Renewal	. 125	71
Fee	125	71
Required	. 125	70
Revocation	. 125	71:
Issuance of new license after revocation	. 125	71
Suspension	. 125	71
Downerships	. 125	71
Panalties	. 125	71
Dawnite town oracly	. 125	71
Supposion or revocation	. 125	71
Deblic policy declaration of	. 123	70
G I	. 120	71
Severability of provisions of article	. 125	71
Tiolotions		
Actions to enicin	. 125	71

LEGISLATURE:	Ch.	Page
Capitol building		
Space in, for use by Legislature	85	427
Legislative findings	85	427
Compensation		
Additional compensation for president of Senate and speaker of House	86	432
Basic compensation for services	86	431
Citizens Legislative Compensation Commission	-	
Implementation of resolutions of	86	430
During extraordinary session	86	431
Interim compensation for members of Joint Committee on Government and Finance and Commission on Interstate		
Cooperation	86	432
Expenses of members	00	704
Affidavits required	86	435
Approval of expense voucher by legislative auditor	86	435
	86	434
Out-of-state expenses	86	434
Reimbursement for expenses incurred during any session	86	433
Rules authorized	86	435
Travel expenses	86	433
Joint Committee on Government and Finance		
Directed to make studies of:		
Acquisition and operation of a scenic railroad to be known		
as the Webster-Randolph Scenic Railroad (SCR 13)		1026
Budgetary process (SCR 39)		1038
Conflicts between West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure		
and statutory provisions concerning civil pleading and		1017
practice (HCR 19)		1019
Consolidation of departments, agencies, etc., having author-		1010
ity regarding environmental matters (HCR 8)		1011
Constitutional amendment to permit consolidation of		
county and municipal governments (HCR 55)		1020
Department of Mental Health, Department of Health, Office		
of Commissioner of Public Institutions, institutions under		
their jurisdiction, etc. (SCR 33)		1033
Granting adult status to eighteen-year-olds (HCR 64)		1021
Land use control on areas adjoining state parks, forests		1000
and recreational facilities (SCR 8)		1025
Physical needs of health, humane, penal and correctional institutions (SCR 40)		1039
Surface mining and reclamation (SCR 37)		1039
Timber management practices (SCR 32)		1031
Studies by continued:		
Banking (HCR 86, regular session, 1970)		1028
Highway safety (SCR 15, regular session, 1970)		1028
Homestead exemption (HCR 6, 1st extraordinary session,		
1970)		1028
Institutions of higher education (SCR 11, regular session,		1000
Mental health complex (HCR 4, 1st extraordinary session,		1028
1970)		1028
Nonpublic school and college aid (HCR 20, regular session,		1025
1969)		1028
Potomac River Basin Compact (HCR 8, regular session,		~ 740
1968)		1029
Public employee relations (SCR 52, regular session, 1970)_		1029
Tax structure (HCR 31, regular session, 1969)		1029
Water resources (HCR 80, regular session, 1970)		1029
foint rules amended (HCR 2)		1009

LEGISLATURE—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Purchasing Practices and Procedures Commission		•
Appointment and terms of members	. 87	436
Composition		436
Continued as statutory body		436
Duties		436
Executive sessions	. 87	438
Expenses		
Generally		439
How paid	. 87	439
Joint committee approval		439
Hearings		438
Powers		436
Subpoena powers	. 87	438
Enforcement provisions	. 87	439
M		
MARKETS:		
Public markets		
Uniform standards and grades of livestock and uniform		
market practices	. 2	8
MARRIAGES:	F0	000
Persons authorized to celebrate marriages		267 268
Qualifications of minister, priest or rabbi for celebrating		
Ritual for ceremony of	. 53	268
McDOWELL COUNTY:		
Intermediate Court		
Appeals		
Docketed in circuit court	. 36	234
Petitions for		234
Proceedings on, allowed by circuit court		235
To circuit court		233
To Supreme Court of Appeals		234
Certification of cases of circuit court		232
Change of venue	. 36	233
Clerk		
Fees		231
Signing of process, etc.	. 36	231
Contempt		
Power to punish for	. 36	230
Established		228
General law applicable to court and judge		236
General powers and jurisdiction	. 36	230
Grand juries		001
Compensation of jurors	. 36	231
Impaneling	. 36	231
Habeas Corpus	. 36	235
Authority to grant writs of	. 30	235
Judge	20	229
Election, term and qualifications	. 36	230
Filling vacancy	. 36 . 36	230
Removal from office	. 36	230
Salary	. 36	230
Jurisdiction	. 36	230
Presumption of	. 30	20(
Petit juries	. 36	231
Choosing and impaneling	_ 36	231
Compensation of jurors	_ 00	40.
Prosecuting attorney	36	991

McDOWELL COUNTY—(continued): Intermediate Court—(continued);	Ch.	Page
Record books, office space and secretarial assistance		
County court to provide	36	233
Sheriff		
Execution of process; etc.		232
Terms	36	231
MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS:		
Definitions	_ 3	9
Distributor		
Defined	_ 3	13
Licensing	3	16
Establishment	_	
Defined		14
InspectionNumber	_ 3 _ 3	19 18
Inspection, marking, labeling, branding, etc.		19
Exemptions from inspection		24
Penalties for violation of article		29
Processor		
Defined	_ 3	13
Licensing	_ 3	16
Prohibitions	3	25
Slaughterers		
Commercial and custom	_	
DefinedExclusion of those operating under federal law		13
Licensing	_ 3 _ 3	24 16
		10
MEDICAL LICENSING BOARD:		
Assistants to physicians and surgeons		
Approval and certification		697
Revocation of certification		697 695
Duties generally  Licensure of physicians and surgeons, and podiatrist		695
Powers generally		695
MENTALLY ILL:		
Department of Mental Health		
Division on alcoholism and drug abuse  Definitions	99	441
Duties	. 88	440
Name changed	. 88	440
Powers	88	440
Sale, lease or mortgage of lands	136	763
Summary proceedings	136	763
MERCURY: Purchase or transportation by junk dealers	40	244
Parenase of manaportation by June demonstration		211
MINES AND MINERALS:		
Appeal and error		
Board of appeals	89	482
Judicial review of decisions of director of department of	89	ATTO
mines	89	473 482
Certification of coal miners	~	104
Apprentices		
Employment for period in excess of eight months		565
Generally To wear red hats	90	565
To wear red hats		565
Competency, certificate of required	90	565

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Certification of Coal Miners—(continued):		
Definition of coal mine or miner	90	566
Qualifications, certification of		565
RequiredCoal mines	90	565
Abandoned		
Capping, filling and sealing	-	
	89	556
Abandoned parts of mine		400
Ventilation		499
Belt conveyor		523
	89	502
Cleaning plants	-	F40
Surface structures and practices		542
Communication facilities		537
Lightning arresters		538
Conveyor belts, safeguards	89	541
Conveyors	•	240
Protection of personnel on conveyors	89	542
Dangerous places	•	
Ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers		505
Duties of mine foreman		505
Discrimination	89	478
Doors		
Duty of mine foreman as to man doors	89	501
Drainage of water		
Duty of mine foreman	89	501
Drilling		
Hand-held electric drills and rotating tools		539
Drum runners, hoisting	89	516
Dryers		
Thermal coal dryers and plants	89	552
Dust		
Cleaning plants		542
Control of coal dust	89	508, 541, 542
Dust-tight electrical equipmentElectric face equipment	89	542
Electric face equipment	89	510
Respiratory equipment, when to be worn	89	541
Rock dusting		P.41
Control of dust		541
Requirements		508
Surface structures and practices	89	542
Electricity		524
Base equipment	89 89	524 524
Battery charging	69	
Cables		524 539
Trailing cables	89	539
Drills and rotating tools	89	542
Dust-tight electrical equipment	89	538
Electrical equipment in mines	89	524
Equipment generally	05	327
Face equipment	89	541
Responsibility for care and maintenance	89	524
Gassy mines		524
Trolley and feeder wires		Jan
Lighting	89	539
Installation of lighting	89	538 538
Lightning arresters		499
Movement of mining equipment	89	537
Tracks, bonding track	0	00
Transformers	89	524
Surface and underground transformers		321

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Coal Mines—(continued):		<b>.</b>
Electricity—(continued):		
Welding and cutting	89	539
Protective clothing and equipment	89	544
Elevated platforms and stairways		
Toeboards required	89	542
Employees		
Course of instruction	89	503
Instruction by mine foreman	89	503
Engineers		
Hoisting machinery	89	516
Entering mine		
Unlawful to enter mine until fire boss reports it safe		507
Exceptions	89	507
Escapeways		
Recovery tunnels	89	551
Equipment	00	400
Movement of		499
ProtectiveRespiratory		544 541
•		541
Standards for mechanical	_ 69	341
Authorized explosives	89	511
Blasting	_ 05	511
Blasting cables	89	513
Misfires, procedure		515
Other blasting devices		515
Practices	89	513
Preparation of shots		513
Detonators		
Electric	_ 89	513
Magazines		
Surface magazines for explosives	89	511
Misfires, procedure		515
Storage		
Surface magazines	89	511
Underground storage	89	512
Transportation	. 89	511
Use of unauthorized	_ 89	511
Face equipment	89	549
Responsibility for care and maintenance	_ 89	494
Fences	_ 05	4.51
Fencing temporarily inactive mine	89	556
Fire boss		•
Duties, authority to perform other	. 89	508
Duties generally	. 89	506
Employment, when required	. 89	505
Examinations generally	. 89	506
Preparation of danger signal prior to examination	. 89	506
ReportSafety requirements	. 89	506
Safety requirements	89	543
Superior officer to all employees in mine	89	507
First-aid equipment	89	549
Flammable liquids	00	
Storage	89	543
Gassy mines		
Flame safety lamps  Detection of methane and oxygen deficiency	89	504
Inspection by mine foreman		504 504
Inspection by mine foreign.  Inspectors, duties	89	504
Inspectors, duties		-

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued): Coal Mines—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Haulage roads	89	518
Equipment	89	518
Mine foreman, duties		502
Regulations	. 89	550
Shelter holes	89	518
Signals	. 89	502
Transportation of men	89	521
Hoisting		
Drum runners	. 89	516
Engineers		516
Machinery	. 89	516
Safety devices	. 89	516
Telephones		516
Housekeeping requirements	. 89	543
Inspections		
Daily inspection of working places	. 89	504
Records	89	504
Safety inspection		504
Intoxicating liquors		
Prohibited in mine	. 89	545
Lighting		
Underground illumination	. 89	539
Loading machinery		541
Locomotives		
Requirements	. 89	518
Loose coal, slate or rock		
Duty of mine foreman	. 89	501
Maps		488
Mechanical equipment, safeguards		541
Methane	-	
Detection by flame safety lamps	. 89	504
Mine foreman		
Annual examination of persons using flame safety lamps_	. 89	503
Records of examination		503
Assistants generally	. 89	500
Boreholes		
Duties of foreman	. 89	502
Cages, operation of		502
Certificates	_ 89	500
Dangerous places		
Ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers	. 89	505
Duties as to	. 89	504
Death or resignation	. 89	505
Successor	_ 89	505
Doors, duty as to	_ 89	501
Drainage of water, duties as to	. 89	501
Duties generally	_ 89	501
Employees		
Annual examination of		503
Instruction of	_ 89	503
Employment		
When to be employed	89	500
Fires; duties as to		557
Gases; removal of	_ 89	504
Haulage roads; duties as to		502
Haulways; duties as to	_ 89	502
Incline planes; duties as to	89	502
Transation		504
Daily inspection of working places	_ 89	504 504
Safety inspection	_ 68	504

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Coal Mines—(continued):		
Mine foreman—(continued):  Lights at mouth and bottom of shaft	. 89	502
Loose coal, slate or rock; duties as to	. 89	502 501
Notice to operator when unable to comply with law	. 89	505
Props; duties as to	. 89	501
Qualifications	. 89	500
Records		
Daily inspection of working places	. 89	504
Examination of persons using flame safety lamps		503
Generally	. 89	504
Inspection records	. 89	504
Removal of dangers	. 89	505
Reports of fire boss; examination of		504
Resignation and appointment of successor	. 89	505
Safety requirementsShafts; lights	89	543
Shafts; lights	. 89	502
Slopes; duties as to	. 89	502
Successor on death or resignation of	89	505
Ventilation, duties as to		501
Mine rescue crews	89	483
Mine rescue stations and equipment	89	483
Mine rescue teams	89	485
Moving of mining equipment		499
	09	733
Opening or reopening of mine	89	554
Approval of director of mines required	89 89	563
Procedure	69	303
Director of department of natural resources  Duties	89	563
Notice to	89	563
	00	
Operators Bulletin boards; requirements	89	472
Fires: duties as to	89	557
Furnish director and inspector proper facilities	89	467
Notice to by mine foreman when unable to comply with law		201
Duty of operator	89	505
Ninting and and decisions		
Delivery to agent of operator	89	472
Names and addresses to be filed by operators	89	473
Posting	89	472
Offices; requirements	89	472
Reports		
Accidents	89	557
Monthly report	89	564
Supplies for mine foreman	89 89	505 496
Ventilation; dutles		
Rescue crews and teams	89	483, 485
Rock dusting		
Contents of rock dust	89	508
Control of dust	89	541
Fire protection	89 89	545
Requirements		508
Roof control programs and plans	89	509
Canopies or cabs	89	510
Correction of dangerous conditions	89	510
Electric face equipment  Examination and testing	89 89	510
Roof bolt recovery	89	510 810
- •	80	510 510
Roof Support		OAU

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued): Coal Mines—(continued):	Сћ.	Page
Safety provisions and requirements		
Abandoned workings; mining close to Checking systems	89	556
Indentification of persons underground		544
Closing mine	89	556
Clothing, protective	89	544
Communication with outlets	89	551
Compliance with article by supervisor	89	543
Conveyors; protection of personnel on	89	542
Equipment; protective	89	544
Escapeways	89	550
Fences, when mine closed		556
Fire protection	89	545
Fires in or about mine		557
First-aid equipment		549
Haulage roads	89	550
Hoisting equipment	89	550
Safety devices	89	516
Intoxicating liquors; search for	89	545
LaddersLights	89	542
Lights	89	545
Lubricating oil and grease regulated		548
Matches; search for	89	545
Mechanical equipment; safeguards	89	541
Rules and regulations	89	543
To director of department of mines and	09	240
district mine inspector	89	557
Opening or reopening mine	89	554
Openings or outlets	89	550
Records	00	000
Identification of persons underground	89	544
Rock dust; fire protection		545
Rules and regulations		
Printing and distribution	89	543
Safe roadways for emergencies		550
Sealing	89	556
Security		
No act permitted endangering security of mine		545
Shafts and slopesSmoking prohibited	89	557
		545
Walkways or safety devices around thickeners	89	542
Sealing permanently closed or abandoned mines	89	556
Severability of article	89 89	564 550
Shaft outlets	89	557
Shelter holes; requirements	89	518
Shelter holes; requirements	89 89	518
Signals; transportation systemSmoking prohibited	89	545
In and around surface structures prohibited	89	543
Stairways; requirements	89	542
Storage		
Coal storage bins	89	551
Coal storage piles	89	551
Coal storage piles  Flammable liquids	89	543
Waycokooning requirements	07	543
Recovery tunnels	89	551
Superintendent		
Duties as to accidents	89	556
Wolonhone service	89	517, 537

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued):	Ch.	Pag
Coal Mines—(continued):		
Thermal coal dryers and plants	89	55
Tipples		
Surface structures and practices	89	54
Transportation		
Belt conveyor		52
Belts		52
Haulage roads		51
Inspection	89	51
Men	89	52
Prohibited practices		51
Self-propelled equipment		52
Shelter holes	89	51
Signals		51
Unused parts of mine		
Ventilation	89	499
Ventilation		
Abandoned workings		499
Duty of mine foreman	89	501
Fans	89	494
Generally	89	496
Plan; requirements and approval by director	89	493
Surface structures and practices		542
Unused parts of mine		499
Welding and cutting		539
Workings, abandoned		
Boreholes		503
Mining close to	89	556
Procedure for reopening.	89	563
Definitions	89	447
Department of Mines		
Established	89	453
Purpose		453
Director of the Department of Mines		
Accidents, duties as to	89	556
Appointment and term of office	89	453
Bond	89	456
Coal mines		
Approval of ventilation plans	89	493
Decisions judicial review of		473
Duties generally	89	454
Eligibility	89	455
Findings and orders of inspectors		
Hearings on	89	470
Hearings; powers as to witnesses	89	463
Injunctions	89	475
Inspectors		
Authority to enter mines	89	467
Judicial review	89	473
Mine inspectors examining board	00	404
Secretary to	89	464
Notice	89	470
Findings and orders of inspectors	89	
Oath Administration of oaths	09	456
Administration of oaths	89	463
Opening or reopening of coal mines	89	
Approval of director required	03	554
Certificate of approval General provisions	po.	555
	89	555 555
Fee Powers generally	89	454
Powers generally		404

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued): Director of the Department of Mines—(continued):	Ch.	Page.
Qualifications	89	455
Records and reports	89	479
Annual report to governor	89	455
Salary		455
Vacancies; filling	89	454
Drunkenness		
Intoxicated person prohibited in coal mine	89	545
Electrical inspectors		
Duties		459
Findings and orders		470
Inspections by		470
Powers		470
Reports	89	470
Salary	89	460
Evidence  Property of following assistant at	89	557
Preservation of, following accident, etc Examinations	69	001
Certificates of qualification	89	481
Withdrawal of certification		481
Certification of successful applicants to director		481
Investigation of applicants		480
Mine foreman examiner		100
Appointment, salary and duties		480
Notice		480
Notice of intention to take examination		480
Place and time for examinations		480
Preparation of examinations	89	480
Record of examinations	89	481
Inspectors		
Accidents		
Duties and investigations	89	556
Reports after fatal accidents	89	467
Visit scene of fatal accident		467
Age limit		457 466
Appeals from suspension orders of director		457
Appointment by director		457
Eligibility	89	457
Term		457
Assistant inspector at large	89	457
At large for each division		457
Bond		458
Districts		
Assignment of inspectors by director	89	456
Divisions designated by director	89	456
Duties generally	89	458
Devote full time to duty		467
Electrical inspectors	89	459
Duties	89	470
Findings and orders	89	470
Inspections by	89 89	470 470
Powers	89	470
Reports	89	454
Employment by director		301
Examining board		466
Appeal of suspension orders by director  Appointed by governor	89	464
Appointed by governor	89	464
Duties generally	89	46
Examinations	89	46

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued):	Ch.	Pag
Inspectors—(continued):		
Examining board—(continued):		
Meetings	89	46
Register of certified eligible candidates	89	46
Report to governor		46
Secretary	89	46
Term of office	89	46
Expenses, reimbursement	89	46
Findings and orders		
Affirmance of order		47
Annulment, revision, etc., of order		47
Given to operator of mine		47
Penalties for violation of orders	89	47
Posting	89	473
Requirements	89	473
Requirements generally Review by director	89	473
Inspection procedure	89	470 467
Findings, orders and notices	89	468
		458
Interest in coal mine prohibited	89	456 456
Oath Permits	09	400
Examination to determine compliance with	89	564
Qualifications		461
Register of certified eligible candidates		465
Removal from register	89	465
Removal	89	462
Residence designated by director		457
Salaries		461
Severability of article	89	485
Suspension by director		454
Vacancies		
Appointment to fill vacancy in department	89	459
Permanent tenure benefits not affected		459
Mine rescue crews	89	483
Mine rescue stations	89	483
Mine rescue teams		485
Mine safety instructor		
Examinations	89	458
Expenses	89	459
Number	89	458
Qualifications	89	458
Register of qualified eligible candidates	89	459
Salary	89	459
To devote entire time to duties of office	89	459
Penalties	89	475
Permits		
Examinations to determine compliance with	89	564
Surface mining and reclamation		
Benches		
Requirements where benches do not result	112	665
Requirements where benches result	112	663
Blasting restriction	112	661
Filing preplan	112	661
Formula	112	661
Notice	112	661
Penalties	112	661
Bonds	110	
Performance	112	668
Cessation of operation by inspector	112	667
Damages, treble	112	672

MINES AND MINERALS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Surface mining and reclamation—(continued):  Definitions	***	045
Drainage system, installation	_ 112	645 657
Exemptions		659
Fees	_ 112	055
Special reclamation fee	112	670
Injunctive relief.	112	672
Limitation on issuance of new permits for surface mining	112	674
Mandamus	112	659
Offenses Control of the Control of t		
Injunctive relief	_ 112	672
Operator, obligations of	_ 112	666
Penalties	112	672
Performance bonds	_ 112	668
Permits		
Limitation of new permits	_ 112	674
Plans		
Alternative plans		657
Preplanning plans	112	654
Preplans		654 661
Penalties for nonadherence to		661
Planting	112	001
Completion of planting	119	668
Evaluation	112	668
Inspection	_ 112	668
Postponement of reclamation	_ 112	649
Prosecutions		672
Prospecting, permit		649
Application and bond	_ 112	649
Fee	112	649
Reclamation Commission		
Assistant attorney general may be assigned		648
Compensation		648
Created		648
Duties		648
Expenses		648 648
Meetings		648
PowersSpecial reclamation fee		670
Supervisors and inspectors	_ 112	010
Cessation of operation by inspector	112	667
Duties	112	647
Surface mining permits		
Application	112	650
Exemptions	_ 112	659
Fees	112	650
Use of proceeds	_ 112	650
Issuance	_ 112	650
Renewal	112	650
Required	_ 112	650
Time limitations	112	657
MINGO COUNTY:		
Prosecuting attorney	_ 28	193
Assistant and stenographer	28	19:
Salary	🔐	194
MONONGALIA COUNTY:		
Board of Education	10	400
Transfer of University High School to	19	109

MOTOR CARRIERS:	Ch.	Page
Assessment		
Fixed by public service commission	. 134	756
Public service commission motor carrier fund	. 134	756
Contract carriers by motor vehicle		
Defined		752
Definitions	. 133	752
Fees		
Power unit		759
Uniform vehicle identification card	134	759
Fund		
Motor carrier fund	. 134	759
Public Service Commission		
Salary of members for administration of chapter	134	759
Registration of Interstate Commerce Commission authority		
Filing of authority required		754
Exception	133	754
Identification cards and stamps		550
Alteration, loss, mutilation, etc., of cab cards		758
Application		755, 756
Destruction or nullification of cab cards	133	758
Expiration	133	756
Form of cab card		757
Form of identification stamp	133	757
Inspection of cab cards	133	758
Issuance and use	133	755
Option of commission to issue stamp, card or combina-	100	757
	133 133	755
		100
Use of cab cards in connection with vehicles not used in		757
driveaway operations	133	757
Use of cab cards in driveaway operations	122	754
Prior registration	100	101
Registration Expiration	122	756
ExpirationWhen required		754
Taxes	100	.01
Collection of state taxes and fees not affected	133	758
Conection of state taxes and fees not anected	100	
MOTOR VEHICLES:		
Certificate of title		
Application		
Contents	91	566
Execution	91	566
Form	91	566
Tax for privilege of effecting certification	91	567
Definitions	93	571
Encumbrances. See within this heading, "Liens."		
Equipment	94	581
Special restrictions on lamps	92	569
Liens	92	569
Certificate of title to show liens or encumbrances	92	569
Information to be shown	92	570
Created subsequent to original issue of title	54	010
Manufacturer	93	577
Defined	93	578
Special plates		0.0
Motorcycles Safety equipment and requirements for motorcyclists and		
motorcycles	95	583
Safety responsibility law		
Proof of financial responsibility		
Money or securities as proof	97	588

MOTOR VEHICLES—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Size Excess size		
Permits	96	587
Traffic regulations and laws of the road		
Emergency vehicles		
Authorized	94	580
Right-of-way	0.4	501
Operation of vehicles and streetcars on approach Transporter	94	581
Defined	93	577
Special plates	93	578
Weight		
Excess weight		
Permits	96	587
MUNICIPAL PUBLIC WORKS BONDS:		
Ordinance for construction, etc.	103	605
Sinking fund	100	000
Commission	99	599
Purchase of outstanding bonds		599
Transfer of funds	99	599
Use	99	599
MUNICIPALITIES:		
Bond issues		
Charges for municipal services	99	592
Elections	99	593
Combined waterworks and sewerage systems		
Publication of abstract of ordinance and notice	103	607
Eminent domain		
Right of	99	597
Fire fighting		
Charges for municipal services	99	592
Paid fire departments		
Hours of duty	102	604
Volunteer fire companies		
Dissolution	101	603
Firemen's pensions		
See Firemen's and Policemen's Pensions.		
Housing and urban development		
Standards of federal department of housing and urban		621
development for factory-built housing, etc., adopted	100	021
Motor vehicles		
Additional special provisions to motor vehicle parking	99	594
facilities	00	
Municipal services Special charges for	99	592
		002
Ordinances Charges for municipal services	99	592
Police Pensions. See Firemen's and Policemen's Pensions.		
Special parking lot or parking building police officers	100	. 602
		_
Public utilities Public utilities tax	98	590
		-
Public works  Municipal public works bonds	99	599
Ordinance for construction, etc	103	605
Taxation		
Public utilities tax	98	590

Transportation See Urban Mass Transportation Authority. Waterworks Publication of abstract of ordinance and notice NARCOTICS: Uniform Controlled Substances Act Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54 _ 54	807 274 270 305
Waterworks Publication of abstract of ordinance and notice NARCOTICS: Uniform Controlled Substances Act Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54 _ 54	274 270
Publication of abstract of ordinance and notice  NARCOTICS: Uniform Controlled Substances Act  Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54 _ 54	274 270
NARCOTICS: Uniform Controlled Substances Act Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54 _ 54	274 270
Uniform Controlled Substances Act  Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54	270
Uniform Controlled Substances Act  Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54	270
Board of pharmacy	_ 54 _ 54	270
	_ 54 _ 54	270
Azzebanien en adurimintan aut	_ 54 _ 54	270
Authority to administer act	. 54	•
Definitions		305
Educational programs	. 54	500
Enforcement and administration	54	
Burden of proof		304
Cooperative arrangements between		
state and federal agencies.		301
Confidential information.		301
Forfeitures		302
Injunctions		300
Inspections and warrants		297
Judicial review	_ 54	305
Liability of officers Orders under other law continued	. 54	304 308
Pending proceedings		308
Powers of enforcement personnel	_ 5% 54	296
Interpretation	. 54	308
Manufacture, distribution and dispensing	. 94 .	306
controlled substances		
Fees	_ 54	285
Registration		200
Determination of who may register	. 54	286
Public interest		286
Effect of		285
Exemptions		285
Inspections		286
Record of registrants		289
Required	54	285
RequiredRights of registrants	54	286
Suspension or revocation of	54	287
Show cause order	54	288
Proceedings on	54	288
When order not required		289
Waiver		286
Rules		285
Continuation of, under other laws		308
Nomenclature	54	275
Offenses and penalties		
Conditional discharge for first offense of possession		295
Distribution to person under eighteen years of age		294
Penalties	54 54	294 294
Prohibited acts A and penalties		291
Prohibited acts B and penalties		292
Prohibited acts C and penalties		293
Prosecution of offenders bar to	54	294
Second or subsequent offenses	54	296
Order forms	54	289
Prescriptions	54	290
Research	54	305
Severability of provisions	5 <del>4</del>	308
Short title	54	308

NARCOTICS—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Uniform Controlled Substances Act-(continued):		
Standards and schedules		
Authority to control	54	274
I. Substances included in	F4	276
Tests		275
II. Substances included in		279
Tests	54	278
III. Substances included in	54	280
Tests	54	280
IV. Substances included in		283
Tests		282
V. Substances included in		284
TestsRepublishing of schedules	54 54	283 284
recharging of schedules	54	204
N		
NATURAL RESOURCES:		
Conservation officers	113	674
Duties generally	114	677
Powers		677
Special and emergency conservation officers	113	675
Department		
Director Importation of wild animals	100	636
Fines, penalties and forfeitures	109	030
Violations of chapter	115	679
Game and fish		• • •
See Game and Fish.		
James Rumsey Park		
State authorized to receive by gift or acquire by purchase.		680
To be used as public park and recreational area		680
	115	679
Surface mining and reclamation		
See Mines and Minerals.		
Water pollution		
See Water Pollution Control Act.		
NONINTOXICATING BEER:		
Brewers Franchise agreements with distributors	9	107
Cancellation	°	108
Injunction to enforce		109
Unlawful acts	9	107
Penalties	9	109
Distributors		
Franchise agreements with brewers	9	107
Unlawful acts	9 9	107 108
Penalties		103
Unlawful acts of licensees	8	100
Penalties	8	100
NOTICES:		
Service by publication to nonresidents	117	63:
NURSES: Registered professional		
Licensure of aliens	123	700

23

INDEX		1159
0		
OFFICERS:	Ch.	Page
Appointive state officers		
Appointment		690
Powers		690
Qualifications		690
Salaries		690
Terms	_ 119	690
OHIO COUNTY:		
Intermediate Court		
Salary of judge	38	239
OIL AND GAS:		
Pipeline safety		
Gas pipeline safety fund established		762
Use of	135	762
Special license fees	_ 135	761
Public service commission Salaries of members, compensation, etc., of employees	135	762
balaries of members, compensation, etc., or employees	_ 100	*02
_		
PARKS AND DESCRIPTION		
PARKS AND RECREATION:		
See Public Recreation and Playgrounds.		
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS:		
Assistants to physicians		
Approval and certification by medical licensing board.	121	697
Certification of assistant to ophthalmologist not permitted		697
Definition		697
Duties, limitation on scope of	. 121	698
Fees	. 121	698
License to practice		
Permits in prescribed areas		700
Practitioners from other states	122	<b>699</b> .
Required Podiatrists, licensure of	121	696
Podiatrists, licensure of	121	695
Practice of medicine and surgery		
Who deemed practitioner	121	696
Qualifications to practice		
Evidence of qualifications	121	696
PODIATRISTS:		
See Physicians and Surgeons.		
POWER OF APPOINTMENT:		
Release or disclaimer	or	
General powers of appointment	65 65	333
Methods of effecting	65	334
Validity of release or disclaimer	65	333
	00	334
PRISONERS OF WAR:		
Expressing concern and sympathy to families of persons held		
as prisoners of war in Southeast Asia (SCR 24)		1029
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY:		
Assistants, deputies and employees		
Appointment	23	172, 173
Compensation	23	172, 173
Composition		T14, I13

Payment \_\_\_\_

Discharge \_\_\_\_

Mileage allowance Removal

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY—(continued): Compensation	Ch.	Page
Affidavit acknowledging receipt of	23	175
Fixed by county court	23	170
Maximum and minimum limits	23, 13	169, 1061
Payment	23	174
Sharing that of assistants, etc., prohibited	23	176
Penalty		176
Crime		
Appointment of investigator of	27	192
Detection of		191
Rewards	27	191
Duties generally	26	190
On election days	26	190
Expenditures		
Report to county court	23	179
Expenses		
Travel	23	178
Juveniles		
Representation of petitioners in proceedings in counties of		
population execeeding 200,000	12	144
Mileage allowance	23	178
	20	110
Mingo County	28	193
Assistant and stenographer		193
Salary		
When to devote full time to public duties	23	171
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT:		
Acts of Congress		
Authorization to take advantage of	14	1072
Administration of article		
Rules and regulations.	14	1073
Benefits, to whom paid	14	1070
Board		
Body corporate	14	1065
Chairman	14	1066
Compensation	14	1066
Composition	14	1065
Created	14	1065
Duties generally	14	1065
Effective date of programs	14	1065
Executive secretary	14	1066
Expenses	14	1066
Expenses	14	1065
Powers generally	14	1065
Transactions in name of board		1065
Citation	14	1064
Contracts		1067
Authorized to execute	14	1067
Limitations	14	1068
Awarding	14	1069
Discontinuances	14	1008
Gain from contracts  No member or employee of board shall gain from any		
No member of employee of board shall gain hom any	14	1072
contract Criminal penalties		1072
	14	1068
Limitations		2000
medical, and group life and accidental death insurance for		
retiring employees, their spouses and dependents	. 14	1069
Pelneurance	14	1069

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT-(continued):	Ch.	Pag
Costs  Payment of costs by employer and employer	14	107
Payment of costs by employer and employee Payment of costs by state as employer	14	107
Special funds created		107
Duties of treasurer with respect thereto	14	107
Definitions	14	106
Dependents		200
Coverage for employee's dependents	14	107
Effective date of program		106
Expense fund	14	107
Gifts, grants and matching funds	14	107
Permissive participation	14	107
Exemptions	14	107
Plans		
Administration	14	106
Authorization to establish various plans	14	1060
Conditions		106
Rules and regulations for administration	14	1066
What plans may provide	14	1060
Rules and regulations		1073
Severability of provisions of article	14	1073
Short title	14	1064
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:		
Annuity		
Defined	127	724
Retirement annuity		726
Definitions		720
Funds		
Members' deposit fund	127	727
Legislature		
Contributions by members	127	727
Final average salary	127	722
Included in definition of employee	127	721
Retirement annuity  Membership generally	127	726
Membership generally	127	724
Contributions, general provisions		727
Retirement annuity		726
Service defined	127	722
PUBLIC RECREATION AND PLAYGROUNDS:		
Park and recreation board		
A corporation	120	692
Annual accounting		693
Bonded officers		694
Creation		692
Debts prohibited	120	694
Dissolution		692
Name	_ 120	692
Powers and authority	120	693-
THE PARTY OF THE P		
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION:	101	
Appointment by governor	_ 131	747
Chairman Chief administrative officer of commission	191	<b>8</b>
Designated by governor	131	747
Composition	131	74 <i>T</i> 747
One member to be a lawyer		747
Elections		147
Member not to be a candidate for public office or member	•	
of a political executive committee.	. 131	747

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Employees		_
Compensation	132	751
Hearings, power to conduct	132	751
May not accept passes or free transportation	131	747
Terms and salaries fixed by commission	131	747
To devote full time to duties.	131	747
Evidence, time and place for taking	131	747
Federal acts		
Enforcement of	131	749
Gas pipeline safety		
See Oil and Gas.		
Hearings, time and place of	131	748
Number of commissioners required for taking action	131	748
Jurisdiction	131	748
Licenses		
Fees, time for payment	131	749
Special fees	131	749
Motor carriers. See Motor Carriers.		
Oaths, administration of	132	751
Offices at capitoL	131	748
Hours to be kept open	131	. 748
Passes prohibited to members and employees	131	747
Public utilities		
Commissioner prohibited from owning stock in	131	747
Qualifications		747
Quorum		748
Removal from office	131	747
Salaries		747
Secretary	-01	
Appointment by commission	132	751
Compensation		751
Custodian of records	132	751
Duties	132	751
Term of office		747
Vacancy in office	-0-	
Filling	131	747
Political activity	131	747
•		
PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICTS FOR WATER AND SEWAGE		• '
SERVICES:		
Public service boards	72	360
Appointment, terms, removal and qualifications of members.		356
Creation of governing boards.		356
Filling vacancies		356
Organization	72	356
PUBLICATION:		
Notices to nonresidents	117	631
PYRAMID PROMOTIONAL SCHEMES:		
Attorney General	138	77.00
Restraining prohibited acts	130	768
Contracts	120	787
Against public policy	130	
Void and unenforceable	130	767
Crimes and offenses	120	
Penalties for violations.	100	768
Definitions	120	767
Injunctions restraining prohibited acts	139	768
Promotion unitaria.	100	767
	129	
Prosecuting attorney Restraining prohibited acts Severability of provisions of article	130	768
Severability of provisions of anticle	130	768

R

RAILROADS: Interim legislative study of acquisition and operation of a scenic railroad to be known as the Webster-Randolph Scenic	Ch.	Page
Railroad (SCR 13)  Requesting the National Rail Passenger Corporation to estab-		1026
lish a route between Norfolk, Virginia, and Cincinnati, Ohio, with intermediate stops in West Virginia (HCR 22)		1018
RALEIGH COUNTY:		
Airport authority Powers generally	181	1006
REAL PROPERTY:		
Lands of infants, insane persons or convicts		
Summary proceedings for sale, lease or mortgage	136	763
Notice	136	763
Petition	136	763
REGULATION OF TRADE:		
Pyramid promotional schemes	138	767
See Pyramid Promotional Schemes.		
Safety glazing materials See Safety Glazing Materials.	137	764
RIPLEY: Issuance of bonds to finance library and swimming pool	182	1007
ROADS AND HIGHWAYS:		
Construction		
Relocation assistance to and replacement housing for persons		
dislocated by	17	1091
County courts  Levy on property outside municipalities.	168	888
Road bonds	100	000
Issuance and sale of \$20 million of bonds under authority of Better Roads Amendment of 196414	1, 16	780, 1084
Issuance and sale of \$90 million of bonds under authority of		
Roads Development Amendment of 1968 14	0, 16	771, 1075
State Road System Contracts for construction, maintenance, etc,		
Bond by successful bidder		
Required	139	769
Return or forfeiture	139	769
s		
SAFETY GLAZING MATERIALS:		
Contracts	~~	
Prior contracts not affected 1 Crimes and offenses	31	766
Penalties1	37	766
Definitions 1	37	764
Effective date of article1	37	766
Employees		
No liability created for workmen 1	51	766
Hazardous locations When materials required1	37	800
Labeling required 1	37	765 765
SALARIES:		_
Appointive state officers	19	690

SALE OF LANDS FOR SCHOOL FUND: Commissioner of Forfeited and Delinquent Lands	Ch.	Page
Compensation of deputy commissioners	172	911
Court costs		911
Deed Purchaser's deed		912
Redemption	112	512
Application for permission to redeem	172	912
SCHOLARSHIPS:		
Awards		
State scholarship program	160	843
SCHOOLS:		
Board of Regents		
See Universities and Colleges. Boards of Education		
See Boards of Education.		
Education Commission of the States Members	155	835
MembersAppointment, term and qualifications		835
	100	650
Exceptional children	150	842
Special programs and teaching services for	199	042
Finance and administration Administration of school finances by state board of education	153	830
Funds		000 000
General school fund and its use	153, 168	830, 888
Personnel		832
Auxiliary minimum pay	193	632
Public school support	150	822
Appraisal and assessment of property		822 822
Computation of local shareCounty basic foundation program		827
		830
County request schedule  Definitions		818
Enrollment	100	010
Allowance for increased enrollment	153	829
Foundation allowance	200	<del></del> -
Administrative cost	153	821
Basic foundation program		819
Current expenses		821
Fixed charges		820
National average attainment		820
Personnel generally	153	820
Professional educators		819
Transportation cost		821
Inconsistent provisions of code repealed	153	831
Local share, computation of	153	822
Loss reduction, allowance for	153	828
Plan		818
Total basic state aid allowance	153	827
Pupils		
Age for school attendance	146	799
Transfer of pupils between districts.	147	800
Computation of net enrollment	141	800
Tuition	147	800
Agreed upon by districts  Paid by district from which pupil transferred		800
		800
Rules and regulations		
Public school support Authority of state board of education	153	830
Authority of state board of the		300

SCHOOLS(continued):	Ch.	Page
Salaries		
Minimum salary schedule		831
Substitute teachers	153	832
Scholarships		
Awards, state scholarship program		843
School terms	146	798
Schools for the deaf and blind		
Continuation and management		841
Salary scale	158	841
State Board of Education See Boards of Education.		
Taxation		•
Levies and imposition of tax		
Minimum school term	140	799
Teachers	140	199
Minimum salary schedule	159	831
Teachers Retirement System	193	931
See State Teachers Retirement System.		
Universities and colleges		
Fees and other money		
Special capital improvements funds	161	845
Vocational Rehabilitation	_ 101	010
Division		
Administration	154	833
Director		000
Powers and duties generally	154	833
Operation of food service in public office buildings		837
West Virginia University		
Security officers	157	839
Secured transactions See Commercial Code. SHERIFF:		
Assistants, deputies and employees		
Appointment	23	172
Compensation		172
Payment	_ 23	174
Discharge		173
Mileage allowance	_ 23	178
Training deputies		
Payment of expense	_ 23	178
Compensation		
Affidavit acknowledging receipt of	. 23	175
Fixed by county court	. 23	170
Maximum and minimum limits Payment	.23, 13	169, 1061
Sharing that of deputy, etc., prohibited	23	174 176
Penalty Penalty	23	176
Conservators of the peace		110
Appointment, removal, etc., of local conservators of the peace	118	682
Deputies		004
Civil service system for appointment, etc.	29	195
See Civil Service.	-	200
Evnenditures		
Report to county court	23	179
Fynanses	23	176
Mileage allowance	23	178
Prisoners		
Allowance for keeping and feeding	23	176

SHERIFF—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Request for appropriation of funds	23	172
Training		178
Payment of expenses	23	178
When to devote full time to public duties	23	171
SPECULATIVE SECURITIES AND FRAUDULENT SALES:		
Transactions not included	166	864
STATE INSTITUTIONS:		
Commissioner of Public Institutions		
Information officer and administrator for agreement on detainers	48	262
Payment of jail fees incurred by escapees from forestry		
camp, industrial home for girls and industrial school for boys	47	253
STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM:		
Annuities		
Computation	151	812
Supplemental benefits to certain annuitants		814
Definitions		804
Institutions of higher education		
Supplemental and additional plans for employees		810
Loans to members	152	815
Options Certain members may elect between systems	150	808
STOCK LAW:		
Running at large		
Damages	4	30
Impounding	4	30
Stock trespassing on grounds of another	4	30
Damages	4	30
Impounding	4	30
SUMMERS COUNTY:		
County Court		
Expenditure of county funds for Summers County Centennial celebration	183	1008
_		
TAX COMMISSIONER:		
Establishment of in-service training program for county		
officials	23	166
See Taxation.		
TAXATION:		
Assessment and valuation of property		
Personal property books	168	886
Contents Assessors		000
Salaries of assessors, deputies, assistants and employees		
Payable out of county fund	168	886
See Assessors.		
Business and occupation tax		
See Business and Occupation Tax.		
Capitation taxes	168	887
Collection for tax year 1970		001
Carriers Tax on gross income of certain	169	890
Rate of tax	169	891

TAXATION—(continued):	Ch.	Pag
Collection of taxes		
Receipt for taxes	168	88
Corporations  Meaning of terms in corporation net income tax law	170	90
Counties  Levy on property outside municipalities	168	88
Income tax		
Corporate net income tax Definitions	170	90
Personal net income tax  Meaning of terms	170	90
Sale of lands for taxes  See Sale of Lands for School Fund.		
TRAVEL EXPENSES:		
Out-of-State		
Persons invited to visit campus of institution of higher		78
Promulgation of rules and regulations.	142	78
From Engagon of Tutes and Tegunations	A 240	
TRUSTS:		
Distribution of income from trust deemed a private foundation		91
Prohibitions as to trusts which are deemed private foundation	173	91
or split-interest trusts	113	31.
TUBERCULOSIS:		
Compulsory testing of school children and school personnel		
for tuberculosis	70	384
T1		
Ŭ		
UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION:		
Benefits		
Disquallfication	174	951
Hospitals  Benefit payments for service with state hospitals	174	959
Nonprofit organizations	-14	000
Benefit payments for service with	174	959
Financing benefits paid to employees of	174	939
Rate	184	956
Total unemploymentAnnual computation and publication of rates	174	959
Table	174	957
Universities and colleges		
Benefit payments for services with	174	959
Commissioner of Employment Security		
Federal-state cooperation		934
Definitions	174	917
Employer coverage and responsibility  Elective coverage by political subdivisions	174	937
Pate of contribution		201
Amount	174	945
Experience rating		
Adjustment of accounts and rates		948
Debit balance account rates  Decreased rates	174	948
LACTICAGE TARES		0.00
Fixing rates by commissioner	174	948
Fixing rates by commissioner Termination of coverage Voluntary coverage	174 174	948 945 937

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Extended benefits program		
Beginning		964
Definitions		960
Effective date of article		964
Eligibility requirements.	174	963
Regular benefits		
Effect of state law relating to regular benefits on claims for and payment of extended benefits	174	963
Termination	174	964
Termination Total extended benefit amount	174	964
Weekly extended benefit amount	174	964
Federal aid		
Federal-state cooperation	174	934
UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES:		
Board of Regents		
Accreditation of institutions of higher education	<b>164</b>	861
Advisory council on federal resources	163	854
Branch colleges and off-campus locations of state		
universities and colleges		862
Capital improvements funds		845
Community colleges	165	862
Definitions		850, 856
Directed to formulate a plan for the establishment of state system of community colleges (HCR 16)		1015
Employees Retirement		
Options of certain members to elect between		
retirement systems	150	808
Guaranteed student loan program		
Administered by board of regents	162	856
Board's authority to buy and sell student obligations	162	856 860
Construction of article	163	857
ExpensesObligations	102	667
Acquisition of contingent interest in from		
lending institutions	163	858
Terms	163	859
Collection of delinquent	163	858
Powers and duties of board of regents.	163	857
Purpose of article	163	860
Title to property		858 859
Trust fund established		859
Special account created		859
-	100	000
Payment of expenses  Moving expenses of new employees	142	788
Persons invited to visit campus of institutions		
of higher education.	142	788
Powers and duties		
Transfer of powers, duties, etc., of commission on		
higher education to board of regents	163	853
State agency to participate in federal and private		
grants to higher education	163	853
West Virginia University		
Security officers	157	839
University High School Transfer to board of education of Monongalia County	19	1098

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY: Appropriations	Ch.	Page
Nonstock, nonprofit corporations		
Museums, cultural centers, etc.	107	629
Appointed by governing bodies	106	623
Eligibility of members		624
Filling vacancies		624
Management of authority vested in	106	623
Number and terms of members	_ 106	623
Terms of office		623
Vote of members	_ 106	623
Bond issues		
General provisions		624
Dissolution		627
Disposition of assets after payment of debts		627
Exempt from taxation	_ 106	627
Workmen's compensation		200
Employees to be covered by	_ 106	628
v		
VENEREAL DISEASES:		
Minors Treatment without consent of parent or guardian	. 71	355
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION:		
Division		
Administration	. 154	833
Director		833
Powers and duties generally		833 837
Operation of a food service in public office buildings	. 136	001
w		
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT:		
Appeal and error		
Appeal to water resources board	. 111	641
Chief of division of water resources		
Appeal to water resources board	111	641
THE A DONE.		
WEAPONS: Dangerous		
Purchase of firearms in contiguous state	42	246
Sale of firearms to residents of contiguous state		246
Date of Heating to resident of territoria	_	
WELFARE, DEPARTMENT OF:		
Appropriations	_	
Transfer of amounts between items of total appropriation	7	101
WILDLIFE:		
Resources. See Game and Fish.		
WOOD COUNTY:		
Intermediate Court		
7-1-31-31-41	39	239
Salary of judge	39	243
WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION:		
Administrative expenses		
Dand of commissioners	176	967
Decement of calaries and expenses	176	969
Manner and limitation	176	969

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION—(continued):	Ch.	' Page
Attorneys at law		
Fees for representing claimant	177	1000
Awards		
Jurisdiction of commissioner over cases continuous		993
Modification of by commissioner.		993
Time limitation on awards		993
Reimbursement of claimant for expenses	177	993
Commissioner		
Appeals		968
AppointmentBond		967
BondEvidence	176	967
Copies of orders, proceedings or records	176	968
Holding other office prohibited		968
Legal services		968
Modification of finding or order		993
Nonmedical questions determined by		991
Occupational pneumoconiosis		991
Notice of decision to parties		997
Objections and hearing		997
Oath of office		967
Salary	176	967
Term of office	176	967
Vacancy, filling	176	967
Disability and death benefits		
Application for benefits	177	990
Time for making	177	990
Classification of disability benefits	177	976
Computation of benefits	177	989
Death benefits		
Classification		986
Dependent defined	177	987
Disability benefits		
Claimants	155	982
Physical examination of Classification		976
Hernia		981
Impairments		002
Preexisting physical, not considered in		
fixing compensation	177	986
Exception	177	986
When payment after injury to begin	177	975
Funeral expenses	177	975
Disabled workmen's relief fund		
Administration of fund		
Payment of salaries of employees	177	996
Composition of fund	177	994
Computation of benefits		995
Created	177	994
Custodian	177	994 996
Employers providing own system of compensation	177	994
How designated Mode of payment	111 177	995
Powers of commissioner over fund	177	996
To whom benefits paid.	177	995
		550
Employers Report of injuries of employees	177	990
m3		
Fund To whom disbursed	177	972
Interest on henefits	177	990

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION—(continued):	Ch.	Page
Occupational diseases		
Defined	177	974
Occupational pneumoconiosis board		
Autopsy		983
Findings required of board	177	984
Objection to findings	177	985
Presumption	177	984
Procedure	177	984
Reports and distribution thereof	177	984
Pneumoconiosis		
Claims for	177	991
Defined	177	973
"Injury" and "personal injury" included in definition	177	973
Review		
Appeal board		
Application for review	177	998
Time limit	. 177	998
Appointment by governor	. 177	999
Budget		1000
Citation		998
Claims not to be denied on technicalities	177	1000
Clerical staff	. 177	999
Composition		998
Continuances and supplemental hearings	. 177	1000
Created	. 177	998
Fees of attorney for claimant		1000
Meetings		999
Qualification of members		998
Salaries		999
Severability of chapter		1001

## ERRATA

Page 977, §23-4-6, line 38, the second "and" should be "or."