ACTS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE

OF

WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 1985

BJW Printers, Beckley, W. Va.

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FOREWORD

This volume contains the Acts of the First Regular Session of the 67th Legislature.

First Regular Session, 1985

The First Regular Session of the 67th Legislature convened on January 9, 1985, and following election of officers of the two houses, the opening and publishing of the returns of the election of state officers at the general election held on the 13th day of November, 1984, all as prescribed by Section 18, Article VI of the Constitution of the State, the adoption of rules to govern the proceedings of the two houses and separately and concurrently acting on certain other matters incident to organization, took an adjournment until February 13, 1985, as provided by the aforesaid section of the Constitution. Reconvening, pursuant to the adjournment, the constitutional 60-day limit on the duration of the session being at midnight April 13, 1985, sine die adjournment came on April 16, 1985.

Bills totaling 1846 were introduced in the two houses during the session (1132 House and 714 Senate). The Legislature passed 192 bills, 109 House and 83 Senate. The Governor approved 176 bills and vetoed 16. However, three bills were amended, repassed by the Legislature and approved by the Governor. One bill was repassed, notwithstanding the Governor's objections, leaving a net total of 12 bills lost through veto. A net total of 180 bills became law.

There were 100 concurrent resolutions during the session, 55 House and 45 Senate, of which 8 House and 13 Senate were adopted. Thirty-six House Joint and 17 Senate Joint Resolutions were introduced proposing amendments to the State Constitution. The Legislature adopted one Senate Joint Resolution and two House Joint Resolutions. The House had 39 House Resolutions and the Senate had 37 Senate Resolutions, of which 16 House and 33 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 43 House bills passed by the House and 60 Senate bills failed passage by the House. One House bill, one Senate bill and one House Concurrent Resolution died in conference.

This volume will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia. These acts may be purchased from the Division of Purchases, Department of Finance and Administration, State Capitol, Charleston, West Virginia.

DONALD L. KOPP Clerk, House of Delegates

ERRATA

Page 91, Conservation and Development, following—
"72—Geological and Economic Survey,"

insert

"(WV Code Chapter 29) Acct. No. 5200."

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Regular Session, 1985

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MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

REGULAR SESSION, 1985

OFFICERS

President—Dan Tonkovich, Benwood President Pro Tem—J. R. "Bob" Rogers, Madison Clerk—Todd C. Willis, Logan Sergeant at Arms—Estil Bevins, Williamson Doorkeeper—Aubrey R. Grizzell, St. Albans

District	Name	Address
First	John M. Karras (R)	
Second	*Thomas E. Loehr (D) Dan Tonkovich (D)	
Third	*Keith Burdette (D) Sam White (R)	
Fourth		
Fifth	Mack C. Jarrell (D) •Robert R. Nelson (D)	
Sixth	*H. Truman Chafin (D) John Pat Fanning (D)	
Seventh	*J. R. "Bob" Rogers (D) Earl Ray Tomblin (D)	
Eighth	*John Si Boettner (D) Mario J. Palumbo (D)	
Ninth	*Ted T. Stacy (D) Bruce O. Williams (D)	Beckley Rock View
Tenth	*Frederick L. Parker (D) Tony E. Whitlow (D)	
Eleventh	Robert K. Holliday (D) *Ralph D. Williams (D)	
Twelfth	Jac Spears (D) *Larry A, Tucker (D)	
Thirteenth	*Gino R. Colombo (D) William R. Sharpe, Jr. (D)	Clarksburg Weston
Fourteenth	Stephen L. Cook (D)	Morgantown Fairmont
	Gerald W. Ash (D) *C. N. Harman (R)	Grafton
	*Sondra Moore Lucht (D) Vernon C. Whitacre (D)	High View
Seventeenth	*Darrell E. Holmes (D) Tod J. Kaufman (D)	Charleston Charleston

¹ Appointed a member of the Senate January 30, 1985, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of the Honorable James L. Davis.

^{*} Elected in 1982. All others elected in 1984.

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MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

REGULAR SESSION, 1985

OFFICERS

Speaker—Joseph P. Albright, Parkersburg Speaker Pro Tem—W. Marion Shiflet, Union Clerk—Donald L. Kopp, Clarksburg Sergeant at Arms—Oce W. Smith, Jr., Fairmont Doorkeeper—Dannie Wingo, Yukon

District	Name	Address
irst	Sam Love, Jr., (D)	Weirton
	Patricia Mastrantoni (D)	Weirton
econd	Roy Givens (D)	Wellsburg
	Bernard V. Kelly (D)	
`hird	Thais Blatnik (D)	Wheeling
	David B. McKinley (R)	Wheeling
	Paul J. Otte (R)	Wheeling
Fourth	Larry Wiedebusch (D)	
	Albert D. Yanni (D)	Glen Dale
Fifth	Robert L. Jones (R)	New Martinsville
Sixth	Larry D. Swann (R)	West Union
Seventh	Gregory K. Smith (D)	St. Marys
	Joseph P. Albright (D)	
	George E. Farley (D)	
	Gene A. Haynes (R)	
	William P. A. Nicely (R)	
	Sandy Rogers (R)	Vienna
Ninth	Marjorie H. Burke (D)	Sand Fork
	Robert H. Kidd (D)	Sutton
Tenth	Bob Ashley (R)	
Eleventh	Bili Carmichael (R)	Ripley
	James M. Casey (D)	
	Deborah F. Phillips (D)	
	John H. Reed, III (R)	
	Patricia Holmes White (D)	Poca
Thirteenth	Robert "Chuck" Chambers (D)	Huntington
	Sue A. Davis (D)	
	Phyllis E. Given (D)	
	Evelyn E. Richards (R)	
	Jody G. Smirl (R)	
	Jack R. Traylor, Sr. (R)	
Fourteenth	Lucian Fry (D)	
	Walter Rollins (D)	
Fifteenth	Irvine "KO" Damorn (D)	
	James B. Simpkins (D)	
Sixteenth	W. E, "Bill" Anderson (D)	
	Sammy D. Dalton (D) †Charles Gilliam (D)	
	R. L. "Bob" McCormick (D)	
C	Robert L. Mullett (D)	
Seventeenth	Error C. Moore (D)	Thorne
Eighteenth	Ernest C. Moore (D)	
s		
Nineteenth	Clayton W. Hale (D)	,

Appointed a member of the House of Delegates January 18, 1985, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of the Honorable Joe C. Ferrell.

Twentieth	Gilbert E. Bailey (D)	Princeton
	Richard D. Flanigan (D)	Princeton
	James W. McNeely (D)	Athens
	Howard L. Wellman (D)	
	W. Marion Shiflet (D)	
Twenty-second	Paul R. Hutchinson, Jr., (D)	.Beckley
	Jack J. Roop (D)	Beckley
	Arnold W. Ryan (D)	. Hinton
	Fred T. Stacy (D)	Beckley
~	William R. Wooton (D)	
I wenty-third	Bonnie L. Brown (D)	South Charleston
	Lee F. Feinberg (D)	.Charleston
,	Barbara A. Hatfield (D) John R. Hoblitzell (R)	South Charleston
	James F. Humphreys (D)	Charleston
	Thomas A. Knight (D)	Charleston
	Charlotte J. Pritt (D)	
	F. Lyle Sattes (D)	
	Rudy Seacrist (D)	Charleston
	Walton S. Shepherd, Ill, (D)	.Sissonville
	Leonard I. Underwood (D)	.St. Albans
	John M. "Slim" Wells (R)	
Twenty-fourth	Pat R. Hamilton (D)	.Oak Hill
	Tom Louisos (D)	.Oak Hill
	John Pino (D)	
Twenty-fifth	Betty D. Crookshanks (D)	.Rupert
	Sarah Lee Neal (D)	.Rainelle
Twenty-sixth	Linda Nelson Garrett (D)	.Webster Springs
•	Ralph H. Johnson (D)	Richwood
Twenty-seventh	Charles F. Jordan, Jr., (D)	.Elkins
•	Joe Martin (D)	
Twenty-eighth	Charles R. Shaffer (R)	.Buckhannon
, 0	Donald L. Stemple (R)	.Philippi
	Robert J. Conley (R)	.Weston
Thirtieth	Percy C. Ashcraft, Il (D)	Clarksburg
	Floyd Fullen (D)	.Bridgeport
	Joseph M. Minard (D)	.Clarksburg
	Kenneth H. Riffle (D)	Clarksburg
Thirty-first	Paul E. Prunty (R)	
	Duane Southern (D)	.Fairmont
	Benjamin N. Springston (R)	.Fairmont
	Cody A. Starcher (D)	
Thirty-second	Shelby (Bosley) Leary (D)	Blacksville
	Elizabeth M. Martin (D)	.Morgantown
	Florence L. Merow (D)	Morgantown
mate at the		-
I hirty-third	Fred Peddicord, III (R)Floyd R. Stiles (R)	Kingwood
	rioyd R. Stiles (R)	
I hirty-lourth	Marc L. Harman (R)	Petersburg
	Thomas J. Hawse, III, (D)	
•	Daniel L. Shanholtz (R)	
Thirty-seventh	Patrick H. Murphy (D)	Martinsburg
Thirty-eighth	Larry V. Faircloth (R)	lnwood
	John Overington (R)	
	William H. Martin (D)	
	11 C D-1 D b 0 1004	CH she are seen as

² Appointed a member of the House of Delegates December 2, 1984, to fill the vacancy created by the death of the Honorable Donald F. Anello.

³ Appointed a member of the House of Delegates March 7, 1985, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of the Honorable Charlotte Lane.

	Democrats	73
(R)	Republican	_27
	Total	100

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1985

STANDING

Agriculture

Parker (Chairperson), Lucht (Vice Chairperson), Ash, Holliday, Sharpe, Spears, Whitacre, Whitlow and Shaw.

Banking and Insurance

Tucker (Chairperson), Rogers (Vice Chairperson), Chasin, Cook, Kausman, Loehr, Palumbo, Tomblin, Whitacre, B. Williams, R. Williams, Karras and White.

Confirmations

Kaufman (Chairperson), Tomblin (Vice Chairperson), Boettner, Burdette, Chafin, Parker, Tucker, Whitlow and Karras.

Education

R. Williams (Chairperson), Burdette (Vice Chairperson), Ash, Boettner, Colombo, Holliday, Palumbo, Parker, Sharpe, B. Williams, Yanero and White.

Energy, Industry and Mining

Tomblin (Chairperson), Fanning (Vice Chairperson), Burdette, Chernenko, Holmes, Nelson, Rogers, Sharpe, Stacy, Tucker, R. Williams, Yanero and Karras.

Finance

Spears (Chairperson), Tomblin (Vice Chairperson), Burdette, Chernenko, Colombo, Craigo, Fanning, Holmes, Kaufman, Loehr, Parker, Sharpe, Whitacre, B. Williams, R. Williams, Harman and Karras.

Government Organization

Whitlow (Chairperson), Stacy (Vice Chairperson), Burdette, Cook, Craigo, Loehr, Lucht, Nelson, Palumbo, Spears, R. Williams and Harman.

Health and Human Resources

Ash (Chairperson), Holliday (Vice Chairperson), Craigo, Jarrell, Loehr, Sharpe, Spears, Stacy, B. Williams, R. Williams and Harman.

Interstate Cooperation

Sharpe (Chairperson), Palumbo (Vice Chairperson), Burdette, Colombo, Cook, Fanning and Shaw, (Mr. President, Mr. Tonkovich is ex officio nonvoting member).

Judiciary

Chafin (Chairperson), Tucker (Vice Chairperson), Ash, Boettner, Cook, Holliday, Jarrell, Lucht, Nelson, Palumbo, Rogers, Stacy, Whitlow, Yanero, Shaw and White.

Labor

Holmes (Chairperson), Colombo (Chairperson), Fanning, Holliday, Jarrell, Rogers, Sharpe, Stacy and Karras.

Military

Jarrell (Chairperson), Chernenko (Vice Chairperson), Colombo, Lucht, Nelson, Palumbo, Spears, Tucker and Shaw.

Natural Resources

Whitacre (Chairperson), B. Williams (Vice Chairperson), Chernenko, Cook, Craigo, Holmes, Palumbo, Parker, Rogers, Tomblin, Tucker, Whitlow and Harman.

Transportation

Fanning (Chairperson), Craigo (Vice Chairperson), Chernenko, Nelson, Parker, Rogers, Tomblin, Yanero and White.

Rules

Tonkovich (Chairperson), Boettner, Chafin, Rogers, Spears, Tomblin, Tucker, Whitlow, R. Williams and Shaw.

JOINT

Enrolled Bills

B. Williams (Chairman), Holmes, Kaufman, Loehr and Karras.

Government and Finance

Tonkovich (CoChairman), Boettner, Chafin, Sharpe, Spears, Harman and Karras.

Rules

Tonkovich (CoChairman), Boettner and Harman.

Rule-Making Review

R. Williams (Chairman), Boettner, Rogers, Tomblin, Harman and Shaw, (Mr. President, Mr. Tonkovich is ex officio nonvoting member).

SELECT COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Boettner (Chairman), Tomblin (Vice Chairman), Ash, Chernenko, Fanning, Loehr, Palumbo, Spears, R. Williams and Karras.

COMMISSIONS

Pensions and Retirement

Parker (Chairman), Whitacre and Harman.

Special Investigations

Tonkovich (CoChairman), Boettner, Tucker, Karras and Shaw.

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Regular Session, 1985

STANDING

Agriculture and Natural Resources

Neal (Chairman of Agriculture), Burke (Vice Chairman of Agriculture), Love (Chairman of Natural Resources), Roop (Vice Chairman of Natural Resources), Ashcraft, Bailey, Damron, Hawse, Johnson, Jordan, Louisos, McNeely, Mullett, Murphy, Phillips, Shiflet, Southern, Underwood, Woolsey, Overington, Peddicord, Prunty, Shaffer, Springston and Stiles.

Banking and Insurance

McCormick (Chairman of Banking), Hamilton (Vice Chairman of Banking), Riffle (Chairman of Insurance), Starcher (Vice Chairman of Insurance), Anderson, Brown, Flanigan, Fry, Hawse, Jordan, Mastrantoni, Murensky, Phillips, Pritt, Schifano, Shiflet, Southern, Stacy, White, Ashley, Carmichael, Conley, McKinley, Reed and Stemple.

Constitutional Revision

Humphreys (Chairman), J. Martin (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Casey, Feinberg, Fry, Fullen, Garrett, Hatfield, Hutchinson, Kelly, Kidd, E. Martin, W. Martin, Shepherd, Wiedebusch, Woolsey, Wooten, Carmichael, Nicely, Otte, Overington, Prunty, Reed and Stemple.

Education

Sattes (Chairman), Murphy (Vice Chairman), Ashcraft, Bailey, Dalton, Givens, Hale, Kidd, W. Martin, McCormick, Merow, Mullett, Phillips, Pino, Ryan, Stacy, Wellman, Yanni, Conley, Hoblitzell, Jones, Otte, Overington, Prunty and Rogers.

Finance

Farley (Chairman), Murensky (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Burke, Davis, Flanigan, Fry, Hutchinson, Jordan, E. Martin, Neal, Pritt, Riffle, Seacrist, Simpkins, Smith, Starcher, White, Faircloth, McKinley, Nicely, Reed, Shanholtz, Stemple and Wells.

Government Organization

Knight (Chairman), Minard (Vice Chairman), Anderson, Gilliam, Given, Hatfield, Hawse, Johnson, Kelly, Louisos, Love, Merow, Rollins, Southern, Stacy, Underwood, Wellman, Woolsey, Ashley, Hoblitzell, Peddicord, Richards, Rogers, Stiles and Traylor.

Health and Welfare

Givens (Chairman), Flanigan (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Dalton, Davis, Hamilton, Hatfield, Leary, Louisos, J. Martin, McCormick, Minard, Moore, Mullett, Roop, Seacrist, Shepherd, White, Ashley, Conley, R. Harman, Otte, Richards, Rogers and Traylor.

Industry and Labor

Moore (Chairman), Simpkins (Vice Chairman), Brown, Crookshanks, Fullen, Garrett, Given, Leary, Mastrantoni, McNeely, Murphy, Pino, Riffle, Stacy, Starcher, Underwood, Wellman, Yanni, Hoblitzell, Jones, McKinley, Nicely, Peddicord, Prunty and Richards.

Interstate Cooperation

Schifano (Chairman), Given (Vice Chairman), Love, Neal, Yanni, Otte and Rogers, (Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright is ex officio nonvoting member).

Judiciary

Chambers (Chairman), Damron (Vice Chairman), Brown, Casey, Crookshanks, Feinberg, Fullen, Garrett, Hamilton, Humphreys, Leary, J. Martin, Mastrantoni, McNeely, Moore, Roop, Schifano, Shepherd, Carmichael, M. Harman, R. Harman, Haynes, Shaffer, Smirl and Springston.

Political Subdivisions

Davis (Chairman), Seacrist (Vice Chairman), Casey, Feinberg, Gilliam, Garrett, Hale, Humphreys, Kelly, Kidd, E. Martin, W. Martin, Merow, Minard, Murensky, Pritt, Rollins, Ryan, M. Harman, R. Harman, Haynes, Otte, Richards, Shanholtz and Smirl.

Roads and Transportation

Yanni (Chairman), Blatnik (Vice Chairman), Ashcraft, Bailey, Burke, Crookshanks, Dalton, Damron, Feinberg, Gilliam, Given, Hale, Hawse, Johnson, Merow, Pino, Ryan, Underwood, Conley, Haynes, Jones, Shanholtz, Smirl, Stiles and Traylor.

Rules

Albright (Chairman), Chambers, Farley, McCormick, Neal, Sattes, Shiflet, Wiedebusch, Wooton, Faircloth, Swann and Wells.

JOINT

Enrolled Bills

Fullen (Chairman), Kelly (Vice Chairman), Kidd, Ashley and Stiles.

Government and Finance

Albright (Cochairman), Chamber, Farley, Sattes, Wooton, Carmichael and Swann.

Rule-Making Review

Casey (Chairman), Knight, Schifano, Wiedebusch, Shaffer and Springston (Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright is ex officio nonvoting member).

Rules

Albright (Cochairman), Wooton and Swann.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC POLICY

Casey (Chairman), Rollins (Vice Chairman), Chambers, Farley, Hamilton, Leary, Knight, Sattes, Shiflet, R. Harman, Shaffer and Springston.

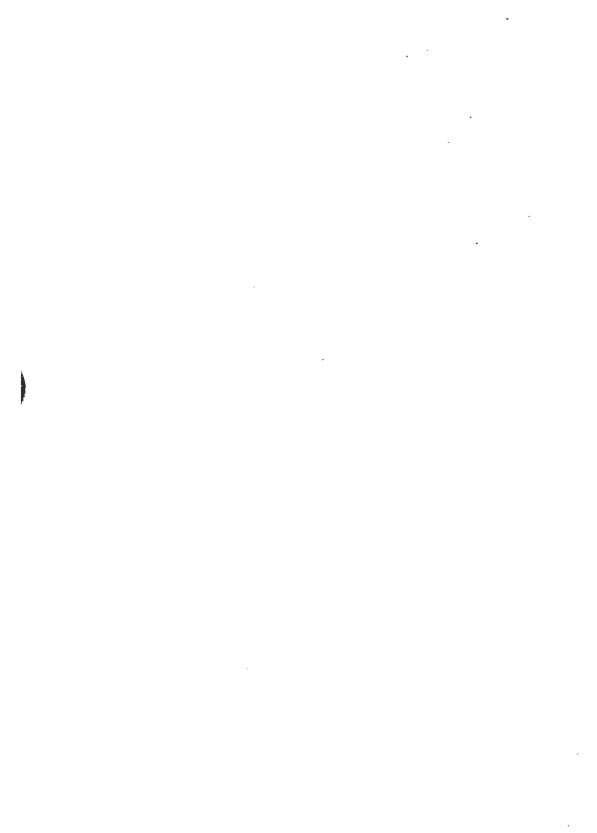
COMMISSIONS

Pensions and Retirement

Murensky (Chairman), Starcher and Swann.

Special Investigations

Albright (Cochairman), Sattes, Wooton, Faircloth and Nicely.





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LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

REGULAR SESSION. 1985

CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 60-By Senator Rogers)

[Passed March 11, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article two, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section six, article seven, chapter fifty-five of said code, all relating to limitations of actions generally; providing for an extension of the limitation period for new action after abatement, dismissal, etc., in wrongful death actions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article two, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section six, article seven, chapter fifty-five of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Limitation of Actions and Suits.
- 7. Actions for Injuries.

ARTICLE 2. LIMITATION OF ACTIONS AND SUITS.

- §55-2-18. Extension of period for new action after abatement, dismissal, etc., of action commenced within due time.
 - 1 If any action or suit, including an action for wrongful
 - 2 death, commenced within due time, in the name of or
 - 3 against one or more plaintiffs or defendants, abate as to one
 - 4 of them by the return of no inhabitant, or by his or her death

5 or marriage, or if, in an action or suit, including an action 6 for wrongful death, commenced within due time, judgment 7 or decree (or other and further proceedings) for the 8 plaintiffs should be arrested or reversed on a ground which 9 does not preclude a new action or suit for the same cause, or 10 if there be occasion to bring a new action or suit by reason of 11 such cause having been dismissed for want of security for 12 costs, or by reason of any other cause which could not be 13 plead in bar of an action or suit, or of the loss or destruction 14 of any of the papers or records in a former action or suit 15 which was in due time; in every such case, notwithstanding 16 the expiration of the time within which a new action or suit 17 must otherwise have been brought, the same may be 18 brought within one year after such abatement, dismissal or 19 other cause, or after such arrest or reversal of judgment or 20 decree, or such loss or destruction, but not after. The 21 provisions of this section shall not apply to actions brought 22 for the death of any person occurring prior to the first day of 23 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two.

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

§55-7-6. By whom action for wrongful death to be brought; amount and distribution of damages; period of limitation.

(a) Every such action shall be brought by and in the 2 name of the personal representative of such deceased 3 person who has been duly appointed in this state, or in any 4 other state, territory or district of the United States, or in any foreign country, and the amount recovered in every such action shall be recovered by said personal representative and be distributed in accordance herewith. 8 If the personal representative was duly appointed in another state, territory or district of the United States, or in 10 any foreign country, such personal representative shall, at 11 the time of filing of the complaint, post bond with a 12 corporate surety thereon authorized to do business in this 13 state, in the sum of one hundred dollars, conditioned that 14 such personal representative shall pay all costs adjudged 15 against him and that he shall comply with the provisions of 16 this section. The circuit court may increase or decrease the 17 amount of said bond, for good cause.

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- 18 (b) In every such action for wrongful death the jury, or in a case tried without a jury, the court, may award such 19 damages as to it may seem fair and just, and, after making 20 21 provision for those expenditures, if any, specified in 22 subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section, may direct in 23 what proportion the remaining net damages shall be 24 distributed to the surviving spouse and children, including 25 adopted children, stepchildren and grandchildren of the deceased, and other persons, if any who were dependent 26 27 upon the decedent for support, in whole or in part, or if 28 there be none such, then to parents, brothers and sisters of the deceased, or if there be none such, then to such other 29 30 persons, if any, entitled to inherit pursuant to the provisions of section one, article one, chapter forty-two of this code. 31 unless the jury shall by its verdict allocate the remaining net 32 amount in differing amounts and proportions among any 33 surviving spouse, children, adopted children, stepchildren, 34 grandchildren, other dependents, parents, brothers and 35 sisters of the deceased. Where the matter was tried without 36 a jury the court may find upon just and equitable principles 37 38 that such net amount recovered should be distributed to such last named persons in different amounts and 39 40 proportions, in which event the court shall make written 41 findings of fact and then and there order such remaining net damages distributed to those persons in such amounts and 42 proportions as the court finds to be fair, just and equitable. 43 44
 - (c) (1) The verdict of the jury shall include, but may not be limited to, damages for the following: (A) Sorrow, mental anguish, and solace which may include society, companionship, comfort, guidance, kindly offices and advice of the decedent; (B) compensation for reasonably expected loss of (i) income of the decedent, and (ii) services, protection, care and assistance provided by the decedent; (C) expenses for the care, treatment and hospitalization of the decedent incident to the injury resulting in death; and (D) reasonable funeral expenses.
- (2) In its verdict the jury shall set forth separately the amount of damages, if any, awarded by it for reasonable funeral, hospital, medical and said other expenses incurred as a result of the wrongful act, neglect or default of the defendant or defendants which resulted in death, and any 58

- 59 such amount recovered for such expenses shall be so expended by the personal representative.
- 61 (d) Every such action shall be commenced within two
- 62 years after the death of such deceased person, subject to the
- 63 provisions of chapter fifty-five, article two, section
- 64 eighteen. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
- 65 actions brought for the death of any person occurring prior
- 66 to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 67 two.

CHAPTER 2

(S. B. 83—By Senator Whitlow)

[Passed March 15, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to immunity from civil liability for persons rendering emergency care to victims at the scene of a crime.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

§55-7-15. Aid to victim of accident and victim of crime; immunity from civil liability.

- No person, including a person licensed to practice
- 2 medicine or dentistry, who in good faith renders emer-
- 3 gency care at the scene of an accident or to a victim at
- 4 the scene of a crime, without remuneration, shall be
- 5 liable for any civil damages as the result of any act or
- 6 omission in rendering such emergency care.

CHAPTER 3

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1703—By Delegate Hutchinson and Delegate Roop)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, three, four, five, six, eight and nine, article four, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to definitions; consent; consent by infants; revocation of consent or relinquishment for adoption; when given; requirements; filing of petition; notice; and proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, three, four, five, six, eight and nine, article four, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine-hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. ADOPTION.

- §48-4-1, Definitions.
- §48-4-3. Consent.
- §48-4-4. Consent by infants.
- §48-4-5. Revocation of consent or relinquishment for adoption; when given; professional fees.
- §48-4-6. Delivery of child for adoption; filing of petition.
- §48-4-8. Notice.
- §48-4-9. Proceedings.

§48-4-1. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 2 (a) A "legal father" is, before adoption, the male person
- 3 having the legal relationship of parent to a child, (1) who is
- 4 married to its mother at the time of conception; or (2) who
- 5 is married to its mother at the time of birth of the child; or
 - (3) who is the biological father of the child and who marries
- 7 the mother before an adoption of the child.
- 8 (b) A "determined father" is, before adoption, a person (1)
- 9 adjudicated to be the father of a child under the provisions
- of article seven of this chapter; or (2) who makes an affidavit
- Il stating that he is the father of a child and who is identified
- 12 as the father by the mother in a like affidavit; or (3) who has,

- 13 at his instance, been otherwise judicially determined to be the
- 14 biological father of the child entitled to parental rights with
- 15 respect to the child; or (4) who claims to be the father of the
- 16 child.
- 17 (c) An "unknown father" is the biological father who, before 18 adoption, is neither the legal father nor determined father of 19 the child.
- 20 (d) A "birth mother" is the biological mother of the child;
- 21 (e) A "birth father" is the biological father of the child; and
- 22 (f) The "adoptive parents" or "adoptive mother" or
- 23 "adoptive father" shall mean those persons who, after 24 adoption, are the mother and father of the child.

§48-4-3. Consent.

- 1 (a) The mother and legal father or determined father shall consent to the adoption by a writing acknowledged as in the 2 case of deeds, unless the court orders, after hearing, that the parental rights of such person are terminated, abandoned or 4 5 permanently relinquished, or that the person is under disability solely because of age. If the person is under disability, the 6 court may decree the adoption if it orders (1) that the parental 7 rights of the persons are terminated, abandoned or perman-8 ently relinquished, (2) that the person is incurably insane, or 9 (3) the disability arises solely because of age and an otherwise 10 valid consent has been given. 11
- 12 (b) Any consent to adoption or relinquishment of parental 13 rights shall have the effect of authorizing the prospective 14 adoptive parents to consent to medical treatment for the child, 15 whether or not such authorization is expressly stated in the 16 consent or relinquishment.
- (c) If all persons entitled to parental rights of the child 17 sought to be adopted are deceased or have been deprived of 18 the custody of the person of such child by law, then and in 19 such case, the written consent, acknowledged as aforesaid, of 20 the legal guardian of such child or those having at the time 21 the legal custody of the child shall be obtained and so 22 presented, and if there be no legal guardian nor any person 23 having the legal custody of the child, then such consent must 24 be obtained from some discreet and suitable person appointed 25

- by the court or judge thereof to act as the next friend of suchchild in the adoption proceedings.
- 28 (d) If one of the persons entitled to parental rights of the 29 child sought to be adopted is deceased, only the consent or 30 relinquishment of the surviving person entitled to parental 31 rights shall be required.
- 32 (e) In addition to the consent required in subsections (a)
 33 through (d) of this section, in any case where the child sought
 34 to be adopted is twelve years of age or over, the written
 35 consent of such child to such adoption, given in the presence
 36 of the judge having jurisdiction thereof, must also be obtained
 37 and presented before the entry of any order of adoption, unless
 38 for extraordinary cause such is waived by court order.

§48-4-4. Consent by infants.

1 If it appears that a person giving consent to adoption is 2 under eighteen years of age at the time of the filing of the 3 petition, and that such infant parent is a resident of the state, the consent shall be specifically reviewed and approved by the 4 5 court and a guardian ad litem may be appointed to represent the interests of the consenting infant parent. The guardian ad 6 7 litem shall conduct a discreet inquiry regarding the consent 8 given, and may inquire of any attorney, social worker, notary 9 public or other person having knowledge of the consent. If the 10 guardian ad litem finds reasonable cause to believe that the 11 consent given was obtained by fraud or duress, the court may 12 request the consenting infant parent to appear before the court 13 or at a deposition, so that inquiry may be made regarding the 14 consent given. Failure to appoint a guardian ad litem is not grounds for setting aside a decree of adoption. 15

§48-4-5. Revocation of consent or relinquishment for adoption; when given; professional fees.

- 1 (a) Parental consent or relinquishment of legal custody for 2 adoption purposes, whether given by an adult or minor, is 3 irrevocable from the time of execution, except where a court 4 of competent jurisdiction finds that, notwithstanding the terms 5 of the consent or relinquishment, such consent or relinquish-6 ment was obtained by fraud or duress, if:
- 7 (1) The consent or relinquishment is executed after the 8 expiration of seventy-two hours after the birth of the child,

9 and the consent so states;

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- (2) The parent executing the consent or relinquishment is informed that the consent is irrevocable from the time executed, and the consent so states;
- (3) The consent or relinquishment includes a statement that the parent executing the consent does so of his own free will, that the consent was not obtained through fraud or duress, that the parent executing the consent believes the adoption of the child to be in the best interests of the child, expressly waives notice of any adoption proceeding to be filed, and joins in the petition to be filed and the prayer that the child be adopted; and
- (4) In the case of a consenting parent under the age of eighteen, either a guardian ad litem is appointed pursuant to 22 23 the provisions of section four of this article and the consent reviewed and approved by the court, or the consent or 24 25 relinquishment is executed in the presence of and approved by a judge of a court of record in the county in which such 26 27 relinquishment is made.
 - (b) Any parental consent or relinquishment of legal custody for adoption purposes which does not conform to the requirements of subsection (a) of this section may be revoked by such parent within ten days after the consent is executed and, whether given by an adult or a minor, is irrevocable thereafter except where a court of competent jurisdiction finds that such consent or relinquishment for adoption was obtained by fraud or duress.
 - (c) A consent or relinquishment of legal custody which is 36 revocable pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (b) 37 hereunder, if executed in this state, shall set forth the method 38 by which the same may be revoked, including the name and 39 location of the person to contact in the event the person desires 40 to exercise his or her right of revocation. Notwithstanding any 41 provision of this section to the contrary, any revocable consent 42 which does not so state the method of revocation may be 43 revoked within twenty days of the time of execution and, 44 whether given by an adult or a minor, is irrevocable thereafter 45 except where a court of competent jurisdiction finds that such 46 consent or relinquishment for adoption was obtained by fraud 47 48 or duress.

- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, a relinquishment of legal custody for adoption of a child given by a minor to a licensed private child welfare agency or to the state department of human services shall be with section one, article three, chapter forty-nine of this code.
- 54 (e) Any payment to physicians, attorneys, adoption agencies 55 or to any other person involved in the adoption process shall 56 be limited to cover fees from services rendered.

§48-4-6. Delivery of child for adoption; filing of petition.

- 1 (a) Whenever a person delivers a child for adoption the
 2 person first receiving such child and the prospective adopting
 3 parent or parents shall be entitled to receive from such person
 4 a written recital of all known circumstances surrounding the
 5 birth, medical and family medical history of the child, and an
 6 itemization of any facts or circumstances unknown or
 7 requiring further development.
- 8 (b) The petition for adoption may be filed at any time after 9 the child who is the subject of the adoption is born and the 10 adoptive placement determined, with or without all requisite consents, but the hearing on said petition shall not be held 12 until after the child shall have lived in the house of the 13 adopting parent or parents for a period of six months.

§48-4-8. Notice.

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- (a) Unless waived by a writing acknowledged as in the case of deeds or by other proper means, notice of the adoption proceeding shall be served on any known person entitled to parental rights of a child prior to its adoption who has not signed either a consent for the adoption of the child or a relinquishment of custody of such child, or whose parental rights have not otherwise been terminated.
- (b) Such notice shall be served on each such person at least 8 twenty days before the date of the final hearing in the adoption 9 proceeding and shall inform the person that his or her parental 10 rights, if any, may be terminated in the proceeding and that 11 such person may appear and defend any such rights within 12 twenty days of such service. In the case of any such person 13 who is a nonresident or whose whereabouts are unknown, 14 service shall be achieved (1) by personal service, (2) by 15 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage 16

17 prepaid, to the person's last-known address, with instructions 18 to forward, or (3) by publication. If personal service is not 19 acquired, then if the person giving notice shall have any knowledge of the whereabouts of the person to be served, 20 21 including a last-known address, service by mail shall be first 22 attempted as herein provided. Any such service achieved by 23 mail shall be complete upon mailing and shall be sufficient 24 service without the need for notice by publication. In the event 25 that no return receipt is received giving adequate evidence of 26 receipt of the notice by the addressee or of receipt of the notice 27 at the address to which the notice was mailed or forwarded. 28 or if the whereabouts of the person are unknown, then the 29 person required to give notice shall cause service of such notice 30 by publication as a Class II publication in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of the code, 31 and the publication area shall be the county where such 32 33 proceedings are had, and in the county where the person to 34 be served was last known to reside except in cases of foreign adoptions where the child is admitted to this country for 35 purposes of adoptive placement and the United States 36 37 Immigration and Naturalization Service has issued the foreignborn child a visa or unless good cause is shown for not 38 publishing in the county where the person was last known to 39 40 reside. The notice shall state the court and its address but not the names of the adopting parents. In the case of a person 41 under disability, service shall be made on the person and his 42 43 personal representative, or if there be none, on a guardian ad 44 litem.

In the case of service by publication or mail or service on a personal representative or a guardian ad litem, the person shall be allowed thirty days from the date of the first publication or mailing or such service on a personal representative or guardian ad litem in which to appear and defend such parental rights.

§48-4-9. Proceedings.

- 1 (a) When the cause has matured for hearing but not sooner 2 than six months after the child has resided continuously in the
- 3 home of the petitioner or petitioners, the court shall decree
- 4 the adoption if:
- 5 (1) It determines that no person retains parental rights in

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such child except the petitioner and the petitioner's spouse, or
 the joint petitioners;

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- (2) That all applicable provisions of this article have been complied with;
- (3) That the petitioner is, or the petitioners are, fit persons to adopt the child; and
- 12 (4) That it is in the best interests of the child to order such adoption.
 - (b) The court or judge thereof may adjourn the hearing of such petition or the examination of the parties in interest from time to time, as the nature of the case may require. Between the time of the filing of the petition for adoption and the hearing thereon, the court or judge thereof shall, unless the court or judge otherwise directs, cause a discreet inquiry to be made to determine whether such child is a proper subject for adoption and whether the home of the petitioner or petitioners is a suitable home for such child. Any such inquiry, if directed, shall be made by any suitable and discreet person not related to either the persons previously entitled to parental rights or the adoptive parents, or by an agency designated by the court, or judge thereof, and the results thereof shall be submitted to the court or judge thereof prior to or upon the hearing on the petition and shall be filed with the records of the proceeding and become a part thereof. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 31 (1) A description of the family members, including medical and employment histories;
- (2) A physical description of the home and surroundings;and
 - (3) A description of the adjustment of the child and family.
 - (c) If it shall be necessary, under the provisions of this article, that a discreet and suitable person shall be appointed to act as the next friend of the child sought to be adopted, then and in that case the court or judge thereof shall order a notice of the petition and of the time and place when and where the appointment of next friend will be made, to be published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county where such court is located. At the time and place so

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named and upon due proof of the publication of such notice, the court or judge thereof shall make such appointment, and shall thereupon assign a day for the hearing of such petition and the examination of the parties interested.

(d) Upon the day so assigned, the court or judge thereof shall proceed to a final hearing of the petition and examination of the parties in interest, under oath, and of such other witnesses as the court or judge thereof may deem necessary to develop fully the standing of the petitioners and their responsibility, and the status of the child sought to be adopted; and if the court or judge thereof shall be of the opinion from the testimony that the facts stated in the petition are true, and if upon examination the court or judge thereof is satisfied that the petitioner is, or the petitioners are, of good moral character, and of respectable standing in the community, and are able properly to maintain and educate the child sought to be adopted, and that the best interests of the child would be promoted by such adoption, then and in such case the court or judge thereof shall make an order reciting the facts proved and the name by which the child shall thereafter be known, and declaring and adjudging that from the date of such order, the rights, duties, privileges and relations, theretofore existing between the child and those persons previously entitled to parental rights, shall be in all respects at an end, and that the rights, duties, privileges and relations between the child and his or her parent or parents by adoption shall thenceforth in all respects be the same, including the rights of inheritance, as if the child had been born to such adopting parent or parents in lawful wedlock, except only as otherwise provided in this article: Provided, That no such order shall disclose the names or addresses of those persons previously entitled to parental rights.

CHAPTER 4

(H. B. 1545-By Delegate Burke and Delegate Neal)

[Passed April 5, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four-b, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine

hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to extending the authorization of the commissioner of the department of agriculture to increase certain fees by rules to a maximum.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four-b, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

§19-1-4b. Authority of commissioner to increase certain fees by rules or regulations.

1 The commissioner is hereby authorized to promulgate and 2 adopt rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, fixing dues for permits. 3 4 licenses, certificates, registrations and laboratory tests when, 5 in the opinion of the commissioner, it becomes necessary to increase these fees in order to cover the cost of providing the 6 services involved or issuing the permits, licenses, certificates or 7 8 registrations applicable: Provided. That this authority is granted only with regard to the following sections and articles 9 of this chapter and may be exercised by the commissioner up 10 11 to a maximum extent of causing all such fees, as the same exists on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 12 13 eighty-four, to be doubled.

14 Section six, article two-a (permits for public markets); section ten, article two-a (licensing of weighmen and 15 auctioneers); section eleven, article two-a (grading, classifying 16 or standardizing license); section fourteen, article two-a 17 (testing and inspection of livestock for infectious disease); 18 19 section four, article two-b (license for commercial slaughterer, 20 etc.); section six, article two-c (auctioneer license); section one, article three (commission merchant license); section four, 21 article five-a (warehouse operations license); section two, 22 article nine-a (permit to feed garbage to swine); section three, 23 article ten-a (certificate to sell eggs); section five, article eleven 24 25 (permit to manufacture or purchase milk and cream); section nine, article twelve (certificate of nurserymen, etc.); section six, 26 article fourteen (fees for feed inspection); section two, article 27 fifteen (registration fee for commercial fertilizer); section four, 28 article fifteen (inspection fees for commercial fertilizers); 29

section two, article fifteen-a (registration of agricultural liming material); section four, article fifteen-a (inspection fee for liming material); section three, article sixteen (fee for sale of seeds); and section four, article sixteen-a (fees for economic poisons registration).

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Any money collected by the commissioner as a result of any fee increases pursuant to rule or regulation authorized by this section shall be deposited in the same fund or funds with the state treasurer and expended in the same manner as those fees collected prior to the enactment of this section, except that fees collected under authority of section six, article two-c shall be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of a special fund for implementation of the article.

CHAPTER 5

(S. B. 344—By Senator Parker)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-b, relating to enacting a livestock dealer's licensing act; providing definitions; providing that a license be procured before engaging in the business of livestock dealing; providing for refusals, suspensions and revocation of licenses; providing for a fee and surety bond; providing for records of transactions, inspections by and orders of the commissioner; hearings and review; disposition of fees; rules and regulations; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10B. LIVESTOCK DEALERS'S LICENSING ACT.

- §19-10B-1. Short title.
- §19-10B-2. Definitions.
- §19-10B-3. License required; fee.
- §19-10B-4. Applicant to furnish surety bond.
- §19-10B-5. Records of transactions; inspection by commissioner.
- §19-10B-6. Refusals, suspensions or revocation of licenses.
- §19-10B-7. Orders of the commissioner; hearing; review.
- §19-10B-8. Fees paid into special fund in state treasury.
- §19-10B-9. Commissioner to enforce article; rules and regulations.
- §19-10B-10. Penalties.
- §19-10B-11. Construction.

§19-10B-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as "The
- 2 West Virginia Livestock Dealer's Licensing Act."

§19-10B-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, as used
- 2 in this article:
- 3 (a) "Bond" means a written instrument issued or
- 4 executed by a surety or an insurance company licensed 5 to do business in this state, guaranteeing that the person
- 6 bonded shall faithfully fulfill the terms of the contract
- o bonded shall faithfully fullfil the terms of the contract
- 7 of purchase and guarantee payment of the purchase price
- 8 of all livestock purchased by him, made payable to the 9 commissioner for the benefit of persons sustaining loss
- 10 resulting from the nonpayment of the purchase price or
- 11 the failure to fulfill the terms of the contract of purchase.
- 12 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agricul-
- 13 ture of the state of West Virginia and his duly authorized
- 14 representatives.
- 15 (c) "Department" means the department of agriculture
- 16 of the state of West Virginia.
- 17 (d) "Livestock" means cattle, horses, swine, sheep,
- 18 goats or any other animal of the bovine, equine, porcine,
- 19 ovine or caprine specie and domestic poultry.
- 20 (e) "Livestock dealer" means a person other than a live-
- 21 stock producer who buys, receives or assembles livestock
- 22 for resale, either for his own account or that of another
- 23 person.

- 24 (f) "Livestock producer" means a person selling live-
- 25 stock which he has raised or others which he has addi-
- 26 tionally purchased and summered or wintered.
- 27 (g) "Person" means an individual, partnership, cor-
- 28 poration, association or other legal entity.

§19-10B-3. License required; fee.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any person except a livestock
- 2 producer to engage in the business of buying, receiving or
- 3 assembling livestock for resale, or selling livestock in this
- 4 state without being licensed as a livestock dealer by the
- 5 commissioner. All applications for a livestock dealer's
- 6 license or renewal of such license shall be made on forms
- 7 provided by the commissioner and shall be filed on or
- 8 before June thirtieth of each year with the commissioner.
- 9 A fee of thirty dollars shall be remitted with each such
- 10 application. Any license not renewed by the first day of
- 11 July of any year shall expire.

§19-10B-4. Applicant to furnish surety bond.

- 1 Before issuing any livestock dealer's license, the com-
- 2 missioner shall require the applicant to file either:
- 3 (1) A properly attested sworn statement that he or
- 4 she is maintaining a valid surety bond pursuant to the
- 5 requirements of The Federal Packers and Stockyards Act
- 6 of 1921, 42 Stat 159.7 USCA, 181 as amended; or
- 7 (2) A fully executed surety bond in an amount pre-
- 8 scribed by the commissioner by regulation, but not
- 9 less than ten thousand dollars for the benefit of the
- 10 sellers of livestock who have been wronged or damaged
- 11 by any fraud or fraudulent practices of the livestock
- 12 dealer, and so adjudged by a court of competent juris-
- 13 diction and who shall have the right of action for damage
- 14 for compensation against such bonds.

§19-10B-5. Records of transactions; inspection by commissioner.

- 1 Every licensed livestock dealer shall make and retain
- 2 for at least two years written livestock sales records

in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, including, but not limited to, records indicating the iden-4 tification numbers or letters, sex, brand and approximate 5 6 weight of all livestock bought, sold, received, exchanged 7 or otherwise transferred, and the names and addresses of all owners, sellers, consignors or buyers with whom he 8 has in any manner exchanged livestock, with the date of 9 10 such exchanges.

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If the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe any livestock in this state are diseased in a manner such 13 as to constitute a health hazard to other livestock, whereever located, he may request in writing the livestock 14 sales records of any livestock dealer in the state for the purpose of tracing or discovering the diseased livestock, 17 the source of the disease, and all other livestock which 18 may be affected by the disease. A livestock dealer shall comply with such request within twenty-four hours. 19

The commissioner shall have the authority to enter premises and buildings occupied by a livestock dealer at any reasonable time in order to examine books and records maintained by the livestock dealer.

24 The commissioner may require livestock dealers to file in such form as he may prescribe, regular or special re-25 ports, or answers in regard to specific questions, for the 26 purpose of providing information concerning livestock 27 movement and animal disease control. 28

§19-10B-6. Refusals, suspensions or revocation of licenses.

The commissioner may refuse to grant or may suspend or revoke a livestock dealer's license when he determines from evidence presented him that there is reasonable cause to believe that any of the following situations exists:

- (a) Where the applicant or licensee has violated the laws of the state or official regulations governing the interstate or intrastate movement, shipment or transportation of livestock.
- (b) Where there have been false or misleading state-9 ments as to the health or physical condition of the ani-10 mals with regard to the official tests or quality of the 11 animals, or the practice of fraud or misrepresentation in 12

- 13 connection therewith or in the buying or receiving of animals or receiving, selling, exchanging, soliciting or negotiating the sale, resale, exchange, weighing or ship-15
- 16 ment of animals.

25

26

- 17 (c) Where the applicant or licensee acts as a dealer for 18 a person attempting to conduct business in violation of this article, after the notice of such violation has been 19 given the licensee by the commissioner. 20
- (d) Where the applicant or licensee fails to practice 21 measures of sanitation, disinfection and inspection of 22 premises or vehicles used for the yarding, holding or 23 24 transportation of livestock.
- (e) Where there has been a failure to keep records required by the commissioner or where there is a refusal on the part of the applicant or licensee to produce records 27 of transactions in the carrying on of the business for 28 which such license is granted. 29
- (f) Where the licensee fails to maintain a bond or to 30 adjust a bond upon thirty days' notice or refuses or 31 neglects to pay the fees or inspection charges required to 32 33 be paid.
- 34 (g) Where the licensee has been suspended by order of the secretary of agriculture of the United States department of 35 agriculture under provisions of The Federal Packers and 36 Stockyards Act of 1921, 42 Stat 159.7 USCA, 181, as 37 amended. 38

§19-10B-7. Orders of the commissioner; hearing; review.

- Any order of the commissioner shall be served upon 1
- all persons affected thereby by registered mail. Within,
- ten days of receipt of such order, any party adversely
- affected thereby may, in writing, request a hearing be-
- fore the commissioner. Such hearing and any judicial
- review thereof shall be conducted in accordance with the
- applicable provisions of articles five and six, chapter twen-
- ty-nine-a of this code, as if the same were set forth herein
- in extenso. The effect of any order shall be suspended 9
- during the course of any hearing or subsequent appeals.

819-10B-8. Fees paid into special fund in state treasury.

All funds collected under this article shall be paid 1

- 2 into the state treasury and credited to a special fund to
- 3 be appropriated by order of the commissioner for the
- 4 enforcement of this article.

§19-10B-9. Commissioner to enforce article; rules and regula-

- 1 The commissioner shall administer and enforce the
- 2 provisions of this article and shall have authority to issue
- 3 regulations, after a public hearing, following due notice
- 4 in conformance with the provisions of the state admin-
- 5 istrative procedures as set forth in chapter twenty-nine-a
- 6 of this code, to carry out the provisions of this article.

§19-10B-10. Penalties.

- 1 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of
- 2 this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 3 conviction thereof, shall for the first offense be fined
- 4 not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred
- 5 dollars, and upon conviction of each subsequent offense
- 6 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more
- 7 than one thousand dollars.

§19-10B-11. Construction.

- 1 The provisions of this article are remedial and shall be
- 2 liberally construed and applied so as to promote the pur-
- 3 poses set out in the various sections of the article.

CHAPTER 6

(S. B. 619—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 1, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenues remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eightyfive, to the Office of Economic and Community Development, Account No. 1210, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Whereas, The Governor submitted to the Legislature Executive Budget Document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein is set forth the revenue estimates and financial statements for the general revenue fund; and

Whereas, It appears from such executive budget document that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state fund, general revenue, available for further appropriation during the current fiscal year 1984-85, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 1210, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sum to the designated line item:

- 1 TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.

3		EXECUTIVE	
4	6—Office of Economic	e and Community	Development
5	Ac	count No. 1210	
6	15 National Youth S	cience Camp	\$ 50,000
7	20 Total		\$8,622,559
8	The purpose of this		
9	to supplement the afo		
10		A At 1	1004 OF C
TA	expenditure in the		
11	expenditure in the amount shall be avai		

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1946—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, By request of the Executive)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of all federal funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Office of Economic and Community Development, Account No. 1210, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, know as a budget bill.

WHEREAS, The chief executive has established the availability of federal funds receivable for new programs and available for expenditure in fiscal year 1984-85; a portion of the same are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 1210, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented and amended by adding thereto an amount to be designated line item and with the same to thereaster read as follows:

1		TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
2		Section 2. Appropriations of federal funds.
3		6—Office of Economic and Community Development
4		Acct. No. 1210
5	18	To local entities
6	20	Total \$46,004,062
7	T	he purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to
8	supp	plement and amend the designated line item in this account
9	in t	he amount of \$800,000 to provide federal funds for
10	expe	enditure in the current fiscal year of 1984-85. Such
11	amo	unts shall be available for expenditure immediately upon

- 12 the effective date of the bill. Any unexpended balance
- 13 remaining at the end of such fiscal year is hereby reappro-
- 14 priated for expenditure in fiscal year 1985-86.

(S. B. 568—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 28, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenues remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund, Account No. 1240, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Whereas, The Governor submitted to the Legislature Executive Budget Document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein is set forth the revenue estimates and financial statements for the general revenue fund; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such executive budget document that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state fund, general revenue, available for further appropriation during the current fiscal year 1984-85, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 1240, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sum to the designated line item:

Ţ	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	EXECUTIVE
4	9—Governor's Office—Civil Contingent Fund
5	Account No. 1240
6 7	1 Unclassified—Total\$ — \$500,000 The purpose of the bill is to supplement the aforesaid
8	account and item therein, with such amount being avail-
9	able for expenditure upon the effective date of this bill
10	and in the fiscal year 1984-85. Any unexpended balance
11	remaining at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85, in the
12	above appropriation is hereby reappropriated for expen-
13	diture during the fiscal year 1985-86.

(H. B. 1644—By Delegate Riffle and Delegate Starcher)

[Passed March 25, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

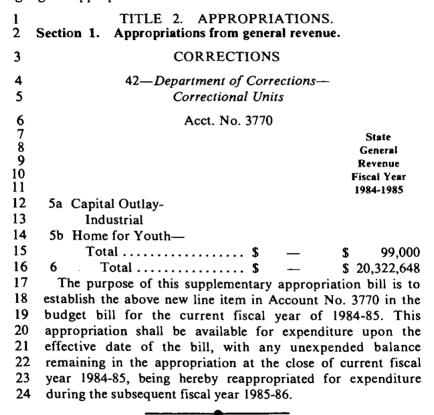
AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Department of Corrections-Correctional Units, Account No. 3770, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature an executive budget document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein is set forth the revenue estimates and financial statements for the general revenue fund; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such executive budget document that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state fund, general revenue, available for further appropriation during the current fiscal year 1984-85, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 3770, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, be supplemented by adding thereto the following new line item and language of appropriation:



CHAPTER 10

(S. B. 281—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 12, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public

money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Department of Human Services, Account No. 4050, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature an executive budget document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein is set forth the revenue estimates and financial statements for the general revenue fund; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such executive budget document that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state fund, general revenue, available for further appropriation during the current fiscal year 1984-85, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 4050, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eightyfour, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

- 1 TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
- Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue. 2
- 3 47—Department of Human Services
- 4 Acct. No. 4050
- Assistance Payments\$ 3,306,536
- 6 20 Total\$ --\$112,945,994
- The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 7
- is to supplement the aforesaid account and item therein
- for expenditure in the current fiscal year 1984-85. Such
- 10 amounts shall be available for expenditure upon the
- effective date of this bill. 11

(S. B. 491—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 1, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenues remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the State Board of Education—Rehabilitation Division, Account No. 4400, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature Executive Budget Document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein is set forth the revenue estimates and financial statements for the general revenue fund; and

Whereas, It appears from such executive budget document that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state fund, general revenue, available for further appropriation during the current fiscal year 1984-85, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 4400, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding thereto the following new line item and language of appropriation:

TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

50—State Board of Education—Rehabilitation Division

Acct. No. 4400

11a Capital Outlay-Roof Replacement — \$ 315,000

Total \$10,301,282

- 8 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
- 9 is to establish the above new line item in Account No.
- 10 4400 in the budget bill for the current fiscal year 1984-85.
- 11 This appropriation shall be available for expenditure
- 12 upon the effective date of this bill, with any unexpended
- 13 balance remaining in the appropriation at the end of the
- 14 current fiscal year 1984-85, being hereby reappropriated for
- 15 expenditure during the subsequent fiscal year 1985-86.

(H. B. 1643---By Delegate White and Delegate Reed)

[Passed March 25, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all general revenue remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Department of Employment Security, Account No. 4510, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature an executive budget document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein is set forth the revenue estimates and financial statements for the general revenue fund; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such executive budget document that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state fund, general revenue, available for further appropriation during the current fiscal year 1984-85, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 4510, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, be supplemented by adding thereto the following sum to the designated line item:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS
4	54—Department of Employment Security
5	Acct. No. 4510
6 7 8 9	State General Revenue Fiscal Year
11 12 13	1984-1985 1 Interest Assessment— Total
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	tion shall be available for expenditure upon the effective date

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1824—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, by request of the Executive)

[Passed March 29, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of all federal funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Public Land Corporation, Account No. 5660, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Chief executive has informed the Legislature that

federal funds have been received for new programs and are available for expenditure in fiscal year 1984-85; a portion of the same are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 5660, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following item and language of appropriation:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.	
2	Section 2. Appropriations of federal funds.	
3	CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPM	ENT
4	71—Public Land Corporation	
5	Acct. No. 5660	
6		Federal
7		Funds
8		Fiscal Year
9		1984-1985
10	4a Capital Outlay—Blennerhassett	
11	Historical Park Commission—Total	\$ 700,000
12	The purpose of this supplementary appropriat	ion bill is to
13	appropriate federal funds in accordance with cha	
14	11, section 5 of the code to the Blennerhassett Hi	
15	Commission for construction and overall ca	pital outlay
16	purposes. These funds shall be available for exper	diture in the
17	current fiscal year of 1984-85, and upon the effe	ctive date of
18	the bill. Any unexpended balance remaining at the	e end of such
19	fiscal year is hereby reappropriated for expendit	ture in fiscal
20	year 1985-86.	

CHAPTER 14

(H. B. 1756—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, by request of the Executive)

[Passed March 26, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the state Department of Highways, Account No. 6700, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature the Executive Budget Document, dated February 13, 1985, wherein on page XII thereof is set forth the revenues and expenditures of the State Road Fund, including fiscal year 1984-1985; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1984-1985, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations made from the state road fund to the state Department of Highways, Account No. 6700, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented as follows:

1		TITLE 2. APPRO	PRI	ATIONS.	
2	Sect	ion 3. Appropriations from o	thei	funds.	
3		85-State Departmen	t of	Highway.	S
4		Acct. No. 6	700		•
5		TO BE PAID FROM STA	TE F	ROAD FUN	D
6				Federal	Other
7				Revenue	Revenue
8			F	iscal Year	Fiscal Year
9				1984-1985	1984-1985
10	1	Maintenance Expressway,			
11	2	Trunkline and Feeder	\$	-0-	\$ 49,523,000
12	3	Maintenance, State			
13	4	Local Services		-0-	67,155,000

14	5	Maintenance, Contract		
15	6	Paving and		
16	7	Secondary Road		
17	8	Maintenance	—0 —	19,584,000
18	9	Inventory Revolving	—0 —	1,425,000
19	10	Equipment Revolving	—0 —	4,375,000
20	11	General Operations	0	17,674,000
21	12	Debt Service	—0—	80,000,000
22	13	Interstate Construction	—0 —	160,000,000
23	14	Other Federal		
24	15	Aid Programs	—0—	128,021,000
25	16	Appalachian Program	0	25,406,000
26	17	Nonfederal Aid		
27	18	Construction	0	8,189,000
28	19	Total \$	-0-	\$561,352,000
29	Т	he purpose of this supplementary	арргоргіа	tion bill is to
30		plement existing items in the		
31		enditure in the fiscal year of 1984		
32		total spending authority of the		
33		al year. Such increased amounts		

34 expenditure upon the effective date of this bill."

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1945—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann by request of the Executive)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal block grant moneys out of the treasury from the balance of available federal block grant moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Office of Economic and Community Development, Account No. 8032, supplementing chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The chief executive has established the availability of federal block grant moneys receivable for new programs and

available for expenditure in fiscal year 1984-85, a portion of the same are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 8032 be newly established in section 10, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented and amended by the item and language of appropriation therein as follows:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 10. Appropriation from federal block grants.
3 4 5	124-A—Office of Economic and Community Development— Justice Assistance Act
6	Acct. No. 8032
7	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS
8	1 To Local Entities—Total \$600,000
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	The purpose of this appropriation bill is to supplement section ten, designated "Appropriations from federal block grants" with the aforesaid new account therein and item and language of appropriation in respect of such account for expenditure in the current fiscal year of 1984-85. Such amount shall be available for expenditure immediately upon the effective date of the bill. Any unexpended balance remaining at the end of such fiscal year is hereby reappropriated for expenditure in fiscal year 1985-86.

CHAPTER 16

(S. B. 710—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of all federal

funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to the Crime Victim Reparation, Account No. 8412, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Whereas, The Governor has informed the Legislature that federal funds have been received for new programs and are available for expenditure in fiscal year 1984-85; a portion of the same are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 8412, chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following item and language of appropriation:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS:
2	Section 2. Appropriations of federal funds.
3	105—Crime Victim Reparation
4	Acct. No. 8412 Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1984-85
5	3A Victim Compensation Program \$ 52,639
6	4 Total \$ 52,639
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to appropriate federal funds in accordance with chapter four, article eleven, section five of the code. These funds shall be available for expenditure in the current fiscal year of 1984-85, and upon the effective date of the bill. Any unexpended balance remaining at the end of such fiscal year is hereby reappropriated for expenditure in fiscal year 1985-86.

(S. B. 714—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing and amending items of the existing appropriation of the Department of Human Services, Account No. 4050, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 4050, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, and being prior appropriated federal funds, be supplemented, and amended with such items to thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 2. Appropriations of federal funds.
3	47—Department of Human Services
4	Account No. 4050
5	2 Current Expenses
6	20 Total \$ 190,865,290
7	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
8	is to appropriate federal funds in the amount of \$50,500
9	for the West Virginia Office of Volunteer Services. These
10	funds became available after passage of chapter twenty-
11	two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand
12	nine hundred eighty-four. These funds will be available
13	May 1, 1985.

(S. B. 700—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 8, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriation of the West Virginia College of Osteopathic Medicine, Account No. 2810, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 2810, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and transferred and with such items to thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE 2.	APPROPRIATIONS.
*		

- Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue. 2
- 25-West Virginia College of Osteopathic Medicine 3

Acct. No. 2810 4

5	1	Personal Services \$:	\$ 2,710,057
6	2	Current Expenses — —		1,028,000
7	5	Primary Health Training		240,000

Total \$--\$ 4,105,057 8

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 9 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys from

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one item of the existing appropriation to another item 11

of such appropriation for the designated spending unit, 12

with no new moneys being appropriated hereby. The 13

amounts as newly itemized for expenditure during such 14

fiscal year shall be available for expenditure upon the 15

effective date of this bill. 16

(H. B. 2056—By Delegate Neal and Delegate Flanigan)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriation of the Department of Corrections-Central Office, Account No. 3680, and the Department of Corrections-Correctional Units, Account No. 3770, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 3680 and Account No. 3770, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, be supplemented, amended and transferred and with such items to thereafter read as follows:

1		TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.		
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.			
3	40—Department of Corrections—Central Office			
4		Acct. No. 3680		
5				State
6				General
7			1	Revenue
8			F	iscal Year
9				984-1985
10	5	Adult Female		
11		Offenders Contract	\$	694,646
12	٠.	Current Expenses	_	
13	6	Total	\$	1,559,229
14		42—Department of Corrections—Correction	nal	Units
15		Acct. No. 3770		



16 17 18 19 20			State General Revenue Fiscal Year 1984-1985	
21	1	Personal Services	\$11,220,754	
22	6	Total	\$20,473,648	
23	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to			
24	supplement, amend and transfer the sum of two hundred fifty			
25	thousand dollars, state general revenue, prior appropriated to			
26	item five and the "Current Expenses" subitem thereof in			
27	Account No. 3680 from the Central Office account to the			
28	Correctional Units Account No. 3770 and item one thereof,			
29	being the "Personal Services" item; with no new moneys being			
30	appropriated hereby. The amounts as newly itemized for			
31	exp	enditure in such accounts, during the current	fiscal year,	
32		thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be		
33	such	expenditure upon the effective date of the bill	•	

(S. B. 441--Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 28, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriation of the State Board of Education—Rehabilitation Division, Account No. 4400, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 4400, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known

as the budget bill, and being prior appropriated federal funds, be supplemented, amended and transferred and with such items to thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Section 2. Appropriations of federal funds.			
3	50—State Board of Education—Rehabilitation Divisio	n		
4	Acct. No. 4400			
	Federa Funds			
	Fiscal Y			
	1984-8	5		
5	1 Personal Services	,861		
6	2 Current Expenses 5,120	,131		
7	3 Repairs and Alterations 220	,736		
8	- •	,195		
9	5 Case Services	,343		
10	Total \$ 26,933	,763		
11	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation	bill		
12	is to supplement, amend and transfer certain mor			
13	from one item of the existing appropriation of fed	eral		
14	funds for current fiscal year, one thousand nine hundred			
15				
16				
17	appropriated hereby. The amounts as newly itemized for			
18				
19	expenditure upon the effective date of this bill.			

CHAPTER 21

(H. B. 1997-By Delegate Blatnik and Delegate McKinley)

[Passed April 5, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriation of the West Virginia Railroad Maintenance Authority, Account No. 5690, 1

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for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 5690, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, be supplemented, amended and transferred and with such items to thereafter read as follows:

TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.

2 Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.

3		73—West Virginia Railroad Maintenance Authority		
4		Acct. No. 5690		•
5				State
6				General
7				Revenue
8			F	iscal Year
9			1	984-1985
10	2	Current Expenses	\$	190,000
11	3	Repairs and Alterations	\$	190,000

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend and transfer the sum of fifty thousand dollars, state general revenues, prior appropriated to item three, "Repairs and Alterations" to item 2, "Current Expenses", with no new moneys being appropriated hereby. The amounts as newly itemized for expenditure in such account, during the current fiscal year, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be available for such expenditure upon the effective date of the bill. Any unexpended balances remaining in such items 2 and 3, at the close of fiscal year 1984-85, are hereby reappropriated for expenditure in fiscal year 1985-86.

(S. B. 703—Originating in the Senate Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor except as noted.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriation of the Human Rights Commission, Account No. 5980, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 5980, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and transferred and with such items to thereafter read as follows:

1 .	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.					
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.					
3	78—Human Rights Commission					
4	Acct. No. 5980					
*5	1 Personal Services \$ 436,543					
6	2 Current Expenses 226,448					

*7

8 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill

9 is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys

10 from one item of the existing appropriation to another

11 item of such appropriation for the designated spending

12 unit, with no new moneys being appropriated hereby.

13 The amounts as newly itemized for expenditure shall be

14 available upon the effective date of this bill.

^{*} Clerk's Note: The Governor reduced the amount appropriated for Personal Services by \$500 and deleted all of Line Item Total.

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1757—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, by request of the Executive)

[Passed March 26, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts of the total appropriations made from the state road fund to the state Department of Highways, Account No. 6700, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation from the state road fund to the State Department of Highways, Account No. 6700, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eithty-five, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1		TITLE 2. APPRO	PRIATIONS	•	
2	Sec	ction 3. Appropriations from	other funds.		
3	85—State Department of Highways				
4	Acct. No. 6700				
5	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND				
6			Federai	Other	
7			Revenue	Revenue	
8			Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
9			1984-1985	1984-1985	
10	1	Maintenance Expressway	\$	\$	
11	2	Trunkline and Feeder	0	48,523,000	
12	3	Maintenance, State			
13	4	Local Services	0	65,707,000	
14	5	Maintenance, Contract,			
15	6	Paving and			
16	7	Secondary Road			
17	8	Maintenance	—0—	12,084,000	

18	9	Inventory Revolving	0	1,425,000
19	10	Equipment Revolving	—0—	4,125,000
20	11	General Operations	—0—	17,674,000
21	12	Debt Service	-0-	80,000,000
22	13	Interstate Construction	-0-	160,000,000
23	14	Other Federal		
24	15	Aid Programs	 0	128,021,000
25	16	Appalachian Program	 0	25,406,000
26	17	Nonfederal Aid		
27	18	Construction	0	7,189,000
28	19	Total	\$ -0-	\$550,154,000

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys from items of

the existing appropriation to other items of such appropriation for the designated spending unit, and to reflect the total

32 for the designated spending unit, and to reflect the total 33 spending authority of the spending unit for the 1984-1985,

34 fiscal year with no new moneys being appropriated hereby.

35 The amounts as newly itemized for expenditure in such fiscal

36 year shall be available for expenditure upon the effective date

37 of this bill.

CHAPTER 24

(H. B. 2023—By Delegate Burke and Delegate Faircloth)

[Passed April 5, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire into the state fund, general revenue of the state, certain unexpended and unencumbered amounts of the special revolving revenue fund of the Department of Motor Vehicles, Account No. 8421-09, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the sum of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars of the balances in Account No. 8421-09, including balances carried forward on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,



available for expenditure in the current fiscal year 1984-85, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and caused to expire into the state fund, general revenue of the state, and with such amount to be available for other and further appropriation upon the effective date of this bill.

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend, reduce and cause to expire out of the special revolving revenue fund of the Department of Motor Vehicles, available for expenses related to auto insurance coverage certification, and into the state fund, general revenue of the state, the sum of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, such moneys being formerly appropriated by the language of "Sec. 12.—Special revenue appropriations." section in the budget bill for the current fiscal year 1984-85.

CHAPTER 25

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2051—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, by request of the Executive)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire into the state fund, general revenue of the state, certain unexpended and unencumbered amounts of accrued interest, earned through the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and contained in the accounts, as designated, and in the amounts, as hereinafter specified, of the West Virginia Geological Survey, Account No. 7929-08; of the Treasurer's Office—Abandoned and Unclaimed Property, Account No. 8000-12; of the Treasurer's Office-Investment Pool, Account No. 8004-08; of the Real Estate Commission, Account No. 8010-22; of the Office of Economic and Community Development, Domestic Violence-Operations, Account No. 8026-22; of the Office of Economic and Community Development, Domestic Violence-Administration, Account No. 8026-23; of the Office of Economic and Community Development, Law-Enforcement TrainingOperations, Account No. 8026-24; of the Office of Economic and Community Development, Law-Enforcement Training-Administration. Account No. 8026-25; of the Office of Economic and Community Development-Oil Overcharge Refunds, Account No. 8046-10; of the West Virginia Board of Examiners of Radiologic Technology, Account No. 8079-06; of the State Tax Department—Chief Inspector, Account No. 8090-06; of the State Tax Department-Federal Reimbursement, Account No. 8090-07; of the State Tax Department-County Tax Fund. Account No. 8090-08; of the Oil and Gas Conservation Commission-Annual Lease Tax, Account No. 8096-06; of the West Virginia Board of Accountancy, Account No. 8100-05; of the West Virginia Board of Dental Examiners, Account No. 8102-15; of the West Virginia Board of Land Surveyors, Account No. 8103-20; of the West Virginia Board of Pharmacy, Account No. 8105-30; of the West Virginia Board of Examiners of Practical Nurses, Account No. 8106-35; of the West Virginia Board of Registered Nurses, Account No. 8110-55; of the West Virginia Board of Chiropractic Examiners, Account No. 8130-05; of the West Virginia Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors. Account No. 8131-10; of the Department of Finance and Administration—Revolving Fund, Account No. 8140-08; of the Department of Finance and Administration-State Agency for Surplus Property, Account No. 8145-45; of the Department of Finance and Administration—Information Systems Services Division, Account No. 8152-07; of the Department of Finance and Administration—Transportation Division, Account No. 8157-07; of the Department of Agriculture-Indirect Cost Funds, Account No. 8185-10; of the Department of Agriculture-Rural Resources, Account No. 8190-13; of the Department of Agriculture-Investment Account, Account No. 8194-16; of the Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Committee-Operating Account, Account No. 8195-06; of the Department of Agriculture-Small Watershed Program, Account No. 8195-09; of the Department of Corrections— Prison Industries, Account No. 8222-05; of the State Department of Education-Stonewall Jackson Memorial Fund, Account No. 8240-20; of the State Department of Education-Stonewall Jackson Memorial Fund, Account No. 8240-21; of the State Department of Education—Textbook Adoption, Account No. 8240-46; of the State Department of

Education—FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center—Room and Board, Account No. 8245-07; of the State Department of Education—FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center—Crafts Program, Account No. 8245-08; of the Department of Employment Security-Interest on Employers Delinquent Contributions, Account No. 8250-08; of the Department of Veterans Affairs-Veterans Home Improvement, Account No. 8260-11; of the Department of Veterans Affairs-Resident Maintenance Collection, Account No. 8260-13; of the Public Employees Insurance Board-Basic Insurance Premium. Account No. 8265-05; of the Public Employees Insurance Board-Administration Expense, Account No. 8265-06; of the Public Employees Insurance Board—Optional Life Insurance Premiums, Account No. 8265-07; of the State Board of Insurance—Premiums and Self Insured Losses, Account No. 8275-06; of the State Board of Insurance-Professional Liability Trust Fund, Account No. 8275-07; of the State Board of Insurance-Mine Subsidence Insurance Fund, Account No. 8275-08; of the Public Service Commission—Special Revenue Administration, Account No. 8280-08; of the Public Service Commission-Gas Pipeline Division, Account No. 8285-08; of the Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division, Account No. 8290-08; of the Department of Natural Resources-Watter's Smith State Park, Account No. 8320-11; of the Department of Natural Resources—Investments, Account No. 8325-09; of the Railroad Maintenance Authority-South Branch Valley Railroad, Account No. 8344-06; of the Department of Puble Safety-Purchase of Investments, Account No. 8350-12; of the Department of Public Safety-Purchase of Investments, Account No. 8352-12; of the Department of Public Safety-Drunk Driving Prevention, Account No. 8355-10; of the Department of Banking-Revolving Account, Account No. 8392-06; of the Department of Banking-Purchase of Investments, Account No. 8395-08; of the Secretary of State-Filing Fees, Account No. 8436-06; of the State Health Department-Investments, Account No. 8500-30; of the West Virginia Geological Survey-Publication Sales, Account No. 8590-10; of WPBY-TV-Operating Account. Account No. 8595-05; of WPBY-TV-Grants-Even Fund Years, Account No. 8595-08; of WPBY-TV-Capital Expenditure, Account No. 8595-25; of Grandview Educational TV-Operating Expense, Account No. 8596-06; of WSWP-

TV—Corporation for Public Broadcasting Grant, Account No. 8596-16; of WSWP-TV—Corporation for Public Broadcasting Grant, Account No. 8596-20; of WSWP-TV-Captial Outlay, Account No. 8596-26; of Educational Broadcasting Authority-Statwide Service, Account No. 8597-09; of Educational Broadcasting Authority-Radio Network, Account No. 8597-10; of Educational Broadcasting Authority-Radio Network, Account No. 8597-11; of Educational Broadcasting Authority-WV Public Radio, Account No. 8597-14; of Educational Broadcasting Authority-Microwave Interconnect System, Account No. 8597-17; of Educational Broadcasting Authority-Capital Outlay-Equipment, Account No. 8597-27; of WNPB-TV-C.P.B.-A, Account No. 8598-23; of WNPB-TV-C.P.B.-B, Account No. 8598-28; of the West Virginia Board of Regents-Investments, Account No. 8890-07; of the West Virginia University-Medical Schools, Account No. 9280-12; of the Economic and Community Development— Industrial Development Loan Fund, Account No. 9290-15; of the Economic and Community Development-E.D.A.-Title IX Loan Fund, Account No. 9290-20; of the State Building Commission-Parking Lot Operating, Account No. 9500-08; of the State Building Commission-Operating Expense Capitol Complex, Account No. 9500-09; of the State Building Commission-Cafeteria Operating Account, Account No. 9500-12; of the State Building Commission—Bond Forfeiture, Account No. 9500-15; as heretofore being invested, accruing and appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor, by executive order, has required accrued interest to remain in the interest accounts and not be transferable or distributable back to their respective primary accounts; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature has determined that such amounts of interest, accrued and remaining in such interest accounts, as designated herein and in the amounts herein specified, should be expired from such specified accounts back into the state fund, general revenue of the state, so as to become available for other and further appropriations; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the accured interest, unexpended and unencumbered,

contained in the accounts, as designated, and in the amounts, as hereinafter specified, earned through the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular sesson, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and caused to expire from such designated accounts and back into the state fund, general revenue of the state, and with such amounts to be thereafter availabe for other and further appropriation upon the effective date of this bill; Account No. 7929-08—\$4,528.83; 8000-12—\$111,250.21; 8004-11— \$8,160.05; 8010-22—\$77,213.37; 8026-22—\$56,750.69; 8026-23— \$4,709.03; 8026-24—\$147,957.37; 8026-25—\$19,644.57; 8046-10— \$7,837.50; 8079-06—\$180.07; 8090-06—\$240,087.63; 8090-07— \$72,887.35; 8090-08—\$157,850.91; 8096-06—\$5,313.66; 8100-05— \$1,247.40; 8102-15-\$33.82; 8103-20-\$3,317.38; 8105-30-\$29,530.98; 8106-35-\$8,671.63; 8110-55-\$17,259.13; 8130-05-\$3,189.62; 8131-10-\$1,999.92; 8140-08-\$20,146.89; 8145-45-\$109,987.19; 8152-07—\$28,933.16; 8157-07—\$49,660.18; 8185-10— \$11,605.62; 8190-13-\$106,091.74; 8194-16-\$1,700.68; 8195-06-\$86,347.41; 8195-09—\$60,762.87; 8222-05—\$14,232.19; 8240-20— \$19,211.85; 8240-21—\$10,110.32; 8240-46—\$7,547.34; 8245-07— \$1,696.11; 8245-08—\$689.13; 8250-08—\$50,637.97; 8260-11— \$473,737.79; 8260-13—\$69,223.33; 8265-05—\$847,691.96; 8265-06— \$92,326.93; 8265-07—\$1,006,349.59; 8275-06—\$193,316.82; 8275-07—\$172,444.15; 8275-08—\$64,223.09; 8280-08—\$1,194,448.16; 8285-08-\$102,398.31; 8290-08-\$210,019.25; 8320-11-\$34,942.92; 8325-09—\$1,964,846.99; 8344-06—\$6,792.02; 8350-12—\$2,409.48; 8352-12-\$2,813.00; 8355-10-\$9,489.95; 8392-06-\$14,345.16; 8395-08—\$101,486.75; 8436-06—\$2,898.52; 8500-30—\$299,054.54; 8590-10-\$27,087.41; 8595-05-\$4,338.46; 8595-08-\$1,493.80; 8595-25-\$3,475.35; 8596-06—\$2,364.32; 8596-16—\$11,320.17; 8596-20— \$4,377.61; 8596-26—\$2,506.26; 8597-09—\$23,210.38; 8597-10— \$4,139.85; 8597-11—\$519.66; 8597-14—\$12,869.28; 8597-17— \$75,533.14; 8597-27-\$1,230.68; 8598-23-\$27,507.07; 8598-28-\$2,669.60; 8890-07-\$1,128,270.02; 9280-12-\$11,510.84; 9290-15-\$490,660.64; 9290-20-\$8,712.95; 9500-08-\$299,398.87; 9500-09-\$160.880.25; 9500-12—\$41,081.86; 9500-15—\$345.59.

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend, reduce and cause to expire into the state fund, general revenue, certain unexpended and unencumbered amounts of accrued interest contained in the accounts as designated and in the amounts as specified in this bill and as earned through the twentyeighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; to be thereafter available for other and further appropriations, upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 26

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1966—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, by request of the Executive)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire into the state fund, general revenue of the state, certain unexpended and unencumbered amounts of the special revenue fund of the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Board, Account No. 8265-07, as appropriated by chapter twenty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That the sum of two million one hundred twenty-one 2 thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars, of the balances in Account No. 8265-07, being dividends received in respect of 3 4 optional life insurance premiums, carried forward and 5 available for expenditure, as appropriatied by chapter twentytwo, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-four, known as the budget bill, be supple-8 mented, amended, reduced and caused to expire into the state fund, general revenue of the state, from such account; and with 9 10 such amount to be thereafter available for further and other appropriation upon the effective date of this bill. 11

12 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to 13 supplement, amend, reduce and cause to expire out of the 14 special revenue fund of the West Virginia public employees insurance board and into the state fund, general revenue of 15 the state, the sum of two million one hundred twenty-one 16 thousand five hundred sixty-three dollars, being dividends 17 received in respect of optional life insurance premiums, such 18 moneys being formerly appropriated by "Sec. 12.—Special 19

- 20 revenue appropriations" language and section in the budget
- 21 bill for the current fiscal year of 1984-85. Such moneys shall
- 22 be available for further and other appropriation upon the
- 23 effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 27

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 200-By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed April 16, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved and disapproved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Title

- 1. General provisions.
- 2. Appropriations.
- 3. Administration.

TITLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditure.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.
 - 1 Section 1. General policy.—The purpose of this act is to
 - 2 appropriate money necessary for the economical and efficient
 - 3 discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the state and its
 - 4 agencies during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred
 - 5 eighty-six.
 - 1 Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this act: "Gover-
 - 2 nor" shall mean the Governor of the state of West Virginia.
 - 3 "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one thousand
 - 4 nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
 - 5 "Spending unit" shall mean the department, agency or
 - 6 institution to which an appropriation is made.
 - 7 The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six" shall
 - 8 mean the period from July first, one thousand nine hundred

9 eighty-five through June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.

11 "From collections" shall mean that part of the total 12 appropriation which must be collected by the spending unit 13 to be available for expenditure. If the authorized amount of collections is not collected, the total appropriation for the 14 spending unit shall be reduced automatically by the amount 15 of the deficiency in the collection. If the amount collected 16 exceeds the amount designated "from collections," the excess 17 shall be set aside in a special surplus fund and may be 18 expended for the purpose of the spending unit as provided by 19 article two, chapter five-a of the code. 20

1 Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations.—An appropria-2 tion for:

"Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and other compensation paid to full-time, part-time and temporary employees of the spending unit, but shall not include fees or contractual payments paid to consultants or to independent contractors engaged by the spending unit.

From appropriations made to the spending units of state government, upon approval of the governor, there may be transferred to a special account an amount sufficient to match federal funds under any federal act.

Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for personal services shall include salaries of heads of spending units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated for "eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall be transferred to "personal services" or other designated items only as required.

"Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other than personal services and shall not include equipment, repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.

23 "Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in excess of one year.

- 26 "Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine maintenance 27 and repairs to structures and minor improvements to property 28 which do not increase the capital assets.
- 29 "Buildings" shall include new construction and major 30 alteration of existing structures and the improvement of lands 31 and shall include shelter, support, storage, protection or the 32 improvement of a natural condition.
- "Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property or interest in real property.
- "Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, lands, or buildings and lands, with such category or item of appropriation to remain in effect as provided by section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.
- Appropriations classified in any of the above categories shall be expended only for the purposes as defined above.
- Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications.
 - 1 Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.—Money appropriated by 2 this act, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be 3 appropriated and expended according to the provisions of 4 article three, chapter twelve of the code or according to any 5 law detailing a procedure specifically limiting that article.
- 1 Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or require-2 ment of law shall be interpreted as requiring or permitting an 3 expenditure in excess of the appropriations set out in this act.

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1	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.—From	m

- Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.—From the state fund, general revenue, there is hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code, the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
- 1 Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance 2 with article eleven, chapter four, federal funds are hereby

General

- appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code, 4
- the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the 5
- fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. 6
- Any unexpended actual cash balances remaining for federal
- 8 funds at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 are hereby
- 9 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

LEGISLATIVE

1—Senate

		Federal Funds Fiscal Year 1985-1986		Revenue Fund Fiscal Year 1985-1986	
1	Compensation of Members	\$		\$	300,000*
2	Compensation and Per Diem of				
3	Officers and Employees				985,000
4	Expenses of Members				215,000
5	Current Expenses and				
6	Contingent Fund		_		425,000
7	Printing Blue Book				175,000
8	Total	\$		\$	2,100,000

Includes Basic Salary of Legislator at \$6,500 per annum.

- 9 The distribution of the blue book shall be by the office of the clerk of the senate and shall include seventy-five copies to 10
- each member of the legislature and two copies to each 11
- classified and approved high and junior high school and one 12
- 13 to each elementary school within the state.
- 14 The appropriations for the senate for the fiscal year 1984-
- 15 85 are to remain in full force and effect, and are hereby
- reappropriated to June 30, 1986. 16
- 17 Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and 18 credited to the 1985-86 accounts.
- Upon written request of the clerk of the senate, the auditor 19 shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation 20

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21 in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

22 The clerk of the senate, with approval of the president, is 23 authorized to draw his requisition upon the state auditor. 24 payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of 25 the senate, for any bills for supplies and services that may have 26 been incurred by the senate and not included in the 27 appropriation bill, for supplies and services incurred in 28 preparation for the opening, the conduct of the business and 29 after adjournment of any regular or extraordinary session, and 30 for the necessary operation of the senate offices, the requisition 31 for same to be accompanied by the bills to be filed with the 32 state auditor.

The clerk of the senate, with written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during any session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition to staff personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted during any such session. The clerk of the senate with written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel between sessions of the legislature as shall be needed, the compensation of all staff personnel during and between sessions of the legislature, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be fixed by the president of the senate. The clerk is hereby authorized to draw his requisitions for the payment of all such staff personnel upon the state auditor, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate for such services.

For duties imposed by law and the senate, the clerk of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided in senate resolution adopted February, 1985 and payable out of the amount appropriated for Compensation and Per Diem of

Officers and Employees.

2—House of Delegates

1	Compensation of Members	s —	\$ 850,000*
2	Compensation and Per Diem of		
3	Officers and Employees		446 000

4	Expenses of Members	_	620,000
5	Current Expenses and		
6	Contingent Fund	_	 975,000
7	Total	\$ _	\$ 2,891,000

* Includes basic salary of legislator at \$6,500 per annum.

The appropriations for the house of delegates for the fiscal year 1984-85 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1986.

11 Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and 12 credited to the 1985-86 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of delegates, the state auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the house of delegates, with approval of the speaker, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the state auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the house of delegates and not included in the appropriation bill, for bills for services and supplies incurred in preparation for the opening of the session and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation of the house of delegates offices, the requisition for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the state auditor.

The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval of the house committee on rules, shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during and between sessions of the legislature as shall be needed, in addition to personnel designated in the house resolution, and the compensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such house resolution, for the session, or fixed by the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, during and between sessions of the legislature, notwithstanding such house resolution. The clerk of the house is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the state auditor, payable from the Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees fund or the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates for such services.

For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of the rolls, the clerk

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- 42 of the house of delegates shall be paid a monthly salary as
- 43 provided in the house resolution, unless increased between
- 44 sessions under the authority of the speaker, with approval of
- 45 the house committee on rules, and payable from the
- 46 Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees item
- 47 or the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund item of the
- 48 house of delegates.

3—Joint Expenses

Acct. No. 1030

İ	Joint Committee on		
2	Government and Finance	\$ 	\$ 4,906,223
3	To Pay Cost of		
4	Legislative Printing	_	940,000
5	Rule-Making		
6	Review Committee	 	 50,000
7	Total	\$ 	\$ 5,896,223

The appropriation for Joint Expenses for the fiscal year 1984-85 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1986. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1985-86 accounts.

Upon written request of the clerk of the senate and the clerk of the house of delegates, the state auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

JUDICIAL

4—Supreme Court—General Judicial

1	Personal Services	s —	\$ 15,729,375*
2	Annual Increment		73,337
3	Other Expenses	30,000	2,542,058
4	Judges' Retirement System		1,076,008
5	Other Court Costs	_	2,011,700
6	Judicial Training Programs		250,000
7	Mental Hygiene Fund		320,000
8	Total	\$30,000	\$ 22,002,478

^{*} Includes salaries of supreme court justices at \$55,000 per annum.

9	This appropriation shall be administered by the Adminis-
10	trative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals who shall
11	draw his requisitions for warrants in payment in the form of
12	payrolls making deductions therefrom, as required by law, for
13	taxes and other items.

- The appropriation for Judges' Retirement System is to be transferred to the Judges' Retirement Fund, in accordance with the law relating thereto upon requisition of the Administrative Director of the Supreme Court of Appeals.
- Any unexpended balance remaining in this appropriation at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.
- Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1985-86 accounts.

EXECUTIVE

5—Governor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1200

1	Salary of Governor	\$ 	\$	72,000
2	Other Personal Services	_		1,004,429
3	Annual Increment			11,844
4	Current Expenses			366,285
5	Equipment		_	4,340
6	Total	\$ 	\$	1,458,898

6-Office of Community and Industrial Development

1	Personal Services \$	481,118	1,674,687
2	Annual Increment	5,413	20,795
3	Current Expenses	954,585	1,069,609
4	Equipment	12,850	16,500
5	Economic Development		
6	Loan Fund		1,000,000
7	W. Va. Automobile		
8	Assistance Corporation		50,000

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June 30, 1985.

9	W. Va. Jobs Development		
10	Corporation	-	50,000
11	W. Va. Public Energy		•
12	Authority		55,000
13	Regional Council	_	220,000
14	A.R.C. Assessment		210,000
15	Partnership Grants		3,000,000
16	Fire Departments	_	500,000
17	Civil Air Patrol	_	89,000
18	Aeronautics Commission—		ŕ
19	Airport Matching	_	300,000
20	Emergency Assistance		100,000
21	Coal Development	_	-0-
22	Annual Increment	_	-0-
23	National Youth Science Camp		100,000
24	To Local Entities	10,525,755	
25	Transfer to State		
26	Spending Units	843,900	_
27	Total		\$ 8,455,591
28	Any unexpended balance remain	ning in the ap	propriation for
29	Federal State Coordination, Co		
30	Council, Community Water Dev		
31	Grants, Fire Departments, Emer		
32	Municipal and Public Service D		
33	Systems, Flood and National Yout		
34	of the fiscal year 1984-85 is h		
35	expenditure during fiscal year 1985		
36	Any unexpended balance rema		
37	(fiscal year 1978) and 1210-08 (fis	scal year 1979	9) shall expire
20	*		

7—Office of Economic and Community Development Emergency Employment, Training and Education

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1220

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation "Emergency Jobs Program Public Service Jobs", "Vocational Centers Computer Network", and "Emergency Jobs Pro-

- 4 gram—Parks" at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby
- 5 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

8—Governor's Office—Custodial Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1230

- 1 Unclassified—Total \$ \$ 340,658
- 2 To be used for current general expenses, including
- 3 compensation of employees, household maintenance, cost of
- 4 official functions, and any additional household expenses
- 5 occasioned by such official functions.

9-Governor's Office-Civil Contingent Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1240

- 1 Unclassified—Total \$ \$ 1,000,000
- 2 From this appropriation there may be expended, at the 3 discretion of the Governor, an amount not to exceed \$1,000
- 4 as West Virginia's contribution to the interstate oil compact
- 5 commission.
- 6 Any unexpended balance remaining in this appropriation at
- 7 the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated
- 8 for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

10-Department of Commerce

- 1 Unclassified \$ \$ 9,239,639*
 2 State Parks—Capital Outlay ... 1,035,000
 3 Total \$ \$ 10,274,639
 - *Includes within the above appropriation on line one. Unclassified, the salary of the commissioner at \$65,000 per annum as fixed by statute.
- 4 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for
- 5 Chief Logan State Park and Cacapon State Park-Capital
- 6 Outlay at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby
- 7 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

11—Office of Emergency Services (WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 1300

1	Personal Services	\$ 288,460	\$ 264,183*
2	Annual Increment	1,091	5,411
3	Current Expenses	227,383	44,371
4	Repairs and Alterations	27,500	6,500
5	Equipment	100,900	
6	To Local Entities	675,000	_
7	Transfer to State Spending		
8	Units	176,796	
9	Total	\$ 1,497,130	\$ 320,465

^{*} Includes salary of director at \$30,500 per annum.

FISCAL

12—Auditor's Office—General Administration (WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1500

I	Salary of State Auditor	\$	_	\$ 46,800
2	Other Personal Services		_	1,581,128
3	Annual Increment		_	25,560
4	Current Expenses		_	671,527
5	Equipment			55,650
6	Microfilm			20,000
7	Total	_		\$ 2,400,665

13-Auditor's Office-Social Security

(WV Code Chapter 12)

1	To Match Contributions
2	of State Employees for
3	Social Security—Total\$ — \$ 20,188,846
4	The above appropriation is intended to cover the state's
5	share of social security costs for those spending units operating
6	from the general revenue fund. The state department of
7	highways, department of motor vehicles, workers' compensa-
8	tion commissioner, public service commission, and other
9	departments operating from special revenue funds and/or
_	

- federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the social security cost for their respective divisions.
- 12 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for
- 13 Auditor's Office—Social Secuirty at the close of the fiscal year
- 14 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the
- 15 fiscal year 1985-86.

14—Auditor's Office—Unemployment Compensation

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1520

Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 1,000,000

2 The above appropriation is intended to cover to state's share of unemployment compensation costs for those spending units 3 operating from the general revenue fund. The state department 4 of highways, department of motor vehicles, workers' compen-5 sation commissioner, and other departments operating from 6 special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their 7 8 proprotionate share of the unemployment compensation cost 9 for their respective divisions.

Should this appropriation be insufficient to meet the requirements of state spending units operating from the general revenue fund, any excess costs shall be a proper charge against the units and each spending unit shall reimburse to the Auditor's Office—Unemployment Compensation any amounts required for that department for costs in excess of this appropriation.

15—Treasurer's Office

(WV Code Chapter 12)

1	Salary of State Treasurer \$		\$ 50,400
2	Other Personal Services		771,078
3	Annual Increment		7,000
4	Current Expenses	_	302,835
5	Equipment	_	30,000
6	Microfilm Program		 10,000
7	Total\$	_	\$ 1,171,313

16-Treasurer's Office-School Building Sinking Fund

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1650

1	Total	\$ —	\$ 15,046,500
•			

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for "Treasurer's Office—School Building Sinking Fund" at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

17-Municipal Bond Commission

(WV Code Chapter 13)

Acct. No. 1700

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	85,476
2	Annual Increment				1,260
3	Current Expenses		_		45,643
	Equipment			_	1,000
5		_	_	\$	133,379

18-State Tax Department

(WV Code Chapter 11)

Acct. No. 1800

1	Personal Services	s —	\$ 9,688,604*
2	Annual Increment		170,280
3	Current Expenses	_	6,200,902
4	Repairs and Alterations	_	23,000
5	Equipment		147,806
6	Circuit Breaker Reimbursement		15,000
7	Multi-State Tax Compact	_	-0-
8	Property Reappraisal Program		1,000,000
9	Total	s —	\$ 17,245,592
	* Includes solony of commissioner at \$4"	7 500	

^{*} Includes salary of commissioner at \$47,500 per annum.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Other Expenses and Property Reappraisal Program at the

12 close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for

13 expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

Any unexpended balance remaining in Acct. No. 1850-06 (fiscal year 1981) shall expire June 30, 1985.

19—Department of Finance and Administration (WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 2100

1	Personal Services \$	125,976	\$ 2,678,574*
2	Annual Increment	1,188	54,468
3	Current Expenses	1,328,552	1,065,200
4	Repairs and Alterations	1,000	252,500
5	Equipment	1,109,167	42,800
6	Postage	_	1,700,000
7	Utilities		410,000
8	Public Transportation		410,000
9	Fire Service Fee	_	39,000
10	Building Equipment		
11	and Supplies	_	12,200
12	Southern Regional		
13	Education Board		80,000
14	Council of State Governments	_	37,300
15	National Governors Association	_	39,800
16	Southern States Energy Board	_	19,400
17	Retrofit Governor's Elevator		100,000
18	Total\$	2,565,883	 6,941,242

^{*} Includes salary of the commissioner at \$45,500 per annum.

19 The workers' compensation commissioner, department of human services, public service commission, department of 20 21 natural resources, department of motor vehicles, state 22 department of highways, state health department and state tax department-income tax division shall reimburse the Postage 23 appropriation of the department of finance and administration 24 monthly for all meter service. Any spending unit operating 25 from special revenue or receiving reimbursement for postage 26 costs from the federal government shall refund to the Postage 27 account of the department of finance and administration such 28 amounts. Should this appropriation for postage be insufficient 29 to meet the mailing requirements of the state spending units 30 as set out above, any excess postage meter service requirements 31 shall be a proper charge against the units, and each spending 32 unit shall refund to the Postage appropriation of the 33 department of finance and administration any amounts 34

- required for the department for postage in excess of this appropriation.
- Any unexpended balance remaining in the Postage account at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

State department of highways shall reimburse the appropriation of the department of finance and administration monthly for all actual expenses incurred pursuant to the provisions of section thirteen, article two-a, chapter seventeen of the code.

20-State Board of Insurance

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 2250

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$	92,516
2	Annual Increment	_		648
3	Current Expenses	_		37,900
4	Equipment	_		3,000
5				
6	Other Expenses	 	_	4,000,000
7	Total	\$ _	\$	4,134,064

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The above appropriation on line 5-6 is for the purpose of paying premiums, self-insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees for property, casualty and fidelity insurance for the various state agencies. Should this appropriation be insufficient to meet the requirements of the state spending units, any excess costs shall be a proper charge against the units and each spending unit shall reimburse to the board of insurance any amounts required for that department for costs in excess of this appropriation.

Any and all of the funds appropriated for Premiums, Claims and Other Expenses may be transferred to a special account for the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees.

Any or all of the funds appropriated for Premiums, Claims, and Other Expenses may be transferred to a special account for disbursement for payment of premiums and insurance losses.

LEGAL

21-Attorney General

(WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46 and 47)

Acct. No. 2400

	Acct. No. 240			
1	Salary of Attorney General \$	_	\$	50,400
2	Other Personal Services			1,858,454
3	Annual Increment	_		15,904
4	Current Expenses	_		401,965
5	Equipment			63,815
6	Publication of Reports			
7	and Opinions	_		20,000
8	To Protect the Resources or			
9	Tax Structure of the State			
10	in Controversies or Legal			
11	Proceedings Affecting Same	_		3,250
12	Consumer Protection	-		305,380
	Personal Services	_		(232,271)
	Annual Increment	_		(1,692)
	Current Expenses			(62,977)
	Equipment	_	_	(8,440)
13	Total\$		\$	2,719,168
14	When legal counsel or secretarial	help is a	ppoi	nted by the
15	attorney general, for any state spend			
16	be reimbursed from such unit's ap			
17	amount agreed upon by the attorn			
18	authority of said spending unit.			
19	Any unexpended balance remaini	ng in the a	ррго	priation for
20	the state of the s			
21		ted for ex	pend	iture during
22	the fiscal year 1985-86.			
	22—Commission on Uni	form State	Law	· s
	(WV Code Chap	pter 29)		
	Acct. No. 2	450		
	I Hadanified Total		•	12,000

5	Unclassified—Total	s	\$ 12,000
1	Unclassified—Total		Þ

To pay expenses of members of the commission on uniform state laws.

INCORPORATING AND RECORDING

23—Secretary of State

(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)

Acct. No. 2500

1	Salary of Secretary of State	.	\$	43,200
2	Other Personal Services	_		488,629
3	Annual Increment	_		5,256
4	Current Expenses	_		249,820
5	Equipment	_		30,000
6	Certification of Primary and			
7	General Elections			0
8	Publication of State Register			98,778
9	Annual Increment	_		576
10	Election Training Presentation	_		5,000
11	Total\$		\$	921,259
12	Funds appropriated on line 9 f	or Annual	Incre	nent shall
13	be transferred to line 8, Publicatio			
14	required.			,
15	Any unexpended balance remain	ing in curre	nt exp	enses and
16	equipment at the close of the fis-	cal year 198	34-85	is hereby
17	reappropriated for expenditures du			

EDUCATIONAL

24-West Virginia Board of Regents (Control)

(WV Code Chapter 18)

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$126,729,154
2	Personal Services—		
3	Marketing Conditions		300,000
4	Annual Increment	_	-0-
5	Current Expenses	_	23,717,125
6	Repairs and Alterations	_	1,309,000
7	Equipment	_	1,124,000
8	Bureau of Coal Research		1,205,000
9	National Research Center for		
10	Coal and Energy		1,600,000
11	Doctoral Research—W.V.U	_	25,000

				[0
12 13	Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station—W.V.U. Personal Services Current Expenses	<u>-</u>		2,151,657 (1,870,782) (280,875)
14	Total\$		\$15	8,160,936
15 16 17	Out of the above appropriation for \$100,000 shall be used in accordance with Substitute for House Bill No. 1664, Regul	h Enrol	led	Committee
18 19 20 21 22	Funds to cover mandated salary extension agents and specialists who are appropriated funds are included in appropriation and are to be distributed University for that purpose.	paid th the per	roug son	th nonstate al services
23 24 25 26 27 28	Contained within line one, Personal S is the three percent salary increase f deemed by the Legislature to be the m such purpose. It is not intended that the be required to provide any further or increase.	for Extra aximum local o	ensi n av entit	on Agents vailable for y employer
	25—West Virginia Board o	f Reger	its	
	(WV Code Chapter	18)		
	Acct. No. 2800			
1 2 3 4 5	Annual Increment Current Expenses Equipment Higher Education Grant Program		\$	845,639 10,000 378,000 7,000 3,500,000 710,000
8	3 Total \$		\$	5,450,639
	26-West Virginia College of Oste	opathic	: Ме	dicine
	(WV Code Chapter	18)		
	Acct. No. 2810			
	Personal Services		\$	2,830,750 —0— 1,118,000

CII.	2/j APPROPRIATIONS			/1
4 5 6	Repairs and Alterations Equipment Primary Health Training	<u> </u>		50,000 64,000 240,000
7	Total\$	_	\$	4,302,750
	27—Marshall University—1	Medical S	rho	al
	(WV Code Chapte			
	Acct. No. 284	•		
1 2 3	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Current Expenses		\$	4,979,550 —0— 1,099,000
4 5	Repairs and Alterations			50,000
	Equipment		_	100,000
6	Total\$		\$	6,228,550
	28—West Virginia University-	–Medical	Sci	hool
	(WV Code Chapte	er 18)		
	Acct. No. 2850	0		
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	 	\$	17,518,541 —0— 6,236,000 300,000 375,000
7	Support			458,000
8 9	Community Hospital Residency Support			945,000
10	Total\$		\$	25,832,541
11 12	May be transferred to West Virginschool fund upon requisition of the government.		rsit	y—medical
	29—State Department of	Educatio	n	
	(WV Code Chapters 18	and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 2860)		
1 2 3	Personal Services	_ _ 5,800	\$	2,279,940 36,949 1,219,077

72	APPROPRIATIONS			[Ch. 27
4	Repairs and Alterations	_		1,100
5	Equipment	_		22,400
6	Statewide Testing Program	_		1,017,334
	Personal Services	_		(203,037)
	Annual Increment	_		(1,368)
	Other Expenses	_		(498,411)
	Equipment	_		(14,500)
	Professional Competency			
	Testing			(300,018)
7	Aid to Children's Home			50,000
8	Regional Education Service			
9	Agencies			_0 _
10	Child Development Program			571,208
11	Tuition Waiver	-		162,216
12	Microcomputer Network			
13	Program			200,000
14	Total\$	5,800	\$	5,560,224
16	Education and their executive office. 30—Education Employees Grie	evance B	oar	d
	Acct. No. 2860-25			
1	Unclassified—Total \$		\$	100,000
	31—State Department of Education—S	chool Li	ıncı	h Program
	(WV Code Chapters 18 a	nd 18A)		
	Acct. No. 2870			
	Personal Services \$	163,302	\$	172,860
2	2 Annual Increment	7,416		3,348
:	3 Current Expenses	714,870		19,512
	4 Repairs and Alterations	1,700		
	5 Equipment	8,000		
	6 Aid to Counties—Includes Hot			
	7 Lunches and Canning for			1 050 000
	8 Hot Lunches			1,950,000
		098,055	_	
1	0 Total \$ 28,	293,343	\$	2,145,720

32—State Board of Education—Vocational Division (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2890

1	Personal Services \$	761,264	\$	671,612
2	Annual Increment	11,972		13,122
3	Current Expenses	600,186		149,962
4	Repairs and Alterations	2,000		_
5	Equipment	81,912		4,000
6	Vocational Aid	_		9,588,345
7	Adult Basic Education			1,248,800
8	Start-Up Funds and Equipment			
9	for New and Existing Facilities	_		1,250,000
10	New and Expanding Industries	_		175,052
11	To Local Entities	7,175,976		
12	Capital Outlay			
13	(Construction)		_	1,800,000
14	Total\$	8,633,310	\$	14,900,893
15	Any unexpended balance remaining	ng in the ap	рго	priation for
17	New and Expanding Industries at t	he close of	the	fiscal year
18	1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for	or expenditi	ure	during the
19	fiscal year 1985-86.			

33—Educational Broadcasting Authority

(WV Code Chapter 10)

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$	92,290
2	Annual Increment	_		. 288
3	Current Expenses	80,000		41,500
4	Equipment	1,592,141		15,000
5	Regional ETV and Radio	_		4,492,556
6	Annual Increment	_		32,598
7	Capital Outlay—Equipment	 	_	342,000
8	Total	\$ 1,672,141	\$	5,016,232

- 9 Regional ETV and Radio is for the construction and 10 operation of regional ETV and radio stations.
- Funds appropriated for Regional ETV and Radio may be transferred to special revenue accounts for matching college,

2,699,443

1,461,181

(702,918)

(758, 263)

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Staffing Improvement

cators

Service Personnel

Professional Edu-

13 university, city, county, federal and/or other generated revenue. 14 Funds appropriated under line 6 for Annual Increment shall 15 be transferred to line 5, Regional ETV and Radio, only as 16 required. 34—State Department of Education—State Aid to Schools (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A) Acct. No. 2930 1 Professional Educators \$ 2 Service Personnel 3 Fixed Charges 4 Total.....\$ \$ 35—State Department of Education—State Aid to Schools (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A) Acct. No. 2940 Salary Equalization—Total \$ \$ _0_ 36—State Department of Education—State Aid to Schools (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A) Acct. No. 2950 Professional Educators \$ \$461,445,783 1 2 163,308,742 3 Fixed Charges 70,222,389 Transportation 25,507,853 4 Administration 5 4,383,733 Other Current Expenses 40,609,033 6 27,120,013 7 Improve Instructional Programs 792,597,546 8 Basic Foundation Allowances... Less Local Share..... 9 103,648,187 Total Basic State Aid 688,949,359 10

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13	Increased Enrollment		200,000
14	Total	s —	\$693,309,983

37—State Department of Education— Aid for Exceptional Children

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Acct. No. 2960

Personal Services	\$ 426,902	\$	335,255
Annual Increment	5,368		3,294
Current Expenses	775,596		226,020
Equipment	25,971		16,022
Out-of-State Instruction	_		428,000
Aid-to-Counties	252,992		7,533,136
County Grant			-
Awards			(6,054,303)
Regional Education			
Service Agency			
Grants	_		_ 0
Special State			
Projects	_		(209,397)
Regional Education			
Service Agency			
Evaluations			0
Medley Educational			
Programs	(252,992)		(1,191,458)
Summer Camp for			
Gifted Children			(77,978)
To Local Entities	19,303,787		
PreSchool Handicapped Fund		_	1,000,000
Total	\$ 20,790,616 \$	3	9,541,727
	Annual Increment. Current Expenses Equipment. Out-of-State Instruction Aid-to-Counties County Grant Awards. Regional Education Service Agency Grants. Special State Projects Regional Education Service Agency Evaluations Medley Educational Programs. Summer Camp for Gifted Children. To Local Entities PreSchool Handicapped Fund.	Annual Increment 5,368 Current Expenses 775,596 Equipment 25,971 Out-of-State Instruction — Aid-to-Counties 252,992 County Grant — Awards — Regional Education Service Agency Grants — Special State Projects — Regional Education Service Agency Evaluations — Medley Educational Programs (252,992) Summer Camp for Gifted Children — To Local Entities 19,303,787 PreSchool Handicapped Fund —	Annual Increment 5,368 Current Expenses 775,596 Equipment 25,971 Out-of-State Instruction — Aid-to-Counties 252,992 County Grant Awards — Regional Education Service Agency Grants — Special State Projects — Regional Education Service Agency Evaluations — Medley Educational Programs (252,992) Summer Camp for Gifted Children — To Local Entities 119,303,787 PreSchool Handicapped Fund —

The appropriation for Out-of-State Instruction may be expended to provide instruction, care and maintenance for educable persons who are severely handicapped and for whom the state provides no facilities.

The appropriation for Aid-to-Counties may be expended by county boards of education for the initiation, maintenance and/or improvement of special education programs including employment of special professional education personnel solely

serving exceptional children; training of to work with exceptional children; and as materials, transportation, contra renovation and other costs directly education delivery process prescribed education.	supportive cted serviced to	re costs such rices, minor the special		
The appropriation for Special St expended to support (1) an instruction visually handicapped children at the We the deaf and the blind, (2) the state spe (3) the West Virginia advisory counci exceptional children at the West Virginal studies, and (4) statewide training active benefitting exceptional children.	al material est Virginicial olympal for the nia college	als center for a schools for bics program, education of e of graduate		
38—Teachers' Retiremen	nt Board			
(WV Code Chapter	18)			
Acct. No. 2980	20)			
1 Teachers' Retirement Fund \$	- :	33,200,000		
2 Supplemental Benefits for 3 Annuitants		6,400,000		
4 Total\$		\$ 39,600,000		
4 10tai		39,000,000		
39-West Virginia Schools for the	Deaf and	the Blind		
(WV Code Chapters 18	and 18A)			
Acct. No. 3330				
1 Personal Services \$	_	\$ 3,801,943 898,800		
2 Current Expenses		396,200		
4 Equipment		223,100		
5 Total\$		\$ 5,320,043		
40—State FFA-FHA Camp and				
•	_	e cemer		
(WV Code Chapters 18				
Acct. No. 336	0			
1 Personal Services \$ 2 Annual Increment		\$ 144,439 2,584		

Ch. 2	27] APPROPRIATIO	NS			77
3	Current Expenses		_		93,700
5	Repairs and Alterations Equipment		_		19,000 5,250
6	Total			<u> </u>	264,973
U				•	,
	41—West Virginia Lib	rar	y Commiss	ion	!
	(WV Code Ch	apı	ter 10)		
	Acct. No.	350	00		
1	Personal Services	\$	90,771	\$	1,056,257
2	Annual Increment		900		22,140
	Current Expenses		56,000		220,500
4	Repairs and Alterations		5,000		4,100
5	Equipment		50,000		10,000
6	Per-Capita Grants		55,000		5,812,964
7	Library Matching Fund				
8	(Construction)		250,940		20,000
9	Books, Periodicals and Films		_		250,000
10	To Local Entities		543,615	_	
11	Total	\$	1,061,226	\$	7,395,961
12 13 14 15	Any unexpended balance remain "Library Matching Fund (Constrains fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby real during the fiscal year 1985-86.	uct	ion)" at th	ie c	lose of the
	42—Department of Cu	ltui	re and Hist	ory	
	(WV Code Cha	apt	ег 29)		
	Acct. No. 3	351	0		
				_	1 107 700+

1	Personal Services	•	\$ 1,106,689*
2	Annual Increment	324	11,736
3	Current Expenses	100,364	287,899
4	Repairs and Alterations	_	30,100
5	Equipment	4,000	51,900
6	Arts and Humanities Fund	453,703	868,832
	Personal Services		(189,181)
	Annual Increment		(1,800)
	Current Expenses	(7,500)	(601)
	Grants and Contractual		
	Services	(446,203)	(677,250)
7	Department Programming		
8	Funds		480,400

	Outreach and Educa-		
	tion	-	(92,570)
	Technical Assistance		(92,830)
	Cultural Center		
	Programs		(295,000)
9	Historical Preservation	69,051	150,751
10	Washington Carver Camp	_	140,226
11	Grants, Fairs and Festivals	_	655,000
12	Independence Hall		80,000
13	Total\$	815,462	\$ 3,863,533
	*Includes salary of the commissioner at \$3	6,500 per annun	n.

*Includes salary of the commissioner at \$36,500 per annum.

The above appropriations for Arts and Human

The above appropriations for Arts and Humanities Fund,
Department Programming Funds, Grants, Fairs and Festivals
and Washington Carver Camp shall be expended only upon
authorization of the department of culture and history and in
accordance with the provisions of chapter five-a and article
three, chapter twelve of the code.

All federal moneys received as reimbursement to the department of culture and history for moneys expended from the general revenue fund for Arts and Humanities and Historical Preservation are hereby reappropriated for the purposes as originally made, including personal services, current expenses and equipment.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Washington Carver Camp at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

CORRECTIONS

43—Probation and Parole Board (WV Code Chapter 62) Acct. No. 3650

1	Salaries of Members of Board		
2	of Probation and Parole \$		\$ 81,000*
3	Other Personal Services	_	50,552
4	Annual Increment	_	864
5	Current Expenses	_	25,000
6	Repairs and Alterations	_	300
7	Equipment		 1,600
8	Total\$		\$ 159,316

^{*} Three members at \$27,000 per annum each.

44—Department of Corrections—Central Office

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)

Acct. No. 3680

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	473,838*
2	Annual Increment	_		2,484
3	Current Expenses	_		213,418
4	Repairs and Alterations			1,500
5	Equipment	_		100,000
6	Adult Female			·
7	Offenders Contract			945,901
	Personal Services			(21,848)
	Annual Increment	_		(311)
	Current Expenses			(923,742)
8	Total\$	_	s	1,737,141
	*** ** ** ** ** ** ** **			-

^{*} Includes Salary of the Commissioner at \$36,500 per annum.

45-West Virginia Penitentiary

Acct. No. 3750

- 1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for 2 Capital Outlay at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby
- 3 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

46—Department of Corrections—Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 11,564,665
2	Annual Increment		156,271
3	Current Expenses		6,698,394
	Inmate Medical		
	Expenses	_	(1,586,887)
	Other	_	(5,111,507)
4	Repairs and Alterations		239,500
5	Equipment		115,000
6	Capital Outlay		2,000,000
7	Pruntytown Facility—		
8	(Unclassified)		1,000,000
9	Total \$		\$ 21,773,830

10 The commissioner of corrections, prior to the beginning of 11 the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit 12 which has been consolidated into the above account and which 13 receives a portion of the above appropriation. He shall also, 14 within fifteen days after the close of each six-month period 15 of said fiscal year, file with the legislative auditor an itemized 16 report of expenditures made during the preceding six-month 17 period. Such report shall include the total of expenditures 18 made under each of the lines 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 above. 19

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

47—State Health Department—Central Office

(WV Code Chapter 16)

1	Personal Services \$	2,132,101	\$ 6,998,249*
2	Annual Increment	28,908	121,104
3	Current Expenses	19,858,256	4,728,830
4	Repairs and Alterations	30,000	4,000
5	Equipment	91,352	130,104
6	Reimbursement to Community		
7	Mental Health and Mental		
8	Retardation Centers		19,351,508
9	MH/MR Special Projects—		
10	Current Expenses		1,000,000
11	Reimbursement to Community		
12	Behavioral Health Programs		
13	for Social Services	_	1,613,632
14	Special Olympics		28,000
15	State Aid to Local Agencies	_	6,077,898
16	Grants to Counties and		
17	EMS Entities		1,870,000
18	Maternal and Child Health		
19	Clinics, Clinicians and Medical		
20	Contracts and Fees		2,430,000
21	Foster Grandparents		(0.050
22	Stipends/Travel		62,370
23	Hemophiliac Assistance Program	_	124,212
24	Annual Increment		720

25	701		
25	Placement Programs for the		
26	Developmentally Disabled	_	3,842,750
27	Primary Care Contracts to		
28	Community Health Centers		1,831,500
29	Agent Orange		204,117
30	Annual Increment	_	468
31	Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and D.D.	_	2,436,000
32	Corporate Nonprofit Community		
33	Health Centers F.M.H.A.		
34	Mortgage Finance		105,913
35	Rural Consortia Development Fi	und	
36	for Community Health Centers		500,000
37	Total	\$22,140,617	\$ 53,461,375
	* Includes salary of director at \$54,500 p		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
38	Funds appropriated on line 24	for Annual I	ncrement shall
39	be transferred to line 23, Hemo		
40	only as required.		
41	Funds appropriated on line 30	for Annual I	ncrement shall
42	be transferred to line 29, Agent Or		
43	Any unexpended balance remain	ning in the ap	propriation for
44	Placement Programs for the De-	velopmentally	Disabled and
45	Agent Orange at the end of the f	iscal year 198	34-85 is hereby
46	reappropriated for expenditure du		
47	Contained within line 15, State		
48	this account, is the three percent	salary incre	ase deemed by,
49	the Legislature to be the maximum	n available for	such purpose;
50	and notwithstanding the applica	ability of an	y civil service
51	classification schedule, it is not in	ntended that	the local entity
52	employer be required to provide	any further	or additional
53	percentage increase.		
	-		

48—Department of Veterans Affairs—Veterans Home (WV Code Chapter 9A)

Acct. No. 4010

1 Personal Services \$ — \$ 1,154,472 2 Annual Increment — 13,716

4	Equipment		13,900		
5	Total	\$	638,043	\$	1,168,188
6	Any unexpended balance remain	nin	g in the ap	рго	priation for
7	Repairs and Alterations and Eq	uip	ment at th	e c	close of the
8	fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby rea	ıpp!	ropriated f	or	expenditure
9	during the fiscal year 1985-86.				

49-Solid Waste Disposal

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 4020

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 97,750
2	Annual Increment	_	792
3	Current Expenses		32,100
4	Equipment		1,000
5	Total		\$ 131,642

50-Department of Veterans' Affairs

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

Acct. No. 4040

1	Personal Services	\$ <u> </u>	\$	708,145*
2	Annual Increment	_		15,156
3	Current Expenses	_		129,998
4	Equipment			2,000
5	Educational opportunities for			
6	children of War Veterans			9,500
7	In aid of Veterans Day			
8	Patriotic Exercises			7,000
9	Total	\$ -	\$	871,799
	* Includes salary of the director at \$30,5	00 per annur	n.	

10 Moneys in lines 7-8 above are to be expended subject to the approval of the department of veterans' affairs upon 11

presentation of satisfactory plans by the Grafton G.A.R. Post, 12

American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and Sons of 13 14 Veterans.

51—Department of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 4050

1	Personal Services	\$17,447,232	\$ 11,072,685*
2	Annual Increment	387,984	458,875
3	Current Expenses	205,757,809	4,201,724
4	Repairs and Alterations	_	17,000
5	Equipment	104,250	56,757
6	Assistance Payments	_	22,203,306
7	Social Security		
8	Matching Fund		774,965
9	Indigent Burials	_	620,000
10	Social Services		20,075,465
11	Emergency Assistance	_	1,000,000
12	Medical Services	_	58,141,731
13	T.R.I.P		605,000
14	Food Stamps (Value)	150,000,000†	-
15	Government Donated		
16	Food (Value)	28,000,000†	
17	Public Employees		
18	Retirement Matching	_	547,417
19	Public Employees Health		
20	Insurance		420,004
21	Total	\$223,697,275	\$120,194,929
	† For information only-not included in		
	* Includes salary of the commissioner at	\$45,500 per annu	ım.
22	From the Medical Services line	item above, \$3	3,000,000 shall
23	be expended as provided in Enroll	ed Committee	Substitute for
24	H. B. 1424, creating the indigent		
25	state may receive the maximum		
26	federal funds, and all such state		
27	used, and may be transferred as re		
28	forth in the aforesaid bill and		
29	provisions thereof.		

52-State Commission on Aging

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 4060

Personal Services \$ 309,851 \$ 145,453

2	Annual Increment	3,461		2,668
3	Current Expenses	214,361		68,000
4	Equipment	9,000		_
5	Programs for Elderly	_		3,197,000
6	Golden Mountaineer Program	_		106,506
	Personal Service	_		(47,822)
	Annual Increment	_		(684)
	Other Expenses	_		(58,000)
7	Silver Haired Legislature	_		20,000
8	To Local Entities	8,277,155		_
9	Senior Citizens Centers—Land			
10	Acquisition, Construction,			
11	Repairs and Alterations	_		150,000
12	Total	\$ 8,813,828	\$	3,689,627
13	Any unexpended balance remain	_	-	•
13	Any unexpended balance remain	_	-	•

14 Senior Citizen Centers-Land Acquisition, Construction,

Repairs and Alterations, at the close of the fiscal year 1984-15

85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 16

year 1985-86. 17

18 Contained within line five, Programs for the Elderly, in this 19 account, is the three percent salary increase deemed by the 20 Legislature to be the maximum available for such purpose.

21 It is not intended that the local entity employer be required to provide any further or additional percentage increase. 22

53—State Health Department—Medical Facilities (Control)

(WV Code Chapter 16)

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 44,363,978
2	Annual Increment	_	1,052,830
3	Current Expenses	_	13,369,075
4	Repairs and Alterations	_	667,850
5	Equipment	_	385,593
6	Student Nurse Affiliation		
7	Program (Huntington)	_	82,368
8	Psychiatric Training Center-		
9	Student Nurses (Weston)	_	250,048

10	Annual Increment	_	2,592
11	Total\$		\$ 60,174,334
12 13	year, shall file with the legislative aud	itor	an expenditure
14	The state of the s	ding	unit which has
15	been consolidated into the above account	and	which receives
16	a portion of the above appropriation. H	le sh	all also, within
17	fifteen days after the close of each six-m	onth	period of said
18			
19			
20			
21	- F		
22	Funds appropriated on line 10 Annual	Incr	ement shall be
23	transferred to lines 8-9, Psychiatric Traini	ng C	enter-Student

54—State Board of Education—Rehabilitation Division (WV Code Chapter 18)

Nurses (Weston), only as required.

Acct. No. 4405

1	Personal Services	\$ 9,900,221	\$ 5,655,393
2	Annual Increment	36,180	276,012
3	Current Expenses	5,402,706	1,035,300
4	Repairs and Alterations	125,282	1,400
5	Equipment	282,537	51,600
6	Case Services	3,164,090	2,302,500
7	Social Security		
8	Matching Fund	478,208	318,043
9	WVU-Reimbursement	692,799	50,900
10	Workshop Development	_	1,181,400
11	Blind Services Coordinating Unit		37,000
12	Disability Determination—		
13	Medical Payments	6,918,450	
14	Total	\$ 27,000,473	\$ 10,909,548

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

55—Bureau of Labor and Department of Weights and Measures (WV Code Chapter 21) Acct. No. 4500

1 Personal Services \$214,103 \$ 1,140,835*

5 benefits.

17

8	Total\$	324,181	-	1,506,147
7	Advisory Council			26,832
6	Labor Management			
5	Equipment	5,000		4,600
4	Repairs and Alterations	2,500		900
3	Current Expenses	99,842		319,300
2	Annual Increment	2,736		13,680

Includes salary of the commissioner at \$34,000 per annum.

56—Department of Employment Security

Acct. No. 4510

1	Interest Assessment—Total \$ 1,900,000
2	The above appropriation is intended to pay the federal
3	government interest due on loan advances made to the state
4	of West Virginia for payment of unemployment compensation

57—Department of Mines

(WV Code Chapters 20 and 22)

Acct. No. 4600

1	Personal Services	S —	\$	0
2	Annual Increment			0
3	Current Expenses	— 0—		 0
4	Equipment	0-		0
5	Miner Training, Education			
6	and Certification	_		0
7	Annual Increment			0
8	Board of Coal Mine Health			
9	and Safety			0
10	Gas Well Certification	_		— 0—
11	Annual Increment			0
12	Development of Mine Safety			
13	Program			0-
14	Annual Increment		<u> </u>	0-
15	Total	\$0	\$	—0—
16	Funds appropriated on line 7	for Annual	Increme	nt shall

be transferred to line 5-6, Miner Training, Education and

18 Certification, only as required. 19 Funds appropriated on line 11 for Annual Increment shall 20 be transferred to line 10, Gas Well Certification, only as 21 required. 22 Funds appropriated on line 14 for Annual Increment shall 23 be transferred to line 12-13, Development of Mine Safety 24 Program, only as required. 58—Department of Energy (WV Code Chapter 22) Acct. No. 4700 Unclassified—Total \$ 59,928,780 \$ 8,367,497* *Includes within the above appropriation, the salary of the commissioner at \$65,000 per annum and the deputy commissioner at \$45,000 per annum as fixed by statute. 59-Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin Acct. No. 4730 West Virginia's contribution 2 to Potomac River Basin 20,300 Interstate Commission \$ 60-Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission Acct. No. 4740 1 West Virginia's contribution to 2 Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission \$ \$70,490 61-West Virginia Air Pollution Control Commission (WV Code Chapter 16) Acct. No. 4760 603,489 778,661 \$ Personal Services\$ 6,444 5,760 Annual Increment.....

	Appropriations		[Ch. 27
3 4	Current Expenses 386,870 Equipment 17,500		177,512 1,000
5	Total \$ 1,188,791	\$	788,445
	62—State Athletic Commission		
	(WV Code Ch. 29)		
	Acct. No. 4790		
1	Unclassified—Total \$ —	\$	5,500
	63-West Virginia State Aeronautics Con	nmis	ssion
	Acct. No. 4850		
1 2 3 4	Any unexpended balance remaining in the Airport Matching at the close of the fiscal phereby reappropriated for expenditure during 1985-86.	year	1984-85 is
	64—West Virginia Nonintoxicating Beer Co	mm	issioner
	(WV Code Chapter 11)		
	Acct. No. 4900		
1 2 3 4	Annual Increment — Current Expenses —	\$	341,270* 4,428 76,200 300
5	Total\$ — * Includes salary of the commissioner at \$30,500 per an	\$ num.	422,198
	65—West Virginia Racing Commis	sion	
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Acct. No. 4950		

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 1,078,546
2	Annual Increment	_	8,028
3	Current Expenses		118,700
4	Equipment	 	 10,000
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 1,215,274

AGRICULTURE

66—Department of Agriculture (WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5100

1	Salary of Commissioner \$	- \$	46,800
2	Other Personal Services	240,651	2,132,468
3	Annual Increment	396	46,080
4	Current Expenses	150,861	1,051,037
5	Equipment	65,000	241,859
6	Multiflora Rose Eradication		
7	Program	_	115,000
8	Gypsy Moth Program	_	300,000
9,	Forestry Division—		
10	(Unclassified)	358,188	2,057,841*
11	Total\$	815,096 \$	5,991,085
	* Includes within the above appropria	tion on line 9	-10, Forestry
	Division (unclassified) the salary of the direction as fixed by statute.	ector at \$45,00	0 per annum,
12	Out of the above general revenue	funde a eum	may be used

Out of the above general revenue funds a sum may be used to match federal funds for the eradication and control of pest and plant disease.

67-Farm Management Commission

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5110

1	Personal Services	s —	\$ 1,077,133
2	Annual Increment	-	19,584
3	Current Expenses		987,200
4	Repairs and Alterations		265,000
5	Equipment	_	293,000
6	Livestock Purchase	_	273,000
7	Total	S —	\$ 2,914,917

68—Department of Agriculture— Soil Conservation Committee

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5120

1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 362,276

2	Annual Increment	_	7,776
3	Current Expenses	_	122,699
4	Watershed Expenses		150,000
5	Mud River Flood		
6	Control Project		500,000
7	Wellsburg Flood Control	 	85,000
8	Total	\$ _	\$ 1,227,751

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Watershed Program and Mud River Flood Control Project at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

69—Department of Agriculture— Division of Rural Resources

(Matching Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5130

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 833,185
2	Annual Increment	_	13,680
3	Current Expenses	_	222,287
4	Equipment		47,000
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 1,116,152

Any part or all of the appropriation may be transferred to special revenue fund for the purpose of matching federal funds for the above named program.

70-Department of Agriculture-Meat Inspection

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 5140

1	Personal Services \$	420,992	\$ 414,252
2	Annual Increment	7,110	7,110
3	Current Expenses	294,161	183,446
4	Equipment	2,500	2,395
5	Total\$	724,763	\$ 607,203

	7 II ROTKIATI	OIV	,		71
6 7 8	Any part or all of the approp may be transferred to special rev matching federal funds for the abo	ent	e fund for	the	purpose of
	71—Department of Agricultu	ıre-	–Agricultu	ral	Awards
	(WV Code Ch	nap	ter 19)		
	Acct. No.	51	50		
1 2	Agricultural Awards Fairs and Festivals	_		\$	70,000 168,950
3	Total	\$		\$	238,950
	CONSERVATION AND	D	EVELOPA	1EI	T
	72—Geological and E	ico.	nomic Surv	ey	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services	\$	127,549 1,044 68,581 1,500 2,500		1,388,095 15,192 304,612 20,888 14,000 61,197
7	To Secure Federal and				
8	Other Contracts	-	201 174	•	50,000 1,853,984
10 11 12	The appropriation on line 7-8, Contracts, may be transferred to the purpose of providing advance	To a s	Secure Fed pecial rever	lera iue	l and Other account for
	73—Water Resou	ırce	s Board		
	Acct. No. 5	564	0		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	116,276
	74—Department of Na	tur	al Resource	es	
	(WV Code Cha	ıpte	er 20)		
	Acct. No. 5	6650	0		-
1 2 3	Personal Services		3,868,923 52,884 2,051,730	\$	4,131,358* 64,350 - 983,830

4	Repairs and Alterations	126,869	97,400
5	Equipment	880,745	89,500
6	Fire Prevention Control	_	-0-
	Personal Services	_	_0_
	Annual Increment	_	0-
	Other Expenses	_	0-
7	Reclamation Board		
8	of Review	_	0-
9	Annual Increment	_	0
10	Debt Service	_	0
11	Grave Creek Mound State Park	_	-0-
12	To Local Entities	-0-	— 0—
13	Transfer To State		
14	Spending Units	301,386	-0-
15	Land and Buildings	300,000	
16	Total	\$ 7,582,537	\$ 5,366,438
	* Includes salary of the director at \$45,5	00 per annum.	
	•	-	

^{*} Includes salary of the director at \$45,500 per annum.

Any revenue derived from mineral extraction at any state park shall be deposited in the special revenue account of the

19 department of natural resources.

75—Public Land Corporation

(WV Code Chapter 20)

*Acct. No. 5660

i	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 180,183
2	Annual Increment	_	1,080
3	Current Expenses	_	73,400
4	Repairs and Alterations		20,000
5	Equipment	 	 5,000
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 279,555

- 7 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriations
- 8 for Chief Logan State Park and Blennerhassett Island at the
- 9 close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for
- 10 expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.
 - * Clerk's Note: The Governor reduced Current Expenses from \$156,400.

76—Water Development Authority

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 5670

1 2 3	Capital Outlay \$ Flatwoods-Canoe run PSD (Water) Marshall County PSD No. 1 (Sewer)	,	\$	237,790 68,000 50,000
4	Total \$	_	\$	355,790
5 6 7 8 9	Any unexpended balance remaining in Capital Outlay, Phase III Hardship Grants Phase III, Hardship Grants, Bo Water Project, Loan and Grant Progr Sewer and Capital Outlay—Water, at year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated in	Grant clair P ram, C the clo	s, Co SD, I apital ose of	onstruction McMechen Outlay— the fiscal
11	the fiscal year 1985-86.			

77-West Virginia Railroad Maintenance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5690

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 547,401
2	Annual Increment		3,924
3	Current Expenses		150,000
4	Repairs and Alterations	100,000	170,000
5	Unclassified	 <u> </u>	100,000
6	Total	\$ 100,000	\$ 971,325

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Current Expenses and Repairs and Alterations at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

11 The above appropriation for unclassified is to be spent to

12 purchase the Chester-Newell spur line.

PROTECTION

78—Department of Public Safety

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 5700

1 Personal Services \$ 14,561 \$ 16,126,394*

2	Annual Increment	25	2 82,404
3	Current Expenses	93,61	7,531,486
4	Repairs and Alterations	_	300,000
5	Equipment	8,70	0 2,100,000
6	Emergency Fund		10,000
7	Total	\$ 117,13	30 \$ 26,150,284

• Includes salary of the superintendent at \$42,500 per annum.

79-Adjutant General-State Militia

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 5800

1	Personal Services \$	180,408	\$	273,140*
2	Annual Increment	2,412		5,472
3	Current Expenses	299,400		730,000
4	Repairs and Alterations	295,700		62,000
5	Equipment	5,000		20,000
6	Compensation of Commanding			
7	Officers, Clerical Allowances			
8	and Uniform Allowances	_		124,000
9	Property Maintenance			1,128,812
10	Annual Increment	_		13,572
11	State Armory Board			2,465,766
12	Annual Increment	_		13,248
13	College Education Fund			200,000
14	Total \$	782,920	\$	5,036,010
	* Includes salary of the adjutant general a	t \$34,000 per a	nnu	m.
15	Funds appropriated on line 10	for Annual I	ncı	ement shall
16	be transferred to line 9, Prope			
17	required.	•		
	•	12 for Am		l Ingrament
18	Funds appropriated under line			
19	shall be transferred to line 11, Sta	ate Armory	DO	ard, only as
20	required.			

BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

80-West Virginia Civil Service System (WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5840

1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 908,321*

2	Annual Increment			15,372
3	Current Expenses	_		264,500
4	Equipment		_	64,000
5	Total \$	- 	\$	1,252,193
	# Includes colony of the director at \$26,500 pe	~ ^-		

Includes salary of the director at \$36,500 per annum.

6 The director shall maintain accurate records reflecting the cost of administering the provisions of this appropriation. At 7 the close of each quarter-year period, the director shall 8 summarize the cost and shall bill each department, commis-9 sion, board or agency which receives support from any funds 10 other than general revenue fund for a pro rata share of the 11 administrative cost based on the relationship between the 12 quarterly-average number of employees in the service of such 13 14 department, commission, board or agency and the quarterlyaverage number of employees in the service of all the 15 departments, commissions, boards and agencies of the state for 16 the appropriate calendar quarter. 17

This reimbursement is to be deposited in the general revenue 18 19 fund.

81—West Virginia Public Legal Services Council (WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5900

1	Council and Central office	s	\$	195,201
2	Annual Increment	_	•	558
3	Appointed Counsel Fees	-		3,748,881
4	Public Defender Operations			427,300
5	Criminal Law Research Center			
6	Appellate Division			130,178
7	Total	s –	- \$	4,502,118

8 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation 9 Appointed Counsel Fees at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 10

11 year 1985-86.

- Funds appropriated on line 2 for Annual Increment shall be transferred to line 1. Council and Central Office, only as
- 13 be transferred to line 1, Council and Central Office, only as 14 required.

82-Human Rights Commission

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 5980

1	Personal Services	\$	195,285	\$ 451,787
2	Annual Increment		144	5,292
3	Current Expenses		65,999	233,948
	Equipment		_	11,708
5	Total	<u>s</u>	261.428	\$ 702,735

83—Women's Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 6000

1	Personal Services	\$		\$ 52,374
2	Annual Increment		_	527
3	Current Expenses		_	22,300
4	Equipment			3,700
5	Total	<u>s</u>		\$ 78.901

84-West Virginia Public Employees Retirement Board

(WV Code Chapter 5)

*Acct. No. 6140

1	Employers Accumulation Fund	\$ _	\$ 12,561,966
2	Expense Fund	_	70,000
3	Supplemental Benefits For		
4	Annuitants		2,232,000
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 14,863,966

- 6 The above appropriation is intended to cover the state's
 - share of West Virginia public employees retirement coverage for those departments operating from the general revenue
- 9 fund. The state department of highways, department of motor
- 10 vehicles, workers' compensation commissioner, public service
- *Clerk's Note: The Governor reduced Employers Accumulation Fund
 - *Clerk's Note: The Governor reduced Employers Accumulation Fund from \$14,423,966.

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- commission and other departments operating from special 11
- 12 revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportion-
- ate share of the retirement costs for their respective divisions. 13
- 14 When specific appropriations are not made, such payments
- may be made from the balance in the various special revenue 15
- 16 funds in excess of specific appropriations.

85-West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Board

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 6150

1	Personal Services \$		\$	351,380
2	Annual Increment	_		5,868
3	Public Employees Health Insurance			,
4	State Contributions		7	8,442,568
5	Total\$	_	\$ 7	8.799.816

The above appropriation is intended to cover the state's share of public employees health insurance costs for those spending units operating from the general revenue fund. The state department of highways, department of motor vehicles, workers' compensation commissioner, public service commission and other departments operating from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the public employees health insurance cost for their respective divisions. When specific appropriations are not made, such payments may be made from the balances in the various special revenue fund in excess of specific appropriations.

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation Public Employees Health Insurance State Contributions at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

86—Insurance Commissioner

(WV Code Chapter 33)

Acct. No. 6160

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 692,495*.
	Annual Increment	_	7,812
3	Current Expenses	_	225,400





4	Equipment		15,000
5	Total \$ — *Includes salary of the commissioner at \$35,000 per an	\$	940,707
	87—State Fire Commission		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 6170		
1	Personal Services \$	\$	655,974
2	Annual Increment		9,540
3	Current Expenses		295,175
4	Repairs and Alterations		3,151
5	Equipment		36,374
6	Total \$ —	\$	1,000,214
3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6	fulfillment of the provisions set forth in art five-a of the code, the following amounts, expenditure during the fiscal year one thouse eighty-six. Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds with chapter four, article eleven, federal appropriated conditionally upon the fur provisions set forth in article two, chapter for the following amounts, as itemized, for expensional year one thousand nine hundred eighty-Any unexpended actual cash balance rem	as it and no .—In funds lfillm ive-a nditur six.	accordance are hereby ent of the code, e during the
8	funds at the close of the fiscal year 19st reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal	84-85 cal year	are hereby
	88—State Department of High		
	(WV Code Chapters 17 and 1'	/C)	
	Acct. No. 6700		
	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FU	ND	0.1
	Federal		Other
	Funds		Funds Fiscal Year
	Fiscal Yea 1985-86	. r	1985-86
1	Maintenance Expressway		
2		\$	51,480,000

3	Maintenance, State Local Services		69,586,000
4	Maintenance, Contract Paving and		, ,
5	Secondary Road Maintenance		10,754,000
6	Inventory Revolving		1,510,000
7	Toll Road Examination		1,000,000
8	Equipment Revolving	_	4,597,000
9	General Operations		18,555,656*
10	Annual Increment	· —	178,344
11	Debt Service	_	76,750,000
12	Interstate Construction		139,739,000
13	Other Federal Aid Programs		125,159,000
14	Appalachian Program		28,440,000
15	Nonfederal Aid Construction		4,257,000
16	Total\$	_	\$532,006,000

^{*} Includes salary of the commissioner at \$47,500 per annum.

- The above appropriation line items are to be expended in accordance with the provisions of chapters seventeen and seventeen-c of the code.
- The above commissioner of highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types of equipment used directly and indirectly in the construction and maintenance of roads and for the purchase of inventories and materials and supplies.
- There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.
- Funds appropriated on Line 10 Annual Increment shall be transferred to line 9, General Operations, only as required.

89—Department of Motor Vehicles

Acct. No. 6710

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Personal Services \$	 \$	2,590,841*
2	Annual Increment		44,316

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3	Current Expenses	-		3,590,457
4	Equipment	_		73,900
5	Purchase of License Plates	_		567,180
6	Social Security Matching	-		184,848
7	Public Employees Retirement			
8	Matching	-		247,332
9	Public Employees Health			
10	Insurance			349,237
11	Total\$	_	\$	7,648,111
	* Includes salary of the commissioner at \$3	86 500 per ann	ım	

Includes salary of the commissioner at \$36,500 per annum.

90-Department of Education-Veterans Education

Acct. No. 7979

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$72,083	\$		
2	Annual Increment	1,620		_	
3	Current Expenses	50,793			
4	Equipment	500		_	
5	Total\$	124,996	\$	_	
6	Expenditures from this appropriation shall not exceed the				
7	amount to be reimbursed by the federal government.				
8	Federal funds in excess of the amounts hereby appropriated				
9	may be made available by budget amendment upon request				
10	of the state superintendent of school	s and app	proval	of the	
11	governor for any emergency which mig	ht arise in	the o	peration	

91-Treasurer's Office-Abandoned and Unclaimed Property

of this division during the fiscal year.

*Acct. No. 8000

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 58,821
	Annual Increment		576
	Current Expenses		48,795
4	Total		\$ 108,192

^{*}The Governor reduced Personal Services from \$138,821 and Current Expenses from \$68,795.

92—Real Estate Commission

Acct. No. 8010

	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ - \$ 163,295 Annual Increment - 1,836 Current Expenses - 161,665 Equipment - 5,000				
5	Total \$ — \$ 331,796				
6 7	The total amount of the appropriation shall be paid out of collections of license fees as provided by law.				
	93—West Virginia Racing Commission				
	Acct. No. 8080				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND				
1	Medical Expenses \$ — \$ 5,000				
2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of collections of license fees and fines as provided by law.				
5 6 7	No expenditures shall be made from this amount except for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral expenses for persons contributing to this fund.				
	94—Auditor's Office—Land Department Operating Fund				
	Acct. No. 8120				
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 12,000				
2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from Special Revenue Fund out of fees and collections as provided by law.				
	95—Department of Finance and Administration— Division of Purchasing—Revolving Fund				

Acct. No. 8140

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 858,359

_	-	-
1	n	
		_

APPROPRIATIONS

[Ch. 27

2	Annual Increment				14,616	
3	Current Expenses		_		490,300	
4	Equipment		-		60,000	
5	Social Security Matching		_		61,377	
6	Public Employees Retirement					
7	Matching		_		82,124	
8	Public Employees Health					
9	Insurance			-	97,700	
11	Total	\$	-	\$	1,664,476	
12	The total amount of this appr	opria	tion sha	ll be	paid from	
13	special revenue fund as provided	by a	article tw	/o, c	hapter five-	
14	a of the code.					

15 The above appropriation includes salaries and operating 16 expenses.

There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in addition to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the purchase of supplies for resale.

96—Department of Finance and Administration— Information Systems Services Division Fund

Acct. No. 8151

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$ 2,973,543
2	Annual Increment		46,908
3	Current Expenses		5,596,344
4	Equipment	_	207,000
5	Social Security Matching	_	213,661
6	Public Employees Retirement		
7	Matching		285,885
8	Public Employees Health		
9	Insurance		 358,300
10	Total\$	_	\$ 9,681,641

11 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from

12 special revenue fund out of collections made by the department

13 of finance and administration as provided by law.

97—Department of Agriculture

Acct. No. 8180

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	-	\$	434,694
2	Annual Increment	_		7,128
3	Current Expenses			23,390
4	Social Security Matching			31,315
5	Public Employees Retirement			
6	Matching	_		41,901
7	Public Employees Health			
8	Insurance			31,000
9	Total \$	· —	\$	569,428
10	The total amount of this appro	priation shall	be p	aid from
11	special revenue fund out of collection	ons made by th	ne de	partment
12	of agriculture as provided by law.	·		_

98—General John McCausland Memorial Farm

Acct. No. 8194

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 80,000
	Funds for the above appropriation shall be disbursed in accordance with article twenty-six, chapter nineteen of the
4	code.

99—State Committee of Barbers and Beauticians

Acct. No. 8220

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 141,849
2	Annual Increment	_	2,844
3	Current Expenses	_	108,700
4	Equipment		 1,600
5	Total\$	_	\$ 254,993
•	The Askal amount of this appropri	البال بمنفمة	

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from special revenue fund out of collections made by the state committee of barbers and beauticians as provided by law.

100-Public Service Commission

Acct. No. 8280

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	54,180	\$	3,499,856*
2	Annual Increment		_		37,620
3	Current Expenses		22,127		1,287,700
4	Equipment				70,500
5	Social Security Matching				250,887
6	Public Employees Retirement				
7	Matching		_		335,694
8	Public Employees Health				
9	Insurance				296,200
10	Total:	\$	76,307	\$	5,778,457
	* Includes salaries of the commissioner	rs: Ch	airman at	\$33	,710 and two

members at \$30,210 each per annum.

11 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from special revenue fund out of collections for special license fees 12

from public service corporations as provided by law. 13

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for 14

15 Headquarters Building Development at the close of fiscal year

16 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the

17 fiscal year 1985-86.

101—Public Service Commission—Gas Pipeline Division

Acct. No. 8285

1	Personal Services \$	28,219	\$ 162,950*
2	Annual Increment		973
3	Current Expenses	15,841	68,600
4	Equipment	_	1,500
5	Social Security Matching		11,636
6	Public Employees Retirement		
7	Matching		15,569
8	Public Employees Health		
9	Insurance		 14,000
10	Total	44,060	\$ 275,228

^{*} Includes salaries of three members at \$1,505 per annum each.

- 11 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from
- 12 special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by the
- 13 public service commission pursuant to and in the exercise of
- regulatory authority over pipeline companies. 14
- 15 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for
- Headquarters Building Development at the close of fiscal year 16
- 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the 17
- fiscal year 1985-86. 18

102—Public Service Commission—Motor Carrier Division

Acct. No. 8290 TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$		\$	1,070,964*
2	Annual Increment	_		12,312
3	Current Expenses	60,000		348,000
4	Equipment			5,000
5	Social Security Matching			76,755
6	Public Employees Retirement			
7	Matching			102,701
8	Public Employees Health			
9	Insurance			94,000
10	Total\$	60,000	\$	1,709,732
	* Includes salaries of three members at \$7.52	25 each per a	nnu	m.

- 11 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from
- special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by the 12
- public service commission pursuant to and in the exercise of 13
- regulatory authority over motor carriers. 14
- Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for 15
- Headquarters Building Development at the close of fiscal year 16
- 1984-85 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the 17
- fiscal year 1985-86. 18

103-Public Service Commission-Consumer Advocate

Acct. No. 8295

1	Salary of Consumer Advocate \$		\$ 38,000
2	Other Personal Services	_	241,784
3	Annual Increment	_	756
4	Current Expenses	-	289,000

106	Appropriations			[Ch. 27
5	Equipment			6,800
6	Social Security Matching			20,186
7	Public Employees			
8	Retirement Matching			27,010
9	Public Employees Health			
10	Insurance			26,400
11	Total\$	_	\$	649,936
12 13 14	The total amount of this appropriat special revenue fund out of collection service commission.			-
	104—Department of Natura	ıl Resou	ırces	
	Acct. No. 8300			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REV	VENUE FU	JND	
1	Personal Services\$		\$	3,822,485
2	Annual Increment			102,852
3	Current Expenses	_		2,955,794
4				-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
-	Repairs and Alterations			242,630

	•					_
7	Total	\$		\$	8,284,80	7
8	The total amount of this appr	opriatio	n shall	l be	paid fro	m
9	special revenue fund out of fees	collecte	d by t	he	departme	nt
10	of natural resources. Expenditu	res sha	ll be	limi	ted to t	he
11	amounts appropriated except for	r federa	l fund	s re	ceived a	nd
12	special funds collected.					

710,000

Land Purchase and Buildings ...

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior appropriation item Land Purchase and Buildings at the close of fiscal year 1984-85 and available for capital improvement and land purchase purposes are hereby reappropriated for expenditure in fiscal year 1985-86, all in accordance with section thirtyfour, article two, chapter twenty of the code.

105—Department of Public Safety—Inspection Fees

Acct. No. 8350

1	Personal Services	\$	· —	\$	434,516
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-11. 4	APPROPRIATIONS		107
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Annual Increment		
	106—Department of Public Safety Drunk Driving Prevention Fund		
	Acct. No. 8355		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUI	ND	
1 2	Current Expenses \$ — Equipment —	\$	595,000 5,000
3	Total \$ —	\$	600,000
4 5 6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriation shal special revenue funds out of receipts collecte sections nine-a and sixteen, article fifteen, chathe code and paid into a revolving fund accountreasury.	d p	oursuant to r eleven of
	107—Department of Banking		
	Acct. No. 8395		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	۱D	
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Current Expenses — Equipment —	\$	646,651* 5,472 610,586 6,000
5	Total	\$	1,268,709
	108—Crime Victim Reparation		
	Acct. No. 8412		
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUN	D	

Personal Services \$
Current Expenses

-- \$ 120,750

27,000

סע	APPROPRIATIO		

3	Equipment				8,000
4	Total	\$	_	\$	155,750
5	These funds are intended to be	expend	ed for	court	costs and
6	administrative costs.				

109—State Health Department—Hospital Services Revenue Account (Special Fund) (Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operation)

Acct. No. 8500

1	Administrative\$	_	\$	109,500
	Personal Services	_		(71,650)
	Current Expenses	_		(37,850)
2	Colin Anderson Center			
3	West Virginia Behavioral			
4	Health Care Delivery System			
5	Plan Capital Outlay and			
6	Renovations	_		400,000
7	Contingency for			
8	Repairs and Alterations,			
9	Equipment, Emergency			
10	Services and Miscellaneous	_		500,000
11	Adolescent Group Home			
12	West Virginia Behavioral			
13	Health Care Delivery System			
14	Plan Capital Outlay and			
15	Renovations			300,000
16	Greenbrier Center—Capital			
17	Outlay and Renovations for			
18	Certification, Life Safety,			
19	and Energy Conservation	_		660,000
20	DD and Chronic Mentally Ill			
21	Group Homes			
22	West Virginia Behavioral			
23	Health Care Delivery System			
24	Plan Capital Outlay and			
25	Renovations			1,111,000
26	Welch Emergency Hospital—			
27	Contingency for Operating			
28	and Miscellaneous	_	:	2,000,000

29 30 31 32 33 34	Contingency for Repairs and Alterations, Equipment, Emergency Services and Miscellaneous DD and Chronic Mentally Ill Group Homes—	_	500,000
35	West Virginia Behavioral		
36	Health Care Delivery		
37	System Plan Capital		
38	Outlay and Renovations	_	2,000,000
39	Hopemont Hospital—	_	
40	Capital Outlay and Renovations for	•	
41	Certification, Life Safety		
42	and Energy Conservation		577,000
43	Lakin Hospital—Capital		
44	Outlay and Renovation for		
45	Certification, Life Safety		
46	and Energy Conservation	_	30,000
47	Denmar Hospital—Capital		
48	Outlay and Renovations for		
49	Certification, Life Safety,		
50	and Energy Conservation	_	185,000
51	Pinecrest Hospital—Capital		
52	Outlay and Renovations for		
53	Certification, Life Safety,		
54	and Energy Conservation		55,000
55	Huntington Hospital—Capital		
56	Outlay and Renovations	_	75,000
57	Fairmont Emergency Hospital—		
58	Capital Outlay		
59	and Renovations	_	37,000
60	Huntington Hospital—		
61	West Virginia Behavioral		
62	Health Care Delivery		
63	System Plan Capital		
64	Outlay and Renovations		1,300,000
65	Total \$	_	\$ 9,839,500

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the hospital services revenue account special fund created in section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen of the code.

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6

69	Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available
70	from the date of passage. Items and projects of this
71	appropriation are to begin as funds become available in the
72	special fund. Projects are to begin in the listed order of priority
73	herein, except implementation costs, not to exceed ten percent
74	of each appropriation, and shall be made available from the
75	date of passage.

Any unexpended balances remaining at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 for the prior-appropriated and brought-forward items of this accounts are hereby reappropriated for expenditure in the fiscal year 1985-86 except for the following: Acct. No. 8500-05 (fiscal year 1982), 8500-14 (fiscal year 1982), 8500-15 (fiscal year 1982) and 8500-20 (fiscal year 1984).

110—Health Care Cost Review Authority

Acct. No. 8510

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	96,695	\$ 625,792
2	Annual Increment	756	3,168
3	Current Expenses	166,730	486,919
4	Equipment		 25,143
5	Total \$	264,181	\$ 1,141,022

The above appropriation items are to be expended in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code and from the special revolving fund designated health care cost review fund.

111-West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority

Acct. No. 8525

1	Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 1,000
2 3 4	special revenue fund out of fees and collections as provided
5	Special funds in excess of the amount herein appropriated

- 6 may be made available by budget amendments upon request
- 7 of the commissioner of finance and administration and the
- 8 approval of the governor.

112—Geological and Economic Survey

Acct. No. 8589

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

- 1 Unclassified—Total \$ \$ 40,000
- 2 The above appropriation shall be used in accordance with
- 3 section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the code.

113—Board of Regents— Special Capital Improvement Fund

Acct. No. 8830

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

- 1 Debt Service \$ \$ 545,000
- 2 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from
- 3 the special capital improvement fund created in section four,
- 4 article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code.

114—Board of Regents—State System Registration Fee— Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

Acct. No. 8835

1	Debt Service	\$ 	\$	2,385,000
2	Capital Building Repairs			
3	and Alterations			4,500,000
4	(Supplements Operating Budget			
5	at Colleges and Universities)			
6	Miscellaneous Campus			
7	Development Projects	 	_	1,400,000
8	Total	\$ 	\$	8,285,000

- The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created by section four,
- 11 article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are

12 13	to be paid on a cash basis and m of passage.	iade av	ailable	fro	m the date
14 15 16 17	Any unexpended balances remaining in prior years and 1984-85 appropriations at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.				
	115—Board or Regents—Special	Capital	Impro	oven	nent Fund
	Acct. No. 3	8840			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIA	L REVEN	UE FUI	ND	
1	Debt Service	\$	_	\$	1,640,000
2 3 4	The total amount of this approach the nonrevolving special capital in section four, article twenty-four, ch	nprover	nent f	und	created by
	116—Board of Regents—State & Revenue Bond Cons				on Fee—
	Acct. No.	8845			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIA	AL REVE	NUE FU	ND	
1 2 3	Any unexpended balances rer 1984-85 appropriations are hereb diture during fiscal year 1985-86.				
	117—Board of Regents—Sta Special Capital Imp (Capital Improvement and I	roveme	nt Fun	ıd	
	Acct. No.	8855			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECI	AL REVE	NUE FU	ND	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Debt Service	\$	 	\$	3,830,000 9,000,000 1,000,000
7	Campus Development		_		3,700,000

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8	(Medical Center Chiller		
9	Replacement)		
10	Marshall University		2,000,000
11	(Fine Arts Center		
12	Experimental Theatre)		
13	Marshall University		
14	Campus Development		4,500,000
15	(Science Building Renovation-		
16	Phase III)		
17	Fairmont State College		
18	Campus Development		750,000
19	(Colebank Hall Renovation-		
20	Supplement)		
21	Concord College		
22	Campus Development	_	750,000
23	(Administration/Science		
24	Building Renovation-		
25	Supplement)		
26	West Virginia Northern		
27	Community College		
28	Campus Development		500,000
29	(Hazel Atlas Building Renova-		
30	tion—Supplement)		
31	Glenville State College		
32	Campus Development	_	200,000
33	(Gas Well)		
34	Bluefield State College		
35	Campus Development	_	800,000
36	(Dickinson Hall/Greenbrier		
37	Center Renovations)		
38	Jacksons Mill-		
39	Capital Outlay		200,000
40	(Building Repairs		
41	and Renovations		
42	Total \$		\$ 27,230,000
43	The total amount of this appropria	ation shal	l be paid from

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created by article twelveb, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the date of passage.

Any unexpended balances remaining in prior years' and in

48 the 1984-85 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for 49 expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

118—Board of Regents—State System Tutition Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund Acct. No. 8860

1	West Virginia University		
2	Engineering Research		
3	Center (Phase I)	_	\$ 9,000,000
4	College of Mineral and		
5	Energy Resources Building		10,200,000
6	College of Business and		
7	Economics	_	8,250,000
8	Marshall University		
9	Fine Arts Facility	_	10,400,000
10	Glenville State College		
11	Art and Music Building	_	4,000,000
12	Shepherd College		
13	Health and Physical		
14	Education Building		9,000,000
15	WV Institute of Technology		
16	Science Laboratory		0.500.000
17	Facilities	_	8,500,000
18	West Virginia State College		
19	Science Laboratory		7 000 000
20	Facilities		7,000,000
21 22	Parkersburg Community College Building Addition		2,500,000
23	Southern WV Community		2,300,000
24	College Logan Building		
25	Addition		2,500,000
26	WV College of Graduate		2,500,000
27	Studies Instructional		
28	Telecommunications System		650,000
29	•		·
30			
31	•		1,000,000
32			\$ 73,000,000
33	The total amount of this approp	riation sha	ll be paid from
34	• • •		
35			
55			

117-Workers' Compensation Commissioner

Acct. No. 9000

TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$	8,188,343
2	Annual Increment			102,636
3	Current Expenses			5,148,689
4	Equipment	_		234,450
5	Social Security Matching			585,353
6	Public Employees Retirement			,
7	Matching	_		783,219
8	Public Employees Health			,
9	Insurance			774,927
10	Employees Excess Liability Fund	_		558,405
	Personal Services	_		(127, 337)
	Annual Increment			(540)
	Current Expenses	_		(369,586)
	Equipment			(21,850)
	Social Security Matching			(9,021)
	Public Employees Retire—			(-)/
	ment Matching			(12,071)
	Public Employees Health			(,-,-,
	Insurance	_		(18,000)
11	Total\$		¢ 1	6,376,022
11	10tai	_	ΦI	0,370,022
12	There is hereby authorized to be	naid out	οf	the above

There is hereby authorized to be paid out of the above 12 13 appropriation for Current Expenses the amount necessary for the premiums on bonds given by the state treasurer as bond 14 custodian for the protection of the workers' compensation 15

fund. This sum shall be transferred to the board of insurance. 16

120-West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner

Acct. No. 9270

1	Personal Services	\$ -		\$ 9,283,283
2	Annual Increment	-	_	200,556
3	Current Expenses	-	_	5,771,157
4	Repairs and Alterations		_	72,800
5	Equipment	-	_	109,000
6	Social Security Matching	-	_	667,402

7 8	Public Employees Retirement Matching		893,002
9	Public Employees Health		1,220,000
10	Insurance		1,220,000
1 I	Total\$		\$ 18,217,200
12	The total amount of this approp	riation shall	ll be paid from
13	Special Revenue Fund out of liquor		•
14	The above appropriations in	clude the	salary of the
15	commissioner, salaries of store pers	onnel and s	tore inspectors,
16	store operating expenses and equipr	nent, and sa	laries, expenses
17	and equipment of administration of	fices.	
18	There is hereby appropriated	from liquo	r revenues, in
19	addition to the appropriation, the	necessary	amount for the
20	purchase of liquor as provided by la	ıw.	

121-West Virginia University-Medical School

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 9280

TO BE PAID FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND

	Personal Services \$	_	\$	8,071,000
2	Current Expenses	_		3,837,000
3	Repairs and Alterations	_		774,000
4	Equipment	_		797,000
5	WVU Family Practice			
6	Program	_		432,000
7	Capital Outlay	<u> </u>		1,000,000
8	Total\$		\$	14,911,000
9	Any unexpended balances remaining	g in the	ар	propriation
0	for Capital Outlay and in the 1984-85	approp	riat	tion for the
-				
j	West Virginia University— Medical Ce			
-		nter at	the	close of the
1	West Virginia University— Medical Ce	nter at	the	close of the

7 crime victim reparation fund of \$182,656.60 for payment of 8 claims against the state.

There are hereby appropriated, for the remainder of the fiscal year 1984-85 and to remain in effect until June 30, 1986, from the funds as designated, in the amounts as specified, and for the claimants as named in Enrolled Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1568 and No. 1569, acts, Legislature, regular session, 1985—total general revenue funds of \$213,065.76, state road funds of \$1,794,209.71, special revenue funds of \$15,935.28 and federal funds of \$5,904.35 for payments of claims against the state. The total of general revenue funds above does not include payment from the Supreme Court—General Judicial, Acct. No. 1110, specifically made payable from the appropriation for the current fiscal year 1984-85.

0,000,000

Sec. 7. Supplemental and deficiency appropriation.— From the state fund, general revenue, except as otherwise provided, there are hereby appropriated the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five to supplement the 1984-85 appropriations, and to be available for expenditure upon date of passage.

^{*}Clerk's Note: The Governor struck out all language which appeared as Sec. 6 and reduced Salary Equalization from \$7,000,000.

	123—Office of Economic and Commi	ınity L	Develop	oment
	Acct. No. 1210			
1	National Youth Science Camp \$	_	\$	0
	124—State Lottery Com	missio	n	
	Acct. No. 1216			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	250,000
	125—Governor's Office—Civil C	onting	ent Fu	nd
	Acct. No. 1240			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	-	\$	0
	126—State Board of Ins	urance	?	
	Acct. No. 2250			
1 2	Premiums, Claims and Other Expenses—Total \$	_	\$	0
	127—Department of Corrections—	Correc	ctional	Units
	Acct. No. 3770			
1 2	Capital Outlay—Industrial Home for Youth—Total \$		\$	0
	128—Department of Humo	an Serv	vices	
	Acct. No. 4050			
1			\$	_0_
	129—State Board of Education—Re	habilit	ation I	Division
	Acct. No. 4405			
1 2		_	\$	0-
	130-Department of Employ	ment S	Securit	y
	Acet. No. 4510			
	Interest Assessment—Total\$	_	\$	0

2 3 4 5	The above appropriation is intended to pay the federal government interest due on loan advances made to the state of West Virginia, for payment of unemployment compensation benefits.
	131-West Virginia Public Legal Services Council
	Acct. No. 5900
1	Appointed Council Fees \$ - \$ 627,000
1 2 3 4	Sec. 8. Appropriations from revenue sharing trust fund.— The following items are hereby appropriated from the revenue sharing trust fund to be available for expenditure from date of passage.
	132—Department of Culture and History
	Acct. No. 9750
1 2 3	Oglebay Park—Lights \$ 75,000 Farm Museum 50,000 Delf Norona 50,000
	133—Department of Agriculture
	Acct. No. 9771
1	General John McCausland Farm \$ 10,000
	134—Department of Human Services Acct. No. 9777
1	Juvenile Detention Center—Wheeling \$ 350,000
	135—Office of Economic and Community Development Acct. No. 9792
1 2	Airport Matching —0— Milton Volunteer Fire Station 40,000
	136—Department of Finance and Administration
	Acct. No. 9793
1	Building Repairs—Total \$ 587,329

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June 30, 1985.

1	Sec. 9. Reappropriations.—Any unexpended balances
2	under Title II, Section I, remaining at the close of the fiscal
3	year 1984-85 in Acct. No. 4201-18, Reimbursement to
4	Community Mental Health and Mental Retardation Centers,
5	are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during fiscal year
6	1985-86.

Sec. 10. Reappropriations—Revenue Sharing Trust Fund.— 1 Any unexpended balances to appropriations made by the 1973, 2 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983 and 3 1984 Budget Acts and any supplementary transfers, or 4 redesignation made by the above listed budget acts for revenue 5 sharing trust fund at the close of the fiscal year 1984-85 are 6 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86, with the exception of Acct. No. 9720-05 (fiscal year 8 1974), 9771-14 (fiscal year 1981), 9790-01 (fiscal year 1984), 9 9725-34 (fiscal year 1975), 9725-48 (fiscal year 1975), 9725-54 10 (fiscal year 1980), 9725-42 (fiscal year 1977), 9725-57 (fiscal 11 year 1981) and 9771-17 (fiscal year 1981), which shall expire 12

Sec. 11. Appropriation from federal block grants—The following items are hereby appropriated from federal block grants and to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1985-86.

137—Office of Economic and Community Development— Community Development

Acct. No. 8029 TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 129,255
2	Annual Increment	_	1,287
3	Current Expenses	_	198,172
4	Equipment		3,277
	To Local Entities	 	16,772,700
6	Total	\$ 	\$ 17,104,691

138—Office of Economic and Community Development— Job Partnership Training Act

Acct. No. 8030

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services		\$		\$	1,169,918
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Annual Increment	 	· _	15,912 1,150,114 20,000 25,509,853 8,238,264 36,104,061
	139—Office of Economic and Co Community S		evel	opment—
	Acct. No. 8	031		
	TO BE PAID FROM FED	ERAL FUNDS		
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Current Expenses Equipment To Local Entities Total \$	- - - - -	\$ - \$	102,161 972 102,093 2,000 3,834,023 4,041,249
	140—Office of Economic and Con Justice Assist	-	velo	opment—
	Acct. No. 80	32		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDE	RAL FUNDS		
1	To Local Entities—Total \$	_	\$	600,000
	141—State Department of Educa		atio	on Grant
	Acct. No. 82	242		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDE	RAL FUNDS		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services\$ Annual Increment Current Expenses Repairs and Alterations To Local Entities Total\$			900,872 15,084 351,997 100 34,987,520 36,255,573
6	I otal\$		\$	36,2

142—State Health Department—Maternal and Child Health Acct. No. 8502

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 716,041
2	Annual Increment		8,604
3	Current Expenses		6,260,046
4	Equipment	_	62,007
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 7,046,698

143-State Health Department-Alcohol, Drug Abuse

and Mental Health

Acct. No. 8503

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 381,899
2	Annual Increment	_	2,736
3	Current Expenses	_	5,006,287
4	Equipment		30,000
5			\$ 5,420,922

144—State Health Department—Preventive Health

Acct. No. 8506

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 335,840
2	Annual Increment	_	3,060
3	Current Expenses	_	1,070,784
4	Equipment	 	 16,340
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 1,426,024

145—Department of Human Services—Energy Assistance Acct. No. 9147

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 1,154,914
2	Annual Increment	_	45,086
3	Current Expenses	_	20,500,000
4	Transfer to State Spending Units		0
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 21,700,000

146—Department of Human Services—Social Services

Acct. No. 9161

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Personal Services	\$		\$ 8,970,295
2	Annual Increment		_	202,205
3	Current Expenses			13,727,500
	Equipment		_	100,000
5	Total	_		\$ 23,000,000

Sec. 12. Special revenue appropriations.—There is hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, appropriations made by general law from special revenue which are not paid into the state fund as general revenue under the provisions of section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code: *Provided*, That none of the moneys so appropriated by this section shall be available for expenditure except in compliance with and in conformity to the provisions of articles two and three, chapter twelve and article two, chapter five-a of the code, unless the spending unit has filed with the state director of the budget, the state auditor and the legislative auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal year:

- (a) An estimate of the amount and sources of all revenues accruing to such funds;
- 16 (b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for what 17 purposes the fund is to be expended.
 - Sec. 13. State improvement fund appropriations.—Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds, received by the Govenor on behalf of the state during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, for the purpose of making studies and recommendations relative to improvements of the administration and management of spending units in the executive branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state trensury in a separate account therein designated state improvement fund.

There is hereby appropriated all moneys so deposited during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, to be expended as authorized by the governor, for such studies and

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- recommendations which may encompass any problems of organization, procedures, systems, functions, powers or duties of a state spending unit in the executive branch, or the betterment of the economic, social, educational, health and general welfare of the state or its citizens.
 - Sec. 14. Specific funds and collection accounts.—A fund or collection account, which by law is dedicated to a specific use, is hereby appropriated in sufficient amount to meet all lawful demands upon the fund or collection account, and shall be expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code.
 - Sec. 15. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.—Money that has been erroneously paid into the state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into which it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

When the officer authorized by law to collect money for the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he shall issue his requisition upon the auditor for the refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue his warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay the warrant out of the fund into which the amount was originally paid.

1 Sec. 16. Sinking fund deficiencies.—There is hereby appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount to meet any 2 deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage finance bond 3 insurance fund of the West Virginia Housing Development 4 Fund which is under the supervision and control of the state 5 municipal bond commission as provided by section twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code, or in the funds 7 of the state municipal bond commission because of the failure 8 of any state agency for either general obligations or revenue 9 bonds or any local taxing district for general obligation bonds 10 to remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and 11 sinking fund requirements. The governor is authorized to 12 transfer from time to time such amounts to the state municipal 13 bond commission as may be necessary for these purposes. 14

The state municipal bond commission shall reimburse the state of West Virginia through the governor from the first remittance collected from the West Virginia housing development fund or from any state agency or local taxing district for which the governor advanced funds, with interest at the

- 20 rate carried by the bonds for security or payment of which 21 the advance was made.
 - Sec. 17. Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.—There is hereby appropriated out of state fund, general revenue, out of funds not otherwise appropriated, to be paid upon requisition of the auditor and/or the governor, as the case may be, a sum sufficient to pay the cost of publication of delinquent corporations as provided by sections eighty-four and eighty-six, article twelve, chapter eleven of the code.
 - 1 Sec. 18. Appropriations for local governments.—There is 2 hereby appropriated for payment to counties, districts and 3 municipal corporations such amounts as will be necessary to 4 pay taxes due counties, districts and municipal corporations 5 and which have been paid into the treasury:
- 6 (a) For redemption of lands;
- 7 (b) By public service corporations;
- 8 (c) For tax forfeitures.
- Sec. 19. Total appropriations.—Where only a total sum is appropriated to a spending unit, that total sum shall include personal services, current expenses and capital outlay, except as otherwise provided in Sec. 3, TITLE I.
- Sec. 20. General school fund.—The balance of the proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the payment of the appropriations made by this act is appropriations.
- 4 riated for expenditure in accordance with section sixteen.
- 5 article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code.

TITLE 3. ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- §2. Constitutionality.
 - 1 Section 1. Appropriations conditional.—The expenditure
 - 2 of the appropriations made by this act, except those
 - 3 appropriations made to the legislative and judicial branches of
 - 4 the state government are conditioned upon the compliance by
 - 5 the spending unit with the requirements of article two, chapter
 - five-a of the code.
 - Where former spending units have been absorbed by or combined with other spending units by acts of this Legislature,

- 9 it is the intent of this act that reappropriation shall be to the
- 10 succeeding or later spending unit created unless otherwise
- 11 indicated.
 - 1 Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is
 - 2 declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction,
 - 3 its decision shall not affect any portion of this act which
 - 4 remains, but the remaining portion shall be in full force and
 - 5 effect as if the portion declared unconstitutional had never
 - 6 been a part of the act.

CHAPTER 28

(S. B. 697—By Senators Tucker and Palumbo)

[Passed April 3, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the commissioner of banking's qualifications and salary; reducing to nine years the experience required for the position of commissioner and including all experience as an active bank officer or examiner as an eligibility factor; providing that the commissioner's annual salary shall be set by appropriation in accord with general law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF BANKING.

§31A-2-2. Commissioner's appointment, term, qualifications, salary, oath and bond.

- 1 The commissioner of banking shall be appointed by the
- 2 governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
- 3 Senate. He shall serve at the will and pleasure of the
- 4 governor for the term for which the governor was elected

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and until his successor is appointed and qualified, unless earlier removed from office for cause as provided by law.

Any person appointed as commissioner shall have had within the fifteen years next preceding his first appointment at least five years' experience as an active officer of a bank in this state or a minimum of nine years' experience in a bank examining or supervisory capacity for this state, for other states or for the federal government, or a combination thereof, or a minimum of nine years' combined 14 experience as such active bank officer and in such examining or supervisory capacity. The commissioner's salary shall be set by appropriation in accord with general law.

Before entering upon the discharge of his duties as commissioner, he shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed in section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia and shall enter into a bond in the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars, with a corporate surety authorized to engage in business in this state, conditioned upon the faithful discharge and performance of the duties of his office. The premium of such bond shall be payable from the state treasury out of funds allocated to the department of banking. The executed oath and bond shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

CHAPTER 29

(S. B. 498-By Senator Tucker)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing the entry of an order without notice or hearing which approves or disapproves an application by a bank holding company if its financial condition imminently imperils its customers or depositors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of the

code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF BANKING AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

§31A-3-3. Hearings and orders; entry of order without notice and hearing.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of subsections (e), (f), (g)
 and (h) of this section, notice and hearing shall be provided
 in advance of the entry of any order by the board.
- 4 (1) Such notice shall be given to the financial institution 5 or person with respect to whom the hearing is to be 6 conducted in accordance with the provisions of section two, 7 article seven, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and such 8 hearing and the administrative procedures in connection 9 therewith shall be governed by all of the provisions of 10 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and shall be 11 held at a time and place set by the board, but shall not be 12 held less than ten nor more than thirty days after such 13 notice is given. A hearing may be continued by the board on 14 its own motion or for good cause shown.
- 15 (2) At any such hearing a party may represent himself or
 16 be represented by an attorney-at-law admitted to practice
 17 before any circuit court of this state.
- 18 (b) After any such hearing and consideration of all of 19 the testimony and evidence, the board shall make and enter 20 an order deciding the matters with respect to which such 21 hearing was conducted, which order shall be accompanied 22 by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in 23 section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 24 code, and a copy of such order and accompanying findings 25 and conclusions shall be served upon all parties to such 26 hearing, and their attorneys of record, if any.
- (c) In the case of an application for the board's approval to incorporate and organize a banking institution in this state, as provided in subdivision (3), subsection (b), section two of this article, the board shall, upon receipt of any such application, provide notice to all banking institutions, which in the manner hereinafter provided, have requested notice of any such action. The request by any such banking institution to receive such notice shall be in writing and shall request the board to notify it of the receipt by the

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- 36 board of any application to incorporate and organize a 37 banking institution in this state. A banking institution may, 38 within ten days after receipt of such notice, file a petition to 39 intervene and shall, if it so files such petition, thereupon become a party to any hearing relating thereto before the 40 41 board.
- (d) The board shall have the power and authority to 43 issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, administer oaths and examine any person under oath in connection with any subject relating to duties imposed upon or powers 46 vested in the board.
- (e) Whenever the board shall find that extraordinary 48 circumstances exist which require immediate action, it may 49 forthwith without notice or hearing enter an order taking 50 any action permitted by subdivisions (1), (2), (4) and (5), subsection (b), section two of this article. Immediately upon 51 52 the entry of such order, certified copies thereof shall be 53 served upon all persons affected thereby and upon demand 54 such persons shall be entitled to a hearing thereon at the 55 earliest practicable time.
- (f) Whenever the board shall find that the financial 57 condition of a state banking institution or a national 58 banking association constitutes an imminent peril to its 59 depositors, savings account holders, other customers or 60 creditors, it may forthwith without notice or hearing enter 61 an order taking any action permitted by subdivisions (7) and (8), subsection (b), section two of this article. Immediately upon entry of such order, certified copies thereof shall be served upon all persons affected thereby and upon demand such persons shall be entitled to a hearing thereon at the earliest practicable time.
- (g) Whenever the board shall find that the financial condition of a state banking institution or national banking 69 association constitutes an imminent peril to its depositors, savings account holders, other customers or creditors, it 71 may forthwith without compliance with the provisions of 72 section six or seven, article four of this chapter and without 73 notice or hearing enter an order approving or disapproving 74 an application to incorporate a state banking institution 75 which is being formed to purchase the business and assets 76 or assume the liabilities of, or both, or merge or consolidate

77 with, such state banking institution or national banking 78 institution the financial condition of which constitutes an 79 imminent peril to its depositors, savings account holders, 80 other customers or creditors. Immediately upon the entry of 81 such order, certified copies thereof shall be served upon all 82 persons affected thereby and upon demand such persons 83 shall be entitled to a hearing thereon at the earliest 84 practicable time.

(h) Whenever the board shall find that the financial 85 86 condition of a state banking institution, national 87 association or bank holding company constitutes an 88 imminent peril to its depositors, savings account holders, 89 other customers or creditors, it may forthwith without 90 compliance with the provisions of section four, article 91 eight-a of this chapter and without notice of hearing enter 92 an order approving or disapproving an application by an 93 existing bank holding company or by an organizing bank 94 holding company to acquire in whole or in part, directly or 95 indirectly, such state banking institution, national 96 association or bank holding company. Immediately upon 97 the entry of such order, certified copies thereof shall be 98 served upon all persons affected thereby at the earliest 99 practicable time.

(i) Definitions:

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101 (1) The term "imminent peril" means that, because the 102 banking institution or bank holding company is insolvent 103 or about to be insolvent, or there is a probability that the 104 banking institution will not be able to pay its debts when 105 they become due.

106 (2) A banking institution or bank holding company is 107 "about to be insolvent" when it would be unable to meet the 108 demands of its depositors or is clearly unable, without 109 impairment of capital, by sale of assets or lawful 110 borrowings or otherwise, to realize sufficient liquid assets 111 to pay such debts for which payment is likely, in the 112 immediate future, to be due and demanded in the ordinary 113 course of business.

114 (3) A banking institution or bank holding company is 115 "insolvent" when it is unable to pay its debts to its 116 depositors and other creditors in the ordinary and usual 117 course of business.

CHAPTER 30

(S. B. 696—By Senators Tucker and Palumbo)

[Passed April 4, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve-b, article eight, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the installation and operation of customer bank communication terminals permitted; limitation removed for employee assistance of customers using off-premises terminals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve-b, article eight, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. HEARINGS; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES; JUDICIAL REVIEW; UNLAWFUL ACTS; PENALTIES.

§31A-8-12b. Installation and operation of customer bank communication terminals permitted.

- 1 (a) Any banking institution as defined in section two, 2 article one of this chapter, individually or jointly with one
- 3 or more other banking institutions or other federally
- 4 insured financial institutions having their principal offices
- 5 in this state, or any combination thereof, may upon thirty
- 6 days prior written notice filed with the commissioner.
- 7 install, operate and engage in banking business by means of
- 8 one or more customer bank communication terminals. Any
- 9 banking institution which installs and operates a customer
- 10 bank communication terminal:
- 11 (1) Shall make such customer bank communication 12 terminal available for use by other banking institutions; 13 and
- 14 (2) May make such customer bank communication15 terminal available for use by other federally insured
- 16 financial institutions, all in accordance with regulations
- 17 promulgated by the commissioner. Such customer bank
- 18 communication terminals shall not be considered to be

- 19 branch banks or branch offices, agencies or places of 20 business or off-premises walk-in or drive-in banking 21 facilities; nor shall the operation of such customer bank 22 communication terminals to communicate with and permit 23 financial transactions to be carried out through a nonexclusive access interchange system be considered to 24 make any banking institution which is part of such a 25 26 nonexclusive access interchange system to have illegal branch banks or branch offices, agencies or places of 27 28 business or off-premises walk-in or drive-in banking 29 facilities.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1), 31 subsection (a) of this section, a customer bank 32 communication terminal located on the premises of the 33 principal office or branch bank of a banking institution or 34 on the premises of an authorized off-premises facility need 35 not be made available for use by any other banking 36 institution or its customers.
 - (c) For the purposes of this section, "customer bank 37 38 communication terminal" means any electronic device or 39 machine, together with all associated equipment, 40 structures and systems, including, without limitation, point 41 of sale terminals, through or by means of which a customer 42 and a banking institution may engage in any banking 43 transactions, whether transmitted to the banking 44 institution instantaneously or otherwise, including, 45 without limitation, the receipt of deposits of every kind, the 46 receipt and dispensing of cash, requests to withdraw money 47 from an account or pursuant to a previously authorized line 48 of credit, receiving payments payable at the bank or 49 otherwise transmitting instructions to receive, transfer or 50 pay funds for a customer's benefit. All transactions 51 initiated through a customer bank communication terminal 52 shall be subject to verification by the banking institution.
 - (d) For the purposes of this section, "point of sale 53 54 terminal" means a customer bank communication terminal 55 used for the primary purpose of either transferring funds to 56 or from one or more deposit accounts in a banking 57 institution or segregating funds in one or more deposit 58 accounts in a banking institution for future transfer, or 59 both, in order to execute transactions between a person and

- 60 his customers incident to sales, including, without 61 limitation, devices and machines which may be used to 62 implement and facilitate check guaranty and check 63 authorization programs.
- 64 (e) Except for customer bank communication terminals 65 located on the premises of the principal office or a branch 66 bank of the banking institution or on the premises of an 67 authorized off-premises walk-in or drive-in banking 68 facility, a customer bank communication terminal shall be 69 unattended or attended by persons not employed by any 70 banking institution utilizing the terminal: *Provided*, That
- 71 (1) Employees of the banking institution may be present 72 at such terminal not located on the premises of an 73 authorized off-premises facility solely for the purposes of 74 installing, maintaining, repairing and servicing same; and
- 75 (2) A banking institution may provide an employee to 76 instruct and assist customers in the operation thereof: 77 *Provided*, That such employee shall not engage in any other 78 banking activity.
- 79 (f) The commissioner shall prescribe by regulation the 80 procedures and standards regarding the installation and 81 operation of customer bank communication terminals, 82 including, without limitation, the procedure for the sharing 83 thereof.

CHAPTER 31

(H. B. 1706-By Delegate Flanigan and Delegate Phillips)

[Passed March 27, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article eight-a, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to acquisition by a bank holding company, or any other company, of any banking institution located in the state of West Virginia that does not both accept deposits that the depositor has a legal right to withdraw on demand and engage in the business of making commercial loans.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article eight-a, chapter thirty-one-a of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8A. ACQUISITION OF BANK SHARES.

§31A-8A-4. Acquisition of bank shares; when prior notification of board necessary; exemptions.

- 1 (a) It shall be unlawful, prior to ninety days following the 2 date of the submission to the board of complete, true and
- 3 accurate copies of the reports required under federal laws or
- 4 regulations pursuant to Title 12, United States Code, §§1841-
- 5 1850 (being the act of Congress entitled the Bank Holding
- 6 Company Act of 1956, as amended), and the payment of an
- 7 examination and investigation fee to the board of two
- 8 thousand five hundred dollars:
- 9 (1) For any action to be taken that causes any company to become a bank holding company;
- 11 (2) For any action to be taken that causes any bank to 12 become a subsidiary of a bank holding company;
- (3) For any bank holding company to acquire direct or
 indirect ownership or control of any shares of any bank if,
 after such acquisition, such company will directly or indirectly
 own or control more than five percent of the voting shares
 of such bank;
- 18 (4) For any bank holding company or subsidiary thereof, 19 other than a bank, to acquire all or substantially all of the 20 assets of a bank;
- (5) For any bank holding company to merge or consolidate
 with any other bank holding company; or
- (6) For any bank holding company to take any action which
 would violate the Federal Bank Holding Company Act.
- 25 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not 26 apply to:
- 27 (1) Shares acquired by a bank:
- 28 (A) In good faith in a fiduciary capacity, except where 29 shares are held under a trust that constitutes a company as
- 30 defined in section two of this article and except as provided

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- in subdivisions (2) and (3), subsection (b), section three of this article; or
- 33 (B) In the regular course of securing or collecting a debt 34 previously contracted in good faith, but any shares acquired 35 after the effective date of this section in securing or collecting 36 any such previously contracted debt shall be disposed of within 37 a period of five years from the date on which they were 38 acquired; or
- 39 (2) Additional shares acquired by a bank holding company 40 in a bank in which such bank holding company owned or 41 controlled a majority of the voting shares prior to such 42 acquisition. For the purpose of the preceding sentence, bank 43 shares acquired after the effective date of this section shall not 44 be deemed to have been acquired in good faith in a fiduciary 45 capacity if the acquiring bank or company has sole discretion-46 ary authority to exercise voting rights with respect thereto, but 47 in such instances acquisitions may be made without prior 48 notice to the board if the board, upon notice and submission 49 of information in form and content as it shall approve, filed 50 within ninety days after the shares are acquired, approved 51 retention or, if retention is disapproved, the acquiring bank 52 disposes of the shares or its sole discretionary voting rights 53 within five years after issuance of the order of disapproval.
- 54 (c) If, within ninety days from the date of submission 55 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, after notice and a 56 hearing pursuant to the provisions of section three, article 57 three of this chapter, the board enters an order disapproving 58 the proposed action described in subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6), subsection (a) of this section, it shall be unlawful 59 60 to take such action. The board shall disapprove the proposed action described in subdivision (I), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6), 61 62 subsection (a) of this section on the following grounds:
 - (1) The action would result in a monopoly, or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or to attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this state;
- 67 (2) The action would have the effect in any section of the 68 state of substantially lessening competition, or would tend to 69 create a monopoly or in any other manner would be in

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70 restraint of trade, unless the anticompetitive effects of the 71 proposed action are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the action are clearly outweighed in 72 the public interest by the probable effect of the action in 73 74 meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be 75 served; or

- (3) Taking into consideration the financial and managerial resources and further prospects of the company or companies and the banks concerned, the action would be contrary to the best interests of the shareholders or customers of the bank whose shares are affected by such action.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, no proposed action described in subdivision (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6), subsection (a) of this section, shall be approved if such approval will permit any bank holding company or any subsidiary thereof to acquire, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of the interest in or assets of a bank or bank holding company located in this state if the operations of any banking subsidiary of such bank holding company are located outside this state.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no bank holding company, or any other company, shall establish, 92 acquire or control any banking institution as defined in section 93 three of this article, when said banking institution does not both (i) accept deposits that the depositor has a legal right to withdraw on demand and (ii) engage in the business of making 96 commercial loans
- 97 (f) Nothing contained in this section shall affect the obligation of any person or company to comply with the 98 provisions of any order of any court or the commissioner 99 100 entered prior to the effective date of this section.

CHAPTER 32

(H. B. 1816-By Delegate Pritt)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to barbers and beauticians; and sale and demonstration of cosmetics and related products not within the practice of beauty culture.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article fourteen, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. BARBERS AND BEAUTICIANS.

§16-14-2. Barbering, beauty culture and manicuring defined.

1 For the purpose of this article "barbering" shall mean any

2 one or combination of the following acts, when done on the

3 human body, and not for the treatment of disease, to wit:

4 Shaving, shaping and trimming the beard; cutting, singeing,

5 shampooing or dyeing the hair, or applying tonics thereto;

6 applications, treatment or massages of the face, neck or scalp

7 with oils, creams, lotions, antiseptics, cosmetics, powders, clays

8 or other preparations; and any such acts when done to

9 encourage the use or sale of articles of trade, or for pay,

10 rewards or other compensation, whether to be received directly

or rewards or other compensation, whether to be received directly

11 or indirectly.

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"Beauty culture" shall mean any one or combination of the following acts, when done on the human body, and not for the treatment of disease, to wit: The care, preservation and beautification of the hands and nails, commonly called manicuring; the cleansing, curling, waving, permanent waving, straightening, arranging, dressing, bleaching, tinting, coloring and shaping the hair, including such cutting of the hair as is necessary for the purposes mentioned in this paragraph; the application to, or treatment and massage of, the scalp, face, neck, arms, hands, or upper part of the body with oils, creams, lotions, powders, clays, cosmetics, antiseptics or other preparations; and any such acts when done to encourage the use or sale of articles of trade, or for pay, reward or other compensation, whether to be received directly or indirectly. The retail sale or the trial demonstration by application to the skin for the purpose of making retail sale of cosmetics. preparations, tonics, antiseptics, creams or lotions shall not be

preparations, tonics, antiseptics, creams or lotions
 considered the practice of beauty culture.

- 30 "Manicuring," when done on the human body and not for the treatment of disease, shall mean the care, preservation and 31 32
 - beautification of the hands and nails only.
- 33 The performance of any of the acts enumerated in this
- 34 section shall not be deemed barbering, beauty culture or 35 manicuring when done by duly licensed physicians, surgeons,
- 36 nurses or morticians, in the proper discharge of their

37 professional duties.

CHAPTER 33

(H. B. 1377—By Delegate Merow and Delegate Love)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the limit on prizes available at charitable bingo games.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. CHARITABLE BINGO.

§47-20-10. Limits on prizes awarded—General provisions.

- Except as provided otherwise in section twenty-two of this 1
- article, during the period of a license, the total value of all 2
- prizes awarded by a licensee, shall not exceed in value seventy-3
- five percent of the gross proceeds collected during such period 4
- or the sum of one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars as 5
- determined and assigned under this section whichever amount
- shall be less: Provided, That notwithstanding the foregoing 7
- limitation, the total prizes awarded by a licensee, or in the
- aggregate by two or more limited occasion licensees holding 9
- a joint bingo occasion, for any bingo occasion held pursuant 10
- to an annual or limited occasion license may not exceed in 11
- value seven thousand five hundred dollars. 12

- 13 Prizes may be money or merchandise other than beer,
- 14 nonintoxicating beer, wine, spirits or alcoholic liquor as 15
- defined in section five, article one, chapter sixty of this code.
- If the prizes are merchandise, the value assigned to them is 16
- their fair market value at the time of purchase. 17

CHAPTER 34

(H. B. 1694—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright and Delegate Farley)

[Passed March 29, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article eight, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing issuance of bonds by the Blennerhassett historical park commission; authorizing the commission to set the form and interest rate of bonds; fixing a mortgage lien upon acquired property: directing the commission to set rates and pledge use of revenues: creating a sinking fund; ensuring adequate funds for repair, depreciation and other expenses; declaring bonds to be negotiable instruments; and providing for method of execution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article eight, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. BLENNERHASSETT HISTORICAL PARK COMMISSION.

§29-8-7. Issuance of revenue bonds.

- The issuance of bonds under the provisions of this article 1
- shall be authorized by a resolution of the commission. The 2 resolution shall recite an estimate by the commission of the
- 4 cost of the proposed undertaking, the estimated cost thereof,
- the amount, rate or rates of interest, the time and place of
- payment and other details in connection with the issuance of
- the bonds. Such bonds shall be in such form and shall be
- negotiated and sold in such manner and upon such terms as
- the commission may by resolution specify. The bonds shall be

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signed by the governor and by the chairman of the commission, under the great seal of the state and attested by the secretary of state. All such bonds and the interest thereon, and all properties and revenues and income derived from the proposed undertaking, shall be exempt from all taxation by this state or any county, municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof. Such bonds shall bear interest at a rate per annum set by the commission, payable at such times and shall be payable as to principal at such times, not exceeding thirty years from their date and at such place or places, within or without the state, as shall be prescribed in the resolution providing for their issuance. Such resolution shall also declare that a statutory mortgage lien shall exist upon the property so to be acquired, constructed, established, extended or equipped, fix rates or charges for use of the undertaking prior to the payment of all of said bonds and shall pledge the revenues derived from the undertaking for the purpose of paying such bonds and interest thereon, which pledge shall definitely fix and determine the amount of revenues which shall be necessary to be set apart and applied to the payment of the principal of and interest upon the bonds and the proportion of the balance of such revenues, which are to be set aside as a proper and adequate depreciation account, and the remainder shall be set aside for the reasonable and proper maintenance and operation thereof. The rates or charges to be charged for the services from such undertaking shall be sufficient at all times to provide for the payment of interest upon all bonds and to create a sinking fund to pay the principal thereof as and when the same become due and reasonable reserves therefor; and to provide for the repair, maintenance and operation of the undertaking, to provide an adequate depreciation fund and to make any other payments which shall be required or provided for in the resolution 43 authorizing the issuance of said bonds.

Bonds herein provided for shall be issued in such amounts as may be necessary to provide sufficient funds to pay all costs of acquisition, construction, establishment, extension or equipment, including engineering, legal and other expenses, together with interest to a date six months subsequent to the estimated date of completion. Bonds issued under the provisions of this article are hereby declared to be negotiable

- 51 instruments, and the same shall be executed by the proper 52 legally constituted authorities of the commission, and be sealed 53 with the seal of the commission, and in case any of the officers
- 54 whose signatures appear on the bonds or coupons shall cease
- 55 to be such officers before delivery of such bonds, such
- 56 signatures shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all
- 57 purposes the same as if they had remained in office until such
- 58 delivery. All signatures on the bonds or coupons and the seal
- 59 of the commission may be mechanically reproduced if
- 60 authorized in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the
- 61 bonds.

CHAPTER 35

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1759—By Delegate Wooton)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to joint establishment of industrial and commercial development bonds by two or more governmental bodies; manner of signing and sealing bonds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT BONDS.

§13-2C-6. Joint establishment by two or more governmental bodies.

- 1 Any two or more governmental bodies may jointly acquire
- by construction and purchase, or by either, or finance one or
- more industrial projects or commercial projects or additions 3
- thereto by the issuance and delivery of revenue bonds in which
- case such governmental bodies shall jointly exercise all the 5
- rights, authority, power and duties herein conferred upon a
- county commission or a municipality when acting singly and

8 they shall also be subject to the same limitations, restrictions 9 and conditions as are herein imposed on a single governmental body in connection with the acquisition or financing of an 10 industrial project or commercial project: Provided, That 11 12 notwithstanding the signing and sealing requirements set forth in section seven of this article, the respective governing bodies 13 14 may provide by agreement among themselves, approved by resolution, that any one of such governing bodies may sign 15 and seal bonds issued pursuant to this article on both its own 16 behalf and on behalf of all other participating governing 17 bodies, and signature in the manner set forth in the said 18 section seven by one governing body shall be effective as to 19 all other participating governing bodies. The respective 20 governing bodies, acting jointly, may also provide by 21 agreement among themselves, any other terms and conditions 22 23 of such joint participation.

CHAPTER 36

(H. B. 1996—By Delegate Smith and Delegate Casey)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one, relating generally to the issuance of private activity industrial development and commercial development bonds generally, the state-wide ceiling applicable thereto; the allocation of such ceiling to the state and the several counties thereof; the manner of apportioning such allocation among the several counties; providing for the reservation of funds on a first come, first serve basis and certain procedures relating thereto; placing a time limit on all such reservations and the expiration and forfeiture of such funds so reserved; exceptions to such expirations and forfeitures in certain cases; the carry over of certain reservations as to qualified projects from one year to another; and the reverting of funds from the

county allocation to the state allocation of unreserved funds after the first day of October in each year.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT BOND ACT.

- §13-2C-21. Ceiling on issuance of private activity bonds; establishing procedure for allocation and disbursements; reservation of funds; limitations; unused allocation; expirations and carry overs.
 - 1 (a) Private activity bonds (as defined in section 103(n) of
 - 2 the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as
 - 3 amended), issued pursuant to this article during any calendar
 - 4 year, shall not exceed the ceiling established by section 103(n)
 - 5 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as
 - 6 amended, by the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984, as amended,
 - 7 for each year.
 - 8 (b) On or before the first day of each calendar year, the 9 director of the governor's office of economic and community
 - development shall determine the state ceiling for such year
- 11 based on the criteria of the deficit reduction act, which annual
- 12 ceiling shall be allocated among the several issuers of bonds
- 13 under this article as follows:
- (1) One half the total ceiling for each year shall be allocated to the counties on a per capita basis and, unless the context in which used requires otherwise, shall be hereinafter in this
- 17 section referred to as the "county allocation."
- 18 (2) One half of the total ceiling shall be retained by the state 19 of West Virginia by the governor's office of economic and
- 20 community development and, unless the context in which used
- 21 requires otherwise, shall be hereinafter in this section referred
- 22 to as the "state allocation."
- 23 (c) The director of the governor's office of economic and
- 24 community development shall notify each clerk of the county

- commission of that county's apportionment from the county allocation. All apportionments made to any county from the county allocation shall be for issues of the county commission of that county and for issues of all municipalities within that county.
- 30 (d) Distribution of both the county and state allocations to 11 lessees, purchasers or owners of proposed commercial or 12 industrial projects shall be on a first come, first serve basis 13 and shall not be distributed or allocated for any project until 134 the governmental body seeking the same shall submit an 135 application for reservation of funds as provided in subsection
- 36 (e) of this section. The governmental body must first adopt
 37 an inducement resolution approving the prospective issuance
 38 of bonds and setting forth the amount of bonds to be issued.
- Within ten days of the inducement resolution, each govern-
- 40 mental body must submit a notice of inducement signed by 41 its clerk or recorder to the governor's office of economic and
- 42 community development. Such notice shall include such
- information as may be required by the governor's office of economic and community development by rule or regulation.
- 45 (e) Following the submission of its notice of inducement, 46 the governmental body at any time deemed expedient by it 47 may submit its notice of reservation of funds which shall 48 include the following information:
- 49 (1) The date of the notice of reservation of funds;
- 50 (2) The identity of the governmental body issuing the bonds;
- 51 (3) The date of inducement and the prospective date of 52 issuance;
- 53 (4) The name of the entity for which the bonds are to be 54 issued;
- 55 (5) The amount of the bond issue;
- 56 (6) The type of issue; and
- 57 (7) A description of the project for which the bonds are to 58 be issued.
- (f) (l) Upon receipt of the notice of reservation of funds by
 the governor's office of economic and community development, such office shall immediately note upon the face of such

62 notice the date and time the same was so received and shall within ten days certify to the governmental body submitting 63 64 the same (A) that the statewide ceiling has not been exceeded, 65 if such be the case, and (B) that the amount of the bond issue 66 has been allocated and reserved in the name of such 67 governmental body for the project for which the bonds are to 68 be issued and, thereafter, the amount of such bond issue shall 69 be so allocated and reserved.

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- (2) In the event the amount requested in the notification of reservation of funds, as provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection, exceeds the apportionment available to that county from the county allocation, the governor's office of economic and community development shall immediately notify the governmental body proposing to issue such bonds of that fact and such body may apply to such office for an apportionment to the extent of such excess from the state allocation.
- 78 (g) If the bond issue for which a reservation has been made 79 has not been finally closed within one hundred twenty days of the date of the certification of reservation to be made by 80 81 the governor's office of economic and community develop-82 ment, as required by the provisions of subsection (f) of this section, and a statement of bond closure which has been 83 executed by the clerk or recorder of the governmental body 84 reserving the same has not been received by such office within 85 that time, then such reservation shall expire and be deemed 86 to have been forseited and the funds so reserved shall revert 87 to the county and/or state allocation, as the case may be, from 88 89 which the funds were originally reserved: Provided, That, as to any notice of reservation of funds received by the governor's 90 office of economic and community development during the 91 92 month of December in any calendar year with respect to any 93 project qualifying as an elective carry forward pursuant to 94 section 1.103(n)-4T of the rules and regulations of the internal 95 revenue service of the United States department of the 96 treasury, as published in the federal registry on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, such 97 98 reservation of funds and the allocation to which the same 99 relates shall not expire or be subject to forfeiture.
- 100 (h) Any amount of the county allocation remaining 101 unreserved on the first day of October in any calendar year

- 102 (which amount shall be determined by the director of the
- 103 governor's office of economic and community development)
- 104 shall revert to the state allocation for the remainder of that

105 year.

CHAPTER 37

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 613-By Senator Boettner)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, five, six, seven, nine, eleven, thirteen and fifteen, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to solicitation of charitable funds; definitions; reallocating powers and duties of commission on charitable organizations and secretary of state; registration of charitable organizations; filing of solicitation contracts; removing fifteen percent limitation on payments for solicitation activities; prohibited acts, enforcement and penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, five, six, seven, nine, eleven, thirteen and fifteen, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. SOLICITATION OF CHARITABLE FUNDS ACT.

- §29-19-2. Definitions.
- §29-19-3. Commission on charitable organizations; powers and duties.
- §29-19-5. Registration of charitable organizations; fee.
- §29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.
- §29-19-7. Filing of solicitation contracts.
- §29-19-9. Registration of professional fund-raising counsel and professional solicitor; bonds; records; books.
- §29-19-11. Records to be kept by charitable organizations, professional fundraising counsel and professional solicitors.
- §29-19-13. Prohibited acts.
- §29-19-15. Enforcement and penalties.

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§29-19-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

- 2 (1) "Charitable organization" means a person who is or holds itself out to be a benevolent, educational, philanthropic, humane, patriotic, religious or eleemosynary organization, or any person who solicits or obtains contributions solicited from the public for charitable purposes, or any person who in any manner 8 employs any appeal for contributions which may be 9 reasonably interpreted to suggest that such contibutions 10 will be used for charitable purposes. A chapter, branch, area, office or similar affiliate or any person soliciting 11 contributions within the state for a charitable organization 12 13 which has its principal place of business outside the state is 14 a charitable organization for the purposes of this article. This definition does not include religious organizations or 15 any group affiliated with and forming an integral part of 16 said organization of which no part of the net income inures 17 18 to the direct benefit of any individual and which have received a declaration of current tax exempt status from the 19 government of the United States nor does this definition 20 include any single church congregation located in the 21 county or local congregation of any religious affiliation or 22 any community youth athletic organization or any 23 24 community civic or service club. No such affiliated group may be required to obtain such declaration if the parent or 25 principal organization shall have obtained same. 26
- 27 (2) "Contributions" means the promise or grant of any money or property of any kind or value. 28
 - "Federated fund-raising organization" means a federation of independent charitable organizations which have voluntarily joined together, including, but not limited to, a united fund or community chest, for purposes of raising and distributing money for and among themselves and where membership does not confer operating authority and control of the individual agencies upon the federated group organization.
- (4) "Parent organization" is that part of a charitable organization which coordinates, supervises or exercises control over policy, fund raising and expenditures, or 39 assists, receives funds from or advises one or more chapters, 40 branches or affiliates in the state

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- (5) "Person" means any individual, organization, trust, foundation, group, association, partnership, corporation, society or any combination of them.
- (6) "Professional fund-raising counsel" means any person who for a flat fixed fee under a written agreement plans, conducts, manages, carries on, advises or acts as a consultant, whether directly or indirectly, in connection with soliciting contributions for, or on behalf of any charitable organization but who actually solicits no contributions as a part of such services. A bona fide salaried 51 52 officer or employee of a charitable organization maintaining a permanent establishment within the state 53 shall not be deemed to be a professional fund-raising 54 55 counsel.
- (7) "Professional solicitor" means any person who, for a 56 57 financial or other consideration, solicits contributions for, or on behalf of a charitable organization, whether such 58 solicitation is performed personally or through said 59 person's agents, servants or employees specially employed 60 by, or for a charitable organization, who are engaged in the 61 solicitation of contributions under the direction of such 62 person, or a person who plans, conducts, manages, carries 63 on, advises or acts as a consultant to a charitable 64 organization in connection with the solicitation of 65 contributions but does not qualify as "professional fund-66 67 raising counsel" within the meaning of this article. A bona fide salaried officer or employee of a charitable 68 organization maintaining a permanent establishment 69 within the state is not a professional solicitor. 70
 - No attorney, investment counselor or banker, who 71 advises any person to make a contribution to a charitable 72 organization, shall be considered, as the result of such 73 advice, to be a professional fund-raising counsel or a 74 professional solicitor. 75
 - "Commission" means the commission on charitable 76 organizations herein created. 77

Commission on charitable organizations; powers **§29-19-3**. and duties.

- The commission on charitable organizations, herein 1
- referred to as the "commission," consists of seven members,
- including the secretary of state or his designate, who shall

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- be the chairman, the attorney general or his designate, the commissioner of welfare or his designate, the director of the state department of health or his designate, and three members to be appointed by the governor who shall serve at his will and pleasure.
- (b) The commission shall serve as body advisory to the secretary of state and, as such, shall have the following powers and duties:
- (1) To hold hearings and make adjudications as provided in section nine and section fifteen of this article;
- (2) To advise and make recommendations to the secretary of state on policies and practices to effect the purposes of this article;
- (3) To request that the attorney general, and, when appropriate, the prosecuting attorney of any county, take action to enforce this article or protect the public from any fraudulent scheme or criminal act;
- 21 (4) To meet at the request of the secretary of state or 22 pursuant to regulations promulgated by him. Minutes of 23 each meeting shall be public records and filed with the 24 secretary of state.
 - (c) The secretary of state shall administer this article, prescribe forms for registration or other purposes, and promulgate rules and regulations in furtherance of this article in accordance with the provisions of chapter twentynine-a of this code.

§29-19-5. Registration of charitable organizations; fee.

- (a) Every charitable organization which intends to 1 2 solicit contributions within this state or to have funds 3 solicited on its behalf shall, prior to any solicitation, file a 4 registration statement with the secretary of state upon 5 forms prescribed by him, which shall be good for one full year and which shall be refiled in the next and each following year in which such charitable organization is engaged in solicitation activities. It shall be the duty of the president, chairman or principal officer of such charitable 9 organization to file the statements required under this 10 article. Such statements shall be sworn to and shall contain 11 12 the following information:
- 13 (1) The name of the organization and the purpose for which it was organized;

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- 15 (2) The principal address of the organization and the 16 address of any offices in this state. If the organization does 17 not maintain an office, the name and address of the person 18 having custody of its financial records;
- (3) The names and addresses of any chapters, branches 19 20 or affiliates in this state; 21
 - (4) The place where and the date when the organization was legally established, the form of its organization;
 - (5) The names and addresses of the officers, directors, trustees and the principal salaried executive staff officer;
- (6) A copy of a balance sheet and income and expense statement for the organization's immediately preceding fiscal year, or a copy of a financial statement covering, in a consolidated report, complete information as to all the preceding year's fund-raising activities of the charitable organization, showing kind and amount of funds raised, costs and expenses incidental thereto, and allocation or 32 disbursement of funds raised including the amounts raised in the state and the percentage of that amount that remains in the state: Provided, That for organizations raising more 35 than fifty thousand dollars per year in contributions, the 36 balance sheet and income and expense statement, or financial statement provided shall be audited by an 37 independent public accountant;
 - (7) A copy of any determination of the organization's tax-exempt status under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and a copy of the last filed Internal Revenue Service form 990 and Schedule A for every charitable organization and any parent organization;
 - (8) Whether the organization intends to solicit contributions from the public directly or have such done on its behalf by others;
 - (9) Whether the organization is authorized by any other governmental authority to solicit contributions and whether it is or has ever been enjoined by any court from soliciting contributions;
 - (10) The general purpose or purposes for which the contributions to be solicited shall be used:
 - (11) The name or names under which it intends to solicit contributions;
 - (12) The names of the individuals or officers of the organization who will have final responsibility for the

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57 custody of the contributions; and

- (13) The names of the individuals or officers of the organization responsible for the final distribution of the contributions.
- (b) Each chapter, branch or affiliate, except an independent member agency of a federated fund-raising organization, may separately report the information required by this subsection, or report the information to its parent organization which shall then furnish such information as to its West Virginia affiliates, chapters and branches in a consolidated form to the secretary of state. An independent member agency of a federated fund-raising organization, as hereinbefore defined, shall comply with the provisions of this article independently, unless specifically exempted from doing so.
- 72 (c) The registration forms and any other documents 73 prescribed by the secretary of state shall be signed by an 74 authorized officer or by an independent public accountant 75 and by the chief fiscal officer of the charitable organization 76 and shall be verified under oath.
- 77 (d) Every charitable organization which submits an 78 independent registration to the secretary of state shall pay 79 an annual registration fee of ten dollars; a parent 80 organization filing on behalf of one or more chapters, 81 branches or affiliates and a federated fund-raising 82 organization filing on behalf of its member agencies shall 83 pay a single annual registration fee for itself and such 84 chapters, branches, affiliates or member agencies included 85 in the registration statement.

§29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.

- 1 (a) The following charitable organizations shall not be 2 required to file an annual registration statement with the 3 secretary of state:
- 4 (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which 5 in whole or in part are registered or approved by the state 6 board of education, either directly or by acceptance of 7 accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by the 8 state board of education;
- 9 (2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any
 10 individual specified by name at the time of the solicitation

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11 when all of the contributions collected without any 12 deductions whatsoever are turned over to the named 13 beneficiary for his use;

- 14 (3) Charitable organizations which do not intend to 15 solicit and receive and do not actually raise or receive 16 contributions from the public in excess of seven thousand 17 five hundred dollars during a calendar year or do not 18 receive contributions from more than ten persons during a 19 calendar year, if all of their functions, including fund-20 raising activities, are carried on by persons who are unpaid 21 for their services and if no part of their assets or income 22 inures to the benefit of or is paid to any officer or member. 23 Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit and 24 receive in excess of seven thousand five hundred dollars, 25 but do receive in excess of that amount from the public, 26 shall file the annual registration statement within thirty 27 days after contributions in excess of seven thousand five 28 hundred dollars are received;
 - (4) Hospitals which are nonprofit and charitable;
 - (5) Organizations which solicit only within the 31 membership of the organization by the members thereof: 32 Provided, That the term "membership" shall not include 33 those persons who are granted a membership upon making 34 a contribution as the result of solicitation; or
 - (6) A local post, camp, chapter or similarly designated 35 36 element or a county unit of such elements of a bona fide 37 veterans' organization which issues charters to such local 38 elements throughout this state, a bona fide organization of 39 volunteer firemen, a bona fide ambulance association or 40 bona fide rescue squad association or a bona fide auxiliary 41 or affiliate of any such organization, provided all its fund-42 raising activities are carried on by members of such an 43 organization or an affiliate thereof, and such members receive no compensation directly or indirectly therefor.
 - (b) Any charitable organization claiming to be exempt 45 46 from the registration provisions of this section and which is about to or does solicit charitable contributions shall 47 submit, annually, to the secretary of state on forms to be prescribed by him the name, address and purpose of the 49 organization and a statement setting forth the reason for the 50 claim for exemption. If exempted, the secretary of state shall 51 issue, annually, a letter of exemption which may be exhibited 52

53 to the public. No registration fee shall be required of any 54 exempt organization.

§29-19-7. Filing of solicitation contracts.

- 1 (a) Every written contract or agreement between 2 professional fund-raising counsel and a charitable 3 organization shall be filed with the secretary of state within 4 ten days after such contract or agreement is concluded.
- 5 (b) Every written contract or agreement between a 6 professional solicitor and a charitable organization shall be 7 filed with the secretary of state within ten days after such 8 agreement is concluded. In the absence of a written contract 9 or agreement between a professional solicitor and a 10 charitable organization, a written statement of the nature 11 of the arrangement to prevail in lieu thereof shall be filed.
- (c) Each statement must clearly provide the amount, 12 percentage or other method of compensation to be received 13 by the professional solicitor or professional fund-raising 14 counsel as a result of the contract or arrangement. If it does 15 not so provide, the secretary of state shall disapprove the 16 contract or arrangement within ten days after its filing. No 17 registered charitable organization or professional solicitor 18 shall carry out or execute a disapproved contract or 19 arrangement or perform services, or receive or make 20 payments, pursuant to a disapproved contract or 21 arrangement. Any party to a disapproved contract or 22 arrangement shall, upon written request made within thirty 23 days of disapproval, be given a hearing before the 24 25 commission within thirty days after such request is filed.
- 26 (d) For purposes of this section, the total moneys, funds, 27 pledges or other property raised or received shall not 28 include the actual cost to the charitable organization or 29 professional solicitor of goods sold or services provided to 30 the public in connection with the soliciting of 31 contributions.

§29-19-9. Registration of professional fund-raising counsel and professional solicitor; bonds; records; books.

1 (a) No person may act as a professional fund-raising 2 counsel or professional solicitor for a charitable 3 organization subject to the provisions of this article, unless 4 he has first registered with the secretary of state.

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5 Applications for such registration shall be in writing under 6 oath or affirmation in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and contain such information as he may require. 8 The application for registration by professional fund-9 raising counsel or professional solicitor shall be 10 accompanied by an annual fee in the sum of fifty dollars. A 11 partnership or corporation, which is a professional fund-12 raising counsel or professional solicitor, may register for 13 and pay a single fee on behalf of all its members, officers, 14 agents and employees. However, the names and addresses 15 of all officers, agents and employees of professional fund-16 raising counsel and all professional solicitors, their officers, 17 agents, servants or employees employed to work under the 18 direction of a professional solicitor must be listed in the 19 application. 20

- (b) The applicant shall, at the time of the making of an application, file with and have approved by the secretary of state a bond in which the applicant shall be the principal obligor in the sum of ten thousand dollars and which shall have one or more sureties satisfactory to the secretary of state, whose liability in the aggregate as such sureties will at least equal the said sum and maintain said bond in effect so long as a registration is in effect. The bond shall run to the state for the use of the secretary of state and any person who 29 may have a cause of action against the obligor of said bonds for any losses resulting from malfeasance, nonfeasance or misfeasance in the conduct of solicitation activities. A partnership or corporation which is a professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor may file a consolidated bond on behalf of all its members, officers and employees.
 - (c) Each registration shall be valid throughout the state for a period of one year and may be renewed for additional one-year periods upon written application under oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and the payment of the fee prescribed herein.
- (d) The secretary of state or his designate shall examine each application, and if he finds it to be in conformity with 43 the requirements of this article and all relevant rules and 44 regulations and the registrant has complied with the 45 requirements of this article and all relevant rules and 46 regulations, he shall approve the registration. Any

- applicant who is denied approved registration may, within
- 48 fifteen days from the date of notification of such denial,
- request, in writing, a hearing before the commission, which 49
- hearing shall be held within fifteen days from the date of the 50
- 51 request.

§29-19-11. Records to be kept by charitable organizations, professional fund-raising counsel and professional solicitors.

- Every charitable organization subject to the provisions of 1
- this article shall, in accordance with the rules and 2
- regulations prescribed by the secretary of state, keep true
- fiscal records as to its activities in this state as may be 4
- covered by this article in such form as will enable it
- accurately to provide the information required by this
- article. Upon demand, such records shall be made available
- to the secretary of state, the commission or the attorney
- general for inspection. Such records shall be retained for a
- period of at least three years after the end of the period of 10
- registration to which they relate.

§29-19-13. Prohibited acts.

- (a) No charitable organization, professional fund-1 raising counsel or professional solicitor subject to the provisions of this article who is required to register with the secretary of state pursuant to the provisions of this article whose registration has been cancelled, suspended or refused
- may solicit contributions from the public.
- (b) No charitable organization, professional fund-7 8 raising counsel or professional solicitor subject to the 9 provisions of this article may use or exploit the fact of 10 registration so as to lead the public to believe that such registration in any manner constitutes an endorsement or 11 approval by the state. The use of the following statement shall not be deemed a prohibited exploitation: Registered 13 14 with the secretary of state as required by law. Registration
- 15 does not imply endorsement of a public solicitation for
- 16 contributions. 17
- (c) No person may, in connection with the solicitation of 18 contributions for or the sale of goods or services of a person 19 other than a charitable organization, misrepresent to or mislead anyone by any manner, means, practice or device

- whatsoever, to believe that the person on whose behalf such
 solicitation or sale is being conducted is a charitable
 organization or that the proceeds of such solicitation or sale
 will be used for charitable purposes, if such is not the fact.
- 25 (d) No person may in connection with the solicitation of 26 contributions or the sale of goods or services for charitable 27 purposes represent to or lead anyone by any manner, means, practice or device whatsoever, to believe that any other 28 29 person sponsors or endorses such solicitation of contributions, sale of goods or services for charitable purposes or 30 approves of such charitable purposes of a charitable 31 organization connected therewith when such other person 32 33 has not given consent to the use of his name for these purposes: Provided, That any member of the board of 34 directors or trustees of a charitable organization or any 35 other person who has agreed either to serve or to participate 36 in any voluntary capacity in the campaign shall be deemed 37 thereby to have given his consent to the use of his name 38 39 in said campaign.
- (e) No person may make any representation that he is
 soliciting contributions for or on behalf of a charitable
 organization or shall use or display any emblem, device or
 printed matter belonging to or associated with a charitable
 organization for the purpose of soliciting or inducing
 contributions from the public without first being
 authorized to do so by the charitable organization.
- 47 (f) No professional solicitor may solicit in the name of or 48 on behalf of any charitable organization unless such 49 solicitor:
- 50 (1) Has obtained the written authorization of two
 51 officers of such organization, a copy of which shall be filed
 52 with the secretary of state. Such written authorization shall
 53 bear the signature of the solicitor and shall expressly state
 54 on its face the period for which it is valid, which shall not
 55 exceed one year from the date issued; and
- 56 (2) Carries such authorization on his person when 57 making solicitations and exhibits the same on request to 58 persons solicited or police officers or agents of the secretary 59 of state.

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§29-19-15. Enforcement and penalties.

- 1 (a) If any charitable organization, professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor fails to file any registration application or statement, report or other information required to be filed by the secretary of state under this article, or otherwise violates the provisions of this act, the secretary of state shall notify the delinquent charitable organization, professional fund-raising counsel 8 or professional solicitor by mailing a notice by registered or 9 certified mail, with return receipt requested, to its or his last-known address. If the required registration application 10 11 or statement, annual report or other information is not filed or if the existing violation is not discontinued within two 12 weeks after the formal notification or receipt of such notice, 13 the secretary of state may cancel, suspend or refuse to 14 accept the registration of such delinquent charitable 15 16 organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor. 17
 - (b) The secretary of state, upon his own motion, upon request of the commission, or upon complaint of any person, may, if he finds reasonable ground to suspect a violation, investigate any charitable organization, professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor to determine whether such charitable organization, professional fundraising counsel or professional solicitor has violated the provisions of this article or has filed any application or other information required under this article which contains false or misleading statements. If the commission finds that any application or other information contains false or misleading statements, or that a registrant under this article has violated the provisions thereof, it may recommend to the secretary of state that the registration be suspended or canceled and the secretary of state may so order.
 - (c) The registration of any charitable organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor, which or who knowingly makes a false or misleading statement in any registration application or statement, report or other information required to be filed by the secretary of state or this article, shall be revoked.
- 40 (d) All administrative proceedings under this article,

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41 including the promulgation of rules and regulations, shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and all commission 43 44 adjudications shall be subject to review and appeal as 45 provided therein.

- (e) In addition to the foregoing, any person who willfully and knowingly violates any provisions of this article, or who shall willfully and knowingly give false or incorrect information to the secretary of state in filing 50 statements or reports required by this article, whether such 51 report or statement is verified or not, shall be guilty of a 52 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 53 upon first conviction thereof in an amount not less than one 54 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or be 55 imprisoned in the county jail for not more than six months, 56 or be both fined and imprisoned, and for the second and any 57 subsequent offense to pay a fine of not less than five 58 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for not more than one year, or be both fined and 59 60 imprisoned.
 - 61 (f) Whenever the attorney general or any prosecuting 62 attorney has reason to believe that any charitable 63 organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor is operating in violation of the 64 65 provisions of this article, or has knowingly and willfully 66 made any false statement in any registration application or 67 statement, report or other information required to be filed 68 by this article, or whenever a charitable organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor 69 70 has failed to file a registration statement required by this article, or whenever there is employed or is about to be 71 72 employed in any solicitation or collection of contributions 73 for a charitable organization any device, scheme or artifice to defraud or to obtain money or property by means of any 74 false pretense, representation or promise, or whenever the 75 76 officers or representatives of any charitable organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor 77 have refused or failed after notice to produce any records of 78 such organization, or whenever the funds raised by 79 solicitation activities are not devoted or will not be devoted 80 to the charitable purposes of the charitable organization, in 81

addition to all other actions authorized by law, the attorney general or prosecuting attorney may bring an action in the name of the state against such charitable organization and its officers, such professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor or any other person who has violated this article or who has participated or is about to participate in any solicitation or collection by employing any device, scheme, artifice, false representation or promise, to defraud or obtain money or other property, to enjoin such charitable organization or professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor or other person from continuing such violation, solicitation or collection, or from engaging therein or from doing any acts in furtherance thereof and for such other relief as the court deems appropriate.

(g) In addition to the foregoing, any charitable organization, professional fund-raising counsel or professional solicitor who willfully and knowingly violates any provisions of this article by employing any device, scheme, artifice, false representation or promise with intent to defraud or obtain money or other property shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, for a first offense, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or be confined in the county jail not more than six months, or be both fined and imprisoned; and for a second and any subsequent offense, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or confined in the county jail not more than one year, or be both fined and imprisoned.

At any proceeding under this section, the court shall also determine whether it is possible to return to the contributors the contributions which were thereby obtained.

If the court finds that the said contributions are readily returnable to the original contributors, it may order the money to be placed in the custody and control of a general receiver, appointed pursuant to the provisions of article six, chapter fifty-one of this code, who shall be responsible for its proper disbursement to such contributors.

If the court finds that: (1) It is impossible to obtain the names of over one half the persons who were solicited and in

- 123 violation of this article, or (2) if the majority of individual
- 124 contributions was of an amount less than five dollars, or (3)
- 125 if the cost to the state of returning these contributions is
- 126 equal to or more than the total sum to be refunded, the court
- 127 shall order the money to be placed in the custody and
- 128 control of a general receiver appointed pursuant to the
- 129 provisions of article six, chapter fifty-one of this code. The
- 130 general receiver shall maintain this money pursuant to the
- 131 provisions of article eight, chapter thirty-six of this code.

CHAPTER 38

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1567—By Delegate Murensky and Delegate Wells)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims for reparations of innocent victims of crimes occurring in West Virginia to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

REPARATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

- §1. Finding and declaring certain crime victims claims for reparation to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.
 - 1 The Legislature has duly considered the findings of fact and
 - 2 recommendations for awards reported to it by the court of
 - 3 claims in respect to the following named claimants who were
 - 4 innocent victims of crime within this state and entitled to
 - 5 reparations; and in respect to each of such named claims the
 - 6 Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, hereby
 - 7 declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay each
 - 8 such claimant in the amount specified below, and directs the
 - 9 auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof out of any
 - 10 fund appropriated and available for the purpose.

11 Claims for crime victims reparation awards: 12 (TO BE PAID FROM CRIME VICTIMS REPARATION FUND) 13 (1)Atwell, Malinda A. 300.75 14 (2) Baker, Ricky E. 8,070.20 15 (3) Basham, Fred, as administrator of the estate of Fred 16 17 \$ 693.17 18 (4) Bess, Jan E..... 1.017.65 19 Broyles, Chester A., III (5) \$ 4,979.90 20 (6)\$ 7,573,73 21 Carter, Kenneth W. 7,884.05 (7)22 (8) 3,889.80 23 (9) DeBrular, Eileen M. 5,711.50 DeBrular, Eileen M., as 24 (10)25 guardian of Michael Lee West \$ 9,288,50 26 (11)1,809.15 27 Dempsey, Brenda J..... (12)1,203.20 28 Eccleston, Eugene C., Jr. (13)11,433,58 29 Elliott, Donald L..... \$ 371.50 (14)30 Gill, Margaret J..... 1,355.65 (15)31 (16)Haley, G. Richard F..... 2,532.15 32 (17)Hitt, Thelma E. S 1,477.25 33 20,000.00 (18)Holcomb, James M. Kegley, Donald B. 34 \$ 520.08 (19)\$ 35 Kelley, Randall L. 246.87 (20)36 (21)20,000.00 37 20,000.00 (22)38 Malone, Garnet M. \$ 7,924.80 (23)\$ 39 63.50 (24)Martin, Phillip G. 40 (25)McNeal, Otis M. L., Jr..... \$ 107.50 41 (26)\$ 20,000.00 42 (27)Moore, Harold R. \$ 143.20 43 (28)Moore, Linda Elaine \$ 1,283.00 44 \$ (29)Sellards, Danny C..... 97.00 45 (30)\$ Shear, Dorothy I..... 361.00 46 (31)Sweatte, Gwendolyn Y..... \$ 243.65 47 (32)Taylor, Keith W. 14,746.52 48 (33)Thacker, Katherine Kaye, 49 as guardian of Kathy Ann 50 Thacker, a minor 1,643,00

51	(34)	Thacker, Katherine Kaye,		
52		as guardian of John Edward		
53		Thacker, a minor	\$	147.75
54	(35)	Turner, Mark Wayne	\$	781.00
55	(36)	Walker, Ike		2,800.00
56	(37)	Walker, Orville E	\$	706.00
57	(38)	White, Woodrow W	<u>\$</u>	1,250.00
58		TOTAL	\$1	82,656.60

59 The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and 60 the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants herein; provided that any 61 62 claimant herein who, subsequent to the payment of an award, 63 receives or recovers benefits or advantages for the economic 64 loss not prior considered by the court of claims in the course 65 of and in reduction of the award of reparations, shall inform 66 the court of claims and crime victims reparation fund of such 67 recovery for determination of the amounts thereof and 68 requirement for the deposit thereof in the crime victims 69 reparation fund.

CHAPTER 39

(H. B. 1568—By Delegate Murensky and Delegate Wells)

[Passed March 29, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

- §1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of corrections; the farm management commission; and the state fire marshal, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.
 - The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact that
 - 2 the state has received the benefit of the commodities and

services rendered by certain claimants herein and has considered claims against the state, the department of 4 5 corrections, the farm management commission and the state 6 fire marshal, agencies thereof, which have arisen due to overexpenditures of the departmental appropriations by officers of 7 such state spending unit, such claims having been previously considered by the court of claims which also found that the 9 state has received the benefit of the commodities and services 10 rendered by each claimant, but were denied by the court of 11 claims on the purely statutory grounds that to allow such 12 claims would be condoning illegal acts contrary to the laws 13 of the state. The Legislature pursuant to its findings of fact 14 and also by the adoption of the findings of fact by the court 15 of claims as its own, and, while not condoning such illegal acts, 16 hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to 17 pay each such claim in the amount specified below, and directs 18 the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of a properly 19 executed requisition supported by an itemized invoice, 20 statement or other satisfactory document as required by 21 section ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West 22 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, 23 for the payment thereof out of any fund appropriated and 24 available for the purpose. 25 26 (a) Claims against the Department of Corrections: 27 (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND) 28 (1)FCl Alderson \$118,352.21 Raleigh Orthopedic 29 (2)

30		Association, Inc	\$	250.00
31	(3)	Wheeling Hospital	\$	1,385.10
32	(b)	Claims against the Farm Management Comm	issio	n:
33		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	UND)	1
34	(1)	Bush Industries Feed & Grain	\$	2,805.00
35	(c)	Claims against the State Fire Marshal:		
36		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND N	O. 80	02-24)
37	(1)	Dunlow Volunteer		
38		Fire Denartment	2	2 744 39

CHAPTER 40

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1569—By Delegate Murensky and Delegate Wells)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payments thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGANIST THE STATE.

- §1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the alcohol beverage control commissioner; attorney general; beer commission; board of regents; department of corrections; department of education; department of health; department of highways; department of mines; department of motor vehicles; department of natural resources; department of public safety; division of vocational rehabilitation; governor's office of economic and community development; human rights commission; supreme court of appeals; and treasurer, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.
 - 1 The Legislature has considered the findings of fact and
 - 2 recommendations reported to it by the court of claims 3 concerning various claims against the state and agencies
 - 3 concerning various claims against the state and agencies 4 thereof, and in respect to each of the following claims the
 - 5 Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, and hereby
 - 6 declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay each
 - 7 such claim in the amount specified below, and directs the
 - 8 auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof out of any
 - 9 fund appropriated and available for the purpose.
 - 10 (a) Claims against the Alcohol Beverage
 - 11 Control Commissioner:
 - 12 (TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
 - 13 (1) Appalachian Power Company...... \$ 229.17
 - 14 (2) Central Beverage Distributors, Inc. \$ 7,659.76

15	(b) (Claim against the Attorney General:		
16		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FI	UND)
17 18	(1)	Norval D. Goe, Executor of the Estate of William Robert Goe, dec	\$	7,569.42
19	(c) C	laim against the Beer Commission:		
20		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	JND)	l
21	(1)	Central Distributing Co., Inc	\$	505.10
22	(d) C	laims against the Board of Regents:		
23		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	JND)	
24	(1)	Mary Ann Babich	\$	540.00
25	(2)	Elliott A. Bigelow	\$	497.90
26	(3)	Department of Employment Security	\$	436.53
27	(4)	Janet Dooley	\$	7,886.00
28	(5)	Karl Van Hildebrand	\$	287.20
29	(6)	Terry A. Johnson	\$	120.54
30	(7)	Richard D. Koval	\$	65.44
31	(8)	John Vincent Lacey, Jr	\$	459.36
32	(9)	Elizabeth D. Morgan	\$	766.00
33	(10)	Danny R. Sinclair	\$	696.57
34	(11)	Timothy E. Smith	\$	239.52
35	(12)	Alfred D. Yoppi, Jr	\$	231.48
36	(13)	Nickolas F. Zara	\$	207.90
37		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FU	ND)	
38	(1)	Chapman Printing Company	\$	205.00
39		from Acct. No. 8623-11	_	
40	(2)	The Lawhead Press, Inc.	\$	576.00
41		from Acct. No. 8600-40	_	
42	(3)	Barbara Ann McCabe	\$	269.47
43		from Acct. No. 9280-00	_	
44	(4)	Moore Business Forms, Inc.	\$	490.07
45	(5)	from Acct. No. 8641-11		60.00
46	(5)	Steven Gerard Noonan	\$	60.00
47	"	from Acct. No. 8610-13	•	00.05
48	(6)	Anita Faye Wickline	\$	98.85
49 50	(7)	from Acct. No. 8627-32	•	220.00
50 51	(7)	Beverly Pisegna Fulmer	\$	228.00
21		from Acct. No. 9280-00		

52	(e) Cla	ims against the Department of Corrections:		
53		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUI	ND)	
54	(1)	Baysal & Associates, Inc.	\$	130.00
55	(2)	W. Auvil Godwin	\$	2,700.00
56	(3)	Grafton Sanitary Sewer Board	\$	1,725.00
57	(4)	D. Verne McConnell	\$	22.00
58	(5)	Medical Dental Bureau, Inc. (Agent for		
59	(-)	Ohio Valley Medical Center, Inc.)	\$	186.76
60	(6)	Richard F. Terry, M.D., Inc	\$	735.00
61	(7)	Virginia Electric and		
62	()	Power Company	\$	110.00
63	(8)	Wheeling Electric Company	\$	4,602.64
64	(f) Cla	aim agains the Department of Education:		
65		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)	
66	(1)	AM International Inc., Debtor in		
67	(-)	Possession Varityper Division	\$	524.00
68	(g) C	laims against the Department of Health:		
69		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)	
70	(1)	Dental Arts Laboratory, Inc	\$	135.20
71	(2)	Leonard J. Gwiazdowsky	\$	502.50
72	(3)	Holzer Clinic	\$	105.00
73	(4)	Holzer Hospital Foundation, d/b/a/		
74		Holzer Medical Center	\$	476.25
75	(5)	Kellogg Sales Company	\$	137.50
76	(6)	Parke-Davis	\$	6,864.00
77	(7)	Pfizer, Inc.	\$	3,748.56
78	(8)	St. Joseph's Hospital	\$	317.27
79	(9)	Stonewall Jackson Memorial Hospital	\$	1,085.79
80	(10)	3M Company	\$	565.09
81	(11)		\$	5,006.13
82	(12)	Sophia Clark	\$	2,613.00
83	3 (h)	Claim against the Department of Health—		
84	4	Office of the Chief Medical Examiner:		
8	5	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE F	UND)
80	6 (1) Jeffry S. Life	\$	35.00

87	(i) C	laims against the Department of Highways:		
88		(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND))	
89 90	(1)	American Bridge Division of United States Steel Corporation	\$	593,088.75
91	(2)	American National Property & Casualty,		•
92		Subrogee of Charles R. Hart	\$	644.25
93	(3)	Anderson Equipment Company	\$	2,453.34
94	(4)	William F. Angel	\$	224.93
95	(5)	Bates & Rogers		
96		Construction Corporation	\$	11,424.65
97	(6)	Carroll L. Bolyard	\$	535.24
98	(7)	Shirley G. Burbridge	\$	122.89
99	(8)	Sylvia A. Cadle	\$	8,630.00
100	(9)	Carl E. Stephens Construction		
101		Company, Inc	\$	1,000.00
102	(10)	Myrtle Craddock	\$	224.62
103	(11)	Engineered Products, Inc	\$	13,139.81
104	(12)	Erie Insurance Exchange, Subrogee of		
105		Joseph E. Martin & Goldie J. Martin	\$	4,980.00
106	(13)	Richard R. Fisher	\$	2,477.65
107	(14)	Max B. Harbert	\$	50.00
108	(15)	Thomas J. Hiddemen, Jr	\$	150.75
109	(16)	Dianna Rinehart Jones	\$	100.00
110	(17)	Joseph H. Justice	\$	815.06
111	(18)	L. G. De Felice, Inc.		43,451.06
112	(19)	Joseph E. Martin & Goldie J. Martin	\$	100.00
113	(20)	Mid-Atlantic Paving Company, Inc	\$	3,929.25
114	(21)	Herbert Midkiff	\$	3,679.00
115	(22)	Jack E. Murray	\$	287.47
116	(23)	Regina M. Rhoads	\$	100.00
117	(24)	Theresa Ritz	\$	21,418.80
118	(25)	Dennis L. Sanders and		
119		Nancy J. Sanders	\$	505.00
120	(26)	Carl Eugene Shockey, d/b/a		
121		Gene's Mobile Homes	\$	500.00
122	(27)	Amelio J. White	\$	133.36
123	(28)	Harry L. White	\$	1,707.85
124	(29)	James K. White and Barbara White	\$	579.04
125	(30)	Harry E. Wilmoth	\$	250.00
126	(31)	L. R. Skelton & Company	\$3	40,800.44

127 128 129		Barbara M. Neri Fred Staffilino, Jr. and Linda Staffilino		11,040.00 14,000.00
130	(34)	Tucker's Used Cars, Inc	\$	10,778.82
131	(j) Class	im against the Department of Mines:		
132		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND))
133	(1)	Xerox Corporation	\$	913.98
134	(k) <i>Cla</i>	im against the Department of Mines—		
135	(Office of Oil & Gas:		
136		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND))
137	(1)	Xerox Corporation	\$	1,691.83
138 139	(l) Cla	ims against the Department of Motor Vehicles:		
140		(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND))	
141 142	(1) (2)	Hamilton Business Systems Xerox Corporation	\$ \$	39.43 848.25
143 144		Claims against the Department of Natural Resources:		
145		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
146	(1)	Johnson Controls, Inc	\$	15,326.67
147	(2)	Xerox Corporation	\$	8,500.00
148		(TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
149 150	(1)	The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company from Acct. No. 7930-79	\$	401.00
151 152	(2)		\$	309.95
153 154		Claims against the Department of Public Safety:		
155		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	IND))
156			\$	290.00
157			\$	600.00
158 159		Possession Varityper Division City of Wellsburg	\$	22.50
	(0)	•		

160	(4) Consolidated Business Forms Company	\$	178.49
161	(5) Doctor's Urgent Care, Inc	\$	55.00
162	(6) Eagle Aviation, Inc	\$	3,577.00
163	(7) The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co	\$	2,764.50
164	(8) Greenbrier Physicians, Inc	\$	50.00
165	(9) The James & Law Company	\$	182.90
166	(10) Jordan Chiropractic Clinic, Inc	\$	130.00
167	(11) Kanawha Valley Radiologist, Inc	\$	100.00
168	(12) Marjorie Garden Associates	\$	210.00
169	(13) Means Charleston Center	\$	137.84
170	(14) Putnam General Hospital	\$	1,533.40
171	(15) Roentgen Diagnostics, Inc	\$	39.00
172	(16) St. Joseph's Hospital	\$	6.00
173	(17) Three Community Cable TV	\$	164.00
174	(18) 3M Company	\$	246.16
175	(o) Claims against the Division of		
176	Vocational Rehabilitation:		
177	(TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL REVENUE FU	ND	ı
178	(1) Krown Research, Inc	\$	194.00
179	from Acct. No. 7873-79	•	1700
180	(2) St. Joseph's Hospital	\$	4,999.40
181	from Acct. No. 7873-79	•	.,
182	(p) Claim against the Governor's Office of		
183	Economic and Community Development:		
184	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUI	ND)	
185	(1) West Virginia Utility	•	2 274 67
186	Contractors' Association	\$	3,374.57
187	from Acct. No. 8024-26		
188	(q) Claim against the Human Rights Commission.	:	
189	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FU	ND)
190	(1) Department of Employment Security	\$	424.00
191	(1) Department of Employment Security	Φ	424.00
192	(r) Claim against the Supreme Court of Appeals:		
193	(TO BE PAID FROM SUPREME COURT GENERAL JUL	ICI	AL FUND,
194	ACCOUNT NO. 1110-00, FROM APPROPRIAT	ION	Ī
195	FOR CURRENT FISCAL YEAR 1984-85)		
196	(1) The Sheriff and Treasurer of		
	Kanawha County	\$7	200,016.15
197	Kanawna County	.D.∠	200,010.13

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198 (s) Claim against the Treasurer:

199 (TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

200 (1) Bob Dalton Investigations, Inc. \$ 294.53

The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior to the payments to any claimant provided for in this bill, the court of claims shall receive a release from said claimant releasing any and all claims for moral obligations arising from the matters considered by the Legislature in the finding of the moral obligations and the making of the appropriations for said claimant. The court of claims shall deliver all releases obtained from claimants to the department against which the claim was allowed.

CHAPTER 41

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 196-By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President, et al.)

[Passed April 16, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twenty-seven, article one, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section nineteen, article one and all of article four, chapter twenty of said code; to repeal article one-c, chapter twenty-one of said code; to repeal article seven, chapter twenty-six of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto three new chapters, designated chapters five-b, five-c and five-d; to amend chapter twelve of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a; to amend chapter nineteen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a: to amend and reenact sections nine and fourteen, article one, chapter twenty; to amend and reenact section one, article seven, chapter twenty; to amend and reenact sections six, nine and twenty-one, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code; and to further amend article fifteen by adding thereto sixteen new sections, designated sections seven-b, seven-c, seven-d, seven-e, seven-f, seven-g, seven-h, seven-i, seven-i,

seven-k, seven-m, seven-n, seven-o, seven-p, seven-q and seven-r, all relating to economic development generally: establishing "The Economic Development Act of 1985": setting forth legislative findings; construction of chapter; creating the department of commerce; providing for a commissioner of commerce, division directors and deputy commissioners; setting forth general powers of the department; creating the various divisions within said department; authorizing the commissioner to establish additional divisions; authorizing the governor to transfer divisions, duties, functions and appropriations between the department of commerce and the office of community and industrial development; providing for an expiration date of such authority; assigning or transferring certain employees to the department of commerce or the office of community and industrial development; protecting the employment, employment classification and other employment conditions of certain persons; providing for exceptions; requiring the department to submit an annual program and policy action statement to the joint committee on government and finance; providing for the division of tourism and setting forth its purpose, powers and general duties; providing for the division of advertising and promotion and setting forth its purpose, powers and general duties; providing for the division of research and strategic planning and setting forth its purpose, powers and general duties; providing for the division of product marketing and setting forth its purpose, powers and general duties; providing for the division of small business development and setting forth its purpose, powers and general duties; establishing small business innovation centers; creating the state small business innovation network center board; setting forth the functions and duties of regional small business innovation centers; confidentiality of certain information; mandating the director to adopt certain rules and regulations; transferring the duties, powers, functions and all documents and equipment of the division of parks and recreation within the department of natural resources to the department of commerce; retaining legal title to such properties within the department of natural resources; transferring existing contractual obligations and remaining appropriations to the department of commerce; requiring

the commissioner of commerce and the director of natural resources to cooperate in effectuating such transfer; providing for the division of parks and recreation and setting forth its purpose, powers and general duties; law enforcement duties to remain the responsibility and function of the department of natural resources; continuing the Berkeley Springs sanitarium as a state recreational facility within the department of commerce; transferring the Washington Carver camp to the jurisdiction of the commissioner of commerce; requirements of commissioner; providing definitions; providing for the issuance of park development revenue bonds; duties and authority of commissioner; authorizing the commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a, to control uses of the parks and recreation system; prohibiting public hunting, the exploitation of minerals or harvesting of timber for commercial purposes in any state park; preserving the authority of the director of the department of natural resources with respect to public lands; limitations on expenditure of revenues; authorizing the commissioner to issue park development revenue bonds and setting forth other powers of the commissioner; exempting park development projects, certain properties and income from taxation, except inheritance taxation; providing for the investment in notes, bonds and security interests; disclaimer of state liability; providing for a trustee for bondholders; proceeds of park development revenue bonds, grants and gifts; authorizing the commissioner to pledge revenue as security for any bonds issued; setting forth duties of the department with respect to the maintenance and control of projects; requiring observation of the constitution and other laws; authorizing the commissioner to operate commissaries, restaurants and other facilities; authorizing the commissioner to enter into certain contracts; providing for the acquisition, development, protection, operation and maintenance of the Greenbrier river trail; providing certain limitations thereof; requiring the correlation of projects and services; sunset provision; abolishing the office of economic and community development; mandating the governor to transfer the functions, personnel, property and relative liens thereto, from said office to the office of community and

industrial development or to the department of commerce: existing contracts to remain in full force and effect; creating the office of community and industrial development; providing for a director thereof; authorizing the director to promulgate rules and regulations; exempting such rules and regulations from the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a; creating divisions within said office; authorizing the governor to transfer duties, functions or appropriations to the department of commerce; authorizing the governor, at the director's request, to create additional or abolish existing divisions; providing for a limit on such gubernatorial authority; requiring the office to conduct certain feasibility studies and report to the Legislature; defining certain terms; providing for the West Virginia export development authority; setting forth legislative findings; definitions; creating the said authority and setting forth its purpose; providing for a board of directors; qualifications and duties of board members; setting forth general powers of the authority; empowering the authority to provide guaranteed funding for eligible export loans; setting forth qualifications for such loans; providing for participating banking organizations and setting forth qualifications thereof; requiring the submission of an annual report and an annual audit; interpretation of powers; exempting authority from taxation; setting forth when conflict of interest exists with respect to members, officers, agents or employees of the authority; consequences of any such conflicts; exempting members or any persons acting on behalf of the authority from personal liability; authorizing the authority to issue bonds; such bonds to be payable solely from revenues; providing for the execution, form, delivery, conditions and sale of such bonds; exempting such bonds from certain taxation; exempting security agreements and financing agreements from stamp and transfer taxes; authorizing the authority to create an insurance fund; setting forth requirements of such funds; permitting the authority to use bond funds to purchase such insurance; when insurance may be pledged as security; providing that bonds, debenture, notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the authority are securities which may be invested or deposited by the appropriate persons or entities; exempting certain confidential information from disclosure; provisions

to be cumulative; severability of provisions; continuing the West Virginia labor-management advisory council; renaming said council; increasing the membership of said council; present members to complete terms of office; providing that additional organizations should submit recommendations for membership to the governor; increasing the minimum number of meetings each year and the number of members constituting a quorum; setting forth objectives of the council; enumerating the powers, duties and functions thereof; requiring the council to submit an annual report to the joint committee on government and finance; setting forth authorizations and restrictions with respect to appropriations, gifts, bequests or grants; funds to be deposited with state treasurer; requiring the council to designate regions and to establish regional advisory councils therein; setting forth duties and requirements of such councils; providing for the compensation of members and employment of staff; duration of council; creating the "West Virginia Basic Assistance for Industry and Trade Act"; setting forth legislative purpose and intent; definitions; severability; creating the West Virginia automobile industry assistance corporation; powers and duties generally; providing for a board of directors of such corporation; setting forth qualifications and duties of the board; requiring the board to manage and control the corporation; exempting directors and officers from personal liability; authorizing the board to employ certain persons; restricting the salary of employees; requiring all contracts of employment to contain prevailing rate of wages; how prevailing rate of wages determined; specifying powers of the corporation; authorizing the governor to provide for the transfer of the use, possession and control of real or personal property of the state to the corporation; providing for a principal office; requiring the maintenance of records; requiring board members to take oath of office; providing that the board of investments shall be ex officio a board of investments for public employees retirement system funds for purposes of article; authorizing the board of investments to invest moneys, securities and other assets of such system in the form of interest bearing loans; setting forth restrictions on such loan authority; specifying requirements of such loans; setting forth limitation on loan authority:

specifying terms and conditions of loans: requiring an annual audit of a borrower's account; authorizing the board to request a report of an independent audit; prohibiting the making of loans without a written agreement of the borrower to provide the board with such reports: authorizing the board to take necessary action to enforce rights; providing certain tax credits to borrowers: limitations thereof; requiring the board of investments to make an annual report to the Legislature: setting forth requirements of such reports; providing a termination date for the board's authority to make such loans; creating the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation; definitions; purposes of corporation; providing for a board of directors; number, appointment, terms of office, qualifications and compensation of members; prohibiting members from having certain financial interests; providing for criminal penalties; specifying the duties of the board; exempting corporate directors and officers from personal liability; authorizing the board to employ staff personnel; limitation on salaries; requiring all contracts to contain minimum wage provisions; determination of minimum wage; specifying the powers of such corporation; creating an investment fund; providing how such fund must be administered by the board; setting forth sources of the fund; authorizing the corporation to invest in qualified securities; setting forth requirements for such investment; limiting the amount of total investment: exceptions; exempting such transactions from the provisions of the uniform securities act; authorizing the corporation to finance development projects; setting forth restrictions on such financing; limiting the amount of financing: exceptions; requiring security for such investments; exempting such transactions from the provisions of the uniform securities act; authorizing the governor to transfer to the corporation the use, possession and control of real or personal property of the state; providing the location of a principal office; maintaining records: requiring board members to subscribe to an oath of office; authorizing the board of investments to be ex officio a board of investments for public employees retirement system funds for investment in accordance with the provisions of this article; setting forth the authority of the

board of investments to invest moneys: requirements of loans limitations on such loan authority; setting forth terms and conditions of loans: authorizing the board of investments to take necessary action to enforce certain rights; permitting a tax credit for borrowers; limitations thereof; requiring the board of investments to make an annual report to the Legislature; setting forth requirements of such report; providing for the termination of the board's authority to make such loans; authorizing certain inspections, audits and investigations; creating the public energy authority; providing for a short title; setting forth purposes and intent; legislative findings; definitions; creating the West Virginia public energy authority board; providing for the appointment, terms of office. qualifications, compensation, duties and expenses of board members; providing for a director; requiring the board to report annually to the governor and the Legislature; audit; setting forth powers of the authority; providing for general powers, duties, authority and responsibilities of authority; expenses of authority; restrictions on use of funds; authorizing the board to invest funds in specified securities; providing for the maintenance, operation and repair of projects; providing that bonds shall be lawful investments; exempting the operation and maintenance of projects from taxation; empowering the authority to acquire property; authorizing other governmental agencies to lease, lend, grant or convey property to the authority; setting forth terms thereof; authorizing the authority to acquire property or property rights of other property owners; authorizing governmental agencies to lease, lend, grant or convey property to the authority; authority not to be deemed a public utility; authority exempted from jurisdiction of the public service commission; authority subject to provisions governing gas pipeline safety; providing for the transportation of gas from natural gas transportation projects by gas utility pipelines as common carriers: prohibiting officers, members or employees of the authority from having financial interests; exceptions; criminal penalty; exempting directors or other persons acting on behalf of the authority from personal liability; requiring meetings and records of authority to be public; exceptions: liberal construction to be given; severability; creating a

linked deposit program; definitions; legislative findings; limitations on investments in linked deposits; applications for loan priority; loan package to be submitted to state treasurer: authorizing the state treasurer to accept or reject such loan package; requiring a deposit agreement between the lending institution and state treasurer; specifications of the deposit agreement; providing for the loan rate: certification of compliance; monitoring of compliance by the state treasurer; setting forth duties of the state treasurer and the industrial development authority; requiring the state treasurer to report quarterly to the governor and the joint committee on government and finance; contents of reports; exempting the state and the state treasurer from liability: division of forestry; legislative findings; purposes; transferring the division of forestry from the department of natural resources to the department of agriculture; division director; duties, powers, lands, records, equipment, appropriations and personnel transferred; creation of a special revenue account; additional duties of director; creating a forestry commission; qualifications and appointment of director; powers and duties generally; providing for the fiscal management of the department of natural resources; removing the requirements that the director of natural resources establish and maintain bookkeeping and internal auditing systems for all state parks; removing specifications thereof; setting forth divisions within the department of natural resources; removing the division of parks and recreation as a division within said department; authorizing the chief conservation officer of the department of natural resources to supervise and direct the department's law-enforcement policies, practices and programs; duties and authorities of such chief conservation officer; providing for other conservation officers, including emergency conservation officers; selection of such officers; authorizing the chief conservation officer to select and appoint full-time civil service employees as special conservation officers; removing requirement that such officers be chosen from among employees of the department of natural resources; setting forth powers and duties of special conservation officers; limitation on jurisdiction; specifying other authorities and jurisdiction of the chief conservation officer; setting forth the general

powers of the economic development authority; providing the authority with additional power to issue bonds, at the request of the governor or an appropriate state agency or authority, for the construction of electrical power generating facilities, natural gas transmission lines, coal processing plants, other energy projects, or for export development, farm development, jobs development or forest development, or for the West Virginia automobile assistance corporation or the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation; requiring that any such bonds issued for the construction of electrical power generating facilities, natural gas transmission lines or other energy projects be first approved by an act of general law, after public notice and hearing; loans for construction of facilities and projects; issuance of bonds and notes; trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; relating to bonds issued; use of funds by authority; restrictions; relating to certain projects; security for bonds and notes issued; enforcement of payment and validity of bonds and notes issued; pledges; time; liens; recordation; refunding; bond; purchase and cancellation of notes or bonds; vested rights; impairment; providing that bonds shall not be debts; expenses; negotiability of bonds and notes; legal investments; exemption from taxation; exemption from personal liability; cumulative authority; applicability of other statutes and charters; authorizing the authority to make equipment loans; qualifications of such loans; permitting the authority to make such loans based on an unconditional letter of credit; real estate as a security interest; permitting the authority to determine the necessity, terms and amount of additional security; and increasing the economic development authority's authorized limit on borrowing and the board of investment's authorized limit on investments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-seven, article one, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section nineteen, article one and all of article four, chapter twenty of said code be repealed; that article one-c, chapter twenty-one of said code be repealed; and that article seven, chapter twenty-six of said code be repealed;

that said code be amended by adding thereto three new chapters, designated chapters five-b, five-c and five-d; that chapter twelve of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a; that chapter nineteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a; that sections nine and fourteen, article one and section one, article seven, chapter twenty be amended and reenacted; that sections six, nine and twenty-one, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one be amended and reenacted; and that said article fifteen be further amended by adding thereto sixteen new sections, designated sections seven-b, seven-c, seven-d, seven-e, seven-f, seven-g, seven-h, seven-i, seven-k, seven-m, seven-n, seven-o, seven-p, seven-q and seven-r, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5B. Economic Development Act of 1985.
- 5C. Basic Assistance for Industry and Trade.
- 5D. Public Energy Authority Act.
- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.
- 19. Agriculture.
- 20. Natural Resources.
- 31. Corporations.

CHAPTER 5B. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1985.

Article.

85B-1-1.

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Office of Community and Industrial Development.
- 3. West Virginia Export Development Authority.
- 4. Labor-Management Council.

Short title.

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

- §5B-1-2. Legislative findings. §5B-1-3. Construction of chapter.
- §5B-1-4. Department created; appointment, compensation and qualifications of commissioner.
- \$5B-1-5. General powers of the department.
- §5B-1-6. Divisions created; continuation of civil service coverage for persons employed in the former office of economic and community development and the department of natural resources.
- §5B-1-6a. Program and policy action statement; submission to joint committee on government and finance.
- \$5B-1-7. Division of tourism; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-8. Division of advertising and promotion; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- §5B-1-9. Division of research and strategic planning; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-10. Division of product marketing; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-11. Division of small business development; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-11a. Regional small business innovation centers; locations; authority.
- §5B-1-11b. State small business innovation center board created; membership; regional center directors.
- §5B-1-11c. Functions and duties of regional centers.
- §5B-1-11d. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial or financial information; confidentiality.
- §5B-1-11e. Rules and regulations.
- §5B-1-12. Division of parks and recreation created; duties, records and equipment transferred from the department of natural resources; funds
- §5B-1-13. Division of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and duties generally.
- §5B-1-13a. Definitions; state parks and recreation system.
- §5B-1-13b. Authority of commissioner to issue park development revenue bonds; grants and gifts.
- §5B-1-13c. Tax exemption.
- §5B-1-13d. Investment in notes, bonds and security interests.
- §5B-1-13e. Disclaimer of any liability of state of West Virginia.
- §5B-1-13f. Trustee for holders of park development revenue bonds.
- §5B-1-13g. Proceeds of park development revenue bonds, grants and gifts.
- §5B-1-13h. Authority of commissioner to pledge revenue from recreational facilities as security.
- §5B-1-13i. Management and control of project.
- §5B-1-13j. Provisions of construction and law observed; what approval required.
- §5B-1-14. Restaurants and other facilities.
- §5B-1-15. Contracts for operation of commissaries, restaurants, recreational facilities and other establishments limited to five years' duration; renewal option of commissioner; termination of contract by the commissioner.
- §5B-1-16. Acquisition of former railroad subdivision for establishment of Greenbrier River Trail; development, protection, operation and maintenance of trail.
- §5B-1-17. Correlation of projects and services.
- §5B-1-18. Sunset provision.

§5B-1-1. Short title.

- 1 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as "The
- 2 Economic Development Act of 1985."

§5B-1-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 It is hereby determined and declared as a matter of
- 2 legislative finding:

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- 3 (a) That seriously high unemployment exists in many 4 areas of the state;
- (b) That economic insecurity due to unemployment 6 undermines the health, safety and general welfare of the people of the entire state:
- (c) That the absence of employment and business 9 opportunities for youth is a serious threat and has resulted 10 in families leaving the state to find opportunities elsewhere. adversely affecting the tax base of the state, counties and 12 municipalities:
- (d) That the present and future welfare of the people of 14 the state require as a public purpose a renewed effort 15 toward the promotion and development of business 16 enterprises with potential to help;
- (e) That the legislative and executive branches of state 18 government must seek out and recruit exceptionally 19 qualified individuals and organizations to administer, advise and manage the state's economic development programs:
- That the state's leaders of business, labor, education 23 and government must cooperate and advance together on 24 common ground, with the common purpose of the economic 25 revitalization of our state; and
- (g) That the industrial products and natural resources 27 of the state need to be more thoroughly managed, developed 28 and promoted and the various industries better coordinated 29 and developed to provide a healthy industry environment 30 that will decrease unemployment, promote the use of, while also protecting the renewable natural resources of West 32 Virginia, and otherwise provide for the economic 33 revitalization of our state.

In recognition of these findings, it is in the best interest of 35 the citizens of this state to transfer the management and 36 responsibility of the division of parks and recreation to the department of commerce and to unite the management and 38 responsibility for renewable forest resources by 39 transferring the division of forestry from the department of 40 natural resources to the department of agriculture. These 41 transfers of divisions' management and responsibility will 42 unite and realign the various governmental activities in the 43 areas of commercial, industrial, recreational and forestry 44 management and development so as to promote the

- 45 expansion of industry and the use of renewable forestry
- 46 resources and enhance the development of nonrenewable
- 47 resources to assure the greatest benefit to the people of West
- 48 Virginia.

§5B-1-3. Construction of chapter.

- 1 The provisions of this chapter being remedial in nature
- 2 and designed for the benefit and well being of the people of
- 3 the state, such provisions shall be given a liberal
- 4 construction to ensure the fulfillment of the purposes and
- 5 intent of this chapter.

§5B-1-4. Department created; appointment, compensation and qualifications of commissioner.

- 1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 2 eighty-five, there is hereby created in the executive branch
- 3 of state government a department of commerce and the
- 4 office of commissioner of commerce. The commissioner
- 5 shall be the chief executive officer of the department with
- 6 control and supervision of its operations and shall be
- 7 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of
- 8 the Senate and shall be paid a salary of sixty-five thousand
- 9 dollars a year. The commissioner of commerce shall have
- 10 control and supervision of the department of commerce and
- 11 shall be responsible for the work of each of its divisions.
- 12 Under the control and supervision of the commissioner of
- 13 commerce, each division director shall be responsible for
- 14 the work of his division. The commissioner of commerce
- 15 shall have the authority to employ such assistants as may be
- 16 necessary for the efficient operation of the department.
- 17 The commissioner may appoint such deputy 18 commissioners and assign them such duties as may be
- 19 necessary for the efficient management and operation of the
- 20 department.

§5B-1-5. General powers of the department.

- 1 (a) The department of commerce shall have the 2 authority and the duty to:
- 3 (1) Promote, encourage and facilitate the expansion and
- 4 development of markets for West Virginia products and
- 5 services and the state's national and international image

- 6 and prestige by any and all reasonable methods;
- (2) Promote and encourage the location and 8 development of new business in the state and the 9 maintenance and expansion of existing business;
- (3) Investigate and study conditions affecting West 10 11 Virginia business, industry and commerce; collect and 12 disseminate information, and engage in technical studies, 13 scientific investigations, statistical research and 14 educational activities necessary or useful for the proper 15 execution of the powers and duties of the department;
- (4) Plan and develop an effective economic information 16 17 service that will directly assist business, education and 18 labor and also encourage businesses outside the state to use 19 industrial office facilities, professional, labor, financial and 20 recreational facilities, services and products from within 21 the state:

- (5) Encourage and develop commerce with other states 23 and nations and devise methods of removing trade barriers 24 that hamper the free flow of commerce between this and 25 other states and nations and for these purposes cooperate 26 with governmental, quasi-public and private organizations in formulating and promoting the adoption of compacts and 28 agreements helpful to commerce and labor;
- (6) Conduct or encourage research designed to further 29 30 new and more extensive uses of the natural, human, 31 professional, technical and other resources of the state with 32 a view to the development of new products, industrial 33 processes, services and markets;
- (7) Compile periodically a census of business and 34 35 industry in the state, in cooperation with other agencies, 36 and analyze and publish the information in such form as to 37 be most valuable to business and industry;
- (8) Compile periodically a census of the crafts, trades, 38 39 skills and occupations of all adult persons in the state, in 40 cooperation with other agencies, and analyze and publish 41 the information in such form as to be most valuable to 42 business and industry;
- (9) Study long-range trends and developments in the 43 44 industries, commerce and economic health of the state, and 45 analyze the reasons underlying such trends; study costs and 46 other factors affecting successful operation and location of 47 businesses within the state:

- 48 (10) Advertise and publicize the material, economic 49 quality of life, recreational and other advantages of the 50 state which render it a desirable place for commerce and 51 residence;
- 52 (11) Collect, compile and distribute information and 53 literature concerning the advantages and attractions of the 54 state, its historic and scenic points of interest and the 55 highway, transportation and other facilities of the state;
- 56 (12) Plan and carry out a program of information and 57 publicity designed to attract to West Virginia tourists, 58 visitors and other interested persons from outside the state; 59 (13) Initiate promote and conduct or cause to be
- 59 (13) Initiate, promote and conduct, or cause to be 60 conducted, research designed to further new and more 61 extensive uses and consumption of natural and other 62 resources and their by-products; and for such purposes, to 63 enter into contracts and agreements with research 64 laboratories maintained by educational or endowed 65 institutions in this state;
- 66 (14) Manage the state's park and recreation system for 67 the benefit of the people of this state, and effectively 68 promote and advertise the same to increase public 69 knowledge and use thereof;
- (15) Make recommendations to the governor and the Legislature of any legislation deemed necessary to facilitate the carrying out of any of the foregoing powers and duties, and to exercise any other power that may be necessary or proper for the orderly conduct of the business of the department and the effective discharge of the duties of the department; and
- 77 (16) To cooperate and assist in the production of motion 78 pictures and television and other communications.
- §5B-1-6. Divisions created; continuation of civil service coverage for persons employed in the former office of economic and community development and the department of natural resources.
 - 1 There is hereby created within the department of 2 commerce:
 - 3 (1) The division of tourism;
 - 4 (2) The division of advertising and promotion;
 - 5 (3) The division of research and strategic planning;
 - 6 (4) The division of product marketing;

- (5)The division of small business development; and
- 8 The division of parks and recreation.

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9 Each said division shall be under the control of a director to be appointed by the commissioner who shall be qualified 10 11 by reason of exceptional training and experience in the field 12 of activities of his respective division and shall serve at the will and pleasure of the commissioner. The commissioner 13 14 shall have authority to establish such additional divisions as may be determined necessary to carry out the purposes of 16 this chapter.

The governor may, by executive order, transfer any of the 18 divisions, duties, functions or appropriations of the 19 department of commerce to the office of community and 20 industrial development created by article two of this 21 chapter; and, he may, by executive order, transfer any of the 22 divisions, duties, functions or appropriations of the office of 23 community and industrial development to the department 24 of commerce, as he, from time to time, deems necessary to 25 carry out the purposes of this chapter. The authority to 26 make such transfers, as provided by this section, shall 27 expire on January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-28 six.

All persons employed on the effective date of this chapter 29 30 in the governor's office of economic and community development and the division of parks and recreation in the 31 32 department of natural resources, the duties and functions of 33 which have been transferred either to the department of 34 commerce or the office of community and industrial 35 development created by virtue of the provisions of the 36 economic development act of one thousand nine hundred 37 eighty-five, are hereby assigned and transferred to either 38 the department of commerce or the office of community and 39 industrial development, as the case may be, and no person's 40 employment shall be eliminated, nor shall any person's salary, benefits or position classification be reduced or 41 diminished by reason of the provisions of this chapter. All persons affected shall retain their coverage under the civil service system and all matters relating to job classification, job tenure, salary and conditions of employment shall remain in force and effect from and after the effective date of this chapter: Provided, That nothing herein shall prohibit the disciplining or dismissal of any employee for

- 49 cause, or the dismissal of any nonclassified supervising
- 50 employees appointed by the governor and serving at the will
- 51 and pleasure of the governor.

§5B-1-6a. Program and policy action statement; submission to joint committee on government and finance.

- 1 The department of commerce shall prepare and submit to
- 2 the joint committee on government and finance on/or
- 3 before the first day of December, one thousand nine
- 4 hundred eighty-five, and each year thereafter, a program
- 5 and policy action statement which shall outline in specific
- 6 detail according to the purpose, powers and duties of the
- 7 office or division, its procedure, plan and program to be
- 8 used in accomplishing its goals and duties as required under
- 9 this article.
- 10 The joint committee on government and finance shall
- 11 prescribe the content and the form of such statements
- 12 required under this section.

§5B-1-7. Division of tourism; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the division of tourism:
- 2 (a) To promote and enhance the tourist industry and
- 3 improve tourist facilities and attractions;
- 4 (b) To compile a listing of all tourist facilities in this 5 state, whether public or private, including, but not limited
- 6 to, state parks and forests, camping grounds, back-packing
- 7 and hiking trails, public and private hunting areas
- 8 (including the game or fowl indigenous thereto), fishing
- 9 lakes, ponds, rivers and streams (including the type of fish
- 10 indigenous thereto; and the dates of the stocking thereof),
- 11 ski resorts and areas, ice skating rinks or facilities, rifle and
- 12 pistol target practice areas, skeet and other shooting
- 13 facilities, archery ranges, swimming pools, lakes, ponds,
- 14 rivers and streams, hotels, motels, resorts and lodges
- 15 (including any attendant restaurant, banquet, meeting or
- 16 convention facilities or services), health spas or mineral
- 17 water or spring water health facilities, museums, cultural
- 18 centers, live-performance theaters, colleges, schools,
- 19 universities, technical centers, airports, railroad stations,
- 20 bus stations, river docks, boating areas, government or
- 21 military installations (which are not restricted to public

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access), historical places, markers or places of events, 22 23 birthplaces of famous West Virginians, or any other thing of like kind and nature, and to develop relative thereto a series of films, videotapes, pamphlets, brochures and other 26 advertising or promotional media, and to distribute the 27 same in such a manner as to enhance the public's knowledge 28 about West Virginia and its many attractions;

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- (c) Develop a plan for tourist facility expansion and new 30 development, including financing;
- 31 (d) To develop a system, means and mechanism to 32 distribute the promotional media described in subdivision (b) of this section, both nationally and internationally; and to make the same available to travel agents, tour groups, 35 senior citizen organizations, airlines, railroads, bus companies, newspapers, magazines, radio and television 36 37 stations, and the travel editors thereof; to develop, in 38 cooperation with the department of highways, a series of 39 information stations along interstate and other major 40 highways of this state, utilizing existing rest stop areas and other areas at or near the main points of egress and ingress of this state for the purpose of making said information 42 available to the public at large; 43
 - (e) To develop and implement a marketing strategy, employing radio, television, magazine and newspaper advertising, or any combination thereof, in those major metropolitan areas of the nation, in order to attract the residents thereof to visit and enjoy the tourist facilities of this state:
- (f) To encourage, cooperate with and participate in, any group or organization, including regional travel councils, 51 the purpose of which is to promote and advertise, or encourage the use of, tourist facilities in West Virginia; 53
- (g) To provide professional assistance, technical advice or marketing strategies to any privately owned facility or 55 attraction, as described in subdivision (b) of this section, which is open and available to the general public, which has developed or is attempting to develop its own advertising 58 program; 59
- 60 (h) To employ, train and supervise a corps of 61 information specialists or tour guides who possess, or 62 through their employment and training will possess, 63 specific knowledge and information about the historic,

64 scenic, cultural, industrial, educational, governmental, 65 recreational and geographical significance of the state and 66 the various facilities or attractions described in subdivision 67 (b) of this section. In hiring the information specialists 68 herein provided, special preference shall be given to senior 69 citizens (those over sixty-two years of age) and college 70 students who are bona fide residents of the state and 71 enrolled in any college or university of this state, whether public or private, all of whom shall be hired on a part-time 72 73 basis and whose periods of employment may be seasonable;

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- (i) To provide to any tour group, travel agency, public 75 carrier or other entity of like kind or nature, who is or which is offering tours, visits or vacations in West Virginia the services of the information specialists provided for in subdivision (g) of this section, without cost or fee to said entity requesting said service:
- 80 (j) To assist tour groups, travel agencies, public carriers 81 or other entities of like kind or nature in developing a 82 program of preplanned tours, visits or vacations in West 83 Virginia; and, in conjunction therewith, to coordinate the 84 activities of said tour groups, travel agencies, public 85 carriers or other entities with the services offered by any of 86 the facilities set forth in subdivision (b) of this section; and 87 to encourage said facilities to offer special or discount rates 88 to any party traveling with said tour groups, travel 89 agencies, public carriers or other entities of like kind or 90 nature: and
 - 91 (k) To cooperate with the department of highways, in 92 developing a system of informational highway signing 93 relating to the recreational, scenic, historic and 94 transportational facilities and attractions of the state that 95 comply with the current federal and state regulations as 96 related to outdoor advertising and signing as required by 97 the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

§5B-1-8. Division of advertising and promotion; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- It shall be the duty of the division of advertising and 1 2 promotion:
- (a) Based upon the information, statistics, facts, studies 3 and conclusions produced by or for the division of strategic planning, to develop a program of advertising strategies

6 and plans to inform the public at large and specific target 7 groups about various aspects of the state of West Virginia, 8 including, but not limited to, agriculture, natural resources, 9 timber and timber byproducts, coal, oil, gas and their 10 byproducts, existing industries and existing and proposed 11 industrial sites, educational, research and technical 12 institutions, the labor force, transportation, public utilities, 13 navigable waterways, rivers, lakes and streams, taxation, 14 revenue bonding availability and assistance, governmental 15 rules and regulations relative to business and industry, and any other fact, statistic or item of information which is or 16 may be helpful to or of interest to any corporation, 17 partnership, association, individual or individuals who or 18 19 which is or may be interested in engaging in business in the 20 state of West Virginia;

(b) To develop such films, videotapes, computer 22 software, phonograph records, tape recordings, pamphlets, 23 brochures, booklets, information sheets, radio, television or 24 newspaper advertising, magazine inserts, advertisements 25 or supplements, billboards or any other thing of like kind or 26 nature which is, or may be, likely to inform the public at large or any specifically targeted group or industry about 28 the benefits of living in, investing in, producing in, buying 29 from, contracting with, or in any other way related to, the 30 state of West Virginia or any business, industry, agency, 31 institution or other entity therein;

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- (c) To employ or contract with such professional or 32 33 technical experts or consultants as may be necessary to 34 create and produce the items set forth in subdivision (b) of 35 this section:
- (d) To spend such sums of money as may be necessary, 37 within legislative appropriation therefor, to purchase advertising time or space in or upon any medium generally 38 engaged or employed for said purpose to distribute or 39 disseminate the items of advertising described in subdivision (b) of this section;
- (e) To provide professional assistance, technical advice 42 43 or marketing strategies to any privately owned business or 44 industry in this state which has developed or is attempting 45 to develop its own advertising program;
- (f) To cooperate with, or participate in, any group or 46 47 organization, whether public or private, the purpose of

48 which is to promote, enhance or develop a positive image of 49 the state of West Virginia or any business, industry, 50 institution or facility therein;

- (g) To use such resources as are available to it to 51 52 distribute the items of advertising and promotion described 53 in subdivision (b) of this section, to such group or groups, 54 audience or audiences, corporations, partnerships, 55 associations, including public and private colleges and 56 universities, and to individuals, who or which are, or may be, interested in some aspect of the state of West Virginia; 57
- (h) To engage in, participate in, promote or sponsor, 58 59 such trade shows, fairs, information seminars or symposiums, or other event or events of like kind and 61 nature, including privately funded trade shows, fairs, 62 information seminars or symposiums, or other event or 63 events of like kind and nature, whether located within or 64 without this state, or beyond the borders of the United 65 States, to promote generally the state of West Virginia or to 66 assist any business, industry or other entity, whether public 67 or private, in promoting, advertising or advancing the 68 reputation of the state of West Virginia or any corporation, 69 association, partnership, institution, business, industry or 70 other entity which is, or may be, likely to produce additional employment or employment opportunities, 72 business or business opportunities in the state of West 73 Virginia; and
 - (i) To perform such other duties or functions, or to 74 75 engage in such other activities, as the commissioner may 76 from time to time direct.

§5B-1-9. Division of research and strategic planning; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- 1 (a) The division of research and strategic planning shall 2 have the following powers and duties with respect to 3 research:
- (1) To establish, in cooperation with the appropriate 4 5 college or colleges, school or schools, of West Virginia 6 University, a center for economic analysis and statistics.
- The center shall be under the control and supervision of a 8 director, who shall be appointed by the president of West
- 9 Virginia University. The center shall employ such staff
- 10 economists or statisticians, such research assistants and

11 secretaries, each of whom shall serve on a part-time basis 12 and may be members of the faculty or staff of West Virginia 13 University. In addition, the center may employ student 14 interns.

- 15 (2) The center shall provide the commissioner of 16 commerce, the director of the division of strategic planning, and the Legislature, with an analysis of the quality of 17 economic data pertaining to West Virginia. The center shall 18 recommend ways to obtain additional information 19 necessary to better understand the state's economy and to 20 devise better economic development strategies. The center 21 shall publish results of its research, maintain a 22 comprehensive library with supporting computer data bases and shall, upon request, provide a review of the 24 economy and major policy issues to the joint committee on 25 government and finance. 26
- (3) During its first year of operation, the center shall 27 include in its research topics the desirability of establishing 28 a detailed gross state product series, modeled after the 29 national income and products accounts and the desirability 30 of constructing a periodic input/output table for the state. It 31 shall review the quality of current statistics relating to 32 employment and prices and statistics relating to poverty 33 and the distribution of income and wealth. The center may 34 35 study the feasibility of, and based upon such study 36 establish, a West Virginia econometric model project.
- (4) Where deficiencies are found in existing data 37 sources, the center shall publish conclusions regarding the 38 benefits to be derived from gathering additional or better 39 information and shall make operational recommendations 40 on the best possible methods for obtaining the desired 41 42 information.

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- (5) The director of the center or members of its staff shall meet on a regular basis with the commissioner of the department of commerce, other officials of the department and members of the Legislature to provide the results of its research and to provide policy advice and analysis.
- (6) The center shall cooperate with and maintain an 49 inventory of research efforts of universities and colleges and other institutions or businesses within the state and a register of scientific and technological research facilities in 51 52 the state.

- 53 (b) The division of research and strategic planning shall 54 develop a strategic plan for the economic development of 55 the state, its regions and specific industries including 56 tourism, manufacturing, timber, agriculture and other 57 rural development, coal, oil, gas and other extractive 58 resources, retail, service, distribution and small businesses. 59 Such a plan shall emphasize a coordinated effort of the 60 public and private sector toward balanced growth for the 61 state. Such plan shall include, but is not limited to, the 62 following:
 - (1) Assessing the state's economic strengths and 63 64 weaknesses:
 - (2) Developing and recommending short, intermediate 65 66 and long-term economic goals and plans, together with 67 options;
 - (3) Identifying barriers to economic growth and 68 69 diversification in the state:
 - (4) Recommending implementation procedures and 70 71 options utilizing and maximizing existing public and 72 private mechanism;
 - (5) Fostering and supporting scientific and 74 technological research in this state in cooperation with the 75 federal government, the various offices and divisions of the 76 department of commerce and other state and local 77 government agencies, educational institutions, nonprofit 78 institutions and organizations, business enterprises and 79 others concerned with scientific and technological research 80 development;
 - (6) Developing a program to attract investment in 81 82 research and development in high technology industries;
 - (7) Conducting a series of studies to determine the 84 feasibility of constructing natural gas transmission lines, electric power generating facilities and coal processing 86 plants to be owned, either in whole or in part, or to be 87 operated, either in whole or in part, by the state of West 88 Virginia; and
 - (8) Maintaining a library of research materials, 89 90 including computer data bases, to accomplish the goals of 91 the division.
 - The division shall, based upon the data it collects and 93 analyzes as set forth in subdivisions (1) through (8) of this 94 section, and in cooperation with the other divisions of the



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- 95 department, develop a set of specific plans and programs,
- 96 and recommend to the Legislature, on an annual basis,
- 97 appropriate legislation to implement and carry out such
- 98 plans, for the purpose of effectuating the purposes of this
- 99 article.

§5B-1-10. Division of product marketing; purpose; powers and duties generally.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the division of product marketing:
- 2 (a) To develop such programs as are necessary for the 3 promotion and marketing of West Virginia arts, crafts and 4 products, and to implement said program in this state, in

5 the United States and in other countries;

- 6 (b) To design, develop and create, or to provide for the 7 design, development and creation of, such films, 8 videotapes, pamphlets, brochures, and other advertising 9 and promotional media, and to distribute the same in such a 10 manner as to enhance the public's knowledge of West 11 Virginia arts, crafts and products;
- 12 (c) To sponsor or participate in trade shows, trade fairs 13 or other events the purpose of which is to display, sell or 14 increase public awareness of, West Virginia arts, crafts and 15 products;
- 16 (d) To design and implement a program of direct sales of 17 West Virginia arts, crafts and products; and to provide for 18 the publication and distribution of a catalog which 19 adequately displays and describes the arts, crafts and 20 products being offered for sale, employing such direct mail 21 or other means of distribution as the director deems 22 appropriate;
- 23 (e) To cooperate with artists, craftsmen, guilds, 24 cooperatives and other organizations, the purposes of 25 which are to enhance or promote West Virginia arts, crafts 26 and products, and to assist said artists, craftsmen, guilds, 27 cooperatives and organizations in the development of their 28 own marketing programs;
- 29 (f) To develop markets in West Virginia, other states and 30 other nations for said arts, crafts and products by 31 employing persons who shall act as sales agents for said 32 arts, crafts and products;
- 33 (g) To cooperate with other governmental departments,

- 34 and with other groups, guilds, cooperatives or other
- 35 entities, whether public or private, the purpose of which is
- 36 to further enhance and promote the sale, use, distribution or
- 37 public knowledge of West Virginia arts, crafts and
- 38 products; and
- 39 (h) To perform such other duties or functions, or to
- 40 engage in such other activities, as the director may from
- 41 time to time direct.

§5B-1-11. Division of small business development; purposes; powers and duties generally.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the division of small business
- 2 development to establish a statewide small business
- 3 innovation center network to be located on the campuses or
- 4 operated in conjunction with the colleges and universities
- 5 of West Virginia.
- 6 The director shall be responsible for the management and
- 7 operation of the center network, subject to the program
- 8 policies adopted by the center network board of directors.
- 9 The center network shall:
- 10 (a) Serve as a liaison between the department of 11 commerce and the state regional small business innovation 12 center board;
- 13 (b) Provide direction, guidance and assistance to 14 regional small business innovation centers;
- 15 (c) Conduct feasibility studies regarding the 16 establishment or certification of new regional small 17 business innovation centers;
- 18 (d) Conduct conferences and seminars for regional 19 small business innovation centers to promote and 20 encourage the utilization of sound and innovative 21 approaches to the discharge of the functions and duties of 22 the regional small business innovation centers; and
- 23 (e) Prepare and submit such reports, plans, suggestions 24 and recommendations to the department on jobs and 25 economic development as may from time to time be 26 required.
- To the extent practicable, the director shall utilize student interns and qualified new and innovative business vendors, including, but not limited to, private management consultants, private consulting engineers and private

31 testing laboratories, to provide services described in this 32 section.

33 The director is further authorized and empowered to 34 apply for and receive appropriations, gifts, bequests or 35 grants of money, services, material, real estate or other 36 things of value from any agency of the United States government, any agency of the state of West Virginia, any 38 municipality or county within this state, any school board 39 or college or university supported in whole, or in part, by 40 this state or any other person, firm, partnership, association 41 or corporation, within or without this state, and any agency 42 of the state of West Virginia, any muncipality or county 43 within this state, or any school board or college or 44 university supported in whole, or in part, by this state and is 45 hereby authorized and empowered to make appropriations 46 or grants to the regional small business innovation centers, 47 to assist in achieving the public purpose of this section. All 48 funds received by the director to carry out the provisions 49 herein shall be deposited with the state treasurer and 50 disbursed by the director to be used exclusively for carrying out the provisions herein. Any appropriations, gifts, 51 bequests or grants received by the director with any restriction or restrictions on the use thereof shall be 53 expended by the director in accordance with such 54 55 restriction or restrictions.

The director of the state business innovation center in addition to such reports as may be required by the department of commerce shall publish an annual report by the first day of December of each year for distribution to the governor, the Legislature, the department and the general public. Such report shall describe the activities undertaken by the state center and the regional centers pursuant to these provisions in the preceding year.

§5B-1-11a. Regional small business innovation centers; locations; authority.

1 (a) Upon the recommendation of the state director and a 2 demonstration for the need thereof, the state board of 3 directors may certify and provide funding for such number 4 of regional small business innovation centers as it may 5 consider necessary or desirable and within available 6 appropriations. Such regional small business innovation

7 centers shall be affiliated with institutions of higher
8 education, either public or private, and may be located at
9 such places where need exists for such centers.

- 10 (b) It is recognized that there exists at the present time 11 programs for the development of and assistance to small 12 businesses in the statewide network of the West Virginia 13 small business development center with regional centers 14 operating at the University of Charleston, West Virginia 15 University, West Virginia Northern Community College, 16 Parkersburg Community College, Southern Community 17 College of West Virginia, Concord College, Salem College, 18 Alderson-Broaddus College, College of Graduate Studies 19 and West Virginia Institute of Technology. These existing 20 programs are hereby established as regional small business
 - (c) Each regional business innovation center shall be
 authorized and permitted to employ such strategies,
 techniques and innovations as it shall deem desirable in
 accomplishing the purposes of sections eleven through
 eleven-e of this article.
 - (d) The president of each institution of higher education
 establishing a regional small business innovation center
 shall appoint a director for such center who shall serve at
 the will and pleasure of such president.

§5B-1-11b. State small business innovation center board created; membership; regional center directors.

- There is hereby created the state small business
- 2 innovation network board which shall be composed of one
- 3 member representing each of the regional centers to be
- 4 named by the president of the respective colleges or
- 5 universities, and the state director of the small business
- 6 innovation center network who shall serve as chairman of
- 7 the board.

21 innovation centers.

§5B-1-11c. Functions and duties of regional centers.

- 1 It shall be the function of regional small business 2 innovation centers to:
- 3 (a) Establish programs to identify entrepreneurs with
- 4 marketable ideas and to support the organization and
- 5 development of new business and innovative businesses,
- 6 including technologically oriented enterprises;

- 7 (b) Conduct conferences and seminars to provide new 8 and innovative businesses with access to individuals and 9 organizations with specialized expertise:
- (c) Develop and maintain a source file and an 10 11 information program to establish a statewide network of 12 public, private and educational resources to assist the 13 organization and development of new and innovative 14 businesses, and to furnish centralized services with regard to public services and governmental programs; 15
- (d) Provide new and innovative businesses with access 16 17 to managerial and technical expertise and to provide assistance in resolving problems encountered by such 18 19 businesses:
- (e) Conduct planning and research, including feasibility 20 studies and market research in cooperation with the 21 22 department:
- 23 (f) Assist in the identification and development of new and innovative business opportunities; 24
- (g) Foster the establishment and strengthening of business 25 26 service agencies, including trade associations and cooperatives, which provide services to new and innovative bus-27 28 inesses:

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- (h) Implement the furnishing of business counseling, management training and other related services, with special emphasis on the development of management training programs using the resources of the business community, the state labor-management council and state and private colleges and universities, and with emphasis upon providing management training of sufficient scope and duration to develop entrepreneurial and managerial 36 self-sufficiency on the part of the new and innovative businesses served:
- (i) Provide access to business analysts who can refer 39 40 new and innovative businesses to available experts;
- 41 (i) Conduct studies, research and counseling concerning the managing, financing and operation of new and 42 innovative businesses: 43
- (k) Foster and support scientific and technological 44 45 research for the development and application of new 46 technologies identified as having significant potential for 47 economic growth in the state or designed to further new and 48 more extensive uses of the natural and other resources of

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49 the state, and to assist in technology transfer, research and 50 coupling from existing sources to new and innovative businesses: 51

- 52 (l) Organize, conduct, sponsor or cooperate in and assist 53 the conducting of institutes, conferences, demonstrations 54 and studies relating to the stimulation and formulation of 55 new and innovative businesses:
- (m) Assist new and innovative businesses in solving 56 57 problems concerning operations, manufacturing, 58 engineering, technology exchange and development, 59 personnel administration, marketing, sales, 60 merchandising, finance, accounting, business strategy 61 development and other disciplines required for business 62 growth and expansion, increased productivity and 63 management improvement;
- (n) Provide access to professional specialists to conduct 65 research or to provide counseling assistance to new and 66 innovative businesses whenever the need arises;
- (o) Determine the availability of financial resources and 67 68 recommend methods for delivery of financial assistance to 69 new and innovative businesses, including methods of 70 securing equity capital;
- (p) Cooperate with other regional business innovation 71 72 centers for the purpose of coordinating efforts;
- (q) Provide, whenever practicable, feasible and 74 desirable, housing for new and innovative businesses in 75 order to better accomplish the purposes set forth herein;
- (r) Assist businesses participating in the program to 76 77 develop comprehensive business plans with specific 78 business targets, objectives and goals;
- (s) Provide for such other nonfinancial services as 79 80 deemed necessary for the establishment, preservation and 81 growth of participating businesses, including, but not 82 limited to, loan packaging, financial counseling, 83 accounting and bookkeeping assistance, marketing 84 assistance and management assistance;
- (t) Assist participating businesses in obtaining equity 85 86 and debt financing;
- (u) Establish regular performance monitoring and 87 88 reporting systems for participating businesses to assure 89 compliance with their business plans;

- 90 (v) Analyze and report the causes of success and failure 91 of new and innovative businesses participating in the 92 program;
- 93 (w) Provide counseling and assist with technology 94 development when necessary to help new and innovative 95 businesses find solutions for complying with 96 environmental, energy, health, safety and other federal, 97 state and local laws and regulations;
- 98 (x) Apply for and receive gifts or grants in money or in 99 kind from any person, organization, governmental agency 100 or entity whatsoever which shall be exclusively utilized by 101 the regional business innovation center receiving such gifts 102 or grants; and
- 103 (y) Prepare an annual report by the first day of 104 September of each year detailing the operation of the center 105 for the previous year and submit the same to the director of 106 the state business innovation center, and, as to regional 107 business innovation centers existing and incorporated by 108 virtue of these provisions, prepare and submit by the first 109 day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, a 110 report to the same authorities detailing a preliminary plan 111 for the implementation of the program, including 112 coordination and expansion of the various original 113 programs.

§5B-1-11d. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial or financial information; confidentiality.

Any documentary material or data made or received by any public body for the purpose of furnishing assistance to a new and innovative business, to the extent that such material or data consists of trade secrets or commercial or financial information regarding the operation of such businesses, shall not be considered public records, and shall be exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code. Any discussion or consideration of such trade secrets or commercial or financial information may be held by the public body in executive session closed to the public, notwithstanding the provisions of article nine-a, chapter six of this code.

§5B-1-11e. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The director of the state small business innovation center
- 2 shall make and adopt rules and regulations for the
- 3 establishment, operation and maintenance of any regional
- 4 business innovation center established including such
- 4 business innovation center established including such
- 5 rules, regulations and standards as may be necessary for
- 6 compliance with any federal statute pertaining to grants-
- 7 in-aid, and such other rules and regulations as may be
- 8 necessary to effectuate the purposes set forth herein,
- 9 including regulations establishing any fee to be charged for
- 10 services provided pursuant hereto.

§5B-1-12. Division of parks and recreation created; duties, records and equipment transferred from the department of natural resources; funds.

- 1 (a) The duties, powers and functions of the division of 2 parks and recreation within the department of natural 3 resources are hereby transferred to the department of 4 commerce.
- 5 (b) All books, papers, maps, charts, plans, literature and 6 other records, and all equipment in the possession of the 7 division of parks and recreation within the department of 8 natural resources shall be delivered or turned over to the 9 department of commerce.
- 10 (c) The department of commerce shall have the duty and 11 authority to administer those properties which are a part of 12 the state parks and public recreation system, but the legal 13 title to such properties shall remain with the department of 14 natural resources.
- (d) All existing contracts and obligations of the division
 of parks and recreation shall remain in full force and effect
 and any existing contracts and obligations relating to parks
 and recreation shall be performed by the department of
 commerce.
- 20 (e) The unexpended balance existing on the effective 21 date of this chapter in any appropriation made to the 22 division of parks and recreation within the department of 23 natural resources is hereby transferred and appropriated to 24 the department of commerce for the use of the division of 25 parks and recreation for the fiscal period ending the

- 26 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-27 five.
- The director of the department of natural resources and 28
- 29 the commissioner of commerce shall cooperate fully and
- 30 exercise their powers to facilitate the development of new
- 31 or the expansion of existing park facilities, including, but
- 32 not limited to, the authorities as set forth in this chapter
- 33 relating to the department of commerce, and as set forth in
- 34 section twenty, article one, chapter twenty of this code,
- 35 relating to the department of natural resources, as amended
- 36 from time to time.

§5B-1-13. Division of parks and recreation; purpose; powers and duties generally.

It shall be the duty of the division of parks and recreation 1

- to have within its jurisdiction and supervision: 2 (a) All state parks and state recreation areas, including
- 3 all lodges, cabins, swimming pools, motorboating and all
- other recreational facilities therein, except the roads
- therein which, by reason of section one, article four, chapter
- seventeen, are transferred to the state road system and to
- the responsibility of the commissioner of highways with
- 9 respect to the construction, reconstruction and
- maintenance of the roads or any future roads for public 10
- usage on publicly owned lands in future state parks, state 11
- 12 forests and public hunting and fishing areas;
- 13 (b) The authority and responsibility to do the necessary 14 cutting and planting of vegetation along road rights-of-way in state parks and recreational areas; 15
- (c) The administration of all laws and regulations 16 relating to the establishment, development, protection, use 17 and enjoyment of all state parks and state recreational
- 18 facilities consistent with the provisions of this article: 19
- 20 Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to assign
- 21 to the division of parks and recreation of the department of
- 22 commerce the law-enforcement duties set forth in article
- seven, chapter twenty of this code, which duties shall 23
- 24 remain the responsibility of the department of natural 25 resources.
- (d) The Berkeley Springs sanitarium in Morgan County 26 27 shall be continued as a state recreational facility under the

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28 jurisdiction and supervision of the department of commerce and shall be managed, directed and controlled as prescribed here in this article and in article one, chapter twenty of the 31 code.

The commissioner shall have and is hereby granted all of 33 the powers and authority and shall perform all of the 34 functions and duties with regard to Berkeley Springs sanitarium that were previously vested in and performed by 36 the director of the department of natural resources, who shall no longer have such power and authority and whose 38 power and authority with regard to Berkeley Springs 39 sanitarium is hereby abolished;

- (e) The Washington Carver camp in Fayette County is 40 41 hereby transferred from the department of natural 42 resources to the commissioner who shall have the 43 jurisdiction and supervision of the camp subject to the 44 jurisdiction and authority of the department of culture and 45 history as provided under section thirteen, article one, 46 chapter twenty-nine of this code. The commissioner shall 47 manage the Washington Carver camp as a state recreational 48 facility and a component of the state park system; and
- (f) The commissioner of the department of commerce 49 50 shall be primarily responsible for the execution and administration of the provisions herein as an integral part 51 52 of the parks and recreation program of the state and shall 53 organize and staff his division for the orderly, efficient and 54 economical accomplishment of these ends.

§5B-1-13a. Definitions; state parks and recreation system.

- As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires 1 2 otherwise:
- "Bonds" shall mean bonds issued by the commissioner. 3
- "Cost of project" shall embrace the cost of construction, 4 5 the cost of all land, property, material and labor which are
- 6 deemed essential thereto, cost of improvements, financing
- 7 charges, interest during construction, and all other
- 8 expenses, including legal fees, trustees', engineers' and
- 9 architects' fees which are necessarily or properly incidental
- 10 to the project.
- "Project" shall be deemed to mean collectively the 11 12 acquisition of land, the construction of any buildings or

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13 other works, together with incidental approaches, structures and facilities, reasonably necessary and useful in 15 order to provide new or improved recreational facilities. 16

"Recreational facilities" shall mean and embrace cabins. 17 lodges, swimming pools, golf courses, restaurants. 18 commissaries and other revenue producing facilities in any state park. 19

"Rent or rental" shall include all moneys received for the use of any recreational facility.

In addition to the powers and duties vested in the commissioner elsewhere in this chapter, he shall have the 23 power and duty to establish and maintain a state park and public recreation system, and to do all things necessary and incident to the development and administration thereof. Individual projects of such system may be financed from any moneys of the department available for such purposes. or by the issuance of park development revenue bonds as provided in this section.

The purposes of such system shall be to promote 31 conservation by preserving and protecting natural areas of 32 33 unique or exceptional scenic, scientific, cultural, archaeological or historic significance, and to provide 34 outdoor recreational opportunities for the citizens of this 35 36 state and its visitors. In accomplishing such purposes the commissioner shall, insofar as is practical, maintain in their 37 natural condition lands that are acquired for and 38 designated as state parks. The commissioner may 39 promulgate rules and regulations to control such uses, 40 subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 41 code, and may further provide for the construction and 42 operation of cabins, lodges, resorts, restaurants and other 43 developed recreational and service facilities. The commissioner shall not permit public hunting, the exploitation of minerals or the harvesting of timber for 46 commercial purposes in any state park: Provided, That 47 nothing herein shall be construed so as to limit the authority 48 49 of the director of the department of natural resources with respect to public lands, including state parks, the title to 50 which is vested in him by virtue of the provisions of chapter twenty of this code. 52

All revenue derived from the operation of the state park

54 and public recreation system shall be expended by the

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55 director solely for operating, maintaining and improving the

56 system, or for the retirement of park development revenue 57 bonds.

§5B-1-13b. Authority of commissioner to issue park development revenue bonds; grants and gifts.

The commissioner, with the approval of the governor, is 1 2 hereby empowered to raise the cost of any project, as 3 defined hereinabove, by the issuance of park development 4 revenue bonds of the state, the principal of and interest on 5 which bonds shall be payable solely from the special fund 6 herein provided for such payment. Such bonds shall be 7 authorized by order of the commissioner, approved by the 8 governor, which shall recite an estimate by the 9 commissioner of the cost of the project, and shall provide 10 for the issuance of bonds in an amount sufficient, when sold 11 as hereinafter provided, to produce such cost, less the 12 amount of any grant or grants, gift or gifts received, or in the 13 opinion of the commissioner expected to be received from 14 the United States of America or from any other source. The 15 acceptance by the commissioner of any and all such grants 16 and gifts, whether in money or in land, labor or materials, is 17 hereby expressly authorized. All such bonds shall have and 18 are hereby declared to have all the qualities of negotiable 19 instruments under the provisions of article eight, chapter 20 forty-six of this code. The commissioner shall have the 21 power: 22

(a) To issue negotiable bonds, security interests or notes and to provide for and secure the payment thereof, and to provide for the rights of the holders thereof, and to 25 purchase, hold and dispose of any of its bonds, security 26 interests or notes.

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- (b) To sell, at public or private sale, any bond or other 27 28 negotiable instrument, security interests or obligation of 29 the commissioner in any manner and upon such terms as the 30 commissioner deems would best serve the purposes set forth 31 herein.
- (c) To issue its bonds, security interests and notes 32 33 payable solely from the revenues or funds available to the 34 commissioner therefor; and the commissioner may issue its 35 bonds, security interests or notes in such principal amounts

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36 as it shall deem necessary to provide funds for any purposes 37 herein, including:

- (i) The payment, funding or refunding of the principal 39 of, interest on, or redemption premiums on any bonds, 40 security interests or notes issued by it whether the bonds. 41 security interests, notes or interest to be funded or refunded 42 have or have not become due.
- 43 The establishment or increase of reserves to secure 44 or to pay bonds, security interests, notes or the interest 45 thereon and all other costs or expenses of the commissioner 46 incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its 47 purposes and powers. Any bonds, security interests or notes 48 may be additionally secured by a pledge of any revenues, 49 funds, assets or moneys of the special fund herein provided.
- (d) To issue renewal notes, or security interests, to issue 51 bonds to pay notes or security interests and, whenever it 52 deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the 53 issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded 54 have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes 55 shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of 56 issuance of the notes renewed, and no such refunding bonds shall be issued to mature more than twenty-five years from 58 the date of issuance.
- 59 (e) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes, 60 security interests or refunding bonds to the purchase, 61 redemption or payment of the notes, security interests or bonds to be refunded. 62
- (f) To accept gifts or grants or property, funds, security 64 interests, money, materials, labor, supplies or services from 65 the United States of America or from any governmental 66 unit or any person, firm or corporation, and to carry out the 67 terms or provisions of, or make agreements with respect to, 68 or pledge, any gifts or grants, and to do any and all things 69 necessary, useful, desirable or convenient in connection 70 with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of gifts or grants.
- (g) To the extent permitted under its contracts with the 73 holders of bonds, security interests or notes of the authority. 74 to consent to any modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, security or any other term of any bond, security interest, note or

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77 contract or agreement of any kind to which the 78 commissioner is a party.

- 79 (h) The commissioner shall determine the form of such 80 bonds, including coupons to be attached thereto to evidence the right of interest payments, which bonds shall be signed 81 82 by the commissioner, under the great seal of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the coupons attached 83 84 thereto shall bear the facsimile signature of the 85 commissioner. In case any of the officers whose signatures 86 appear on the bonds or coupons shall cease to be such 87 officers before the delivery of such bonds, such signatures 88 shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes 89 the same as if they had remained in office until such 90 delivery.
- (i) The commissioner shall fix the denominations of the 92 bonds, the principal and interest of which shall be payable 93 at the office of the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, at 94 the capitol of the state, or, at the option of the holder, at 95 some bank or trust company in the city of New York to be 96 named in the bonds in such medium as may be determined by the commissioner.
- The commissioner may provide for the registration of 99 such bonds in the name of the owner as to principal alone, 100 and as to both principal and interest under such terms and 101 conditions as the commissioner may determine, and shall 102 sell such bonds in such manner as he may determine to be 103 for the best interest of the state, taking into consideration 104 the financial responsibility of the purchaser, and the terms and conditions of the purchase, and especially the 105 106 availability of the proceeds of the bonds when required for 107 payment of the cost of the project.
- (k) The proceeds of such bonds shall be used solely for 109 the payment of the cost of the project, and shall be deposited and checked out as provided by section thirteen-g of this 110 article, and under such further restrictions, if any, as the 111 112 commissioner may provide.
- (1) If the proceeds of such bonds, by error in calculation 113 114 or otherwise, shall be less than the cost of the project, 115 additional bonds may in like manner be issued to provide 116 the amount of the deficiency, and unless otherwise provided 117 for in the trust agreement hereinafter mentioned, shall be 118 deemed to be of the same issue, and shall be entitled to

119 payment from the same fund, without preference or priority 120 as the bonds before issued.

121 (m) If the proceeds of bonds issued for the project shall 122 exceed the cost thereof, the surplus shall be paid into a 123 special fund to be established for payment of the principal 124 and interest of such bonds as specified in the trust 125 agreement provided for in the following section. Such fund 126 may be used for the purchase of any of the outstanding 127 bonds payable from such fund at the market price, but at 128 not exceeding the price, if any, at which such bonds shall in 129 the same year be redeemable, and all bonds redeemed or 130 purchased shall forthwith be cancelled, and shall not again 131 be issued. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the 132 commissioner may, under like restrictions, issue temporary 133 bonds with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive 134 bonds upon the issuance of the latter. Such revenue bonds 135 may be issued without any other proceedings or the 136 happening of any other conditions or things than those 137 proceedings, conditions and things which are specified and 138 required herein or by the constitution of the state.

§5B-1-13c. Tax exemption.

The exercise of the powers granted to the commissioner 1 2 herein will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of 3 the state, for the improvement of their health, safety, 4 convenience and welfare and for the enhancement of their 5 recreational opportunities and is a public purpose. As the 6 operation and maintenance of park development projects 7 will constitute the performance of essential government 8 functions, the commissioner shall not be required to pay 9 any taxes or assessments upon any park development 10 projects or upon any property acquired or used by the 11 commissioner or upon the income therefrom. Such bonds 12 and notes and all interest and income thereon shall be 13 exempt from all taxation by this state, or any county, 14 municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof, 15 except inheritance taxes.

§5B-1-13d. Investment in notes, bonds and security interests.

- 1 The notes, bonds and security interests of the com-2 missioner are hereby made securities in which the state
- 3 board of investments, all insurance businesses, all banking

- 4 institutions, trust companies, building and loan
- 5 associations, savings and loan associations upon which the
- 6 notes, security interests or bonds become subject to
- 7 redemption plus accrued interest to such date. Upon such
- 8 purchase such notes, security interests or bonds shall be
- 9 cancelled.

§5B-1-13e. Disclaimer of any liability of state of West Virginia.

- 1 The state of West Virginia shall not be liable on notes,
- 2 security interests or bonds or other evidences of
- 3 indebtedness of the commissioner and such notes, security
- 4 interests or bonds or other evidence of indebtedness shall
- 5 not be a debt of the state of West Virginia, and such notes,
- 6 security interests or bonds or other evidence of indebtedness
- 7 shall contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect.

§5B-1-13f. Trustee for holders of park development revenue bonds.

The commissioner may enter into an agreement or 2 agreements with any trust company, or with any bank 3 having the powers of a trust company, either within or 4 outside the state, as trustee for the holders of bonds issued 5 hereunder, setting forth therein such duties of the state and 6 of the commissioner in respect to acquisition, construction, 7 improvement, maintenance, operation, repair and 8 insurance of the project, the conservation and application 9 of all moneys, the insurance of moneys on hand or on 10 deposit, and the rights and remedies of the trustee and the 11 holders of the bonds, as may be agreed upon with the 12 original purchasers of such bonds, and including therein 13 provisions restricting the individual right of action of 14 bondholders as is customary in trust agreements respecting 15 bonds and debentures of corporations, protecting and 16 enforcing the rights and remedies of the trustee and the 17 bondholders, and providing for approval by the original 18 purchaser of the bonds of the appointment of consulting 19 architects, and of the security given by those who contract 20 to construct the project, and by any bank or trust company 21 in which the proceeds of bonds or rentals shall be deposited,

22 and for approval by the consulting architects of all 23 contracts for construction. All expenses incurred in

- 24 carrying out such agreement may be treated as a part of the 25 cost of maintenance, operation and repair of the project.
- §5B-1-13g. Proceeds of park development revenue bonds, grants and gifts.
 - The proceeds of all bonds sold for any park development 2 project and the proceeds of any grant or gift received by the

 - 3 commissioner for any project financed by the issuance of
 - 4 park development revenue bonds shall be paid to the
 - 5 treasurer of the state of West Virginia, who shall not
 - 6 commingle such funds with any other moneys, but shall
 - 7 deposit them in a separate bank account or accounts. The
 - 8 moneys in such accounts shall be paid out on check of the
 - 9 treasurer on requisition of the commissioner, or of such
 - 10 other person as the commissioner may authorize to make
 - 11 such requisition. All deposits of such moneys shall, if
 - 12 required by the treasurer or the commissioner, be secured
 - 13 by obligation of the United States, of the state of West
- 14 Virginia, or of the commissioner, of a market value equal at
- 15 all times to the amount of the deposit, and all banking
- 16 institutions are authorized to give such deposits.

§5B-1-13h. Authority of commissioner to pledge revenue from recreational facilities as security.

- The commissioner, with the approval of the governor,
- 2 shall have authority to pledge all revenue derived from any
- 3 project as security for any bonds issued to defray the cost of
- 4 such project. In any case in which the commissioner may
- 5 deem it advisable, he shall also have the authority to pledge
- 6 the revenue derived from any existing recreational facilities
- 7 under his control, or any state park or forest, as additional 8 security for the payment of any bonds issued under the
- 9 provisions of this article to pay the cost of any park
- 10 development project.

§5B-1-13i. Management and control of project.

- The department shall properly maintain, repair, operate,
- 2 manage and control the project, fix the rates of rental, and
- 3 establish bylaws and rules and regulations for the use and
- 4 operation of the project, and may make and enter into all
- 5 contracts or agreements necessary and incidental to the

- 6 performance of its duties and the execution of its powers
- 7 hereunder.

§5B-1-13j. Provisions of constitution and law observed; what approval required.

- 1 It shall not be necessary to secure from any officer or
- 2 board not named in this article any approval or consent, or
- 3 any certificate or finding, or to hold an election, or to take
- 4 any proceedings whatever, either for the construction of
- 5 any project, or the improvement, maintenance, operation or
- 6 repair thereof, or for the issuance of bonds hereunder,
- 7 except such as are prescribed by these provisions or are
- 8 required by the constitution of this state.
- 9 Nothing contained herein shall be so construed or
- 10 interpreted as to authorize or permit the incurring of state
- 11 debt of any kind or nature as contemplated by the
- 12 provisions of the constitution of the state in relation to state
- 13 debt.

§5B-1-14. Restaurants and other facilities.

- 1 The commissioner may, on all areas under his jurisdiction
- 2 and control, operate commissaries, restaurants and other
- ${f 3}$ establishments for the convenience of the public. For these
- 4 purposes the commissioner may purchase equipment,
- 5 foodstuffs, supplies and commodities, according to law.

§5B-1-15. Contracts for operation of commissaries, restaurants, recreational facilities and other establishments limited to five years' duration; renewal at option of commissioner; termination of contract by the commissioner.

- 1 When it is deemed necessary by the commissioner to enter
- 2 into a contract with a person, firm or corporation for the
- 3 operation of a commissary, restaurant, recreational facility
- 4 or other such establishment within the state parks and
- ${\bf 5}$ public recreation system, such contract shall be for a
- 6 duration not to exceed five years, but a contract so made
- 7 may provide for an option to renew at the commissioner's
- 8 discretion for an additional term or terms not to exceed five
- 9 years at the time of renewal.
- Any contract entered into by the commissioner shall provide an obligation upon the part of the operator that he

12 maintain a level of performance satisfactory to the

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- 13 commissioner, and shall further provide that any such
- 14 contract may be terminated by the commissioner in the
- 15 event he determines that such performance is
- 16 unsatisfactory and has given the operator reasonable notice
- 17 thereof.

§5B-1-16. Acquisition of former railroad subdivision for establishment of Greenbrier River Trail; development, protection, operation and maintenance of trail.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may acquire from the West
- 2 Virginia railroad maintenance authority approximately
- 3 seventy-five miles of right-of-way along the former
- 4 Greenbrier subdivision of the Chessie Railroad System
- 5 between Caldwell in Greenbrier County and Cass in
- 6 Pocahontas County to be developed as the "Greenbrier
- 7 River Trail." The acquired property shall be operated under
- 8 the authority of the department of commerce and used for:
- 9 (1) The construction and maintenance of barriers for the
- 10 protection of the trail from motorized vehicular traffic and
- 11 for the protection of adjacent public and private property;
- 12 and
- 13 (2) The development, construction, operation and
- 14 maintenance of bicycle and hiking trails, horseback trails,
- 15 primitive camping facilities and other compatible
- 16 recreational facilities to be so designated by the
- 17 commissioner.

§5B-1-17. Correlation of projects and services.

- 1 The commissioner of the department of commerce shall
- 2 correlate and coordinate his park and recreation programs,
- 3 projects and developments with the functions and services
- 4 of other offices and divisions of the department and other
- $5\quad agencies \ of \ the \ state \ government \ so \ as \ to \ provide, \ consistent$
- 6 with the provisions of this chapter, suitable and adequate
- 7 facilities, landscaping, personnel and other services at and
- 8 about all state parks and public recreation facilities under
- 9 his jurisdiction.

§5B-1-18. Sunset provision.

1 Unless sooner terminated by law, the department of

- 2 commerce shall terminate on the first day of July, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, in accordance with the
- 4 provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code.

ARTICLE 2. OFFICE OF COMMUNITY AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP-MENT.

- §5B-2-1. Office of economic and community development abolished; records and property of the office of economic and community development transferred to the office of community and industrial development and department of commerce.
- §5B-2-2. Office of community and industrial development created; appointment of director; compensation; rules and regulations.
- §5B-2-3. Divisions created.
- §5B-2-4. Office to conduct certain feasibility studies; reports to the Legislature; definitions.
- §5B-2-1. Office of economic and community development abolished; records and property of the office of economic and community development transferred to the office of community and industrial development and department of commerce.
 - 1 The office of economic and community development is
 - 2 hereby abolished and the governor shall, by executive
 - 3 order, transfer to the office of community and industrial
 - 4 development or the department of commerce, the functions,
 - 5 personnel and property, with any liens relative thereto, of
 - 6 the office of economic and community development, as he
 - 7 may deem necessary.
 - 8 All books, papers, maps, charts, plans, literature and
 - 9 other records of all equipment and property in the
 - 10 possession of the office of economic and community
 - 11 development or of any officer or employee thereof, upon the
 - 12 effective date of this chapter, shall be turned over or
 - 13 delivered to the office of the governor.
 - 14 All existing contracts and obligations of the office of
 - 15 economic and community development shall remain in full
 - 16 force and effect and shall be performed by the governor.
 - §5B-2-2. Office of community and industrial development created; appointment of director; compensation; rules and regulations.
 - 1 There is hereby created within the office of the governor
 - 2 the office of community and industrial development. A

- 3 director of the office shall be appointed by, and shall serve
- 4 at the will and pleasure of, the governor and shall be paid a
- 5 salary as fixed by the governor within legislative
- 6 appropriation. The director shall have administrative
- 7 control and supervision of the office.
- The director shall promulgate rules and regulations to 8
- 9 carry out the purposes and programs of the office, to include
- generally the programs available, and the procedure and 10
- eligibility of application relating to assistance under such 11
- programs; these rules and regulations shall not be subject to
- 13 the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, but
- 14 shall be filed with the secretary of state.

§5B-2-3. Divisions created.

- There are hereby created within the office of community 1
- 2 and industrial development: 3
 - The division of community development; (1)
- 4 The division of financial and technical assistance; (2)
- 5 (3) The division of administration;
- 6 The division of industrial development; (4)
- 7 The division of small business; and (5)
 - The division of employment and training.
- Each said division shall be under the control of a director 9
- to be appointed by the director of the office of community 10
- and industrial development and who shall be qualified by 11
- reason of exceptional training and experience in the field of 12
- activities of his respective division and shall serve at the 13
- will and pleasure of the director. 14
- In accordance with the provisions of section six, article 15
- one of this chapter, the governor may, by executive order, 16
- transfer any of the duties or functions of, or appropriations 17
- made to, the office of the department of commerce; and, he 18
- may, by executive order, and at the request of the director, 19
- 20 create such additional divisions or abolish such existing divisions as he deems necessary to carry out the provisions 21
- 22 of this chapter. The authority hereby vested in the governor
- shall expire on January one, one thousand nine hundred
- 24 eighty-six.

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Office to conduct certain feasibility studies; reports **§5B-2-4**. ■ to the Legislature; definitions.

The director shall assign to an appropriate division of the 1

2 office the duty and responsibility to conduct studies to 3 determine the feasibility of establishing programs or 4 recommending legislation for the establishment of 5 programs relative to coal processing, farm development, 6 enterprise zones, forest resources and jobs development. 7 Such division may conduct inquiries and hold hearings 8 regarding such programs in order to provide interested 9 persons the opportunity to comment, and shall report to the 10 Legislature regarding its findings and policies with respect 11 to each of these areas not later than the first day of the 12 regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand 13 nine hundred eighty-six, and every two years thereafter. 14

For the purposes of this section:

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- (a) The term "coal processing" means the process by 15 16 which coal is converted to coke of the non-by-product variety; 17
- (b) The term "farm development" means the promotion. 19 encouragement and development of farming and farm-20 lands:
- (c) The term "enterprise zones" means any area of a city 21 or county which has a continuous boundary; is an area of 22 pervasive poverty, unemployment and economic distress; 23 24 the average rate of unemployment in such area for the most 25 recent eighteen-month period for which data are available 26 was at least one and one-half times the average national 27 rate of unemployment for such eighteen-month period; at 28 least seventy percent of the residents living in the area have 29 incomes below eighty percent of the median income of the 30 residents of the city or county in which it is located; the 31 population of all census tracts in the area decreased by ten 32 percent or more between the two most recent decennial 33 United States census and the city or county in which said 34 area is located establishes that either: (i) Chronic 35 abandonment or demolition of commercial or residential 36 structures exist in the area; or (ii) substantial tax 37 delinquencies relating to ad valorem real property taxes of 38 commercial or residential structures exist in the area:
 - (d) The term "forest resources development" means a 39 40 program to: (i) Improve the business climate for forest 41 industries and the general awareness of forestry potential; 42 (ii) develop a strong state forestry agency; (iii) improve 43 forest resources data; (iv) improve the transportation

- 44 system for wood products; and (v) improve forestry
- 45 knowledge and practices of private landowners; and
- 46 (e) The term "jobs development" means a program to
- 47 maintain existing employment, and to promote new
- 48 employment opportunities for the people of this state,
- 49 particularly in areas of high unemployment.

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA EXPORT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

- §5B-3-1. Legislative findings.
- §5B-3-2. Definitions.
- §5B-3-3. West Virginia export development authority—Creation and purposes.
- §5B-3-4. Board of directors—Members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power.
- §5B-3-5. General powers.
- §5B-3-6. Stimulation and facilitation of funding for West Virginia exports.
- §5B-3-7. Annual report and audits.
- §5B-3-8. Powers to be interpreted broadly.
- §5B-3-9. Tax exemption.
- §5B-3-10. Conflict of interests.
- §5B-3-11. Personal liability of members or persons acting on behalf of the authority.
- §5B-3-12. Financing of the authority; bonds payable solely from revenues; bonds not state debt; execution, form, delivery, conditions and sale of bonds.
- §5B-3-13. Bonds, income therefrom, security agreements, financing agreements are exempt from certain taxes.
- §5B-3-14. Insurance fund; purchase of insurance by authority.
- §5B-3-15. Bonds and notes of the authority legal investments for fiduciaries.
- §5B-3-16. Exemption from disclosures of confidential information.
- §5B-3-17. Provisions as cumulative.
- §5B-3-18. Severability.

§5B-3-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 It is hereby found and declared that:
- 2 (a) The economy of the state of West Virginia and
- 3 opportunities for employment within the state are
- 4 increasingly dependent upon the international exports of
- 5 West Virginia manufactured goods and services and the
- 6 growth of international export markets for those
- 7 manufactured goods and services;
- 8 (b) Other states have utilized, or are preparing to utilize.
- 9 the resources of their state governments to stimulate,
- 10 facilitate and promote international exports;
- 11 (c) One in seven manufacturing jobs in the state of West
- 12 Virginia are attributable to exporting;



- 13 (d) The export of services has become vital to the growth 14 and stability of the state of West Virginia's economy;
- 15 (e) The position of West Virginia as an exporting state is 16 threatened by aggressive government supported export 17 development policies of foreign countries;
- 18 (f) Competition among businesses and countries will 19 endure and intensify as more countries seek to expand their 20 international export capacities;
- 21 (g) Financial assistance offered by the federal 22 government to exporters is insufficient to meet the 23 competition offered by foreign countries;
- 24 (h) West Virginia exporters find it increasingly difficult
 25 to compete with foreign exporters which benefit from their
 26 governmentally supported financing programs;
- 27 (i) Companies seeking to enter foreign markets face 28 severe problems financing and insuring their transactions;
- 29 (j) Expanding international export markets is essential 30 in order to maintain a vigorous and growing economy and to 31 provide adequate job opportunities for citizens of this state;
- 32 (k) The state of West Virginia has a responsibility to 33 create employment opportunities by encouraging and 34 stimulating the development of international export sales 35 and markets by West Virginia companies; and
- 36 (l) Increased export sales may best be stimulated by 37 making financial assistance available to West Virginia 38 businesses to develop and expand international export 39 markets and to ensure the competitiveness of West Virginia 40 products and services in foreign markets, thereby 41 increasing employment opportunities available to the 42 citizens of the state of West Virginia.
- It is hereby declared to be the policy of the state of West Virginia, in the interest of promoting the general welfare of all of the people of the state, to increase job opportunities through stimulating the expansion of international export markets of West Virginia products and services, by providing financial assistance through the authority hereinafter created for that purpose.

§5B-3-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following words, as used in this article, shall have the
- 2 meanings set forth below, unless the context clearly
- 3 requires otherwise:

- 4 (a) "Authority" means "The West Virginia Export 5 Development Authority" created by this article;
- 6 (b) "Board" means the board of directors of the 7 authority;
- 8 (c) "Bond" means any type of interest bearing 9 obligation, including, without limitation, any bond, note, 10 bond anticipation note, or other evidence of indebtedness 11 whether general or special, whether negotiable or 12 nonnegotiable in form, whether in bearer or registered 13 form, whether in temporary or permanent form, whether 14 with or without interest coupons, and regardless of the 15 source of payment;
 - (d) "Director" means a member of the board;

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- 17 (e) "Commercial loss" means the failure of the buyer to 18 pay to the West Virginia exporter when due all or part of the 19 gross invoice value as denominated in United States 20 currency of an eligible export loan due to the insolvency of 21 the buyer or failure of the buyer to pay to the West Virginia 22 exporter all or part of the gross invoice value as 23 denominated in United States currency of an eligible export 24 loan on the due date; and
- 25 (f) "Political loss" means the losses incurred by a West 26 Virginia exporter on an eligible export loan from dollar 27 transfer delays, war, revolution, license revocation, 28 diversion of goods and similar politically related incidents 29 occurring in the buyer's country that cause a loss to the 30 West Virginia exporter.

§5B-3-3. West Virginia export development authority— Creation and purposes.

There is hereby created "The West Virginia Export Development Authority," a body politic and corporate, hereinafter referred to as the "Authority."

4 The purpose of this authority shall be to:

- 5 (a) Assist, promote, encourage, develop and advance 6 economic prosperity and employment throughout this state 7 by fostering the expansion of exports of manufactured 8 goods and services to foreign purchasers;
- 9 (b) Cooperate and act in conjunction with other 10 organizations, public and private, the objects of which are 11 the promotion and advancement of export trade activities 12 in the state of West Virginia;

- 13 (c) Establish a source of funding credit guarantees and 14 insurance to support export development not otherwise
- 15 available to West Virginia and medium sized businesses;
- 16 and
- 17 (d) Provide financial counseling to potential and 18 existing exports.

§5B-3-4. Board of directors—Members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power.

- 1 (a) The governing and administrative powers of the 2 authority shall be vested in a board of directors consisting 3 of nine members who shall be appointed by the governor 4 with the advice and consent of the Senate. The governor or 5 his designated representative shall be the chairman of the
- authority. No more than five members appointed by the

7 governor may be of the same political party.

All directors of the authority shall be residents of the state of West Virginia. The directors shall annually elect one of their members as vice chairman, one as secretary and one as treasurer. The board may elect such other officers as it deems proper. Appointments to fill a vacancy of one of the appointed members shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment.

- 15 (b) Each member of the board shall be a person of 16 recognized ability and experience in one of the following 17 areas: Finance; international trade; business management; 18 and economics.
- 19 (c) The governor shall appoint three members of the 20 board whose term shall expire on the third Monday in June, 21 one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; three members of 22 the board whose term shall expire on the third Monday in June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven; three 24 members of the board whose term shall expire on the third 25 Monday in June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight. 26 Their respective successors shall be appointed for terms of 27 three years from the third Monday in June of the year of 28 appointment. Each member shall serve until his successor is 29 appointed and qualified.
- 30 (d) Each director before entering upon his duties shall 31 take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation required by 32 the West Virginia Constitution. A record of each such oath

33 or affirmation shall be filed in the office of the secretary 34 of state.

- 35 (e) Members of the board shall not be entitled to 36 compensation for their services as members, but shall be 37 entitled to reimbursement for all necessary expenses 38 incurred in connection with the performance of their duties 39 as members.
- 40 (f) Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum 41 and the affirmative vote of the majority of members present 42 at a meeting of the board shall be necessary and sufficient 43 for any action taken by the board, except that the 44 affirmative vote of at least five members shall be required 45 for the approval of any resolution authorizing the issuance 46 of any bonds pursuant to this article.
- 47 (g) No vacancy in the membership of the board shall 48 impair the right of a quorum to exercise all rights and 49 perform all the duties of the board. Any action taken by the 50 board may be authorized by resolution at any regular or 51 special meeting and shall take effect upon the date the 52 chairman certifies the action of the authority by affixing his 53 signature to the resolution unless some other date is 54 otherwise provided in the resolution.
- 55 (h) The board may delegate to one or more of its 56 members or to its officials, agents or employees such powers 57 and duties as it may deem proper.

§5B-3-5. General powers.

- The authority shall possess all the powers of a body politic and corporate necessary and convenient to accomplish the purposes of this article, including, without any intended limitation upon the other powers hereby conferred, the following:
- 6 (a) To borrow money and otherwise incur indebtedness 7 for any of its purposes; to issue bonds, debentures, notes or 8 other evidence of indebtedness, whether secured or 9 unsecured, therefor;
- 10 (b) To purchase, discount, sell, negotiate with or 11 without guaranty notes, other evidence of indebtedness, 12 and to sell and guarantee securities;
- 13 (c) To procure insurance to guarantee, insure, coinsure 14 and reinsure against political and commercial risk of loss,

- 15 and such other insurance as the authority may deem
 16 necessary;
- 17 (d) To provide financial counseling services to West18 Virginia businesses;
- 19 (e) To procure insurance to secure the payment of 20 principal and interest on any bonds, notes or other 21 obligations of the authority;
- 22 (f) To accept gifts, grants or loans from and enter into 23 contracts or other transactions with any federal or state 24 agency, any municipality, any private organization or any 25 other source;
- 26 (g) To adopt, and from time to time amend or rescind 27 such bylaws, rules and regulations as may be necessary or 28 convenient for the performance of its functions, powers and 29 duties under this article;
- 30 (h) To sue and be sued;
- 31 (i) To purchase, receive, take by grant, gift, devise, 32 bequest or otherwise, lease, or otherwise acquire, own, 33 hold, improve, employ, use and otherwise deal in and with, 34 real or personal property, or any interest therein, wherever 35 situated:
- 36 (j) To sell, convey, lease, exchange, transfer or otherwise
 37 dispose of, all or any of its property or any interest therein,
 38 wherever situated:
- 39 (k) To adopt and use a seal; and
- 40 (l) To exercise all other powers and functions necessary 41 or appropriate to carry out the duties and purposes set forth 42 in this article.

§5B-3-6. Stimulation and facilitation of funding for West Virginia exports.

- 1 (a) The authority is empowered to provide guaranteed 2 funding, as defined in subsection (c) below, for any eligible 3 export loan, as defined in subsection (b) below, through a 4 participating banking organization, as defined in 5 subsection (d) below.
- 6 (b) An eligible export loan shall consist of a loan from 7 the authority to any participating banking organization 8 located within the state of West Virginia to finance an 9 international preexport or export from the state which, in
- 10 the judgment of the authority, will:

- 11 (1) Create or maintain employment in West Virginia; 12 and
- 13 (2) Shall contain at least twenty-five percent of the 14 value of manufactured goods, coal products, lumber and 15 wood products or services whose final processing occurs in 16 West Virginia. An eligible export loan may include a pool of individual exports, all of which, in the judgment of the authority, meet the foregoing conditions.
- 19 (c) Guaranteed funding shall consist of a guarantee 20 against political or commercial loss in whole or in part of principal and interest on an eligible export loan. Such a 22 guarantee may include, without limitation, insurance 23 against loss up to a stated amount. The maximum amount 24 payable under any guarantee, herein called the 25 "Guaranteed Amount," shall be specifically set forth in 26 writing, executed by the chairman and secretary of the 27 board, at the time any such guarantee is entered into by the 28 authority. Any guarantee entered into by the authority 29 hereunder shall not constitute a general obligation of the 30 state of West Virginia. Any guarantee made by the authority 31 hereunder shall not be terminated, cancelled or otherwise 32 revoked except in accordance with the terms thereof; shall 33 be conclusive evidence that such guarantee complies fully 34 with the provisions of this article; and shall be valid and 35 incontestable in the hands of a holder in due course of a 36 guaranteed eligible export loan.
- (d) A participating banking organization shall be any 37 38 organization as defined by the state banking acts of West 39 Virginia; any agency or branch of a foreign banking 40 corporation licensed by the commissioner of banking; any 41 national bank, federal savings and loan association and 42 federal credit union located within this state who has been approved by the board of directors of the authority to 44 participate in any eligible export loan or guaranteed 45 funding within the purposes of this article.

The authority may charge reasonable fees for providing 47 any eligible export loan or guaranteed funding pursuant to 48 this section to a participating banking organization.

46

(e) Prior to providing an eligible export loan or 49 50 guaranteed funding hereunder, the participating banking 51 organization shall make an investigation of a line of credit 52 to the exporter in order to determine its viability, the

economic benefits to be derived therefrom, the prospects for repayment, and such other facts as it deems necessary in order to determine that such an eligible export loan or guaranteed funding is consistent with the purposes of this article. The authority shall provide guaranteed funding only if, and to the extent that, it determines, in its sole discretion, that:

- 60 (1) Such guaranteed funding is reasonably necessary in 61 order to stimulate or facilitate the making of the eligible 62 export loan including, without limitation, the making of the 63 eligible export loan upon terms which will enable the loan 64 to be reasonably competitive with loans in other states or in 65 foreign countries; or
- 66 (2) Such guaranteed funding is reasonably necessary in 67 order to stimulate or facilitate the resale of such eligible 68 export loan to a holder in due course which would not 69 otherwise purchase such eligible export loan: *Provided*, 70 That the eligible export loan or guaranteed funding 71 provided by the authority to the participating banking 72 organization shall be loaned to the exporter at a fixed 73 interest rate and term as the authority may from time to 74 time require. The authority may condition the provision of 75 an eligible export loan or guaranteed funding hereunder 76 upon such other terms and conditions as it may deem 77 desirable to carry out the purposes of this article.

§5B-3-7. Annual report and audits.

On the first day of January of each year the authority shall report on its operations for the preceding fiscal year to the governor and the state Legislature. Such report shall include a summary of the activities of the authority and a complete operating and financial statement. The West Virginia export development authority shall cause an annual audit to be made by a resident certified public accountant or a registered public accountant of its books, accounts and records, with respect to its receipts, disbursements and all other matters related to its financial operations. The person performing such audit shall also furnish copies of the audit report to the Speaker of the House of Delegates, the President of the Senate and the majority and minority leaders of both houses, and the legislative auditor.

§5B-3-8. Powers to be interpreted broadly.

- The powers enumerated in this article shall be
- 2 interpreted broadly to effectuate the purposes thereof and 3 shall not be construed as a limitation of powers.

§5B-3-9. Tax exemption.

- 1 The authority shall be and hereby is exempt from all
- 2 franchise, corporate, business and taxes of every nature
- 3 levied by the state: Provided, That nothing herein shall be
- 4 construed to exempt from any such taxes any person
- 5 receiving an eligible export loan or guaranteed funding
- 6 with the authority hereunder.

§5B-3-10. Conflict of interests.

- 1 (a) No member of the authority or officer, agent or 2 employee thereof shall, in his or her own name or in the
- 3 name of a nominee, hold an ownership interest of more than
- 4 seven and one-half percent in any association, trust,
- 5 corporation, partnership or other entity which is, in its own
- 6 name or in the name of a nominee, a party to a contract or
- 7 agreement upon which the member or officer, agent or
- 8 employee may be called upon to act or vote.
- (b) With respect to any direct or any indirect interest,
- 10 other than an interest prohibited in subsection (a), in a 11 contract or agreement upon which the member or officer,
- 12 agent or employee may be called upon to act or vote, a
- 13 member of the authority or officer, agent or employee
- 14 thereof shall disclose the same to the secretary of the
- 15 authority prior to the taking of final action by the authority
- 16 concerning such contract or agreement and shall so disclose
- 17 the nature and extent of such interest and his or her
- 18 acquisition thereof, which disclosure shall be publicly
- 19 acknowledged by the authority and entered upon the
- 20 minutes of the authority. If a member of the authority or
- 21 officer, agent or employee thereof holds such an interest, he
- 22 or she shall refrain from any further official involvement in
- 23 regard to such contract or agreement, from voting on any
- 24 matter pertaining to such contract or agreement, and from
- 25 communicating with other members of the authority or its.
- 26 officers, agents and employees concerning said contract or
- 27 agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of law,

- 28 any contract or agreement entered into in conformity with
- 29 this subsection shall not be void or invalid by reason of
- 30 the interest described in this subsection, nor shall any
- 31 person so disclosing the interest and refraining from further
- 32 official involvement as provided in this subsection be guilty
- 33 of an offense, be removed from office or be subject to any
- 34 other penalty on account of such interest.
- 35 (c) Any contract or agreement made in violation of
- 36 subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall be null and void
- 37 and give rise to no action against the authority.

§5B-3-11. Personal liability of members or persons acting on behalf of the authority.

- 1 (a) No director or any person acting on behalf of the
- 2 authority executing any contracts, commitments or
- 3 agreements issued pursuant to this article shall be liable
- 4 personally upon such contracts, commitments or
- 5 agreements or be subject to any personal liability or
- 6 accountability by reason thereof.
- 7 (b) No director or any person acting on behalf of the
- 8 authority shall be personally liable for damage or injury
- 9 resulting from the performance of his duties hereunder.

§5B-3-12. Financing of the authority; bonds payable solely from revenues; bonds not state debt; execution, form, delivery, conditions and sale of bonds.

- 1 (a) The authority is hereby authorized to issue, sell and
- 2 provide for the retirement of bonds in the amount of fifty
- 3 million dollars to provide funds for the creation and
- 4 operation of the authority. Such bonds shall be limited
- 5 obligations of the authority, the principal of and interest on
- 6 which shall be payable solely out of the revenues derived by
- 7 the authority. Bonds issued under authority of this section
- 8 shall never constitute an indebtedness of the state of West9 Virginia or the authority within the meaning of any state
- 10 constitutional provision or statutory limitation, but such
- 11 bonds shall be indebtedness payable solely from a revenue
- 12 producing source or from a special source, which source
- 13 does not include revenues from any tax or license, and shall
- 14 never constitute nor give rise to a pecuniary liability of the
- 15 state of West Virginia or the authority or a charge against
- 16 the general credit of the authority or the state or taxing

powers of the state, and such fact shall be plainly stated on 18 the face of each bond. Such bonds may be executed and 19 delivered at any time as a single issue or from time to time as 20 several issues, may be in such form and denominations, may 21 be of such tenor, shall be in coupon or registered form, may 22 be payable in such installments and at such time or times not exceeding five years from their date, may be subject to 23 such terms of redemption, may be payable at such place or 24 25 places, may bear interest at such rate or rates payable at 26 such place or places and evidence in such manner, and may 27 contain such provisions not inconsistent herewith, all of which shall be provided in the resolution of the authority 28 29 authorizing the bonds. Any bonds issued under the 30 authority of this section may be sold at public or private sale 31 at such price and in such manner and from time to time as 32 may be determined by the authority to be most advantageous. The authority may pay all expenses, 33 premiums, insurance premiums and commissions which the 34 35 authority may deem necessary or advantageous in 36 connection with the authorization, sale and issuance 37 thereof from proceeds of the bonds.

(b) The resolution under which such bonds are 38 authorized to be issued or any security agreement, 39 40 including an indenture or trust indenture to be entered into 41 in connection therewith, may contain any agreements and provisions customarily contained in instruments securing 42 bonds, including, without limiting the generality of the 43 foregoing, provisions respecting the fixing and collection of 44 obligations, the creation and maintenance of special funds, 45 and the rights and remedies available, in the event of 46 47 default, to the bondholders or to the trustee under such security agreement, all as the authority shall deem 48 advisable and as shall not be in conflict with the provisions 49 of this article: Provided, That in making any such 50 agreements or provisions the authority shall not have the 51 52 power to obligate itself except with respect to eligible 53 export loans and shall not have the power to incur a pecuniary liability or a charge upon the general credit of the 54 authority or of the state or against the taxing powers of the 55 56 state. The resolution of the authority authorizing any bonds hereunder and any security agreement securing such bonds 57 may provide that, in the event of default in payment of the 58



59 principal of or the interest on such bonds or in the 60 performance of any agreement contained in such 61 proceedings or security agreement, such payment and 62 performance may be enforced by mandamus or by the 63 appointment of a receiver in equity with power to charge 64 and collect any obligations and to apply any revenues pledged in accordance with such proceedings or the 66 provisions of such security agreement. Any such security agreement may provide also that in the event of default in 67 68 payment or the violation of any agreement contained in the security agreement, it may be foreclosed by proceedings at 70 law or in equity, and may provide that any trustee under the security agreement or the holder of any of the bonds secured 71 72 thereby may become the purchaser at any foreclosure sale, 73 if he is the highest bidder. No breach of any such agreement 74 shall impose any pecuniary liability upon the state of West 75 Virginia or the authority or any charge upon the general 76 credit of the authority or of the state or against the taxing power of the state. 77

The trustee or trustees under any security agreement, or any depository specified by such security agreement, may be such persons or corporations as the authority shall designate, notwithstanding that they may be a nonresident of West Virginia or incorporated under the laws of the United States or any state thereof.

(c) Any bonds issued hereunder and at any time 84 85 outstanding may at any time and from time to time be 86 refunded by the authority, by the issuance of its refunding 87 bonds in such amount as the authority may deem necessary 88 but not exceeding an amount sufficient to refund the 89 principal of the bonds to be refunded, together with any 90 unpaid interest thereon and any premiums, expenses and 91 commissions necessary to be paid in connection therewith. 92 Any such refunding may be effected whether the bonds to 93 be refunded have matured or shall thereafter mature, either 94 by sale of the refunding bonds to be refunded, or by 95 exchange of the refunding bonds for the bonds to be 96 refunded thereby: Provided, That the holders of any bonds 97 to be refunded shall not be compelled without their consent 98 to surrender their bonds for payment or exchange prior to 99 the date on which they are payable, or, if they are called for 100 redemption, prior to the date on which they are by their

- terms subject to redemption. All refunding bonds issued
 under the authority of this section shall be payable in the
 same manner and under the same terms and conditions as
 are herein provided for the issuance of bonds.
- (d) The proceeds from the sale of any bonds issued under authority of this section shall be applied only for the purpose for which the bonds were issued: *Provided*, That any premium and secured interest received in any such sale shall be applied to the payment of the principal of or the interest on the bonds sold: *Provided*, *however*, That if for any reason any portion of the proceeds shall not be needed for the purpose for which the bonds were issued, such unneeded portion of the proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the principal of or the interest on the bonds.
- 115 (e) The proceeds of the export development bonds shall 116 be kept in a separate fund to be known as the "Export Development Bond Fund." All other moneys received by the authority shall also be deposited in such fund. The treasurer 118 119 may, with the approval of the board of directors of the 120 authority, invest and reinvest all moneys in such fund from time to time in such obligations of the United States 121 122 government or such other governmental or corporate 123 issuers as the treasurer, with the approval of the board of directors of the authority, deems appropriate. All earnings upon such investment shall be added to such fund. The 125 authority is authorized to use moneys deposited in the fund 126 expressly for the purposes specified in and according to the

§5B-3-13. Bonds, income therefrom, security agreements, financing agreements are exempt from certain taxes.

128 procedures established by this article.

1 The bonds authorized pursuant to this article and the

2 income therefrom shall be exempt from all taxation in the

3 state of West Virginia except for inheritance, estate or

4 transfer taxes; and all security agreements and financing

5 agreements made pursuant to the provisions of this article

6 shall be exempt from West Virginia stamp and transfer

7 taxes.

§5B-3-14. Insurance fund; purchase of insurance by authority.

1 The authority is authorized to create an insurance fund

2 consisting solely of funds from the export development 3 bond fund. Such insurance fund shall be held in the custody 4 of one or more banks or trust companies having a principal 5 place of business in this state. The insurance fund shall be 6 held as security for the holders of bonds issued under this 7 article. It shall be governed by a trust agreement entered 8 into by the authority with the trustees. The trust agreement 9 may contain such provisions and limitations as to the 10 investment and disbursement of moneys in the insurance 11 fund, the payment of expenses of the insurance fund, the 12 appointment, resignation and discharge of trustees, the 13 delegation of enforcement and collection powers under the 14 insurance agreements to the trustee, the duties of the 15 trustees, amendments of the trust agreement and such other 16 lawful provisions and limitations as may be deemed 17 appropriate by the authority. The trust agreement may 18 pledge premiums and other moneys which may be deposited 19 in the insurance fund. Such pledge shall be valid and 20 binding from the time when the pledge is made. The 21 premiums and other moneys so pledged and thereafter 22 received by the insurance fund or by the trustees in its 23 behalf shall immediately be subject to the lien of such 24 pledge and shall be valid and binding as against all parties 25 having claims of any kind against the insurance fund, 26 irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof.

27 The authority may also use export development bond 28 funds to purchase insurance which shall be pledged for the security of the holders of any bonds issued under this 29 article. In any case in which insurance is pledged as security, whether obtained through the insurance funds 31 32 authorized to be created under this section or purchased with export development bond funds, any description of 34 such insurance shall expressly indicate the limitation of the 35 liability of the authority and that neither the credit nor 36 taxing power of the state of West Virginia or any political 37 subdivision thereof shall be available to satisfy any 38 obligations with respect thereto.

§5B-3-15. Bonds and notes of the authority legal investments for fiduciaries.

1 The bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of 2 indebtedness of the authority are hereby made securities in

- 3 which all public officers and bodies of the state of West4 Virginia and all municipalities and municipal subdivisions,
- 5 all insurance companies and associations and other persons
- 6 carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust
- 7 companies, savings banks, savings associations, including
- 8 savings and loan associations and building and loan
- 9 associations, investment companies and other persons
- 10 carrying on a banking business, all administrators,
- 11 guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all
- 12 other persons whatsoever who are now or who may
- 13 hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other
- 14 obligations of the state of West Virginia, may properly and
- 15 legally invest funds including capital in their control or
- 16 belonging to them. Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 17 law, the bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of
- 18 indebtedness of the authority are also hereby made
- 19 securities which may be deposited with and may be received
- 20 by all public officers and bodies of this state and all
- 21 municipalities and municipal subdivisions for any purpose
- 22 for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of this
- 23 state are now or may hereafter be authorized.

§5B-3-16. Exemption from disclosure of confidential information.

- 1 Any information submitted to or compiled by the
- 2 authority in connection with the authority's
- 3 responsibilities with respect to the identity, background,
- 4 finance, marketing plans, trade secrets or any other
- 5 commercially sensitive information of persons, firms,
- 6 associations, partnerships, agencies, corporations or other
- 7 entities, shall be confidential, except to the extent that the
- 8 person or entity which provided such information consents
- 9 to disclosure.

§5B-3-17. Provisions as cumulative.

- Neither this article nor anything herein contained shall
- 2 be construed as a restriction or limitation upon any powers
- 3 which the authority might otherwise have under any laws of
- 4 this state, but shall be construed as cumulative.

§5B-3-18. Severability.

1 If for any reason any section or provision of this article

- 2 shall be held to be invalid or unconstitutional, such holding
- 3 shall not affect the validity or applicability of the
- 4 remainder of this article.

ARTICLE 4. LABOR-MANAGEMENT COUNCIL.

- §5B-4-1. Appointment, terms, vacancies, chairman, quorum of the labor-management council.
- §5B-4-2. Objectives of the council.
- §5B-4-3. Powers, duties and functions of the council; annual reports.
- §5B-4-4. Regional advisory committee; composition; functions.
- §5B-4-5. Compensation of members of council and committees; employment of staff; expenses of council.
- §5B-4-6. Duration of council.

§5B-4-1. Appointment, terms, vacancies, chairman, quorum of the labor-management council.

- 1 The West Virginia labor-management advisory council,
- 2 heretofore created under the provisions of article one-c,
- 3 chapter twenty-one of this code, shall be continued and be
- 4 so designated as the West Virginia labor-management
- 5 council. The council shall consist of twenty-six members.
- 6 One member of the council shall be the commissioner of
- 7 labor, one member of the council shall be a member of the
- 8 economic development authority, one member of the
- 9 council shall be the employment security commissioner or
- 10 his designated representative, one member of the council
- 11 shall be the state superintendent of schools, one member of
- 12 the council shall be a member of the economic development
- 13 board to be selected by it annually, and one member of the
- 14 council shall be a member of the board of regents to be
- .15 selected by it annually, all of whom shall be ex officio
- 16 nonvoting members of the council. The other members of
- 17 the council shall be appointed by the governor by and with
- 18 the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four years
- 19 or until their successors have been appointed and have
- 20 qualified. The members of the council appointed by the
- 21 governor shall include one president of a state university,
- 22 one president of a state college or community college, and
- 23 two persons representing public secondary schools in the
- 24 state, who shall be appointed for terms of two, three and
- 25 four years, respectively, as designated by the governor at
- 26 the time of their appointment, and until their successors
- 27 have been appointed and have qualified. The present

28 members of the council shall continue to serve out the terms 29 to which they were appointed.

Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the unexpired term of the member whose office is vacant and the appointment shall be made within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

In making appointments to the council, the governor shall 34 35 consider names of persons recommended to him by the West 36 Virginia chamber of commerce, the West Virginia coal 37 association, the West Virginia manufacturers' association, 38 the West Virginia retailers' association, utilities, other 39 industrial groups in this state, the West Virginia labor 40 federation, the united mine workers union, the West Virginia building trades council, other labor organizations 41 in the state, the institutional boards of advisors for state 42 43 colleges and universities, the state board of education, and 44 the West Virginia school board association. Membership 45 shall be composed of, in addition to those of the state or 46 other government agencies and educational institutions, no less than eight members from industry and eight from labor. 47 The council shall elect one of its members as chairman and 48 may elect such other officers as the council may deem 49 necessary or desirable. Such persons shall serve as such for 50 one year or until their successors are elected and shall be 51 eligible for reelection. 52

The council shall meet at least four times each year and at other times on call of the chairman or a majority of the members. Thirteen members of the council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

§5B-4-2. Objectives of the council.

It is the object of this article to improve labormanagement relations within this state, in order both to
improve the present convenience and welfare of the citizens
of the state, and to attract and encourage new and existing
industry in the state. To this end, the council shall act as
advisor and consultant to state government, and to labor
and management within this state, to promote better labormanagement relations within the state; develop and
encourage methods of improved communications and
mutual respect between labor and management; endeavor
to narrow idealogical differences between labor and

- 12 management; develop and encourage innovative
- 13 techniques to resolve labor-management conflicts through
- 14 cooperative teamwork rather than confrontation; and
- 15 encourage both labor and management to recognize their
- 16 common ground and common purpose.

§5B-4-3. Powers, duties and functions of the council; annual reports.

- 1 On or before the first day of September, one thousand
- 2 nine hundred eighty-five, the council shall submit to the
- 3 joint committee on government and finance a preliminary
- 4 plan for the implementation of programs designed to
- 5 improve labor-management relations within the state.
- 6 Such plan shall include, but need not be limited to, 7 programs to:
- 8 (a) Conduct seminars and other programs designed to 9 promote better labor-management relations and greater 10 productivity, including the provision of training in 11 specialized skills required by management and by employee 12 representatives, in cooperation with institutions of higher 13 and secondary education within the state;
- 14 (b) Develop a resource network through which labor
 15 and management can be made aware of available experts
 16 and other resources for resolving labor-management
 17 disputes and improving labor-management relations;
- 18 (c) Develop a method of compiling, analyzing and 19 publicizing fair and honest information about the 20 characteristics of the workforce in this state, including its 21 productivity and loyalty, in cooperation with the 22 commission on employment security, the West Virginia 23 promotion and development foundation and other state 24 agencies and educational institutions;
- 25 (d) Conduct and publicize, in cooperation with the West 26 Virginia promotion and development foundation, case 27 studies which identify examples of successful business 28 operations in the state with excellent labor-management 29 relations, and which document the specific characteristics 30 of labor-management relations in each such business;
- 31 (e) Establish forums for dialogue between labor and 32 management, including an annual state conference on labor-33 management relations;

- 34 (f) Hold public hearings, and solicit comment and 35 suggestions from interested parties and the public in 36 general, concerning the development of a long-term plan 37 for improving labor-management relations within the 38 state;
- 39 (g) Develop a long-term plan for improving labor-40 management relations within this state;
- 41 (h) Submit a preliminary operation report to the joint 42 committee on government and finance by the first day of 43 September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, at such 44 other times as the council may find desirable, or as directed 45 by the commission or the board, which report shall reflect 46 the plan of operation of the council and contain such 47 recommendations as it shall see fit as to structure, functions 48 and financing; and
- 49 (i) Cooperate with other agencies, organizations and institutions, both public and private, and in particular with institutions of higher and secondary education within the state and with the regional advisory committees established by this article in performing the duties and functions of the council and is authorized to enter into agreements with any such agencies, organizations and institutions for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this article.

57 The council is authorized and empowered to apply for, 58 receive and utilize appropriations, gifts, bequests or grants, 59 in money or in kind, from any person, organization, 60 governmental agency or entity whatsoever to assist in 61 achieving the public purposes of this article. The council 62 may decline to receive gifts, bequests or grants from private 63 sources which are restricted in a manner which to the 64 opinion of the council would benefit either labor or 65 management over the other. All funds received by the 66 council shall be deposited with the state treasurer of West 67 Virginia and dispersed by the council to be used exclusively 68 for carrying out the provisions of this article: Provided, 69 That any appropriations, gifts, bequests or grants received 70 by the council with any restriction or restrictions on the use 71 thereof shall be expended by the council in accordance with 72 such restriction or restrictions.

30

§5B-4-4. Regional advisory committees; composition; functions.

1 The council shall designate at least five regions, 2 representing the northern, southern, eastern, western and 3 central geographic areas of the state, and shall appoint a 4 regional advisory committee for each such region, to advise 5 and consult with the council and to address problems of 6 common interest within the region. The council shall 7 determine the number of members to serve on each regional 8 committee. In making appointments to the committee, the 9 council shall consider names of persons recommended by 10 business, labor and educational organizations and 11 institutions within the respective region and shall endeavor 12 to appoint persons with a commonality of interest in labor-13 management relations. Committee members shall serve for 14 a term of four years and until their successors have been 15 appointed and have qualified, except that the members first 16 appointed shall be for two, three and four years, 17 respectively, as designated by the council at the time of their appointment, and until their successors have been appointed and have qualified. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the council for the unexpired term of the 20 member whose office is vacant and the appointment shall 21 22 be made within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

Each regional advisory committee shall meet at least two 24 times each year and at other times on call of the chairman or 25 a majority of the members or as the council may direct. Each 26 committee shall elect a chairman from among its members, 27 and the chairman shall cause a summary of the proceedings 28 of each committee meeting, as well as any recommendations 29 made by the committee, to be delivered to the council.

The regional advisory committees shall review the plans 31 prepared by the council pursuant to section three of this 32 article, and shall make such recommendations as they deem 33 appropriate. The committees shall participate in the 34 programs established by the council, and also may establish 35 programs to improve labor-management relations within 36 their respective regions.

The council may enter into an agreement with a state 37 38 university, college or community college, county 39 governments or boards of education within each region to

- 40 provide space sufficient to enable the regional advisory
- 41 committee to carry out its functions.

§5B-4-5. Compensation of members of council and committees; employment of staff; expenses of council.

- 1 The labor-management council and the regional advisory
- 2 committees shall be supplied with necessary staff and
- 3 supplies within the limits of appropriation by the
- 4 commissioner of labor as well as funds for reimbursing each
- 5 member of the council and of the regional advisory
- 6 committees for reasonable and necessary expenses at the
- 7 rate of one hundred dollars per diem for each meeting
- 8 attended.

§5B-4-6. Duration of council.

- 1 After having conducted a performance audit through its
- 2 joint committee on government operations, pursuant to
- 3 section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the
- 4 Legislature hereby finds and declares that the West
- 5 Virginia labor-management advisory council heretofore
- 6 established under the provisions of article one-c, chapter
- 7 twenty-one of this code, should be continued and
- 8 reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions
- 9 of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the
- 10 West Virginia labor-management advisory council shall
- 11 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand
- 12 nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 5C. BASIC ASSISTANCE FOR INDUSTRY AND TRADE.

Article.

- 1. West Virginia Automobile Assistance Corporation.
- 2. West Virginia Industrial and Trade Jobs Development Corporation.

ARTICLE I. WEST VIRGINIA AUTOMOBILE ASSISTANCE CORPORATION.

- §5C-1-1. General provisions.
- §5C-1-2. Purpose and intent.
- §5C-1-3. Definitions.
- §5C-1-4. Severability.
- §5C-1-5. Creation of the West Virginia automobile industry assistance corporation.

- §5C-1-6. Directors; number; appointment and terms of office; compensation; interest in competing business forbidden.
- §5C-1-7. Management and control of corporation; officers; liability.
- §5C-1-8. Officers and employees; wages of laborers and mechanics.
- §5C-1-9. Corporate powers.
- §5C-1-10. Transfer of state property to corporation.
- §5C-1-11. Principal office of the corporation; account books; directors' oath of office.
- §5C-1-12. West Virginia board of investments to act as board of investments for purposes of this article; powers.
- §5C-1-13. Authority of the board of investments.
- §5C-1-14. Requirements of loan.
- §5C-1-15. Limitations on loan authority.
- §5C-1-16. Terms and conditions of loans.
- §5C-1-17. Audits; audit reports.
- §5C-1-18. Enforcement of rights accruing to the state.
- §5C-1-19. Tax credit for borrowers.
- §5C-1-20. Reports to the Legislature.
- §5C-1-21. Termination.

§5C-1-1. General provisions.

- 1 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "West Virginia Basic Assistance for Industry and Trade
- 3 Act."

§5C-1-2. Purpose and intent.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares that West Virginia's
- 2 economy can be rejuvenated; that bringing new industry
- 3 and trade to the state will serve as a catalyst for reviving
- 4 and restoring steel, aluminum, coal and other industrial
- 5 and commercial activities within the state; that increasing
- 6 such activities will form the nucleus for growing and
- 7 prosperous communities, offering new job opportunities
- 8 both in industry and trade; and that new jobs and
- 9 investments, higher income and profits, and rising property
- 10 values will support better education and superior public
- 11 services.
- 12 Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to create
- 13 authorities for the purpose of enhancing the establishment
- 14 or renewal of industry and trade in the state of West
- 15 Virginia.

§5C-1-3. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

- 2 (1) The term "automobile manufacturer" means a 3 business entity, the subsidiaries and affiliates, whose 4 primary business is the production and sale of motor 5 vehicles;
- 6 (2) The term "board of investments" means the board of 7 investments established by article six, chapter twelve of 8 this code;
- 9 (3) The term "borrower" means an automobile 10 manufacturer, any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, or any 11 other entity the board of investments may designate from 12 time to time which borrows funds for the benefit or use of an 13 automobile manufacturer:
- 14 (4) The term "corporation" means the West Virginia 15 automobile industry assistance corporation, unless the 16 context in which such term is used clearly indicates that 17 reference is made to some other corporation;
- 18 (5) The term "financing plan" means a plan designed to 19 meet the financing needs of an automobile manufacturer as 20 reelected in the operating plan;
- 21 (6) The term "fiscal year" means the fiscal year of an 22 automobile manufacturer; and
- 23 (7) The term "operating plan" means a document 24 detailing production, distribution and sales plans of an 25 automobile manufacturer, together with the expenditures 26 necessary to carry out those plans (including budget and 27 cash flow projections), on an annual basis, and an 28 employment-generating plan setting forth steps to be taken 29 by the automobile manufacturer to create jobs and reduce 30 unemployment in this state.

§5C-1-4. Severability.

- 1 If any section, subsection, subdivision, subparagraph,
- 2 sentence or clause of this article is adjudged to be
- 3 unconstitutional or invalid, such invalidation shall not
- 4 affect the validity of the remaining portions of this article,
- 5 and, to this end, the provisions of this article are hereby
- 6 declared to be severable.

§5C-1-5. Creation of the West Virginia automobile industry assistance corporation.

1 (a) For the purpose of aiding the establishment and 2 expansion of the automobile industry in this state,

3 encouraging and increasing the use of energy derived from

- 4 hydrocarbon sources located in the state of West Virginia,
- 5 for developing and maintaining properties now owned or to
- 6 be owned by the state of West Virginia throughout this
- 7 state, and in the interest of improving employment
- 8 opportunities in this state, there is created a body
- 9 corporate, denominated the "West Virginia Automobile
- 10 Industry Assistance Corporation," (hereinafter referred to
- 11 as the "corporation"). The board of directors first
- 12 appointed shall be deemed the incorporators, and the
- 13 incorporation shall be held to have been effected from the 14 date of the first meeting of the board.
- (b) The corporation is created and established to serve a 15 16 public corporate purpose and to act for the public benefit
- 17 and as a governmental instrumentality of the state of West
- 18 Virginia, to act on behalf of the state and its people in
- 19 improving their health, welfare and prosperity.
- The corporation: 20
- (1) Shall have succession in its corporate name; 21
- (2) May sue and be sued in its corporate name; 22
- May adopt and use a corporate seal, which shall be 23 (3)24 judicially noticed:
- May make contracts as herein authorized; and 25 **(4)**
- (5) May adopt, amend and repeal bylaws. 26

§5C-1-6. Directors; number; appointment and terms of office; compensation; interest in competing business forbidden.

- The board of directors of the corporation 1 2 (hereinafter referred to as the "board") shall be composed 3 of three members, to be appointed by the governor, by and 4 with the advice and consent of the Senate. No more than 5 two of the directors shall be from the same political party. 6 In appointing the board, the governor shall designate the 7 chairman, vice chairman and treasurer. All other officials, 8 agents and employees shall be designated and selected by
- 9 the board.
- (b) The terms of office of the members first taking office 10 11 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-five, shall expire as designated by the governor at 13 the time of nomination, one at the end of the second year,
- 14 one at the end of the fourth year and one at the end of the

- 15 sixth year, after the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 16 hundred eighty-five. A successor to a member of the board
- 17 shall be appointed in the same manner as the original
- 18 members and shall have a term of office expiring six years
- 19 from the date of the expiration of the term for which his
- 20 predecessor was appointed.
- 21 (c) In cases of any vacancy in the office of director, such 22 vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the governor. Any
- 23 member appointed to fill a vacancy in the board occurring
- 24 prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor
- 25 was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such
- 26 term.
- 27 (d) The governor may remove a director in the case of
- 28 incompetence, neglect of duty, gross immorality or
- 29 malfeasance in office, and may declare such director's
- 30 office vacant and appoint a person for such vacancy as
- 31 provided in other cases of vacancy.
- 32 (e) Vacancies in the board, so long as there shall be two
- 33 members in office, shall not impair the powers of the board
- 34 to execute the functions of the corporation, and two of the
- 35 members in office shall constitute a quorum for the
- 36 transaction of the business of the board.
- 37 (f) Each of the members of the board shall be a citizen of
- 38 the state of West Virginia. The compensation of each
- 39 member of the board shall be paid by the corporation as
- 40 current expenses. Members of the board shall be 41 reimbursed by the corporation for actual expenses
- 42 (including traveling and subsistence expenses) incurred by
- 43 them in the performance of the duties vested in the board by
- 44 this article. No member of said board shall, during his
- 45 continuance in office, be engaged in any other business, but
- 46 each member shall devote himself to the work of the
- 47 corporation.
- 48 (g) No director shall have a financial interest in any
- 49 automobile manufacturer or in any public-utility
- 50 corporation engaged in the business of distributing and
- 51 selling electric power or natural gas to the public nor shall
- 52 any member have any interest in any business that may be
- 53 adversely affected by the success of the corporation as a
- 54 distributor of water, electric power, or oil or natural gas.

§5C-1-7. Management and control of corporation; officers; liability.

- 1 (a) The board shall direct the exercise of all the powers2 of the corporation.
- 3 (b) The chairman shall be the chief executive officer of
 4 the corporation, and, in his absence, the vice chairman shall
 5 act as chief executive officer.
- 6 (c) The board shall annually elect a secretary, who need 7 not be a member of the board, to keep a record of the 8 proceedings of the board and perform such other duties as 9 may be determined appropriate by the board.
- (d) The treasurer of the corporation shall be custodian
 of all funds of the corporation, and shall be bonded in such
 amount as the other members of the board of directors may
 designate.
- 14 (e) The directors and officers of the corporation shall
 15 not be liable personally, either jointly or severally, for any
 16 debt or obligation created by the corporation.

§5C-1-8. Officers and employees; wages of laborers and mechanics.

- 1 The board shall, without regard to the provisions of civil
- 2 service laws applicable to officers and employees of the
- 3 state of West Virginia, appoint such managers, assistant
- 4 managers, officers, employees, attorneys and agents as are
- 5 necessary for the transaction of its business, fix their
- 6 compensation, define their duties, and provide a system of
- 7 organization to fix responsibility and promote efficiency.
- 8 Any appointee of the board may be removed in the
- 9 discretion of the board. No regular officer or employee of
- 10 the corporation shall receive a salary in excess of that
- 11 received by the members of the board.
- 12 All contracts to which the corporation is a party and
- 13 which require the employment of laborers and mechanics in
- 14 the construction, alteration, maintenance or repair of
- 15 buildings, gas transmission pipelines, electric power lines,
- 16 waterworks systems and waterlines, sewer systems and
- 17 sewage treatment and disposal systems, roads or other
- 18 projects shall contain a provision that not less than the
- 19 prevailing rate of wages for work of a similar nature

- 20 prevailing in the vicinity shall be paid to such laborers or 21 mechanics.
- In the event any dispute arises as to what are the 22 23 prevailing rates of wages, the question shall be referred to 24 the commissioner of the department of labor for 25 determination, and his decision shall be final. In the 26 determination of such prevailing rate or rates, due regard 27 shall be given to those rates which have been secured 28 through collective agreement by representatives of employers and employees.
- Where such work as is described in the two preceding 30 31 paragraphs is done directly by the corporation the 32 prevailing rate of wages shall be paid in the same manner as 33 though such work had been let by contract.

§5C-1-9. Corporate powers.

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- In order to foster and expand the automobile industry in 2 this state and to encourage the widest possible use of energy 3 that can be generated from hydrocarbon sources in this 4 state and to market and provide reasonable outlets 5 therefore, the corporation is empowered and directed:
- (a) To provide, construct, operate, maintain and 7 improve such gas and oil pipelines, electric transmission 8 lines, substations and facilities and structures appurtenant 9 thereto, as it finds necessary, desirable and appropriate for 10 the purpose of transmitting gas, oil and electric energy, 11 available for sale, from sources within this state to existing 12 and potential markets, and, for the purpose of interchange 13 of energy, to interconnect sources within this state with 14 either private projects, other state or federal projects, and 15 publicly owned power systems now or hereafter 16 constructed;
- (b) To provide for the construction and maintenance of 18 streets, avenues, roads, alleys, ways, sidewalks, crosswalks and other access ways to facilitate the ingress and egress to 20 industrial sites belonging to an automobile manufacturer;
 - (c) To construct, acquire, operate, maintain and improve such waterworks systems and waterlines, sewer systems and sewage treatment and disposal systems, or any combination thereof, as it finds necessary, desirable and appropriate for the purpose of assisting an automobile manufacturer in carrying out its operating plan, and to

27 acquire watersheds, water and riparian rights, plant sites, 28 rights-of-way and any and all other property and 29 appurtenances necessary, appropriate, useful, convenient 30 or incidental to such system or systems;

- (d) To acquire, by purchase, lease, condemnation or 31 32 donation, such real or personal property, or any interest 33 therein, including lands, easements, rights-of-way, 34 franchises, oil or gas pipelines, electric transmission lines, 35 substations and facilities and structures appurtenant 36 thereto, waterworks systems and waterlines, and sewer 37 systems and sewage treatment and disposal systems, as the 38 board finds necessary and appropriate to carry out the 39 purposes of this article. Title to all property and property 40 rights acquired by the corporation shall be taken in the 41 name of the corporation.
- 42 (e) To acquire any property or property rights, 43 including patent rights, which in the opinion of the board 44 are necessary to carry out the purposes of this article, by 45 purchase, lease, donation, or by the exercise of the right of 46 eminent domain and to institute condemnation proceedings 47 therefor in the same manner as is provided by law for the 48 condemnation of real estate.

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- (f) To sell, lease or otherwise dispose of such personal 50 property as in the opinion of the board is not required for 51 the purposes of this article and such real property and 52 interests in land acquired in connection with construction 53 or operation of gas and oil pipelines, electric transmission 54 lines, substations, roads and facilities and other structures, 55 waterworks systems and waterlines, and sewer systems and 56 sewage treatment and disposal systems as in the opinion of 57 the board are not required for the purposes of this article.
- (g) To negotiate and enter into such contracts, 59 agreements and arrangements as it shall find necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article. 60
- (h) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and 62 devises, and to dispose of the same to carry out its corporate 63 purposes;
- (i) To invest any funds not required for immediate 65 disbursement in any of the following securities:
- (1) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by 66 67 the United States of America;
 - (2) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of

- 69 indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks 70 for cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks; federal 71 home loan bank system; export-import bank of the United 72 States; federal land banks; the federal national mortgage 73 association or the government national mortgage 74 association;
- 75 (3) Bonds issued by public agencies or municipalities 76 and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and 77 interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an 78 annual contributions contract or contracts with the United 79 States of America; or temporary notes issued by public agencies or municipalities or preliminary loan notes issued by public agencies or municipalities in each case, fully 81 secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by 82 a requisition or payment agreement with the United States 83 84 of America:
- (4) Certificates of deposit secured by obligations of the 86 United States of America;
- (5) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by 87 88 the state of West Virginia;
- (6) Direct and general obligations of any other state 90 within the territorial United States, to the payment of the principal of and interest on which the full faith and credit of 92 such state is pledged: Provided, That at the time of their 93 purchases, such obligations are rated in either of the two 94 highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond-95 rating agency; and
- (7) Any fixed interest bond, note or debenture of any 96 97 corporation organized and operating within the United 98 States: Provided, That such corporation shall have a 99 minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its 100 securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on 101 one or more of the national stock exchanges: Provided, 102 however, That (1) such corporation has earned a profit in 103 eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as reflected in its 104 statements, and (2) such corporation has not defaulted in 105 the payment of principal or interest on any of the 106 outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten 107 fiscal years, and (3) the bonds, notes or debentures of such 108 corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent 109 thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating 110

- services such as Standard and Poor's, Dun & Bradstreet orMoody's;
- 113 (j) To procure insurance against any loss in connection 114 with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, 115 as may be necessary or desirable;
- 116 (k) To make and publish such rules and regulations as 117 are necessary to effectuate its corporate purpose;
- 118 (l) To borrow money to carry out and effectuate its 119 corporate purpose and to issue notes as evidence of any such 120 borrowing in such principal amounts and upon such terms 121 as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for 122 achieving its corporate purpose, except that no notes shall 123 be issued to mature more than ten years from date of 124 issuance;
- 125 (m) To issue renewal notes, except that no such renewal 126 notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from 127 date of issuance of the notes renewed;
- 128 (n) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes 129 to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes to be 130 refunded; and
- 131 (o) To make proper application to the West Virginia 132 economic development authority for the issuance of bonds,
- 133 in accordance with the provisions of article fifteen, chapter
- 134 thirty-one of this code.
- The corporation shall have such additional powers as may be necessary or appropriate for the exercise of the powers herein conferred.

§5C-1-10. Transfer of state property to corporation.

- The governor is authorized to provide for the transfer to
- 2 the corporation of the use, possession and control of such
- 3 real or personal property of the state of West Virginia as he
- 4 may from time to time deem necessary and proper for the
- 5 purposes of the corporation as herein stated.

§5C-1-11. Principal office of the corporation; account books; directors' oath of office.

- 1 (a) The corporation shall maintain its principal office in
- 2 the immediate vicinity of Charleston, West Virginia or upon
- 3 the site of any facility.
- 4 (b) The corporation shall at all times maintain complete 5 and accurate books of accounts.

- 6 (c) Each member of the board, before entering upon the
- duties of his office, shall subscribe to an oath or affirmation
- 8 to support the constitution of the state of West Virginia and
- 9 to faithfully and impartially perform the duties imposed
- 10 upon him by this article.

§5C-1-12. West Virginia board of investments to act as board of investments for purposes of this article; powers.

- 1 The West Virginia state board of investments as
- 2 heretofore created and constituted under the provisions of
- 3 article six, chapter twelve of this code, shall be ex officio a
- 4 board of investments for public employees retirement
- 5 system funds as they are made available for investment in
- 6 accordance with the provisions of this article, and as such,
- 7 the board of investments may exercise all of the powers and
- 8 functions granted to it pursuant to the provisions of said
- 9 article six in carrying out the duties assigned to it under the
- 10 provisions of this article.

§5C-1-13. Authority of the board of investments.

- 1 Subject to the provisions of this article, the board of
- 2 investments, on such terms and conditions as it deems
- 3 appropriate, may invest moneys, securities, and other assets
- 4 of the public employees retirement system in the form of
- 5 interest-bearing loans to a borrower, if at the time of the
- 6 commitment to make the loan, the board of investments
- 7 determines: 8 (1) That ther
- 8 (1) That there exists an employment-generating plan 9 which:
- 10 (A) Is satisfactory to the board of investments;
- 11 (B) Has been developed in consultation with other
- 12 appropriate state agencies, including, but not limited to, the
- 13 department of labor and the office of community and 14 industrial development;
- 15 (C) Focuses upon the need to increase the number of 16 jobs available in this state; and
- 17 (D) Can be carried out by the borrower;
- 18 (2) That the loan is needed to assist the borrower to open
- 19 a new facility or expand an existing facility, in this state, to
- 20 produce, distribute and sell automobiles, and that by
- 21 meeting such need employment will be increased in the 22 state;

- 23 (3) That the borrower has submitted to the board of investments a satisfactory operating plan for the 1985-1986 fiscal year and the next succeeding two fiscal years demonstrating the ability of the borrower to employ not less than an additional one thousand full-time employees in this state in the furnishing of goods and services, and after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, to continue to maintain such increased level of employment without additional loans under the provisions of this article:
- 33 (4) That the board of investments has received such 34 assurances as it shall require that the operating plan is 35 realistic and feasible;
- 36 (5) That the borrower has submitted to the board of
 37 investments a satisfactory financing plan which meets the
 38 financial needs of the borrower as reflected in the operating
 39 plan for the period covered by such plan;
- 40 (6) That the board of investments has received adequate 41 assurances regarding the availability of all financing, both 42 public and private, contemplated by the financing plan and 43 that such financing is adequate to meet the borrower's 44 projected financial needs during the period covered by the 45 financing plan;
- 46 (7) That none of the proceeds of a loan made under the 47 provisions of this article will be used to repay credit 48 extended or committed prior to the date the loan is made 49 under the provisions of this article; and
- 50 (8) That the financing plan submitted under subdivision 51 (5) of this section provides that expenditures under the 52 financing plan will reduce unemployment in this state.

§5C-1-14. Requirements of loan.

- 1 (a) A loan may be made under the provisions of this 2 article when such loan is based upon the criteria set forth in 3 section sixteen of this article. In addition, the terms of any 4 such loan shall provide that the loan is made upon the 5 following findings of the board of investments:
- 6 (1) That the prospective earning power of the borrower, 7 together with the character and value of any security 8 pledged, furnish reasonable assurance of repayment of the 9 loan in accordance with its terms;
- 10 (2) That the loan will bear interest at a rate determined

11 by the board of investments to be reasonable, taking into 12 account the current average yield on outstanding 13 investments of the board of investments of the pension 14 funds in the consolidated pension fund established under 15 the provisions of section eight, article six, chapter twelve of 16 this code:

- 17 (3) That the corporation has agreed for as long as unpaid 18 balances of principal and interest are outstanding on a loan 19 issued under this article:
- 20 (A) To have prepared and submitted on or before the 21 thirtieth day preceding each fiscal year beginning after 22 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 23 hundred eighty-six, a revised operating plan and financial 24 plan which cover the two-year period commencing with 25 such fiscal year and which show compliance with the 26 requirements of section sixteen of this article, and
- 27 (B) To prepare and deliver to the board of investments 28 within one hundred twenty days following the close of each 29 fiscal year, an analysis reconciling the borrower's actual 30 performance in generating employment in this state with 31 the projected employment for such year as set forth in the 32 operating plan and the financial plan in effect at the start of
- such fiscal year.

 (b) The borrower has agreed to pay such loan fees as may be prescribed by the board of investments from time to time. The board of investments shall prescribe and collect no less frequently than annually a loan fee in connection with each loan made under the provisions of this article. Such fee shall be sufficient to compensate the board of investments for all of the administrative expenses of the board of investments related to the loan, but in no case shall such fee be less than one half of one percent per annum of the outstanding principal amount of the loan computed daily. All amounts collected by the board of investments pursuant to this subsection (b) shall be deposited in the

§5C-1-15. Limitations on loan authority.

46 state treasury as general revenue.

1 (a) The authority of the board of investments to make 2 loans under the provisions of this article shall not at any 3 time exceed two hundred fifty million dollars in the 4 aggregate principal amount outstanding.

§5C-1-16. Terms and conditions of loans.

- (a) Loans made under the provisions of this article shall
 be payable in full not later than twenty years from the date
 the loan is made.
- 4 (b) The board of investments shall require security for 5 the loans to be made under this article at the time the 6 commitment is made. Any commitment to make a loan 7 under the provisions of this article shall contain all of the 8 affirmative and negative covenants and other protective 9 provisions that the board of investments determines are 10 appropriate.

§5C-1-17. Audits; audit reports.

- (a) The accounts of a borrower under this article shall be audited annually in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by independent certified public accountants or independent licensed public accountants, certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of this state or a sister state.
- 7 (b) At any time a request for an application for a loan 8 under this article is pending or a loan under this article is 9 outstanding, the board of investments is authorized to 10 request a report of such independent audit. The report shall 11 set forth the scope of the audit and include such statements 12 as are necessary to present fairly the borrower's assets and 13 liabilities, surplus or deficit with an analysis of changes 14 therein during the year, supplemented in reasonable detail 15 by a statement of the corporation's income and expenses 16 during the year, together with the independent auditor's 17 opinion of those statements.
- 18 (c) No loan may be made under this article unless and 19 until the borrower agrees, in writing, to provide the board 20 of investments with such reports of independent audits as 21 may be requested under the provisions of subsection (b) of 22 this section.

§5C-1-18. Enforcement of rights accruing to the state.

- 1 The board of investments shall take such action as may be
- 2 appropriate to enforce any right accruing to the state or any
- 3 officer or agency thereof as a result of the making of a loan
- 4 under the provisions of this article.

§5C-1-19. Tax credit for borrowers.

- 1 The borrower, as defined in this article, may be eligible
- 2 for any tax credits provided for in articles thirteen-c,
- 3 thirteen-d and thirteen-e, chapter eleven of this code.

§5C-1-20. Reports to the Legislature.

- 1 The board of investments shall submit to the Legislature
- 2 annually a full report of its activities under this article
- 3 during fiscal years 1985-1986 and 1986-1987, and annually
- 4 thereafter so long as any loan guaranteed under this article
- 5 is outstanding. The report for 1987 shall include an
- 6 evaluation of the long-term employment implications of the
- 7 loan program created under the provisions of this article,
- 8 with findings, conclusions and recommendations for
- 9 legislative and administrative actions considered
- 10 appropriate to future loans under this article or under
- 11 similar loan programs which might be foreseen.

§5C-1-21. Termination.

- 1 The authority of the board of investments to make loans
- 2 under this article expires on the thirty-first day of
- 3 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA INDUSTRIAL AND TRADE JOBS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION.

- §5C-2-1. Definitions.
- §5C-2-2. Creation of the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation.
- §5C-2-3. Directors; number; appointment and terms of office; compensation; interest in competing business forbidden.
- §5C-2-4. Management and control of corporation; officers liability.
- §5C-2-5. Officers and employees; wages of laborers and mechanics.
- §5C-2-6. Corporate powers.
- §5C-2-7. Investment fund.
- §5C-2-8. Investment in qualified securities.
- §5C-2-9. Financing of development projects.
- §5C-2-10. Transfer of state property to corporation.
- §5C-2-11. Principal office of the corporation; account books; directors' oath of office.
- §5C-2-12. West Virginia board of investments to act as board of investments for purposes of this article; powers.
- §5C-2-13. Authority of the board of investments.
- §5C-2-14. Requirements of loan.
- §5C-2-15. Limitations on loan authority.

- §5C-2-16. Terms and conditions of loans.
- §5C-2-17. Enforcement of rights accruing to the state.
- §5C-2-18. Tax credit for borrowers.
- §5C-2-19. Reports to the Legislature.
- §5C-2-20. Termination.
- §5C-2-21. Inspection, audit and investigation.

§5C-2-1. Definitions.

- For the purposes of this chapter:
- 2 (1) The term "enterprise" means a business entity which3 is or proposes to be engaged in this state in any commercial
- 4 activity for profit. The entity may be owned, operated,
- 5 controlled or under the management of a person,
- 6 partnership, corporation, community-based development
- 7 organization or council, local commerce group, employee
- 8 stock ownership plan, pension or profit-sharing plan or
- 9 trust, a group of participating employees who desire to own
- 10 an entity which does not presently exist, or any similar 11 entity or organization;
- 12 (2) The term "board of investments" means the board of 13 investments established by article six, chapter twelve of 14 this code;
- 15 (3) The term "borrower" means an enterprise, any of its 16 subsidiaries or affiliates, or any other entity the board of 17 investments may designate from time to time which 18 borrows funds for the benefit or use of an enterprise;
- 19 (4) The term "corporation" means the West Virginia 20 industrial and trade jobs development corporation, unless 21 the context in which such term is used clearly indicates that 22 reference is made to some other corporation;
- 23 (5) The term "financing plan" means a plan designed to 24 meet the financing needs of an enterprise as reflected in the 25 operating plan;
- 26 (6) The term "fiscal year" means the fiscal year of an 27 enterprise;
- 28 (7) The term "operating plan" means a document 29 detailing production, distribution and sales plans of an 30 enterprise, together with the expenditures necessary to 31 carry out those plans (including budget and cash flow 32 projections) on an annual basis, and an employment-33 generating plan setting forth steps to be taken by the 34 enterprise to create jobs and reduce unemployment in this 35 state;

- 36 (8) The term "investment" means an investment by the 37 corporation in qualified securities of an enterprise to 38 provide initial capital to the enterprise;
- 39 (9) The term "primary employment" means work which 40 pays at least the prevailing wage in the industry, offers 41 adequate fringe benefits, including health insurance, and is 42 not seasonal or part-time;
- 43 (10) The term "qualified security" means any note, 44 bond, debenture, convertible debenture, evidence of 45 indebtedness, certificate of deposit for a security, 46 certificate of interest or participation in a patent, 47 trademark, or other intangible property or application 48 therefor, or in general, any interest or instrument 49 commonly known as a security or warrant or right to 50 subscribe to or purchase any of the foregoing, but shall not 51 include any security the ownership of which is prohibited 52 by section six, article ten of the Constitution of the state of 53 West Virginia;
- 54 (11) The term "initial capital" shall mean financing that 55 is provided for the development, refinement and 56 commercialization of a product, process or service, and 57 other initial working capital needs, including formation, 58 organization, promotion, employment, employment 59 training, and similar expenditures incident to the start-up 60 of an enterprise; and
- 61 (12) The term "development project" means a 62 commercial or industrial project and all of the assets 63 reasonably and necessarily required for its operation.

§5C-2-2. Creation of the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation.

1 (a) For the purpose of aiding the establishment and 2 expansion of industry and trade in this state, encouraging 3 and increasing the use of energy derived from hydrocarbon 4 sources located in the state of West Virginia, for developing 5 and maintaining properties now owned or to be owned by 6 the state of West Virginia throughout this state, and in the 7 interest of improving employment opportunities in this 8 state, there is created a body corporate, denominated the 9 "West Virginia Industrial and Trade Jobs Development 10 Corporation" (hereinafter referred to as the "corporation"). 11 The board of directors first appointed shall be deemed the 12 incorporators, and the incorporation shall be held to have

- 13 been effected from the date of the first meeting of the board.
- (b) The corporation is created and established to serve a 14
- 15 public corporate purpose and to act for the public benefit
- and as a governmental instrumentality of the state of West 16
- 17 Virginia, to act on behalf of the state and its people in
- 18 improving their health, welfare and prosperity.

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§5C-2-3. Directors; number; appointment and terms of office; compensation; interest in competing business forbidden.

- The board of directors of the corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "board") shall be composed of three members, to be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. No more than two of the directors shall be from the same political party. In appointing the board, the governor shall designate the chairman, vice chairman and treasurer. All other officials, 7 agents and employees shall be designated and selected by 8 the board.
- (b) The terms of office of the members first taking office 10 11 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-five, shall expire as designated by the governor at the time of nomination, one at the end of the second year, 14 one at the end of the fourth year, and one at the end of the sixth year, after the first day of July, one thousand nine 16 hundred eighty-five. A successor to a member of the board shall be appointed in the same manner as the original 17 18 members and shall have a term of office expiring six years 19 from the date of the expiration of the term for which his 20 predecessor was appointed.
- (c) In cases of any vacancy in the office of director, such 22 vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the governor. Any 23 member appointed to fill a vacancy in the board occurring 24 prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor 25 was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such 26 term.
- (d) The governor may remove a director in the case of 28 incompetence, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office, and may declare such director's 30 office vacant and appoint a person for such vacancy as 31 provided in other cases of vacancy.
- (e) Vacancies in the board, so long as there shall be two 32 33 members in office, shall not impair the powers of the board

34 to execute the functions of the corporation, and two of the 35 members in office shall constitute a quorum for the 36 transaction of the business of the board.

- 37 (f) Each of the members of the board shall be a citizen of 38 the state of West Virginia. The compensation of each 39 member of the board shall be paid by the corporation as 40 current expenses. Members of the board shall be 41 reimbursed by the corporation for actual expenses 42 (including traveling and subsistence expenses) incurred by 43 them in the performance of the duties vested in the board by 44 this article. No member of said board shall, during his 45 continuance in office, be engaged in any other business, but 46 each member shall devote himself to the work of the 47 corporation.
- 48 (g) No officer, member or employee of the corporation
 49 shall be financially interested, directly or indirectly, in any
 50 contract of any person with the corporation, or in the sale of
 51 any property, real or personal, to or from the corporation.
 52 This section does not apply to contracts or purchases of
 53 property, real or personal, between the corporation and any
 54 governmental agency. Any officer, member or employee of
 55 the corporation who has such financial interest in a
 56 contract or sale of property prohibited hereby, shall be
 57 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall
 58 be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned
 59 in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and
 60 imprisoned.

§5C-2-4. Management and control of corporation; officers; liability.

- 1 (a) The board shall direct the exercise of all the powers 2 of the corporation.
- 3 (b) The chairman shall be the chief executive officer of
 4 the corporation, and, in his absence, the vice chairman shall
 5 act as chief executive officer.
- 6 (c) The board shall annually elect a secretary, who need 7 not be a member of the board, to keep a record of the 8 proceedings of the board and perform such other duties as 9 may be determined appropriate by the board.
- 10 (d) The treasurer of the corporation shall be custodian 11 of all funds of the corporation, and shall be bonded in such 12 amount as the other members of the board of directors may 13 designate.

14 (e) The directors and officers of the corporation shall

15 not be liable personally, either jointly or severally, for any

16 debt or obligation created by the corporation.

§5C-2-5. Officers and employees; wages of laborers and mechanics.

The board shall, without regard to the provisions of civilservice laws applicable to officers and employees of the

3 state of West Virginia, appoint such managers, assistant

4 managers, officers, employees, attorneys and agents as are

5 necessary for the transaction of its business, fix their

6 compensation, define their duties and provide a system of

7 organization to fix responsibility and promote efficiency.

8 Any appointee of the board may be removed in the

9 discretion of the board. No regular officer or employee of

10 the corporation shall receive a salary in excess of that

11 received by the members of the board.

All contracts to which the corporation is a party and which require the employment of laborers and mechanics in the construction, alteration, maintenance or repair of buildings, gas transmission pipelines, electric power lines, waterworks systems and waterlines, sewer systems and sewage treatment and disposal systems, roads or other projects shall contain a provision that not less than the prevailing rate of wages for work of a similar nature prevailing in the vicinity shall be paid to such laborers or mechanics.

In the event any dispute arises as to what are the prevailing rates of wages, the question shall be referred to the commissioner of the department of labor for determination, and his decision shall be final. In the determination of such prevailing rate or rates, due regard shall be given to those rates which have been secured through collective agreement by representatives of employers and employees.

Where such work as is described in the two preceding paragraphs is done directly by the corporation, the prevailing rate of wages shall be paid in the same manner as though such work had been let by contract.

§5C-2-6. Corporate powers.

In order to foster and expand industry and trade in this

2 state, the corporation is empowered and directed to:

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- (a) Make, amend and repeal bylaws; and promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
 - Sue and be sued in its corporate name;
 - (c) Adopt and use a corporate seal;
 - (d) Make contracts, and execute all instruments necessary or convenient for the carrying on of its business;
- (e) Acquire, own, hold, dispose of and encumber 10 11 personal property of any nature, or any interest therein;
- (f) Enter into agreements or other transactions with any 12 13 federal, state or municipal agency;
- 14 (g) Acquire real property, or an interest therein, by 15 purchase or foreclosure, where such acquisition is 16 necessary or appropriate to protect or secure any 17 investment or loan in which the corporation has an interest; 18 to sell, transfer and convey any such property to a buyer and 19 in the event such sale, transfer or conveyance cannot be 20 effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable 21 price, to lease such property to a tenant;
- (h) Invest any funds held in reserves or sinking funds, or 22 23 any funds not required for immediate disbursement, in such 24 investments as may be lawful for fiduciaries in the state;
- (i) Borrow money and give guarantees, provided that 25 26 the indebtedness and other obligations of the corporation 27 shall be payable solely out of its own resources;
- (j) Appoint officers, employees, consultants, agents and 29 advisors and prescribe their duties and fix compensation 30 within the limitations provided by law;
- (k) Appear in its own behalf before boards. 31 32 commissions, departments or other agencies of municipal, 33 state or federal government;
- (l) Procure insurance against any losses in connection 34 35 with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, 36 as may be necessary or desirable;
- (m) Consent, subject to the previsions of any contract 37 38 with noteholders, whenever it deems it necessary or 39 desirable in the fulfillment of the purposes of this article, to 40 the modification, with respect to rate of interest, time of 41 payment of any installment of principal or interest, or any 42 other terms of any contract or agreement of any kind to 43 which the corporation is a party;
 - (n) To accept any and all donations, grants, bequests

45 and devises, conditional or otherwise, of money, property, 46 service or other things of value which may be received from 47 the United States or any agency thereof, any governmental 48 agency or any institution, person, firm or corporation, 49 public or private, to be held, used or applied for any or all of 50 the purposes specified in this article, in accordance with the 51 terms and conditions of any such grant. Receipt of each such 52 donation or grant shall be detailed in the annual report of 53 the corporation. Such report shall include the identity of 54 the donor or lender, the nature of the transaction and any 55 conditions attaching thereto;

(o) Buy, hold and sell qualified securities;

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- (p) Finance, conduct or cooperate in financing or 58 conducting technological, business, financial or other 59 investigations which are related to or likely to lead to 60 business and economic development by making and 61 entering into contracts and other appropriate 62 arrangements, including the provision of grants, loans and 63 other forms of assistance;
- (q) Solicit, study and assist in the preparation of 65 business plans and proposals of new or established 66 businesses suitable for support by the corporation;
- (r) Prepare, publish and distribute, with or without 68 charge as the corporation may determine, such technical 69 studies, reports, bulletins and other materials as it deems 70 appropriate, subject only to the maintenance and respect 71 for confidentiality of client proprietary information;
- (s) Organize, conduct, sponsor or cooperate in and assist 72 73 the conduct of special institutes, conferences, 74 demonstrations and studies relating to the stimulation and 75 formation of industry and trade endeavors;
- (t) Provide and pay for such advisory services and technical assistance as may be necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of this article; 78
 - (u) Exercise any other powers of a corporation organized under article one, chapter thirty-one of this code;
- (v) Cooperate with state and federal agencies in efforts 81 82 to promote the expansion of commercial and industrial 83 development in this state;
- (w) Request the issuance of revenue bonds by the 84 85 economic development authority, payable solely from 86 revenues, to pay the cost or finance in whole or in part

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87 enterprises or development projects;

- (x) Make, upon proper application of any local 89 development agency, loans to such agency for development projects and to provide for the repayment and redeposit of 91 such loans in the manner provided in this article;
- 92 Take title by foreclosure to any enterprise or 93 development project where acquisition is necessary to protect any investment or financing previously made by the corporation, and to sell, transfer and convey such enterprise 95 96 or project, or any part thereof, to any responsible buyer. In the event such sale, transfer and conveyance cannot be 97 98 effected with reasonable promptness, the authority may, in 99 order to minimize financial losses and sustain employment, 100 lease the project to a responsible tenant. The corporation may lease, sublease or engage in similar financial 101 102 transactions with any enterprise or project, under the 103 conditions and for the purposes cited in this section;
- (z) Participate in any reorganization proceeding 104 105 pending pursuant to the United States Code (being the act 106 of Congress, establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States, as amended) or in any 107 108 receivership proceeding in a state or federal court for the 109 reorganization or liquidation of any enterprise or 110 development project. The corporation may file its claim against any enterprise or development project in any of the 111 112 foregoing proceedings, vote upon any question pending therein which requires the approval of the creditors 113 participating in any reorganization proceeding or 114 115 receivership, exchange any evidence of such indebtedness 116 for any property, security or evidence of indebtedness offered as a part of the reorganization of such responsible 117 118 tenant or of any other entity formed to acquire the assets 119 thereof and may compromise or reduce the amount of any 120 indebtedness owing to it as a part of any such 121 reorganization;
- (aa) Sell security interests in the loan portfolio of the 123 corporation. Such security interests shall be evidenced by 124 instruments issued by the corporation. Proceeds from the sale of security interests may be issued in the same manner 125 126 and for the same purposes as note revenues;
- 127 (bb) Procure insurance against any losses in connection 128 with its property, operations or assets in such amounts and

- 129 from such insurers as the corporation deems desirable; and
- 130 (cc) Take and hold security interests for investments
- 131 and financings on a nonrecourse basis.

§5C-2-7. Investment fund.

There is hereby established an investment fund to which
shall be credited any state appropriations or other moneys
made available to the fund.

The corporation shall hold the investment fund in an account or accounts separate from other funds. The corporation shall invest and reinvest the fund and the income thereof, temporarily pending use for the purposes of this article, in the purchase of such securities as may be lawful investments for fiduciaries in the state.

10 All funds may be used to pay for the proper general 11 expenses of the corporation.

Unless otherwise specified, all moneys of the corporation from whatever source derived shall be paid to the treasurer of the corporation.

Funds in said accounts shall be paid out on the warrant or other order of the treasurer of the corporation and other person or persons as the board may authorize to execute such warrants or order.

The fund shall operate as a revolving fund whereby all appropriations and payments thereto may be applied and reapplied by the corporation for the purposes of this article. The corporation shall requisition from the fund such amounts as are necessary to accomplish the purposes of this article.

Whenever the corporation determines that the balance in the fund is in excess of its immediate requirements, it may request that such excess be invested until needed. In such case such excess shall be invested in a manner consistent with the investment of temporary state funds. Interest earned on any money invested pursuant to this section shall be credited to the fund.

32 If the corporation determines that funds held in the fund 33 are in excess of the amount needed to accomplish the 34 purposes of this article, it shall take such action as is 35 necessary to release such excess and transfer it to the 36 general fund of the state treasury.

The fund shall consist of the following:

- 38 (a) Moneys collected and deposited in the state treasury 39 which are specifically designated by acts of the Legislature 40 for inclusion into the fund;
- 41 (b) Contributions, grants and gifts from any source, 42 both public and private, which may be used by the 43 corporation for any project or projects;
- 44 (c) All interest earned on investments made by the state 45 from moneys deposited in the fund;
- 46 (d) The proceeds from the issuance of any revenue bonds 47 issued by the economic development authority in 48 accordance with the provisions of article fifteen, chapter 49 thirty-one of this code; and
- 50 (e) The proceeds, repayments, lease or rental receipts, 51 sale proceeds, liquidation proceeds, and any other receipts 52 from investments and financings made pursuant to the 53 authority granted by this article.

§5C-2-8. Investment in qualified securities.

- 1 (1) The corporation may invest in qualified securities 2 issued by an enterprise only after:
- 3 (a) Receipt of an application from the enterprise which 4 contains a business plan including a description of the 5 enterprise and its management, product or service and 6 market, a statement of the amount, timing and projected 7 use of the capital required, a statement of the potential 8 economic impact of the enterprise, including the number, 9 location and types of jobs expected to be created, and such 10 other information as the board shall request; and
- 11 (b) Approval of the investment by the board after the 12 board shall find, based upon the application submitted by 13 the enterprise and such additional investigation as the 14 corporation shall make, and incorporate in its minutes that:
- 15 (1) The proceeds of the investment will be used to cover 16 the initial capital needs of the enterprise as hereinafter 17 authorized;
 - (2) The enterprise has a reasonable chance of success;
- 19 (3) The corporation's participation is necessary to the 20 success of the enterprise because funding for the enterprise 21 is unavailable in the traditional capital markets, or because 22 funding has been offered on terms that would substantially 23 hinder the success of the enterprise;

- 24 (4) The enterprise has reasonable potential to create a 25 substantial amount of primary employment within the state 26 and this employment, so far as feasible, offers employment 27 opportunities to unskilled and semiskilled individuals;
- 28 (5) The founders or owners of the enterprise have 29 already made or are prepared to make a financial or time 30 commitment, or both, to the enterprise;
- (6) The securities to be purchased are qualified 31 32 securities:

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- (7) There is a reasonable possibilty that the corporation 34 will recoup at least its initial investment;
- 35 (8) Binding commitments have been made to the 36 corporation by the enterprise for adequate reporting of 37 financial data to the corporation which shall include a 38 requirement for an annual or other periodic audit of the 39 books of the enterprise, by an independent certified public 40 accountant, and for such control on the part of the 41 corporation as the board shall consider prudent over the 42 management of the enterprise, so as to protect the 43 investment of the corporation including, in the discretion of 44 the board and without limitation, right of access to 45 financial and other records of the enterprise; and
- 46 (9) A reasonable effort has been made to find an investor 47 to make an investment in the enterprise as a coventure, and 48 that such effort was unsuccessful.

Such findings when made by the board shall be conclusive.

- 50 (2) The corporation shall not make investments in 51 qualified securities issued by enterprises in excess of the 52 following limits:
- 53 (a) Not more than one million dollars shall be invested 54 in the securities of any one enterprise; except that not more 55 than a total of two million dollars may be invested in the 56 securities of any one enterprise if the board shall find, after 57 the initial investment by the corporation, that additional 58 investments in such enterprise are required to protect the 59 initial investment of the corporation and the other findings 60 set forth above are made as to the additional investment: 61 Provided, That the board may, by rule adopted in 62 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 63 this code, determine that a higher amount is necessary and 64 prudent, and may, after hearing, determine that a higher 65 amount is necessary and prudent in a particular situation.

- 66 (b) The corporation shall not invest in securities 67 representing more than ninety-nine percent of the market 68 value of the enterprise at the time of investment by the 69 corporation, after giving effect to the conversion of all 70 outstanding convertible securities of the enterprise.
- 71 (3) Any investment, or proposed investment, by the 72 corporation, and by all others involved in the enterprise, 73 shall be exempt transactions under the provisions of section 74 four hundred two, article four, chapter thirty-two of this 75 code.

§5C-2-9. Financing of development projects.

- 1 The corporation may finance development projects, only 2 after:
- 3 (a) Receipt of an application, except that if an 4 application has been received under section eight of this 5 article, no new application need be received at the discretion 6 of the board, from the enterprise which contains a business 7 plan including a description of the enterprise and its 8 management, product or service and market, a description 9 of the development project, a statement of the amount, 10 timing and projected use of the funds, a statement of the 11 potential economic impact of the development project, 12 including the number, location and types of jobs expected 13 to be created, and other information as the board shall 14 request;
- 15 (b) Approval of the financing by the board after the 16 board shall find based upon the application submitted by 17 the enterprise and such additional investigation as the 18 corporation shall make, and incorporate in its minutes that:
- 19 (1) The proceeds of the financing will be used for 20 development of the project;
- 21 (2) The development project has a reasonable chance of 22 success;
- 23 (3) The corporation's participation is necessary to the 24 success of the enterprise because financing for the 25 development project is unavailable in the traditional 26 capital markets, or because financing has been offered on 27 terms that would substantially hinder the success of the 28 development project;
- 29 (4) The development project has reasonable potential to

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30 create a substantial amount of primary employment within 31 the state and this employment, so far as feasible, offers 32 employment opportunities to unskilled and semiskilled 33 individuals:

- 34 The founders of the development project have (5) 35 already made or are prepared to make a financial or time 36 commitment, or both, to the project;
- 37 (6) Binding commitments have been made to the 38 corporation by the project for adequate reporting of 39 financial data to the corporation, which shall include a 40 requirement for an annual or other periodic audit of the books of the project by an independent certified public 41 42 accountant, and for such control on the part of the 43 corporation as the board shall consider prudent over the 44 management of the project, so as to protect the investment of the corporation including, in the discretion of the board and without limitation, right of access to financial and 46 47 other records of the project; and
- (7) A reasonable effort has been made to find other 49 financing for the development project and that such effort 50 was unsuccessful.

Such findings when made by the board shall be 52 conclusive.

The corporation may not finance development projects in excess of the following limits:

- (a) One hundred percent of development project costs;
- (b) Ten million dollars for any one development project; 57 except that after two years of continual operations, the corporation may finance a total of twenty million dollars of 58 development costs for any one project where the board finds 59 that the development project warrants expansion beyond 61 the original project limits: Provided, That the board may, by rule adopted in accordance with the provisions of 62 63 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, determine that a higher 64 amount is necessary and prudent. 65

The corporation shall utilize appropriate financing 66 documents and notes in making financing arrangements and shall acquire appropriate security interests, deeds of 67 68 trust, collateral security agreements, senior and junior security arrangements, and other necessary lienholder 70 interests, not necessitating recourse financing.

Any such financing, or proposed financing, by the

- 72 corporation, and by all others involved in the development
- 73 project, shall be exempt transactions under the provisions
- 74 of section four hundred two, article four, chapter thirty-two
- 75 of this code.

§5C-2-10. Transfer of state property to corporation.

- 1 The governor is authorized to provide for the transfer to
- 2 the corporation of the use, possession and control of such
- 3 real or personal property of the state of West Virginia as he
- 4 may from time to time deem necessary and proper for the
- 5 purposes of the corporation as herein stated.

§5C-2-11. Principal office of the corporation; account books; directors' oath of office.

- 1 (a) The corporation shall maintain its principal office in
- 2 the immediate vicinity of Charleston, West Virginia or upon
- 3 the site of any facility.
- 4 (b) The corporation shall at all times maintain complete 5 and accurate books of accounts.
- 6 (c) Each member of the board, before entering upon the
- 7 duties of his office, shall subscribe to an oath or affirmation
- 8 to support the constitution of the state of West Virginia and
- 9 to faithfully and impartially perform the duties imposed
- 10 upon him by this article.

§5C-2-12. West Virginia board of investments to act as board of investments for purposes of this article; powers.

- 1 The West Virginia state board of investments as
- 2 heretofore created and constituted under the provisions of
- 3 article six, chapter twelve of this code, shall be ex officio a
- 4 board of investments for public employees retirement
- 5 system funds as they are made available for investment in
- 6 accordance with the provisions of this article, and as such,
- 7 the board of investments may exercise all of the powers and
- 8 functions granted to it pursuant to the provisions of said
- 9 article six in carrying out the duties assigned to it under the
- 10 provisions of this article.

§5C-2-13. Authority of the board of investments.

- 1 Subject to the provisions of this article, the board of
- 2 investments, on such terms and conditions as it deems
- 3 appropriate, may invest moneys, securities and other assets

4 of the public employees retirement system in the form of 5 interest-bearing loans to a borrower, if at the time of the 6 commitment to make the loan, the board of investments 7 determines:

- (1) That there exists an employment-generating plan 9 which:
 - (A) Is satisfactory to the board of investments;

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- 11 (B) Has been developed in consultation with other 12 appropriate state agencies, including, but not limited to, the 13 department of labor and the office of community and 14 industrial development:
- 15 (C) Focuses upon the need to increase the number of 16 jobs available in this state; and
 - (D) Can be carried out by the borrower;
- (2) That the loan is needed to assist the borrower to open 19 a new facility or expand an existing facility in this state, and 20 that, by meeting such need, employment will be increased 21 in the state;
- (3) That the borrower has submitted to the board of 23 investments a satisfactory operating plan for the 1985-1986 24 fiscal year and the next succeeding two fiscal years 25 demonstrating the ability of the borrower to generate 26 additional employment in this state in the furnishing of 27 goods and services, and after the thirty-first day of 28 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, to 29 continue to maintain such increased level of employment 30 without additional loans under the provisions of this article: 31
- (4) That the board of investments has received such 33 assurances as it shall require that the operating plan is realistic and feasible:
- (5) That the borrower has submitted to the board of 36 investments a satisfactory financing plan which meets the financial needs of the borrower as reflected in the operating plan for the period covered by such plan;
- (6) That the board of investments has received adequate assurances regarding the availability of all financing, both 40 public and private, contemplated by the financing plan and that such financing is adequate to meet the borrower's projected financial needs during the period covered by the financing plan;
 - (7) That none of the proceeds of a loan made under the

- 46 provisions of this article will be used to repay credit 47 extended or committed prior to the date the loan is made 48 under the provisions of this article; and
- 49 (8) That the financing plan submitted under subdivision 50 (5) of this section provides that expenditures under the 51 financing plan will reduce unemployment in this state.

§5C-2-14. Requirements of loan.

- 1 (a) A loan may be made under the provisions of this 2 article when such loan is based upon the criteria set forth in 3 section sixteen of this article. In addition, the terms of any 4 such loan shall provide that the loan is made upon the 5 following findings of the board of investments:
- 6 (1) That the prospective earning power of the borrower, 7 together with the character and value of any security 8 pledged, furnish reasonable assurance of repayment of the 9 loan in accordance with its terms;
- 10 (2) That the loan will bear interest at a rate determined 11 by the board of investments to be reasonable, taking into 12 account the current average yield on outstanding 13 investments of the board of investments of the pension 14 funds in the consolidated pension fund established under 15 the provisions of section eight, article six, chapter twelve of 16 this code;
- 17 (3) That the corporation has agreed for as long as unpaid 18 balances of principal and interest are outstanding on a loan 19 issued under this article:
- 20 (A) To have prepared and submitted on or before the 21 thirtieth day preceding each fiscal year beginning after the 22 thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 23 eighty-six, a revised operating plan and financial plan 24 which cover the two-year period commencing with such 25 fiscal year and which show compliance with the 26 requirements of section sixteen of this article; and
- 27 (B) To prepare and deliver to the board of investments 28 within one hundred twenty days following the close of each 29 fiscal year, an analysis reconciling the borrower's actual 30 performance in generating employment in this state with 31 the projected employment for such year as set forth in the 32 operating plan and the financial plan in effect at the start of 33 such fiscal year;
 - (b) The borrower has agreed to pay such loan fees as

- 35 may be prescribed by the board of investments from time to
- 36 time. The board of investments shall prescribe and collect
- 37 no less frequently than annually a loan fee in connection
- 38 with each loan made under the provisions of this article.
- 39 Such fee shall be sufficient to compensate the board of
- 40 investments for all of the administrative expenses of the
- 41 board of investments related to the loan, but in no case shall
- 42 such fee be less than one half of one percent per annum of
- 42 such fee be less than one half of one percent per annum of
- 43 the outstanding principal amount of the loan computed
- 44 daily. All amounts collected by the board of investments
- 45 pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the
- 46 state treasury as general revenue.

§5C-2-15. Limitations on loan authority.

- 1 (a) The authority of the board of investments to make
- 2 loans under the provisions of this article shall not at any
- 3 time exceed fifty million dollars in the aggregate principal
- 4 amount outstanding.

§5C-2-16. Terms and conditions of loans.

- (a) Loans made under the provisions of this article shall
 be payable in full not later than twenty years from the date
- 3 the loans are made.
- 4 (b) The board of investments shall require security for
- 5 the loans to be made under this article at the time the
- 6 commitment is made. Any commitment to make a loan
- 7 under the provisions of this article shall contain all of the
- 8 affirmative and negative covenants and other protective
- 9 provisions that the board of investments determines are
- 10 appropriate.

§5C-2-17. Enforcement of rights accruing to the state.

- 1 The board of investments shall take such action as may be
- 2 appropriate to enforce any right accruing to the state or any
- 3 officer or agency thereof as a result of the making of a loan
- 4 under the provisions of this article.

§5C-2-18. Tax credit for borrowers.

- 1 (a) There shall be allowed to every borrower under the 2 provisions of this article, as a credit against the business
- 3 and occupation tax imposed by article thirteen, chapter
- 4 eleven of this code, and as a credit against the corporation

5 net income tax imposed by article twenty-four of said

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- 6 chapter eleven, the amount determined under subsection 7 (b) of this section. The liability of such borrower for
- 8 business and occupation tax and corporation net income
- 9 tax for the taxable year shall be the tax imposed by said
- 10 chapter eleven for such taxes, reduced by the sum of the
- 11 credit allowable under subsection (b) of this section.
- 12 (b) The amount of credit allowed by subsection (a) for
- 13 the taxable year shall be equal to the amount of principal
- 14 and interest paid by the borrower during the taxable year
- 15 on a loan made under this article, subject to the limitations
- 16 set forth in subsection (c) of this section.
- 17 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, the
- 18 amount of the credit allowed by this section shall not exceed
- 19 the liability of the borrower for business and occupation tax
- 20 and corporation net income tax for the taxable year. The tax
- 21 credit granted under the provisions of this section shall not
- 22 extend beyond a period of five taxable years. The tax credit
- 23 granted under the provisions of this section shall be in
- 24 addition to the credits provided for in articles thirteen-c,
- 25 thirteen-d and thirteen-e, chapter eleven of this code. There
- 26 shall be no carryback of unused tax credit to taxable years
- 27 preceding the tax year, nor shall there be a carryover to
- 28 taxable years following the tax year.

§5C-2-19. Reports to the Legislature.

- The board of investments shall submit to the Legislature
- 2 annually a full report of its activities under this article
- 3 during fiscal years 1985-1986 and 1986-1987, and annually
- 4 thereafter so long as any loan guaranteed under this article
- 5 is outstanding. The report for 1987 shall include an
- 6 evaluation of the long-term employment implications of the
- 7 loan program created under the provisions of this article,
- 8 with findings, conclusions and recommendations for
- 9 legislative and administrative actions considered
- 10 appropriate to future loans under this article or under
- 11 similar loan programs which might be foreseen.

§5C-2-20. Termination.

- 1 The authority of the board of investments to make loans
- 2 under this article shall expire in accordance with the
- 3 provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code.

§5C-2-21. Inspection, audit and investigation.

- 1 (a) At any time a request for an application for a loan
- 2 under this article is pending or a loan under this article is
- 3 outstanding, the board of investments is authorized to
- 4 inspect and copy all accounts, books, records, memoranda,
- 5 correspondence, and other documents and transactions of
- 6 the borrower.
- 7 (b) The legislative auditor shall make such audits as 8 may be deemed appropriate by the President of the Senate
- 9 and the Speaker of the House of Delegates of all accounts,
- 10 books, records, memoranda, correspondence, and other
- 11 documents and transactions of the borrower. No loan may
- 12 be made under this article unless and until the borrower
- 13 agrees, in writing, to allow the legislative auditor to make
- 14 such audits. The legislative auditor shall report the results
- 15 of all such audits to the Legislature.
- 16 (c) The board of investments is empowered to
- 17 investigate and shall investigate all allegations of fraud,
- 18 dishonesty, incompetence, misconduct or irregularity in
- 19 the management of the affairs of the borrower which are
- 20 material to the borrower's ability to repay a loan made
- 21 under the provisions of this article.

CHAPTER 5D. PUBLIC ENERGY AUTHORITY ACT.

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC ENERGY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

- §5D-1-1. Short title.
- §5D-1-2. Purpose and intent.
- §5D-1-3. Definitions.
- §5D-1-4. West Virginia public energy authority created; West Virginia public energy board created; organization of authority and board; appointment of board members; term, compensation and expenses; director authority.
- §5D-1-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.
- §5D-1-6. Authority may construct, finance, maintain, etc., electric power generating projects and transmission facilities.
- §5D-1-7. Authority may construct, finance, maintain, etc., natural gas transmission projects and facilities.
- §5D-1-8. Annual report to governor and Legislature; audit.
- §5D-1-9. Expenses of authority.
- 85D-1-10. Use of funds by authority; restrictions.
- 85D-1-11 Investment of funds by authority.
- 85D-1-12. Maintenance, operation and repair of projects.

- §5D-1-13. Bonds lawful investments.
- §5D-1-14. Exemption from taxation.
- §5D-1-15. Acquisition of property by authority—acquisition by purchase; governmental agencies authorized to convey, etc., property.
- §5D-1-16. Authority not public utility and not subject to full jurisdiction of public service commission; authority subject to provisions concerning gas pipeline safety.
- §5D-1-17. Transportation of gas from natural gas transportation projects by gas utility pipelines as common carriers.
- §5D-1-18. Transportation fees and other revenues from natural gas transmission projects owned by the authority.
- §5D-1-19. Financial interest in contracts prohibited; penalty.
- §5D-1-20. Personal liability of members or persons acting on behalf of the authority.
- §5D-1-21. Meetings and records of authority to be kept public.
- §5D-1-22. Liberal construction of article.
- §5D-1-23. Severability.

§5D-1-1. Short title.

- 1 This chapter shall be known and cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Public Energy Authority Act."

§5D-1-2. Purpose and intent.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares:
- 2 (a) That the long-term health and economy of the 3 United States will depend upon the availability of reliable 4 sources of energy;
- 5 (b) That the state of West Virginia has abundant 6 reserves of coal, natural gas and other natural resources;
 - (c) That the economy of the state of West Virginia needs a reliable and dependable market for the state's coal,
- 9 natural gas and other natural resources;
- 10 (d) That, with all due regard to the protection and 11 environment and husbandry of the natural resources of this 12 state, the health, happiness, safety, right of gainful 13 employment and general welfare of the citizens of this state 14 will be promoted by the establishment and operation of coal
- 14 will be promoted by the establishment and operation of coal fired electric generating plants and the establishment and
- 16 operation of natural gas transmission projects and/or other
- 17 energy projects; and
- 18 (e) That the means and measures herein authorized for 19 the building and operation of the facilities described in 20 subsection (d) are, as a matter of public policy, for the
- 21 public purpose of the state.

Accordingly, the public energy authority created herein shall be authorized to initiate such directives and take such

shall be authorized to initiate such directives and take such

24 measures as may be necessary to effectuate the public 25 purpose of this chapter.

§5D-1-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:
- 3 (1) "Authority" means the West Virginia public energy 4 authority created in section four of this article, the duties, 5 powers, responsibilities and functions of which are 6 specified in this article.
- 7 (2) "Board" means the West Virginia public energy
 8 authority board created in section four of this article, which
 9 shall manage and control the West Virginia public energy
 10 authority.
- 11 (3) "Bond" means a revenue bond or note issued by the 12 West Virginia economic development authority to effect the 13 intents and purposes of this article.
- 14 (4) "Construction" includes construction, reconstruction,
 15 enlargement improvement and providing furnishings or
 16 equipment.
- "Cost" means, as applied to natural gas transmission 17 18 projects, electric power generating projects or other energy 19 projects authorized by the authority shall include, but not be 20 limited to: The cost of their acquisition and construction, 21 including all costs pertaining to pipelines; the cost of 22 acquisition of all land, rights-of-way, property rights, 23 easements, franchise rights, contract rights, lease rights 24 and other rights or interests required by the authority for 25 such acquisition and construction; the cost of demolishing 26 or removing any pipeline, buildings or structures on land so 27 acquired, including the cost of acquiring any lands to which 28 such pipelines, buildings or structures may be moved; the 29 cost of acquiring or constructing and equipping a principal 30 office and suboffices of the authority; the cost of diverting 31 highways, interchange of highways and access roads to 32 private property, including the cost of land or easements 33 therefor; the cost of all machinery, furnishings and 34 equipment, all financing charges, and interest prior to and 35 during construction and after completion of construction: 36 the cost of all engineering services and all expenses of

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37 research and development with respect to natural gas 38 transmission projects, electric power generating projects, 39 and related facilities; the cost of all legal services and 40 expenses; cost of all plans, specifications, surveys and 41 estimates of cost and revenues; all working capital and 42 other expenses necessary or incident to determining the 43 feasibility or practicability of acquiring or constructing any 44 such projects; all administrative expenses and such other 45 expenses as may be necessary or incident to the acquisition 46 or construction of any such projects; the financing of such 47 acquisition or construction, and the cost of financing of the 48 placing of any such project in operation. Any obligation or 49 expenses incurred after the effective date of this article by 50 any governmental agency, with the approval of the 51 authority, for surveys, borings, preparation of plans and 52 specifications and other engineering services in connection 53 with the acquisition or construction of a project shall be 54 regarded as a part of the cost of such project and shall be 55 reimbursed out of the proceeds of loans or revenue bonds as 56 authorized by the provisions of this article. 57

- (6) "End-user" means any person who consumes or uses 58 natural gas in connection with any industrial, commercial, 59 residential or other use, except that such term shall not 60 include any person purchasing such natural gas for resale to 61 another person. For purposes of this article, the term end-62 user shall include local distribution companies and 63 intrastate pipelines as defined in article three, chapter 64 twenty-four of this code.
- (7) "Governmental agency" means the state 66 government or any agency, department, division or unit 67 thereof; counties; municipalities; public service districts; 68 regional governmental authorities and any other 69 governmental agency, entity, political subdivision, public 70 corporation or agency; the United States government or any 71 agency, department, division or unit thereof; and any 72 agency, commission or authority established pursuant to an 73 interstate compact or agreement.
- (8) "Local distribution company" means any person, 75 other than any interstate pipeline or any intrastate pipeline, 76 engaged in transportation or local distribution of natural gas and the sale of natural gas for ultimate consumption. 77
 - (9) "Owner" includes all persons having any title or

79 interest in any property rights, easements and interests 80 authorized to be acquired by this article.

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- (10) "Person" means any public or private corporation, 82 institution, association, firm or company organized or 83 existing under the laws of this or any other state or country: 84 the United States or the state of West Virginia; any federal 85 or state governmental agency; political subdivision; county 86 commission; municipality; industry; public service district; 87 partnership; trust; estate; person or individual; and group 88 of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group 89 or any other legal entity whatever.
- (11) "Pipeline" or "pipelines" means any actual lines of 91 pipe for the transmission and distribution of natural gas 92 together with all appurtenances, facilities, structures, 93 equipment, machinery and other items related to the 94 transmission and distribution of gas through lines of pipe.
- 95 (12) "Natural gas transmission project" means any 96 natural gas pipeline and all facilities necessary or incident 97 to the transportation of natural gas to or for the benefit of 98 industrial or other end-users in West Virginia, the 99 acquisition or construction of which is financed in whole or 100 in part by the West Virginia public energy authority or the 101 acquisition or construction of which is financed in whole or 102 in part from funds made available by grant, loan or any 103 other source by, or through, the authority as provided in 104 this article, including facilities, the acquisition or 105 construction of which is authorized in whole or in part by 106 the West Virginia public energy authority or the acquisition 107 or construction of which is financed in whole or in part from 108 funds made available by grant, loan or any other source by, 109 or through, the authority as provided in this article, including all pipelines, buildings and facilities which the 110 authority deems necessary for the operation of the project, 111 together with all property, rights, easements and interests 112 113 which may be required for the operation of the project.
- (13) "Electric power generating project" means the 114 complex of structures, machinery and associated 115 equipment for the generation and transmission of 116 electricity produced from coal, and all facilities related or 117 incidental thereto. 118
- "Revenue" means any money or thing of value 119 120 collected by, or paid to, the West Virginia public energy

121 authority as rates, user fees, service charges or other

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- charge for the electric power produced by, or for the use of.
- or in connection with, any electric power generating 123
- project; or as rent, use, transportation or service fee or 124
- charge for use of, or in connection with, any natural gas 125
- 126 transmission project; or other money or property from any
- source which is received and may be expended for or
- pledged as revenues pursuant to this article. 128

§5D-1-4. West Virginia public energy authority created; West Virginia public energy board created; organization of authority and board; appointment of board members; term, compensation and expenses; director authority.

There is hereby created the West Virginia public energy

2 authority. The authority is a governmental instrumentality

3 of the state and a body corporate. The exercise by the

4 authority of the powers conferred by this article and the 5 carrying out of its purposes and duties shall be deemed and

6 held to be, and are hereby determined to be essential

governmental functions and for a public purpose.

The authority shall be controlled, managed and operated 8 9 by a nine member board known as the West Virginia public 10 energy authority board which is hereby created. The nine 11 members of the board shall be appointed by the governor, 12 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Two 13 members shall be appointed to serve a term of two years; 14 two members shall be appointed to serve a term of three 15 years; two members shall be appointed to serve a term of 16 four years; two members shall be appointed to serve a term 17 of five years; and one member shall be appointed to serve a 18 term of six years. The successor of each such appointed 19 member shall be appointed for a term of five years, except 20 that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was 21 appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of 22 23 such term. Each board member shall serve until the appoint-24 ment of his successor. No more than five of the board members shall at any one time belong to the same political party. No more than four members of the board shall be employed 26

by or associated with any industry this authority is

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28 empowered to effect. Board members may be reappointed 29 to serve additional terms.

30 All members of the board shall be citizens of the state. 31 Before entering upon his duties, each member of the board shall comply with the requirements of article one, chapter 33 six of this code and give bond in the sum of twenty-five 34 thousand dollars in the manner provided in article two, 35 chapter six of this code. The governor may remove any 36 board member for cause as provided in article six, chapter 37 six of this code.

38 Annually the board shall elect one of its members as 39 chairman and another as vice chairman, and shall appoint a 40 secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member of the board. Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of the majority of members present at any meeting shall be necessary for any action taken by 43 44 vote of the board. No vacancy in the membership of the 45 board shall impair the rights of a quorum by such vote to 46 exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the 47 board and the authority. The person appointed as 48 secretary-treasurer, including a board member if he is so 49 appointed, shall give bond in the sum of fifty thousand 50 dollars in the manner provided in article two, chapter six of 51 this code.

Each member of the board shall receive an annual salary 53 of six thousand dollars, payable in monthly installments. 54 Each member of the board shall be reimbursed for all 55 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the 56 performance of his duty as a member of such board. All such expenses incurred by the board shall be payable solely from funds of the authority or from funds appropriated for such purpose by the Legislature and no liability or obligation shall be incurred by the authority beyond the extent to 61 which moneys are available from funds of the authority or 62 from such appropriations.

There shall also be a director of the authority appointed 64 by the board, who shall be responsible for managing and 65 administering the daily functions of the authority and for performing any and all other functions necessary or helpful to the effective functioning of the authority, together with all other functions and powers as may be delegated to him by the board.

§5D-1-5. Powers, duties and responsibilities of authority generally.

1 The West Virginia public energy authority is hereby 2 granted, has and may exercise all powers necessary or 3 appropriate to carry out and effectuate its corporate 4 purpose. The authority shall have the power and capacity 5 to:

- 6 (1) Adopt, and from time to time, amend and repeal 7 bylaws necessary and proper for the regulation of its affairs 8 and the conduct of its business and rules and regulations to 9 implement and make effective its powers and duties, such 10 rules and regulations to be promulgated in accordance with 11 the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (2) Adopt and use an official seal and alter the same at 12 13 pleasure.

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- (3) Maintain a principal office and, if necessary, 15 regional suboffices at locations properly designated or 16 provided.
- (4) Sue and be sued in its own name and plead and be 17 18 impleaded in its own name, and particularly to enforce the 19 obligations and covenants made under this article. Any 20 actions against the authority shall be brought in the circuit 21 court of Kanawha County.
- (5) Apply to the economic development authority for the issuance of bonds payable solely from revenues as provided in article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code: Provided, 24 That the economic development authority shall not issue any such bonds except by an act of general law: Provided, however, That the powers of eminent domain or condemnation provided for in this section shall not be exercised 28 until such time as the bonds provided for in this subdivision have been approved by an act of general law and issued by the economic development authority.
- (6) Acquire by gift or purchase, hold and dispose of real 32 and personal property in the exercise of its powers and the 33 performance of its duties as set forth in this article. 34
- (7) Acquire in the name of the state, by purchase or 35 36 otherwise, on such terms and in such manner as it deems proper, or by the exercise of the right of eminent domain in 38 the manner provided in chapter fifty-four of this code, such 39 real property or parts thereof or rights therein, rights-of-

40 way, property, rights, easements and interests it deems 41 necessary for carrying out the provisions of this article, and 42 compensation shall be paid for public or private lands so 43 taken.

The term "real property" as used in this article is defined 44 45 to include lands, structures, franchises and interests in 46 land, including lands under water and riparian rights, and 47 any and all other things and rights usually included within 48 the said term, and includes also any and all interests in such 49 property less than full title, such as easements, rights-of-50 way, uses, leases, licenses and all other incorporeal 51 hereditaments and every estate, interest or right, legal or 52 equitable, including terms for years and liens thereon by 53 way of judgments, mortgages or otherwise, and also all 54 claims for damages for such real estate.

(8) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements 56 and execute all instruments necessary or incidental to the 57 performance of its duties and the execution of its powers.

- 58 (9) Employ managers, superintendents and other 59 employees, and retain or contract with consulting 60 engineers, financial consultants, accounting experts, 61 architects, attorneys, and such other consultants and 62 independent contractors as are necessary in its judgment to 63 carry out the provisions of this article, and fix the 64 compensation or fees thereof. All expenses thereof shall be 65 payable solely from the proceeds of revenue bonds or notes 66 issued by the economic development authority, from 67 revenues and from funds appropriated for such purpose by 68 the Legislature.
- (10) Receive and accept from any federal agency, or any 69 70 other source, grants for or in aid of the construction of any 71 project or for research and development with respect to 72 electric power generating projects, natural gas 73 transmission projects or other energy projects, and receive 74 and accept aid or contribution from any source of money, 75 property, labor or other things of value to be held, used and 76 applied only for the purpose for which such grants and 77 contributions are made.
- (11) Purchase property coverage and liability insurance 78 79 for any electric power generating project or natural gas 80 transmission project or other energy project and for the 81 principal office and suboffices of the authority, insurance

- 82 protecting the authority and its officers and employees 83 against liability, if any, for damage to property or injury to 84 or death of persons arising from its operations and any 85 other insurance which may be provided for under a 86 resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds or in any trust 87 agreement securing the same.
- 88 (12) Charge, alter and collect transportation fees and 89 other charges for the use or services of any natural gas 90 transmission project as provided in this article.
- 91 (13) Charge and collect fees or other charges from any 92 energy project undertaken as a result of this article.
- 93 (14) Charge reasonable fees in connection with the 94 making and providing of electric power and the sale thereof 95 to corporations, states, municipalities or other entities in 96 the furtherance of the purposes of this article.
- 97 (15) Purchase and sell electricity in and out of the state 98 of West Virginia.
- 99 (16) Enter into wheeling contracts for the transmission 100 of electric power over another party's lines.
- 101 (17) Make and enter into the construction of a facility and 102 joint ownership with another utility, and the provisions of 103 this article shall not constrain the authority from 104 participating as a joint partner therein.
 - (18) Make and enter into joint ownership agreements.
- 106 (19) Establish or increase reserves from moneys 107 received or to be received by the authority to secure or to 108 pay the principal of and interest on the bonds and notes 109 issued by the economic development authority pursuant to 110 the provisions of article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this 111 code.
- 112 (20) Broker the purchase of natural gas for resale to 113 end-users: *Provided*, That whenever there are local 114 distribution company pipelines already in place the 115 authority shall arrange to transport the gas through such 116 pipelines at the rates approved by the public service 117 commission of West Virginia.
- 118 (21) Engage in market research, feasibility studies, 119 commercial research, and other studies and research 120 pertaining to electric power generating projects and 121 natural gas transmission projects or any other functions of 122 the authority pursuant to this article.
- 123 (22) Enter upon any lands, waters and premises in the

state for the purpose of making surveys and examinations as it may deem necessary or convenient for the purpose of this article, and such entry shall not be deemed a trespass, nor shall an entry for such purposes be deemed an entry under any condemnation proceedings which may be then pending, and the authority shall make reimbursement for any actual damages resulting to such lands, waters and premises as a result of such activities.

- (23) Participate in any reorganization proceeding 132 133 pending pursuant to the United States Code (being the act 134 of Congress establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy 135 throughout the United States, as amended) or any 136 receivership proceeding in a state or federal court for the ·137 reorganization or liquidation of a responsible buyer or 138 responsible tenant. The authority may file its claim against 139 any such responsible buyer or responsible tenant in any of 140 the foregoing proceedings, vote upon any question pending 141 therein, which requires the approval of the creditors 142 participating in any reorganization proceeding or 143 receivership, exchange any evidence of such indebtedness 144 for any property, security or evidence of indebtedness 145 offered as a part of the reorganization of such responsible 146 buyer or responsible tenant or of any entity formed to 147 acquire the assets thereof and may compromise or reduce 148 the amount of any indebtedness owing to it as a part of any 149 such reorganization.
- 150 (24) Make or enter into management contracts with a 151 second party or parties to operate any electric power 152 generating project or any gas transmission project and 153 associated facilities, or other related energy project, either 154 during construction or permanent operation.
- 155 (25) Do all acts necessary and proper to carry out the 156 powers expressly granted to the authority in this article.
- 157 (26) Nothing herein shall be construed to permit the 158 transportation of gas produced outside of this state through 159 a natural gas transmission project.

§5D-1-6. Authority may construct, finance, maintain, etc., electric power generating projects and transmission facilities.

1 To accomplish the public policies and purposes and to

2 meet the responsibility of the state as set forth in this 3 article, the West Virginia public energy authority may 4 initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate 5 electric power generating projects and transmission 6 facilities, and may request the issuance of revenue bonds by 7 the economic development authority, payable solely from 8 revenues, to pay the cost or finance in whole or in part such 9 projects: Provided, That the economic development 10 authority shall not be authorized to issue any such bonds 11 except by an act of general law, as provided in article 12 fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code. An electric power 13 generating project shall not be undertaken unless it has 14 been determined by the authority that the project will be 15 consistent with the purposes set out in this article. Any 16 resolution providing for acquiring or constructing such 17 projects shall include a finding by the authority that such 18 determinations have been made.

19 The authority is authorized and directed:

- 20 (1) To cooperate with the appropriate agencies and 21 officials of the United States government to the end that 22 any electric power generating project shall be so planned 23 and constructed as to be adaptable to the plans of the 24 United States.
- 25 (2) To apply to the appropriate agencies and officials of the United States government including the federal power commission for such licenses, permits or approval of its plans or projects as it may deem necessary or advisable, and in its discretion and upon such terms and conditions as it may deem appropriate, to accept such licenses, permits or approvals as may be tendered to it by such agencies or officials and such federal or other public or governmental assistance as is now or may hereafter become available to it; and to enter into contracts with such agencies or officials relating to the construction or operation of any project authorized by this article.
- 37 (3) To proceed with the physical construction or 38 completion of any project authorized by this article, 39 including the erection of the necessary power houses and 40 other facilities, instrumentalities and things necessary or 41 convenient to that end, and including also the erection of 42 such transmission lines as may be necessary to conduct the 43 electricity; and including also the acquisition or

- 44 construction of transmission lines or the use of such
- 45 transmission lines, available or which may be made
- 46 available, to conduct electricity to such point or points at
- 47 which the electricity is sold by the authority to any person,
- 48 corporation or association, public or private.
- 49 (4) To cooperate with and, when the board deems it 50 feasible and advisable, to enter into contractual arrangements with utility companies.
- 52 (5) To purchase, when available, coal produced in this
 53 state as the fuel source for all electric power generating
 54 projects.

§5D-1-7. Authority may construct, finance, maintain, etc., natural gas transmission projects and facilities.

1 To accomplish the public policies and purposes and to

2 meet the responsibility of the state as set forth in this

3 article, the West Virginia public energy authority may

4 initiate, acquire, construct, reconstruct, enlarge, maintain,

5 repair, improve, furnish, equip, lease or rent, and operate

6 natural gas transmission projects at such locations or areas

7 within the state as may be determined by the authority:

8 Provided, That at least thirty days prior to exercising any

9 such power, the authority shall provide written notice to

10 any local natural gas distribution company or to any

11 company that transports natural gas in intrastate or

12 interstate commerce, which would experience a direct loss

13 of sales to an end-user presently served by such company as

14 a result of such natural gas transmission project. For

15 purposes of this article, notice shall be given either by

16 personal delivery thereof to the affected company to be so

17 notified, or by depositing such notice in the United States

18 mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to such

19 affected company.

§5D-1-8. Annual report to governor and Legislature; audit.

- 1 The authority shall make an annual report, as soon as
- 2 possible after the close of each fiscal year, of its activities
- 3 for the preceding fiscal year to the governor and the
- 4 Legislature. Each such report shall set forth a complete
- 5 operating and financial statement covering the authority's
- 6 operations during the preceding fiscal year. The authority
- 7 shall cause an audit of its books and accounts to be made at

- 8 least once each fiscal year by certified public accountants
- 9 and the cost thereof may be treated as a part of the cost of
- 10 construction or of operations of its projects.

§5D-1-9. Expenses of authority.

- 1 All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of
- 2 this article shall be payable solely from funds provided
- 3 under authority of this article. Such article does not
- 4 authorize the authority to incur indebtedness or liability on
- 5 behalf of or payable by the state.

§5D-1-10. Use of funds by authority; restrictions.

- 1 All moneys, properties and assets acquired by the
- 2 authority, bonds or as revenues or otherwise, shall be held
- 3 by it in trust for the purposes of carrying out its powers and
- 4 duties, and shall be used and reused in accordance with the
- 5 purposes and provisions of this article. Such moneys shall
- 6 at no time be commingled with other public funds.

§5D-1-11. Investment of funds by authority.

- 1 The authority is hereby authorized and empowered to
- 2 invest any funds not needed for immediate disbursement in
- 3 any of the following securities:
- 4 (1) (i) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by
- 5 the United States of America; (ii) evidences of ownership of
 6 a proportionate interest in specified direct obligations of, or
- 7 specific obligations the timely payment of the principal of
- 8 and the interest on which are unconditionally and fully
- 9 guaranteed by, the United States of America, which
- 10 obligations are held by a bank or trust company organized
- 11 and existing under the law of the United States of America
- 12 or any state thereof in the capacity of custodian and (iii)
- 13 obligations, the sole source of the payment of the principal
- 14 of and interest on which are obligations of the nature of
- 15 those described in clause (i), which are irrevocably pledged
- 16 for such purpose;
- 17 (2) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of
- 18 indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks
- 19 for cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks; federal
- 20 home loan bank system; Export-Import Bank of the United
- 21 States; federal land banks; the Federal National Mortgage

22 Association or the Government National Mortgage 23 Association:

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- (3) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or 25 municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both 26 principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions 27 under an annual contributions contract or contracts with 28 the United States of America; or temporary notes issued by 29 public agencies or municipalities or preliminary loan notes 30 issued by public agencies or municipalities, in each case, 31 fully secured as to the payment of both principal and 32 interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the 33 United States of America:
- (4) Certificates of deposit secured by obligations of the 34 35 United States of America;
- (5) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by 37 the state of West Virginia;
- (6) Direct and general obligations of any other state 38 39 within the territorial United States, to the payment of the 40 principal of and interest on which the full faith and credit of 41 such state is pledged: Provided, That at the time of their 42 purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two 43 highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bondrating agency; 44 45
- (7) Any fixed interest bond, note or debenture of any 46 corporations organized and operating within the United States: Provided, That such corporation shall have a 47 48 minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on 49 one or more of the national stock exchanges: Provided, 50 51 however, That (i) such corporation has earned a profit in eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as reflected in its 52 53 statements, and (ii) such corporation has not defaulted in the payment of principal or interest on any of its 54 outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten 55 56 fiscal years, and (iii) the bonds, notes or debentures of such corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the 57 equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent 58 thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating 59 services such as Standard and Poor's, Dun & Bradstreet or 60 Moody's; and 61
- (8) Such other investments which at the time of the acquisition thereof shall be listed as permissible 63

- 64 investments of trusted funds in an official statement,
- 65 offering circular or prospectus with respect to indebtedness
- 66 which is rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's not less
- 67 than the highest rating assigned by such agencies to any
- 68 series of bonds.

§5D-1-12. Maintenance, operation and repair of projects.

- Each electric power generating project, each natural gas
- 2 transmission project or other energy project, when
- 3 constructed and placed in operation, shall be maintained
- 4 and kept in good condition and repair by the authority.
- 5 Each such project owned by the authority shall be operated
- 6 by such operating employees as the authority employs or
- 7 pursuant to a contract or lease with a governmental agency
- 8 or person. All public or private property damaged or
- 9 destroyed in carrying out the provisions of this article and
- 10 in the exercise of the powers granted hereunder with regard
- 11 to any project shall be restored or repaired and placed in its
- 12 original condition, as nearly as practicable, or adequate
- 13 compensation made therefor out of funds provided in
- 14 accordance with the provisions of this article.

§5D-1-13. Bonds lawful investments.

- The provisions of sections nine and ten, article six,
- 2 chapter twelve of this code to the contrary notwithstanding,
- 3 all revenue bonds issued for the purposes of this article shall
- 4 be lawful investments for the West Virginia state board of
- 5 investments and shall also be lawful investments for
- 6 banking institutions, societies for savings, building and
- 7 loan associations, savings and loan associations, deposit
- 8 guarantee associations, trust companies, insurance
- 9 companies, including domestic for life and domestic not for
- 10 life insurance companies.

§5D-1-14. Exemption from taxation.

- The exercise of the powers granted to the authority by
- 2 this article will be in all respects for the benefit of the people
- 3 of the state, for the improvement of their health, safety,
- 4 convenience and welfare and for the enhancement of their
- 5 residential, agricultural, recreational, economic,
- 6 commercial and industrial opportunities and is a public

- 7 purpose. As the operation and maintenance of natural gas
- 8 transmission projects and electric power generating
- 9 projects and other energy projects will constitute the
- 10 performance of essential governmental functions, the
- 11 authority shall not be required to pay any taxes or
- 12 assessments upon any such project or upon any property
- 13 acquired or used by the authority or upon the income
- 14 therefrom. Such bonds and notes and all interest and income
- 15 thereon shall be exempt from all taxation by this state, or
- 16 any county, municipality, political subdivision or agency
- 17 thereof, except inheritance taxes.

§5D-1-15. Acquisition of property by authority — acquisition by purchase; governmental agencies authorized to convey, etc., property.

- 1 The authority may acquire by purchase, whenever it
- 2 deems such purchase expedient, any land, property, rights,
- 3 rights-of-way, franchises, easements, leases and other
- 4 interests in lands it deems necessary or convenient for the
- 5 construction and operation of any natural gas transmission
- 6 project, any electric power generating project, or other
- 7 energy project, upon such terms and at such prices it
- 8 considers reasonable and can be agreed upon between the
- 9 authority and the owner thereof, and take title thereto in
- 10 the name of the state.
- 11 All governmental agencies, notwithstanding any
- 12 contrary provision of law, may lease, lend, grant or convey
- 13 to the authority, at its request, upon such terms as the
- 14 proper authorities of such governmental agencies deem
- 15 reasonable and fair and without the necessity for an
- 16 advertisement, auction, order of court or other action or 17 formality, other than the regular and formal action of the
- 18 governmental agency concerned, any real property or
- 19 interest therein, including improvements thereto or
- 20 personal property which is necessary or convenient to the
- 21 effectuation of the authorized purposes of the authority,
- 22 including public roads and other real property or interests
- 23 therein, including improvements thereto or personal
- 24 property already devoted to public use.

§5D-1-16. Authority not public utility and not subject to full jurisdiction of public service commission; authority subject to provisions concerning gas pipeline safety.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this article to the 1 2 contrary, and specifically notwithstanding any activities of 3 the authority which shall constitute a public service, the 4 authority shall not be considered or deemed a public utility 5 in any respect for purposes of chapter twenty-four of this 6 code, and neither the authority, nor any of its activities or 7 the activities of its agents or employees, nor any project 8 constructed, maintained or operated by the authority, nor 9 any other matters pertaining to the authority, shall be 10 subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission 11 of West Virginia, either with respect to the powers of said 12 public service commission generally, or with respect to its 13 power over rates, or otherwise: Provided, That the 14 authority and all natural gas transmission projects which it

15 constructs, maintains or operates shall nevertheless be

16 subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-four-b of this

17 code concerning gas pipeline safety.

§5D-1-17. Transportation of gas from natural gas transportation projects by gas utility pipelines as common carriers.

In conjunction with any natural gas transportation project, and for any other purpose in order to effectuate the

3 policies and intent of this article, the authority may petition

4 the public service commission, pursuant to section three-a,

5 article three, chapter twenty-four of this code, to authorize

6 and require the transportation of natural gas for the

authority or for any end-user or other person doing business

8 with the authority, by intrastate pipelines with unused or 9 excess capacity not needed to meet its contractual

10 obligations, by interstate pipelines with unused or excess

11 capacity not needed to meet interstate commerce demands,

12 or by local distribution companies.

§5D-1-18. Transportation fees and other revenues from natural gas transmission projects owned by the authority.

This section shall apply to any natural gas transmission 1 2 project or projects which are owned by the authority. The

- 3 authority may charge, alter and collect transportation fees
- 4 or other charges for the use or services of any natural gas
- 5 transmission project, and fix the terms, conditions,
- 6 transportation fees or other charges for such use or services.
- 7 Such transportation fees or other charges shall not be
- 8 subject to supervision or regulation by any other authority,
- 9 department, commission, board, bureau or agency of the
- 10 state, including specifically the public service commission.

§5D-1-19. Financial interest in contracts prohibited; penalty.

- 1 No officer, member or employee of the authority shall be
- 2 financially interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract 3 of any person with the authority, or in the sale of any
- 4 property, real or personal, to or from the authority. This
- 5 section does not apply to contracts or purchases of property,
- 6 real or personal, between the authority and any
- 7 governmental agency. If any officer, member or employee of
- 8 the authority has such financial interest in a contract or sale
- 9 of property prohibited hereby, he shall be guilty of a
- 10 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined
- 11 not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the
- 12 county jail not more than one year, or both fined and
- 13 imprisoned.

§5D-1-20. Personal liability of members or persons acting on behalf of the authority.

- (a) No director or any person acting on behalf of the 1
- 2 authority executing any contracts, comments or 3 agreements issued pursuant to this article shall be liable
- 4 personally upon such contracts, comments or agreements or
- 5 be subject to any personal liability or accountability by
- 6 reason thereof; and
- (b) No director or any person acting on behalf of the 8 authority shall be personally liable for damage or injury
- 9 resulting from the performance of his duties hereunder.

85D-1-21. Meetings and records of authority to be kept public.

- All meetings of the authority shall be open to the public 1
- 2 and the records of the authority shall be open to public
- 3 inspection at all reasonable times, except as otherwise
- 4 provided in this section. All final actions of the authority
- 5 shall be journalized and such journal shall also be open to

- 6 the inspection of the public at all reasonable times. Any
- 7 records or information relating to secret processes or secret
- 8 methods of manufacture or production which may be
- 9 obtained by the authority or other persons acting under
- 10 authority of this article are confidential and shall not be
- 11 disclosed.

§5D-1-22. Liberal construction of article.

- 1 The provisions of this article are hereby declared to be
- 2 remedial and shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
- 3 purposes and intents.

§5D-1-23. Severability.

- 1 If any section, part, provision, subsection, subpart,
- 2 subdivision, paragraph or subparagraph of this article or
- 3 the application thereof to any person or circumstance is
- 4 held unconstitutional or invalid, such unconstitutionality
- 5 or invalidity shall not affect any other section, part,
- 6 provision, subsection, subpart, subdivision, paragraph or
- 7 subparagraph of this article or its application or validity,
- 8 and to this end the provisions of this article are declared to
- 9 be severable.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 1A. LINKED DEPOSIT PROGRAM.

- §12-1A-1. Definitions.
- §12-1A-2. Legislative findings.
- §12-1A-3. Limitations on investment in linked deposits.
- §12-1A-4. Applications for loan priority; loan package.
- §12-1A-5. Acceptance or rejection of loan package; deposit agreement.
- §12-1A-6. Rate of loan; certification and monitoring of compliance; reports.
- §12-1A-7. Liability of state and treasurer.

§12-1A-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Eligible small business" means any business which 2 employs two hundred or less employees or has gross annual
- 3 receipts of four million dollars or less.
- 4 (b) "Eligible lending institution" means a financial
- 5 institution that is eligible to make commercial loans, is a
- 6 public depository of state funds and agrees to participate in
- 7 the linked deposit program.
- 8 (c) "Linked deposit" means a certificate of deposit

- 9 placed by the state treasurer with an eligible lending
- 10 institution at up to three percent below current market
- 11 rates, as determined and calculated by the state treasurer,
- 12 provided the institution agrees to lend the value of such
- 13 deposit, according to the deposit agreement provided for by
- 14 this article, to eligible small businesses at three percent
- 15 below the present borrowing rate applicable to each
- 16 specific business at the time of the deposit of state funds in
- 17 the institution.

§12-1A-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds that many small businesses
- 2 throughout the state are experiencing economic stagnation
- 3 or decline, that high interest rates have caused small
- 4 businesses in this state to suffer disproportionately in
- 5 profitability and competition and that such high interest
- 6 rates have fostered a serious increase in unemployment. The
- 7 linked deposit program provided for by this article is
- 8 intended to provide a statewide availability of lower cost
- 9 funds for lending purposes that will materially contribute
- 10 to the economic revitalization of this state. Accordingly, it
- 11 is declared to be the public policy of the state through the
- 12 linked deposit program to create an availability of lower-
- 13 cost funds to inject needed capital into the business
- 14 community, sustain or improve business profitability and
- 15 protect the jobs of citizens of this state.

§12-1A-3. Limitations on investment in linked deposits.

- 1 The state treasurer may invest in linked deposits,
- 2 provided that at the time of placement of the linked deposit
- 3 not more than ten percent of the state's total investment
- 4 portfolio is so invested. The total amount so deposited at
- 5 any one time shall not exceed, in the aggregate, one hundred
- 6 million dollars.

§12-1A-4. Applications for loan priority; loan package.

- 1 (a) An eligible lending institution that desires to receive
- 2 a linked deposit shall accept and review applications for
- ${\bf 3}\ \ loans\,from\,eligible\,small\,businesses.\,The\,lending\,institution$
- 4 shall apply all usual lending standards to determine the
- 5 creditworthiness of each eligible small business.
- 6 (b) An eligible small business shall certify on its loan

- 7 application that the reduced rate loan will be used 8 exclusively to create new jobs or preserve existing jobs and 9 employment opportunities. Whoever knowingly makes a 10 false statement concerning such application shall be 11 prohibited from entering into the linked deposit loan 12 program.
- 13 (c) In considering which eligible small businesses 14 should receive reduced rate loans, the eligible lending 15 institution shall give priority to the economic needs of the 16 area in which the business is located and the number of jobs 17 to be created or preserved by the receipt of such loan.
- (d) The eligible financial institution shall forward to the state treasurer a linked deposit loan package, in the form and manner as prescribed by the state treasurer. The package shall include such information as required by the state treasurer, including the amount of the loan requested and the number of jobs to be created or sustained by each eligible small business. The institution shall certify that each applicant is an eligible small business, and shall, for each business, certify the present borrowing rate applicable to each specific eligible business.

§12-1A-5. Acceptance or rejection of loan package; deposit agreement.

- 1 (a) The state treasurer may accept or reject a linked 2 deposit loan package or any portion thereof, based on the 3 ratio of state funds to be deposited to jobs sustained or 4 created.
- 5 (b) Upon acceptance of the linked deposit loan package 6 or any portion thereof, the state treasurer may place 7 certificates of deposit with the eligible lending institution 8 at three percent below current market rates, as determined 9 and calculated by the state treasurer. When necessary, the 10 treasurer may place certificates of deposit prior to 11 acceptance of a linked deposit loan package.
- 12 (c) The eligible lending institution shall enter into a
 13 deposit agreement with the state treasurer, which shall
 14 include requirements necessary to carry out the purposes of
 15 this article. Such requirements shall reflect the market
 16 conditions prevailing in the eligible lending institution's
 17 lending area. The agreement may include a specification of

- 18 the period of time in which the lending institution is to lend
- 19 funds upon the placement of a linked deposit and shall
- 20 include provisions for the certificates of deposit to be
- 21 placed for up to two-year maturities that may be renewed
- 22 for up to an additional two years. Interest shall be paid at
- 23 the times determined by the state treasurer.

§12-1A-6. Rate of loan; certification and monitoring of compliance; reports.

- (a) Upon the placement of a linked deposit with an
- 2 eligible lending institution, such institution is required to 3 lend such funds to each approved eligible small business
- 4 listed in the linked deposit loan package required in
- 5 subsection (d), section four of this article, and in accordance
- 6 with the deposit agreement required by subsection (c),
- 7 section five of this article. The loan shall be at three percent
- 8 below the present borrowing rate applicable to each
- 9 business. A certification of compliance with this section in
- 10 the form and manner as prescribed by the state treasurer
- 11 shall be required of the eligible lending institution.
- (b) The state treasurer shall take any and all steps 12
- 13 necessary to implement the linked deposit program and
- 14 monitor compliance of eligible lending institutions and
- 15 eligible small businesses. The state treasurer and the
- 16 industrial development authority shall notify each other at
- 17 least quarterly of the names of the businesses receiving
- 18 financial assistance from their respective programs.
- By the first day of January, April, July and October of 19
- 20 each year, the treasurer shall report on the linked deposit
- 21 program for the preceding calendar quarter to the governor
- 22 and to the joint committee on government and finance. The 23 reports shall set forth the linked deposits made by the state
- 24 treasurer under the program during the quarter and shall
- 25 include information regarding the nature, terms and
- 26 amounts of the loans upon which the linked deposits were
- 27 based and the eligible small business to which the loans
- 28 were made.

§12-1A-7. Liability of state and treasurer.

- The state and the state treasurer are not liable to any
- 2 eligible lending institution in any manner for payment of
- 3 the principal or interest on the loan to an eligible small

- 4 business. Any delay in payment or default on the part of an
- 5 eligible small business does not in any manner affect the
- 6 deposit agreement between the eligible lending institution
- 7 and the state treasurer.

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

ARTICLE 1A. DIVISION OF FORESTRY.

- §19-1A-1. Legislative findings.
- §19-1A-2. Legislative purposes.
- §19-1A-3. Division of forestry; division director; duties, powers, lands, records, equipment, appropriations and personnel transferred; creation of a special revenue account.
- §19-1A-4. Additional duties of the director of the division of forestry generally.
- §19-1A-5. Forestry commission; qualifications and appointment of director, powers and duties generally; appointment of director by governor.

§19-1A-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds that West Virginia has extensive
- 2 forest resources and their continued development and
- 3 expansion is vital to the economic well-being of the state
- 4 and its people.
- 5 The Legislature also finds that the production potential
- 6 of the state's forest resources remains far greater than the
- 7 present demand.
- 8 The Legislature further finds that the promotion of
- 9 existing forest products industries and the promotion of 10 new forest products industries would benefit the state in
- 11 terms of employment and additional revenue to the state.
- 12 The Legislature further finds and declares that, to
- 13 increase employment and boost the state's economy, the
- 14 limits to the development of the potential of West Virginia
- 15 forest resources must be reduced through an intensive
- 16 campaign aimed at making new contacts, developing new
- 17 and existing markets and increasing public awareness of
- 18 the advantages of the forest resources in West Virginia.
- 19 The Legislature further finds that the state forests are an
- 20 important resource for silvicultural and scientific research;
- 21 developed and undeveloped outdoor recreation;
- 22 propagation of forest trees, fish and wildlife; wildlife and
- 23 fisheries management; aesthetic preservation; hunting and
- 24 fishing; timber production; and demonstration of state-of-
- 25 the-art forestry management and therefor should be
- 26 managed on a multiple-use basis.

§19-1A-2. Legislative purposes.

The purposes of this article are to provide for promoting West Virginia products; promoting new forest products industries; developing existing forest products industries; promoting coordination of all state forests resources; advising the governor and Legislature on all aspects of forestry, the management of state forests for conservation and preservation of wildlife, fish, forest species, natural areas, aesthetic and scenic values and to provide developed and undeveloped outdoor recreational opportunities, and hunting and fishing for the citizens of this state and its visitors.

§19-1A-3. Division of forestry; division director; duties, powers, lands, records, equipment, appropriations and personnel transferred; creation of a special revenue account.

The division of forestry which existed within the 1 2 department of natural resources pursuant to article three, 3 chapter twenty of this code is hereby abolished. And, except 4 as otherwise provided in this article, all powers and duties 5 previously exercised by the director of natural resources 6 under subsection thirteen, section seven, article one and article three, chapter twenty of this code, except those 8 powers and duties relating solely to wildlife areas as 9 described in section three, article three, chapter twenty of 10 this code are hereby transferred to the division of forestry 11 herein created in the department of agriculture. All books, 12 papers, maps, charts, plans, literature and other records, 13 equipment, personnel, buildings, structures, other tangible 14 properties and assets and appropriations used by or 15 assigned to the division shall be transferred with the 16 program. However, nothing in this article shall be 17 construed as to transfer the legal title to any real property 18 possessed by the department of natural resources prior to 19 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 20 eighty-five. The division of forestry of the department of 21 agriculture shall have within its jurisdiction and 22 supervision the state forests, other forests and woodland 23 areas, the protection of forest areas from injury and damage 24 by fire, disease, insects and other pestilences and forces the

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25 management of forest areas for natural resources, 26 conservation and undeveloped recreational activities, 27 administration of the southeastern interstate forest fire 28 protection compact and other compacts and agreements 29 relating to forest management and husbandry, and the 30 administration and enforcement of laws relating to the 31 conservation, development, protection, use and enjoyment 32 of all forest land areas of the state consistent with the 33 provisions of this chapter. All moneys collected from the 34 sale of timber realized through management of the state-35 owned forests and the sale of seedlings from the tree 36 nurseries shall be paid into the state treasury and into a 37 special account therein to be subsequently appropriated to 38 the department of agriculture for the administration of this 39 article.

The chief of the division shall be designated state forester 41 and shall be responsible for the execution and 42 administration of the provisions of this article as an integral part of the natural resources program of the state. In 44 addition to meeting merit system or civil service 45 qualifications and requirements, the state forester shall be 46 a graduate of an accredited school of forestry with practical 47 experience and training in forestry field organization and 48 programs. All other personnel shall be transferred with the 49 current merit or civil service ratings they now hold under 50 the civil service system.

The state forester shall study means and methods of 52 implementing the provisions of section fifty-three, article 53 six of the Constitution of West Virginia, relating to forest 54 lands, and shall prepare and recommend to the 55 commissioner legislation thereon.

The commissioner of the department of agriculture shall 57 meet with the state forester and the director of the 58 department of natural resources prior to the first day of 59 June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to facilitate 60 the orderly transfer of the forestry division, books, papers, 61 maps, charts, plans, literature, records, equipment, 62 buildings, structures and other tangible properties and 63 assets. The director of the department of natural resources 64 shall cooperate fully to ensure that present forestry 65 operations and programs are not discontinued prior to the 66 transfer which shall be the first day of July, one thousand

nine hundred eighty-five. The director of the department of natural resources and the commissioner shall work out a 68 69 pro rata agreement for continuation of the present 70 occupancy of any buildings transferred that are occupied by department of natural resources personnel, other than 71 72 personnel of the forestry division and for any buildings that are not transferred, but which are partially occupied by 73 personnel of the forestry division. 74

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The state forester shall immediately after the transfer of 76 the division of forestry establish a system to divide the 77 forests being transferred to the department of agriculture 78 for management from the cabins, lodges and improved 79 recreational facilities which shall remain with the parks 80 division of the department of commerce.

In establishing the division lines, the commissioner and 81 82 the state forester shall cooperate fully to ensure that management of improved property essential to the parks 84 division is not transferred

85 In the event of disagreement over the placement of a 86 division line or dual occupancy of a building, the disposition shall be decided by the Legislature's joint 87 88 committee on government and finance at a regularly 89 scheduled meeting. The transfer of management shall 90 include a transfer of all appurtenances, equipment, products, 91 inventories and forest facilities.

All personnel employed in the division of forestry within 93 the department of natural resources and whose 94 employment is being transferred to the department of 95 agriculture shall retain their coverage under the civil 96 service commission and civil service system, and all matters 97 relating to job classification, job tenure, salary and 98 conditions of employment shall remain in force and effect 99 from and after the effective date of this article.

The chief of the division of forestry in the department of 100 101 natural resources on the effective date of transfer to the 102 department of agriculture shall continue as, and thereafter 103 be designated as, the state forester and retain civil service 104 system coverage with such duties and responsibilities as 105 may be assigned by the director.

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§19-1A-4. Additional duties of the director of the division of forestry generally.

1 The division director shall encourage and assist in the 2 location of new and expansion of existing wood products 3 business and industry; stimulate and assist in the expansion 4 of the forest industry; cooperate and act in conjunction with 5 other organizations, public or private, the objects of which 6 are the promotion and advancement of the wood products 7 industry in this state. The division shall arrange for or 8 conduct research in forest utilization and the marketing of 9 forest products, affecting the industrial and commercial 10 development of the state; shall correlate and interchange 11 information and disseminate the results of such research; 12 and shall, to the extent considered necessary, provide for or 13 conduct additional research projects or pilot plant 14 demonstrations of research results by cooperating with all appropriate existing educational, public and industrial 15 16 institutions or agencies of the state.

The division director may exercise all powers necessary 18 or appropriate to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this section, including the following powers, in addition to others herein granted:

- To cooperate with industrial development agencies 21 in their efforts to promote the expansion of forest resources; 22 and 23
- To pursue research and education related to forest 24 25 resources and their multiple use, including conservation, 26 management and utilization, evaluation of forest land use 27 and the maintenance of the rural environment; the 28 manufacture and marketing of forest products, the 29 protection of recreation and aesthetic values, and the organization of technical advisory committees to assist in all or any other of these or any aspect of forestry. 31

The director shall study ways and shall advise the governor and the Legislature on all aspects of what is 33 34 needed to:

- (1) Improve the business climate for forest industries 35 and the general awareness of forestry potential; 36
- (2) Develop a strong state forestry agency; 37
- Improve forest resources data: 38

- 39 (4) Improve the transportation system for wood40 products; and
- 41 (5) Improve forestry knowledge and practices of private 42 landowners.
- 43 (c) To accept and use gifts, donations or contributions 44 from individuals, associations, corporations and to acquire 45 by gift, lease or purchase real estate for purposes within the 46 powers and duties of the division.
- 47 (d) To promulgate rules and regulations, subject to the 48 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for the 49 management of state forests and to implement the programs 50 and policies of this article.

§19-1A-5. Forestry commission; qualifications and appointment of director; powers and duties generally; appointment of director by governor.

There is hereby created in the division of forestry in the 1 department of agriculture a forestry commission composed 3 of three members who are the commissioner of agriculture, the commissioner of commerce and the director of the department of natural resources. The commissioner of agriculture shall be the chairman of the commission. No business shall be transacted by the commission in the absence of a quorum which consists of two members 9 including the chairman. The forestry commission shall hold 10 meetings quarterly or at the call of the chairman. The 11 commission shall appoint the director of the division of 12 forestry. In the event that the commission cannot agree upon the appointment of a director within sixty days of any 13 vacancy therein, the appointment shall be made by the 14 governor within sixty days thereafter, but with the advice 15 and consent of the Senate, in either event. The salary of the 16 director shall be forty-five thousand dollars a year. The 17 director shall be a graduate of a school of forestry accredited 18 by the Society of American Foresters or have a minimum 19 of ten years experience in forest management and shall serve 20 at the will and pleasure of the forestry commission. The 21 commission serves as an advisory board for the director and 22 shall approve the division budget before it is submitted to the department of finance and administration by the department. 25

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CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

Article.

- 1. Organization and Administration.
- 7. Law Enforcement, Procedures and Penalties; Motorboating.

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION.

§20-1-9. Fiscal management.

§20-1-14. Divisions within department.

§20-1-9. Fiscal management.

- Subject to any controlling rules and regulations of the
- 2 department of finance and administration relating to state
- 3 fiscal management policies and practices, the director shall
- 4 establish in the department an adequate budget, finance
- 5 and accounting system which will currently and accurately
- 6 reflect the fiscal operations and conditions of the
- 7 department at all times. The department's accounting and
- 8 auditing services shall be on a fiscal-year basis.
- 9 The director shall select and designate a competent and
- $10 \quad qualified \ person \ as \ department \ fiscal \ of ficer \ who, under \ the$
- 11 supervision of the director, shall be responsible for all
- 12 budget, finance and accounting services of the department.
- 13 All moneys received by the department shall be recorded
- 14 and shall be paid as special revenue to the department of
- 15 natural resources, as provided in subdivision (i), section
- 16 two, article two, chapter twelve of this code, except in cases
- 17 wherein certain receipts of the department are by specific
- 18 provisions of this chapter required to be paid into some
- 19 special fund or funds.

§20-1-14. Divisions within department.

- 1 Divisions of game and fish, of forestry, of water resources,
- 2 of law enforcement and of reclamation are hereby created
- 3 and established within the department. Subject to
- 4 provisions of law, the director shall allocate the functions
- 5 and services of the department to the divisions, offices and
- 6 activities thereof and may from time to time establish and
- 7 abolish other divisions, offices and activities within the
- 8 department in order to carry out fully and in an orderly
- 9 manner the powers, duties and responsibilities of his office
- 10 as director. The director shall select and designate a

- 11 competent and qualified person to be chief of each division.
- 12 The chief shall be the principal administrative officer of his
- 13 division and shall be accountable and responsible for the
- 14 orderly and efficient performance of the duties, functions
- 15 and services thereof.

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENALTIES; MOTORBOATING.

PART I. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENALTIES.

§20-7-1. Chief conservation officer; conservation officers; special and emergency conservation officers; subsistence allowance; expenses.

The department's law-enforcement policies, practices

and programs shall be under the immediate supervision and

3 direction of the department law-enforcement officer

selected by the director and designated as chief

conservation officer as provided in article one hereof.

Under the supervision of the director, the chief 6 conservation officer shall organize, develop and maintain

law-enforcement practices, means and methods geared,

9 timed and adjustable to seasonal, emergency and other

10 needs and requirements of the department's comprehensive

11 natural resources program. All department personnel

12 detailed and assigned to law-enforcement duties and

13 services hereunder shall be known and designated as

14 conservation officers and shall be under the immediate

15 supervision and direction of the chief conservation officer.

16 All such conservation officers shall be trained, equipped

and conditioned for duty and services wherever and 17

whenever required by department law-enforcement needs. 18 The chief conservation officer, acting under supervision 19

of the director, is authorized to select and appoint 20 emergency conservation officers for a limited period of time 21 for effective enforcement of the provisions of this chapter

when considered necessary because of emergency or other 23

unusual circumstances. The emergency conservation

officers shall be selected from qualified civil service 25

26 personnel of the department, except in emergency 27 situations and circumstances when the director may

designate such officers, without regard to such

28 requirements and qualifications, to meet law-enforcement

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30 needs. Emergency conservation officers shall exercise all 31 powers and duties prescribed in section four of this article 32 for full-time salaried conservation officers except the 33 provisions of subdivision (8).

The chief conservation officer, acting under supervision 34 of the director, is also authorized to select and appoint as 35 special conservation officers any full-time civil service employee who is assigned to, and has direct responsibility 37 for management of, an area owned, leased or under the 38 control of the department and who has satisfactorily 39 completed a course of training established and 40 41 administered by the chief conservation officer, when such action is deemed necessary because of law-enforcement 42 needs. The powers and duties of a special conservation 43 officer, appointed under this provision, shall be the same 44 within his assigned area as prescribed for full-time salaried 45 conservation officers. The jurisdiction of such person 46 appointed as a special conservation officer, under this 47 provision, shall be limited to the department area or areas 48 to which he is assigned and directly manages. 49

The chief conservation officer, acting under supervision of the director, is also authorized to appoint as special conservation officers any full-time civil service forest fire control personnel who have satisfactorily completed a course of training established and administered by the chief conservation officer. The jurisdiction of forest fire control personnel appointed as special conservation officers shall be limited to the enforcement of the provisions of article three of this chapter.

The chief conservation officer, with the approval of the director, shall have the power and authority to revoke any such appointment of an emergency conservation officer or of a special conservation officer at any time.

Conservation officers shall be subject to seasonal or other assignment and detail to duty whenever and wherever required by the functions, services and needs of the department.

The chief conservation officer shall designate the area of primary residence of each conservation officer, including himself. Since the area of business activity of the department is actually anywhere within the territorial

- 71 confines of the state of West Virginia, actual expenses
- 72 incurred shall be paid whenever the duties are performed
- 73 outside the area of primary assignment and still within the
- 74 state.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

- §31-15-6. General powers of authority.
- §31-15-7b. Loans for construction of electrical power generating facilities, natural gas transmission lines, coal processing plants, other energy projects; and export development, farm development, job development, forest development and projects.
- §31-15-7c. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-b.
- §31-15-7d. Trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; relating to bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7e. Use of funds by authority; restrictions thereon; relating to projects under section seven-b of this article.
- §31-15-7f. Security for bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7g. Enforcement of payment and validity of bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7h. Pledges; time; liens; recordation; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7i. Refunding bonds; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7j. Purchase and cancellation of notes or bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7k. Vested rights; impairment; bonds issued pursuant to section sevenc of this article.
- §31-15-7m. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article not debt of state, county, municipality or any political subdivision; exceptions; expenses incurred pursuant to article.
- §31-15-7n. Negotiability of bonds and notes issued pursuant to section sevenc of this article.
- §31-15-70. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article; legal investments.
- §31-15-7p. Exemption from taxation; bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7q. Personal liability; persons executing bonds or notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-7r. Cumulative authority as to powers conferred; applicability of other statutes and charters; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.
- §31-15-9. Equipment loans.
- 831-15-21. Authorized limit on borrowing.

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

§31-15-6. General powers of authority.

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1 The authority, as a public corporation and governmental 2 instrumentality exercising public powers of the state, shall 3 have and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate 4 to carry out the purposes of this article, including the 5 power:

- 6 (a) To cooperate with industrial development agencies 7 in efforts to promote the expansion of industrial, 8 commercial, manufacturing and tourist activity in this 9 state.
- (b) To determine, upon the proper application of an 10 11 industrial development agency, whether the declared 12 public purposes of this article have been or will be 13 accomplished by the establishment by such agency of an 14 industrial development project in this state.
- (c) To conduct examinations and investigations and to 15 16 hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirmation, at public or private hearings, on any matter relevant to this article and necessary for information on the establishment 18 of any industrial development project. 19
- (d) To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of 20 witnesses and the production of books and papers relevant 21 to any hearing before such authority or one or more 23 members appointed by it to conduct any hearing.
- (e) To apply to the circuit court having venue of such 25 offense to have punished for contempt any witness who 26 refuses to obey a subpoena, to be sworn or affirmed or to 27 testify or who commits any contempt after being summoned to appear.
- (f) To authorize any member of the authority to conduct 29 30 hearings, administer oaths, take affidavits and issue 31 subpoenas.
- To make, upon proper application of any industrial 32 33 development agency, loans to such agency for industrial 34 development projects, industrial subdivision projects and 35 industrial subdivision project improvements and to provide for the repayment and redeposit of such loans in the manner 36 provided in this article.

- 38 (h) To sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and 39 complain and defend in any court.
 - To adopt, use and alter at will a corporate seal.
- To make bylaws for the management and regulation 41 (i) 42 of its affairs.

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- To appoint officers, agents, employees and servants.
- To make contracts of every kind and nature to 45 execute all instruments necessary or convenient for carrying on its business. 46
- (m) Without in any way limiting any other subdivision of this section, to accept grants from and enter into contracts and other transactions with any federal agency. 49
- (n) To take title by foreclosure to any industrial 51 development project or any industrial subdivision project 52 where acquisition is necessary to protect any loan 53 previously made by the authority and to sell, transfer and 54 convey such project to any responsible buyer. In the event 55 such sale, transfer and conveyance cannot be effected with 56 reasonable promptness, the authority may, in order to 57 minimize financial losses and sustain employment, lease 58 the project to a responsible tenant. The authority shall not 59 lease an industrial development project or industrial 60 subdivision project, except under the conditions and for the 61 purposes cited in this section.
- 62 (o) To participate in any reorganization proceeding 63 pending pursuant to the United States Code (being the act 64 of Congress establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy 65 throughout the United States, as amended) or in any 66 receivership proceeding in a state or federal court for the 67 reorganization or liquidation of a responsible buyer or 68 responsible tenant. The authority may file its claim against 69 any such responsible buyer or responsible tenant in any of 70 the foregoing proceedings, vote upon any question pending 71 therein which requires the approval of the creditors 72 participating in any reorganization proceeding or 73 receivership, exchange any evidence of such indebtedness 74 for any property, security or evidence of indebtedness 75 offered as a part of the reorganization of such responsible 76 buyer or responsible tenant or of any other entity formed to acquire the assets thereof and may compromise or reduce 78 the amount of any indebtedness owing to it as a part of any 79 such reorganization.

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80 (p) To borrow money and to issue its negotiable bonds, 81 security interests or notes and to provide for and secure the payment thereof, and to provide for the rights of the holders thereof, and to purchase, hold and dispose of any of its 83 84 bonds, security interests or notes.

- (q) To sell, at public or private sale, any bond or other 86 negotiable instrument, security interests or obligation of the authority in such manner and upon such terms as the authority deems would best serve the purposes of this article
 - (r) To issue its bonds, security interests and notes payable solely from the revenues or funds available to the authority therefor; and the authority may issue its bonds, security interests or notes in such principal amounts as it shall deem necessary to provide funds for any purposes under this article, including:
- (i) The making of loans to approved industrial develop-96 97 ment agencies.
- (ii) The payment, funding or refunding of the principal 99 of, interest on, or redemption premiums on, any bonds, security interests or notes issued by it whether the bonds, 100 security interests, notes or interest to be funded or refunded 101 102 have or have not become due.
- (iii) The establishment or increase of reserves to secure 104 or to pay bonds, security interests, notes or the interest 105 thereon and all other costs or expenses of the authority 106 incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its 107 corporate purposes and powers. Any bonds, security 108 interests or notes may be additionally secured by a pledge of any revenues, funds, assets or moneys of the authority from 109 any source whatsoever. 110
- (s) To issue renewal notes, or security interests, to issue 111 bonds to pay notes or security interests and, whenever it 112 deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the 113 issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded 115 have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of 116 issuance of the notes renewed and no such refunding bonds 117 118 shall be issued to mature more than twenty-five years from 119 the date of issuance.
- (t) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes, 120 121 security interests or refunding bonds to the purchase,

122 redemption or payment of the notes, security interests or 123 bonds to be refunded.

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- (u) To accept gifts or grants of property, funds, security 125 interests, money, materials, labor, supplies or services from 126 the United States of America or from any governmental 127 unit or any person, firm or corporation, and to carry out the 128 terms or provisions of, or make agreements with respect to, 129 or pledge, any gifts or grants, and to do any and all things 130 necessary, useful, desirable or convenient in connection 131 with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of gifts or 132 grants.
- 133 (v) To the extent permitted under its contracts with the 134 holders of bonds, security interests or notes of the authority, 135 to consent to any modification of the rate of interest, time of 136 payment of any installment of principal or interest, security 137 or any other term of any bond, security interest, note or 138 contract or agreement of any kind to which the authority is 139 a party.
- 140 (w) To sell security interests in the loan portfolio of the 141 authority. Such security interests shall be evidenced by 142 instruments issued by the authority. Proceeds from the sale 143 of security interests may be issued in the same manner and 144 for the same purposes as bond and note revenues.
- To procure insurance against any losses in 146 connection with its property, operations or assets in such 147 amounts and from such insurers as the authority deems 148 desirable.
- (y) To take and hold security interests for equipment 150 loans as prescribed in this article.
- 151 (z) To make, upon proper application, loans for the purposes and under the conditions provided in this article, 152 153 for electrical power generating facilities, natural gas 154 transmission lines, coal processing plants, other energy 155 projects, export development, farm development, job 156 development, forest development, and for automobile assistance corporation projects, and the industrial and 158 trade jobs development corporation projects, and to provide for the repayment and redeposit of such loans in the 159 160 manner provided in this article: Provided, That no bonds shall be issued for the constructing of electrical power 161 162 generating facilities, natural gas transmission lines or other 163 energy projects unless the same shall be specifically

164 provided for by an act of general law, after public notice 165 and public hearing.

166 (aa) To take title by foreclosure to any project, plant, 167 property or equipment where acquisition is necessary to 168 protect any loan previously made by the authority and to 169 sell, transfer and convey such project, plant, property or 170 equipment to any responsible buyer. In the event such sale, 171 transfer and conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable 172 promptness, the authority may, in order to minimize 173 financial losses and sustain employment, lease a project to a 174 responsible tenant.

175 (bb) To borrow money for its purpose and issue bonds or 176 notes for the money and provide for the rights of the holders 177 of the bonds or notes, and to secure the bonds or notes by a 178 deed of trust on, or an assignment or pledge of, any or all of 179 its property and property of the project, including any part 180 of the security for the project loans, and the authority may 181 issue its bonds and notes in such principal amounts as it 182 shall deem necessary to provide funds for any purposes 183 under this article, including the making of loans for the 184 purposes set forth in subsection (z) of this section.

§31-15-7b. Loans for construction of electrical power generating facilities, natural gas transmission lines, coal processing plants, other energy projects; and export development, farm development, job development, forest development projects.

- 1 (a) At the request of the governor or the appropriate 2 state agency or authority, the authority may lend money to 3 such office, agency or authority for the acquisition, 4 construction, improvement or alteration of projects for 5 electrical power generating facilities, natural gas 6 transmission lines, coal processing plants and other energy 7 projects.
- 8 (b) At the request of the department of commerce or the 9 office of community and industrial development, the 10 authority may lend money to any person or entity for the 11 acquisition, construction, improvement or alteration of any 12 project relative to export development, farm development, 13 job development and forest development.
- 14 (c) At the request of the West Virginia automobile 15 assistance corporation, the authority may lend money to

16 any person or entity for the acquisition, construction,17 improvement or alteration of any project relative thereto.

- 18 (d) At the request of the West Virginia industrial and 19 trade jobs development corporation, the authority may lend 20 money to any person or entity for the acquisition, 21 construction, improvement or alteration of any project 22 relative thereto.
- 23 (e) A loan shall not be made unless the authority is 24 reasonably satisfied that the project will produce revenues sufficient, together with any other revenues pledged, to 26 meet the principal and interest on the loan, other costs, expenses and charges in connection with the loan and other 28 charges or obligations of the project which may be prior or equal to the loan, promptly as they become due; that the 30 project is otherwise soundly financed; that the loan 31 application requirements of section eight of this article 32 have been satisfied; that the project will be owned and 33 operated by the state of West Virginia. A loan made 34 pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed the project 35 costs as determined by the authority. A loan shall be 36 secured in the manner required by the authority, shall be repaid in a period and bear interest at a rate as determined 37 38 by the authority, which interest rate may be decreased or 39 increased so that it shall in no event be less than the rate 40 paid by the authority on notes, renewal notes or bonds 41 issued to fund the loan, and shall have such terms and 42 conditions as are required by the authority, all which shall 43 be set forth in a loan agreement and related documents as 44 required by the authority.

§31-15-7c. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-b.

The following provisions apply to loans made pursuant to
section seven-b of this article:

3 (a) The authority periodically may issue its negotiable
4 bonds and notes in a principal amount which, in the opinion
5 of the authority, shall be necessary to provide sufficient
6 funds for the making of loans provided for in section seven7 b of this article, including temporary loans during the
8 construction of such projects, for the payment of interest on
9 bonds and notes of the authority during construction of
10 such projects and for a reasonable time thereafter and for

the establishment of reserves to secure those bonds and 12 notes.

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- (b) No bonds shall be issued for any projects for an 14 electrical power generating facility, a natural gas transmission line or other energy project unless the same shall be specifically provided for by an act of general law.
 - (c) The authority periodically may issue renewal notes. may issue bonds to pay notes and, if it considers refunding expedient, to refund or to refund in advance, bonds or notes issued by the authority by the issuance of new bonds.
 - (d) Except as may otherwise be expressly provided by the authority, every issue of its notes or bonds shall be special obligations of the authority, payable solely from the property, revenues or other sources of or available to the authority pledged therefor.
- (e) The bonds and the notes shall be authorized by 26 resolution of the authority, shall bear such date and shall 27 mature at such time or times, as such resolution may provide. The bonds and notes shall bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon or registered, carry such registration privileges, be 31 payable in such medium of payment and at such place or 32 places and be subject to such terms of redemption as the 34 authority may authorize. The bonds and notes of the 35 authority may be sold by the authority, at public or private 36 sale, at or not less than the price the authority determines. 37 The bonds and notes shall be executed by the chairman and 38 vice chairman of the board, both of whom may use facsimile 39 signatures. The official seal of the authority or a facsimile 40 thereof shall be affixed to or printed on each bond and note and attested, manually or by facsimile signature, by the 42 secretary-treasurer of the board, and any coupons attached 43 to any bond or note shall bear the signature or facsimile 44 signature of the chairman of the board. In case any officer 45 whose signature, or a facsimile of whose signature, appears 46 on any bonds, notes or coupons ceases to be such officer 47 before delivery of such bonds or notes, such signature or 48 facsimile is nevertheless sufficient for all purposes the same 49 as if he had remained in office until such delivery; and, in 50 case the seal of the authority has been changed after a 51 facsimile has been imprinted on such bonds or notes, such 52 facsimile seal will continue to be sufficient for all purposes.

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A resolution authorizing bonds or notes or an issue of 54 bonds or notes under this article may contain provisions, which shall be a part of the contract with the holders of the 56 bonds or notes, as to any or all of the following:

- (1) Pledging and creating a lien on all or any part of the 58 fees and charges made or received or to be received by the authority, all or any part of the moneys received in payment of project loans and interest on project loans and all or any part of other moneys received or to be received, to secure the 62 payment of the bonds or notes or of any issue of bonds or 63 notes, subject to those agreements with bondholders or 64 noteholders which then exist:
- (2) Pledging and creating a lien on all or any part of the 66 assets of the authority, including notes, deeds of trust and obligations securing the assets, to secure the payment of the 68 bonds or notes or of any issue of bonds or notes, subject to those agreements with bondholders or noteholders which 70 then exist;
- (3) Pledging and creating a lien on any loan, grant or 72 contribution to be received from the federal, state or local government or other source:
 - (4) The use and disposition of the income from project loans owned by the authority and payment of the principal of and interest on project loans owned by the authority;
 - (5) The setting aside of reserves or sinking funds and the regulation and disposition thereof;
- (6) Limitations on the purpose to which the proceeds of 80 sale of bonds or notes may be applied and pledging the 81 proceeds to secure the payment of the bonds or notes or of any issue of the bonds or notes;
- (7) Limitations on the issuance of additional bonds or 84 notes and the terms upon which additional bonds or notes may be issued and secured;
- (8) The procedure by which the terms of a contract with the bondholders or noteholders may be amended or 88 abrogated, the amount of bonds or notes the holders of which must consent thereto and the manner in which the 89 90 consent may be given; and
- (9) Vesting in a trustee or trustees the property, rights, 91 92 powers, remedies and duties which the authority considers necessary or convenient. 93

§31-15-7d. Trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; relating to bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

For bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of section 2 seven-c of this article, in the discretion of the authority, any 3 bonds, including refunding bonds or notes issued by the 4 authority, may be secured by a trust agreement between the 5 authority and a corporate trustee, which trustee may be any 6 trust company within or without the state. Any such trust 7 agreement may contain provisions as set forth in section 8 seven-c of this article with respect to resolution. All 9 expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of any 10 trust agreement may be treated as a part of the costs of the 11 operation of the project loan program provided for 12 hereunder. Any such trust agreement, indenture or 13 resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds or notes may 14 provide the method whereby the general administrative 15 overhead expenses of the authority shall be allocated 16 among the several projects for which project loans have 17 been made.

§31-15-7e. Use of funds by authority; restrictions thereon; relating to projects under section seven-b of this article.

1 For projects described in and loans made pursuant to 2 section seven-b of this article, and bonds and notes issued 3 pursuant to section seven-c thereof:

All moneys, properties and assets acquired by the authority, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds or notes or as revenues or otherwise, shall be held by it in trust for the purposes of carrying out its powers and duties and shall be used and reused in accordance with the purposes and provisions of this article. Such moneys shall at no time be commingled with other public funds. Such moneys, except as otherwise provided in any resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds or notes or in any trust agreement securing the same, or except when invested pursuant to this article, shall be kept in appropriate depositories and secured as provided and required by law. The resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes of any issue or the trust agreement securing such bonds or notes shall

- 18 provide that any officer to whom, or any banking
- 19 institution or trust company to which, such moneys are
- 20 paid, shall act as trustee of such moneys and hold and apply
- 21 them for the purposes hereof, subject to the conditions this
- 22 article and such resolution or trust agreement provide.

§31-15-7f. Security for bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

1 A resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds or notes

2 under section seven-c of this article may provide that the

3 principal of and interest on the bonds or notes issued shall

4 be secured by a lien on any or all of the fees and charges

5 made or received, or to be received, by the authority from

6 the project in connection with the project loan, on any or all

7 of the money received in payment of the project loan and

8 interest thereon, on any or all of investment earnings or

9 profits on any of these sources or on any or all of the security

10 held for that payment, and on other funds or assets of the

11 authority or of any other agency, person or entity pledged

12 for such purpose.

§31-15-7g. Enforcement of payment and validity of bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

1 For bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of 2 this article:

(a) The provisions of this article and any resolution, 3

4 indenture, deed of trust or security agreement shall 5 continue in effect until the principal of and interest on the

6 bonds or notes of the authority have been fully paid, and the

7 duties of the authority under this article and any resolution,

8 indenture, deed of trust or security agreement shall be 9 enforceable by any bondholder or noteholder by

10 mandamus, trustee's sale under the deed of trust or other

11 appropriate action in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) The resolution authorizing the bonds or notes shall 12

13 provide that such bonds or notes shall contain a recital that

14 they are issued pursuant to this article, which recital shall

15 be conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity

16 of their issuance.

§31-15-7h. Pledges; time; liens; recordation; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

For bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article, any pledge made by the authority shall be valid and binding from the time the pledge is made. The money or property so pledged and thereafter received by the authority shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act. The lien of any such pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort,

9 contract or otherwise against the authority, irrespective of

10 whether such parties have notice thereof.

§31-15-7i. Refunding bonds; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

Any bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of section 2 seven-c of this article and at any time outstanding may at 3 any time and from time to time be refunded by the authority 4 by the issuance of its refunding bonds in such amount as it 5 may deem necessary to refund the principal of the bonds so 6 to be refunded, together with any unpaid interest thereon; 7 to provide additional funds for the purposes of the 8 authority; and to pay any premiums and commissions 9 necessary to be paid in connection therewith. Any such 10 refunding may be effected whether the bonds to be 11 refunded shall have then matured or shall thereafter 12 mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the 13 application of the proceeds thereof for the redemption of 14 the bonds to be refunded thereby or by exchange of the 15 refunding bonds for the bonds to be refunded thereby: 16 Provided. That the holders of any bonds so to be refunded 17 shall not be compelled without their consent to surrender 18 their bonds for payment or exchange prior to the date on 19 which they are payable or, if they are called for redemption, 20 prior to the date on which they are by their terms subject to 21 redemption. Any refunding bonds issued under the 22 authority of this article shall be payable from the revenues 23 out of which the bonds to be refunded thereby were 24 payable, from other moneys or from the principal of and 25 interest on or other investment yield from investments or 26 proceeds of bonds or other applicable funds and moneys,

- 27 including investments of proceeds of any refunding bonds,
- 28 shall be subject to the provisions contained in section
- 29 seven-c of this article and shall be secured in accordance
- 30 with the provisions of sections seven-c and seven-d of this
- 31 article

§31-15-7j. Purchase and cancellation of notes or bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

- For bonds and notes issued pursuant to the provisions of 2 section seven-c of this article:
- The authority, subject to such agreements with
- 4 noteholders or bondholders as may then exist, shall have
- 5 power, out of any funds available therefor, to purchase
- 6 bonds, including refunding bonds, or notes of the authority.
- If the bonds or notes are then redeemable, the price of
- 8 such purchase shall not exceed the redemption price then
- 9 applicable plus accrued interest to the next interest
- 10 payment date thereon. If the bonds or notes are not then
- 11 redeemable, the price of such purchase shall not exceed the
- 12 redemption price applicable on the first date after such
- 13 purchase upon which the bonds or notes become subject to
- 14 redemptions plus accrued interest to such date. Upon such
- 15 purchase, such bonds or notes shall be cancelled.

§31-15-7k. Vested rights; impairment; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

- The state pledges and agrees with the holders of any 1
- 2 bonds or notes issued under the provisions of section seven-
- 3 c of this article that the state will not limit or alter the rights
- 4 vested in the authority to fulfill the terms of any agreements 5 made with the holders thereof, or in any way impair the
- 6 rights and remedies of the holders until the bonds or notes,
- 7 together with the interest thereon, and all costs and
- 8 expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or 9 on behalf of such holders, are fully met and discharged. The
- 10 authority is authorized to include this pledge and
- 11 agreement of the state in any agreement with the holders of
- 12 such bonds or notes.

§31-15-7m. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article not debt of state, county, municipality or any political subdivision; exceptions; expenses incurred pursuant to article.

Bonds, including refunding bonds, and notes issued 1 2 under the authority of section seven-c of this article and any 3 coupons in connection therewith shall not constitute a debt 4 or a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of this 5 state or of any county, municipality or any other political 6 subdivision of this state, and the holders and owners thereof 7 shall have no right to have taxes levied by the Legislature or 8 the taxing authority of any county, municipality or any 9 other political subdivision of this state for the payment of 10 the principal thereof or interest thereon, but such bonds and notes shall be payable solely from the revenues and 12 funds pledged for their payment as authorized by this 13 article unless the notes are issued in anticipation of the 14 issuance of bonds or the bonds are refunded by refunding 15 bonds issued under the authority of this article, which 16 bonds or refunding bonds shall be payable solely from 17 revenues and funds pledged for their payment as authorized by this article. All such bonds and notes shall contain on the 18 face thereof a statement to the effect that the bonds or notes 19 as to both principal and interest, are not debts of the state or any county, municipality or political subdivision thereof, 21 but are payable solely from revenues and funds pledged for 22 their payment. 23 24

Such bonds and notes shall be the debts of any state agency, office or authority specifically agreeing thereto.

All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this article shall be payable solely from funds provided under the authority of this article. Such article does not authorize the authority to incur indebtedness or liability on behalf of or payable by the state or any county, municipality or any other political subdivision thereof.

31 or any other political subdivision thereof.

§31-15-7n. Negotiability of bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

- 1 Whether or not the bonds or notes issued pursuant to the
- 2 provisions of section seven-c of this article are of such form
- 3 or character as to be negotiable instruments under the

- 4 Uniform Commercial Code, such bonds or notes are
- 5 negotiable instruments within the meaning of and for all
- 6 the purposes of the Uniform Commercial Code, subject only
- 7 to the provisions of the bonds or notes for registration.

§31-15-70. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article; legal investments.

The provisions of sections nine and ten, article six, 1 2 chapter twelve of this code to the contrary notwithstanding, 3 the bonds and notes issued pursuant to the provisions of 4 section seven-c of this article are securities in which all 5 public officers and bodies of this state, including the West 6 Virginia state board of investments, all municipalities and 7 other political subdivisions of this state, all insurance 8 companies and associations and other persons carrying on 9 an insurance business, including domestic for life and 10 domestic not for life insurance companies, all banks, trust 11 companies, societies for savings, building and loan 12 associations, savings and loan associations, deposit 13 guarantee associations and investment companies, all 14 administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other 15 fiduciaries and all other persons whatsoever who are 16 authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the 17 state may properly and legally invest funds, including 18 capital, in their control or belonging to them.

§31-15-7p. Exemption from taxation; bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of section seven-c of this article.

The exercise of the powers granted to the authority by this article will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of the state for the improvement of their health, safety, convenience and welfare and is a public purpose. As the operation and maintenance of projects described in section seven-b of this article will constitute the performance of essential governmental functions, the authority shall not be required to pay any taxes or assessments upon any property acquired or used by the authority or upon the income therefrom. All bonds and notes of the authority, and all interest and income thereon, shall be exempt from all taxation by this state and any county, municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof, except inheritance taxes.

- 15 All bonds and notes of the authority issued pursuant to
- 16 the provisions of section seven-c of this article, and all
- 17 interest and income thereon, shall be exempt from all
- 18 taxation by this state and any county, municipality,
- 19 political subdivision or agency thereof, except inheritance
- 20 taxes.

§31-15-7q. Personal liability; persons executing bonds or notes issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

- Neither the members or officers of the authority or of any
- 2 authority agency or office, nor any person executing the
- 3 bonds or notes issued pursuant to the provisions of section
- 4 seven-c of this article, shall be liable personally on such
- 5 bonds or notes or be subject to any personal liability or
- 6 accountability by reason of the insurance thereof.

§31-15-7r. Cumulative authority as to powers conferred; applicability of other statutes and charters; bonds issued pursuant to section seven-c of this article.

- 1 The provisions of this article relating to the issuance of
- 2 loans made pursuant to the provisions of section seven-b of
- 3 this article, and bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of
- 4 section seven-c of this article shall be construed as granting
- 5 cumulative authority for the exercise of the various powers
- 6 herein conferred, and neither the powers nor any bonds or
- 7 notes issued hereunder shall be affected or limited by any
- 8 other statutory or charter provision now or hereafter in
- 9 force, other than as may be provided in this article, it being 10 the purpose and intention of this article to create full.
- 10 the purpose and intention of this article to create full, 11 separate and complete additional powers. The various
- 12 powers conferred herein may be exercised independently
- 13 and notwithstanding that no bonds or notes are issued
- 14 hereunder.

*§31-15-9. Equipment loans.

- 1 The authority may make loans for equipment as part of
- 2 industrial development projects, industrial subdivision
- 3 projects, and projects for electrical power generating
- 4 facilities, natural gas transmission lines, coal processing

Clerks Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 571, which passed prior to this act.

- 5 plants, other energy projects, export development, farm
- 6 development, job development, forest development,
- 7 automobile assistance corporation projects and industrial
- 8 and trade jobs development corporation projects, and
- 9 improvements thereto, subject to the same application,
- 10 loan and bond procedures and provisions as usually apply
- 11 to loans issued under the provisions of this article, or by an
- 12 unconditional letter of credit approved by the authority.
- 13 The real property in which a security interest is taken may
- 14 be the real property upon which the equipment is situate or
- 15 real property at a different location from the location of the
- 16 equipment. Such additional security shall be upon such
- 17 terms and in such amount satisfactory to the authority.

§31-15-21. Authorized limit on borrowing.

- 1 The aggregate principal amount of notes, security 2 interests and bonds issued by the authority shall not exceed
- 3 three hundred million dollars outstanding at any one time:
- 4 Provided, That in computing the total amount of notes,
- 5 security interests and bonds which may at any one time be
- 6 outstanding, the principal amount of any outstanding
- 7 notes, security interests and bonds refunded or to be
- 8 refunded either by application of the proceeds of the sale of
- 9 any refunding bonds, security interests or notes of the
- 10 authority or by exchange for any such refunding bonds,
- 11 security interests or notes shall be excluded. The provisions
- 12 of section nineteen of this article notwithstanding, the state
- 13 board of investments shall have invested no more than a
- 14 total aggregate principal amount of forty-five million
- 15 dollars at any one time in such notes, security interests or
- 16 bonds.

CHAPTER 42

(S. B. 571—By Senator Chernenko, Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President, Senators Loehr and Karras)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia economic development authority; additional security on equipment loans; location of real property that may be additional security.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

*§31-15-9. Equipment loans.

- 1 The authority may make loans for equipment as part of
- 2 industrial development projects or industrial subdivision
- 3 projects or improvement thereto subject to the same
- 4 application and loan procedures and limitations as usually
- 5 apply to loans for industrial development projects or
- 6 industrial subdivision projects or improvements thereto:
- 7 Provided, That such loans shall be secured by a first lien
- 8 on the equipment financed by the loan and shall be
- 9 additionally secured by a deed of trust in real property
- 10 and any improvement thereto. The real property in
- 11 which a security interest is taken may be the real
- 12 property upon which the equipment is situate or real
- 13 property at a different location from the location of the
- 14 equipment. Such additional security shall be upon such
- 15 terms and in such amount satisfactory to the authority.

CHAPTER 43

(S. B. 213—By Senator Tucker)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article five-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article fifteen,

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 196, which passed subsequent to this act.

chapter thirty-three of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve; to amend article sixteen of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend article sixteen-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; to amend article twenty-three of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-five; and to amend article twenty-four of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, all relating to providing coverage for continuum of care services by insurance companies and health care corporations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article five-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve; that article sixteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that article sixteen-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; that article twenty-three of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-five; and that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-five; and that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 16. Public Health.
- 33. Insurance.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 5D. COORDINATION OF CONTINUUM OF CARE SERVICES FOR ELDERLY, IMPAIRED AND TERMINALLY ILL.

§16-5D-10. Insurance.

- 1 Not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred eighty-six, every insurance carrier who shall offer
- 3 for sale in this state any policy of health or accident and
- 4 sickness insurance, shall make available for purchase at a
- 5 reasonable rate supplemental insurance coverage for 6 continuum of care services: *Provided*, That any insurance
- 7 carrier required to provide supplemental insurance
- 8 coverage for continuum of care services hereunder shall not
- g be required to expend funds for underwriting such

- 10 supplemental coverage until the continuum of care board,
- 11 in cooperation with the West Virginia state insurance
- 12 commissioner, shall have completed a written master plan
- 13 related to insurance coverage as set forth in section five, arti-
- 14 cle five-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one
- 15 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, including,
- 16 but not limited to, the specific standards and coverages to
- 17 be provided in such supplemental coverage: Provided,
- 18 however. That a public hearing shall be held pursuant to the
- 19 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable
- 20 to such proceedings prior to the consideration of the
- 21 aforesaid plan by said board. The rates for continuum of
- 22 care coverage shall accurately reflect the cost of such
- 23 coverage and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure
- 24 for any other coverage.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 15. Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance:
- Group Health Insurance Conversion. 16A.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.
- Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental 24. Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-15-12. Continuum of care services.

- Any insurer which, on or after the first day of July, one
- 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, delivers or issues for
- 3 delivery in this state any policy of accident and sickness
- 4 insurance under the provisions of this article, shall make
- 5 available for purchase, at a reasonable rate, supplemental
- 6 insurance coverage for continuum of care services pursuant
- 7 to article five-d, chapter sixteen of this code: Provided,
- 8 That any insurance carrier required to provide
- 9 supplemental insurance coverage for continuum of care
- 10 services hereunder shall not be required to expend funds for
- 11 underwriting such supplemental coverage until the
- 12 continuum of care board, in cooperation with the West
- 13 Virginia state insurance commissioner, shall have
- 14 completed a written master plan related to insurance
- 15 coverage as set forth in section five, article five-d, chapter

- sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, including, but not limited to, the specific standards and coverages to be provided in such supplemental coverage: *Provided, however*, That a public hearing shall be held pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable to such
- 21 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable to such
- 22 proceedings prior to the consideration of the aforesaid 23 plan by said board. The rates for continuum of care
- 24 coverage shall accurately reflect the cost of such coverage
- 25 and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure for any
- 26 other coverage.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-8. Continuum of care services.

Any insurer which, on or after the first day of July, one 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, delivers or issues for 3 delivery in this state any policy of group accident and sickness insurance under the provisions of this article, shall 5 make available for purchase, at a reasonable rate, supplemental insurance coverage for continuum of care services pursuant to article five-d, chapter sixteen of this 7 code: Provided, That any insurance carrier required to provide supplemental insurance coverage for continuum of 10 care services hereunder shall not be required to expend funds for underwriting such supplemental coverage until 11 12 the continuum of care board, in cooperation with the West Virginia state insurance commissioner, shall have 13 14 completed a written master plan related to insurance coverage as set forth in section five, article five-d, chapter 15 sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine 16 hundred thirty-one, as amended, including, but not limited 17 to, the specific standards and coverages to be provided in 18 such supplemental coverage: Provided, however, That a 19 public hearing shall be held pursuant to the provisions of 20 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable to such 21 proceedings prior to the consideration of the aforesaid 22 plan by said board. The rates for continuum of care 23 coverage shall accurately reflect the cost of such coverage 24 and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure for any 25 26 other coverage.

ARTICLE 16A. GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE CONVERSION.

§33-16A-10a. Continuum of care services.

If the group insurance policy from which conversion is 2 made insures the employee or member for continuum of 3 care services pursuant to article five-d, chapter sixteen of 4 this code, the employee or member shall be entitled to 5 obtain a converted policy providing benefits for continuum 6 of care services to the same extent such benefits are 7 provided in the group insurance policy: *Provided*, That any 8 insurance carrier required to provide supplemental 9 insurance coverage for continuum of care services 10 hereunder shall not be required to expend funds for 11 underwriting such supplemental coverage until the 12 continuum of care board, in cooperation with the West 13 Virginia state insurance commissioner, shall have 14 completed a written master plan related to insurance 15 coverage as set forth in section five, article five-d, chapter 16 sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine 17 hundred thirty-one, as amended, including, but not limited 18 to, the specific standards and coverages to be provided in 19 such supplemental coverage: Provided, however, That a 20 public hearing shall be held pursuant to the provisions of 21 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable to such 22 proceedings prior to the consideration of the aforesaid 23 plan by said board. The rates for continuum of care 24 coverage shall accurately reflect the cost of such coverage 25 and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure for any 26 other coverage.

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

§33-23-35. Continuum of care services.

Any society which, on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, delivers or issues for delivery in this state any policy under the provisions of subdivision (e), subsection (1), section seventeen of this article, shall make available for purchase, at a reasonable rate, supplemental insurance coverage for continuum of care services pursuant to article five-d, chapter sixteen of this code: *Provided*, That any insurance carrier required to provide supplemental insurance coverage for continuum of

10 care services hereunder shall not be required to expend 11 funds for underwriting such supplemental coverage until 12 the continuum of care board, in cooperation with the West 13 Virginia state insurance commissioner, shall have 14 completed a written master plan related to insurance 15 coverage as set forth in section five, article five-d, chapter 16 sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine 17 hundred thirty-one, as amended, including, but not limited 18 to, the specific standards and coverages to be provided in 19 such supplemental coverage: Provided, however, That a 20 public hearing shall be held pursuant to the provisions of 21 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable to such 22 proceedings prior to the consideration of the aforesaid 23 plan by said board. The rates for continuum of care 24 coverage shall accurately reflect the cost of such coverage 25 and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure for any 26 other coverage.

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS. AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-13. Continuum of care services.

Any hospital service corporation, medical service 2 corporation or health service corporation which, on or after 3 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. 4 delivers or issues for delivery in this state any subscriber 5 contract under the provisions of this article, shall make 6 available for purchase, at a reasonable rate, supplemental 7 insurance coverage for continuum of care services pursuant 8 to article five-d, chapter sixteen of this code: Provided, 9 That any insurance carrier required to provide 10 supplemental insurance coverage for continuum of care 11 services hereunder shall not be required to expend funds for 12 underwriting such supplemental coverage until the 13 continuum of care board, in cooperation with the West 14 Virginia state insurance commissioner, shall have 15 completed a written master plan related to insurance 16 coverage as set forth in section five, article five-d, chapter 17 sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, including, but not limited 19 to, the specific standards and coverages to be provided in

- 20 such supplemental coverage: Provided, however, That a
- 21 public hearing shall be held pursuant to the provisions of
- 22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code applicable to such
- 23 proceedings prior to the consideration of the aforesaid
- 24 plan by said board. The rates for continuum of care
- 25 coverage shall accurately reflect the cost of such coverage
- 26 and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure for any
- 27 other coverage.

CHAPTER 44

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2042—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two hundred one, two hundred four, two hundred six and two hundred twelve, article two, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three hundred eight, article three of said chapter, all relating to controlled substances; authority of board of pharmacy; emergency changes of schedules of controlled substances between legislative sessions; changing certain substances between schedules; adding buprenorphine to schedule five; and prescriptions for controlled substances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two hundred one, two hundred four, two hundred six and two hundred twelve, article two, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three hundred eight, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 2. Standards and Schedules.
- Regulation of Manufacture, Distribution and Dispensing of Controlled Substances.

ARTICLE 2. STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES.

§60A-2-201. Authority of state board of pharmacy, recommendations to Legislature.

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§60A-2-204. Schedule I.
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§60A-2-206. Schedule II.

§60A-2-212. Schedule V.

§60A-2-201. Authority of state board of pharmacy; recommendations to Legislature.

- 1 (a) The state board of pharmacy shall administer the 2 provisions of this chapter. It shall also, on the first day of each regular legislative session, recommend to the Legislature which 4 substances should be added to or deleted from the schedules of controlled substances contained in this article or reschedule 6 therein. The state board of pharmacy shall also have the 7 authority between regular legislative sessions, on an emergency 8 basis, to add to or delete from the schedules of controlled 9 substances contained in this article or reschedule such substances based upon the recommendations and approval of 10 the federal food, drug and cosmetic agency, and shall report 11
- 12 such actions on the first day of the regular legislative session
- 13 immediately following said actions.
- In making any such recommendation regarding a substance, the state board of pharmacy shall consider the following factors:
- 17 (1) The actual or relative potential for abuse;
- 18 (2) The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if 19 known;
- 20 (3) The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the 21 substance:
- 22 (4) The history and current pattern of abuse;
- 23 (5) The scope, duration and significance of abuse;
- 24 (6) The potential of the substance to produce psychic or physiological dependence liability; and
- (7) Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a
 substance already controlled under this article.
- 28 (b) After considering the factors enumerated in subsection 29 (a), the state board of pharmacy shall make findings with 30 respect to the substance under consideration. If it finds that any substance not already controlled under any schedule has 32 a potential for abuse, it shall recommend to the Legislature

- that the substance be added to the appropriate schedule. If it finds that any substance already controlled under any schedule should be rescheduled or deleted, it shall so recommend to the Legislature.
- 37 (c) If the state board of pharmacy designates a substance 38 as an immediate precursor, substances which are precursors 39 of the controlled precursor shall not be subject to the control 40 solely because they are precursors of the controlled precursor.
- 41 (d) If any substance is designated, rescheduled or deleted as 42 a controlled substance under federal laws and notice thereof 43 is given to the state board of pharmacy, the board shall 44 recommend similar control of such substance to the Legisla-45 ture, specifically stating that such recommendation is based on 46 federal action and the reasons why the federal government 47 deemed such action necessary and proper.
- 48 (e) The authority vested in the board by subsection (a) of 49 this section shall not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt 50 beverages or tobacco as those terms are defined or used in 51 other chapters of this code nor to any nonnarcotic substance 52 if such substance may under the "Federal Food, Drug and 53 Cosmetic Act" and the law of this state lawfully be sold over 54 the counter without a prescription.

*§60A-2-204. Schedule I.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are 2 included in Schedule I.
- (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
 schedule, any of the following opiates, including its isomers,
- 5 esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers 6 whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salts
- 7 is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 8 (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 9 (2) Allylprodine;
- 10 (3) Alphacetylmethadol;
- 11 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 12 (5) Alphamethadol;
- 13 (6) Alpha-methylfentanyl;

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1082, which passed prior to this act.

- 14 (7) Benzethidine;
- 15 (8) Betacetylmethadol;
- 16 (9) Betameprodine;
- 17 (10) Betamethadol;
- 18 (11) Betaprodine;
- 19 (12) Clonitazene;
- 20 (13) Dextromoramide;
- 21 (14) Diampromide;
- 22 (15) Diethylthiambutene;
- 23 (16) Difenoxin;
- 24 (17) Dimenoxadol;
- 25 (18) Dimepheptanol;
- 26 (19) Dimethylthiambutene;
- 27 (20) Dioxaphetylbutyrate;
- 28 (21) Dipipanone;
- 29 (22) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 30 (23) Etonitazene;
- 31 (24) Etoxeridine;
- 32 (25) Fenethylline;
- 33 (26) Furethidine;
- 34 (27) Hydroxypethidine;
- 35 (28) Ketobemidone;
- 36 (29) Levomoramide;
- 37 (30) Levophenacylmorphan;
- 38 (31) Morpheridine;
- 39 (32) Noracymethadol;
- 40 (33) Norlevorphanol;
- 41 (34) Normethadone;

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42
       (35)
             Norpipanone;
43
       (36)
            Phenadoxone;
44
       (37)
             Phenampromide:
45
       (38)
             Phenomorphan;
46
       (39)
             Phenoperidine:
47
       (40) Piritramide;
48
       (41) Proheptazine;
49
       (42) Properidine;
50
       (43)
            Propiram;
51
       (44)
             Racemoramide;
52
       (45)
             Tilidine;
53
       (46)
             Trimeperidine.
54
       (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
     schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts,
55
56
     isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such
57
     salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
58
     chemical designation:
59
        (1) Acetorphine;
60
        (2)
             Acetyldihydrocodeine;
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        (3)
            Benzylmorphine;
62
            Codeine methylbromide;
        (4)
        (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
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- 64 (6) Cyprenorphine; 65
- (7) Desomorphine;
- 66 (8) Dihydromorphine;
- 67 (9) Drotebanol;
- 68 (10)Etorphine (except HCl Salt);
- 69 (11)Heroin;

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70 Hydromorphinol; (12)

- 71 (13) Methyldesorphine;
- 72 (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
- 73 (15) Morphine methylbromide;
- 74 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 75 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 76 (18) Myrophine;
- 77 (19) Nicocodeine;
- 78 (20) Nicomorphine;
- 79 (21) Normorphine;
- 80 (22) Phoclodine;
- 81 (23) Thebacon.
- 82 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another 83 schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation,
- which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of the salts, isomers and
- 86 salts of isomers of any thereof whenever the existence of such
- 87 salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
- 88 chemical designation and for the purposes of this subsection
- 89 only, "isomer" includes the optical position and geometric
- 90 isomers:
- 91 (1) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine; also known by these trade
- 92 or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethyl-amine; 2,5-
- 93 DMA;
- 94 (2) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 95 (3) 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine or 4-bromo-2,5-96 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine, or 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
- 97 (4) 5-methyloxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 98 (5) 4-methoxyamphetamine; also known by these trade or
- 99 other names: 4-methoxy-amethylphenethylamine; paramen-
- 100 hoxyamphetamine; PMA;
- 101 (6) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 102 (7) Bufotenine; known also by these trade and other
- 103 names: 3-(B-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-

- dimethylamino-ethyl)-5 indolol; N-N-dimethylserotonin; 5hydroxy-N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
- 106 (8) Diethyltryptamine; known also by these trade and 107 other names: N-N-Diethyltryptamine; "DET";
- 108 (9) Dimethyltryptamine; known also by the name "DMT";
- 109 (10) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy amphetamine; known also by 110 these trade and other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-111 methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; "STP";
- 112 (11) Ibogaine; known also by these trade and other names:
- 113 7-Ethyl-6, 6a, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-
- 114 methano-5H-pyrido (1', 2': 1, 2 azepino 4,5b) indole;
- 115 tabernanthe iboga;
- 116 (12) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 117 (13) Marihuana;
- 118 (14) Mescaline;
- 119 (15) Peyote; meaning all parts of the plant presently
- 120 classified botanically as Lophophora Williamsii Lematre,
- 121 whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; any extract from
- any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds
- 124 or extracts:
- 125 (16) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 126 (17) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 127 (18) Psilocybin;
- 128 (19) Psilocyn;
- 129 (20) Tetrahydrococannabinols; including synthetic equival-
- 130 ents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous
- 131 extractives of Cannabis or synthetic substances, derivatives
- 132 and their isomers with similar chemical structure and
- 133 pharmacological activity such as the following:
- 134 Delta l
- 135 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
- 136 Delta 6

- 137 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
- 138 Delta 3, 4
- 139 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinil tetrahydrocannabinol, and
- 140 their optical isomers;
- 141 (21) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine; also known by
- 142 these trade or other names: (A) (1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl)
- 143 piperidine; (B) Thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP;
- 144 (22) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. . . Some trade or
- 145 other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyc-
- 146 lohexyl)ethylamine, N-(1phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclo-
- 147 hexamine, PCE;
- 148 (23) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. . . Some trade or
- other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
- 150 (24) N-ethylamphetamine;
- 151 (25) Parahexyl.
- 152 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
- 153 schedule, any of the following depressants, its salts, isomers
- 154 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts,
- 155 isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
- 156 chemical designation:
- 157 (1) Mecloqualone.
- 158 (2) Methaqualone.

*§60A-2-206. Schedule II.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are 2 included in Schedule II.
- 3 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
- 4 schedule, any of the following substances whether produced
- 5 directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of
- 6 vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical
- 7 synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical
- 8 synthesis:
- 9 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative
- 10 or preparation of opium or opiate excluding nalorphine,

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1082, which passed prior to this act.

- 11 naloxone and naltrexone and their respective salts, but 12 including the following:
- 13 (A) Raw opium;
- 14 (B) Opium extracts;
- 15 (C) Opium fluid extracts;
- 16 (D) Powdered opium;
- 17 (E) Granulated opium;
- 18 (F) Tincture of opium;
- 19 (G) Codeine;
- 20 (H) Ethylmorphine;
- 21 (I) Ethrophine HCL;
- 22 (J) Hydrocodone;
- 23 (K) Hydromorphone;
- 24 (L) Metopon;
- 25 (M) Morphine;
- 26 (N) Oxycodone;
- 27 (O) Oxymorphone;
- 28 (P) Thebaine;
- 29 (2) Any salt, compound, isomer derivative or preparation 30 thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any 31 of the substances referred to in subdivision (1) of this 32 subsection, except that these substances shall not include the 33 isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
- 34 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
- 35 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or 36 preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative 37 or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or 38 identical with any of these substances, except that the 39 substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or 40 extractions of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain 41 cocaine or ecgonine;
- 42 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy 43 straw in either liquid, solid or powder form which contains 44 the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy).
- 45 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another 46 schedule, any of the following opiates, including its isomers, 47 esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers 48 whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salts 49 is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 50 (1)Alphaprodine: 51 (2) Anileridine: 52 (3) Bezitramide: 53 (4) Dextrorphan — excepted; 54 (5) Dihydrocodeine: 55 (6) Diphenoxylate; 56 (7) Fentanyl; 57 (8) Isomethadone; 58 (9) Levopropoxyphene — excepted; 59 (10) Levomethorphan; 60 (11) Levorphanol; 61 (12) Metazocine: 62 (13) Methadone; 63 Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane; 64 65 (15) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-66 diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid; 67 (16) Pethidine; (meperidine); 68 (17) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-69 phenylpiperidine; 70 (18) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-71 ethyl-4-phenylpiper-idin-4-carboxylate: 72 (19) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid; 73 74 (20) Phenazocine; 75 (21) Piminodine; 76 (22) Racemethorphan;
 - 77 (23) Racemorphan;
 - 78 (24) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms);
 - 79 (25) Sufentanil.

- 80 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
- 81 schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation
- 82 which contains any quantity of the following substances having
- 83 a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
- 84 (1) Methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:
- 86 (2) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its optical isomers;
- 88 (3) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
- 89 (4) Methylphenidate and its salts.
- 90 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within
- 96 the specific chemical designation:
- 97 (1) Amobarbital;
- 98 (2) Secobarbital;
- 99 (3) Pentobarbital;
- 100 (4) Phencyclidine.
- 101 (f) Immediate precursors. Unless specifically excepted or
- 102 unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound,
- 103 mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the
- 104 following substances:
- 105 (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and meth-106 amphetamine:
- 107 (i) Phenylacetone
- Some trade or other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzylymethyl ketone; methyl benzyl ketone.
- 110 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine (PCP):
- 111 (i) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine
- 112 (ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC).

§60A-2-212. Schedule V.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule V.
- 3 (b) Narcotic drugs. Unless specifically excepted or unless
- 4 listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture
- 5 or preparation containing any of the following narcotic drugs
- 6 and their salts, as set forth below:
- 7 (1) Buprenorphine.
- 8 (c) Narcotic drugs containing nonnarcotic active medicinal
- 9 ingredients. Any compound, mixture or preparation contain-
- 10 ing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs
- 11 or salts thereof, which shall include one or more nonnarcotic
- 12 active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer
- 13 upon the compound, mixture or preparation valuable
- 14 medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic
- 15 drug alone:
- 16 (1) Not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 17 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 10 milligrams
- 18 per dosage unit;
- 19 (2) Not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 5 milligrams
- 21 per dosage unit;
- 22 (3) Not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 23 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 5 milligrams
- 24 per dosage unit;
- 25 (4) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not 26 less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;
- 27 (5) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 28 milliliters or per 100 grams;
- 29 (6) Not more than 0.5 milligram of different and not less 30 than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
- 31 (d) Amyl nitrite, isobutyl nitrite and the other organic
- 32 nitrites are controlled substances and no product containing 33 these compounds as a significant component shall be
- 34 possessed, bought or sold other than pursuant to a bona fide
- 35 prescription, or for industrial or manufacturing purposes.

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ARTICLE 3. REGULATION OF MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION AND DISPENSING OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. §60A-3-308. Prescriptions.

- (a) Except when dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a pharmacy, to an ultimate user, no controlled substance 3 in Schedule II may be dispensed without the written 4 prescription of a practitioner.
 - (b) In emergency situations, as defined by rule of the said appropriate department, board or agency, Schedule II drugs may be dispensed upon oral prescription of a practitioner. reduced promptly to writing and filed by the pharmacy. Prescription shall be retained in conformity with the requirements of section 306. No prescription for a Schedule II substance may be refilled.
 - (c) Except when dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a pharmacy, to an ultimate user, a controlled substance included in Schedule III or IV, which is a prescription drug as determined under appropriate state or federal statute, shall not be dispensed without a written or oral prescription of a practitioner. The prescription shall not be filled or refilled more than six months after the date thereof or be refilled more than five times, unless renewed by the practitioner.
- 20 (d) A controlled substance included in Schedule V shall not 21 be distributed or dispensed other than for a medicinal purpose: Provided. That buprenorphine shall be dispensed only by 22 prescription pursuant to subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this 23 24 section.

CHAPTER 45

(H. B. 1082-By Speaker, Mr. Albright)

[Passed March 4, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two hundred four and two hundred six, article two, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to controlled substances; changing certain substances between schedules

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two hundred four and two hundred six, article two, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

§60A-2-204. Schedule I. §60A-2-206. Schedule II.

*§60A-2-204. Schedule I.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are 2 included in Schedule I.
- 3 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
- 4 schedule, any of the following opiates, including its isomers,
- 5 esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers
- 6 whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salts
- 7 is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 9 (2) Allylprodine;
- 10 (3) Alphacetylmethadol;
- 11 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 12 (5) Alphamethadol;
- 13 (6) Alpha-methylfentanyl;
- 14 (7) Benzethidine;
- 15 (8) Betacetylmethadol;
- 16 (9) Betameprodine;
- 17 (10) Betamethadol;
- 18 (11) Betaprodine;
- 19 (12) Clonitazene;
- 20 (13) Dextromoramide;
- 21 (14) Diampromide;
- 22 (15) Diethylthiambutene;
- 23 (16) Difenoxin;
- 24 (17) Dimenoxadol;
- 25 (18) Dimepheptanol;
- 26 (19) Dimethylthiambutene;
- 27 (20) Dioxaphetylbutyrate;
- 28 (21) Dipipanone;
- 29 (22) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 30 (23) Etonitazene;
- 31 (24) Etoxeridine;

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2042, which passed subsequent to this act.

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       (25)
             Fenethylline:
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       (26)
             Furethidine:
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             Hydroxypethidine:
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       (28)
             Ketobemidone:
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       (29)
            Levomoramide;
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       (30)
             Levophenacylmorphan;
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       (31)
            Morpheridine;
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       (32)
             Noracymethadol;
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       (33)
            Norlevorphanol;
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       (34)
            Normethadone;
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       (35)
            Norpipanone;
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       (36)
            Phenadoxone;
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       (37)
            Phenampromide;
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       (38)
            Phenomorphan;
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            Phenoperidine;
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       (40)
            Piritramide:
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            Proheptazine;
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       (42)
            Properidine;
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            Propiram;
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            Racemoramide:
       (44)
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- 54 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another 55 schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, 56 isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such 57 salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific 58 chemical designation:
- 59 (1) Acetorphine;

(45)

(46)

60 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;

Tilidine;

Trimeperidine.

- 61 (3) Benzylmorphine;
- 62 (4) Codeine methylbromide;
 - (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;
- 64 (6) Cyprenorphine;
- 65 (7) Desomorphine;
- 66 (8) Dihydromorphine;
- 67 (9) Drotebanol;
- 68 (10) Etorphine (except HCl Salt);
- 69 (11) Heroin;
- 70 (12) Hydromorphinol;
- 71 (13) Methyldesorphine;
- 72 (14) Methyldihydromorphine;

- 73 (15) Morphine methylbromide;
- 74 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 75 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 76 (18) Myrophine;
- 77 (19) Nicocodeine;
- 78 (20) Nicomorphine;
- 79 (21) Normorphine;
- 80 (22) Phoclodine:
- 81 (23) Thebacon.
- 82 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another 83 schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic 84 substances, or which contains any of the salts, isomers and 85 86 salts of isomers of any thereof whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific 87 88 chemical designation and for the purposes of this subsection only, "isomer" includes the optical position and geometric 89 90 isomers:
- 91 (1) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine; also known by these trade 92 or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethyl-amine; 2,5-93 DMA:
- 94 (2) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 95 (3) 4-bromo-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine or 4-bromo-2,5-96 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine, or 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
- 97 (4) 5-methyloxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 98 (5) 4-methoxyamphetamine; also known by these trade or 99 other names: 4-methoxy-amethylphenethylamine; paramen-100 hoxyamphetamine; PMA;
- 101 (6) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 102 (7) Bufotenine; known also by these trade and other 103 names: 3-(B-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-104 dimethylamino-ethyl)-5 indolol; N-N-dimethylserotonin; 5-105 hydroxy-N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
- 106 (8) Diethyltryptamine; known also by these trade and 107 other names: N-N-Diethyltryptamine; "DET";
- 108 (9) Dimethyltryptamine; known also by the name "DMT";

- 109 (10) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy amphetamine; known also by
- 110 these trade and other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-a-
- 111 methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; "STP";
- 112 (11) Ibogaine; known also by these trade and other names:
- 113 7-Ethyl-6, 6a, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-
- 114 methano-5H-pyrido (1', 2': 1, 2 azepino 4,5b) indole;
- 115 tabernanthe iboga;
- 116 (12) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 117 (13) Marihuana;
- 118 (14) Mescaline;
- 119 (15) Peyote; meaning all parts of the plant presently
- 120 classified botanically as Lophophora Williamsii Lematre,
- 121 whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; any extract from
- 122 any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture,
- 123 salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds
- 124 or extracts;
- 125 (16) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 126 (17) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 127 (18) Psilocybin;
- 128 (19) Psilocyn;
- 129 (20) Tetrahydrococannabinols; including synthetic equival-
- 130 ents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous
- 131 extractives of Cannabis or synthetic substances, derivatives
- 132 and their isomers with similar chemical structure and
- 133 pharmacological activity such as the following:
- 134 Delta 1
- 135 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
- 136 Delta 6
- 137 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers;
- 138 Delta 3, 4
- 139 Cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinil tetrahydrocannabinol, and
- 140 their optical isomers;
- 141 (21) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine; also known by

- 142 these trade or other names: (A) (1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl)
- 143 piperidine; (B) Thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP;
- 144 (22) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. . . Some trade or
- 145 other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyc-
- 146 lohexyl) ethylamine, N-(l-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine,
- 147 cyclohexamine, PCE;
- 148 (23) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. . . Some trade or
- 149 other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
- 150 (24) N-ethylamphetamine;
- 151 (25) Parahexyl.
- 152 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
- 153 schedule, any of the following depressants, its salts, isomers
- 154 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts,
- 155 isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
- 156 chemical designation:
- 157 (1) Mecloqualone.
- 158 (2) Methaqualone.

*§60A-2-206. Schedule II.

- 1 (a) The controlled substances listed in this section are 2 included in Schedule II.
- 3 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
- 9 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative 10 or preparation of opium or opiate excluding nalorphine, 11 naloxone and naltrexone and their respective salts, but
- 12 including the following:
- 13 (A) Raw opium;
- 14 (B) Opium extracts;
- 15 (C) Opium fluid extracts;
- 16 (D) Powdered opium;
- 17 (E) Granulated opium;
- 18 (F) Tincture of opium;

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2042, which passed subsequent to this act.

- 19 (G) Codeine;
- 20 (H) Ethylmorphine;
- 21 (I) Ethrophine HCL;
- 22 (J) Hydrocodone;
- 23 (K) Hydromorphone;
- 24 (L) Metopon;
- 25 (M) Morphine;
- 26 (N) Oxycodone;
- 27 (O) Oxymorphone;
- 28 (P) Thebaine;
- 29 (2) Any salt, compound, isomer derivative or preparation 30 thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any 31 of the substances referred to in subdivision (1) of this 32 subsection, except that these substances shall not include the
- 33 isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
- 34 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
- 35 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or 38 identical with any of these substances, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain 41 cocaine or ecgonine;
- 42 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy 43 straw in either liquid, solid or powder form which contains 44 the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy).
- 45 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another 46 schedule, any of the following opiates, including its isomers, 47 esters, ethers, salts and salts of isomers, esters and ethers 48 whenever the existence of such isomers, esters, ethers and salts 49 is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 50 (1) Alphaprodine;
- 51 (2) Anileridine;
- 52 (3) Bezitramide;
- 53 (4) Dextrorphan excepted;
- 54 (5) Dihydrocodeine;

- 55 (6) Diphenoxylate;
- 56 (7) Fentanyl;
- 57 (8) Isomethadone;
- 58 (9) Levopropoxyphene excepted;
- 59 (10) Levomethorphan;
- 60 (11) Levorphanol;
- 61 (12) Metazocine;
- 62 (13) Methadone;
- 63 (14) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 64 4-diphenyl butane;
- 65 (15) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-66 diphenyl-propane-carboxylic acid;
- 67 (16) Pethidine; (meperidine);
- 68 (17) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-69 phenylpiperidine;
- 70 (18) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-71 ethyl-4-phenylpiper-idin-4-carboxylate;
- 72 (19) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperi-73 dine-4-carboxylic acid;
- 74 (20) Phenazocine;
- 75 (21) Piminodine;
- 76 (22) Racemethorphan;
- 77 (23) Racemorphan;
- 78 (24) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms);
- 79 (25) Sufentanil.
- 80 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another 81 schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation
- 81 schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation 82 which contains any quantity of the following substances having
- 83 a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
- 84 (1) Methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers and salts 85 of isomers:

- 86 (2) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers and salts of its 87 optical isomers;
- 88 (3) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
- 89 (4) Methylphenidate and its salts.
- 90 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 97 (1) Amobarbital:
- 98 (2) Secobarbital;
- 99 (3) Pentobarbital;
- 100 (4) Phencyclidine.
- 101 (f) Immediate precursors. Unless specifically excepted or 102 unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, 103 mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the 104 following substances:
- 105 (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and meth-106 amphetamine:
- 107 (i) Phenylacetone.
- Some trade or other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzylymethyl ketone; methyl benzyl ketone.
- 110 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine (PCP):
- 111 (i) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
- 112 (ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC).

CHAPTER 46

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1344—By Delegate Faircloth and Delegate Shanholtz)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article eight, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

thirty-one, as amended, relating generally to the sheriff as keeper of the jail; appointment of jailer; care of jail; authorizing the jailer to inquire as regards and obtain assignments of the right to reimbursement for medical benefits; authorizing county commissions and municipalities to seek reimbursement from prisoners, said prisoners insurers, agencies providing such prisoners medical benefits, and persons liable by law for the costs of medical care received in county jails; authorizing county commissions and municipalities to seek reimbursement for certain clothing from such prisoners; limiting reimbursement for certain injuries or illnesses; limiting reimbursement in cases of undue hardship; authorizing suit after one year; requiring funds to be deposited in the general fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article eight, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. JAIL AND JAILER.

- Sheriff to be keeper of jail; appointment of jailer; care of jail; authorizing county commissions and municipalities to seek reimbursement of medical care and certain clothing provided by county jails.
 - (a) The sheriff of every county shall be the keeper of the 2 jail thereof, but he may, with the assent of the county 3 commission, appoint a jailer of the said county, and may take from him a bond with security conditioned for the faithful 4 5 performance of his duties. The jailer may be a deputy sheriff and shall take an oath of office like other officers. He shall 6 keep the jail in a clean, sanitary and healthful condition. When 7 8 any prisoner is sick the jailer shall see that he has adequate medical and dental attention and nursing, and so far as 9 possible keep him separate from other prisoners. Any such 10 medical and nursing care as the jailer may be required to 11 furnish shall be paid for by the county commission. A failure 12 on the part of the jailer to perform any of the duties herein 13 required with respect to any prisoner in his jail shall be a 14 contempt of any court of record under whose commitment 15 such prisoner is confined, and shall be punished as other

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17 contempts of such court. The jailer or his agents are authorized 18 to inquire of every prisoner at any time whether he has medical 19 insurance or is covered by a public medical benefit, to further 20 inquire of the prisoner sufficient information to enable the 21 county commission to seek reimbursement of health care costs 22 as provided by this section and to take an assignment of the 23 right to reimbursement from said third parties.

(b) The county commission is hereby authorized to seek reimbursement from every person who receives medical, dental, hospital or eye care or any type of nursing care while incarcerated in the jail at the rate at which the care is generally available in the community for those persons not incarcerated, from their private health care insurers, if any, to the extent of the coverage in effect, from any public agency then providing medical benefits to the person incarcerated to the extent that said public agency would have reimbursed the cost of the care rendered if the person receiving the care was not then incarcerated so long as said reimbursement is not inconsistent with the lawful provisions of the agency's benefit program, or from persons who are liable pursuant to section twenty-two, article three, chapter forty-eight of this code: Provided. That no reimbursement for care shall be required when any medical, dental, hospital or eye care or any type of nursing care has been rendered for injuries or illnesses sustained as a result of an act by another prisoner, injuries or illnesses sustained where an act or omission by the jailer or any deputy sheriff has been a contributing factor, or injuries or illnesses resulting from fire or other catastrophic hazard, all without fault on the part of the prisoner: Provided, however, That no reimbursement for the care received from the person receiving the care or from the person made liable for the care by section twenty-two, article three, chapter fortyeight of this code shall be sought unless that person is able to pay without undue hardship considering the financial resources of the person, the ability to pay of the person and the nature of the burden that reimbursement will impose: Provided further, That the determination of undue hardship by the commission does not preclude the commission from subsequently ordering reimbursement should the person's financial circumstances change: And provided further, That whenever the county commission seeks reimbursement from a

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municipality for medical, dental, hospital, eye or nursing care authorized by this subsection then the municipality shall also be hereby authorized to seek reimbursement as provided for in this subsection for counties under the same conditions.

- (c) The county commission is hereby authorized to seek reimbursement from every prisoner for the costs of any shoes and clothing furnished by the jailer and retained by the prisoner after his release from incarceration: Provided, That no reimbursement for the goods authorized by this subsection shall be sought unless the former prisoner is able to pay without undue hardship, considering the financial resources of the person, said persons ability to pay and the nature of the burden that reimbursement will impose: Provided, however, That the determination of undue hardship by the county commission does not preclude the county commission from subsequently ordering repayment should the financial circumstances of such person change: Provided further, That whenever the county commission seeks reimbursement from a municipality for the goods then the municipality shall also be hereby authorized to seek reimbursement for the goods authorized by this subsection as provided for in this subsection for counties under the same conditions.
- (d) Subject to any statutes of limitation, if reimbursement 80 pursuant to this section was sought at or within a reasonable time after the release from incarceration of the person 82 83 receiving the goods or care and if the reimbursement 84 authorized by this section has not been received within one year the county commission or municipality, as the case may 85 be, may prosecute a civil action against any liable person and 86 against any insurer or agency the assignment of whose 87 obligation to pay for care was obtained by the jailer. Any 88 funds paid to or collected by the county commission or 89 municipality pursuant to the provisions of this section shall 90 be deposited to its general fund. 91

CHAPTER 47

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1523—By Delegate Ashley)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two-a, article eight, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the feeding and care of prisoners in the county jails and the powers and duties of the county commissions relating thereto; allowing county commissions to provide for the feeding of prisoners by contracting with county, state or municipal governmental agencies; allowing county commissions to contract for such purpose with private vendors upon competitive bidding; procedure for solicitation of such bidding; purchase of certain supplies for jails; requiring maintenance of certain records and inspection thereof; requiring that all entities providing food services to prisoners be subject to health department inspection; and source of funds for feeding and care of prisoners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two-a, article eight, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. JAIL AND JAILER.

- §7-8-2a. Feeding and care of prisoners; purchase of food and supplies; contract for feeding of prisoners; records; inspection by health officer; payment of costs.
 - (a) On and after the first day of January, one thousand nine
 hundred forty-nine, the county commission of each county
 - 3 shall provide wholesome and sufficient food and clean and
 - 4 sufficient bedding for all prisoners confined in the county jail,
 - 5 and shall furnish the soaps, disinfectants and other supplies
 - 6 needed by the jailer in the performance of his duties.
 - 7 (b) The county commission may require the jailer to act as 8 its agent for the purpose of purchasing, preparing and serving
 - 9 food for prisoners. If, however, the jailer is not named as such
 - 10 agent, he may be required to make available to the county
 - 11 commission for use in the preparation and serving of food for
 - 12 prisoners, the services of prisoners, to the number requested
 - 13 by the county commission. The county commission may
 - 14 employ a cook and such other employees as may be necessary
 - 15 in the performance of duties required of it by this article.
 - 16 (c) The county commission may provide for the feeding of
 - 17 prisoners on a contract basis with any other county, state or
 - 18 municipal governmental agency which at the time of entering

- into said contract is required or authorized to provide food
 services for other purposes.
- (d) The county commission may provide for the feeding of prisoners on a contract basis with any private provider upon competitive bidding procedures. Solicitation of competitive bids shall be accomplished by publication of a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with article three, chapter fiftynine of this code. The publication area for such legal advertisement shall be the county in which the affected iail is situate
 - (e) All purchases of food, bedding and other supplies shall whenever practicable be made at wholesale. Invoices or itemized statements of account from each vendor of food, bedding and other supplies shall be obtained, and payment of such statements or invoices may not be authorized by the county commission unless and until the county commission has ascertained that the merchandise has been received and that the terms of the purchase have been complied with on the part of the vendor.
 - (f) The county commission shall keep or cause to be kept a daily record showing the total number of prisoners confined in the jail of the county, the number of prisoners admitted, the number released and the time of each such admittance and of each such release. Such record shall show such information separately as to the prisoners of the county, of each municipality and of the United States. The county commission shall also keep or cause to be kept such other accounts and records as will enable it to show the per capita daily cost of the feeding and care of prisoners in each calendar month.
 - (g) The county commission shall require to be kept a daily record of food served prisoners and, in all counties having a county health officer, said health officer shall, at least once a month, inspect such lists and make such recommendations and suggestions as he may deem proper regarding daily diets and foods regardless of how the feeding services are provided.
 - (h) The sheriff, the jailer or any entity contracting with the county commission to provide food services for prisoners shall be subject to inspection and regulation by the department of health in the same manner as any commercial food service.

58 (i) All actual costs incurred by the county commission for 59 salaries, for the purchase of food, bedding and other supplies 60 or for services shall be paid out of the same funds as payments 61 to sheriffs of fees for the feeding and care of prisoners were 62 made immediately prior to the effective date of this section. 63 In counties having thirty thousand population or less, the 64 sheriff, or the jailer duly appointed as provided in section two. 65 article eight, chapter seven of this code, shall, if so directed 66 by the county commission, furnish each prisoner with 67 wholesome and sufficient food.

CHAPTER 48

(H. B. 1237—By Delegate Wooton and Delegate Hamilton)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, all relating to civil service for deputy sheriffs; rules and regulations issued by each county civil service commission and notice thereof; increasing the probationary period of deputy sheriffs from six months to twelve months; expiration of such probationary period; and providing an incremental salary increase for deputy sheriffs with one year or more of service.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-c, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

§7-14-7. Rules and regulations of commission; notice and distribution thereof; probationary period for appointees. §7-14-17c. Salary increment.

§7-14-7. Rules and regulations of commission; notice and distribution thereof; probationary period for appointees.

1 The civil service commission in each such county shall make rules and regulations providing for both competitive and 2 medical examinations for the position of deputy sheriff in each such county subject to the provisions of this article, for 4 appointments to the position of deputy sheriff and for promotions and for such other matters as are necessary to 6 carry out the purposes of this article. Any such commission 7 has the power and authority to require by rules and regulations 8 a physical fitness examination as part of its competitive 9 examination or as a part of its medical examination. Due 10 notice of the contents of all rules and regulations and of any 11 modifications thereof shall be given, by mail, in due season 12 to the appointing officer; and said rules and regulations and 13 any modifications thereof shall also be printed for public 14 distribution. All original appointments on and after the 15 effective date of this article to any position of deputy sheriff 16 in any county subject to the provisions of this article shall be 17 for a probationary period of twelve months: Provided, That 18 at any time during the probationary period the probationer 19 may be discharged for just cause, in the manner provided in 20 section seventeen of this article. If, at the close of this 21 probationary period, the conduct or capacity of the proba-22 tioner has not been satisfactory to the appointing sheriff, the 23 probationer shall be notified, in writing, that he will not 24 receive absolute appointment, whereupon his employment 25 shall cease; otherwise, his retention in the position of deputy 26 27 sheriff beyond the probationary term shall be equivalent to his absolute appointment. 28

§7-14-17c. Salary increment.

Beginning on and after the effective date of this section, every deputy sheriff with one year or more of service shall receive an annual salary increase in the sum of five dollars per month for each year of service up to a maximum of sixteen years of service. Any incremental salary increase in effect prior to the effective date of this section that is more favorable to the deputy sheriffs entitled to such increase shall remain in full force and effect to the exclusion of the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 49

(H. B. 1469—By Delegate Woolsey and Delegate Wooton)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article fourteen-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating generally to civil service for correctional officers; receipt of application; removing certain age requirements and exceptions thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article fourteen-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14B. CIVIL SERVICE FOR CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS.

§7-14B-8. Form of application; age requirements; exceptions.

- 1 The civil service commission in each such county shall
- 2 require persons applying for admission to any competitive
- 3 examination provided for under this article or under the rules
- 4 and regulations of the commission to file in its office, within
- 5 a reasonable time prior to the proposed competitive exami-
- 6 nation a formal application in which the applicant shall state
- 7 under oath or affirmation:
- 8 (1) His full name, residence and post-office address;
- 9 (2) His United States citizenship, age and the place and date 10 of his birth;
- 11 (3) His health and his physical capacity for the position of 12 correctional officer;
- 13 (4) His business, employments and residences for at least 14 three previous years; and
- 15 (5) Such other information as may reasonably be required, 16 relative to the applicant's qualifications and fitness for the 17 position of correctional officer.
- Blank forms for such applications shall be furnished by the commission, without charge, to all persons requesting the

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same. The commission may require, in connection with the application, such certificates of citizens, physicians or others, having pertinent knowledge concerning the applicant, as the good of the service may require.

No application for original appointment shall be received on and after the effective date of this article, if the person applying is less than eighteen years of age at the date of his application: Provided, That in the event any applicant formerly served as a correctional officer for a period of more than one year in the county to which he makes application, and resigned as a correctional officer at a time when there were no charges of misconduct or other misfeasance pending against him, within a period of two years preceding the date of his application, and at the time of his application resides within the county in which he seeks appointment by reinstatement, then such applicant shall be eligible for appointment by reinstatement in the discretion of the civil service commission provided he is not sixty-five years of age or over, and such applicant, providing his former term of service as a correctional officer so justifies, may be reappointed by reinstatement without a competitive examination, but such applicant shall undergo a medical examination; and if such applicant shall be so appointed by reinstatement as aforesaid, he shall be the lowest in rank in the jail next above the probationers of the office.

CHAPTER 50

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1773—By Delegate Ryan)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to and increasing certain fees to be charged by the sheriff.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

§59-1-14. Fees to be charged by sheriffs.

1	A sheriff shall charge and collect the following fees:
2 3 4 5	For serving on any person a declaration in ejectment, or an order, notice, summons or other process where the body is not taken, except a subpoena served on a witness, and making
6	return thereof\$5.00
7	For summoning a witness 5.00
8 9	For serving on any person an attachment or other process under which the body is taken
10 11	For levying an attachment on real estate and making the return
12	For making any other levy 5.00
13 14 15	For conveying a prisoner to or from jail, for each mile of necessary travel either in going or returning
16	For taking any bond 1.00
17 18	When a jury is sworn in court, for summoning and impaneling such jury
19	For serving a writ of possession
20 21	For issuing receipt to purchaser at delinquent tax sale
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	The county commission, giving due regard to the cost thereof, may from time to time prescribe the amount which the sheriff may charge for keeping any property or in removing any property. When, after distraining or levying, he neither sells nor receives payment, and either takes no bond or takes one which is not forfeited, he shall, if guilty of no default, have (in addition to the one dollar for a bond, if one was taken) a fee of three dollars, unless this be more than half of what his commission would have amounted to if he had received payment; in which case he shall (whether a bond was taken or not) have a fee of one dollar at the least, and so much more
33	as is necessary to make the said half of his commission. The

34 commission to be included in a forthcoming bond (when one is taken) shall be five percent on the first three hundred dollars 35 of the money for which the distress or levy is made, and two 36 37 percent on the residue of such money; but such commission 38 shall not be received, in whole or in part, except as 39 hereinbefore provided, unless the bond be forfeited, or the amount (including the commission) be paid to the plaintiff. An 40 41 officer receiving payment in money, or selling property, shall have the like commission of five percent on the first three 42 hundred dollars of the money paid or proceeds from such sale, 43 and two percent on the residue, except that when such 44 payment or sale is on an execution on a forthcoming bond, 45 his commission shall be only half what it would be if the 46 47 execution were not on such bond.

CHAPTER 51

(H. B. 1197—By Delegate Shaffer and Delegate Conley)

[Passed March 4, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-z, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the terms of court for the twenty-sixth judicial circuit; changing the beginning days of circuit court term in the counties of Lewis and Upshur.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-z, article two, chapter fifty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-1z. Twenty-sixth circuit.

- For the county of Lewis, on the first Monday in March.
- the second Monday in July and the first Monday in
- 3 November. For the County of Upshur, on the second Monday
- 4 in January, May and September.

CHAPTER 52

(H. B. 2125—By Delegate Casey and Delegate Carmichael)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, relating to crime victims compensation; changing the title of the act, the name of the fund and references to certain personnel; making new findings and providing for continuation of the program; modifying the definitions of claimant, collateral source, dependent, allowable expense, noneconomic detriment and victim, and defining contributory misconduct; providing that commissioners serve under the supervision of judges of the court; clarifying that expenses necessary in obtaining reports may be paid from the fund; modifying the application requirements; removing the limit to state officers and employees as those persons subject to penalty for knowingly and willfully participating or assisting in preparation of false or fraudulent applications; requiring the investigator to apply to court for leave to discontinue investigation when he believes it will interfere with or jeopardize prosecution of a case and requiring court to grant such leave when satisfied that an investigation will interfere with or jeopardize the investigation or prosecution of a case; providing for compensation for emotional distress and pain and suffering in certain cases and limiting the amount of such compensation; increasing the maximum award payable in cases of death to the victim and providing for compensation to certain persons for sorrow, mental anguish and solace; providing for the attorney general to represent the interests of the state in hearings on claims; clarifying authority of investigator to petition court for order to take depositions; providing for payment from the fund of expenses of attorneys; eliminating the requirement for reporting the average amount of claims made; and providing for retroactive effect of amendments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia,

one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

- §14-2A-1. Short title.
- §14-2A-2. Legislative findings; purpose and intent.
- §14-2A-3. Definitions.
- §14-2A-4. Creation of crime victims compensation fund.
- §14-2A-5. Jurisdiction.
- §14-2A-6. Appointment and compensation of commissioners and judges serving under this article.
- §14-2A-7. Qualifications of commissioners.
- §14-2A-8. Commissioners' oath of office.
- §14-2A-9. Claim investigators; compensation and expenses.
- §14-2A-10. Filing of application for compensation award; contents.
- §14-2A-11. Procedure for filing of application.
- §14-2A-12. Investigation and recommendations by claim investigators.
- §14-2A-13. Notice to claimant of claim investigator's recommendation; evaluation of claim by judge or commissioner.
- §14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of award; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress, mental anguish, etc.
- §14-2A-15. Hearings.
- §14-2A-16. Evidence.
- §14-2A-17. Contempt sanction not available.
- §14-2A-18. Effect of prosecution or conviction of offender.
- §14-2A-19. Attorney and witness fees.
- §14-2A-20. Procedure for certification and payment of claims.
- §14-2A-21. Annual report of court of claims.
- §14-2A-22. State's subrogation to claimant's rights.
- §14-2A-23. Subrogation rights of collateral source.
- §14-2A-24. Award not subject to execution or attachment; exceptions.
- §14-2A-25. Publicity.
- §14-2A-26. Rules and regulations.
- §14-2A-27. Application of article.
- §14-2A-28. Retroactive effect of amendments.

§14-2A-1. Short title.

- The act heretofore created by this article and known and
- 2 cited as the "West Virginia Crime Reparation Act of 1981"
- 3 shall henceforth be known and cited as the "West Virginia
- 4 Crime Victims Compensation Act." Any and all funds existing
- 5 under the West Virginia crime reparation act of 1981 shall
- 6 continue for the purposes set forth in this article, notwith-
- 7 standing the amendments to the name of the act or a
- 8 redesignation of the special revenue fund in the state treasury
- o localization of the special revenue rand in the state to
- 9 as herein provided.

§14-2A-2. Legislative findings; purpose and intent.

The Legislature finds and declares that a primary purpose 2 of government is to provide for the safety of citizens and the inviolability of their property. To the extent that innocent 3 4 citizens are victims of crime, particularly violent crime, and 5 are without adequate redress for injury to their person or 6 property, this primary purpose of government is defeated. The people of West Virginia are demonstrably peaceful, and, in 7 8 comparison to the citizens of other states, suffer a lower crime 9 rate. In establishing the West Virginia crime reparation act of 1981, the Legislature stated its findings that the provision of 10 governmental services to prevent crime is not wholly effective 11 and expressed its intent to establish a system of compensation 12 13 for the victims of crime which would provide a partial remedy 14 for the failure of the state to fully achieve this primary purpose 15 of government.

16 The Legislature now finds that the system of compensation established by the act as an experimental effort by the 17 18 Legislature of this state on behalf of its people, after having 19 been reviewed and perfected in its initial stages, should be continued and retained in the legislative branch of government 20 21 as an expression of a moral obligation of the state to provide 22 partial compensation to the innocent victims of crime for injury suffered to their person or property. 23

§14-2A-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, the term:
- 2 (a) "Claimant" means any of the following persons, whether 3 residents or nonresidents of this state, who claim an award of 4 compensation under this article:
- 5 (1) A victim;
- 6 (2) A dependent, spouse or minor child of a deceased victim; or in the event that the deceased victim is a minor, the parents, legal guardians and siblings of the victim;
- 9 (3) A third person other than a collateral source who legally 10 assumes or voluntarily pays the obligations of a victim, or of 11 a dependent of a victim, which obligations are incurred as a 12 result of the criminally injurious conduct that is the subject of the claim;
- 14 (4) A person who is authorized to act on behalf of a victim,

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- 15 dependent or a third person who is not a collateral source.
 - (b) "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or advantages for economic loss otherwise compensable that the victim or claimant has received, or that is readily available to him, from any of the following sources:
- 20 (1) The offender, except any restitution received from the 21 offender pursuant to an order by a court of law sentencing 22 the offender or placing him on probation following a 23 conviction in a criminal case arising from the criminally 24 injurious act for which a claim for compensation is made;
- 25 (2) The government of the United States or any of its agencies, a state or any of its political subdivisions, or an instrumentality of two or more states;
- 28 (3) Social security, medicare and medicaid;
- 29 (4) State-required, temporary, nonoccupational disability 30 insurance;
- 31 (5) Workers' compensation;
- 32 (6) Wage continuation programs of any employer;
- 33 (7) Proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the victim 34 or claimant for loss that was sustained because of the 35 criminally injurious conduct;
- 36 (8) A contract providing prepaid hospital and other health care services or benefits for disability;
 - (9) That portion of the proceeds of all contracts of insurance payable to the claimant on account of the death of the victim which exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars.
 - (c) "Criminally injurious conduct" means conduct that occurs or is attempted in this state which by its nature poses a substantial threat of personal injury or death, and is punishable by fine or imprisonment or death, or would be so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state. Criminally injurious conduct does not include conduct arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle, except when the person engaging in the conduct intended to cause personal injury or death, or except when the person engaging in the conduct committed negligent

- homicide, driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or reckless driving.
- (d) "Dependent" means an individual who received over half of his support from the victim. For the purpose of determining whether an individual received over half of his support from the victim, there shall be taken into account the amount of support received from the victim as compared to the entire amount of support which the individual received from all sources, including support which the individual himself supplied. The term "support" includes, but is not limited to, food, shelter, clothing, medical and dental care and education. The term "dependent" includes a child of the victim born after his death.
 - (e) "Economic loss" means economic detriment consisting only of allowable expense, work loss and replacement services loss. If criminally injurious conduct causes death, economic loss includes a dependent's economic loss and a dependent's replacement services loss. Noneconomic detriment is not economic loss; however, economic loss may be caused by pain and suffering or physical impairment.
 - (f) "Allowable expense" means reasonable charges incurred or to be incurred for reasonably needed products, services and accommodations, including those for medical care, prosthetic devices, eye glasses, dentures, rehabilitation and other remedial treatment and care.

Allowable expense includes a total charge not in excess of one thousand two hundred fifty dollars for expenses in any way related to funeral, cremation and burial. It does not include that portion of a charge for a room in a hospital, clinic, convalescent home, nursing home or any other institution engaged in providing nursing care and related services in excess of a reasonable and customary charge for semiprivate accommodations, unless accommodations other than semiprivate accommodations are medically required.

(g) "Work loss" means loss of income from work that the injured person would have performed if he had not been injured and expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred by him to obtain services in lieu of those he would have performed for income, reduced by any income from substitute work actually performed or to be performed by him, or by

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92 income he would have earned in available appropriate 93 substitute work that he was capable of performing but 94 unreasonably failed to undertake.

- (h) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the injured person would have performed, not for income but for the benefit of himself or his family, if he had not been injured.
- (i) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after a victim's death of contributions of things of economic value to his dependents, not including services they would have received from the victim if he had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death.
- (j) "Dependent's replacement service loss" means loss reasonably incurred or to be incurred by dependents after a victim's death in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the victim would have performed for their benefit if he had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death and not subtracted in calculating dependent's economic loss.
- (k) "Noneconomic detriment" means sorrow, mental anguish and solace which may include society, companionship, comfort, guidance, kindly offices and advice.
- 116 (I) "Victim" means a person who suffers personal injury or 117 death as a result of any one of the following: (1) Criminally 118 injurious conduct; (2) the good faith effort of the person to 119 prevent criminally injurious conduct; or (3) the good faith 120 effort of the person to apprehend a person that the injured person has observed engaging in criminally injurious conduct, 121 122 or who such injured person has reasonable cause to believe 123 has engaged in such criminally injurious conduct immediately 124 prior to the attempted apprehension.
- (m) "Contributory misconduct" means any conduct of the claimant, or of the victim through whom the claimant claims an award, that is unlawful or intentionally tortious and that, without regard to the conduct's proximity in time or space to the criminally injurious conduct, has a causal relationship to the criminally injurious conduct that is the basis of the claim.

§14-2A-4. Creation of crime victims compensation fund.

1 Every person within the state who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a misdemeanor or felony offense, other than a traffic 2 3 offense that is not a moving violation, shall pay the sum of three dollars as costs in the case, in addition to any other court 4 costs that the court is required by law to impose upon such 5 convicted person. The clerk of the circuit court, magistrate court or municipal court wherein such additional costs are 7 imposed shall, on or before the last day of each month. transmit all such costs received under this article to the state 9 treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of a 10 special revenue fund to be known as the "Crime Victims 11 Compensation Fund," which is hereby created. All moneys 12 heretofore collected and received under the prior enactment or 13 reenactments of this article and deposited or to be deposited 14 in the "Crime Victims Reparation Fund" are hereby trans-15 ferred to the crime victims compensation fund, and the 16 treasurer shall so deposit such moneys in the state treasury. 17 All moneys collected and received under this article and paid 18 into the state treasury and credited to the crime victims 19 compensation fund in the manner prescribed in section two, 20 article two, chapter twelve of this code, shall be kept and 21 maintained for the specific purposes of this article, and shall 22 not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the 23 general revenue of the state. 24

Moneys in the crime victims compensation fund shall be available for the payment of the costs of administration of this article in accordance with the budget of the court approved therefor.

§14-2A-5. Jurisdiction.

Any judge of the court of claims individually, or the court of claims en banc, or any court of claims commissioner appointed pursuant to section six of this article, shall have jurisdiction to approve awards of compensation arising from criminally injurious conduct, in accordance with the provisions of this article, if satisfied by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for an award of compensation have been met.

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§14-2A-6. Appointment and compensation of commissioners and judges serving under this article.

- (a) The court of claims, with the approval of the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates, may appoint court of claims commissioners to hear claims for awards of compensation and to approve awards of compensation pursuant to the provisions of this article. Each commissioner shall serve at the pleasure of the court of claims and under the supervision of the judges of the court of claims.
- (b) The court of claims shall fix the compensation of the court of claims commissioners in an amount not exceeding the compensation for judges of the court of claims. Compensation of judges and commissioners for services performed under this article, and actual expenses incurred in the performance of duties as judges and commissioners under this article shall be paid out of the crime victims compensation fund.
- (c) The limitation period of one hundred days in section eight, article two of this chapter pertaining to time served by the judges of the court of claims shall not apply to the provisions of this article.

§14-2A-7. Qualifications of commissioners.

Each commissioner appointed by the court of claims shall 1 be an attorney-at-law, licensed to practice in this state, and 2 shall have been so licensed to practice law for a period of not 3 less than three years prior to his appointment as commissioner. 4 A commissioner shall not be an officer or an employee of any 5 branch of state government, except in his capacity as commissioner of the court. A commissioner shall not hear or 7 participate in the consideration of any claim in which he is 8 interested personally, either directly or indirectly. When 9 practicable, the commissioners should be selected from 10 different congressional districts and be geographically located, 11 with reference to their counties of residence, to facilitate the 12 appearance of claimants and witnesses at hearings held 13 pursuant to this article. 14

§14-2A-8. Commissioners' oath of office.

- 1 Each commissioner shall, before entering upon the duties of
- 2 his office, take and subscribe to the oath prescribed by section
- 3 five, article four of the constitution of the state. The oath shall
- 4 be filed with the clerk.

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§14-2A-9. Claim investigators; compensation and expenses.

The court of claims is hereby authorized to hire not more 1 2 than two claim investigators to be employed within the office 3 of the clerk of the court of claims, who shall carry out the functions and duties set forth in section twelve of this article. 5 Claim investigators shall serve at the pleasure of the court of claims and under the administrative supervision of the clerk 6 7 of the court of claims. The compensation of claim investigators shall be fixed by the court, and such compensation, together 9 with travel, clerical and other expenses of the clerk of the court of claims relating to a claim investigator carrying out his duties 10 under this article, including the cost of obtaining reports 11 required by the investigator in investigating a claim, shall be 12 payable from the crime victims compensation fund as 13 14 appropriated for such purpose by the Legislature.

§14-2A-10. Filing of application for compensation award; contents.

- (a) A claim for an award of compensation shall be commenced by filing an application for an award of compensation with the clerk of the court of claims. The application shall be in a form prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims and shall contain the information specified in subdivisions (1) through (6) of this subsection and, to the extent possible, the information in subdivisions (7) through (10) of this subsection:
- (1) The name and address of the victim of the criminally injurious conduct, the name and address of the claimant and the relationship of the claimant to the victim;
- 12 (2) The nature of the criminally injurious conduct that is 13 the basis for the claim and the date on which the conduct 14 occurred;
 - (3) The law-enforcement agency or officer to whom the criminally injurious conduct was reported and the date on which it was reported;
 - (4) Whether the claimant is the spouse, parent, child, brother or sister of the offender, or is similarly related to an accomplice of the offender who committed the criminally injurious conduct;
 - (5) A release authorizing the court of claims, the court of claims commissioners and the claim investigator to obtain any report, document or information that relates to the determination of the claim for an award of compensation;

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- (6) If the victim is deceased, the name and address of each dependent of the victim and the extent to which each is dependent upon the victim for care and support;
- (7) The nature and extent of the injuries that the victim sustained from the criminally injurious conduct for which compensation is sought, the name and address of any person who gave medical treatment to the victim for the injuries, the name and address of any hospital or similar institution where the victim received medical treatment for the injuries, and whether the victim died as a result of the injuries;
- (8) The total amount of the economic loss that the victim, a dependent or the claimant sustained or will sustain as a result of the criminally injurious conduct, without regard to the financial limitation set forth in subsection (g), section fourteen of this article:
- (9) The amount of benefits or advantages that the victim, a dependent or other claimant has received or is entitled to receive from any collateral source for economic loss that resulted from the criminally injurious conduct, and the name of each collateral source;
- (10) Any additional relevant information that the court of claims may require. The court of claims may require the claimant to submit, with the application, materials to substantiate the facts that are stated in the application.
- (b) All applications for an award of compensation shall be filed within two years after the occurrence of the criminally injurious conduct that is the basis of the application. Any application so filed which contains the information specified in subdivisions (1) through (6), subsection (a) of this section may not be excluded from consideration on the basis of incomplete information specified in subdivisions (7) through (10) of said subsection if such information is completed after reasonable assistance in the completion thereof is provided under procedures established by the court of claims.
- (c) A person who knowingly and willfully presents or 60 attempts to present a false or fraudulent application, or who knowingly and willfully participates, or assists in the 62 preparation or presentation of a false or fraudulent applica-63

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- 64 tion, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. A person convicted,
- 65 in a court of competent jurisidiction, of a violation of this
- 66 section shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or
- 67 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both, in the
- 68 discretion of such court. If the convicted person is a state
- 69 officer or employee, he shall, in addition, forfeit his office or
- 70 position of employment, as the case may be.

§14-2A-11. Procedure for filing of application.

- The clerk of the court of claims shall establish a procedure
- 2 for the filing, recording and processing of applications for an
- 3 award of compensation.

§14-2A-12. Investigation and recommendations by claim investigator.

- (a) The clerk of the court of claims shall transmit a copy
- 2 of the application to the claim investigator within seven days
- 3 after the filing of the application.
- 4 (b) The claim investigator, upon receipt of an application
- 5 for an award of compensation from the clerk of the court of
- 6 claims, shall investigate the claim. After completing the
- 7 investigation, the claim investigator shall make a written
- 8 finding of fact and recommendation concerning an award of
- 9 compensation. He shall file with the clerk the finding of fact
- 10 and recommendation and all information or documents that
- 11 he used in his investigation: Provided, That the claim
- 12 investigator shall not file information or documents which
- 13 have been the subject of a protective order entered under the
- 14 provisions of subsection (c) of this section.
- 15 (c) The claim investigator, while investigating the claim,
- 16 may require the claimant to supplement the application for an
- 17 award of compensation with any further information or
- 18 documentary materials, including any medical report readily
- 19 available, which may lead to any relevant facts aiding in the
- 20 determination of whether, and the extent to which, a claimant
- 21 qualifies for an award of compensation.
- 22 The claim investigator, while investigating the claim, may
- 23 also require law-enforcement officers and prosecuting
- 25 thereof, to provide him with reports, information, witness

attorneys employed by the state or any political subdivision

26 statements or other data gathered in the investigation of the

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27 criminally injurious conduct that is the basis of any claim to enable him to determine whether, and the extent to which, a 28 claimant qualifies for an award of compensation. The 29 prosecuting attorney and any officer or employee of the 30 31 prosecuting attorney or of the law-enforcement agency shall 32 be immune from any civil liability that might otherwise be incurred as the result of providing such reports, information, 33 witness statements or other data relating to the criminally 34 35 injurious conduct to the claim investigator.

Upon motion of any party, court or agency from whom such reports, information, witness statements or other data is sought, and for good cause shown, the court may make any order which justice requires to protect a witness or other person, including, but not limited to, the following: (1) That the reports, information, witness statements or other data not be made available; (2) that the reports, information, witness 43 statements or other data may be made available only on 44 specified terms and conditions, including a designation of time 45 and place; (3) that the reports, information, witness statements or other data be made available only by a different method 46 47 than that selected by the claim investigator; (4) that certain matters not be inquired into, or that the scope of the claim 48 investigator's request be limited to certain matters; (5) that the 49 reports, information, witness statements or other data be 50 examined only by certain persons designated by the court; (6) 52 that the reports, information, witness statements or other data, after being sealed, be opened only by order of the court; (7) 53 that confidential information or the identity of confidential 54 witnesses or informers not be disclosed, or disclosed only in 55 56 a designated manner.

However, in any case wherein the claim investigator has reason to believe that his investigation may interfere with or jeopardize the investigation of a crime by law-enforcement officers, or the prosecution of a case by prosecuting attorneys, he shall apply to the court of claims, or a judge thereof, for an order granting leave to discontinue his investigation for a reasonable time in order to avoid such interference or jeopardization. When it appears to the satisfaction of the court, or judge, upon application by the claim investigator or in its own discretion, that the investigation of a case by the claim investigator will interfere with or jeopardize the

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- 68 investigation or prosecution of a crime, the court, or judge,
- 69 shall issue an order granting the claim investigator leave to
- 70 discontinue his investigation for such time as the court, or
- 71 judge, deems reasonable to avoid such interference or 72 jeopardization.
- 73 (d) The finding of fact that is issued by the claim 74 investigator pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall 75 contain the following:
- 76 (1) Whether the criminally injurious conduct that is the 77 basis for the application did occur, the date on which the 78 conduct occurred and the exact nature of the conduct;
- 79 (2) If the criminally injurious conduct was reported to a law-enforcement officer or agency, the date on which the 80 conduct was reported and the name of the person who 81 reported the conduct; or, the reasons why the conduct was not 82 reported to a law-enforcement officer or agency; or, the 83 reasons why the conduct was not reported to a law-84 85 enforcement officer or agency within seventy-two hours after 86 the conduct occurred:
- 87 (3) The exact nature of the injuries that the victim sustained as a result of the criminally injurious conduct;
- 89 (4) If the claim investigator is recommending that an award 90 be made, a specific itemization of the economic loss that was 91 sustained by the victim, the claimant or a dependent as a result 92 of the criminally injurious conduct;
 - (5) If the claim investigator is recommending that an award be made, a specific itemization of any benefits or advantages that the victim, the claimant or a dependent has received or is entitled to receive from any collateral source for economic loss that resulted from the conduct:
- 98 (6) Whether the claimant is the spouse, parent, child, 99 brother or sister of the offender, or is similarly related to an 100 accomplice of the offender who committed the criminally 101 injurious conduct;
- 102 (7) Any information which might be a basis for a reasonable reduction or denial of a claim because of contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim through whom he or she claims;

- 106 (8) Any additional information that the claim investigator 107 deems to be relevant to the evaluation of the claim.
- 108 (e) The recommendation that is issued by the claim 109 investigator pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall 110 contain the following:
- (1) Whether an award of compensation should be made tothe claimant and the amount of the award;
- 113 (2) If the claim investigator recommends that an award not 114 be made to the claimant, the reason for his decision.
- (f) The claim investigator shall file his finding of fact and 115 116 recommendation with the clerk within six months after the filing of the application: Provided, That where there is active 117 118 criminal investigation or prosecution of the person or persons 119 alleged to have committed the criminally injurious conduct which is the basis for the claimant's claim, the claim 120 121 investigator shall file his finding of fact and recommendation within six months after the first of any final convictions or 122 other final determinations as to innocence or guilt, or any 123 124 other final disposition of criminal proceedings. In any case, an additional time period may be provided by order of any 125 court of claims judge or commissioner upon good cause 126 127 shown.

§14-2A-13. Notice to claimant of claim investigator's recommendation; evaluation of claim by judge or commissioner.

- 1 (a) The clerk of the court of claims, upon receipt of the 2 claim investigator's finding of fact and recommendation, shall forward a copy of the finding of fact and recommendation to 3 4 the claimant with a notice informing the claimant that any response, in the form of objections or comments directed to 5 the finding of fact and recommendation, must be filed with 6 7 the clerk within thirty days of the date of the notice. After the expiration of such thirty-day period, the clerk shall assign 8 the claim to a judge or commissioner of the court. 9
- 10 (b) The judge or commissioner to whom the claim is 11 assigned shall review the finding of fact and recommendation 12 and any response submitted by the claimant and, if deemed 13 appropriate, may request the claim investigator to comment 14 in writing on the claimant's response. The judge or commis-15 sioner shall, within forty-five days after assignment by the

clerk, evaluate the claim without a hearing and either deny the claim or approve an award of compensation to the claimant.

§14-2A-14. Grounds for denial of claim or reduction of award; maximum awards; awards for emotional distress, mental anguish, etc.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), section ten of this article, the judge or commissioner shall not approve an award of compensation to a claimant who did not file his application for an award of compensation within two years after the date of the occurrence of the criminally injurious conduct that caused the injury or death for which he is seeking an award of compensation.
- 8 (b) An award of compensation shall not be approved if the 9 criminally injurious conduct upon which the claim is based was 10 not reported to a law-enforcement officer or agency within 11 seventy-two hours after the occurrence of the conduct, unless 12 it is determined that good cause existed for the failure to 13 report the conduct within the seventy-two hour period.
- 14 (c) The judge or commissoner shall not approve an award 15 of compensation to a claimant who is the offender or an accomplice of the offender who committed the criminally 16 injurious conduct, nor to any claimant if the award would 17 unjustly benefit the offender or his accomplice. Unless a 18 determination is made that the interests of justice require that 19 an award be approved in a particular case, an award of 20 compensation shall not be made to the spouse of, or to a 21 person living in the same household with, the offender or 22 23 accomplice of the offender, or the parent, child, brother or sister of the offender or his accomplice. 24
- 25 (d) A judge or commissioner, upon a finding that the claimant or victim has not fully cooperated with appropriate law-enforcement agencies, or the claim investigator, may deny a claim, reduce an award of compensation and may reconsider a claim already approved.
- 30 (e) An award of compensation shall not be approved if the 31 injury occurred while the victim was confined in any state, 32 county or city jail, prison or correctional facility.
- 33 (f) After reaching a decision to approve an award of 34 compensation, but prior to announcing such approval, the

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judge or commissioner shall require the claimant to submit current information as to collateral sources on forms prescribed by the clerk of the court of claims. The judge or commissioner shall reduce an award of compensation or deny a claim for an award of compensation that is otherwise payable to a claimant to the extent that the economic loss upon which the claim is based is or will be recouped from other persons, including collateral sources, or if such reduction or denial is determined to be reasonable because of the contributory misconduct of the claimant or of a victim through whom he claims. If an award is reduced or a claim is denied because of the expected recoupment of all or part of the economic loss of the claimant from a collateral source, the amount of the award or the denial of the claim shall be conditioned upon the claimant's economic loss being recouped by the collateral source: Provided, That if it is thereafter determined that the claimant will not receive all or part of the expected recoupment, the claim shall be reopened and an award shall be approved in an amount equal to the amount of expected recoupment that it is determined the claimant will not receive from the collateral source, subject to the limitation set forth in subsection (g) of this section.

(g) Except in the case of death, compensation payable to a victim and to all other claimants sustaining economic loss because of injury to that victim shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars in the aggregate. Compensation payable to a victim of criminally injurious conduct which would constitute an offense under the provisions of article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this code which causes serious permanent injury may include, in addition to economic loss, an amount up to five thousand dollars for emotional distress and pain and suffering. Compensation payable to all claimants because of the death of the victim shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars in the aggregate, but may include, in addition to economic loss, compensation to the claimants specified in paragraph (2), subdivision (a), section three of this article, for sorrow, mental anguish and solace.

§14-2A-15. Hearings.

1 (a) If either the claim investigator or the claimant disagrees 2 with the approval of an award or the denial of a claim in the 3 summary manner set forth in the preceding sections of this

- 4 article, the claim investigator or the claimant, or both, shall file with the clerk a request for hearing. Such request shall be filed within twenty-one days after notification by the judge or commissioner of his decision.
- 8 (b) Upon receipt of a request for hearing, the clerk shall 9 place the claim upon the regular docket of the court for 10 hearing, shall advise the attorney general and the claimant of 11 the receipt of the request and docketing of the claim, and shall request the attorney general to commence negotiations with 13 the claimant
 - (c) During the period of negotiations and pending hearing, the attorney general, shall, if possible, reach an agreement with the claimant regarding the facts upon which the claim is based so as to avoid the necessity for the introduction of evidence at the hearing. If the parties are unable to agree upon the facts, an attempt shall be made to stipulate the questions of fact in issue.
 - (d) The hearing held in accordance with this section shall be before a single judge or commissioner to whom the claim has not been previously assigned. Hearings before a judge or commissioner may, in the discretion of such hearing officer, be held at such locations throughout the state as will facilitate the appearance of the claimant and witnesses.
- 27 (e) The hearing shall be conducted so as to disclose all material facts and issues. The judge or commissioner may 29 examine or cross-examine witnesses. The judge or commissioner may call witnesses or require evidence not produced by 31 the parties; may stipulate the questions to be argued by the parties; and may continue the hearing until some subsequent 33 time to permit a more complete presentation of the claim.
 - (f) After the close of the hearing the judge or commissioner shall consider the claim and shall conclude his determination, if possible, within thirty days.
 - (g) The court shall adopt and may from time to time amend rules of procedure to govern proceedings before the court in accordance with the provisions of this article. The rules shall be designed to assure a simple, expeditious and inexpensive consideration of claims. The rules shall permit a claimant to appear in his own behalf or be represented by counsel and

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provide for interests of the state to be represented by the attorney general in any hearing under this section at no additional cost to the fund or the state.

Under its rules, the court shall not be bound by the usual common law or statutory rules of evidence. The court may accept and weigh, in accordance with its evidential value, any information that will assist the court in determining the factual basis of a claim.

§14-2A-16. Evidence.

- (a) There is no privilege, except the privilege arising from the attorney-client relationship, as to communications or records that are relevant to the physical, mental or emotional condition of the claimant or victim in a proceeding under this article in which that condition is an element.
- 6 (b) If the mental, physical or emotional condition of a 7 victim or claimant is material to a claim for an award of 8 compensation, the court, judge or commissioner may order the 9 victim or claimant to submit to a mental or physical examination by a physician or psychologist, and may order 10 an autopsy of a deceased victim. The order may be made for 11 good cause shown and upon notice to the person to be 12 examined and to the claimant and the claim investigator. The 13 14 order shall specify the time, place, manner, conditions and scope of the examination or autopsy and the person by whom 15 it is to be made, and shall require the person who performs 16 the examination or autopsy to file with the clerk of the court 17 18 of claims a detailed written report of the examination or 19 autopsy. The report shall set out the findings, including the results of all tests made, diagnosis, prognosis and other 20 conclusions and reports of earlier examinations of the same 21 conditions. On request of the person examined, the clerk of 22 the court of claims shall furnish him a copy of the report. If 23 24 the victim is deceased, the clerk of the court of claims, on 25 request, shall furnish the claimant a copy of the report.
 - (c) The court, or a judge or commissioner thereof, may order law-enforcement officers employed by the state or any political subdivision thereof to provide it or the claim investigator with copies of any information or data gathered in the investigation of the criminally injurious conduct that is the basis of any claim to enable it to determine whether, and

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- the extent to which, a claimant qualifies for an award of compensation.
- 34 (d) The court, or a judge or commissioner thereof, may 35 require the claimant to supplement the application for an 36 award of compensation with any reasonably available medical 37 or psychological reports relating to the injury for which the 38 award of compensation is claimed.
 - (e) The court, a judge or commissioner thereof, or the claim investigator, in a claim arising out of a violation of article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this code, shall not request the victim or the claimant to supply any evidence of specific instances of the victim's activity, or reputation evidence of the victim's sexual activity, unless it involves evidence of the victim's past sexual activity with the offender, and then only to the extent that the court, the judge, the commissioner or the claim investigator finds that the evidence is relevant to a fact at issue in the claim.
- (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 49 contrary relating to the confidentiality of juvenile records, the 50 51 court of claims, a judge or commissioner thereof, or the claim 52 investigator shall have access to the records of juvenile proceedings which bear upon an application for compensation 53 under this article. The court of claims, a judge or commis-54 sioner thereof, and the claim investigator, shall, to the extent 55 possible, maintain the confidentiality of juvenile records. 56

§14-2A-17. Contempt sanction not available.

If a person refuses to comply with an order under this 1 article, or asserts a privilege, except privileges arising from the 2 attorney-client relationship, so as to withhold or suppress 3 4 evidence relevant to a claim for an award of compensation, the court, judge or commissioner may make any just order, 5 6 including denial of the claim, but shall not find the person in contempt. If necessary to carry out any of his powers and 7 8 duties, the claim investigator may petition the court of claims 9 for an appropriate order, including an order authorizing the investigator to take the depositions of witnesses by oral 10 examination or written interrogatory, but the court of claims .11 12 shall not find a person in contempt for refusal to submit to 13 a mental or physical examination,

§14-2A-18. Effect of prosecution or conviction of offender.

- The court, or a judge or commissioner thereof, may approve an award of compensation whether or not any person is prosecuted or convicted for committing the conduct that is the basis of the award. Proof of conviction of a person whose conduct gave rise to a claim is conclusive evidence that the crime was committed, unless an application for rehearing, an appeal of the conviction or certiorari is pending, or a rehearing or new trial has been ordered.
- 9 The court, or a judge or commissioner thereof, shall suspend, upon a request of the claim investigator, the 11 proceedings in any claim for an award of compensation 12 pending disposition of a criminal prosecution that has been commenced or is imminent.

§14-2A-19. Attorney and witness fees.

- (a) As part of an order, the court, or a judge or commis-1 sioner thereof, shall determine and award reasonable attorney's 2 3 fees, commensurate with services rendered, and reimbursement 4 for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred, to be paid from the crime victims compensation fund to the attorney 5 representing a claimant in a proceeding under this article. 6 7 Attorney's fees and reimbursement may be denied upon a finding that the claim or appeal is frivolous. Awards of 8 attorney's fees and reimbursement shall be in addition to 9 awards of compensation, and attorney's fees and reimburse-10 ment may be awarded whether or not an award of compen-11 sation is approved. An attorney shall not contract for or 12 receive any larger sum than the amount allowed under this 13 14 section.
- 15 (b) Each witness called by the court to appear in a hearing
 16 on a claim for an award of compensation shall receive
 17 compensation and expenses in an amount equal to that
 18 received by witnesses in civil cases as provided in section
 19 sixteen, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code to be paid
 20 from the crime victims compensation fund.

§14-2A-20. Procedure for certification and payment of claims.

1 (a) The clerk shall certify to the department of finance and 2 administration, on or before the twentieth day of November 3 of each year, a list of all claims pursuant to this article for

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- which the court has made a final determination and approved an award since the last such certificate.
- 6 (b) The governor shall include in his proposed budget bill 7 and revenue estimates:
- 8 (1) An estimate of the balance and receipts anticipated in the crime victims compensation fund,
- 10 (2) An itemized report of the approved awards recom-11 mended by the court to the Legislature,
 - (3) Such recommendations to the Legislature for appropriations from the crime victims compensation fund as he may deem appropriate for the payment of fees, costs and expenses incurred, due or payable at any time from such fund, and
 - (4) Such recommendations to the Legislature for appropriations for the payment of claims arising under this article, whether accrued and determined by the court and included in the itemization of awards mentioned in this section or arising during the ensuing fiscal year.
- 21 (c) The Legislature shall, by general law, provide for the 22 authorization to pay the itemized awards arising under this 23 article or so much thereof as may be deemed appropriate or 24 for awards arising during the ensuing fiscal year and provide 25 by appropriation from the crime victims compensation fund 26 for the payment of such awards authorized and for the 27 payment of fees, costs and expenses as from time to time may be appropriate. The clerk shall certify each authorized award 28 29 and the amount thereof and make requisition upon the crime victims compensation fund relating thereto to the auditor. The 30 31 auditor shall issue his warrant to the treasurer without further 32 examination or review of the claim except for the question of 33 a sufficient unexpended balance in the appropriation.

§14-2A-21. Annual report of court of claims.

The court of claims shall prepare and transmit annually to the governor and the Legislature a report of the activities of the court of claims under this article. The report shall include the number of claims filed, the number of awards made and the amount of each award, and a statistical summary of claims and awards made and denied; the balance in the crime victims compensation fund with a listing by source and amount of the

- 8 moneys that have been deposited in the fund; the amount that
- has been withdrawn from the fund, including separate listings 9
- of the administrative costs incurred by the court of claims, 10
- 11 compensation of judges, commissioners and court personnel,
- the amount awarded as attorneys' fees. 12

§14-2A-22. State's subrogation to claimant's rights.

- If an award of compensation is made under the provisions 1 of this article and is not reduced on account of the availability 2
- of payment by a collateral source, the state, upon the payment 3
- 4 of the award or a part of the award, shall be subrogated to
- all of the claimant's rights to receive or recover benefits or 5
- advantages for economic loss for which an award of 6
- compensation was made from such source if it were a collateral 7
- source or would be a collateral source if it were readily 8
- available to the victim or claimant. The claimant may sue the 9
- offender for any damages or injuries caused by the offender's 10
- criminally injurious conduct and not compensated for by an 11
- award of compensation. The claimant may join with the 12
- attorney general as co-plaintiff in any action against the 13
- offender. All moneys that are collected by the state pursuant 14
- to its rights of subrogation as provided in this section shall 15
- be deposited in the crime victims compensation fund. 16

§14-2A-23. Subrogation rights of collateral source.

- 1 Subrogation rights which a collateral source may have shall
- not extend to a recovery from a claimant of all or any part 2
- of an award made under this article. A collateral source may
- not apply, in the name of a claimant or otherwise, for an 4
- award of compensation based upon injury to a claimant to 5
- whose rights the collateral source may be subrogated.

§14-2A-24. Award not subject to execution or attachment: exceptions.

- An award is not subject to execution, attachment, garnish-1
 - 2 ment or other process, except that, upon receipt of an award
 - by a claimant, the part of the award that is for allowable
 - expense is not exempt from such action by a creditor to the 4
 - extent that he provides products, services or accommodations 5
 - the costs of which are included in the award and the part of
 - the award that is for work loss shall not be exempt from such
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 - action to secure payment of alimony, maintenance or child 8
 - support.

§14-2A-25. Publicity.

- 1 (a) The clerk of the court of claims shall prepare an
- 2 information brochure for the benefit of the general public,
- 3 outlining the rights of claimants and procedures to be followed
- 4 under this article. Copies of such brochure shall be distributed
- 5 to law-enforcement agencies in the state, and be made
- 6 available to other interested persons.
- 7 (b) Any law-enforcement agency that investigates an offense
- 8 committed in this state involving personal injury shall make
- 9 reasonable efforts to provide information to the victim of the
- 10 offense and his dependents concerning the availability of an
- 11 award of compensation and advise such persons that an
- 12 application for an award of compensation may be obtained
- 13 from the clerk of the court of claims.

§14-2A-26. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The court of claims may promulgate rules and regulations
- 2 to implement the provisions of this article.

§14-2A-27. Application of article.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall not apply to any injury
- 2 or death resulting from criminally injurious conduct which
- 3 occurred on or before the thirty-first day of December, one
- 4 thousand nine hundred eighty-one.

§14-2A-28. Retroactive effect of amendments.

- l Amendments made to the provisions of this article during
- 2 the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand
- 3 nine hundred eighty-four, shall be of retroactive effect to the
- 4 extent that such amended provisions shall apply to all cases
- 5 pending before the court of claims on the effective date of the
- act of the Legislature which effects such amendment.

CHAPTER 53

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 43—By Senator Holliday)

[Passed March 18, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article eleven-a, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-

one, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and three, relating to sentencing alternatives; required findings; custody of sheriff; costs of confinement; continuing jurisdiction; attestation by physician of health status; personnel status; and limitation on liability of public officials and county and community service work agencies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eleven-a, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and three, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11A. RELEASE FOR WORK AND OTHER PURPOSES.

\$62-11A-1a. Other sentencing alternatives.

§62-11A-3. Personnel status; limitation on liability of public officials and county and community service work agencies.

§62-11A-1a. Other sentencing alternatives.

- 1 (a) Any person who has been convicted in a court of 2 record under any criminal provision of this code of a 3 misdemeanor or felony, which may be punishable by 4 confinement in the county jail, may, in the discretion of 5 the sentencing judge, as an alternative to the sentence 6 imposed by statute for such crime, be sentenced under one of the following programs:
- 8 (1) The weekend jail program under which persons 9 would be required to spend weekends or other days 10 normally off from work, in jail;
- (2) The work program under which sentenced persons 11 would be required to spend the first two or more days of 12 their sentence in jail and then, in the discretion of the 13 judge, would be assigned to a county agency to perform 14 labor within the jail, or in and upon the buildings, 15 grounds, institutions, bridges, roads, including orphaned 16 roads used by the general public, and public works within 17 the county. Eight hours of such labor shall be credited as 18 one day of the sentence imposed. Persons sentenced un-19 der this program may be required to provide their own 20 transportation to and from the work site, lunch and work 21 clothes; or 22

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- 23 (3) The community service program under which 24 persons sentenced would spend no time in jail but would 25 be sentenced to a number of hours or days of community 26 service work with tax supported agencies. Eight hours of service work shall be credited as one day of the sen-27 28 tence imposed. Persons sentenced under this program 29 may be required to provide their own transportation to and from the work site, lunch and work clothes. 30
- 31 (b) In no event may the duration of the alternate 32 sentence exceed the maximum period of incarceration 33 otherwise allowed.
 - (c) In imposing a sentence under the provisions of this section, the court shall first make the following findings of fact and incorporate them into the court's sentencing order:
 - (1) The person sentenced was not convicted of an offense for which a mandatory period of confinement is imposed by statute;
 - (2) The person sentenced is not a habitual criminal within the meaning of sections eighteen and nineteen, article eleven, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 44 (3) That adequate facilities for the administration and 45 supervision of alternative sentencing programs are avail-46 able through the court's probation officers or the county 47 sheriff; and
 - (4) That an alternative sentence under provisions of this article will best serve the interests of justice.
- 50 (d) Persons sentenced under the provisions of this 51 article shall remain under the administrative custody and 52 supervision of the court's probation officers or the county 53 sheriff.
- 54 (e) Persons sentenced under the provisions of this 55 section may be required to pay the costs of their con-56 finement, including meal costs, at the discretion of the 57 court.
- 58 (f) Persons sentenced under the provisions of this 59 section remain under the jurisdiction of the court. The 60 court may withdraw any alternative sentence at any time 61 by order entered with or without notice and require that

- 62 the remainder of the sentence be served in the county
- 63 jail: Provided, That no alternative sentence directed by
- 64 the sentencing judge or administered under the supervi-
- 65 sion of the sheriff, his deputies, a jailer or a guard, shall
- 66 require the convicted person to perform duties which
- 67 would be considered detrimental to the convicted
- 68 person's health as attested by a physician.

§62-11A-3. Personnel status; limitation on liability of public officials and county and community service work agencies.

- 1 (a) No person sentenced under any provision of this 2 article shall be regarded as an employee of the sheriff,
- 3 county commission or the county or community service
- 4 work agency to which the person sentenced is assigned
- 5 for any purpose, including, but not limited to, workers'
- 6 compensation, civil service, unemployment compensation,
- 7 public employees insurance or public employees retire-8 ment.
- 9 (b) Neither the sheriff, the county commission or com-10 munity service agency to which the person is assigned
- 11 shall be liable for injury or damage to third parties in-
- 12 tentionally committed by the person so sentenced or for
- 13 any action on behalf of the person so sentenced except
- 14 in the case of gross negligence on the part of the sheriff,
- 15 county commission or community service agency or the
- 16 supervisor of the person so sentenced: *Provided*, That
- 17 nothing herein shall bar a claim by a third party for
- 18 injury or damage resulting from the negligent act of the
- 19 person so sentenced committed outside the confines of a
- 20 county jail and within the scope of the work required by
- 20 county jail and within the scope of the work required
- 21 the alternative sentence.

CHAPTER 54

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 59—By Senators Rogers and Tucker)

[Passed April 2, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, atricle one, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thou-

sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to property sold under a deed of trust; notification of subordinate lienholders.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article one, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. VENDOR'S AND TRUST DEED LIENS. §38-1-4. Notice of sale.

1 Unless property is to be sold under a deed of trust 2 executed and delivered prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty, which contains a provision 3 waiving the requirement of published notice, or the prop-4 erty to be sold is in the opinion of the trustee of less 5 value than two thousand dollars, the trustee shall publish a notice of a trustee's sale as a Class III legal adver-7 tisement in compliance with the provisions of article 8 9 three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication 10 area for such publication shall be the county where the property is located. If in the opinion of the trustee the 11 property is of less value than two thousand dollars, such 12 notice of sale shall be posted at least twenty days prior 13 thereto at the front door of the courthouse of 14 the county in which the property is to be sold, and at 15 three other public places in the county, one of which 16 17 shall be as near as practicable to the premises to be sold if the sale is of real estate. In all cases, whether the 18 notice is published or not, a copy of such notice shall be 19 served on the grantor in such trust deed, or his agent or 20 personal representative, if he or they are within the 21 county, at least twenty days prior to the sale, unless 22 service of such notice be expressly waived by the grantor 23 in any such trust deed; and shall be served by certified 24 mail, at least twenty days prior to the sale, upon any 25 subordinate lienholder who has previously notified the 26 primary lienholder by certified mail of the existence of a 27 28 subordinate lien: Provided, That notice need not be given 29 to a subordinate lienholder for sales for which notice has been posted or published prior to the effective date of **3**0

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31 this section. Every notice of sale by a trustee under a trust deed shall show the following particulars: (a) The 32 time and place of sale; (b) the names of the parties to 33 the deed under which it will be made; (c) the date of the 34 deed; (d) the office and book in which it is recorded; (e) 35 the quantity and description of the land or other prop-36 erty or both conveyed thereby; and (f) the terms of 37 sale: Provided, however, That except as expressly pro-38 vided in this section, no trust deed shall waive the re-39 quirements of publication of notice as required by this 40 41 section. Notice to a subordinate lienholder shall be complete when such notice is mailed in accordance with the 42 provisions of this section, directed to the address of the 43 subordinate lienholder as provided by such subordinate 44 45 lienholder in the notice of existence of a subordinate 46 lien.

An individual who purchases property at a trustee's 48 sale is under no duty to ascertain whether notice was given to subordinate lienholders in accordance with the 49 provisions of this section, and such right, title and in-50 terest as the purchaser may acquire shall not be affected 51 by defects in such notice or the service thereof, if the 52 53 purchaser is otherwise a bona fide purchaser for value.

CHAPTER 55

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1652-By Delegate Underwood)

[Passed April 10, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the right to sue for a divorce; residency requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended. be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE. ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

§48-2-7. Right to sue for divorce.

- No action for divorce shall be maintainable:
- 2 (a) If the cause for divorce is adultery, whether the cause
- 3 of action arose in or out of this state, unless one of the parties.
- 4 at the commencement of the action, is a bona fide resident 5
- of this state. In such case if the defendant is a nonresident
- 6 of this state and cannot be personally served with process
- 7 within this state, such action shall not be maintainable unless
- 8 the plaintiff has been an actual bona fide resident of this state
- 9 for at least one year next preceding the commencement of the 10 action: or
- 11 (b) If the cause for divorce is other than adultery, unless
- 12 one of the parties was, at the time the cause of action arose,
- 13 or has since that time become, an actual bona fide resident
- 14 of this state and has continued so to be for at least one year
- 15 next preceding the commencement of the action: Provided,
- That if the marriage sought to be dissolved was entered into 16
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- within this state, the action shall be maintainable if one of the
- 18 parties is an actual bona fide resident of this state at the time
- 19 of commencement of the action, without regard to the length
- 20 of time residency has continued.

CHAPTER 56

(H. B. 1286—By Delegates Shaffer and Shepherd)

[Passed March 4, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twenty-nine, article two, chapter fortyeight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prohibiting the advertising of an offer to obtain divorces.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAIN-TENANCE.

- Repeal of section relating to prohibiting the advertising of any **§1.** offer to obtain divorces.
 - Section twenty-nine, article two, chapter forty-eight of the 1
 - code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, 2
 - as amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 57

(H. B. 2089—By Delegate Pino and Delegate Yanni)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, section four, article five, and sections five, six, eight and ten, article nine-a, all of chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, five-c and eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code, all relating to public school support generally; increasing compensation of county board and state board of education members; changing from ten to twenty percent the limitation on the increase in the number of service personnel; providing for such limitation in the years succeeding any year in which a county has fewer than thirty-four service personnel per one thousand students; changing that part of the foundation allowance for fixed charges which related to unemployment contribution to a multiplier of three and two-tenths percent; providing for a foundation allowance for administrative cost for distribution to regional educational service agencies in accordance with regulations of the state board; guaranteeing one hundred thousand dollars to each county from the foundation allowance to improve instructional programs prior to allocation in accordance with basic resources per pupil; increasing moneys allocated to professional educators and service personnel by approximately five percent to be paid in accordance with article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code; providing additional moneys to classroom teachers with more than twenty years of teaching experience; increasing the. increment rate for principals and assistant principals: providing for advanced salary classification for certain teachers having specialized training; providing for equity allocations based on county supplements in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and providing certain exceptions thereto; requiring that the first ten million dollars of surplus revenue for the current fiscal year be appropriated and expended for salary equity; increasing the years of employment on the service personnel pay scale from

twenty to twenty-five years; and prohibiting changes in the schedules of service personnel in certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two, section four, article five, and sections five, six, eight and ten, article nine-a, all of chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections two, three, four, five, five-c and eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article

- State Board of Education.
- County Board of Education.
- 9A. Public School Support.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-3. Meetings; compensation and expenses of members.

- 1 The state board shall hold at least six meetings in every year
- at such times and places as it may prescribe. It may meet at 2
- such other times as may be necessary, such meetings to be held
- 4 upon its own resolution or at the call of the president of the
- 5 state board. The members of the state board, other than the
- ex officio members of the board, shall be paid one hundred
- dollars per diem each day or any part thereof spent in the
- performance of their duties under this article, and shall be 8
- reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 9
- incurred incident to the performance of their duties. The state
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- 11 superintendent of schools and the chancellor of the board of
- 12 regents shall be reimbursed for such expenses, but shall not
- receive a per diem allowance. Upon presentation of itemized 13
- 14 sworn statements, the per diem and reimbursement payments
- 15 shall be made from appropriations made by the Legislature
- 16 to the state board.

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ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-4. Meetings; employment and assignment of teachers; budget hearing; compensation of members; affiliation with state and national associations.

1 The board shall meet on the first Monday of January, 2 except that in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, 3 and every year thereafter, the board shall meet on the first Monday of July, and upon the dates provided by law for the 4 5 laying of levies, and at such other times as the board may fix 6 upon its records. At any meeting as authorized above and in 7 compliance with the provisions of article four of this chapter, the board may employ such qualified teachers, or those who 8 9 will qualify by the time of entering upon their duties, necessary 10 to fill existing or anticipated vacancies for the current or next 11 ensuing school year. At a meeting of the board, on or before the first Monday of May, the superintendent shall furnish in 12 writing to the board a list of those teachers to be considered 13 14 for transfer and subsequent assignment for the next ensuing 15 school year; all other teachers not so listed shall be considered as reassigned to the positions held at the time of this meeting. 16 17 Such list of those recommended for transfer shall be included 18 in the minute record and the teachers so listed shall be notified 19 in writing, which notice shall be delivered in writing, by 20 certified mail, return receipt requested, to such teachers' last-21 known addresses within ten days following said board meeting, 22 of their having been so recommended for transfer and 23 subsequent assignment.

Special meetings may be called by the president or any three members, but no business shall be transacted other than that designated in the call.

In addition, a public hearing shall be held concerning the preliminary operating budget for the next fiscal year not less than ten days after such budget has been made available to the public for inspection and within a reasonable time prior to the submission of said budget to the West Virginia board of education for approval and at such hearing reasonable time shall be granted to any person or persons who wish to speak regarding parts or all of such budget. Notice of such hearing shall be published as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fiftynine of this code.

- 38 A majority of the members shall constitute the quorum 39 necessary for the transaction of official business.
- 40 Board members may receive compensation at a rate not to 41 exceed eighty dollars per meeting attended. But they shall not 42 receive pay for more than fifty-two meetings in any one fiscal 43 уеаг.
- 44 Members shall also be paid, upon the presentation of an 45 itemized sworn statement, for all necessary traveling expenses. 46 including all authorized meetings, incurred on official business. 47 at the order of the board.
- 48 When, by a majority vote of its members, a county board of education deems it a matter of public interest, such board 49 50 may join the West Virginia school board association and the 51 national school board association, and may pay such dues as 52 may be prescribed by said associations and approved by action 53 of the respective county boards. Membership dues and actual 54 traveling expenses of board members for attending meetings 55 of the West Virginia school board association may be paid by 56 their respective county boards of education out of funds 57 available to meet actual expenses of the members, but no 58 allowance shall be made except upon sworn itemized 59 statements.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

- 818-9A-5. Foundation allowance for service personnel.
- §18-9A-6. Foundation allowance for fixed charges.
- \$18-9A-8. Foundation allowance for administrative cost.
- §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

§18-9A-5. Foundation allowance for service personnel.

- 1 The basic foundation allowance to the county for service 2 personnel shall be the amount of money required to pay the annual state minimum salaries in accordance with the 3 provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-a of the code, to 4 such service personnel employed: Provided, That no county 6 shall receive an allowance for an amount in excess of thirty-7 four service personnel per one thousand students in adjusted 8 enrollment; for any county which has in excess of thirty-four 9 service personnel per one thousand students in adjusted
- 10 enrollment, such allowance shall be computed based upon the

11 average state minimum pay scale salary of all service personnel 12 in such county: Provided, however, That for any county having fewer than thirty-four service personnel per one 13 thousand students in adjusted enrollment, in any one year, the 14 number of service personnel used in making this computation 15 may be increased the succeeding years by no more than twenty 16 percent per year of its total potential increase under this 17 provision, except that in no case shall such limit be fewer than 18 two service personnel until the county attains the maximum 19 ratio set forth: Provided further, That where two or more 20 21 counties join together in support of a vocational or compre-22 hensive high school or any other program or service, the 23 service personnel for such school or program may be prorated among the participating counties on the basis of each one's 24 25 enrollment therein and that such personnel shall be considered 26 within the above-stated limit.

§18-9A-6. Foundation allowance for fixed charges.

- 1 The total allowance for fixed charges shall be the sum of 2 the following:
- 3 (1) The sum of the foundation allowance for professional 4 educators and the foundation allowance for other personnel, 5 as determined in sections four and five above, multiplied by 6 the current social security rate of contribution; plus
- 7 (2) The sum of the foundation allowance for professional 8 educators and the foundation allowance for other personnel, 9 as determined in sections four and five above, multiplied by 10 three and two-tenths percent; plus
- 11 (3) The sum of the foundation allowance for professional 12 educators and the foundation allowance for other personnel, as determined in sections four and five above, multiplied by 13 14 the rate which is derived by dividing the total contributions for workers' compensation for professional educators and 15 other personnel by the total of the state minimum salaries. The 16 computation of this rate shall be determined by using data of 17 the most recent year for which available. 18

§18-9A-8. Foundation allowance for administrative cost.

1 The allowance for administrative cost shall be equal to 2 ninety-five one hundredths of one percent of the allocation for

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3 professional educators, as determined in section four of this
 4 article.

Distribution of the computed allowance shall be made as follows:

- (1) Seven tenths of the allowance shall be distributed to the counties in equal amounts; and
- 9 (2) Twenty-five one hundredths of the allowance shall be distributed to the regional education service agencies in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the state board. The allowance for regional education service agencies shall be excluded from the computation of total basic state aid as provided for in section twelve of this article.

§18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

- 1 (a) Commencing with the school year beginning on the first
 2 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and
 3 thereafter, funds which accrue from allocations due to increase
 4 in total local share above that computed for the school year
 5 beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
 6 eighty-one, from balances in the general school fund, or from
 7 appropriations for such purpose shall be allocated to increase
 8 state support of counties as follows:
- 9 (1) Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocated to the counties proportional to adjusted enrollment, and
 - (2) Each county whose allocation in subsection (1) is less than one hundred thousand dollars in any fiscal year shall then receive an amount which equals the difference between such amount received and one hundred thousand dollars.
 - (b) The remainder of these funds shall be allocated according to the following plan for progress toward basic resources per pupil equity:

Beginning with the county which has the lowest basic resources per pupil and progressing through the counties successively to and beyond the county with the highest basic resources per pupil, the funds available shall be allocated in amounts necessary to increase moneys available to the county or counties to the basic resources per pupil level, as nearly as is possible, of the county having the next higher basic resources per pupil: *Provided*, That to be eligible for its

26 allocation under this section, a county board shall lay the 27 maximum regular tax rates set out in section six-c, article eight, chapter eleven of this code: Provided, however, That 28 29 moneys allocated by provision of this section shall be used to 30 improve instructional programs according to a plan for 31 instructional improvement which the affected county board shall file with the state board by the first day of August of 32 each year, to be approved by the state board by the first day 33 of September of that year if such plan substantially complies 34 35 with standards to be adopted by the state board: Provided 36 further, That no part of this allocation may be used to employ 37 professional educators in counties until and unless all applicable provisions of sections four and fourteen of this 38 39 article have been fully utilized. Such instructional improve-40 ment plan shall be made available for distribution to the public 41 at the office of each affected county board.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES, AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- §18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.
- §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for principals and assistant principals.
- §18A-4-4. Minimum salary schedule for teachers having specialized training.
- §18A-4-5. Salary equity among the counties; state salary supplement.
- §18A-4-5c. Equity appropriation from surplus revenues.
- §18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.

§18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.

1	STATE MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE									
2	(1)	(2)	(3) 3rd	(4) 2nd	(5) A.B.	(6) A.B.	(7) M.A.	(8) M.A.	(9) M.A.	(10) Doc-
4	Years Exp.	4th Class	Class	Class	A.D.	+15	WI.A.	+15	+30	torate
5	0	10,653	11,260	11,503	12,655	13,355	14,055	14,755	15,455	16,155
6	1	10,859	11,466	11,709	13,036	13,736	14,436	15,136	15,836	16,536
7	2	11,065	11,672	11,915	13,417	14,117	14,817	15,517	16,217	16,917
8	3	11,271	11,878	12,121	13,798	14,498	15,198	15,898	16,598	17,298
9	4	11,702	12,309	12,552	14,404	15,104	15,804	16,504	17,204	17,904
10	5	11,908	12,515	12,758	14,785	15,485	16,185	16,885	17,585	18,285
11	6	12,114	12,721	12,964	15,166	15,866	16,566	17,266	17,966	18,666
12	7		12,927	13,170	15,547	16,247	16,947	17,647	18,347	19,047
13	8		13,133	13,376	15,928	16,628	17,328	18,028	18,728	19,428
14	9			13,582	16,309	17,009	17,709	18,409	19,109	19,809

15	10	13,78	38 16,690	17,390	18,090	18,790	19,490	20,190
16	11		17,071	17,771	18,471	19,171	19,871	20,571
17	12		17,452	18,152	18,852	19,552	20,252	20,952
18	13		17,833	18,533	19,233	19,933	20,633	21,333
19	14				19,614	20,314	21,014	21,714
20	15				19,995	20,695	21,395	22,095
21	16				20,376	21,076	21,776	22,476
22	17						22,157	22,857
23	18						22,538	23,238
24	19						22,919	23,619

On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, each teacher shall receive the amount prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule" as set forth in this section, specific additional amounts prescribed in this section or article, and any county supplement in effect in a county pursuant to section five-a of this article during the contract year.

On and after the first day of July, on thousand nine hundred eighty-five, six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to each classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of teaching experience. Such payments shall be in addition to any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule," shall be paid in equal monthly installments, and shall be deemed a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.

§18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for principals and assistant principals.

In addition to any salary increments for principals and 1 assistant principals, in effect on the first day of January, one 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and paid from local funds, 3 4 and in addition to the county schedule in effect for teachers, 5 the county board shall pay each principal a principal's salary increment and each assistant principal an assistant principal's 6 salary increment as prescribed by this section commencing on 7 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, 8 from state funds appropriated therefor. 9

State funds for this purpose shall be paid within the West Virginia public school support plan in accordance with article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code.

13 The salary increment herein for each principal shall be

determined by multiplying the basic salary for teachers in accordance with the classification of certification and of training of said principal as prescribed in this article, by the appropriate percentage rate prescribed herein according to the number of teachers supervised.

19	STATE MINIMUM SALARY
20	INCREMENT RATES
21	FOR
22	PRINCIPALS

23	No. of Teachers	
24	Supervised	Rates
25	1-7	4.0%
26	8-14	4.5%
27	15-24	5.0%
28	25-38	5.5%
29	39-57	6.0%
30	58 and up	6.5%

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The salary increment herein for each assistant principal shall be determined in the same manner as that for principals, utilizing the number of teachers supervised by the principal under whose direction the assistant principal works, except that the percentage rate shall be fifty percent of the rate prescribed for said principal.

Salaries for employment beyond the minimum employment term shall be at the same daily rate as the salaries for the minimum employment terms.

For the purpose of determining the number of teachers supervised by a principal, the county board shall use data for the second school month of the prior school term and the number of teachers shall be interpreted to mean the total number of professional educators assigned to each school on a full-time equivalency basis: *Provided*, That due to a change in circumstances because of consolidation or catastrophe, the county board of education shall determine what is a reasonable number of supervised teachers in order to establish the appropriate increment percentage rate.

No county shall reduce local funds allocated for salary increments for principals and assistant principals in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

- 53 five, and used in supplementing the state minimum salaries as
- provided for in this article, unless forced to do so by defeat 54
- of a special levy, or a loss in assessed values or events over 55
- 56 which it has no control and for which the county board has
- received approval from the state board prior to making such 57
- 58 reduction.
- 59 Nothing herein shall prevent a county board from providing.
- in a uniform manner, salary increments greater than those 60
- 61 required by this section.

§18A-4-4. Minimum salary schedule for teachers having specialized training.

- 1 The state board of education shall establish the minimum
- 2 salary schedule for teachers where specialized training may be
- 3 required for vocational, technical and adult education, and
- 4 such other permits as may be authorized by said board.
- 5 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine
- hundred eighty-five, vocational industrial, technical, occupa-6
- 7 tional home economics and health occupations teachers who
- 8 do not hold professional certificates, but who are paid a salary
- equivalent to the amount prescribed for "A.B. + 15" training 9
- classification in the state minimum salary schedule for teachers 10
- under section two of this article, shall, upon application 11
- therefor, receive advanced salary classification and be entitled 12
- to increased compensation on and after such date in respect 13
- to and based upon additional semester hours, approved by the 14
- state board of education and completed either prior to or 15
- subsequent to such date. All such hours earned must be from 16
- a regionally accredited institution of higher education. 17
- 18 The advanced salary classification shall be as follows:
- 19 (1) Those who have earned fifteen such additional semester hours shall receive an amount equal to that prescribed for the 20
- "M.A." training classification under section two of this article. 21
- 22 (2) Those who have earned thirty such additional semester
- hours shall receive an amount equal to that prescribed for the 23
- "M.A. + 15" training classification under section two of this 24
- 25 article.
- 26 (3) Those who have earned forty-five such additional

- 27 semester hours shall receive an amount equal to that
- 28 prescribed for the "M.A. + 30" training classification under
- 29 section two of this article.
- Any such teacher who has earned or earns a bachelor's
- 31 degree prior or subsequent to the effective date aforesaid shall
- 32 be entitled to receive the amount prescribed for the "M.A. +
- 33 30" training classification on and after the first day of July,
- 34 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- No teacher holding a valid professional certificate shall have
- 36 his salary reduced as a result of being assigned out of his
- 37 teaching field by the superintendent, with the approval of the
- 38 county board, under any authorization or regulation of the
- 39 state board.

§18A-4-5. Salary equity among the counties; state salary supplement.

- 1 To assist the state in meeting its objective of salary equity
- 2 among the counties, on and after the first day of July, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, subject to available state
- 4 appropriations and the conditions set forth herein, each
- 5 teacher and school service personnel shall receive a supplemen-
- 6 tal amount in addition to the amount from the state minimum
- 7 salary schedules provided for in this article.
- State funds for this purpose shall be paid within the West Virginia public school support plan in accordance with article
- nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code. The amount allocated
- 11 for salary equity shall be apportioned between teachers and
- 11 for safary equity shall be apportioned between teachers and
- school service personnel in direct proportion to that amount necessary to support the professional salaries and service
- 14 mercannel solaries statewide under sections four and five
- 14 personnel salaries statewide under sections four and five,
- article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code: *Provided*, That in making such division an adequate amount of state equity
- 17 funds shall be reserved to finance the appropriate foundation
- 1) funds shall be reserved to linance the appropriate foundation
- 18 allowances and staffing incentives provided for in said article
- 19 nine-a.
- 20 Pursuant to this section, each teacher and school service
- 21 personnel shall receive the amount that is the difference
- 22 between their authorized state minimum salary and ninety-five
- 23 percent of the maximum salary schedules prescribed in sections

24 five-a and five-b of this article, reduced by any amount 25 provided by the county as a salary supplement for teachers 26 and school service personnel on the first day of January of 27 the fiscal year immediately preceding that in which the salary 28 equity appropriation is distributed: Provided. That no amount 29 received pursuant to this section shall be decreased as a result 30 of any county supplement increase instituted after the first day 31 of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, unless and 32 until the objective of salary equity is reached: Provided. 33 however, That, in the event any county reduces funds allocated 34 for salary supplements as provided for in sections five-a and 35 five-b of this article, the amount received for equity pursuant 36 to this section, if any, shall continue to be reduced by any 37 amount provided by the county as a salary supplement in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 38 39 eighty-four, if any, unless and until the objective of salary 40 equity among the counties having no such reduction is reached 41 pursuant to this section: Provided further, That any amount 42 received pursuant to this section may be reduced proportionately based upon the amount of funds appropriated for this 43 44 purpose.

No county may reduce any salary supplement that was in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, except as permitted by sections five-a and five-b of this article.

§18A-4-5c. Equity appropriation from surplus revenues.

The first ten million dollars of surplus funds from the state fund, general revenue, that have accrued as of the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be appropriated and shall be expended during fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five—eighty-six, in accordance with section five of this article, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section and in said section five.

In the event that the surplus revenues as of the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, are not sufficient to meet all of the appropriation mandated by this section, then the appropriation shall be available only to the extent of the total actual surplus accrued as of said date.

§18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.

1	STATE MINIMUM PAY SCALE PAY GRADE								
2	Years of								
3	Employ-								
4	ment	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	н
5	0	762	782	822	872	922	982	1012	1082
6	1	782	802	842	892	942	1002	1032	1102
7	2	802	822	862	912	962	1022	1052	1122
8	3	822	842	882	932	982	1042	1072	1142
9	4	842	862	902	952	1002	1062	1092	1162
10	5	862	882	922	972	1022	1082	1112	1182
11	6	882	902	942	992	1042	1102	1132	1202
12	7	902	922	962	1012	1062	1122	1152	1222
13	8	922	942	982	1032	1082	1142	1172	1242
14	9	942	962	1002	1052	1102	1162	1192	1262
15	10	962	982	1022	1072	1122	1182	1212	1282
16	11	982	1002	1042	1092	1142	1202	1232	1302
17	12	1002	1022	1062	1112	1162	1222	1252	1322
18	13	1022	1042	1082	1132	1182	1242	1272	1342
19	14	1042	1062	1102	1152	1202	1262	1292	1362
20	15	1062	1082	1122	1172	1222	1282	1312	1382
21	16	1082	1102	1142	1192	1242	1302	1332	1402
22	17	1102	1122	1162	1212	1262	1322	1352	1422
23	18	1122	1142	1182	1232	1282	1342	1372	1442
24	19	1142	1162	1202	1252	1302	1362	1392	1462
25	20	1162	1182	1222	1272	1322	1382	1412	1482
26	21	1182	1202	1242	1292	1342	1402	1432	1502
27	22	1202	1222	1262	1312	1362	1422	1452	1522
28	23	1222	1242	1282	1332	1382	1442	1472	1542
29	24	1242	1262	1302	1352	1402	1462	1492	1562
30	25	1262	1282	1322	1372	1422	1482	1512	1582
31		CLASS TITLE PAY GRADE							
32		Accountant I D							D
33	Account								E
34	Account								F
35		Aide I A							
36		Aide II B							
37		Aide III C							
38		Aide IV D							
39		Audiovisual Technician C Auditor G							
40	Auditor	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	G

41	Bus Operator	D
42	Buyer	
43	Cabinetmaker	G
44	Cafeteria Manager	D
45	Carpenter I	
46	Carpenter II	F
47	Chief Mechanic	G
48	Clerk I	В
49	Clerk II	C
50	Computer Operator	Ε
51	Cook I	Α
52	Cook II	В
53	Cook III	C
54	Crew Leader	F
55	Custodian I	Α
56	Custodian II	В
57	Custodian III	C
58	Custodian IV	D
59	Director or Coordinator of Services	Н
60	Draftsman	D
61	Electrician I	F
62	Electrician II	G
63	Electronic Technician I	F
64	Electronic Technician II	G
65	Executive Secretary	G
66	Food Services Supervisor	G
67	Foreman	G
68	General Maintenance	С
69	Glazier	D
70	Graphic Artist	D
71	Groundsman	В
72	Handyman	В
73	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic I	E
74	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic II	G
75	Heavy Equipment Operator	Ē
76	Inventory Supervisor	D
77	Key Punch Operator	В
78	Locksmith	Ğ
79	Lubrication Man	C
80	Machinist	F
81	Mail Clerk	Ď
82	Maintenance Clerk	C

amount indicated in the "state minimum pay scale" set forth in this section.

Any service employee required to work on any legal school holiday shall be paid at a rate one and one-half times his usual hourly rate.

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No service employee shall have his daily work schedule changed during the school year without his written consent, and his required daily work hours shall not be changed to prevent the payment of time and one-half wages or the employment of another employee.

CHAPTER 58

(S. B. 661—By Senator Burdette)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twelve, article two, and section fivea, article eleven, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article twenty-six of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section twentyfive-a, relating to higher education and sabbatical leave; reducing years of service required upon return; and providing for reinstatement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article two, and section five-a, article eleven, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that article twenty-six of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-five-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS. §18-26-25a. Authority to grant sabbatical leaves.

- 1 The West Virginia board of regents shall have authority
- 2 to grant sabbatical leaves to faculty members at the edu-
- 3 cational institutions under its control for the purpose
- 4 of permitting them to engage in graduate study, research
- 5 or other activities calculated to improve their teaching
- 6 ability. Such leaves shall be granted only in accordance 7 with a uniform plan adopted by the board and shall be
- 8 subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the
- 9 board may prescribe. Any plan adopted by the board
- 10 shall not provide for the granting of sabbatical leave to
- 11 any faculty member who has served fewer than six
- 12 years at the institution where presently employed, nor
- 13 shall such leave be for more than one half the contract
- 14 period at full pay or a full contract period at half pay. Any
- 15 faculty member receiving a sabbatical leave shall be
- 16 required to return and serve for at least one year at the

- 17 institution from which he was granted the leave or to
- 18 repay to the institution the compensation received by
- 19 him during his leave. Any faculty member returning
- 20 from leave shall be reinstated at the academic rank held
- 21 prior to such sabbatical unless promoted to a higher rank
- 22 and shall be entitled to such salary and any increases
- 23 thereto appropriate to the rank and years of experience
- 24 of such faculty member. Compensation to a faculty mem-
- 25 ber on sabbatical leave shall be paid from the regular
- 26 personal services appropriations of the institution where
- 27 employed.

CHAPTER 59

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1025—By Delegate Prunty)

[Passed April 9, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article twenty of said chapter, all relating to teacher aides employed to assist in teaching exceptional children; requiring such aides to complete a course of training in education of exceptional children prior to assuming such duties; requiring the training to occur during normal working hours; and providing that opportunity for such training be provided by county boards prior to filling of vacancies in accordance with rules and regulations of the state board of education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article twenty of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 5. County Board of Education.
- 20. Education of Exceptional Children.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-13. Authority of boards generally.

- 1 The boards, subject to the provisions of this chapter and 2 the rules and regulations of the state board, shall have 3 authority:
- 4 (1) To control and manage all of the schools and school interests for all school activities and upon all school property, 5 6 whether owned or leased by the county, including the authority 7 to require that records be kept of all receipts and disburse-8 ments of all funds collected or received by any principal. teacher, student or other person in connection therewith, any 9 programs, activities or other endeavors of any nature operated 10 or carried on by or in the name of the school, or any 11 12 organization or body directly connected with the school, to audit such records and to conserve such funds, which shall be 13 deemed quasi-public moneys, including securing surety bonds 14 15 by expenditure of board moneys;
- 16 (2) To establish schools, from preschool through high 17 school, inclusive of vocational schools; and to establish schools 18 and programs, or both, for post high school instruction, 19 subject to approval of the state board of education;
- 20 (3) To close any school which is unnecessary and to assign 21 the pupils thereof to other schools: *Provided*, That such 22 closing shall be officially acted upon and teachers and service 23 personnel involved notified on or before the first Monday in 24 April, in the same manner as provided in section four of this 25 article, except in an emergency, subject to the approval of the 26 state superintendent, or under subdivision (5) of this section;
- 27 (4) To consolidate schools;
- 28 (5) To close any elementary school whose average daily 29 attendance falls below twenty pupils for two months in 30 succession and send the pupils to other schools in the district 31 or to schools in adjoining districts. If the teachers in the school 32 so closed are not transferred or reassigned to other schools, 33 they shall receive one month's salary;
- 34 (6) (a) To provide at public expense adequate means of 35 transportation, including transportation across county lines, 36 for all children of school age who live more than two miles

37 distance from school by the nearest available road; to provide 38 at public expense and according to such regulations as the board may establish, adequate means of transportation for 39 40 school children participating in board-approved curricular and extracurricular activities; and to provide in addition thereto, 41 42 at public expense, by rules and regulations and within the 43 available revenues, transportation for those within two miles 44 distance; to provide in addition thereto, at no cost to the board and according to rules and regulations established by the 45 board, transportation for participants in projects operated, 46 financed, sponsored or approved by the commission on aging: 47 Provided, That all costs and expenses incident in any way to 48 transportation for projects connected with the commission on 49 aging shall be borne by such commission, or the local or 50 county chapter thereof: Provided, however, That in all cases 51 the buses or other transportation facilities owned by the board 52 of education shall be driven or operated only by drivers 53 regularly employed by the board of education: Provided 54 further. That buses shall be used for extracurricular activities 55 as herein provided only when the insurance provided for by 56 57 this section shall have been effected:

(b) To enter into agreements with one another to provide, on a cooperative basis, adequate means of transportation across county lines for children of school age subject to the conditions and restrictions of subdivisions (6) and (8) of this section:

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- (7) To lease school buses operated only by drivers regularly employed by the board to public and private nonprofit organizations or private corporations to transport school-age children to and from camps or educational activities in accordance with rules and regulations established by the board. All costs and expenses incurred by or incidental to the transportation of such children shall be borne by the lessee;
- (8) To provide at public expense for insurance against the negligence of the drivers of school buses, trucks or other vehicles operated by the board; and if the transportation of 72 pupils be contracted, then the contract therefor shall provide 73 that the contractor shall carry insurance against negligence in 74 such an amount as the board shall specify; 75
 - (9) To provide solely from county funds for all regular full-

- time employees of the board all or any part of the cost of a group plan or plans of insurance coverage not provided or available under the West Virginia public employees insurance act;
- 81 (10) To employ teacher aides, to provide in-service training 82 for teacher aides, the training to be in accordance with rules 83 and regulations of the state board and, in the case of service 84 personnel assuming duties as teacher aides in exceptional children's programs, to provide a four-clock-hour program of 85 86 training prior to such assignment which shall, in accordance with rules and regulations of the state board, consist of 87 88 training in areas specifically related to the education of 89 exceptional children;
- 90 (11) To establish and conduct a self-supporting dormitory 91 for the accommodation of the pupils attending a high school 92 or participating in a post high school program and of persons 93 employed to teach therein;
- 94 (12) To employ legal counsel;
- 95 (13) To provide appropriate uniforms for school service personnel;
- 97 (14) To provide at public expense and under regulations as 98 established by any county board of education for the payment 99 of traveling expenses incurred by any person invited to appear 100 to be interviewed concerning possible employment by such 101 county board of education;
- 102 (15) To allow or disallow their designated employees to use publicly provided carriage to travel from their residences to their workplace and return: *Provided*, That such usage is subject to the supervision of such board and is directly connected with and required by the nature and in the performance of such employee's duties and responsibilities; and
- 109 (16) To provide, at public expense, adequate public liability 110 insurance, including professional liability insurance for board 111 employees.
- No policy or contract of public liability insurance providing coverage for public liability shall be purchased as provided herein, unless it shall contain a provision or endorsement

- whereby the company issuing such policy waives, or agrees not 115 116 to assert as a defense to any claim covered by the terms of such policy, the defense of governmental immunity. In any 117 action against the board, its officers, agents or employees, in 118 which there is in effect liability insurance coverage in an 119 120 amount equal to or greater than the amount sued for, the 121 attorney for such board, the attorney for such insurance carrier, or any other attorney who may appear on behalf of 122 123 the board, its agents, officers or employees shall not set up 124 the defense of governmental immunity in any such action.
- "Quasi-public funds" as used herein means any money received by any principal, teacher, student or other person for the benefit of the school system as a result of curricular or noncurricular activities.
- The board of each county shall expend under such regulations as it establishes for each child an amount not to exceed the proportion of all school funds of the district that each child would be entitled to receive if all the funds were distributed equally among all the children of school age in the district upon a per capita basis.

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

§18-20-2. Providing suitable educational facilities, equipment and services.

1 The board of education of each county is empowered and is responsible for providing suitable educational facilities, 2 special equipment and such special services as may be 3 necessary. Special services include provisions and procedures 4 for finding and enumerating exceptional children of each type, 5 6 diagnosis by appropriate specialists who will certify the child's 7 need and eligibility for special education and make recommendations for such treatment and prosthesis as may alleviate his 8 disability, special teaching by qualified and especially trained 9 teachers, transportation, lunches and remedial therapeutic 10 services. Qualifications of teachers and therapists shall be in 11 accordance with standards prescribed or approved by the state 12 board of education. 13

14 Counties may provide for educating their resident excep-15 tional children by contracting with other counties or other 16 educational agencies which maintain such special education facilities. Fiscal matters will follow policies approved by the state board of education.

19 Any teacher aide employed to assist teachers in providing 20 services to exceptional children under this article shall, prior 21 to assuming such duties, complete a four-clock-hour course of 22 training in areas specifically related to the education of 23 exceptional children, to be provided by the county in 24 accordance with rules and regulations of the state board of 25 education. Such training shall occur during normal working 26 hours and an opportunity to be trained shall be provided such 27 employee prior to the filling of a vacancy in accordance with 28 the provisions of section eight-b, article four, chapter eighteen-29 a of this code.

CHAPTER 60

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1968—By Delegate Leary)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteena, relating to school closing or consolidation; requiring that written reasons therefor be available for public inspection; requiring and providing for public hearings and notice thereof; requiring that such closing or consolidation be in accordance with current rules and regulations of the state board; providing for requirements as to subsequent rules and regulations; providing for an immediate effective date to affect any school not physically closed or consolidated prior thereto; and providing for compliance with this section by counties affected by such effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-13a. School closing or consolidation.

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- In addition to the provisions of section thirteen of this article, prior to any final decision of a county board of education on any proposal to close or consolidate any school, the county board of education shall:
 - (1) Prepare and reduce to writing its reasons and supporting data regarding such school closing or consolidation. The written reasons required under this section shall be available for public inspection in the office of the county school superintendent during the four successive weeks before the date of the public hearing required by this section; and
- 11 (2) Provide for a public hearing, notice of which shall be 12 advertised by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality of the affected school at least once a week for 13 14 four successive weeks prior to the date of the hearing. The 15 notice shall contain the time and place of the hearing and the 16 proposed action of the school board. A copy of such notice 17 shall be posted at the affected school in conspicuous working places for all professional and service personnel to observe, 18 and such notice shall remain posted for four successive weeks 19 prior to the date of the required public hearing. At least a 20 quorum of the school board members and the county 21 22 superintendent from the county wherein the affected school is located shall attend and be present at the public hearing. 23 Members of the public shall have the right to be present, to 24 25 submit statements and testimony, and to question county school officials at the public hearing. 26

Any such proposal to close or consolidate any school by any county board of education shall be further subject to any current rules and regulations of the state board of education relating to school closing or consolidation: *Provided*, That after the effective date of this section the state board shall promulgate rules and regulations which shall prescribe in detail the type of supporting data a county board of education shall include as part of its written statement of reasons required by this section for school closing or consolidation, and which shall include any data required by the state board of education to amend a county's comprehensive educational facilities plan.

38 This section shall take effect on the date of passage and shall 39 affect any school not physically closed or consolidated as of 40 that date: Provided, That as to any school closing or 41 consolidation proceeding pursuant to a decision adopted prior 42 to the effective date of this section, county boards of education 43 shall have until the first day of July, one thousand nine 44 hundred eighty-five, to comply with the provisions of this 45 section and the provisions of section thirteen of this article 46 relating to school closing or consolidation: Provided, however, That the written reasons shall include all supporting data 47 48 required by the state board of education to amend a county's comprehensive educational facilities plan. 49

CHAPTER 61

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1437—By Delegate Hamilton and Delegate Louisos)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the transfer of pupils from one school district to another; requiring official board action prior to such transfer; and providing for the mandatory transfer of pupils in certain instances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-16a. Authorization to transfer pupils from one district to another; mandatory transfer; payment of tuition; net enrollment.

- Whenever, in the opinion of the board of education of any county, the education and welfare of a pupil will be enhanced,
- 3 the board of education of such county shall have the authority

4 to transfer any such pupil or pupils on a part-time or full-5 time basis from one school district to another school district within the state: Provided. That the boards of education of both the transferor and the transferee districts agree to the 7 same by official action of both boards as reflected in the 9 minutes of their respective meetings.

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Any pupil attending a school in a district of this state adjacent to the district of residence during the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four-eighty-five, is authorized to continue such attendance in the adjacent district, and, upon written request therefor by the parent or guardian, any person who is entitled to attend the public schools of this state and who resides in the same household and is a member of the immediate family of such pupil is authorized to enroll in such adjacent district. The transferor and transferee school districts shall effectuate any transfer herein authorized in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Whenever a pupil is transferred from one school district to 22 another district on a full-time or part-time basis, the board of education of the school district in which the pupil is a bona 23 fide resident shall pay to the board of education of the school 24 district to which the pupil is transferred a tuition that is agreed 25 upon by both such boards. Tuition for each full-time pupil 26 shall not exceed the difference between the state aid per pupil 27 received by the county to which the pupil is transferred and the county cost per pupil in the county to which said pupil is transferred.

For purposes of net enrollment as defined in section two, article nine-a of this chapter: (1) Whenever a pupil is transferred on a full-time basis from one school district to another district pursuant to the provisions of this section, the county to which the pupil is transferred shall include such pupil in its net enrollment; and (2) whenever a pupil is transferred on a part-time basis from one school district to another school district pursuant to the provisions of this section, the county in which the student is a bona fide resident shall count the pupil in its net enrollment.

CHAPTER 62

(S. B. 253-By Senator White)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to exempting classrooms used for instruction in choral, band or orchestra music from the maximum teacher-pupil ratio.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen-a, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-18a. Maximum teacher-pupil ratio.

- County boards of education shall provide, by the school
 - 2 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-three—eighty-four,
- 3 and continue thereafter, sufficient personnel, equipment
- 4 and facilities as will ensure that each first and second grade
- 5 classroom, or classrooms having two or more grades that
- 6 include either the first or second grades, shall not have more
- 7 than twenty-five pupils for each teacher of the grade or
- 8 grades and shall not have more than twenty pupils for each
- 9 kindergarten teacher per session, unless the state 10 superintendent has excepted a specific classroom upon
- 11 application therefor by a county board of education.
- County boards of education shall provide by the school 12
- 13 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four-eighty-five,
- 14 and continue thereafter, sufficient personnel, equipment
- 15 and facilities as will ensure that each third, fourth, fifth and
- 16 sixth grade classroom, or classrooms having two or more
- 17 grades that include one or more of the third, fourth, fifth
- 18 and sixth grades, shall not have more than twenty-five
- 19 pupils for each teacher of the grade or grades.
- Beginning with the school year one thousand nine 20
- 21 hundred eighty-six-eighty-seven, and thereafter, no
- 22 county shall maintain a greater number of classrooms

23 having two or more grades that include one or more of the 24 grade levels referred to in this section than were in 25 existence in said county as of the first day of January, one 26 thousand nine hundred eighty-three: Provided, That for the 27 prior school years, and only if there is insufficient 28 classroom space available in the school or county, a county 29 may maintain one hundred ten percent of such number of 30 classrooms.

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During the school year one thousand nine hundred 32 eighty-four-eighty-five, and thereafter, the state 33 superintendent is authorized, consistent with sound 34 educational policy, (a) to permit on a statewide basis in 35 grades four through six, more than twenty-five pupils per 36 teacher in a classroom for the purposes of instruction in 37 physical education, and (b) to permit more than twenty 38 pupils per teacher in a specific kindergarten classroom and 39 twenty-five pupils per teacher in a specific classroom in 40 grades one through six during a school year in the event of 41 extraordinary circumstances as determined by the state 42 superintendent after application by a county board of 43 education.

The state board of education shall establish guidelines for 45 the exceptions authorized in this section, but in no event 46 shall the superintendent except classrooms having more 47 than three pupils above the teacher-pupil ratio as set forth 48 in this section.

No provision of this section is intended to limit the 49 50 number of pupils per teacher in a classroom for the purpose of instruction in choral, band or orchestra music.

CHAPTER 63

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1283-By Delegate Murphy and Delegate Rogers)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteenb, relating to requiring county boards of education to provide for school counselors in public schools; defining school counselor; requiring county boards of education to develop comprehensive school drop-out prevention programs; and requiring or authorizing certain activities of such counselor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-18b. School counselors in public schools.

- A school counselor means a professional educator who
- 2 holds a valid school counselor's certificate in accordance with
- 3 article three of chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- 4 Each county board of education, by the school year one
- 5 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven—eighty-eight, shall
- 6 provide counseling services for each pupil enrolled in the
- 7 public schools of the county.
- 8 The school counselor shall work with individual pupils and
- 9 groups of pupils in providing developmental, preventive and
- 10 remedial guidance and counseling programs to meet academic,
- 11 social, emotional and physical needs; including programs to
- 12 identify and address the problem of potential school dropouts.
- 13 The school counselor may also provide consultant services for
- 14 parents, teachers and administrators and may use outside
- 15 referral services when appropriate if no additional cost is
- 16 incurred by the county board.
- 17 The state board may adopt rules and regulations regarding
- 18 the activities of the school counselor, and the school counselor
- 19 is authorized to perform such services as are not inconsistent
- 20 therewith. Each county board of education shall develop a
- 21 comprehensive drop-out prevention program utilizing the
- 22 expertise of school counselors and any other appropriate
- 23 resources available.
- 24 School counselors shall be full-time professional personnel,
- 25 shall spend at least seventy-five percent of work time in a
- 26 direct counseling relationship with pupils, and shall devote no

- 27 more than one fourth of the work day to administrative
- 28 activities: Provided, That such activities are counselor related.
- 29 Nothing herein shall prohibit a county board from exceeding
- 30 the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 64

(S. B. 707—Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirteen and fourteen, all relating to vocational rehabilitation, continuation of social security disability determination section; and providing duties of assistant director of social security disability determination section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirteen and fourteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10A. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION.

§18-10A-13. Social security disability determination section.

§18-10A-14. Duties of assistant director of social security disability determination section.

§18-10A-13. Social security disability determination section.

- 1 The disability determination section of the division
- 2 of vocational rehabilitation created pursuant to the pro-
- 3 visions of section three, article ten-a, chapter eighteen of
- 4 this code, is hereby continued and shall be named the
- 5 social security disability determination section.
- 6 The social security disability determination section
- 7 shall be subject to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§18-10A-14. Duties of assistant director of social security disability determination section.

- In addition to duties imposed by other federal and state laws, the assistant director shall:
- 3 (1) Ensure that each client of the agency who is denied 4 benefits is
- (a) Advised of his right to appeal an agency decision to
 an administrative law judge,
- (b) Advised of proper procedures for filing and pursuing
 an appeal, and
- 9 (c) Encouraged to exercise his right of appeal when he feels a decision was made in error and is unjust;
- 11 (2) Promulgate rules establishing criteria for granting 12 promotion and salary increases which are to be based on 13 merit:
- 14 (3) Prepare and submit to the state board, and the 15 social security disability board, an annual report show-16 ing compliance and noncompliance with the provisions 17 of this section. A copy of the report shall be filed with 18 the secretary of state's office to be made available for 19 public inspection;
- 20 (4) Ensure that physicians evaluating medical im-21 pairments are qualified by experience and educational 22 specialty to make proper medical judgments on the 23 medical impairments they are assigned to evaluate; and
- 24 (5) Ensure that the evaluation of the claimant's per-25 sonal physician is given due consideration in the dis-26 ability determination process.

CHAPTER 65

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 297—By Senators Whitacre and Lucht)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article seventeen, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia schools for the deaf and blind; and providing a minimum salary schedule for nonprofessional employees in accordance with that provided service personnel in the public schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article seventeen, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17. WEST VIRGINIA SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND.

§18-17-1. Continuation; management; minimum salary scale for all employees.

- 1 The West Virginia schools for deaf pupils and blind
- 2 pupils heretofore established and located at Romney, in
- 3 Hampshire County, shall be continued and shall be
- 4 known as the "West Virginia schools for the deaf and the
- 5 blind." The schools shall be maintained for the care and
- 6 education of the deaf youth and blind youth of the state.
- 7 The educational or business affairs of the schools shall be
- 8 under the control, supervision and management of the
- 9 state board of education, and the state board shall employ
- 10 the superintendent, principals, teachers and other em-
- 11 ployees and shall fix the yearly or monthly salary to be
- 12 paid to each person so employed.
- 13 The minimum salary scale for said principals, teachers
- 14 and other employees shall be the same as set forth in
- 15 sections two, three and eight-a, article four, chapter eigh-
- 16 teen-a of this code.

CHAPTER 66

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1092—By Delegate Givens and Delegate Shanholtz)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to requiring special education programs for preschool severely handicapped children between the ages of three and five to the extent legislative appropriation is made therefor; requiring each county to develop a plan in accordance with state standards; providing a schedule for the establishment and maintenance of such programs; defining the term "severely handicapped children"; requiring adoption of rules and regulations by the state board of education to advance this program; and permitting county boards of education to exceed the provisions of this section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

§18-20-1a. Preschool programs for severely handicapped children; rules and regulations.

- 1 (a) During the school year beginning on the first day of
- 2 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, each county
- 3 board of education shall develop a coordinated service delivery
- 4 plan in accordance with standards for preschool programs for
- 5 severely handicapped children to be developed by the state
- 6 board of education and begin services where plans are already7 developed.
- 8 (b) Only in any year in which funds are made available by 9 legislative appropriation, and only to the extent of such
- 10 funding, each county board of education shall establish and
- 11 maintain a special educational program, including, but not
- 12 limited to, special classes and home-teaching and visiting-
- 13 teacher services for all severely handicapped children between
- 14 the ages of three and five according to the following schedule:
- 15 (1) By the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and thereafter, for
- 17 severally hardisagned children who are as four hefers the first
- 17 severely handicapped children who are age four before the first
- 18 day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

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19 (2) By the school year beginning on the first day of July, 20 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and thereafter, for severely handicapped children who are age three before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven.

As used in this section, the term "severely handicapped children" means those children who fall in any one of the following categories as defined or to be defined in the state board of education standards for the education of exceptional children: Severe behavioral disorders, severely speech and language impaired, deaf-blind, hearing impaired, autistic, physically handicapped, profoundly mentally retarded, trainable mentally retarded or visually impaired.

Before the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the state board of education shall adopt rules and regulations to advance and accomplish this program and to assure that an appropriate educational program is available to all such children in the state, including children in mental health facilities, residential institutions and private schools.

38 This section does not prevent county boards of education from providing special education programs, including, but not 39 limited to, special schools, classes, regular class programs and 40 home-teaching or visiting-teacher services for severely 41 handicapped preschool children prior to such times as are 42 required by this section. In addition, county boards of 43 education may provide these services to preschool exceptional 44 children in disability categories other than those listed above. 45

CHAPTER 67

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1664—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Sattes)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two-a, relating to establishing the eminent scholars endowment trust fund; providing definitions; establishing a corporation; designating the board of directors; designating powers and duties of the board and of the board of regents; specifying how the fund shall be administered; providing for the selection of scholars; authorizing and providing for the solicitation of private moneys; and requiring certain reports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22A. EMINENT SCHOLARS ENDOWMENT TRUST FUND ACT.

- §18-22A-1. Legislative findings.
- §18-22A-2. Definitions.
- §18-22A-3. Establishment of fund; corporation to administer; board of directors.
- §18-22A-4. Corporate powers.
- §18-22A-5. Duties of board of regents.
- §18-22A-6. Administration of fund.
- §18-22A-7. Selection of scholars.
- §18-22A-8. Authorization to solicit private moneys; terms of grants; reports to board of directors; handling of moneys.
- §18-22A-9. Annual report.

§18-22A-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds that the essence of excellence
- 2 in higher education is the attraction and retention of
- 3 outstanding faculty; that however necessary modern facilities
- 4 and efficient and effective administration may be, the faculty
- 5 provides the catalyst by which all the elements of higher
- 6 education combine to offer a quality education. The Legisla-
- 7 ture further finds that the attraction and retention of
- 8 outstanding faculty at all state colleges and universities,
- 9 particularly those who have attained distinction as scholars
- 10 and teachers, requires a long-term and permanent commitment
- 11 from both public and private sources, that private support will
- 12 help strengthen the commitment of citizens and organizations
- 13 to the promotion of excellence in higher education and will
- 14 provide moneys for salaries competitive with those paid to
- 15 scholars of similar eminence working for this country's leading
- 16 colleges and universities.

- 17 The Legislature further finds that the appropriations of
- 18 public moneys to attract and retain outstanding faculty and
- 19 to encourage the commitment of private moneys with a view
- 20 toward the accumulation of such moneys in a trust fund for
- 21 such purposes is a proper annual expense of the state, and that
- 22 the establishment of an eminent scholars trust fund is a proper
- 23 means of providing for the advancement of public higher
- 24 education in this state.

§18-22A-2. Definitions.

- Whenever the following terms are used in this article, they shall have the meanings described below:
- 3 (a) "Board of directors" or "board" means the members of
 4 the board of directors of the eminent scholars endowment trust
 5 fund.
- 6 (b) "Endowed chair" or "chair" means the position created 7 pursuant to section six of this article to which an eminent 8 scholar shall be appointed.
- 9 (c) "Fund" means the eminent scholars endowment trust 10 fund.
- 11 (d) "Contract salary" means that portion of the scholar's
- 12 financial compensation paid from state moneys but shall not
- 13 be construed to include moneys from the eminent scholars
- 14 endowment trust fund.

§18-22A-3. Establishment of fund; corporation to administer; board of directors.

- 1 There is hereby established the eminent scholars endowment
- 2 trust fund, a public corporation, for the purpose of admin-
- 3 istering the fund described in this article. The board of
- 4 directors of this corporation shall be those persons appointed
- 5 and serving as members of the board of regents.

§18-22A-4. Corporate powers.

- 1 (a) The officers of the corporation shall be the officers of
- 2 the board of regents. The procedural rules of the board of
- 3 regents shall be used in conducting meetings.
- 4 (b) The corporation is hereby expressly authorized to
- 5 receive appropriations of public moneys and private or public

- 6 grants, gifts or bequests. It may hold, invest or reinvest such
 7 moneys and expend the income therefrom as hereinafter
 8 provided. The board may determine which of the properties
 9 and moneys received by it, other than public appropriations,
 10 grants, bequests and specific gifts, are income and which are
 11 additions to principal.
- 12 (c) The board shall be exempt from liability for any loss 13 or decrease in value of the assets or income of the fund, except 14 as such losses or decreases in value are shown to be the result 15 of bad faith, gross negligence or intentional misconduct.
 - For the purpose of valuing assets, the board may use any commonly accepted techniques of appraisal or commonly accepted principles of accounting. No agency of government nor any person, natural or corporate, may charge or collect any fee or receive any part of the principal or income from any appropriation, grant, gift or bequest as a fee for the acquisition or administration of the appropriation, grant, gift or bequest.
- 24 (d) The board shall adhere at all times to the terms and 25 limitations of any appropriation, grant, gift or bequest 26 received. However, the board may refuse to receive any grant, 27 gift or bequest which incorporates terms and limitations which 28 they deem to be unacceptable.
- 29 (e) The board may in its sole discretion borrow money when 30 necessary in order to avoid the untimely sale of assets. At no 31 time, however, may the board incur any debt obligation for 32 such purpose which exceeds twelve months in duration.

§18-22A-5. Duties of board of regents.

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- 1 The board of regents shall provide to the fund all necessary
- 2 secretarial services, office space, staff and other assistance
- 3 required without charge or appropriation therefor.

§18-22A-6. Administration of fund.

- 1 (a) The board shall use any state moneys appropriated to
- 2 the fund solely for the purpose of establishing endowed chairs
- 3 at state colleges and universities.
- 4 The board may allocate state appropriations to an account
- 5 only when private moneys have also been allocated to that

- 17 The Legislature further finds that the appropriations of
- 18 public moneys to attract and retain outstanding faculty and
- 19 to encourage the commitment of private moneys with a view
- 20 toward the accumulation of such moneys in a trust fund for
- 21 such purposes is a proper annual expense of the state, and that
- 22 the establishment of an eminent scholars trust fund is a proper
- 23 means of providing for the advancement of public higher
- 24 education in this state.

§18-22A-2. Definitions.

- Whenever the following terms are used in this article, they shall have the meanings described below:
- 3 (a) "Board of directors" or "board" means the members of
- 4 the board of directors of the eminent scholars endowment trust
- 5 fund.
- 6 (b) "Endowed chair" or "chair" means the position created
- 7 pursuant to section six of this article to which an eminent
- 8 scholar shall be appointed.
- 9 (c) "Fund" means the eminent scholars endowment trust
- 10 fund.
- 11 (d) "Contract salary" means that portion of the scholar's
- 12 financial compensation paid from state moneys but shall not
- 13 be construed to include moneys from the eminent scholars
- 14 endowment trust fund.

§18-22A-3. Establishment of fund; corporation to administer; board of directors.

- 1 There is hereby established the eminent scholars endowment
- 2 trust fund, a public corporation, for the purpose of admin-
- 3 istering the fund described in this article. The board of
- 4 directors of this corporation shall be those persons appointed
- 5 and serving as members of the board of regents.

§18-22A-4. Corporate powers.

- 1 (a) The officers of the corporation shall be the officers of
- 2 the board of regents. The procedural rules of the board of
- 3 regents shall be used in conducting meetings.
- 4 (b) The corporation is hereby expressly authorized to
- 5 receive appropriations of public moneys and private or public

- 6 grants, gifts or bequests. It may hold, invest or reinvest such
- 7 moneys and expend the income therefrom as hereinafter
- 8 provided. The board may determine which of the properties
- 9 and moneys received by it, other than public appropriations.
- 10 grants, bequests and specific gifts, are income and which are
- 11 additions to principal.
- 12 (c) The board shall be exempt from liability for any loss 13 or decrease in value of the assets or income of the fund, except 14 as such losses or decreases in value are shown to be the result
- 15 of bad faith, gross negligence or intentional misconduct.
- 16 For the purpose of valuing assets, the board may use any
- 17 commonly accepted techniques of appraisal or commonly 18 accepted principles of accounting. No agency of government
- 19 nor any person, natural or corporate, may charge or collect
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- any fee or receive any part of the principal or income from
- 21 any appropriation, grant, gift or bequest as a fee for the
- 22 acquisition or administration of the appropriation, grant, gift
- 23 or bequest.
- 24 (d) The board shall adhere at all times to the terms and
- 25 limitations of any appropriation, grant, gift or bequest
- received. However, the board may refuse to receive any grant, 26
- 27 gift or bequest which incorporates terms and limitations which
- 28 they deem to be unacceptable.
- 29 (e) The board may in its sole discretion borrow money when
- necessary in order to avoid the untimely sale of assets. At no 30
- time, however, may the board incur any debt obligation for 31
- 32 such purpose which exceeds twelve months in duration.

§18-22A-5. Duties of board of regents.

- The board of regents shall provide to the fund all necessary
- secretarial services, office space, staff and other assistance 2
- required without charge or appropriation therefor.

§18-22A-6. Administration of fund.

- (a) The board shall use any state moneys appropriated to 1
- 2 the fund solely for the purpose of establishing endowed chairs
- 3 at state colleges and universities.
- 4 The board may allocate state appropriations to an account
- 5 only when private moneys have also been allocated to that

6 account. The board shall endeavor, whenever possible, to 7 allocate one dollar of state appropriations for every two 8 dollars of private moneys allocated. The board may also 9 allocate only private moneys to an account.

Unless otherwise directed by executive order, the payment of state appropriations to the fund shall be made in twelve equal monthly installments, beginning on the last day of the first month of the fiscal year.

- (b) The board may, for purposes of investment, commingle any moneys constituting principal received from whatever source to the extent allowed under the terms of the granting of such moneys and shall endeavor to obtain the highest possible rate of return consistent with the preservation of the principal. Consistent with the terms of the appropriation, grant, gift or bequest, and the provisions of this section, the board may use any income, principal or combination of income and principal as it may deem prudent to finance the establishment of each endowed chair.
- (c) The board shall designate endowed chairs at the various colleges and universities as it may deem appropriate. For each chair so established it shall designate a separate account administered by the board to which moneys from the fund shall be deposited. Such moneys may continue to be deemed principal for purposes of investment and commingling pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and any income, loss or gain, or increase or decrease in value may be allocated by the board on such reasonable basis as is prescribed by the board.
- (d) For the purpose of encouraging the donation of private moneys to the fund, the board may designate specific chairs or specific areas of academic study as subjects of challenge grants. A specific chair, or a chair in a designated academic area, shall be established whenever the total amount of principal and interest dedicated to it reaches one hundred fifty thousand dollars, with at least one half of the principal being from private sources.

When one hundred fifty thousand dollars has accumulated in the account dedicated to any one chair, the board shall notify the president of the appropriate college or university that an appointment to that chair shall be made.

- (e) The president of the college or university shall use at least two thirds of the income from moneys allocated to an account to supplement the salary of the person appointed to the endowed chair created by such account. The sum paid from the fund to the person so appointed shall be in addition to the contract salary except as otherwise provided in this section. Such president may allocate one third or any part thereof to provide or assist in providing secretarial or other support services for the endowed chair or may return one third or any part thereof to the board with the direction that such amount be added to the principal amount in the account of the endowed chair from which such income was derived to protect its future yield.
- (f) Whenever the endowed chair's salary supplement received pursuant to this subsection equals fifty percent of the contract salary, the president of the college or university may return all or a portion of the excess amount to the fund, and the board shall designate a new account for the purpose of establishing another chair at the same institution or an existing account at the same institution for receipt of the moneys so returned: *Provided*, That when the principal amount of any chair reaches the sum of one million dollars or more, no state salary may be paid to the holder of the chair, but such person's entire salary shall be paid from the interest income.
- (g) When the total allocations designated for a chair from both public and private sources do not equal or exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars within five years from the date of the establishment of the account, the board may designate a new or existing chair as the recipient of the moneys, regardless of the terms of the appropriation, grant, gift or bequest, except where return of the moneys is required by the terms of the grant, gift or bequest.

§18-22A-7. Selection of scholars.

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Each college or university shall establish criteria for the selection of persons to be appointed to the chairs established pursuant to this article. Endowed positions may be filled from either within or outside the faculty of the college or university. At each college or university at least one half of all chairs funded pursuant to this article shall be dedicated exclusively to teaching, and outstanding teaching ability shall be part of the criteria for appointment to such teaching chair.

- Appointees shall have a record of distinguished academic or professional work in an appropriate field, such to be judged in national terms and verified by the department or college benefitting from such chair. Appointees shall submit to peer review at such department or college and such other review procedures as may be established by the college or university.
- 15 The board, or the college or university, may establish criteria 16 which exceeds the provisions of this section.

§18-22A-8. Authorization to solicit private moneys; terms of grants; reports to board of directors; handling of moneys.

1 Each college and university, and each dean and department chair within each college or university, is hereby authorized 2 to solicit moneys for the endowment of chairs pursuant to this 3 article. In order to maximize the effective use of moneys raised, persons or institutions soliciting moneys shall endeavor, insofar as is possible, to secure private grants, gifts or bequests which are unlimited as to their use. All persons and institutions 7 engaged in soliciting moneys shall apprise the board of their actions and provide periodic reports, at least once each fiscal 9 year, regarding the amounts secured and, upon receipt of any 10 moneys, shall forward them forthwith to the board for deposit 11 in accordance with section six of this article. 12

§18-22A-9. Annual report.

The board shall make an annual report to the joint committee on government and finance of the West Virginia Legislature no later than the first day of December of each year setting forth with specificity the sources of all moneys, the allocations of all moneys and such other information as the joint committee may require.

CHAPTER 68

(S. B. 634—Originating in the Committee on Education)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-b, article twentyfour, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the faculty improvement fee; requiring that such fees on deposit as of the effective date of this section be distributed in accordance with this section; and requiring that the funds generated by such fee be used to fund faculty salaries in accordance with article twenty-two, chapter eighteen of this code.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-b, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 24. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

§18-24-1b. Faculty improvement fee.

- In addition to the fees specifically provided for in sec-1
- 2 tions one and one-a of this article, all students enrolled
- 3 for credit at the state's public colleges and universities
- 4 shall pay a faculty improvement fee. The West Virginia
- 5 board of regents shall fix the fee rates for the various insti-
- 6 tutions and classes of students and may from time to time
- change these rates: Provided, That the fee for each class
- 8 of students shall be uniform throughout the state and
- 9 shall be no less than fifteen dollars per semester for
- 10 residents and no less than fifty dollars per semester for
- 11 out-of-state students. The amount of the fee charged at
- 12 each institution shall be prorated for part-time students.
- 13 The fee imposed by this section is in addition to the
- 14 maximum fees allowed to be collected under the provi-
- sions of section one of this article and is not limited 15
- thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in the same 16
- manner as any other fee collected at state institutions of 17
- higher education. 18
- All faculty improvement fees collected shall be de-19
- posited in a special fund in the state treasury. The board 20
- of regents shall use such fees to the extent available to 21
- implement sections two and three, article twenty-two of 22
- this chapter. Notwithstanding prior enactments of this 23
- section, any such fees on deposit as of the effective date of 24

- 25 this section shall be distributed during the fiscal year one
- 26 thousand nine hundred eighty-five-eighty-six in accordance
- 27 with the provisions of this section.
- 28 The board of regents shall, before the first day of July
- 29 of each year, provide the legislative auditor with a report
- 30 of the projected fee collections for each of its institutions.

CHAPTER 69

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 442—By Senators R. Williams, Burdette, Spears, Cook, Nelson, Ash, Parker and Holliday)

[Passed April 8, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-c; and to amend article twenty-six of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, all relating to establishing a medical education fee; providing for the collection, disposition and use of such fee; establishing a medical student loan program and fund; authorizing the board of regents to promulgate rules and regulations for administration of the loan program; establishing minimum eligibility requirements; and providing for loan forgiveness in certain instances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-c; and that article twenty-six of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine, all to read as follows:

Article

- 24. Fees and Other Money Collected at State Institutions of Higher Education.
- 26. West Virginia Board of Regents.

ARTICLE 24. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

§18-24-1c. Medical education fee.

1 In addition to the fees specifically provided for in sections one, one-a and one-b of this article, all medical students enrolled for credit at the West Virginia Uni-4 versity school of medicine, Marshall University school of medicine and the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine shall pay a medical education fee. The board of regents shall fix the fee rates for students at each 7 institution and may from time to time change these rates. The fee imposed by this section is in addition to the maximum fees allowed to be collected under the provi-10 11 sions of section one of this article and is not limited 12 thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in the same 13 manner as any other fee collected at state institutions of higher education. Medical education fees collected shall 14 15 be deposited in a special revenue account which is hereby created in the state treasury for the school at which the 16 17 fees are collected and shall be used by the school to offset general operating costs: Provided, That the board of 18 regents may deposit a portion of the total fees collected 19 therein into the medical student loan fund account in 20 accordance with the provisions of section twenty-nine, 21 article twenty-six of this chapter. Before the first day 22 of July of each year, the board of regents shall provide 23 24 the legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee collections for each of the schools of medicine. 25

ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS.

§18-26-29. Medical student loan program; establishment; administration; eligibility; loan forgiveness.

- 1 There is hereby created a medical student loan program
- 2 to be administered by the board. The purpose of this
- 3 program is to provide loans to state residents who demon-
- 4 strate financial need, meet academic standards and are
- 5 enrolled or accepted for enrollment at the West Virginia
- 6 University school of medicine, Marshall University school

of medicine or the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine.

- 9 (a) There is hereby established a special revolving 10 fund account under the board in the state treasury to be 11 known as the medical student loan fund which shall be used to carry out the purposes of this section. The fund 12 shall consist of: (1) Amounts allocated by the board from 13 the medical education fee as established by section one-c. 14 article twenty-four of this chapter: Provided, That the 15 board may transfer to this fund for student loans an 16 amount not to exceed thirty-three percent of the total col-17 18 lections from the medical education fee in any one year: (2) appropriations provided by the Legislature; (3) prin-19 20 cipal and interest repaid by medical student loan recipients; and (4) other amounts which may be available from 21 22 external sources. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall not expire or revert. No loans 23 may be awarded under the provisions of this section until 24 25 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightysix. All costs associated with the administration of this sec-26 tion shall be paid from the medical student loan fund. 27
- (b) The board shall promulgate rules and regulations 28 for the administration of the medical student loan pro-29 gram. Such rules and regulations shall include, but not 30 be limited to, the areas of academic standards, financial 31 need, loan amounts, residency requirements, loan repay-32 ment requirements, loan forgiveness provisions, interest 33 34 rates, collection procedures and financial management. Loans shall be awarded at the institutional level in a 35 36 manner consistent with rules and regulations promulgated 37 by the board.
- (c) An individual shall be eligible for loan considera-38 tion if he is a resident of this state as defined by the 39 board, demonstrates financial need, meets established 40 academic standards and is enrolled or accepted for en-41 rollment at one of the aforementioned schools of medicine 42 in a program leading to the degree of medical doctor (M. 43 D.) or doctor of osteopathy (D. O.): Provided, That the 44 individual has not yet received one of these degrees and 45 is not in default of any previous student loan. 46

- 47 (d) The board, in conjunction with the state depart-48 ment of health, shall determine qualifying medically 49 underserved areas and medical specialties in which there 50 is a shortage of physicians.
- 51 At the end of each fiscal year, any individual who has received a medical student loan and who has actually 52 rendered services as a medical doctor or doctor of osteo-53 pathy in this state in a designated medically underserved 54 area or in a designated medical specialty in which there 55 is a shortage of physicians, may submit to the board a 56 statement of service on a form provided for that purpose. 57 58 Upon receipt of such statement in proper form, the board shall cancel appropriate portions of the outstanding loan 59 or loans in accordance with rules and regulations promul-60 61 gated by the board.

CHAPTER 70

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1854—By Delegate Givens and Delegate E. Martin)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty, relating to higher education; authority to establish faculty and classified employee continuing education and development programs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended be adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF REGENTS.

- §18-26-30. Faculty and classified employee continuing education and development program.
 - 1 Each state college or university shall have the authority to

2 establish and operate a faculty and classified employee 3 continuing education and development program under rules 4 and regulations adopted by the board. Funds allocated or 5 made available may be used to compensate and pay expenses 6 for faculty or classified employees who are pursuing additional 7 academic study or training to better equip themselves for their 8 duties at the college or university.

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Rules and regulations for this activity may include reasonable provisions for the continuation or return of any faculty or classified employee receiving the benefits of such education or training, or for reimbursement by the state for expenditures incurred on behalf of such faculty or classified employee.

CHAPTER 71

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1970—By Delegate Murphy and Delegate Rogers)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight and eleven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend chapter eighteen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine, all relating to providing a grievance procedure for employees of the board of regents, state institutions of higher education, state board of education, county boards of education, regional educational service agencies and multi-county vocation centers; declaring legislative purpose and intent; defining certain terms; providing for grievance procedures, hearings and appeals generally; designating procedural levels and providing for procedures at each such level; creating and providing for an education employees grievance board; delineating certain powers and duties of said board; providing for hearing examiners; providing for certain powers and duties of such hearing examiners; providing for enforcement and reviewability of decisions of the hearing examiners; providing for the allocation of costs in certain instances; authorizing mandamus proceedings upon failure to comply with the provisions of article twenty-nine of chapter eighteen; providing that employee

suspended or dismissed for certain reasons have opportunity to request a hearing pursuant to said article twenty-nine; providing for recovery of attorney's fees and court costs by an employee prevailing in either circuit court or supreme court of appeals; and setting limitations upon such attorney's fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight and eleven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that chapter eighteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 29. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE.

- §18-29-1. Legislative purpose and intent.
- §18-29-2. Definitions.
- §18-29-3. Grievance procedure generally.
- §18-29-4. Procedural levels and procedure at each level.
- §18-29-5. Education employees grievance board; hearing examiners.
- §18-29-6. Hearings generally.
- §18-29-7. Enforcement and reviewability.
- §18-29-8. Allocation of costs.
- §18-29-9. Mandamus proceedings.

§18-29-1. Legislative purpose and intent.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to provide a procedure for
- 2 employees of the board of regents, state board of education,
- 3 county boards of education, regional educational service
- 4 agencies and multi-county vocational centers and their
- 5 employer or agents of the employer to reach solutions to
- 6 problems which arise between them within the scope of their
- 7 respective employment relationships to the end that good
- 8 morale may be maintained, effective job performance may be
- 9 enhanced and the citizens of the community may be better
- 10 served. This procedure is intended to provide a simple,
- 11 expeditious and fair process for resolving problems at the
- 12 lowest possible administrative level and shall be construed to
- 13 effectuate this purpose. Nothing herein shall prohibit the
- 14 informal disposition of grievances by stipulation or settlement

15 agreed to in writing by the parties, nor the exercise of any 16 hearing right provided in article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code or any other section of chapter eighteen or eighteen-a of 17 18 this code: Provided, That employees of the board of regents or of state institutions of higher education shall have the 19 20 option of filing grievances in accordance with the provisions of this article or in accordance with the provisions of policies, 21 rules and regulations of the board of regents regarding such 22 23 employees. Any board decision pursuant to such sections may 24 be appealed in accordance with the provisions of this article 25 unless otherwise provided in such section.

§18-29-2. Definitions.

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For the purpose of this article:

2 (a) "Grievance" means any claim by one or more affected 3 employees of the board of regents, state board of education, county boards of education, regional educational service 4 agencies and multi-county vocational centers alleging a 5 violation, a misapplication or a misinterpretation of the 6 statutes, policies, rules, regulations or written agreements under which such employees work, including any violation, 9 misapplication or misinterpretation regarding compensation, hours, terms and conditions of employment, employment 10 status or discrimination; any discriminatory or otherwise 11 aggrieved application of unwritten policies or practices of the 12 board; any specifically identified incident of harassment or 13 favoritism; or any action, policy or practice constituting a 14 substantial detriment to or interference with effective 15 classroom instruction, job performance or the health and 16 safety of students or employees. 17

Any pension matter or other issue relating to the state teachers retirement system in accordance with article seven-a of this chapter or other retirement system administered outside the jurisdiction of the applicable governing board, any matter relating to public employees insurance in accordance with article sixteen, chapter five of this code, or any other matter in which authority to act is not vested with the employer shall not be the subject of any grievance filed in accordance with the provisions of this article.

(b) "Days" means days of the employee's employment term or prior to or subsequent to such employment term exclusive

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- of Saturday, Sunday, official holidays or school closings in accordance with section two, article five, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- 32 (c) "Employee" means any person hired by an institution 33 either full or part time. A substitute is considered an employee 34 only on matters related to days worked for an institution or 35 when there is a violation, misapplication or misinterpretation 36 of a statute, policy, rule, regulation or written agreement 37 relating to such substitute.
- 38 (d) "Grievant" means any named employee or group of 39 named employees filing a grievance as defined in subsection 40 (a) of this section.
- 41 (e) "Institution" means any state institution of higher 42 education, the board of regents, any institution whose 43 employees are hired by the state board of education including 44 the department of education, and any public school, regional 45 educational service agency or multi-county vocational center.
- 46 (f) "Employer" means that institution contracting the 47 services of the employee.
 - (g) "Immediate supervisor" means that person next in rank above the grievant possessing a degree of administrative authority and designated as such in the employee's contract, if any.
 - (h) "Chief administrator" means the president of a state institution of higher education, the chancellor of the board of regents only as to those employees not assigned to a state institution of higher education, the state superintendent of schools as to employees hired by the state board of education, the county superintendent, the executive director of a regional educational service agency or the director of a multi-county vocational center.
 - (i) "Governing board" means the administrative board of any state or county educational institution, including institutions whose employees are hired by the state board of education, and refers, as is applicable, to the board of regents, state board of education, county boards of education, the school board members of any board of directors of a regional educational service agency or the school board members of any administrative council of a multi-county vocational center.

- 68 (j) "Grievance evaluator" means that individual or govern-69 ing board authorized to render a decision on a grievance.
- 70 (k) "Board" means the education employees grievance 71 board.
- 72 (I) "Hearing examiner" means the individual or individuals 73 employed by the board in accordance with section five of this 74 article.
- 75 (m) "Discrimination" means any differences in the treatment 76 of employees unless such differences are related to the actual 77 job responsibilities of the employees or agreed to in writing 78 by the employees.
- 79 (n) "Harassment" means repeated or continual disturbance, 80 irritation or annoyance of an employee which would be 81 contrary to the demeanor expected by law, policy and 82 profession.
- 83 (o) "Favoritism" means unfair treatment of an employee as 84 demonstrated by preferential, exceptional or advantageous 85 treatment of another or other employees.
- 86 (p) "Reprisal" means the retaliation of an employer or agent 87 toward a grievant or any other participant in the grievance 88 procedure either for an alleged injury itself or any lawful 89 attempt to redress it.
- 90 (q) "Employee organization" means any employee advocacy 91 organization whose membership includes employees as defined 92 in this section which has filed with the board the name, 93 address, chief officer and membership criteria of the 94 organization.
- 95 (r) "Representative" means any employee organization, 96 fellow employee, legal counsel or other person or persons 97 designated by the grievant as the grievant's representative.

§18-29-3. Grievance procedure generally.

1 (a) A grievance must be filed within the times specified in 2 section four of this article and shall be processed as rapidly 3 as possible. The number of days indicated at each level 4 specified in section four of this article shall be considered as 5 the maximum number of days allowed and, if a decision is 6 not rendered at any level within the prescribed time limits, the

grievant may appeal to the next level: *Provided*, That the specified time limits may be extended by mutual written agreement and shall be extended whenever a grievant is not working because of such circumstances as provided for in section ten, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code.

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- (b) If the employer or agent intends to assert the applicability of any statute, policy, rule, regulation or written agreement or submits any written response to the filed grievance at any level, a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the grievant and any representative of the grievant so named in the filed grievance. Anything so submitted and the grievant's response thereto, if any, shall become part of the record. Failure to assert such statute, policy, rule, regulation or written agreement at any level shall not prevent the subsequent submission thereof in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
- (c) The grievant may file the grievance at the level vested with authority to grant the requested relief if each lower administrative level agrees in writing thereto. In the event a grievance is filed at a higher level, the employer shall provide copies to each lower administrative level.
- (d) An employee may withdraw a grievance at any time by notice, in writing, to the level wherein the grievance is then current. Such grievance may not be reinstated by the grievant unless such reinstatement is granted by the grievance evaluator at the level where the grievance was withdrawn. If more than one employee is named as grievant in a particular grievance, the withdrawal of one employee shall not prejudice the rights of any other employee named in the grievance. In the event a grievance is withdrawn or an employee withdraws from a grievance, such employer shall notify in writing each lower administrative level.
- (e) Grievances may be consolidated at any level by agreement of all parties.
 - (f) An employee may have the assistance of one or more fellow employees, an employee organization representative or representatives, legal counsel or any other person in the preparation and presentation of the grievance. At the request of the grievant, such person or persons may be present at any step of the procedure.

47 (g) If a grievance is filed which cannot be resolved within 48 the time limits set forth in section four of this article prior 49 to the end of the employment term, the time limit set forth in said section shall be reduced as agreed to in writing by both 50 parties so that the grievance procedure may be concluded 52 within ten days following the end of the employment term or 53 an otherwise reasonable time.

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- (h) No reprisals of any kind shall be taken by any employer or agent of the employer against any interested party, or any other participant in the grievance procedure by reason of such participation. A reprisal constitutes a grievance, and any person held to be responsible for reprisal action shall be subject to disciplinary action for insubordination.
- (i) Except for the informal attempt to resolve the grievance as provided for in subsection (a), section four of this article, decisions rendered at all levels of the grievance procedure shall 63 be dated, shall be in writing setting forth the decision or 64 decisions and the reasons therefor, and shall be transmitted within the time prescribed to the grievant and any represen-65 tative named in the grievance. If the grievant is denied the 66 67 relief sought, the decision shall include the name of the individual at the next level to whom appeal may be made.
- 69 (j) Once a grievance has been filed, supportive or corrobor-70 ative evidence may be presented at any conference or hearing 71 conducted pursuant to the provisions of this article. Whether 72 evidence substantially alters the original grievance and renders 73 it a different grievance is within the discretion of the grievance 74 evaluator at the level wherein the new evidence is presented. If the grievance evaluator rules that the evidence renders it a 75 different grievance, the party offering the evidence may 76 withdraw same, the parties may consent to such evidence, or 77 the grievance evaluator may decide to hear the evidence or rule 78 that the grievant must file a new grievance. The time 79 80 limitations for filing the new grievance shall be measured from 81 the date of such ruling.
 - (k) Any change in the relief sought by the grievant shall be consented to by all parties or may be granted at level four within the discretion of the hearing examiner.
- (1) Forms for filing grievances, giving notice, taking appeals, 85 making reports and recommendations, and all other necessary 86

documents shall be made available by the immediate supervisor to any employee upon request. Such forms shall include information as prescribed by the board. The grievant shall have access to the institution's equipment for purposes of preparing grievance documents subject to the reasonable rules of the employer governing the use of such equipment.

- (m) Notwithstanding the provisions of section three, article nine-a, chapter six of this code, or any other provision relating to open proceedings, all conferences and hearings pursuant to this article shall be conducted in private except that, upon the grievant's request, conferences and hearings at levels two and three shall be public. Within the discretion of the hearing examiner, conferences and hearings may be public at level four.
- (n) No person or governing board to which appeal has been made shall confer or correspond with a grievance evaluator at a previous level regarding the merits of the grievance unless all parties to the grievance are present.
- (o) Grievances may be processed at any reasonable time, but attempts shall be made to process the grievance in a manner which does not interfere with the normal operation of the institution or with employees' normal working hours. Grievances processed on work time shall not result in any reduction in salary, wages, rate of pay or other benefits of the employee and shall be counted as time worked.

Should any employer or the employer's agent cause a conference or hearing to be postponed without adequate notice to employees who are scheduled to appear during their normal work day, such employees will not suffer any loss in pay for work time lost.

- (p) Any grievance evaluator may be excused from participation in the grievance process for reasonable cause, including, but not limited to, conflict of interest or incapacitation, and in such case the grievance evaluator at the next higher level shall designate an alternate grievance evaluator if such is deemed reasonable and necessary.
 - (q) No less than one year following resolution of a grievance at any level, the grievant may by request in writing have removed any record of the grievance from any file kept by the employer.

- (r) All grievance forms and reports shall be kept in a file separate from the personnel file of the employee and shall not become a part of such personnel file, but shall remain confidential except by mutual written agreement of the parties.
- 131 (s) The number of grievances filed against an employer or 132 agent or by an employee shall not, per se, be an indication 133 of such employer's or agent's or such employee's job 134 performance.
- 135 (t) Any chief administrator or governing board of an institution in which a grievance was filed may appeal such 136 decision on the grounds that the decision (1) was contrary to 137 law or lawfully adopted rule, regulation or written policy of 138 the chief administrator or governing board, (2) exceeded the 139 hearing examiner's statutory authority, (3) was the result of 140 fraud or deceit, (4) was clearly wrong in view of the reliable, 141 probative and substantial evidence on the whole record, or (5) 142 was arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of 143 discretion. Such appeal shall follow the procedure regarding 144 appeal provided the grievant in section four of this article and 145 provided both parties in section seven of this article. 146

§18-29-4. Procedural levels and procedure at each level.

- l (a) Level one.
- 2 (1) Before a grievance is filed and within fifteen days following the occurrence of the event upon which the grievance 3 is based, or within fifteen days of the date on which the event 4 5 became known to the grievant or within fifteen days of the most recent occurrence of a continuing practice giving rise to 6 a grievance, the grievant or the designated representative shall 7 8 schedule a conference with the immediate supervisor to discuss 9 the nature of the grievance and the action, redress or other 10 remedy sought.
- The conference with the immediate supervisor concerning the grievance shall be conducted within three days of the request therefor, and any discussion shall be by the grievant in the grievant's own behalf or by both the grievant and the designated representative.
- 16 (2) The immediate supervisor shall respond to the grievance within two days of the conference.

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- 18 (3) Within ten days of receipt of the response from the immediate supervisor following the informal conference, a written grievance may be filed with said supervisor by the grievant or the designated representative on a form furnished by the employer or agent.
- 23 (4) The immediate supervisor shall state the decision to such filed grievance within five days after the grievance is filed.

25 (b) Level two.

Within five days of receiving the decision of the immediate supervisor, the grievant may appeal the decision to the chief administrator, and such administrator or his or her designee shall conduct a hearing in accordance with section six of this article within five days of receiving the appeal and shall issue a written decision within five days of such hearing. Such decision may affirm, modify or reverse the decision appealed from.

(c) Level three.

Except as to faculty and classified employees of the board of regents or any state institution of higher education who shall have the option to proceed directly to level four, within five days of receiving the decision of the chief administrator, the grievant may appeal the decision to the governing board of the institution. Within five days of receiving the appeal, such governing board may conduct a hearing in accordance with section six of this article, may review the record submitted by the chief administrator and render a decision based on such record, or may waive the right granted herein and shall notify the grievant of such waiver. Any decision by the governing board, including a decision to waive participation in the grievance, must be in writing, and, if a hearing be held under the provisions of this subsection, the governing board shall issue a decision affirming, modifying or reversing the decision of the chief administrator within five days of such hearing.

51 (d) Level four.

(1) If the grievant is not satisfied with the action taken by the governing board, within five days of the written decision the grievant may request, in writing, on a form furnished by

55 the employer, that the grievance be submitted to a hearing 56 examiner as provided for in section five of this article, such 57 hearing to be conducted in accordance with section six of this 58 article within ten days following the request therefor: Provided, That such hearing may be held within thirty days 59 60 following the request, or within such time as is mutually agreed upon by the parties, if the hearing examiner gives reasonable 61 cause, in writing, as to the necessity for such delay. 62

(2) Within thirty days following the hearing, the hearing examiner shall render a decision in writing to all parties setting forth findings and conclusions on the issues submitted. Subject to the provisions of section seven of this article, the decision of the hearing examiner shall be final upon the parties and shall be enforceable in circuit court.

§18-29-5. Education employees grievance board; hearing examiners.

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1 (a) There is hereby created and shall be an education employees grievance board which shall consist of three 2 members who shall be citizens of the state appointed by the 3 governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate 4 for overlapping terms of three years, except that the original 5 6 appointments shall be for a period of one, two and three years, respectively, commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. No two members shall be 8 9 from the same congressional district, and no more than two 10 of the appointed members shall be from the same political party. No person shall be appointed to membership on the 11 board who is a member of any political party executive 12 committee or holds any other public office or public 13 employment under the federal government or under the 14 government of this state. Members shall be eligible for 15 reappointment, and any vacancy on the board shall be filled 16 within thirty days of the vacancy by the governor by 17 appointment for the unexpired term. 18

A member of the board may not be removed from office except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance, and then only in the manner prescribed in article six, chapter six of this code for the removal by the Governor of state elected officers.

The board shall hold at least two meetings yearly at such times and places as it may prescribe and may meet at such

26 other times as may be necessary, such meetings to be agreed 27 to in writing by at least two of the members. Members of the 28 board shall each be paid seventy-five dollars for each calendar 29 day devoted to the work of the board, but not more than seven 30 hundred and fifty dollars during any one fiscal year. Each 31 member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of board duties, 32 33 but shall submit a request therefor upon sworn itemized 34 statement.

The board is hereby authorized and required to administer the grievance procedure at level four as provided for in section four of this article and shall employ at least two full-time hearing examiners on an annual basis and such clerical help as is necessary to implement the legislative intent expressed in section one of this article.

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The board shall hire hearing examiners who reside in different regional educational service agency areas unless and until the number of hearing examiners exceeds the number of such areas, at which time two hearing examiners may be from the same such area. These hearing examiners shall serve at the will and pleasure of the board.

The board shall submit a yearly budget and shall report annually to the governor and Legislature regarding receipts and expenditures, number of level four hearings conducted, synopses of hearing outcomes and such other information as the board may deem appropriate. The board shall further evaluate on an annual basis the level four grievance process and the performance of all hearing examiners and include such evaluation in the annual report to the governor and Legislature. In making such evaluation, the board shall notify all institutions, employee organizations and all grievants participating in level four grievances in the year for which evaluation is being made and shall provide for the submission of written comment and/or the hearing of testimony regarding the grievance process. The board shall provide suitable office space for all hearing examiners in space other than that utilized by any institution as defined in section two of this article and shall ensure that reference materials are generally available.

The board is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations

- consistent with the provisions of this article, such rules and regulations to be adopted in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 69 (b) Hearing examiners are hereby authorized and shall have 70 the power to consolidate grievances, allocate costs among the 71 parties in accordance with section eight of this article, subpoena witnesses and documents in accordance with the 72 provisions of section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of 73 this code, provide such relief as is deemed fair and equitable 74 75 in accordance with the provisions of this article, and such other powers as will provide for the effective resolution of 76 grievances not inconsistent with any rules or regulations of the 77 78 board or the provisions of this article.

§18-29-6. Hearings generally.

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1 The chief administrator or his or her designee, the governing 2 board or the hearing examiner shall conduct all hearings in 3 an impartial manner and shall ensure that all parties are 4 accorded procedural and substantive due process. All parties 5 shall have an opportunity to present evidence and argument with respect to the matters and issues involved, to cross 7 examine and to rebut evidence. Notice of a hearing shall be 8 sent to all parties and their named representative and shall include the date, time and place of the hearing. 9

The institution that is party to the grievance shall produce prior to such hearing any documents, not privileged, and which are relevant to the subject matter involved in the pending grievance, that has been requested by the grievant, in writing.

15 The superintendent, the president of the state or county board of education or the state or county board member 16 designated by such president, the executive director of the 17 18 regional educational service agency, the director of the multicounty vocational center, the chancellor of the board of 19 regents, the president of any state institution of higher 20 education, the chief administrator or his or her designee, each 21 member of the governing board or the hearing examiner shall 22 have the power to (1) administer oaths and affirmations, (2) 23 regulate the course of the hearing, (3) hold conferences for the 24 settlement or simplification of the issues by consent of the 25 parties. (4) exclude immaterial, irrelevant or repetitious 26

27 evidence, (5) sequester witnesses, (6) restrict the number of 28

advocates, and take any other action not inconsistent with the

29 rules and regulations of the board or the provisions of this

30 article.

31 All the testimony and evidence at any hearing shall be 32 recorded by mechanical means, and all recorded testimony and 33 evidence at such hearing shall be transcribed and certified at 34 the request of any party to the institution or board. The 35 institution shall be responsible for promptly transcribing the 36 testimony and evidence and for providing a copy of the 37 certified transcription to the party requesting same. The 38 hearing examiner may also request and be provided a transcript upon appeal to level four and allocate the costs 39 therefor as prescribed in section eight of this article. 40

41 Formal rules of evidence shall not be applied, but parties 42 shall be bound by the rules of privilege recognized by law.

43 All materials submitted in accordance with section three of 44 this article; the mechanical recording of all testimony and evidence or the transcription thereof, if any; the decision; and 45 46 any other materials considered in reaching the decision shall 47 be made a part and shall constitute the record of a grievance. Such record shall be submitted to any level at which appeal 48 49 has been made, and such record shall be considered, but the 50 development of such record shall not be limited thereby.

- 51 Every decision pursuant to a hearing shall be in writing and 52 shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of 53 law.
- 54 Prior to such decision any party may propose findings of 55 fact and conclusions of law.

§18-29-7. Enforcement and reviewability.

1 The decision of the hearing examiner shall be final upon the 2 parties and shall be enforceable in circuit court: Provided. That either party may appeal to the circuit court of the county 3 in which the grievance occurred on the grounds that the 4 hearing examiner's decision (1) was contrary to law or lawfully 5 adopted rule, regulation or written policy of the chief 7 administrator or governing board, (2) exceeded the hearing examiner's statutory authority, (3) was the result of fraud or 8 deceit, (4) was clearly wrong in view of the reliable, probative 9

- 10 and substantial evidence on the whole record, or (5) was
- 11 arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion
- 12 or clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion. Such appeal shall
- 13 be filed in the circuit court of Kanawha County or in the
- 14 circuit court of the county in which the grievance occurred
- 15 within thirty days of receipt of the hearing examiner's decision.
- 16 The decision of the hearing examiner shall not be stayed,
- 17 automatically, upon the filing of an appeal, but a stay may
- 18 be granted by the circuit court upon separate motion therefor.
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- The court's ruling shall be upon the entire record made 20
- before the hearing examiner, and the court may hear oral 21 arguments and require written briefs. The court may reverse,
- 22 vacate or modify the decision of the hearing examiner or may
- 23 remand the grievance to the chief administrator of the
- 24 institution for further proceedings.

§18-29-8. Allocation of costs.

- Any expenses incurred relative to the grievance procedure
- at levels one through three shall be borne by the party 2
- 3 incurring such expenses.

§18-29-9. Mandamus proceeding.

- 1 Any institution failing to comply with the provisions of this
- 2 article may be compelled to do so by mandamus proceeding
- and shall be liable to any party prevailing against the
- institution for court costs and attorney fees, as determined and 4
- 5 established by the court.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

- Suspension and dismissal of school personnel by board; appeal.
- §18A-2-11. Employee's right to attorney's fees and costs.

§18A-2-8. Suspension and dismissal of school personnel by board; appeal.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a board may
- suspend or dismiss any person in its employment at any time 2
- for: Immorality, incompetency, cruelty, insubordination, 3
- intemperance or willful neglect of duty, but the charges shall 4
- be stated in writing served upon the employee within two days 5
- of presentation of said charges to the board. The employee 6
- so affected shall be given an opportunity, within five days of

- 8 receiving such written notice, to request, in writing, a level four
- 9 hearing and appeals pursuant to provisions of article twenty-
- 10 nine, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one
- 11 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

§18A-2-11. Employee's right to attorney's fees and costs.

l If an employee shall appeal to a circuit court an adverse 2 decision of either a county board of education or of a hearing examiner rendered in a grievance or other proceeding pursuant 3 to provisions of chapters eighteen and eighteen-a of this code 4 5 and such person shall substantially prevail, the adverse party or parties shall be liable to such employee, upon final 6 judgment or order, for court costs, and for reasonable 7 attorney's fees, to be set by the court, for representing such 8 employee in all administrative hearings and before the circuit 9 court and the supreme court of appeals, and shall be further 10 liable to such employee for any court reporter's costs incurred 11 during any such administrative hearings or court proceedings: 12 Provided. That in no event shall such attorney's fees be 13 awarded in excess of a total of one thousand dollars for the 14 administrative hearings and circuit court proceedings nor an 15 additional one thousand dollars for supreme court proceed-16 ings: Provided, however, That the requirements of this section 17 shall not be construed to limit the school employee's right to 18 recover reasonable attorney's fees in a mandamus proceeding 19 brought under section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of 20 21 this code.

CHAPTER 72

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 630—By Senator Palumbo)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, twenty-one, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-seven, thirty-four, thirty-six and forty-three, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections twenty and forty-one, article two; sections three, four, five, six and eleven, article three; sections twelve, twenty-one and twenty-

two, article four; sections nine, eleven, twelve, thirteen, sixteen, twenty-two, twenty-three and thirty, article four-a, all of said chapter; to further amend said article four-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; to amend and reenact sections one, five, seven and nine, article five; sections two, six and nine, article six; sections five, five-a, seven and twelve, article eight, all of said chapter; and to further amend said article eight by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-f, all relating to elections; voting precincts, number of voters in precincts and exceptions relating thereto; precinct maps; preparation of paper ballots and time requirements relating thereto; notification of certain candidates of drawing by lot for ballot position; duty of county commissions to arrange and equip polling places; minimum number of voting booths; delivery and receipt of election supplies and time requirements relating thereto; delivery of supplies by special messenger; receipt and return of municipal precinct registration records and time requirements relating thereto; procedures for voters to receive, prepare and deposit ballots at the polling place; disposition of spoiled ballots; voters qualified to receive assistance in voting; procedures for rendering assistance to such voters; persons qualified to render assistance to such voters; challenge of ballots cast with assistance; requiring affidavit of person rendering assistance to a voter and oaths to be contained therein; recordation of certain information relating to assisted voters; receipt and preservation of certain election materials by the clerks of the county commissions; penalties for false swearing; penalties for allowing an unqualified voter to receive unchallenged assistance in voting; report on and disposition of ballots spoiled or unused; preservation of unused ballots; penalties for failure to account for all ballots delivered; disposition of certain election papers; procedure for voter registration; procedure for registration and transfer of registration by mail; form required for registration by mail and distribution thereof; information to be provided and excluded from such form; requiring validation of registration by mail and certain exceptions thereto; application and procedures for voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance in the offices of the circuit clerks; voters qualified to vote an absent voter's

ballot by personal appearance; duties of the clerks of the circuit court in conducting voting of absent voter's ballots by personal appearance; voters qualified to receive assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance; persons qualified to render assistance to such voters: challenge of absent voter's ballots cast with assistance: requiring affidavit of person rendering assistance to a voter voting an absent voter's ballot and oaths to be contained therein; recordation of certain information relating to assisted voters voting an absent voter's ballot; penalties for false swearing; penalties for assistance of a voter by unqualified person; penalties for allowing an unqualified voter to vote an absent voter's ballot: definitions of certain terms; application and procedures for voting an absent voter's ballot by mail; voters qualified to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail; assistance to voters in voting an absent voter's ballot by mail; requiring affidavit of person rendering assistance to such a voter and oaths to be contained therein; definitions of certain terms; duties of circuit clerks in preparation of absent voter's ballots; handling of ballots received by mail and recordation of information relating thereto; delivery and receipt of election supplies in counties using voting machines and time requirements relating thereto; assistance in voting by voting machine; persons qualified to render assistance in voting by voting machine; affidavits required of such persons and oaths to be contained therein; prohibiting all persons from area about voting machines, certain exceptions thereto and penalties therefor; minimum requirements of electronic voting systems; requiring proportional distribution of voting devices at a primary election; preparation of ballot labels and certain supplies for electronic voting and time requirements relating thereto; ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; requiring uniform numbering for candidates for certain offices; requiring drawing by lot to determine position of certain candidates on ballot labels: duties of the clerks of the circuit courts and clerks of the county commissions in the preparation of ballot labels; providing for inspection, maintenance, removal and certification of vote recording devices and ballot cards: delivery and receipt of election supplies used in electronic voting and time requirements relating thereto; assistance in

voting by electronic voting device; persons qualified to render assistance in voting by electronic voting device; affidavits required of such persons and oaths to be contained therein; prohibiting all persons from area about voting devices, certain exceptions thereto and penalties therefor; voting precincts in counties using electronic voting systems and the maximum number of voters therein; time and place of holding primary elections and hours polls open; announcements of candidacy for county boards of education and time requirements for filing thereof; announcements of candidacy for other offices and time requirements for filing thereof; certification and posting of candidacies by the secretary of state and time requirements relating thereto; preparation and form of general election ballots and information contained thereon; ballot counting procedures; canvass of election returns; declaration and certification procedures for recount of ballots; preservation and destruction of certain election papers; requiring accounts of financial transactions; filing of reports relating thereto with certain exceptions; time requirements for such filing; definitions of certain terms; information required in reports of financial transactions; prohibiting anonymous contributions and providing for distribution thereof; requiring written loan agreements and reporting thereof; penalties relating to filing reports of financial transactions; prohibiting certain activities related to campaigns and elections; and prohibiting any person from soliciting campaign contributions unless such person reveals the compensation to be received if such contribution is successfully collected and penalties therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, twenty-one, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-seven, thirty-four, thirty-six and forty-three, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections twenty and forty-one, article two; sections three, four, five, six and eleven, article three; sections twelve, twenty-one and twenty-two, article four; sections nine, eleven, twelve, thirteen, sixteen, twenty-two, twenty-three and thirty, article four-a, all of said chapter, be amended and reenacted; that said article four-a be further amended by adding

thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; that sections one, five, seven and nine, article five; sections two, six and nine, article six; sections five, five-a, seven and twelve, article eight, all of said chapter, be amended and reenacted; and that said article eight be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-f, all to read as follows:

Article.

- General Provisions and Definitions.
- 2. Registration of Voters.
- Voting By Absentees.
- Voting Machines.
- 4A. Electronic Voting Systems.
- Primary Elections and Nominating Procedures.
- 6. Conduct and Administration of Elections.
- Regulation and Control of Elections.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

- §3-1-5. Voting precincts and places established; number of voters in precincts; precinct map.
- §3-1-21. Ballots.
- §3-1-23. County commission to arrange polling places and equipment; requirements.
- §3-1-24. Obtaining and delivering election supplies.
- §3-1-25. Supplies by special messenger.
- §3-1-27. Municipal precinct registration records.
- §3-1-34. Voting procedures generally; assistance to voters; voting records; penalties.
- §3-1-36. Report on and disposition of ballots spoiled or not used.
- §3-1-43. Disposition of miscellaneous election papers.

§3-1-5. Voting precincts and places established; number of voters in precincts; precinct map.

- 1 The precinct shall be the basic territorial election unit.
- 2 The county commission shall divide each magisterial
- 3 district of the county into election precincts, shall number
- 4 the precincts, shall determine and establish the boundaries
- 5 thereof, and shall designate one voting place in each
- 6 precinct, which place shall be established as nearly as
- 7 possible at the point most convenient for the voters of the
- 8 precinct. Each magisterial district shall contain at least one
- 9 voting precinct and each precinct shall have but one voting
- 10 place therein.
- 11 Each precinct within any urban center shall contain not
- 12 less than three hundred nor more than eight hundred
- 13 registered voters. Each precinct in a rural or less thickly

settled area shall contain not less than two hundred nor more than seven hundred registered voters, unless, upon a written finding by the county commission that 16 establishment of or retention of a precinct of less than two 17 hundred voters would prevent undue hardship to the voters, 18 19 the secretary of state determines that such precinct be exempt from the two hundred voter minimum limit. If, at 20 any time the number of registered voters shall exceed the 21 maximum number in either case herein specified, it shall be 22 23 the duty of the county commission to, and it shall, rearrange the precincts within the political division so that the new 24 precincts formed therefrom, or from any part thereof, shall 25 each contain a number of registered voters within the limits 26 above provided. If such county commission fails to so act 27 as herein directed, any qualified voter of the county may 28 apply for a writ of mandamus to compel the performance 29 30 of this duty.

In order to facilitate the conduct of local and special elections and the use of election registration records therein, precinct boundaries shall be established to coincide with the boundaries of any municipality of the county and with the wards or other political subdivisions of the municipality except in instances where found by the county commission to be wholly impracticable so to do.

The provisions of this section shall be subject to the provisions of section twenty-eight, article four of this chapter relating to the number of voters in precincts in which voting machines are used.

The county commission shall keep available at all times during business hours in the courthouse at a place convenient for public inspection a map or maps of the county with the current boundaries of all precincts.

§3-1-21. Ballots.

It shall be the duty of the board of ballot commissioners for each county to provide printed ballots for every election for public officers in which the voters or any of the voters within the county participate, and cause to be printed, on the appropriate ballot, the name of every candidate, but in no case shall the ballot contain any title, position, rank, degree, or such, including, but not limited to, doctor, reverend, Ph D., or the equivalent, whose name has been

certified to or filed with the clerk of the circuit court of the 10 county in any manner provided for in this chapter. In any 11 case wherein the constitution or statutes limit or prescribe 12 the number of candidates or elected officers to be selected 13 by the voters in any district or other governmental 14 subdivision, the ballot commissioners, in the preparation of 15 such ballots, shall cause to be printed thereon, in plainly 16 worded language, the number of candidates to be voted for 17 in each district or other governmental subdivision.

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The clerk of the circuit court shall appoint a time at which all candidates for the office of delegate to a political party national convention are to appear in his office for the purpose of drawing by lot to determine where their names will appear on the ballots. The clerk shall give due notice of such time to each such candidate by United States mail, directed to the address given by the candidate in his or her announcement of candidacy. At the time appointed, all such candidates for the office of delegate to a political party national convention shall assemble in the office of such clerk and such candidates shall then proceed to draw by lot to determine where their names shall appear on the ballots. The number so drawn by each such candidate shall determine where his or her name shall appear on the ballots. In the event any candidate or candidates fail to appear at the time appointed, the clerk shall draw for such absent candidate or candidates in the presence of those candidates assembled, if any, and the number so drawn by the clerk shall determine where the name of any absent candidate or candidates shall appear on the ballots.

The printing of the ballots, and all other printing caused to be done by the board of ballot commissioners, shall be contracted for with the lowest responsible bidder. Ballots other than those caused to be printed by the respective boards of ballot commissioners, according to the provisions of this chapter, shall not be cast, received or counted in any election.

For each such election to be held in their county and at least forty-two days before the date of such election, the 46 board of ballot commissioners shall cause to be printed 48 official ballots to not more than one and one-fifth times the 49 number of registered voters in the county. Provisions of 50 article five of this chapter shall govern the printing of

- ballots for primary elections. The ballots so printed shall be wrapped and tied in packages, one for each precinct in their county, containing ballots to the number of one and one-twentieth times the number of registered voters in such precinct. Each package of ballots shall be sealed with wax, and plainly marked with the number of ballots therein, the name of the magisterial district, and the number of the voting place therein, to which it is intended to be sent. The names of the ballot commissioners shall also be endorsed thereon.
- §3-1-23. County commission to arrange polling places and equipment; requirements.

The county commission in each county, before each 1 election, shall secure, for each voting precinct in the county, 2 a suitable room or building in which to hold the election, 3 and shall cause the same to be suitably provided with heat, 4 drinking water and light and a sufficient number of booths 5 or compartments, each containing a table, counter or shelf, and furnished with proper supplies for preparing ballots, at 7 or in which voters may conveniently prepare their ballots, so that in the preparation thereof they may be secure from the observation of others. The number of such booths or 10 compartments shall not be less than two. Such room or 11 12 building shall be located in such precinct: Provided, That upon a determination of the county commission that 13 a suitable room or building in which to hold the election is 14 not reasonably available in such precinct then the county 15 commission may secure a suitable room or building in which 16 to hold the election for such precinct in an adjacent precinct 17 in said county, in a location as near as may be to the territory of the precinct for which such room or building is provided. At any polling place for which parking spaces 21 are available nearby, at least one parking space shall be 22 reserved for handicapped voters and clearly designated as 23 such.

*§3-1-24. Obtaining and delivering election supplies.

- It shall be the duty of the board of ballot commissioners to
- 2 appoint one or more of the commissioners of election at each
- 3 precinct of the county to attend at the offices of the clerks of
- 4 the circuit court and county commission, as the case may be,
- *Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 1381, which passed prior to this bill.

5 at least one day before each election to receive the ballots. 6

ballot boxes, pollbooks, registration records and forms and

7 all other supplies and materials for conducting the election

at the respective precincts. The clerks shall take a receipt 8

for the respective materials delivered to the above 9

10 commissioner or commissioners of election, and shall file 11 such receipt in their respective offices. It shall be the duty of

12 such commissioners to receive such supplies and materials

13 from the respective clerks and to deliver the same with the

14 seal of all sealed packages unbroken, at the election

15 precinct in time to open the election.

Such commissioner or commissioners, if they perform 16 such services, shall receive the per diem and mileage rate 17 18 prescribed by law for this service.

19 Ballots shall be delivered in sealed packages with seals unbroken. For general and special elections the ballots so 20 21 delivered shall not be in excess of one and one-twentieth times the number of registered voters in the precinct. For 22 primary elections the ballots for each party shall be in a 23 separately sealed package containing not more than one 24 and one-twentieth times the number of registered voters of 25 such party in the election precinct. 26

For primary elections one copy of the pollbooks, 27 including the forms for oaths of commissioners of election 28 29 and poll clerks written or printed thereon, shall be supplied at each voting precinct for each political party appearing on 30 31 the primary ballot.

There shall be two ballot boxes for each election precinct 32 for which a receiving and a counting board of election 33 commissioners have been appointed.

*83-1-25. Supplies by special messenger.

In case any commissioner of election so appointed shall 1 fail to appear at the offices of the clerks of such county 2 commission and circuit court, by the close of the clerk's 3

office on the day prior to any election, as required by the 4

preceding section, the board of ballot commissioners, or the chairman thereof, shall forthwith dispatch a special mes-

senger to the commissioners of election of each respective

precinct with the ballots, registration records, ballot boxes,

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 1381, which passed prior to this bill.

- 9 pollbooks and other supplies for such precinct. Such
- 10 messenger, if not a county employee, shall be allowed five
- 11 dollars for this service and, even if his be a county employee,
- 12 twenty cents a mile for the distance necessary to be traveled
- 13 by him, and shall promptly report to the clerks of the circuit
- 14 court and county commission, respectively, and file with
- 15 such clerks the receipts of the person to whom he delivered
- 16 such ballots and other supplies, and his affidavit, stating
- 17 when and to whom he delivered them.

*§3-1-27. Municipal precinct registration records.

- 1 At least one day prior to every municipal election, it shall
- 2 be the duty of the appropriate officer designated by the
- 3 municipality to procure from the municipal precinct file in
- 4 the office of the clerk of the county commission the
- 5 registration records necessary for the conduct of such
- 6 election.
- 7 Such records shall, within ten days after the date of the
- 8 municipal election, be returned to the office of the clerk of
- 9 the county commission by the appropriate officer or officers
- 10 designated by the municipality.
- 11 In case of a contested municipal election, the registration
- 12 record of any challenged voter shall be made available by
- 13 the clerk of the county commission to the officer or tribunal
- 14 empowered to determine the contest. Such record shall be
 15 returned to the office of the clerk of the county commission
- 16 within a reasonable time after the contest shall have been
- 16 within a reasonable time after the contest shall have been 17 finally decided.
- 18 The clerk of the county commission shall acknowledge
- the release and return of the registration records under thissection by the issuance of appropriate receipts.
- 21 In the event any municipal registration record is lost,
- 22 destroyed, defaced or worn in any way as to warrant
- 23 replacement, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the county
- 24 commission to prepare a duplicate of such record and it
- 25 shall be the duty of the municipality to pay for such
- 26 replacement.

§3-1-34. Voting procedures generally; assistance to voters; voting records; penalties.

1 Any person offering to vote in an election shall, upon

*Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 1381, which passed prior to this bill.

2 entering the election room, clearly state his name and residence to one of the poll clerks who shall thereupon 4 announce the same in a clear and distinct tone of voice. If 5 such person is found to be duly registered as a voter at that 6 precinct, he shall be required to sign his name in the space 7 marked "signature of voter" on the pollbook prescribed and 8 provided for the precinct. If such person be physically or 9 otherwise unable to sign his name, his mark shall be affixed by one of the poll clerks in the presence of the other and the 10 11 name of the poll clerk affixing the voter's mark shall be 12 indicated immediately under such affixation. No ballot shall be given to such person until he so signs his name on 13 14 the pollbook or his signature is so affixed thereon. 15

The county clerk shall be authorized, upon verification that the precinct at which such person is registered is not handicap accessible, to transfer such person's registration to the nearest polling place in the county which is handicap accessible. Requests by such persons for a transfer of 20. registration shall be received by the county clerk no later than thirty days prior to the date of the election.

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When the voter's signature is properly on the pollbook, the two poll clerks shall sign their names in the places indicated on the back of the official ballot and shall deliver the ballot to the voter to be voted by him then without leaving the election room. If he returns the ballot spoiled to the clerks, they shall immediately mark such ballot "spoiled" and the same shall be preserved and placed in a spoiled ballot envelope together with other spoiled ballots to be delivered to the board of canvassers and deliver to the voter another official ballot, signed by the clerks on the reverse side as before done. The voter shall thereupon retire alone to the booth or compartment prepared within the election room for voting purposes and there prepare his ballot, using a ballpoint pen of not less than five inches in length or other indelible marking device of not less than five inches in length. In voting for candidates in general and special elections, the voter shall comply with the rules and procedures prescribed in section five, article six of this chapter.

It shall be the duty of a poll clerk, in the presence of the other poll clerk, to indicate by a check mark inserted in the appropriate place on the registration record of each voter

44 the fact that such voter voted in the election. In primary elections the clerk shall also insert thereon a distinguishing 45 initial or initials of the political party for whose candidates 46 47 the voter voted. If a person is challenged at the polls, such fact shall be indicated by the poll clerks on the registration 48 49 record together with the name of the challenger. The 50 subsequent removal of the challenge shall be recorded on the registration record by the clerk of the county 51 52 commission.

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No voter shall receive any assistance in voting unless, by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age or inability to read and write, that voter is unable to vote without assistance.

Any voter qualified to receive assistance in voting under the provisions of this section may: (1) Declare his or her choice of candidates to an election commissioner of each political party who, in the presence of the voter and in the presence of each other, shall prepare the ballot for voting in 62 the manner hereinbefore provided, and, on request, shall read over to such voter the names of candidates on the ballot as so prepared; or (2) require the election commissioners to indicate to him or her the relative position of the names of 66 the candidates on the ballot, whereupon the voter shall retire to one of the booths or compartments to prepare his ballot in the manner hereinbefore provided; or (3) be assisted by any person of the voter's choice: Provided, That such assistance may not be given by the voter's present or former employer or agent of that employer or by the officer or agent of a labor union of which the voter is a past or present member.

Any voter who requests assistance in voting but who is believed not to be qualified for such assistance under the provisions of this section shall nevertheless be permitted to vote a challenged ballot with the assistance of any person herein authorized to render assistance. 78

Any one or more of the election commissioners or poll 80 clerks in the precinct may challenge such ballot on the 81 ground that the voter thereof received assistance in voting it 82 when in his or their opinion that the person who received 83 assistance in voting is not so illiterate, blind, disabled or of 84 such advanced age as to have been unable to vote without assistance. The election commissioner or poll clerk or

commissioners or poll clerks making such challenge shall enter the challenge and reason therefor on the form and in the manner prescribed or authorized by article three of this chapter.

90 An election commissioner or other person who assists a 91 voter in voting (1) shall not in any manner request, or seek to persuade, or induce the voter to vote any particular ticket or 92 for any particular candidate or for or against any public 93 94 question, and shall not keep or make any memorandum or entry of anything occurring within the voting booth or 95 96 compartment, and shall not, directly or indirectly, reveal to 97 any person the name of any candidate voted for by the voter, or which ticket he had voted, or how he had voted on any 98 public question, or anything occurring within the voting 99 booth or compartment or voting machine booth, except 100 101 when required pursuant to law to give testimony as to such 102 matter in a judicial proceeding; (2) shall sign a written oath 103 or affirmation before assisting such voter on a form 104 prescribed by the secretary of state stating that he or she 105 will not override the actual preference of the voter being assisted, attempt to influence the voter's choice or mislead 106 107 the voter into voting for someone other than the candidate of voter's choice. Such person assisting the voter shall also 108 swear or affirm that he or she believes that the voter is 109 110 voting free of intimidation or manipulation.

In accordance with instructions issued by the secretary of state, the clerk of the county commission shall provide a form entitled "List of Assisted Voters," the form of which list shall likewise be prescribed by the secretary of state. The commissioners shall enter the name of each voter receiving assistance in voting the ballot, together with the poll slip number of that voter and the signature of the person or the commissioner from each party who assisted the voter. If no voter shall have been assisted in voting the ballot as herein provided, the commissioners shall likewise make and subscribe to an oath of that fact on such list.

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After preparing the ballot the voter shall fold the same so that the face shall not be exposed and so that the names of the poll clerks thereon shall be seen. The voter shall then announce his name and present his ballot to one of the commissioners who shall hand the same to another commissioner, of a different political party, who shall

deposit it in the ballot box, if such ballot is the official one and properly signed. The commissioner of election may inspect every ballot before it is deposited in the ballot box, to ascertain whether it is single, but without unfolding or unrolling it, so as to disclose its content. When the voter has voted, he shall retire immediately from the election room, and beyond the sixty-foot limit thereof, and shall not return, except by permission of the commissioners.

Following the election, the affidavits required by this section from those assisting voters together with the "List of Assisted Voters," shall be returned by the election commissioners to the clerk of the county commission along with the election supplies, records and returns, who shall make such oaths and list available for public inspection and who shall preserve the same for a period of twenty-two months or until disposition is authorized or directed by the secretary of state, or court of record.

Any person making an affidavit required under the provisions of this section who shall therein knowingly swear falsely, or any person who shall counsel, or advise, aid or abet another in the commission of false swearing under this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than one year, or both.

Any election commissioner or poll clerk who authorizes or provides unchallenged assistance to a voter when such voter is known to such election commissioner or poll clerk not to require assistance in voting shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the penitentiary for a period of not less than one year nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

§3-1-36. Report on and disposition of ballots spoiled or not used.

Any voter who shall spoil, deface or mutilate the ballot delivered to him, on returning the same to the poll clerks, shall receive another in place thereof. Every person who

4 does not vote any ballot delivered to him shall, before

5 leaving the election room, return such ballot to the poll

6 clerks. When a spoiled or defaced ballot is returned, the poll

clerks shall make a minute of the fact on the pollbooks, at the time, and the word "spoiled" shall be written across the 9 face of the ballot and such ballot shall be placed in an envelope for spoiled ballots. 10

11 Immediately on closing the polls, the commissioners of 12 election shall ascertain the number of ballots spoiled during the election and the number of ballots remaining not voted. 13 The commissioners of election shall also ascertain from the 15 pollbooks the number of persons who voted and shall report, over their signatures, to the clerk of the county 16 commission, the number of votes cast, the number of ballots 17 spoiled during the election and the number of ballots not 18 voted. All unused ballots shall at the same time be returned 19 to the clerk of the county commission, who shall separately package the unused ballots from each precinct, mark the 21 name and number of the precinct on the package and retain them securely along with other election materials. 23

Each commissioner who is a member of an election board which fails to account for every ballot delivered to it is 25 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall 27 be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in 28 the county jail for not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned. 29

The board of ballot commissioners of each county, or the 30 31 chairman thereof, shall preserve the ballots that are left over in their hands, after supplying the precincts as 33 provided, until twenty-two months after the election.

§3-1-43. Disposition of miscellaneous election papers.

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At the expiration of twenty-two months after any 1 election, the affidavits taken and returned by any registrar or any election officer, applications for absent voters' 4 ballots, rejected absent voters' ballots, certificates of nominations of candidates, and the written designations of 6 election officers and of ballot commissioners shall be destroyed. If the further preservation of any of the documents mentioned in this section shall be required by 9 the order of the court, the same shall be destroyed at the 10 expiration of the time fixed for the further preservation 11 thereof by such order.

ARTICLE 2. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

§3-2-20. Completing registration forms; registration receipts.

§3-2-41. Registration and transfer by mail; form to be required and distribution thereof; receipt by county clerk thirty days prior to election before applicant entitled to vote therein; clerk to forward application if applicant outside jurisdiction, but resident of state; application forms to be made widely available by county clerk; form of application and information required.

§3-2-20. Completing registration forms; registration receipts.

- Each applicant for voter registration shall fill in and
- 2 complete only one registration form, except in those cases
- 3 where a separate record for municipal elections is required,
- 4 in which cases those registrants who are required to be
- 5 listed in separate municipal record lists shall fill in and
- 6 complete two forms. The signature of the applicant on all
- 7 forms shall be written in ink. Upon the completion of the
- 8 registration of any person and the presentation of valid
- 9 identification and proof of age, the registration official
- 10 shall issue to such person a signed and dated receipt of such
- 11 registration. The form for such receipt shall be prescribed
- 12 by the secretary of state.
- §3-2-41. Registration and transfer of registration by mail; form to be required and distribution thereof; receipt by county clerk thirty days prior to election before applicant entitled to vote therein; clerk to forward application if applicant outside jurisdiction, but resident of state; application forms to be made widely available by county clerk; form of application and information required.
 - 1 (a) In addition to any procedures which may be used in 2 effecting the biennial checkup as provided under section 3 twenty-one of this article, central registration and transfer 4 as provided under sections twenty-two and twenty-seven of 5 this article, and the provision with respect to registration of 6 absentee voters under section twenty-three of this article, 7 any qualified person may register or transfer his 8 registration by mail.
- 9 (b) Completed applications, when received by any 10 county clerk not later than forty-two days and by the 11 appropriate county clerk not later than thirty days before 12 the following primary, general or special election, entitle

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13 the applicant to vote in such election if he is otherwise 14 qualified. Any county clerk receiving an application from a 15 person who does not reside in his county but who does 16 reside elsewhere in the state shall forthwith forward such 17 application to the proper county clerk. Each county clerk 18 shall make an entry on such application of the date it is 19 received by such clerk, and the application shall remain on 20 file in the office of the clerk for at least two years from the 21 date it was received.

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- (c) Applications for use pursuant to this section shall be 23 made available by the county clerk to every adult person of 24 the county, not registered, and to any registered voter of the county upon request. The application for use pursuant to 26 this section shall be a uniform statewide application in a form to be prescribed by the secretary of state and shall include the information required under the form provisions 29 of section nineteen of this article. The form, which shall be 30 self-addressed, is to be as widely and freely distributed as possible and shall be a bifold self-mailer which shall be compatible with local systems of voter registration data collection and storage.
 - (d) In addition to the information required under the form provisions of section nineteen of this article, the form shall contain such other information as the secretary of state may reasonably require and shall also include the following information:
- (1) Notice that those currently registered do not need to 40 reregister unless they have moved or failed to vote at least once during a period covering two statewide primary and two general elections as indicated by their registration records:
 - (2) Instructions on how to fill out and submit the form and that the form must be received by the appropriate county clerk at least thirty days prior to the election at which the applicant may vote;
 - (3) Notice that registration or transfer is not complete until the form is received by the appropriate county clerk;
 - (4) Notice of a voter's right to register centrally;
- 51 (5) A warning to the voter that it is a crime to procure a false registration and notice of the felony offenses provided 52 for in section forty-two of this article; 53
 - (6) Notice that political party enrollment is optional

but, in order to vote in a primary election of a political party, a voter must enroll in that political party;

- (7) Notice that the applicant must be a citizen of the United States, at least seventeen years old and will be eighteen years old on or before the next general election, and a resident of the county to which application is made;
- (8) Notice that a voter notification form will be mailed to those applicants whose complete form is received;
- (9) A space for the applicant to indicate whether or not he has ever been registered before and, if so, his name and address at the time of prior registration;
- (10) A space for the applicant to indicate his choice of party, if any, in which space the names of all parties are provided so that the applicant can check one with a clear alternative provided for an applicant to decline to affiliate with any party;
- (11) A space for the applicant to indicate his social security number; and
- (12) A place for the applicant to execute the application on a line which is clearly labeled "signature of applicant" and contained in the following specific form of oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear or affirm that the information provided in the preceding uniform statewide application is true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and I understand that if I willingly provide false information concerning a material matter or thing therein, I shall be deemed guilty of the felony offense of perjury and shall be subject to the penalties for perjury.

Signature of Applicant

Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to before me, this, 19.....

which oath or affirmation shall be administered by a person authorized to perform notarial acts under the provisions of article one or one-a, chapter thirty-nine of this code. The person administering the oath or affirmation shall not charge a fee for such act, and the uniform statewide application shall inform the person administering such oath or affirmation that no fee is to be charged.

(e) Any person who has registered or reregistered

pursuant to this section shall be required to make his first 98 vote in person at the poll or appear in person at the office of 99 the clerk of the circuit court to vote an absentee ballot 100 during a period covering two statewide primary elections 101 and two general elections in order to make such registration 102 valid: Provided, That any person who has registered or 103 reregistered pursuant to this section and who has qualified 104 for placement on the special absentee voting list pursuant to 105 section two-b, article three of this chapter, or who has 106 qualified to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail pursuant 107 to paragraph one, two, three or six of the application for 108 voting an absent voter's ballot by mail provided in section 109 five, article three of this chapter, shall not be required to 110 make his first vote in person but shall be required to vote 111 during a period covering two statewide primary elections 112 and two general elections next following his registration in 113 order to make such registration valid.

Any such person required by this section to make his first 115. vote in person in order to make his registration valid shall present valid identification and proof of age to the clerks at the poll or the clerk in the office of the circuit clerk of the county in which he is registered before casting his first ballot.

120 (f) The uniform statewide application prescribed by this 121 section may refer to various public officials by title or official position (e.g., clerk of the county commission, 122 secretary of state), but in no case may the actual name of the 123 124 officeholder be printed or otherwise appear on such form: 125 Provided, That nothing contained in this subsection shall 126 prohibit a public official, otherwise qualified, from administering the oath or affirmation in accordance with 127 128 the provisions of subdivision (12), subsection (d) of this 129 section, and affixing his signature thereto.

130 (g) It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to create 131 and commence distribution of the forms for the uniform 132 statewide application within six months following the 133 effective date of this section.

ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.

- §3-3-3. Voting absent voter's ballot by personal appearance.
- §3-3-4. Assistance to voter in voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance.

&3-3-5. Voting an absent voter's ballot by mail.

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- **§3-3-6**. Assistance to voter in voting an absent voter's ballot by mail.
- §3-3-11. Preparation, number and handling of absent voters' ballots.

§3-3-3. Voting absent voter's ballot by personal appearance.

1 A person desiring to vote an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance may appear during regular business hours at the office of the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which he is registered to vote not more than 4 fifteen days before the election and on any day thereafter up to and including the Saturday next preceding the date of the primary or general election or, in the case of special elections, up to and including the third day next preceding 9 the day of any such special election (in computing such 10 third day, the day of conducting the special election shall be excluded), and upon oral request receive an application for 11 an official absent voter's ballot or ballots to be voted at such 12 election, which application shall be prescribed by the 13 secretary of state and shall be in substantially the following 14 15 form:

APPLICATION FOR VOTING AN ABSENT 17 VOTER'S BALLOT BY PERSONAL APPEARANCE 18 KNOWING THAT I CAN BE FINED NOT MORE THAN 19 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR IMPRISONED IN THE COUNTY JAIL FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN YEAR OR BOTH SUCH FINE ONE IMPRISONMENT FOR KNOWINGLY MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION HEREIN, 23 I. hereby declare that I am now, 24 or will have been a resident of the State of West Virginia for twelve months, and of the county of 26 for sixty days, next preceding the date of the ensuing election to be held on the 28 day of, 19....; that I now reside at, in the magisterial 30 (give full address) district of in said county; that I am a duly qualified voter entitled to vote in such election; that I am registered in the precinct of my residence as provided by law; that I am registered as a; (state political party if ballot is for primary election) and that (strike out numbered

37	paragraphs not applicable and complete the numbered
38	paragraph which is applicable):
39	(1) I expect to be absent from the aforementioned
40	county in which I am registered to vote during the entire
41	time the polls are open in such election, and I am (check one
42	applicable):
43	☐ A member of the armed forces in the active service.
44	☐ A spouse or dependent of a member of the armed
45	forces in the active service.
46	☐ A member of the merchant marine of the United
47	States.
48	☐ A spouse or dependent of a member of the merchant
49	marine of the United States.
50	☐ A citizen of the United States temporarily residing
51	outside the territorial limits of the United States and the
52	District of Columbia.
53	☐ A spouse or dependent residing with or accompanying
54	a citizen of the United States temporarily residing outside
55	the territorial limits of the United States and the District of
56	Columbia.
57	(2) I am required to be absent from the aforementioned
58	county in which I am registered during the entire time the
59	polls are open in such election for the reason or reasons
50	hereafter stated, and I am not in any of the categories
61	referred to in paragraph (1) above:
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63	(here state specific reason or reasons for required absence)
64	(3) I anticipate commitment to a hospital, institution or
65	other confinement on or about the
66	day of, 19, for the
67	following medical reasons,
68	as evidenced below by the statement of a duly licensed
69	physician or chiropractor, and by reason thereof will not be
70 71	able to vote in person at the polls in such election.
72	(4) I have been appointed
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74	(specify whether an election commissioner or poll clerk) in
75	precinct No in said election, which precinct is not the
76	precinct in which I am registered to vote.
77	(5) My regular polling place in precinct No is increase; block to me because of the following disability on
78	inaccessible to me because of the following disability or disabilities
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79 In consideration of the foregoing qualifications, I hereby 80 make application for an official absent voter's ballot (or 81 ballots if more than one are to be used) to be voted by me at 82 such election. 83 I hereby declare, under the penalties for false swearing as 84 provided in section three, article nine, chapter three of the 85 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-86 one, as amended, that the statements and declarations 87 contained in this application are true and correct to the best 88 of my knowledge and belief. 89 90 Signature of Applicant 91 (or in case the applicant is illiterate he 92 shall make his mark and have it witnessed 93 on the following lines): 94 95 Mark of Applicant 96 97 Signature of Witness 98 If the person applying for an absent voter's ballot by 99 personal appearance be unable to sign his application 100 because of illiteracy, he shall make his mark on the 101 signature line above provided for an illiterate applicant 102 which mark shall be witnessed. 103 The following declaration must be completed and signed if the reason specified in the above application for being 104 unable to vote in person at such election is anticipated 105 commitment to a hospital, institution or other confinement 106 107 for medical reasons. DECLARATION OF PHYSICIAN (CHIROPRACTOR) 108 109 I, hereby declare that I am a physician (chiropractor), duly licensed to 110 practice in the State of; that I last 111 examined, the applicant whose signature 112 appears on the application above on the 113 day of, 19...; and that 114 in my opinion said applicant will, because of 115 116 (state medical reasons) 117 be committed to, 118 (state hospital, institution 119 or other confinement)

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121 on or about the day of, 19...., 122 and will because of such reasons not be able to go to the 123 polls on the day of, 19...., 124 the date of the election. 125 126

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Signature of Physician (Chiropractor)

The application shall be completed by the applicant in his 128 own handwriting, or in the handwriting of the witness to his mark in the event of illiteracy, in the office of the clerk of the 130 circuit court; in no event shall the applicant remove an 131 application for voting an absent voter's ballot by personal 132 appearance from said office except when such is necessary 133 to have a physician or chiropractor to complete and sign the declaration of a physician or chiropractor when such is required.

Immediately upon receipt of a completed application for voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance, the clerk of the circuit court shall determine (1) whether such application has been completed as required by law; (2) whether he has evidence that any of the statements or declarations contained in the application are not true; (3) whether the applicant is in fact duly registered in the precinct of his residence as provided by law and insofar as registration is concerned would be permitted to vote at the polls in such election. If the determination of the clerk of the circuit court as to (1) or (3) is in the negative or as to (2) is in the affirmative, the clerk shall, if the applicant insists, permit the applicant to vote an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance, but the clerk shall challenge the absent voter's ballot on the basis of such determination.

Upon determination by the clerk of the circuit court that the applicant is entitled to vote an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance or in case the applicant determines to vote an absent voter's ballot challenged by the clerk of the circuit court as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph, the clerk of the circuit court shall hand to him the following absentee voting supplies:

(a) One official absent voter's ballot (or ballots if more than one are to be used) which has been prepared in accordance with law for use in such election; such ballot in the case of a primary election shall be of the party of applicant's affiliation as indicated on his registration

- record or in case the applicant is not found to be registered
 by the clerk but insists upon voting a challenged ballot, the
 ballot shall be of the party designated by the applicant in
 his application.
- 167 (b) One Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1, unsealed, 168 which shall have no writing thereon except the designation 169 "Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1."
- 170 (c) One Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2, unsealed. The voter shall thereupon retire alone to the booth or 171 172 compartment provided in said clerk's office for voting absent voters' ballots and there mark his ballot: Provided, 173 174 That the voter may have assistance in voting his absent 175 voter's ballot in accordance with the provisions of the next 176 succeeding section of this article. After the voter has voted his absent voter's ballot, he shall (1) enclose the same in 177 178 Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1, and seal that envelope; (2) enclose sealed Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope 179 No. 1 in Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 and seal that 180 envelope; (3) complete and sign the forms, if any, on Absent 181 Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 according to the instructions 182 thereon; and (4) transmit possession of sealed Absent 183 184 Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 to the clerk of the circuit 185 court.
- 186 Upon receipt of such sealed envelope, the clerk shall (1) enter onto the envelope such information as may be 187 required of him according to the instructions thereon; (2) 188 enter his challenge, if any, to the absent voter's ballot; (3) 189 enter the required information into a record of persons 190 making an application for and voting an absent voter's 191 ballot by personal appearance or by mail (the form of which 192 record and the information to be entered thereon shall be 193 prescribed by the secretary of state); and (4) place such 194 sealed envelope in a secure location in his office, there to 195 remain until delivered to the polling place in accordance 196 with the provisions of this article or in case of a challenged ballot to the county court sitting as a board of canvassers.

§3-3-4. Assistance to voter in voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance.

- 1 Any duly registered voter, who requires assistance to vote
- 2 by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age, or inability
- 3 to read and write, may be given assistance by a person of the

4 voter's choice: *Provided*, That such assistance may not be 5 given by the voter's present or former employer or agent of 6 that employer or by the officer or agent of a labor union of 7 which the voter is a past or present member.

Any voter who requests assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot but who is determined by the clerk of the circuit court not to be qualified for such assistance under the provisions of this section and section thirty-four, article one, shall nevertheless be permitted to vote a challenged absent voter's ballot with the assistance of any person herein authorized to render assistance. The clerk of the circuit court shall in such case challenge the absent voter's ballot on the basis of such determination.

Any one or more of the election commissioners or poll 17 18 clerks in the precinct to which an absent voter's ballot has 19 been sent may challenge such ballot on the ground that the 20 voter thereof received assistance in voting it when in his or 21 their opinion (1) the person who received the assistance in voting the absent voter's ballot did not require such 22 assistance, or (2) the person who provided the assistance in 23 voting did not make an affidavit as required by this section. 24 The election commissioner or poll clerk or commissioners or 25 poll clerks making such challenge shall enter the challenge 26 and reason therefor on the form and in the manner 27 prescribed or authorized by this article. 28

Before entering the voting booth or compartment, the 29 person who intends to provide a voter assistance in voting 30 shall make an affidavit, the form of which shall be 31 prescribed by the secretary of state, that he or she will not in 32 any manner request, or seek to persuade, or induce the voter 33 to vote any particular ticket or for any particular candidate 34 35 or for or against any public question, and that he or she will 36 not keep or make any memorandum or entry of anything 37 occurring within the voting booth or compartment, and that 38 he or she will not, directly or indirectly, reveal to any person 39 the name of any candidate voted for by the voter, or which ticket he had voted, or how he had voted on any public 40 question, or anything occurring within the voting booth or 41 42 compartment or voting machine booth, except when 43 required pursuant to law to give testimony as to such matter 44 in a judicial proceeding.

45 In accordance with instructions issued by the secretary of state, the clerk of the circuit court shall provide a form 46 entitled "List of Assisted Voters," the form of which list 47 shall likewise be prescribed by the secretary of state, which 48 list shall be divided into two parts. Part A shall be entitled 49 "Unchallenged Assisted Voters" and Part B shall be 50 entitled "Challenged Assisted Voters." Under Part A the 51 clerk shall enter the name of each voter receiving 52 unchallenged assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot, 53 54 the address of the voter assisted, the nature of the disability which qualified the voter for assistance in voting an absent 55 voter's ballot, the name of the person providing the voter 56 with assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot, the fact 57 that the person rendering the assistance in voting made and 58 subscribed to the oath required by this section, and the 59 signature of the clerk of the circuit court certifying to the 60 fact that he had determined that the voter who received 61 62 assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot was qualified to receive such assistance under the provisions of this section. 63 64 Under Part B the clerk shall enter the name of each voter 65 receiving challenged assistance in voting, the address of the voter receiving such challenged assistance, the reason for 66 67 the challenge, and the name of the person providing the challenged voter with assistance in voting. At the close of 68 the period provided for voting an absent voter's ballot by 69 personal appearance, the clerk of the circuit court shall 70 71 make and subscribe to an oath on such list that the list is 72 correct in all particulars; if no voter shall have been assisted 73 in voting an absent voter's ballot as herein provided, the 74 clerk of the circuit court shall likewise make and subscribe 75 to an oath of that fact on such list. The "List of Assisted 76 Voters" shall be available for public inspection in the office 77 of the clerk of the circuit court during regular business 78 hours throughout the period provided for voting an absent 79 voter's ballot by personal appearance, and unless otherwise directed by the secretary of state, the clerk of the circuit 80 court shall transmit such list, together with the affidavits, 81 applications and absent voters' ballots, to the precincts on 82 election day. 83 84

Following the election, the affidavits required by this section from persons providing assistance in voting, together with the "List of Assisted Voters," shall be

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returned by the election commissioners to the clerk of the county commission along with the election supplies, records and returns, who shall make such oaths and list available for public inspection and who shall preserve the same for twenty-two months or, if under order of the court, until their destruction or other disposition is authorized or directed by the court.

 Any person making an affidavit required under the provisions of this section who shall therein knowingly swear falsely, or any person who shall counsel, or advise, aid or abet another in the commission of false swearing under this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Any person who provides a voter assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot in the office of the clerk of the circuit court who is not qualified or permitted by this section to provide such assistance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Any clerk of the circuit court, election commissioner or poll clerk who authorizes or allows a voter to receive or to have received unchallenged assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot when such voter is known to the clerk of the circuit court or election commissioner or poll clerk not to be or have been authorized by the provisions of this section to receive or to have received assistance in voting shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

The term "physical disability" as used in this section shall mean only blindness or such degree of blindness as will prevent the voter from seeing the names on the ballot, or amputation of both hands, or such disability of both hands that neither can be used to make cross marks on the absent voter's ballot.

§3-3-5. Voting an absent voter's ballot by mail.

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1 A person desiring to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail 2 may, not earlier than the first day of January prior to the 3 date of any primary, general or special election in the case of 4 any person outside the continental limits of the United 5 States and not more than eighty-four days prior to the date 6 of any primary, general or special election in the case of any 7 other person, make application by mail to the clerk of the 8 circuit court of the county in which he is registered to vote 9 for an official absent voter's ballot or ballots to be voted at 10 such election, except that the clerk of the circuit court shall 11 not honor any such application for an absent voter's ballot 12 received by him after the fourth day next preceding the date 13 of the election. In computing such fourth day, the day of 14 conducting the election shall be excluded. The application 15 to be used by persons who wish to vote an absent voter's 16 ballot by mail shall be prescribed by the secretary of state 17 and shall be in substantially the following form:

APPLICATION FOR VOTING AN ABSENT VOTER'S BALLOT BY MAIL

19 20 KNOWING THAT I CAN BE FINED NOT MORE THAN 21 ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR IMPRISONED IN THE 22 COUNTY JAIL FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN OR BOTH SUCH FINE 23 ONE YEAR 24 IMPRISONMENT FOR KNOWINGLY MAKING A 25 FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION HEREIN. 26 I,, hereby declare that I am 27 now, or will have been a resident of the state of West 28 Virginia for twelve months, and of the county of, 29 for sixty days next preceding the date of the ensuing 30 election to be held on the 31 day of 19...; that I now reside at 32 (give full address) 33 34 in the magisterial district of, in said county; that I am a duly qualified voter entitled to vote 36 in such election; that I am registered in the precinct of my 37 residence as provided by law; that I am registered as a 38; (state political party if

39 ballot is for primary election) and that (strike out the

łO	numbered paragraphs not applicable and complete the
ł1	numbered paragraph which is applicable):
12	(1) I will be unable to vote in person at the polls on
13	election day because of,
14	(state particulars of physical disability, illness or injury) as
15	evidenced below by the statement of a duly licensed
16	physician or chiropractor.
17	(2) I anticipate commitment to a hospital, institution or
18	other confinement on or about the day of
19	, 19, for the following
50	medical reasons, as evidenced
51	below by the statement of a duly licensed physician or
52	chiropractor, and by reason thereof will not be able to vote
53	in person at the polls in such election.
54	(3) I expect to be absent from the aforementioned
55	county in which I am registered to vote during the entire
56	time the polls are open in such election, and I am (check one
57	applicable):
58	☐ A member of the armed forces in the active service.
59	☐ A spouse or dependent of a member of the armed
60	forces in active service.
31	☐ A member of the merchant marine of the United
32	States.
33	☐ A spouse or dependent of a member of the merchant
54	marine of the United States.
35	☐ A citizen of the United States temporarily residing
66	outside the territorial limits of the United States and the
37	District of Columbia.
88	☐ A spouse or dependent residing with or accompanying
39	a citizen of United States temporarily residing outside the
70	territorial limits of the United States and the District of
71	Columbia.
72	(4) I am required to be absent from the aforementioned
73	county in which I am registered during the entire time the polls are open in such election the reason or reasons
74 75	hereafter stated; I am not in any of the categories referred to
76	in paragraph three above; I am required to be absent from
77	said county during regular business hours of the clerk of the
78	circuit court of said county throughout the period or
79	throughout the remainder of the period of voting absent
30	voter's ballot by personal appearance at said office

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124	Signature of Witness
125	If the person applying for an absent voter's ballot by mail
126	be unable to sign his application because of illiteracy, he
127	shall make his mark on the signature line above provided
128	for an illiterate applicant which mark shall be witnessed.
129	The following declaration must be completed and signed
130	if the reason specified in the above application for being
131	unable to vote in person at such election is physical
132	disability, illness or injury, or is anticipated confinement in
133	a hospital, institution or other place for medical reasons.
134	STATEMENT OF PHYSICIAN (CHIROPRACTOR)
135	I,, hereby declare
136	that I am a physician (chiropractor) duly licensed to
137	practice in the state of;
138	that I last examined,
139	the applicant whose signature appears on the application
140	above on the day of, 19;
141	and that in my opinion (strike out numbered paragraph not
142	applicable and complete the numbered paragraph which is
143	applicable).
144	(1) The applicant will, because of
145	(1) The applicant win, because of,
146	(state particulars of physical disability,
147	illness or injury)
148	be unable to go to the polls on the
149	day of, 19, the date of the election.
150	(2) The applicant will, because of
151	(state for what
152	be confined in
153	medical reasons) (specify hospital,
154	, on or about the
155	institution or other place)
156	day of, 19, and will because of such
157	reasons not be able to go to the polls on the
158	day of, 19, the date of the election.
159	(Complete the following paragraph if applicant for
160	absent voter's ballot will need assistance in voting such
161	ballot, based upon physical disability, illness or injury.)
162	I am of the further opinion that applicant
163	(will)

164	, because of the aforementioned physical
165	(will not)
166	disability, illness or injury need assistance in voting an
167	absent voter's ballot.
168	***************************************
169	Signature of Physician (Chiropractor)
170	The following declaration must be completed and signed
171	if the reason specified in the above application for being
172	unable to vote in person at the election is incarceration in a
173	facility within the county for other than conviction of
174	treason, bribery or a felony.
175	STATEMENT OF SHERIFF, CHIEF OF POLICE
176	OR AUTHORIZED DEPUTY
177	I,, hereby declare that the
178	applicant whose signature appears on the application
179	above will be confined in the county or city jail or other
180	detention facility on the
181	day of, 19, the date of the election,
182	and is not under conviction of treason, bribery or a felony.
183	••••••
184	SIGNATURE
185	
186	TITLE
187	······································
187 188	COUNTY
187 188 189	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot
187 188 189 190	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2),
187 188 189 190 191	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for
187 188 189 190 191 192	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under
187 188 189 190 191 192 193	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as
187 188 189 190 191 192	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as he would any other application for an absent voter's
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as he would any other application for an absent voter's ballot by mail. Any such properly completed copy may be
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as he would any other application for an absent voter's ballot by mail. Any such properly completed copy may be returned only to the clerk of the circuit court of the county
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as he would any other application for an absent voter's ballot by mail. Any such properly completed copy may be returned only to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the applicant is a registered voter.
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as he would any other application for an absent voter's ballot by mail. Any such properly completed copy may be returned only to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the applicant is a registered voter. Immediately upon receipt of a completed application for
187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202	COUNTY In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the application for absentee ballot form recommended by and issued under authority of The Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955, as amended, and any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation in the case of a voter outside the continental limits of the United States. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as he would any other application for an absent voter's ballot by mail. Any such properly completed copy may be returned only to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the applicant is a registered voter.

206 voting such ballot has been completed as required by law; 207 (2) whether he has evidence that any of the statements 208 contained in the application are not true; and (3) whether 209 the applicant is in fact duly registered in the precinct of his 210 residence as provided by law and insofar as registration is 211 concerned would be permitted to vote at the polls in such 212 election. If the determination of the clerk of the circuit court 213 as to (1) or (3) is in the negative or as to (2) is in the 214 affirmative, the clerk shall notify the applicant at the time 215 he mails the absent voter's ballot to him that he will 216 challenge the applicant's privilege to vote an absent voter's 217 ballot by mail for reasons which he shall indicate and, upon receipt of the applicant's absent voter's ballot, the clerk 218 219 shall challenge such ballot.

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Upon determination by the clerk of the circuit court that the applicant is entitled to vote an absent voter's ballot by 221 mail or that the applicant will be permitted to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail with such ballot to be challenged by the clerk, the clerk shall between the fortysecond day and the fourth day next prior to the election in which the absent voter's ballot is to be used mail to the applicant the following absentee voting supplies: Provided, That the clerk mail such voting supplies to an applicant whose address is shown to be outside the continental limits of the United States by priority airmail on the same day the application is received in the clerk's office or on the next day thereafter that he has both an application and a ballot:

- (a) One official absent voter's ballot (or ballots if more than one are to be used) which has been prepared in 234 235 accordance with law for use in such election; such ballot in 236 the case of a primary election shall be of the party of the applicant's affiliation as indicated on his registration card or, in the case the applicant is not found to be registered by 238 the clerk but votes a ballot challenged by the clerk, the clerk shall send to the applicant an absent voter's ballot of the party designated by the applicant in his application;
- (b) One Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1, unsealed, 242 which shall have no writing thereon except the designation 243 "Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1"; 244
- (c) One Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2, unsealed; 245 246
 - (d) Notice that an absent voter's ballot returned from

- outside the continental limits of the United States must bemailed priority airmail; and
- 249 (e) Notice that absent voters' ballots must be received in 250 the office of the clerk not later than the time of closing of the 251 polls.

Upon receipt of an absent voter's ballot by mail, the voter shall mark the ballot and the voter may have assistance in voting his absent voter's ballot in accordance with the provisions of section six of this article.

After the voter has voted his absent voter's ballot, he shall (1) enclose the same in Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1, and seal that envelope, (2) enclose sealed Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 Ballot Envelope No. 1 in Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 and seal that envelope, (3) complete and sign the forms, if any, on Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 according to the instructions thereon, and (4) mail, postage prepaid and, if from outside the continental limits of the United States, by priority airmail, the sealed Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which he is registered to vote.

Upon receipt of such sealed envelope, the clerk shall (1) 267 268 enter onto the envelope such information as may be 269 required of him according to the instructions thereon; (2) 270 enter his challenge, if any, to the absent voter's ballot; (3) 271 enter the required information into a record of persons 272 making application for and voting an absent voter's ballot 273 by personal appearance or by mail (the form of which 274 record and the information to be entered therein shall be 275 prescribed by the secretary of state); and (4) place such 276 sealed envelope in a secure location in his office, there to remain until delivered to the polling place in accordance 277 278 with the provisions of this article or, in case of a challenged 279 ballot, to the county commission sitting as a body of 280 canvassers.

§3-3-6. Assistance to voter in voting an absent voter's ballot by mail.

- No voter shall receive any assistance in voting an absent
- 2 voter's ballot by mail unless he or she shall make a
- 3 declaration at the time he or she makes application for an
- 4 absent voter's ballot that because of blindness, disability,

5 advanced age or inability to read or write he or she requires6 assistance in voting an absent voter's ballot.

7 Upon receipt of an absent voter's ballot by mail, the voter 8 who requires assistance in voting such ballot and who has 9 indicated he or she requires such assistance and the reasons 10 therefor on the application may select any eligible person to 11 assist him or her in voting.

The person providing assistance in voting an absent 12 13 voter's ballot by mail shall make an affidavit on a form as 14 may be prescribed by the secretary of state, that he will not 15 in any manner request, or seek to persuade, or induce the 16 voter to vote any particular ticket or for any particular candidate or for or against any public question, and that he 18 will not keep or make any memorandum or entry of anything occurring within the voting booth or 20 compartment, and that he will not, directly or indirectly, 21 reveal to any person the name of any candidate voted for by 22 the voter, or which ticket he had voted, or how he had voted 23 on any public question, or anything occurring within the 24 voting booth or compartment or voting machine booth, 25 except when required pursuant to law to give testimony as 26 to such matter in a judicial proceeding.

The term "assistance in voting" as used in this section shall mean assistance in physically marking the official absent voter's ballot for a voter, or reading or directing the voter's attention to any part of the official absent voter's ballot.

§3-3-11. Preparation, number and handling of absent voters' ballots.

Absent voters' ballots shall be in all respects like other ballots. Not less than seventy days prior to the date on which any primary, general or special election is to be held, the clerks of the circuit courts of the several counties shall estimate and determine the number of absent voters' ballots of all kinds which will be required in their respective counties for any such election. The ballots for the election of all officers, or the ratification, acceptance or rejection of any measure, proposition or other public question to be voted on by the voters, shall be prepared and printed under the direction of the board of ballot commissioners constituted as provided in article one of this chapter. The

- 13 several county boards of ballot commissioners shall prepare
- 14 and have printed, in such number as they shall determine,
- 15 such absent voters' ballots as are to be printed under their
- 16 directions as hereinbefore provided, and such ballots shall
- 17 be delivered to the clerk of the circuit court of the county
- 18 not less than forty-two days prior to the day of the election
- 19 at which they are to be used. Before any ballot is mailed or
- 20 delivered, the clerk of the circuit court shall affix his
- 21 official seal and he and the other members of the board of
- 22 ballot commissioners shall place their signatures near the
- 22 band commissioners shall place their signatures hear the
- 23 lower left-hand corner on the back thereof. An absent
- voter's ballot not containing such seal and signatures shallbe invalid and shall be subject to challenge by any election
- 26 commissioner or poll clerk.
- 27 The clerk of the circuit court shall be primarily
- 28 responsible for the preparation, mailing, receiving,
- 29 delivering and otherwise handling of all absent voters'
- 30 ballots. He shall keep such record, as may be prescribed by
- 31 the secretary of state, of all ballots so delivered for the
- 32 purpose of absentee voting, as well as all ballots, if any,
- 33 marked before him, and shall deliver to the commissioner of
- 34 election to whom the ballots for the precinct are delivered
- 35 and at the time of the delivery of such ballots a certificate
- 36 stating the number of ballots delivered or mailed to absent
- 37 voters, and those marked before him, if any, and the names
- 38 of the voters to whom such ballots have been delivered or
- 39 mailed, or by whom they have been marked, if marked
- 40 before him.

ARTICLE 4. VOTING MACHINES.

- §3-4-12. Inspection of machines; duties of county commissions, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; keys and records relating to machines.
- §3-4-21. Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters.
- §3-4-22. Persons prohibited about voting machines; penalties.

*§3-4-12 Inspection of machines; duties of county commissions, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; keys and records relating to machines.

- 1 When the clerk of the county commission has completed
- 2 the preparation of the voting machines, as provided in the
- 3 next preceding section, and not later than seven days before
- *Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 1381, which passed prior to this bill.

4 the day of the election, he shall notify the members of the 5 county commission and the ballot commissioners that the 6 machines are ready for use. Thereupon the members of the 7 county commission and the ballot commissioners shall 8 convene at the office of the clerk, or at such other place 9 wherein the voting machines are stored, not later than five 10 days before the day of the election, and shall examine the machines to determine whether the requirements of this 11 article have been met. Any candidate, and one representative 12 13 of each political party having candidates to be voted on at the election, may be present during such examination. If the machines are found to be in proper order, the members of 15 16 the county commission and the ballot commissioners shall endorse their approval in the book in which the clerk 18 entered the numbers of the machines opposite the numbers of the precincts. The clerk shall then deliver the keys to the 19 20 voting machines to the ballot commissioners who shall give 21 a receipt for the keys, which receipt shall contain identifi-22 cation of such keys. Not later than one day before the 23 election the election commissioner of each precinct who shall 24 have been previously designated by the ballot commission-25 ers, shall attend at the offices of the clerks of the circuit 26 court and county commission of such county to receive the key or keys to the device covering the registering counters 27 28 and such other keys as may be necessary for the operation of the machine in registering votes, and to receive the other necessary election records, books and supplies required by 30 law. Such election commissioners shall receive the per diem 31 32 mileage rate prescribed by law for this service. Such election 33 commissioners shall give the ballot commissioners a receipt 34 for such keys, records, books and supplies, and such receipt shall contain identification of such keys. The master key and 35 all other keys shall remain in the possession of the clerk of 36 the county commission. 37

The term "assistance in voting," as used in this section, means assistance in physically marking the official ballot for a voter, or reading or directing the voter's attention to any part of the official ballot, or physically operating the voting machine.

§3-4-21. Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters.

1 (a) Any duly registered voter, who requires assistance to

- vote by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age, or
 inability to read and write, may be given assistance by one
 of the following means:
- 5 (1) By a person of the voter's choice: *Provided*, That 6 such assistance may not be given by the voter's present or 7 former employer or agent of that employer or by the officer 8 or agent of a labor union of which the voter is a past or 9 present member; or
- 10 (2) If no person of the voter's choice be present at the polling place, the voter may request such assistance from the poll clerks or ballot commissioners present at the polling place, whereupon such assistance may be given by any two of such election officers of opposite political party affiliation to whom such voter shall thereupon declare his choice of candidates and his or her position on public questions appearing on the ballot labels. Such election officers, in the presence of the voter and in the presence of each other, shall thereupon cause such voter's declared choices to be registered by the voting machine as votes.
- 21 (b) A person other than an election officer who assists a 22 voter in voting under the provisions of this section shall sign 23 a written oath or affirmation before assisting such voter, 24 stating that he or she will not override the actual preference 25 of the voter being assisted or mislead the voter into voting 26 for someone other than the candidate of the voter's choice. 27 Such person assisting the voter shall also swear or affirm 28 that he or she believes that the voter is voting free of 29 intimidation or manipulation.

§3-4-22. Persons prohibited about voting machines; penalties.

Excepting the election officials acting under authority of 1 sections eighteen, nineteen, twenty and twenty-one of this article in the conduct of the election, and qualified persons assisting voters pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-one of this article no person other than the voter alone may be in, about or within five feet of the voting machine during the time such voter is in the process of 7 voting at any election, and, during such time, no person may communicate in any manner with the voter and the voter may not communicate with any other person or persons. 10 Any conduct or action of an election official about or around the voting machine while the voter is in the process 12

- 13 of voting, in excess of the authority vested in such official by
- 14 provisions of this article, shall constitute a violation of the
- 15 provisions hereof. Any person violating any provision or
- 16 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor
- 17 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not exceeding
- 18 one thousand dollars or be sentenced to imprisonment in
- 19 the county jail for a period not exceeding twelve months, or,
- 20 in the discretion of the court, shall be subject to both such
- 21 fine and imprisonment.

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

- §3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.
- §3-4A-10a. Proportional distribution of vote recording devices.
- §3-4A-11. Ballot labels, instructions and other supplies; vacancy changes; procedure and requirements.
- §3-4A-12 Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; when uniform numbering required; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on ballots or ballot labels; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.
- §3-4A-13. Inspection of vote recording devices and ballot cards; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; records relating to vote recording devices.
- §3-4A-16. Delivery of vote recording devices; time, arrangement for voting.
- §3-4A-22. Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters.
- 83-4A-23. Persons prohibited about voting booth; penalties.
- §3-4A-30. Adjustments in voting precincts where electronic voting system used.

§3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.

- 1 An electronic voting system of particular make and 2 design shall not be approved by the state election
- 3 commission or be purchased, leased or used, by any county
- 4 commission unless it shall fulfill the following 5 requirements:
- 6 (1) It shall secure or ensure the voter absolute secrecy in 7 the act of voting, or, at the voter's election, shall provide for 8 open voting;
- 9 (2) It shall be so constructed that no person except in 10 instances of open voting, as herein provided for, can see or 11 know for whom any voter has voted or is voting;
- 12 (3) It shall permit each voter to vote at any election for 13 all persons and offices for whom and which he is lawfully 14 entitled to vote, whether or not the name of any such person
- 15 appears on a ballot label as a candidate; and it shall permit
- 16 each voter to vote for as many persons for an office as he is

17 lawfully entitled to vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon which he is lawfully entitled to vote. The 18 automatic tabulating equipment used in such electronic 19 voting systems shall reject choices recorded on any ballot 20 card or paper ballot if the number of such choices exceeds 21 22 the number to which a voter is entitled:

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- (4) It shall permit each voter to deposit, write in, or affix upon devices to be provided for that purpose, ballots containing the names of persons for whom he desires to vote whose names do not appear upon the ballot labels;
- (5) It shall permit each voter to change his vote for any candidate and upon any question appearing upon the ballot labels up to the time when his ballot or ballot card is deposited in the ballot box;
- (6) It shall contain a program deck consisting of cards 32 that are sequentially numbered and capable of tabulating all votes cast in each election;
- (7) It shall contain two standard validation test decks 34 approved as to form and testing capabilities by the state 35 36 election commission;
- (8) It shall correctly record and count accurately all 37 votes cast for each candidate and for and against each 38 question appearing upon the ballots or ballot labels; 39

(9) It shall permit each voter at any election other than

- primary elections, by one mark or punch to vote a straight party ticket, and by one mark or punch to vote for all candidates of one party for presidential electors; and to vote a mixed ticket selected from the candidates of any and all parties and from independent candidates; and it shall permit the proper counting, to the fullest extent possible, of all votes cast for all candidates: Provided, That, in the event 47 48 of cross-over voting from a straight party ticket, the system 49 shall not discard any vote on the straight ticket, unless (i) a 50 candidate in a single selection contest opposite the 51 discarded vote on the straight ticket has been clearly chosen 52 by the voter, or (ii) the voter, by mark or punch has clearly 53 indicated which choices on each ticket, not in excess of the 54 total number permitted, the voter has made, or (iii) the 55 choices made by the voter are so contradictory that the 56 voter's choice is indiscernible, in which event, all votes for the candidates for such office shall be discarded: 57
 - (10) It shall permit each voter in primary elections to

- vote only for the candidates of the party with which he has declared his affiliation, and preclude him from voting for any candidate seeking nomination by any other political party, permit him to vote for the candidates, if any, for nonpartisan nomination or election, and permit him to vote on public questions;
- 65 (11) It shall be provided with means for sealing the vote 66 recording device to prevent its use and to prevent tampering 67 with ballot labels, both before the polls are open or before 68 the operation of the vote recording device for an election is 69 begun and immediately after the polls are closed or after the 70 operation of the vote recording device for an election is 71 completed;
- 72 (12) It shall have the capacity to contain the names of 73 candidates constituting the tickets of at least nine political 74 parties, and to accommodate the wording of at least fifteen 75 questions;
- 76 (13) It shall be durably constructed of material of good 77 quality and in a workmanlike manner and in a form which 78 shall make it safely transportable;
- 79 (14) It shall be so constructed with frames for the 80 placing of ballot labels and with suitable means for the 81 protection of such labels, that the labels on which are 82 printed the names of candidates and their respective 83 parties, titles of offices, and wording of questions shall be so 84 reasonably protected from mutilation, disfigurement or 85 disarrangement;
- 86 (15) It shall bear a number that will identify it or 87 distinguish it from any other machine;
- 88 (16) It shall be so constructed that a voter may easily 89 learn the method of operating it and may expeditiously cast 90 his vote for all candidates of his choice, and upon any public 91 question; and
- 92 (17) It shall be accompanied by a mechanically operated 93 instruction model which shall show the arrangement of 94 ballot labels, party columns or rows, and questions.

§3-4A-10a. Proportional distribution of vote recording devices.

- 1 The county commission of each county shall, upon the
- 2 close of registration, review the total number of registered
- 3 voters and the number of registered voters of each party in

4 each precinct. Prior to each election, the commission shall determine the number of voting devices needed to 6 accommodate voters without long delays and shall assign 7 an appropriate number to each precinct. For the purposes of 8 the primary election, the commission shall assign the 9 number of vote recording devices in each precinct to be 10 prepared for each party based as nearly as practicable on 11 the proportion of registered voters of each party to the total: 12 Provided, That a minimum of one vote recording device per party be provided, except for "independent" voters, which 14 shall be determined under section twenty of this article.

§3-4A-11. Ballot labels, instructions and other supplies; vacancy changes; procedure and requirements.

The ballot commissioners of any county in which an 1 2 electronic voting system is to be used in any election shall 3 cause to be printed for use in such election the ballots or 4 ballot labels, as appropriate, for the electronic voting 5 system. The ballot labels so printed shall total in number 6 one and one-half times the total number of vote recording 7 devices to be used in the several precincts of the county in 8 such election. All such labels shall be delivered to the clerk 9 of the county commission at least forty-two days prior to 10 the day of the election in which such labels are to be used. 11 The labels shall contain the name of each candidate, but in 12 no case shall the ballot contain any title, position, rank, 13 degree, or such, including, but not limited to, "doctor," 14 "reverend," "Ph D.," or the equivalent, and each question to 15 be voted upon and shall be clearly printed or typed in black 16 ink on clear white material of such size as will fit the vote 17 recording devices. Arrows may be printed on the ballot 18 labels to indicate the place to punch the ballot card, which 19 may be to the right or left of the name or proposition. The titles of offices may be arranged on the ballot labels 20

in vertical columns or in a series of separate pages, and shall be printed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as to indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected. In case there are more candidates for an office than can be printed in one column or on one ballot label page, the ballot label shall be clearly marked that the list of candidates is continued on the following column or page, and so far as possible, the same number of names shall

29 be printed on each column or page. The names of candidates 30 for each office shall be printed in vertical columns or on separate pages, grouped by the offices which they seek. 31

In elections in which voters are authorized to vote for 32 33 persons whose names do not appear on the ballot card, a 34 separate write-in ballot, which may be in the form of a paper 35 ballot or card, shall be provided if required to permit voters 36 to write in the title of the office and the names of persons 37 whose names are not on the ballot, for whom he wishes to 38 vote. The manner of voting for write-in candidates upon 39 electronic voting devices shall be as prescribed by rules and regulations of the secretary of state.

One set of ballot labels shall be inserted in the vote recording device prior to the delivery of such device to the 42 polling place. The remainder of such ballot labels for each 44 device shall be retained by the clerk of the county commission for use in the event the set so inserted in such 45 device becomes lost, mutilated or damaged.

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In addition to all other equipment and supplies required 47. 48 by the provisions of this article, the ballot commissioners shall cause to be printed a supply of instruction cards, sample ballots, facsimile diagrams of the vote recording device ballot and official printed ballots or ballot cards 51 adequate for the orderly conduct of the election in each 52 precinct in their county. In addition they shall provide all 53 54 other materials and equipment necessary to the conduct of 55 the election, including voting booths, appropriate facilities 56 for the reception and safekeeping of ballot cards, the ballots 57 of absent voters and of challenged voters and of such 58 "independent" voters who shall, in primary elections cast their votes on nonpartisan candidates and public questions 60 submitted to the voters.

§3-4A-12. Ballot label arrangement in vote recording devices; when uniform numbering required; drawing by lot to determine position of candidates on ballots or ballot labels; sealing of devices; record of identifying numbers.

When the ballot labels are printed and delivered to the 2 clerk of the county commission, he shall place them in the

3 vote recording devices in such manner as will most nearly

4 conform to the arrangement prescribed for paper ballots,

- 5 and as will clearly indicate the party designation or emblem
- 6 of each candidate. Each column, row or page containing the
- 7 names of the office and candidates for such office shall be so
- 8 arranged as to clearly indicate the office for which the
- 9 candidate is running. The names of the candidates for each
- 10 office indicated shall be placed on the ballot label. The
- 11 ballot label and the arrangement of the ballot shall conform
- 12 as nearly as practicable to the plan herein given:

		
Democratic Ticket	Republican Ticket	
For House of Delegates	For House of Delegates	
Name	Name	
	⊸ 69	
70-	•	
	◄ 71	
72	•	
	⊸ 73	
74	•	
	⊸ 75	
76	-	

- 13 The secretary of state shall assign a uniform number 14 applicable to all counties using electronic voting for all 15 straight party tickets and for all candidates running for 16 offices to be voted upon by all of the voters of the state. The 17 number so designated by the secretary of state shall be used 18 by all counties using electronic voting systems irrespective
- 19 of the fact that in one or more such counties the number or
- 20 numbers so designated may result in other than strict
- 21 sequential ballot arrangement. After taking into account
- 22 the numbers so assigned by the secretary of state to straight
- 23 party tickets and all candidates for offices to be voted upon

24 by all the voters of the state, the clerk of the circuit court shall appoint a time at which all candidates whose ballot 26 positions are to be determined by drawing by lot are to appear before the clerk for such drawing. Candidates whose 27 28 ballot positions are to be determined by drawing by lot are 29 those candidates for an office for which the voters will elect 30 more than one person to represent the electoral districts. 31 including, but not limited to, House of Delegates contests in multi-delegate districts, judges in multi-judge circuits, 32 33 contests for the office of county board of education. 34 magistrate and delegate to a political party national 35 convention. The clerk shall give due notice of such time to 36 each candidate by United States mail, directed to the address given by the candidate in his announcement of candidacy. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to 38 provide each circuit clerk with a list of names and 39 addresses of candidates running for office in such clerk's 40 county who have filed their announcement of candidacy 41 with the secretary of state, and who are candidates whose 42 ballot positions are to be determined by drawing by lot. At 43 the time appointed, all such candidates whose ballot positions are to be determined by lot shall assemble in the 45 office of such clerk and such candidates shall then proceed 46 to draw by lot to determine where their names shall appear 47 on the ballots or ballot labels. The number so drawn by each 48 such candidate shall determine where his or her name shall 49 appear on the ballots or ballot labels. In the event any 50 candidate or candidates fail to appear at the time 51 appointed, the clerk shall draw for such absent candidate or 52 candidates in the presence of those candidates assembled, if 53 any, and the number so drawn by the clerk shall determine 54 where the name of any absent candidate or candidates shall 55 appear on the ballots or ballot labels. The circuit clerk shall 56 record the number drawn by each candidate and his name 57 in an appropriate book. The ballot commissioners shall 58 proceed to have the ballot labels printed according to the 59 provisions of this article. After receiving the printed ballot 60 labels, the clerk of the circuit court shall ascertain their 61 accuracy and the clerk of the county commission shall 62 63 proceed to have the ballot labels placed in the vote recording devices. The clerk of the county commission shall 65 then seal the vote recording devices so as to prevent

- 66 tampering with ballot labels, and enter in an appropriate
- 67 book, opposite the number of each precinct, the identifying
- 68 or distinguishing number of the specific vote recording
- 69 device or devices to be used in that precinct.

*§3-4A-13. Inspection of vote recording devices and ballot cards; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioner; records relating to vote recording devices.

When the clerk of the county commission has completed 2 the preparation of the vote recording devices as provided in 3 section twelve of this article and the ballot cards as 4 provided in section twenty-one, article one of this chapter, 5 and not later than seven days before the day of the election, 6 he shall notify the members of the county commission and 7 the ballot commissioners that the devices are ready for use. 8 Thereupon the members of the county commission and the 9 ballot commissioners shall convene at the office of the clerk 10 or at such other place wherein the vote recording devices 11 and ballot cards are stored, not later than five days before 12 the day of the election, and shall inspect the devices and the 13 ballot cards to determine whether the requirements of this 14 article have been met. Notice of the place and time of such 15 inspection shall be published, no less than three days prior 16 thereto, as a Class I-0 legal advertisement in compliance 17 with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of 18 this code, and the publication area for such publication 19 shall be the county involved. Any candidate and one 20 representative of each political party on the ballot may be 21 present during such examination. If the devices and ballot 22 cards are found to be in proper order, the members of the 23 county commission and the ballot commissioners shall 24 endorse their approval in the book in which the clerk 25 entered the numbers of the devices opposite the numbers of 26 precincts. The devices and the ballot cards shall then be 27 secured in double lock rooms. The county clerk and the 28 president or president pro tempore of the county 29 commission shall each have a key. The rooms shall be 30 unlocked only in their presence and only for the removal of 31 the devices and the ballot cards for transportation to the * Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 1381, which passed

prior to this bill.

32 polls. Upon such removal of the devices, the county clerk 33 and president or president pro tempore of the county 34 commission shall certify in writing signed by them that the 35 devices were found to be sealed when removed for 36 transportation to the polls.

Not later than one day before the election the election 37 commissioner of each precinct, who shall have been 38 previously designated by the ballot commissioners, shall 39 attend at the offices of the clerks of the circuit court and 40 county commission of such county to receive the necessary 41 election records, books and supplies required by law. Such 42 election commissioners shall receive the per diem mileage 43 rate prescribed by law for this service. Such election 44 commissioners shall give the ballot commissioners a 45 sequentially numbered written receipt, on a printed form, provided by the clerk of the county commission, for such 47 records, books and supplies. Such receipt shall be prepared 48 in duplicate. One copy of the receipt shall remain with the 49 clerk of the county commission and one copy shall be 50 delivered to the president or president pro tempore of the 51 52 county commission.

§3-4A-16. Delivery of vote recording devices; time, arrangement for voting.

The clerk of the county commission shall deliver or cause 1 2 to be delivered each vote recording device and the package 3 of ballot cards to the polling place where they are to be 4 employed. Such delivery shall be made not less than one 5 hour prior to the opening of the polls and shall be made in 6 the presence of the precinct election commissioners. At the 7 time of the delivery of the vote recording device and the 8 ballot cards, the device shall be sealed in such a way to 9 prevent its use prior to the opening of the polls and any 10 tampering with the ballot labels and the ballot cards shall 11 be packaged and sealed in such a way to prevent any 12 tampering with the ballots. Immediately prior to the 13 opening of the polls on election day, the sealed packages of 14 ballot cards shall be opened, and the seal of the vote 15 recording device shall be broken in the presence of the 16 precinct election commissioners, who shall certify in 17 writing signed by them to the clerk of the county 18 commission, that the devices and the ballot cards have been

- 19 delivered in their presence, that the devices and packages of
- 20 ballot cards were found to be sealed upon such delivery, and
- 21 that the seals have been broken and the devices opened in
- 22 their presence. The election commissioners shall then cause
- 23 the vote recording device to be arranged in the voting booth
- 24 in such manner that the front of the vote recording device on
- 25 which the ballot labels appear will not be visible, when the
- 26 vote recording device is being operated, to any person other
- 27 than the voter if the voter shall elect to close the curtain,
- 28 screen or hood to the voting booth.

§3-4A-22. Assistance to illiterate and disabled voters.

- 1 (a) Any duly registered voter, who requires assistance to 2 vote by reason of blindness, disability, advanced age or 3 inability to read and write, may be given assistance by one 4 of the following means:
- 5 (1) By a person of the voter's choice: *Provided*, That 6 such assistance may not be given by the voter's present or 7 former employer or agent of that employer or by an officer 8 or agent of a labor union of which the voter is a past or 9 present member; or
- 10 (2) If no person of the voter's choice be present at the polling place, the voter may request such assistance from the poll clerks or ballot commissioners present at the polling place, whereupon such assistance may be given by any two of such election officers of opposite political party affiliation to whom such voter shall thereupon declare his or her choice of candidates and his or her position on public questions appearing on the ballot or ballot labels. Such election officers, in the presence of the voter and in the presence of each other, shall thereupon cause such voter's declared choices to be recorded on the vote recording device as votes.
- 22 (b) A person other than an election officer who assists a
 23 voter in voting under the provisions of this section shall sign
 24 a written oath or affirmation before assisting such voter,
 25 stating that he or she will not override the actual preference
 26 of the voter being assisted or mislead the voter into voting
 27 for someone other than the candidate of the voter's choice.
 28 Such person assisting the voter shall also swear or affirm
 29 that he or she believes that the voter is voting free of
 30 intimidation or manipulation.

§3-4A-23. Persons prohibited about voting booths; penalties.

Excepting the election officials acting under authority of 2 sections nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two of 3 this article in the conduct of the election, and qualified 4 persons assisting voters pursuant to section twenty-two of 5 this article, no person other than the voter alone may be in, 6 about or within five feet of the voting booth during the time 7 such voter is in the process of voting at any election, and. 8 during such time, no person may communicate in any 9 manner with the voter and the voter may not communicate 10 with any other person or persons. Any conduct or action of 11 an election official about or around the voting booth while 12 the voter is in the process of voting, in excess of the 13 authority vested in such official by provisions of this article, 14 shall constitute a violation of the provisions hereof. Any 15 person violating any provision or provisions of this section 16 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 17 thereof, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars 18 or be sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for a 19 period not exceeding twelve months, or, in the discretion of 20 the court, shall be subject to both such fine and 21 imprisonment.

§3-4A-30. Adjustments in voting precincts where electronic voting system used.

The provisions of section five, article one of this chapter, relating to the number of registered voters in each precinct, shall apply to and control in precincts in counties in which electronic voting systems have been adopted, except that the maximum number of registered voters shall be one thousand per precinct. The county commissions of such counties, subject to other provisions of this chapter with respect to the altering or changing of the boundaries of voting precincts, may change the boundaries of precincts or consolidate precincts as practicable, to achieve the maximum advantage from the use of electronic voting systems.

The county commission may, in the urban centers of any county adopting an electronic voting system, designate a voting place without the limits of a precinct, provided such voting place is in a public building, and in an adjoining

- 17 precinct. In such event more than one precinct may vote in
- 18 any such public building.

ARTICLE 5. PRIMARY ELECTIONS AND NOMINATING PROCEDURES.

- §3-5-1. Time and place of holding primary elections in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty and thereafter; hours polls open.
- §3-5-5. Candidates for county board of education.
- §3-5-7. Filing announcements of candidates; requirements; when section applicable.
- §3-5-9. Certification and posting of candidacies.
- §3-5-1. Time and place of holding primary elections in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty and thereafter; hours polls open.
 - 1 Primary elections shall be held at the voting place in each
 - 2 of the voting precincts in the state, for the purposes set forth
 - 3 in this article, on the second Tuesday in May in the year one
 - 4 thousand nine hundred eighty-six and in each second year
 - 5 thereafter.
 - 6 At such election the polls shall be opened and closed at
 - 7 the hours provided for opening and closing the polls in a
 - 8 general election.

§3-5-5. Candidates for county board of education.

3 4	Any person who is eligible to hold office as a member of a county board of education may file a certificate with the clerk of the circuit court of the county, declaring himself a candidate for election to such office. Such certificate shall be substantially in the following form:
6	I,, hereby certify
7	that I am a candidate for nonpartisan election to
	membership on the
	County Board of Education, and desire my name printed on
10	the ballot to be voted at the primary election to be held on
11	the; that I am a
12	legally qualified voter of the County of
13	
	; that I am
15	eligible to hold the office; and that I am a candidate therefor
16	in good faith.

17 Candidate

18

19	Signed and acknowledged before me this
20	day of, 19
21	***************************************
22	Signature and official title
23	of certifying officer.
24	Such announcement shall be signed and acknowledged
25	by the candidate before some officer qualified to administer
26	oaths, who shall certify the same.
27	In the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six and
28	each two years thereafter, such certificate shall be filed
29	with the clerk of the circuit court not earlier than the second
30	Monday in January next preceding the primary election
31	day, and not later than the first Saturday of February next
32	preceding the primary election day and must be received by
33	the clerk before midnight, eastern standard time, of that
34	day, or, if mailed, shall be postmarked before that hour.
3-5	5-7. Filing announcements of candidacies; requirements;
	when section applicable.
1	Any person who is eligible to hold and seeks to hold an
2	office (including that of member of any political party
3	executive committee) shall file with the secretary of state, if
4	it be an office to be filled by the voters of more than one
5	county, or with the clerk of the circuit court, if it be for an
6	office to be filled by the voters of a county or subdivision
7	less than a county, a certificate declaring himself a
8	candidate for the nomination for such office, which
9	certificate shall be in form or effect as follows:
10	I,, hereby certify that I am a
11	candidate for the nomination for the office of
12	to represent the Party, and desire my name
13	printed on the official ballot of said party to be voted at the
14 15	primary election to be held on the
16	a legally qualified voter of the County of, that I am
10 17	State of West Virginia; that my residence is number
18	of Street in the City (or Town) of
19	in
20	that I am eligible to hold the said office; that I am a member
21	of and affiliated with said political party; that I am a
22	candidate for said office in good faith.
23	culturate for bala office in good false.
24	Candidate

Any candidate for delegate to the national convention of any political party shall provide, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, the information required in the certificate hereinbefore described and shall also provide the name of the person he prefers as the presidential nominee of his party upon the first convention ballot, or if he has no preference, a statement that he is uncommitted: *Provided*, That any candidate for delegate may change his statement of presidential preference by notifying the secretary of state by registered letter, at least seventy-seven days prior to the day fixed for the primary election.

Such announcement shall be signed and acknowledged by the candidate before some officer qualified to administer oaths, who shall certify the same. Any person who knowingly provides false information on said certificate shall be guilty of an offense and shall be punished as set forth in section twenty-three, article nine of this chapter.

Such certificate shall be filed with the secretary of state or the clerk of the circuit court, as the case may be, not earlier than the second Monday in January next preceding the primary election day, and not later than the first Saturday of February next preceding the primary election day, and must be received before midnight, eastern standard time, of that day or, if mailed, shall be postmarked before that hour.

The provisions of this section shall apply to the primary election held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six and every primary election held thereafter.

§3-5-9. Certification and posting of candidacies.

By the eighty-fourth day next preceding the day fixed for the primary election, the secretary of state shall arrange the names of all candidates, who have filed announcements with him, as provided in this article, and who are entitled to have their names printed on any political party ballot, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and shall forthwith certify the same under his name and the lesser seal of the state, and file the same in his office.

- 9 Such certificate of candidates shall show (1) the name and 10 residence of each candidate, (2) the office for which he is a 11 candidate, (3) the name of the political party of which he is a 12 candidate, (4) upon what ballot his name is to be printed, 13 and (5) in the case of a candidate for delegate to the national 14 convention of any political party, the name of the person the 15 candidate prefers as the presidential nominee of his party, 16 or if he has no preference, the word "uncommitted."
- The secretary of state shall post a duplicate of such certificate in a conspicuous place in his office and keep same posted until after the primary election.

20 Immediately upon completion of such certification, the secretary of state shall ascertain therefrom the candidates 21 whose names are to appear on the primary election ballots in the several counties of the state and shall certify to the clerk of the circuit court in each county the certificate information relating to each of the candidates whose names are to appear on the ballot in such county. He shall transmit 26 such certificate to the several clerks by registered or 28 certified mail, but, in emergency cases, he may resort to 29 other reliable and speedy means of transmission which may be available so that such certificates shall reach the several clerks by the seventieth day next preceding such primary 31 32 election day.

The provisions of this section shall apply to the primary election held in the year one thousand nine hundred eightysix and every primary election held thereafter.

ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS.

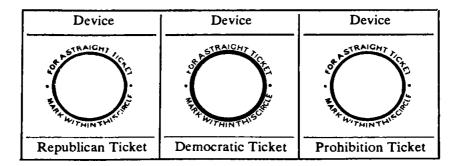
- §3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.
- §3-6-6. Ballot counting procedures.
- §3-6-9. Canvass of returns; declaration of results; recounts; record keeping.

§3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.

All ballots prepared under the provisions of this article shall be printed in black ink on number two white book paper sufficiently thick so that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back, and shall contain the names of every candidate whose nomination for any office to be voted for at the election has been certified and filed according to law, and no others, except that if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the ballot commissioners that a person has 9 been legally nominated as a candidate for an office and is
10 lawfully entitled to have his name upon the ballot and no
11 certificate of the nomination has been received by the clerk
12 of the circuit court, they shall print the name of such
13 candidate upon the ballot in its proper place.

The tickets, except the heading, which shall be in display 15 type, shall be printed in eight point type; the name or 16 designation of the office and the residence and county of 17 residence of the candidate in lowercase letters, and the 18 name of the candidate in capital letters. The name and 19 residence of the candidate may be printed in the same line. 20 The name of each candidate shall be printed in a space 21 defined by ruled lines, and with a black square on its left 22 enclosed by heavy dark lines. If, upon any ticket, there be no candidate or candidates for a designated office, a blank 23 space equal to the space that would be occupied by such 25 name or names, if they were printed thereon, with the blank 26 space herein provided for, shall be left. The heading of each 27 party ticket, including the name of the party and the device 28 or emblem above and the large circle between the device or 29 emblem and such name, shall be separated from the rest of 30 the ticket by heavy lines and the circle above the name of 31 the party in which the voter is to place the cross mark, if he 32 desires to vote the straight ticket, shall be defined by 33 heavier lines than the lines defining the blank spaces before 34 the name of candidates, and such circle shall be surrounded 35 by the following words printed in heavy face six point type: 36 "For a straight ticket mark within this circle." Once, 37 immediately below the circles for straight ticket voting, the 38 following instructions shall be printed in eight point type: 39 "STRAIGHT TICKET VOTERS: If you decide to split your 40 straight party vote, remember — (1) For offices where you 41 are asked to choose one candidate, if you vote for a 42 candidate in another party, the candidate for that office in 43 this party will NOT receive a vote. (2) For offices where you 44 are asked to choose more than one, if you vote for any 45 candidate in another party YOU MUST MARK EACH OF 46 YOUR CHOICES for that office, EVEN THOSE IN YOUR 47 STRAIGHT TICKET PARTY." Each party ticket shall be 48 separated from other party tickets and bordered on either 49 side by a heavy border, or a broad solid line, at least one-50 sixteenth of an inch wide, and the edges of the ballot on 51 either side trimmed off to within one-half inch of the border 52 or solid line described.

The names of the candidates shall be arranged on the 53 54 ballot in tickets or lists, in separate columns under the 55 respective party or political or other designation certified, 56 each column or ticket containing the names of candidates 57 nominated by the same political party and no others. In 58 elections for presidential electors, the names of candidates 59 for electors of any political party or group of petitioners, 60 shall not be placed on the ballot, but shall, after 61 nomination, be filed with the secretary of state. In place of their names, there shall be printed first on the ballots the 62 names of the candidates for president and vice president, 63 respectively, of each such party or group of petitioners, and 64 they shall be arranged under the title of the office. Before 65 66 the names of such candidates for president and vice president of each party, or group, a single square shall be 67 68 printed, in front of a brace in which the voter shall place the 69 cross mark for the candidate of his choice for such offices. A vote for any of such candidates shall be a vote for the 70 electors of the party by which such candidates were named, 71 and whose names have been filed with the secretary of state. 72 The names of the candidates on each ticket shall be 73 74 arranged in groups, with a heading over each group printed 75 in heavy faced eight point type to indicate the political 76 divisions in which such group is to be voted for. The 77 arrangement of the ballot shall conform as nearly as 78 practicable to the plan here given:



79 STRAIGHT TICKET VOTERS: If you decide to split your 80 straight party vote, remember — (1) For offices where you

- 81 are asked to choose one candidate, if you vote for a
- 82 candidate in another party, the candidate for that office in
- 83 this party will NOT receive a vote. (2) For offices where you
- 84 are asked to choose more than one, if you vote for any
- 85 candidate in another party YOU MUST MARK EACH OF
- 86 YOUR CHOICES for that office, EVEN THOSE IN YOUR
- 87 STRAIGHT TICKET PARTY.

For Governor	For Governor	For Governor
Name	Name	Name

- 88 Provided, That the arrangement of the portion of the ballot
- 89 for offices for which more than one seat is to be filled shall
- 90 conform as nearly as practicable to the following plan:

For House of Delegates (Choose two)	For House of Delegates (Choose two)	For House of Delegates (Choose two)
Name	Name	Name
Ш		

The tickets of the several political parties shall be printed on the ballot in parallel columns, each ticket in a separate

93 column headed by the chosen device, and the tickets in such

94 order on the ballot and the names of the office in such order

95 on the ticket as the secretary of state shall direct, 96 preference, however, being given to the political party

97 which cast the highest number of votes for the head of the

98 ticket at the last preceding presidential election, and so on.

99 No ticket or list of candidates shall be printed under the

100 name of any party containing more candidates for any

101 office than are to be elected.

102 In those delegate districts set forth in subsection (d), 103 section two, article two, chapter one of this code which

104 embrace more than one county and in which there is a

105 prohibition regarding the number of delegates to be elected

106 or appointed who are residents of any single county within the district, there shall be printed on the ballot, including, 107 but not limited to, voting machines and electronic voting 108 109 system ballots, in bold type, immediately preceding the 110 names of candidates for the House of Delegates, a clear explanation of such prohibition. In those delegate districts 111 which embrace more than one county, the county of 112 113 residence of each candidate for the House of Delegates shall 114 be printed beneath the name of each such candidate on the ballot, including, but not limited to, voting machines and 115 116 electronic voting system ballots.

117 The ballot shall be so printed as to give each voter a clear opportunity to designate by a cross mark in a large, blank, 118 119 circular space, three quarters of an inch in diameter, below 120 the device and above the name of the party at the head of the 121 ticket or list of candidates, his choice of a party ticket and 122 desire to vote for each and every candidate thereon; and by a cross mark, in a blank, enclosed space on the left side and 123 124 before the name of each candidate, his choice of particular 125 candidates.

For any office or offices for which there is to be more than one candidate elected, that section of the ballot relating to said office shall be printed in such a manner so as to provide for the rotation of names in order to assure that each candidate from each party for said office occupies a given position in the order of the candidates an equal number of times. If any party fails to nominate or to fill a ballot vacancy for as many candidates as there are persons to be elected to said office, then the ballot shall be printed in such a manner so as to provide that the space created by the vacancy shall be rotated in the same manner as the names of each of the candidates for said office.

On the back of the ballot shall be printed or stamped in black ink the words "Official Ballot," with the date of the election, and underneath shall be two blank lines, followed by the words "Poll Clerks."

§3-6-6. Ballot counting procedures.

When the polls are closed in an election precinct where two election boards have served, both the receiving and counting boards shall conclude the counting of the votes

4 cast, the tabulating and summarizing of the number of the

5 votes cast, unite in certifying and attesting to the returns of

6 the election, and join in making out the certificates of the

7 result of the election provided for in this article. They shall

8 not adjourn until the work shall be completed.

In all election precincts wherein the election shall be 9 10 conducted by a single election board, immediately on closing the polls the commissioners and clerks shall proceed 11 12 to ascertain the result of the election in the following 13 manner: The ballot box shall then be opened, and one of the 14 commissioners taking therefrom one ballot at a time, in the 15 presence of all the other officers, shall read therefrom the 16 designations of the offices to be filled, and the names of the persons voted for, for each office, and hand the ballot to another of such commissioners, differing in politics from 18 19 himself, who, if satisfied that it was correctly read, shall 20 string it on a thread. The contents of the ballots, as they are 21 read, shall be entered by the poll clerks, under the 22 supervision of the commissioners, on tally sheets for the purpose, by suitable marks, in ink, made opposite to or 23 24 under the name of each person voted for, so as to show the 25 number of votes received by every person, for any office to 26 be filled. The ballots shall be counted as they are strung upon the thread and whenever the number counted shall be 27 28 equal to the number of votes entered upon the pollbooks, 29 the excess, if any, remaining in the ballot box shall, without 30 unfolding or unrolling the same, or allowing anyone to 31 examine or know the contents thereof, be counted and strung on a second thread along with a card marked "excess ballots." The number, if any, of excess ballots found in the ballot box and not included in the tally of votes shall be 35 reported on the tally sheets.

They shall not adjourn until all of the votes are counted and certificates of the result made and signed by them. In precincts wherein there are double boards, the counting boards, in counting the ballots, shall proceed in the manner prescribed in this section.

§3-6-9. Canvass of returns; declaration of results; recounts; record keeping.

1 The commissioners of the county commission shall be ex

2 officio a board of canvassers, and, as such, shall keep in a

3 well-bound book, marked "election record," a complete

4 record of all their proceedings in ascertaining and declaring 5 the results of every election in their respective counties. 6 They shall convene as the canvassing board at the courthouse on the fifth day (Sundays excepted) after every election held in their county, or in any district thereof, and the officers in whose custody the ballots, pollbooks, 9 registration records, tally sheets and certificates have been 10 placed shall lay them before the board for examination. 11 They may, if considered necessary, require the attendance 12 of any of the commissioners, poll clerks or other persons 13 present at the election, to appear and testify respecting the 14 same, and make such other orders as shall seem proper, to 15 procure correct returns and ascertain the true results of the 16 election in their county; but in this case all the questions to 17 the witnesses and all the answers thereto, and evidence, 18 shall be taken down in writing and filed and preserved. All 19 orders made shall be entered upon the record. They may 20 adjourn from time to time, but no longer than absolutely 21 necessary, and, when a majority of the commissioners are 22 not present, their meeting shall stand adjourned until the 23 next day, and so from day to day, until a quorum is present. 24 All meetings of the commissioners sitting as a board of 25 canvassers shall be open to the public. The board shall 26 proceed to open each sealed package of ballots so laid 27 before them, and, without unfolding them, count the 28 number in each package and enter the number upon their 29 record. The ballots shall then be again sealed up carefully in 30 a new envelope, and each member of the board shall write 31 his name across the place where the envelope is sealed. 32 After canvassing the returns of the election, the board shall 33 publicly declare the results of the election; however, they 34 shall not enter an order certifying the election results for a 35 period of forty-eight hours after the declaration. 36 37

(a) Within the forty-eight-hour period, a candidate voted for at the election may demand the board to open and examine any of the sealed packages of ballots, and recount them; but in such case they shall seal the ballots again, along with the envelope above named, and the clerk of the 42 county commission and each member of the board shall 43 write his name across the places where it is sealed, and 44 endorse in ink, on the outside: "Ballots of the election held 45 at precinct No. in the district of

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- 46 and county of, 48 In computing the forty-eight-hour period as used in this 49 section, Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays shall be 50 excluded: Provided, That at the end of the forty-eight-hour 51 period, an order shall be entered certifying all election 52 results except for those offices in which a recount has been 53 demanded.
- (b) If a recount has been demanded, the board shall have 54 55 an additional twenty-four hours after the end of the forty-56 eight-hour period in which to send notice to all candidates 57 who filed for the office in which a recount has been 58 demanded, of the date, time and place where the board will 59 convene to commence the recount. The notice shall be 60 served under the provisions of subdivision (c) of this 61 section. The recount shall be set for no sooner than three 62 days after the serving of the notice: Provided, That after the 63 notice is served, candidates so served shall have an 64 additional twenty-four hours in which to notify the board, 65 in writing, of their intention to preserve their right to 66 demand a recount of precincts not requested to be 67 recounted by the candidate originally requesting a recount 68 of ballots cast: Provided, however, That there shall be only 69 one recount of each precinct, regardless of the number of 70 requests for a recount of any precinct. A demand for the 71 recount of ballots cast at any precinct may be made during 72 the recount proceedings only by the candidate originally 73 requesting the recount and those candidates who notify the 74 board, pursuant to this subdivision, of their intention to 75 preserve their right to demand a recount of additional 76 precincts.
- (c) Any sheriff of the county in which the recount is to 78 occur shall deliver a copy thereof in writing to the candidate 79 in person; or if the candidate is not found, by delivering the 80 copy at the usual place of abode of the candidate, and giving 81 information of its purport, to the spouse of the candidate or any other person found there who is a member of his family 82 and above the age of sixteen years; or if neither the spouse of 84 the candidate nor any other person be found there, and the 85 candidate is not found, by leaving the copy posted at the front door of the place of abode. Any sheriff, thereto required, shall serve a notice within his county and make

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- 88 return of the manner and time of service; for a failure so to 89 do, he shall forfeit twenty dollars. The return shall be 90 evidence of the manner and time of service.
- 91 (d) Every candidate who demands a recount shall be 92 required to furnish bond in a reasonable amount with good 93 sufficient surety to guarantee payment of the costs and the 94 expenses of such recount in the event the result of the 95 election is not changed by the recount; but the amount of 96 the bond shall in no case exceed three hundred dollars.

When they have made their certificates and declared the results as hereinafter provided, they shall deposit the sealed packages of ballots, absent voter ballots, registration records, pollbooks, tally sheets and precinct certificates with the clerks of the county commissions and circuit courts from whom they were received, who shall carefully preserve them for twenty-two months, and if there is no contest pending as to any election, and their further preservation is not required by any order of a court, the ballots, pollbooks, tally sheets and certificates shall be destroyed by fire or otherwise, without opening the sealed packages of ballots; and if there is a contest pending, then they shall be so destroyed as soon as the contest is ended.

110 If the result of the election is not changed by the recount, 111 the costs and expenses thereof shall be paid by the party at

112 whose instance the recount was made.

ARTICLE 8. REGULATION AND CONTROL OF ELECTIONS.

- §3-8-5. Detailed accounts and verified financial statements required.
- §3-8-5a. Information required in financial statement.
- §3-8-5f. Loans to candidates, organizations or persons for election purposes.
- §3-8-7. Failure to file statement; penalty.
- §3-8-12. Additional acts forbidden; circulation of written matter; newspaper advertising; solicitation of contributions; intimidation and coercion of employees; promise of employment or other benefits; limitations on contributions; public contractors; penalty.

§3-8-5. Detailed accounts and verified financial statements required.

- 1 Every candidate, financial agent, person and association
- 2 of persons, organization of any kind, including every
- 3 corporation, directly or indirectly, supporting a political
- 4 committee established pursuant to paragraph (C),
- 5 subdivision (1), subsection (b), section eight of this article or

6 engaging in other activities permitted by said section eight 7 of this article and also including the treasurer or equivalent 8 officer of such association or organization; advocating or 9 opposing the nomination, election or defeat of any 10 candidate, or the passage or defeat of any issue, thing or 11 item to be voted upon, and the treasurer of every political 12 party committee shall keep detailed accounts of every sum 13 of money or other thing of value received by him, including 14 all loans of money or things of value, and of all expenditures 15 and disbursements made, liabilities incurred, by such 16 candidate, financial agent, person, association or 17 organization or committee, for political purposes, or by any 18 of the officers or members of such committee, or any person 19 acting under its authority or on its behalf.

Every person or association of persons required to keep 21 detailed accounts under this section shall file with the 22 officers hereinafter prescribed a detailed itemized 23 statement, subscribed and sworn to before an officer 24 authorized to administer oaths, according to the following 25 provisions and times:

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- (a) On the last Saturday in March or within fifteen days 27 thereafter next preceding the primary election day 28 whenever the total of all financial transactions relating to 29 an election exceed five hundred dollars a statement which 30 shall include all financial transactions which have taken 31 place by the date of that statement, subsequent to any 32 previous statement filed within the previous five years 33 under this section, or if no previous statement was filed, all 34 financial transactions made within the preceding five 35 years; and
- (b) Not less than seven nor more than ten days preceding 37 each primary or other election, a statement which shall 38 include all financial transactions which have taken place by 39 the date of such statement, subsequent to the previous 40 statement, if any; and
- (c) Not less than twenty-five nor more than thirty days 42 after each primary or other election, a statement which 43 shall include all financial transactions which have taken 44 place by the date of such statement, subsequent to the 45 previous statement; and
- (d) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 46 47 eighty-five, and thereafter on the last Saturday in March or

within fifteen days therefter annually, whenever contributions or expenditures relating to an election exceed five hundred dollars or whenever any loans are outstanding, a statement which shall include all financial transactions which have taken place by the date of such report, subsequent to any previous report.

Financial transactions shall include all contributions or loans received and all repayments of loans or expenditures made to promote the candidacy of any person by any candidate or any organization advocating or opposing the nomination, election or defeat of any candidate or to promote the passage or defeat of any issue, thing or item to be voted on.

Every person who shall announce as a write-in candidate for any elective office and his financial agent or election organization of any kind shall comply with all of the requirements of this section after public announcement of such person's candidacy has been made.

§3-8-5a. Information required in financial statement.

Each financial statement as required by this article shall show the following information:

The first name, middle initial, if any, and last name,

- 3 (a) The first name, middle initial, if any, and last name, 4 residence and mailing address and telephone number of 5 each candidate, financial agent, treasurer or person, and 6 the full name, address and telephone number of each 7 association, organization or committee filing a financial 8 statement.
- 9 (b) The balance of cash and any other sum of money on 10 hand at the beginning and the end of the period covered by 11 the financial statement.
- 12 (c) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last 13 name in the case of an individual, and the full name of each 14 firm, association or committee, and the amount of such 15 contribution of such individual, firm, association or 16 committee, and, if the aggregate of the sum or sums 17 contributed by any one such individual, firm, association or 18 committee exceeds two hundred fifty dollars there shall 19 also be reported the residence and mailing address and, in 19 the case of an individual, the major business affiliation and 19 occupation. A contribution totaling more than fifty dollars 19 by any one contributor is prohibited unless it is by money

23 order or by check, and a violation of this provision is subject 24 to section five-d of this article. As used herein, the term 25 "check" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in 26 section one hundred four, article three, chapter forty-six of 27 this code.

(d) The total amount of contributions received during 29 the period covered by the financial statement.

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- (e) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last 31 name, residence and mailing address in the case of an 32 individual or the full name and mailing address of each 33 firm, association or committee making or cosigning a loan 34 and the amount of any loan received, the date and terms of the loan, including interest and repayment schedule, along 36 with a copy of the loan agreement.
- (f) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last 38 name, residence and mailing address in the case of an 39 individual or the full name and mailing address of each 40 firm, association or committee having previously made or 41 cosigned a loan for which payment is made or a balance is 42 outstanding at the end of the period, together with the 43 amount of repayment on the loan made during the period 44 and the balance at the end of the period.
- (g) The total outstanding balance of all loans at the end 45 46 of the period.
- (h) The first name, middle initial, if any, and the last 48 name, residence and mailing address in the case of an 49 individual, or the full name and mailing address of each 50 firm, association or committee to whom each expenditure 51 was made or liability incurred, together with the amount 52 and purpose of each expenditure or liability incurred and 53 the date of each transaction.

When any lump sum payment is made to any advertising 55 agency or other disbursing person who does not file a report 56 of detailed accounts and verified financial statements as 57 required herein, such lump sum expenditures shall be 58 accounted for in the same manner as provided herein.

(i) The total expenditure for the nomination, election or 60 defeat of a candidate or any person or organization 61 advocating or opposing the nomination, election or defeat 62 of any candidate, or the passage or defeat of any issue, thing 63 or item to be voted upon, in whose behalf an expenditure

- 64 was made or a contribution was given for the primary or 65 other election.
- 66 (j) The total amount of expenditures made during the 67 period covered by the financial statement.
- 68 (k) Any unexpended balance at the time of making the 69 financial statements herein provided for shall be properly accounted for in that financial statement and shall appear 70 71 as a balance in the next following financial statement.
- 72 (l) Each financial statement required by this section 73 shall contain a separate section setting forth the following 74 information for each fund-raising event held during the period covered by the financial statement: 75
- 76 (1) The type of event, date held, and address and name, 77 if any, of the place where the event was held.
- 78 (2) All of the information required by subdivision (c) of 79 this section.
- 80 (3) The total of all moneys received at the fund-raising 81 event.
 - (4) The expenditures incident to the fund-raising event.
 - (5) The net receipts of the fund-raising event.

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For the purpose of this section the term "fund-raising 85 event" means an event such as a dinner, reception, 86 testimonial, cocktail party, auction or similar affair 87 through which contributions are solicited or received by 88 such means as purchase of a ticket, payment of an 89 attendance fee or through purchase of goods or services.

- (m) Any contribution or expenditure made by or on 90 91 behalf of a candidate for public office, to any other candidate, or committee for a candidate for any public 93 office in the same election shall comply with the provisions 94 of this article.
- (n) No person, firm, association or committee shall 95 96 make any contribution except from his own funds, unless such person, firm, association or committee discloses in 98 writing to the person required to report under this section 99 the first name, middle initial, if any, and the last name in the 100 case of an individual, or the full name in case of a firm, 101 association or committee, residence and mailing address; 102 the major business affiliation and occupation of the person, 103 firm, association or committee which furnished the funds to 104 such contributor. All such disclosures shall be included in 105 the statement required by this section.

- 106 (o) Any firm, association, committee or fund permitted 107 by section eight of this article to be a political committee 108 shall disclose on the financial statement its corporate or 109 other affiliation.
- 110 (p) No contribution may be made, directly or indirectly, 111 in a fictitious name, anonymously or by one person through 112 an agent, relative or other person so as to conceal the 113 identity of the source of the contribution or in any other 114 manner so as to effect concealment of the contributor's 115 identity.
- 116 (q) No person, association or committee may accept any 117 contribution for the purpose of influencing the nomination, 118 election or defeat of a candidate or for the passage or defeat 119 of any issue or thing to be voted upon unless the identity of 120 the donor and the amount of the contribution is known and 121 reported.
- 122 (r) When any candidate, organization, committee or 123 person receives any anonymous contribution which cannot be returned because the donor cannot be identified, that 124 contribution shall be donated to the general revenue fund of 125 126 the state. Any anonymous contribution shall be recorded as such on the candidate's financial statement, but may not be 127 expended for election expenses. At the time of filing, the 128 financial statement shall include a statement of 129 130 distribution of anonymous contributions, which total amount shall equal the total of all anonymous contributions 131 received during the period. 132

§3-8-5f. Loans to candidates, organizations or persons for election purposes.

Every candidate, financial agent, person or association of persons or organization advocating or opposing the nomination or election of any candidate or the passage or defeat of any issue or item to be voted upon who receives money or any other thing of value as a loan toward election expenses shall execute, in writing, an agreement with the individual, lending institution or organization making the loan. Such agreement shall state the date and amount of the loan, the terms, including interest and repayment schedule, and a description of the collateral, if any, and the full names and addresses of all parties to the agreement. A copy of the

- agreement shall be filed with the financial statement nextrequired after the loan is executed.
- §3-8-7. Failure to file statement; penalty.

Any candidate, financial agent or treasurer of a political 2 party committee, who fails to file a sworn, itemized 3 statement as in this article provided, within the time 4 required, or who willfully files a grossly incomplete or 5 inaccurate statement, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, 6 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than five 7 hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not 8 more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. 9 Forty days after any such primary or other election, the 10 secretary of state, or county clerk, as the case may be, shall 11 give notice of any failure to file such statement by any 12 candidate, financial agent or treasurer of such committee, 13 to the prosecuting attorney of the county where such 14 delinquent resides. No candidate nominated at a primary 15 election, who has failed to make a sworn statement as 16 required by this article, shall have his name placed on the 17 official ballot for the ensuing election, unless there has been 18 filed by or on behalf of such candidate, or by his financial 19 agent, if any, the financial statement relating to 20 nominations required by this article. It shall be unlawful to 21 issue a commission or certificate of election, or to 22 administer the oath of office, to any person elected to any 23 public office who has failed to file a sworn statement as 24 required by this article, and no such person shall enter upon 25 the duties of his office until he has filed such statement, nor 26 shall he receive any salary or emolument for any period 27 prior to the filing of such statement.

- §3-8-12. Additional acts forbidden; circulation of written matter; newspaper advertising; solicitation of contributions; intimidation and coercion of employees; promise of employment or other benefits; limitations on contributions; public contractors; penalty.
 - 1 (a) No person shall publish, issue or circulate, or cause
 - 2 to be published, issued or circulated, any anonymous letter,
 - 3 circular, placard, or other publication tending to influence
 - 4 voting at any election;

- 5 (b) No owner, publisher, editor or employee of a 6 newspaper or other periodical shall insert, either in its 7 advertising or reading columns, any matter, paid for or to be 8 paid for, which tends to influence the voting at any election 9 whatever, unless directly designating it as a paid 10 advertisement and stating the name of the person 11 authorizing its publication and the candidate in whose 12 behalf it is published;
- (c) No person shall, in any room or building occupied for 13 14 the discharge of official duties by any officer or employee of 15 the state or a political subdivision thereof, solicit orally or 16 by written communication delivered therein, or in any other 17 manner, any contribution of money or other thing of value 18 for any party or political purpose whatever, from any 19 postmaster or any other officer or employee of the federal 20 government, or officer or employee of the state, or political 21 subdivision thereof. No officer, agent, clerk or employee of 22 the federal government, or of this state, or any political 23 subdivision thereof, who may have charge or control of any 24 building, office or room, occupied for any official purpose, shall knowingly permit any person to enter the same for the 26 purpose of therein soliciting or receiving any political assessments from, or delivering or giving written solicitations for, or any notice of, any political assessments 29 to, any officer or employee of the state, or a political subdivision thereof;
- (d) Except as provided in section eight of this article no 31 32 person entering into any contract with the state or its 33 subdivisions, or any department or agency thereof, either 34 for rendition of personal services or furnishing any 35 material, supplies or equipment or selling any land or 36 building to the state, or its subdivisions, or any department 37 or agency thereof, if payment for the performance of such 38 contract or payment for such material, supplies, equipment, 39 land or building is to be made in whole or in part from 40 public funds shall, during the period of negotiation for or 41 performance under such contract or furnishing of 42 materials, supplies, equipment, land or buildings, directly 43 or indirectly make any contribution to any political party. 44 committee or candidate for public office or to any person for 45 political purposes or use; nor shall any person or firm solicit

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any contributions for any such purpose during any such 47 period:

- (e) No person shall, directly or indirectly, promise any 49 employment, position, work, compensation or other benefit 50 provided for, or made possible, in whole or in part by act of 51 the Legislature, to any person as consideration, favor or 52 reward for any political activity for the support of or opposition to any candidate, or any political party in any 54 election:
- 55 (f) No person shall, directly or indirectly, make any 56 contribution in excess of the value of one thousand dollars in connection with any campaign for nomination or election to or on behalf of any statewide or national elective office, 58 59 or in excess of the value of one thousand dollars, in 60 connection with any other campaign for nomination or election to or on behalf of any other elective office in the 61 62 state or any of its subdivisions, or in connection with or on behalf of any committee or other organization or person 64 engaged in furthering, advancing or advocating the nomination or election of any candidate for any such office; 65
- (g) No person shall solicit any contribution from any 67 nonelective salaried employee of the state government or of any of its subdivisions or coerce or intimidate any such employee into making such contribution. No person shall 69 coerce or intimidate any nonsalaried employee of the state 70 government or any of its subdivisions into engaging in any 71 72 form of political activity. The provisions hereof shall not be construed to prevent any such employee from making such a contribution or from engaging in political activity 74 voluntarily, without coercion, intimidation or solicitation; 75 and
- No person shall solicit a contribution from any other 77 78 person without informing such other person at the time of 79 such solicitation of the amount of any commission, 80 remuneration or other compensation that the solicitor or 81 any other person will receive or expect to receive as a direct 82 result of such contribution being successfully collected. 83 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to apply to 84 solicitations of contributions made by any person serving as 85 an unpaid volunteer.

Any person violating any provision of this section shall be 86 87 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall

- 88 be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or confined in
- 89 jail for not more than one year, or, in the discretion of the

90 court, be subject to both such fine and imprisonment.

CHAPTER 73

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1994—By Delegate Shepherd and Delegate Hamilton)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to political party executive committees generally; clarifying the statute which provides for the election of a senatorial or delegate district committee in only those senatorial or delegate districts which are multicounty districts; and providing for the election of two men and two women from each magisterial district to a party's executive committee in counties having three or less magisterial districts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-9. Political party committees; how composed; organization.

- 1 At the June primary election in the year one thousand nine
- 2 hundred eighty-six, and in every fourth year thereafter, the
- 3 voters of each political party in each senatorial district shall
- 4 elect two male and two female members of the state executive
- 5 committee of the party. In senatorial districts containing two
- 6 or more counties, not more than two such elected committee
- 7 members shall be residents of the same county. The committee,
- 8 when convened and organized as herein provided, shall
- 9 appoint three additional members of the committee from the
- 10 state at large.
- 11 At such primary election, the voters of each political party
- 12 in each county shall elect one male and one female member

of the party's executive committee of the congressional district, of the senatorial district and of the delegate district in which such county is situated, if such county be situated in a multi-county senatorial or delegate district. At the same time such voters in each magisterial district or executive committee district, as the case may be, of the county shall elect one male and one female member of the party's county executive committee, except that in counties having three or less magisterial districts or executive committee districts there shall be elected two male and two female members of the party's executive committee from each magisterial district or executive committee district.

For the purpose of complying with the provisions of this section the county commission shall create such executive committee districts as they shall determine, which such districts shall not be fewer than the number of magisterial districts in such counties nor shall they exceed in number the following: Forty for counties having a population of one hundred thousand persons or more; thirty for counties having a population of fifty thousand to one hundred thousand; twenty for counties having a population of twenty thousand to fifty thousand; and such districts in counties having a population of less than twenty thousand persons shall be coextensive with the magisterial districts.

The executive committee districts shall be as nearly equal in population as practicable, and shall each be composed of compact, contiguous territory. The county commissions shall constitute the executive committee district to be effective for the term of office of executive committee members elected at the one thousand nine hundred eighty-six primary election and thereafter. Executive committees as presently composed shall continue until after their successors are elected and qualified following the primary election of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. The county commissions shall change the territorial boundaries of such districts as necessary, only if there is an increase or decrease in the population of such districts as determined by a decennial census and such changes must be made within two years following such census.

All members of executive committees, selected for each political division as herein provided, shall reside within the

53 county or district from which chosen. The term of office of 54 all members of executive committees elected at the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, shall 55 begin on the first day of July, following said primary, and shall 56 57 continue for four years thereafter and until their successors are elected and qualified. Vacancies in the state executive 58 59 committee shall be filled by the members of the committee for the unexpired term. Vacancies in the party's executive 60 committee of a congressional district, senatorial district, 61 delegate district or county shall be filled by the party's 62 executive committee of the county in which such vacancy 63 64 exists, and shall be for the unexpired term.

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74 75 As soon as possible after the first day of July, following the election of the new executive committees, as herein provided, they shall convene within their respective political divisions, on the call of the chairman of corresponding outgoing executive committees, or by any member of the new executive committee in the event there is no corresponding outgoing executive committee, and proceed to select a chairman, a treasurer and a secretary, and such other officers as they may desire, each of which officers shall for their respective committees perform the duties that usually appertain to such offices.

CHAPTER 74

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1381—By Delegate Burke)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-seven, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section twelve, article four of said chapter three; to further amend said article four by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; to amend and reenact section thirteen, article four-a of said chapter three; and to further amend said article four-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, relating generally to the delivery and receipt of election supplies; time

limit for delivery of election supplies to election commissioners in counties using paper ballots, voting machines and electronic voting and to the appropriate officers in municipal elections; providing for the delivery of election supplies by special messenger in counties using paper ballots, voting machines and electronic voting; and providing for inspection, maintenance, removal and certification of ballot cards used in electronic voting.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-seven, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section twelve, article four of said chapter three be amended and reenacted; that said article four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; that section thirteen, article four-a of said chapter three be amended and reenacted; and that said article four-a be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 4. Voting Machines.
- 4A. Electronic Voting Systems.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

- §3-1-24. Obtaining and delivering election supplies.
- §3-1-25. Supplies by special messenger.
- §3-1-27. Municipal precinct registration records.

*§3-1-24. Obtaining and delivering election supplies.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the board of ballot commissioners
- 2 to appoint one or more of the commissioners of election at
- 3 each precinct of the county to attend at the offices of the clerks
- 4 of the circuit court and county commission, as the case may
- 5 be, at least one day before each election to receive the ballots,
- 6 ballot boxes, pollbooks, registration records and forms and all
- 7 other supplies and materials for conducting the election at the
- 8 respective precincts. The clerks shall take a receipt for the
- 9 respective materials delivered to the above commissioner or
- 10 commissioners of election, and shall file such receipt in their
- *Clarke Note: This section was also assented in S. D. 620 which massed

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended in S. B. 630, which passed subsequent to this bill.

- 11 respective offices. It shall be the duty of such commissioners
- 12 to receive such supplies and materials from the respective
- 13 clerks and to deliver the same with the seal of all sealed
- 14 packages unbroken, at the election precinct in time to open
- 15 the election.
- 16 Such commissioner or commissioners, if they perform such
- 17 services, shall receive the per diem and mileage rate prescribed
- 18 by law for this service.
- 19 Ballots shall be delivered in sealed packages with seals
- 20 unbroken. For general and special elections the ballots so
- 21 delivered shall not be in excess of one and one-twentieth times
- 22 the number of registered voters in the precinct. For primary
- 23 elections the ballots for each party shall be in a separately
- 24 sealed package containing not more than one and one-
- 25 twentieth times the number of registered voters of such party
- 25 twentieth times the number of registered voters of such party
- 26 in the election precinct.
- 27 For primary elections one copy of the pollbooks, including
- 28 the forms for oaths of commissioners of election and poll
- 29 clerks written or printed thereon, shall be supplied at each
- 30 voting precinct for each political party appearing on the
- 31 primary ballot.
- 32 There shall be two ballot boxes for each election precinct
- 33 for which a receiving and a counting board of election
- 34 commissioners have been appointed.

*§3-1-25. Supplies by special messenger.

- 1 In case any commissioner of election so appointed shall fail
- 2 to appear at the offices of the clerks of such county
- 3 commissions and circuit courts, by the close of the clerk's
- 4 office on the day prior to any election, the board of ballot
- 5 commissioners, the chairman thereof or the circuit clerk shall
- 6 forthwith dispatch a special messenger to the commissioners
- of election of each respective precinct with the ballots,
- 8 registration records, ballot boxes, pollbooks and other supplies
- 9 for such precinct. Such messenger, if not a county employee,
- 10 shall be allowed five dollars for this service and, even if he
- 11 be a county employee, twenty cents a mile for the distance
- 12 necessary to be traveled by him, and shall promptly report to

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended in S. B. 630, which passed subsequent to this bill.

- 13 the clerks of the circuit court and county commission,
- 14 respectively, and file with such clerks the receipts of the person
- 15 to whom he delivered such ballots and other supplies, and his
- 16 affidavit, stating when and to whom he delivered them.

*§3-1-27. Municipal precinct registration records.

At least one day prior to every municipal election, it shall be the duty of the appropriate officer designated by the municipality to procure from the municipal precinct file in the office of the clerk of the county commission the registration records necessary for the conduct of such election.

Such records shall, within ten days after the date of the municipal election, be returned to the office of the clerk of the county commission by the appropriate officer or officers designated by the municipality.

In case of a contested municipal election, the registration record of any challenged voter shall be made available by the clerk of the county commission to the officer or tribunal empowered to determine the contest. Such record shall be returned to the office of the clerk of the county commission within a reasonable time after the contest shall have been finally decided.

The clerk of the county commission shall acknowledge the release and return of the registration records under this section by the issuance of appropriate receipts.

by the issuance of appropriate receipts.
In the event any municipal registration record is lost,
destroyed, defaced or worn in any way as to warrant

replacement, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the county commission to prepare a duplicate of such record and it shall

be the duty of the municipality to pay for such replacement.

ARTICLE 4. VOTING MACHINES.

- §3-4-12. Inspection of machines; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; keys and records relating to machines.
- §3-4-12a. Supplies by special messenger.

*§3-4-12. Inspection of machines; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; keys and records relating to machines.

- 1 When the clerk of the county commission has completed the
- 2 preparation of the voting machines, as provided in the next

^{*}Clerks Note: These sections were also amended in S. B. 630, which passed subsequent to this bill.

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preceding section, and not later than seven days before the day of the election, he shall notify the members of the county commission and the ballot commissioners that the machines are ready for use. Thereupon the members of the county commission and the ballot commissioners shall convene at the office of the clerk, or at such other place wherein the voting machines are stored, not later than five days before the day of the election, and shall examine the machines to determine whether the requirements of this article have been met. Any candidate, and one representative of each political party having candidates to be voted on at the election, may be present during such examination. If the machines are found to be in proper order, the members of the county commission and the ballot commissioners shall endorse their approval in the book in which the clerk entered the numbers of the machines opposite the numbers of the precincts. The clerk shall then deliver the keys to the voting machines to the ballot commissioners who shall give a receipt for the keys, which receipt shall contain identification of such keys. Not later than one day before the election the election commissioner of each precinct who shall have been previously designated by the ballot commissioners, shall attend at the office of the clerks of the circuit court and county commission of such county to receive the key or keys to the device covering the registering counters and such other keys as may be necessary for the operation of the machine in registering votes, and to receive the other necessary election records, books and supplies required by law. Such election commissioners shall receive the per diem mileage rate prescribed by law for this service. Such election commissioners shall give the ballot commissioners a receipt for such keys, records, books and supplies, and such receipt shall contain identification of such keys. The master key and all other keys shall remain in the possession of the clerk of the county commission.

§3-4-12a. Supplies by special messenger.

In case any commissioner of election shall fail to appear at the offices of the clerks of the county commission and circuit

court by the close of the clerks' offices on the day prior to

any election, the board of ballot commissioners, the chairman

- 5 thereof or the circuit clerk shall cause all necessary election
- 6 records, books and supplies to be delivered by special
- 7 messenger in the same manner and under the same terms and
- 8 conditions as is provided for the dispatch of the special
- 9 messenger under the provisions of section twenty-five, article
- 10 one of this chapter.

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

§3-4A-13. Inspection of vote recording devices and ballot cards; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; records relating to vote recording devices and ballot cards; receipt of election materials by ballot commissioners.

§3-4A-13a. Supplies by special messenger.

*§3-4A-13. Inspection of vote recording devices and ballot cards; duties of county commission, ballot commissioners and election commissioners; records relating to vote recording devices and ballot cards; receipt of election materials by ballot commissioners.

When the clerk of the county commission has completed the 1 2 preparation of the vote recording devices as provided in section twelve of this article and the ballot cards as provided 3 in section twenty-one, article one of this chapter, and not later 4 than seven days before the day of the election, he shall notify 5 the members of the county commission and the ballot 6 commissioners that the devices are ready for use. Thereupon 7 the members of the county commission and the ballot 8 commissioners shall convene at the office of the clerk or at 9 such other place wherein the vote recording devices and ballot 10 cards are stored, not later than five days before the day of 11 the election, and shall inspect the devices and the ballot cards 12 to determine whether the requirements of this article have been 13 14 met. Notice of the place and time of such inspection shall be published, no less than three days prior thereto, as a Class I-15 O legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 16 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 17 publication area for such publication shall be the county 18 involved. Any candidate and one representative of each 19 political party on the ballot may be present during such 20 21 examination. If the devices and ballot cards are found to be in proper order, the members of the county commission and 22

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended in S. B. 630, which passed subsequent to this bill.

23 the ballot commissioners shall endorse their approval in the 24 book in which the clerk entered the numbers of the devices 25 opposite the numbers of the precincts. The devices and the 26 ballot cards shall then be secured in double lock rooms. The 27 county clerk and the president or president pro tempore of the 28 county commission shall each have a key. The rooms shall be 29 unlocked only in their presence and only for the removal of 30 the devices and the ballot cards for transportation to the polls. Upon such removal of the devices and ballot cards, the county 31 clerk and president or president pro tempore of the county 32 commission shall certify in writing signed by them that the 33 34 devices and packages of ballot cards were found to be sealed when removed for transportation to the polls. 35

Not later than one day before the election the election commissioner of each precinct who shall have been previously designated by the ballot commissioners, shall attend at the office of the clerks of the circuit court and county commission of such county to receive the necessary election records, books and supplies required by law. Such election commissioners shall receive the per diem mileage rate prescribed by law for this service. Such election commissioners shall give the ballot commissioners a sequentially numbered written receipt, on a printed form, provided by the clerk of the county commission, for such records, books and supplies. Such receipt shall be prepared in duplicate. One copy of the receipt shall remain with the clerk of the county commission and one copy shall be delivered to the president or president pro tempore of the county commission.

§3-4A-13a. Supplies by special messenger.

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In case any commissioner of election shall fail to appear at 1 the offices of the clerks of the county commission and circuit 2 court by the close of the clerks' offices on the day prior to 3 any election, the board of ballot commissioners, the chairman 4 thereof or the circuit clerk shall cause all necessary election 5 records, books and supplies to be delivered by special 6 messenger in the same manner and under the same terms and 7 conditions as is provided for the dispatch of the special 8 messenger under the provisions of section twenty-five, article 9 one of this chapter. 10

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CHAPTER 75

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1682—By Delegate Brown and Delegate Shepherd)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-six, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to training films for election officials; requiring the clerk of the county commission to conduct instructional programs including training films at least fifteen days prior to every primary and general election and to notify all election officials of such programs; prohibiting any election official from serving in an election without attending such instructional program; providing for removal and replacement of officials who fail to attend with certain exceptions; and requiring instructional programs for persons appointed as replacements for such officials.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-six, article one, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-46. Training film for election officials.

The secretary of state in conjunction with West Virginia board of regents shall produce a motion picture film which shall explain and illustrate the procedures for conducting elections, the duties of the various election officials and the methods of voting both on paper ballots and machines.

One copy of such film shall be distributed to the clerk of the county commission of each county to be kept and preserved by him. Such film shall be shown to all election officials before each primary or general election as part of their instructional program. The clerk of the county commission shall conduct such instructional program not less than fifteen days before each primary and general election and shall notify all election officials of the exact date, time and place such instructional program will be conducted.

No person shall serve as an election commissioner or poll 15 clerk in any election unless he or she has attended such 16 instructional program. A person to replace any election official 17 who fails to attend the instructional program shall be 18 appointed in the same manner as persons are appointed under 19 the provisions of section twenty-eight of this article to replace 20 21 election officials refusing to serve, and the clerk of the county 22 commission shall conduct an instructional program prior to the election for any such person or persons so appointed: 23 Provided, That in cases of emergency which prevent a person 24 from attending the instructional program, the county 25 commission may appoint such person as a commissioner or 26 poll clerk notwithstanding that such person has not received 27 28 the instruction.

While such film is not being used by the clerk for instructional purposes, it shall be available to any duly organized civic, religious, educational or charitable group without charge, except that the clerk shall require a cash deposit on such use in an amount to be determined by the secretary of state.

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40 41 The secretary of state shall cause such film to be amended, edited or reproduced whenever he is of the opinion such revision is necessary in light of changes in the election laws of this state.

No officeholder or person seeking election to any office shall appear in such film either in person or by visual image or by name.

CHAPTER 76

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1536—By Delegate Fullen and Delegate Riffle)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-one, article four-a of said chapter, all relating to absentee voting procedures; qualifications to vote an absent

voter's ballot by mail; qualifications to vote an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance at the office of the circuit clerk; absentee voting procedures in counties using electronic voting systems; circuit clerks in such counties to provide vote recording devices for absentee voting; absent voter ballot packets to be provided to voters qualified to vote an absent voter's ballot card by mail in such counties; procedure for voting and returning such absent voter ballot cards; duties of circuit clerks upon receipt of such absent voter ballot cards; duty of the election commissioners to determine legality of such absent voter ballot cards; and procedures for handling and processing of such absent voter ballot cards by the election officials at the polling place.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-one, article four-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 3. Voting By Absentees.
- 4A. Electronic Voting Systems.

ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.

§3-3-2. Absentee voting methods.

- An absent voter's ballot may be voted by mail or by personal appearance at the office of the clerk of the circuit court as provided in this section.
- 4 Any person described in subdivisions (1), (2) and (4), section one of this article may vote an absent voter's ballot by mail; 5 and any person described in subdivision (3), section one of this article may vote an absent voter's ballot by mail if (a) his application for an absent voter's ballot directs that the absent 9 voter's ballot be mailed to an out-of-county address, (b) the 10 envelope in which his absent voter's ballot is mailed is 11 postmarked at an address outside the county, or the voter 12 verifies by signature that he or she is mailing the absent voter's ballot from outside the county, and (c) he or she is required 13 to be absent from the county in which he or she is registered
- to be absent from the county in which he or she is registered to vote during regular business hours of the office of the clerk
- 16 of the circuit court of said county throughout the period, or

- throughout the remainder of the period, of voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance at said clerk's office.
- 19 Any person described in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4), section
- 20 one of this article, and any person described in subdivision (1),
- 21 section one of this article whose physical disability on the date
- 22 of the election is anticipated by reason of commitment to a
- 23 hospital, institution or other confinement for childbirth or
- 24 other medical reasons, may vote an absent voter's ballot by
- 25 personal appearance at the office of the clerk of the circuit
- 26 court.

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

§3-4A-21. Absent voter ballots; issuance, processing and tabulation.

- 1 Absentee voters shall cast their votes on absent voter ballot
- 2 cards. If absentee voters shall be deemed eligible to vote in
- 3 person at the office of the clerk of the circuit court, in
- 4 accordance with the provisions of article three of this chapter,
- 5 the clerk of the circuit court of each county shall provide a
- 6 vote recording device for the use of such absentee voters. For
- 7 all absentee voters deemed eligible to vote an absent voter's
- 8 ballot card by mail, in accordance with the provisions of article
- 9 three of this chapter, the clerk of the circuit court of each
- 10 county shall prepare and issue an absent voter ballot packet
- 11 consisting of the following:
- 12 (a) One official absent voter ballot card;
- 13 (b) One punching tool;
- 14 (c) One disposable styrofoam block to be placed behind the
- 15 ballot card for voting purposes and to be discarded after use
- 16 by the voter;
- 17 (d) One absent voter instruction ballot;
- 18 (e) One absent voter's ballot envelope No. 1, unsealed,
- 19 which shall have no writing thereon and which shall be
- 20 identical to the secrecy envelope used for placement of ballot
- 21 cards at the polls; and
- 22 (f) One absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2, which envelope
- 23 shall be marked with the proper precinct number and shall
- 24 provide a place on its seal for the absent voter to affix his
- 25 signature. Such envelope shall also otherwise contain the forms

and instructions as provided in section five, article three of this chapter, relating to the absentee voting of paper ballots.

Upon receipt of an absent voter's ballot card by mail, the voter shall mark the ballot card with the punch tool and the voter may receive assistance in voting his absent voter's ballot card in accordance with the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter.

After the voter has voted his absent voter's ballot card, he shall (1) enclose the same in absent voter's ballot envelope No. 1, and seal that envelope, (2) enclose sealed absent voter's ballot envelope No. 1 in absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2, (3) complete and sign the forms, if any, on absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2 according to the instructions thereon, and (4) mail, postage prepaid, sealed absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2 to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which he is registered to vote, unless the voter has appeared in person, in which event he shall hand deliver the sealed absent voter's ballot envelope No. 2 to the clerk.

Upon receipt of such sealed envelope, the circuit clerk shall (1) enter onto the envelope such information as may be required of him according to the instructions thereon; (2) enter his challenge, if any, to the absent voter's ballot; (3) enter the required information into a record of persons making application for and voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance or by mail (the form of which record and information to be entered therein shall be prescribed by the secretary of state); and (4) place such sealed envelope in a secure location in his office, there to remain until delivered to the polling place in accordance with the provisions of this article or, in case of a challenged ballot, to the county commission sitting as a board of canvassers.

When absent voters' ballots have been delivered to the election board of any precinct, the election commissioners shall, at the close of the polls, proceed to determine the legality of such ballots as prescribed in article three of this chapter. The commissioners shall then open all of the absent voter's ballot envelopes No. 2 which contain ballots not challenged and remove therefrom the absent voter's ballot envelopes No. 1. These ballot envelopes No. 1 shall then be shuffled and intermingled. The election commissioners and poll clerks, in

the presence of each other, shall next open all of the absent 66 voter's ballot envelopes No. 1 and remove the ballots 67 therefrom. The poll clerks shall then affix their signatures 68 thereto as provided in section nineteen-a of this article. The 69 commissioners shall then insert each ballot card into a secrecy 70 envelope identical to the secrecy envelopes used for the 71 placement of ballot cards of voters who are voting in person 72 at the polls and shall deposit the ballot in the ballot box. 73

CHAPTER 77

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1850-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright and Delegate Swann)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal articles six, six-b, six-c and six-d, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal chapter twenty-two of said code and to enact in lieu thereof a new chapter twenty-two; and to further amend said code by adding thereto two new chapters, designated chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b, all relating to providing for the consolidation of the administration and regulation of exploration for and development, production, utilization and conservation of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral resources of this state; providing for the creation of a new state department of energy charged generally with the administration of power and duties relating to the exploration for and development, production, utilization and conservation of all minerals; to create within the department of energy a division of mines and minerals to administer such laws and matters as relate to coal and other hard minerals; creating a division of oil and gas responsible for administration of such laws and matters as relate to oil and gas; providing that the act may be cited as The West Virginia Energy Act; specifying the legislative findings and policy; defining terms; providing for the commissioner and deputy commissioner of the department of energy, the director

of the division of mines and minerals and the director of the division of oil and gas, their appointment, qualifications, removal, salary, expenses, oath, bond, powers and duties; providing for the creation of sections within the divisions, qualifications of deputy directors thereof, and generally for the ability of the commissioner to delegate authority to such directors and deputy directors and others as he considers appropriate and to create such sections as are necessary for the effective administration of this act; providing for the transfer of funds, supplies, equipment, records and appropriations formerly held with the department of mines or department of natural resources to the department of energy; providing for the commissioner's authority to adopt rules and regulations; providing for the jurisdiction of the department of energy and cooperation with other governments and agencies; all permits, certifications, waivers, bonds, orders or authorizations heretofore issued to continue in effect; providing for hearings before the department of energy; providing for construction of the act; providing for the effective date of the act and operative dates for transfer of powers to the department of energy; providing for continuation of employment, tenure and civil service coverage of employees; relating to the continuation of the interstate mining compact, findings and purposes therefore, definitions, formulation of state programs for the conservation and use of mined land, powers conferred upon the interstate mining commission, the composition, duties and purposes thereof; providing for advisory, technical and regional committees; providing for budget recommendations to be made by the commission to the governor and manner of payment of the commission expenses; providing for the effective date of the act, effect on other laws, and construction and severability of the act; providing for the bylaws of the commission and withdrawal from the compact; providing for the continuation of the abandoned mine reclamation act, the title thereof, the legislative findings, intent and purpose of the act, the jurisdiction and authority of the commissioner to accomplish the purpose of said act to restore and reclaim land and water resources disturbed by coal surface mining operations, and defining terms; providing for the abandoned land reclamation fund and the objectives of the fund; specifying lands eligible for reclamation; providing for the powers and duties of the

commissioner, the program plans and reclamation projects under the act; providing for the acquisition and reclamation of the land adversely affected by past coal surface mining practices; providing for liens against reclaimed land, and a procedure for petition and appeal; providing for the priority of such liens; providing for filling voids and sealing tunnels existing from previous coal surface mining operations; providing for the general and miscellaneous powers and duties of the commissioner, cooperative agreements, injunctive relief, water treatment plants and facilities, the transfer of funds and interagency cooperation; continuing a reclamation board of review, and providing for the appointment, organization, authority, compensation, expenses and removal of the members thereof, appeals to the board, hearings before the board, subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, powers, records, findings and orders of the board, appeals from orders of the board, judicial review and temporary relief; continuing a board of appeals to hear appeals and make determinations on questions of miners' entitlements; providing for the composition and powers of said board and the compensation and terms of members; providing for the continuation of the board of coal mine health and safety, and providing for the membership thereof, method of nomination and appointment, meetings, vacancies, quorum, powers, duties, compensation and expenses of members, definitions, findings and purposes; providing for a health and safety administrator, his qualifications, duties, employees and compensation; promulgation of rules and regulations and reports of the board; continuing a shallow gas well review board and providing for policy and findings, definitions, applications of the article and exclusions therefrom; board membership, method of appointment, vacancies, compensation, expenses, staff, general powers and duties, rules and regulations and other requirements; meetings and notice requirements therefor, objections to proposed drilling, conferences, agreed locations and changes on plats, hearings, orders, distance limitations between wells, application for and establishment of a drilling unit and notice thereof and, hearings and orders pursuant thereto, pooling of interests in drilling units and limitations thereon; the effects of orders establishing drilling unit or pooling of interests, and recording procedures, judicial review, appeal to the supreme court of appeals and legal representation for the board.

operation on drilling units, unit agreements, injunctive relief. criminal penalties for violations, and construction of article: promulgated rules and regulations and orders and permits to remain in effect, though subject to review; continuing the oil and gas conservation commission and office of commissioner, and in conjunction therewith providing for public policy and legislative findings, definitions, applications and exclusions. commission membership, qualifications for members, terms, vacancies, meetings, compensation and expenses of members. appointment and qualifications of the commissioner and his general powers and duties, rules and regulations and notice requirements therefor, prohibition against waste, drilling units and pooling for deep oil and gas wells, procedures for secondary recovery of oil and unit operations, validity of unit agreements, hearing procedures, judicial review, appeal to supreme court of appeals, legal representation for commissioner, procedures for obtaining injunctive relief, oil and gas conservation tax, criminal penalties for violation, construction and severability; promulgated rules and regulations and orders and permits to remain in effect, though subject to review; continuing the board of miner training, education and certification and in conjunction therewith providing for legislative findings and policies, definitions; appointment of board and chairman, terms, vacancies and compensation, powers and duties of board, duties of commissioner and the department; providing for the certification of underground and surface coal miners, competency and qualification requirements therefor and certificates, definitions, apprenticeship permits for underground and surface miners, supervision of apprentices, refusal to issue certificates, appeals, limitations and application of article, and criminal penalties for violations thereof; continuing the mine inspectors examining board, its composition and general powers and duties; continuing provisions for emergency medical personnel in coal mines and requirements for first-aid training for coal mine employees; continuing the oil and gas inspector's examining board and providing for its composition, appointment, term, compensation of the members, meetings, and general powers and duties; appointment, tenure, qualifications, salary, expenses and removal of oil and gas inspectors and supervising inspectors; providing for the formation of the division of mines and minerals and a director thereof, his term, appointment,

qualifications, salary, oath and bond, purpose, administration and enforcement powers of the division, definition of terms, rules and regulations, the commissioner's and director's powers and duties; providing for mine inspectors, their districts and divisions, employment, tenure, oath and bond; providing for mine safety instructors, their qualifications, employment, compensation, tenure, oath and bond, the appointment of mine inspectors in the case of vacancies and their tenure; providing for electrical inspectors, their qualifications, salary, expenses, tenure, oath and bond; providing for eligibility and qualifications of mine inspectors, their salary, expenses, removal from office; providing for eligibility and qualifications for surface mine inspectors, their salary, expenses and removal from office; providing for authority and duties of the commissioner, director and authorized representatives to enter mines without notice and inspect mines and issue reports after fatal accidents, and findings, orders and notices with respect to dangerous conditions or violations of law: authorized representative of mines may accompany authorized representatives of commissioner on an inspection; providing for powers and duties of electrical inspectors with regard to inspections. findings and orders; review of orders and notices by the commissioner, posting of notices, orders and decisions and delivery to agent of operator, and requiring that names and addresses be filed by operators; providing for judicial review, injunctions, civil and criminal penalties, discriminations, and records and reports; providing for appointment and salary of mine foreman examiner, mine foreman-fire bosses and assistant mine foreman-fire bosses, duties of the mine foreman examiner: preparation and administration examinations notice of intent to take examination and investigation of applicants. certificates of qualification of examinees, certificate of mine foreman examiner, record of examinations, withdrawal of certification, certification of mine foreman or assistant mine foreman with regards to licensing when similar activities were suspended in another state; purchase of mine rescue stations and their equipment; employment of mine rescue crews and rescue teams; requiring mandatory safety programs; and providing criminal penalties for violating severability of provisions; providing for coal mines generally, mining maps, professional supervision thereof, seals and certifications. contents, extensions, repositories, availability, traversing,

copies, archives, surveys and maps, and criminal penalties for violations; providing for mine ventilation generally, including plans and approval thereof, fans, and ventilation of unused and abandoned mine areas; providing for the movement of mining equipment generally; providing for requiring underground mine foreman-fire bosses, their assistants, certification and duties with respect to ventilation, loose coal, slate or rocks, props, drainage of water, mandoors and instruction of apprentice miners; providing for regulation of slopes, incline planes and haulage roads; providing for signals on haulways. lights at mouth and at bottom of shaft, operation of cages and boreholes; providing for instruction of employees and supervision of apprentices, annual examinations of persons using flame safety lamps, records of such examinations and maintenance of methane detectors, etc.; providing daily inspection of working places and records; providing for safety inspections, removal of gas, sealing off dangerous places, examination of reports of fire bosses, ascertaining, recording and removal of dangers; providing for duty to notify operators when unable to comply with law and duty of operation; providing for the death or resignation of the mine foreman and a successor; providing for the duties of fire bosses to prepare danger signals and maintain open records; providing that fire bosses shall have no superior officers, prohibiting entry of mine prior to fire boss report of safety and general authority of fire bosses; providing for the control of coal dust, rock dusting, roof control programs and plans, refusal to work under unsupported roof, roof support, examination and testing, correction of dangerous conditions, roof bolt recovery, canopies or cabs and electric face equipment; providing for roof equipment to conform to seam; providing generally for the use of authorized explosives, storage and use of unauthorized explosives; providing for separate surface magazines for explosives, transportation of explosives, the underground storage thereof, and preparation for shots and blasting practices, setting forth procedures for misfires of explosives and other blasting devices; providing for hoisting machinery, telephones, safety devices, hoisting engineers and drum runners; providing for transportation generally, including haulage roads and equipment; shelter holes, prohibited practices, signals and inspections; providing for transportation of miners by cars, self propelled equipment and belts;

providing for flame resistant conveyor belts, their installation and maintenance; providing for general electrical provisions and the use of bonding track as power conductor; providing for telephone service and communication facilities; providing for conditions for electrical equipment in mines, for hand drills, rotating tools and trailing cables, and installation of lighting; providing for conditions for welding and cutting, responsibility for care and maintenance of face equipment and requirements for respiratory equipment and control of dust; providing for safeguards for mechanical equipment; providing for procurements of dust tight electrical equipment, fireproof construction, dust control, repairs, welding, handrails and toeboards, protection of personnel on conveyors, back guards on ladders, walkways or safety devices around thickeners; providing for housekeeping and storage of flammable liquids and lamphouses: providing for smoking restrictions: providing for miscellaneous safety provisions and requirements including railroad cars and dumping areas; rules, regulations and duties of operators; protective equipment and clothing, safety helmet and checking systems, prohibiting endangering security of mines, search for intoxicants, matches, etc.; providing for fire protection; first-aid equipment; accessible outlets, safe roadways for emergencies, accessibility of first-aid equipment, use of special capsule for removal of personnel; providing for coal storage bins, recovery tunnels and coal storage piles, thermal coal dryers and plants; prohibiting opening or reopening any mine without prior approval of the commissioner, establishing approval fees, and extensions of certificates of approval; providing that certificates are not transferable, and that section is to be printed on certificates; providing for the sealing and permanent closing of abandoned mines, mining close to abandoned workings, and explosions or accidents, notices, investigations by department, written reports of accidents, and preservation of evidence following accident or disaster; providing for fires in and about mines and notification of the director and mine inspector; providing for shafts and slopes generally; requiring that mine examiner be employed during the sinking of a shaft or a driving of a slope to a coal bed, and the qualifications for such examiner: providing for the rights of miners to refuse to operate on unsafe equipment, the procedures therefor and discrimination policies: providing for methods of long wall and short wall

mining; providing for the construction of shafts, slopes, surface facilities and the safety hazards therewith, duties of the board of coal mine health and safety to promulgate rules and regulations, and time limits therefor; providing for the control of respirable dust; providing for procedures prior to operating near oil and gas wells, setting forth general provisions relating to opening of old or abandoned mines, monthly reports by mine operators, examinations to determine compliance with permits, and providing for severability of provisions of article: providing for the West Virginia surface coal mining and reclamation act, title thereto, legislative findings and purpose. authority, jurisdiction, duties and functions of commissioner. apportionment of responsibility, interdepartmental cooperation, definitions, reclamation supervisors and inspectors, their appointment, qualifications, salary and duties; providing for notice of intention to prospect and requirements therefor, bonding, commissioner's authority to deny or limit such prospecting, postponement of reclamation, prohibited acts and exceptions; prohibiting surface mining without a permit and providing for permit requirements, successors, duration, insurance, termination, fees, application requirements and contents; providing for reclamation plan requirements, performance bonds, amount and method of bonding, bonding requirements, special reclamation tax and fund, prohibited acts, and period of bonding liability; providing for general environmental protection performance standards for surface mining and variances; providing for a pilot program for growing grapes on reclaimed areas; providing for surface effects of underground mining and application of other provisions to surface of underground mining; providing for inspections, monitoring, right of entry, inspection of records, identification signs, and progress maps; providing for cessation of operation by order of inspector, informal conference, imposition of affirmative obligations, and appeals; providing for notices of violations, procedure and actions, enforcement, permit revocation and bond forfeiture, civil criminal penalties, appeals to the board, prosecution and injunctive relief; providing for approval, denial, revision and prohibition of permit; providing for permit revision, renewal, transfer, assignment, sale and reassignment; providing for public notice, written objections, and informal conferences; providing for decision of director on permit application and hearing thereon;

providing for the designation of areas unsuitable for surface mining, petition for removal of such designation, prohibition of surface mining on certain areas, exceptions, taxation of minerals underlying land designated as unsuitable; providing for release of performance bonds or deposits, application therefor, notice, duties of director in this regard, public hearings, and final maps on grade release; providing for water rights and replacement and waiver of replacement; providing for citizens suits, orders of court and damages; providing for those surface mining operations not subject to article; providing for leasing of lands owned by state for surface mining of coal; providing for special permits for removal of coal incidental to land development; prohibited acts, application, bond and reclamation for existing abandoned coal processing waste piles; providing for existing permits and performance bond conversion and exemption from design criteria; providing for experimental practices; providing for certification and training of blasters; providing for certification of surface miners and surface mine foremen; providing for monthly reports by operators; providing for the applicability and enforcement of laws safeguarding life and property. regulations, and authority of department of energy regarding such safety laws; providing for conflicting provisions; prohibiting conflicts of interest, criminal penalties therefor, and employee protection; providing for severability of provisions of article, providing for validity of regulations promulgated under section 502(c) of the surface mining control and reclamation act of 1977, and providing for the consolidation of permitting, enforcement and rule making authority for surface mining operations, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, and the effective date thereof; providing for surface mining and reclamation of minerals other than coal, jurisdiction and duties in connection therewith, legislative purpose and apportionment of responsibility, definitions, reclamation supervisors and inspectors, their appointment, qualifications, salaries and duties; providing for surface mining permits, applications, issuance, renewals, fees and use of proceeds: providing for preplans for reclamation and surface mining; providing for the installation of a drainage system and alternate plans for not calling for backfilling where a water impoundment is desired, and its time limits; providing for limitations of areas for surface mining, and mandamus;

providing for blasting restrictions, formulas, filing preplans, civil penalties and notices; providing for the time limits for reclamation work, obligations of the operator, cessation of operation by inspector, completion of planning, inspection and evaluation, performance bonds, exceptions as to highway construction projects, applicability of law safeguarding life and property, rules and regulations therefor, and supervision of operations thereof, monthly reports by the operators, general rules and regulations, noncompliance procedures, adjudications, findings, etc., by written order, contents thereof and notices; providing for appeals, hearings, records, findings and orders; providing for offenses, criminal penalties, prosecutions, treble damages and injunctive relief; providing for the validity and construction of existing surface mining permits, and certification of surface miners and surface mine foreman; providing for underground clay mines; definitions, mine foreman and assistants and the employment and qualifications thereof, and providing for regulations for protection of health and safety of employees of such mines; providing for open pit mines, cement manufacturing plants and underground limestone and sandstone mines, definitions, applicability of mining law to such mines and plants, rules and regulations, monthly reports by operators, inspectors and criminal penalties; providing for a division of oil and gas and a director thereof, oil and gas wells generally, and administration and enforcement of laws in connection therewith, definitions, rules and regulations, appointments, powers and duties of director, and public records; providing for oil and gas inspectors, their eligibility, qualifications, salary, expenses and removal; providing for findings and orders of such inspectors, time for abatement, extensions of such time, special inspections, and notice of findings and orders; providing for review of such findings and orders, special inspections, annulments, revisions, etc., of order and notice; providing for requirements for such findings, orders and notices and the posting thereof; providing for judicial review; providing for permits for well work, fees, applications, and soil erosion control plans; providing water pollution conditions, powers and duties of directors, prohibitions, criminal and civil penalties and appeals to state water resources board; providing for special conditions for permits on flat well royalty leases and legislative findings and declarations in this regard; providing for notice to property

owners; providing for procedures for filing comments and notices; providing for review of application, issuance of permits in the absence of objections and comments, copy of such permits to county assessor; providing for permits to drill or fracture wells, plats, notices, bonds or other securities and forfeiture thereof, all in connection with such permits; providing for permits to fracture certain wells, and notices in connection therewith; providing for permits to introduce liquids or wastes into wells, and in connection therewith the plats, notices and bonds or security and the preparation and contents thereof; providing for objections to proposed drilling of deep wells and to fracturing, notices and hearings, agreed location or conditions, indication of changes on plats, etc., and issuance of permits; providing for objections to proposed drilling or converting for introducing liquids or wastes into wells, notices and hearings, agreed locations or conditions, indication of changes on plats, etc., issuance of permits, and docket of proceedings; providing for objections to proposed drilling of shallow gas wells, notice to chairman of review board, indication of changes on plats, and issuance of permits; providing for the applicablility of certain provisions of law, to appeals from orders issuing or refusing permits and procedure therefor; providing for appeals from orders issuing or refusing permits for drilling location for introduction of liquids or waste or from conditions of converting procedure; providing for protective devices when well penetrates workable coal beds, when gas is found beneath or between workable coal beds, continuance of such devices during life of well, and plugging method when well is dry or abandoned; providing for protective devices when well is drilled through horizon of coal bed from which coal has been removed, and installation of fresh water casings; providing for filing of well logs; contents thereof, and authority to promulgate regulations in connection therewith; providing for plugging, abandonment and reclamation of wells, notice of intention therefor, performance bonds or securities, and affidavits showing time and manner thereof; providing for methods of plugging wells; providing for the introduction of liquid pressure into producing strata to recover oil contained therein; providing for performance bonds, corporate surety or other security; providing a cause of action for damages caused by explosions; providing for oil and gas conservation commissioner as acting administrator and

administrative assistants; providing for supervision by department of energy over drilling, mining and reclamation, operations, complaints, hearings and appeals; providing for reclamation fund and fees; providing for reclamation requirements; providing for rules and regulations and hearings before department of energy and appeals; providing for prevention of waste of gas, plans of operation required for wasting gas in process of producing oil, and rejection thereof: providing for rights of adjacent owners or operators to prevent waste of gas and recovery of costs; providing for restraining of waste; providing for offenses and criminal penalties; providing for injunctive relief and appeals; providing for civil actions for contamination or deprivation of fresh water sources or supplies and presumptions in connection therewith: providing for declarations of oil and gas notice by owners and lessees of coal seams; providing for causes of action for damages caused by explosions; providing for reorganizations and required reports; providing that rules, regulations, orders and permits in existence will remain valid but will be subject to review; providing for damages and compensation to surface owners resulting from oil and gas drilling and production, legislative findings and purpose, definitions, items of compensation and damage, preservation of common law rights of action and offsets, notification of claim, agreements, offers of settlement, rejection, legal action, arbitration, fees, costs and application and severability of these provisons; providing for transportation of oils, duty of pipeline companies, inspection grading and measurement, receipt, deduction for waste of oil of 35° Baume at 60° Fahrenheit; providing for the inspection, measurement and loss of oil over 35° Baume at 60° Fahrenheit; providing a lien for charges; providing for accepted orders, certificates for oil, and negotiability; providing for dealing in oil without consent of owner, monthly statements, statements of amount of oil; providing criminal penalties for wrongful issuance, sale or alteration of receipts, orders, etc., and dealing in oil without consent of owner in interest: providing for forfeitures for failure to make reports and statements; providing for underground gas storage reservoirs; definitions; filing of maps and data by persons operating or proposing to operate gas storage reservoirs; filing of maps and data by persons operating coal mines; notice by persons operating coal mines; obligations to be performed by

persons operating storage reservoirs; inspection of facilities and records; reliance on maps; burden of proof; exemptions; alternate methods; powers and duties of director; conferences; hearings; appeals; enforcement and criminal penalties for violations; and providing that orders in effect remain effective but are subject to review.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That articles six, six-b, six-c and six-d, chapter twenty of the code of West Viginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that chapter twenty-two of said code be repealed and that a new chapter twenty-two of said code be enacted in lieu thereof; and that said code be further amended by adding thereto two new chapters, designated chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 22. Energy.
- 22A. Mines and Minerals.
- 22B. Oil and Gas.

CHAPTER 22. ENERGY.

Article

- 1. Title; Purposes; Department of Energy.
- 2. Interstate Mining Compact.
- 3. Abandoned Mine Lands and Reclamation Act.
- 4. Reclamation Board of Review.
- 5. Board of Appeals.
- 6. Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety.
- 7. Shallow Gas Well Review Board.
- 8. Oil and Gas Conservation.
- 9. Board of Miner Training, Education and Certification.
- 10. Certification of Underground and Surface Coal Miners.
- 11. Mine Inspectors' Examining Board.
- 12. Emergency Medical Personnel.
- 13. Oil and Gas Inspectors' Examining Board.

ARTICLE 1. TITLE; PURPOSES; DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

- §22-1-1. Short title.
- §22-1-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy.
- §22-1-3. Definitions.
- §22-1-4. Department of energy created.
- §22-1-5. Commissioner of energy; appointment; duties; qualifications; removal; salary; expenses; oath and bond.
- §22-1-6. Deputy commissioner—Appointment; eligibility; salary; duties; oath; bond.

- §22-1-7. Divisions within department; sections within divisions.
- §22-I-8. Director of the division of mines and minerals—Appointment; eligibility; salary.
- §22-1-9. Same—Oath and bond.
- §22-1-10. General powers and duties of the director of the division of mines and minerals.
- §22-1-11. Director of the division of oil and gas—Appointment; eligibility; salary.
- §22-1-12. Same—Oath and bond.
- §22-1-13. General powers and duties of director of the division of oil and gas and commissioner.
- §22-1-14. Transfer of funds, supplies, equipment, records, appropriations, etc.
- §22-1-15. Commissioner's authority to promulgate rules and regulations.
- §22-1-16. Jurisdiction vested in department; cooperation with other governments and agencies; continuation of permits, etc.
- §22-1-17. Hearings before department of energy.
- §22-1-18. Construction.
- §22-1-19. Effective date of act.
- §22-1-20. Operative dates and transfer of functions.
- §22-1-21. Continuation of employment, tenure, civil service coverage.

§22-1-1. Short title.

- 1 This act, which includes the provisions of this chapter and
- 2 chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b, may be cited as "The
- 3 West Virginia Energy Act."

§22-1-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the mineral
- 2 development industry is vital to the state's economy and the
- 3 employment of many of its citizens, that there exists a need
- 4 for comprehensive regulation of this industry and the
- 5 consolidation of regulatory power and statutes in a single act
- 6 and under a single department of state government with
- 7 related boards and commissions, that such consolidation will 8 result in more efficient administration, avoid unnecessary
- 9 delays in permitting and other matters, provide better and
- more expeditious enforcement and application of environmen-
- 11 tal and safety laws as herein provided, result in better
- 12 cooperation between agencies, provide for uniform policies
- 13 and consistent treatment of entities engaged in mineral
- 14 development, and that such efficient and uniform administra-
- 15 tion and regulation will make this state's industry more
- 16 competitive with that in other enegy producing states.
- 17 Accordingly, it is hereby declared the public policy of this state and the purpose of this act:

- (a) To foster, encourage and promote the exploration for and the development, production, utilization and conservation of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources of the state through the fullest practical means, and at the same time promote economic development in the state, protect the environment and enhance safety and health in these vital industries;
- 26 (b) To provide a comprehensive program for the explora-27 tion, conservation, development, protection, enjoyment, 28 recovery and use of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 29 resources in this state;
- 30 (c) To aid in such a comprehensive program by creating a 31 single department, designated the department of energy, to have the regulatory powers with respect to this industry and 32 to have the general duties and responsibilities heretofore 33 34 existing in the department of natural resources and department of mines, and that the department will perform such duties 35 36 and functions in conjunction with the respective boards and 37 commissions which are herein continued in effect;
- 38 (d) To expedite and facilitate the issuance of permits for 39 mines, surface mining operations, oil and gas wells and other 40 well work; to avoid conflicting permitting requirements and 41 regulations in this state or with federal agencies; and to 42 provide uniform policies with respect to this industry;
- 43 (e) To provide for a single agency of this state to implement 44 requirements and programs of federal law affecting the 45 exploration, development, production, recovery and utilization 46 of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral resources in this state;
- 47 (f) To provide for an agency of this state which can be 48 consulted with by other agencies of this state prior to the 49 adoption or implementation of rules, regulations, standards, 50 programs or requirements affecting the exploration, develop-51 ment, production, recovery and utilization of coal, oil and gas, 52 and other mineral resources in this state.

§22-1-3. Definitions.

1 (a) Unless the context, in which used, clearly requires a 2 different meaning, the following definitions shall apply in this 3 chapter:

- 4 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the 5 department of energy;
- 6 (2) "Department" means the state department of energy;
- (3) "Division of mines and minerals" means the division of 7 mines and minerals of the department of energy; and
- 9 (4) "Division of oil and gas" means the division of oil and 10 gas of the department of energy.
- 11 (b) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the use
- of the word "and" and the word "or" shall be interchangeable, 12
- 13 as, for example, "oil and gas" shall mean oil or gas or both.

§22-1-4. Department of energy created.

- There is hereby created in state government a department
- to be known as the department of energy. It shall be the 2
- purpose of the department, by and through the commissioner,
- the director of the division of mines and minerals and the
- director of the division of oil and gas to carry out the energy 5
- policy of the state as set forth in this chapter and in chapters
- twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b of this code.

§22-1-5. Commissioner of energy; appointment; duties; qualifications; removal; salary; expenses; oath and bond.

- The commissioner shall be the chief executive officer of the 1
- department. Subject to provisions of law, he shall organize the
- department into such offices, divisions, agencies and other
- units of activity as may be found by the commissioner to be 4
- desirable for the orderly, efficient and economical administra-5
- tion of the department and for the accomplishment of its 6
- objects and purposes. The commissioner may appoint 7
- assistants, hearing officers, clerks, stenographers, and other
- officers and employees needed for the operation of the 9
- department and may prescribe their powers and duties and fix 10
- their compensation within amounts appropriated therefor. 11
- The commissioner shall have the power to and may 12
- designate the deputy commissioner or other officers or 13
- employees of the department to substitute for him on any 14
- board or commission established under this chapter or to sit 15
- in his place in any hearings, appeals, meetings or other
- activities with such substitute having the same powers, duties, 16
- authority and responsibility as the commissioner. Additionally, 17 18

19 the commissioner shall have the power to delegate to the 20 deputy commissioner, division directors, section deputies or other personnel, his powers, duties, authority and responsibil-21 ity relating to issuing permits, hiring and training inspectors 22 23 and other employees of the department, conducting hearings and appeals and such other duties and functions set forth in 24 25 this chapter or chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b as he 26 considers appropriate.

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The commissioner shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor.

30 At the time of his initial appointment, the commissioner 31 shall be at least thirty years old and shall be selected with special reference and consideration given to his administrative 32 experience and ability, to his demonstrated interest in the 33 energy resources industry and to his experience in the energy 34 resource field. The commissioner shall not be a candidate for 35 36 or hold any other public office, shall not be a member of any 37 political party committee and shall immediately forfeit and vacate his office as commissioner in the event he becomes a 38 candidate for or accepts appointment to any other public office 39 40 or political party committee.

The commissioner shall receive an annual salary of \$65,000 41 and shall be allowed and paid necessary expenses incident to 42 the performance of his official duties. Prior to the assumption 43 of the duties of his office, the commissioner shall take and 44 subscribe to the oath required of public officers prescribed by 45 section 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia and 46 shall execute a bond, with surety approved by the governor, 47 in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, which executed oath 48 and bond shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. 49 Premiums on the bond shall be paid from the department 50 51 funds.

§22-1-6. Deputy Commissioner—Appointment; eligibility; salary; duties; oath; bond.

There shall be a deputy commissioner of the department who shall be appointed by and serve at the will and pleasure

- 3 of the governor. The salary of the deputy commissioner shall
- 4 be set by the governor and be paid with department funds.
- 5 The commissioner or governor shall prescribe the duties and

6 responsibilities of the deputy commissioner.

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7 Prior to the assumption of the duties of his office, the 8 deputy commissioner shall take and subscribe to the oath required of public officers prescribed by section 5, article IV 9 of the constitution of West Virginia and shall execute a bond. 10 with surety approved by the governor, in the penal sum of two 11 thousand dollars, which executed oath and bond shall be filed 12 in the office of the secretary of state. Premium on the bond 13 14 shall be paid from department funds.

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§22-1-7. Divisions within department; sections within divisions.

- (a) Divisions of mines and minerals, and oil and gas are hereby created and established within the department. Subject to provisions of law, the commissioner shall allocate the functions and services of the department to the divisions, offices and activities thereof and may from time to time establish and abolish other divisions, offices and activities within the department in order to carry out fully and in an orderly manner the powers, duties and responsibilities of his office as commissioner. The commissioner shall select and designate a competent and qualified person to be director of each division. The director of a division shall be the principal administrative officer of that division and shall be accountable and responsible for the orderly and efficient performance of the duties, functions and services thereof.
- (b) There shall be within the division of mines and minerals a permit section, an inspection and enforcement section and a safety, health and training section, and such other sections and units of activity as may be found by the commissioner to be necessary and desirable for the orderly, efficient and economical administration of the department for the accomplishment of its purposes. Each section shall be headed by a deputy director appointed by the commissioner. The deputy director of the safety, health and training section shall be a citizen of this state, shall be a competent person of good repute and temperate habits and shall have had at least fifteen years' experience underground in coal mines, at least ten of which shall have been underground in coal mines in this state. Such deputy director of the safety, health and training section shall possess practical knowlege of the different systems for the working, ventilating and draining of coal mines, and a

31 practical and scientific knowledge of all noxious and dangerous gases found in such mines. A diploma in mining 32 engineering from the West Virginia University school of mines 33 34 or any similarly accredited engineering school shall be counted 35 as two years' working experience. Such deputy director shall 36 devote all of his time to the duties of the office and shall not 37 be directly or indirectly interested financially in any mine in this state. The deputy director of any other section of the 38 division of mines and minerals shall possess such qualifications 39 as shall be prescribed by the commissioner. 40

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(c) There shall be within the division of oil and gas a permit section, an inspection and enforcement section and a safety, health and training section, and such other sections and units of activity as may be found by the commissioner to be 45 necessary and desirable for the orderly, efficient and economical administration of the department for the accomp-46 lishment of its purposes. Each such section shall be headed 47 by a deputy director appointed by the commissioner. The deputy director of each section of the division of oil and gas 49 shall possess such qualifications as shall be prescribed by the 50 commissioner.

§22-1-8. Director of the division of mines and minerals-Appointment; eligibility; salary.

- (a) There shall be a director of the division of mines and minerals who shall be appointed by the commissioner to serve at the will and pleasure of the commissioner and whose salary shall be set by the commissioner. The director of the division of mines and minerals shall have full charge of the administration of the division of mines and minerals and of such other matters as are delegated and assigned to the director of the division of mines and minerals by the commissioner relating to such mines and minerals matters set out in this chapter and in chapter twenty-two-a of this code, subject always to the direct supervision and control of the commissioner.
- (b) The director of the division of mines and minerals shall be a citizen of West Virginia, shall be a competent person of good repute and temperate habits with demonstrated interest and experience in coal mining. The director of the division of mines and minerals shall devote all of his time to his duties and shall not be directly or indirectly interested financially in

18 any mine in this State.

§22-1-9. Same—Oath and bond.

- 1 The director of the division of mines and minerals shall,
- 2 before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take the oath
- 3 of office prescribed by section five, article four of the
- 4 Constitution of West Virginia, and shall execute a bond in the
- 5 penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved
- 6 by the governor, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of
- his duties, a certificate of which oath and bond shall be filed
- 8 in the office of the secretary of state.

§22-1-10. General powers and duties of the director of the division of mines and minerals.

- 1 The director of the division of mines and minerals is hereby
- 2 empowered and it shall be his duty to execute and carry out,
- 3 administer and enforce such provisions of this chapter and
- 4 chapter twenty-two-a of the code as are expressly conferred
- 5 upon him by such provisions or delegated to him by the
- 6 commissioner relating to mines and minerals.

§22-1-11. Director of the division of oil and gas—Appointment; eligibility; salary.

- l (a) There shall be a director of the division of oil and gas
- who shall be appointed by the commissioner to serve at the will and pleasure of the commissioner and whose salary shall
- 4 be set by the commissioner. The director of the division of
- 5 oil and gas shall have full charge of the oil and gas matters
- 6 set out in this chapter and in chapter twenty-two-b of this
- 7 code, subject always to the direct supervision and control of
- 8 the commissioner.
- 9 (b) The director of the division of oil and gas shall be a 10 citizen of West Virginia, shall be a competent person of good
- Il reputation and temperate habits and shall be a registered
- 12 professional engineer and shall have had at least ten years'
- 13 practical experience in the oil and gas industry. A degree in
- 14 mining, petroleum engineering or geology shall be counted as
- 15 two years' practical experience. The director of the division of
- 16 oil and gas shall devote all of his time to his duties and shall
- not be directly or indirectly interested financially in any oil
- 18 or gas production or drilling or in any coal mine in this state.

§22-1-12. Same—Oath and bond.

The director of the division of oil and gas shall, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take the oath of office prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia, and shall execute a bond in the penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the governor, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties, a certificate of which oath and which bond shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

§22-1-13. General powers and duties of director of the division of oil and gas and commissioner.

(a) Except for the authority of the shallow gas well review board under article seven of this chapter and of the oil and gas conservation commission under article eight of this chapter and of the oil and gas inspectors examining board under article thirteen of this chapter, and subject to the rule review provisions of subsection (b) of this section and the appellate review provisions of section fourteen of this article, the director of the division of oil and gas is hereby empowered and it shall be his duty to execute and carry out, administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter and chapter twenty-two-b of the code in the manner provided herein as they relate to oil and gas. Subject to the provisions of this chapter and chapter twenty-two-b of the code, the director of the division of oil and gas shall have jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property necessary therefor.

(b) The director of the division of oil and gas is authorized to propose or promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out and implement the provisions of this chapter and chapter twenty-two-b of this code as are specifically authorized in said chapter twenty-two-b of this code. Except where specifically exempted in chapter twenty-two-b of this code, the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to the proposal or promulgation of any such rules and regulations. No rules and regulations shall be finally proposed or promulgated by the director of the division of oil and gas for purposes of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, unless and until the commissioner has approved such rules and regulations as provided herein. To the extent that the commissioner approves only a portion thereof, only that

30 portion so approved may be finally proposed or promulgated by the director of the division of oil and gas. The commis-31 32 sioner shall determine whether he will review the rules and 33 regulations within thirty days from the date the same are filed with the commissioner by the director of the division of oil 34 35 and gas. If the commissioner decides to make such a review, he shall file a notice of review with the director of the division 36 of oil and gas within the thirty day time period. Failure by 37 the commissioner to file a notice of review shall be considered 38 39 to be commissioner approval of such rules and regulations, or 40 parts thereof. If the commissioner files a notice of review, he shall act to approve, disapprove or rewrite such rules and 41 42 regulations or parts thereof within sixty days from the filing of the notice of review. Failure by the commissioner to act 43 within the sixty day time period shall be considered to be 44 commissioner approval of such rules and regulations, or part 45 thereof. Those rules and regulations specifically approved, 46 approved by failure to act, or rewritten shall be proposed or 47 promulgated under the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 48 49 this code.

§22-1-14. Transfer of funds, supplies, equipment, records, appropriations, etc.

- (a) Any appropriation made to, and all funds, credits or 1 2 other assets, including special funds and accounts which, 3 immediately prior to the effective date of this chapter, were held in connection with the operation of the department of 4 5 mines or department of natural resources in connection with any other agency for the purpose of carrying out the powers, 6 duties and functions vested in the department of energy, shall 7 be transferred and credited as of the effective date of this act 8 to the department of energy created by this chapter. All 9 reports, records, surveys, files and other materials concerning 10 11 the purposes of this chapter in the possession of the department of mines or department of natural resources or any 12 other agency with respect to powers, duties and functions 13 vested in the department of energy shall be transferred and 14 delivered to the commissioner as of the effective date of this 15 chapter. 16
- 17 (b) Whenever any questions arise as to the transfer to the 18 department of energy of any appropriations, funds, credits, 19 other assets, books, documents, records, surveys, papers, files,

- 20 equipment or any other tangible property or material used or
- 21 held in the exercise of the powers and the performances of
- 22 the duties and functions vested in any agency immediately
- 23 prior to the effective date of this act, the commissioner of
- 24 finance and administration shall make a determination thereon
- 25 and certify the same to the state agencies concerned.

§22-1-15. Commissioner's authority to promulgate rules and regulations.

1 The commissioner shall have the power and authority to 2 propose or promulgate rules and regulations to organize the department and to carry out and implement the provisions of 3 4 this chapter and chapter twenty-two-a of this code. With 5 respect to chapter twenty-two-b of this code, the commissioner's rulemaking powers and authority shall be as described in 6 section thirteen of this article. All rules and regulations in 7 effect on the effective date of this act which pertain to the 8 9 provisions of this chapter, chapter twenty-two-a and twentytwo-b of this code shall remain in effect until changed or 10 11 superseded by the commissioner, or as appropriate, the 12 director of the division of oil and gas. Except when specifically exempted by the provisions of this chapter, or chapters twenty-13 two-a or twenty-two-b of this code, all rules and regulations 14 or changes thereto shall be proposed or promulgated by the 15 16 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of chapter 17 twenty-nine-a of this code.

§22-1-16. Jurisdiction vested in department; cooperation with other governments and agencies; continuation of permits, etc.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter or 1 in chapters twenty-two-a or twenty-two-b of this code, 2 3 jurisdiction over the issuance of regulations, or any and all 4 permits and other governmental authorizations required or to be required in all matters pertaining to the exploration, 5 development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and 6 gas, and other mineral resources in this state including all 7 safety, conservation, land, water, waste disposal, reclamation, 8 and environmental regulations, permits and authorizations of 9 such activities called for pursuant to articles five, five-a, five-10 d and five-f, chapter twenty of this code, and the enforcement 11 and implementation thereof is vested exclusively in the 12

- 13 department of energy. The department of energy is hereby
- 14 designated as the lead regulatory agency for this state for all
- 15 purposes of federal legislation relating to such activities.
- 16 The department of energy shall exercise all power and duties
- 17 vested in the director of the department of natural resources
- 18 pursuant to subsection (g), section seven, article five-e, chapter
- 19 twenty of this code, and in the administrator of the office of
- 20 oil and gas, and shallow gas-well review board pursuant to
- 21 subsection (h), section seven, article five-e, chapter twenty of
- 22 this code.
- 23 All permits, certifications, waivers, bonds, orders or
- 24 authorizations heretofore issued by the department of mines,
- 25 department of natural resources, or any of the boards or
- 26 commissions continued in effect by this chapter shall be
- 27 continued in effect but become subject to the provisions of this
- 28 chapter, chapter twenty-two-a and chapter twenty-two-b of
- 26 Chapter, Chapter twenty-two-a and chapter twenty-two-o or
- 29 this code. All permits, certifications, waivers, bonds, orders or
- 30 authorizations heretofore issued by the department of mines
- 31 or department of natural resources shall become subject to the
- 32 jurisdiction of the department of energy. All permits,
- 33 certifications, waivers, bonds, orders or authorizations
- 34 heretofore issued by any of the boards or commissions
- 35 continued in effect by the provisions of this chapter shall
- 36 remain subject to the jurisdiction of those boards or
- 37 commissions.

§22-1-17. Hearings before department of energy.

- 1 Any hearing or proceeding before the department on any
- 2 matter other than rulemaking shall be conducted and heard
- 3 by the commissioner or a representative designated by him and
- 4 shall be in accordance with the provisions of article five,
- 5 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except where such
- 6 provisions are inconsistent with this chapter or chapters
- 7 twenty-two-a or twenty-two-b of this code.

§22-1-18. Construction.

- 1 This chapter shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate
- 2 the declaration of public policy set forth in section two, article
- 3 one of this chapter.

§22-1-19. Effective date of act.

1 This act shall become effective ninety days after passage.

§22-1-20. Operative dates and transfer of functions.

- 1 (a) The transfer of powers, duties, functions and responsi-2 bilities to the department of energy shall occur at the earliest 3 practical date consistent with the purposes and intent set forth 4 in section two, article one of this chapter.
- (b) The Legislature recognizes that certain of the powers, 5 duties, functions and responsibilities transferred under the 6 provisions of this chapter and chapters twenty-two-a and 7 twenty-two-b of this code involve the implementation of 8 federal regulatory programs by the state and that the transfer 9 of such powers, duties, functions and responsibilities to the 10 department of energy may require approval of certain federal 11 12 agencies or officials in order to avoid disruption of the federalstate relationship under which such regulatory programs are 13 implemented. Therefore, the transfer to the department of the 14 powers, duties, functions and responsibilities referred to in this 15 chapter and chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b of this 16 17 code shall become effective upon a proclamation by the governor stating either that final approval of the transfer has 18 been given by the appropriate federal agency or official or that 19 final approval of the transfer is not necessary to avoid 20 disruption of the federal-state relationship under which such 21 regulatory programs are implemented. 22
- (c) The powers, duties, functions and responsibilities referred to in this chapter and chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b of this code are declared to be severable, and the governor's proclamation, or lack thereof, with respect to the transfer of a portion of such powers, duties, functions and responsibilities shall not affect the transfer of other such powers, duties, functions and responsibilities.

§22-1-21. Continuation of employment, tenure, civil service coverage.

All employees of the department of natural resources and department of mines as of the date of the passage of this chapter, whose functions and duties are transferred to the department of energy, shall be employed in a comparable position within the department of energy. Those positions within the departments of mines or natural resources which,

- 7 prior to the reenactment of this chapter, were afforded tenure
- 8 or civil service protection and coverage which are transferred
- 9 to the department of energy pursuant to such reenactment,
- 10 shall continue to be tenured or subject to civil service
- 11 protection and coverage, as the case may be, to the same
- 12 extent as if this chapter had not been reenacted.
- 13 Personnel of the department of energy who are appointed
- 14 by the governor or commissioner under the provisions of this
- 15 chapter shall be excluded from civil service protection and
- 16 coverage. The commissioner and deputy commissioner are
- 17 each authorized to hire a personal secretary to serve at their
- 18 will and pleasure and such secretary also shall be excluded
- 19 from civil service protection and coverage. The commissioner
- 20 is authorized to hire a personal assistant, in addition to a
- 21 personal secretary, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of
- 22 the commissioner and who also shall be excluded from civil
- 23 service protection and coverage.

ARTICLE 2. INTERSTATE MINING COMPACT.

- §22-2-1. Enactment of compact.
- §22-2-2. Bylaws of interstate mining commission.
- §22-2-3. Effective date.

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§22-2-1. Enactment of compact.

- The "Interstate Mining Compact" is hereby continued in law
- 2 and continued in effect with all other jurisdictions legally
- 3 joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

INTERSTATE MINING COMPACT

- 5 Article I. Findings and Purposes.
- 6 (a) The party states find that:
- 7 (1) Mining and the contributions thereof to the economy 8 and well-being of every state are of basic significance.
- 9 (2) The effects of mining on the availability of land, water 10 and other resources for other uses present special problems
- which properly can be approached only with due consideration
- 12 for the rights and interests of those engaged in mining, those
- 13 using or proposing to use these resources for other purposes
- 14 and the public.
- 15 (3) Measures for the reduction of the adverse effects of mining on land, water and other resources may be costly and

- the devising of means to deal with them are of both publicand private concern.
- 19 (4) Such variables as soil structure and composition, 20 physiography, climatic conditions and the needs of the public 21 make impracticable to all mining areas of a single standard for the conservation, adaption or restoration of mined land, 22 23 or the development of mineral and other natural resources, but 24 justifiable requirements of law and practice relating to the 25 effects of mining on land, water and other resources may be 26 reduced in equity or effectiveness unless they pertain similarly from state to state for all mining operations similarly situated. 27
- The states are in a position and have the responsibility to assure that mining shall be conducted in accordance with sound conservation principles, and with due regard for local conditions.
- 32 (b) The continuing purposes of this compact are to:

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- 33 (1) Advance the protection and restoration of land, water 34 and other resources affected by mining.
- 35 (2) Assist in the reduction or elimination or counteracting 36 of pollution or deterioration of land, water and air attributable 37 to mining.
 - (3) Encourage, with due recognition of relevant regional, physical and other differences, programs in each of the party states which will achieve comparable results in protecting, conserving and improving the usefulness of natural resources, to the end that the most desirable conduct of mining and related operations may be universally facilitated.
- 44 (4) Assist the party states in their efforts to facilitate the use
 45 of land and other resources affected by mining, so that such
 46 use may be consistent with sound land use, public health and
 47 public safety, and to this end to study and recommend,
 48 wherever desirable, techniques for the improvement, restora49 tion or protection of such land and other resources.
- 50 (5) Assist in achieving and maintaining an efficient and 51 productive mining industry and in increasing economic and 52 other benefits attributable to mining.

Article II. Definitions.

As used in this compact, the term:

- (a) "Mining" means the breaking of the surface soil in order to facilitate or accomplish the extraction or removal of minerals, ores or other solid matter, any activity or process constituting all or part of a process for the extraction or removal of minerals, ores and other solid matter from its original location, and the preparation, washing, cleaning or other treatment of minerals, ores or other solid matter so as to make them suitable for commercial, industrial or construction use; but shall not include those aspects of deep mining not having significant effect on the surface, and shall not include excavation or grading when conducted solely in aid of on-site farming or construction.
- (b) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a territory or possession of the United States.

Article III. State Programs.

Each party state agrees that within a reasonable time it will formulate and establish an effective program for the conservation and use of mined land, by the establishment of standards, enactment of laws or the continuing of the same in force, to accomplish:

- (a) The protection of the public and the protection of adjoining and other landowners from damage to their lands and the structures and other property thereon resulting from the conduct of mining operations or the abandonment or neglect of land and property formerly used in the conduct of such operations.
- (b) The conduct of mining and the handling of refuse and other mining wastes in ways that will reduce adverse effects on the economic, residential, recreational or aesthetic value and utility of land and water.
- (c) The institution and maintenance of suitable programs for adaption, restoration and rehabilitation of mined lands.
 - (d) The prevention, abatement and control of water, air and soil pollution resulting from mining, present, past and future.

Article IV. Powers.

In addition to any other powers conferred upon the

- 92 interstate mining commission, established by Article V of this
 93 compact, such commission shall have power to:
- 94 (a) Study mining operations, processes and techniques for 95 the purpose of gaining knowledge concerning the effects of 96 such operations, processes and techniques on land, soil, water, 97 air, plant and animal life, recreation and patterns of 98 community or regional development or change.
- 99 (b) Study the conservation, adaptation, improvement and 100 restoration of land and related resources affected by mining.

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- 101 (c) Make recommendations concerning any aspect or 102 aspects of law or practice and governmental administration 103 dealing with matters within the purview of this compact.
 - (d) Gather and disseminate information relating to any of the matters within the purview of this compact.
- 106 (e) Cooperate with the federal government and any public 107 or private entities having interests in any subject coming within 108 the purview of this compact.
- 109 (f) Consult, upon the request of a party state and within 110 resources available therefor, with the officials of such state in 111 respect to any problem within the purview of this compact.
- 112 (g) Study and make recommendations with respect to any 113 practice, process, technique or course of action that may 114 improve the efficiency of mining or the economic yield from 115 mining operations.
 - (h) Study and make recommendations relating to the safeguarding of access to resources which are or may become the subject of mining operations to the end that the needs of the economy for the products of mining may not be adversely affected by unplanned or inappropriate use of land and other resources containing minerals or otherwise connected with actual or potential mining sites.

Article V. The Commission.

(a) There is hereby created an agency of the party states to be known as the "Interstate Mining Commission," hereinafter called "the commission." The commission shall be composed of one commissioner from each party state who shall be the governor thereof. Pursuant to the laws of his party state, each

129 governor shall have the assistance of an advisory body 130 (including membership from mining industries, conservation 131 interests and such other public and private interests as may 132 be appropriate) in considering problems relating to mining and 133 in discharging his responsibilities as the commissioner of his state on the commission. In any instance where a governor is 134 unable to attend a meeting of the commission or perform any 135 136 other function in connection with the business of the 137 commission, he shall designate an alternate from among the members of the advisory body required by this paragraph, who 138 shall represent him and act in his place and stead. The 139 designation of an alternate shall be communicated by the 140 141 governor to the commission in such manner as its bylaws may 142 provide.

- (b) The commissioners shall be entitled to one vote each on the commission. No action of the commission making a recommendation pursuant to Articles IV (c), IV (g) and IV (h) or requesting, accepting or disposing of funds, services or other property pursuant to this paragraph, Article V (g), V (h) or VII shall be valid unless taken at a meeting at which a majority of the total number of votes on the commission is cast in favor thereof. All other action shall be by a majority of those present and voting: Provided, That action of the commission shall be only at a meeting at which a majority of the commissioners, or their alternates, is present. The commission may establish and maintain such facilities as may be necessary for the transacting of its business. The commission may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property and any interest therein.
- 158 (c) The commission shall have a seal.

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- (d) The commission shall elect annually, from among its members, a chairman, a vice chairman, and a treasurer. The 160 commission shall appoint an executive director and fix his duties and compensation. Such executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the commission. The executive director, the treasurer and such other personnel as the commission shall 164 designate shall be bonded. The amount or amounts of such 165 bond or bonds shall be determined by the commission.
- 167 (e) Irrespective of the civil service, personnel or other merit system laws of any of the party states, the executive director 168

with the approval of the commission, shall appoint, remove or discharge such personnel as may be necessary for the performance of the commission's functions, and shall fix the duties and compensation of such personnel.

- (f) The commission may establish and maintain, independently or in conjunction with a party state, a suitable retirement system for its employees. Employees of the commission shall be eligible for social security coverage in respect of old age and survivor's insurance: *Provided*, That the commission take such steps as may be necessary pursuant to the laws of the United States to participate in such program of insurance as a governmental agency or unit. The commission may establish and maintain or participate in such additional programs of employee benefits as it may deem appropriate.
- (g) The commission may borrow, accept or contract for the services of personnel from any state, the United States or any other governmental agency, or from any person, firm, association or corporation.
- (h) The commission may accept for any of its purposes and functions under this compact any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, conditional or otherwise, from any state, the United States or any other governmental agency, or from any person, firm, association or corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any donation or grant accepted by the commission pursuant to this paragraph or services borrowed pursuant to paragraph (g) of this article shall be reported in the annual report of the commission. Such report shall include the nature, amount and conditions, if any, of the donation, grant or services borrowed and the identity of the donor or lender.
- (i) The commission shall adopt bylaws for the conduct of its business and shall have the power to amend and rescind these bylaws. The commission shall publish its bylaws in convenient form and shall file a copy thereof and a copy of any amendment thereto with the appropriate agency or officer in each of the party states.
- (j) The commission annually shall make to the governor, Legislature and advisory body required by Article V (a) of each party state a report covering the activities of the

209 commission for the preceding year, and embodying such

210 recommendations as may have been made by the commission.

211 The commission may make such additional reports as it may

212 deem desirable.

213 Article VI. Advisory, Technical and Regional Committees.

The commission shall establish such advisory, technical and regional committees as it may deem necessary, membership on which shall include private persons and public officials, and shall cooperate with and use the services of any such committees and the organizations which the members represent in furthering any of its activities. Such committees may be formed to consider problems of special interest to any party states, problems dealing with particular commodities or types of mining operations, problems relating to reclamation, development or use of mined land or any other matters of concern to the commission.

Article VII. Finance.

- (a) The commission shall submit to the governor or designated officer or officers of each party state a budget of its estimated expenditures for such periods as may be required by the laws of that party state for presentation to the Legislature thereof.
- (b) Each of the commission's budgets of estimated expenditures shall contain specific recommendations of the amount or amounts to be appropriated by each of the party states. The total amount of appropriations requested under any such budget shall be apportioned among the party states as follows: One half in equal shares, and the remainder in proportion to the value of minerals, ores and other solid matter mined. In determining such values, the commission shall employ such available public source or sources of information as, in its judgment, present the most equitable and accurate comparisons among the party states. Each of the commission's budgets of estimated expenditures and requests for appropriations shall indicate the source or sources used in obtaining information concerning value of minerals, ores and other solid matter mined.
- (c) The commission shall not pledge the credit of any party state. The commission may meet any of its obligations in

whole or in part with funds available to it under Article V (h) of this compact: Provided. That the commission takes specific action setting aside such funds prior to incurring any obligation to be met in whole or in part in such manner. Except where the commission makes use of funds available to it under Article V (h) hereof, the commission shall not incur any obligation prior to the allotment of funds by the party states adequate to meet the same.

- (d) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a qualified public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.
- (e) The accounts of the commission shall be open at any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted officers of the party states and by any persons authorized by the commission.
- (f) Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent commission compliance with laws relating to audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of any government contributing to the support of the commission.

Article VIII. Entry Into Force and Withdrawal.

- (a) This compact shall enter into force when enacted into law by any four or more states. Thereafter, this compact shall become effective as to any other state upon its enactment thereof.
- (b) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after the governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of the withdrawal to the governors of all other party states. No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred by or chargeable to a party state prior to the time of such withdrawal.

Article IX. Effect on Other Laws.

Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit, repeal

- 286 or supersede any other law of any party state.
- 287 Article X. Construction and Severability.

288 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate

289 the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be 290 severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of

291 this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of

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any state or of the United States or the applicability thereof 293

to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held 294

invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the

295 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or

296 circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact

297 shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state

298 participating herein, the compact shall remain in full force and

299 effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and

300 effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

§22-2-2. Bylaws of interstate mining commission.

- 1 In accordance with Article V (i) of the interstate mining
- 2 compact, the commisson shall file copies of its bylaws and any
- amendments thereto in the office of the secretary of state of
- West Virginia.

§22-2-3. Effective date.

- This article is effective as of the first day of July, one
- 2 thousand nine hundred seventy-two.

ARTICLE 3. ABANDONED MINE LANDS AND RECLAMATION ACT.

- §22-3-1. Short title.
- §22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority
- **§22-3-3**. Definitions.
- Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for §22-3-4.
- §22-3-5. Powers and duties of commissioner; program plans and reclamation projects.
- 822-3-6. Acquisition and reclamation of land adversely affected by past coal surfacemining practices.
- §22-3-7. Liens against reclaimed lands; petition by landowners; appeal; priority of
- §22-3-8. Filling voids and sealing tunnels.
- §22-3-9. General and miscellaneous powers and duties of commissioner; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants and facilities; transfer of funds and interagency cooperation.

§22-3-1. Short title.

This article shall be known and cited as the "Abandoned Mine Lands and Reclamation Act."

§22-3-2. Legislative findings; intent and purpose of article; jurisdiction and authority of commissioner.

The Legislature finds that there are a substantial number of acres of land throughout the state that were disturbed by surface-mining operations prior to the time of present day effective control and regulation. There was little or no reclamation conducted and the impacts from these unre-claimed lands impose social and economic costs on residents in nearby and adjoining areas as well as continue to impair environmental quality, prevent or damage the beneficial use of land or water resources, or endanger the health and safety of the public.

Further, the Legislature finds and declares that, due to the passage of Public Law 95-87, certain areas within the boundaries of this state do not meet present day standards for reclamation.

Further, the Legislature finds that Title IV of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 "Public Law 95-87" provides for the collection of thirty-five cents per ton of coal produced from surface mine operations and fifteen cents per ton of coal produced from underground mine operations in West Virginia to be collected by the secretary of the United States department of the interior for a period of at least fifteen years. At least fifty percent of the funds so collected are to be allocated directly to the state of West Virginia to accomplish reclamation of abandoned coal mining operations, as of the date the state of West Virginia obtained an approved abandoned mine reclamation plan in accordance with sections 405 and 503 of Public Law 95-87.

Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature by this article to vest jurisdiction and authority in the commissioner of the department of energy to maintain program approval by, and receipt of funds from, the United States department of the interior to accomplish the desired restoration and reclamation of our land and water resources.

§22-3-3. Definitions.

- All definitions set forth in article three of chapter twenty-
- 2 two-a of this code shall apply to those defined terms which
- 3 also appear in this article, if applicable.

§22-3-4. Abandoned land reclamation fund and objectives of fund; lands eligible for reclamation.

- l (a) All abandoned land reclamation funds available under
- 2 Title IV of Public Law 95-87, private donations received, any
- 3 state appropriated or transferred funds, or funds received from
- 4 the sale of land by the director, under this article shall be
- 5 deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to
- 6 the credit of the abandoned land reclamation fund heretofore
- 7 created, and expended pursuant to the requirements of this
- 8 article.
- 9 (b) Moneys in the fund may be used by the commissioner 10 for the following:
- 11 (1) Reclamation and restoration of land and water resources
- 12 adversely affected by past coal surface-mining operations,
- 13 including, but not limited to, reclamation and restoration of
- 14 abandoned surface mine areas, abandoned coal processing
- 15 areas and abandoned coal processing waste areas; sealing and
- 16 filling abandoned deep mine entries and voids; planting of land
- 17 adversely affected by past coal surface-mining operations to
- 18 prevent erosion and sedimentation; prevention, abatement,
- 16 prevent erosion and sedimentation, prevention, abatement,
- 19 treatment and control of water pollution created by coal mine
- 20 drainage, including restoration of stream beds and construc-
- 21 tion and operation of water treatment plants; prevention,
- 22 abatement and control of burning coal processing waste areas
- abutement and control of our mile cour processing waste
- 23 and burning coal in situ; prevention, abatement and control
- 24 of coal mine subsidence; and payment of administrative
- 25 expenses and all other necessary expenses incurred to
- 26 accomplish the purpose of this article: Provided, That all
- 27 expenditures from this fund shall reflect the following
- 28 priorities in the order stated:
- 29 (A) The protection of public health, safety, general welfare
- 30 and property from extreme danger of adverse effects of past
- 31 surface mining practices;
- 32 (B) The protection of public health, safety and general
- 33 welfare from adverse effects of past coal surface mining
- 34 practices;

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- (C) The restoration of land and water resources and environment previously degraded by adverse effects of past coal surface-mining practices, including measures for the conservation and development of soil, water (excluding channelization), woodland, fish and wildlife, recreation resources and agricultural productivity;
- 41 (D) Research and demonstration projects relating to the 42 development of surface-mining reclamation and water quality 43 control program methods and techniques;
 - (E) The protection, repair, replacement, construction or enhancement of public facilities such as utilities, roads, recreation and conservation facilities adversely affected by past coal surface mining practices;
 - (F) The development of publicly owned land adversely affected by past coal surface mining practices, including land acquired as provided in this article for recreation and historic purposes, conservation and reclamation purposes and open space benefits.
 - (2) Lands and water eligible for reclamation or drainage abatement expenditures under this article are those which were mined for coal or which were affected by such mining, wastebanks, coal processing or other coal mining processes, and abandoned or left in an inadequate reclamation status prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and for which there is no continuing reclamation responsibility: Provided, That one purpose of this article is to provide additional and cumulative remedies to abate the pollution of the waters of the state and nothing herein contained shall abridge or alter rights of action or remedies now or hereafter existing, nor shall any provisions in this article or any act done by virtue of this article be construed as estopping the state, municipalities, public health officers or persons as riparian owners or otherwise in the exercise of their rights to suppress nuisances or to abate any pollution now or hereafter existing or to recover damages.
 - (c) Where the governor certifies that the above objectives of the fund have been achieved and there is a need for construction of specific public facilities in communities impacted by coal development, and other sources of federal funds are inadequate and the secretary concurs, then the

- 75 commissioner may expend money from the fund for such construction.
- §22-3-5. Powers and duties of commissioner; program plans and reclamation projects.
 - 1 (a) The commissioner shall submit to the secretary of the 2 interior a state reclamation plan and annual projects to carry out the purposes of this article.
 - 4 (b) That reclamation plan shall generally identify the areas
 5 to be reclaimed, the purposes for which the reclamation is
 6 proposed, the relationship of the lands to be reclaimed in the
 7 proposed reclamation to surrounding areas, the specific criteria
 8 for ranking and identifying projects to be funded and the legal
 9 authority and programmatic capability to perform such work
 10 in conformance with the provisions of this article.
 - 11 (c) On an annual basis, the commissioner shall submit to 12 the secretary of the interior an application for the support of 13 the state program and implementation of specific reclamation 14 projects. Such annual requests shall include information as 15 may be requested by the secretary of the interior including:
 - 16 (1) A general description of each proposed project;
- 17 (2) A priority evaluation of each proposed project;
- 18 (3) A statement of the estimated benefits in such terms as 19 number of acres restored, miles of stream improved, acres of 20 surface lands protected from subsidence, population protected 21 from subsidence, air pollution and hazards of mine and coal 22 refuse disposal area fires;
- 23 (4) An estimate of the cost for each proposed project;
- 24 (5) In the case of proposed research and demonstration 25 projects, a description of the specific techniques to be 26 evaluated or objective to be attained;
- 27 (6) An identification of lands or interest therein to be acquired and the estimated cost; and
- 29 (7) In each year after the first in which a plan is filed under 30 this article, an inventory of each project funded under the 31 previous year's grant, which inventory shall include details of 32 financial expenditures on such project together with a brief 33 description of the project, including project location,

- 34 landowner's name, acreage and type of reclamation performed.
- 35 (d) The costs for each proposed project under this section
- 36 shall include actual construction costs, actual operation and
- 37 maintenance costs of permanent facilities, planning and
- 38 engineering costs, construction inspection costs and other
- 39 necessary administrative expenses.

§22-3-6. Acquisition and reclamation of land adversely affected by past coal surface-mining practices.

- (a) If the commissioner makes a finding of fact that:
- 2 (1) Land or water resources have been adversely affected by past coal mining practices;
- 4 (2) The adverse effects are at a stage where, in the public interest, action to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent should be taken;
- 7 (3) The owners of the land or water resources where entry 8 must be made to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent 9 the adverse effects of past coal mining practices are not known 10 or readily available; or
- 11 (4) The owners will not give permission for the commis-12 sioner, his agents, employees or contractors to enter upon such property to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent the 13 14 adverse effects of past coal mining practices, then, upon giving notice by mail to the owners, if known, or if not known by 15 posting notice upon the premises and advertising once in a 16 17 newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the land lies, the commissioner, his agents, employees or 18 contractors shall have the right to enter upon the property 19 adversely affected by past coal mining practices and any other 20 21 property to have access to such property to do all things necessary or expedient to restore, reclaim, abate, control or 22 prevent the adverse effects. Such entry shall be construed as 23 an exercise of the police power of the State for the protection 24 of public health, safety and general welfare and shall not be 25 construed as an act of condemnation of property nor of 26 trespass thereon. The moneys expended for such work and the 27 benefits accruing to any such premises so entered upon shall 28 be chargeable against such land and shall mitigate or offset 29 any claim in or any action brought by any owner of any 30 interest in such premises for any alleged damages by virtue of 31

- such entry: *Provided*, That this provision is not intended to create new rights of action or eliminate existing immunities.
- (b) The commissioner, his agents, employees or contractors shall have the right to enter upon any property for the purpose of conducting studies or exploratory work to determine the existence of adverse effects of past coal mining practices and to determine the feasibility or restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of such adverse effects. Such entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police power of the State for the protection of public health, safety and general welfare and shall not be construed as an act of condemnation of property nor trespass thereon.
 - (c) The commissioner may acquire any land by purchase, donation or condemnation, which is adversely affected by past coal mining practices, if the commissioner determines that acquisition of such land is necessary to successful reclamation and that:

- (1) The acquired land, after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices will serve recreation, historic, conservation, or reclamation purposes or provide open space benefits;
- 53 (2) Permanent facilities such as a treatment plant or a 54 relocated stream channel will be constructed on the land for 55 the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention 56 of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices; or
 - (3) Acquisition of coal refuse disposal sites and all coal refuse thereon will serve the purposes of this article or that public ownership is desirable to meet emergency situations and prevent recurrences of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
 - (d) Title to all lands acquired pursuant to this section shall be in the name of the state of West Virginia, by the West Virginia department of energy. The price paid for land acquired under this section shall reflect the fair market value of the land as adversely affected by past coal mining practices.
 - (e) The commissioner is hereby authorized to transfer land obtained under subsection (c) of this section to the secretary. The commissioner may purchase such land from the secretary after reclamation at the fair market value less the state's

71 original acquistion price.

- (f) The commissioner may accept and local political subdivisions may transfer to the commissioner land belonging to them to carry out the purposes set out in this article and in such event they shall have a preferential right to purchase said land after reclamation at the fair market value less the political subdivison's cost of acquisition, but at no time shall the commissioner sell such land to a political subdivison at a price less than the cost of the acquisition and reclamation of said land: *Provided*, That if any land sold to a political subdivision under this subsection is not used for a valid public purpose as specified by the commissioner in the terms and conditions of the sales agreement, then all rights, title and interest in such land shall revert to the West Virginia department of energy. Any moneys received from such sale shall be deposited in the abandoned land reclamation fund.
- (g) Where land acquired pursuant to this section is deemed to be suitable for industrial, commercial, residential or recreational development, the commissioner may sell such land by public sale under a system of competitive bidding at not less than fair market value and pursuant to regulations promulgated to ensure that such lands are put to proper use consistent with State and local land use plans.
- (h) The commissioner, if requested and after appropriate public notice, shall hold a public hearing in the county in which land acquired pursuant to this section is located. The hearing shall be held at a time which shall afford local citizens and government the maximum opportunity to participate in the decision concerning the use and disposition of the land after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
- (i) In addition to the authority to acquire land under other provisions of this section, the commissioner is authorized to use money in the fund to acquire land from any federal, state or local government or from a political subdivision thereof, or from any person, firm, association or corporation, if he determines that such is an integral and necessary element of an economically feasible plan for the project to construct or rehabilitate housing for persons disabled as the result of employment in the mines or work incidental thereto, persons

111 displaced by acquisition of land pursuant to this section, or 112 persons dislocated as the result of adverse effects of coal 113 mining practices which constitute an emergency as provided 114 in section 410 of Public Law 95-87, or persons dislocated as the result of natural disasters or catastrophic failures from any 115 116 cause. Such activities shall be accomplished under such terms 117 and conditions as the commissioner shall require, which may 118 include transfers of land with or without monetary consideration: Provided. That to the extent that the consideration is 119 120 below the fair market value of the land transferred, no portion of the difference between the fair market value and the 121 122 consideration shall accrue as a profit to such person, firm, 123 association or corporation. No part of the funds provided 124 under this article may be used to pay the actual construction 125 costs of housing. The commissioner may carry out the 126 purposes of this subsection directly or he may make grants and 127 commitments for grants, and may advance money under such 128 terms and conditions as he may require to any department, 129 agency or political subdivision of this state, or any public body 130 or nonprofit organization designated by the commis-131 sioner.

§22-3-7. Liens against reclaimed land; petition by landowner; appeal; priority of liens.

1 (a) Within six months after the completion of a project to restore, reclaim, abate, control or prevent adverse effects of past coal mining practices on privately owned land, the commissioner shall itemize the moneys so expended and may 4 file a statement thereof in the office of the clerk of the county commission in the county in which the land lies, together with 6 a notarized appraisal by an independent appraiser of the value 7 8 of the land before the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of adverse effects of past surface-mining 9 practices, if the moneys so expended result in a significant 10 11 increase in property value. Such statement shall constitute a 12 lien upon the said land. The lien shall not exceed the amount 13 determined by the appraisal to be the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, 14 abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past 15 surface mining practices. No lien may be filed against the 16 17 property of any person in accordance with this subsection, who owned the surface prior to the second day of May, one 18

- thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and who neither consented to, nor participated in, nor exercised control over the mining operation which necessitated the reclamation performed hereunder.
 - (b) The land owner may petition the commissioner within sixty days of the filing of the lien to determine the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices. The amount reported to be the increase in value of the premises shall constitute the amount of lien and shall be recorded with the statement herein provided. Any party aggrieved by the decision may appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the land is located.
- 32 (c) The statement filed pursuant to subsection (a) of this 33 section, shall constitute a lien upon the said land as of the 34 date of the expenditure of the moneys and shall have priority 35 as a lien second only to the lien of real estate taxes imposed 36 upon said land.

§22-3-8. Filling voids and sealing tunnels.

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- (a) The Legislature declares that voids, open and abandoned 1 2 tunnels, shafts and entryways and subsidence resulting from 3 any previous coal surface-mining operation constitute a hazard 4 to the public welfare and safety and that surface impacts of 5 any underground or surface-mining operation may degrade the 6 environment. The commissioner is authorized to fill such 7 voids, seal such abandoned tunnels, shafts and entryways, and reclaim surface impacts of underground or surface mines and 8 9 remove water and other matter from mines which the 10 commissioner determines could endanger life and property, 11 constitute a hazard to the public welfare and safety or degrade 12 the environment.
 - (b) In those instances where coal mine waste piles are being reworked for conservation purposes, the incremental costs of disposing of the wastes from such operations by filling voids and sealing tunnels may be eligible for funding, if the disposal of those wastes meets the purposes of this article.
 - (c) The commissioner may acquire by purchase, donation, easement or otherwise such interest in land as he determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

- §22-3-9. General and miscellaneous powers and duties of commissioner; cooperative agreements; injunctive relief; water treatment plants and facilities; transfer of funds and interagency cooperation.
 - (a) The commissioner is authorized to engage in any work 2 and to do all things necessary and proper, including 3 promulgation of rules and regulations, to implement and 4 administer the provisions of this article.

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- (b) The commissioner is authorized to engage in cooperative projects under this article with any other agency of the United States of America, any state, county or municipal agency or subdivision thereof.
- 9 (c) The commissioner may request the attorney general, who 10 is hereby authorized to initiate, in addition to any other remedies provided for in this article, in any court of competent 11 12 jurisdiction, an action in equity for an injunction to restrain 13 any interference with the exercise of the right to enter or to 14 conduct any work provided in this article.
- 15 (d) The commissioner has the authority to construct and 16 operate a plant or any facilities for the control and treatment of water pollution resulting from mine drainage. The extent 17 of this control and treatment may be dependent upon the 18 19 ultimate use of the water; Provided, That this subsection shall not repeal or supersede any portion of the applicable federal or state water pollution control laws and no control or 22 treatment under this section may be less than that required under any applicable federal or state water pollution control law. The construction of any such facilities may include major 24 interceptors and other facilities appurtenant to the plant.
- 26 (e) All departments, boards, commissions and agencies of 27 the state shall cooperate with the commissioner by providing technical expertise, personnel, equipment, materials and 28 29 supplies to implement and administer the provisions of this article. 30

ARTICLE 4. RECLAMATION BOARD OF REVIEW.

- §22-4-1. Appointment and organization of reclamation board of review; authority, compensation, expenses and removal of board members.
- §22-4-2. Appeals to the board; hearings before board; subpoena and subpoena duces tecum; records; findings and orders of the board.
- §22-4-3. Appeal from order of board; judicial review; temporary relief.

§22-4-1. Appointment and organization of reclamation board of review; authority, compensation, expenses and removal of board members.

- I (a) There is hereby continued a reclamation board of review 2 consisting of five members to be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of five 3 4 years, except that the terms of the first five members of said 5 board shall be for one, two, three, four and five years, respectively, as designated by the governor at the time of the appointment. Any vacancy in the office of a member of said 7 board shall be filled by appointment by the governor for the 8 9 unexpired term of the member whose office is vacant. Each vacancy occurring on said board shall be filled by appointment 10 within sixty days after such vacancy occurs. One of the **I** 1 appointees to such board shall be a person who, by reason 12 of his previous vocation, employment or affiliations, can be 13 classed as one capable and experienced in coal mining. One 14 of the appointees to such board shall be a person who, by 15 reason of his previous training and experience, can be classed 16 as one capable and experienced in the practice of agriculture 17 and who represents the general public interest. One of the 18 19 appointees to such board shall be a person who, by reason of his previous training and experience, can be classed as one 20 capable and experienced in the modern forestry practices and 21 who represents the general public interest. One of the 22 appointees to such board shall be a person who, by reasons 23 24 of his previous training and experience, can be classed as one capable and experienced in engineering. One of the appointees 25 of such board shall be a person who, by reason of his previous 26 training and experience, can be classed as one capable and 27 experienced in water pollution control or water conservation 28 problems. Not more than three members shall be members of 29 30 the same political party.
- 31 (b) The board may employ supporting staff including 32 hearings examiners to aid and assist in performing its 33 responsibilities under this article.
- 34 (c) Three members shall constitute a quorum and no action 35 of the board is valid unless it has the concurrence of at least 36 three members. The board shall keep a record of its 37 proceedings. Each member shall be paid as compensation for 38 his work as such member, from funds appropriated for such

purposes, seventy-five dollars per day when actually engaged in the performance of his work as a board member. In addition to such compensation, each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties, except that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, the members shall not be reimbursed by the state.

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(d) Annually, one member shall be elected as chairman and another member shall be elected as vice chairman. Such officers shall serve for terms of one year. The governor may remove any member of the board from office for inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance or nonfeasance, after delivery to such member the charges against him in writing, together with at least ten days' written notice of the time and place at which the governor will publicly hear such member, either in person or by counsel, in defense of the charges against him, and affording the member such hearing. If such member is removed from office, the governor shall file in the office of the secretary of state a complete statement of the charges made against such member and a complete report of the proceedings thereon. In such case the action of the governor removing such member from office shall be final.

§22-4-2. Appeals to the board; hearings before board; subpoena and subpoena duces tecum; records; findings and orders of the board.

- (a) Any person having an interest which is or may be 1 adversely affected by any order of the commissioner's 2 assessment officer or a decision of the commissioner to grant, 3 deny, modify, renew or significantly revise a permit, or a 4 decision of the commissioner concerning a bond release 5 pursuant to section twenty-three, article three, chapter twenty-6 two-a, may appeal that decision to the board or may intervene 7 in a timely manner in any such pending appeal. The person so appealing to the board shall be known as the appellant, 9 and the commissioner shall be known as the appellee. The 10 appellant and appellee are deemed to be parties to the appeal. 11 Any hearing shall be subject to the requirements of chapter 12 twenty-nine-a of this code. 13
- 14 (b) The appeal shall be in writing and shall set forth the 15 action complained of and the specific grounds upon which the

16 appeal is based. Within thirty days after the appellant is 17 notified of the decision of the commissioner, or within fifteen 18 days after the appellant is notified of the decision of the 19 assessment officer, the appellant or any person with an interest 20 which is or may be adversely affected may request a hearing 21 on the reasons for the decision complained of. A notice of the 22 appeal shall be filed with the commissioner within three days 23 after the appeal is filed with the board.

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- (c) Upon the filing of the appeal, the board shall fix the time and place at which the hearing on the appeal will be held, which hearing shall be held within thirty days after the notice of appeal is filed, and shall give the appellant, and the commissioner at least twenty days' written notice thereof by certified mail. The board may postpone or continue any hearing upon its own motion or motion of the parties to the appeal.
- (d) Not later than five days prior to the time fixed for the hearing on the appeal, the commissioner shall prepare and certify to the board a complete record of the proceedings of the commissioner out of which the appeal arises, including all documents and correspondence related to the matter.
- (e) The board shall hear the appeal de novo and any party to the appeal may submit evidence. For the purpose of conducting a hearing on an appeal, the board may require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, records and papers, and it may, and at the request of any party it shall, issue subpoenas for witnesses or subpoenas duces tecum to compel the production of any books, records or papers, directed to the sheriff of the county where witnesses, books, records or papers are found, which subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be served and returned in the same manner as subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in civil litigation are served and returned. The fees and allowances for mileage of sheriffs and witnesses shall be the same as those permitted in civil litigation in trial courts. All fees and mileage expenses incurred and the expense of preparing a copy of the record at the request of the appellant shall be paid by the appellant. The board may visit the site of the activity or proposed activity which is the subject of the hearing and take such additional evidence as it considers necessary provided that all parties and intervenors be given notice of the visit and are given an

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- 57 opportunity to accompany the board.
- 58 (f) In case of disobedience or neglect of any subpoena or 59 subpoena duces tecum served on any person, or the refusal 60 of any witness to testify to any matter regarding which he may 61 be lawfully interrogated, the circuit court of the county in 62 which the disobedience, neglect or refusal occurs, on 63 application of the board or any member thereof, shall compel 64 obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt as in the 65 case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena or 66 subpoena duces tecum issued from the court of a refusal to 67 testify therein. Witnesses at the hearings shall testify under 68 oath and any member of the board may administer oaths or 69 affirmations to persons who so testify.
 - (g) A stenographic record of the testimony and other evidence submitted shall be made. The record shall include all of the testimony and other evidence and the rulings on the admissibility of evidence, but any party may at the time object to the admission of any evidence and except to the rulings of the board thereon, and if the board refuses to admit evidence the party offering the same may make a proffer thereof, and the proffer shall be made a part of the record of the hearing.
- (h) If upon completion of the hearing the board finds that 78 79 the decision appealed from was lawful and reasonable, it shall make a written order affirming the same, or if the board finds 80 81 that the decision was not supported by substantial evidence in the record considered as a whole, it shall make a written 82 83 order reversing or modifying the decision appealed from. 84 Every order made by the board shall contain a written finding by the board of the facts upon which the order is based. On 85 86 all appeals to the board, the board shall issue a final decision thirty days after the hearing or within thirty days after the 87 88 testimony presented at the hearing has been transcribed and checked for accuracy. Notice of the making of such order shall 89 be given forthwith to each party to the appeal by mailing a 90 certified copy thereof to each party by registered or certified 91 92 mail. The order of the board shall be final unless vacated upon 93 judicial review thereof.

§22-4-3. Appeal from order of board; judicial review; temporary relief.

1 (a) Within thirty days after receipt of an order from the

2 board, any applicant, any person with an interest which is or 3 may be adversely affected, or the appellee who has participated in the administrative proceedings before the board and who 5 is aggrieved by the decision of the board may obtain judicial review thereof by appealing to the circuit court of Kanawha 7 County or the county in which the surface-mining operation 8 is located. Any party desiring to so appeal shall file with the 9 board a notice of appeal, designating the order appealed from, 10 stating whether the appeal is taken on questions of law, questions of fact or questions of law and fact, and stating 11 specific grounds upon which the appeal is based. A copy of 12 13 the notice shall also be filed by the appellant with the court 14 and shall be mailed or otherwise delivered to the appellee. The 15 notice and copies thereof shall be filed and mailed or otherwise delivered within thirty days after the date upon which the 16 appellant received notice from the board by certified mail of 17 18 the making of the order appealed from. No appeal bond may 19 be required to make effective an appeal on questions of law, 20 questions of fact or questions of law and fact.

(b) The filing of a notice of appeal shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the order of the board. The court may, under such conditions as it may prescribe, grant such temporary relief as it deems appropriate pending final determination of the proceedings if:

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- 26 (1) All parties to the proceedings have been notified and 27 given an opportunity to be heard on a request for temporary 28 relief:
- 29 (2) The person requesting relief shows that there is a 30 substantial likelihood that he will prevail on the merits of the 31 final determination of the proceedings; and
- 32 (3) The relief will not adversely affect the public health or safety or cause significant imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources.
 - (c) Within thirty days after receipt of the notice of appeal, the board shall prepare and file in the court the complete record of the proceedings out of which the appeal arises, including a transcript of the testimony and other evidence which was submitted before the board. The expense of preparing a copy of the record shall be taxed as a part of the costs of the appeal. The appellant shall provide security for

- 42 costs satisfactory to the court. Upon demand by a party, the 43 board shall furnish, at the cost of the party requesting the 44 same, a copy of such record. In the event such complete record
- 45 is not filed in the court within the time provided for in this
- 46 section, either party may apply to the court to have the case
- 47 docketed, and the court shall order such record filed.
- 48 (d) Appeals taken on questions of law, fact or both, shall 49 be heard upon assignment of error filed in the case or set out 50 in the briefs of the appellant. Errors not argued by brief may 51 be disregarded. The court shall hear the appeal solely upon
- 52 the record made before the board.

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- (e) The court may affirm, vacate, modify, set aside or remand any order of the board for further action as the court may direct. Any order shall be affirmed if the court concludes that the order is supported by substantial evidence based on the record as a whole. The judgment of the court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia, and jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the court to hear and entertain the appeals upon application made therefor in the manner and within the time provided for civil appeals generally.
- 63 (f) The availability of the review shall not be construed to 64 limit the operation of the rights established in section twenty-65 five, article three, chapter twenty-two-a of this code except as 66 provided therein.
- 67 (g) Whenever an order is issued under this section, or as
 68 a result of any administrative or judicial proceeding under this
 69 article, at the request of any person, a sum equal to the
 70 aggregate amount of all costs and expenses, including attorney
 71 fees, as determined by the board or the court to have been
 72 reasonably incurred by such person for or in connection with
 73 his participation in the proceedings, may be assessed against
 74 either party by the board or the court.

ARTICLE 5. BOARD OF APPEALS.

§22-5-1. Board of appeals.

- I There is hereby continued a board of appeals, consisting of
- 2 three members. Two members of the board shall be appointed
- 3 by the governor, one person who by reason of previous
- 4 training and experience may reasonably be said to represent

5 the viewpoint of miners, and one person who by reason of 6 previous training and experience may reasonably be said to represent the viewpoint of the operators. The third person, 7 who shall be chairman of the board, and who must not have 9 had any connection at any time with the coal industry or an 10 organization representing miners, shall be selected by the two members appointed by the governor. The term of office of 11 12 members of the board shall be five years.

13 The function and duties of the board shall be to hear 14 appeals, make determinations on questions of miners' entitlements due to withdrawal orders and appeals from 15 discharge or discrimination, and suspension of certification 16 17 certificates.

The chairman of the board shall have the power to administer oaths and subpoena witnesses and require 19 production of any books, papers, records or other documents 20 21 relevant or material to the appeal inquiry.

Each member of the board shall receive one hundred dollars per diem while actually engaged in the performance of the work of the board. Each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred during the performance of their duties. Each member shall receive mileage expense reimbursement at the rate established by rule and regulation of the commissioner of the department of finance and administration for in-state travel of public employees. No reimbursement for expenses shall be made except upon an itemized account, properly certified by such members of the board. All reimbursement for expenses shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor.

34 Board members, before performing any duty, shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article IV of 35 the constitution of West Virginia. 36

ARTICLE 6. BOARD OF COAL MINE HEALTH AND SAFETY.

- Declaration of legislative findings and purpose. §22-6-1.
- §22-6-2.

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- Board continued; membership; method of nomination and appointment; §22-6-3. meetings; vacancies; quorum.
- Board powers and duties. §22-6-4.
- Preliminary procedures for promulgation of rules and regulations. §22-6-4a.
- Health and safety administrator; qualifications; duties; employees; 822-6-4b. compensation.

- §22-6-5. Effect of rules and regulations.
- §22-6-6. Reports.

§22-6-7. Compensation and expenses of board members.

§22-6-1. Declaration of legislative findings and purpose.

- (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:
- 2 (1) The Legislature concurs with the congressional declara-3 tion made in the "Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act 4 of 1969" that "the first priority and concern of all in the coal 5 mining industry must be the health and safety of its most 6 precious resource—the miner":
- 7 (2) Coal mining is highly specialized, technical and complex 8 and it requires frequent review, refinement and improvement 9 of standards to protect the health and safety of miners;
- 10 (3) During each session of the Legislature, coal mine health 11 and safety standards are proposed which require knowledge 12 and comprehension of scientific and technical data related to 13 coal mining;
- 14 (4) The formulation of appropriate regulations and practices 15 to improve health and safety and provide increased protection 16 of miners can be accomplished more effectively by persons 17 who have experience and competence in coal mining and coal 18 mine health and safety.
- 19 (b) In view of the foregoing findings, it is the purpose of 20 this article to:
- 21 (1) Continue the board of coal mine health and safety;
- 22 (2) Require such board to continue as standard rules and 23 regulations the coal mine health and safety provisions of this 24 code:
- 25 (3) Compel the board to review such standard rules and regulations and, when deemed appropriate to improve or enhance coal mine health and safety, to revise the same or develop and promulgate new rules and regulations dealing with coal mine health and safety; and
- 30 (4) Authorize such board to conduct such other activities 31 as it deems necessary to implement the provisions of this 32 chapter.

§22-6-2. Definitions.

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Unless the context in which a word or phrase appears clearly requires a different meaning, the words and phrases defined in section one, article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code shall have, when used in this article, the meaning therein assigned to them. For the purpose of this article "board" means the board of coal mine health and safety continued by

7 section three of this article.

§22-6-3. Board continued; membership; method of nomination and appointment; meetings; vacancies; quorum.

1 (a) The board of coal mine health and safety, heretofore
2 established, is continued as provided by this article. The board
3 shall consist of seven members who shall be residents of this
4 state, and who shall be appointed as hereinafter specified in
5 this section:

6 (1) The governor shall appoint one member to represent the 7 viewpoint of those operators in this state whose individual 8 aggregate production exceeds one million tons annually and 9 one member to represent the viewpoint of those operators in 10 this state whose individual aggregate production is less than one million tons annually, which tonnage shall include tonnage 11 produced by affiliated, parent and subsidiary companies and 12 tonnage produced by companies which have a common 13 director or directors, shareholder or shareholders, owner or 14 15 owners. When such members are to be appointed, the governor 16 may request from the major trade association representing operators in this state a list of three nominees for each such 17 18 position on the board. All such nominees shall be persons with special experience and competence in coal mine health and 19 20 safety. There shall be submitted with such list a summary of the qualifications of each nominee. If the full lists of nominees 21 are submitted in accordance with the provisions of this 22 subdivision, the governor shall make his appointments from 23 the persons so nominated. For purposes of this subdivision, 24 the major trade association representing operators in this state 25 shall be deemed to be that association which represents 26 operators accounting for over one half of the coal produced 27 in mines in this state in the year prior to the year in which 28 the appointment is to be made. 29 30

(2) The governor shall appoint two members who can reasonably be expected to represent the viewpoint of the

32 working miners of this state. If the major employee organi-33 zation representing coal miners in this state is divided into 34 administrative districts, such members shall not be from the 35 same administrative district. The highest ranking official within the major employee organization representing coal 36 miners within this state shall, upon request by the governor, 37 38 submit a list of three nominees for each such position on the board: Provided. That if the major employee organization 39 representing coal miners in this state is divided into adminis-40 trative districts, and if there are two vacancies to be filled in 41 accordance with the provisions of this subdivision, not more 42 43 than two persons on each list of three nominees shall be from the same administrative district and at least three districts shall 44 45 be represented on the two lists submitted, and if there is one vacancy to be filled, no names shall be submitted of persons 46 47 from the same administrative district already represented on the board. Said nominees shall have a background in coal 48 mine health and safety, and shall at the time of their 49 appointment be employed in a position which involves the 50 protection of health and safety of miners. There shall be 51 submitted with such list a summary of the qualifications of 52 each nominee. If the full lists of nominees are submitted in 53 accordance with the provisions of this subdivision, the 54 55 governor shall make his appointments from the persons so 56 nominated.

(3) The governor shall appoint one public member who is professionally qualified in the field of occupational health and safety and who shall be (A) an employee of the institute of labor studies at West Virginia University or (B) a person who is engaged in or who has broad experience in occupational health and safety from the perspective of the worker. Such nominee shall have technical experience in occupational health and safety or education and experience in such field: *Provided*, That the nominee shall not have been, prior to his appointment to the board, employed by a mining or industrial business entity in a managerial or supervisory position, or shall not have been employed by the major employee organization representing coal miners in this state, or shall not have been a miner.

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71 (4) The governor shall appoint one public member who is 72 professionally qualified in the field of occupational health and safety and who shall have a degree in engineering or industrial safety and a minimum of five years' experience in the field of industrial safety engaged in constructing, designing, developing or administering safety programs: Provided, That the nominee shall not have been, prior to his appointment to the board, employed by a mining business entity in a managerial or supervisory position or shall not have been employed by the major employee organization representing coal miners in this state, or shall not have been a miner.

(5) All appointments made by the governor under the provisions of subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection shall be with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- (6) The seventh member of the board shall be the commissioner of the department of energy who shall serve as chairman of the board. The commissioner shall furnish to the board such secretarial, clerical, technical, research and other services as are deemed necessary to the conduct of the business of the board, not otherwise furnished by the board.
- (b) Any unexpired term of members of the board under prior enactments of this section shall end upon the appointment of members in accordance with the provisions of this section. Upon the initial appointment of members, the governor shall specify the length of the beginning term which each member shall serve, pursuant to the following formula:
- (1) With regard to the two members appointed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section, one member shall serve a beginning term of one year, and one member shall serve a beginning term of two years.
- (2) With regard to the two members appointed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section, one member shall serve a beginning term of one year and one member shall serve a beginning term of two years.
- 107 (3) The members appointed in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4), subsection (a) of this section shall each be appointed to serve a beginning term of three years.
- 111 (4) Following the beginning terms provided for in this

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subsection, members shall be nominated and appointed in the manner provided for in this section and shall serve for a term of three years. Members shall be eligible for reappointment.

- (c) The governor shall appoint a health and safety administrator in accordance with the provisions of section four-b of this article, who shall certify all official records of the board. The health and safety administrator shall be a full-time officer of the board of coal mine health and safety with the duties provided for in section four-b of this article. The health and safety administrator shall have such education and experience as the governor deems necessary to properly investigate areas of concern to the board in the development of rules and regulations governing mine health and safety. The governor shall appoint as health and safety administrator a person who has an independent and impartial viewpoint on issues involving mine safety. The health and safety administrator shall be a person who has not been, during the two years immediately preceding his appointment, and is not during his term, an officer, trustee, director, substantial shareholder or employee of any coal operator, or an employee or officer of an employee organization, or a spouse of any such person. The health and safety administrator shall have the expertise to draft proposed rules and regulations and shall prepare such rules and regulations as are required by this code and on such other areas as will improve coal mine health and safety.
- (d) The board shall meet at least once during each calendar month, or more often as may be necessary, and at other times upon the call of the chairman, or upon the request of any three members of the board. Under the direction of the board, the health and safety administrator shall prepare an agenda for each board meeting giving priority to the promulgation of rules and regulations as may be required from time to time by this code, and as may be required to improve coal mine health and safety. The health and safety administrator shall provide each member of the board with notice of the meeting and the agenda as far in advance of the meeting as practical, but in any event, at least five days prior thereto. No meeting of the board shall be conducted unless said notice and agenda are given to the board members at least five days in advance, as provided herein, except in cases of emergency, as declared by the chairman, in which event members shall be notified of

the board meeting and the agenda in a manner to be determined by the chairman: *Provided*, That upon agreement of a majority of the quorum present, any scheduled meeting may be ordered recessed to another day certain without further notice of additional agenda.

When proposed rules and regulations are to be finally adopted by the board, copies of such proposed rules and regulations shall be delivered to members not less than five days before the meeting at which such action is to be taken. If not so delivered, any final adoption or rejection of rules and regulations shall be considered on the second day of a meeting of the board held on two consecutive days, except that by the concurrence of at least four members of the board, the board may suspend this rule of procedure and proceed immediately to the consideration of final adoption or rejection of rules and regulations. When a member shall fail to appear at three consecutive meetings of the board or at one half of the meetings held during a one-year period, the health and safety administrator shall notify the member and the governor of such fact. Such member shall be removed by the governor unless good cause for absences is shown.

- (e) Whenever a vacancy on the board occurs, nominations and appointments shall be made in the manner prescribed in this section: *Provided*, That in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy, nominations of three persons for each such vacancy shall be requested by and submitted to the governor within thirty days after the vacancy occurs by the major trade association or major employee organization, if any, which nominated the person whose seat on the board is vacant. The vacancy shall be filled by the governor within thirty days of his receipt of the list of nominations.
- 184 (f) A quorum of the board shall be five members which shall include the commissioner, at least one member representing the viewpoint of operators and at least one member representing the viewpoint of the working miners, and the board may act officially by a majority of those members who are present.

§22-6-4. Board powers and duties.

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1 (a) At the organizational meeting of the board required by 2 subsection (c), section three of this article, the board shall adopt as standard rules and regulations the "coal mine health

- and safety provisions of chapter twenty-two-a of this code."

 Such standard rules and regulations and any other rules and regulations shall be adopted by the board without regard to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The board of coal mine health and safety shall devote its time toward promulgating rules and regulations in those areas specifically directed by chapter twenty-two-a of this code and those necessary to prevent fatal accidents and injuries.
 - (b) The board shall review such standard rules and regulations and, when deemed appropriate to improve or enhance coal mine health and safety, revise the same or develop and promulgate new rules and regulations dealing with coal mine health and safety.
 - (c) The board shall develop, promulgate and revise, as may be appropriate, rules and regulations as are necessary and proper to effectuate the purposes of article two, chapter twenty-two-a of this code and to prevent the circumvention and evasion thereof, all without regard to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code:
 - (1) Upon consideration of the latest available scientific data in the field, the technical feasibility of standards, and experience gained under this and other safety statutes, such rules and regulations may expand protections afforded by chapter twenty-two-a of this code notwithstanding specific language therein, and such rules and regulations may deal with subject areas not covered by chapter twenty-two-a of this code to the end of affording the maximum possible protection to the health and safety of miners.
 - (2) No rules or regulations promulgated by the board of mines shall reduce or compromise the level of safety or protection afforded miners below the level of safety or protection afforded by chapter twenty-two-a of this code.
 - (3) Any miner or representative of any miner, or any coal operator shall have the power to petition the circuit court of Kanawha County for a determination as to whether any rule or regulation promulgated or revised reduces the protection afforded miners below that provided by chapter twenty-two-a of this code, or is otherwise contrary to law: *Provided*, That any rule or regulation properly promulgated by the board pursuant to the terms and conditions of chapter twenty-two-

44 a of this code shall create a rebuttable presumption that said 45 rule or regulation does not reduce the protection afforded 46 miners below that provided by chapter twenty-two-a of this 47 code.

- (4) The commissioner shall cause proposed rules and regulations and a notice thereof to be posted in section sixteen, article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code. The commissioner shall deliver a copy of such proposed rules and regulations and accompanying notice to each operator affected. A copy of such proposed rules and regulations shall be provided to any individual by the commissioner upon request. The notice of proposed rules and regulations shall contain a summary in plain language explaining the effect of the proposed rules and regulations.
- (5) The board shall afford interested persons a period of not less than thirty days after releasing proposed rules and regulations to submit written data or comments. The board may, upon the expiration of such period and after consideration of all relevant matters presented, promulgate such rules and regulations with such modifications as it may deem appropriate.
- (6) On or before the last day of any period fixed for the submission of written data or comments under subdivision (5) of this section, any interested person may file with the board written objections to a proposed rule or regulation, stating the grounds therefor and requesting a public hearing on such objections. As soon as practicable after the period for filing such objections has expired, the board shall release a notice specifying the proposed rules or regulations to which objections have been filed and a hearing requested.
- (7) Promptly after any such notice is released by the board under subdivision (6) of this section, the board shall issue notice of, and hold a public hearing for the purpose of receiving relevant evidence. Within sixty days after completion of the hearings, the board shall make findings of fact which shall be public, and may promulgate such rules and regulations with such modifications as it deems appropriate. In the event the board determines that a proposed rule or regulation should not be promulgated or should be modified, it shall within a reasonable time publish the reasons for its determination.

- 84 (8) All rules and regulations promulgated by the board shall 85 be published in the state register and shall continue in effect 86 until modified or superseded in accordance with the provisions 87 of this chapter.
 - (d) To carry out its duties and responsibilities, the board is authorized to employ such personnel, including legal counsel, experts and consultants, as it deems necessary. In addition, the board, within the appropriations provided for by the Legislature, may conduct or contract for research and studies and shall be entitled to the use of the services, facilities and personnel of any agency, institution, school, college or university of this state.
 - (e) The commissioner shall within sixty days of a coal mining fatality or fatalities provide the board with all available reports regarding such fatality or fatalities.

The board shall view all such reports, receive any additional information, and may, on its own initiative, ascertain the cause or causes of such coal mining fatality or fatalities. Within one hundred twenty days of such review of each such fatality, the board shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to prevent the recurrence of such fatality, unless a majority of the quorum present determines that no rules and regulations shall assist in the prevention of the specific type of fatality. Likewise, the board shall annually, not later than the first day of July, review the major causes of coal mining injuries during the previous calendar year, reviewing the causes in detail, and shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to prevent the recurrence of such injuries.

- Further, the board shall, on or before the tenth day of January of each year, submit a report to the governor, president of the Senate and speaker of the House, which report shall include, but not be limited to:
- (1) The number of fatalities during the previous calendar year, the apparent reason for each fatality as determined by the department of energy and the action, if any, taken by the board to prevent such fatality;
- 120 (2) Any rules and regulations promulgated by the board during the last year;
- 122 (3) What rules and regulations the board intends to

- 123 promulgate during the current calendar year;
- 124 (4) Any problem the board is having in its effort to 125 promulgate rules and regulations to enhance health and safety 126 in the mining industry;
- 127 (5) Recommendations, if any, for the enactment, repeal or 128 amendment of any statute which would cause the enhancement 129 of health and safety in the mining industry;
- 130 (6) Any other information the board deems appropriate;
- 131 (7) In addition to the report by the board, as herein 132 contained, each individual member of said board shall have 133 the right to submit a separate report, setting forth any views 134 contrary to the report of the board, and the separate report, 135 if any, shall be appended to the report of the board and be 136 considered a part thereof.

§22-6-4a. Preliminary procedures for promulgation of rules and regulations.

- 1 (a) Prior to the posting of proposed rules and regulations 2 as provided for in subsection (c), section four of this article, 3 the board shall observe the preliminary procedure for the 4 development of rules and regulations set forth in this section:
- 5 (1) During a board meeting or at any time when the board 6 is not meeting, any board member may suggest to the health 7 and safety administrator, or such administrator on his own 8 initiative may develop, subjects for investigation and possible regulation;

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- (2) Upon receipt of a suggestion for investigation, the health and safety administrator shall prepare a report, to be given at the next scheduled board meeting, of the technical evidence available which relates to such suggestion, the staff time required to develop the subject matter, the legal authority of the board to act on the subject matter, including a description of findings of fact and conclusions of law which will be necessary to support any proposed rules and regulations;
- (3) The board shall by majority vote of those members who are present determine whether the health and safety administrator shall prepare a draft regulation concerning the suggested subject matter;

- 22 (4) After reviewing the draft regulation, the board shall
- 23 determine whether the proposed rules and regulations should
- 24 be posted and made available for comment as provided for
- 25 in section four of this article:
- 26 (5) The board shall receive and consider those comments to 27 the proposed rules and regulations as provided for in section
- 28 four of this article;
- 29 (6) The board shall direct the health and safety administra-
- 30 tor to prepare for the next scheduled board meeting findings
- of fact and conclusions of law for the proposed rules and 31 32 regulations, which may incorporate comments received and
- 33 technical evidence developed, and which are consistent with
- 34 section four of this article;
- 35 (7) The board shall adopt or reject or modify the proposed 36 findings of fact and conclusions of law; and
- 37 (8) The board shall make a final adoption or rejection of 38 the rules and regulations.
- 39 (b) By the concurrence of at least four members of the
- board, the board may dispense with the procedure set out in 40
- 41 (a) above or any other procedural rule established, except that the board shall in all instances when adopting rules and 42
- 43 regulations prepare findings of fact and conclusions of law
- 44 consistent with this section and section four of this article.
- 45 (c) Without undue delay, the board shall adopt an order of 46 business for the conduct of meetings which will promote the
- 47 orderly and efficient consideration of proposed rules and
- regulations in accordance with the provisions of this section. 48

§22-6-4b. Health and safety administrator; qualifications; duties; employees; compensation.

- 1 (a) The governor shall appoint the health and safety 2 administrator of the board for a term of employment of one
- 3 year. The health and safety administrator shall be entitled to
- 4 have his contract of employment renewed on an annual basis
- 5 except where such renewal is denied for cause: Provided, That
- 6 the governor shall have the power at any time to remove the
- 7 health and safety administrator for misfeasance, malfeasance
- 8 or nonfeasance: Provided, however. That the board shall have
- the power to remove the health and safety administrator

without cause upon the concurrence of five members of the board.

- 12 (b) The health and safety administrator shall work at the 13 direction of the board, independently of the commissioner of 14 the department of energy, and shall have such authority and 15 perform such duties as may be required or necessary to 16 effectuate this article
- 17 (c) In addition to the health and safety administrator, there shall be such other research employees hired by the health and safety administrator as the board determines to be necessary.

 20 The health and safety administrator shall provide supervision and direction to the other research employees of the board in the performance of their duties.
 - (d) The employees of the board shall be compensated at rates determined by the board. The salary of the health and safety administrator shall be fixed by the governor: *Provided*, That the salary of the health and safety administrator shall not be reduced during his annual term of employment or upon the renewal of his contract for an additional term. Such salary shall be fixed for any renewed term at least ninety days before the commencement thereof.
 - (e) The health and safety administrator shall review all coal mining fatalities and major causes of injuries as mandated by section four of this article. An analysis of such fatalities and major causes of injuries shall be prepared for consideration by the board within ninety days of the occurrence of the accident.
 - (f) At the direction of the board, the administrator shall also conduct an annual study of occupational health issues relating to employment in and around coal mines of this state and submit a report to the board with findings and proposals to address the issues raised in such study. The administrator shall be responsible for preparing the annual reports required by subsection (e), section four of this article and section six of this article.

§22-6-5. Effect of rules and regulations.

The standard rules and regulations and any rules and regulations promulgated by the board shall have the same force and effect of law as if enacted by the Legislature as a part of article two, chapter twenty-two-a of this code and any

- violation of any such rule and regulation shall be deemed to
- 6 be a violation of law or of a health or safety standard within
- 7 the meaning of this chapter.

§22-6-6. Reports.

- Prior to each regular session of the Legislature, the board
- 2 shall submit to the Legislature an annual report upon the
- 3 subject matter of this article, the progress concerning the
- 4 achievement of its purpose and any other relevant information,
- 5 including any recommendations it deems appropriate.

§22-6-7. Compensation and expenses of board members.

- 1 Each member of the board not otherwise employed by the
- 2 state shall receive one hundred ten dollars per diem while
- 3 actually engaged in the performance of the duties of the board.
- 4 Each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and
- 5 necessary expenses actually incurred during the performance
- 6 of his duties, except that in the event the expenses are paid
- by a third party, the member shall not be reimbursed by the
- oy a time party, the member shall not be remoursed by the
- 8 state. Each member shall receive meals, lodging and mileage
- 9 expense reimbursements at the rates established by rule and
- 10 regulation of the commissioner of the department of finance
- and administration for in-state travel of public employees. The
- 12 reimbursement shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a
- requisition upon the state auditor, properly certified by the
- commissioner of the department of energy. No employer shall prohibit a member of the board from exercising leave of
- 16 absence from his place of employment in order to attend a
- meeting of the board or a meeting of a subcommittee of the
- board, or to prepare for a meeting of the board, any contract
- of employment to the contrary notwithstanding.

ARTICLE 7. SHALLOW GAS WELL REVIEW BOARD.

- §22-7-1. Declaration of public policy; legislative findings.
- §22-7-2. Definitions.
- §22-7-3. Application of article; exclusions.
- §22-7-4. West Virginia shallow gas well review board; membership; method of appointment; vacancies; compensation and expenses; staff.
- §22-7-5. Same—Meetings; notice; general powers and duties.
- §22-7-6. Rules and regulations; notice requirements.
- §22-7-7. Objections to proposed drilling; conferences; agreed locations and changes on plats; hearings; orders.
- §22-7-8. Distance limitations.

- §22-7-9. Application to establish a drilling unit; contents; notice.
- §22-7-10. Establishment of drilling units; hearings; orders.
- §22-7-11. Pooling of interests in a drilling unit; limitations.
- §22-7-12. Effect of order establishing drilling unit or pooling of interest; recordation.
- §22-7-13. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal representation for board.
- §22-7-14. Operation on drilling units.
- §22-7-15. Validity of unit agreements.
- §22-7-16. Injunctive relief.
- §22-7-17. Penalties.

- §22-7-18. Construction.
- §22-7-19. Rules, regulations, orders and permits remain in effect.

§22-7-1. Declaration of public policy; legislative findings.

- 1 (a) It is hereby declared to be the public policy of this state 2 and in the public interest to:
 - (1) Ensure the safe recovery of coal and gas;
- 4 (2) Foster, encourage and promote the fullest practical exploration, development, production, recovery and utilization of this state's coal and gas, where both are produced from beneath the same surface lands, by establishing procedures, including procedures for the establishment of drilling units, for the location of shallow gas wells without substantially affecting the right of the gas operator proposing to drill a shallow gas well to explore for and produce gas; and
- 12 (3) Safeguard, protect and enforce the correlative rights of 13 gas operators and royalty owners in a pool of gas to the end 14 that each such gas operator and royalty owner may obtain his 15 just and equitable share of production from such pool of gas.
- 16 (b) The Legislature hereby determines and finds that gas 17 found in West Virginia in shallow sands or strata has been 18 produced continuously for more than one hundred years; that 19 the placing of shallow wells has heretofore been regulated by the state for the purpose of ensuring the safe recovery of coal 20 and gas, but that regulation should also be directed toward 21 encouraging the fullest practical recovery of both coal and gas 22 because modern extraction technologies indicate the desirabil-23 ity of such change in existing regulation and because the 24 energy needs of this state and the United States require 25 encouragement of the fullest practical recovery of both coal 26 and gas; that in order to encourage and ensure the fullest 27

28 practical recovery of coal and gas in this state and to further 29 ensure the safe recovery of such natural resources, it is in the 30 public interest to enact new statutory provisions establishing 31 a shallow gas well review board which shall have the authority 32 to regulate and determine the appropriate placing of shallow 33 wells when gas well operators and owners of coal seams fail 34 to agree on the placing of such wells, and establishing specific 35 considerations, including minimum distances to be allowed 36 between certain shallow gas wells, to be utilized by the shallow 37 gas well review board in regulating the placing of shallow 38 wells; that in order to encourage and ensure the fullest 39 practical recovery of coal and gas in this state and to protect and enforce the correlative rights of gas operators and royalty 40 owners of gas resources, it is in the public interest to enact 41 42 new statutory provisions establishing a shallow gas well review 43 board which shall also have authority to establish drilling units 44 and order the pooling of interests therein to provide all gas operators and royalty owners with an opportunity to recover 45 46 their just and equitable share of production.

§22-7-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Board" means the West Virginia shallow gas well 4 review board provided for in section four of this article;
- 5 (2) "Chairman" means the chairman of the West Virginia 6 shallow gas well review board provided for in section four of 7 this article;
- (3) "Coal operator" means any person who proposes to ordoes operate a coal mine;
- 10 (4) "Coal seam" and "workable coal bed" are interchange-11 able terms and mean any seam of coal twenty inches or more 12 in thickness, unless a seam of less thickness is being 13 commercially worked, or can in the judgment of the 14 department foreseeably be commercially worked and will 15 require protection if wells are drilled through it;
- 16 (5) "Commission" means the oil and gas conservation 17 commission provided for in section four, article eight of this 18 chapter;

- 19 (6) "Commissioner" means the oil and gas conservation 20 commissioner provided for in section four, article eight of this 21 chapter;
- 22 (7) "Correlative rights" means the reasonable opportunity of 23 each person entitled thereto to recover and receive without 24 waste the gas in and under a tract or tracts, or the equivalent 25 thereof;
- 26 (8) "Deep well" means any well drilled and completed in a 27 formation at or below the top of the uppermost member of 28 the "Onondaga Group" or at a depth of or greater than six 29 thousand feet, whichever is shallower;
- 30 (9) "Department" means the state department of energy provided for in chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 32 (10) "Director" means the director for the division of oil and 33 gas provided for in section eleven, article one, chapter twenty-34 two of this code;
- 35 (11) "Drilling unit" means the acreage on which the board decides one well may be drilled under section ten of this article;
- 37 (12) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid 38 hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (15) of this 39 section;
- 40 (13) "Gas operator" means any person who owns or has the 41 right to develop, operate and produce gas from a pool and to appropriate the gas produced therefrom either for himself 42 43 or for himself and others. In the event that there is no gas lease in existence with respect to the tract in question, the 44 person who owns or has the gas rights therein shall be 45 considered a "gas operator" to the extent of seven eighths of 46 the gas in that portion of the pool underlying the tract owned 47 by such person, and a "royalty owner" to the extent of one 48 49 eighth of such gas;
- 50 (14) "Just and equitable share of production" means, as to 51 each person, an amount of gas in the same proportion to the 52 total gas production from a well as that person's acreage bears 53 to the total acreage in the drilling unit;
 - (15) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other

- 55 hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the 56 well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which
- 57 are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the
- 58 underground reservoir;
- 59 (16) "Owner" when used with reference to any coal seam, 60 shall include any person or persons who own, lease or operate 61 such coal seam;
- 62 (17) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm, 63 partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee, 64 executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary or other represen-65 tative of any kind, and includes any government or any 66 political subdivision or any agency thereof;
- 67 (18) "Plat" means a map, drawing or print showing the location of one or more wells or a drilling unit;
- 69 (19) "Pool" means an underground accumulation of gas in 70 a single and separate natural reservoir (ordinarily a porous 71 sandstone or limestone). It is characterized by a single natural-72 pressure system so that production of gas from one part of 73 the pool tends to or does affect the reservoir pressure throughout its extent. A pool is bounded by geologic barriers 74 in all directions, such as geologic structural conditions, 75 impermeable strata, and water in the formation, so that it is 76 77 effectively separated from any other pools which may be 78 present in the same district or in the same geologic structure;
- 79 (20) "Royalty owner" means any owner of gas in place, or 80 gas rights, to the extent that such owner is not a gas operator 81 as defined in subdivision (13) of this section;
- 82 (21) "Shallow well" means any gas well drilled and 83 completed in a formation above the top of the uppermost 84 member of the "Onondaga Group" or at a depth less than six 85 thousand feet, whichever is shallower;
- 86 (22) "Tracts comprising a drilling unit" means all separately 87 owned tracts or portions thereof which are included within the 88 boundary of a drilling unit;
- 89 (23) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or 90 dug into the earth or into underground strata for the extraction, injection or placement of any liquid or gas, or any

- 92 shaft or hole sunk or used in conjunction with such extraction,
- 93 injection or placement. The term "well" does not include any
- 94 shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth for
- 95 the sole purpose of core drilling or pumping or extracting
- 96 therefrom potable, fresh or usable water for household,
- 97 domestic, industrial, agricultural or public use; and
- 98 (24) "Well operator" means any person who proposes to or 99 does locate, drill, operate or abandon any well.

§22-7-3. Application of article; exclusions.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the
 - provisions of this article shall apply to all lands located in this
- state, under which a coal seam as defined in section two of
- 4 this article and section one, article one, chapter twenty-two-
- 5 b of this code, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
- 6 amended, is located, however owned, including any lands
- 7 owned or administered by any government or any agency or
- 8 subdivision thereof, over which the state has jurisdiction under
- 9 its police power. The provisions of this article are in addition
- is police power. The provisions of this article are in addition
- 10 to and not in derogation of or substitution for the provisions
- 11 of this chapter or chapter twenty-two-b of this code.
- 12 (b) This article shall not apply to or affect:
- 13 (1) Deep wells;

- 14 (2) Oil wells and enhanced oil recovery wells associated with 15 oil wells;
- 16 (3) Any shallow well permitted under article four of this
- 17 chapter prior to 12:01 a.m., the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, unless such well is, after
- 19 completion (whether such completion is prior or subsequent
- 20 to the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy
- 21 eight, deepened subsequent to the ninth day of June, one
- 22 thousand nine hundred seventy-eight), through another coal
- 23 seam to another formation above the top of the uppermost
- 24 member of the "Onondaga Group" or to a depth of less than
- 25 six thousand feet, whichever is shallower;
- 26 (4) Any shallow well as to which no objection is made under section seventeen, article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this
- 28 code;

- 29 (5) Wells as defined in subdivision (4), section one, article 30 four, chapter twenty-two-b of this code; or
- 31 (6) Free gas rights.
- 32 (c) The provisions of this article affecting applications for permits to drill shallow gas wells shall only apply to such 33 applications filed after 12:01 a.m. the first day of August, one 34 thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, and the provisions of 35 article four of former chapter twenty-two affecting such 36 applications which were in effect immediately prior to the 37 ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, 38 shall apply to all such applications filed prior to 12:01 a.m., 39 the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-40 eight, with like effect as if this article had not been enacted. 41

§22-7-4. West Virginia shallow gas well review board; membership; method of appointment; vacancies; compensation and expenses; staff.

- (a) There is hereby continued the "West Virginia Shallow 1 Gas Well Review Board" which shall be composed of three 2 members, two of whom shall be the commissioner and the 3 director. The remaining member of the board shall be a registered professional mining engineer with at least ten years 5 practical experience in the coal mining industry and shall be 6 appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent 7 of the Senate: Provided, That any person so appointed while 8 the Senate of this state is not in session shall be permitted to 9 serve in an acting capacity for one year from his appointment 10 or until the next session of the Legislature, whichever is less. 11 As soon as practical after appointment and qualification of the 12 member appointed by the governor, the governor shall 13 convene a meeting of the board for the purpose of organizing 14 and electing a chairman, who shall serve as such until his 15 successor is elected by the board. 16
- 17 (b) A vacancy in the membership appointed by the governor shall be filled by appointment by the governor within sixty 18 days after the occurrence of such vacancy. Before performing 19 any duty hereunder, each member of the board shall take and 20 subscribe to the oath required by section 5, article IV of the Constitution of West Virginia, and shall serve thereafter until 22
- his successor has been appointed and qualified. 23

- (c) The member of the board appointed by the governor shall receive not less than seventy-five dollars per diem while actually engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of the board. Each member of the board shall also be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties as a member of the board.
- 31 (d) The division of oil and gas shall furnish office and 32 clerical staff and supplies and services, including reporters for 33 hearings, as required by the board.

§22-7-5. Same—Meetings; notice; general powers and duties.

- 1 (a) The board shall meet and hold conferences and hearings 2 at such times and places as shall be designated by the 3 chairman. The chairman may call a meeting of the board at any time. The chairman shall call a meeting of the board (1) 4 upon receipt of a notice from the director that an objection 5 to the proposed drilling or deepening of a shallow well has 6 7 been filed by a coal seam owner pursuant to section seventeen, 8 article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code or that an objection has been made by the director, (2) upon receipt of 9 an application to establish a drilling unit filed with the board 10 pursuant to section nine of this article, or (3) within twenty 11 12 days upon the written request by another member of the 13 board. Meetings called pursuant to subdivisions (1) and (2) of 14 this subsection shall be scheduled not less than ten days nor 15 more than twenty days from receipt by the chairman of the 16 notice of objection or the application to establish a drilling 17 unit. Notice of all meetings shall be given to each member of 18 the board by the chairman at least ten days in advance thereof, 19 unless otherwise agreed by the members.
 - (b) At least ten days prior to every meeting of the board called pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (a) of this section, the chairman shall also notify (1) in the case of a notice of objection, the well operator and all objecting coal seam owners, and (2) in the case of an application to establish a drilling unit, the applicant, all persons to whom copies of the application were required to be mailed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (d), section nine of this article and all persons who filed written protests or objections with the board in accordance with the provisions

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- 30 of subsection (c), section nine of this article.
- 31 (c) A majority of the members of the board shall constitute
 32 a quorum for the transaction of any business. A majority of
- 32 a quorum for the transaction of any business. A majority of the members of the board shall be required to determine any
- the members of the board shall be required to determine any issue brought before it.
- 35 (d) The board is hereby empowered and it shall be its duty
- 36 to execute and carry out, administer and enforce the provisions
- 37 of this article in the manner provided herein. Subject to the
- 38 provisions of section three of this article, the board shall have
- 39 jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property
- 40 necessary therefor: Provided, That the provisions of this article
- 41 shall not be construed to grant to the board authority or power
- 42 to (1) limit production or output from or prorate production
- 43 of any gas well, or (2) fix prices of gas.
- 44 (e) The board shall have specific authority to:
- 45 (1) Take evidence and issue orders concerning applications 46 for drilling permits and drilling units in accordance with the 47 provisions of this article;
- 48 (2) Promulgate, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 49 twenty-nine-a of this code, and enforce reasonable rules and 50 regulations necessary to govern the practice and procedure 51 before the board:
- 52 (3) Make such relevant investigations of records and facilities as it deems proper; and
- 54 (4) Issue subpoenas for the attendance of and sworn
- 55 testimony by witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the
- 56 production of any books, records, maps, charts, diagrams and
- 57 other pertinent documents, and administer oaths and
- 58 affirmations to such witnesses, whenever, in the judgment of
- the board, it is necessary to do so for the effective discharge of its duties under the provisions of this article.

§22-7-6. Rules and regulations; notice requirements.

- I (a) The board may promulgate, pursuant to the provisions 2 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, such reasonable rules
- 3 and regulations as are deemed necessary or desirable to
- 4 implement and make effective the provisions of this article.
- 5 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, article

6 seven, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, any notice required 7 under the provisions of this article shall be given at the 8 direction of the chairman by (1) personal or substituted service 9 and if such cannot be had then by (2) certified United States 10 mail, addressed, postage and certification fee prepaid, to the 11 last known mailing address, if any, of the person being served, 12 with the direction that the same be delivered to addressee only, 13 return receipt requested, and if there be no known mailing address or if the notice is not so delivered then by (3) 14 15 publication of such notice as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-16 17. nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication 18 shall be the county or counties wherein any land which may 19 be affected by the order of the board is situate. The chairman shall also mail a copy of such notice to all other persons who 20 21 have specified to the chairman an address to which all such 22 notices may be mailed. All notices shall issue in the name of the state, shall be signed by the chairman, shall specify the 23 style and number of the proceeding, the date, time and place 24 25 of any meeting, conference or hearing, and shall briefly state the purpose of the proceeding. Proof of service or publication 26 of such notice shall be made to the board promptly and in 27 28 any event within the time during which the person served must respond to the notice. If service is made by a person other 29 30 than the sheriff or the chairman, he shall make proof thereof by affidavit. Failure to make proof of service or publication 31 within the time required shall not affect the validity of the 32 33 service of the notice.

§22-7-7. Objections to proposed drilling; conferences; agreed locations and changes on plats; hearings; orders.

(a) At the time and place fixed by the chairman for the 1 meeting of the board and for consideration of the objections to proposed drilling filed by coal seam owners pursuant to 3 section seventeen, article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this 4 code, the well operator and the objecting coal seam owners 5 present or represented shall hold a conference with the board 6 to consider the objections. Such persons present or represented at the conference may agree upon either the drilling location 8 as proposed by the well operator or an alternate location. Any 9 change in the drilling location from the drilling location 10 proposed by the well operator shall be indicated on the plat 11

12 enclosed with the notice of objection filed with the chairman 13 by the director in accordance with the provisions of section seventeen, article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code, and 14 15 the distance and direction to the new drilling location from 16 the proposed drilling location shall also be shown on such plat. 17 If agreement is reached at the conference by the well operator 18 and such objecting coal seam owners present or represented 19 at the conference, the board shall issue a written order stating 20 that an agreement has been reached, stating the nature of such 21 agreement, and directing the director to grant the well operator 22 a drilling permit for the location agreed upon. The original 23 of such order shall be filed with the division within five days 24 after the conference of the board at which the drilling location 25 was agreed upon and copies thereof shall be mailed by 26 registered or certified mail to the well operator and the 27 objecting coal seam owners present or represented at such 28 conference.

- (b) If the well operator and the objecting coal seam owners present or represented at the conference with the board are unable to agree upon a drilling location, then, unless they otherwise agree, the board shall, without recess for more than one business day, hold a hearing to consider the application for a drilling permit. All of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern such hearing. Within twenty days after the close of a hearing, the board shall issue and file with the director a written order directing him, subject to other matters requiring approval of the director to:
- (1) Refuse a drilling permit; or

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- 41 (2) Issue a drilling permit for the proposed drilling location; 42 or
- 43 (3) Issue a drilling permit for an alternate drilling location 44 different from that requested by the well operator; or
 - (4) Issue a drilling permit either for the proposed drilling location or for an alternate drilling location different from that requested by the well operator, but not allow the drilling of the well for a period of not more than one year from the date of issuance of such permit.
- 50 (c) The written order of the board shall contain findings of

fact and conclusions based thereon concerning the following safety aspects, and no drilling permit shall be issued for any drilling location where the board finds from the evidence that such drilling location will be unsafe:

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- (1) Whether the drilling location is above or in close proximity to any mine opening, or shaft, entry, travelway, airway, haulageway, drainageway or passageway, or to any proposed extension thereof, in any operated or abandoned or operating coal mine, or any coal mine already surveyed and platted but not yet being operated;
- (2) Whether the proposed drilling can reasonably be done through an existing or planned pillar of coal, or in close proximity to an existing well or such pillar of coal, taking into consideration the surface topography;
- (3) Whether the proposed well can be drilled safely, taking into consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other disturbances due to the extraction of coal; and
- 68 (4) The extent to which the proposed drilling location unreasonably interferes with the safe recovery of coal and gas.

The written order of the board shall also contain findings of fact and conclusions based thereon concerning the following:

- (5) The extent to which the proposed drilling location will unreasonably interfere with present or future coal mining operations on the surface including, but not limited to, operations subject to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-two-a of this code;
- 78 (6) The feasibility of moving the proposed drilling location 79 to a mined-out area, below the coal outcrop, or to some other 80 location;
- 81 (7) The feasibility of a drilling moratorium for not more 82 than one year in order to permit the completion of imminent 83 coal mining operations;
 - (8) The methods proposed for the recovery of coal and gas;
- 85 (9) The distance limitations established in section eight of this article;
 - (10) The practicality of locating the well on a uniform

- 88 pattern with other wells;
- 89 (11) The surface topography and use; and
- 90 (12) Whether the order of the board will substantially affect 91 the right of the gas operator to explore for and produce gas.
- 92 (d) Any member of the board may file a separate opinion.
- 93 Copies of all orders and opinions shall be mailed by the board,
- 94 by registered or certified mail, to the parties present or
- 95 represented at the hearing.

§22-7-8. Distance limitations.

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- 1 (a) If the well operator and the objecting coal seam owners
 2 present or represented at the time and place fixed by the
 3 chairman for consideration of the objections to the proposed
 4 drilling location are unable to agree upon a drilling location,
 5 then the written order of the board shall direct the director
 6 to refuse to issue a drilling permit unless the following distance
 7 limitations are observed:
 - (1) For all shallow wells with a depth less than three thousand feet, there shall be a minimum distance of one thousand feet from the drilling location to the nearest existing well as defined in subsection (b) of this section; and
 - (2) For all shallow wells with a depth of three thousand feet or more, there shall be a minimum distance of one thousand five hundred feet from the drilling location to the nearest existing well as defined in subsection (b) of this section, except that where the distance from the drilling location to such nearest existing well is less than two thousand feet but more than one thousand five hundred feet and a coal seam owner has objected, the gas operator shall have the burden of establishing the need for the drilling location less than two thousand feet from such nearest existing well. Where the distance from the drilling location proposed by the operator or designated by the board to the nearest existing well as defined in subsection (b) of this section is greater than two thousand feet, distance criterion will not be a ground for objection by a coal seam owner.
 - (b) The words "existing well" as used in this section shall mean (i) any well not plugged within nine months after being drilled to its total depth and either completed in the same

- 30 target formation or drilled for the purpose of producing from 31 the same target formation, and (ii) any unexpired, permitted 32 drilling location for a well to the same target formation.
- 33 (c) The minimum distance limitations established by this 34 section shall not apply if the proposed well will be drilled 35 through an existing or planned pillar of coal required for 36 protection of a preexisting oil or gas well and the proposed 37 well will neither require enlargement of such pillar nor 38 otherwise have an adverse effect on existing or planned coal 39 mining operations.
- 40 (d) Nothing in this article shall be construed to empower 41 the board to order the director to issue a drilling permit to 42 any person other than the well operator filing the application 43 which is the subject of the proceedings.

§22-7-9. Application to establish a drilling unit; contents; notice.

- 1 (a) Whenever the board has issued an order directing the 2 director to refuse a drilling permit, the gas operator may apply to the board for the establishment of a drilling unit 4 encompassing a contiguous tract or tracts if such gas operator 5 believes that such a drilling unit will afford one well location for the production of gas from under the tract on which the 7 drilling permit was sought, and will be agreeable to the coal 8 seam owners.
 - (b) An application to establish a drilling unit shall be filed with the board and shall contain:
- 11 (1) The name and address of the applicant;

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- 12 (2) A plat prepared by a licensed land surveyor or registered 13 professional engineer showing the boundary of the proposed 14 drilling unit, the district and county in which such unit is located, the acreage of the proposed drilling unit, the boundary 15 16 of the tracts which comprise the proposed drilling unit, the 17 names of the owners of record of each such tract, the proposed well location on the proposed drilling unit, and the proposed 18 well location for which the department refused to issue a 19 20 drilling permit;
- (3) The names and addresses of the royalty owners of the gas underlying the tracts which comprise the proposed drilling 22 unit:

- 24 (4) The names and addresses of the gas operators of the tracts which comprise the proposed drilling unit;
- 26 (5) The approximate depth and target formation to which the well for the proposed drilling unit is to be drilled;

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- (6) A statement indicating whether a voluntary pooling agreement has been reached among any or all of the royalty owners of the gas underlying the tracts which comprise the proposed drilling unit and the gas operators of such tracts;
- (7) An affidavit of publication of the notice of intent to file an application to establish a drilling unit as required in subsection (c) of this section; and
 - (8) Such other pertinent and relevant information as the board may prescribe by reasonable rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with the provisions of section six of this article.
- (c) Prior to the filing of an application to establish a drilling unit, the applicant shall cause to be published, as a Class II legal advertisement in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, a notice of intent to file an application to establish a drilling unit. Such notice shall contain the information required by subdivisions (1), (4) and (5), subsection (b) of this section, the name of the royalty owner of the gas underlying the proposed well location on the proposed drilling unit, plus an abbreviated description, or, at the applicant's option, a plat of the drilling unit, disclosing the county and district wherein the proposed drilling unit is to be located, the post office closest to the proposed drilling unit, a statement that the applicant will deliver a copy of the plat required by subdivision (2) of subsection (b) to any person desiring the same, the date upon which the applicant intends to file the application to establish a drilling unit, and a statement that written protests and objections to such application may be filed with the board until a specified date, which date shall be at least ten days after the date upon which the applicant intends to file the application to establish a drilling unit. The publication area of the notice required by this subsection shall be the county or counties in which the proposed drilling unit is to be located.
- (d) At the time an application to establish a drilling unit

63 is filed, the applicant shall forward a copy thereof by registered 64 or certified mail to each and every person whose name and 65 address were included on the application in accordance with 66 the provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4), subsection (b) of this 67 section. With each such application there shall be enclosed a 68 notice (the form for which shall be furnished by the board on 69 request) addressed to each such person to whom a copy of 70 the application is required to be sent, informing him that such 71 application is being mailed to him respectively by registered 72 or certified mail, pursuant to the requirements of this article: 73 Provided. That the application and notice need not be 74 forwarded to those royalty owners or gas operators within the boundary of the proposed drilling unit who have previously 75 76 agreed to voluntary pooling by separately stated document or 77 documents empowering the gas operator, by assignment or 78 otherwise, unilaterally to declare a unit.

§22-7-10. Establishment of drilling units; hearings; orders.

1 (a) At the time and place fixed by the chairman for the 2 meeting of the board and for consideration of an application 3 to establish a drilling unit, the applicant shall present proof that the drilling location on the proposed drilling unit has been 4 agreed to by all of the owners of the coal seams underlying 5 such drilling location; and thereafter the applicant, the royalty 6 owners of the gas underlying the tracts comprising the unit, 8 and the gas operators of the tracts comprising the unit, or such of them as are present or represented, shall hold a conference 9 with the board to consider the application. Such persons 10 11 present or represented at the conference may agree upon the boundary of the drilling unit as proposed by the applicant or 12 as changed to satisfy all valid objections of those persons 13 present or represented. Any change in the boundary of the 14 drilling unit from the boundary proposed by the applicant 15 shall be shown on the plat filed with the board as part of the 16 application. If agreement is reached at the conference upon the 17 boundary of the drilling unit among the applicants, the royalty 18 owners of the gas underlying the tracts comprising the drilling 19 unit and the gas operators of the tracts comprising such unit, 20 or such of them as are present or represented, and if such 21 agreement is approved by the board, the board shall issue a 22 written order establishing and specifying the boundary of the 23 drilling unit. 24

- 25 (b) If the applicant, the royalty owners of the gas underlying the tracts comprising the drilling unit and the gas operators 26 27 of the tracts comprising such unit, or such of them as are 28 present or represented at the time and place fixed by the chairman for consideration of the application, are unable to 29 30 agree upon the boundary of the drilling unit, then the board 31 shall hold a hearing without recess of more than one business 32 day to consider the application to establish a drilling unit. All 33 of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-34 a of this code shall apply to and govern such hearing. Within 35 twenty days after the close of the hearing, the board shall issue 36 a written order either establishing a drilling unit or dismissing 37 the application. If the board determines to establish a drilling unit, the order shall specify the boundary of such drilling unit. 38 39 In determining whether to grant or deny an application to 40 establish a drilling unit, the board shall consider:
- 41 (1) The surface topography and property lines of the lands 42 comprising the drilling unit;
- 43 (2) The correlative rights of all gas operators and royalty 44 owners therein;
- 45 (3) The just and equitable share of production of each gas operator and royalty owner therein;
- 47 (4) Whether a gas operator or royalty owner objecting to 48 the drilling unit has proved by clear and convincing evidence 49 that the drilling unit is substantially smaller than the area that 50 will be produced by the proposed well; and
- 51 (5) Other evidence relevant to the establishment of the 52 boundary of a drilling unit.
- 53 (c) The board shall not grant an application to establish a 54 drilling unit, nor shall it approve any drilling unit, unless the 55 board finds that:
- 56 (1) The applicant has proved that the drilling location on 57 the drilling unit has been agreed to by all of the owners of 58 the coal seams underlying such drilling location;
- 59 (2) The director has previously refused to issue a drilling 60 permit on one of the tracts comprising the drilling unit because 61 of an order of the board;
- 62 (3) The drilling unit includes all acreage within the

- 63 minimum distance limitations provided by section eight of this article, unless the gas operators and royalty owners of any 64 65 excluded acreage have agreed to such exclusion; and
- 66 (4) The drilling unit includes a portion of the acreage from under which the well operator intended to produce gas under 67 68 the drilling permit which was refused.
- 69 (d) All orders issued by the board under this section shall 70 contain findings of fact and conclusions based thereon as 71 required by section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of 72 this code and shall be filed with the director within twenty days 73 after the hearing. Any member of the board may file a separate 74 opinion. Copies of all orders and opinions shall be mailed by 75 the board, by registered or certified mail, to the parties present 76 or represented at the hearing.

§22-7-11. Pooling of interests in a drilling unit; limitations.

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- (a) Whenever the board establishes a drilling unit pursuant 2 to the provisions of sections nine and ten of this article, the 3 order establishing such drilling unit shall include an order pooling the separately owned interests in the gas to be produced from such drilling unit. 5
- 6 (b) If a voluntary pooling agreement has been reached 7 between all persons owning separate operating interests in the 8 tracts comprising the drilling unit, the order of the board shall 9 approve such agreement.
- 10 (c) If no voluntary pooling agreement is reached prior to or during the hearing held pursuant to subsection (b), section 11 12 ten of this article, then at such hearing the board shall also 13 determine the pooling of interests in the drilling unit.
 - (d) Any order of the board pooling the separately owned interests in the gas to be produced from the drilling unit shall be upon terms and conditions which are just and equitable and shall authorize the production of gas from the drilling unit; shall designate the applicant as the operator to drill and operate such gas well; shall prescribe the procedure by which all owners of operating interests in the pooled tracts or portions of tracts may elect to participate therein; shall provide that all reasonable costs and expenses of drilling, completing, equipping, operating, plugging, abandoning and reclaiming such well shall be borne, and all production therefrom shared.

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by all owners of operating interests in proportion to the net gas acreage in the pooled tracts owned or under lease to each owner; and shall make provisions for payment of all reasonable costs thereof, including all reasonable charges for supervision and for interest on past-due accounts, by all those who elect to participate therein.

- (e) Upon request, any such pooling order shall provide an owner of an operating interest an election to be made within ten days from the date of the pooling order, (i) to participate in the risks and costs of the drilling of the well, or (ii) to participate in the drilling of the well on a limited or carried basis on terms and conditions which, if not agreed upon, shall be determined by the board to be just and equitable. If the election is not made within the ten-day period, such owner shall be conclusively presumed to have elected the limited or carried basis. Thereafter, if an owner of any operating interest in any portion of the pooled tract shall drill and operate, or pay the costs of drilling and operating, a well for the benefit of such nonparticipating owner as provided in the order of the board, then such operating owner shall be entitled to the share of production from the tracts or portions thereof pooled accruing to the interest of such nonparticipating owner, exclusive of any royalty or overriding royalty reserved with respect to such tracts or portions thereof, or exclusive of one eighth of the production attributable to all unleased tracts or portions thereof, until the market value of such nonparticipating owner's share of the production, exclusive of such royalty, overriding royalty or one eighth of production, equals double the share of such costs payable by or charged to the interest of such nonparticipating owner.
- (f) In no event shall drilling be initiated or completed on any tract, where the gas underlying such tract has not been severed from the surface thereof by deed, lease or other title document, without the written consent of the person who owns such tract.
- (g) All disputes which may arise as to the costs of drilling and operating a well under a pooling order issued pursuant to this section shall be resolved by the board within ninety days from the date of written notification to the board of the existence of such dispute.

\$22-7-12. Effect of order establishing drilling unit or pooling of interest: recordation.

- 1 (a) An order issued by the board establishing a drilling unit and ordering the pooling of interests therein shall not entitle 3 the gas operator designated in such order to drill a well on such drilling unit until such gas operator shall have received 5 a drilling permit in accordance with the provisions applicable to alternative drilling locations set out in section seventeen, 7 article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code. All orders issued by the board establishing a drilling unit shall be filed with the director and shall also direct the director to issue a 9 drilling permit for the drilling location agreed to by all of the 10 owners of the coal seams underlying such drilling location. 11
- 12 (b) A certified copy of any order of the board establishing 13 a drilling unit or a pooling of interests shall be mailed by the board to the clerk of the county commission of each county 14 wherein all or any portion of the drilling unit is located, for 15 recordation in the record book of such county in which oil 16 17 and gas leases are normally recorded. Such recordation from 18 the time noted thereon by such clerk shall be notice of the 19 order to all persons.

§22-7-13. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal representation for board.

- (a) Any person adversely affected by an order of the board 1 shall be entitled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent 2 provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a 3 of this code shall apply to and govern such judicial review with 4 like effect as if the provisions of said section four were set forth 5 in extenso in this section. 6
 - (b) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

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(c) Legal counsel and services for the board in all appeal 11 proceedings in any circuit court and the supreme court of 12 appeals shall be provided by the attorney general or his 13 assistants and in any circuit court by the prosecuting attorney 14 of the county as well, all without additional compensation. The 15 board, with the written approval of the attorney general, may 17 employ special counsel to represent the board at any such 18 appeal proceedings.

§22-7-14. Operation on drilling units.

- I All operations including, but not limited to, the commence-
- 2 ment, drilling or operation of a well upon a drilling unit for
- 3 which a pooling order as been entered, shall be deemed for
- 4 all purposes the conduct of such operations upon each
- 5 separately owned tract in the drilling unit by the several
- 6 owners thereof. That portion of the production allocated to
- 7 a separately owned tract included in a drilling unit shall, when
- 8 produced, be deemed for all purposes to have been actually
- 9 produced from such tract by a well drilled thereon.

§22-7-15. Validity of unit agreements.

- 1 No agreement between or among gas operators, lessees or
- 2 other owners of gas rights in gas properties, entered into
- 3 pursuant to the provisions of this article or with a view to or
- 4 for the purpose of bringing about the unitized development
- 5 or operation of such properties, shall be held to violate the
- statutory or common law of this state prohibiting monopolies
- 7 or acts, arrangements, contracts, combinations or conspiracies
- 8 in restraint of trade or commerce.

§22-7-16. Injunctive relief.

- 1 (a) Whenever it appears to the board that any person has 2
 - been or is violating or is about to violate any provision of this
- 3 article, any rule and regulation promulgated by the board
- 4 hereunder or any order or final decision of the board, the
- 5 board may apply in the name of the state to the circuit court
- 6 of the county in which the violations or any part thereof has 7
- occurred, is occurring or is about to occur, or to the judge 8 thereof in vacation, for an injuction against such person and
- 9 any other persons who have been, are or are about to be,
- involved in any practices, acts or omissions, so in violation, 10
- enjoining such person or persons from any such violation or 11
- 12 violations. Such application may be made and prosecuted to
- 13 conclusion whether or not any such violation or violations
- 14 have resulted or shall result in prosecution or conviction under
- the provisions of section seventeen of this article. 15
- 16 (b) Upon application by the board, the circuit courts of this state may by mandatory or prohibitory injunction compel 17

18 compliance with the provisions of this article, the rules and 19 regulations promulgated by the board hereunder and all orders 20 of the board. The court may issue a temporary injunction in 21 any case pending a decision on the merits of any application 22 filed. Any other section of this code to the contrary 23 notwithstanding, the state shall not be required to furnish 24 bond or other undertaking as a prerequisite to obtaining 25 mandatory, prohibitory or temporary injunctive relief under 26 the provisions of this article.

- 27 (c) The judgment of the circuit court upon any application
 28 permitted by the provisions of this section shall be final unless
 29 reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court
 30 of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner
 31 and within the time provided by law for appeals from circuit
 32 courts in other civil actions.
- 33 (d) The board shall be represented in all such proceedings 34 by the attorney general or his assistants and in such 35 proceedings in the circuit courts by the prosecuting attorneys 36 of the several counties as well, all without additional 37 compensation. The board, with the written approval of the 38 attorney general, may employ special counsel to represent the 39 board in any such proceedings.
- 40 (e) If the board shall refuse or fail to apply for an injunction 41 to enjoin a violation or threatened violation of any provision of this article, any rule and regulation promulgated by the 42 43 board hereunder or any order or final decision of the board, within ten days after receipt of a written request to do so by 44 any person who is or will be adversely affected by such 45 violation or threatened violation, the person making such 46 47 request may apply in his own behalf for an injunction to enjoin such violation or threatened violation in any court in which 48 49 the board might have brought suit. The board shall be made a party defendant in such application in addition to the person 50 or persons violating or threatening to violate any provision of 51 this article, any rule and regulation promulated by the board 52 hereunder or any order of the board. The application shall 53 proceed and injunctive relief may be granted without bond or 54 other undertaking in the same manner as if the application had 55 been made by the chairman. 56

§22-7-17. Penalties.

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- (a) Any person who violates any provision of this article. 2 any of the rules and regulations promulgated by the board 3 hereunder or any order of the board other than a violation 4 governed by the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 5 6 thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars.
 - (b) Any person who, with the intention of evading any provision of this article, any of the rules and regulations promulgated by the board hereunder or any order of the board shall make or cause to be made any false entry or statement in any application or other document permitted or required to be filed under the provisions of this article, any of the rules and regulations promulgated by the board hereunder or any order of the board, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 18 (c) Any person who knowingly aids or abets any other 19 person in the violation of any provision of this article, any of the rules and regulations promulgated by the board 20 21 hereunder or any order or final decision of the board, shall 22 be subject to the same penalty as that prescribed in this article 23 for the violation by such other person.

§22-7-18. Construction.

- This article shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate
- 2 the declaration of public policy set forth in section one of this
- 3 article.

§22-7-19. Rules, regulations, orders and permits remain in effect.

- 1 The rules and regulations promulgated and all orders and
- 2 permits in effect upon the effective date of this article pursuant
- to the provisions of article four-b, of former chapter twenty-
- two of this code, shall remain in full force and effect as if such
- rules, regulations, orders and permits were adopted by the 5
- board continued in this article but all such rules, regulations, 6 orders and permits shall be subject to review by the board to
- ensure they are consistent with the purposes and policies set
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- forth in this chapter and chapter twenty-two-b of this code.

ARTICLE 8. OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION.

- §22-8-1. Declaration of public policy; legislative findings.
- §22-8-2. Definitions.
- §22-8-3. Application of article; exclusions.
- §22-8-4. Oil and gas conservation commissioner and commission; commission membership; qualifications of members; terms of members; vacancies on commission; meetings; compensation and expenses; appointment and qualifications of commissioner; general powers and duties.
- §22-8-5. Rules and regulations; notice requirements.
- §22-8-6. Waste of oil and gas prohibited.
- §22-8-7. Drilling units and the pooling of interests in drilling units in connection with deep oil and gas wells.
- §22-8-8. Secondary recovery of oil; unit operations.
- §22-8-9. Validity of unit agreements.
- §22-8-10. Hearing procedures.
- §22-8-11. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal representation for commissioner.
- §22-8-12. Injunctive relief.
- §22-8-13. Special oil and gas conservation tax.
- §22-8-14. Penalties.
- §22-8-15. Construction and severability.
- §22-8-16. Rules, regulations, orders and permits remain in effect.

§22-8-1. Declaration of public policy; legislative findings.

- 1 (a) It is hereby declared to be the public policy of this state 2 and in the public interest to:
- (1) Foster, encourage and promote exploration for and
 development, production, utilization and conservation of oil
 and gas resources;
- 6 (2) Prohibit waste of oil and gas resources and unnecessary surface loss of oil and gas and their constituents;
- 8 (3) Encourage the maximum recovery of oil and gas; and
- 9 (4) Safeguard, protect and enforce the correlative rights of operators and royalty owners in a pool of oil or gas to the end that each such operator and royalty owner may obtain his just and equitable share of production from such pool of oil or gas.
- (b) The Legislature hereby determines and finds that oil and natural gas found in West Virginia in shallow sands or strata have been produced continuously for more than one hundred years; that oil and gas deposits in such shallow sands or strata have geological and other characteristics different than those found in deeper formations; and that in order to encourage
- 20 the maximum recovery of oil and gas from all productive

- 21 formations in this state, it is not in the public interest, with
- 22 the exception of shallow wells utilized in a secondary recovery
- 23 program, to enact statutory provisions relating to the
- 24 exploration for or production from oil and gas from shallow
- 25 wells, as defined in section two of this article, but that it is
- 26 in the public interest to enact statutory provisions establishing
- 27 regulatory procedures and principles to be applied to the
- 28 exploration for or production of oil and gas from deep wells,
- 29 as defined in said section two.

§22-8-2. Definitions.

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- 1 (a) Unless the context in which used clearly requires a 2 different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Commission" means the oil and gas conservation 4 commission and "commissioner" means the oil and gas 5 conservation commissioner as provided for in section four of 6 this article:
- 7 (2) "Director" means the director for the division of oil and 8 gas provided for in section eleven, article one, chapter twentytwo of this code;
- 10 (3) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, 11 partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, 12 guardian, fiduciary or other representative of any kind, and 13 includes any government or any political subdivision or any 14 agency thereof;
 - (4) "Operator" means any owner of the right to develop, operate and produce oil and gas from a pool and to appropriate the oil and gas produced therefrom, either for himself or for himself and others; in the event that there is no oil and gas lease in existence with respect to the tract in question, the owner of the oil and gas rights therein shall be considered as "operator" to the extent of seven eighths of the oil and gas in that portion of the pool underlying the tract owned by such owner, and as "royalty owner" as to one eighth interest in such oil and gas; and in the event the oil is owned separately from the gas, the owner of the substance being produced or sought to be produced from the pool shall be considered as "operator" as to such pool;
- 28 (5) "Royalty owner" means any owner of oil and gas in 29 place, or oil and gas rights, to the extent that such owner is

- 30 not an operator as defined in subdivision (4) of this section;
- 31 (6) "Independent producer" means a person who is actively 32 engaged in the production of oil and gas in West Virginia, but 33 whose gross revenue from such production in West Virginia 34 does not exceed five hundred thousand dollars per year.
- 35 (7) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other 36 hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the 37 well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which 38 are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the 39 underground reservior:
- 40 (8) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid 41 hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (7) of this 42 section;
- 43 (9) "Pool" means an underground accumulation of petro-44 leum in a single and separate natural reservoir (ordinarily a 45 porous sandstone or limestone). It is characterized by a single 46 natural-pressure system so that production of petroleum from 47 one part of the pool affects the reservoir pressure throughout its extent. A pool is bounded by geologic barriers in all 48 49 directions, such as geologic structural conditions, impermeable 50 strata, and water in the formations, so that it is effectively 51 separated from any other pools that may be presented in the 52 same district or on the same geologic structure;
- 53 (10) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or 54 dug into the earth or underground strata for the extraction 55 of oil or gas;
- 56 (11) "Shallow well" means any well drilled and completed 57 in a formation above the top of the uppermost member of the 58 "Onondaga Group" or at a depth less than six thousand feet, 59 whichever is shallower;
- 60 (12) "Deep well" means any well drilled and completed in 61 a formation at or below the top of the uppermost member of 62 the "Onondaga Group" or at a depth of or greater than six 63 thousand feet, whichever is shallower;
- 64 (13) "Drilling unit" means the acreage on which one well 65 may be drilled;
- 66 (14) "Waste" means and includes: (a) Physical waste, as that 67 term is generally understood in the oil and gas industry; (b)

- 68 the locating, drilling, equipping, operating or producing of any
- 69 oil or gas well in a manner that causes, or tends to cause, a
- 70 reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ulitmately recoverable
- 71 from a pool under prudent and proper operations, or that
- 72 causes or tends to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss
- 73 of oil or gas; or (c) the drilling of more deep wells than are
- 74 reasonably required to recover efficiently and economically the
- 75 maximum amount of oil and gas from a pool;
- 76 (15) "Correlative rights" means the reasonable opportunity 77 of each person entitled thereto to recover and receive without
- 78 waste the oil and gas in and under his tract or tracts, or the
- 79 equivalent thereof; and
- 80 (16) "Just and equitable share of production" means, as to
- 81 each person, an amount of oil or gas or both substantially
- 82 equal to the amount of recoverable oil and gas in that part
- 83 of a pool underlying his tract or tracts.
- 84 (b) Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the use
- 85 of the word "and" and the word "or" shall be interchangeable,
- 86 as, for example, "oil and gas" shall mean oil or gas or both.

§22-8-3. Application of article; exclusions.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the
- 2 provisions of this article shall apply to all lands located in this
- 3 state, however owned, including any lands owned or admin-4 istered by any government or any agency or subdivision
- 5 thereof, over which the state has jurisdiction under its police
- 6 power. The provisions of this article are in addition to and
- 7 not in derogation of or substitution for the provisions of article
- 8 one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code.
- 9 (b) This article shall not apply to or affect:
- 10 (1) Shallow wells other than those utilized in secondary
- 11 recovery program as set forth in section eight of this arti-
- 12 cle;
- 13 (2) Any well commenced or completed prior to the ninth
- 14 day of March, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, unless
- 15 such well is, after completion (whether such completion is
- 16 prior or subsequent to that date), (i) deepened subsequent to
- 17 that date to a formation at or below the top of the uppermost
- 18 member of the "Onondaga Group" or at a depth of or greater

- than six thousand feet, whichever is shallower or (ii) involved in secondary recovery operations for oil under an order of the
- 21 commissioner entered pursuant to section eight of this article;
- 22 (3) Gas storage operations or any well employed to inject 23 gas into or withdraw gas from a gas storage reservoir or any 24 well employed for storage observation; or
- 25 (4) Free gas rights.

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- 26 (c) The provisions of this article shall not be construed to grant to the commissioner authority or power to:
- 28 (1) Limit production or output, or prorate production of 29 any oil or gas well, except as provided in subdivision (6), 30 subsection (a), section seven of this article; or
- 31 (2) Fix prices of oil or gas.
- §22-8-4. Oil and gas conservation commissioner and commission; commission membership; qualifications of members; terms of members; vacancies on commission; meetings; compensation and expenses; appointment and qualifications of commissioner; general powers and duties.
 - 1 (a) There is hereby continued, as provided for in subsection (h) of this section, the "West Virginia Oil and Gas Conser-2 vation Commission" which shall be composed of five members. The commissioner of the department of energy and the 4 director for the division of oil and gas shall be members of the commission ex officio. The remaining three members of the commission shall be appointed by the governor, by and 7 8 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Of the three 9 members appointed by the governor, one shall be an independent producer and at least one shall be a public 10 member not engaged in full-time employment in an activity 11 under the jurisdiction of the public service commission or the 12 13 federal energy regulatory commission. As soon as practical after appointment of the members of the commission, the 14 governor shall call a meeting of the commission to be 15 convened at the state capitol for the purpose of organizing and 16 17 electing a chairman.
 - (b) The members of the commission appointed by the governor shall be appointed for overlapping terms of six years each, except that the original appointments shall be for terms

of two, four and six years, respectively. Each member appointed by the governor shall serve until his successor has been appointed and qualified. Members may be appointed by the governor to serve any number of terms. The members of the commission appointed by the governor, before performing any duty hereunder, shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia. Vacancies in the membership appointed by the governor shall be filled by appointment by him for the unexpired term of the member whose office shall be vacant and such appointment shall be made by the governor within sixty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. Any member appointed by the governor may be removed by the governor in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.

- (c) The commission shall meet at such times and places as shall be designated by the chairman. The chairman may call a meeting of the commission at any time, and he shall call a meeting of the commission upon the written request of two members or upon the written request of the oil and gas conservation commissioner. Notification of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the chairman at least five days in advance of the meeting. Any three members, one of which may be the chairman, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business as herein provided for. A majority of the commission shall be required to determine any issue brought before it.
- (d) Each member of the commission appointed by the governor shall receive thirty-five dollars per diem not to exceed one hundred days per calendar year while actually engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of the commission. Each member of the commission shall also be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties as a member of the commission.
- (e) The commission shall appoint the oil and gas conservation commissioner, fix his salary within available funds, and advise him regarding his duties and authority under this article and consult with him prior to his reaching any final decisions and entering orders hereunder. However, the commissioner has full and final authority under this article with the commission serving in an advisory capacity to him. The commissioner shall

- possess a degree from an accredited college or university in petroleum engineering or geology and must be a registered professional engineer with particular knowledge and experience in the oil and gas industry.
 - (f) The oil and gas commissioner is hereby empowered and it shall be his duty to execute and carry out, administer and enforce the provisions of this article in the manner provided herein. Subject to the provisions of section three of this article, the commissioner shall have jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property necessary therefor. The commissioner is authorized to make such investigation of records and facilities as he deems proper. In the event of a conflict between the duty to prevent waste and the duty to protect correlative rights, the commissioner's duty to prevent waste shall be paramount. He shall serve as secretary of the oil and gas conservation commission.
 - 78 (g) Without limiting his general authority, the commissioner shall have specific authority to:
 - (1) Regulate the spacing of deep wells;

- (2) Make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations and orders reasonably necessary to prevent waste, protect correlative rights, govern the practice and procedure before the commissioner and otherwise administer the provisions of this article;
- (3) Issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of any books, records, maps, charts, diagrams and other pertinent documents, and administer oaths and affirmations to such witnesses, whenever, in the judgment of the commissioner it is necessary to do so for the effective discharge of his duties under the provisions of this article; and
- (4) Serve as technical advisor regarding oil and gas to the Legislature, its members and committees, to the director for the division of oil and gas, to the department of energy and to any other agency of state government having responsibility related to the oil and gas industry.
- 98 (h) After having conducted a performance audit through its 99 joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section 100 nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature

101 hereby finds and declares that the oil and gas conservation 102 commission should be continued and reestablished. Accord-103 ingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article 104 ten, chapter four of this code, the oil and gas conservation 105 commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July. 106 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

§22-8-5. Rules and regulations; notice requirements.

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- (a) The commissioner may promulgate such reasonable rules and regulations as he may deem necessary or desirable to implement and make effective the provisions of this article and the powers and authority conferred and the duties imposed upon him under the provisions of this article and for securing uniformity or procedure in the administration of the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two, article 9 seven, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, any notice required under the provisions of this article shall be given at the 10 direction of the commissioner by (1) personal or substituted 12 service and if such cannot be had then by (2) certified United 13 States mail, addressed, postage prepaid, to the last known mailing address, if any, of the person being served, with the 14 direction that the same be delivered to addressee only, return 15 receipt requested, and if there be no known mailing address or if the notice is not so delivered then by (3) publication of such notices as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this 19 code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county or counties wherein any land which may be affected by such order is situate. In addition, the commissioner shall mail a copy of such notice to all other persons who have specified to the commissioner an address to which all such notices may be mailed. The notice shall issue in the name of the state, shall be signed by the commissioner, shall specify the style and number of the proceeding, the time and place of any hearing, and shall briefly state the purpose of the proceeding. Personal or substituted service and proof thereof may be made by an officer authorized to serve process or by an agent of the commissioner in the same manner as is now provided by the "West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure for Trial Courts of Record" for service of process in civil actions in the various courts of this state. A certified copy of any

- 35 pooling order entered under the provisions of this article shall
- be presented by the commissioner to the clerk of the county 36
- 37 commission of each county wherein all or any portion of the
- 38 pooled tract is located, for recordation in the record book of
- 39 such county in which oil and gas leases are normally recorded.
- 40 Such recording of such order from the time noted thereon by
- such clerk shall be notice of the order to all persons. 41

§22-8-6. Waste of oil or gas prohibited.

Waste of oil or gas is hereby prohibited.

§22-8-7. Drilling units and the pooling of interests in drilling units in connection with deep oil or gas wells.

(a) Drilling units.

- 2 (1) After one deep well has been drilled establishing a pool,
- 3 an application to establish drilling units may be filed with the
- 4 commissiner by the operator of such discovery deep well or
- by the operator of any lands directly and immediately affected 5
- by the drilling of such discovery deep well, or subsequent deep 6
- 7 wells in said pool, and the commissioner shall promptly
- 8 schedule a hearing on said application. Each application shall
- 9 contain such information as the commissioner may prescribe
- by reasonable rules and regluations promulgated by him in 10 11
 - accordance with the provisions of section five of this article.
- 12 (2) Upon the filing of an application to establish drilling
- 13 units, notice of the hearing shall be given by the commissioner. Each notice shall specify the date, time and place of hearing, 14
- describe the area for which a spacing order is to be entered, 15
- and contain such other information as is essential to the giving 16
- 17 of proper notice.
- (3) On the date specified in such notice, the commissioner 18
- shall hold a public hearing to determine the area to be included 19
- in his spacing order and the acreage to be contained by each 20
- drilling unit, the shape thereof, and the minimum distance 21 from the outside boundary of the unit at which a deep well
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- may be drilled thereon. At such hearing the commissioner shall 23
- 24 consider:
- (i) The surface topography and property lines of the lands 25 underlaid by the pool to be included in such order; 26
- (ii) The plan of deep well spacing then being employed or 27

28 proposed in such pool for such lands;

- 29 (iii) The depth at which production from said pool has been 30 found;
- 31 (iv) The nature and character of the producing formation 32 or formations, and whether the substance produced or sought 33 to be produced is gas or oil;
 - (v) The maximum area which may be drained efficiently and economically by one deep well; and
 - (vi) Any other available geological or scientific data pertaining to said pool which may be of probative value to the commissioner in determining the proper deep well drilling units therefor.

To carry out the purposes of this article, the commissioner shall, upon proper application, notice and hearing as herein provided, and if satisfied after such hearing that drilling units should be established, enter an order establishing drilling units of a specified and approximately uniform size and shape for each pool subject to the provisions of this section.

- (4) When it is determined that an oil or gas pool underlies an area for which a spacing order is to be entered, the commissioner shall include in his order all lands determined or believed to be underlaid by such pool and exclude all other lands.
- (5) No drilling unit established by the commissioner shall be smaller than the maximum area which can be drained efficiently and economically by one deep well: *Provided*, That if at the time of a hearing to establish drilling units, there is not sufficient evidence from which to determine the area which can be drained efficiently and economically by one deep well, the commissioner may enter an order establishing temporary drilling units for the orderly development of the pool pending the obtaining of information necessary to determine the ultimate spacing for such pool.
- (6) An order establishing drilling units shall specify the minimum distance from the nearest outside boundary of the drilling unit at which a deep well may be drilled. The minimum distance provided shall be the same in all drilling units established under said order with necessary exceptions for deep

wells drilled or being drilled at the time of the filing of the application. If the commissioner finds that a deep well to be drilled at or more than the specified minimum distance from the boundary of a drilling unit would not be likely to produce in paying quantities or will encounter surface conditions which would substantially add to the burden or hazard of drilling such deep well, or that a location within the area permitted by the order is prohibited by the lawful order of any state agency or court, the commissioner is authorized after notice and hearing to make an order permitting the deep well to be drilled at a location within the minimum distance prescribed by the spacing order. In granting exceptions to the spacing order, the commissioner may restrict the production from any such deep well so that each person entitled thereto in such drilling unit shall not produce or receive more than his just and equitable share of the production.

- (7) An order establishing drilling units for a pool shall cover all lands determined or believed to be underlaid by such pool, and may be modified by the commissioner from time to time, to include additional lands determined to be underlaid by such pool or to exclude lands determined not to be underlaid by such pool. An order establishing drilling units may be modified by the commissioner to permit the drilling of additional deep wells on a reasonably uniform pattern at a uniform minimum distance from the nearest unit boundary as provided above. Any order modifying a proper order shall be made only after application by an interested operator and notice and hearing as prescribed herein for the original order. However, drilling units established by order shall not exceed one hundred sixty acres for an oil well or six hundred forty acres for a gas well.
- (8) After the date of the notice of hearing called to establish drilling units, no additional deep well shall be commenced for production from the pool until the order establishing drilling units has been made, unless the commencement of the deep well is authorized by order of the commissioner.
- (9) The commissioner shall, within forty-five days after the filing of an application to establish drilling units for a pool subject to the provisions of this section, either enter an order establishing such drilling units or dismiss the application.
 - (10) As part of the order establishing a drilling unit, the

commissioner shall prescribe just and reasonable terms and conditions upon which the royalty interests in the unit shall, in the absence of voluntary agreement, be deemed to be integrated without the necessity of a subsequent order integrating the royalty interests.

(b) Pooling of interests in drilling units.

- (1) When two or more separately owned tracts are embraced within a drilling unit, or when there are separately owned interests in all or a part of a drilling unit, the interested persons may pool their tracts or interests for the development and operation of the drilling unit. In the absence of voluntary pooling and upon application of any operator having an interest in the drilling unit, and after notice and hearing, the commissioner shall enter an order pooling all tracts or interests in the drilling unit for the development and operation thereof and for sharing production therefrom. Each such pooling order shall be upon terms and conditions which are just and reasonable. In no event shall drilling be initiated on the tract of an unleased royalty owner without his written consent.
- (2) All operations, including, but not limited to, the commencement, drilling or operation of a deep well, upon any portion of a drilling unit for which a pooling order has been entered, shall be deemed for all purposes the conduct of such operations upon each separately owned tract in the drilling unit by the several owners thereof. That portion of the production allocated to a separately owned tract included in a drilling unit shall, when produced, be deemed for all purposes to have been actually produced from such tract by a deep well drilled thereon.
- (3) Any pooling order under the provisions of this subsection (b) shall authorize the drilling and operation of a deep well for the production of oil or gas from the pooled acreage; shall designate the operator to drill and operate such deep well; shall prescribe the time and manner in which all owners of operating interests in the pooled tracts or portions of tracts may elect to participate therein; shall provide that all reasonable costs and expenses of drilling, completing, equipping, operating, plugging and abandoning such deep well shall be borne, and all production therefrom shared, by all owners of operating interests in proportion to the net oil or

gas acreage in the pooled tracts owned or under lease to each owner; and shall make provisions for payment of all reasonable costs thereof, including a reasonable charge for supervision and for interest on past-due accounts, by all those who elect to participate therein.

- (4) No drilling or operation of a deep well for the production of oil or gas shall be permitted upon or within any tract of land unless the operator shall have first obtained the written consent and easement therefor, duly acknowledged and placed of record in the office of the county clerk, for valuable consideration of all owners of the surface of such tract of land, which consent shall describe with reasonable certainty, the location upon such tract, of the location of such proposed deep well, a certified copy which consent and easement shall be submitted by the operator to the commissioner.
- (5) Upon request, any such pooling order shall provide just and equitable alternatives whereby an owner of an operating interest who does not elect to participate in the risk and cost of the drilling of a deep well may elect:
- (i) Option 1. To surrender his interest or a portion thereof to the participating owners on a reasonable basis and for a reasonable consideration, which, if not agreed upon, shall be determined by the commissioner; or
 - (ii) Option 2. To participate in the drilling of the deep well on a limited or carried basis on terms and conditions which, if not agreed upon, shall be determined by the commissioner to be just and reasonable.
 - (6) In the event a nonparticipating owner elects Option 2, and an owner of any operating interest in any portion of the pooled tract shall drill and operate, or pay the costs of drilling and operating, a deep well for the benefit of such nonparticipating owner as provided in the pooling order, then such operating owner shall be entitled to the share of production from the tracts or portions thereof pooled accruing to the interest of such nonparticipating owner, exclusive of any royalty or overriding royalty reserved in any leases, assignments thereof or agreements relating thereto, of such tracts or portions thereof, or exclusive of one eighth of the production attributable to all unleased tracts or portions thereof, until the market value of such nonparticipating owner's share of the

production, exclusive of such royalty, overriding royalty or one eighth of production, equals double the share of such costs payable by or charged to the interest of such nonparticipating owner.

190 (7) If a dispute shall arise as to the costs of drilling and 191 operating a deep well, the commissioner shall determine and 192 apportion the costs, within ninety days from the date of 193 written notification to the commissioner of the existence of 194 such dispute.

§22-8-8. Secondary recovery of oil; unit operations.

1 Upon the application of any operator in a pool productive of oil and after notice and hearing, the commissioner may 2 enter an order requiring the unit operation of such pool in 3 connection with a program of secondary recovery of oil, and 4 providing for the unitization of separately owned tracts and interests within such pool, but only after finding that: (1) The 6 order is reasonably necessary for the prevention of waste and the drilling of unnecessary deep wells; (2) the proposed plan 8 9 of secondary recovery will increase the ultimate recovery of oil from the pool to such an extent that the proposed 10 secondary recovery operation will be economically feasible; (3) 11 the production of oil from the unitized pool can be allocated 12 in such a manner as to ensure the recovery by all operators 13 of their just and equitable share of such production; and (4) 14 the operators of at least three fourths of the acreage 15 (calculating partial interests on a pro rata basis for operator 16 interests on any parcel owned in common) and the royalty 17 owners of at least three fourths of the acreage (calculating 18 partial interests on a pro rata basis for royalty interests on 19 20 any parcel owned in common) in such pool have approved the plan and terms of unit operation to be specified by the 21 22 commissioner in its order, such approval to be evidenced by a written contract setting forth the terms of the unit operation 23 and executed by said operators and said royalty owners, and 24 filed with the commissioner on or before the day set for 25 26 hearing. The order requiring such unit operation shall designate one operator in the pool as unit operator and shall 27 also make provision for the proportionate allocation to all 28 29 operators of the costs and expenses of the unit operation, 30 including reasonable charges for supervision and interest on past-due accounts, which allocation shall be in the same 31

32 proportion that the separately owned tracts share in the 33 production of oil from the unit. In the absence of an agreement 34 entered into by the operators and filed with the commissioner 35 providing for sharing the costs of capital investment in wells 36 and physical equipment, and intangible drilling costs, the 37 commissioner shall provide by order for the sharing of such 38 costs in the same proportion as the costs and expenses of the 39 unit operation: Provided, That any operator who has not 40 consented to the unitization shall not be required to contribute 41 to the costs or expenses of the unit operation, or to the cost of capital investment in wells and physical equipment, and 42 43 intangible drilling costs, except out of the proceeds from the 44 sale of the production accruing to the interest of such operator: 45 Provided, however, That no credit to the well costs shall be adjusted on the basis of less than the average well costs within 46 the unitized area: Provided further, That no order entered 47 48 under the provisions of this section requiring unit operation 49 shall vary or alter any of the terms of any contract entered 50 into by operators and royalty owners under the provisions of 51 this section.

§22-8-9. Validity of unit agreements.

No agreement between or among operators, lessees or other owners of oil or gas rights in oil and gas properties, entered into pursuant to the provisions of this article or with a view to or for the purpose of bringing about the unitized development or operation of such properties, shall be held to violate the statutory or common law of this state prohibiting monopolies or acts, arrangements, contracts, combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade or commerce.

§22-8-10. Hearing procedures.

- (a) Upon receipt of an application for an order of the 1 commissioner for which a hearing is required by the provisions 2 of this article, the commissioner shall set a time and place for such hearing not less than ten and not more than thirty days 4 thereafter. Any scheduled hearing may be continued by the 5 commissioner upon his own motion or for good cause shown 6 by any party to the hearing. All interested parties shall be 7 entitled to be heard at any hearing conducted under the 8 provisions of this article. 9
- 10 (b) All of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter

twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern the hearing and the administrative procedures in connection with and following such hearing, with like effect as if the provisions of said article five were set forth in extenso in this subsection.

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- (c) Any such hearing shall be conducted by the commissioner. For the purpose of conducting any such hearing, the commissioner shall have the power and authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum which shall be issued and served within the time, for the fees and shall be enforced, as specified in section one, article five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, and all of the said section one provisions dealing with subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall apply to subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued for the purpose of a hearing hereunder.
- 25 (d) At any such hearing any interested person may represent himself or be represented by an attorney-at-law admitted to 26 practice before any circuit court of this state. Upon request 27 by the commissioner, he shall be represented at such hearing 28 by the attorney general or his assistants without additional 29 compensation. The commissioner, with the written approval of 30 the attorney general, may employ special counsel to represent 31 the commissioner at any such hearing. 32
 - (e) After any such hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the commissioner shall render his decision in writing. The written decision of the commissioner shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of such decision and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, upon all interested persons and their attorney of record, if any.
- The decision of the commissioner shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified upon judicial review thereof in accordance with the provisions of section éleven of this article.

§22-8-11. Judicial review; appeal to supreme court of appeals; legal representation for commissioner.

1 (a) Any person adversely affected by a decision of the 2 commissioner rendered after a hearing held in accordance with 3 the provisions of section ten of this article shall be entitled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall apply to and govern such judicial review with like effect as if the provisions of said section four were set forth in extenso in this section.

- (b) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except that notwithstanding the provisions of said section one the petition seeking such review must be filed with said supreme court of appeals within thirty days from the date of entry of the judgment of the circuit court.
- 17 (c) Legal counsel and services for the commissioner in all appeal proceedings in any circuit court and the supreme court 18 of appeals shall be provided by the attorney general or his 19 assistants and in any circuit court by the prosecuting attorney 20 of the county as well, all without additional compensation. The 21 22 commissioner, with the written approval of the attorney 23 general, may employ special counsel to represent the 24 commissioner at any such appeal proceedings.

§22-8-12. Injunctive relief.

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- 1 (a) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any person has been or is violating or is about to violate any provision of this article, any reasonable rule and regulation promulgated by the commissioner hereunder or any order or 4 5 final decision of the commissioner, the commissioner may apply in the name of the state to the circuit court of the county in which the violations or any part thereof has occurred, is 7 occurring or is about to occur, or the judge thereof in vacation, 8 for an injunction against such person and any other persons 9 who have been, are or are about to be, involved in any 10 practices, acts or omissions, so in violation, enjoining such 11 person or persons from any such violation or violations. Such 12 application may be made and prosecuted to conclusion 13 whether or not any such violation or violations have resulted 14 or shall result in prosecution or conviction under the 15 provisions of section fourteen of this article. 16
 - (b) Upon application by the commissioner, the circuit courts of this state may by mandatory or prohibitory injunction

19 compel compliance with the provisions of this article, the 20 reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the commis-21 sioner hereunder and all orders and final decisions of the commissioner. The court may issue a temporary injunction in 22 23 any case pending a decision on the merits of any application 24 filed. Any other section of this code to the contrary 25 notwithstanding, the state shall not be required to furnish 26 bond or other undertaking as a prerequisite to obtaining 27 mandatory, prohibitory or temporary injunctive relief under 28 the provisions of this article.

(c) The judgment of the circuit court upon any application permitted by the provisons of this section shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner and within the time provided by law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil actions.

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- (d) The commissioner shall be represented in all such proceedings by the attorney general or his assistants and in such proceedings in the circuit courts by the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties as well, all without additional compensation. The commissioner, with the written approval of the attorney general, may employ special counsel to represent the commissioner in any such proceedings.
- (e) If the commissioner shall refuse or fail to apply for an injunction to enjoin a violation or threatened violation of any provision of this article, any reasonable rule and regulation promulgated by the commissioner hereunder or any order or final decison of the commissioner, within ten days after receipt of a written request to do so by any person who is or will be adversely affected by such violation or threatened violation, the person making such request may apply in his own behalf for an injunction to enjoin such violation or threatened violation in any court in which the commissioner might have brought suit. The commissioner shall be made a party defendant in such application in addition to the person or persons violating or threatening to violate any provision of this article, any reasonable rule and regulation promulgated by the commissioner hereunder or any order or final decision of the commissioner. The application shall proceed and injunctive relief may be granted without bond or other undertaking in the same manner as if the application had been made by the

60 commissioner.

§22-8-13. Special oil and gas conservation tax.

Owners of leases on oil and gas for the exploration, 1 2 development or production of oil or natural gas shall pay to 3 the commission a special oil and gas conservation tax of three 4 cents for each acre under lease, excluding from the tax the 5 first twenty-five thousand acres. The commission shall deposit with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the special oil and gas conservation fund, all taxes collected hereunder. The special oil and gas conservation fund shall be a special fund and shall be administered by the commission 9 for the sole purpose of carrying out all costs necessary to carry 10 11 out the provisons of this article. This tax shall be paid as provided herein annually on or before the first day of July, 12 one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, and on or before the 13 first day of July in each succeeding year. 14

§22-8-14. Penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person who violates any provision of this article, 2 any of the reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by 3 the commissioner hereunder or any order or any final decision 4 of the commissioner, other than a violation covered by the 5 provisions of subsection (b) of this section, shall be guilty of 6 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 7 not more than one thousand dollars, and each day that a 8 violation continues shall constitute a new and separate 9 violation.
- 10 (b) Any person who, for the purpose of evading any 11 provision of this article, any of the reasonable rules and 12 regulations promulgated by the commissioner hereunder or any order or final decision of the commissioner, shall make 13 or cause to be made any false entry or statement in a report 14 required under the provisions of this article, any of the 15 reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the commis-16 sioner hereunder or any order or final decision of the 17 commissioner, or shall make or cause to be made any false 18 entry in any record, account or memorandum required under 19 the provisions of this article, any of the reasonable rules and 20 regulations promulgated by the commissioner hereunder or 21 any order or any final decison of the commissioner, or who 22 shall omit, or cause to be omitted, from any such record, 23

- 24 account or memorandum, full, true and correct entries, or shall
- 25 remove from this state or destroy, mutilate, alter or falsify any
- 26 such record, account or memorandum, shall be guilty of a
- 27 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
- 28 more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county
- 29 jail not more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 30 (c) Any person who knowingly aids or abets any other
- 31 person in the violation of any provision of this article, any
- 32 of the reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the
- 33 commissioner hereunder or any order of final decision of the
- 34 commissioner, shall be subject to the same penalty as that
- 35 prescribed in this article for the violation by such other person.

§22-8-15. Construction and severability.

- 1 Except as provided in subsection (c), section three of this
- 2 article, this article shall be liberally construed so as to
- 3 effectuate the declaration of public policy set forth in section
- 4 one of this article.
- If any section, subsection, subdivison, subparagraph,
- 6 sentence or clause of this article is adjudged to be unconsti-
- 7 tutional or invalid, such invalidation shall not affect the
- 8 validity of the remaining portions of this article, and, to this
- 9 end, the provisions of this article are hereby declared to be
- 10 severable.

§22-8-16. Rules, regulations, orders and permits remain in effect.

- 1 The rules and regulations promulgated and all orders and
- 2 permits in effect upon the effective date of this article pursuant
- 3 to the provisions of article four-a, of former chapter twenty-
- 4 two of this code, shall remain in full force and effect as if such
- 5 rules, regulations, orders and permits were adopted by the
- 6 director established in this chapter but all such rules, .
- 7 regulations, orders and permits shall be subject to review by
- 8 the commissioner to ensure they are consistent with the
- 9 purposes and policies set forth in this chapter and chapter
- 10 twenty-two-b of this code.

ARTICLE 9. BOARD OF MINER TRAINING, EDUCATION AND CERTIFICATION.

- §22-9-1. Short title.
- §22-9-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy.
- §22-9-3. Definitions.

- §22-9-4. Board of miner training, education and certification created; membership; method of appointment; terms.
- §22-9-5. Board powers and duties.
- §22-9-6. Duties of commissioner and department.

§22-9-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be cited as "The West Virginia Miner
- 2 Training, Education and Certification Act."

§22-9-2. Declaration of legislative findings and policy.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:
- 2 (a) The continued prosperity of the coal industry is of primary importance to the state of West Virginia;
- 4 (b) The highest priority and concern of this Legislature and
- 5 all in the coal mining industry must be the health and safety
- 6 of the industry's most valuable resource—the miner;
- 7 (c) A high priority must also be given to increasing the 8 productivity and competitiveness of the mines in this state;
- 9 (d) An inordinate number of miners, working on both the 10 surface in surface mining and in and at underground mines,
- 11 are injured during the first few months of their experience in
- 12 a mine;
- 13 (e) These injuries result in the loss of life and serious injury
- 14 to miners and are an impediment to the future growth of West
- 15 Virginia's coal industry;
- (f) Injuries can be avoided through proper miner training,education and certification:
- 18 (g) Mining is a technical occupation with various specialities
- 19 requiring individualized training and education; and
- 20 (h) It is the general purpose of this article to:
- 21 (1) Require adequate training, education and meaningful 22 certification of all persons employed in coal mines;
- 23 (2) Establish a board of miner training, education and
- 24 certification and empower it to require certain training and
- 25 education of all prospective miners and miners certified by the
- 26 state;
- 27 (3) Authorize a stipend for prospective miners enrolled in

- 28 this state's miner training, education and certification program;
- 29 (4) Direct the commissioner of the department of energy to
- 30 apply and implement the standards set by the board of miner
- 31 training, education and certification by establishing programs
- 32 for miner and prospective miner education and training; and
- 33 (5) Provide for a program of continuing miner education for
- 34 all categories of certified miners.

§22-9-3. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which a word or phrase appears clearly
- 2 requires a different meaning, the words defined in section one,
- 3 article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code shall have
- 4 when used in this article the meaning therein assigned to them.
- 5 These words include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 6 Division, director of the division of mines and minerals, mine
- 7 inspector, operator, miner, shot firer and certified electrician.
- 8 "Board" means the board of miner training, education and certification established by section four of this article.
- "Mine" means any mine, including a "surface mine," as that
- 11 term is defined in section three, article three, chapter twenty-
- 12 two-a of this code, and in section two, article four of said
- 13 chapter; and a "mine" as that term is defined in section one,
- 14 article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code.

§22-9-4. Board of miner training, education and certification created; membership; method of appointment; terms.

- 1 (a) There is hereby continued a board of miner training, 2 education and certification, which shall consist of seven
- 3 members, who shall be selected in the following manner:
- 4 (1) One member shall be appointed by the governor to
- 5 represent the viewpoint of surface mine operators in this state.
- 6 When such member is to be appointed, the governor shall
- 7 request from the major association representing surface coal
- 8 operators in this state a list of three nominees to the board.
- 9 The governor shall select from said nominees one person to
- 10 serve on the board. For purposes of this subsection, the major
- 11 association representing the surface coal operators in this state
- shall be deemed to be that association, if any, which represents
- 13 surface mine operators accounting for over one half of the coal
- 14 produced in surface mines in this state in the year prior to

15 that year in which the appointment is made.

- (2) Two members shall be appointed by the governor to represent the interests of the underground operators of this state. When said members are to be appointed, the governor shall request from the major association representing the underground coal operators in this state a list of six nominees to the board. The governor shall select from said nominees two persons to serve on the board. For purposes of this subsection, the major association representing the underground operators in this state shall be deemed to be that association, if any, which represents underground operators accounting for over one half of the coal produced in underground mines in this state in the year prior to that year in which the appointments are made.
- (3) Three members shall be appointed by the governor who can reasonably be expected to represent the interests of the working miners in this state. If the major employee organi-zation representing coal miners in this state is divided into administrative districts, the employee organization of each district shall, upon request by the governor, submit a list of three nominees for membership on the board. If such major employee organization is not so divided into administrative districts, such employee organization shall, upon request by the governor, submit a list of twelve nominees for membership on the board. The governor shall make such appointments from the persons so nominated: Provided. That in the event nominations are made by administrative districts, not more than one member shall be appointed from the nominees of any one district unless there are less than three such districts in this state.
 - (4) The seventh member of the board, who shall serve as chairman, shall be the commissioner of the department of energy.
 - (5) All appointments made by the governor under this section shall be with the advice and consent of the Senate: *Provided*, That persons so appointed while the Senate of this state is not in session shall be permitted to serve up to one year in an acting capacity, or until the next session of the Legislature, whichever is less.
 - (b) The board shall be appointed by the governor. Ap-

- 55 pointed members shall serve for a term of three years. The
- 56 board shall meet at the call of the chairman, at the call of
- 57 the director, or upon the request of any two members of the
- 58 board: Provided, That no meeting of the board for any
- 59 purpose shall be conducted unless the board members are
- 60 notified at least five days in advance of a proposed meeting.
- 61 In cases of an emergency, members may be notified of a board
- 62 meeting by the most appropriate means of communication
- 63 available.

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- (c) Whenever a vacancy on the board occurs, appointments shall be made in the manner prescribed in this section: *Provided*, That in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy nominations shall be submitted to the governor within thirty days after the vacancy occurs. The vacancy shall be filled by the governor within thirty days of his receipt of the list of nominations.
- 71 (d) Each appointed member of the board shall receive one hundred ten dollars per diem while actually engaged in the 72 performance of the work of the board. Each member shall be 73 74 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 75 incurred during the performance of their duties. Each member shall recieve meals, lodging and mileage expense reimburse-76 ments at the rates established by rule and regulation of the 77 commissioner of the department of finance and administration 78 for in-state travel of public employees, which shall be paid out 79 of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, 80 properly certified by such members of the board. 81
- 82 (e) A quorum of the board shall be four members. The 83 board may act officially by a majority of those members who 84 are present.
- 85 (f) The chairman of the board shall be a nonvoting member: 86 Provided. That in cases of a tie, the chairman shall cast the 87 deciding vote on the issue or issues under consideration.
- 88 (g) The director of the division of mines and minerals shall 89 serve as the secretary to the board and shall be present or send 90 an authorized representative to all meetings of the board.

§22-9-5. Board powers and duties.

1 (a) The board shall establish criteria and standards for a program of education, training and examination to be required

3 of all prospective miners and miners prior to their certification 4 in any of the various miner specialities requiring certification, 5 under this article or any other provision of this code. Such specialities include, but are not limited to, underground miner, 6 surface miner, apprentice, underground mine foreman-fire 7 8 boss, assistant underground mine foreman-fire boss, shot firer. mine electrician and belt examiner. Notwithstanding the 9 provisions of this section the commissioner may by rule or 10 11 regulation further subdivide the classification for certification.

(b) The board may require certification in other miner occupational specialities: *Provided*, That no new specialty may be created by the board unless certification in a new specialty is made desirable by action of the federal government requiring certification in a specialty not enumerated in this code.

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- (c) The board may establish criteria and standards for a program of preemployment education and training to be required of miners working on the surface at underground mines who are not certified under the provisions of this article or any other provision of this code.
- (d) The board shall set minimum standards for a program of continuing education and training of certified persons and other miners on an annual basis. Prior to issuing said standards, the board shall conduct public hearings at which the parties may be affected by its actions may be heard. Such education and training shall be provided in a manner determined by the commissioner to be sufficient to meet the standards established by the board.
- (e) The board may, in conjunction with any state, local or federal agency or any other person or institution, provide for the payment of a stipend to prospective miners enrolled in one or more of the programs of miner education, training and certification provided for in this article or any other provision of this code.
- 36 (f) The board may also, from time to time, conduct such 37 hearings and other oversight activities as may be required to 38 ensure full implementation of programs established by it.
- 39 (g) Nothing in this article shall be deemed to empower the 40 board to revoke or suspend any certificate issued by the 41 commissioner or the director of the division of mines and

- 42 minerals
- 43 (h) The board may, upon its own motion or whenever 44 requested to do so by the commissioner, deem two certificates
- 45 issued by this state to be of equal value or deem training
- provided or required by federal agencies to be sufficient to 46
- 47 meet training and education requirements set by it, the
- 48 commissioner, or by the provisions of this code.

§22-9-6. Duties of the commissioner and department.

- 1 The commissioner shall be empowered to promulgate,
- 2 pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, such reasona-
- ble rules and regulations as are necessary to establish a 3
- 4 program to implement the provisions of this article. Such
- program shall include, but not be limited to, implementation 5
- 6 of a program of instruction in each of the miner occupational
- 7 specialties and the conduct of examinations to test each
- applicant's knowledge and understanding of the training and
- instruction which he is required to have prior to the receipt 9
- 10 of a certificate
- 11 The commissioner is authorized and directed to utilize state
- 12 mine inspectors, mine safety instructors, the state mine
- foreman examiner, private and public institutions of education 13
- 14 and such other persons as may be available to him in
- implementing the program of instruction and examinations. 15
- 16 The commissioner may, at any time, make such recommen-
- 17 dations or supply such information to the board as he may
- 18 deem appropriate.
- 19 The commissioner is authorized and directed to utilize such
- 20 state and federal moneys and personnel as may be available
- 21 to the department for educational and training purposes in the
- 22 implementation of the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 10. CERTIFICATION OF UNDERGROUND AND SURFACE COAL MINERS.

- §22-10-1. Certificate of competency and qualification or permit of apprenticeship required of all surface and underground miners.
- §22-10-2. Definitions.
- §22-10-3. Permit of apprenticeship-underground miner.
- §22-10-4. Permit of apprenticeship-surface miner,
- §22-10-5. Supervision of apprentices.
- §22-10-6. Certificate of competency and qualifications-Underground or surface miner.

- §22-10-7. Refusal to issue certificate; appeal,
- §22-10-8. Limitations of article.
- §22-10-9. Violations; penalties.

§22-10-1. Certificate of competency and qualification or permit of apprenticeship required of all surface and underground miners.

- 1 Except as hereinafter provided, no person shall work or be
- employed for the purpose of performing normal duties as a 2
- surface or underground miner in any mine in this state unless
- he holds at the time he performs such duties a certificate of
- competency and qualification or a permit of apprenticeship
- issued under the provisions of this article.

§22-10-2. Definitions.

- For purposes of this article the term "surface miner" means
- 2 a person employed at a "surface mine," as that term is defined
- in section three, article three, chapter twenty-two-a of this 3
- code, and in section two, article four of said chapter. 4
- For purposes of this article, the term "underground miner" 5
- 6 means an underground worker in a bituminous coal mine,
- except as hereinafter provided. 7
- 8 For purposes of this article, the term "board of miner
- training, education and certification" means that board 9
- established in article nine of this chapter. 10

§22-10-3. Permit of apprenticeship-underground miner.

- 1 A permit of apprenticeship-underground miner shall be
- 2 issued by the director to any person who has demonstrated
- 3 by examination a knowledge of the subjects and skills
- pertaining to employment in underground mines, including, 4
- but not limited to, general safety, first aid, miner and operator
- rights and responsibilities, general principles of electricity, 6
- general mining hazards, roof control, ventilation, mine health 7
- 8 and sanitation, mine mapping, state and federal mining laws
- and regulations and such other subjects as may be required 9
- by the board of miner training, education and certification: 10
- Provided, That each applicant for said permit shall complete 11 a program of education and training of at least eighty hours.
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- which shall be determined by the board of miner training, 13
- education and certification and provided for and implemented 14
- by the director of the division of mines and minerals: Provided 15

16 further. That if a sufficient number of qualified applicants 17 having successfully completed the state training program 18 provided by the state division of mines and minerals are not 19 available, the operator may request approval from the director 20 to conduct his own preemployment training program so long 21 as such training adequately covers the minimum criteria 22 determined by the board and such trainees shall be eligible for 23 the same certification as provided for trainees undergoing 24 training provided by the state.

§22-10-4. Permit of apprenticeship-surface miner.

1 A permit of apprenticeship-surface miner shall be issued by 2 the director to any person who has demonstrated by 3 examination a knowledge of the subjects and skills pertaining 4 to employment in the surface mining industry, including, but not limited to, general safety, first aid, miner and operator 5 rights and responsibilities, general principles of electricity, 6 7 health and sanitation, heavy equipment safety, high walls and 8 spoil banks, haulage, welding safety, tipple safety, state and 9 federal mining laws and regulations and such other subjects as may be required by the board of miner training, education 10 and certification: Provided. That each applicant for said 11 permit shall complete a program of education and training of 12 13 at least forty hours, which program shall be determined by the 14 board of miner training, education and certification and provided for and implemented by the director of the division 15 of mines and minerals: Provided further. That if a sufficient 16 number of qualified applicants having successfully completed 17 18 the state training provided by the state division of mines and 19 minerals are not available, the operator may request approval 20 from the director to conduct his own preemployment training 21 program so long as such training adequately covers the 22 minimum criteria determined by the board and such trainees 23 shall be eligible for the same certification as provided for 24 trainees undergoing training provided by the state.

§22-10-5. Supervision of apprentices.

Each holder of a permit of apprenticeship shall be known as an apprentice. Any miner holding a certificate of competency and qualification may have one person working with him, and under his supervision and direction, as an apprentice, for the purpose of learning and being instructed in the duties and

6 calling of mining. Any mine foreman or fire boss or assistant mine foreman or fire boss may have three persons working 7 with him under his supervision and direction, as apprentices, 8 for the purpose of learning and being instructed in the duties 9 and calling of mining: Provided, That a mine foreman, 10 assistant mine foreman or fire boss supervising apprentices in 11 an area where no coal is being produced or which is outby 12 the working section may have as many as five apprentices 13 under his supervision and direction, as apprentices, for the 14 purpose of learning and being instructed in the duties and 15 calling of mining or where the operator is using a production 16 section under program for training of apprentice miners, 17 approved by the board of miner training, education and 18 19 certification.

Every apprentice working at a surface mine shall be at all times under the supervision and control of at least one person who holds a certificate of competency and qualification.

In all cases, it shall be the duty of every mine operator who 23 employs apprentices to ensure that such persons are effectively 24 supervised and to instruct such persons in safe mining 25 practices. Each apprentice shall wear a red hat which identifies 26 him as such while employed at or near a mine. No person shall 27 be employed as an apprentice for a period in excess of eight 28 months, except that in the event of illness or injury, time 29 extensions shall be permitted as established by the director of 30 the division of mines and minerals. 31

§22-10-6. Certificate of competency and qualification—Underground or surface miner.

A certificate of competency and qualification as an 1 2 underground miner or as surface miner shall be issued by the director to any person who has at least six months' total 3 experience as an apprentice and demonstrated his competence 4 as a miner by successful completion of an examination given 5 by the director or his representative in a manner and place 6 to be determined by the board of miner training, education 7 8 and certification: Provided. That all examinations shall be conducted in the English language and shall be of a practical 9 nature, so as to determine the competency and qualifications 10 of the applicant to engage in the mining of coal with 11 reasonable safety to himself and his fellow employees: 12

- Provided further, That notice of the time and place of such 13
- 14 examination shall be given to management at the mine, to the
- 15 local union thereat if there is a local union, and notice shall
- 16 also be posted at the place or places in the vicinity of the mine
- where notices to employees are ordinarily posted. Examina-17
- 18 tions shall also be held at such times and places, and after
- 19 such notice, as the board finds necessary to enable all
- 20 applicants for certificates to have an opportunity to qualify for
- 21 certification.

§22-10-7. Refusal to issue certificate; appeal.

- 1 If the director or his representative finds that an applicant
- 2 is not qualified and competent, he shall so notify the applicant
- 3 not more than ten days after the date of examination.
- 4 Any applicant aggrieved by an action of the director in
- failing or refusing to issue a certificate of qualification and 5
- competency may, within ten days notice of the action
- 7 complained of, appeal to the director who shall promptly give
- the applicant a hearing and either affirm the action or take
- such action as should have been taken.

§22-10-8. Limitations of article.

- All persons possessing certificates of qualification heretofore 1
- issued by the department of mines of this state, or hereafter
- 3 by the division of mines and minerals, entitling them to act
- as mine foreman-fire bosses, or assistant mine foreman-fire 4
- bosses, shall be eligible to engage at any time as miners in the 5
- 6 mines of this state. Supervisory and technically trained
- employees of the operator, whose work contributes only 7
- indirectly to mine operations, shall not be required to possess
- 9 a miners' certificate.
- 10 Notwithstanding the provisions of this article, every person
- working as a surface miner in this state on or before the first 11 day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, shall, 12
- 13 upon application to the director, be issued a certificate of
- competency and qualification. 14

§22-10-9. Violations; penalties.

- 1 Any person who knowingly works in or at a mine without
- a certificate issued under the provision of this article, any
- person who knowingly employs an uncertified miner to work

- 4 in or at a coal mine in this state, or, any operator who fails
- 5 to ensure the supervision of miners holding a certificate of
- 6 apprenticeship as provided for in section five of this article,
- 7 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
- 8 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than
- 9 five hundred dollars.

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ARTICLE 11. MINE INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD.

§22-11-1. Mine inspectors' examining board.

1 There shall be a mine inspectors' examining board consisting 2 of five members who, except for the public representative on 3 such board, shall be appointed by the governor, by and with 4 the advice and consent of the Senate. Members so appointed 5 may be removed only for the same causes and in like manner as elective state officers. One of the members of the board shall be a representative of the public, who shall be the director of 7 8 the school of mines at West Virginia University. Two members of the board shall be persons who by reason of previous 9 training and experience may reasonably be said to represent 10 11 the viewpoint of coal mine operators and two members shall 12 be persons who by reason of previous training and experience 13 may reasonably be said to represent the viewpoint of coal mine 14 workers.

The director of the division of mines and minerals shall be an ex officio member of the board and shall serve as secretary of the board, without additional compensation; but he shall have no right to vote with respect to any matter before the board.

The members of the board, except the public representative, shall be appointed for overlapping terms of eight years, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of two, four, six and eight years, respectively. Any member whose term expires may be reappointed by the governor.

Each member of the board shall receive fifty dollars per diem while actually engaged in the performance of the work of the board; and shall receive mileage at the rate of ten cents for each mile actually traveled going from the home of the member to the place of the meeting of the board and returning therefrom, which shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, properly certified by such 32 members of the board.

The public member shall serve as chairman of the board. Members of the board, before performing any duty, shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia.

The mine inspectors' examining board shall meet at such times and places as shall be designated by the chairman. It shall be the duty of the chairman to call a meeting of the board on the written request of three members or the director of the division of mines and minerals. Notice of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the secretary at least five days in advance of the meeting. Three members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

In addition to other duties expressly set forth elsewhere in this article, the board shall:

- (1) Establish, and from time to time revise, forms of application for employment as mine inspectors and forms for written examinations to test the qualifications of candidates for that position;
- (2) Adopt and promulgate reasonable rules and regulations relating to the examination, qualification and certification of candidates for appointment as mine inspectors, and hearing for removal of inspectors, required to be held by section eleven, article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code. All of such rules and regulations shall be printed and a copy thereof furnished by the secretary of the board to any person upon request;
- (3) Conduct, after public notice of the time and place thereof, examinations of candidates for appointment as mine inspector. By unanimous agreement of all members of the board, one or more members of the board or an employee of the division of mines and minerals may be designated to give a candidate the written portion of the examination;
- (4) Prepare and certify to the director of the division of mines and minerals a register of qualified eligible candidates for appointment as mine inspectors. The register shall list all qualified eligible candidates in the order of their grades, the candidate with the highest grade appearing at the top of the list. After each meeting of the board held to examine such

71 candidates, and at least annually, the board shall prepare and 72 submit to the director of the division of mines and minerals 73 a revised and corrected register of qualified eligible candidates 74 for appointment as mine inspector, deleting from such revised 75 register all persons (a) who are no longer residents of West 76 Virginia, (b) who have allowed a calendar year to expire 77 without, in writing, indicating their continued availability for 78 such appointment, (c) who have been passed over for 79 appointment for three years, (d) who have become ineligible 80 for appointment since the board originally certified that such person was qualified and eligible for appointment as mine 81 82 inspector, or (e) who, in the judgment of at least four members of the board, should be removed from the register for good 83 84 cause:

- 85 (5) Cause the secretary of the board to keep and preserve 86 the written examination papers, manuscripts, grading sheets, 87 and other papers of all applicants for appointment as mine 88 inspector for such period of time as may be established by the 89 board. Specimens of the examinations given, together with the 90 correct solution of each question, shall be preserved perman-91 ently by the secretary of the board;
- 92 (6) Issue a letter or written notice of qualification to each successful eligible candidate;

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- (7) Hear and determine proceedings for the removal of mine inspectors in accordance with the provisions of this article;
 - (8) Hear and determine appeals of mine inspectors from suspension orders made by the director pursuant to the provisions of section four, article one-a, chapter twenty-two-a of this code: *Provided*, That an aggrieved inspector, in order to appeal from any order of suspension, shall file such appeal in writing with the mine inspectors' examining board not later than ten days after receipt of notice of suspension. On such appeal the board shall affirm the act of the director unless it be satisfied from a clear preponderance of the evidence that the director has acted arbitrarily;
 - (9) Make an annual report to the governor and the director of the division of mines and minerals concerning the administration of mine inspection personnel in the state service, making such recommendations as the board considers to be in the public interest.

ARTICLE 12. EMERGENCY MEDICAL PERSONNEL.

§22-12-1. Emergency personnel in coal mines.

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§22-12-2. First-aid training of coal mine employees.

§22-12-1. Emergency personnel in coal mines.

- 1 (a) Emergency medical services personnel shall be employed on each shift at every mine that: (1) Employs more than ten employees and (2) more than eight persons are present on the 4 shift. Said emergency medical services personnel shall be 5 employed at their regular duties at a central location, or when more than one such person is required pursuant to subsection 6 7 (b) or (c) at locations, convenient from quick response to 8 emergencies; and further shall have available to them at all times such equipment as shall be prescribed by the director 9 10 of the division of mines and minerals, in consultation with the 11 director of the department of health.
- 12 (b) Until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 13 eighty-five, emergency medical services personnel shall be 14 defined as a medical service attendant as defined in article 15 four-c, chapter sixteen of this code, paramedic as defined in article three-b, chapter thirty of this code, or physician 16 17 assistant as defined in article three-a, chapter thirty of this 18 code. At least one emergency medical services personnel shall 19 be employed at a mine for every seventy employees or any part 20 thereof who are engaged at one time, in the extraction, 21 production or preparation of coal.
 - (c) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, emergency medical services personnel shall be defined as a person who is certified as an emergency medical technician-mining, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-ambulance, emergency medical technician-intermediate, mobile intensive care paramedic, emergency medical technician-paramedic as defined in section three, article four-c, chapter sixteen of this code, or physician assistant as defined in section sixteen, article three-a, chapter thirty of this code. At least one emergency medical services personnel shall be employed at a mine for every fifty employees or any part thereof who are engaged at any time, in the extraction, production or preparation of coal.
- (d) A training course designed specifically for certification
 of emergency medical technician-mining, shall be developed at

the earliest practicable time by the director of health in 37 consultation with the board of miner training, education and 38 39 certification. The training course for initial certification as an 40 emergency medical technician-mining shall not be less than sixty hours, which shall include, but is not limited to, mast 41 42 trouser application, basic life support skills and emergency 43 room observation or other equivalent practical exposure to emergencies as prescribed by the director of the department 44 45 of health.

- (e) The maintenance of a valid emergency medical technician-mining certificate may be accomplished without taking a three year recertification examination provided that such emergency medical technician-mining personnel completes an eight hour annual retraining and testing program prescribed by the director of health in consultation with the board of miner training, education and certification.
- (f) All emergency medical services personnel currently 53 54 certified as emergency medical service attendants or emergency 55 medical technicians shall receive certification as emergency 56 medical technicians without further training and examination for the remainder of their three year certification period; such 57 emergency medical service attendant or emergency medical 58 technician may upon expiration of such certification become 59 certified as an emergency medical technician-mining upon 60 completion of the eight hour retraining program referred to 61 62 in subsection (e) above.

§22-12-2. First-aid training of coal mine employees.

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Each coal mine operator shall provide every new employee 1 2 within six months of the date of his employment with the opportunity for first-aid training as prescribed by the director 3 of the division of mines and minerals unless such employee 4 has previously received such training. Each coal mine 5 employee shall be required to take refresher first-aid training 6 of not less than five hours within each twenty-four months of 7 employment. The employee shall be paid regular wages, or overtime pay if applicable, for all periods of first-aid training.

ARTICLE 13. OIL AND GAS INSPECTORS' EXAMINING BOARD.

§22-13-1. Oil and gas inspectors; supervising inspectors; tenure; oath and bond. §22-13-2. Oil and gas inspectors; eligibility for appointment; qualifications; salary; expenses; removal.

§22-13-3. Oil and gas inspectors' examining board created; composition; appointment, term and compensation of members; meetings; powers and duties generally.

§22-13-1. Oil and gas inspectors; supervising inspectors; tenure; oath and bond.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, oil and gas
- 2 inspectors shall be selected, serve and be removed as in this
- 3 article provided.
- 4 The director for the division of oil and gas shall divide the
- 5 state so as to equalize, as far as practical, the work of each
- 6 oil and gas inspector. He may designate a supervising inspector
- 7 and other inspectors as may be necessary, and may designate
- 8 their places of abode, at points convenient to the accomplish-
- 9 ment of their work.

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- 10 The director for the division of oil and gas shall make each 11 appointment from among the three qualified eligible candi-12 dates on the register having the highest grades. The commis-13 sioner of the department of energy or the director for the division of oil and gas, for good cause, at least thirty days 14 15 prior to making an appointment, strike any name from the register. Upon striking any name from the register, the 16 commissioner or director, as the case may be, shall imme-17 18 diately notify in writing each member of the oil and gas 19 inspectors' examining board of his action, together with a 20 detailed statement of the reasons therefor. Thereafter, the oil 21 and gas inspectors' examining board, after hearing, if it finds 22 that the action of striking such name was arbitrary or 23 unreasonable, may order the name of any candidate so stricken 24 from the register to be reinstated thereon. Such reinstatement
- Any candidate passed over for appointment for three years shall be automatically stricken from the register.

shall be effective from the date of removal from the register.

After having served for a probationary period of one year to the satisfaction of the director for the division of oil and gas and the commissioner, an oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector shall have permanent tenure until he becomes seventy years of age, subject only to dismissal for cause in accordance with the provisions of section two of this article. No oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector while in office shall be directly or indirectly interested as owner,

36 lessor, operator, stockholder, superintendent or engineer of any oil or gas drilling or producing venture or of any coal 37 mine in this state. Before entering upon the discharge of his 38 duties as an oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector, he 39 40 shall take the oath of office prescribed by section 5, article 41 IV of the constitution of West Virginia, and shall execute a 42 bond in the penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the director of the division of oil and gas, 43 44 conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties, a 45 certificate of which oath and bond shall be filed in the office 46 of the secretary of state.

The supervising inspector and oil and gas inspectors shall perform such duties as are imposed upon them by this chapter or chapter twenty-two-b of this code, and related duties 49 50 assigned by the director for the division of oil and gas upon 51 approval of the commissioner.

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§22-13-2. Oil and gas inspectors; eligibility for appointment; qualifications; salary; expenses; removal.

- 1 (a) No person is eligible for appointment as an oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector unless, at the time of his 2 probationary appointment, he (1) is a citizen of West Virginia, 4 in good health, and of good character, reputation and temperate habits; (2) has had at least ten years' practical 6 experience in the oil and gas industry, at least five years of 7 which, immediately preceding his original appointment shall 8 have been in the oil and gas industry in this state: Provided, 9 That a diploma in geology or in mining or petroleum 10 engineering shall be considered the equivalent of five years' practical experience; and (3) has good theoretical and practical 11 12 knowledge of oil and gas drilling and production methods, 13 practices and techniques, sound safety practices and applicable 14 mining laws.
 - (b) In order to qualify for appointment as an oil and gas inspector or supervising inspector, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and oral examination by the oil and gas inspectors' examining board and shall furnish such evidence of good health, character and other facts establishing eligibility as such board may require. If such board finds after investigation and examination that an applicant (1) is eligible for appointment and (2) has passed all written and oral

examinations, the board shall add such applicant's name and grade to the register of qualified eligible candidates and certify its action to the director of the division of oil and gas. No candidate's name may remain on the register for more than three years without requalifying.

- (c) The salary of the supervising inspector shall be not less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars per annum. Salaries of inspectors shall be not less than twenty-two thousand dollars per annum. The supervising inspector and inspectors shall receive mileage expense reimbursement at the rate established by rule of the commissioner of the department of finance and administration for in-state travel of public employees. Within the limits provided by law, the salary of each inspector and of the supervising inspector shall be fixed by said director subject to the approval of the commissioner and the oil and gas inspectors' examining board. In fixing salaries of the oil and gas inspectors and of the supervising inspector, said director shall consider ability, performance of duty and experience. No reimbursement for traveling expenses may be made except upon an itemized account of such expenses submitted by the inspector or supervising inspector. as the case may be, who shall verify, upon oath, that such expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his official duties.
- (d) An inspector or the supervising inspector, after having received a permanent appointment, shall be removed from office only for physical or mental impairment, incompetency, neglect of duty, drunkenness, malfeasance in office, or other good cause.

Proceedings for the removal of an oil and gas inspector or the supervising inspector may be initiated by said director or the commissioner whenever either has reasonable grounds to believe and does believe that adequate cause exists warranting removal. Such a proceeding shall be initiated by a verified petition, filed with the oil and gas inspectors' examining board by said director or the commissioner, setting forth with particularity the facts alleged. Not less than twenty reputable citizens engaged in oil and gas drilling and production operations in the state may petition said director or the commissioner for the removal of an inspector or the supervising inspector. If such petition is verified by at least one

of the petitioners, based on actual knowledge of the affiant, and alleges facts which, if true, warrant the removal of the inspector or supervising inspector, said director or the commissioner shall cause an investigation of the facts to be made. If, after such investigation said director or the commissioner finds that there is substantial evidence which, if true, warrants removal of the inspector or supervising inspector, he shall file a petition with the oil and gas inspectors' examining board requesting removal of the inspector or supervising inspector.

On receipt of a petition by said director or by the commissioner seeking removal of an inspector or the supervising inspector, the oil and gas inspectors' examining board shall promptly notify the inspector or supervising inspector, as the case may be, to appear before it at a time and place designated in said notice, which time shall be not less than fifteen days nor more than thirty days thereafter. There shall be attached to the copy of the notice served upon the inspector or supervising inspector a copy of the petition filed with such board.

At the time and place designated in said notice, the oil and gas inspectors' examining board shall hear all evidence offered in support of the petition and on behalf of the inspector or supervising inspector. Each witness shall be sworn and a transcript shall be made of all evidence taken and proceedings had at any such hearing. No continuance may be granted except for good cause shown.

The chairman of the board, said director and the commissioner may administer oaths and subpoena witnesses.

An inspector or supervising inspector who willfully refuses or fails to appear before such board, or having appeared, refuses to answer under oath any relevant question on the ground that his testimony or answer might incriminate him, or refuses to accept a grant of immunity from prosecution on account of any relevant matter about which he may be asked to testify at such hearing before such board, forfeits his position.

If, after hearing, the oil and gas inspectors' examining board finds that the inspector or supervising inspector should be removed, it shall enter an order to that effect. The decision of the board shall be final and shall not be subject to judicial review.

§22-13-3. Oil and gas inspectors' examining board created; composition; appointment, term and compensation of members; meetings; powers and duties generally.

1 (a) There is hereby continued an oil and gas inspectors' 2 examining board consisting of five members who, except for the public representative on such board, shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Members may be removed only for the same causes 6 and like manner as elective state officers. One member of the 7 board who shall be the representative of the public, shall be 8 a professor in the petroleum engineering department of the 9 school of mines at West Virginia University appointed by the 10 dean of said school; two members shall be persons who by 11 reason of previous training and experience may reasonably be 12 said to represent the viewpoint of independent oil and gas operators; and two members shall be persons who by reason 13 of previous training and experience may reasonably be said 14 15 to represent the viewpoint of major oil and gas producers.

The director for the division of oil and gas shall be an ex officio member of the board and shall serve as secretary of the board without additional compensation, but he shall have no right to vote with respect to any matter before the board.

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The members of the board, except the public representative, shall be appointed for overlapping terms of eight years, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of two, four, six and eight years, respectively. Any member whose term expires may be reappointed by the governor.

Each member of the board shall receive seventy-five dollars per diem while actually engaged in the performance of the work of the board, and shall receive mileage at the rate of not more than fifteen cents for each mile actually traveled going from the home of the member to the place of the meeting of the board and returning therefrom, which shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, properly certified by such members of the board.

- 33 The public member shall serve as chairman of the board.
- 34 Members of the board, before performing any duty, shall

take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, articlefour of the constitution of West Virginia.

- The board shall meet at such times and places as shall be designated by the chairman. It shall be the duty of the chairman to call a meeting of the board on the written request of two members, or on the written request of said director or the commissioner. Notice of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the secretary at least five days in advance of the meeting. Three voting members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (b) In addition to other powers and duties expressly set forth elsewhere in this article, the board shall:
- (1) Establish, and from time to time revise, forms of application for employment as an oil and gas inspector and supervising inspector and forms for written examinations to test the qualifications of candidates, with such distinctions, if any, in the forms for oil and gas inspector and supervising inspector as the board may from time to time deem necessary or advisable;
- (2) Adopt and promulgate reasonable rules and regulations relating to the examination, qualification and certification of candidates for appointment, and relating to hearings for removal of inspectors or the supervising inspector, required to be held by this article. All of such rules and regulations shall be printed and a copy thereof furnished by the secretary of the board to any person upon request;
- (3) Conduct, after public notice of the time and place thereof, examinations of candidates for appointment. By unanimous agreement of all members of the board, one or more members of the board or an employee of the department of energy may be designated to give to a candidate the written portion of the examination;
- (4) Prepare and certify to said director and the commissioner a register of qualified eligible candidates for appointment as oil and gas inspectors or as supervising inspectors, with such differentiation, if any, between the certification of candidates for oil and gas inspectors and for supervising inspectors as the board may from time to time deem necessary or advisable. The register shall list all qualified eligible

74 candidates in the order of their grades, the candidate with the 75 highest grade appearing at the top of the list. After each 76 meeting of the board held to examine such candidates and at 77 least annually, the board shall prepare and submit to the said 78 director and the commissioner a revised and corrected register 79 of qualified eligible candidates for appointment, deleting from 80 such revised register all persons (a) who are no longer residents 81 of West Virginia, (b) who have allowed a calendar year to 82 expire without, in writing, indicating their continued availa-83 bility for such appointment, (c) who have been passed over 84 for appointment for three years, (d) who have become 85 ineligible for appointment since the board originally certified 86 that such persons were qualified and eligible for appointment, 87 or (e) who, in the judgment of at least three members of the 88 board, should be removed from the register for good cause;

(5) Cause the secretary of the board to keep and preserve the written examination papers, manuscripts, grading sheets and other papers of all applicants for appointment for such period of time as may be established by the board. Specimens of the examinations given, together with the correct solution of each question, shall be preserved permanently by the secretary of the board;

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- (6) Issue a letter or written notice of qualification to each successful eligible candidate;
- (7) Hear and determine proceedings for the removal of inspectors or the supervising inspector in accordance with the provisions of this article;
- (8) Hear and determine appeals of inspectors or the supervising inspector from suspension orders made by said director pursuant to the provisions of section two, article one of chapter twenty-two-b of this code: *Provided*, That in order to appeal from any order of suspension, an aggrieved inspector or supervising inspector shall file such appeal in writing with the oil and gas inspectors' examining board not later than ten days after receipt of the notice of suspension. On such appeal the board shall affirm the action of said director unless it be satisfied from a clear preponderance of the evidence that said director has acted arbitrarily;
- 112 (9) Make an annual report to the governor concerning the 113 administration of oil and gas inspection personnel in the state

- 114 service; making such recommendations as the board considers 115 to be in the public interest; and
- 116 (10) Render such advice and assistance to the director of 117 the division of oil and gas as he shall from time to time
- determine necessary or desirable in the performance of his 118
- 119 duties.
- 120 (c) After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit
- 121 through its joint committee on government operations,
- 122 pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code,
- 123 the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the oil and gas
- 124 inspectors' examining board within the department of energy
- 125 should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwith-
- standing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four 126
- 127 of this code, the oil and gas inspectors' examining board within
- the department of energy shall continue to exist until the first 128
- 129 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

CHAPTER 22A. MINES AND MINERALS.

Article

- 1. Division of Mines and Minerals.
- 1A. Administration; Enforcement.
 - 2. Underground Mine Maps.
 - 3. West Virginia Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act.
 - 4. Surface Mining and Reclamation of Minerals Other Than Coal.
 - 5. Underground Clay Mine.
 - 6. Open-pit Mines, Cement Manufacturing Plants and Underground Limestone and Sandstone Mines.

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS.

- §22A-1-1. Division of mines and minerals.
- §22A-1-2. Director of division of mines and minerals.

§22A-1-1. Division of mines and minerals.

- 1 The division of mines and minerals, created under the
- 2 provisions of section six, article one, chapter twenty-two of
- this code, is hereby charged with the duties and responsibilities 3
- set out in chapter twenty-two of this code and this chapter, 4
- relating to the exploration for and development, production 5
- and conservation of coal and all other minerals, except oil and
- gas and those minerals found in association therewith as 7
- provided in chapter twenty-two-b of this code. All legislative 8
- findings and policies stated in chapter twenty-two of this code 9
- in relation to these minerals apply to the operations of this 10

11 division and the provisions of this chapter.

§22A-1-2. Director of division of mines and minerals.

- 1 The director of the division of mines and minerals, as
- 2 provided in section seven, article one, chapter twenty-two of
- 3 this code shall have the responsibility and duties in adminis-
- 4 tration of the division of mines and minerals as are provided
- 5 in said chapter twenty-two and this chapter.

ARTICLE 1A. ADMINISTRATION; ENFORCEMENT.

- §22A-1A-1. Definitions.
- §22A-1A-2. Division of mines and minerals; purposes; rules and regulations.
- §22A-1A-3. Director of division of mines and minerals—Appointment.
- §22A-1A-4. Same—Powers and duties.
- §22A-IA-5. Same—Eligibility; salary.
- §22A-1A-6. Same—Oath and bond.
- §22A-1A-7. Mine inspectors; districts and divisions; employment; tenure; oath;
- §22A-1A-8. Mine safety instructors; qualifications; employment; compensation; tenure: oath. bond.
- §22A-1A-9. Mine inspectors may be appointed to fill vacancy in division.
- §22A-1A-10. Employment of electrical inspectors; qualifications; salary and expenses; tenure; oath; bond.
- §22A-1A-11. Eligibility for appointment as mine inspector; qualifications; salary and expenses; removal.
- §22A-1A-11a. Eligibility for appointment as surface mine inspector; qualifications; salary and expenses; removal.
- §22A-1A-12. Commissioner, director and inspectors authorized to enter mines; duties of inspectors to examine mines; no advance notice; reports after fatal accidents.
- §22A-1A-13. Findings, orders and notices.
- §22A-1A-14. Powers and duties of electrical inspectors as to inspections, findings and orders; reports of electrical inspectors.
- §22A-1A-15. Review of orders and notices by the commissioner.
- §22A-IA-I6. Posting of notices, orders and decisions; delivery to agent of operator; names and addresses to be filed by operators.
- §22A-1A-17. Judicial review.
- §22A-1A-18. Injunctions.
- §22A-1A-19. Penalties.
- §22A-1A-20. Discrimination.
- §22A-1A-21. Records and reports.
- §22A-1A-22. Mine foreman examiner for mine foreman-fire bosses and assistant mine foreman-fire bosses; salary.
- §22A-1A-23. Duties of mine foreman examiner.
- §22A-1A-24. Place and time for examinations.
- §22A-1A-25. Preparation of examination; notice of intention to take examination; investigation of applicant.

- §22A-1A-26. Certificates of qualification heretofore granted.
- §22A-1A-27. Mine foreman examiner to certify successful applicants to director.
- §22A-1A-28. Record of examination.
- §22A-1A-29. Withdrawal of certification.
- §22A-1A-30. Certification of mine foreman or assistant mine foreman whose license to engage in similar activities suspended in another state.
- §22A-1A-31. Mine rescue stations; equipment.
- §22A-1A-32. Mine rescue crews.
- §22A-1A-33. Mine rescue teams.
- §22A-1A-34. Mandatory safety programs; penalties.
- §22A-1A-35. Provisions of article severable.

§22A-1A-1. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, the following definitions shall apply to this chapter:
- 3 (a) General.

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- 4 (1) Accident: The term "accident" means any mine explosion, mine ignition, mine fire, or mine inundation, or injury to, or death of any person.
- 7 (2) Agent: The term "agent" means any person charged 8 with responsibility for the operation of all or a part of a mine 9 or the supervision of the miners in a mine.
- 10 (3) Approved: The term "approved" means in strict compliance with mining law, or, in the absence of law, accepted by a recognized standardizing body or organization whose approval is generally recognized as authoritative on the subject.
- 15 (4) Commissioner, or commissioner of energy: The terms 16 "commissioner" or "commissioner of energy" means the 17 commissioner of the department of energy as provided in 18 chapter twenty-two of this code.
- 19 (5) Face equipment: The term "face equipment" shall mean 20 mobile or portable mining machinery having electric motors 21 or accessory equipment normally installed or operated inby the 22 last open crosscut in an entry or room.
 - (6) Imminent danger: The term "imminent danger" means the existence of any condition or practice in a coal mine which could reasonably be expected to cause death or serious physical harm before such condition or practice can be abated.
- 27 (7) Mine: The term "mine" includes the shafts, slopes, drifts

- 28 or inclines connected with, or intended in the future to be
- 29 connected with, excavations penetrating coal seams or strata.
- which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or 30 31
- divisions thereof, and connected by one general system of mine
- haulage over which coal may be delivered to one or more 32
- 33 points outside the mine, and the surface structures or
- 34 equipment connected or associated therewith which contribute
- directly or indirectly to the mining, preparation or handling 35
- of coal, or construction thereof. 36
- 37 (8) Miner: The term "miner" means any individual working 38 in a coal mine.
- 39 (9) Operator: The term "operator" means any firm, corporation, partnership or individual operating any coal mine 40 41 or part thereof, or engaged in the construction of any facility 42 associated with a coal mine.
- (10) Permissible: The term "permissible" means any 43 44 equipment, device or explosive that has been approved as permissible by the federal mine safety and health administra-45 tion and/or the United States bureau of mines and meets all 46 requirements, restrictions, exceptions, limitations and condi-47 tions attached to such classification by that agency or the 48 49 bureau.
- 50 (11) Person: The term "person" means any individual partnership, association, corporation, firm, subsidiary of a 51 corporation or other organization. 52
 - (12) Work of preparing the coal: The term "work of preparing the coal" means the breaking, crushing, sizing, cleaning, washing, drying, mixing, storing and loading of bituminous coal or lignite, and such other work of preparing such coal as is usually done by the operator of the coal mine.
- 58 (b) Division of mines and minerals.

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- (1) Board of appeals: The term "board of appeals" means 59 as provided for in article five, chapter twenty-two of this code. 60
- (2) Division: The term "division" means the state division 61 62 of mines and minerals provided for in article one, section two 63 of this chapter and article one, chapter twenty-two of this 64 code.
- (3) Director: The term "director" means the director of the 65

- division of mines and minerals provided for in section two, article one of this chapter and article one, chapter twenty-two of this code.
- 69 (4) Mine inspector: The term "mine inspector" means a 70 state mine inspector provided for in section seven of this 71 article.
- 72 (5) Mine inspectors' examining board: The term "mine inspectors' examining board" shall mean the mine inspectors' examining board provided for in article eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code.

(c) Mine areas.

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- (1) Abandoned workings: The term "abandoned workings" means excavation, either caved or sealed, that is deserted and in which further mining is not intended, or open workings which are ventilated and not inspected regularly.
- 81 (2) Active workings: The term "active workings" means all places in a mine that are ventilated and inspected regularly.
 - (3) Drift: The term "drift" means a horizontal or approximately horizontal opening through the strata or in a coal seam and used for the same purposes as a shaft.
 - (4) Excavations and workings: The term "excavations and workings" means any or all parts of a mine excavated or being excavated, including shafts, slopes, drifts, tunnels, entries, rooms and working places, whether abandoned or in use.
- 90 (5) Inactive workings: The term "inactive workings" 91 includes all portions of a mine in which operations have been 92 suspended for an indefinite period, but have not been 93 abandoned.
- 94 (6) Mechanical working section: The term "mechanical 95 working section" means an area of a mine (A) in which coal 96 is loaded mechanically, (B) which is comprised of a number 97 of working places that are generally contiguous, and (C) which 98 is of such size to permit necessary supervision during shift 99 operation, including pre-shift and on-shift examinations and 100 tests required by law.
- 101 (7) Panel: The term "panel" means workings that are or 102 have been developed off of submain entries which do not

- 103 exceed three thousand feet in length.
- 104 (8) Return air: The term "return air" means a volume of air that has passed through and ventilated all the working places in a mine section.
- 107 (9) Shaft: The term "shaft" means a vertical opening 108 through the strata that is or may be used for the purpose of 109 ventilation, drainage, and the hoisting and transportation of 110 men and material, in connection with the mining of coal.
- 111 (10) Slope: The term "slope" means a plane or incline 112 roadway, usually driven to a coal seam from the surface and 113 used for the same purposes as a shaft.
- (11) Working face: The term "working face" means any place in a coal mine in which work of extracting coal from its natural deposit in the earth is performed during the mining cycle.
- 118 (12) Working place: The term "working place" means the area of a coal mine inby the last open crosscut.
- 120 (13) Working section: The term "working section" means 121 all areas of the coal mine from the loading point of the section 122 to and including the working faces.
 - (14) Working unit: The term "working unit" means an area of a mine in which coal is mined with a set of production equipment; a conventional mining unit by a single loading machine; a continuous mining unit by a single continuous mining machine, which is comprised of a number of working places.

(d) Mine personnel.

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- 130 (1) Assistant mine foreman: The term "assistant mine 131 foreman" means a certified person designated to assist the 132 mine foreman in the supervision of a portion or the whole of 133 a mine or of the persons employed therein.
- 134 (2) Certified electrician: The term "certified electrician"
 135 means any person who is qualified as a mine electrician and
 136 who has passed an examination given by the division, or has
 137 at least three years of experience in performing electrical work
 138 underground in a coal mine, in the surface work areas of an
 139 underground coal mine, in a surface coal mine, in a noncoal

- 140 mine, in the mine equipment manufacturing industry, or in any
- 141 other industry using or manufacturing similar equipment, and
- 142 has satisfactorily completed a coal mine electrical training
- 143 program approved by the division.
- (3) Certified person: The term "certified person," when used to designate the kind of person to whom the performance of a duty in connection with the operation of a mine shall be assigned, means a person who is qualified under the provisions of this law to perform such duty.
- 149 (4) Interested persons: The term "interested persons" 150 includes the operator, members of any mine safety committee 151 at the mine affected and other duly authorized representatives 152 of the mine workers and the department.
 - (5) Mine foreman: The term "mine foreman" means the certified person whom the operator or superintendent shall place in charge of the inside workings of the mine and of the persons employed therein.
- 157 (6) Qualified person: The term "qualified person" means a 158 person who has completed an examination and is considered 159 qualified on record by the division.
 - (7) Shot firer: The term "shot firer" means any person having had at least two years of practical experience in coal mines, who has a knowledge of ventilation, mine roof and timbering, and who has demonstrated his knowledge of mine gases, the use of a flame safety lamp, and other approved detecting devices by examination and certification given him by the division.
- 167 (8) Superintendent: The term "superintendent" means the 168 person who shall have, on behalf of the operator, immediate 169 supervision of one or more mines.
- (9) Supervisor: The term "supervisor" means a superintendent, mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, or any person specifically designated by the superintendent or mine foreman to supervise work or employees and who is acting pursuant to such specific designation and instructions.
- 175 (e) Electrical.

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(I) Armored cable: The term "armored cable" means a cable provided with a wrapping of metal, usually steel wires or tapes,

178 primarily for the purpose of mechanical protection.

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- 179 (2) Borehole cable: The term "borehole cable" means a cable designed for vertical suspension in a borehole or shaft and used for power circuits in the mine.
- 182 (3) Branch circuit: The term "branch circuit" means any circuit, alternating current or direct current, connected to and leading from the main power lines.
- 185 (4) Cable: The term "cable" means a standard conductor 186 (single conductor cable) or a combination of conductors 187 insulated from one another (multiple conductor cable).
 - (5) Circuit breaker: The term "circuit breaker" means a device for interrupting a circuit between separable contacts under normal or abnormal conditions.
- 191 (6) Delta connected: The term "delta connected" means a 192 power system in which the windings or transformers or a.c. 193 generators are connected to form a triangular phase relationship, and with phase conductors connected to each point of the triangle.
- 196 (7) Effectively grounded: The term "effectively grounded" is 197 an expression which means grounded through a grounding 198 connection of sufficiently low impedence (inherent or 199 intentionally added or both) so that fault grounds which may 200 occur cannot build up voltages in excess of limits established 201 for apparatus, circuits or systems so grounded.
 - (8) Flame-resistant cable, portable: The term "flame-resistant cable, portable" means a portable flame-resistant cable that has passed the flame tests of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration.
- 206 (9) Ground or grounding conductor (mining): The term
 207 "ground or grounding conductor (mining)," also referred to as
 208 a safety ground conductor, safety ground and frame ground,
 209 means a metallic conductor used to connect the metal frame
 210 or enclosure of any equipment, device or wiring system with
 211 a mine track or other effective grounding medium.
- 212 (10) Grounded (earthed): The term "grounded (earthed)"
 213 means that the system, circuit or apparatus referred to is
 214 provided with a ground.

- 215 (11) High voltage: The term "high voltage" means voltages 216 of more than one thousand volts.
- 217 (l2) Lightning arrestor: The term "lightning arrestor" means 218 a protective device for limiting surge voltage on equipment by 219 discharging or by passing surge current; it prevents continued 220 flow of follow current to ground and is capable of repeating
- 221 these functions as specified.
- 222 (13) Low voltage: The term "low voltage" means up to and including six hundred sixty volts.
- 224 (14) Medium voltage: The term "medium voltage" means 225 voltages from six hundred sixty-one to one thousand volts.
- 226 (15) Mine power center or distribution center: The term 227 "mine power center or distribution center" means a combined 228 transformer or distribution unit, complete within a metal 229 enclosure from which one or more low-voltage power circuits 230 are taken.
- 231 (16) Neutral (derived): The term "neutral (derived)" means 232 a neutral point or connection established by the addition of 233 a "zig-zag" or grounding transformer to a normally under-234 ground power system.
- 235 (17) Neutral point: The term "neutral point" means the 236 connection point of transformer or generator windings from 237 which the voltage to ground is nominally zero, and is the point 238 generally used for system groundings in wye-connected a.c. 239 power system.
- (18) Portable (trailing) cable: The term "portable (trailing)
 241 cable" means a flexible cable or cord used for connecting
 242 mobile, portable or stationary equipment in mines to a trolley
 243 system or other external source of electric energy where
 244 permanent mine wiring is prohibited or is impracticable.
- 245 (19) Wye-connected: The term "wye-connected" means a 246 power system connection in which one end of each phase 247 windings or transformers or a.c. generators are connected 248 together to form a neutral point, and a neutral conductor may 249 or may not be connected to the neutral point, and the neutral 250 point may or may not be grounded.
- 251 (20) Zig-zag transformer (grounding transformer): The term 252 "zig-zag transformer (grounding transformer)" means a

- transformer intended primarily to provide a neutral point for grounding purposes.
- §22A-1A-2. Division of mines and minerals; purposes; rules and regulations.
 - 1 The division of mines and minerals shall have as its purpose
 - 2 the supervision of the execution and enforcement of the
 - 3 provisions of this chapter and, in carrying out the aforesaid
 - 4 purposes, it shall give prime consideration to the protection
 - 5 of the safety and health of persons employed within or at the
 - 6 mines of this state. In addition, the division shall, consistent
 - 7 with the aforesaid prime consideration, protect and preserve
 - 8 mining property and property used in connection therewith.
 - 9 The division is hereby given authority, where authorized and
 - 10 in the manner prescribed in this chapter, to enact such rules
 - 11 and regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the above-
 - 12 stated purposes, all under the supervision, review and approval
 - 13 of the commissioner.

§22A-1A-3. Director of division of mines and minerals—Appointment.

- I There shall be a director of the division, who shall be
- 2 appointed by the commissioner of the department of energy
- 3 as provided for in section eight, article one of chapter twenty-
- 4 two.

§22A-1A-4. Same-Powers and duties.

- 1 The director of the division of mines and minerals shall have
- 2 full charge of the division. He shall have the power and duty
- 3 to:
- 4 (1) Supervise and direct the execution and enforcement of
- 5 the provisions of this chapter.
- 6 (2) Recommend the appointment and compensation of deputy directors of the division to the commissioner.
- 8 (3) Employ such assistants, clerks, stenographers and other
- 9 employees as may be necessary to fully and effectively carry out the provisions of this law and fix their compensation,
- Il except as otherwise provided in this article.
- 12 (4) Assign mine inspectors hired by the commissioner to

13 divisions or districts in accordance with the provisions of section seven of this article as may be necessary to fully and 14 effectively carry out the provisions of this law, including the 15 training of inspectors for the specialized requirements of 16 surface mining, shaft and slope sinking and surface installa-17 tions and to supervise and direct such mine inspectors in the 18 19 performance of their duties.

(5) Suspend, for good cause, any mine inspector without compensation for a period not exceeding thirty days in any calendar year.

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- (6) Prepare report forms to be used by mine inspectors in making their findings, orders and notices, upon inspections made in accordance with this chapter.
 - (7) Hear and determine applications made by mine operators for the annulment or revision of orders made by mine inspectors, and to make inspections of mines, in accordance with the provisions of this article.
- 30 (8) Cause a properly indexed permanent and public record 31 to be kept of all inspections made by himself or by mine 32 inspectors.
- 33 (9) Make annually a full and complete written report of the 34 administration of his division to the commissioner, the 35 governor and the Legislature of the state for the year ending 36 the thirtieth day of June. Such report shall include the number of visits and inspections of mines in the state by mine inspectors, the quantity of coal, coke and other minerals (excluding oil and gas) produced in the state, the number of men employed, number of mines in operation, statistics with regard to health and safety of persons working in the mines including the causes of injuries and deaths, improvements 42 43 made, prosecutions, the total funds of the division from all sources identifying each source of such funds, the expenditures 44 of the division, the surplus or deficit of the division at the 45 beginning and end of the year, the amount of fines collected. 46 the amount of fines imposed, the value of fines pending, the 47 number and type of violations found, the amount of fines 48 imposed, levied and turned over for collection, the total 49 amount of fines levied but not paid during the prior year, the 50 titles and salaries of all inspectors and other officials of the 51 division, the number of inspections made by each inspector. 52

the number and type of violations found by each inspector:

Provided, That no inspector shall be identified by name in this
report. Such reports shall be filed with the commissioner, the
governor and the Legislature on or before the thirty-first day
of December of the same year for which it was made, and shall
upon proper authority be printed and distributed to interested
persons.

- (10) Call or subpoena witnesses, for the purpose of conducting hearings into mine fires, mine explosions or any mine accident; to administer oaths and to require production of any books, papers, records or other documents relevant or material to any hearing, investigation or examination of any mine permitted by this chapter. Any witness so called or subpoenaed shall receive forty dollars per diem and shall receive mileage at the rate of fifteen cents for each mile actually traveled, which shall be paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, properly certified by such witness.
- (11) Institute civil actions for relief, including permanent or temporary injunctions, restraining orders, or any other appropriate action in the appropriate federal or state court whenever any operator or his agent violates or fails or refuses to comply with any lawful order, notice or decision issued by the director or his representative.
- (12) Perform all other duties which are expressly imposed upon him by the provisions of this chapter.
- (13) Make all records of the division open for inspection of interested persons and the public.
- (14) In conjunction with the commissioner of the department of energy, adopt programs, regulations and procedures designed to assist the small coal operator with obtaining permits and meeting the environmental protection performance standards for strip and underground coal mining operations within the state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a small coal operator is one who is anticipated to mine less than two hundred thousand tons per year, but the division in determining tonnage shall consider wholly owned subsidiaries to be the same operation as the parent corporation.

92 (15) Issue all permits, which the director is specifically 93 authorized by the provisions of this chapter to issue, as 94 expeditiously as possible with prime consideration given to the protection of the safety and health of all persons employed 95 within or at the mines of this state. In so doing he shall utilize 96 the technical and logistical support made available by the 97 deputy directors of safety, health and training; permitting; and 98 99 inspection and enforcement.

§22A-1A-5. Same-Eligibility; salary.

The director shall be a citizen of West Virginia, shall be a 1 2 competent person of good repute and temperate habits with demonstrated interest and experience in coal mining. The 3 director shall devote all of his time to the duties of his office 4 and shall not be directly or indirectly interested financially in 5 any mine. The salary of the director shall be set by the 6 7 commissioner, with reimbursement for traveling expenses incurred in the discharge of his official duties, which shall be 8 paid out of the state treasury upon a requisition upon the state auditor, properly certified by the commissioner.

§22A-1A-6. Same-Oath and bond.

The director shall, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take the oath of office prescribed by section 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia, and shall execute a bond in the penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the governor, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties, a certificate of which oath and which bond shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

§22A-1A-7. Mine inspectors; districts and divisions; employment; tenure; oath; bond.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, mine inspectors shall be selected, serve and be removed as in this article provided.

The director shall divide the state into not more than fortyfive mining districts and not more than five mining divisions,
so as to equalize, as far as practical, the work of each
inspector. He may assign inspectors to districts, designate and
assign not more than one inspector-at-large to each division
and one assistant inspector-at-large. He shall designate the
places of abode of inspectors at points convenient to the mines

of their respective districts, and, in the case of inspectors and assistant inspectors-at-large, their respective divisions.

Except as in the next preceding paragraph provided, all mine inspectors appointed after the mine inspectors' examining board has certified to the commissioner an adequate register of qualified eligible candidates in accordance with section eleven of this article, so long as such register contains the names of at least three qualified eligible candidates, shall be appointed from the names on such register. Each original appointment shall be made by the commissioner for a probationary period of not more than one year.

The commissioner shall make each appointment from among the three qualified eligible candidates on the register having the highest grades: *Provided*, That the commissioner may, for good cause, at least thirty days prior to making an appointment, strike any name from the register. Upon striking any name from the register, the commissioner shall immediately notify in writing each member of the mine inspectors' examining board of his action, together with a detailed statement of the reasons therefor. Thereafter, the mine inspectors' examining board, after hearing, if it finds that the action of the commissioner was arbitrary or unreasonable, may order the name of any candidate so stricken from the register to be reinstated thereon. Such reinstatement shall be effective from the date of removal from the register.

Any candidate passed over for appointment for three years shall be automatically stricken from the register.

After having served for a probationary period of one year to the satisfaction of the commissioner, a mine inspector shall have permanent tenure, subject only to dismissal for cause in accordance with the provisions of section eleven of this article. No mine inspector, while in office, shall be directly or indirectly interested as owner, lessor, operator, stockholder, superintendent or engineer of any coal mine. Before entering upon the discharge of his duties as a mine inspector, he shall take the oath of office prescribed by the section 5, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia and shall execute a bond in the penalty of two thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the director, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties, a certificate of which oath and bond

- 51 shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.
- 52 The district inspectors, inspectors-at-large and assistant
- 53 inspectors-at-large, together with the director and the
- commissioner, shall make all inspections authorized by articles 54
- 55 one-a and two of this chapter and shall perform such other
- duties as are imposed upon mine inspectors by articles one-56
- a, two and six of this chapter, and article ten of chapter 57
- 58 twenty-two of this code.

§22A-1A-8. Mine safety instructors; qualifications; employment; compensation; tenure; oath; bond.

- 1 The division shall employ eleven or more mine safety
- instructors. To be eligible for employment as a mine safety 2
- instructor, the applicant shall be (1) a citizen of West Virginia, 3
- in good health, not less than twenty-five years of age, and of 4
- good character, reputation and temperate habits, and (2) a 5
- person who has had at least five years' experience in first aid 6
- and mine rescue work and who has had practical experience 7
- with dangerous gases found in coal mines, and who has a 8
- practical knowledge of mines, mining methods, mine ventila-
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- 10 tion, sound safety practices and applicable mining laws.
- 11 In order to qualify for appointment as a mine safety
- instructor, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and 12
- 13 oral examination, given by the mine inspectors' examining
- 14 board. The examination shall relate to the duties to be
- performed by a safety instructor and may, subject to the 15
- 16 approval of the mine inspectors' examining board, be prepared
- 17 by the director.

18 If the board finds after investigation and examination that 19 the applicant (1) is eligible for appointment, and (2) has passed

- 20 all oral and written examinations with a grade of at least eighty percent, the board shall add such applicant's name and 21
- grade to a register of qualified eligible candidates and certify 22
- its action to the commissioner. The commissioner may then 23
- appoint one of the candidates from the three having the 24
- 25 highest grades.
- The salary for a mine safety instructor shall be not less than 26 twenty-one thousand six hundred seventy-two dollars per year, 27
- and shall be fixed by the commissioner, who shall take into 28 consideration ability, performance of duty and experience. 29

- 30 Such instructor shall devote all of his time to the duties of
- his office. No reimbursement for traveling expenses shall be 31
- made except on an itemized accounting for such expenses 32
- submitted by the instructor, who shall verify upon oath that 33
- such expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his 34
- 35 official duties.
- 36 Except as expressly provided in this section to the contrary,
- 37 all provisions of this article relating to the eligibility.
- qualification, appointment, tenure and removal of mine 38
- inspectors shall be applicable to mine safety instructors. 39

§22A-1A-9. Mine inspectors may be appointed to fill vacancy in division.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, if a vacancy
- 2 occurs in any appointive position within the division, any mine
- 3 inspector having permanent tenure, if qualified, may be
- appointed to such appointive position by the commissioner.

§22A-1A-10. Employment of electrical inspectors; qualifications; salary and expenses; tenure; oath; bond.

- 1 The division shall employ five or more electrical inspectors.
- 2 To be eligible for employment as an electrical inspector, the
- applicant shall be: (1) A citizen and resident of West Virginia,
- in good health, not less than twenty-five years of age, and of 4 5
- good character, reputation and of temperate habits; and (2)
- a person who has had seven years' practical electrical 7 experience in coal mines, or a degree in electrical engineering
- from an accredited electrical engineering school and one year's 8
- practical experience in underground coal mining. 9
- 10 In order to qualify for appointment as a mine electrical
- inspector, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and 11
- oral examination given by the mine inspectors' examining 12
- 13 board. The examination shall relate to the duties to be 14
- performed by an electrical inspector. If the board finds after 15 investigation and examination that the applicant (1) is eligible
- for appointment and (2) has passed all oral and written 16
- examinations with a grade of at least ninety percent, the board 17
- shall add such applicant's name and grade to a register of 18
- qualified eligible candidates and certify its action to the 19
- 20 commissioner. The commissioner may then appoint one of the
- 21 candidates from the three having the highest grade.

22 The salary of a mine electrical inspector shall be not less 23 than thirty thousand four hundred eighty dollars per year, and 24 shall be fixed by the commissioner, who shall take into consideration ability, performance of duty and experience. No 25 reimbursement for traveling expenses shall be made except on 26 an itemized accounting for such expense submitted by the 27 electrical inspector, who shall verify upon oath that such 28 29 expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his official 30 duties.

Mine electrical inspectors, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, shall take and subscribe to the oath and shall execute a bond in the same penal sum, with surety approved by the director, all as is required by this article in the case of mine inspectors.

Except as expressly provided in this section to the contrary, all provisions of this article relating to the eligibility, qualifications, appointment, tenure and removal of mine inspectors shall be applicable to mine electrical inspectors.

§22A-1A-11. Eligibility for appointment as mine inspector; qualifications; salary and expenses; removal.

- 1 (a) No person shall be eligible for appointment as a mine inspector unless, at the time of his probationary appointment, he (1) is a citizen of West Virginia, in good health, not less 3 than twenty-four years of age, and of good character, 4 reputation and temperate habits; (2) has had at least six years' practical experience in coal mines, at least three years of which, immediately preceding his original appointment, shall have been in mines of this state: Provided, That graduation 8 from any accredited college of mining engineering shall be 9 considered the equivalent of two years' practical experience; 10 (3) has had practical experience with dangerous gases found 11 in coal mines; and (4) has a good theoretical and practical 12 knowledge of mines, mining methods, mine ventilation, sound 13 safety practices and applicable mining laws. 14
 - (b) In order to qualify for appointment as a mine inspector, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and oral examination by the mine inspectors' examining board and furnish such evidence of good health, character and other facts establishing eligibility as the board may require. If the board

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finds after investigation and examination that an applicant: (1)
Is eligible for appointment and (2) has passed all written and
oral examinations, with a grade of at least eighty percent, the
board shall add such applicant's name and grade to the register
of qualified eligible candidates and certify its action to the
commissioner. No candidate's name shall remain in the register
for more than three years without requalifying.

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- (c) Salaries of district inspectors shall not be less than twenty-eight thousand fifty-six dollars per year; assistant inspector-at-large, not less than thirty thousand one hundred eight dollars per year; inspectors-at-large, not less than thirtyone thousand five hundred seventy-two dollars per year, and they shall receive mileage at the rate of not less than twenty cents for each mile actually traveled in the discharge of their official duties in a privately owned vehicle. Within the limits provided by law, the salary of each inspector shall be fixed by the commissioner, subject to the approval of the mine inspectors' examining board. In fixing salaries of mine inspectors, the commissioner shall consider ability, performance of duty and experience. No reimbursement for traveling expenses shall be made except on an itemized account of such expenses submitted by the inspector, who shall verify upon oath, that such expenses were actually incurred in the discharge of his official duties. Every inspector shall be afforded compensatory time or compensation of at least his regular rate for all time in excess of forty-two hours per week.
- (d) Any mine inspector who has fulfilled the requirements of this section with respect to employment and who has served satisfactorily as a mine inspector for a minimum period of one year and who has terminated his employment as a mine inspector, upon successfully passing a physical examination, may be reinstated as a mine inspector within two years after terminating his employment with the approval of the examining board and the commissioner.
- (e) A mine inspector, after having received a permanent appointment, shall be removed from office only for physical or mental impairment, incompetency, neglect of duty, drunkenness, malfeasance in office, or other good cause.
- Proceedings for the removal of a mine inspector may be initiated by the director or commissioner whenever there is

reasonable cause to believe that adequate cause exists, warranting removal. Such a proceeding shall be initiated by a verified petition, filed with the board by the director or commissioner, setting forth with particularity the facts alleged. Not less than twenty reputable citizens, who are operators or employees in mines in the state, may petition the director for the removal of a mine inspector. If such petition is verified by at least one of the petitioners, based on actual knowledge of the affiant and alleged facts, which, if true, warrant the removal of the inspector, the director shall cause an investigation of the facts to be made. If, after such investiga-tion, the director finds that there is substantial evidence, which, if true, warrants removal of the inspector, he shall file a petition with the board requesting removal of the inspector.

On receipt of a petition by the director or the commissioner seeking removal of a mine inspector, the board shall promptly notify the inspector to appear before it at a time and place designated in said notice, which time shall be not less than fifteen days thereafter. There shall be attached to the copy of the notice served upon the inspector a copy of the petition filed with the board.

 At the time and place designated in said notice, the board shall hear all evidence offered in support of the petition and on behalf of the inspector. Each witness shall be sworn, and a transcript shall be made of all evidence taken and proceedings had at any such hearing. No continuance shall be granted except for good cause shown. The chairman of the board and the director shall have power to administer oaths and subpoena witnesses.

Any mine inspector who shall willfully refuse or fail to appear before the board, or having appeared, shall refuse to answer under oath any relevant question on the ground that his testimony or answer might incriminate him, or shall refuse to waive immunity from prosecution on account of any relevant matter about which he may be asked to testify at any such hearing before the board, shall forfeit his position.

If, after hearing, the board finds that the inspector should be removed, it shall enter an order to that effect. The decision of the board shall be final and shall not be subject to judicial review.

§22A-1A-11a. Eligibility for appointment as surface mine inspector; qualifications; salary and expenses; removal.

In order to qualify for an appointment as a surface mine inspector, under the provisions of this article, an eligible applicant shall have had at least five years' practical experience in surface mines, at least one year of which, immediatley preceding his original appointment, shall have been in surface mines in this state, and submit to a written and oral examination given by the mine inspectors' examining board. The examination shall relate to the duties to be performed by a surface mine inspector and may, subject to the approval of the mine inspectors' examining board, be prepared by the director.

If the board finds after investigation and examination that the applicant (1) is eligible for appointment, and (2) has passed all oral and written examinations with a grade of at least eighty percent, the board shall add such applicant's name and grade to a register of qualified eligible candidates and certify its action to the commissioner. The commissioner may then appoint one of the candidates from the three having the highest grades.

All such appointees shall be citizens of West Virginia, in good health, not less than twenty-five years of age, of good character and reputation and temperate in habits. No person shall be eligible for permanent appointment as a surface mine inspector until he has served in a probationary status for a period of one year to the satisfaction of the commissioner.

Surface mine inspectors serving as such on the effective date of this section may continue to serve through their probationary period, and if eligible as prescribed by this section, may qualify for appointment during such probationary period in accordance with the provisions of this section.

However, surface mine inspectors employed on the effective date of this section and who have served to the satisfaction of the commissioner for a period of two years or more may continue to serve on a permanent tenure basis. In the performance of duties devolving upon surface mine inspectors, they shall be responsible to the director of the division of mines and minerals.

The salary of the surface mine inspector supervisor shall be not less than twenty-four thousand four hundred eighty dollars per year. Salaries of surface mine inspectors shall be not less than twenty-one thousand seven hundred eighty dollars per year. In the discharge of their official duties in privately owned vehicles, surface mine inspectors and the surface mine inspector supervisor shall receive mileage at the rate of not less than twenty cents per mile.

A surface mine inspector, after having received a permanent appointment, shall be removed from office only for physical or mental impairment, incompetency, neglect of duty, drunkenness, malfeasance in office, or other good cause.

§22A-1A-12. Commissioner, director and inspectors authorized to enter mines; duties of inspectors to examine mines; no advance notice; reports after fatal accidents.

The commissioner, director, or his authorized representative, shall have authority to visit, enter, and examine any mine, whether underground or on the surface, and may call for the assistance of any district mine inspector or inspectors whenever such assistance is necessary in the examination of any mine. The operator of every coal mine shall furnish the commissioner or his authorized representative proper facilities for entering such mine and making examination or obtaining information.

If miners at any time or one of their authorized representatives have reason to believe that dangerous conditions are existing or that the law is not being complied with, they may request the director to have an immediate investigation made.

Mine inspectors shall devote their full time and undivided attention to the performance of their duties, and they shall examine all of the mines in their respective districts at least four times annually, and as often, in addition thereto, as the director may direct, or the necessities of the case or the condition of the mine or mines may require, with no advance notice of inspection provided to any person, and they shall make a personal examination of each working face and all entrances to abandoned parts of the mine where gas is known to liberate, for the purpose of determining whether an imminent danger, referred to in section thirteen of this article, exists in any such mine, or whether any provision of article two of this chapter is being violated or has been violated

26 within the past forty-eight hours in any such mine.

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In addition to the other duties imposed by articles one-a and two of this chapter, it shall be the duty of each inspector to note each violation he finds and issue a finding, order, or notice, as appropriate for each violation so noted. During the investigation of any accident, any violation may be noted whether or not the inspector actually observes the violation and whether or not the violation exists at the time the inspector notes the violation, so long as the inspector has clear and convincing evidence the violation has occurred or is occurring.

The mine inspector shall visit the scene of each fatal accident occurring in any mine within his district and shall make an examination into the particular facts of such accident; make a report to the director, setting forth the results of such examination, including the condition of the mine and the cause or causes of such fatal accident, if known, and all such reports shall be made available to the interested parties, upon written requests.

At the commencement of any inspection of a coal mine by an authorized representative of the commissioner, the authorized representative of the miners at the mine at the time of such inspection shall be given an opportunity to accompany the authorized representative of the commissioner on such inspection.

§22A-1A-13. Findings, orders and notices.

- (a) If, upon any inspection of a coal mine, an authorized 1 representative of the commissioner finds that an imminent 2 danger exists, such representative shall determine the area 3 throughout which such danger exists, and thereupon shall issue 4 forthwith an order requiring the operator of the mine or his 5 agent to cause immediately all persons, except those referred 6 to in subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4), subsection (c) of this 7 section, to be withdrawn from and to be prohibited from 8 entering such area until an authorized representative of the 9 commissioner determines that such imminent danger no longer 10 11 exists.
- All employees on the inside and outside of a mine who are idled as a result of the posting of a withdrawal order by a

14 mine inspector shall be compensated by the operator at their 15 regular rates of pay for the period they are idled, but not more 16 than the balance of such shift. If such order is not terminated 17 prior to the next working shift, all such employees on that shift who are idled by such order shall be entitled to full 18 19 compensation by the operator at their regular rates of pay for 20 the period they are idled, but for not more than four hours 21 of such shift.

- 22 (b) If, upon any inspection of a coal mine, an authorized 23 representative of the commissioner finds that there has been 24 a violation of the law, but the violation has not created an 25 imminent danger, he shall issue a notice to the operator or 26 his agent, fixing a reasonable time for the abatement of the 27 violation. If, upon the expiration of the period of time, as 28 originally fixed or subsequently extended, an authorized 29 representative of the commissioner finds that the violation has 30 not been totally abated, and if he also finds that the period 31 of time should not be further extended, he shall find the extent 32 of the area affected by the violation and shall promptly issue 33 an order requiring the operator of such mine or his agent to cause immediately all persons, except those referred to in 34 subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4), subsection (c) of this section, 35 36 to be withdrawn from, and to be prohibited from entering such 37 area until an authorized representative of the commissioner 38 determines that the violation has been abated.
- 39 (c) The following persons shall not be required to be 40 withdrawn from or prohibited from entering any area of the 41 coal mine subject to an order issued under this section:
- 42 (1) Any person whose presence in such area is necessary, 43 in the judgment of the operator or an authorized representative 44 of the commissioner, to eliminate the condition described in 45 the order:
 - (2) Any public official whose official duties require him to enter such area;

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48 (3) Any representative of the miners in such mine who is, 49 in the judgment of the operator or an authorized representative 50 of the commissioner, qualified to make coal mine examina-51 tions or who is accompanied by such a person and whose 52 presence in such area is necessary for the investigation of the 53 conditions described in the order; and 62

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- 54 (4) Any consultant to any of the foregoing.
- (d) Notices and orders issued pursuant to this section shall contain a detailed description of the conditions or practices which cause and constitute an imminent danger or a violation of any mandatory health or safety standard and, where appropriate, a description of the area of the coal mine from which persons must be withdrawn and prohibited from entering.
 - (e) Each notice or order issued under this section shall be given promptly to the operator of the coal mine or his agent by an authorized representative of the commissioner issuing such notice or order, and all such notices and orders shall be in writing and shall be signed by such representative and posted on the bulletin board at the mine.
- 68 (f) A notice or order issued pursuant to this section may 69 be modified or terminated by an authorized representative of 70 the commissioner.
- 71 (g) Each finding, order, and notice made under this section 72 shall promptly be given to the operator of the mine to which 73 it pertains by the person making such finding, order or notice.

§22A-1A-14. Powers and duties of electrical inspectors as to inspections, findings and orders; reports of electrical inspectors.

1 In order that the electrical inspector may properly perform 2 the duties required of him, he shall devote his whole time and 3 attention to the duties of his office, and he shall have the right 4 to enter any coal mine for the purpose of inspecting electrical 5 equipment, and if he finds during his inspection any defects 6 in the electrical equipment which are covered by law and may 7 be detrimental to the lives or health of the workmen, he shall have the authority to order the operator, in writing, to remedy 9 such defects within a prescribed time, and to prohibit the continued operation of such electrical equipment after such 10 time, unless such defects have been corrected. 11

- The electrical inspector shall examine each mine in his division at least once each year or as often as the director may deem necessary.
- 15 It shall be the duty of the electrical inspector, after

completing his examination of a mine, to prepare a report describing his findings in said mine in a manner and form designated by the director. The original report shall be forwarded to the operator or his representative whose duty it

20 shall be to post it in some conspicuous place open to

21 examination by any interested person or persons. The report

shall show the date of inspection, a list of equipment, and any

23 other information that the director may deem necessary.

§22A-1A-15. Review of orders and notices by the commissioner.

- 1 (a) (1) An operator, issued an order pursuant to the 2 provisions of section thirteen of this article, or any representative of miners in any mine affected by such order or by any modification or termination of such order, may apply to the 5 commissioner for review of the order within thirty days of receipt thereof or within thirty days of its modification or termination. An operator, issued a notice pursuant to subsection (b), section thirteen of this article, or any 9 representative of miners in any mine affected by such notice, 10 may, if he believes that the period of the time fixed in such 11 notice for the abatement of the violation is unreasonable, 12 apply to the commissioner for review of the notice within 13 thirty days of the receipt thereof. The applicant shall send a 14 copy of such application to the representative of miners in the 15 affected mine, or the operator, as appropriate. Upon receipt 16 of such application, the commissioner shall cause such 17 investigation to be made as he deems appropriate. Such 18 investigation shall provide an opportunity for a public hearing, 19 at the request of the operator or the representative of miners 20 in such mine, to enable the operator and the representative 21 of miners in such mine to present information relating to the 22 issuance and continuance of such order or the modification 23 or termination thereof or to the time fixed in such notice. The 24 filing of an application for review under this law shall not 25 operate as a stay of any order or notice.
 - (2) The operator and the representative of the miners shall be given written notice of the time and place of the hearing at least five days prior to the hearing.

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29 (b) Upon receiving the report of such investigation, the 30 commissioner shall make findings of fact, and he shall issue 31 a written decision, incorporating therein an order vacating,

- 32 affirming, modifying or terminating the order, or the
- 33 modification or termination of such order, or the notice
- 34 complained of and incorporate his findings therein.
- 35 (c) In view of the urgent need for prompt decision of 36 matters submitted to the commissioner under this law, all 37 actions which the commissioner takes under this section shall
- 38 be taken as promptly as practicable, consistent with adequate
- 39 consideration of the issues involved.
- 40 (d) Pending completion of the investigation required by this 41 section, the applicant may file with the commissioner a written 42 request that the commissioner grant temporary relief from any 43 modification or termination of any order, or from any order 44 issued under section thirteen of this article, except an order 45 issued under section fourteen of this article, together with a 46 detailed statement giving reasons for granting such relief. The 47 commissioner may grant such relief, under such conditions as 48 he may prescribe, if:
- 49 (1) A hearing has been held in which all parties were given 50 an opportunity to be heard;
- 51 (2) The applicant shows that there is substantial likelihood 52 that the findings of the commissioner will be favorable to the 53 applicant; and
- 54 (3) Such relief will not adversely affect the health and safety of miners in the coal mine.
- No temporary relief shall be granted in the case of a notice issued under section thirteen of this article.

§22A-1A-16. Posting of notices, orders and decisions; delivery to agent of operator; names and addresses to be filed by operators.

(a) At each coal mine there shall be maintained an office 1 with a conspicuous sign designating it as the office of the mine, 2 and a bulletin board at such office or at some conspicuous 3 place near an entrance of the mine, in such manner that 4 notices, orders and decisions required by this law or regulation 5 6 to be posted on the mine bulletin board may be posted 7 thereon, be easily visible to all persons desiring to read them, 8 and be protected against damage by weather and against unauthorized removal. A copy of any notice, order or decision

required by this law to be given to an operator shall be delivered to the office of the affected mine, and a copy shall be immediately posted on the bulletin board of such mine by the operator or his agent.

- (b) The commissioner shall cause a copy of any notice, order or decision required by this law to be given to an operator to be mailed immediately to a representative of the miners. Such notice, order or decision shall be available for public inspection.
- (c) In order to ensure prompt compliance with any notice, order or decision issued under this law, the authorized representative of the commissioner may deliver such notice, order or decision to an agent of the operator and such agent shall immediately take appropriate measures to ensure compliance with such notice, order or decision.
- 25 (d) Each operator of a coal mine shall file with the director 26 the name and address of such mine and the name and address 27 of the person who controls or operates the mine. Any revisions 28 in such names or addresses shall be promptly filed with the 29 director. Each operator of a coal mine shall designate a 30 responsible official at such mine as the principal officer in 31 charge of health and safety at such mine, and such official shall 32 receive a copy of any notice, order or decision issued under 33 this law affecting such mine. In any case, where the coal mine 34 is subject to the control of any person not directly involved 35 in the daily operations of the coal mine, there shall be filed 36 with the director the name and address of such person and 37 the name and address of a principal official of such person 38 who shall have overall responsibility for the conduct of an 39 effective health and safety program at any coal mine subject 40 to the control of such person and such official shall receive 41 a copy of any notice, order or decision issued affecting any such mine. The mere designation of a health and safety official 42 43 under this subsection shall not be construed as making such official subject to any penalty under this law. 44

§22A-1A-17. Judicial review.

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1 (a) Any order or decision issued by the commissioner under 2 this law, except an order or decision under section thirteen of 3 this article shall be subject to judicial review by the circuit 4 court of the county in which the mine affected is located or

5 the circuit court of Kanawha County upon the filing in such 6 court or with the judge thereof in vacation of a petition by 7 any person aggrieved by the order or decision praying that the 8 order or decision be modified or set aside in whole or in part 9 except that the court shall not consider such petition unless 10 such person has exhausted the administrative remedies available under this law and files within thirty days from date 11 12 of such order or decision.

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- (b) The party making such appeal shall forthwith send a copy of such petition for appeal, by registered mail, to the other party. Upon receipt of such petition for appeal, the commissioner shall promptly certify and file in such court a complete transcript of the record upon which the order or decision complained of was issued. The court shall hear such petition on the record made before the commissioner. The findings of the commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive. The court may affirm, vacate or modify any order or decision or may remand the proceedings to the commissioner for such further action as it may direct.
- (c) In the case of a proceeding to review any order or decision issued by the commissioner under this law, except an order or decision pertaining to an order issued under subsection (a), section thirteen of this article or an order or decision pertaining to a notice issued under subsection (b), section thirteen of this article, the court may, under such conditions as it may prescribe, grant such temporary relief as it deems appropriate pending final determination of the proceeedings if
- 34 (A) All parties to the proceeding have been notified and 35 given an opportunity to be heard on a request for temporary 36 relief;
- 37 (B) The person requesting such relief shows that there is a 38 substantial likelihood that he will prevail on the merits of the 39 final determination of the proceeding; and
- 40 (C) Such relief will not adversely affect the health and safety 41 of miners in the coal mine.
- (d) The judgment of the court shall be subject to review only
 by the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia upon a writ

- of certiorari filed in such court within sixty days from the entry of the order and decision of the circuit court upon such appeal from the commissioner.
- 47 (e) The commencement of a proceeding under this section 48 shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court, operate as 49 a stay of the order or decision of the commissioner.
- 50 (f) Subject to the direction and control of the attorney 51 general, attorneys appointed for the commissioner may appear 52 for and represent him in any proceeding instituted under this 53 section.

§22A-1A-18. Injunctions.

The commissioner may institute a civil action for relief, 1 2 including a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or any other appropriate order in the circuit court of the county in which the mine is located or the circuit court 4 of Kanawha county, whenever the operator or his agent (a) violates or fails or refuses to comply with any order or decision 7 issued under this law, or (b) interferes with, hinders or delays 8 the director or his authorized representative in carrying out 9 the provisions of this law, or (c) refuses to admit such representatives to the mine, or (d) refuses to permit the 10 11 inspection of the mine, or the investigation of an accident or 12 occupational disease occurring in, or connected with, such mine, or (e) refuses to furnish any information or report 13 14 requested by the director in furtherance of the provisions of 15 this law, or (f) refuses to permit access to, and copying of, such records as the director determines necessary in carrying 16 17 out the provisions of this law. Each court shall have 18 jurisdiction to provide such relief as may be appropriate. 19 Except as otherwise provided herein, any relief granted by the 20 court to enforce an order under clause (a) of this section shall continue in effect until the completion or final termination of 21 22 all proceedings for review of such order under this law, unless, 23 prior thereto, the circuit court granting such relief sets it aside 24 or modifies it. In any action instituted under this section to enforce an order or decision issued by the commissioner after 25 a public hearing, the findings of the commissioner, if 26 supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as 27 28 a whole, shall be conclusive.

§22A-1A-19. Penalties.

- (a) (1) Any operator of a coal mine in which a violation occurs of any health or safety rule or regulation or who violates any other provisions of this law, shall be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner under subdivision (3) of this subsection, which penalty shall be not more than three thousand dollars, for each such violation. Each such violation shall constitute a separate offense. In determining the amount of the penalty, the commissioner shall consider the operator's history of previous violations, the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the business of the operator charged, the gravity of the violation and the demonstated good faith of the operator charged in attempting to achieve rapid compliance after notification of a violation.
 - (2) Any miner who knowingly violates any health or safety provision of this chapter or health or safety rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty assessed by the commissioner under subdivision (3) of this subsection which penalty shall not be more than two hundred fifty dollars for each occurrence of such violation.
 - (3) A civil penalty shall be assessed by the commissioner only after the person charged with a violation under this chapter or rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this chapter has been given an opportunity for a public hearing and the commissioner has determined, by a decision incorporating his findings of fact therein, that a violation did occur, and the amount of the penalty which is warranted, and incorporating, when appropriate, an order therein requiring that the penalty be paid. Any hearing under this section shall be of record.
 - (4) If the person against whom a civil penalty is assessed fails to pay the penalty within the time prescribed in such order, the commissioner shall file a petition for enforcement of such order in any appropriate circuit court. The petition shall designate the person against whom the order is sought to be enforced as the respondent. A copy of the petition shall forthwith be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the respondent and to the representative of the miners at the affected mine or the operator, as the case may be, and thereupon the commissioner shall certify and file in such court the record upon which such order sought to be enforced was issued. The court shall have jurisdiction to enter a judgment

enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, or setting aside in whole or in part the order and decision of the commissioner or it may remand the proceedings to the commissioner for such further action as it may direct. The court shall consider and determine de novo all relevant issues. except issues of fact which were or could have been litigated in review proceedings before a circuit court under section eighteen of this article, and upon the request of the respondent, such issues of fact which are in dispute shall be submitted to a jury. On the basis of the jury's findings the court shall determine the amount of the penalty to be imposed. Subject to the direction and control of the attorney general, attorneys appointed for the commissioner may appear for and represent him in any action to enforce an order assessing civil penalties under this subdivision.

- (b) Any operator who knowingly violates a health or safety provision of this chapter or health or safety rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this chapter, or knowingly violates or fails or refuses to comply with any order issued under section thirteen of this article, or any order incorporated in a final decision issued under this article, except an order incorporated in a decision under subsection (a) of this section or subsection (b), section twenty of this article, shall be assessed a civil penalty by the commissioner under subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section, of not more than five thousand dollars, and for a second or subsequent violation assessed a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars.
- (c) Whenever a corporate operator knowingly violates a health or safety provision of this chapter or health or safety rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter, or knowingly violates or fails or refuses to comply with any order issued under this law or any order incorporated in a final decision issued under this law, except an order incorporated in a decision issued under subsection (a) of this section or subsection (b), section twenty of this article, any director, officer or agent of such corporation who knowingly authorized, ordered or carried out such violation, failure or refusal, shall be subject to the same civil penalties that may be imposed upon a person under subsections (a) and (b) of this section.
- (d) Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification in any application, record, report, plan

83 or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to this law or any order or decision issued under this law, shall 84 85 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof. 86 shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars or 87 imprisoned in the county jail not more than six months, or 88 both fined and imprisoned. The conviction of any person under this subsection shall result in the revocation of any 89 90 certifications held by him under this chapter which certified 91 him or authorized him to direct other persons in coal mining 92 by operation of law and shall bar him from being issued any 93 such license under this chapter, except a miner's certification. for a period of not less than one year or for such longer period 94 95 as may be determined by the commissioner.

(e) Whoever wilfully distributes, sells, offers for sale, introduces or delivers in commerce any equipment for use in a coal mine, including, but not limited to, components and accessories of such equipment, who wilfully misrepresents such equipment as complying with the provisions of this law, or with any specification or regulation of the commissioner applicable to such equipment, and which does not so comply, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to the same fine and imprisonment that may be imposed upon a person under subsection (d) of this section.

§22A-1A-20. Discrimination.

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- (a) No person shall discharge or in any other way 2 discriminate against or cause to be discharged or discriminated against any miner or any authorized representative of miners 3 by reason of the fact that he believes or knows that such miner or representative (1) has notified the commissioner, his authorized representative, or an operator, directly or indirectly, of any alleged violation or danger, (2) has filed, instituted or caused to be filed or instituted any proceeding under this law, (3) has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding resulting from the administration or enforcement of the provisions of this law. No miner or representative shall be discharged or in any other way discriminated against or caused to be discriminated against because a miner or representative has done (1), (2) or (3) above.
- 15 (b) Any miner or a representative of miners who believes

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that he has been discharged or otherwise discriminated against, 17 or any miner who has not been compensated by an operator 18 for lost time due to the posting of a withdrawal order, may, 19 within thirty days after such violation occurs, apply to the 20 appeals board for a review of such alleged discharge, 21 discrimination, or failure to compensate. A copy of the 22 application shall be sent to such person who shall be the 23 respondent. Upon receipt of such application, the appeals 24 board shall cause such investigation to be made as it deems 25 appropriate. Such investigation shall provide an opportunity 26 for a public hearing at the request of any party to enable the 27 parties to present information relating to such violation. The 28 parties shall be given written notice of the time and place of 29 the hearing at least five days prior to the hearing. Mailing of 30 the notice of hearing to the charged party at his last address 31 of record as reflected in the records of the department of 32 energy shall be deemed adequate notice to the charged party. 33 Such notice shall be by certified mail, return receipt requested. Any such hearing shall be of record. Upon receiving the report 34 35 of such investigation, the board shall make findings of fact. 36 If it finds that such violation did occur, it shall issue a decision 37 within forty-five days, incorporating an order therein, 38 requiring the person committing such violation to take such 39 affirmative action to abate the violation as the board deems 40 appropriate, including, but not limited to, the rehiring or 41 reinstatement of the miner or representative of miners to his 42 former position with back pay, and also pay compensation for the idle time as a result of a withdrawal order. If it finds that 43 44 there was no such violation, it shall issue an order denying 45 the application. Such order shall incorporate the board's 46 finding therein. If the proceedings under this section relative 47 to discharge are not completed within forty-five days of the date of discharge due to delay caused by the operator, the 48 49 miner shall be automatically reinstated until the final 50 determination. If such proceedings are not completed within 51 forty-five days of the date of discharge due to delay caused by the board, then the board may, at its option, reinstate the 52 miner until the final determination. If such proceedings are not 53 completed within forty-five days of the date of discharge due 54 to delay caused by the miner the board shall not reinstate the 55 miner until the final determination. 56

(c) Whenever an order is issued under this section, at the

- 58 request of the applicant, a sum equal to the aggregate amount
- 59 of all costs and expenses including the attorney's fees as
- 60 determined by the board to have been reasonably incurred by
- 61 the applicant for, or in connection with, the institution and
- 62 prosecution of such proceedings, shall be assessed against the
- 63 person committing such violation.

§22A-1A-21. Records and reports.

- In addition to such records as are specifically required by
- 2 this law, every operator of a coal mine shall establish and
- 3 maintain such records, make such reports, and provide such
- 4 information, as the commissioner may reasonably require from
- 5 time to time to enable him to perform his functions under this
- 6 law. The director is authorized to compile, analyze, and
- 7 publish, either in summary or detailed form, such reports or
- 8 information so obtained. Except to the extent otherwise
- 9 specifically provided by this law, all records, information,
- 10 reports, findings, notices, orders, or decisions required or
- 11 issued pursuant to or under this law may be published from
- 12 time to time, may be released to any interested person, and
- 13 shall be made available for public inspection.

§22A-1A-22. Mine foreman examiner for mine foremen-fire bosses and assistant mine foremen-fire bosses; salary.

- 1 The commissioner shall appoint a mine foreman examiner
- 2 to examine and certify mine foremen-fire bosses, assistant mine
- 3 foremen-fire bosses and mine examiners or fire bosses. Such
- 4 mine foremen examiners shall be paid a minimum salary of
- 5 thirty-one thousand thirty-two dollars per year.

§22A-1A-23. Duties of mine foreman examiner.

- I The duties of the mine foreman examiner shall be to:
- 2 (a) Prepare and conduct examinations of mine foremen,
- 3 assistant mine foremen and fire bosses;
- 4 (b) Prepare and certify to the commissioner a register of all
- 5 persons who successfully completed the examination with a
- 6 passing grade of eighty percent.

§22A-1A-24. Place and time for examinations.

- 1 The director shall determine the location where the mine
- 2 foreman examiner shall meet for the purpose of holding

- examinations, and at least two weeks' notice of the time and
 place where the examinations are to be held shall be given.
- 5 The examinations shall be given at any location where there
- 6 are at least five men to be tested, and adequate facilities to
- 7 conduct such examination. The office of the secretary to the
- 8 mine foreman examiner shall be located in the capitol complex
- 9 in Charleston. All records pertaining to the examinations shall
- 10 be kept at such office.

§22A-1A-25. Preparation of examination; notice of intention to take examination; investigation of applicants.

- 1 The mine foreman examiner shall, with the approval of the
- 2 director, prepare, and from time to time, modify examinations
- 3 to be administered applicants for certification as mine foremen
- 4 and fire bosses.
- 5 All persons who desire to appear for examination shall
- 6 notify the mine foreman examiner of their intentions to
- 7 appear, if possible, not less than ten days prior to the date
- 8 set for the examination. The mine foreman examiner shall
- 9 inquire into the character and qualifications of the applicants
- 10 who present themselves for examination.

§22A-1A-26. Certificates of qualification heretofore granted.

- 1 Certificates of qualification of service heretofore granted
- 2 shall have equal value with certificates of qualifications
- 3 granted under this law.

§22A-1A-27. Mine foreman examiner to certify successful applicants to director.

- 1 The mine foreman examiner shall certify to the director, on
- 2 a form furnished by him, every person whose examination
- 3 shall disclose his fitness for the duties of mine foreman,
- 4 assistant mine foreman, and fire boss, as above classified, and
- 5 the director shall prepare certificates of qualification for the
- 6 successful applicants and send them to the mine foreman
- 7 examiner for distribution.

§22A-1A-28. Record of examination.

- 1 The mine foreman examiner shall send to the director the
- 2 answers and all other papers of the applicants, together with
- 3 the tally sheets and a list of the questions and answers as

prepared by the mine foreman examiner which shall be filed in the division as public documents.

§22A-1A-29. Withdrawal of certification.

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- (a) Charge of breach of duty.—A mine inspector, the 2 director, or the commissioner may charge a mine foreman, 3 assistant mine foreman, fire boss or any other certified person with neglect or failure to perform any duty mandated pursuant 5 to article one or two of this chapter. The charge shall state the name of the person charged, the duty or duties he is alleged to have violated, the approximate date and place so far as is known of the violation of duty, the capacity of the person making the charge, and shall be verified on the basis of 10 information and belief or personal knowledge. The charge is initiated by filing it with the director or with the board of appeals. A copy of any charge filed with the board of appeals or any member thereof, shall be transmitted promptly to the director. The director shall maintain a file of each charge and of all related documents which shall be open to the public.
 - (b) Evaluation of charge by board of appeals.—Within twenty days after receipt of the charge the board shall evaluate the charge and determine whether or not a violation of duty has been stated. In making such a determination the board shall evaluate all documents submitted to it by all persons to determine as nearly as possible the substance of the charge and if the board of appeals is unable to determine the substance of the charge it may request the director to investigate the charge. Upon request, the director shall cause the charge to be investigated and report the results of the investigation to the board of appeals within ten days of his receipt of the charge. If the board determines that probable cause exists to support the allegation that the person charged has violated his duty, the board by the end of the twenty-day period shall set a date for hearing which date shall be within eighty days of the filing of the charge. Notice of the hearing or notice of denial of the hearing for failure to state a charge and a copy of the charge shall be mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the charging party, the charged party, the commissioner, the director, the representative of the miner or miners affected, and to any interested person of record. Thereafter the board shall maintain the file of the charge which shall contain all documents, testimony and other matters filed

39 which shall be open for public inspection.

(c) Hearing.—The board of appeals shall hold a hearing, may appoint a hearing examiner to take evidence and report to the board of appeals within the time allotted, may direct or authorize taking of oral depositions under oath by any participant, or adopt any other method for the gathering of sworn evidence which affords the charging party, the charged party, the director and any interested party of record due process of law and a fair opportunity to present and make a record of evidence. Any member of the board shall have the power to administer oaths. The board may subpoena witnesses and require production of any books, papers, records, or other documents relevant or material to the inquiry. The board shall consider all evidence offered in support of the charge and on behalf of the persons so charged at the time and place designated in the notice. Each witness shall be sworn and a transcript shall be made of all evidence presented in any such hearing. No continuance shall be granted except for good cause shown.

At the conclusion of the hearing the board shall proceed to determine the case upon consideration of all the evidence offered and shall render a decision containing its findings and conclusions of law. If the board finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the certificate or certificates of the charged person should be suspended or revoked, as hereinafter provided, it shall enter an order to that effect. No renewal of the certificate shall be granted except as herein provided.

- (d) Failure to cooperate.—Any person charged who shall, without just cause refuse or fail to appear before the board or cooperate in the investigation or gathering of evidence shall forfeit his certificate or certificates for a period to be determined by the board, not to exceed five years, and such certificate or certificates may not be renewed except upon a successful completion of the examination prescribed by the law for mine foremen, assistant mine foremen, fire bosses or other certified persons.
- (e) Penalties.—The board may suspend or revoke the certificate or certificates of a charged party for a minimum of thirty days or more including an indefinite period or may revoke permanently the certificate or certificates of the charged

- party, as it sees fit, subject to the prescribed penalties and monetary fines imposed elsewhere in this chapter.
- 81 (f) Integrity of penalties imposed.—No person whose certification is suspended or revoked under this provision can perform any duties under any other certification issued under chapter twenty-two-a of this code, during the period of the suspension imposed herein.
- 86 (g) Any party adversely affected by a final order or decision 87 issued by the board hereunder shall be entitled to judicial 88 review thereof pursuant to section four, article five, chapter 89 twenty-nine-a of this code.

§22A-1A-30. Certification of mine foreman or assistant mine foreman whose license to engage in similar activities suspended in another state.

I Any person whose license, certificate or similar authority to

2 perform any supervisory or fire boss duties in another state

3 has been suspended or revoked by that state cannot be certified

4 under any provision of this chapter during the period of such

5 suspension or revocation in the other state.

§22A-1A-31. Mine rescue stations; equipment.

- I The director is hereby authorized to purchase, equip and
- 2 operate for the use of said division such mine rescue stations
- 3 and equipment as he may deem necessary.

§22A-1A-32. Mine rescue crews.

- I The director is hereby authorized to have trained and
- 2 employed at the rescue stations, operated by the division
- 3 within the state, such rescue crews as he may deem necessary.
- 4 Each member of a rescue crew shall devote four hours each
- 5 month for training purposes and shall be available at all times
- 6 to assist in rescue work at explosions and mine fires. Regular
- 7 members shall receive for such services the sum of thirty-two
- 8 dollars per month, and captains shall receive thirty-five dollars
- 9 per month, payable on requisition approved by the director.
- 10 The director may remove any member of a rescue crew at any 11 time.
- 12 After the effective date of this article, it shall be the duty
- 13 and responsibility of the division to see that all rescue teams
- 14 be properly trained by a qualified instructor of the division

or such persons who have a certificate of training from the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration.

To qualify for membership of a mine rescue crew, an applicant shall be not more than fifty years of age and shall pass on at least an annual basis a physical examination by a licensed physician. A record that such examination was taken, together with pertinent data relating thereto, shall be kept on file by the operator, and a copy shall be furnished to the director. All rescue or recovery teams performing recovery work shall be under the jurisdiction of the division guided by the mine rescue apparatus and auxiliary equipment manual.

When engaged in rescue work required by an explosion, fire or other emergency at a mine, all members of mine rescue teams assigned to rescue operations shall, during the period of their rescue work, be employees of the operator of the mine where the emergency exists, and shall be compensated by the operator at the rate established in the area for such work. In no case shall this rate be less than the prevailing wage rate in the industry for the most skilled class of inside mine labor. During the period of their emergency employement, members of mine rescue teams shall be protected by the workers' compensation subscription of such emergency employer.

During the recovery work and prior to entering any mine at the start of each shift, all rescue or recovery teams shall be properly informed of existing conditions and work to be performed by the designated company official in charge.

For every two teams performing rescue or recovery work underground, one six-member team shall be stationed at the mine portal.

Two-way communication and lifeline or its equivalent shall be provided at each fresh air base for all mine rescue or recovery teams, and no mine rescue team member shall advance more than one thousand feet inby the fresh air base: *Provided*, That if a life may possibly be saved and existing conditions do not create an unreasonable hazard to mine rescue team members, such rescue team may advance a distance agreed upon by those persons directing the mine rescue or recovery operations: *Provided*, *however*, That lifeline or its equivalent shall be provided inby each fresh air base for all mine rescue or recovery teams.

- Each rescue or recovery team performing work with breathing apparatus shall be provided with a backup team of equal strength, stationed at each fresh air base.
- A rescue or recovery team shall immediately return to the fresh air base when any team member's atmospheric pressure depletes to sixty atmospheres.

§22A-1A-33. Mine rescue teams.

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It shall be the duty of any mine operator employing fifty 1 2 or more employees to have available for mine rescue work a trained mine rescue team, the members of which shall work 3 in the general area of the mine. In the event of any fire. 4 5 explosion or recovery operations in or about any mine the 6 director is hereby authorized to call and assign any rescue team for the protection of employees and the preservation of 7 property. The director also may assign mine rescue and 9 recovery work to inspectors, instructors, or other qualified employees of the division as he may deem desirable. 10

§22A-1A-34. Mandatory safety programs; penalties.

- 1 (a) The commissioner, in consultation with the state board of coal mine health and safety, shall promulgate rules and 2 regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this 3 code, detailing the requirements for mine safety programs to 4 be established by coal operators, as provided in subsection (b) 5 of this section. The regulations may require different types of 6 safety programs to be developed, depending upon the output 8 of the particular mine, the number of employees of the particular mine, the location of the particular mine, the 9 physical features of the particular mine or any other factor 10 11 deemed relevant by the commissioner.
 - (b) Within six months of the date when the regulations required in subsection (a), above, become final, each operator shall develop and submit to the director a comprehensive mine safety program for each mine, in accordance with such regulations. Each employee of the mine shall be afforded an opportunity to review and submit comments to the director regarding the modification or revision of such program, prior to submission of such program to the director. Upon submission of such program the director shall have ninety days to approve, reject or modify such program. If the program is

- 22 rejected, the director shall give the operator a reasonable time
- 23 to correct and resubmit such program. Each program which
- 24 is approved shall be reviewed, at least annually, by the
- 25 director. An up-to-date copy of each program shall be placed
- 26 on file in the division of mines and minerals and further copies
- 27 shall be made available to the miners of each mine and their
- 28 representatives. Each operator shall undertake all efforts
- 29 necessary to assure total compliance with the appropriate
- 30 safety program at each mine and shall fully implement all
- 31 portions of such program.
- 32 (c) Any person violating any provision of this section is
- 33 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall
- 34 be fined not less than one hundred nor more than one
- 35 thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more
- 36 than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

§22A-1A-35. Provisions of article severable.

- 1 The various provisions of this article shall be construed as
- 2 separable and severable, and should any of the provisions,
- 3 sentences, clauses, or parts thereof be construed or held
- 4 unconstitutional or for any reason be invalid, the remaining
- 5 provisions of this article shall not be thereby affected.

ARTICLE 2. UNDERGROUND MINE MAPS.

- §22A-2-1. Supervision by professional engineer or licensed land surveyor; seal and certification; contents; extensions; repository; availability; traversing; copies; archives; final survey and map; penalties.
- §22A-2-2. Plan of ventilation; approval by director of the division of mines and minerals.
- §22A-2-3. Fans.
- §22A-2-4. Ventilation in mines in general.
- §22A-2-5. Unused and abandoned parts of mine.
- §22A-2-6. Movement of mining equipment.
- §22A-2-7. When underground mine foreman-fire boss required; assistants; certification.
- §22A-2-8. Duties; ventilation; loose coal, slate or rocks; props; drainage of water; man doors; instruction of apprentice miners.
- §22A-2-9. Slopes, incline planes and haulage roads.
- §22A-2-10. Signals on haulways; lights at mouth and bottom of shaft; operation of cages.
- §22A-2-11 Boreholes.
- §22A-2-12 Instruction of employees and supervision of apprentices; annual examination of persons using flame safety lamps; records of examination; maintenance of methane detectors, etc.
- §22A-2-13. Daily inspection of working places; records.

- §22A-2-14. Safety inspections; removal of gases.
- §22A-2-15. Dangerous places.
- §22A-2-16. Examinations of reports of fire bosses.
- §22A-2-17. Ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers.
- §22A-2-18. Duty of mine foreman to notify operator when unable to comply with law; duty of operator.
- §22A-2-19. Death or resignation of mine foreman; successor.
- §22A-2-20. Preparation of danger signal by fire boss or certified person acting as such prior to examination; report; records open for inspection.
- §22A-2-21. Fire bosses to have no superior officers.
- §22A-2-22. Unlawful to enter mine until fire boss reports it safe; exceptions.
- §22A-2-23. Authority of fire boss to perform other duties.
- §22A-2-24. Control of coal dust; rock dusting.
- §22A-2-25. Roof control programs and plans; refusal to work under unsupported roof.
- §22A-2-26. Roof support; examination and testing; correction of dangerous conditions; roof bolt recovery.
- §22A-2-27. Canopies or cabs; electric face equipment.
- §22A-2-28. Equipment to conform with height of seam.
- §22A-2-29. Use of authorized explosives; storage or use of unauthorized explosives.
- §22A-2-30. Surface magazines for explosives.
- §22A-2-31. Transportation of explosives.
- §22A-2-32. Underground storage of explosives.
- §22A-2-33. Preparation of shots; blasting practices.
- §22A-2-34. Misfires of explosives.
- §22A-2-35. Other blasting devices.
- §22A-2-36. Hoisting machinery; telephones; safety devices; hoisting engineers and drum runners.
- §22A-2-37. Haulage roads and equipment; shelter holes; prohibited practices; signals; inspection.
- §22A-2-38. Transportation of miners by cars; self-propelled equipment; belts.
- §22A-2-39. Belt conveyor; installation; maintenance.
- §22A-2-40. General provisions.
- §22A-2-41. Bonding track used as power conductor.
- §22A-2-42. Telephone service or communication facilities.
- §22A-2-43. Electric equipment in mines.
- §22A-2-44. Hand-held electric drills and rotating tools; trailing cables.
- §22A-2-45. Installation of lighting.
- §22A-2-46. Welding and cutting.
- §22A-2-47. Responsibility for care and maintenance of face equipment.
- §22A-2-48. When respiratory equipment to be worn; control of dust.
- §22A-2-49. Safeguards for mechanical equipment.
- §22A-2-50. Procurement of dust-tight electrical equipment; fireproof construction; dust control; repairs; welding; handrails and toeboards; protection of personnel on conveyors; back guards on ladders; walkways or safety devices around thickeners.
- §22A-2-51. Housekeeping.
- §22A-2-52. Storage of flammable liquids in lamphouse.
- §22A-2-53. Smoking in and around surface structures.
- §22A-2-53a. Railroad cars; dumping areas.
- §22A-2-54. Duties of persons subject to article; rules and regulations of operators.

- §22A-2-55. Protective equipment and clothing.
- §22A-2-55a. Safety helmets.
- §22A-2-56. Checking systems.
- §22A-2-57. No act permitted endangering security of mine; search for intoxicants, matches, etc.
- §22A-2-58. Fire protection.
- §22A-2-59. First-aid equipment.
- §22A-2-60. Accessible outlets; safe roadways for emergencies; accessibility of first-aid equipment; use of special capsule for removal of personnel.
- §22A-2-61. Coal storage bins; recovery tunnels; coal storage piles.
- §22A-2-62. Thermal coal dryers and plants.
- §22A-2-63. No mine to be opened or reopened without prior approval of commissioner of the department of energy; approval fee; extension of certificate of approval; certificates not transferable; section to be printed on certificates.
- §22A-2-64. Sealing permanently closed or abandoned mines.
- §22A-2-65. Mining close to abandoned workings.
- §22A-2-66. Explosion or accident; notice; investigation by division of mines and minerals.
- §22A-2-67. Written report of accident.
- §22A-2-68. Preservation of evidence following accident or disaster.
- §22A-2-69. Fire in and about mine; notification of director and district mine inspector.
- §22A-2-70. Shafts and slopes.
- §22A-2-71. Right of miner to refuse to operate unsafe equipment; procedure; discrimination.
- §22A-2-72. Long wall and short wall mining.
- §22A-2-73. Construction of shafts, slopes, surface facilities and the safety hazards attendant therewith; duties of board of coal mine health and safety to promulgate rules and regulations; time limits therefor.
- §22A-2-74. Control of respirable dust.
- §22A-2-75. Coal operators—Procedure before operating near oil and gas wells.
- §22A-2-76. Reopening old or abandoned mines.
- §22A-2-77. Monthly report by operator of mine.
- §22A-2-78. Examinations to determine compliance with permits.
- §22A-2-79. Provisions of article severable.
- §22A-2-1. Supervision by professional engineer or licensed land surveyor; seal and certification; contents; extensions; repository; availability; traversing; copies; archive; final survey and map; penalties.
 - 1 The mapping of all coal mines shall be supervised by a
 - 2 competent engineer or land surveyor. The work of such
 - 3 engineer or land surveyor shall be supervised by either a civil
 - 4 engineer or a mining engineer certified by the board of
 - 5 engineers, which exists by authority of section three, article
 - 6 thirteen, chapter thirty of this code, or a licensed land surveyor
 - 7 approved by the board of examiners of land surveyors as

8 provided by section three, article thirteen-a of said chapter 9 thirty. To each map supervised by the engineer or land surveyor there shall be affixed thereto the seal of a certified 10 or professional engineer or licensed land surveyor, which shall 11 be identical to the design authorized by the board of engineers, 12 13 as provided in section nine, article thirteen of said chapter thirty or board of examiners of land surveyors as provided by 14 section eleven, article thirteen-a of said chapter thirty. Every 15 16 map certified shall have the professional engineer's or land 17 surveyor's signature and certificate, in addition to his seal, in 18 the following form:

"I, the undersigned, hereby certify that this map is correct and shows all the information, to the best of my knowledge and belief, required by the laws of this State, and covers the period ending

23 P. E. 24 (Either Civil or Mining Engineer

or Land Surveyor)."

The operator of every underground coal mine shall make, or cause to be made, an accurate map of such mine, on a scale of not less than one hundred, and not more than five hundred feet to the inch. The map of such mine shall show:

- (1) Name and address of the mine;
- 31 (2) The scale and orientation of the map;
- 32 (3) The property or boundary lines of the mine;
- 33 (4) The shafts, slopes, drifts, tunnels, entries, rooms, 34 crosscuts and all other excavations and auger and strip mined 35 areas of the coalbed being mined;
- 36 (5) All drill holes that penetrate the coalbed being mined;
- 37 (6) Dip of the coalbed;

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- 38 (7) The outcrop of the coalbed within the bounds of the 39 property assigned to the mine;
- 40 (8) The elevations of tops and bottoms of shafts and slopes, 41 and the floor at the entrance to drift and tunnel openings;
- 42 (9) The elevation of the floor at intervals of not more than two hundred feet in:

- 44 (a) At least one entry of each working section, and main 45 and cross entries;
- 46 (b) The last line of open crosscuts of each working section, 47 and main and cross entries before such sections and main and 48 cross entries are abandoned; and
- 49 (c) Rooms advancing toward or adjacent to property or 50 boundary lines or adjacent mines;
- 51 (10) Contour lines passing through whole number elevations 52 of the coalbed being mined, the spacing of such lines not to 53 exceed ten-foot elevation levels, except that a broader spacing 54 of contour lines may be approved for steeply-pitching coalbeds 55 by the person authorized so to do under the federal act; and 56 contour lines may be placed on overlays or tracings attached 57 to mine maps;
- 58 (11) As far as practicable the outline of existing and 59 extracted pillars;
- 60 (12) Entries and air courses with the direction of airflow 61 indicated by arrows;
- 62 (13) The location of all surface mine ventilation fans, which location may be designated on the mine map by symbols;
- 64 (14) Escapeways;

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- (15) The known underground workings in the same coalbed
 on the adjoining properties within one thousand feet of such
 mine workings and projections;
- 68 (16) The location of any body of water dammed in the mine 69 or held back in any portion of the mine, but such bodies of 70 water may be shown on overlays or tracings attached to the 71 mine maps used to show contour lines, as provided under 72 subdivision (10) of this section;
- 73 (17) The elevation of any body of water dammed in the mine or held back in any portion of the mine;
- 75 (18) The abandoned portion or portions of the mine;
 - (19) The location and description of at least two permanent base line points coordinated with the underground and surface mine traverses, and the location and description of at least two permanent elevation bench marks used in connection with

- 80 establishing or referencing mine elevation surveys;
- 81 (20) Mines above or below;
- 82 (21) Water pools above;
- 83 (22) The location of the principal streams and bodies of water on the surface;
- 85 (23) Either producing or abandoned oil and gas wells 86 located within five hundred feet of such mine and any 87 underground area of such mine;
- 88 (24) The location of all high pressure pipelines, high voltage power lines and principal roads;
- 90 (25) The location of railroad tracks and public highways 91 leading to the mine, and mine buildings of a permanent nature 92 with identifying names shown;
- 93 (26) Where the overburden is less than one hundred feet, 94 occupied dwellings; and
- 95 (27) Such other information as may be required under the federal act or by the department of mines.
- The operator of every underground coal mine shall extend, 98 or cause to be extended, on or before the first day of March and on or before the first day of September of each year, such mine map thereof to accurately show the progress of the workings as of the first day of July and the first day of January of each year. Such map shall be kept up to date by temporary notations, which shall include:
- 104 (1) The location of each working face of each working 105 place;
- 106 (2) Pillars mined or other such second mining;
- 107 (3) Permanent ventilation controls constructed or removed, 108 such as seals, overcasts, undercasts, regulators and permanent 109 stoppings, and the direction of air currents indicated; and
- 110 (4) Escapeways designated by means of symbols.
- Such map shall be revised and supplemented at intervals prescribed under the federal act on the basis of a survey made or certified by such engineer or surveyor, and shall be kept by the operator in a fireproof repository located in an area

on the surface chosen by the operator to minimize the danger of destruction by fire or other hazard.

117 Such map and any revision and supplement thereof shall be 118 available for inspection by a federal mine inspector, by mine 119 health and safety instructors, by miners in the mine and their 120 representatives and by operators of adjacent coal mines and 121 by persons owning, leasing or residing on surface areas of such 122 mines or areas adjacent to such mines, and a copy of such 123 map and any revision and supplement thereof shall be 124 promptly filed with the division of mines and minerals. The operator shall also furnish to persons expressly entitled thereto 125 126 under the federal act, upon request, one or more copies of such 127 maps and any revision and supplement thereof. Such map or 128 revision and supplement thereof shall be kept confidential and 129 its contents shall not be divulged to any other person, except 130 to the extent necessary to carry out the provisions of the 131 federal act and this chapter and in connection with the 132 functions and responsibilities of the secretary of housing and 133 urban development.

134 Surveying calculations and mapping of underground coal 135 mines which were or are opened or reopened after the first 136 of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, shall be done 137 by the rectangular coordinate traversing method and meridians 138 carried through and tied between at least two parallel entries 139 of each development panel and panels or workings adjacent 140 to mine boundaries or abandoned workings. These surveys 141 shall originate from at least three permanent survey monu-142 ments on the surface of the mine property. The monuments 143 shall be clearly referenced and described in the operator's 144 records. Elevations shall be tied to either the United States geological survey or the United States coast and geodetic 145 146 survey bench mark system, be clearly referenced and described 147 on such map.

148 Underground coal mines operating on the first of July, one 149 thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, and not using the rectangular coordinate traversing method shall, within two years of 150 such date, convert to this procedure for surveying calculations 151 and mapping. Meridians shall be carried through and tied 152 between at least two parallel entries of each development panel 153 and panels or workings adjacent to mine boundaries or 154 abandoned workings. These surveys shall originate from at 155

least three permanent survey monuments on the surface of the mine property. The monuments shall be clearly referenced and described in the coal mine operator's records. Elevations shall be tied to either the United States geological survey or the United States coast and geodetic survey bench mark system, be clearly referenced and described on such map.

The operator of such underground coal mine shall, by reasonable proof, demonstrate to the director or to any federal mine inspector concerned, at any time, that a diligent search was made for all existing and available maps and survey data for the workings on the adjoining properties. The operator shall further be able to show proof to the director or to any federal mine inspector concerned, that a suitable method was used to insure accuracy in the methods used in transposing other workings to the map of such mine.

- There shall be an archive of underground coal mine maps maintained at the office of the director. The archive shall:
- 173 (1) Be secured in a fireproof and burglarproof vault;
- 174 (2) Have an appropriate map identification system; and
- 175 (3) Have adequate map microfilming facilities.

Whenever an operator permanently closes or abandons an underground coal mine, or temporarily closes an underground coal mine for a period of more than ninety days, he shall promptly notify the division of mines and minerals and the federal mine inspector of the district in which such mine is located of such closure. Within sixty days of the permanent closure or abandonment of an underground coal mine, or, when an underground coal mine is temporarily closed, upon the expiration of a period of ninety days from the date of closure, the operator shall file with the division of mines and minerals and such federal mine inspector a copy of the mine map revised and supplemented to the date of the closure. Such copy of the mine map shall be certified by a certified or professional engineer or licensed surveyor as aforesaid and shall be available for public inspection.

Any person having a map or surveying data of any worked out or abandoned underground coal mine shall make such map or data available to the division to copy or reproduce such material.

- 195 Any person who fails or refuses to discharge any duty 196 imposed upon him by this section shall be guilty of a 197 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 198 less that five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand
- 198 less that five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 199 dollars.

VENTILATION

§22A-2-2. Plan of ventilation; approval by director of the division of mines and minerals.

Every operator of a coal mine, before making any new or additional openings, shall submit to the director, for his information and approval, a general plan showing the proposed system of ventilation and ventilating equipment of the openings, with their location and relative positions to adjacent developments; no such new or additional openings shall be made until approved by the director, in consultation

8 with the deputy directors of permitting and safety, health and

9 training. The director shall promptly approve any such plans 10 submitted, if the proposed system of ventilation and ventilating

11 equipment meet the requirements of this article.

§22A-2-3. Fans.

- 1 (a) The ventilation of mines, the systems for which extend
 2 for more than two hundred feet underground and which are
 3 opened after the effective date of this article, shall be produced
 4 by a mechanically operated fan or mechanically operated fans.
 5 Ventilation by means of a furnace is prohibited in any mine.
 6 The fan or fans shall be kept in continuous operation, unless
 7 written permission to do otherwise be granted by the director.
 8 In case of interruption to a ventilating fan or its machinery
 9 whereby the ventilation of the mine is interrupted, immediate
 10 action shall be taken by the mine operator or his management
- personnel, in all mines, to cut off the power and withdraw the men from the face regions or other areas of the mine affected.
- 13 If ventilation is restored in fifteen minutes, the face regions 14 and other places in the affected areas where gas (methane) is
- and other places in the affected areas where gas (methane) is likely to accumulate, shall be reexamined by a certified person;
- and if found free of explosive gas, power may be restored and
- 17 work resumed. If ventilation is not restored in fifteen minutes,
- 18 all underground employees shall be removed from the mine,
- 19 all power shall be cut off in a timely manner, and the
- 20 underground employees shall not return until ventilation is

restored and the mine examined by certified persons, mine examiners, or other persons holding a certificate to make preshift examination.

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- (b) All main fans installed after the effective date of this article shall be located on the surface in fireproof housings offset not less than fifteen feet from the nearest side of the mine opening, equipped with fireproof air ducts, provided with explosion doors or a weak wall, and operated from an independent power circuit. In lieu of the requirements for the location of fans and pressure-relief facilities, a fan may be directly in front of, or over a mine opening: Provided, That such opening is not in direct line with possible forces coming out of the mine if an explosion occurs: Provided, however, That there is another opening having a weak-wall stopping or explosion doors that would be in direct line with forces coming out of the mine. All main fans shall be provided with pressurerecording gauges or water gauges. A daily inspection shall be made of all main fans and machinery connected therewith by a certified electrician and a record kept of the same in a book prescribed for this purpose or by adequate facilities provided to permanently record the performance of the main fans and to give warning of an interruption to a fan.
- (c) Auxiliary fans and tubing shall be permitted to be used in lieu of or in conjunction with line brattice to provide adequate ventilation to the working faces: *Provided*, That auxiliary fans be so located and operated to avoid recirculation of air at any time. Auxiliary fans shall be approved and maintained as permissible.
- d) (d) If the auxiliary fan is stopped or fails, the electrical equipment in the place shall be stopped and the power slick disconnected at the power source until ventilation in the working place is restored. During such stoppage, the ventilation shall be by means of the primary air current conducted into the place in a manner to prevent accumulation of methane.
 - (e) In places where auxiliary fans and tubing are used, the ventilation between shifts, weekends and idle shifts shall be provided to face areas with line brattice or the equivalent to prevent accumulation of methane.
- 60 (f) If the air passing through the auxiliary fan or tubing

- 61 contains gas in excess of one percent, the current shall at once 62 be switched off and the trailing cable shall forthwith be 63 disconnected from the power supply until the place is 64 pronounced safe.
 - (g) The director may require that when continuous mine equipment is being used, all face ventilating systems using auxiliary fans and tubing shall be provided with machine-mounted diffuser fans, and such fans shall be continuously operated during mining operations.
- 70 (h) In the event of a fire or explosion in any coal mine, the 71 ventilating fan or fans shall not intentionally be started, 72 stopped, speed increased or decreased or the direction of the 73 air current changed without the approval of the general mine 74 foreman, and, if he is not immediately available, a represen-75 tative of the division. A duly authorized representative of the 76 employees should be consulted if practical under the 77 circumstances.

§22A-2-4. Ventilation of mines in general.

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> 1 (a) The operator or mine foreman of every coal mine, 2 whether worked by shaft, slope, or drift, shall provide and 3 hereafter maintain for every such mine adequate ventilation. 4 In all mines the quantity of air passing through the last open 5 crosscut between the intake and return in any pair or set of entries shall be not less than nine thousand cubic feet of air 7 per minute and as much more as is necessary to dilute and 8 render harmless and carry away flammable and harmful gases. All working faces in a working section between the intake and 10 return airway entries shall be ventilated with a minimum H quantity of three thousand cubic feet of air per minute and 12 as much more as is necessary to dilute and render harmless and carry away flammable and harmful gases. The quantity 13 14 of air reaching the last crosscut in pillar sections may be less than nine thousand cubic feet of air per minute if at least nine 15 thousand cubic feet of air per minute is being delivered to the 16 17 intake of the pillar line. The air current shall under any conditions have a sufficient volume and velocity to reduce and 18 carry away smoke from blasting and any flammable or 19 harmful gases. All active underground working places in a 20 mine shall be ventilated by a current of air containing not less 21 than nineteen and five-tenths percent of oxygen, not more than 22

five-tenths percent of carbon dioxide, and no harmful 23 24 quantities of other noxious or poisonous gases.

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- (b) Airflow shall be maintained in all intake and return air 26 courses of a mine, and where multiple fans are used, neutral areas created by pressure equalization between main fans shall not be permitted. Production activities in working faces shall cease while tubing, line brattice, or other ventilation devices are being installed inby the machine operator.
 - (c) Properly installed and adequately maintained line brattice or other approved devices shall be continuously used from the last open crosscut of an entry or room of each working section to provide adequate ventilation to the working faces for the miners and to remove flammable, explosive, and noxious gases, dust, and explosive fumes. When damaged by falls or otherwise, such line brattice or other devices shall be repaired immediately.
 - (d) Brattice cloth used underground shall be of flameresistent material. The space between the line brattice or other approved device and the rib shall be large enough to permit the flow of a sufficient volume and velocity of air to keep the working face clear of flammable, explosive, and noxious gases, dust and explosive fumes.
 - (e) Each working unit newly developed in virgin coal hereafter, shall be ventilated by a separate split of air: Provided. That areas already under development and in areas where physical conditions prevent compliance with this provison, the director may grant temporary relief from compliance until such time as physical conditions make compliance possible. The quantity of air reaching the last crosscut shall not be less than nine thousand cubic feet of air per minute and shall under any condition have sufficient volume and velocity to reduce and carry away smoke and flammable or harmful gases from each working face in the section.
 - (f) As working places advance, crosscuts for air shall be made not more than eighty feet apart. Where necessary to render harmless and carry away noxious or flammable gases, line brattice or other approved methods of ventilation shall be used so as to properly ventilate the face. All crosscuts between the main intake and return airways not required for passage

of air and equipment shall be closed with stoppings substan-tially built with incombustible or fire-resistive material so as to keep working places well ventilated. In mines where it becomes necessary to provide larger pillars for adequate roof support, working places shall not be driven more than two hundred feet without providing a connection that will allow the free flow of air currents. In such cases, a minimum of twelve thousand cubic feet of air a minute shall be delivered to the last open crosscut and as much more as is necessary to dilute and render harmless and carry away flammable and noxious gases.

- (g) In special instances for the construction of sidetracks, haulageways, airways, or openings in shaft bottom or slope bottom layouts where the size and strength of pillars is important, the director may issue a permit approving greater distances. The permit shall specify the conditions under which such places may be driven.
- (h) In all mines a system of bleeder openings on air courses designed to provide positive movement of air through and/or around abandoned or caved areas, sufficient to prevent dangerous accumulation of gas in such areas and to minimize the effect of variations in atmospheric pressure shall be made a part of pillar recovery plans projected after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.
- (i) If a bleeder return is closed as a result of roof falls or water during pillar recovery operations, pillar operations may continue without reopening the bleeder return if at least twenty thousand cubic feet of air per minute is delivered to the intake of the pillar line.
- (j) No operator or mine foreman shall permit any person to work where he is unable to maintain the quantity and quality of the air current as heretofore required: *Provided*, That such provisions shall not prohibit the employment of men to make place of employment safe.
- (k) The ventilation of any mine shall be so arranged by means of air locks, overcasts, or undercasts, that the use of doors on passageways where men or equipment travel may be kept to a minimum. Where doors are used in a mine they shall be erected in pairs so as to provide a ventilated air lock unless the doors are operated mechanically.

- 103 (1) A crosscut shall be provided at or near the face of each 104 entry or room before such places are abandoned.
- 105 (m) Overcasts or undercasts shall be constructed of 106 incombustible material and maintained in good condition.

§22A-2-5. Unused and abandoned parts of mine.

- (a) In any mine, all workings which are abandoned after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall 2 3 be sealed or ventilated. If such workings are sealed, the sealing shall be done with incombustible material in a manner 4 5 prescribed by the director, and one or more of the seals of every sealed area shall be fitted with a pipe and cap or valve 6 7 to permit the sampling of gases and measuring of hydrostatic 8 pressure behind the seals. For the purpose of this section, working within a panel shall not be deemed to be abandoned 9 until such panel is abandoned. 10
- 11 (b) Air that has passed through an abandoned area or an 12 area which is inaccessible or unsafe for inspection or air that has been used to ventilate seals shall not be used to ventilate 13 14 any working place in any working mine. No air which has been used to ventilate an area from which the pillars have been 15 16 removed shall be used to ventilate any working place in a 17 mine, except that such air, if it does not contain 0.25 volume percent or more of methane, may be used to ventilate enough 18 advancing working places immediately adjacent to the line of 19 retreat to maintain an orderly sequence of pillar recovery on 20 21 a set of entries. Before sealed areas, temporary or permanent, 22 are reopened, the director shall be notified.

MOVEMENT OF EQUIPMENT

Movement of mining equipment. §22A-2-6.

- Mining equipment being transported or trammed under-1 ground, other than ordinary sectional movements, shall be 2 3 transported or trammed by qualified personnel under the supervision of a certified foreman. When equipment is being 4 5 transported or trammed, no person shall be permitted to be inby the equipment in the ventilating split that is passing over 6 such equipment. To avoid accidental contact with power lines, face equipment shall be insulated and assemblies removed, if
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- necessary, so as to provide clearance.

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MINE FOREMAN

§22A-2-7. When underground mine foreman-fire boss required; assistants; certification.

1 (a) In every underground mine where five or more persons 2 are employed in a period of twenty-four hours, the operator 3 shall employ at least one person certified in accordance with 4 the provisions of article nine, chapter twenty-two of this code 5 as a mine foreman-fire boss. Each applicant for certification 6 as a mine foreman-fire boss shall, at the time he is issued a certificate of competency: (1) Be a resident or employed in a 8 mine in this state; (2) have had at least five years' experience 9 in the underground working, ventilation and drainage of a coal 10 mine, which shall include at least eighteen months' experience 11 on or at a working section of an underground mine or be a 12 graduate of the school of mines at West Virginia University 13 or of another accredited mining engineering school or be a 14 graduate of an accredited engineering school with a bachelor's degree in mining engineering technology, electrical, mechanical 15 16 or civil engineering; and have had at least two years' practical experience in an underground mine, which shall include at 17 18 least eighteen months' experience on or at a working section 19 of an underground mine; or be a graduate of an accredited 20 college or university with an associate degree in mining, electrical, mining engineering technology, mechanical engineer-21 22 ing or civil engineering and have had at least four years' 23 practical experience in an underground mine, which shall 24 include at least eighteen months' experience on or at a working section of an underground mine; and (3) have demonstrated 25 his knowledge of dangerous mine gases and their detection, 26 27 mine safety, first aid, safety appliances, state and federal 28 mining laws and regulations and other subjects by completing 29 such training, education and examinations as may be required 30 of him under article nine, chapter twenty-two of this code.

(b) In mines in which the operations are so extensive that the duties devolving upon the mine foreman-fire boss cannot be discharged by one man, one or more assistant mine foreman-fire bosses may be designated. Such persons shall act under the instruction of the mine foreman-fire boss, who shall be responsible for their conduct in the discharge of their duties. Each assistant so designated shall be certified under the

38 provisions of article nine, chapter twenty-two of this code. 39 Each applicant for certification as assistant mine foreman-fire 40 boss shall, at the time he is issued a certificate of competency. 41 possess all of the qualifications required of a mine foremanfire boss: Provided, That he shall at the time he is certified 42 be required to have at least three years' experience in the 43 44 underground working, ventilation and drainage of coal mines. 45 which shall include eighteen months on or at a working section of an underground mine or be a graduate of the school of 46 mines at West Virginia University or of another accredited 47 48 mining engineering school or be a graduate of an accredited 49 engineering school with a bachelor's degree in mining engineering technology, electrical, mechanical or civil 50 51 engineering; and have had twelve months' practical experience 52 in an underground mine, all of which shall have been on or 53 at a working section or be a graduate of an accredited college 54 or university with an associate degree in mining, electrical, mining engineering technology, mechanical or civil engineering 55 and have had at least two years' practical experience in an 56 57 underground mine, which shall include at least eighteen months' experience on or at a working section of an 58 59 underground mine.

(c) Until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in mines in which the operations are so extensive that all the duties devolving upon the mine foreman-fire boss cannot be discharged by one man, competent persons having had at least three years' experience in coal mines may be designated as assistants, who shall act under the mine foreman-fire boss' instructions and the mine foreman-fire boss shall be responsible for their conduct in the discharge of their duties under such designation.

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- (d) Any person holding a mine foreman's certificate issued by any other state may act in the capacity of mine foremanfire boss in any mine in this state until the next regular mine foreman-fire boss' examination held by the division, but not to exceed a maximum of ninety days.
- (e) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, all duties heretofore performed by persons certified as mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or fire boss shall be performed by persons certified as underground mine foreman-fire boss or an assistant underground mine foreman-

79 fire boss.

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After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, every certificate heretofore issued to an assistant mine foreman or fire boss shall be deemed to be of equal value to a certificate issued hereafter to an assistant mine foreman-fire boss, and every certificate heretofore issued to a mine foreman shall be deemed to be of equal value to a certificate issued hereafter to a mine foreman-fire boss.

§22A-2-8. Duties; ventilation; loose coal, slate or rocks; props; drainage of water; man doors; instruction of apprentice miners.

1 (a) The duties of the mine foreman shall be to keep a careful 2 watch over the ventilating apparatus, the airways, traveling 3 ways, pumps and drainage. He shall see that, as the miners advance their excavations, proper breakthroughs are made so 4 5 as to ventilate properly the mine; that all loose coal, slate and 6 rock overhead in the working places and along the haulways 7 are removed or carefully secured so as to prevent danger to 8 persons employed in such mines, and that sufficient suitable props, caps, timbers, roof bolts, or other approved methods 9 of roof supports are furnished for the places where they are 10 11 to be used and delivered at suitable points. The mine foreman shall have all water drained or hauled out of the working 12 places where practicable, before the miners enter, and such 13 14 working places shall be kept dry as far as practicable while 15 the miners are at work. It shall be the duty of the mine 16 foreman to see that proper crosscuts are made, and that the ventilation is conducted by means of such crosscuts through 17 18 the rooms by means of checks or doors placed on the entries or other suitable places, and he shall not permit any room to 19 be opened in advance of the ventilation current. The mine 20 21 foreman or other certified persons designated by him, shall 22 measure the air current with an anemometer or other approved device at least weekly at the inlet and outlet at or near the 23 24 faces of the advanced headings, and shall keep a record of such measurements in a book or upon a form prescribed by the 25 director. Signs directing the way to outlets or escapeways shall 26 be conspicuously placed throughout the mine. 27

(b) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, hinged man doors, at least thirty inches square

- 30 or the height of the coal seam, shall be installed between the
- 31 intake and return at intervals of three hundred feet when the
- 32 height of the coal is below forty-eight inches and at intervals
- 33 of five hundred feet when the height of the coal is above forty-
- 34 eight inches.

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- 35 (c) The duties of the mine foreman and assistant mine
- 36 foreman shall include the instruction of apprentice miners in
- 37 the hazards incident to any new work assignments; to assure
- 38 that any individual given a work assignment in the working
- 39 face without prior experience on the face is instructed in the
- 40 hazards incident thereto and supervised by a miner with
- 41 experience in the tasks to be performed.

§22A-2-9. Slopes, incline planes and haulage roads.

- The mine foreman shall require that all slopes, incline planes
- 2 and haulage roads used by any person in the mine shall
- 3 conform to the provisions of this article.

§22A-2-10. Signals on haulways; lights at mouth and bottom of shaft; operation of cages.

1 On all haulways, where hauling is done by machinery of any kind, the mine foreman shall provide for a proper system of 2 signals, and a conspicuous light or approved trip reflector on 3 4 the rear of every trip or train of cars when in motion in a mine. When hoisting or lowering of miners occurs in the 5 6 morning before daylight, or in the evening after darkness, at 7 any mine operated by shaft, the mine foreman shall provide 8 and maintain at the shaft mouth a light of stationary character, sufficient to show the landing and all surrounding objects 9 distinctly, and sufficient light of a stationary character shall 10 be located at the bottom of the shaft so that persons coming 11 to the bottom may clearly discern the cages and other objects 12 13 contiguous thereto. The mine foreman shall require that no cages on which miners are riding shall be lifted or lowered at 14 a rate of speed greater than one thousand feet per minute and 15 that no mine cars, either empty or loaded, shall be hoisted 16 while miners are being lowered, and no cage having an 17 unstable self-dump platform shall be used for the carrying of 18 miners unless the same is provided with some device by which 19 it may be securely locked when miners are being hoisted or 20 lowered into the mine: Provided, however, That during the 21

initial development of a mine, and only until the shafts are

joined, miners shall be permitted to ride cages with one empty car which has been bolted or strapped to the cage.

§22A-2-11. Boreholes.

1 It shall further be the duty of the mine foreman to have 2 boreholes kept not less than twenty feet in advance of the face, one each twenty feet on sides of the working places that are 3 being driven toward and in dangerous proximity to an 4 5 abandoned mine or part of a mine which may contain inflammable gases or which is filled with water. These holes shall be drilled whenever any working place in an underground mine approaches within fifty feet of abandoned workings in such mine, as shown by surveys made and certified by a competent engineer or surveyor, or within two hundred feet 10 of any abandoned workings of such mine which cannot be 11 12 inspected.

§22A-2-12. Instruction of employees and supervison of apprentices; annual examination of persons using flame safety lamps; records of examination; maintenance of methane detectors, etc.

The division shall prescribe and establish a course of instruction in mine safety and particularly in dangers incident to such employment in mines and in mining laws and rules, which course of instruction shall be successfully completed within twelve weeks after any person shall be first employed as a miner. It shall further be the duty and responsibility of the division to see that such course shall be given to all persons as above provided after their first being employed in any mine in this state.

10 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of every coal mine in this state to see that every 11 person employed to work in such mine shall, before beginning 12 work therein, be instructed in the particular danger incident 13 to his work in such mine, and be furnished a copy of the 14 mining laws and rules of such mine. It shall be the duty of 15 every mine operator who employs apprentices, as that term is 16 used in sections three and four, article ten, chapter twenty-two 17 of this code to ensure that the apprentices are effectively 18 supervised with regard to safety practices and to instruct 19 apprentices in safe mining practices. Every apprentice shall 20 work under the direction of the mine foreman or his assistant 21

22 mine foreman and they shall be responsible for his safety. The 23 mine foreman or assistant mine foreman may delegate the supervision of an apprentice to an experienced miner, but the 24 25 foreman and his assistant mine foreman shall remain responsible for the apprentice. During the first ninety days of 26 employment in a mine, the apprentice shall work within sight 27 and sound of the mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, or 28 an experienced miner, and in such a location that the mine 29 foreman, assistant mine foreman or experienced miner can 30 effectively respond to cries for help of the apprentice. Such 31 location shall be on the same side of any belt, conveyor or 32 33 mining equipment.

34 Persons whose duties require them to use a flame safety lamp or other approved methane detectors shall be examined 35 at least annually as to their competence by a qualified official 36 from the division and a record of such examination shall be 37 kept by the operator and the division. Flame safety lamps and 38 other approved methane detectors shall be given proper 39 maintenance and shall be tested before each working shift. 40 Each operator shall provide for the proper maintenance and 41 care of the permissible flame safety lamp or any other 42 approved device for detecting methane and oxygen deficiency 43 by a person trained in such maintenance, and, before each 44 shift, care shall be taken to ensure that such lamp or other 45 46 device is in a permissible condition.

§22A-2-13. Daily inspection of working places; records.

Before the beginning of any shift upon which they shall ì perform supervisory duties, the mine foreman or his assistant 2 shall review carefully and countersign all books and records 3 reflecting the conditions and the areas under their supervision, exclusive of equipment logs, which the operator is required to 5 keep under this chapter. The mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or fire boss shall visit and carefully examine each 7 working place in which miners will be working at the beginning of each shift before any face equipment is energized 9 and shall examine each working place in the mine at least once 10 every two hours each shift while such miners are at work in 11 such places, and shall direct that each working place shall be 12 secured by props, timbers, roof bolts, or other approved 13 methods of roof support or both where necessary to the end 14 that the working places shall be made safe. The mine foreman 15

- 16 or his assistants upon observing a violation or potential violation of article two of this chapter or any regulation or 17 any plan or agreement promulgated or entered into thereunder 18 shall arrange for the prompt correction thereof. The foreman 19 20 shall not permit any miner other than a certified foreman, fire boss, assistant mine foreman, assistant mine foreman-fire boss 21 or pumper to be on a working section by himself. Should the 22 23 mine foreman or his assistants find a place to be in a dangerous condition, they shall not leave the place until it is 24 made safe, or shall remove the persons working therein until 25 the place is made safe by some competent person designated 26 27 for that purpose.
- He shall place his initials, time and the date at or near each place he examines. He shall also record any dangerous conditions and practices found during his examination in a book provided for that purpose.

§22A-2-14. Safety inspections; removal of gases.

It shall be the duty of the mine foreman, assistant mine foreman or fire boss to examine all working places under his 3 supervision for hazards at least once every two hours during 4 each coal-producing shift, or more often if necessary for safety. 5 In all mines such examinations shall include tests with an approved detector for methane and oxygen deficiency and may also include tests with a permissible flame safety lamp. It shall 7 also be his duty to remove as soon as possible after its 8 discovery any accumulations of explosive or noxious gases in active workings, and where practicable, any accumulations of 10 explosive or noxious gases in the worked out and abandoned 11 portions of the mine. It shall be the duty of the mine foreman, 12 13 assistant mine foreman or fire boss to examine each mine 14 within three hours prior to the beginning of a shift and before 15 any miner in such shift enters the active workings of the mine.

§22A-2-15. Dangerous places.

- The mine foreman shall direct and see that all dangerous places and the entrance or entrances to worked out and
- 3 abandoned places in all mines are properly dangered off across
- 4 the openings.

§22A-2-16. Examinations of reports of fire bosses.

1 The mine foreman shall also, each day, read carefully and

- 2 countersign with ink or indelible pencil all reports entered in
- 3 the record book of the fire bosses, and he shall supervise the
- 4 fire boss or fire bosses, except as hereinafter provided in
- 5 section twenty-one of this article.

§22A-2-17. Ascertainment, record and removal of all dangers.

- 1 The mine foreman shall give prompt attention to the
- 2 removal of all dangers reported to him by his assistants, the
- 3 fire boss, or any other person working in the mine, and in
- 4 case it is impracticable to remove the danger at once, he shall
- 5 notify all persons whose safety is menaced thereby to remain
- 6 away from the area where the dangerous condition exists. He
- 7 or his assistants or certified persons designated by him, shall
- 8 at least once each week travel and examine the air courses,
- 9 roads and openings that give access to old workings or falls,
- 10 and make a record of the condition of all places where danger
- 11 has been found, with ink or indelible pencil in a book provided
- 12 for that purpose.

§22A-2-18. Duty of mine foreman to notify operator when unable to comply with law; duty of operator.

- 1 The mine foreman shall notify, in writing, the operator or
- 2 superintendent of the mine, and the director, of his inability
- 3 to comply with any of the requirements of this law, and it shall
- 4 then become the duty of such operator or superintendent
- 5 promptly to attend to the matter complained of by the mine
- 6 foreman so as to enable him to comply with the provisions
- 7 hereof. Every operator of a mine shall furnish all supplies
- 8 necessary for the mine foreman to comply with the require-
- 9 ments of this law after being requested to do so in writing by
- 10 the mine foreman.

§22A-2-19. Death or resignation of mine foreman; successor.

- In case of the death or resignation of a mine foreman, the
- 2 superintendent or manager shall appoint a certified man to act
- 3 as mine foreman.

FIRE BOSS

§22A-2-20. Preparation of danger signal by fire boss or certified person acting as such prior to examination; report; records open for inspection.

It shall be the duty of the fire boss, or a certified person

acting as such, to prepare a danger signal (a separate signal

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3 for each shift) with red color at the mine entrance at the beginning of his shift or prior to his entering the mine to make 4 his examination and, except for those persons already on 5 assigned duty, no person except the mine owner, operator, or 7 agent, and only then in the case of necessity, shall pass beyond 8 this danger signal until the mine has been examined by the fire boss or other certified person and the mine or certain parts 9 thereof reported by him to be safe. When reported by him to 10 be safe, the danger sign or color thereof shall be changed to 11 12 indicate that the mine is safe in order that employees going on shift may begin work. Each person designated to make such 13 fire boss examinations shall be assigned a definite underground 14 area of such mine, and, in making his examination shall 15 examine all active working places in the assigned area and 16 17 make tests with a permissible flame safety lamp for accum-18 ulations of methane and oxygen deficiency; examine seals and doors; examine and test the roof, face, and ribs in the working 19 places and on active roadways and travelways, approaches to 20 abandoned workings and accessible falls in active sections. He 21 shall place his initials and the date at or near the face of each 22 23 place he examines. Should he find a condition which he considers dangerous to persons entering such areas, he shall 24 25 place a conspicuous danger sign at all entrances to such place 26 or places. Only persons authorized by the mine management to enter such places for the purpose of eliminating the 27 28 dangerous condition shall enter such place or places while the sign is posted. Upon completing his examination he shall 29 30 report by suitable communication system or in person the results of this examination to a certified person designated by 31 mine management to receive and record such report, at a 32 designated station on the surface of the premises of the mine 33 or underground, before other persons enter the mine to work 34 in such coal-producing shifts. He shall also record the results 35 of his examination with ink or indelible pencil in a book 36 prescribed by the director kept for such purpose at a place 37 on the surface of the mine designated by mine management. 38 All records of daily and weekly reports, as prescribed herein, 39 shall be open for inspection by interested persons. 40

§22A-2-21. Fire bosses to have no superior officers.

In the performance of the duties devolving upon fire bosses,

- 2 or certified persons acting as such, they shall have no superior
- 3 officers, but all the employees working inside of such mine or
- 4 mines shall be subordinate to them in their particular work.

§22A-2-22. Unlawful to enter mine until fire boss reports it safe; exceptions.

- 1 No person shall enter such mine or mines for any purpose
- 2 at the beginning of work upon shift therein until such signal
- 3 or warning has been given by the fire boss or bosses as to
- 4 the safety thereof, as by statute provided, except under the
- 5 direction of the fire boss or bosses, and then for the purpose
- 6 of assisting in making the mine safe: Provided, however, That
- 7 miners regularly employed on a shift during which the mine
- 8 is being preshift examined by a fire boss or certified person
- 9 shall be permitted to leave or enter the mine in the
- 10 performance of their duties.

§22A-2-23. Authority of fire boss to perform other duties.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision in this article con-
- 2 tained, any person who holds a certificate issued by the
- 3 division certifying his competency to act as fire boss may
- 4 perform the duties of a fire boss and any other duties,
- 5 statutory or otherwise, for which he is qualified, in the same
- 6 mine or section and on the same day or shift.

COAL DUST AND ROCK DUST

§22A-2-24. Control of coal dust; rock dusting.

- 1 (a) In all mines, dangerous accumulations of fine, dry coal
- 2 and coal dust shall be removed from the mine, and all dry
- 3 and dusty operating sections and haulageways and conveyors
- 4 and back entries shall be rock dusted or dust allayed by such
- 5 other methods as may be approved by the director.
- 6 (b) All mines or locations in mines that are too wet or too
 - high in incombustible content for a coal dust explosion to
- 8 initiate or propagate are not required to be rock dusted during
- 9 the time any of these conditions prevail. Coal dust and other
- 10 dust in suspension in unusual quantities shall be allayed by
- II sprinkling or other dust allaying devices.
- 12 (c) In all dry and dusty mines or sections thereof, rock dust

13 shall be applied and maintained upon the roof, floor and sides

14 of all operating sections, haulageways and parallel entries

15 connected thereto by open crosscuts. Back entries shall be rock

16 dusted. Rock dust shall be so applied to include the last open

17 crosscut of rooms and entries, and to within forty feet of faces.

18 Rock dust shall be maintained in such quantity that the

19 incombustible content of the mine dust that could initiate or

20 propagate an explosion shall not be less than sixty-five

21 percent, but the incombustible content in back entries shall not

22 be less than eighty percent.

23 (d) Rock dust shall not contain more than five percent by 24 volume of quartz or free silica particles and shall be pulverized 25 so that one hundred percent will pass through a twenty mesh 26 screen and seventy percent or more will pass through a two 27 hundred mesh screen.

ROOF-FACE-RIBS

§22A-2-25. Roof control programs and plans; refusal to work under unsupported roof.

1 (a) Each operator shall undertake to carry out on a 2 continuing basis a program to improve the roof control system 3 of each coal mine and the means and measures to accomplish such system. The roof and ribs of all active underground 4 roadways, travelways, and working places shall be supported 5 6 or otherwise controlled adequately to protect persons from falls of the roof or ribs. A roof control plan and revisions thereof suitable to the roof conditions and mining systems of 9 each coal mine and approved by the director, in consultation with the deputy directors of permitting and safety, health and 10 training, shall be adopted and set out in printed form before 11 new operations. The safety committee of the miners of each 12 mine where such committee exists shall be afforded the 13 opportunity to review and submit comments and recommen-14 15 dations to the director and operator concerning the development, modification or revision of such roof control plans. The 16 plan shall show the type of support and spacing approved by 17 the director. Such plan shall be reviewed periodically, at least 18 every six months by the director, taking into consideration any 19 falls of roof or rib or inadequacy of support of roof or ribs. 20 A copy of the plan shall be furnished to the director or his 21 authorized representative and shall be available to the miners 22

23 and their representatives.

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- (b) The operator, in accordance with the approved plan, shall provide at or near each working face and at such other locations in the coal mine, as the director may prescribe, an ample supply of suitable materials of proper size with which to secure the roof thereof of all working places in a safe manner. Safety posts, jacks, or other approved devices shall be used to protect the workmen when roof material is being taken down, crossbars are being installed, roof bolt holes are being drilled, roof bolts are being installed, and in such other circumstances as may be appropriate. Loose roof and over hanging or loose faces and ribs shall be taken down or supported. When overhangs or brows occur along rib lines they shall be promptly removed. All sections shall be maintained as near as possible on center. Except in the case of recovery work, supports knocked out shall be replaced promptly. Apprentice miners shall not be permitted to set temporary supports on a working section without the direct immediate supervision of a certified miner.
- (c) The operator of a mine has primary responsibility to prevent injuries and deaths resulting from working under unsupported roof. Every operator shall require that no person may proceed beyond the last permanent support unless adequate temporary support is provided or temporary support is not required under an approved roof control plan and absence of such support will not pose a hazard to the miners.
- (d) The immediate supervisor of any area in which unsupported roof is located shall not direct or knowingly permit any person to proceed beyond the last permanent support unless adequate temporary support is provided or temporary support is not required under an approved roof control plan and absence of such support will not pose a hazard to the miners.
 - (e) No miner shall proceed beyond the last permanent support in violation of a direct or standing order of an operator, a foreman or an assistant foreman, unless adequate temporary support is provided or temporary support is not required under an approved roof control plan and absence of such support will not pose a hazard to the miner.
- 62 (f) The immediate supervisor of each miner who will be

63 engaged in any activity involving the securing of roof or rib during a shift shall, at the onset of any such shift, orally review 64 those parts of the roof control plan relevant to the type of 65 mining and roof control to be pursued by such miner. The 66 time and parts of the plan reviewed shall be recorded in a log 67 68 book kept for such purpose. Each log book entry so recorded shall be signed by such immediate supervisor making such 69 70 entry.

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(g) Any action taken against a miner due in whole or in part to his refusal to work under unsupported roof, where such work would constitute a violation of this section, is prohibited as an act of discrimination pursuant to section twenty, article one-a of this chapter. Upon a finding of discrimination by the appeals board pursuant to subsection (b), section twenty, 77 article one-a of this chapter, the miner shall be awarded by the appeals board all reliefs available pursuant to subsections 78 (b) and (c), section twenty, article one-a of this chapter. 79

§22A-2-26. Roof support; examination and testing; correction of dangerous conditions; roof bolt recovery.

- 1 (a) The method of mining followed in any coal mine shall 2 not expose the miner to unusual dangers from roof falls. The 3 width of roadways shall not exceed fourteen feet unless 4 additional support is added cross sectional. During the 5 development of intersections, the roof between the tangents of 6 the arches in the entry or room shall be supported with 7 artificial roof supports prior to the development of such 8 intersections. All areas where the arch is broken shall be 9 considered as having unsupported roof and such roof should have artificial roof supports installed prior to any other work 10 11 being performed in the area.
- (b) Where miners are exposed to danger from falls of roof, 13 face, and ribs, the operator shall examine and test the roof face, and ribs before any work or machine is started, and as 14 frequently thereafter as may be necessary to insure safety. 15 When dangerous conditions are found, they shall be corrected 17 immediately.
 - (c) Roof bolts shall not be recovered where complete extraction of pillars is attempted, where adjacent to clav veins or at the locations of other irregularities, whether natural or otherwise, that induce abnormal hazards. Where roof bolt

- 22 recovery is permitted, it shall be conducted only in accordance
- 23 with methods prescribed in the approved roof control plan,
- 24 and shall be conducted by experienced miners and only where
- 25 adequate temporary support is provided.

§22A-2-27. Canopies or cabs; electric face equipment.

- An authorized representative of the director may require in
- 2 any coal mine where the height of the coal bed permits that
- 3 electric face equipment, including shuttle cars, be provided
- 4 with substantially constructed canopies or cabs to protect the
- 5 miners operating such equipment from roof falls and from rib
- 6 and face rolls.

§22A-2-28. Equipment to conform with height of seam.

- 1 The use of underground mining equipment of a size that
- does not conform to the height of the seam being mined, which
- 3 creates unsafe working conditions for the miner operating the
- 4 equipment or others, is prohibited. The board of coal mine
- 5 health and safety shall promulgate such rules and regulations
- 6 as are necessary to effectuate this section.

EXPLOSIVES AND BLASTING

§22A-2-29. Use of authorized explosives; storage or use of unauthorized explosives.

- l Permissible explosives or permissible blasting devices only
- 2 shall be used in blasting coal or other material in underground
- 3 coal mines. It shall be unlawful to have, use or store any
- 4 nonpermissible explosive or nonpermissible blasting devices in
- 5 any coal mine or on the premises of the mine, without a permit
- from the director.

§22A-2-30. Surface magazines for explosives.

- 1 Separate surface magazines shall be provided for storage of
- 2 explosives, detonators and blasting heater elements. Surface
- 3 magazines shall be constructed of incombustible materials, be
- 4 reasonably bulletproof and with no metal or sparking material
- 5 exposed inside the magazine. Surface magazines shall be
- 6 provided with doors constructed of at least one-fourth inch 7 steel plate lined with a two-inch thickness of wood or the
- 8 equivalent, properly screened ventilators, and with no openings
- 9 except for entrances and ventilation, and shall be kept locked

10 securely when unattended. The area for a distance of at least 11 twenty-five feet in all directions shall be kept free of materials 12 of a combustible nature; suitable warning signs shall be 13 erected, so located that a bullet passing directly through the 14 face of the sign will not strike the magazine. The location of 15 magazines shall be not less than two hundred feet from any mine openings, occupied buildings or public roads unless 16 17 barricaded. If magazines are illuminated electrically, the lamps 18 shall be of vapor-proof type, properly installed and wired, and smoking and open lights shall be prohibited in or near any 19 20 magazine.

§22A-2-31. Transportation of explosives.

1 Individual containers used to carry permissible explosives or 2 detonators shall be constructed of substantial, nonconductive 3 materials, kept closed and maintained in good condition. 4 When explosives or detonators are transported underground 5 in cars moved by means of locomotives, ropes, or other motive 6 power, they shall be in substantially covered cars or in special 7 substantially built covered containers used specifically for 8 transporting detonators or explosives. Any container used for 9 transportation or storage of explosives shall be properly identified or marked. Explosives or detonators shall not be 10 11 hauled into or out of a mine within five minutes preceding 12 or following a man trip. Where explosives and detonators are 13 transported underground by belts, they shall be handled in the following manner: In the original and unopened cases, in 14 15 special closed cases constructed of nonconductive material, or in suitable, individual containers. Clearance requirements shall 16 be a minimum of eighteen inches; stop controls shall be 17 provided at loading and unloading points, and an attendant 18 shall supervise the loading and unloading. Neither explosives 19 nor detonators shall be transported on flight or shaking 20 conveyors, mechanical loading machines, locomotives, 21 22 scrapers, cutting machines, drill trucks, or any self-propelled mobile equipment. If explosives and detonators are trans-23 ported in the same explosives car or in the same special 24 container, they shall be separated by at least four inches of 25 hardwood partition or the equivalent; the bodies of such cars 26 or containers shall be constructed or lined with nonconductive 27 material. No hand loader shall take into any mine any larger 28 quantity of explosives or detonators than he may reasonably 29

30 expect to use in any one shift.

§22A-2-32. Underground storage of explosives.

1 Explosives and detonators stored underground shall be kept 2 in section boxes or magazines of substantial construction with 3 no metal exposed on the inside, and be located at least fifteen 4 feet from roadways and power wires in a well rock-dusted 5 location, protected from falls of roof. If not kept in separate boxes or magazines not less than five feet apart, they may be 6 7 kept in the same box or magazine if separated by at least a 8 four-inch hardwood partition or the equivalent. Not more than 9 a forty-eight hour supply of explosives or detonators shall be 10 stored underground in section boxes or magazines. These 11 boxes or magazines shall be kept at least one hundred feet from the faces and out of the direct line of blasting. 12

§22A-2-33. Preparation of shots; blasting practices.

(a) Only a certified "shot firer" designated by mine 1 2 management shall be permitted to handle explosives and do 3 blasting. Only electric detonators of proper strength fired with 4 permissible shot firing units shall be used except under special 5 permits as hereinafter provided, and drill holes shall be stemmed with at least twenty-four inches of incombustible 7 material, or at least one half of the length of the hole shall be stemmed if the hole is less than four feet in depth, unless 8 9 other permissible stemming devices or methods are used. Drill holes shall not be drilled beyond the limits of the cut, and as 10 far as practicable, cuttings and dust shall be cleaned from the 11 12 holes before the charge is inserted. Charges of explosives exceeding one and one-half pounds, but not exceeding three 13 pounds, shall be used only if drill holes are six feet or more 14 in depth. Ample warning shall be given before shots are fired, 15 and care shall be taken to determine that all persons are in 16 17 the clear before firing. Miners shall be removed from adjoining places and other places when there is danger of shots blowing 18 through. No shots shall be fired in any place known to liberate 19 explosive gas, until such place has been properly examined by 20 21 a competent person who is designated by mine management for that purpose, and no shots shall be fired in any place where 22 23 gas is detected with a permissible flame safety lamp until such gas has been removed by means of ventilation. After firing any 24 25 shot, or shots, the person firing the same shall not return to

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the working the face until the smoke has been cleared away and then he shall make a careful examination of the working face before leaving the place or before performing any other work in the place.

- (b) Multiple shooting in coal or rock or both is authorized only under permit issued by the director. Permission to shoot more then ten shots simultaneously may be granted by the director only after consultation with interested persons, and the deputy director of safety, health and training, and such shooting will be performed by special methods and under precautions prescribed by the director. All multiple shooting in bottom or roof rock shall be performed in intake air, except by special permit from the director, after consultation with interested persons and the deputy director of safety, health and training, as heretofore provided. Multiple blasting of more than ten shots performed under any permit granted by the director under this section shall be done only on noncoalproducing shifts or idle days, except as may be provided as a condition of the permit granted.
- (c) Regular or short interval delay detonators may be used for blasting purposes with written permission from the director after consultation with the deputy director of safety, health 48 and training. Regular delay detonators shall not be used for 49 blasting coal, but may be used for grading above or below coal 50 seams and during shaft, slope, tunnel work and in faults or wants. Where short-interval delay detonators are permitted by 52 said director to be used, the shot firing circuit must be tested 53 with a blasting galvanometer before firing, and the leg wires 54 connected in series. No instantaneous, regular, or zero-delay 55 detonators are to be fired in conjunction with short-interval 56 delay detonators. The delay interval between dependent rows 57 must not be less than twenty-five milliseconds or more than one hundred milliseconds, and the entire series of any one 58 59 round shall nor provide a delay of more than five hundred milliseconds between the first and last shot. The total number 60 of charged holes to be fired during any one round must not exceed the limit permitted by the director. Misfires must be 62 tested with a blasting galvanometer before removing.
 - (d) Electrical equipment shall not be operated in the face areas, and only work in connection with timbering and general safety shall be performed while boreholes are being charged.

- 67 Shots shall be fired promptly after charging. Mudcaps
- 68 (adobes) or any other unconfined shots shall not be permitted
- 69 in any coal mine. No solid shooting shall be permitted without
- 70 written permission of the division.
- 71 (e) Blasting cables shall be well insulated and shall be as
- 72 long as may be necessary to permit persons authorized to fire
- 73 shots to get in a safe place out of the line of fire. The cable,
- 74 when new, shall be at least one hundred twenty-five feet in
- 75 length and never less than one hundred feet. Shooting cables
- 76 shall be kept away from power wires and all other sources of
- 77 electric current, connected to the leg wires by the person who
- 78 fires the shot, staggered as to length or well separated at the
- 79 detonator leg wires, and shunted at the battery until ready to
- 80 connect to the blasting unit.

§22A-2-34. Misfires of explosives.

- 1 (a) Where misfires occur with electric detonators, a waiting
- 2 period of at least five minutes shall elapse before anyone
- 3 returns to the shot. After such failure, the blasting cable shall
- 4 be disconnected from the source of power and the battery ends
- 5 short-circuited before electric connections are examined.
- 6 (b) Explosives shall be removed by firing a separate charge
- 7 at least two feet away from and parallel to the misfired charge
- 8 or by washing the stemming and the charge from the borehole
- 9 with water, or by inserting and firing a new primer after the
- 10 stemming has been washed out.
- 11 (c) A careful search of the working place, and, if necessary,
- 12 of the coal after it reaches the tipple shall be made after
- 13 blasting a misfired hole, to recover any undetonated explosive.
- 14 (d) The handling of a misfired shot shall be under the direct
- 15 supervision of the mine foreman or a certified person
- 16 designated by him.

§22A-2-35. Other blasting devices.

- 1 (a) The provisions governing the handling, storage, trans-
- 2 portation and use of permissible explosives shall apply to all
- 3 other blasting devices employing a heater element when used
- 4 underground.
- 5 (b) Where compressed air is used for blasting, the airlines
- 6 shall be grounded at the compressor and, if practical, at other

7 low-resistant ground connections along the lines. They shall not be connected in any way to rails, waterlines, or other 8 9 electric return conductors and shall be adequately insulated and protected where they cross electric wires, underneath 10 track, or at places where equipment passes over or under. 11 Steel, copper, or other airlines connected therewith shall not 12 be handled or repaired when air pressure is in the line. Shutoff 13 14 valves shall be installed every thousand feet in all compressed-15 air blasting lines and at all points where branch lines leave 16 the main line and blowdown valves shall not be less than fifty 17 feet from the face and shall be around a corner.

(c) When misfires occur with any other blasting devices, they shall be handled in a safe manner and under the supervision of the mine foreman or a certified person designated by him.

HOISTING

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§22A-2-36. Hoisting machinery; telephones; safety devices; hoisting engineers and drum runners.

1 (a) The operator of every coal mine worked by shaft shall provide and maintain a metal tube, telephone or other 2 3 approved means of communication from the top to the bottom 4 and intermediate landings of such shafts, suitably adapted to 5 the free passage of sound, through which conversation may be held between persons at the top and at the bottom of the 6 shaft; a standard means of signaling; an approved safety catch, 7 8 bridle chains, automatic stopping device, or automatic 9 overwind; a sufficient cover overhead on every cage used for lowering or hoisting persons; an approved safety gate at the 10 11 top of the shaft; and an adequate brake on the drum of every machine used to lower or hoist persons in such shaft. Such 12 operator shall have the machinery used for lowering and 13 hoisting persons into or out of the mine kept in safe condition, 14 equipped with a reliable indicator, and inspected once in each 15 twenty-four hours by a qualified electrician. Where a hoisting 16 engineer is required, he shall be readily available at all times 17 when men are in the mine. He shall operate the empty cage 18 up and down the shaft at least one round trip at the beginning 19 of each shift, and after the hoist has been idle for one hour 20 or more before hoisting or lowering men; there shall be cut 21 out around the side of the hoisting shaft or driven through 22

23 the solid stata at the bottom thereof, a traveling way, not less than five feet high and three feet wide to enable a person to 24 25 pass the shaft in going from one side of it to the other without 26 passing over or under the cage or other hoisting apparatus. 27 Positive stop blocks or derails shall be placed near the top and 28 at all intermediate landings of slopes and surface inclines and 29 at approaches to all shaft landings. A waiting station with 30 sufficient room, ample clearance from moving equipment, and 31 adequate seating facilities shall be provided where men are 32 required to wait for man trips or man cages, and the miners 33 shall remain in such station until the man trip or man cage 34 is available.

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- (b) No operator of any coal mine worked by shaft, slope or incline, shall place in charge of any engine or drum used for lowering or hoisting persons employed in such mine any but competent and sober engineers or drum runners; and no engineer or drum runner in charge of such machinery shall allow any person, except such as may be designated for this purpose by the operator, to interfere with any part of the machinery; and no person shall interfere with any part of the machinery; and no person shall interfere with or intimidate the engineer or drum runner in the discharge of his duties. Where the mine is operated or worked by shaft or slope, a minimum space of two and one-half square feet per person shall be available for each person on any cage or car where men are transported. In no instance shall more than twenty miners be transported on a cage or car without the approval of the director, in consultation with the deputy director of safety, health and training. No person shall ride on a loaded cage or car in any shaft, slope, or incline: Provided, That this shall not prevent any trip rider from riding in the performance of his authorized duties. No engineer shall be required for automatically operated cages, elevators, or platforms. Cages and elevators shall have an emergency power source unless provided with other escapeway facilities.
- 58 (c) Each automatic elevator shall be provided with a 59 telephone or other effective communication system by which 60 aid or assistance can be obtained promptly.
- 61 (d) A "stop" switch shall be provided in the automatic 62 elevator compartment that will permit the elevator to be 63 stopped at any location in the shaft.

TRANSPORTATION

§22A-2-37. Haulage roads and equipment; shelter holes; prohibited practices; signals; inspection.

- 1 (a) The roadbed, rails, joints, switches, frogs and other
 2 elements of all haulage roads shall be constructed, installed
 3 and maintained in a manner consistent with speed and type
 4 of haulage operations being conducted to ensure safe
 5 operation. Where transportation of personnel is exclusively by
 6 rail, track shall be maintained to within five hundred feet of
 7 the nearest working face.
- 8 (b) Track switches, except room and entry development 9 switches, shall be provided with properly installed throws, 10 bridle bars and guard rails; switch throws and stands, where 11 possible, shall be placed on the clearance side.
- 12 (c) Haulage roads on entries developed after the first day 13 of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall have 14 a continuous, unobstructed clearance of at least twenty-four 15 inches from the farthest projection of any moving equipment 16 on the clearance side.
- 17 (d) On haulage roads where trolley lines are used, the 18 clearance shall be on the side opposite the trolley lines.
- 19 (e) On the trolley wire or "tight" side, after the effective date 20 of this article, there shall be at least twelve inches of clearance 21 from the farthest projection of any moving equipment.
- 22 (f) Warning lights or reflective signs or tapes shall be 23 installed along haulage roads at locations of abrupt or sudden 24 changes in the overhead clearance.
- (g) The clearance space on all haulage roads shall be kept
 free of loose rock, coal, supplies or other material: *Provided*,
 That not more than twenty-four inches need be kept free of
 such obstructions.
- 29 (h) Ample clearance shall be provided at all points where 30 supplies are loaded or unloaded along haulage roads or 31 conveyors, which in no event shall be less than twenty-four 32 inches.
- 33 (i) Shelter holes shall be provided along haulage entries 34 driven after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred

- 35 seventy-one, where locomotive, rope or animal haulage is used.
- 36 Such shelter holes shall be spaced not more than one hundred
- 37 feet apart; they shall be on the side of the entry opposite the
- 38 trolley wire: Provided, That where belt haulage and secondary
- 39 track haulage are located in the same entry, shelter holes may
- 40 be on the trolley wire and feeder wire side if the trolley wire
- 41 and feeder wire are guarded in a manner approved by the
- 42 director.

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- 43 (j) Shelter holes made after the effective date of this article 44 shall be at least five feet in depth, not more than four feet 45 in width, and as high as the traveling space. Room necks and 46 crosscuts may be used as shelter holes even though their width 47 exceeds four feet.
- 48 (k) Shelter holes shall be kept clear of refuse and other 49 obstructions.
 - (1) After the effective date of this article, shelter holes shall be provided at switch throws and manually operated permanent doors.
- 53 (m) No steam locomotive shall be used in mines where 54 miners are actually employed in the extraction of coal, but this 55 shall not prevent operation of a steam locomotive through any 56 tunnel haulway or part of a mine that is not in actual 57 operation and producing coal.
 - (n) Underground equipment powered by internal combustion engines using petroleum products, alcohol, or any other compound shall not be used in a coal mine.
 - (o) Locomotives, personnel carriers, mine cars, supply cars, shuttle cars, and all other haulage equipment shall be maintained in a safe operating condition. Each locomotive, personnel carrier, barrier tractor and other related equipment shall be equipped with a suitable lifting jack and handle. An audible warning device and headlights shall be provided on each locomotive and each shuttle car. All other mobile equipment, using the face areas of the mine, purchased after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall be provided with a conspicuous light or other approved device so as to reduce the possibility of collision.
- 72 (p) No persons other than those necessary to operate a trip 73 or car shall ride on any loaded car or on the outside of any

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74 car. Where pusher locomotives are not used, the locomotive operator shall have an assistant to assist him in his duties.

- (q) The pushing of trips, except for switching purposes, is prohibited on main haulage roads: Provided, That nothing herein shall prohibit the use of a pusher locomotive to assist the locomotive pulling a trip. Motormen and trip riders shall use care in handling locomotives and cars. It shall be their duty to see that there is a conspicuous light on the front and rear of each trip or train of cars when in motion: Provided, That trip lights need not be used on cars being shifted to and from loading machines, on cars being handled at loading heads during gathering operations at working faces, or on trips being pulled by animals. No person except the operator or his assistant shall ride on locomotives or loaded cars. An empty car or cars shall be used to provide a safe distance between the locomotive and the material car when rail, pipe or long timbers are being hauled. A safe clearance shall be maintained between the end car of trips placed on side tracks and moving traffic. On haulage roads the clearance point shall be marked with an approved device.
- 94 (r) No motorman, trip rider or brakeman shall get on or 95 off cars, trips or locomotives while they are in motion, except 96 that a trip rider or brakeman may get on or off the rear end 97 of a slowly moving trip or the stirrup of a slowly moving 98 locomotive to throw a switch, align a derail or open or close 99 a door.
 - (s) Flying or running switches and riding on the front bumper of a car or locomotive are prohibited. Back poling shall be prohibited except with precaution to the nearest turning point (not over eighty feet), or when going up extremely steep grades and then only at slow speed. The operator of a shuttle car shall face in the direction of travel except during the loading operation when he shall face the loading machine.
- 108 (t) (l) A system of signals, methods or devices shall be used 109 to provide protection for trips, locomotives and other 110 equipment coming out onto tracks used by other equipment.
- 111 (2) In any coal mine where more than three hundred fifty 112 tons of coal are produced on any shift in each twenty-four 113 hour period, a dispatcher shall be on duty when there are

- 114 movements of track equipment underground, including time
- 115 when there is no production of coal. Such traffic shall move
- 116 only at the direction of the dispatcher.
- 117 (3) The dispatcher's only duty shall be to direct traffic.
- 118 Where a dispatcher is employed, no person shall move a
- 119 locomotive, personnel carrier or self-propelled equipment on
- 120 or onto haulageways without instructions from the dispatcher.
- 121 (4) Any dispatcher's station provided after the effective date 122 of this article shall be on the surface.
- 123 (5) All self-propelled track equipment shall be equipped 124 with two-way communications.
- 125 (u) Motormen shall inspect locomotives, and report any 126 mechanical defects found to the proper supervisor before a
- 127 locomotive is put in operation.
- 128 (v) A locomotive following another trip shall maintain a
- 129 distance of at least three hundred feet from the rear end of
- 130 the trip ahead, unless such locomotive is coupled to the trip
- 131 ahead.
- 132 (w) Positive stopblocks or derails shall be installed on all
- 133 tracks near the top and at landings of shafts, slopes, and
- 134 surface inclines. Positive-acting stopblocks or derails shall be
- 135 used where necessary to protect persons from danger of
- 136 runaway haulage equipment.
- 137 (x) Shuttle cars shall not be altered by the addition of
- 138 sideboards so as to inhibit the view of the operator.
- 139 (y) Mining equipment shall not be parked within fifteen feet
- 140 of a check curtain or fly curtain.

§22A-2-38. Transportation of miners by cars; self-propelled equipment; belts.

- l (a) Man trips shall be pulled, unless self-propelled, at safe
- 2 speeds consistent with the condition of roads and type of
- 3 equipment used, but not to exceed twelve miles an hour. Each
- 4 man trip shall be under the charge of a certified person or
- 5 other competent person designated by a mine foreman or
- assistant mine foreman. It shall be operated independently of
- 7 any loaded trip of coal or other heavy material, but may
- 8 transport tools, small machine parts and supplies. When mine

- 9 cars are used for man trips, a locomotive shall be used on each 10 end of the trip.
- 11 (b) Cars on the man trip shall not be overloaded, and 12 sufficient cars in good mechanical condition shall be provided. 13 Sufficient space shall be afforded so that no miner shall have 14 to be transported in a hazardous position.
- 15 (c) No person shall ride under the trolley wire unless the 16 man cars used are suitably covered and insulated. No person 17 shall ride on loaded timber cars, loaded supply trucks, empty 18 timber cars or empty supply trucks which are not equipped with side guards, on top of locomotives, on chain conveyors, 19 20 inside shuttle cars, on the tops of machinery or equipment, 21 or on the sides of machinery or equipment, except for 22 operators of such machinery or equipment.
- 23 (d) Miners shall not load or unload before the cars in which 24 they are to ride, or are riding, come to a full stop. Miners 25 shall proceed in an orderly manner to and from man trips.
- 26 (e) When belts are used for transporting miners, a minimum 27 clearance of eighteen inches shall be maintained between the 28 belt and the roof or crossbars, projecting equipment, cap 29 pieces, overhead cables, wiring and other objects. Visible 30 reflectors shall be placed where projected equipment, cap 31 pieces, overhead cables, wiring or other pieces cross the belt 32 line. Where the height of the coal seam permits, the clearance 33 shall not be less than twenty-four inches.
- 34 (f) The belt speed shall not exceed two hundred fifty feet 35 per minute where the minimum overhead clearance is eighteen 36 inches, or three hundred feet per minute where the minimum 37 overhead clearance is twenty-four inches, while miners are 38 loading, unloading, or being transported. A signaling system 39 or method shall be provided for stopping the belt and miners 40 shall ride not less than six feet apart.
- 41 (g) An assistant mine foreman or some other person 42 designated by the mine foreman shall supervise the loading and 43 unloading of belts and man trips. Where miners are required 44 to cross over belts, adequate and safe facilities shall be 45 provided.
- 46 (h) Positive-acting stop controls shall be installed along all 47 belt conveyors used to transport miners, and such controls

- shall be readily accessible, and maintained so that the belt can be stopped or started at any location.
- 50 (i) Belt conveyors used for man trips shall be stopped while men are loading or unloading.
- 52 (j) There shall be at least thirty-six inches of side clearance 53 where miners board or leave such belt conveyors.
- 54 (k) Adequate illumination including colored lights or 55 reflective signs shall be installed at all loading and unloading 56 stations. Such colored lights and reflective signs shall be so 57 located as to be observable to all persons riding the belt 58 conveyor.
- 59 (l) Telephone or other suitable communications shall be 60 provided at points where miners are regularly loaded on or 61 unloaded from belt conveyors.
- 62 (m) After supplies have been transported on man trip cars, 63 such cars shall be examined for unsafe conditions prior to the 64 transportation of miners.
- 65 (n) While trackmen are working on haulageways, the 66 dispatcher, or if there is no dispatcher, such other person 67 responsible for communications with haulage crews shall give 68 notice to haulage crews to maintain traffic under a slow and 69 safe operating speed at the point of construction or repair.

§22A-2-39. Belt conveyor; installation; maintenance.

- 1 (a) On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred seventy-one, all conveyor belts acquired for use 3 underground shall be flame-resistant conveyor belts.
- 4 (b) A clear travelway at least twenty-four inches wide shall 5 be provided on both sides of all belt conveyors installed after 6 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one. 7 Where roof supports are installed within twenty-four inches of a belt conveyor, a clear travelway at least twenty-four inches 9 wide shall be provided on the side of such support farthest from the conveyor.
- 11 (c) On belt conveyors that do not transport men, stop and 12 start controls shall be installed at intervals not to exceed one 13 thousand feet. Such controls shall be properly installed and 14 positioned so as to be readily accessible.

- 15 (d) Persons shall not cross moving belt conveyors, except 16 where suitable crossing facilities are provided.
- 17 (e) All belt conveyors shall be inspected for frozen rollers, 18 rock falls, and fires, following the last production shift each 19 week, also before holidays, vacation periods, and each 20 production shift, with records kept of daily inspection.
- 21 (f) Deluge-type water sprays, water sprinklers, dry chemical 22 sprinkler system or foam generators (designed to be automat-23 ically activated in the event of a fire or rise in the temperature 24 at or near the belt drive) shall be installed at each main and 25 secondary conveyor drive.
- 26 (g) All underground belt conveyors shall be equipped with slippage and sequence switches.
- 28 (h) Telephones or other suitable communications shall be 29 provided at points where supplies are regularly loaded or 30 unloaded from the belt conveyors.
- 31 (i) After supplies have been transported on belt conveyors, 32 such belts shall be examined for unsafe conditions prior to the 33 transportation of miners.

ELECTRICITY

§22A-2-40. General provisions.

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- Operators of coal mines in which electricity is used as a means of power shall comply with the following provisions:
- 3 (1) All surface transformers, unless of a construction which 4 will eliminate shock hazards, or unless installed at least eight 5 feet above ground, shall be enclosed in a house or surrounded 6 by a fence at least six feet high. If the enclosure is of metal, 7 it shall be grounded effectively. The gate or door to the 8 enclosure shall be kept locked at all times, unless authorized 9 persons are present.
- 10 (2) Underground transformers shall be air cooled or cooled with noninflammable liquid or inert gas.
 - (3) Underground stations containing circuit breakers filled with inflammable liquids shall be put on a separate split of air or ventilated to the return air, and shall be of fireproof construction.
- 16 (4) Transformers shall be provided with adequate overload

- 17 protection.
- 18 (5) "Danger -- High Voltage" signs with the voltage indicated shall be posted conspicuously on all transformer
- 20 enclosures, high-potential switchboards and other high-
- 21 potential installations.
- 22 (6) Dry insulating platforms of rubber or other suitable
- 23 nonconductive material shall be kept in place at each
- 24 switchboard and at stationary machinery where shock hazards
- 25 exist.
- 26 (7) Capacitors used for power factor connection shall be 27 noninflammable liquid filled. Suitable drain-off resistors or
- 28 other means to protect miners against electric shock following
- 29 removal of power shall be provided.
- 30 (8) All unattended underground loading points where 31 electric driven hydraulic systems are used shall utilize a
- 32 fireproof oil or emulsion.
- 33 (9) Before electrical changes are made to permissible equipment for use in a mine, they shall be approved by the
- 35 director.
- 36 (10) Reverse current protection shall be provided at storage 37 battery charging stations to prevent the storage batteries from 38 energizing the power circuits in the event of power failure.
- 39 (11) In all mines all junction or distribution boxes used for 40 making multiple power connections inby the last open crosscut 41 shall be permissible.
- 42 (12) All hand-held electric drills, blower and exhaust fans, 43 electric pumps, and such other low horsepower electric face 44 equipment which are taken into or used inby the last open 45 crosscut of any coal mine shall be permissible.
- 46 (13) All electric face equipment which is taken into or used 47 inby the last open crosscut of any coal mine shall be 48 permissible.
- 49 (14) In mines operated in coal seams which are located at elevations above the water table, the phrase "coal seams above the water table" means coal seams in a mine which are located at an elevation above a river or the tributary of a river into which a local surface water system naturally drains.

- 54 (15) The operator of each coal mine shall maintain in 55 permissible condition all electric face equipment, which is 56 taken into or used inby the last open crosscut of any mine.
- 57 (16) Except where permissible power connection units are used, all power-connection points outby the last open crosscut shall be in intake air.
- 60 (17) All power circuits and electric equipment shall be 61 deenergized before work is done on such circuits and 62 equipment, except when necessary for trouble shooting or 63 testing.

- (18) Energized trolley wires may be repaired only by a person trained to perform electrical work and to maintain electrical equipment and the operator of a mine shall require that such persons wear approved and tested insulated shoes and wireman's gloves.
- (19) No electrical work shall be performed on low-, medium-, or high-voltage distribution circuits or equipment, except by a qualified person or by a person trained to perform electrical work and to maintain electrical equipment under the direct supervision of a qualified person. Disconnecting devices shall be locked out and suitably tagged by the persons who perform such work, except that in cases where locking out is not possible, such devices shall be opened and suitably tagged by such persons who installed them, or, if such persons are unavailable, by persons authorized by the operator or his agent.
- (20) All electric equipment shall be examined weekly, tested, and properly maintained by a qualified person to assure safe operating conditions. When a potentially dangerous condition is found on electric equipment, such equipment shall be removed from service until such condition is corrected. A record of such examinations shall be kept and made available to an authorized representative of the director and to the miners in such mine.
- (21) All electric conductors shall be sufficient in size and have adequate current-carrying capacity and be of such construction that a rise in temperature resulting from normal operation will not damage the insulating material.
- (22) All electrical connections or splices in conductors shall

- 93 be mechanically and electrically efficient, and suitable 94 connectors shall be used. All electrical connections or splices 95 in insulated wire shall be reinsulated at least to the same degree 96 of protection as the remainder of the wire.
- 97 (23) Cables shall enter metal frames of motors, splice boxes, 98 and electric compartment only through proper fittings. When 99 insulated wire, other than cables, pass through metal frames, 100 the holes shall be substantially bushed with insulated bushings.
- 101 (24) All power wire (except trailing cables on mobile equipment, specially designed cables conducting high-voltage power to underground rectifying equipment or transformers, 104 or bare or insulated ground and return wires) shall be supported on well-installed insulators and shall not contact combustible material, roof or ribs.
- 107 (25) Power wires and cables, including, but not limited to, 108 phone communication and control wires, except trolley wires, 109 trolley feeder wires and bare signal wires, shall be insulated 110 adequately and fully protected. The provisions of this 111 subdivision shall not become effective until the first day of 112 January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight.
- (26) Automatic circuit-breaking devices or fuses of the correct type and capacity shall be installed so as to protect all electric equipment and circuits against short circuit and overloads. Three-phase motors on all electric equipment shall be provided with overload protection that will deenergize all three phases in the event that any phase is overloaded.
- (27) Incandescent lamps installed along haulageways and at other locations shall not contact combustible material, and if powered from trolley or direct current feeder circuits, need not be provided with separate short circuits or overload protection, if the lamp is not more than eight feet in distance from such circuits.
- 125 (28) In all main power circuits, disconnecting switches shall 126 be installed underground within five hundred feet of the 127 bottoms of shafts and boreholes through which main power 128 circuits enter the underground area of the mine and within five 129 hundred feet of all other places where main power circuits 130 enter the underground area of the mine.
- 131 (29) All electric equipment shall be provided with switches

- or other controls that are safely designed, constructed and installed.
- 134 (30) Each underground, exposed power conductor that
 135 leads underground shall be equipped with suitable lightning
 136 arrestors of approved type within one hundred feet of the point
 137 where the circuit enters the mine. Lightning arrestors shall be
 138 connected to a low-resistance grounding medium on the
 139 surface which shall be separated from neutral ground by a
 140 distance of not less than twenty-five feet.
- 141 (31) Except for areas of a coal mine inby the last open 142 crosscut, incandescent lamps may be used to illuminate 143 underground areas. When incandescent lamps are used in a 144 track entry or belt entry or near track entries to illuminate 145 special areas other than structures, the lamps shall be installed 146 in weatherproof sockets located in positions such that the 147 lamps will not come in contact with any combustible material. 148 Lamps used in all other places must be of substantial 149 construction and be fitted with a glass enclosure.
- 150 (32) An authorized representative of the director may 151 require in any mine that electric face equipment be provided 152 with devices that will permit the equipment to be deenergized 153 quickly in the event of an emergency.
- 154 (33) An authorized representative of the director shall 155 require manually operated emergency stop switches, designed 156 to deenergize the traction motor circuit when the contractors 157 or controller fail to open, to be installed on all battery powered 158 tractors, taken into or used inby the last open crosscut of any 159 entry or room.
- 160 (34) Trailing cables used in coal mines shall meet the 161 requirements for flame-resistant cables.
- 162 (35) Short circuit protection for trailing cables shall be 163 provided by an automatic circuit breaker or other no less effective device approved by the director of adequate current-164 165 interrupting capacity in each ungrounded conductor. 166 Disconnecting devices used to disconnect power from trailing cables shall be plainly marked and identified and such devices 167 shall be equipped or designed in such a manner that it can 168 be determined by visual observation that the power is 169 disconnected. 170

- 171 (36) When two or more trailing cables junction to the same 172 distribution center, means shall be provided to assure against 173 connecting a trailing cable to the wrong size circuit breaker.
- 174 (37) One temporary splice may be made in any trailing 175 cable. Such trailing cable may only be used for the next twenty-four hour period. No temporary splice shall be made 176 177 in a trailing cable within twenty-five feet of the machine, 178 except cable reel equipment. Temporary splices in trailing 179 cables shall be made in a workmanlike manner and shall be 180 mechanically strong and well insulated. Trailing cables or hand 181 cables which have exposed wires or which have splices that 182 heat or spark under load shall not be used. As used in this 183 section, the term "splice" means a mechanical joining of one 184 or more conductors that have been severed.
- 185 (38) When permanent splices in trailing cables are made, they shall be:
- 187 (A) Mechanically strong with adequate electrical conductiv-188 ity and flexibility,
- 189 (B) Effectively insulated and sealed so as to exclude 190 moisture, and
- 191 (C) Vulcanized or otherwise treated with suitable materials 192 to provide flame-resistant qualities and good bonding to the 193 outer jacket.
- 194 (39) Trailing cables shall be clamped to machines in a 195 manner to protect the cables from damage and to prevent 196 strain on the electrical connections. No cables will be hung in 197 a manner which will damage the insulation or conductors.
- 198 (40) Trailing cables shall be adequately protected to prevent 199 damage by mobile equipment.
- 200 (41) Trailing cable and power cable connections to junction 201 boxes and to electrical equipment shall not be made or broken 202 under load.
- 203 (42) All metallic sheaths, armors and conduits enclosing 204 power conductors shall be electrically continuous throughout 205 and shall be grounded by methods approved by an authorized 206 representative of the director.
- 207 (43) Except where waived by the director, metallic frames,

casings and other enclosures of electric equipment that can become alive through failure of insulation or by contact with energized parts shall be grounded, and on or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, shall have a ground monitoring system.

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- (44) In instance where single-phase 110-220 volt circuits are used to feed electrical equipment, the only method of grounding that will be approved is the connection of all metallic frames, casings and other enclosure of such equipment to a separate grounding conductor which establishes a continuous connection to a grounded center tap of the transformer.
- 220 (45) The attachment of grounding wires to a mine tract or 221 other grounded power conductor will be approved if separate 222 clamps, suitable for such purpose, are used and installed to 223 provide a solid connection.
 - (46) The frames of all offtrack direct-current machines and the enclosures of related detached components shall be effectively grounded or otherwise maintained at no less safe voltages.
 - (47) Installation of silicon diodes shall be restricted to electric equipment receiving power from a direct-current system with one polarity grounded. Where such diodes are used on circuits having a nominal voltage rating of two hundred fifty, they must have a forward current rating of four hundred amperes or more, and have a peak inverse voltage rating of four hundred or more. Where such diodes are used on circuits having nominal voltage rating of five hundred fifty, they must have a forward current rating of two hundred fifty amperes or more, and have a peak inverse voltage rating of eight hundred or more.
 - (48) In addition to the grounding diode, a polarizing diode must be installed in the machine control circuit to prevent operation of the machine when the polarity of a trailing cable is reversed.
- 243 (49) When installed on permissible equipment, all grounding 244 diodes, over-current devices, and polarizing diodes must be 245 placed in explosion-proof compartments.
 - (50) High-voltage lines, both on the surface and under-

ground, shall be deenergized and grounded before work is performed on them, except that repairs may be permitted, in the case of energized surface high-voltage lines, if such repairs are made by a qualified person in accordance with procedures and safeguards, including, but not limited to, a requirement that the operator of such mine provide, test and maintain protective devices in making such repairs.

254 (51) When two or more persons are working on an 255 energized high-voltage surface line simultaneously, and any 256 one of them is within reach of another, such persons shall not 257 be allowed to work on different phases or on equipment with 258 different potentials.

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- (52) All persons performing work on energized high-voltage surface lines shall wear protective rubber gloves, sleeves, and climber guards if climbers are worn. Protective rubber gloves shall not be worn wrong side out or without protective leather gloves. Protective devices worn by a person assigned to perform repairs on high-voltage surface lines shall be worn continuously from the time he leaves the ground until he returns to the ground, and, if such devices are employed for extended periods, such person shall visually inspect the equipment assigned him for defects before each use, and, in no case, less than twice each day.
- (53) Disconnecting or cutout switches on energized highvoltage surface lines shall be operated only with insulated sticks, fuse tongs or pullers which are adequately insulated and maintained to protect the operator from the voltage to which he is exposed. When such switches are operated from the ground, the person operating such devices shall wear protective rubber gloves.
- (54) Solely for purposes of grounding ungrounded highvoltage power systems, grounded messenger wires used to suspend the cables of such systems may be used as a grounding medium.
- 281 (55) When not in use, power circuits underground shall be 282 deenergized on idle days and idle shifts, except that rectifiers 283 and transformers may remain energized.
- 284 (56) High-voltage circuits entering the underground area of any coal mine shall be protected by suitable circuit breakers

286 of adequate interrupting capacity. Such breakers shall be 287 equipped with devices to provide protection against undervol-288 tage, grounded phase, short circuit and overcurrent.

- 289 (57) Circuit breakers protecting high-voltage circuits 290 entering an underground area of any coal mine shall be located 291 on the surface and in no case installed either underground or 292 within a drift.
- 293 (58) One circuit breaker may be used to protect two or more 294 branch circuits, if the circuit breaker is adjusted to afford 295 overcurrent protection for the smallest conductor.

- (59) The grounding resistor, where required, shall be of the 297 proper ohmic value to limit the voltage drop in the grounding 298 circuit external to the resistor to not more than one hundred 299 volts under fault conditions. The grounding resistor shall be 300 rated for maximum fault current continuously and insulated 301 from ground for a voltage equal to the phase-to-phase voltage 302 of the system.
- 303 (60) High-voltage circuits extending underground and 304 supplying portable mobile or stationary high-voltage equip-305 ment shall contain either a direct or derived neutral which shall 306 be grounded through a suitable resistor at the source 307 transformers, and a grounding circuit, originating at the 308 grounded side of the grounding resistor, shall extend along 309 with the power conductors and serve as a grounding conductor 310 for the frames of all high-voltage equipment supplied power 311 from the circuit, except that the director or his authorized 312 representative may permit ungrounded high-voltage circuits to 313 be extended underground to feed stationary electrical 314 equipment if such circuits are either steel armored or installed 315 in grounded, rigid steel conduit throughout their entire length, 316 and upon his finding that such exception does not pose a 317 hazard to the miners. Within one hundred feet of the point 318 on the surface where high-voltage circuits enter the underground portion of the mine, disconnecting devices shall be 319 320 installed and so equipped or designed in such a manner that 321 it can be determined by visual observation that the power is disconnected, except that the director or his authorized 322 representative may permit such devices to be installed at a 323 greater distance from such area of the mine if he determines, 324 based on existing physical conditions, that such installation 325

will be more accessible at a greater distance and will not pose any hazard to the miners.

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- (61) High-voltage resistance grounded systems serving portable or mobile equipment shall include a fail-safe ground check circuit to monitor continuously the grounding circuit to assure continuity, and the fail-safe ground check circuit shall cause the circuit breaker to open when either the ground or pilot check wire is broken, or other no less effective device approved by the director or his authorized representative to assure such continuity.
- 336 (62) Underground high-voltage cables used in resistance 337 grounded systems shall be equipped with metallic shields 338 around each power conductor with one or more ground 339 conductors having a total cross-sectional area of not less than 340 one half the power conductor, and with an insulated internal 341 or external conductor not smaller than No. 10 (A.W.G.) for 342 the ground continuity check circuit.
- 343 (63) All such cables shall be adequate for the intended 344 current and voltage. Splices made in such cables shall provide 345 continuity of all components.
- (64) Single-phase loads, such as transformer primaries, shallbe connected phase-to-phase.
- 348 (65) All underground high-voltage transmission cables shall 349 be installed only in regularly inspected air courses and haulageways, and shall be covered, buried, or placed so as to 350 afford protection against damage, guarded where men 351 352 regularly work or pass under them unless they are six and onehalf feet or more above the floor or rail, securely anchored, 353 properly insulated, and guarded at ends, and covered, 354 355 insulated, or placed to prevent contact with trolley wires and 356 other low-voltage circuits.
- 357 (66) Disconnecting devices shall be installed at the begin-358 ning of branch lines in underground high-voltage circuits and 359 equipped or designed in such a manner that it can be 360 determined by visual observation that the circuit is deenergized 361 when the switches are open.
- 362 (67) Circuit breakers and disconnecting switches under-363 ground shall be marked for identification.

- 364 (68) In the case of high-voltage cables used as trailing 365 cables, temporary splices shall not be used and all permanent 366 splices shall be made in accordance with the manufacturers' 367 specifications.
- 368 (69) Frames, supporting structures and enclosures of 369 stationary, portable, or mobile underground high-voltage 370 equipment and all high-voltage equipment supplying power to 371 such equipment receiving power from resistance grounded 372 systems shall be effectively grounded to the high-voltage 373 ground.
- 374 (70) Low- and medium-voltage power circuits serving three-375 phase alternating current equipment serving portable or mobile 376 equipment shall be protected by suitable circuit breakers of 377 adequate interrupting capacity which are properly tested and 378 maintained as prescribed by the director. Such breakers shall 379 be equipped with devices to provide protection against under 380 voltage, grounded phase, short circuit and overcurrent.
- 381 (71) Power centers and portable transformers shall be 382 deenergized before they are moved from one location to 383 another, except that, when equipment powered by sources 384 other than such centers or transformers is not available, the 385 director may permit such centers and transformers to be 386 moved while energized, if he determines that another 387 equivalent or greater hazard may otherwise be created, and if 388 they are moved under the supervision of a qualified person, 389 and if such centers and transformers are examined prior to 390 such movement by such person and found to be grounded by 391 methods approved by an authorized representative of the 392 director and otherwise protected from hazards to the miner. 393 A record shall be kept of such examinations. High-voltage 394 cables, other than trailing cables, shall not be moved or 395 handled at any time while energized, except that when such 396 centers and transformers are moved while energized as 397 permitted under this section, energized high-voltage cables attached to such centers and transformers may be moved only 398 399 by a qualified person and the operator of such mine shall 400 require that such person wear approved and tested insulated 401 wireman's gloves.
- 402 (72) Low- and medium-voltage three-phase alternating-403 current circuits used underground shall contain either a direct

404 or derived neutral which shall be grounded through a suitable 405 resistor at the power center, and a grounding circuit, 406 originating at the grounded side of the grounding resistor, shall 407 extend along with the power conductors and serve as a 408 grounding conductor for the frames of all the electrical 409 equipment supplied power from the circuit, except that the director or his authorized representative may permit under-410 411 ground low- and medium-voltage circuits to be used under-412 ground to feed such stationary electrical equipment if such 413 circuits are either steel armored or installed in grounded rigid steel conduit throughout their entire length. The grounding 414 resistor, where required, shall be of the proper ohmic value 415 to limit the ground fault current to twenty-five amperes. The 416 417 grounding resistor shall be rated for maximum fault current 418 continuously and insulated from ground for a voltage equal 419 to the phase-to-phase voltage of the system.

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- (73) Low- and medium-voltage resistance grounded systems serving portable or mobile equipment shall include a fail-safe ground check circuit to monitor continuously the grounding circuit to assure continuity which ground check circuit shall cause the circuit breaker to open when either the ground or pilot check wire is broken, or other not less effective device approved by the director or his authorized representative to assure such continuity, except that an extension of time, not in excess of twelve months, may be permitted by the director on a mine-to-mine basis if he determines that such equipment is not available. Cable couplers shall be constructed so that the ground check continuity conductor shall be broken first and the ground conductors shall be broken last when the coupler is being uncoupled.
- 434 (74) Disconnecting devices shall be installed in conjunction 435 with circuit breakers serving portable or mobile equipment to 436 provide visual evidence that the power is connected.
- 437 (75) Circuit breakers shall be marked for identification.
- 438 (76) Single-phase loads shall be connected phase-to-phase.
- 439 (77) Trailing cables for medium-voltage circuits shall 440 include grounding conductors, a ground check conductor, and 441 grounded metallic shields around each power conductor or a 442 ground metallic shield over the assembly, except that on 443 equipment employing cable reels, cables without shields may

- 444 be used if the insulation is rated two thousand volts or more.
- 445 (78) Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires shall be provided 446 with cutout switches at intervals of not more than two 447 thousand feet and near the beginning of all branch lines.
- 448 (79) Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires shall be provided 449 with overcurrent protection.
- 450 (80) Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires, high-voltage 451 cables, and transformers shall not be located within fifteen feet 452 of the last open crosscut and shall be kept at least one hundred 453 fifty feet from pillar workings.
- 454 (81) Trolley wires, trolley feeder wires, and bare signal wires 455 shall be insulated adequately where they pass through doors 456 and stoppings and where they cross other power wires and 457 cables. Trolley wires and trolley feeder wires shall be guarded 458 adequately:
- (A) At all points where men are required to work or pass 460 regularly under the wires.
- 461 (B) On both sides of all doors and stoppings.
- 462 (C) At man-trip stations.
- 463 (82) Temporary guards shall be provided where trackmen 464 and other persons work in close proximity to trolley wires and 465 trolley feeder wires.
- 466 (83) Adequate precaution shall be taken to ensure that 467 equipment being moved along haulageways will not come in 468 contact with trolley wires or trolley feeder wires.
- 469 (84) Trolley and feeder wires shall be installed as fol-470 lows: Where installed on permanent haulage, they shall be:
- 471 (A) At least six inches outside the track gauge line.
- 472 (B) Kept taut and not permitted to touch the roof, rib or 473 crossbars. Particular care shall be taken where they pass 474 through door openings to preclude bare wires from coming in 475 contact with combustible material.
- 476 (C) Installations of trolley wire hangers shall be provided 477 within three feet of each splice in a trolley wire.

§22A-2-41. Bonding track used as power conductor.

Where track is used as a power conductor, rails and switches on main entries shall be bonded and cross-bonded in such

manner as to assure adequate return. At least one rail on

3 manner as to assure adequate return. At least one rail on 4 secondary track-haulage roads shall be welded or bonded at

4 secondary track-haulage roads shall be welded or bonded at

5 every joint, and cross bonds shall be installed at intervals of not more than two hundred feet: *Provided, however.* That rail

7 joints in such secondary haulage roads need not be bonded

8 where a copper feeder adequate in size parallels the track and

9 is electrically connected thereto at intervals of not more than

10 two hundred feet by cross bonds.

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§22A-2-42. Telephone service or communication facilities.

Telephone service or equivalent two-way communication facilities shall be provided in all mines at least one of which shall be in service at all times as follows:

- (a) A telephone or equivalent two-way communication facility shall be located on the surface within five hundred feet of all main portals, and shall be installed either in a building or in a box-like structure designed to protect the facilities from damage by inclement weather. At least one of these communication facilities shall be at a location where a responsible person who is always on duty when miners are underground can hear the facility and respond immediately in the event of an emergency. "Two-way communication facility" shall mean a system maintained to allow voice contact to come in and out of the working section at all times.
- (b) (1) Telephones or equivalent two-way commmunication facilities provided at each working section shall be located not more than five hundred feet outby the last open crosscut and not more than eight hundred feet from the farthest point of penetration of the working places on such section.
- (2) The incoming communication signal shall activate an audible alarm, distinguishable from the surrounding noise level, or a visual alarm that can be seen by a miner regularly employed on the working section.
- (3) If a communication system other than telephones is used and its operation depends entirely upon power from the mine electric system, means shall be provided to permit continued communication in the event the mine electric power fails or is cut off: *Provided*, That where trolley phones and telephones

- are both used, an alternate source of power for the trolley phone system is not required.
- 31 (4) Telephones or equivalent two-way communication 32 facilities shall be maintained in good operating condition at 33 all times. In the event of any failure in the system that results 34 in loss of communication, repairs shall be started immediately, 35 and the system restored to operating condition as soon as 36 possible.
- 37 (5) Where required by the director, trucks used for haulage 38 of coal, miners, or supplies by an operator shall be equipped 39 with two-way communication instruments.
- 40 (c) On or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, unless the director for good cause 41 42 grants a waiver, all such telephones or equivalent two-way communications shall be connected to regular telephonic and 43 44 other means of communication available in the community so 45 that in the event of an emergency, emergency medical attendants or other personnel can communicate from within 46 47 the mine directly to health care facilities.
- 48 (d) Telephone lines and cables shall be carried on insulators 49 installed on the opposite side from power or trolley wires, and 50 where they cross power or trolley wires, they shall be insulated 51 adequately. Lightning arrestors shall be provided at the points 52 where telephone circuits enter the mine.

§22A-2-43. Electric equipment in mines.

- 1 (a) Electric equipment shall not be taken into or operated 2 in any place where methane can be detected with a flame safety 3 lamp or other approved methane detector at any point not less 4 than eight inches from the roof, face, or rib.
- 5 (b) In all mines, electric haulage locomotives operated from trolley wire and other electrical equipment or devices which may ignite gas shall not be used in return air, unless permission is granted by the director for a specified area. For the purpose of this provision, air used to ventilate a section of a mine shall not be considered return air until such time as the air has ventilated all of the workings in the section.
- 12 (c) No person shall be placed in charge of a coal-cutting 13 machine in any mine who is not a qualified person, capable

- 14 of determining the saftey of the roof and sides of the working
- 15 places and of detecting the presence of explosive gas, unless
- they are accompanied by a certified or qualified person who 16
- 17 has passed such an examination.
- 18 (d) In any mine no machine shall be brought in by the last
- breakthrough next to the working face until the machine man 19
- shall have made an inspection for gas in the place where the 20
- 21 machine is to work. If explosive gas in excess of one percent
- 22 is found in the place, the machine shall not be taken in until
- 23 the danger is removed.
- 24 (e) In working places a safety lamp, or other suitable 25
- approved apparatus for the detection of explosive gas, shall 26
- be provided for use with each mining machine when working, 27 and should any indication of explosive gas in excess of one
- 28
- percent appear on the flame of the safety lamp, or on other
- apparatus used for the detection of explosive gas, the person 29
- 30 in charge shall immediately stop the machine, cut off the
- current at the nearest switch and report the condition to the 31
- 32 mine foreman or supervisor. The machine shall not again be
- 33 started in such place until the condition found has been
- 34 corrected and been pronounced safe by a certified person.
- 35 (f) No electric equipment shall be operated in a mine for
- a longer period than twenty minutes without an examination 36
- as above described being made for gas; and if gas is found 37
- in excess of one percent, the current shall at once be switched 38
- off the machine, and the trailing cable shall forthwith be 39
- 40 disconnected from the power supply until the place is
- 41 pronounced safe.
- 42 (g) Machine runners and helpers shall use care while
- operating mining machines. They shall not permit any person 43
- to remain near the machine while it is in operation. They shall 44
- 45 examine the roof of the working place to see that it is safe
- before starting to operate the machine. They shall not move 46
- 47 the machine while the cutter chain is in motion.

§22A-2-44. Hand-held electric drills and rotating tools; trailing cables.

- Electric drills and other electrically operated rotating tools 1
- intended to be held in the hand shall have the electric switch 2
- constructed so as to break the circuit when the hand releases

the switch and shall be equipped with friction or safety 5 clutches.

§22A-2-45. Installation of lighting.

- 1 Electric lights or other approved methods of lighting shall 2 be installed so that they do not come in contact with
- combustible materials, and the wires shall be supported by
- suitable insulators and fastened securely to the power
- 5 conductors.

§22A-2-46. Welding and cutting.

- 1 (a) A record shall be kept of oxygen and gas tanks or
- 2 cylinders taking into a mine and the date shall be recorded
- 3 when they are removed from the mine. No more tanks or
- cylinders than necessary to perform efficiently the work shall 4
- 5 be permitted underground at one time.
 - (b) Propane torches may be used in lieu of blowtorches.
- 6
- 7 (c) Welding and cutting may be done in mines: Provided, That all equipment and gauges are maintained in safe 8
- 9 condition and not abused, that suitable precautions are taken
- against ignition of methane, coal dust, or combustible 10 11 materials, that means are provided for prompt extinguishment
- 12 of fires accidentally started, and that only persons who have
- demonstrated competency in welding and cutting are entrusted 13
- to do this work. Adequate eye protection shall be used by all 14
- persons doing welding or cutting, and precautions shall be 15
- 16 taken to prevent other persons from exposure that might be
- 17 harmful to their eyes.
- (d) Transportation of oxygen and gas tanks or cylinders 18 19 shall be permitted on self-propelled machinery or belt conveyors specially equipped for safe holding of the containers 20
- 21 in transportation. In no instance shall such transportation be
- 22 permitted in conjuction with any man trip.
- (e) Empty oxygen and gas tanks or cylinders shall be 23 marked "empty" and shall be removed from the mine promptly 24 in safe containers provided for transportation of the same. 25
- (f) When tanks and cylinders are not in use and when they 26 are being transported, valve protection caps and plugs shall 27 be placed on all tanks or cylinders for which caps and plugs 28 are available. No oxygen tanks, gas tanks or cylinders shall 29

- 30 be transported with the hoses and gauges attached thereto.
- 31 (g) In all mines a certified person shall examine for gas with
- 32 permissible flame safety lamps or other approved detectors
- 33 before and during welding or cutting in, at or near working
- 34 faces. The safety of the equipment and methods used in such
- 35 cases shall be subject to approval of the director. If equipment
- 36 is mobile, it shall be removed outby the last open break-
- 37 through before cutting and welding may be performed on such
- 38 equipment.

§22A-2-47. Responsibility for care and maintenance of face equipment.

- 1 Mine operators shall maintain face equipment in safe
- 2 operating condition. Equipment operators shall exercise
- 3 reasonable care in the operation of the equipment entrusted
- 4 to them and shall promptly report defects known to them.

§22A-2-48. When respiratory equipment to be worn; control of dust.

- 1 Miners exposed for short periods to gas-, dust-, fume-, and
- 2 mist-inhalation hazards shall wear permissible respiratory
- 3 equipment. Dust shall be controlled by the use of permissible
- 4 dust collectors or other approved methods.

SAFEGUARDS FOR MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT

§22A-2-49. Safeguards for mechanical equipment.

- 1 (a) The cutter chains of mining machines shall be locked
- 2 securely by mechanical means or electrical interlocks while
- 3 such machines are parked or being trammed. Loading
- 4 machines shall not be trammed with loading arms in motion,
- 5 except when loading materials.
- 6 (b) Belt, chain or rope drives and the moving parts of machinery which are within seven feet of the floor, ground or
- 8 platform level, unless isolated, shall be guarded adequately.
- 9 Repair pits shall be kept covered or guarded at all times when
- 10 not in use. Machinery shall not be lubricated or repaired while
- in motion, except where safe remote lubricating devices are used. Machinery shall not be started until the person
- 12 used. Machinery shall not be started until the person labeling or repairing it has given a clear signal. Guards
- 14 which have been removed shall be replaced before the

- machinery is again put into use. Provision shall be made to prevent accumulations of spilled lubricants.
- 17 (c) Mechanically operated grinding wheels shall be equipped 18 with safety washers, substantial retaining hoods, and, unless 19 goggles are used, eye shields.
- 20 (d) No person shall stand along the side of the boom, or 21 pass or stand along the loading head or cutting head, on a 22 continuous miner or loading machine in operation.
- 23 (e) Braking devices shall be guarded to prevent accidental 24 release. When required by the director, track-mounted mobile 25 equipment shall be equipped with workable sanding devices.
- 26 (f) On and after the first day of January, one thousand nine 27 hundred seventy-eight, all battery powered equipment shall be 28 equipped with an under-voltage indicator which will indicate 29 when the voltage is less than three fourths of its rated capacity, 30 at which time such equipment shall be withdrawn from use 31 except for the purpose of returning the vehicle to the 32 recharging station.

SURFACE STRUCTURES AND PRACTICES

§22A-2-50. Procurement of dust-tight electrical equipment; fireproof construction; dust control; repairs; welding; handrails and toeboards; protection of personnel on conveyors; back guards on ladders; walkways or safety devices around thickeners.

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- (a) In unusually dusty locations, electric motors, switches and controls shall be of dust-tight construction or enclosed with reasonably dust-tight housings or enclosures.
 - (b) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, all structures erected on the surface within one hundred feet of any mine opening shall be of fireproof construction.
- 8 (c) Means and methods shall be provided to assure that 9 structures and the immediate area surrounding the same shall 10 be reasonably free of coal dust accumulations.
 - (d) Where coal is dumped at or near air intake openings, reasonable provisions shall be made to prevent dust from entering the mine.

- 14 (e) Where repairs are being made to the plant, proper scaffolding and proper overhead protection shall be provided for workmen wherever necessary.
- 17 (f) Welding shall not be done in dusty atmospheres and dusty locations shall be well cleaned, and fire-fighting apparatus shall be readily available during welding.
- 20 (g) Stairways, elevated platforms and runways shall be 21 equipped with handrails. Railroad car trimmer platforms are 22 excepted from such requirement.
- 23 (h) Elevated platforms and stairways shall be provided with 24 toeboards where necessary, and they shall be kept clear of 25 refuse and ice and maintained in good repair.
- 26 (i) Personnel who are required frequently and regularly to 27 travel on belts or chain conveyors extended to heights of more 28 than ten feet shall be provided with adequate space and 29 protection in order that they may work safely. Permanent 30 ladders extending more than ten feet shall be provided with 31 back guards. Walkways around thickeners that are less than 32 four feet above the walkway shall be adequately guarded
- four feet above the walkway shall be adequately guarded. Employees required to work over thickeners shall wear a safety
- 34 harness adequately secured, unless walkways or other suitable
- 35 safety devices are provided.

§22A-2-51. Housekeeping.

- I Good housekeeping shall be practiced in and around mine
- 2 buildings and yards. Such practices include cleanliness, orderly
- 3 storage of materials, and the removal of possible sources of
- 4 injury, such as stumbling hazards, protruding nails and broken
- 5 glass.

§22A-2-52. Storage of flammable liquids in lamphouse.

- 1 Naphtha or other flammable liquids in lamphouses shall be
- 2 kept in approved containers or other safe dispensers.

$\S22A-2-53$. Smoking in and around surface structures.

- 1 Smoking in or about surface structures shall be restricted
- 2 to places where it will not cause fire or an explosion.

MISCELLANEOUS SAFETY PROVISIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

§22A-2-53a. Railroad cars; dumping areas.

- 1 Employees handling railroad cars shall have access to and
- 2 use an approved distinct audible signaling device to give
- 3 warning when cars are in motion. Where required by rule or
- 4 regulation, safety belts shall be worn and properly attached
- 5 by all car droppers handling railroad cars. All dumping ramps
- 6 shall be of a sufficient width to ensure safe operation of
- 7 vehicles used thereon.

§22A-2-54. Duties of persons subject to article; rules and regulations of operators.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of the operator, mine foreman, 2 supervisors, mine examiners, and other officials to comply 3 with and to see that others comply with the provisions of this 4 article.
- 5 (b) It shall be the duty of all employees and checkweighmen 6 to comply with this article and to cooperate with management 7 and the department of energy and division of mines and 8 minerals in carrying out the provisions hereof.
- 9 (c) Reasonable rules and regulations of an operator for the 10 protection of employees and preservation of property that are 11 in harmony with the provisions of this article and other 12 applicable laws shall be complied with. They shall be printed
- 13 on cardboard or in book form in the English language and
- 14 posted at some conspicuous place about the mine or mines,
- 15 and given to each employee upon request.

§22A-2-55. Protective equipment and clothing.

- 1 (a) Welders and helpers shall use proper shields or goggles
- 2 to protect their eyes. All employees shall have approved
- 3 goggles or shields and use the same where there is a hazard
- 4 from flying particles, or other eye hazards.
- 5 (b) Employees engaged in haulage operations and all other 6 persons employed around moving equipment on the surface 7 and underground shall wear snug-fitting clothing.
- 8 (c) Protective gloves shall be worn when material which 9 may injure hands is handled, but gloves with gauntleted cuffs 10 shall not be worn around moving equipment.

- (d) Safety hats and safety-toed shoes shall be worn by all persons while in or around a mine.
- (e) Approved safety goggles or eyeshields shall be worn by all persons while being transported in open-type man trips.
- 15 (f) A self-rescue device approved by the director shall be 16 worn by each person underground or kept within his immediate reach, and such device shall be provided by the 17 operator. The self-rescue device shall be adequate to protect 18 such miner for one hour or longer. Each operator shall train 19 20 each miner in the use of such device, and refresher training 21 courses for all underground employees shall be held during 22 each calendar year.

§22A-2-55a. Safety helmets.

- All surface mine employees shall be required to wear safety 1 2 helmets when working in areas where there is a possible danger of head injury from impact, or from falling or flying objects, or from electrical shock and burns: Provided, That such 4 employees shall not be required to wear such safety helmet 5 while operating machinery equipped with a falling object 6 protective structure which satisfies the impact and penetration requirements established by the American National Standards 8 Institute, Safety Requirements for Industrial Head Protection, 9 Standard Z89.1, unless the director finds that the dangers set 10 forth herein may be present: Provided, however, That such 11 employees shall be required to wear safety helmets while not 12 operating such equipment including period of travel to and 13 14 from such equipment.
- The safety helmets required hereunder shall meet the specifications for such helmets as prescribed by the mine health and safety administration.

§22A-2-56. Checking systems.

Each mine shall have a check-in and check-out system that
will provide positive identification upon the person of every
individual underground. An accurate record of the people in
the mine, which shall consist of a written record, a check
board, or a time-clock record, shall be kept on the surface in
a place that will not be affected in the event of an explosion.
Said record shall bear a number or name identical to the
identification check fastened to the belt of all persons going

9 underground.

§22A-2-57. No act permitted endangering security of mine; search for intoxicants, matches, etc.

- (a) No miner, worker or other person shall knowingly injure any shaft, lamp, instrument, air course, or brattice, or obstruct or throw open airways, or carry matches or open lights in the places worked by safety lights, or disturb any part of the machinery or applicances, open a door closed for directing ventilation and not close it again, or enter any part of a mine against caution, or disobey any order of any mine foreman or assistant mine foreman given in carrying out any of the provisions of this section.
- 10 (b) Open lights, smoking, and smokers' articles, including matches, are prohibited in all mines. No person shall at any 11 12 time enter mines with or carry therein any matches, pipes, cigars, cigarettes, or any device for making lights or fire not 13 authorized or approved. The operator shall at frequent 14 15 intervals search, or cause to be searched, any person, including his clothing and material belongings, entering or about to enter 16 17 the mine, or inside the mine, to prevent such person from taking or carrying therein any of the above-mentioned articles. 18
- 19 (c) No person shall at any time carry into any mine any 20 intoxicants or enter any mine while under the influence of 21 intoxicants.

§22A-2-58. Fire protection.

- 1 (a) Suitable fire protection shall be provided at surface 2 installations of fans, shops, tipples, and preparation plants, 3 substations, hoist rooms and compressor stations.
- 4 (b) Fire drills and demonstration of various types of available fire-fighting equipment shall be held for employees at least every six months.
- 7 (c) The location of pipelines, location of valves, and fire 8 taps shall be shown on a map of the mine and kept available 9 at the mine office at all times.
- 10 (d) Each coal mine shall be provided with suitable fire-11 fighting equipment adapted for the size and condition of the 12 mine. Fire-fighting equipment required under this article shall 13 meet the following requirements:

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- (1) Waterlines shall be capable of deliverying fifty gallons
 of water at a nozzle pressure of fifty pounds per square inch.
- 16 (2) A portable water car shall be of at least one thousand 17 gallons capacity, and shall have at least three hundred feet of 18 fire hose with nozzles. A portable water car shall be capable 19 of providing a flow through the hose of fifty gallons of water 20 per minute at a nozzle pressure of fifty pounds per square inch.
- 21 (3) A portable chemical car shall carry enough chemicals to 22 provide a fire extinguishing capacity equivalent to that of a 23 portable water car.
 - (4) A portable foam-generating machine shall have facilities and equipment for supplying the machine with thirty gallons of water per minute at thirty pounds per square inch for a period of thirty-five minutes.
 - (5) A portable fire extinguisher shall be either a multipurpose dry chemical type, containing a nominal weight of five pounds of dry powder and enough expellant to apply the powder; or a foam-producing type containing at least two and one-half gallons of foam-producing liquid and enough expellent to supply the foam. Only fire extinguishers approved by the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. or Factor Mutual Laboratories, carrying appropriate labels as to type and purpose shall be used after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and all new portable fire extinguishers acquired for use in a coal mine shall be of the multipurpose dry chemical type, having a 2A 10BC or higher rating.
 - (6) The fire hose shall be rubber-lined, mildew-proof and the cover shall be of flame-resistant qualities, meeting requirements for hose in Bureau of Mines Schedule 2G, except that the test flame shall be applied to the outer surface rather than to an open end. The bursting pressure shall be at least four times higher than the static water at the mine location; the maximum water pressure in the hose nozzle shall not exceed 100 p.s.i.g.
- 49 (e) Each working section of coal mines producing three 50 hundred tons or more per shift shall be provided with two 51 portable fire extinguishers and two hundred forty pounds of 52 bagged rock dust; waterlines shall extend to each section

53 loading point and be equipped with enough fire hose to reach 54 each working face unless the section loading point is provided with one of the following: (1) Two portable water cars or (2) 55 two portable chemical cars, or (3) one portable water car or 56 57 one portable chemical car and either a portable foam-58 generating machine or a portable high-pressure rock-dusting 59 machine, fitted with at least two hundred fifty feet of hose and 60 supplied with at least sixty sacks of rock dust.

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- (f) In all coal mines, waterlines shall be installed parallel to the entire length of belt conveyors and shall be equipped with fire hose outlets with valves at three-hundred-foot intervals along each belt conveyor and at tailpieces. At least five hundred feet of fire hose with fittings suitable for connection with each belt conveyor waterline system shall be stored at strategic locations along the belt conveyor. Waterlines may be installed in entries adjacent to the conveyor entry belt as long as the outlets project into the belt conveyor entry. Each working section of coal mines producing less than three hundred tons of coal per shift shall be provided with two portable fire extinquishers, two hundred forty pounds of bagged rock dust and at least five hundred gallons of water and at least three pails of ten-quart capacity. In lieu of the five hundred gallon water supply, a waterline with sufficient hose to reach the working places, a portable water car of five hundred fifty gallons capacity, or a portable all-purpose dry powder chemical car of at least one hundred twenty-five pounds capacity may be provided.
 - (g) In mines producing three hundred tons of coal or more per shift, waterlines shall be installed parallel to all haulage tracks using mechanized equipment in the track or adjacent entry and shall extend to the loading point of each working section. Waterlines shall be equipped with outlet valves at intervals of not more than five hundred feet, and five hundred feet of fire hose with fittings suitable for connection with such waterlines shall be provided at strategic locations. Two portable water cars, readily available, may be used in lieu of waterlines prescribed under this subsection.
 - (h) In mines producing less than three hundred tons of coal per shift, there shall be provided at five-hundred-foot intervals in all main and secondary haulage roads: (1) A tank of water of at least fifty-five gallon capacity with at least three pails

- 94 of not less than ten-quart capacity, or (2) not less than two 95 hundred forty pounds of bagged rock dust.
- 96 (i) Each track or off-track locomotive, self-propelled man-97 trip car, or personnel carrier shall be equipped with one 98 portable fire extinguisher.
- 99 (j) Two portable fire extinguishers shall be provided at each 100 permanent electrical installation. One portable fire extin-101 guisher and two hundred forty pounds of rock dust shall be 102 provided at each temporary electrical installation.
- (k) Two portable fire extinguishers and two hundred forty pounds of rock dust shall be provided at each permanent underground oil storage station. One portable fire extinguisher shall be provided at each working section where twenty-five gallons or more of oil are stored in addition to extinguishers required under subsection (e) of this section.
- (1) One portable fire extinguisher or two hundred forty pounds of rock dust and water shall be provided at locations where welding, cutting, or soldering with arc or flame is being done.
- (m) At each wooden door through which power lines pass there shall be one portable fire extinguisher or two hundred forty pounds of rock dust within twenty-five feet of the door on the intake air side.
- (n) At each mine producing three hundred tons of coal or more per shift, there shall be readily available the following materials at locations not exceeding two miles from each working section:
- 121 (1) One thousand board feet of brattice boards
- 122 (2) Two rolls of brattice cloth
- 123 (3) Two handsaws
- 124 (4) Twenty-five pounds of 8° nails
- 125 (5) Twenty-five pounds of 10° nails
- 126 (6) Twenty-five pounds of 16° nails
- 127 (7) Three claw hammers
- 128 (8) Twenty-five bags of wood fiber plaster or ten bags of

- 129 cement (or equivalent material for stoppings)
- 130 (9) Five tons of rock dust.
- 131 (10) At each mine producing less than three hundred tons
- 132 of coal per shift, the above materials shall be available at the
- 133 mine: Provided, however, That the emergency materials for
- 134 one or more mines may be stored at a central warehouse or
- 135 building supply company and such supply must be the
- 136 equivalent of that required for all mines involved and within
- one hour's delivery time from each mine. This exception shall
- 138 not apply where the active working sections are more than two
- 139 miles from the surface.

§22A-2-59. First-aid equipment.

- l (a) Each operator of an underground coal mine shall
- 2 maintain a supply of first-aid equipment at each of the 3 following locations:
- 4 (1) At the mine dispatcher's office and on the surface in 5 close proximity to the mine entry.
- 6 (2) At the bottom of each regularly traveled slope or shaft; 7 however, where the bottom of such slope or shaft is not more 8 than one thousand feet from the surface, such first-aid supplies
- 9 may be maintained on the surface at the entrance of the mine.
- 10 (3) At a point in each working section not more than five 11 hundred feet outby the active working face or faces.
- 12 (b) The first-aid equipment required to be maintained shall include at least the following:
- 14 (1) One stretcher
- 15 (2) One broken-back board
- 16 (3) Twenty-four triangular bandages
- 17 (4) Eight four-inch bandage compresses
- 18 (5) Sixteen two-inch bandage compresses
- 19 (6) Twelve one-inch adhesive compresses
- 20 (7) One foille
- 21 (8) Two cloth blankets
- 22 (9) One rubber blanket

- 23 (10) Two tourniquets
- 24 (11) One one-ounce bottle of aromatic spirits of ammonia
- 25 (12) Two inflatable plastic arm splints
- 26 (13) Two inflatable plastic leg splints
- 27 (14) Six small splints, metal or wooden
- 28 (15) Two cold packs
- 29 (c) All first-aid supplies required to be maintained under the
- 30 section shall be stored in suitable sanitary, dust-tight,
- 31 moisture-proof containers and such supplies shall be accessible
- 32 to the miners.
- 33 (d) No first-aid material shall be removed or diverted
- 34 without authorization, except in case of accident in or about
- 35 the mine.
- 36 (e) On all occasions when a person becomes sick or injured
- 37 underground to the extent that he must go to the surface, he
- 38 shall be accompanied by one or more persons.

§22A-2-60. Accessible outlets; safe roadways for emergencies; accessibility of first-aid equipment; use of special capsule for removal of personnel.

- 1 (a) No operator or mine foreman of any coal mine shall
- 2 employ any person to work in such mine, or permit any 3 persons to be in the mine for the purpose of working therein
- 4 unless they are provided with two openings or outlets to each
- 5 seam, separated by natural strata, such openings to be not less
- 6 than three hundred feet apart, if the mine be worked by shaft;
- 7 if the mine be worked by shaft and slope, such openings shall
- 8 be separated by one hundred feet of natural strata; and not
- 9 less than fifty feet apart at the outlets, if worked by slope or
- 10 drift; but this requirement of a distance of three hundred feet
- 11 between openings or outlets to shaft mines shall not apply
- 12 where such openings or outlets have been made prior to the
- 13 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one.
- 14 (b) At least two separate and distinct travelable passageways
 15 designated as escapeways shall be maintained to ensure
 16 passage at all times to any person, including disabled persons.
 17 The property of the passage at all times to any person, including disabled persons.
- 17 The escapeway openings to the surface shall be separated in
- 18 such manner as shall be prescribed by the director. If at least

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59 60 two escapeways are not available for any reason, all miners in the affected area other than those requisite to remedy the situation shall be withdrawn from the affected area until such time as the escapeway is made passable. Where the height of the coal bed is more than five feet, the escapeways shall be maintained at a height of at least five feet excluding necessary roof support, and the travelway in such escapeway shall be maintained at a width of at least six feet, excluding necessary roof support and in those situations where the height of the coal bed is less than five feet the escapeway should be maintained to the height of the coal bed excluding any necessary roof support, and the travelway in such escapeway shall be maintained at a width of at least six feet. At least one escapeway ventilated with intake air, maintained to the last open crosscut, shall be provided from each working section continuously to the nearest available opening on the surface, and shall be maintained in safe condition and properly marked. Mine openings shall be adequately protected to prevent the entrance into the underground area of the mine of floodwater. Escape facilities approved by the director, properly maintained and frequently tested, shall be present at or in each escape shaft or slope to allow all persons, including disabled persons, to escape quickly to the surface in event of an emergency. Return airways entries designated as escapeways shall be provided with permissible two-way communication systems to the surface, and such systems shall be located at points not to exceed every four thousand feet. On or after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventyeight, each operator shall provide lifeline cords, with reflective material at twenty-five foot intervals, from the last open crosscut to the surface along a designated escapeway ventilated by return air: Provided. That in case of a shaft mine such lifeline cords shall extend from the last open crosscut to the bottom of the designated escape shaft. Such lifeline cord shall be of durable construction sufficient to allow miners to see and to use effectively to guide themselves out of the mine in the event of an emergency.

(c) Escapeways shall be inspected and traveled at least once each week by a certified mine examiner who shall place his initials and the date in a conspicuous place or places and who shall file a written report thereon which shall be kept on the surface.

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- 61 (d) When new coal mines are opened, not more than twenty 62 miners shall be allowed at any one time in any mine until a 63 connection has been made between the two mine openings, and 64 such connection shall be made as soon as possible.
- 65 (e) When only one opening is available because of final 66 mining of pillars, not more than twenty miners shall be 67 allowed in such mine at any one time, and the distance 68 between the mine opening and working face shall not exceed 69 five hundred feet.
 - (f) First-aid materials and such other equipment as the director may require shall be maintained within five hundred feet of each area in which miners are regularly working to which they may have access in case of an emergency and for protection against hazards.
- 75 (g) Each working area of the mine not serviced by track-76 mounted or rubber-tired vehicles which uses conveyor belts for 77 removal of coal shall be equipped with a special capsule in 78 which an injured person can be placed and transported on the 79 belt to the surface or to other transportation facilities. The director shall within nine months of the eighth day of July, 80 one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, promulgate 81 standards and guidelines, or allow to continue in effect any 82 present standards and guidelines, as to what such "special 83 capsule" as used in this subsection shall include. Each section 84 of the mine using or serviced by track-mounted or rubber-tired 85 equipment shall have readily available a vehicle which can be 86 used to promptly remove a person in case of injury. 87

§22A-2-61. Coal storage bins; recovery tunnels; coal storage piles.

- 1 (a) Coal storage bins hereafter constructed with vertical
 2 sides fifty feet or over in height shall be provided with
 3 ventilators or louvers or both to provide adequate ventilation.
 4 Where roofs are constructed over coal storage bins, adequate
 5 ventilation shall be provided by stacks, ventilators, louvers or
 6 mechanical means.
- 7 (b) Where cutting or welding is performed at any location 8 where coal is stored, means of prompt extinguishment of any 9 fire accidentally started shall be provided, and the area where 10 cutting or welding is performed shall be adequately watered 11 down and rock-dusted.

- 12 (c) A qualified person shall test for methane with a methane 13 detector prior to and during cutting and welding operations 14 inside or underneath a coal storage bin.
- 15 (d) Electric motors, switches and controls for coal storage 16 bins hereafter acquired shall be of dust-tight construction.
- 17 (e) Repairs to electric equipment shall not be made when 18 the surrounding atmosphere contains dangerous amounts of 19 gas or dust.
- 20 (f) Where electric lights are used in recovery tunnels of over 21 one hundred feet in length, the wiring shall be in rigid conduit 22 and shall be enclosed in waterproof receptacles.
- 23 (g) An escapeway shall be provided from any recovery 24 tunnel hereafter constructed to a safe place on the surface; 25 such escapeway shall be at least thirty inches in diameter and 26 where inclined, a ladder shall be provided to extend full length 27 of the escapeway to facilitate emergency exit.
- 28 (h) Extreme caution shall be exercised by all employees 29 required to work at or near coal storage piles during coal 30 recovery operations to avoid injury by coal slides or by being 31 in or drawn into a chute.

§22A-2-62. Thermal coal dryers and plants.

- Thermal coal dryer plants shall be hereafter constructed, maintained and operated in compliance with the following provisions:
- 4 (1) Good housekeeping shall be practiced in and around 5 thermal dryer plants.
- 6 (2) Adequate fire-fighting facilities shall be provided on all floors.
- 8 (3) When welding and cutting operations are to be 9 performed in a dryer structure, the area shall be wetted down 10 thoroughly and adequate fire-fighting apparatus shall be 11 readily available during the operation.
- 12 (4) Only qualified persons shall be permitted to operate 13 dryers; however, this provision shall not prohibit qualified 14 persons from training other persons to become qualified 15 operators.

- 16 (5) Dryer control panels shall be provided with audible and 17 visible alarm devices; such devices should be adjusted to 18 function at somewhat less than maximum dryer temperature.
- 19 (6) A bypass or relief stack equipped with an automatically operated damper shall be provided for bypassing gases from 20 the heating units to the outside atmosphere during emergency 22 or normal shutdown operations.

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- (7) Thermal coal dryers hereafter installed shall not be enclosed except that roofs may be used. Whenever it is deemed necessary to enclose thermal dryers, such equipment shall be in a fireproof structure.
- (8) Dryer installations and discharge stacks shall be protected with adequate explosion release vents that open to the outside atmosphere.
- (9) Thermal coal dryers shall be located at a safe distance from tipples, cleaning plants, mine openings and surface buildings, such as oil storage areas, explosive magazines, and other buildings where coal dust, sparks and flames are likely to enter and become ignited or otherwise cause danger of fires.
- (10) Dryers shall be equipped with quick-response heat 35 control devices which, in the event of superelevated temper-36 atures, will automatically divert the hot inlet gases into a 37 bypass stack, thereby bypassing the drying chamber and at the 38 same time stopping the fuel from being supplied to the air 39 40 heater.
- 41 (11) All dryers, conveyors and other fine coal transporting machines shall be constructed as dust-tight as practicable. 42 Where necessary, such equipment shall be provided with 43 removable covers for inspection and cleaning and shall be 44 provided with vent pipes to the outside atmosphere to permit 45 the escape of distilled gases. 46
- (12) Dryers shall be examined thoroughly after normal and 47 emergency shutdown for fires and coal dust accumulations. 48
- 49 (13) Dryer controls, valves and mechanical equipment shall 50 be frequently inspected, and no dryer shall be operated with defective mechanical equipment. 51
- 52 (14) The gauges of temperature control instruments shall be 53 of the recording type.

- 54 (15) Operating rules suitable for the characteristics of each 55 dryer system and the materials processed shall be developed 56 and shall be available at the control panel.
- 57 (16) Electrical equipment, electrical wiring and lighting 58 fixtures shall be of dust-tight construction.
- 59 (17) Adequate illumination shall be provided.
- 60 (18) Dryers shall not be operated beyond their rated 61 evaporation capacity.
- 62 (19) Fluid bed dryers shall be provided with water sprays 63 of sufficient capacity for use in event of fire.
- 64 (20) After shutdowns, thermal dryers shall be cleared of hot coals so as to minimize ignitions on succeeding startups.
- 66 (21) Thermal coal dryers previously installed in a tipple or 67 cleaning plant shall be separated where practicable from other 68 working areas by substantial partitions capable of providing 69 greater resistance to explosion pressures than an exterior wall 70 or walls.
- (22) When it is necessary to use extension cables for emergency illumination, such lighting devices shall be dust-tight and adequately guarded. When it becomes necessary to perform work in dryer system bins or any other dusty areas, permissable cap lamps shall be used for illumination.
- §22A-2-63. No mine to be opened or reopened without prior approval of commissioner of the department of energy; approval fee; extension of certificate of approval; certificates not transferable; section to be printed on certificates.
 - 1 (a) After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, no mine shall be opened or reopened unless prior 2 3 approval has been obtained from the commissioner of the 4 department of energy, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. The operator shall pay for such approval a fee 5 of ten dollars, which payment shall be tendered with the 6 operator's application for such approval: Provided, That mines 7 8 producing coal solely for the operator's use shall be issued a permit without charge if coal production will be less than fifty 9 tons a year. 10

- 11 (b) Within thirty days after the first day of January of each 12 year, the operator of each mine holding a certificate evidencing 13 approval of the commissioner to open a mine shall apply for 14 the extension of such certificate of approval for an additional year. Such approval, evidenced by a certificate of the 15 16 commissioner, shall be granted as a matter of right and 17 without charge if, at the time such application is made, the 18 operator is in compliance with the provisions of section 19 seventy-seven of this article and has paid or otherwise appealed 20 all coal mine assessments imposed under article one-a, chapter 21 twenty-two-a of this code. Applications for extension of such 22 certificates of approval not submitted within the time required 23 shall be processed as an application to open or reopen a mine 24 and shall be accompanied by a fee of ten dollars.
- (c) Certificates of approval issued pursuant to this sectionshall not be transferable.
- 27 (d) The provisions of this section shall be printed on the reverse side of every certificate issued hereunder.
- 29 (e) The district mine inspector shall be contacted for a 30 preinspection of the area proposed for underground mining 31 prior to the issuance of any new opening approval.

§22A-2-64. Sealing permanently closed or abandoned mines.

- 1 (a) After the first day of July, one thousand nineteen
- 2 hundred seventy-one, when any coal mine is worked out or
- 3 indefinitely closed, such mine openings shall be properly sealed
- 4 within ninety days after the mine is abandoned.
- 5 (b) Mines temporarily inactive for less than ninety days 6 shall be adequately fenced with conspicuous signs prohibiting 7 the possible entrance of unauthorized persons.
- 8 (c) Shaft openings shall be effectively capped or filled.
 9 Filling shall be for the entire depth of the shaft. Caps shall
 10 consist of a six inch thick concrete cap or other equivalent
 11 means approved by the director.
- 12 (d) Caps shall be equipped with a vent pipe at least two 13 inches in diameter extending for a distance of at least fifteen 14 feet above the surface shaft.

§22A-2-65. Mining close to abandoned workings.

Any operator working up to an abandoned coal mine may 2

be permitted to work to his property line, if approved by the

director, but in such cases precaution must be taken as 3

provided in this article.

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§22A-2-66. Explosion or accident; notice; investigation by division of mines and minerals.

Whenever, by reason of any explosion or other accident in

or about any coal mine or the machinery connected therewith, 2

loss of life, or serious personal injury shall occur, it shall be

the duty of the superintendent of the mine, and in his absence,

the mine foreman in charge of the mine, to give immediate notice to the director and the inspector of the district, stating

the particulars of such accident. If anyone is killed, the

inspector shall immediately go the scene of such accident and

make such recommendations and render such assistance as he

may deem necessary for the future safety of the men, and

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investigate the cause of such explosion or accident and make 11

12 a record thereof which he shall preserve with the other records 13

in his office, the cost of such records to be paid by the division,

14 and a copy shall be furnished to the operator and other 15

interested parties. To enable him to make such investigation, he shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses 16

17 and to administer oaths or affirmations. The director shall

have the right to appear and testify and to offer any testimony 18

19 that may be relevant to the questions and to cross-examine

20 witnesses.

§22A-2-67. Written report of accident.

1 Whenever any accident occurs in or about any coal mine to any employee or person connected with the mining 2

operation, resulting in personal injury or death, the operator 3

shall, within twenty-four hours, report the same in writing to

the director and to the district mine inspector of the district

in which the accident occurs, giving full details thereof upon

forms furnished by the director.

§22A-2-68. Preservation of evidence following accident or disaster.

1 Following a mine accident resulting in the death of one or

more persons and following any mine disaster, the evidence

surrounding such occurrence shall not be disturbed after recovery of bodies or injured persons until an investigation by the division has been completed.

§22A-2-69. Fire in and about mine; notification of director and district mine inspector.

1 The operator or mine foreman, upon the discovery of fire

2 in or about a mine, shall immediately notify the director and

3 the district mine inspector in whose district the mine is located.

§22A-2-70. Shafts and slopes.

- 1 (a) When mine examiner to be employed; qualifications.— 2 During the sinking of a shaft or the driving of a slope to a 3 coal bed or while engaged in underground construction work, 4 or relating thereto, the operator shall assign a mine examiner 5 to such project areas. Such mine examiner shall have a 6 certificate of competency valid only for the type of work 7 stipulated thereon and issued to him by the division of mines 8 and minerals after he has passed an examination given by the 9 division of mines and minerals. He shall, at the time he takes 10 the examination, have a minimum of five years' experience in 11 shaft sinking, slope driving and underground construction; 12 moreover, he shall be able to detect methane with a flame 13 safety lamp and have a thorough knowledge of the ventilation 14 of shafts, slopes and mines, and the machinery connected 15 therewith, and finally, he shall be a person of good moral 16 character with temperate habits.
- 17 (b) Mine examiner or certified person acting as such; duties 18 generally; records open for inspection.-In all shafts and 19 slopes within three hours immediately preceding the beginning 20 of a work shift and before any workmen in such shift, other 21 than those who may be designated to make the examinations, 22 enter the underground areas of such shafts or slopes, a certified 23 foreman or mine examiner, designated by the operator of such 24 shaft or slope to do so, shall make an examination of such 25 areas. Each person designated to make such examinations shall 26 make tests with a permissible flame safety lamp for accum-27 ulations of methane and oxygen deficiency, and examine sides 28 of shafts and ribs and roof of all slopes. Should he find a 29 condition which he considers dangerous to persons, he shall 30 place a conspicuous danger sign at all entrances to such places. 31 He shall record the results of his examination with ink or 32 indelible pencil in a book prescribed by the director, kept at 33 a place on the surface designated by mine management. All

records as prescribed herein shall be open for inspection by interested persons.

36 (c) Approvals and permits.—An approval shall be obtained from the division before work is started. A permit shall be 37 38 obtained from the division (1) to stop fan when miners are 39 in shafts or slopes; (2) to use electrical machinery in shafts or slopes; (3) to use electric lights in shafts or slopes; (4) to use 40 41 welders, torches and like equipment in shafts or slopes; (5) to 42 hoist more than four miners at one time in buckets or cars: 43 (6) to shoot more than fifteen shots in one series.

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- (d) Records.—The foreman in charge on each shift shall keep a daily report of conditions and practices. The foreman in charge on each shift shall read and countersign the reports of the previous shift. Unsatisfactory conditions and practices reported shall be repeated on daily reports until corrected. Hoists, buckets, cars, ropes and appliances thereto shall be examined by a qualified person before the start of each shift and a written record kept. Deaths from accidents or previous injuries shall be reported immediately by wire to the office of the director and to the district mine inspector or the inspectorat-large. A written report of all injuries and deaths shall be mailed to the division and district mine inspector promptly. Immediate notice shall be given the office of the director, the district mine inspector and the inspector-at-large in the event of an ignition of gas, or serious accident to miners or equipment. All permits and approvals must be available for inspection by all interested persons.
- (e) General.—The foreman on shift shall have at least five years' experience in shafts or slopes. New-employees shall be instructed in the dangers and rules incident to their work. Conspicuous bulletin boards and warning signs shall be maintained. Unauthorized persons shall not be permitted around shafts or slopes. First-aid material shall be maintained at the operation as required by section fifty-nine of this article. The scene of a fatal accident shall be left unchanged until an investigation is made by all interested persons. All employees and others around the operation shall wear hard-toe shoes and hard-top hats. Goggles or other eye protection shall be worn when cutting, welding or striking where particles may fly. Gears, belts and revolving parts of machinery shall be properly guarded. Hand tools shall be in good condition. Sides of

 shafts, ribs and roof of all slopes shall be closely observed for loose and dangerous conditions. Loose brows, ribs and top in slopes shall be taken down or supported; loose ribs in shafts shall be scaled. Miners shall be hoisted and lowered under power in shafts and slopes. All hoists must have two positive breaking devices. At least three wraps of rope shall remain on the hoist drum at all times. Wire ropes shall not be less than three-fourths inches in diameter, and of a design to prevent excessive spinning or turning when hoisting.

When heavy materials are hoisted, a large rope shall be used if necessary. A hoisting engineer shall be in constant attendance while men are in shaft. Head frames shall be constructed substantially. Noise from machinery shall not interfere with signals. The standard signal code, whistle or bell shall be used for hoisting:

90	One signal
91	One signalStop
92	Two signalsLower
93	Three signals
94	One signal from hoisting engineer
95	board cage

Hoist signals shall be posted in front of the hoisting engineer. The shaft opening shall be enclosed by a fence five feet high. Buckets shall not be loaded within six inches of the top rim. Buckets shall have a positive lock on the handle or bale to prevent bucket from crumpling while being hoisted. Positive coupling devices shall be used on buckets or cars (hooks with safety catches or threaded clevis). Emergency devices for escape shall be provided while shafts are under construction. Miners shall not ride on or work from rims of buckets. Buckets or cars shall not be lowered without a signal from working area. Only sober and competent engineers shall be permitted to operate hoists. No intoxicating liquors or intoxicated persons shall be permitted in or around any shaft, slope or machinery. Lattice type platforms shall be used.

(f) Explosives.—Explosives and blasting caps being taken into or removed from the operation shall be transported and kept in approved nonconducting receptacles (unopened cartons or cases are permissable). Explosives shall not be primed until ready to be inserted into holes. Handling of explosives and

115 loading of holes shall be under the strict supervision of a 116 qualified person or shotfirer. No more explosives or caps than 117 are required to shoot one round shall be taken into shafts. 118 Adobe, mudcapped or unconfined shots shall not be fired. 119 Holes shall be stemmed tightly and full into the mouth. 120 Blasting caps shall be inserted in line with the explosive. Leg 121 wires of blasting caps and buss wires shall be kept shunted 122 until connected. Shooting cables shall be shunted at firing 123 devices and before connecting to leg wires. Only approved 124 shooting devices shall be used. Shots shall be fired promptly 125 after the round of holes are charged. Warnings shall be given before shots are fired by shouting "Fire" three times slowly 126 127 after those notified have withdrawn. The blasting circuit shall 128 be wired in series or parallel series. All shooting circuits shall 129 be tested with a galvanometer by a qualified person before 130 shooting. A careful examination for misfires shall be made 131 after each shot. Persons shall not return to the face until smoke and dust have cleared away. The shooting cable shall 132 133 be adequately insulated and have a substantial covering; be 134 connected by the person firing the shot; and be kept away from 135 power circuits. Misfires shall be removed by firing separate 136 holes or by washing; shall not be drilled out; and shall be 137 removed under supervision of a foreman or qualified person. 138 Separate magazines for the storage of explosives and 139 detonators shall be located not less than three hundred feet 140 from openings or other structures. Magazines for the storage of explosives and detonators shall be separated at least fifty 141 142 feet. Magazines shall be located behind barricades. The outside 143 of magazines shall be constructed of incombustible material. 144 Rubbish and combustible material shall not be permitted to 145 accumulate around or in magazine. Warning signs, to be seen 146 in all directions, shall be posted near magazines.

(g) Electrical.—Power cables installed in slopes shall be placed in conduit away from the belt as far as possible. Surface transformers shall be elevated at least eight feet from the ground or enclosed by a fence six feet high, grounded if metal; shall be properly grounded; shall be installed so that they will not present a fire hazard; and shall be guarded by sufficient danger signs.

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154 Electric equipment shall be in good condition, clean and 155 orderly; shall be equipped with guards around moving parts;

- and shall be grounded with effective frame grounds on motors and control boxes.
- All electric wires shall be installed and supported on insulators. All electric equipment shall be protected by dual element fuse or circuit breakers
- (h) Ventilation.—Ventilating fans shall be offset from portal at least fifteen feet; shall be installed so that the ventilating current is not contaminated by dust, smoke or gases; shall be effectively frame grounded; and shall be provided with fire extinguishers.
- All shafts and slopes shall be ventilated adequately and continuously with fresh air. Air tubing shall deliver not less than nine thousand feet per minute at the working area or as much more as the inspector may require.
- 170 (i) Gases.—A foreman shall be in attendance at all times in shafts and slopes who has passed an examination given by the division as to his competency in the use of flame safety lamps.
- 173 An examination shall be made before and after shooting by 174 the foreman on shift. The foreman shall have no superior in 175 the performance of his duties. A lighted flame safety lamp or 176 other approved detector shall be carried at all times by the 177 foreman when in the working area and weekly gas analysis 178 made. In all shafts and slopes within three hours immediately preceding the beginning of a work shift and before any 179 180 workmen in such shift, other than those who may be 181 designated to make the examinations, enter the underground 182 areas of such shafts or slopes, a certified mine foreman or mine 183 examiner designated by the operator of such shaft or slope to 184 do so, shall make an examination of such area. Evidence of 185 official examination shall be left at the face by marking date 186 and initials.
- 187 Gases should be removed under the supervision of the 188 foreman in charge. Smoking shall not be permitted inside of 189 shafts or slopes.
- 190 (j) Drilling.—Dust allaying or dust collecting devices shall be used while drilling.
- 192 (k) Lights to be used in shafts.—Only approved electric cap 193 lights shall be used in shafts. Other lights shall be of explosive-

194 proof type. Lights shall be suspended in shafts by cable or 195 chain other than the power conductor. In slopes lights must 196 be substantially installed. Power cables shall be of an approved type. Power cables shall not be taut from shaft collar to light. 197 198 Power cables shall be in good condition and free of improper 199 splices. Lights shall be suspended not less than twenty feet 200 above where miners are working. Lights shall be removed from shaft and power cut off when shooting. In slopes lights must 201 202 be removed a safe distance when shots are fired. Lights shall 203 not be replaced in shafts or slopes until examination has been 204 made for gas by the mine examiner and found clear. Front 205 of light shall be protected by a substantial metal type guard. 206 Lights shall be protected from falling objects from above by 207 a metal hood. The lighting circuit shall be properly fused. 208 Electric lights shall not be used in gaseous atmospheres. A 209 lighted flame safety lamp or approved detector shall be kept 210 for use at the face while miners are at work.

§22A-2-71. Right of miner to refuse to operate unsafe equipment; procedure; discrimination.

No miner shall be required to operate unsafe equipment. On or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, the board of coal mine health and safety shall by rule or regulation establish a procedure for resolving disputes arising out of the refusal by a miner to operate such alleged unsafe equipment. No action shall be taken against a miner by an operator unless such miner is found to have acted in bad faith and without good cause by the director or his authorized representative.

§22A-2-72. Long wall and short wall mining.

I (a) The Legislature finds that new methods of extracting coal known as long wall or short wall mining is being used in this state. The board of coal mine health and safety shall 4 investigate or cause to be investigated the technology, 5 procedures and techniques used in such mining methods and shall promulgate by the first day of January, one thousand 7 nine hundred eighty-one, and continuously update the same, rules and regulations governing long wall and short wall 9 mining, which rules and regulations shall have as their paramount objective, the health and safety of the persons 10 involved in such operations, and which said regulations shall 11

- include, but not be limited to, the certification of personnel involved in such operation.
- 14 (b) The commissioner may modify the application of any 15 provision of this section to a mine if the commissioner 16 determines that an alternative method of achieving the result 17 of such provision exists which will at all times guarantee no 18 less than the same measure of protection afforded the miners of such mine by such provision, or that the application of such 19 provision to such mine will result in a diminution of the health 20 of, or safety to, the miners in such mine. The commissioner 21 22 shall give notice to the operator and the representative of 23 miners in the affected mine, as appropriate, and shall cause such investigation to be made as he deems appropriate. Such 24 25 investigation shall provide an opportunity for a hearing, at the 26 request of such operator or representative or other interested 27 party, to enable the operator and the representative of miners in such mine or other interested party to present information 28 relating to the modification of such provision. The commis-29 sioner shall issue a decision incorporating his findings of fact 30 therein, and send a copy thereof to the operator and the 31 representative of the miners, as appropriate. Any such hearing 32 33 shall be of record.

§22A-2-73. Construction of shafts, slopes, surface facilities and the safety hazards attendant therewith; duties of board of coal mine health and safety to promulgate rules and regulations; time limits therefor.

The board of coal mine health and safety shall investigate or cause to be investigated the technology, procedures and techniques used in the construction of shafts, slopes, surface facilities, and the safety hazards, attendant therewith, and shall promulgate rules and regulations governing the construction of shafts and slopes; and shall promulgate by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, rules and regulations governing the construction of surface facilities.

The board of coal mine health and safety shall continuously update such rules and regulations governing the construction of shafts, slopes and surface facilities, which rules and regulations shall have as their paramount concern, the health and safety of the persons involved in such operations, and such rules and regulations shall include, but not be limited to, the

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- 15 certification of all supervisors, the certification and training of
- 16 hoist operators and shaft workers, the certification of blasters,
- 17 and approval of plans. The provisions of such rules and
- 18 regulations may be enforced against operators and construc-
- tion companies in accord with the provisions of article one-19
- 20 a of this chapter. For purposes of this chapter, a construction
- 21 company shall be deemed an operator.

§22A-2-74. Control of respirable dust.

1 Each operator shall maintain the concentration of respirable

- dust in the mine atmosphere during each shift to which miners
- in active workings of such mine are exposed below such level
- as the board may establish. The board may promulgate rules 4
- and regulations governing respirable dust, including, but not
- 6 limited to, dust standards, sampling procedures, sampling
- 7 devices, equipment and sample analysis by using the data
- 8 gathered by the federal mine safety and health administration
- and, or the federal bureau of mines.
- 10 Any operator found to be in violation of such standards
- 11 shall bring itself into compliance with such standards and rules
- 12 and regulations of the board or the commissioner may
- 13 thereafter order such operator to discontinue such opera-
- 14 tion.

§22A-2-75. Coal operators-Procedure before operating near oil and gas wells.

- 1 (a) Before a coal operator conducts underground mining
- 2 operations within five hundred feet of any well, including the
- driving of an entry or passageway, or the removal of coal or
- 4
- other material, the coal operator shall file with the division of mines and minerals and forward to the well operator by
- 6 certified mail, return receipt requested, its mining maps and
- 7 plans (which it is required to prepare, file and update to and
- 8 with the regulatory authority) for the area within five hundred
- feet of the well, together with a notice, on a form furnished 9
- by the director, informing them that the mining maps and 10
- 11 plans are being filed or mailed pursuant to the requirements
- 12 of this section.
- 13 Once these mining maps and plans are filed with the division
- the coal operator may proceed with its underground mining 14
- operations in the manner and as projected on such plans or 15

maps, but shall not remove, without the consent of the director, any coal or other material or cut any passageway nearer than two hundred feet of any completed well or well that is being drilled. The coal operator shall, at least every six months while mining within the five hundred foot area, update its mining maps and plans and file the same with the director and the well operator.

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(b) Application may be made at any time to the director by a coal operator for leave to conduct underground mining operations within two hundred feet of any well or to mine through any well, by petition, duly verified, showing the location of the well, the workings adjacent to the well and the mining operations comtemplated within two hundred feet of the well or through such well, and praying the approval of the same by the director and naming the well operator as a respondent. The coal operator shall file such petition with the director and mail a true copy to the well operator by certified mail, return receipt requested.

The petition shall notify the well operator that it may answer the petition within five days after receipt, and that in default of an answer the director may approve the proposed operations as requested if it be shown by the petitioner or otherwise to the satisfaction of the director that such operations are in accordance with the law and with the provisions of this article. If the well operator files an answer which requests a hearing, one shall be held within ten days of such answer and the director shall fix a time and date and give both the coal operator and well operator five days' written notice of the same by certified mail, return receipt requested. At the hearing, the well operator and coal operator, as well as the director, shall be permitted to offer any competent and relevant evidence. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the director shall grant the request of the coal operator or refuse to grant the same, or make such other decision with respect to such proposed underground operation as in its judgment is just and reasonable under all circumstances and in accordance with law and the provisions of this article: Provided, That a grant by the director of a request to mine through a well shall require an acceptable test to be conducted by the coal operator establishing that such mining through can be done safely.

If a hearing is not requested by the well operator or if the

well operator gives, in writing, its consent to the coal operator to mine within closer than two hundred feet of the specified well, the director shall grant the request of the coal operator within five days after the petition's original five day answer period if the director determines that such operations are just, reasonable and in accordance with law and the provisions of this article.

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The director shall docket and keep a record of all such proceedings. From any such final decision or order of the director, either the well operator or coal operator, or both, may, within ten days, appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the well subject to said petition is located. The procedure in the circuit court shall be substantially as provided in section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, with the director being named as a respondent. From any final order or decree of circuit court, an appeal may be taken to the supreme court of appeals as heretofore provided.

A copy of the document or documents evidencing the action of the director with respect to such petition shall promptly be filed with the director of the division of oil and gas.

(c) Before a coal operator conducts surface or strip mining operations as defined in this chapter, within two hundred feet of any well, including the removal of coal and other material, the operator shall file with the director and furnish to the well operator by certified mail, return receipt requested, its mining maps and plans (which it is required to prepare, file and update to and with the regulatory authority) for the area within two hundred feet of the well, together with a notice, on a form furnished by the director, informing them that the mining maps and plans are being filed or mailed pursuant to the requirements of this section, and representing that the planned operations will not unreasonably interfere with access to or operation of the well and will not damage the well. In addition, the coal operator shall furnish the well operator with evidence that it has in force public liability insurance, with at least the minimum coverage required by article three, of this chapter and the rules and regulations promulgated thereto and thereunder.

Once these mining maps and plans are filed with the director, the coal operator may proceed with its surface or

- 97 strip mining operations in the manner and as projected on such
- 98 plans or maps, so long as such surface mining operations do
- 99 not unreasonably interfere with access to, or operation of, the
- 100 well or do not damage the well.
- 101 (d) The filing of petitions and notices with the director as
- 102 herein provided may be complied with by mailing such petition
- 103 or notice to the director by certified mail, return receipt
- 104 requested.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§22A-2-76. Reopening old or abandoned mines.

- No person, without first giving to the commissioner ten
- 2 days' written notice thereof, shall reopen for any purposes any
- 3 old or abandoned mine wherein water or mine seepage has
- 4 collected or become impounded or exists in such manner or
- 5 quantity that upon the opening of such mine, such water or
- 6 seepage may drain into any stream or watercourse. Such notice
- 7 shall state clearly the name or names of the owner or owners
- 8 of the mine proposed to be opened, its exact location, and the
- 9 time of the proposed opening thereof.
- 10 Upon receipt of such notice, the commissioner shall have
- 11 his representative present at the mine at the time designated
- 12 in the notice for such opening, who shall have full supervision of the work of opening such mine with full authority to direct
- of the work of opening such mine with full authority to direct the work in such manner as to him seems proper and necessary
- the work in such manner as to him seems proper and necessary to prevent the flow of mine water or seepage from such mine
- 16 in such manner or quantity as will kill or be harmful to the
- 17 fish in any stream or watercourse into which such mine water
- 18 seepage may flow directly or indirectly.

§22A-2-77. Monthly report by operator of mine.

- 1 The operator of every coal mine shall, on or before the end
- 2 of each calendar month, file with the director a report covering
- 3 the preceding calendar month on forms furnished by the
- 4 director. Such reports shall state the number of accidents
- 5 which have occurred, the number of persons employed, the
- 6 days worked and the actual tonnage of coal mined.

§22A-2-78. Examinations to determine compliance with permits.

1 Whenever permits are issued by the department of energy,

- 2 frequent examinations shall be made by the mine inspector
- 3 during the tenure of the permit to determine that the
- 4 requirements and limitations of the permit are complied with.

§22A-2-79. Provisions of article severable.

- 1 The various provisions of this article shall be construed as
- 2 separable and severable, and should any of the provisions,
- 3 sentences, clauses, or parts thereof be construed or held
- 4 unconstitutional or for any reason be invalid, the remaining
- 5 provisions of this article shall not be thereby affected.

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA SURFACE COAL MINING AND RECLA-MATION ACT.

- §22A-3-1. Short title.
- §22A-3-2. Legislative findings and purpose; jurisdiction vested in department of energy; authority of commissioner and director of division of mines and minerals; apportionment of responsibility; interdepartmental cooperation.
- §22A-3-3. Definitions.
- §22A-3-4. Reclamation; duties and functions of commissioner.
- §22A-3-5. Surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; appointment and qualifications; salary.
- §22A-3-6. Duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors and inspectors in training.
- §22A-3-7. Notice of intention to prospect, requirements therefor; bonding; commissioner's authority to deny or limit; postponement of reclamation; prohibited acts; exceptions.
- §22A-3-8. Prohibition of surface mining without a permit; permit requirements; successor in interest; duration of permits; proof of insurance; termination of permits; permit fees.
- §22A-3-9. Permit application requirements and contents.
- §22A-3-9a. Application for permit to mine two acres or less; requirements; fee; mining requirements; approval; prevention of attempts to improperly circumvent provisions of this article.
- §22A-3-10. Reclamation plan requirements.
- §22A-3-11. Performance bonds; amount and method of bonding; bonding requirements; special reclamation tax and fund; prohibited acts; period of bond liability.
- §22A-3-12. General environmental protection performance standards for surface mining; variances.
- §22A-3-13. Pilot program for the growing of grapes on reclaimed areas.
- §22A-3-14. General environmental protection performance standards for the surface effects of underground mining; application of other provisions of article to surface effects of underground mining.
- §22A-3-15. Inspections; monitoring; right of entry; inspection of records; identification signs, progress maps.
- §22A-3-16. Cessation of operation by order of inspector; informal conference; imposition of affirmative obligations; appeal.

- §22A-3-17. Notice of violation; procedure and actions; enforcement; permit revocation and bond forfeiture; civil and criminal penalties; appeals to the board; prosecution; injunctive relief.
- §22A-3-18. Approval, denial, revision and prohibition of permit.
- §22A-3-19. Permit revision and renewal requirements; requirements for transfer; assignment and sale of permit rights; and operator reassignment.
- §22A-3-20. Public notice; written objections; public hearings; informal conferences.
- §22A-3-21. Decision of commissioner on permit application; hearing thereon.
- §22A-3-22. Designation of areas unsuitable for surface mining; petition for removal of designation; prohibition of surface mining on certain area; exceptions; taxation of minerals underlying land designated unsuitable.
- §22A-3-23. Release of performance bond or deposits; application; notice; duties of commissioner; public hearings; final maps on grade release.
- §22A-3-24. Water rights and replacement; waiver of replacement.
- §22A-3-25. Citizen suits; order or court; damages.
- §22A-3-26. Surface-mining operations not subject to article.
- §22A-3-27. Leasing of lands owned by state for surface mining of coal.
- §22A-3-28. Special permits for removal of coal incidental to development of land; prohibited acts; application; bond; reclamation for existing abandoned coal processing waste piles.
- §22A-3-29. Existing permits and performance bond conversion; exemption from design criteria.
- §22A-3-30. Experimental practices.
- §22A-3-31. Certification and training of blasters.
- §22A-3-32. Surface miner certification required.
- §22A-3-33. Certification of surface-mine foremen.
- §22A-3-34. Monthly report by operator.
- §22A-3-35. Applicability and enforcement of laws safeguarding life and property; regulations; authority of division of mines and minerals regarding enforcing safety laws.
- §22A-3-36. Conflicting provisions.
- §22A-3-37. Conflict of interest prohibited; criminal penalties therefor; employee protection.
- §22A-3-38. Severability.
- §22A-3-39. Validity of regulations promulgated under section 502(c) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977.
- §22A-3-40. Consolidation of permitting, enforcement and rule-making authority for surface-mining operations; National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; effective date of section.

§22A-3-1. Short Title.

- 1 This article shall be known and cited as the "West Virginia
- 2 Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Act."
- §22A-3-2. Legislative findings and purpose; jurisdiction vested in department of energy; authority of commissioner and director of division of mines and minerals; apportionment of responsibility; interdepartmental cooperation.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that it is essential to the economic
2 and social well-being of the citizens of the state of West
3 Virginia to strike a careful balance between the protection of
4 the environment and the economical mining of coal needed to
5 meet energy requirements.

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Further, the Legislature finds that there is great diversity in terrain, climate, biological, chemical and other physical conditions in parts of this nation where mining is conducted; that the state of West Virginia in particular needs an environmentally sound and economically healthy mining industry; and by reason of the above it may be necessary for the commissioner, as provided in article four, chapter twenty-two of this code to promulgate regulations which vary from federal regulations as is provided for in sections 101 (f) and 201 (c) (9) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 "Public Law 95-87."

Further, the Legislature finds that unregulated surface coal 17 mining operations may result in disturbances of surface and 18 underground areas that burden and adversely affect commerce, 19 public welfare and safety by destroying or diminishing the 20 utility of land for commercial, industrial, residential, 21 recreational, agricultural and forestry purposes; by causing 22 erosion and landslides; by contributing to floods; by polluting 23 the water and river and stream beds; by destroying fish, 24 aquatic life and wildlife habitats; by impairing natural beauty; 25 26 by damaging the property of citizens; by creating hazards dangerous to life and property; and by degrading the quality 27 of life in local communities, all where proper mining and 28 reclamation is not practiced. 29

- 30 (b) Therefore, it is the purpose of this article to:
- 31 (1) Expand the established and effective statewide program 32 to protect the public and the environment from the adverse 33 affects of surface-mining operations;
- (2) Assure that the rights of surface and mineral owners and
 other persons with legal interest in the land or appurtenances
 to land are adequately protected from such operations;
- 37 (3) Assure that surface-mining operations are not conducted where reclamation as required by this article is not feasible;

- 39 (4) Assure that surface-mining operations are conducted in a manner to adequately protect the environment;
- 41 (5) Assure that adequate procedures are undertaken to 42 reclaim surface areas as contemporaneously as possible with 43 the surface-mining operations;

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- (6) Assure that adequate procedures are provided for public participation where appropriate under this article;
- (7) Assure the exercise of the full reach of state common law, statutory and constitutional powers for the protection of the public interest through effective control of surface-mining operations; and
- (8) Assure that the coal production essential to the nation's energy requirements and to the state's economic social well-being is provided.
- 53 (c) In recognition of these findings and purposes, the 54 Legislature hereby vests authority in the commissioner of the 55 department of energy to:
- 56 (1) Administer and enforce the provisions of this article as 57 it relates to surface mining to accomplish the purposes of this 58 article;
- 59 (2) Conduct hearings and conferences or appoint persons to conduct them in accordance with this article;
- 61 (3) Promulgate, administer and enforce regulations pursu-62 ant to this article;
 - (4) Enter into a cooperative agreement with the secretary of the United States department of the interior to provide for state regulations of surface-mining operations on federal lands within West Virginia consistent with section 523 of Public Law 95-87; and
 - (5) Administer and enforce regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter to accomplish the requirements of programs under Public Law 95-87.
 - (d) The commissioner of the department of energy and the director of the division of mines and minerals shall cooperate with respect to departmental programs and records to effect an orderly and harmonious administration of the provisions of this article. The commissioner of the department of energy

- 76 may avail himself of any services which may be provided by
- 77 other state agencies in this state and other states or by agencies
- 78 of the federal government, and may reasonably compensate
- 79 them for such services. Also, he may receive any federal funds,
- 80 state funds or any other funds, and enter into cooperative
- 81 agreements, for the reclamation of land affected by surface
- 82 mining.

§22A-3-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless used in a context that clearly 2 requires a different meaning, the term:

- (a) "Adequate treatment" means treatment of water by
 physical, chemical or other approved methods in a manner so
- 5 that the treated water shall not violate the effluent limitations
- 6 or cause a violation of the water quality standards established
- 7 for the river, stream or drainway into which such water is
- 8 released.

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- 9 (b) "Affected area" means, when used in the context of 10 surface-mining activities, all land and water resources within 11 the permit area which are disturbed or utilized during the term 12 of the permit in the course of surface-mining and reclamation 13 activities. "Affected area" means, when used in the context of 14 underground mining activities, all surface land and water 15 resources affected during the term of the permit (1) by surface 16 operations or facilities incident to underground mining 17 activities or (2) by underground operations.
 - (c) "Adjacent areas" means, for the purpose of permit application, renewal, revision, review and approval, those land and water resources, contiguous to or near a permit area, upon which surface-mining and reclamation operations conducted within a permit area during the life of such operations may have an impact. "Adjacent areas" means, for the purpose of conducting surface-mining and reclamation operations, those land and water resources contiguous to or near the affected area upon which surface-mining and reclamation operations conducted within a permit area during the life of such operations may have an impact.
- (d) "Applicant" means any person who has or should haveapplied for any permit pursuant to this article.
- 31 (e) "Approximate original contour" means that surface

32 configuration achieved by the backfilling and grading of the disturbed areas so that the reclaimed area, including any 33 34 terracing or access roads, closely resembles the general surface 35 configuration of the land prior to mining and blends into and 36 complements the drainage pattern of the surrounding terrain, 37 with all highwalls and spoil piles eliminated: Provided, That 38 water impoundments may be permitted pursuant to subdivi-39 sion (8), subsection (b), section twelve of this article: Provided. 40 however, That minor deviations may be permitted in order to 41 minimize erosion and sedimentation, retain moisture to assist 42 revegetation, or to direct surface runoff.

- 43 (f) "Assessment officer" means an employee of the depart-44 ment, other than a surface-mining reclamation supervisor, 45 inspector or inspector-in-training, appointed by the commis-46 sioner to issue proposed penalty assessments and to conduct 47 informal conferences to review notices, orders and proposed 48 penalty assessments.
 - (g) "Breakthrough" means the release of water which has been trapped or impounded, or the release of air into any underground cavity, pocket or area as a result of surface-mining operations.
- (h) "Coal processing wastes" means earth materials which are or have been combustible, physically unstable, or acidforming or toxic-forming, which are wasted or otherwise separated from product coal, and slurried or otherwise transported from coal processing plants after physical or chemical processing, cleaning or concentrating of coal.
- (i) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of energy or commissioner of energy.
- 61 (j) "Department" means the department of energy.

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- 62 (k) "Director" means the director of the division of mines 63 and minerals.
 - (1) "Disturbed area" means an area where vegetation, topsoil or overburden has been removed or placed by surface-mining operations, and reclamation is incomplete.
- 67 (m) "Division" means the division of mines and minerals of 68 the department of energy.
- 69 (n) "Imminent danger to the health or safety of the public"

70 means the existence of such condition or practice, or any 71 violation of a permit or other requirement of this article, which 72 condition, practice or violation could reasonably be expected 73 to cause substantial physical harm or death to any person 74 outside the permit area before such condition, practice or 75 violation can be abated. A reasonable expectation of death or serious injury before abatement exists if a rational person, 76 77 subjected to the same conditions or practices giving rise to the 78 peril, would not expose himself to the danger during the time 79 necessary for the abatement.

(o) "Minerals" means clay, coal, flagstone, gravel, limestone, manganese, sand, sandstone, shale, iron ore and any other metal or metallurgical ore.

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- (p) "Operation" means those activities conducted by an operator who is subject to the jurisdiction of this article.
- 85 (q) "Operator" means any person who is granted or who 86 should obtain a permit to engage in any activity covered by 87 this article.
 - (r) "Permit" means a permit to conduct surface-mining operations pursuant to this article.
 - (s) "Permit area" means the area of land indicated on the approved proposal map submitted by the operator as part of his application showing the location of perimeter markers and monuments and shall be readily identifiable by appropriate markers on the site.
- 95 (t) "Permittee" means a person holding a permit issued 96 under this article.
 - .(u) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, society, association, trust, corporation, other business entity or any agency, unit or instrumentality of federal, state or local government.
 - (v) "Prime farmland" has the same meaning as that prescribed by the United States secretary of agriculture on the basis of such factors as moisture availability, temperature regime, chemical balance, permeability, surface layer composition, susceptibility to flooding and erosion characteristics, and which historically have been used for intensive agricultural purposes and as published in the federal register.

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- 108 (w) "Surface mine," "surface mining" or "surface-mining 109 operations" means:
- 110 (1) Activities conducted on the surface of lands for the 111 removal of coal, or, subject to the requirements of section 112 fourteen of this article, surface operations and surface impacts 113 incident to an underground coal mine, including the drainage 114 and discharge therefrom. Such activities include excavation for 115 the purpose of obtaining coal, including, but not limited to. 116 such common methods as contour, strip, auger, mountaintop 117 removal, boxcut, openpit and area mining; the uses of 118 explosives and blasting; reclamation in situ distillation or 119 retorting, leaching or other chemical or physical processing; 120 and the cleaning, concentrating, or other processing or 121 preparation, and loading of coal for commercial purposes at 122 or near the mine site; and
- 123 (2) The areas upon which the above activities occur or 124 where such activities disturb the natural land surface. Such 125 areas shall also include any adjacent land, the use of which 126 is incidental to any such activities; all lands affected by the construction of new roads or the improvement or use of existing roads to gain access to the site of such activities and for haulage; and excavations, workings, impoundments, dams, ventilation shafts, entryways, refuse banks, dumps, stockpiles, overburden piles, spoil banks, culm banks, tailings, holes or depressions, repair areas, storage areas, processing areas, shipping areas and other areas upon which are sited structures, facilities, or other property or materials on the surface, resulting from or incident to such activities: Provided. That such activities do not include the extraction of coal incidental to the extraction of other minerals where coal does not exceed sixteen and two-thirds percent of the tonnage of minerals removed for purposes of commercial use or sale, or coal prospecting subject to section seven of this article: Provided, however, That permanent facilities not within the area being mined and not directly involved in the excavation, loading, storage or processing of the coal shall not be subject to the provisions of this article. Such facilities include, but are not limited to, offices, garages, bathhouses, parking areas, and maintenance and supply areas.
 - (x) "Underground mine" means the surface effects associated with the shaft, slopes, drifts or inclines connected with

excavations penetrating coal seams or strata and the equipment connected therewith which contribute directly or indirectly to the mining, preparation or handling of coal.

(y) "Significant, imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources" means the existence of any condition or practice, or any violation of a permit or other requirement of this article, which condition, practice or violation could reasonably be expected to cause significant and imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources. The term "environmental harm" means any adverse impact on land, air or water resources, including, but not limited to, plant, wildlife and fish, and the environmental harm is imminent if a condition or practice exists which is causing such harm or may reasonably be expected to cause such harm at any time before the end of the abatement time set by the commissioner. Any environmental harm is significant if that harm is appreciable and not immediately repairable.

§22A-3-4. Reclamation; duties and functions of commissioner.

- (a) The commissioner shall administer the provisions of this article relating to surface-mining operations. The commissioner shall have within his jurisdiction and supervision all lands and areas of state, mined or susceptible of being mined, for the removal of coal and all other lands and areas of the state deforested, burned over, barren or otherwise denuded, unproductive and subject to soil erosion and waste. Included within such lands and areas shall be lands seared and denuded by chemical operations and processes, abandoned coal mining areas, swamplands, lands and areas subject to flowage easements and backwaters from river locks and dams, and river, stream, lake and pond shore areas subject to soil erosion and waste. The jurisdiction and supervision exercised by the commissioner shall be consistent with other provisions of this chapter.
 - (b) The commissioner shall have the authority to:
 - (1) Promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement the provisions of this article: *Provided*, That the commissioner shall give notice by publication of the public hearing required in article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*, however. That any forms, handbooks or similar materials

- 23 having the effect of a rule or regulation as defined in article
- 24 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code were issued,
- developed or distributed by the commissioner pursuant to or as a result of a rule or regulation, shall be subject to the
- as a result of a rule or regulation, shall be subject to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
- 28 (2) Make investigations or inspections necessary to ensure complete compliance with the provisions of this code;
- 30 (3) Conduct hearings or appoint persons to conduct 31 hearings under provisions of this article or rules and 32 regulations adopted by the commissioner; and for the purpose 33 of any investigation or hearing hereunder, the commissioner, 34 or his designated representative, may administer oaths or 35 affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, 36 take evidence and require production of any books, papers, 37 correspondence, memoranda, agreements or other documents 38 or records relevant or material to the inquiry;
- (4) Enforce the provisions of this article as provided herein;and
- 41 (5) Appoint such advisory committees as may be of 42 assistance to the commissioner in the development of programs 43 and policies: *Provided*, That such advisory committees shall, 44 in each instance, include members representative of the general 45 public.
- 46 (c)(1) After the commissioner has adopted the regulations 47 required by this article, any person may petition the 48 commissioner to initiate a proceeding for the issuance, 49 amendment or appeal of a rule under this article.
- 50 (2) The petition shall be filed with the commissioner and shall set forth the facts which support the issuance, amendment or appeal of a rule under this article.

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- (3) The commissioner may hold a public hearing or may conduct such investigation or proceeding as he considers appropriate in order to determine whether the petition should be granted or denied.
- 57 (4) Within ninety days after filing of a petition described in 58 subdivision (1) of this subsection, the commissioner shall either 59 grant or deny the petition. If the commissioner grants the 60 petition, he shall promptly commence an appropriate

- 61 proceeding in accordance with the provisions of chapter
- 62 twenty-nine-a of this code. If the commissioner denies the
- 63 petition, he shall notify the petitioner in writing setting forth
- 64 the reasons for the denial.

§22A-3-5. Surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; appointment and qualifications; salary.

- 1 The commissioner shall determine the number of surface-
- 2 mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors needed to carry
- 3 out the purposes of this article and appoint them as such. All
- 4 such appointees shall be qualified civil service employees, but
- 5 no person shall be eligible for such appointment until he has
- 6 served in a probationary status for a period of one year to
- 7 the satisfaction of the commissioner.
- 8 Every surface-mining reclamation supervisor shall be paid
- 9 not less than thirty thousand dollars per year. Every surface
- 10 mining reclamation inspector shall be paid not less than
- 11 twenty-five thousand dollars per year.

§22A-3-6. Duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors and inspectors in training.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in this article, surface-mining
- 2 reclamation inspectors and inspectors in training shall make
- 3 all necessary surveys and inspections of surface-mining
- 4 operations required by the provisions of this article, shall
- 5 administer and enforce all surface-mining laws, rules and
- regulations, and shall perform such other duties and services
- 7 as may be prescribed by the commissioner. Such inspectors
- 8 shall give particular attention to all conditions of each permit
- 9 to ensure complete compliance therewith. Such inspectors shall 10 note and describe all violations of this article and immediately
- note and describe all violations of this article and immediately
- 11 report such violations to the commissioner in writing,
- 12 furnishing at the same time a copy of such report to the
- 13 operator concerned.

§22A-3-7. Notice of intention to prospect, requirements therefor; bonding; commissioner's authority to deny or limit; postponement of reclamation; prohibited acts; exceptions.

- 1 (a) Any person intending to prospect for coal in an area not
- 2 covered by a surface-mining permit, in order to determine the
- 3 location, quantity or quality of a natural coal deposit, making

feasibility studies or for any other purpose shall file with the commissioner, at least fifteen days prior to commencement of any disturbance associated with prospecting, a notice of intention to prospect, which notice shall include a description of the prospecting area, the period of supposed prospecting and such other information as required by rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to this section: Provided. That prior to the commencement of such prospecting, the commissioner may issue an order denying or limiting permission to prospect where he finds that prospecting operations will damage or destroy a unique natural area, or will cause serious harm to water quality, or that the operator has failed to satisfactorily reclaim other prospecting sites, or that there has been an abuse of prospecting by previous prospecting operations in the area.

- (b) Notice of intention to prospect shall be made in writing on forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The notice shall be accompanied by (1) a United States geological survey topographic map showing by proper marking the crop line and the name, where known, of the seam or seams to be prospected, and (2) a bond, or cash, or collateral securities or certificates of the same type and form and in the same manner as provided in section eleven of this article, in the amount of five hundred dollars per acre or fraction thereof for the total estimated disturbed area. If such bond is used, it shall be payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned that the operator shall faithfully perform the requirements of this article as they relate to backfilling and revegetation of the disturbed area.
- (c) Any person prospecting under the provisions of this section shall ensure that such prospecting is conducted in accordance with the performance standards in section twelve of this article for all lands disturbed in explorations, including excavations, roads, drill holes, and the removal of necessary facilities and equipment.
- (d) Information submitted to the commissioner pursuant to this section as confidential, concerning trade secrets or privileged commercial or financial information, which relates to the competitive rights of the person or entity intended to prospect the described area, shall not be available for public examination.

- 44 (e) Any person who conducts any prospecting activities 45 which substantially disturb the natural land surface in 46 violation of this section or regulations issued pursuant thereto 47 shall be subject to the provisions of sections sixteen and 48 seventeen of this article.
- 49 (f) No operator shall remove more than two hundred and 50 fifty tons of coal without the specific written approval of the commissioner.

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- (g) The bond accompanying said notice of intention to prospect shall be released by the commissioner when the operator demonstrates that a permanent species of vegetative cover is established.
- 56 (h) In the event an operator desires to mine the area currently being prospected, and has requested and received an 57 appropriate surface mine application (S.M.A.) number, the 58 commissioner may permit the postponement of the reclama-59 tion of the area prospected. Any part of a prospecting 60 operation, where reclamation has not been postponed as 6 I provided above, shall be reclaimed within a period of three 62 months from disturbance. 63
- 64 (i) For the purpose of this section, the word "prospect" or 65 "prospecting" does not include core drilling related solely to 66 taxation or highway construction.
- §22A-3-8. Prohibition of surface mining without a permit; permit requirements; successor in interest; duration of permits; proof of insurance; termination of permits; permit fees.

No person may engage in surface-mining operations unless such person has first obtained a permit from the commissioner in accordance with the following:

- (a) Within two months after the secretary of the interior approves a permanent state program for West Virginia, all surface-mining operators shall file an application for a permit or modification of a valid existing permit or underground opening approval relating to those lands to be mined eight months after that approval.
- (b) No later than eight months after the secretary's approval
 of a permanent state program for West Virginia, no person

may engage in or carry out, on lands within this state, any surface-mining operations unless such person has first obtained a permit from the commissioner: *Provided*, That those persons conducting such operations under a permit or underground opening approval issued in accordance with section 502 (c) of Public Law 95-87, and in compliance therewith, may conduct such operations beyond such period if an application for a permit or modification of a valid existing permit or underground opening approval was filed within two months after the secretary's approval, and the administrative decision pertaining to the granting or denying of such permit has not been made by the commissioner.

- (c) All permits issued pursuant to the requirements of this article shall be issued for a term not to exceed five years: Provided. That if the applicant demonstrates that a specified longer term is reasonably needed to allow the applicant to obtain necessary financing for equipment and the opening of the operation, and if the application is full and complete for such specified longer term, the commissioner may extend a permit for such longer term: Provided, however. That subject to the prior approval of the commissioner, a successor in interest to a permittee who applies for a new permit within thirty days of succeeding to such interest, and who is able to obtain the bond coverage of the original permittee, may continue surface-mining and reclamation operations according to the approved mining and reclamation plan of the original permittee until such successor's application is granted or denied.
- (d) Proof of insurance shall be required on an annual basis.
- (e) A permit shall terminate if the permittee has not commenced the surface-mining operations covered by such permit within three years of the date the permit was issued: Provided, That the commissioner may grant reasonable extensions of time upon a showing that such extensions are necessary by reason of litigation precluding such commencement, or threatening, substantial economic loss to the permittee, or by reason of conditions beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the permittee: Provided, however, That with respect to coal to be mined for use in a synthetic fuel facility or specific major electric generating facility, the permittee shall be deemed to have commenced

- 53 surface-mining operations at such time as the construction of 54 the synthetic fuel or generating facility is initiated.
- 55 (f) Each application for a new surface-mining permit filed 56 pursuant to this article shall be accompanied by a fee of five 57 hundred dollars. All permit fees provided for in this section 58 or elsewhere in this article shall be collected by the commis-59 sioner and deposited with the treasurer of the state of West 60 Virginia to the credit of the operating permit fees fund and 61 shall be used, upon requisition of the commissioner, for the 62 administration of this article.
- 63 (g) Prior to the issuance of any permit, the commissioner of energy shall ascertain from the commissioner of labor 64 65 compliance with section fourteen, article five, chapter twenty-66 one of this code. Upon issuance of the permit, the commis-67 sioner of energy shall forward a copy to the commissioner of 68 labor, who shall assure continued compliance under such 69 permit.

§22A-3-9. Permit application requirements and contents.

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- (a) The surface-mining permit application shall contain:
- 2 (1) The names and addresses of: (A) The permit applicant; 3 (B) the owner of record of the property, surface and mineral, to be mined; (C) the holders of record of any leasehold interest 4 5 in the property; (D) any purchaser of record of the property 6 under a real estate contract; (E) the operator, if he is a person 7 different from the applicant; and (F) if any of these are 8 business entities other than a single proprietor, the names and 9 addresses of the principals, officers and resident agent;
- (2) The names and addresses of the owners of record of all 10 11 surface and subsurface areas contiguous to any part of the proposed permit area: Provided, That all residents living on 12 13 property contiguous to the proposed permit area shall be notified by the applicant, by registered or certified mail, of 14 such application on or before the first day of publication of 15 the notice provided for in subdivision (6) of this subsection; 16
- (3) A statement of any current surface-mining permits held 17 by the applicant in the state and the permit number and each 18 pending application;
 - (4) If the applicant is a partnership, corporation, association

21 or other business entity, the following where applicable: The 22 names and addresses of every officer, partner, resident agent, 23 director or person performing a function similar to a director, 24 together with the names and addresses of any person owning 25 of record ten percent or more of any class of voting stock of the applicant; and a list of all names under which the 26 27 applicant, officer, director, partner or principal shareholder 28 previously operated a surface-mining operation in the United 29 States within the five-year period preceding the date of 30 submission of the application;

- 31 (5) A statement of whether the applicant, or any officer. 32 partner, director, principal shareholder of the applicant, any 33 subsidiary, affiliate or persons controlled by or under common 34 control with the applicant, has ever been an officer, partner. 35 director or principal shareholder in a company which has ever held a federal or state mining permit which in the five-year 36 37 period prior to the date of submission of the application has 38 been permanently suspended or revoked or has had a mining 39 bond or similar security deposited in lieu of bond forfeited 40 and, if so, a brief explanation of the facts involved;
- 41 (6) A copy of the applicant's advertisement to be published 42 in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality of the 43 proposed permit area at least once a week for four successive weeks. The advertisement shall contain in abbreviated form the 44 information required by this section including the ownership 45 46 and map of the tract location and boundaries of the proposed 47 site so that the proposed operation is readily locatable by local 48 residents, the location of the office of the department of energy 49 where the application is available for public inspection and 50 stating that written protests will be accepted by the commissioner until a certain date which shall be at least thirty days 51 after the last publication of the applicant's advertisement; 52
- 53 (7) A description of the type and method of surface-mining 54 operation that exists or is proposed, the engineering techniques 55 used or proposed, and the equipment used or proposed to be 56 used;
- 57 (8) The anticipated starting and termination dates of each 58 phase of the surface-mining operation and the number of acres 59 of land to be affected;
 - (9) A description of the legal documents upon which the

applicant bases his legal right to enter and conduct surfacemining operations on the proposed permit area and whether that right is the subject of pending court litigation: *Provided*, That nothing in this article may be construed as vesting in the commissioner the jurisdiction to adjudicate property-rights disputes;

67 (10) The name of the watershed and location of the surface 68 stream or tributary into which surface and pit drainage will 69 be discharged;

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- (11) A determination of the probable hydrologic consequences of the mining and reclamation operations, both on and off the mine site, with respect to the hydrologic regime, quantity and quality of water in surface and ground water systems, including the dissolved and suspended solids under seasonal flow conditions and the collection of sufficient data for the mine site and surrounding areas so that an assessment can be made by the commissioner of the probable cumulative impacts of all anticipated mining in the area upon the hydrology of the area, and particularly upon water availability: Provided, That this determination shall not be required until such time as hydrologic information on the general area prior to mining is made available from an appropriate federal or state agency or, if existing and in the possession of the applicant, from the applicant: Provided, however, That the permit application shall not be approved until the information is available and is incorporated into the application;
- (12) Accurate maps to an appropriate scale clearly showing:
 (A) The land to be affected as of the date of application; (B) the area of land within the permit area upon which the applicant has the legal right to enter and conduct surface-mining operations; and (C) all types of information set forth on enlarged topographical maps of the United States geological survey of a scale of 1:24,000 or larger, including all man-made features and significant known archaeological sites existing on the date of application. In addition to other things specified by the commissioner, the map shall show the boundary lines and names of present owners of record of all surface areas abutting the proposed permit area and the location of all structures within one thousand feet of the proposed permit area;

- 101 (13) Cross-section maps or plans of the proposed affected 102 area, including the actual area to be mined, prepared by or 103 under the direction of and certified by a person approved by 104 the commissioner, showing pertinent elevation and location of 105 test borings or core samplings, where required by the 106 commissioner, and depicting the following information: (A) 107 The nature and depth of the various strata or overburden: (B) 108 the location of subsurface water, if encountered, and its 109 quality; (C) the nature and thickness of any coal or rider seams 110 above the seam to be mined; (D) the nature of the stratum 111 immediately beneath the coal seam to be mined: (E) all mineral 112 crop lines and the strike and dip of the coal to be mined, 113 within the area of land to be affected; (F) existing or previous 114 surface-mining limits: (G) the location and extent of known 115 workings of any underground mines, including mine openings 116 to the surface; (H) the location of any significant aquifers; (I) 117 the estimated elevation of the water table; (J) the location of 118 spoil, waste or refuse areas and topsoil preservation areas; (K) 119 the location of all impoundments for waste or erosion control; 120 (L) any settling or water treatment facility or drainage system; 121 (M) constructed or natural drainways and the location of any 122 discharges to any surface body of water on the area of land 123 to be affected or adjacent thereto; and (N) adequate profiles 124 at appropriate cross sections of the anticipated final surface 125 configuration that will be achieved pursuant to the operator's 126 proposed reclamation plan:
- 127 (14) A statement of the result of test borings or core samples 128 from the permit area, including: (A) Logs of the drill holes; 129 (B) the thickness of the coal seam to be mined and analysis 130 of the chemical and physical properties of the coal; (C) the 131 sulfur content of any coal seam; (D) chemical analysis of 132 potentially acid or toxic forming sections of the overburden; and (E) chemical analysis of the stratum lying immediately 133 134 underneath the coal to be mined: Provided, That the 135 provisions of this subdivision may be waived by the commis-136 sioner with respect to the specific application by a written 137 determination that such requirements are unnecessary;
- 138 (15) For those lands in the permit application which a 139 reconnaissance inspection suggests may be prime farmlands, a 140 soil survey shall be made or obtained according to standards 141 established by the secretary of agriculture in order to confirm

142 the exact location of such prime farmlands;

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- (16) A reclamation plan as presented in section ten of this article;
- 145 (17) Information pertaining to coal seams, test borings, core 146 samplings or soil samples as required by this section shall be made available to any person with an interest which is or may 147 148 be adversely affected: Provided. That information which 149 pertains only to the analysis of the chemical and physical properties of the coal, except information regarding mineral 150 or elemental content which is potentially toxic to the 151 152 environment, shall be kept confidential and not made a matter 153 of public record;
- 154 (18) When requested by the commissioner, the climatolog-155 ical factors that are peculiar to the locality of the land to be 156 affected, including the average seasonal precipitation, the 157 average direction and velocity of prevailing winds, and the 158 seasonal temperature ranges; and
- 159 (19) Other information that may be required by rules and 160 regulations reasonably necessary to effectuate the purposes of 161 this article.
 - (b) If the commissioner finds that the probable total annual production at all locations of any coal surface-mining operator will not exceed one hundred thousand tons, the determination of probable hydrologic consequences and the statement of the result of test borings or core samplings shall, upon the written request of the operator, be performed by a qualified public or private laboratory designated by the commissioner and a reasonable cost of the preparation of such determination and statement shall be assumed by the department from funds provided by the United States department of the interior pursuant to Public Law 95-87.
 - (c) Before the first publication of the applicant's advertisement, each applicant for a surface-mining permit shall file, except for that information pertaining to the coal seam itself, a copy of the application for public inspection in the nearest office of the department of energy as specified in the applicant's advertisement.
- (d) Each applicant for a permit shall be required to submit to the commissioner as part of the permit application a

181 certificate issued by an insurance company authorized to do 182 business in this state covering the surface-mining operation for 183 which the permit is sought, or evidence that the applicant has 184 satisfied state self-insurance requirements. The policy shall 185 provide for personal injury and property damage protection 186 in an amount adequate to compensate any persons damaged 187 as a result of surface coal mining and reclamation operations, 188 including use of explosives, and entitled to compensation 189 under the applicable provisions of state law. The policy shall 190 be maintained in full force and effect during the terms of the 191 permit or any renewal, including the length of all reclamation 192 operations.

(e) Each applicant for a surface-mining permit shall submit to the commissioner as part of the permit application a blasting plan where explosives are to be used, which shall outline the procedures and standards by which the operator will meet the provisions of the blasting performance standards.

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- 198 (f) The applicant shall file as part of his permit application 199 a schedule listing all notices of violation, bond forfeitures, 200 permit revocations, cessation orders or permanent suspension 201 orders resulting from a violation of Public Law 95-87, this 202 article or any law or regulation of the United States or any 203 department or agency of any state pertaining to air or 204 environmental protection received by the applicant in 205 connection with any surface-mining operation during the 206 three-year period prior to the date of application, and 207 indicating the final resolution of any notice of violation, 208 forfeiture, revocation, cessation or permanent suspension.
- 209 (g) Within five working days of receipt of an application for 210 a permit, the commissioner shall notify the operator in writing, 211 stating whether the application is complete and whether the 212 operator's advertisement may be published. If the application 213 is not complete, the commissioner shall state in writing why 214 the application is incomplete.
- §22A-3-9a. Application for permit to mine two acres or less; requirements; fee; mining requirements; approval; prevention of attempts to improperly circumvent provisions of this article.
 - 1 (a) Application for a permit to engage in surface mining of 2 two acres or less shall be made in writing on forms prescribed

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by the director and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The application shall be accompanied by:

- (1) Accurate maps prepared by or under the direction of and certified by a person approved by the director, to an appropriate scale clearly showing: The land to be affected as of the date of application; the area of land within the permit area upon which the applicant has the legal right to enter and conduct surface-mining operations; and all types of information set forth on enlarged topographical maps of the United 12 States geological survey of a scale of 1:24,000 or larger, 13 including all man-made features and significant known archaeological sites existing on the date of application. In 14 15 addition to other things specified by the director, the map shall 16 show: The boundary lines and names of present owners of 17 record of all surface areas abutting the proposed permit area; 18 the location of all structures within one thousand feet of the 19 proposed area; and cross-section maps or plans of the 20 proposed affected area, including the actual area to be mined;
- 21 (2) The name of owner of the surface of the land to be 22 mined:
- 23 (3) The name of owner of the coal to be mined;
 - (4) A reasonable estimate of the number of acres of coal that would be mined: Provided, That in no event may such number of acres to be mined exceed two acres:
- (5) Representative cross-sections showing existing and 27 28 proposed site conditions;
- 29 (6) A reclamation plan as presented in section eleven of this 30 article;
 - (7) A certificate of insurance certifying that the applicant has in force a public liability insurance policy issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state affording personal injury protection in accordance with subsection (d), section ten of this article;
 - (8) A bond, or cash or collateral securities or certificates of the same type, in the form as prescribed by the director and in the minimum amount of five thousand dollars per acre, for a maximum disturbance of two acres, exclusive of roadways and temporary spoil placement. The bond shall be payable to

- the state of West Virginia and conditioned that the applicant shall complete regrading to approximate original contour and revegetation of all disturbed areas; and
- 44 (9) A copy of the applicant's advertisement to be published 45 for at least one week in a newspaper of general circulation in 46 the locality of the proposed permit area.

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- (b) A filing fee for the permit in the amount of five hundred dollars. The permit is valid for a period of five years.
- 49 (c) A permittee under this section shall conduct surface-50 mining operations so as to minimize the disturbances to the 51 prevailing hydrologic balance at the mine site and in associated 52 off-site areas and to the quality and quantity of water in 53 surface and ground water systems both during and after 54 surface-mining operations and during reclamation by: 55 Avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage; and conducting 56 surface-mining operations so as to prevent to the extent 57 possible, using the best technology currently available, 58 additional contributions of suspended solids to streamflow or 59 runoff outside the permit area, but in no event may 60 contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable 61 state law
- 62 (d) Due to the two acre maximum of disturbed area, the 63 director shall promulgate rules to authorize the director to 64 tentatively approve permits. Such rules shall also provide that 65 final approval shall be granted or denied within thirty days 66 of submission of the application.
- 67 (e) Two or more operations will have to meet all three of the following components before being considered related:
- 69 (1) They must occur within twelve months of each other;
- 70 (2) They are physically related in that drainage from both 71 operations flow into the same watershed at or before a point 72 within five aerial miles of either operation; and
- 73 (3) They are under common ownership or control, directly or indirectly.

§22A-3-10. Reclamation plan requirements.

1 (a) Each reclamation plan submitted as part of a surface-2 mining permit application shall include, in the degree of detail

necessary to demonstrate that reclamation required by this
 article can be accomplished, a statement of:

- (1) The identification of the lands subject to surface mining over the estimated life of these operations and the size, sequence and timing of the operations for which it is anticipated that individual permits for mining will be sought;
- (2) The condition of the land to be covered by the permit prior to any mining, including: (A) The uses existing at the time of the application and, if such land has a history of previous mining, the uses which preceded any mining; (B) the capability of the land prior to any mining to support a variety of uses, giving consideration to soil and foundation characteristics, topography and vegetation cover and, if applicable, a soil survey prepared pursuant to subdivision (15), subsection (a), section nine of this article; and (C) the best information available on the productivity of the land prior to mining, including appropriate classification as prime farm lands, and the average yield of food, fiber, forage or wood products from such lands obtained under high levels of management;
- (3) The use which is proposed to be made of the land following reclamation, including a discussion of the utility and capacity of the reclaimed land to support a variety of alternative uses and the relationship of such use to existing land use policies and plans, and the comments of any owner of the surface, other state agencies and local governments, which would have to initiate, implement, approve or authorize the proposed use of the land following reclamation;
- (4) A detailed description of how the proposed post mining land use is to be achieved and the necessary support activities which may be needed to achieve the proposed land use;
- (5) The engineering techniques proposed to be used in mining and reclamation and a description of the major equipment; a plan for the control of surface water drainage and of water accumulation; a plan where appropriate, for backfilling, soil stabilization and compacting, grading, revegetation and a plan for soil reconstruction, replacement and stabilization pursuant to the performance standards in subdivision (7), subsection (b), section twelve of this article for those food, forage and forest lands identified therein; and a statement as to how the operator plans to comply with each

- of the applicable requirements set out in section twelve or thirteen of this article;
- 45 (6) A detailed estimated timetable for the accomplishment 46 of each major step in the reclamation plan;
- 47 (7) The consideration which has been given to conducting 48 surface-mining operations in a manner consistent with surface 49 owner plans and applicable state and local land use plans and 50 programs;
- 51 (8) The steps to be taken to comply with applicable air and 52 water quality laws and regulations and any applicable health 53 and safety standards;

- (9) The consideration which has been given to developing the reclamation plan in a manner consistent with local physical environmental and climatological conditions;
- (10) All lands, interests in lands or options on such interests held by the applicant or pending bids on interests in lands by the applicant, which lands are contiguous to the area to be covered by the permit;
- (11) A detailed description of the measures to be taken during the surface-mining and reclamation process to assure the protection of: (A) The quality of surface and ground water systems, both on- and off-site, from adverse effects of the surface-mining operation; (B) the rights of present users to such water; and (C) the quantity of surface and ground water systems, both on- and off-site, from adverse effects of the surface-mining operation or to provide alternative sources of water where such protection of quantity cannot be assured;
- (12) The results of tests borings which the applicant has made at the area to be covered by the permit, or other equivalent information and data in a form satisfactory to the commissioner, including the location of subsurface water, and an analysis of the chemical properties, including acid forming properties of the mineral and overburden: *Provided*, That information which pertains only to the analysis of the chemical and physical properties of the coal, except information regarding such mineral or elemental contents which are potentially toxic in the environment, shall be kept confidential and not made a matter of public record;

- 81 (13) The consideration which has been given to maximize 82 the utilization and conservation of the solid fuel resource being 83 recovered so that reaffecting the land in the future can be 84 minimized; and
- 85 (14) Such other requirements as the commissioner may prescribe by regulation.
- 87 (b) The reclamation plan shall be available to the public for 88 review except for those portions thereof specifically exempted 89 in subsection (a) of this section.

§22A-3-11. Performance bonds; amount and method of bonding; bonding requirements; special reclamation tax and fund; prohibited acts; period of bond liability.

- (a) After a surface-mining permit application has been 1 2 approved pursuant to this article, but before a permit has been issued, each operator shall furnish bond, on a form to be prescribed and furnished by the commissioner, payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned upon the operator faithfully performing all of the requirements of this article and 7 of the permit. The amount of the bond shall be one thousand 8 dollars for each acre or fraction thereof. The bond shall cover (1) the entire permit area, or (2) that increment of land within 9 10 the permit area upon which the operator will initiate and 11 conduct surface-mining and reclamation operations within the 12 initial term of the permit. If the operator chooses to use 13 incremental bonding, as succeeding increments of surface 14 mining and reclamation operations are to be initiated and 15 conducted within the permit area, the operator shall file with 16 the commissioner an additional bond or bonds to cover such 17 increments in accordance with this section: Provided, That once the operator has chosen to proceed with bonding either 18 19 the entire permit area or with incremental bonding, he shall continue bonding in that manner for the term of the permit: 20 21 Provided, however, That the minimum amount of bond furnished shall be ten thousand dollars. 22
- 23 (b) The period of liability for performance bond coverage 24 shall commence with issuance of a permit and continue for 25 the full term of the permit plus any additional period necessary 26 to achieve compliance with the requirements in the reclamation 27 plan of the permit.

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(c) (1) The form of the performance bond shall be approved by the commissioner and may include, at the option of the operator, surety bonding, collateral bonding (including cash and securities), establishment of an escrow account, selfbonding or a combination of these methods. If collateral bonding is used, the operator may elect to deposit cash, or collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of the United States or its possessions, of the federal land bank, or of the homeowners' loan corporation; full faith and credit general obligation bonds of the state of West Virginia, or other states, and of any county, district or municipality of the state of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, which certificates shall be in favor of the department. The cash deposit or market value of such securities or certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of the bond. The commissioner shall, upon receipt of any such deposit of cash, securities or certificates, promptly place the same with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia whose duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which the deposit is made when the permit is issued. The operator making the deposit shall be entitled from time to time to receive from the state treasurer, upon the written approval of the commissioner, the whole or any portion of any cash, securities or certificates so deposited, upon depositing with him in lieu thereof, cash or other securities or certificates of the classes herein specified having value equal to or greater than the sum of the bond.

- (2) The commissioner may approve an alternative bonding system if it will (A) reasonably assure that sufficient funds will be available to complete the reclamation, restoration and abatement provisions for all permit areas which may be in default at any time, and (B) provide a substantial economic incentive for the permittee to comply with all reclamation provisions.
- (d) The commissioner may accept the bond of the applicant itself without separate surety when the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner the existence of a suitable agent to receive service of process and a history of financial solvency and continuous operation sufficient for authorization to self-insure.
 - (e) It shall be unlawful for the owner of surface or mineral

rights to interfere with the present operator in the discharge of his obligations to the state for the reclamation of lands disturbed by him.

72 (f) All bond releases shall be accomplished in accordance 73 with the provisions of section twenty-three of this article.

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(g) All special reclamation taxes deposited by the commissioner with the treasurer or the state of West Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation fund prior to the effective date of this article shall be transferred to the special reclamation fund created by this section and shall be expended pursuant to the provisions of this subsection: Provided, That no taxes transferred into the special reclamation fund created by this section shall be subject to refund. The fund shall be administered by the commissioner, and he is authorized to expend the moneys in the fund for the reclamation and rehabilitation of lands which were subjected to permitted surface-mining operations and abandoned after the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, where the amount of the bond posted and forfeited on such land is less than the actual cost of reclamation. The commissioner may also expend such amounts as are reasonably necessary to implement and administer the provisions of this chapter and chapters twenty-two-a and twenty-two-b of this code.

Whenever the special reclamation fund established by this subsection sinks below one million dollars at the end of any given quarterly period, every person then conducting coal surface-mining operations shall contribute into said fund a sum equal to one cent per ton of clean coal mined thereafter. This fee shall be collected by the state tax commissioner in the same manner as the West Virginia business and occupation tax in accordance with the provisions of chapter eleven of this code and shall be deposited by him with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation fund. At the beginning of each quarter, the commissioner shall advise the state tax commissioner and the governor of the assets, excluding payments, expenditures and liabilities, in the fund. If such assets are below one million dollars, a notice of assessment shall be given to all operators by the state tax commissioner and the one cent per ton assessment shall be collected until the end of the quarter in which the fund's assets, excluding payments, expenditures and liabilities are in excess 110 of two million dollars.

§22A-3-12. General environmental protection performance standards for surface mining; variances.

- (a) Any permit issued by the commissioner pursuant to this article to conduct surface-mining operations shall require that such surface-mining operations will meet all applicable performance standards of this article, and other requirements as the commissioner shall promulgate.
- (b) The following general performance standards shall be applicable to all surface mines and shall require the operation as a minimum to:
- (1) Maximize the utilization and conservation of the solid fuel resource being recovered to minimize reaffecting the land in the future through surface mining;
- (2) Restore the land affected to a condition capable of supporting the uses which it was capable of supporting prior to any mining, or higher or better uses of which there is reasonable likelihood so long as the use or uses do not present any actual or probable hazard to public health or safety or pose any actual or probable threat of water diminution or pollution, and the permit applicants' declared proposed land use following reclamation is not deemed to be impractical or unreasonable, inconsistent with applicable land use policies and plans, involves unreasonable delay in implementation, or is violative of federal, state or local law;
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, with respect to all surface mines, backfill, compact where advisable to ensure stability or to prevent leaching of toxic materials, and grade in order to restore the approximate original contour: Provided, That in surface mining which is carried out at the same location over a substantial period of time where the operation transects the coal deposit, and the thickness of the coal deposits relative to the volume of the overburden is large and where the operator demonstrates that the overburden and other spoil and waste materials at a particular point in the permit area or otherwise available from the entire permit area is insufficient, giving due consideration to volumetric expansion, to restore the approximate original contour, the operator, at a minimum, shall backfill, grade and compact,

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where advisable, using all available overburden and other spoil and waste materials to attain the lowest practicable grade but not more than the angle of repose, to provide adequate drainage and to cover all acid-forming and other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically sound land use compatible with the surrounding region: Provided, however, That in surface mining where the volume of overburden is large relative to the thickness of the coal deposit and where the operator demonstrates that due to volumetric expansion the amount of overburden and other spoil and waste materials removed in the course of the mining operation is more than sufficient to restore the approximate original contour, the operator shall, after restoring the approximate contour, backfill, grade and compact, where advisable, the excess overburden and other spoil and waste materials to attain the lowest grade but not more than the angle of repose, and to cover all acid-forming and other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically sound land use compatible with the surrounding region and, such overburden or spoil shall be shaped and graded in such a way as to prevent slides, erosion and water pollution and is revegetated in accordance with the requirements of this article: Provided, further, That the commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations governing variances to the requirements for return to approximate original contour or highwall elimination and where adequate material is not available from surface-mining operations permitted after the effective date of this article for (A) underground mining operations existing prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, or (B) for areas upon which surface mining prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, created highwalls;

- (4) Stabilize and protect all surface areas, including spoil piles, affected by the surface-mining operation to effectively control erosion and attendant air and water pollution;
- (5) Remove the topsoil from the land in a separate layer, replace it on the backfill area, or if not utilized immediately, segregate it in a separate pile from other spoil and, when the topsoil is not replaced on a backfill area within a time short enough to avoid deterioration of the topsoil, maintain a successful vegetative cover by quick growing plants or by other

78 similar means in order to protect topsoil from wind and water 79 erosion and keep it free of any contamination by other acid 80 or toxic material: Provided, That if topsoil is of insufficient 81 quantity or of poor quality for sustaining vegetation, or if 82 other strata can be shown to be more suitable for vegetation 83 requirements, then the operator shall remove, segregate and 84 preserve in a like manner such other strata which is best able 85 to support vegetation;

- 86 (6) Restore the topsoil or the best available subsoil which 87 is best able to support vegetation;
- 88 (7) Ensure that all prime farm lands are mined and 89 reclaimed in accordance with the specifications for soil 90 removal, storage, replacement and reconstruction established 91 by the United States secretary of agriculture and the soil 92 conservation service pertaining thereto. The operator, as a 93 minimum, shall be required to: (A) Segregate the A horizon 94 of the natural soil, except where it can be shown that other 95 available soil materials will create a final soil having a greater 96 productive capacity, and if not utilized immediately, stockpile 97 this material separately from other spoil, and provide needed 98 protection from wind and water erosion or contamination by 99 other acid or toxic material; (B) segregate the B horizon of 100 the natural soil, or underlying C horizons or other strata, or 101 a combination of such horizons or other strata that are shown 102 to be both texturally and chemically suitable for plant growth 103 and that can be shown to be equally or more favorable for plant growth than the B horizon, in sufficient quantities to 104 create in the regraded final soil a root zone of comparable 105 106 depth and quality to that which existed in the natural soil, and 107 if not utilized immediately, stockpile this material separately from other spoil and provide needed protection from wind and 108 109 water erosion or contamination by other acid or toxic 110 material; (C) replace and regrade the root zone material described in subparagraph (B) above with proper compaction 111 and uniform depth over the regraded spoil material; and (D) 112 113 redistribute and grade in a uniform manner the surface soil 114 horizon described in subparagraph (A) above;
 - (8) Create, if authorized in the approved surface-mining and reclamation plan and permit, permanent impoundments of water on mining sites as part of reclamation activities in accordance with regulations promulgated by the commissioner;

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- (9) Where augering is the method of recovery, seal all auger holes with an impervious and noncombustible material in order to prevent drainage except where the commissioner determines that the resulting impoundment of water in such auger holes may create a hazard to the environment or the public welfare and safety: *Provided*, That the commissioner may prohibit augering if necessary to maximize the utilization, recoverability or conservation of the mineral resources or to protect against adverse water quality impacts;
- (10) Minimize the distrubances to the prevailing hydrologic balance at the mine site and in associated off-site areas and to the quality and quantity of water in surface and ground water systems both during and after surface-mining operations and during reclamation by: (A) Avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage; (B) conducting surface-mining operations so as to prevent to the extent possible, using the best technology currently available, additional contributions of suspended solids to streamflow or runoff outside the permit area, but in no event shall contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable state or federal law; (C) constructing an approved drainage system pursuant to subparagraph (B) of this subdivision prior to commencement of surface-mining operations, such system to be certified by a person approved by the commissioner to be constructed as designed and as approved in the reclamation plan; (D) avoiding channel deepening or enlargement in operations requiring the discharge of water from mines; (E) unless otherwise authorized by the commissioner, cleaning out and removing temporary or large settling ponds or other siltation structures after disturbed areas are revegetated and stabilized, and depositing the silt and debris at a site and in a manner approved by the commissioner; (F) restoring recharge capacity of the mined area to approximate premining conditions; and (G) such other actions as the commissioner may prescribe;
- (11) With respect to surface disposal of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes and other wastes in areas other than the mine working excavations, stabilize all waste piles in designated areas through construction in compacted layers, including the use of noncombustible and impervious materials if necessary, and assure the final contour of the waste pile will be compatible with natural surroundings and that the site will

- be stabilized and revegetated according to the provisions of this article;
- 162 (12) Design, locate, construct, operate, maintain, enlarge, 163 modify and remove or abandon, in accordance with standards 164 and criteria developed pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, all existing and new coal mine waste piles consisting 166 of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes or other liquid 167 and solid wastes, and used either temporarily or permanently 168 adams or embankments;

- (13) Refrain from surface mining within five hundred feet of any active and abandoned underground mines in order to prevent breakthroughs and to protect health or safety of miners: *Provided*, That the commissioner shall permit an operator to mine near, through or partially through an abandoned underground mine or closer to an active underground mine if: (A) The nature, timing and sequencing of the approximate coincidence of specific surface-mine activities with specific underground mine activities are coordinated jointly by the operators involved and approved by the commissioner and (B) the operations will result in improved resource recovery, abatement of water pollution or elimination of hazards to the health and safety of the public: *Provided*, That any breakthrough which does occur shall be sealed;
- (14) Ensure that all debris, acid-forming materials, toxic materials or materials constituting a fire hazard are treated or buried and compacted, or otherwise disposed of in a manner designed to prevent contamination of ground or surface waters, and that contingency plans are developed to prevent sustained combustion: *Provided*, That the operator shall remove or bury all metal, lumber, equipment and other debris resulting from the operation before grading release;
- (15) Ensure that explosives are used only in accordance with existing state and federal law and the regulations promulgated by the commissioner, which shall include provisions to: (A) Provide adequate advance written notice to local governments and residents who might be affected by the use of the explosives by publication of the planned blasting schedule in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality and by mailing a copy of the proposed blasting schedule to every resident living within one-half mile of the proposed permit area

200 excluding drainage structures, haulroads and access roads 201 unless there will be blasting on or near such structures or 202 roads: Provided, That this notice shall suffice as daily notice 203 to residents or occupants of the areas; (B) maintain for a 204 period of at least three years and make available for public 205 inspection, upon written request, a log detailing the location 206 of the blasts, the pattern and depth of the drill holes, the 207 amount of explosives used per hole and the order and length 208 of delay in the blasts; (C) limit the type of explosives and 209 detonating equipment, the size, the timing and frequency of 210 blasts based upon the physical conditions of the site so as to 211 prevent (i) injury to persons; (ii) damage to public and private 212 property outside the permit area; (iii) adverse impacts on any 213 underground mine; and (iv) change in the course, channel or 214 availability of ground or surface water outside the permit area; 215 (D) require that all blasting operations be conducted by 216 persons certified by the director of the division of mines and 217 minerals; and (E) provide that upon written request of a 218 resident or owner of a man-made dwelling or structure within 219 one-half mile of any portion of the area identified in 220 subparagraph (A) of this subdivision, the applicant or 221 permittee shall conduct a preblasting survey or other 222 appropriate investigation of the structures and submit the 223 results to the commissioner and a copy to the resident or 224 owner making the request. The area of the survey shall be 225 determined by the commissioner in accordance with regula-226 tions promulgated by him;

- (16) Ensure that all reclamation efforts proceed in an environmentally sound manner and as contemporaneously as practicable with the surface-mining operations. Time limits shall be established by the commissioner requiring backfilling, grading and planting to be kept current: *Provided*, That where surface-mining operations and underground mining operations are proposed on the same area, which operations must be conducted under separate permits, the commissioner may grant a variance from the requirement that reclamation efforts proceed as contemporaneously as practicable to permit underground mining operations prior to reclamation:
- (A) If the commissioner finds in writing that:

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239 (i) The applicant has presented, as part of the permit 240 application, specific, feasible plans for the proposed under-

241 ground mining operations;

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- 242 (ii) The proposed underground mining operations are 243 necessary or desirable to assure maximum practical recovery 244 of the mineral resource and will avoid multiple disturbance of 245 the surface;
- (iii) The applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the plan for the underground mining operations conforms to requirements for underground mining in the jurisdiction and that permits necessary for the underground mining operations have been issued by the appropriate authority;
- 251 (iv) The areas proposed for the variance have been shown 252 by the applicant to be necessary for the implementing of the 253 proposed underground mining operations;
 - (v) No substantial adverse environmental damage, either onsite or off-site, will result from the delay in completion of reclamation as required by this article;
- (vi) Provisions for the off-site storage of spoil will comply with subdivision (22), subsection (b), of this section;
 - (B) If the commissioner has promulgated specific regulations to govern the granting of such variances in accordance with the provisions of this subparagraph and has imposed such additional requirements as he deems necessary;
 - (C) If variances granted under the provisions of this subsection are to be reviewed by the commissioner not more than three years from the date of issuance of the permit; and
 - (D) If liability under the bond filed by the applicant with the commissioner pursuant to subsection (b), section eleven of this article shall be for the duration of the underground mining operations and until the requirements of subsection (g), section eleven and section twenty-three of this article have been fully complied with.
 - (17) Ensure that the construction, maintenance and postmining conditions of access and haulroads into and across the site of operations will control or prevent erosion and siltation, pollution of water, damage to fish or wildlife or their habitat, or public or private property: *Provided*, That access roads constructed for and used to provide infrequent service to surface facilities, such as ventilators or monitoring devices,

shall be exempt from specific construction criteria provided adequate stabilization to control erosion is achieved through alternative measures;

282 (18) Refrain from the construction of roads or other access 283 ways up a stream bed or drainage channel or in proximity to 284 the channel so as to significantly alter the normal flow of 285 water;

- (19) Establish on the regraded areas, and all other lands affected, a diverse, effective and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area of land to be affected or of a fruit, grape or berry producing variety suitable for human consumption and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area, except that introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where desirable or when necessary to achieve the approved postmining land use plan;
- (20) Assume the responsibility for successful revegetation, as required by subdivision (19) of this subsection, for a period of not less than five growing seasons, as defined by the commissioner, after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation or other work in order to assure compliance with subdivision (19) of this subsection: *Provided*, That when the commissioner issues a written finding approving a long-term agricultural postmining land use as a part of the mining and reclamation plan, the commissioner may grant exception to the provisions of subdivision (19) of this subsection: *Provided*, *however*, That when the commissioner approves an agricultural postmining land use, the applicable five growing seasons of responsibility for revegetation shall commence at the date of initial planting for such agricultural postmining land use;
- (21) Protect off-site areas from slides or damage occurring during surface-mining operations and not deposit spoil material or locate any part of the operations or waste accumulations outside the permit area: *Provided*, That spoil material may be placed outside the permit area, if approved by the commissioner, after a finding that environmental benefits will result from such;
- 317 (22) Place all excess spoil material resulting from surface 318 mining activities in such a manner that: (A) Spoil is

319 transported and placed in a controlled manner in position for 320 concurrent compaction and in a way as to assure mass stability 321 and to prevent mass movement; (B) the areas of disposal are 322 within the bonded permit areas and all organic matter shall 323 be removed immediately prior to spoil placements; (C) 324 appropriate surface and internal drainage system or diversion 325 ditches are used to prevent spoil erosion and movement; (D) 326 the disposal area does not contain springs, natural water 327 courses or wet weather seeps, unless lateral drains are 328 constructed from the wet areas to the main underdrains in a 329 manner that filtration of the water into the spoil pile will be 330 prevented; (E) if placed on a slope, the spoil is placed upon 331 the most moderate slope among those upon which, in the 332 judgment of the commissioner, the spoil could be placed in 333 compliance with all the requirements of this article, and shall 334 be placed, where possible, upon, or above, a natural terrace, 335 bench or berm, if placement provides additional stability and 336 prevents mass movement; (F) where the toe of the spoil rests 337 on a downslope, a rock toe buttress, of sufficient size to 338 prevent mass movement, is constructed; (G) the final 339 configuration is compatible with the natural drainage pattern 340 and surroundings and suitable for intended uses; (H) design 341 of the spoil disposal area is certified by a qualified registered 342 professional engineer in conformance with professional 343 standards; and (I) all other provisions of this article are met: 344 Provided, That where the excess spoil material consists of at 345 least eighty percent, by volume, sandstone, limestone or other 346 rocks that do not slake in water, the commissioner may 347 approve alternate methods for disposal of excess spoil 348 material, including fill placement by dumping in a single lift, 349 on a site specific basis: Provided, however. That the services 350 of a qualified registered professional engineer experienced in 351 the design and construction of earth and rockfill embankment 352 are utilized: Provided, further, That such approval shall not 353 be unreasonably withheld if the site is suitable;

- (23) Meet such other criteria as are necessary to achieve reclamation in accordance with the purposes of this article, taking into consideration the physical, climatological and other characteristics of the site;
- 358 (24) To the extent possible, using the best technology currently available, minimize disturbances and adverse impacts

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of the operation on fish, wildlife and related environmental values, and achieve enhancement of these resources where practicable; and

- (25) Retain a natural barrier to inhibit slides and erosion on permit areas where outcrop barriers are required: Provided, That constructed barriers may be allowed where (A) natural barriers do not provide adequate stability, (B) natural barriers would result in potential future water quality deterioration, and (C) natural barriers would conflict with the goal of maximum utilization of the mineral resource: Provided, however, That at a minimum, the constructed barrier must be of sufficient width and height to provide adequate stability and the stability factor must equal or exceed that of the natural outcrop barrier: Provided further, That where water quality is paramount, the constructed barrier must be composed of impervious material with controlled discharge points.
- (c) (1) The commissioner may prescribe procedures pursuant to which he may permit surface-mining operations for the purposes set forth in subdivision (3) of this subsection.
 - (2) Where an applicant meets the requirements of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection, a permit without regard to the requirement to restore to approximate original contour set forth in subsection (b) or (d) of this section may be granted for the surface mining of coal where the mining operation will remove an entire coal seam or seams running through the upper fraction of a mountain, ridge or hill, except as provided in subparagraph (A), subdivision (4) of this subsection, by removing all of the overburden and creating a level plateau or a gently rolling contour with no highwalls remaining, and capable of supporting postmining uses in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
 - (3) In cases where an industrial, commercial, woodland, agricultural, residential or public use is proposed for the postmining use of the affected land, the commissioner may grant a permit for a surface-mining operation of the nature described in subdivision (2) of this subsection where: (A) The proposed postmining land use is deemed to constitute an equal or better use of the affected land, as compared with premining use; (B) the applicant presents specific plans for the proposed postmining land use and appropriate assurances that the use

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will be: (i) Compatible with adjacent land uses; (ii) practicable with respect to achieving the proposed use; (iii) supported by commitments from public agencies where appropriate; (iv) practicable with respect to private financial capability for completion of the proposed use; (v) planned pursuant to a schedule attached to the reclamation plan so as to integrate the mining operation and reclamation with the postmining land use; and (vi) designed by a person approved by the commissioner in conformance with standards established to assure the stability, drainage and configuration necessary for the intended use of the site; (C) the proposed use would be compatible with adjacent land uses, and existing state and local land use plans and programs; (D) the commissioner provides the county commission of the county in which the land is located and any state or federal agency which the commissioner, in his discretion, determines to have an interest in the proposed use, an opportunity of not more than sixty days to review and comment on the proposed use; and (E) all other requirements of this article will be met.

(4) In granting any permit pursuant to this subsection, the commissioner shall require that: (A) A natural barrier be retained to inhibit slides and erosion on permit areas where outcrop barriers are required: Provided, That constructed barriers may be allowed where (i) natural barriers do not provide adequate stability, (ii) natural barriers would result in potential future water quality deterioration, and (iii) natural barriers would conflict with the goal of maximum utilization of the mineral resource: Provided, however, That, at a minimum, the constructed barrier must be sufficient width and height to provide adequate stability and the stability factor must equal or exceed that of the natural outcrop barrier: Provided further. That where water quality is paramount, the constructed barrier must be composed of impervious material with controlled discharge points; (B) the reclaimed area is stable; (C) the resulting plateau or rolling contour drains inward from the outslopes except at specific points; (D) no damage will be done to natural watercourses; (E) spoil will be placed on the mountaintop bench as is necessary to achieve the planned postmining land use: Provided. That all excess spoil material not retained on the mountaintop shall be placed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (22), subsection (b) of this section; and (F) ensure stability of the

spoil retained on the mountaintop and meet the other requirements of this article.

- (5) All permits granted under the provisions of this subsection shall be reviewed not more than three years from the date of issuance of the permit; unless the applicant affirmatively demonstrates that the proposed development is proceeding in accordance with the terms of the approved schedule and reclamation plan.
- (d) In addition to those general performance standards required by this section, when surface mining occurs on slopes of twenty degrees or greater, or on such lesser slopes as may be defined by regulation after consideration of soil and climate, no debris, abandoned or disabled equipment, spoil material or waste mineral matter will be placed on the natural downslope below the initial bench or mining cut: *Provided*, That soil or spoil material from the initial cut of earth in a new surface-mining operation may be placed on a limited specified area of the downslope below the initial cut if the permittee can establish to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the soil or spoil will not slide and that the other requirements of this section can still be met.
 - (e) The commissioner may permit variances from the requirements of this section: *Provided*, That the watershed control of the area is improved: *Provided*, however, That complete backfilling with spoil material shall be required to completely cover the highwall, which material will maintain stability following mining and reclamation.
 - (f) The commissioner shall promulgate regulations for the design, location, construction, maintenance, operation, enlargement, modification, removal and abandonment of new and existing coal mine waste piles. In addition to engineering and other technical specifications, the standards and criteria developed pursuant to this subsection must include provisions for review and approval of plans and specifications prior to construction, enlargement, modification, removal or abandonment; performance of periodic inspections during construction; issuance of certificates of approval upon completion of construction; performance of periodic safety inspections; and issuance of notices and orders for required remedial or maintenance work or affirmative action: *Provided*, That

482 whenever the commissioner finds that any coal processing 483 waste pile constitutes an imminent danger to human life, he 484 may, in addition to all other remedies and without the 485 necessity of obtaining the permission of any person prior or 486 present who operated or operates a pile or the landowners 487 involved, enter upon the premises where any such coal 488 processing waste pile exists and may take or order to be taken 489 such remedial action as may be necessary or expedient to 490 secure the coal processing waste pile and to abate the 491 conditions which cause the danger to human life: Provided, 492 however, That the cost reasonably incurred in any remedial 493 action taken by the commissioner under this subsection may 494 be paid for initially by funds appropriated to the department 495 of energy for these purposes, and the sums so expended shall 496 be recovered from any responsible operator or landowner, 497 individually or jointly, by suit initiated by the attorney general 498 at the request of the commissioner. For purposes of this 499 subsection "operates" or "operated" means to enter upon a 500 coal processing waste pile, or part thereof, for the purpose of 501 disposing, depositing, dumping coal processing wastes thereon 502 or removing coal processing waste therefrom, or to employ a 503 coal processing waste pile for retarding the flow of or for the 504 impoundment of water.

§22A-3-13. Pilot program for the growing of grapes on reclaimed areas.

1 In furtherance of the purposes set forth in subdivision twenty, section twelve of this article, the commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to establish and maintain a 3 pilot program to determine the best procedures for propagat-4 ing the growth of grapevines and bushes on reclaimed surface-5 mined areas. Such program shall investigate and implement 6 selections of the best variety of grapes for reclamation 7 purposes based upon environmental considerations and soil 8 quality, the most desirable methods of planting and tending 9 grapes and any other related matters deemed desirable by the 10 commissioner. The cost of such program shall be paid from 11 12 funds regularly appropriated to the division or department.

§22A-3-14. General environmental protection performance standards for the surface effects of underground mining; application of other provisions of article to surface effects of underground mining.

- (a) The commissioner shall promulgate separate regulations directed toward the surface effects of underground coal mining operations, embodying the requirements in subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That in adopting such regulations, the commissioner shall consider the distinct difference between surface coal mines and underground coal mines in West Virginia. Such regulations may not conflict with or supersede any provision of the federal or state coal mine health and safety laws or any regulation issued pursuant thereto.
- (b) Each permit issued by the commissioner pursuant to this
 article and relating to underground coal mining shall require
 the operation as minimum to:
 - (1) Adopt measures consistent with known technology in order to prevent subsidence causing material damage to the extent technologically and economically feasible, maximize mine stability and maintain the value and reasonably foreseeable use of overlying surface lands, except in those instances where the mining technology used requires planned subsidence in a predictable and controlled manner: *Provided*, That this subsection does not prohibit the standard method of room and pillar mining;
 - (2) Seal all portals, entryways, drifts, shafts or other openings that connect the earth's surface to the underground mine workings when no longer needed for the conduct of the mining operations in accordance with the requirements of all applicable federal and state law and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto;
 - (3) Fill or seal exploratory holes no longer necessary for mining and maximize to the extent technologically and economically feasible, if environmentally acceptable, return of mine and processing waste, tailings and any other waste incident to the mining operation to the mine workings or excavations;
 - (4) With respect to surface disposal of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes and other wastes in areas other than the mine workings or excavations, stabilize all waste piles created by the operator from current operations through construction in compacted layers, including the use of incombustible and impervious materials, if necessary, and assure that any leachate therefrom will not degrade surface or

ground waters below water quality standards established pursuant to applicable federal and state law and that the final contour of the waste accumulation will be compatible with natural surroundings and that the site is stabilized and revegetated according to the provisions of this section;

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- (5) Design, locate, construct, operate, maintain, enlarge, modify and remove or abandon, in accordance with the standards and criteria developed pursuant to subsection (f), section twelve of this article, all existing and new coal mine waste piles consisting of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes and solid wastes and used either temporarily or permanently as dams or embankments;
- (6) Establish on regraded areas and all other disturbed areas a diverse and permanent vegetative cover capable of self-regeneration and plan succession and at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area within the time period prescribed in subdivision (20), subsection (b), section twelve of this article;
- 59 (7) Protect off-site areas from damages which may result 60 from such mining operations;
- 61 (8) Eliminate fire hazards and otherwise eliminate condi-62 tions which constitute a hazard to health and safety of the 63 public;
 - (9) Minimize the disturbance of the prevailing hydrologic balance at the mine site and in associated off-site areas and to the quantity and the quality of water in surface and ground water systems both during and after mining operations and during reclamation by: (A) Avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage by such measures as, but not limited to: (i) Preventing or removing water from contact with toxic producing deposits; (ii) treating drainage to reduce toxic content which adversely affects downstream water before being released to water courses; and (iii) casing, sealing or otherwise managing boreholes, shafts and wells to keep acid or other toxic drainage from entering ground and surface waters; and (B) conducting mining operations so as to prevent, to the extent possible using the best technology currently available, additional contributions of suspended solids to stream flow or runoff outside the permit area, but in no event shall the contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable state or federal law, and

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avoiding channel deepening or enlargement in operations requiring the discharge of water from mines: Provided, That in recognition of the distinct differences between surface and underground mining the monitoring of water from underground coal mine workings shall be in accordance with the 86 provisions of the Clean Water Act of 1977;

- (10) With respect to other surface impacts of underground mining not specified in this subsection, including the construction of new roads or the improvement or use of existing roads to gain access to the site of such activities and for haulage, repair areas, storage areas, processing areas, shipping areas, and other areas upon which are sited structures, facilities or other property or materials on the surface, resulting from or incident to such activities, operate in accordance with the standards established under section twelve of this article for such effects which result from surfacemining operations: Provided. That the commissioner shall make such modifications in the requirements imposed by this subdivision as are necessary to accommodate the distinct difference between surface and underground mining in West Virginia;
- (11) To the extent possible using the best technology currently available, minimize disturbances and adverse impacts of the operation on fish, acquatic life, wildlife and related environmental values, and achieve enhancement of such resources where practicable; and
- (12) Unless otherwise permitted by the commissioner and in consideration of the relevant safety and environmental factors, locate openings for all new drift mines working in acid producing or iron producing coal seams in a manner as to prevent a gravity discharge of water from the mine.
- (c) In order to protect the stability of the land, the commissioner shall suspend underground mining under urbanized areas, cities, towns and communities and adjacent to industrial or commercial buildings, major impoundments or permanent streams if he finds imminent danger to inhabitants of the urbanized areas, cities, towns or communities.
- (d) The provisions of this article relating to permits, bonds, 118 insurance, inspections, reclamation and enforcement, public 119 review and administrative and judicial review shall also be 120

- 121 applicable to surface operations and surface impacts incident
- 122 to an underground mine with such modifications by regulation
- 123 to the permit application requirements, permit approval or
- 124 denial procedures and bond requirements as are necessary to
- 125 accommodate the distinct difference between surface mines
- 126 and underground mines in West Virginia.

§22A-3-15. Inspections; monitoring; right of entry; inspection of records; identification signs, progress maps.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall cause to be made such inspec-2 tions of surface-mining operations as are necessary to
- 3 effectively enforce the requirements of this article and for such 4 purposes the commissioner or his authorized representative
- shall without advance notice and upon presentation of 5
- 6 appropriate credentials: (A) Have the right of entry to, upon
- 7 or through surface-mining operations or any premises in which 8
- any records required to be maintained under subdivision (1),
- 9 subsection (b) of this section are located; and (B) at reasonble
- times and without delay, have access to and copy any records 10
- 11 and inspect any monitoring equipment or method of operation
- 12 required under this article.
- 13 (b) For the purpose of enforcement under this article, in the 14 administration and enforcement of any permit under this 15 article, or for determining whether any person is in violation 16 of any requirement of this article:
- (1) The commissioner shall at a minimum require any 17 operator to: (A) Establish and maintain appropriate records; 18 19 (B) make monthly reports to the department; (C) install, use and maintain any necessary monitoring equipment or methods 20 consistent with subdivision (11), subsection (a), section ten of 21 this article; (D) evaluate results in accordance with such 22 methods, at such locations, intervals and in such manner as 23 24 the commissioner shall prescribe; and (E) provide such other 25 information relative to surface-mining operations as the 26 commissioner deems reasonable and necessary;
- 27 (2) For those surface-mining operations which remove or 28 disturb strata that serve as aquifers which significantly ensure the hydrologic balance of water use either on or off the mining 29 site, the commissioner shall require that: (A) Monitoring sites 30 be established to record the quantity and quality of surface 31 32 drainage above and below the mine site as well as in the

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potential zone of influence; (B) monitoring sites be established 34 to record level, amount and samples of ground water and 35 aquifers potentially affected by the surface mining and also below the lower most mineral seam to be mined: (C) records 36 37 or well logs and boreholed date be maintained; and (D) 38 monitoring sites be established to record precipitation. The 39 monitoring data collection and analysis required by this 40 section shall be conducted according to standards and procedures set forth by the commissioner in order to assure 41 42 their reliability and validity.

- (c) All surface-mining operations shall be inspected at least once every thirty days. Such inspections shall be made on an irregular basis without prior notice to the operator or his agents or employees, except for necessary on-site meetings with the operator. The inspections shall include the filing of inspection reports adequate to enforce the requirements, terms and purposes of this article.
- (d) Each permittee shall maintain at the entrances to the surface-mining operations a clearly visible monument which sets forth the name, business address and telephone number of the permittee and the permit number of the surface-mining operations.
- (e) Copies of any records, reports, inspection materials or information obtained under this article by the commissioner shall be made immediately available to the public at central and sufficient locations in the county, multi-county or state area of mining so that they are conveniently available to residents in the areas of mining unless specifically exempted by this article.
- (f) Within thirty days after service of a copy of an order of the commissioner upon an operator by registered or certified mail, the operator shall furnish to the commissioner five copies of a progress map prepared by or under the supervision of a person approved by the commissioner showing the disturbed area to the date of such map. Such progress map shall contain information identical to that required for both the proposed and final maps required by this article, and shall show in detail completed reclamation work as required by the commissioner. Such progress map shall include a geologic survey sketch showing the location of the

- 73 operation, shall be properly referenced to a permanent 74 landmark, and shall be within such reasonable degree of 75 accuracy as may be prescribed by the commissioner. If no land 76 has been disturbed by operations during the preceding year, 77 the operator shall notify the commissioner of that fact.
- 78 (g) Whenever on the basis of available information. including reliable information from any person, the commis-79 sioner has cause to believe that any person is in violation of 80 this article, any permit condition or any regulation promul-81 gated under this article, the commissioner shall immediately 82 83 order state inspection of the surface-mining operation at which 84 the alleged violation is occurring unless the information is 85 available as a result of a prior state inspection. The commissioner shall notify any person who supplied such 86 87 reliable information when the state inspection will be carried out. Such person may accompany the inspector during the 88 inspection: Provided. That except for deliberate and willful 89 acts, the permittee, his authorized agent or employees, and the 90 inspector whom such person is accompanying, shall not be 92 held civilly liable for any injury to such person during the inspection trip. Any such person accompanying an inspector 93 on an inspection shall be responsible for supplying any safety equipment required for his use.

§22A-3-16. Cessation of operation by order of inspector; informal conference; imposition of affirmative obligations; appeal.

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(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, a surface-mining reclamation inspector shall have the authority 2 to issue a cessation order for any portion of a surface-mining 4 operation when an inspector determines that any condition or practice exists, or that any permittee is in violation of any 5 6 requirements of this article or any permit condition required by this article, which condition, practice or violation also 7 creates an imminent danger to the health or safety of the 8 9 public, or is causing or can reasonably be expected to cause significant, imminent environmental harm to land, air or water 10 resources. The cessation order shall take effect immediately. 11 Unless waived in writing, an informal conference shall be held 12 13 at or near the site relevant to the violation set forth in the 14 cessation order within twenty-four hours after the order 15 becomes effective or such order shall expire. The conference 16 shall be held before a surface-mining reclamation surpervisor 17 who shall, immediately upon conclusion of said hearing, 18 determine when and if the operation or portion thereof may 19 resume. Any operator who believes he is aggrieved by the 20 decision of the surface-mining reclamation supervisor may 21 immediately appeal to the commissioner, setting forth reasons 22 why the operation should not be halted. The commissioner 23 forthwith shall determine when the operation or portion 24 thereof may be resumed.

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- (b) The cessation order shall remain in effect until the commissioner determines that the condition, practice or violation has been abated, or until modified, vacated or released by the commissioner. Where the commissioner finds that the order cessation of any portion of a surface coal mining operation will not completely abate the imminent danger to health or safety of the public or the significant imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources, the commissioner shall, in addition to the cessation order, impose affirmative obligations on the operator requiring him to take whatever steps the commissioner deems necessary to abate the imminent danger or the significant environmental harm.
- 37 (c) Any cessation order issued pursuant to this section or 38 any other provision of this article may be released by any 39 inspector. An inspector shall be readily available to terminate 40 a cessation order upon abatement of the violation.

§22A-3-17. Notice of violation; procedure and actions; enforcement; permit revocation and bond forfeiture; civil and criminal penalties; appeals to the board; prosecution; injunctive relief.

(a) If any of the requirements of this article, rules and 1 2 regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or permit conditions have not been complied with, the commissioner may cause a 3 notice of violation to be served upon the operator or his duly 4 authorized agent. A copy of the notice shall be handed to the 5 operator or his duly authorized agent in person or served by 6 certified mail addressed to the operator at the permanent 7 address shown on the application for a permit. The notice shall 8 specify in what respects the operator has failed to comply with 9 this article, rules and regulations or permit conditions and 10 shall specify a reasonable time for abatement of the violation 11

12 not to exceed fifteen days. If the operator has not abated the 13 violation within the time specified in the notice, or any 14 reasonable extension thereof, not to exceed seventy-five days. 15 the commissioner shall order the cessation of the operation or the portion thereof causing the violation, unless the operator 16 17 affirmatively demonstrates that compliance is unattainable due 18 to conditions totally beyond the control of the operator. If a 19 violation is not abated within the time specified or any extension thereof, or any cessation order is issued, a 20 21 mandatory civil penalty of not less than seven hundred fifty 22 dollars per day per violation shall be assessed: Provided. That 23 if a cessation order is released or expires within twenty-four hours after issuance no mandatory civil penalty shall be 24 25 assessed. A cessation order shall remain in effect until the 26 commissioner determines that the violation has been abated 27 or until modified, vacated or terminated by the commissioner 28 or by a court. In any cessation order issued under this 29 subsection the commissioner shall determine the steps 30 necessary to abate the violation in the most expeditious manner possible and shall include the necessary measures in 31 32 the order.

(b) If the commissioner determines that a pattern of violations of any requirement of this article or any permit condition exists or has existed, as a result of the operator's lack of reasonable care and diligence, or that the violations are willfully caused by the operator, the commissioner shall immediately issue an order directing the operator to show cause why the permit should not be suspended or revoked and giving the operator thirty days in which to request a public hearing. If a hearing is requested, the commissioner shall inform all interested parties of the time and place of the hearing. Any hearing under this section shall be recorded and subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Within sixty days following the public hearing, the commissioner shall issue and furnish to the permittee and all other parties to the hearing a written decision, and the reasons therefor, concerning suspension or revocation of the permit. Upon the operator's failure to show cause why the permit should not be suspended or revoked, the commissioner shall immediately revoke the operator's permit, forfeit the operator's bond or other security posted pursuant to section eleven of this article, and give notice to the attorney general, who shall

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54 collect the forfeiture without delay: Provided, That the entire 55 proceeds of such forfeiture shall be deposited with the 56 treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the 57 special reclamation fund. All forfeitures collected prior to the 58 effective date of this article shall be deposited in the special 59 reclamation fund and shall be expended back upon the areas for which the bond was posted: Provided, however, That any 60 61 excess therefrom shall remain in the special reclamation fund.

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- (c) Any person engaged in surface-mining operations who violates any permit condition or who violates any other provision of this article or rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto may also be assessed a civil penalty. The penalty shall not exceed five thousand dollars. Each day of continuing violation may be deemed a separate violation for purposes of penalty assessments. In determining the amount of the penalty, consideration shall be given to the operator's history of previous violations at the particular surface-mining operation, the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment and any hazard to the health or safety of the public, whether the operator was negligent, and the demonstrated good faith of the operator charged in attempting to achieve rapid compliance after notification of the violation.
- (d) (l) Upon the issuance of a notice or order pursuant to this section, the assessment officer shall, within thirty days, set a proposed penalty assessment and notify the operator in writing of such proposed penalty assessment. The proposed penalty assessment must be paid in full within thirty days of receipt or, if the operator wishes to contest either the amount of the penalty or the fact of violation, an informal conference with the assessment officer may be requested within fifteen days or a formal hearing before the reclamation board of review may be requested within thirty days. The notice of proposed penalty assessment shall advise the operator of the right to an informal conference and a formal hearing pursuant to this section. When an informal conference is requested, the operator shall have fifteen days from receipt of the assessment officer's decision to request a formal hearing before the board. (A) When an informal conference is held, the assessment officer shall have authority to affirm, modify or vacate the notice, order or proposed penalty assessment. (B) When a

formal hearing is requested, the amount of the proposed penalty assessment shall be forwarded to the commissioner for placement in an escrow account. Formal hearings shall be of record and subject to the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Following the hearing the board shall affirm, modify or vacate the notice, order or proposed penalty assessment and, when appropriate, incorporate an assessment order requiring that the assessment be paid.

- (2) Civil penalties owed under this section may be recovered by the commissioner in the circuit court of Kanawha County. Civil penalties collected under this article shall be deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the special reclamation fund established in section eleven of this article. If, through the administrative or judicial review of the proposed penalty it is determined that no violation occurred or that the amount of the penalty should be reduced, the commissioner shall within thirty days remit the appropriate amount to the person, with interest at the rate of six percent or at the prevailing United States department of the treasury rate, whichever is greater. Failure to forward the money to the commissioner within thirty days shall result in a waiver of all legal rights to contest the violation or the amount of the penalty.
- (3) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected by any order of the commissioner or the board may file an appeal only in accordance with the provisions of article four, chapter twenty-two of this code, within thirty days after receipt of the order.
 - (4) The filing of an appeal provided for in this section shall not stay execution of the order appealed from. Pending completion of the investigation and hearing required by this section, the applicant may file with the commissioner a written request that the commissioner grant temporary relief from any notice or order issued under section sixteen or seventeen of this article, together with a detailed statement giving reasons for granting such relief. The commissioner shall issue an order or decision granting or denying such relief expeditiously: *Provided*, That where the applicant requests relief from an order for cessation of surface-mining and reclamation operations, the decision on the request shall be issued within forty-eight hours of its receipt. The commissioner may grant

- 136 such relief, under such conditions as he may prescribe if:
- 137 (A) All parties to the proceedings have been notified and 138 given an opportunity to be heard on a request for temporary 139 relief:
- 140 (B) The person requesting the relief shows that there is a 141 substantial likelihood that he will prevail on the merits in the 142 final determination of the proceedings;
- 143 (C) The relief will not adversely affect the public health or 144 safety or cause significant imminent environmental harm to 145 land, air or water resources; and
- 146 (D) The relief sought is not the issuance of a permit where 147 a permit has been denied, in whole or in part, by the 148 commissioner.

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- (e) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates a condition of a permit issued pursuant to this article or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or fails or refuses to comply with any order issued under said article and regulations or any order incorporated in a final decision issued 154 by the commissioner, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 155 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred 156 dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in 157 the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (f) Whenever a corporate operator violates a condition of a permit issued pursuant to this article, regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, or any order incorporated in a final decision issued by the commissioner, any director, officer or agent of the corporation who willfully and knowingly authorized, ordered or carried out the failure or refusal, shall be subject to the same civil penalties, fines and imprisonment that may be imposed upon a person under subsections (c) and (e) of this section.
 - (g) Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation or certification, or knowingly fails to make any statement, representation or certification in any application, petition, record, report, plan or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to this article or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not

less than one hundred dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

- 178 (h) Whenever any person: (A) Violates or fails or refuses 179 to comply with any order or decision issued by the commis-180 sioner under this article; or (B) interferes with, hinders or 181 delays the commissioner in carrying out the provisions of this 182 article; or (C) refuses to admit the commissioner to the mine: 183 or (D) refuses to permit inspection of the mine by the commissioner; or (E) refuses to furnish any reasonable 184 information or report requested by the commissioner in 185 186 furtherance of the provisions of this article; or (F) refuses to 187 permit access to, and copying of, such records as the commissioner determines necessary in carrying out the 188 189 provisions of this article; or (G) violates any other provisions of this article, the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, 190 or the terms and conditions of any permit, the commissioner, 191 192 the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county 193 in which the major portion of the permit area is located may institute a civil action for relief, including a permanent or 194 temporary injunction, restraining order or any other approp-195 196 riate order, in the circuit court of Kanawha County or any 197 court of competent jurisdiction to compel compliance with and 198 enjoin such violations, failures or refusals. The court or the judge thereof may issue a preliminary injunction in any case 199 pending a decision on the merits of any application filed 200 without requiring the filing of a bond or other equivalent 201 202 security.
- 203 (i) Any person who shall, except as permitted by law, 204 willfully resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commissioner or any of his agents in the performance of duties 206 pursuant to this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 207 conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more 208 than five thousand dollars or by imprisonment for not more 209 than one year, or both.

§22A-3-18. Approval, denial, revision and prohibition of permit.

1 (a) Upon the receipt of a surface-mining application or 2 significant revision or renewal thereof, including public 3 notification and an opportunity for a public hearing, the 4 commissioner shall grant, require revision of, or deny the

5 application for a permit within sixty days and notify the 6 applicant in writing of his decision.

- 7 (b) No permit or significant revision of a permit may be 8 approved unless the applicant affirmatively demonstrates and the commissioner finds in writing on the basis of the 9 10 information set forth in the application or from information 11 otherwise available which shall be documented in the approval 12 and made available to the applicant that:
- 13 (1) The permit application is accurate and complete and 14 that all the requirements of this article and regulations 15 thereunder have been complied with:

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- (2) The applicant has demonstrated that reclamation as required by this article can be accomplished under the reclamation plan contained in the permit application;
- (3) The assessment of the probable cumulative impact of all anticipated mining in the area on the hydrologic balance, as specified in section nine of this article, has been made by the commissioner and the proposed operation has been designed to prevent material damage to the hydrologic balance outside the permit area;
- 25 (4) The area proposed to be mined is not included within 26 an area designated unsuitable for surface mining pursuant to section twenty-two of this article or is not within an area under administrative study by the commissioner for such designation; and
- 30 (5) In cases where the private mineral estate has been 31 severed from the private surface estate, the applicant has 32 submitted: (A) The written consent of the surface owner to 33 the extraction of coal by surface mining; or (B) a conveyance 34 that expressly grants or reserves the right to extract the coal by surface mining; or (C) if the conveyance does not expressly 35 grant the right to extract coal by surface mining, the surface-36 37 subsurface legal relationship shall be determined in accordance 38 with applicable law: Provided, That nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize the commissioner to adjudicate 39 property rights disputes. 40
 - (c) Where information available to the department indicates that any surface-mining operation located in the state of West Virginia, owned or controlled by the applicant, is currently in

44 violaton of this article or other environmental laws or 45 regulations, the permit shall not be issued until the applicant 46 submits proof that such violation has been corrected or is in 47 the process of being corrected to the satisfaction of the 48 commissioner or the department or agency which has 49 jurisdiction over the violation, and no permit may be issued 50 to any applicant after a finding by the commissioner, after an 51 opportunity for hearing, that the applicant or the operator specified in the application controls or has controlled mining 52 operations with a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of 53 this article of such nature and duration with such irreparable 54 55 damage to the environment as to indicate an intent not to comply with the provisions of this article: Provided, That if 56 57 the commissioner finds that the applicant is or has been affiliated with, or managed or controlled by, or is or has been 58 under the common control of, other than as an employee, a 59 person who has had a surface-mining permit revoked or bond 60 61 or other security forfeited for failure to reclaim lands as required by the laws of this state, he shall not issue a permit 62 to the applicant: Provided, however, That subject to the 63 discretion of the commissioner and based upon a petition for 64 65 reinstatement, permits may be issued to any applicant if, after 66 the revocation or forfeiture, the operator whose permit has 67 been revoked or bond forfeited shall have paid into the special reclamation fund any additional sum of money determined by 68 69 the commissioner to be adequate to reclaim the disturbed area, 70 and the commissioner is satisfied that the petitioner will 71 comply with this article.

(d) (1) In addition to finding the application in compliance with subsection (b) of this section, if the area proposed to be mined contains prime farmland, the commissioner may, pursuant to regulations promulgated hereunder, grant a permit to mine on prime farmland if the operator affirmatively demonstrates that he has the technological capability to restore such mined area, within a reasonable time, to equivalent or higher levels of yield as nonmined prime farmland in the surrounding area under equivalent levels of management, and can meet the soil reconstruction standards in subdivision seven, subsection (b), section twelve of this article. Except for compliance with subsection (b) of this section, the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall apply to all permits issued after the third day of August, one thousand nine

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- 86 hundred seventy-seven.
- 87 (2) Nothing in this subsection shall apply to any permit 88 issued prior to the third day of August, one thousand nine 89 hundred seventy-seven, or to any revisions or renewals thereof, 90 or to any existing surface-mining operations for which a 91 permit was issued prior to said date.
- 92 (e) If the commissioner finds that the overburden on any 93 part of the area of land described in the application for a 94 permit is such that experience in the state with a similar type 95 of operation upon land with similar overburden shows that 96 one or more of the following conditions cannot feasibly be 97 prevented: (1) Substantial deposition of sediment in stream 98 beds, (2) landslides, or (3) acid-water pollution, the commissioner may delete such part of the land described in the 99 100 application upon which such overburden exists.

§22A-3-19. Permit revision and renewal requirements; requirements for transfer; assignment and sale of permit rights; and operator reassignment.

1 (a) (1) Any valid permit issued pursuant to this article shall carry with it the right of successive renewal upon 3 expiration with respect to areas within the boundaries of the 4 existing permit. The holders of the permit may appply for renewal and the renewal shall be issued: Provided, That on 5 6 application for renewal, the burden shall be on the opponents 7 of renewal, unless it is established that and written findings 8 by the commissioner are made that: (A) The terms and conditions of the existing permit are not being satisfactorily 9 met: Provided, That if the permittee is required to modify 10 11 operations pursuant to mining or reclamation requirements 12 which become applicable after the original date of permit issuance, the permittee shall be provided an opportunity to 13 14 submit a schedule allowing a reasonable period to comply with such revised requirements; (B) the present surface-mining 15 operation is not in compliance with the applicable environmen-16 tal protection standards of this article; (C) the renewal 17 requested substantially jeopardizes the operator's continuing 18 responsibility on existing permit areas; (D) the operator has 19 not provided evidence that the performance bond in effect for 20 said operation will continue in effect for renewal requested as 21 required pursuant to section eleven of this article; or (E) any 22

additional revised or updated information as required pursuant
 to rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner has
 not been provided.

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- (2) If an application for renewal of a valid permit includes a proposal to extend the surface-mining operation beyond the boundaries authorized in the existing permit, except incidental boundary revisions, the applicant shall apply for a new permit. Incidental boundary revisions shall include, but not be limited to, additional areas of disturbance ancillary to permitted surface effects of underground mining operations, provided that the operator has submitted (A) adequate bond, (B) a map showing the disturbed area and facilities, and (C) a reclamation plan.
- (3) Any permit renewal shall be for a term not to exceed the period of time for which the original permit was issued. Application for permit renewal shall be made at least one hundred twenty days prior to the expiration of the valid permit.
- 41 (4) Any permit renewal application shall be on forms 42 prescribed by the commissioner and shall contain such 43 information as the commissioner requires pursuant to rule or 44 regulation.
- 45 (b) (1) During the term of the permit, the permittee may 46 submit to the commissioner an application for a revision of 47 the permit, together with a revised reclamation plan.
- 48 (2) An application for a significant revision of a permit shall 49 be subject to all requirements of this article and regulations 50 promulgated pursuant thereto.
- 51 (3) Any extension to an area already covered by the permit, 52 except incidental boundary revisions, shall be made by 53 application for another permit.
- 54 (c) The commissioner shall review outstanding permits of a 55 five-year term before the end of the third year of the permit. Other permits shall be reviewed within the time established by 56 regulations. The commissioner may require reasonable revision 57 or modification of the permit following review: Provided, That 58 such revision or modification shall be based upon written 59 findings and shall be preceded by notice to the permittee and 60 61 opportunity for hearing.

62 (d) No transfer, assignment or sale of the rights granted 63 under any permit issued pursuant to this article shall be made 64 without the prior written approval of the commissioner.

§22A-3-20. Public notice; written objections; public hearings; informal conferences.

(a) At the time of submission of an application for a 1 2 surface-mining permit or a significant revision of an existing 3 permit pursuant to the provisions of this article, the applicant 4 shall submit to the department a copy of the required 5 advertisement. At the time of submission, the applicant shall 6 place the advertisement in a local newspaper of general 7 circulation in the county of the proposed surface-mining operation at least once a week for four consecutive weeks. The 8 9 commissioner shall notify various appropriate federal and state agencies as well as local governmental bodies, planning 10 11 agencies and sewage and water treatment authorities or water 12 companies in the locality in which the proposed surface-mining operation will take place, notifying them of the operator's 13 14 intention to mine on a particularly described tract of land and indicating the application number and where a copy of the 15 proposed mining and reclamation plan may be inspected. 16 These local bodies, agencies, authorities or companies may 17 submit written comments within a reasonable period estab-18 lished by the commissioner on the mining application with 19 20 respect to the effect of the proposed operation on the environment which is within their area of responsibility. Such 21 22 comments shall be immediately transmitted by the commissioner to the applicant and to the appropriate office of the 23 department. The commissioner shall provide the name and 24 address of each applicant to the commissioner of labor who 25 shall within fifteen days from receipt notify the commissioner 26 as to the applicant's compliance, if necessary, with section 27 fourteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of this code. 28

(b) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected, or the officer or head of any federal, state or local governmental agency, shall have the right to file written objections to the proposed initial or revised permit application for a surface-mining operation with the commissioner within thirty days after the last publication of the advertisement required in subsection (a) of this section. Such objections shall be immediately transmitted to the applicant

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37 by the commissioner and shall be made available to the public. 38 If written objections are filed and an informal conference 39 requested within thirty days of the last publication of the 40 above notice, the commissioner shall then hold a conference 41 in the locality of the proposed mining within three weeks after 42 the close of the public comment period. Those requesting the 43 conference shall be notified and the date, time and location of the informal conference shall also be advertised by the 44 45 commissioner in a newspaper of general circulation in the 46 locality at least two weeks prior to the scheduled conference 47 date. The commissioner may arrange with the applicant, upon 48 request by any party to the conference proceeding, access to 49 the proposed mining area for the purpose of gathering information relevant to the proceeding. An electronic or 50 stenographic record shall be made of the conference proceed-51 52 ing unless waived by all parties. Such record shall be 53 maintained and shall be accessible to the parties at their 54 respective expense until final release of the applicant's 55 performance bond or other security posted in lieu thereof. The commissioner's authorized agent will preside over the 56 conference. In the event all parties requesting the informal 57 conference stipulate agreement prior to the conference and 58 59 withdraw their request, a conference need not be held.

§22A-3-21. Decision of commissioner on permit application; hearing thereon.

1 (a) If an informal conference has been held the commis-2 sioner shall issue and furnish the applicant for a permit and 3 persons who were parties to the informal conference with the 4 written finding granting or denying the permit in whole or in 5 part and stating the reasons therefor within thirty days of the 6 informal conference, notwithstanding the requirements of 7 subsection (a), section eighteen of this article.

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14 15 (b) If the application is approved, the permit shall be issued. If the application is disapproved, specific reasons therefor must be set forth in the notification. Within thirty days after the applicant is notified of the commissioner's decision, the applicant or any person with an interest which is or may be adversely affected may request a hearing before the reclamation board of review as provided in article four, chapter twenty-two of this code to review the commissioner's decision.

- §22A-3-22. Designation of areas unsuitable for surface mining; petition for removal of designation; prohibition of surface mining on certain area; exceptions; taxation of minerals underlying land designated unsuitable.
 - 1 (a) The commissioner shall establish a planning process to 2 enable objective decisions based upon competent and 3 scientifically sound data and information as to which, if any, 4 land areas of this state are unsuitable for all or certain types 5 of surface-mining operations pursuant to the standards set 6 forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection: Provided, That such designation shall not prevent prospecting pursuant 7 to section seven of this article on any area so designated: 8
 - (1) Upon petition pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the commissioner shall designate an area as unsuitable for all or certain types of surface-mining operations, if it determines that reclamation pursuant to the requirements of this article is not technologically and economically feasible.

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- 14 (2) Upon petition pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, 15 a surface area may be designated unsuitable for certain types of surface-mining operations, if the operations: (A) Conflict 16 17 with existing state or local land use plans or programs; (B) 18 affect fragile or historic lands in which the operations could result in significant damage to important historic, cultural, 19 20 scientific and esthetic values and natural systems; (C) affect renewable resource lands, including significant aquifers and 21 22 aquifer recharge areas, in which the operations could result in 23 a substantial loss or reduction of long-range productivity of water supply, food or fiber products; or (D) affect natural 24 hazard lands in which the operations could substantially 25 26 endanger life and property. Such lands to include lands subject 27 to frequent flooding and areas of unstable geology.
- (3) The commissioner shall develop a process which 28 includes: (A) The review of surface-mining lands; (B) a data 29 base and an inventory system which will permit proper 30 evaluation of the capacity of different land areas of the state 31 to support and permit reclamation of surface-mining opera-32 tions; (C) a method for implementing land use planning 33 decisions concerning surface-mining operations; and (D) 34 proper notice and opportunities for public participation, 35 including a public hearing prior to making any designation or 36

37 redesignation pursuant to this section.

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- (4) Determinations of the unsuitability of land for surface mining, as provided for in this section, shall be integrated as closely as possible with present and future land use planning and regulation processes at federal, state and local levels.
- (5) The requirements of this section shall not apply to lands on which surface-mining operations were being conducted on the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, or under a permit issued pursuant to this article, or where substantial legal and financial commitments in the operations were in existence prior to the fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
- (b) The commissioner, or any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected, shall have the right to petition the commissioner to have an area designated as unsuitable for surface-mining operations or to have such a designation terminated. The petition shall contain allegations of fact with supporting evidence which would tend to establish the allegations. After receipt of the petition, the commissioner shall immediately begin an administrative study of the area specified in the petition. Within ten months after receipt of the petition, the commissioner shall hold a public hearing in the locality of the affected area after appropriate notice and publication of the date, time and location of the hearing. After the commissioner or any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected has filed a petition and before the hearing required by this subsection, any person may intervene by filing allegations of fact with supporting evidence which would tend to establish the allegations. Within sixty days after the hearing, the commissioner shall issue and furnish to the petitioner and any other party to the hearing, a written decision regarding the petition and the reasons therefor. In the event that all the petitioners stipulate agreement prior to the requested hearing and withdraw their request, the hearing need not be held.
- (c) Prior to designating any land areas as unsuitable for surface-mining operations, the commissioner shall prepare a detailed statement on: (1) The potential coal resources of the area; (2) the demand for the coal resources; and (3) the impact of the designation on the environment, the economy and the

77 supply of coal.

(d) After the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and subject to valid existing rights, no surface mining operations, except those which existed on that date, shall be permitted:

- (1) On any lands in this state within the boundaries of units of the national park system, the national wildlife refuge systems, the national system of trails, the national wilderness preservation system, the wild and scenic rivers system, including study rivers designated under section five-a of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, and national recreation areas designated by act of Congress;
- (2) Which will adversely affect any publicly owned park or places included in the national register of historic sites, or national register of natural landmarks unless approved jointly by the commissioner and the federal, state or local agency with jurisdiction over the park, the historic site or natural landmark;
- (3) Within one hundred feet of the outside right-of-way line on any public road, except where mine access roads or haulage roads join such right-of-way line, and except that the commissioner may permit the roads to be relocated or the area affected to lie within one hundred feet of the road if, after public notice and an opportunity for a public hearing in the locality, the commissioner makes a written finding that the interests of the public and the landowners affected thereby will be protected;
- (4) Within three hundred feet from any occupied dwelling, unless waived by the owner thereof, or within three hundred feet of any public building, school, church, community or institutional building, public park, or within one hundred feet of a cemetery; or
- (5) On any federal lands within the boundaries of any national forest: *Provided*, That surface coal mining operations may be permitted on the lands if the secretary of the interior finds that there are no significant recreational, timber, economic or other values which may be incompatible with the surface-mining operations: *Provided*, *however*, That the surface operations and impacts are incident to an underground

116 coal mine.

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117 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, the 118 coal underlying any lands designated unsuitable for surface-119 mining operations under any provisions of this article or 120 underlying any land upon which mining is prohibited by any 121 provisions of this article shall be assessed for taxation purposes 122 according to their value and the Legislature hereby finds that the coal has no value for the duration of the designation or 123 124 prohibition unless suitable for underground mining not in 125 violation of this article: Provided. That the owner of the coal 126 shall forthwith notify the proper assessing authorities if the 127 designation or prohibition is removed so that the coal may be 128 reassessed.

§22A-3-23. Release of performance bond or deposits; application; notice; duties of commissioner; public hearings; final maps on grade release.

- 1 (a) The permittee may file a request with the commissioner 2 for the release of a performance bond or deposit. The permittee shall publish an advertisement regarding such 3 4 request for release in the same manner as is required of 5 advertisements for permit applications. A copy of such 6 advertisements shall be submitted to the commissioner as part 7 of any bond release application and shall contain a notification of the precise location of the land affected, the number of 8 acres, the permit and the date approved, the amount of the 9 bond filed and the portion sought to be released, the type and 10 appropriate dates of reclamation work performed and a 11 description of the results achieved as they relate to the 12 permittee's approved reclamation plan. In addition, as part of 13 any bond release application, the permittee shall submit copies 14 of letters which he has sent to adjoining property owners, local 15 government bodies, planning agencies, sewage and water 16 treatment authorities or water companies in the locality in 17 which the surface-mining operation is located, notifying them 18 of the permittee's intention to seek release from the bond. Any 19 20 request for grade release shall also be accompanied by final 21 maps.
 - (b) Upon receipt of the application for bond release, the commissioner, within thirty days, taking into consideration existing weather conditions, shall conduct an inspection and

evaluation of the reclamation work involved. Such evaluation shall consider, among other things, the degree of difficulty to complete any remaining reclamation, whether pollution of surface and subsurface water is occurring, the probability of continuance or future occurrence of such pollution and the estimated cost of abating such pollution. The commissioner shall notify the permittee in writing of his decision to release or not to release all or part of the performance bond or deposit within sixty days from the date of the initial publication of the advertisement if no public hearing is requested. If a public hearing is held, the commissioner's decision shall be issued within thirty days thereafter.

- (c) If the commissioner is satisfied that reclamation covered by the bond or deposit or portion thereof has been accomplished as required by this article, he may release said bond or deposit, in whole or in part, according to the following schedule:
- (1) When the operator completes the backfilling, regrading and drainage control of a bonded area in accordance with his approved reclamation plan, the release of sixty percent of the bond or collateral for the applicable bonded area: *Provided*, That a minimum bond of ten thousand dollars shall be retained after grade release;
- (2) Two years after the last augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation or other work to ensure compliance with subdivision (19), subsection (b), section twelve of this article, the release of an additional twenty-five percent of the bond or collateral for the applicable bonded area: *Provided*, That a minimum bond of ten thousand dollars shall be retained after the release provided for in this subdivision; and
- (3) When the operator has completed successfully all surface mining and reclamation activities, the release of the remaining portion of the bond, but not before the expiration of the period specified in subdivision (20), subsection (b), section twelve of this article: *Provided*, That the revegetation has been established on the regraded mined lands in accordance with the approved reclamation plan: *Provided*, *however*, That such a release may be made where the quality of the untreated postmining water discharged is better than or equal to the premining water quality discharged from the mining site.

No part of the bond or deposit may be released under this subsection so long as the lands to which the release would be applicable are contributing additional suspended solids to streamflow or runoff outside the permit area in excess of the requirements set by section twelve or thirteen of this article, or until soil productivity for prime farmlands has returned to equivalent levels of yield as nonmined land of the same soil type in the surrounding area under equivalent management practices as determined from the soil survey performed pursuant to section nine of this article. Where a sediment dam is to be retained as a permanent impoundment pursuant to section twelve of this article, or where a road or minor deviation is to be retained for sound future maintenance of the operation, the portion of the bond may be released under this subsection so long as provisions for sound future maintenance by the operator or the landowner have been made with the commissioner.

- (d) If the commissioner disapproves the application for release of the bond or portion thereof, the commissioner shall notify the permittee, in writing, stating the reasons for disapproval and recommending corrective actions necessary to secure said release and notifying the operator of his right to a hearing.
- (e) When any application for total or partial bond release is filed with the commissioner, he shall notify the municipality in which a surface-mining operation is located by registered or certified mail at least thirty days prior to the release of all or a portion of the bond.
- (f) Any person with a valid legal interest which is or may be adversely affected by release of the bond or the responsible officer or head of any federal, state or local governmental agency which has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to any environmental, social or economic impact involved in the operation, or is authorized to develop and enforce environmental standards with respect to such operations, has the right to file written objections to the proposed bond release and request a hearing with the commissioner within thirty days after the last publication of the permittee's advertisement. If written objections are filed and a hearing requested, the commissioner shall inform all of the interested parties of the time and place of the hearing and

- shall hold a public hearing in the locality of the surface-mining operation proposed for bond release within three weeks after the close of the public comment period. The date, time and location of such public hearing shall also be advertised by the commissioner in a newspaper of general circulation in the same locality.
- (g) Without prejudice to the rights of the objectors, the applicant, or the responsibilities of the commissioner pursuant to this section, the commissioner may hold an informal conference to resolve any written objections and satisfy the hearing requirements of this section thereby.
- 117 (h) For the purpose of such hearing, the commissioner has 118 the authority and is hereby empowered to administer oaths, 119 subpoena witnesses and written or printed materials, compel 120 the attendance of witnesses, or production of materials, and 121 take evidence including, but not limited to, inspections of the 122 land affected and other surface-mining operations carrried on 123 by the applicant in the general vicinity. A verbatim record of 124 each public hearing required by this section shall be made and 125 a transcript made available on the motion of any party or by 126 order of the commissioner at the cost of the person requesting 127 the transcript.

§22A-3-24. Water rights and replacement; waiver of replacement.

- 1 (a) Nothing in this article shall be construed as affecting in 2 any way the rights of any person to enforce or protect, under 3 applicable law, his interest in water resources affected by a 4 surface-mining operation.
- 5 (b) Any operator shall replace the water supply of an owner of interest in real property who obtains all or part of his supply 7 of water for domestic, agricultural, industrial or other 8 legitimate use from an underground or surface source where 9 such supply has been affected by contamination, diminution or interruption proximately caused by such surface-mining operation, unless waived by said owner.

§22A-3-25. Citizen suits; order of court; damages.

1 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, any
2 person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected
3 may commence a civil action in the circuit court of the county
4 to which the surface-mining operation is located on his own

5 behalf to compel compliance with this article:

- (1) Against the state of West Virginia or any other governmental instrumentality or agency thereof, to the extent permitted by the West Virginia constitution and by law, which is alleged to be in violation of the provisions of this article or any rule, regulation, order or permit issued pursuant thereto, or against any other person who is alleged to be in violation of any rule, regulation, order or permit issued pursuant to this article; or
- (2) Against the commissioner, department, division, reclamation board of review or appropriate department employees, to the extent permitted by the West Virginia constitution and by law, where there is alleged a failure of the above to perform any act or duty under this article which is not discretionary.
- (b) No action may be commenced:
- (1) Under subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section: (A) prior to sixty days after the plaintiff has given notice in writing of the violation to the commissioner or to any alleged violator, or (B) if the commissioner has commenced and is diligently prosecuting a civil action in a circuit court to require compliance with the provisions of this article or any rule or regulation, order or permit issued pursuant to this article; or
- (2) Under subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section prior to sixty days after the plaintiff has given notice in writing of such action to the commissioner, except that such action may be brought immediately after such notification in the case where the violation or order complained of constitutes an imminent threat to the health or safety of the plaintiff or would immediately affect a legal interest of the plaintiff.
- 35 (c) Any action respecting a violation of this article or the 36 regulations thereunder may be brought in any appropriate 37 circuit court. In such action under this section, the commis-38 sioner, if not a party, may intervene as a matter of right.
 - (d) The court in issuing any final order in any action brought pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may award costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees, to any party whenever the court determines such award is appropriate. The court may, if a temporary

restraining order or preliminary injunction is sought, require the filing of a bond or equivalent security.

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- (e) Nothing in this section shall restict any right which any person or class of persons may have under any statute or common law to seek enforcement of any of the provisions of this article and the regulations thereunder or to seek any other relief.
- 51 (f) Any person or property who is injured in his person 52 through the violation by any operator of any rule, regulation, 53 order or permit issued pursuant to this article may bring an 54 action for damages, including reasonable attorney and expert 55 witness fees, in any court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing 56 in this subsection shall affect the rights established by or limits 57 imposed under state worker's compensation laws.
- 58 (g) This section shall apply to violations of this article and 59 the regulations promulgated thereto, or orders or permits 60 issued pursuant to said article insofar as said violations, 61 regulations, orders and permits relate to surface-mining 62 operations.

§22A-3-26. Surface-mining operations not subject to article.

- 1 The provisions of this article do not apply to any of the 2 following activities:
- (a) The extraction of coal by a landowner for his own
 noncommercial use from land owned or leased by him.
 - (b) The extraction of coal by a landowner engaged in construction, which construction does not require the disturbance of more than one acre of privately owned land: *Provided*, That prior to the extraction of coal by such landowner, he shall affirmatively demonstate that such construction will occur within a reasonable time after surface disturbance.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a person or operator shall not be subject to the reclamation requirements of this article when engaged in the removal of borrow and fill material for grading in federal and state highway or other construction projects: *Provided*, That the provisions of the construction contract require the furnishing of a suitable bond which provides for reclamation, wherever

- 19 practicable, of the area affected by such recovery activity.
- 20 (d) The extraction of coal for commercial purposes where 21 the surface mining operation affects two acres or less:
- Provided, That the entity conducting or planning to conduct 22
- 23 said operation complies with the provisions of section ten-a
- 24 of this article.

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§22A-3-27. Leasing of lands owned by state for surface mining of coal.

1 No land or interest in land owned by the state may be

- 2 leased, and no present lease may be renewed by the state, nor
- any agency of the state, for the purpose of conducting surface-3
- mining operations thereon unless said lease or renewal shall
- have been first authorized by an act of the Legislature: 5
- Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply
- to underground mining on such land.

§22A-3-28. Special permits for removal of coal incidental to development of land; prohibited acts; application; bond; reclamation for existing abandoned coal processing waste piles.

- (a) Except where exempted by section twenty-six of this 1 article, it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to engage in surface mining as defined in this article as an incident to 3 the development of land for commercial, residential, industrial 5 or civic use without having first obtained from the commissioner a permit therefor as provided in section eight of this 6 article, unless a special permit therefor shall have been first 7 8 obtained from the commissioner as provided in this section.
 - Application for a special permit to engage in surface mining as an incident to the development of land for commercial, residential, industrial or civic use shall be made in writing on forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The application shall be accompanied by:
- 15 (I) A site preparation plan, prepared and certified by or under the supervision of a person approved by the commis-16 17 sioner, showing the tract of land which the applicant proposes to develop for commercial, residential, industrial or civic use; 18 the probable boundaries and areas of the coal deposit to be 19 mined and removed from said tract of land incident to the 20

- 21 proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use 22 thereof; and such other information as prescribed by the 23 commissioner;
- 24 (2) A development plan for the proposed commercial, 25 residential, industrial or civic use of said land;
- (3) The name of owner of the surface of the land to bedeveloped;
- 28 (4) The name of owner of the coal to be mined incident to 29 the development of the land;
- 30 (5) A reasonable estimate of the number of acres of coal 31 that would be mined as a result of the proposed development 32 of said land: *Provided*, That in no event may such number 33 of acres to be mined, excluding roadways, exceed five acres; 34 and

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- (6) Such other information as the commissioner may require to satisfy and assure the commissioner that the surface mining under special permit is incidental or secondary to the proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use of said land.
 - (b) There shall be attached to the application for the special permit a certificate of insurance certifying that the applicant has in force a public liability insurance policy issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state affording personal injury protection in accordance with subsection (d), section nine of this article.

The application for the special permit shall also be accompanied by a bond, or cash or collateral securities or certificates of the same type, in the form as prescribed by the commissioner and in the minimum amount of two thousand dollars per acre, for a maximum disturbance of five acres.

The bond shall be payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned that the applicant shall complete the site preparation for the proposed commercial, residential, industrial or civic use of said land. At the conclusion of the site preparation, in accordance with the site preparation plan submitted with the application, the bond conditions shall be satisfied and the bond and any cash, securities or certificates furnished with said bond may be released and returned to the applicant. The filing fee for the special permit shall be five

- hundred dollars. The special permit shall be valid until workpermitted is completed.
- 61 (c) The purpose of this section is to vest jurisdiction in the 62 commissioner, where the surface mining is incidental or 63 secondary to the preparation of land for commercial, 64 residential, industrial or civic use and where, as an incident 65 to such preparation of land, minerals must be removed. including, but not limited to, the building and construction of 66 67 railroads, shopping malls, factory and industrial sites, 68 residential and building sites, and recreational areas. Anyone 69 who has been issued a special permit shall not be issued an additional special permit on the same or adjacent tract of land 70 71 unless satisfactory evidence has been submitted to the 72 commissioner that such permit is necessary to subsequent 73 development or construction. As long as the operator complies 74 with the purpose and provisions of this section, the other 75 sections of this article shall not be applicable to the operator 76 holding a special permit: Provided, That the commissioner 77 shall promulgate regulations establishing applicable perfor-78 mance standards for operations permitted under this section.
- 79 (d) The commissioner may, in the exercise of his sound 80 discretion, when not in conflict with the purposes and findings 81 of this article and to bring about a more desirable land use or to protect the public and the environment, issue a special 82 83 permit solely for the reprocessing of existing abandoned coal processing waste piles. The commissioner shall promulgate 84 specific regulations for such operations: Provided, That a bond 85 86 and a reclamation plan shall be required for such operations.

§22A-3-29. Existing permits and performance bond conversion; exemption from design criteria.

1 (a) All surface disturbance reclamation bonds submitted pursuant to the requirements of chapter twenty-two of this code by the department of mines for operations which continue to operate eight months after the approval of the 4 state program shall be released upon notification by the 6 commissioner that the disturbed areas have been bonded in accordance with the provisions of this article: Provided, That 7 8 for those operations permitted after the first day of July, one 9 thousand nine hundred seventy-six, and which do not continue operation eight months after the approval of the state 10

- 11 program, the commissioner upon reclamation of the site in
- 12 accordance with the underground opening approval reclama-
- 13 tion plan, shall release such bonds: Provided, however, That
- 14 forfeiture proceedings shall begin upon failure of the operator
- 15 to reclaim within a reasonable time the disturbed area
- pursuant to a plan approved after the first day of July, one 16
- 17 thousand nine hundred seventy-six.
- 18 (b) With regard to existing structures and facilities, persons
- 19 need not comply with design criteria if such structures and
- 20 facilities meet the environmental performance standards of this
- 21 article.

§22A-3-30. Experimental practices.

1 In order to encourage advances in surface mining and 2 reclamation practices or to allow postmining land use for

industrial, commercial, residential, agricultural or public use,

including recreational facilities, the commissioner may

4 authorize departures, in individual cases and on an experimen-

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tal basis, from the environmental protection performance

7 standards promulgated under this article. Such departures may

be authorized if the experimental practices are potentially 8

9 more or at least as environmentally protective during and after

surface-mining operations as those required by promulgated 10

11 standards; the surface-mining operations approved for

particular land use or other purposes are not larger or more 12

numerous than necessary to determine the effectiveness and 13

economic feasibility of the experimental practices; and the 14 15

experimental practices do not reduce the protection afforded

16 health or safety of the public below that provided by

17 promulgated standards.

§22A-3-31. Certification and training of blasters.

- 1 The director of the division of mines and minerals shall be
- responsible for the training, examination and certification of
- persons engaging in or directly responsible for blasting or use
 - of explosives in surface-mining operations.

§22A-3-32. Surface miner certification required.

- After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- seventy-six, certification shall be required of all surface miners 2
 - in accordance with the provisions of articles nine and ten,
- chapter twenty-two of this code and the regulations promul-

5 gated thereunder.

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§22A-3-33. Certification of surface-mine foremen.

- 1 (a) In every surface mine where five or more persons are 2 employed in a period of twenty-four hours, the operator shall 3 employ at least one person certified in accordance with the 4 provisions of article nine, chapter twenty-two of this code as 5 a mine foreman. Each applicant for certification as a mine 6 foreman shall, at the time he is issued a certificate of 7 competency: (1) Be a resident or employed in a mine in this 8 state; (2) have had at least three years' experience in surface 9 mining, which shall include at least eighteen months' 10 experience on or at a working section of a surface mine, or 11 be a graduate of the school of mines at West Virginia 12 University or of another accredited mining engineering school 13 and have had at least two years' practical experience in a 14 surface mine, which shall include at least eighteen months' experience on or at a working section of a surface mine; and 15 (3) have demonstrated his knowledge of mine safety, first aid, 16 17 safety appliances, emergency procedures relative to all 18 equipment, state and federal mining laws and regulations and 19 other subjects, by completing such training, education and 20 examinations as may be required of him under article nine, 21 chapter twenty-two of this code.
 - (b) In surface mines in which the operations are so extensive that the duties devolving upon the mine foreman cannot be discharged by one person, one or more assistant mine foreman may be designated. Such persons shall act under the instruction of the mine foreman who shall be responsible for their conduct in the discharge of their duties. Each assistant so designated shall be certified under the provisions of article nine, chapter twenty-two of this code. Each applicant for certification as assistant mine foreman shall, at the time he is issued a certificate of competency, possess all of the qualifications required of a mine foreman: Provided. That he shall, at the time he is certified, be required to have at least two years' experience in surface mining, which shall include eighteen months on or at a working section of a surface mine or be a graduate of the school of mines at West Virginia University or of another accredited mining engineering school and have had twelve months' practical experience in a surface mine, all of which shall have been on or at a working section.

40 (c) The director of the division of mines and minerals shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to 41 42 carry out the provisions of this section.

§22A-3-34. Monthly report by operator.

- The operator of every surface mine shall, on or before the end of each calendar month, file with the director of the 2 division of mines and minerals a report covering the preceding 3 calendar month on forms furnished by said director. Such reports shall state the number of accidents which have 5
- occurred, the number of persons employed, the days worked
 - and the actual tonnage of raw coal mined.

§22A-3-35. Applicability and enforcement of laws safeguarding life and property; regulations; authority of division of mines and minerals regarding enforcing safety laws.

1 All provisions of the mining laws of this state intended to 2 safeguard life and property shall extend to all surface mining 3 operations insofar as such laws are applicable thereto. The commissioner shall promulgate reasonable regulations in 4 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 5 code to protect the safety of those employed in and around 6 surface mines. The enforcement of all laws and regulations 7 8 relating to the safety of those employed in and around surface mines is hereby vested in the division of mines and minerals and shall be enforced according to the provisions of chapter 10 11 twenty-two-a of this code.

§22A-3-36. Conflicting provisions.

- In the event of any inconsistency or conflict between any 1
- provision of this article and any provision of this chapter, the 2
- provisions of this article shall control.

§22A-3-37. Conflict of interest prohibited; criminal penalties therefor; employee protection.

- (a) No employee of the division of mines and minerals 1
- engaged in the enforcement or administration of this article 2
- or employee of the reclamation board of review performing 3
- any function or duty under this article shall have a direct or indirect financial interest in any surface-mining operation.
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- Whoever knowingly violates the provisions of this subsection 6
- is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall

be fined not more than two thousand five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned. The commissioner shall establish methods by which the provisions of this subsection will be monitored and enforced, including appropriate provisions for the filing and the review of statements and supplements thereto concerning any financial interest which may be affected by this subsection.

- (b) No person shall discharge or in any other way discriminate against, or cause to be fired or discriminated against, any employee or any authorized representative of employees by reason of the fact that the employee or representative has filed, instituted, or caused to be filed or instituted, any proceeding under this article, or has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding resulting from the administration or enforcement of the provisions of this article.
- (c) Any employee or a representative of employees who has reason to believe that he has been fired or otherwise discriminated against by any person in violation of subsection (b) of this section may, within thirty days after the alleged violation occurs, petition to the reclamation board of review for a review of the firing or discrimination. The employee or representative shall be known as the petitioner and shall serve a copy of the petition upon the person or operator who will be the respondent. The participants shall be given ten days' written notice of the hearing before the board and the hearing shall be held within thirty days of the filing of the petition. The board shall have the same powers and shall hear the petition in the same manner as provided in subsections (e) and (f), section two, article four, chapter twenty-two of this code.
 - (d) If the board finds that the alleged violation did occur, it shall issue an order incorporating therein findings of fact and conclusions requiring the participant committing the violation to take such affirmative action to abate the violation by appropriate action, including, but not limited to, the hiring or reinstatement of the employee or representative to his former position with compensation. If the board finds no violation, it shall issue a finding to that effect. Orders issued by the board under this section shall be subject to judicial review in the same manner as other orders of the board issued under this article.

- 49 (e) Whenever an order is issued under this section to abate 50 any violation, at the request of the petitioner a sum equal to
- 51 the aggregate costs and expenses, including attorneys' fees to
- 52 have been reasonably incurred by the petitioner for, or in
- 53 connection with, the institution and prosecution of the
- 54 proceedings, shall be assessed against the person committing
- 55 the violation.

§22A-3-38. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof to

any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall 2 not affect other provisions or applications of this article, and

to this end the provisions of this article are declared to be

severable: Provided. That in promulgating rules pursuant to

the provisions of this article, the commissioner shall note

relevant administrative and judicial decisions from both state 7

and federal systems and action by the United States Congress

or the United States department of the interior.

§22A-3-39. Validity of regulations promulgated under section 502(c) of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977.

- 1 (a) All rules and regulations promulgated under section 2 502(c) of the federal Surface Mining Control and Reclamation
- Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-87), pursuant to the provisions 3
- of chapter sixty-three, acts of the Legislature, regular session, 4
- one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, and chapter seventy-5
- one, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine 6 hundred seventy-nine, shall remain in full force and effect until 7
- the expiration of eight months after approval of the West 8
- Virginia state program under section 503 of Public Law 95-9
- 87 upon proclamation of the governor that the approval has 10 been granted: Provided, That those persons conducting 11
- operations under a permit or underground opening approval 12
- issued in accordance with said section 502(c), and in 13
- compliance therewith, shall be subject to said regulations until 14
- the administrative decision pertaining to the granting or 15
- denying of a permit under this article has been made by the 16
- commissioner. 17
- (b) Permits granted under this article shall be subject to rules 18 and regulations promulgated hereunder. 19

- §22A-3-40. Consolidation of permitting, enforcement and rulemaking authority for surface-mining operations; National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; effective date of section.
- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the 2 contrary, all powers, duties and responsibilities of the chief of 3 the division of water resources under article five-a, chapter 4 twenty of this code with respect to all coal mines, preparation 5 plants and all refuse and waste therefrom subject to said article 6 five-a, chapter twenty of this code are hereby transferred to 7 the commissioner. The commissioner shall have sole authority 8 to issue, amend, transfer, renew or revoke all permits required 9 under article five-a, chapter twenty-two of this code with respect to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and 10 11 waste therefrom subject to said article five-a. The procedures 12 for issuance, amendment, transferral, renewal and revocation 13 of such permits shall be governed by regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection (b). The commissioner shall consolidate 14 15 the various permit programs under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code and article three of this chapter applicable 16 17 to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste 18 therefrom. All provisions of article five-a, chapter twenty of 19 this code heretofore applicable to coal mines, preparation 20 plants and all refuse and waste therefrom shall be continued 21 under this section.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, the commissioner shall have sole authority to promulgate rules and regulations necessary or proper to implement the provisions of article five-a, chapter twenty of this code with respect to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom, except that the water resources board shall have the sole authority pursuant to section threea, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code to promulgate rules and regulations setting standards of water quality applicable to the waters of the state. To the extent feasible, the commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations consolidating the various regulatory programs under this chapter applicable to all coal mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom. The promulgation of such rules and regulations shall be governed by the provisions of this article.

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36 37 38 (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the 39 contrary, the commissioner shall have the sole authority to enforce and shall enforce the rules and regulations promul-40 gated under this article by the commissioner and the rules and 41 regulations of the water resources board setting water quality 42 standards for the waters of the state as they apply to all coal 43 44 mines, preparation plants and all refuse and waste therefrom. Rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner, pursuant 45 to the requirements of article five-a, chapter twenty of this 46 code shall be enforceable by the commissioner under the 47 48 provisions of sections seventeen and nineteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, as though the regulations were 49 promulgated by the water resources board: Provided, That the 50 51 commissioner's authority to enforce such rules and regulations under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code shall not 52 preclude the commissioner or any person from invoking the 53 remedies otherwise provided by article three of this chapter 54 and shall not preclude the commissioner from enforcing the 55 56 provisions of this article.

- (d) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, any permit of the commissioner issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, or any order issued under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, or for the purpose of 60 implementing the "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System" established under the federal Clean Water Act, shall 62 63 be appealable only to the state water resources board and such appeal shall be governed by the provisions of section fifteen, 64 65 article five-a, chapter twenty of this code.
- (e) This section shall become effective upon a proclamation 66 by the governor stating that final approval of the partial 67 68 transfer of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System established under the federal Clean Water Act 69 contemplated by this section has been given by the Admin-70 istrator of the United States Environmental Protection 71 72 Agency.

ARTICLE 4. SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION OF MINERALS OTHER THAN COAL.

- Jurisdiction vested in department of energy; legislative purpose; §22A-4-1. apportionment of responsibility.
- Definitions. §22A-4-2.

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Department of energy; duties and functions. δ22A-4-3.

- §22A-4-4. Surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; appointment and qualifications; salary.
- §22A-4-5. Duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors.
- §22A-4-6. Permit required; application; issuance and renewal; fees and use of proceeds.
- §22A-4-7. Preplans.
- §22A-4-8. Installation of drainage system.
- §22A-4-9. Alternative plans; time.
- §22A-4-10. Limitations; mandamus.
- §22A-4-11. Blasting restriction; formula; filing preplan; penalties; notice.
- §22A-4-12. Time in which reclamation shall be done.
- §22A-4-13. Obligations of the operator.
- §22A-4-14. Cessation of operation by inspector.
- §22A-4-15. Completion of planting; inspection and evaluation.
- §22A-4-16. Performance bonds.
- §22A-4-17. Exception as to highway construction projects for reclamation requirements.
- §22A-4-18. Applicability of laws safeguarding life and property; rules and regulations; supervision of operations.
- §22A-4-19. Monthly report by operator.
- §22A-4-20. Rules and regulations.
- §22A-4-21. Noncompliance.
- §22A-4-22. Adjudications, findings, etc., to be by written order; contents; notice.
- §22A-4-23. Appeals to board; hearing; record; findings and orders of board.
- §22A-4-24. Appeal from order of board.
- §22A-4-25. Offenses; penalties; prosecutions; treble damages; injunctive relief.
- §22A-4-26. Validity and construction of existing surface-mining permits.
- §22A-4-27. Certification of surface miners.
- §22A-4-28. Certification of surface mine foremen.

§22A-4-1. Jurisdiction vested in department of energy; legislative purpose; apportionment of responsibility.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in section eighteen of this
- 2 article, the department of energy is hereby vested with
- 3 jurisdiction over all aspects of surface mining and with
- 4 jurisdiction and control over land, water and soil aspects
- 5 pertaining to surface-mining operations, and the restoration
- 6 and reclamation of lands surface mined and areas affected
- 7 thereby.
- 8 The Legislature finds that, although surface mining provides
- 9 much needed employment and has produced good safety
- 10 records, unregulated surface mining causes soil erosion, pyritic
- 11 shales and materials landslides, noxious materials, stream
- 12 pollution and accumulation of stagnant water, increases the
- 13 likelihood of floods and slides, destroys the value of some
- 14 lands for agricultural purposes and some lands for recreational

purposes, destroys aesthetic values, counteracts efforts for the conservation of soil, water and other natural resources, and destroys or impairs the health, safety, welfare and property rights of the citizens of West Virginia, where proper mining and reclamation is not practiced.

The Legislature also finds that there are wide variations regarding location and terrain conditions surrounding and arising out of the surface mining primarily in topographical and geological conditions, and by reason thereof, it is necessary to provide the most effective, beneficial and equitable solution to the problems involved.

The Legislature further finds that authority should be vested in the commissioner of the department of energy to administer and enforce the provisions of this article.

The commissioner of the department of energy and the director of the division of mines and minerals shall cooperate with respect to departmental programs and records so as to effect an orderly and harmonious administration of the provisions of this article. The commissioner of energy may avail himself of any services which may be provided by other state agencies in this state and other states or by agencies of the federal government, and may reasonably compensate them for such services. He may also receive any federal funds, state funds or any other funds for the reclamation of land affected by surface mining.

No public officer or employee in the department of energy, the division of mines and minerals, or the office of attorney general, having any responsibility or duty either directly or of a supervisory nature with respect to the administration or enforcement of this article shall (1) engage in surface mining as a sole proprietor or as a partner or (2) be an officer, director, stockholder, owner or part owner of any corporation or other business entity engaged in surface mining or (3) be employed as an attorney, agent or in any other capacity by any person, partnership, firm, association, trust or corporation engaged in surface mining. Any violation of this parapraph by any such public officer or employee shall constitute grounds for his removal from office or dismissal from his employment, as the case may be.

§22A-4-2. Definitions.

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Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:

- (a) "Adequate treatment" means treatment of water by physical, chemical or other approved methods in a manner that will cause the analyzed pH level of the treated water to be 6.0 9.0 and analyzed content of iron of the treated water to be seven milligrams per liter or less, or approved treatment which will not lower the water quality standards established for the river, stream or drainway into which such water is released.
- 11 (b) "Breakthrough" means the release of water which has 12 been trapped or impounded underground, or the release of air 13 into any underground cavity, pocket or area.
- 14 (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of energy or his authorized agents.
- (d) "Disturbed land" or "land disturbed" shall mean (1) the area from which the overburden has been removed in surface-mining operation, (2) the area covered by the spoil, and (3) any areas used in surface-mining operations which by virtue of their use are susceptible to excessive erosion including all lands disturbed by the construction or improvement of haulageways, roads or trails.
- 23 (e) "Minerals" means clay, flagstone, gravel, limestone, 24 manganese, sand, sandstone, shale, iron ore and any other 25 metal or metallurgical ore: *Provided*, That the term "minerals" 26 does not include coal.
 - (f) "Mulch" means any natural or plant residue, organic or inorganic material, applied to the surface of the earth to retain moisture and curtail or limit soil erosion.
 - (g) "Operator" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, trust or corporation who or which is granted or should obtain a permit to engage in any activity covered by this article.
 - (h) "Permit area" means the area of land indicated on the approved map submitted by the operator with the reclamation plan as specified in section seven of this article showing the exact location of end strip markers, permit markers and monuments.

- 39 (i) "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, 40 association, trust or corporation.
- 41 (j) "Surface mine" means all areas surface mined or being 42 surface mined, as well as adjacent areas ancillary to the 43 operation, together with preparation and processing plants, 44 storage areas and haulageways, roads or trails.
- 45 (k) "Surface mining" means all activity for the recovery of minerals, and all plants and equipment used in processing said 46 minerals: Provided, That the bonding and reclamation 47 provisions of this article shall not apply to surface mining of 48 limestone, sandstone and sand: Provided, however, That the 49 surface mining of limestone, sandstone and sand shall be 50 subject to separate rules and regulations to be promulgated by 51 52 the commissioner.
- (1) "Surface of a regraded bench" means the top portion or part of any regraded area.

§22A-4-3. Department of energy; duties and functions.

Except as otherwise provided in this article, the commissioner shall administer all of the laws of this state relating to surface mining and shall exercise all of the powers and perform all of the duties by law vested in and imposed upon him in relation to said operations. The jurisdiction, supervision and enforcement authority granted the commissioner in this article shall be in addition to the jurisdiction, supervision and enforcement authority granted in this chapter.

§22A-4-4. Surface-mining reclamation supervisors and inspectors; appointment and qualifications; salary.

1 The commissioner shall determine the number of surfacemining reclamation supervisors and inspectors needed to carry 2 out the purposes of this article and appoint them as such. All 3 such appointees shall be eligible civil service employees, but 4 5 no person shall be qualified for such appointment until he has served in a probationary status for a period of one year to 6 the satisfaction of the commissioner of energy: Provided, That 7 the provisions of this section shall not affect the status of 8 persons employed on the effective date of this article as 9 reclamation inspectors under the former provisions of chapter 10 twenty, if such persons are qualified civil service employees. 11

Every surface-mining reclamation supervisor or inspector shall be paid not less than sixteen thousand dollars per year.

§22A-4-5. Duties of surface-mining reclamation inspectors.

The surface-mining reclamation inspectors shall make all 2 necessary surveys and inspections of surface-mining opera-3 tions, shall administer and enforce all surface-mining laws, 4 rules and regulations, and shall perform such other duties and 5 services as may be prescribed by the commissioner. Such 6 inspectors shall give particular attention to all conditions of 7 each permit to ensure complete compliance therewith. The 8 commissioner shall cause inspections to be made of each active 9 surface-mining operation in this state by a surface-mining 10 reclamation inspector at least once every fifteen days. Said inspector shall note and describe violations of this article and 11 12 immediately report such violations to the commissioner in 13 writing, furnishing at the same time a copy of such report to 14 the operator concerned.

§22A-4-6. Permit required; applications; issuance and renewals; fees and use of proceeds.

1 It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to engage in 2 surface mining without having first obtained from the 3 department of energy a permit therefor as provided in this section. Application for a surface-mining permit shall be made 4 in writing on forms prescribed by the commissioner of energy, 5 and shall be signed and verified by the applicant. The 7 application, in addition to such other information as may be reasonably required by the commissioner, shall contain the 8 9 following information: (1) The common name and geologic title, where applicable, of the mineral or minerals to be 10 extracted; (2) maps and plans as provided in section seven 11 hereof; (3) the owner or owners of the surface of the land to 12 13 be mined; (4) the owner or owners of the mineral to be mined; 14 (5) the source of the operator's legal right to enter and conduct operations on the land to be covered by the permit; (6) a 15 reasonable estimate of the number of acres of land that will 16 be disturbed by mining on the area to be covered by the 17 permit; (7) the permanent and temporary post-office addresses 18 of the applicant and of the owners of the surface and the 19 mineral; (8) whether any surface-mining permits are now held 20 and the numbers thereof; (9) the names and post-office 21

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addresses of every officer, partner, director (or person performing a similar function), of the applicant, together with all persons, if any, owning of record or beneficially (alone or with associates), if known, ten percent or more of any class of stock of the applicant: Provided. That if such list be so large as to cause undue inconvenience, the commissioner may waive the requirements that such list be made a part of such application, except the names and current addresses of every officer, partner, director and applicant must accompany such application; (10) if known, whether applicant, any subsidiary or affiliate or any person controlled by or under common control with applicant, or any person required to be identified by item (9) above, has ever had a surface-mining permit issued under the laws of this state revoked or has ever had a surfacemining bond, or security deposited in lieu of bond, forfeited; and (11) names and addresses of the reputed owner or owners of all surface area within five hundred feet of any part of proposed disturbed land, which such owners shall be notified by registered or certified mail of such application and such owners shall be given ten days within which to file written objections thereto, if any, with the commissioner. There shall be attached to the application a true copy of an original policy of insurance issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state covering all surface-mining operations of the applicant in this state and affording personal injury protection in an amount not less than one hundred thousand dollars and property damage, including blasting damage protection in an amount of not less than three hundred thousand dollars.

The commissioner shall upon receipt of the application for a permit cause to be published, as a Class III legal advertisement in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, a notice of the application for the permit. Such notice shall contain in abbreviated form the information required by this section, together with the commissioner's statement that written protests to such application will be received by him until a specified date, which date shall be at least thirty days after the first publication of the notice.

The publication area of the notices required by this section shall be the county or counties in which the proposed permit

area is located. The cost of all publications required by this section shall be borne by the applicant.

65 Upon the filing of an application in proper form, accom-66 panied by the fees and bond required by this article and said 67 true copy of the policy of insurance, and after consideration 68 of the merits of the application and written protests, if any, 69 the commissioner may issue the permit applied for if the 70 applicant has complied with all of the provisions of this article. 71 If the commissioner finds that the applicant is or has been 72 affiliated with or managed or controlled by, or is or has been 73 under the common control of, other than as an employee, a 74 person who or which has had a surface-mining permit revoked 75 or bond or other security forfeited for failure to reclaim lands 76 as required by the laws of this state, he shall not issue a permit 77 to the applicant: Provided, That no surface-mining permit 78 shall be refused because of any past revocation of a permit 79 and forfeiture of a bond or other security if such revocation and forfeiture occurred before the first day of July, one 80 81 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and if, after such 82 revocation and forfeiture, the operator whose permit has been 83 revoked and bond forfeited shall have paid into the surface-84 mining reclamation fund the full amount of the bond so 85 forfeited, and any additional sum of money determined by the 86 commissioner to be adequate to reclaim the land covered by 87 such forfeited bond: Provided, however. That in no event shall 88 such additional sum be less than sixty dollars per acre.

The permit shall be valid for one year from its date of issue. Upon verified application, containing such information as the commissioner may reasonably require, accompanied by such fees and bond as are required by this article, and a true copy of the policy of insurance as aforesaid, the commissioner shall from year to year renew the permit, if the operation is in compliance with the provisions of this article.

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The registration fee for all permits for surface mining, shall be five hundred dollars. The annual renewal fee for permits for surface mining shall be one hundred dollars payable on the anniversary date of said permit upon renewal.

The permit of any operator who fails to pay any fees provided for in this article shall be revoked.

102 All registration and renewal fees for surface mining shall be

103 collected by the commissioner and shall be deposited with the 104 treasurer of the state of West Virginia to the credit of the 105 operating permit fees fund and shall be used, upon requisition 106 of the commissioner, for the administration of this article.

§22A-4-7. Preplans.

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1 Under the provisions of this article, and rules and 2 regulations adopted by the commissioner, the operator shall 3 prepare a complete reclamation and mining plan for the area of land to be disturbed. Said reclamation and mining plan 4 5 shall include a proposed method of operation, prepared by a 6 registered professional engineer or a person approved by the director, for grading, backfilling, soil preparation, mining and 7 8 planting and such other proposals as may be necessary to 9 develop the complete reclamation and mining plan contem-10 plated by this article. In developing this complete reclamation 11 and mining plan all reasonable measures shall be taken to 12 eliminate damages to members of the public, their real and 13 personal property, public roads, streams and all other public property from soil erosion, rolling stones and overburden, 14 15 water pollution and hazards dangerous to life and property. 16 The plan shall be submitted to the commissioner and the 17 commissioner shall notify the applicant by certified mail within 18 thirty days after receipt of the plan and complete application 19 if it is or is not acceptable. If the plan is not acceptable, the 20 commissioner shall set forth the reasons why the plan is not 21 acceptable, and he may propose modifications, delete areas or 22 reject the entire plan. Should the applicant disagree with the 23 decision of the commissioner, he may, by written notice, 24 request a hearing before the commissioner. The commissioner 25 shall hold such hearing within thirty days after receipt of this 26 notice. When a hearing is held by the commissioner, he shall 27 notify the applicant of his decision by certified mail within 28 twenty days after the hearing. Any person aggrieved by a final 29 order of the commissioner made after the hearing or without 30 a hearing may appeal to the reclamation board of review.

The application for a permit shall be accompanied by copies of an enlarged United States geological survey topographic map meeting the requirements of the subdivisions below. Aerial photographs of the area shall be acceptable if the plan for reclamation can be shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner. The maps shall:

- 37 (a) Be prepared and certified by or under the supervision 38 of a registered professional civil engineer, or a registered 39 professional mining engineer, or a registered land surveyor, 40 who shall submit to the commissioner a certificate of 41 registration as a qualified engineer or land surveyor:
- 42 (b) Identify the area to correspond with application;

- (c) Show probable limits of adjacent deep-mining operations, probable limits of adjacent inactive or mined-out deep-mined areas and the boundaries of surface properties and names of surface and mineral owners of the surface area within five hundred feet of any part of the proposed disturbed area;
- (d) Be of such scale as may be prescribed by the commissioner:
- (e) Show the names and locations of all streams, creeks or other bodies of public water, roads, buildings, cemeteries, active, abandoned or plugged oil and gas wells, and utility lines on the area of land to be disturbed and within five hundred feet of such area;
- (f) Show by appropriate markings the boundaries of the area of land to be disturbed, the crop line of the seam to be mined, if any, and the total number of acres involved in the area of land to be disturbed;
- (g) Show the date on which the map was prepared, the north point and the quadrangle sketch and exact location of the operation;
- (h) Show the drainage plan on and away from the area of land to be disturbed. Such plan shall indicate the directional flow of water, constructed drainways, natural waterways used for drainage, and the streams or tributaries receiving or to receive this discharge. Upon receipt of such drainage plan, the commissioner may furnish to the chief of the division of water resources of the department of natural resources a copy of all information required by this subdivision, as well as the names and locations of all streams, creeks or other bodies of public water within five hundred feet of the area to be disturbed;
- 72 (i) Show the presence of any acid-producing materials which 73 when present in the overburden, may cause spoil with a pH 74 factor below 3.5, preventing effective revegetation. The

presence of such materials, wherever occurring in significant quantity, shall be indicated on the map, filed with the application for permit. The operator shall also indicate the manner in which acid-bearing spoil will be suitably prepared for revegetation and stabilization, whether by application of mulch or suitable soil material to the surface or by some other type of treatment, subject to approval of the commissioner.

The operator shall also indicate the manner in which all permanent overburden disposal sites will be stabilized.

The certification of the maps shall read as follows: "I, the undersigned, hereby certify that this map is correct, and shows to the best of my knowledge and belief all the information required by the surface-mining laws of this state." The certification shall be signed and notarized. The commissioner may reject any map as incomplete if its accuracy is not so attested.

In addition to the information and maps required above, each application for a permit shall be accompanied by a detailed reclamation plan as required by this article.

A monument as prescribed by the department of energy shall be placed in an approved location near the operation. If the operations under a single permit are not geographically continuous, the operator shall locate additional monuments and submit additional maps before mining other areas.

Upon an order of the commissioner, the operator shall, within thirty days after service of a copy of said order upon said operator by certified United States mail, furnish to the department of energy four copies of a progress map prepared by or under the supervision of a registered professional civil engineer or registered professional mining engineer, or by a registered land surveyor, showing the area disturbed by operations to the date of such map. Such progress map shall contain information identical to that required for both the proposed and final maps, required by this article, and shall show in detail completed reclamation work, as required by the commissioner. Such progress map shall include a geologic survey sketch showing the location of the operation, shall be properly referenced to a permanent landmark, and shall be within such reasonable degree of accuracy as may be prescribed by the commissioner. If no land has been disturbed

- 115 by operations during the preceding year, the operator shall
- 116 notify the commissioner of this fact. A final map shall be
- 117 submitted within sixty days after completion of mining
- 118 operations. Failure to submit maps or aerial photographs or
- 119 notices at specified times shall cause the permit in question
- 120 to be suspended.

§22A-4-8. Installation of drainage system.

- Prior to the beginning of surface-mining operations, the
- 2 operator shall complete and shall thereafter maintain a
- 3 drainage system including any necessary settling ponds in
- 4 accordance with the rules and regulations as established by the
- 5 commissioner.

§22A-4-9. Alternative plans; time.

- 1 An operator may propose alternative plans not calling for
- 2 backfilling where a water impoundment is desired, if such
- 3 restoration will be consistent with the purpose of this article.
- 4 Such plans shall be submitted to the commissioner, and if such
- 5 plans are approved by the commissioner and complied with
- 6 within such time limits as may be determined by him as being
- 7 reasonable for carrying out such plans, the backfilling
- 8 requirements of this article may be modified.
- 9 By regulations of the commissioner, time limits shall be
- 10 established requiring backfilling, grading and planting to be
- 11 kept current. All backfilling and grading shall be completed
- 12 before equipment necessary for such backfilling and grading
- 13 is moved from the operation.
- 14 If the operator or other person desires to conduct deep
- 15 mining upon the premises or use a deep-mine opening for
- haulageways or other lawful purposes, the operator may designate locations to be used for such purposes at which
- places it will not be necessary to backfill as herein provided
- 19 for until such deep mining or other use is completed, during
- 20 which time the bond on file for that portion of that operation
- 21 shall not be released. Such locations shall be described and
- 22 designated on the map required by the provisions of section
- 23 seven of this article.
- Where applicable, suitable soil material shall be used to
- 25 cover the surface of the regraded and backfilled area of
- 26 operation in an amount sufficient to support vegetation.

When the backfilling and grading have been completed and approved by the commissioner, the commissioner shall release that portion of the bond which was filed and designated to cover the backfilling and grading requirements of this article, the remaining portion of the bond in an amount equal to two hundred fifty dollars per acre, but not less than a total amount of five thousand dollars being retained by the treasurer until such time as the planting and revegetation is done according to law and is approved by the commissioner, at which time the commissioner shall release the remainder of the bond.

All fill and cut slopes shall be seeded during the first planting or seeding season after the construction of a haulageway to the area. Upon abandonment of any haulageway, the haulageway shall be seeded and every effort made to prevent its erosion by means of culverts, waterbars or other devices required by the commissioner. In proper season, all fill and cut slopes of the operation and haulageways shall be seeded and planted in a manner as prescribed by the commissioner, as soil tests indicate soil suitability and in accordance with accepted agricultural and reforestation practices.

In any such area where surface mining is being conducted, mulch shall be required on all disturbed areas where the remaining slope exceeds twenty degrees from horizontal as shown on the preplan map filed with the commissioner as required by the provisions of section seven of this article.

After the operation has been backfilled, graded and approved by the commissioner, the operator shall prepare or cause to be prepared a final planting plan-for the planting of trees, shrubs, vines, grasses or legumes upon the area of the land affected in order to provide a suitable vegetative cover. The seed or plant mixtures, quantities, method of planting, type and amount of lime, fertilizer, mulch, and any other measures necessary to provide a suitable vegetative cover shall be defined by the rules and regulations of the commissioner.

The planting called for by the final planting plan shall be carried out in a manner so as to establish a satisfactory cover of trees, shrubs, grasses, legumes or vines upon the disturbed area covered by the planting plan within a reasonable period of time. Such planting shall be done by the operator or such

67 operator may contract in writing with the soil conservation 68 district for the district in which the operation covered by such 69 permit is located or with a private contractor approved by the 70 commissioner to have such planting done by such district or 71 private contractor. The commissioner shall not release the 72 operator's bond until all haulageways, roads and trails within 73 the permit area have been abandoned according to the 74 provisions of this article and the rules and regulations 75 promulgated thereunder or such operator or any other person 76 has secured a permit to deep mine such area as required by 77 chapter twenty-two-a of this code.

The purpose of this section is to require restoration of land disturbed by surface mining to a desirable purpose and use. The commissioner may, in the exercise of his sound discretion when not in conflict with such purpose, modify such requirements to bring about a more desirable land use, including, but not limited to, industrial sites, sanitary landfills, recreational areas, building sites: *Provided*, That the person or agency making such modifications will execute contracts, post bond or otherwise ensure full compliance with the provisions of this section in the event such modified program is not carried to completion within a reasonable length of time.

§22A-4-10. Limitations; mandamus.

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The Legislature finds that there are certain areas in the state 2 of West Virginia which are impossible to reclaim either by 3 natural growth or by technological activity and that if surface mining is conducted in these certain areas such operations may 4 5 naturally cause stream pollution, landslides, the accumulation of stagnant water, flooding, the destruction of land for 6 7 agricultural purposes, the destruction of aesthetic values, the 8 destruction of recreational areas and future use of the area and 9 surrounding areas, thereby destroying or impairing the health and property rights of others, and in general creating hazards 10 11 dangerous to life and property so as to constitute an imminent and inordinate peril to the welfare of the state, and that such 12 13 areas shall not be mined by the surface-mining process.

Therefore, authority is hereby vested in the commissioner to delete certain areas from all surface-mining operations.

No application for a permit shall be approved by the commissioner if there is found on the basis of the information

set forth in the application or from information available to the commissioner and made available to the applicant that the requirements of this article or rules and regulations hereafter adopted will not be observed or that there is not probable cause to believe that the proposed method of operation, backfilling, grading or reclamation of the affected area can be carried out consistent with the purpose of this article.

If the commissioner finds that the overburden on any part of the area of land described in the application for a permit is such that experience in the state of West Virginia with a similar type of operation upon land with similar overburden shows that one or more of the following conditions cannot feasibly be prevented: (1) Substantial deposition of sediment in stream beds, (2) landslides or (3) acid-water pollution, the commissioner may delete such part of the land described in the application upon which such overburden exists.

If the commissioner finds that the operation will constitute a hazard to a dwelling house, public building, school, church, cemetery, commercial or institutional building, public road, stream, lake or other public property, then he shall delete such areas from the permit application before it can be approved.

The commissioner shall not give approval to surface mine any area which is within one hundred feet of any public road, stream, lake or other public property, and shall not approve the application for a permit where the surface-mining operation will adversely affect a state, national or interstate park unless adequate screening and other measures approved by the commission are to be utilized and the permit application so provides: *Provided*, That the one-hundred-foot restriction aforesaid shall not include ways used for ingress and egress to and from the minerals as herein defined and the transportation of the removed minerals, nor shall it apply to the dredging and removal of minerals from the streams or watercourses of this state.

Whenever the commissioner finds that ongoing surfacemining operations are causing or are likely to cause any of the conditions set forth in the first paragraph of this section, he may order immediate cessation of such operations and he shall take such other action or make such changes in the permit as he may deem necessary to avoid said described 58 conditions.

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- The failure of the commissioner to discharge the mandatory
- 60 duty imposed on him by this section shall be subject to a writ
- 61 of mandamus, in any court of competent jurisdiction by any
- 62 private citizen affected thereby.

§22A-4-11. Blasting restriction; formula; filing preplan; penalties; notice.

- Where blasting of overburden or mineral is necessary, such blasting shall be done in accordance with established principles
- blasting shall be done in accordance with established principles
 for preventing vibration damage to residences, buildings and
- 4 communities. Such blasting shall be considered in compliance
- 5 with provisions of this article if the following measures are
- 6 followed:
- (1) The weight in pounds of explosive charge detonated at 7 any one time shall conform with the following scaled distance 8 formula: W = (D/50) (to the second power). Where W equals 9 weight in pounds of explosives detonated at any one instant 10 time, then D equals distance in feet from nearest point of blast 11 to nearest residence, building or structure, other than 12 operation facilities of the mine: Provided, That explosive 13 charges shall be considered to be detonated at one time if their 14 detonation occurs within eight milliseconds or less of each 15 16 other.
 - (2) Where blast sizes would exceed the limits under subdivision (1) of this section, blasts shall be detonated by the use of delay detonators (either electric or nonelectric) to provide detonation times separated by nine milliseconds or more for each section of the blast complying with the scaled distance of the formula.
 - (3) A plan of each operation's methods for compliance with this section (blast delay design) for typical blasts which shall be adhered to in all blasting at each operation, shall be submitted to the department of energy with the application for a permit. It shall be accepted if it meets the scaled distance formula established in subdivision (1) of this section.
- 29 (4) Records of each blast shall be kept in a log to be 30 maintained for at least three years, which will show for each 31 blast other than secondary (boulder-breaking) blasts the 32 following information:

- 33 (a) Date and time of blast,
- 34 (b) Number of holes,
- 35 (c) Typical explosive weight per delay period,
- 36 (d) Total explosives in blast at any one time,
- 37 (e) Number of delays used,
- 38 (f) Weather conditions, and
- 39 (g) Signature of operator employee in charge of the blast.
- 40 (5) Where inspection by the department of energy estab-41 lishes that the scaled distance formula and the approved 42 preplan are not being adhered to, the following penalties shall 43 be imposed:
- 44 (a) For the first offense in any one permit year under this 45 section, the permit holder shall be assessed not less than five 46 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars;
- 47 (b) For the second offense in any one permit year under this section, the permit holder shall be assessed not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars;
- 50 (c) For the third offense in any one permit year under this 51 section or for the failure to pay any assessment hereinabove 52 set forth within a reasonable time established by the 53 commissioner, the permit shall be revoked.
- All such assessments as set forth in this section shall be assessed by the commissioner, collected by him and deposited with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia, to the credit of the operating permit fees fund.
- The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations which shall provide for a warning of impending blasting to the owners, residents or other persons who may be present on property adjacent to the blasting area.

§22A-4-12. Time in which reclamation shall be done.

It shall be the duty of an operator to commence the reclamation of the area of land disturbed by his operation after the beginning of surface mining of that area in accordance with plans previously approved by the commissioner and to complete such reclamation within twelve months after the

- 6 permit has expired, except that such grading, backfilling and
- 7 water-management practices as are approved in the plans shall
- 8 be kept current with the operations as defined by rules and
- 9 regulations of the commission and no permit or supplement
- 10 to a permit shall be issued or renewed, if in the discretion of
- 11 the commissioner, these practices are not current.

§22A-4-13. Obligations of the operator.

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- In addition to the method of operation, grading, backfilling and reclamation requirements of this article and rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the operator shall be required to perform the following:
- (1) Cover the face of the coal and the disturbed area with material suitable to support vegetative cover and of such thickness as may be prescribed by the commissioner, or with a permanent water impoundment.
- (2) Bury under adequate fill, all materials determined by the commissioner to be acid-producing materials, toxic material or materials constituting a fire hazard.
- 12 (3) Seal off any breakthrough of acid water caused by the operator: Provided, That any breakthrough caused by the 13 operator during the course of his operations shall be sealed 14 immediately and reported immediately to the commissioner. If 15 the breakthrough is one that allows air to enter a mine, the 16 seal shall either prevent any air from entering the mine by way 17 18 of the breakthrough, or prevent any air from entering the breakthrough while allowing the water to flow from the 19 breakthrough. If the breakthrough is one that allows acid 20 water to escape, the seal shall prevent the acid water from 21 flowing. Seals shall be constructed of stone, brick, block, earth 22 23 or similar impervious materials which are acid resistent. Any 24 cement or concrete employed in the construction of these seals shall also be of an acid resistant, impervious type. 25
 - (4) Impound, drain or treat all runoff water so as to reduce soil erosion, damage to agricultural lands and pollution of streams and other waters.
- In the case of storm water accumulations or any breakthrough of water, adequate treatment shall be undertaken by the operator so as to prevent pollution occurring from the release of such water into the natural drainway or stream.

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Treatment may include check-dams, settling ponds and chemical or physical treatment. In the case of a breakthrough of water, where it is possible, the water released shall be impounded immediately. All water so impounded shall recieve adequate treatment by the operator before it is released into 38 the natural drainway or stream.

Storm water or water which escapes, including that which escapes after construction of the seals, and is polluted as defined in this code, or as defined in the rules and regulations promulgated under this code, shall be subject to the requirements of article five-a, chapter twenty of this code.

(5) Remove or bury all metal, lumber, equipment and other refuse resulting from the operation. No operator shall throw, dump or pile; or permit the throwing, dumping, piling or otherwise placing of any overburden, stones, rocks, coal, mineral, earth, soil, dirt, debris, trees, wood, logs or other materials or substances of any kind or nature beyond or outside the area of land which is under permit and for which bond has been posted; nor shall any operator place any of the foregoing listed materials in such a way that normal erosion or slides brought about by natural physical causes will permit the same to go beyond or outside the area of land which is under permit and for which bond has been posted.

The operator shall show on the map, filed with the application for a permit, the percent of slope of original surface within each two-hundred-foot interval along the contour of the operation, the first measurement to be taken at the starting point of the operation. The flagged field measurement shall be made from the estimated crop line or proposed mineral seam down slope to the estimated toe of the outer spoil. All reasonable measures shall be taken so as not to overload the fill bench during the first cut. No overburden material in excess of the first cut shall be placed over the fill bench. With the exception of haulageways and auger-mining operations, trees and brush shall be removed from the upper one half of all fill sections prior to excavation, and no trees or brush removed from the cut section shall be placed therein or thereon.

No fill bench shall be produced on slopes of more than sixty-five percent, except for construction of haulageways, and such haulageways shall not exceed thirty-five feet in width,
 with very scattered forty-five-foot passing areas permitted.

Lateral drainage ditches connecting to natural or constructed waterways shall be constructed to control water runoff and prevent erosion whenever required by the commissioner. There shall be no depressions that will accumulate water except those the commissioner may specify and approve. The depth and width of natural drainage ditches and any other diversion ditches may vary depending on the length and degree of slope.

With the exception of limestone, sandstone and sand, complete backfilling shall be required, not to exceed the approximate original contour of the land. Such backfilling shall eliminate highwalls and spoil peaks. Whenever directed by the commissioner, the operator shall construct, in the final grading, such diversion ditches or terraces as will control the water runoff. Additional restoration work may be required by the commissioner, according to rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner.

§22A-4-14. Cessation of operation by inspector.

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1 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, a 2 surface-mining reclamation inspector shall have the authority to order the immediate cessation of any operation where (1) 3 any of the requirements of this article or the rules and 4 5 regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or the orders of the commissioner have not been complied with or (2) the public 6 7 welfare or safety calls for the immediate cessation of the 8 operation. Such cessation of operation shall continue until corrective steps have been started by the operator to the 9 satisfaction of the surface-mining reclamation inspector. Any 10 operator who believes he is aggrieved by the actions of the 11 surface-mining reclamation inspector may immediately appeal 12 to the commissioner, setting forth reasons why the operation 13 14 should not be halted. The commissioner shall determine immediately when and if the operation may continue. 15

§22A-4-15. Completion of planting; inspection and evaluation.

When the planting of an area has been completed, the operator shall file or cause to be filed a planting report with the commissioner on a form to be prescribed and furnished

4 by the commissioner, providing the following information: (1) 5 Identification of the operation; (2) the type of planting or 6 seeding, including mixtures and amounts; (3) the date of 7 planting or seeding; (4) the area of land planted; and (5) such 8 other relevant information as the commissioner may require. 9 All planting reports shall be certified by the operator, or by the party with whom the operator contracted for such 10 11 planting, as aforesaid.

§22A-4-16. Performance bonds.

1 Each operator who shall make application for a permit 2 under section six of this article shall, at the time such permit 3 is requested, furnish bond, on a form to be prescribed and 4 furnished by the commissioner, payable to the state of West Virginia and conditioned that the operator shall faithfully 5 6 perform all of the requirements of this article. The amount of 7 the bond shall be not less than six hundred dollars for each 8 acre or fraction thereof of the land to be disturbed: Provided. 9 That the commissioner shall have the discretion to determine 10 the amount per acre of the bond that shall be required before 11 a permit is issued, such amount to be based upon the estimated 12 reclamation costs per acre, not to exceed a maximum of one 13 thousand dollars per acre or fraction thereof. The minimum 14 amount of bond furnished shall be ten thousand dollars. Such 15 bond shall be executed by the operator and a corporate surety licensed to do business in the state of West Virginia: Provided, 16 17 however, That in lieu of corporate surety, the operator may 18 elect to deposit with the commissioner cash, or collateral 19 securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of the United States 20 or its possessions, of the federal land banks, or of the home 21 owners' loan corporation; full faith and credit general obligation bonds of the state of West Virginia, or other states, 22 and of any county, district or municipality of the state of West 23 24 Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, which certificates shall be in favor of the 25 commissioner. The cash deposit or market value of such 26 27 securities or certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of the bond. The commissioner shall, upon receipt of any 28 such deposit of cash, securities or certificates, immediately 29 place the same with the treasurer of the state of West Virginia 30 whose duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in the name 31 of the state in trust for the purpose for which such deposit 32

is made. The operator making the deposit shall be entitled from time to time to receive from the state treasurer, upon the written order of the commissioner, the whole or any portion of any cash, secrities or certificates so deposited, upon depositing with him in lieu thereof, cash of other securities or certificates of the classes herein specified having value equal to or greater than the sum of the bond.

40 It shall be unlawful for the owner or owners of surface rights 41 or the owner or owners of mineral rights to interfere with the 42 operator in the discharge of his obligation to the state for the 43 reclamation of lands disturbed by him. If the owner or owners 44 of the surface rights or the owner or owners of the mineral 45 rights desire another operator or other operators to conduct 46 mining operations on lands disturbed by the operator 47 furnishing bond hereunder, it shall be the duty of said owner 48 or owners to require the other operator or operators to secure 49 the necessary mining permit and furnish suitable bond as 50 herein provided. The commissioner may then release an 51 equivalent amount of the bond of the operator originally 52 furnishing bond on the disturbed area.

The commissioner shall not release that portion of any bond filed by any operator which is designated to assure faithful performance of, and compliance with, the backfilling and regrading requirements of the reclamation plan until all acidbearing or acid-producing spoil within the permit area has received adequate treatment as specified in section nine of this article.

§22A-4-17. Exception as to highway construction projects for reclamation requirements.

Any provision of this article to the contrary notwithstanding, a person or operator shall not be subject to any duty or
requirement whatever with respect to reclamation requirements
when engaged in the removal of borrow and fill material for
grading in federal and state highway construction projects:

Provided, That the provisions of the highway construction
contract require the furnishing of a suitable bond which
provides for reclamation wherever practicable of the area
affected by such recovery activity.

§22A-4-18. Applicability of laws safeguarding life and property; rules and regulations; supervision of operations.

All provisions of the mining laws of this state intended to safeguard life and property shall extend to all surface-mining operations insofar as such laws are applicable thereto. The commissioner of the department of energy shall promulgate reasonable rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to protect the safety of those employed in and around surface mines. The enforcement of all laws, and rules and regulations relating to the safety of those employed in and around surface mines is 9 hereby vested in the division of mines and minerals and shall 10 be enforced according to the provisions of chapter twenty-two-12 a of this code.

§22A-4-19. Monthly report by operator.

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1 The operator of every surface mine shall, on or before the 2 end of each calendar month, file with the director of the division of mines and minerals a report covering the preceding 3 calendar month on forms furnished by the director. Such 4 reports shall state the number of accidents which have 5 occurred, the number of persons employed, the days worked and the actual tonnage mined.

§22A-4-20. Rules and regulations.

1 The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 2 said code, for the effective administration of this article.

§22A-4-21. Noncompliance.

If any of the requirements of this article or rules and 1 regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or the orders of the 2 commissioner have not been complied with within the time limits set by the commissioner or by this article, the 4 commissioner shall cause a notice of noncompliance to be 5 served upon the operator, which notice shall order the 6 operation to cease, or where found necessary, the commis-7 sioner shall order the suspension of a permit. A copy of such 8 notice or order shall be handed to the operator in person or 9 served by certified mail addressed to the operator at the 10 permanent address shown on the application for a permit. The 11 notice of noncompliance or order of suspension shall specify 12 in what respects the operator has failed to comply with this 13 article or the rules and regulations of the commission or orders 14

- 15 of the commissioner. If the operator has not reached an
- 16 agreement with the commissioner or has not complied with the
- 17 requirements set forth in the notice of noncompliance or order 18
- of suspension within the time limits set therein, the permit may
- 19 be revoked by order of the commissioner and the performance
- 20 bond shall then be forfeited. If an agreement satisfactory to 21 the commissioner has not been reached within thirty days after
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- suspension of any permit, any and all suspended permits shall
- 23 then be declared revoked and the performance bonds with
- 24 respect thereto forfeited.
- 25 When any bond is forfeited pursuant to the provisions of
- 26 this article, the commissioner shall give notice to the attorney
- 27 general who shall collect the forfeiture without delay.

§22A-4-22. Adjudications, findings, etc., to be by written order; contents; notice.

- 1 Every adjudication, determination or finding by the
- commissioner affecting the rights, duties or privileges of any 2
- person subject to this article shall be made by written order
- and shall contain a written finding by the commissioner of the
- facts upon which the adjudication, determination or finding
- is based. Notice of the making of such order shall be given 6
- to the person whose rights, duties or privileges are affected
- thereby by mailing a true copy thereof to such person by 8
- certified mail.

§22A-4-23. Appeals to board; hearing; record; findings and orders of board.

- 1 Any person claiming to be aggrieved or adversely affected
- by any rule and regulation or order of the commissioner or 2
- 3 his failure to enter an order may appeal to the reclamation
- board of review for an order vacating or modifying such rule 4
- 5 and regulation or order, or for such order as the commissioner
- 6 should have entered.
- The person so appealing to the board shall be known as the 7 8 appellant and the commissioner shall be known as the
- 9 appellee. The appellant and the appellee shall be deemed to
- 10 be parties to the appeal.
- Such appeal shall be in writing and shall set forth the rule 11
- and regulation, order or omission complained of and the 12
- grounds upon which the appeal is based. Where the appellant 13

claims to be aggrieved or adversely affected by an order, such appeal shall be filed with the board within thirty days after the date upon which the appellant received notice by certified mail of the making of the order complained of. Where the appellant claims to be aggrieved or adversely affected by any rule and regulation or omission, such appeal may be filed with the board at any time. A notice of the filing of such appeal shall be filed with the commissioner within three days after the appeal is filed with the board.

Within seven days after receipt of such notice of appeal, the commissioner shall prepare and certify to the board a complete record of the proceedings before him, including all documents and correspondence relating to the matter. The expense of preparing the record shall be taxed as a part of the costs of the appeal.

Upon the filing of such appeal, the board shall fix the time and place at which the hearing on the appeal will be held, which hearing shall be held within twenty days after the notice of appeal is filed, and shall give the appellant and the commissioner at least ten days' written notice thereof by certified mail. The board may postpone or continue any hearing upon its own motion or upon application of the appellant or of the commissioner.

The filing of an appeal provided for in this section shall not stay execution of the order appealed from.

The board shall hear the appeal de novo, and any party to the appeal may submit evidence.

For the purpose of conducting a hearing on an appeal, the board may require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, records and papers, and it may, and at the request of any party it shall, issue subpoenas for witnesses or subpoenas duces tecum to compel the production of any books, records or papers, directed to the sheriff of the county where such witnesses, books, records or papers are found, which subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be served and returned in the same manner as subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum in civil litigation are served and returned. The fees and allowances for mileage of sheriffs and witnesses shall be the same as those permitted in civil litigation in trial courts. Such fees and mileage expenses incurred at the request of the

appellant shall be paid in advance by the appellant, and the remainder of such fees and expenses shall be paid out of funds appropriated for the expenses of the department.

In case of disobedience or neglect of any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum served on any person, or the refusal of any witness to testify to any matter regarding which he may be lawfully interrogated, the circuit court of the county in which such disobedience, neglect or refusal occurs, or any judge thereof in vacation, on application of the board or any member thereof, shall compel obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued from such court or a refusal to testify therein. Witnesses at such hearing shall testify under oath, and any member of the board may administer oaths or affirmations to persons who so testify.

At the request of any party to the appeal, a stenographic record of the testimony and other evidence submitted shall be taken by an official court shorthand reporter at the expense of the party making the request therefor. Such record shall include all of the testimony and other evidence and the rulings on the admissibility of evidence, but any party may at the time object to the admission of any evidence and except to the rulings of the board thereon, and if the board refuses to admit evidence the party offering same may make a proffer thereof, and such proffer shall be made a part of the record of such hearing.

If upon completion of the hearing the board finds that the rule and regulation or order appealed from was lawful and reasonable, it shall make a written order affirming the rule and regulation or order appealed from; if the board finds that such rule and regulation or order was unreasonable or unlawful, it shall make a written order vacating or modifying the rule and regulation or order appealed from; and if the board finds that the commissioner has unreasonably or unlawfully failed to enter an order, it shall enter such order as it finds the commissioner would have made. Every order made by the board shall contain a written finding by the board of facts upon which the order is based. Notice of the making of such order shall be given forthwith to each party to the appeal by mailing a certified copy thereof to each such party by certified

95 mail.

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96 The order of the board shall be final unless vacated upon 97 judicial review thereof.

§22A-4-24. Appeal from order of board.

Any party adversely affected by an order of the reclamation board of review, other than an order affirming, modifying or 3 vacating a rule and regulation of the commissioner, may 4 obtain judicial review thereof by appealing therefrom either to 5 the circuit court of Kanawha County or the circuit court of 6 the county in which the surface-mining operation to which the 7 order relates is or was conducted or is or was proposed to be conducted. Any party adversely affected by an order of the 8 reclamation board of review, which order affirms, modifies or 9 10 vacates a rule and regulation of the commissioner, may obtain 11 judicial review thereof by appealing therefrom either to the 12 circuit court of Kanawha County or the circuit court of the county in which the surface-mining operation to which the rule 13 and regulation in question relates is or was conducted or is 14 or was proposed to be conducted. Any party desiring to so 15 appeal shall file with the board a notice of appeal designating 16 17 the order appealed from and stating whether the appeal is taken on questions of law, questions of fact or questions of 18 19 law and fact. A copy of such notice shall also be filed by the 20 appellant with the court and shall be mailed or otherwise delivered to the appellee. Such notice and copies thereof shall 21 22 be filed and mailed or otherwise delivered within thirty days 23 after the date upon which the appellant received notice from the board by certified mail of the making of the order appealed 24 25 from. No appeal bond shall be required to make an appeal 26 on questions of law, questions of fact or questions of law and 27 fact effective.

The filing of a notice of appeal shall not automatically operate as a suspension of the order of the board. If it appears to the court that an unjust hardship to the appellant will result from the execution of the board's order pending determination of the appeal, the court may grant a suspension of such order and fix its terms.

Within fifteen days after receipt of the notice of appeal, the 34 board shall prepare and file in the court the complete record 35 of the proceedings out of which the appeal arises, including 36

37 a transcript of the testimony and other evidence which was 38 submitted before the board. The expense of preparing and 39 transcribing such record shall be taxed as a part of the costs 40 of the appeal. The appellant shall provide security for costs 41 satisfactory to the court. Upon demand by a party, the board 42 shall furnish, at the cost of the party requesting the same, a 43 copy of such record. In the event such complete record is not 44 filed in the court within the time provided for in this section. 45 either party may apply to the court to have the case docketed, 46 and the court shall order such record filed.

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Appeals taken on questions of law, fact or both, shall be heard upon assignment of error filed in the case or set out in the briefs of the appellant. Errors not argued by brief may be disregarded, but the court may consider and decide errors which are not assigned or argued.

The hearing before the court shall be upon the record made before the reclamation board of review. The court may set aside any order of the reclamation board of review which is clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record, or which is determined by the court to involve a clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion. The judgment of the court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia, and jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon such court to hear and entertain such appeals upon application made therefor in the manner and within the time provided for civil appeals generally.

§22A-4-25. Offenses; penalties; prosecutions; treble damages; injunctive relief.

1 (a) Any person who shall conduct any surface-mining operation, or any part thereof, without a permit or without 2 having furnished the required bond, or who shall carry on such 3 operation or be a party thereto on land not covered by a 4 5 permit, or who shall falsely represent any material fact in an application for a permit or in an application for the renewal 6 7 of a permit, or who willfully violates any provision of this article, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 8 thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one 9 hundred nor more than one thousand dollars or by imprison-10 11 ment not exceeding six months, or by both. Any person who

deliberately violates any provision of this article or conducts surface-mining operations without a permit shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand nor more than ten thousand dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense. It shall be the duty of the commissioner to institute prosecutions for violations of the provisions hereof. Any person convicted under the provisions of this section shall, in addition to any fine imposed, pay to the commissioner for deposit in the surface-mining reclamation fund an amount sufficient to reclaim the area with respect to which such conviction relates. The commissioner shall institute any suit or other legal action necessary for the effective administration of the provisions of this article.

- (b) In addition to and notwithstanding any other penalties provided by law, any operator who directly causes damage to the property of others as a result of surface mining shall be liable to them, in an amount not in excess of three times the provable amount of such damage, if and only if such damage occurs before or within one year after such operator has completed all reclamation work with respect to the land on which such surface mining was carried out and all bonds of such operator with respect to such reclamation work are released. Such damages shall be recoverable in an action at law in any court of competent jurisdiction. The commissioner shall require, in addition to any other bonds and insurance required by other provisions of this article, that any person engaged in the business of surface mining shall file with the commissioner a certificate of insurance, or other security in an amount of not less than ten thousand dollars, to cover possible damage to property for which a recovery may be sought under the provisions of this subsection.
- (c) Upon application by the commissioner the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the major portion of the permit area is located, any court of competent jurisdiction may by injunction compel compliance with and enjoin violations of the provisions of this article. The court or the judge thereof in vacation may issue a preliminary injunction in any case pending a decision on the merits of any application filed.

53 An application for an injunction under the provisions of this 54 section may be filed and injunctive relief granted notwithstand-55 ing that all of the administrative remedies provided for in this 56 article have not been pursued or invoked against the person 57 or persons against whom such relief is sought and notwith-58 standing that the person or persons against whom such relief 59 is sought have not been prosecuted or convicted under the 60 provisions of this article.

61 The judgment of the circuit court upon any application filed 62 under the provisions of this article shall be final unless 63 reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court 64 of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner 65 provided by law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil 66 cases, except that the petition seeking such review must be filed 67 with said supreme court of appeals within thirty days from the 68 date of entry of the judgment of the circuit court.

§22A-4-26. Validity and construction of existing surface-mining permits.

1 Any valid surface-mining permit existing on the effective

date of this article shall remain in full force and effect until such permit expires under its terms or is otherwise terminated

4 under the provisions of this article. The provisions of this

5 section shall not be construed to require the regrading or

6 replanting of any area on which such work was satisfactorily

performed prior to the effective date of this article.

§22A-4-27. Certification of surface miners.

After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-six, certification shall be required of all surface miners

3 in accordance with the provisions of articles nine and ten,

4 chapter twenty-two of this code.

§22A-4-28. Certification of surface mine foremen.

1 (a) In every surface mine where five or more persons are
2 employed in a period of twenty-four hours, the operator shall
3 employ at least one person certified in accordance with the
4 provisions of article ten, chapter twenty-two of this code as
5 a mine foreman. Each applicant for certification as a mine
6 foreman shall, at the time he is issued a certificate of
7 competency: (1) Be a resident or employed in a mine in this
8 state; (2) have had at least three years' experience in surface

9 mining, which shall include at least eighteen months' 10 experience on or at a working section of a surface mine or be a graduate of the school of mines at West Virginia 11 12 University or of another accredited mining engineering school 13 and have had at least two years' practical experience in a 14 surface mine, which shall include at least eighteen months' 15 experience on or at a working section of a surface mine; and 16 (3) have demonstrated his knowledge of mine safety, first aid, 17 safety appliances, emergency procedures relative to all 18 equipment, state and federal mining laws and regulations and other subjects by completing such training, education and 19 20 examinations as may be required of him under said article ten.

- 21 (b) In surface mines in which the operations are so extensive 22 that the duties devolving upon the mine foreman cannot be 23 discharged by one person, one or more assistant mine foremen may be designated. Such persons shall act under the 24 25 instruction of the mine foreman who shall be responsible for 26 their conduct in the discharge of their duties. Each assistant 27 so designated shall be certified under the provisions of article 28 ten, chapter twenty-two of this code. Each applicant for certification as assistant mine foreman shall, at the time he is 29 issued a certificate of competency, possess all of the 30 31 qualifications required of a mine foreman: Provided, That he 32 shall, at the time he is certified, be required to have at least 33 two years' experience in surface mining, which shall include 34 eighteen months on or at a working section of a surface mine 35 or be a graduate of the school of mines at West Virginia 36 University or of another accredited mining engineering school 37 and have had twelve months' practical experience in a surface 38 mine, all of which shall have been on or at a working section.
- 39 (c) The commissioner shall promulgate such rules and 40 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions 41 of this section.

ARTICLE 5. UNDERGROUND CLAY MINE.

- §22A-5-1. Definition.
- §22A-5-2. Clay mine foreman; when to be employed; qualifications; assistants.
- §22A-5-3. Regulations for protection of health and safety of employees.

§22A-5-1. Definition.

- In this article the term "mine" includes the shafts, slopes,
- 2 drifts or inclines connected with excavations penetrating clay

- 3 seams or strata, which excavations are ventilated by one
- 4 general air current or division thereof, and the surface
- 5 structures or equipment connected therewith which contribute
- 6 directly or indirectly to the underground mining of clay.

§22A-5-2. Clay mine foreman; when to be employed; qualifications; assistants.

- 1 In every underground clay mine where five or more persons
- 2 are employed in a period of twenty-four hours, the operator
- 3 shall employ a mine foreman who shall be a competent and
- 4 practical person holding a certificate of competence for said
- 5 position issued to him by the division of mines and minerals
- 6 after an examination by such division. In order to receive a
- 7 certificate of competence qualifying a foreman in an under-
- 8 ground clay mine, the applicant shall take an examination
- 9 prescribed by the director of the division of mines and
- minerals, be a citizen of this state, of good moral character
- 11 and temperate habits, having had at least three years'
- 12 experience in the underground working of clay mines.

§22A-5-3. Regulations for protection of health and safety of employees.

- 1 The commissioner may from time to time promulgate
- 2 reasonable rules and regulations for the protection of the
- 3 health and safety of the persons working in or about
- 4 underground clay mines, to the extent the same are not more
- 5 onerous or restrictive than the laws of this state intended to
- 6 safeguard the life and health of persons working in under-
- ground coal mines contained in article two of this chapter.

ARTICLE 6. OPEN—PIT MINES, CEMENT MANUFACTURING PLANTS AND UNDERGROUND LIMESTONE AND SANDSTONE MINES.

- §22A-6-1. Definitions.
- §22A-6-2. Applicability of mining laws.
- §22A-6-3. Rules and regulations.
- §22A-6-4. Monthly report by operator.
- §22A-6-5. Inspectors.
- §22A-6-6. Penalties.

§22A-6-1. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different
- 2 meaning as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Open-pit mine" means an excavation worked from the

- 4 surface and open to daylight.
- 5 (b) "Underground mine" means subterranean workings for the purpose of obtaining a desired material or materials.
- 7 (c) "Sand" means waterworn sandstone fragments trans-8 ported and deposited by water.
- 9 (d) "Gravel" means an occurrence of waterworn pebbles.
- 10 (e) "Sandstone" means a compacted or cemented sediment composed chiefly of quartz grains.
- 12 (f) "Limestone" means a sedimentary rock composed mostly of calcium carbonate.
- 14 (g) "Clay" means a natural material of mostly small 15 fragments of hydrous aluminum silicates and possessing plastic 16 properties.
- 17 (h) "Shale" means a laminated sedimentary rock composed chiefly of small particles of a clay grade.
- 19 (i) "Iron ore" means a mineral or minerals, and gangue 20 when treated will yield iron at a profit.
- 21 (j) "Manganese ore" means a metalliferous mineral when 22 treated will yield manganese at a profit.

§22A-6-2. Applicability of mining laws.

- 1 All provisions of the mining laws of this state intended for
- 2 the protection of the health and safety of persons employed
- 3 within or at any coal mine and for the protection of any coal
- 4 mining property shall extend to all open-pit mines and any
- 5 property used in connection therewith for the mining of
- 6 underground limestone and sandstone mines, insofar as such
- 7 laws are applicable thereto.

§22A-6-3. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The commissioner of the department of energy shall
- 2 promulgate reasonable rules and regulations, in accordance
- 3 with and confined to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-
- 4 a of this code, for the effective administration of this article.

§22A-6-4. Monthly report by operator.

- 1 The operator of such mine shall, on or before the end of
- 2 each calendar month, file with the director of the division of
- 3 mines and minerals a report covering the preceding calendar
- 4 month on forms furnished by the director. Such reports shall

- state the number of accidents which have occurred, the number
- 6 of persons employed, the days worked and the actual tonnage
- 7 mined.

§22A-6-5. Inspectors.

1 The director of the division of mines and minerals shall 2 divide the state into not more than two mining districts and 3 assign one inspector to each district. Such inspector shall be 4 a citizen of West Virginia, in good health, or good character 5 and reputation, temperate in habits, having a minimum of five 6 years of practical experience in such mining operations and 7 at the time of his appointment is not more than fifty-five years 8 of age. To qualify for apppointment as such an inspector, an eligible applicant shall submit to a written and oral examina-9 10 tion by the mine inspectors' examining board and furnish such 11 evidence of good health, character and other facts establishing eligibility as the board may require. If the board finds after 12 13 investigation and examination that an applicant: (1) Is eligible 14 for appointment and (2) has passed all written and oral examinations, with a grade of at least ninety percent, the board 15 16 shall add such applicant's name and grade to the register of 17 qualified eligible candidates and certify its action to the 18 director of the division of mines and minerals. No candidate's 19 name shall remain in the register for more than three years 20 without requalifying.

Such inspector shall have the same tenure accorded a mine inspector, as provided in subsection (d), section eight, article one-a of this chapter and shall be paid not less than fifteen thousand dollars per year. Such inspector shall also receive reimbursement for traveling expenses at the rate of not less than fifteen cents for each mile actually traveled in the discharge of their duties in a privately owned vehicle. Such inspector shall also be reimbursed for any expense incurred in maintaining an office in his or her home, which office is used in the discharge of official duties: *Provided*, That such reimbursement shall not exceed two hundred forty dollars per annum.

§22A-6-6. Penalties.

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Any person who fails or refuses to discharge any provision of this article, rule and regulation promulgated or order issued pursuant to the provisions of this article, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished

- .5 by a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one
- 6 thousand dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six
- 7 months, or by both.

CHAPTER 22B. OIL AND GAS.

Article

- 1. Division of Oil and Gas; Oil and Gas Wells; Administration; Enforcement.
- 2. Oil and Gas Production Damage Compensation.
- 3. Transportation of Oils.
- 4. Underground Gas Storage Reservoirs.

ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF OIL AND GAS; OIL AND GAS WELLS; ADMINISTRATION: ENFORCEMENT.

- §22B-1-1. Definitions.
- §22B-1-2. Director—Powers and duties generally; departmental records open to public; inspectors.
- §22B-1-3. Findings and orders of inspectors concerning violations; determination of reasonable time for abatement; extensions of time for abatement; special inspections; notice of findings and orders.
- §22B-1-4. Review of findings and orders by director; special inspection; annulment, revision, etc., of order; notice.
- §22B-1-5. Requirements for findings, orders and notices; posting of findings and orders; judicial review of final orders of director.
- §22B-1-6. Permit required for well work; permit fee; application; soil erosion control plan.
- §22B-1-7. Water pollution control permits; powers and duties of the director; penalties.
- §22B-1-8. Permits not to be issued on flat well royalty leases; legislative findings and declarations; permit requirements.
- §22B-1-9. Notice to property owners.
- §22B-1-10. Procedure for filing comments; certification of notice.
- §22B-1-11. Review of application; issuance of permit in the absence of objections; copy of permits to county assessor.
- §22B-1-12. Plats prerequisite to drilling or fracturing wells; preparation and contents; notice and information furnished to coal operators, owners or lessees; issuance of permits; performance bonds or securities in lieu thereof; bond forfeiture.
- §22B-1-13. Notice to coal operators, owners or lessees and director of division of mines and minerals of intention to fracture certain other wells; contents of such notice; bond; permit required.
- §22B-1-14. Plats prerequisite to introducing liquids or waste into wells; preparation and contents; notice and information furnished to coal operators, owners or lessees and division of mines and minerals chief of water resources; issuance of permits; performance bonds or security in lieu thereof.
- §22B-1-15. Objections to proposed drilling of deep wells and oil wells; objections to fracturing, stimulating; notices and hearings; agreed locations or conditions; indication of changes on plats, etc.; issuance of permits.

- §22B-1-16. Objections to proposed drilling or converting for introducing liquids or waste into wells; notices and hearings; agreed location or conditions; indication of changes on plats, etc.; issuance of permits; docket of proceeding.
- §22B-1-17. Objections to proposed drilling of shallow gas wells; notice to chairman of review board; indication of changes on plats; issuance of permits.
- §22B-1-18. Protective devices—When well penetrates workable coal bed; when gas is found beneath or between workable coal beds.
- §22B-1-19. Same—Continuance during life of well; dry or abandoned wells.
- §22B-1-20. Same—When well is drilled through horizon of coal bed from which coal has been removed.
- §22B-1-21. Same—Installation of fresh water casings.
- §22B-1-22. Well log to be filed; contents; authority to promulgate regulations.
- §22B-1-23. Plugging, abandonment and reclamation of well; notice of intention; bonds; affidavit showing time and manner.
- §22B-1-24. Methods of plugging well,
- §22B-1-25. Introducing liquid pressure into producing strata to recover oil contained therein.
- §22B-1-26. Performance bonds; corporate surety or other security.
- §22B-1-27. Cause of action for damages caused by explosions.
- §22B-1-28. Supervision by director over drilling and reclamation operations; compliants; hearings; appeals.
- §22B-1-29. Special reclamation fund; fees.
- §22B-1-30. Reclamation requirements.
- §22B-1-31. Preventing waste of gas; plan of operation required for wasting gas in process of producing oil; rejection thereof.
- §22B-1-32. Right of adjacent owner or operator to prevent waste of gas; recovery of cost.
- §22B-1-33. Restraining waste.
- §22B-1-34. Offenses; penalties.
- §22B-1-35. Civil action for contamination or deprivation of fresh water source or supply; presumption.
- §22B-1-36. Declaration of oil and gas notice by owners and lessees of coal seams.
- §22B-1-37. Rules, regulations, orders and permits remain in effect.
- §22B-1-38. Application of article; exclusions.
- §22B-1-39. Injunctive relief.
- §22B-1-40. Appeal from order of issuance or refusal of permit to drill or fracture;
- §22B-1-41. Appeal from order of issuance or refusal of permit for drilling location for introduction of liquids or waste or from conditions of converting procedure.

§22B-1-1. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different
- 2 meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Casing" means a string or strings of pipe commonly
- 4 placed in wells drilled for natural gas or petroleum or both;
- 5 (b) "Cement" means hydraulic cement properly mixed with 6 water;

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- (c) "Chairman" means the chairman of the West Virginia shallow gas well review board as provided for in section four, article seven, chapter twenty-two of this code:
- 10 (d) "Chief" means chief of the division of water resources 11 of the department of natural resources;
- 12 (e) "Coal operator" means any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership association or corporation that 13 14 proposes to or does operate a coal mine;
- (f) "Coal seam" and "workable coal bed" are interchangeable terms and mean any seam of coal twenty inches or more 17 in thickness, unless a seam of less thickness is being commercially worked, or can in the judgment of the 19 department foreseeably be commercially worked and will 20 require protection if wells are drilled through it;
- 21 (g) "Commissioner" means commissioner of the department 22 of energy;
 - (h) "Deep well" means any well drilled and completed in a formation at or below the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group" or at a depth of or greater than six thousand feet, whichever is shallower:
 - (i) "Division" means, for purposes of this article and articles three and four of this chapter, the division of oil and gas of the department of energy:
 - (j) "Director" means, for the purposes of this article and articles two, three and four of this chapter, the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy;
 - (k) "Expanding cement" means any cement approved by the division of oil and gas which expands during the hardening process, including, but not limited to, regular oil field cements with the proper additives;
 - (I) "Facility" means any facility utilized in the oil and gas industry in this state and specifically named or referred to in this article or in article three or four of this chapter, other than a well or well site:
 - (m) "Gas" means all natural gas and all other fluid hydrocarbons not defined as oil in subdivision (n) of this section;
- (n) "Oil" means natural crude oil or petroleum and other 44 hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, which are produced at the 45

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- 46 well in liquid form by ordinary production methods and which 47 are not the result of condensation of gas after it leaves the 48 underground reservoirs;
- 49 (o) "Owner" when used with reference to any well, shall 50 include any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership 51 association or corporation that owns, manages, operates, 52 controls or possesses such well as principal, or as lessee or 53 contractor, employee or agent of such principal;
 - (p) "Owner" when used with reference to any coal seam, shall include any person or persons who own, lease or operate such coal seam:
 - (q) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm, partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary or other representative of any kind, and includes any government or any political subdivision or any agency thereof;
- 62 (r) "Plat" means a map, drawing or print showing the 63 location of a well or wells as herein defined;
- 64 (s) "Review board" means the West Virginia shallow gas 65 well review board as provided for in section four, article seven, chapter twenty-two of the code;
 - (t) "Safe mining through of a well" means the mining of coal in a workable coal bed up to a well which penetrates such workable coal bed and through such well so that the casing or plug in the well bore where the well penetrates the workable coal bed is severed:
- 72 (u) "Shallow well" means any gas well drilled and completed 73 in a formation above the top of the uppermost member of the 74 "Onondaga Group" or at a depth less than six thousand feet, 75 whichever is shallower;
 - (v) "Stimulate" means any action taken by a well operator to increase the inherent productivity of an oil or gas well, including, but not limited to, fracturing, shooting or acidizing, but excluding cleaning out, bailing or workover operations;
 - (w) "Waste" means (i) physical waste, as the term is generally understood in the oil and gas industry; (ii) the locating, drilling, equipping, operating or producing of any oil or gas well in a manner that causes, or tends to cause a substantial reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ultimately

85 recoverable from a pool under prudent and proper operations, 86 or that causes or tends to cause a substantial or unnecessary 87 or excessive surface loss of oil or gas; or (iii) the drilling of 88 more deep wells than are reasonably required to recover 89 efficiently and economically the maximum amount of oil and 90 gas from a pool; (iv) substantially inefficient, excessive or 91 improper use, or the substantially unnecessary dissipation of, 92 reservoir energy, it being understood that nothing in this 93 chapter shall be construed to authorize any agency of the state 94 to impose mandatory spacing of shallow wells except for the provisions of section eight, article eight, chapter twenty-two 95 96 of this code and the provisions of article seven, chapter twenty-97 two of this code; (v) inefficient storing of oil or gas: Provided, 98 That storage in accordance with a certificate of public 99 convenience issued by the federal energy regulatory commis-100 sion shall be conclusively presumed to be efficient and (vi) 101 other underground or surface waste in the production or 102 storage of oil, gas, or condensate, however caused;

(x) "Well" means any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth or into underground strata for the extraction or injection or placement of any liquid or gas, or any shaft or hole sunk or used in conjunction with such extraction or injection or placement. The term "well" does not include any shaft or hole sunk, drilled, bored or dug into the earth for the sole purpose of core drilling or pumping or extracting therefrom potable, fresh or usable water for household, domestic, industrial, agricultural or public use;

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- (y) "Well work" means the drilling, redrilling, deepening, stimulating, pressuring by injection of any fluid, converting from one type of well to another, combining or physically changing to allow the migration of fluid from one formation to another or plugging or replugging of any well;
 - (z) "Well operator" or "operator" means any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership association or corporation that proposes to or does locate, drill, operate or abandon any well as herein defined;
 - (aa) "Pollutant" shall have the same meaning as provided in subsection (x), section two, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code; and
- (bb) "Waters of this state" shall have the same meaning as the term "waters" as provided in subsection (e), section two,

126 article five-a, chapter twenty of this code.

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§22B-1-2. Director—Powers and duties generally; departmental records open to public; inspectors.

- 1 (a) The director of the division of oil and gas shall have 2 as his duty the supervision of the execution and enforcement 3 of matters related to oil and gas set out in this article and 4 in articles three and four of this chapter, subject to review and 5 approval of the commissioner.
 - (b) The director of the division of oil and gas is authorized to enact rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the above-stated purposes, subject to review and approval by the commissioner.
 - (c) The director shall have full charge of the oil and gas matters set out in this article and in articles three and four of this chapter, subject always to the direct supervision and control of the commissioner of the department of energy. In addition to all other powers and duties conferred upon him, the director shall have the power and duty to:
 - (1) Supervise and direct the activities of the division of oil and gas and see that the purposes set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section are carried out;
- 19 (2) Employ a supervising oil and gas inspector and oil and 20 gas inspectors upon approval by the commissioner;
- 21 (3) Supervise and direct such oil and gas inspectors and supervising inspector in the performance of their duties;
- 23 (4) Suspend for good cause any oil and gas inspector or 24 supervising inspector without compensation for a period not 25 exceeding thirty days in any calendar year;
- 26 (5) Prepare report forms to be used by oil and gas 27 inspectors or the supervising inspector in making their 28 findings, orders and notices, upon inspections made in 29 accordance with this chapter;
 - (6) Employ a hearing officer and such clerks, stenographers and other employees, as may be necessary to carry out his duties and the purposes of the division of oil and gas and fix their compensation;
- 34 (7) Hear and determine applications made by owners, well 35 operators and coal operators for the annulment or revision of 36 orders made by oil and gas inspectors or the supervising

- 37 inspector, and to make inspections, in accordance with the 38 provisions of this article and articles three and four of this 39 chapter;
- 40 (8) Cause a properly indexed permanent and public record 41 to be kept of all inspections made by himself or by oil and 42 gas inspectors or the supervising inspector;

- (9) Make annually a full and complete written report to the commissioner as he may from time to time request, so that the commissioner can complete the preparation of the commissioner's annual report to the governor of the state;
- (10) Conduct such research and studies as the commissioner shall deem necessary to aid in protecting the health and safety of persons employed within or at potential or existing oil or gas production fields within this state, to improve drilling and production methods and to provide for the more efficient protection and preservation of oil and gas-bearing rock strata and property used in connection therewith;
- (11) Perform any and all acts necessary to carry out and implement the state requirements established by 92 Statutes at Large 3352, et seq., the "Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978," which are to be performed by a designated state jurisdictional agency regarding determinations that wells within the state qualify for a maximum lawful price under certain categories of natural gas as set forth by the provisions of the said "Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978";
- (12) Collect a filing and processing fee of forty dollars for each well, for which a determination of qualification to receive a maximum lawful price under the provisions of the "Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978" is sought from the director; all revenues from such fees to be placed in the general revenue fund of the state;
- (13) Collect a permit fee of two hundred fifty dollars for each permit application filed after the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three: *Provided*, That no permit application fee shall be required when an application is submitted solely for plugging or replugging of a well. All application fees required hereunder shall be in addition to any other fees required by the provisions of this article;
- (14) Perform all other duties which are expressly imposed upon him by the provisions of this chapter, as well as duties

- 77 assigned to him by the commissioner;
 - (15) Perform all duties as the permit issuing authority for the state in all matters pertaining to the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of this state's oil and gas in accordance with section thirteen, article one, chapter twenty-two of this code;
 - (16) Adopt rules and regulations in accordance with section thirteen, article one, chapter twenty-two of this code with respect to the issuance, denial, retention, suspension or revocation of permits, authorizations and requirements of this chapter, which rules and regulations shall assure that the regulations, permits and authorizations issued by the director are adequate to satisfy the purposes of this chapter and chapter twenty-two of this code particularly with respect to the consolidation of the various state and federal programs which place permitting requirements on the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of this state's oil and gas: Provided. That notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter or chapter twenty-two of this code to the contrary, the water resources board shall have the sole authority pursuant to section three-a, article five-a of chapter twenty to promulgate rules and regulations setting standards of water quality applicable to waters of the state;
 - (17) Perform such acts as may be necessary or appropriate to secure to this state the benefits of federal legislation establishing programs relating to the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of this state's oil and gas, which programs are assumable by the state.
 - (d) The director shall have authority to visit and inspect any well or well site and any other oil or gas facility in this state and may call for the assistance of any oil and gas inspector or inspectors or supervising inspector whenever such assistance is necessary in the inspection of any such well or well site or any other oil or gas facility. Similarly, all oil and gas inspectors and the supervising inspector shall have authority to visit and inspect any well or well site and any other oil or gas facility in this state. Any well operator, coal operator operating coal seams beneath the tract of land, or the coal seam owner or lessee, if any, if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams beneath said tract of land may request the director to have an immediate inspection made. The operator or owner

of every well or well site or any other oil or gas facility shall cooperate with the director, all oil and gas inspectors and the supervising inspector in making inspections or obtaining information.

- (e) Oil and gas inspectors shall devote their full time and undivided attention to the performance of their duties, and they shall be responsible for the inspection of all wells or well sites or other oil or gas facilities in their respective districts as often as may be required in the performance of their duties.
- 127 (f) All records of the division shall be open to the public.

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§22B-1-3. Findings and orders of inspectors concerning violations; determination of reasonable time for abatement; extensions of time for abatement; special inspections; notice of findings and orders.

- (a) If an oil and gas inspector, upon making an inspection of a well or well site or any other oil or gas facility, finds that any provision of this article is being violated, he shall also find whether or not an imminent danger to persons exists, or whether or not there exists an imminent danger that a fresh water source or supply will be contaminated or lost. If he finds that such imminent danger exists, he shall forthwith make an order requiring the operator of such well or well site or other oil or gas facility to cease further operations until such imminent danger has been abated. If he finds that no such imminent danger exists, he shall determine what would be a reasonable period of time within which such violation should be totally abated. Such findings shall contain reference to the provisions of this article which he finds are being violated, and a detailed description of the conditions, which cause and constitute such violation.
- (b) The period of time so found by such oil and gas inspector to be a reasonable period of time shall not exceed seven days. Such period may be extended by such inspector, or by any other oil and gas inspector duly authorized by the director, from time to time, for good cause, but not to exceed a total of thirty days, upon the making of a special inspection to ascertain whether or not such violation has been totally abated: *Provided*, That such thirty-day period may be extended beyond thirty days by such inspectors where abatement is shown to be incapable of accomplishment because of circumstances or conditions beyond the control of

28 the well operator. The director shall cause a special inspection 29 to be made: (A) Whenever an operator of a well or well site or any other oil or gas facility, prior to the expiration of any 30 31 such period of time, requests him to cause a special inspection 32 to be made at such well or well site or any other oil or gas 33 facility; and (B) Upon expiration of such period of time as 34 originally fixed or as extended, unless the director is satisfied 35 that the violation has been abated. Upon making such special 36 inspection, such oil and gas inspector shall determine whether 37 or not such violation has been totally abated. If he determines 38 that such violation has not been totally abated, he shall 39 determine whether or not such period of time as originally 40 fixed, or as so fixed and extended, should be extended. If he 41 determines that such period of time should be extended, he 42 shall determine what a reasonable extension would be. If he 43 determines that such violation has not been totally abated, and 44 if such period of time as originally fixed, or as so fixed and 45 extended, has then expired, and if he also determines that such 46 period of time should not be further extended, he shall 47 thereupon make an order requiring the operator of such well 48 or well site or other oil or gas facility to cease further 49 operations of such well, well site or facility, as the case may 50 be. Such findings and order shall contain reference to the 51 specific provisions of this article which are being violated.

- (c) Notice of each finding and order made under this section shall promptly be given to the operator of the well or well site or other oil or gas facility to which it pertains by the person making such finding or order.
- 56 (d) No order shall be issued under the authority of this section which is not expressly authorized herein.

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§22B-1-4. Review of findings and orders by director; special inspection; annulment, revision, etc., of order; notice.

1 (a) Any well operator, complaining coal operator, owner or 2 lessee, if any, aggrieved by findings or an order made by an 3 oil or gas inspector pursuant to section three of this article, 4 may within fifteen days apply to the director for annulment 5 or revision of such order. Upon receipt of such application the 6 director shall make a special inspection of the well, well site or other oil and gas facility affected by such order, or cause 7 8 two duly authorized oil and gas inspectors, other than the oil and gas inspector who made such order or the supervising

10 inspector and one duly authorized oil and gas inspector other than the oil and gas inspector who made such order, to make 11 12 such inspection of such well, or well site or other oil or gas 13 facility and to report thereon to them. Upon making such 14 special inspection himself, or upon receiving the report of such 15 special inspection, as the case may be, the director shall make 16 an order which shall include his findings and shall annul, revise 17 or affirm the order of the oil and gas inspector.

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- (b) The director shall cause notice of each finding and order made under this section to be given promptly to the operator of the well, well site or other oil or gas facility to which such findings and order pertain, and the complainant under section three if any.
- 23 (c) At any time while an order made pursuant to section 24 three of this article is in effect, the operator of the well, well 25 site or other oil or gas facility affected by such order may 26 apply to the director for annulment or revision of such order. 27 The director shall thereupon proceed to act upon such 28 application in the manner provided in this section.
- 29 (d) In view of the urgent need for prompt decision of 30 matters submitted to the director under this article, all actions 31 which he, or oil and gas inspectors, or the supervising 32 inspector, is required to take under this article, shall be taken 33 as rapidly as practicable, consistent with adequate consideration of the issues involved.

§22B-1-5. Requirements for findings, orders and notices; posting of findings and orders; judicial review of final orders of director.

- 1 (a) All findings and orders made pursuant to section three 2 or four of this article, and all notices required to be given of 3 the making of such findings and orders, shall be in writing. All such findings and orders shall be signed by the person 4 5 making them, and all such notices shall be signed by the 6 person charged with the duty of giving the notice. All such 7 notices shall contain a copy of the findings and orders referred 8 to therein.
- 9 (b) Notice of any finding or order required by section three 10 or four of this article to be given to an operator shall be given 11 by causing such notice, addressed to the operator of the well, 12 well site or other oil and/or gas facility to which such finding

13 or order pertains, to be delivered to such operator by causing 14 a copy thereof to be sent by registered mail to the permanent 15 address of such operator as filed with the division and by 16 causing a copy thereof to be posted upon the drilling rig or 17 other equipment at the well, well site or other oil and/or gas 18 facility, as the case may be. The requirement of this article 19 that a notice shall be "addressed to the operator of the well, 20 well site or other oil and/or gas facility to which such finding 21 or order pertains," shall not require that the name of the 22 operator for whom it is intended shall be specifically set out 23 in such address. Addressing such notice to "Operator of 24" specifying the well, well site or other oil and/or gas 25 facility sufficiently to identify it, shall satisfy such requirement.

(c) Any well operator, complaining coal operator, owner or lessee, if any, adversely affected by a final order issued by the director under section four of this article shall be entitled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern such judicial review with like effect as if the provisions of said section four were set forth in extenso in this section.

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- 34 (d) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless 35 reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court 36 of appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one, 37 article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 38 (e) Legal counsel and services for the director in all appeal 39 proceedings in any circuit court and the supreme court of appeals shall be provided by the attorney general or his 40 41 assistants and in any circuit court by the prosecuting attorney of the county as well, all without additional compensation. The 42 43 director, with written approval of the attorney general, may 44 employ special counsel to represent the director at any such 45 appeal proceedings.

§22B-1-6. Permit required for well work; permit fee; application; soil erosion control plan.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful for any person to commence any well 2 work, including site preparation work which involves any 3 disturbance of land, without first securing from the director 4 a well work permit. An application may propose and a permit
- 4 a well work permit. An application may propose and a permit
- 5 may approve two or more activities defined as well work.

- (b) The application for a well work permit shall be accompanied by applicable bond as prescribed section twelve, fourteen or twenty-three of this article, and the applicable plat required by section twelve or fourteen of this article.
- (c) Every permit application filed under this section shall be verified and shall contain the following:
- (1) The names and addresses of (i) the well operator, (ii) the agent required to be designated under subsection (e) of this section, and (iii) every person whom the applicant must notify under any section of this article together with a certification and evidence that a copy of the application and all other required documentation has been delivered to all such persons;
- (2) The name and address of every coal operator operating coal seams under the tract of land on which the well is or may be located, and the coal seam owner of record and lessee of record required to be given notice by section twelve, if any, if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams;
- (3) The number of the well or such other identification as the director may require;
- 25 (4) The type of well;

- (5) The well work for which a permit is requested;
- (6) The approximate depth to which the well is to be drilled or deepened, or the actual depth if the well has been drilled;
- 29 (7) Any permit application fee required by law;
 - (8) If the proposed well work will require casing or tubing to be set, the entire casing program for the well, including the size of each string of pipe, the starting point and depth to which each string is to be set, and the extent to which each such string is to be cemented;
 - (9) If the proposed well work is to convert an oil well or a combination well or to drill a new well for the purpose of introducing pressure for the recovery of oil as provided in section twenty-five of this article, specifications in accordance with the data requirements of section fourteen of this article;
 - (10) If the proposed well work is to plug or replug the well, (i) specifications in accordance with the data requirements of section twenty-three of this article, (ii) a copy of all logs in the operator's possession as the director may require, and (iii) a work order showing in detail the proposed manner of

45 plugging or unplugging the well, in order that a representative 46 of the director and any interested persons may be present when 47 the work is done. In the event of an application to drill, redrill 48 or deepen a well, if the well work is unsuccessful so that the 49 well must be plugged and abandoned, and if the well is one 50 on which the well work has been continuously progressing 51 pursuant to a permit, the operator may proceed to plug the 52 well as soon as he has obtained the verbal permission of the 53 director or his designated representative to plug and abandon 54 the well, except that the operator shall make reasonable effort 55 to notify as soon as practicable the surface owner and the coal 56 owner, if any, of the land at the well location, and shall also 57 timely file the plugging affidavit required by section twenty-58 three of this article:

59 (11) If the proposed well work is to stimulate an oil or gas 60 well, specifications in accordance with the data requirements 61 of section thirteen of this article;

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- (12) The erosion and sediment control plan required under subsection (d) of this section for applications for permits to drill; and
- 65 (13) Any other relevant information which the director may require by rule.
- 67 (d) An erosion and sediment control plan shall accompany 68 each application for a well work permit except for a well work 69 permit to plug or replug any well. Such plan shall contain methods of stablization and drainage, including a map of the 70 71 project area indicating the amount of acreage disturbed. The 72 erosion and sediment control plan shall meet the minimum 73 requirements of the West Virginia erosion and sediment control manual as adopted and from time to time amended 74 75 by the division of oil and gas, in consultation with the several 76 soil conservation districts pursuant to the control program 77 established in this state through section 208 of the federal 78 Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 [33 U.S.C. 79 1288]. The erosion and sediment control plan shall become 80 part of the terms and conditions of a well work permit, except 81 for a well work permit to plug or replug any well, which is 82 issued and the provisions of the plan shall be carried out where 83 applicable in the operation. The erosion and sediment control 84 plan shall set out the proposed method of reclamation which 85 shall comply with the requirements of section thirty of this

86 article.

For the purpose of ascertaining whether or not issuance of any permit for well work will cause or contribute to a pollution problem, the director shall consult with the director of the department of natural resources.

- (e) The well operator named in such application shall designate the name and address of an agent for such operator who shall be the attorney-in-fact for the operator and who shall be a resident of the state of West Virginia upon whom notices, orders or other communications issued pursuant to this article or article five-a, chapter twenty, may be served, and upon whom process may be served. Every well operator required to designate an agent under this section shall within five days after the termination of such designation notify the division of such termination and designate a new agent.
- (f) The well owner or operator shall install the permit number as issued by the director in a legible and permanent manner to the well upon completion of any permitted work. The dimensions, specifications and manner of installation shall be in accordance with the rules of the director.
- (g) The director may waive the requirements of this section and sections nine, ten and eleven of this article in any emergency situation, if he deems such action necessary. In such case the director may issue an emergency permit which would be effective for not more than thirty days, but which would be subject to reissuance by the director.
- (h) The director shall deny the issuance of a permit if he determines that the applicant has committed a substantial violation of a previously issued permit, including the erosion and sediment control plan, or a substantial violation of one or more of the rules promulgated hereunder, and has failed to abate or seek review of the violation within the time prescribed by the director pursuant to the provisions of sections three and four of this article and the rules promulgated hereunder, which time may not be unreasonable: *Provided*, That in the event that the director does find that a substantial violation has occurred and that the operator has failed to abate or seek review of the violation in the time prescribed, he may suspend the permit on which said violation exists, after which suspension the operator shall forthwith cease all well work being conducted under the permit:

- 127 Provided, however, That the director may reinstate the permit
- 128 without further notice, at which time the well work may be 129 continued. The director shall make written findings of any
- 130 such determination made by him and may enforce the same
- 131 in the circuit courts of this state and the operator may appeal
- 132 such suspension pursuant to the provisions of section forty of
- 133 this article. The director shall make a written finding of any
- 134 such determination.

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- 135 (i) Any person who violates any provision of this section 136 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction
- 137 thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars,
- 138 or be imprisoned in the county jail not more than twelve
- 139 months, or both fined and imprisoned.

§22B-1-7. Water pollution control permits; powers and duties of the director; penalties.

- (a) In addition to a permit for well work, the director, after public notice and an opportunity for public hearings, may
- 2 3 either issue a separate permit, general permit or a permit
- 4 consolidated with the well work permit for the discharge or
- 5 disposition of any pollutant or combination of pollutants into
- 6 waters of this state upon condition that such discharge or
- 7 disposition meets or will meet all applicable state and federal
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- water quality standards and effluent limitations and all other
- 9 requirements of the director.
- 10 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person conducting activities 11 which are subject to the requirements of this article, unless he 12 holds a water pollution control permit therefor from the 13 director, which is in full force and effect to:
- 14 (1) Allow pollutants or the effluent therefrom, produced by 15 or emanating from any point source, to flow into the waters 16 of this state:
- 17 (2) Make, cause or permit to be made any outlet, or substantially enlarge or add to the load of any existing outlet, 18 19 for the discharge of pollutants or the effluent therefrom, into 20 the waters of this state;
 - (3) Acquire, construct, install, modify or operate a disposal system or part thereof for the direct or indirect discharge or deposit of treated or untreated pollutants or the effluent therefrom, into the waters of this state, or any extension to or addition to such disposal system;

- (4) Increase in volume or concentration any pollutants in excess of the discharges or disposition specified or permitted under any existing permit;
- (5) Extend, modify or add to any point source, the operation of which would cause an increase in the volume or concentration of any pollutants discharging or flowing into the waters of the state;
- (6) Operate any disposal well for the injection or reinjection underground of any pollutant, including, but not limited to, liquids or gasses, or convert any well into such a disposal well or plug or abandon any such disposal well.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, the director shall have the same powers and duties relating to inspection and enforcement as those granted to the chief of water resources, his authorized agent or any authorized employee as the case may be under article five-a, chapter twenty of this code in connection with the issuance of any water pollution control permit or any person required to have such permit.
- (d) Any person who violates any provision of this section, any order issued under this section or any permit issued pursuant to this section or any rule or regulation of the director relating to water pollution or who willfully or negligently violates any provision of this section or any permit issued pursuant to this section or any rule or regulation or order of the director relating to water pollution or who fails or refuses to apply for and obtain a permit or who intentionally misrepresents any material fact in an application, record, report, plan or other document files or required to be maintained under this section shall be subject to the same penalties for such violations as are provided for in sections seventeen and nineteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code: Provided, That the provisions of section twenty, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code relating to exceptions to criminal liability shall also apply.

All applications for injunction filed pursuant to section seventeen, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code shall take priority on the docket of the circuit court in which pending, and shall take precedence over all other civil cases.

(e) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter or

66 chapter twenty-two of this code to the contrary, any water 67 pollution permit of the director of the division of oil and gas issued pursuant to this section or any order issued in 68 69 connection with it or for the purpose of implementing the 70 "national pollutant discharge elimination system" established 71 under the Clean Water Act or the requirements of this section. 72 shall be appealable only to the state water resources board and 73 such appeal shall be governed by the provisions of section 74 fifteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code.

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(f) If any loss of game-fish or aquatic life results from a person's or persons' failure or refusal to discharge any duty imposed upon him by this section, the West Virginia department of natural resources shall have a cause of action on behalf of the state of West Virginia to recover from such person or persons causing such a loss a sum equal to the cost of replacing such game-fish or aquatic life. Any moneys so collected by the director of the department of natural resources shall be deposited in a special revenue fund entitled "natural resources game-fish and aquatic life fund" and shall be expended as hereinafter provided. The fund shall be expended to stock waters of this state with game-fish and aquatic life. Where feasible, the director of the department of natural resources shall use any sum collected in accordance with the provisions of this section to stock waters in the area in which the loss resulting in the collection of such sum occurred. Any balance of such sum shall remain in the fund and be expended to stock state-owned and operated fishing lakes and ponds, wherever located in this state, with game-fish and aquatic life. The commissioner shall assist the director of the department of natural resources by providing witnesses, records, reports or other evidence relating to such cause of action.

§22B-l-8. Permits not to be issued on flat well royalty leases; legislative findings and declarations; permit requirements.

- (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares:
- 2 (1) That a significant portion of the oil and gas underlying
 3 this state is subject to development pursuant to leases or other
 4 continuing contractual agreements wherein the owners of such
 5 oil and gas are paid upon a royalty or rental basis known in
 6 the industry as the annual flat well royalty basis, in which the
 7 royalty is based solely on the existence of a producing well,

 and thus is not inherently related to the volume of the oil and gas produced or marketed;

- (2) That continued exploitation of the natural resources of this state in exchange for such wholly inadequate compensation is unfair, oppressive, works an unjust hardship on the owners of the oil and gas in place, and unreasonably deprives the economy of the state of West Virginia of the just benefit of the natural wealth of this state:
- (3) That a great portion, if not all, of such leases or other continuing contracts based upon or calling for an annual flat well royalty, have been in existence for a great many years and were entered into at a time when the techniques by which oil and gas are currently extracted, produced or marketed, were not known or comtemplated by the parties, nor was it comtemplated by the parties that oil and gas would be recovered or extracted or produced or marketed from the depths and horizons currently being developed by the well operators;
- (4) That while being fully cognizant that the provisions of section 10, article I of the United States constitution and of section 4, article III of the constitution of West Virginia, proscribe the enactment of any law impairing the obligation of a contract, the Legislature further finds that it is a valid exercise of the police powers of this state and in the interest of the state of West Virginia and in furtherance of the welfare of its citizens, to discourage as far as constitutionally possible the production and marketing of oil and gas located in this state under the type of leases or other continuing contacts described above.
- (b) In the light of the foregoing findings, the Legislature hereby declares that it is the policy of this state, to the extent possible, to prevent the extraction, production or marketing of oil or gas under a lease or leases or other continuing contract or contracts providing a flat well royalty or any similar provisions for compensation to the owner of the oil and gas in place, which is not inherently related to the volume of oil or gas produced or marketed, and toward these ends, the Legislature further declares that it is the obligation of this state to prohibit the issuance of any permit required by it for the development of oil or gas where the right to develop, extract, produce or market the same is based upon such leases

- 49 or other continuing contractual agreements.
 - (c) In addition to any requirements contained in this article with respect to the issuance of any permit required for the drilling, redrilling, deepening, fracturing, stimulating, pressuring, converting, combining or physically changing to allow the migration of fluid from one formation to another, no such permit shall be hereafter issued unless the lease or leases or other continuing contract or contracts by which the right to extract, produce or market the oil or gas is filed with the application for such permit. In lieu of filing the lease or leases or other continuing contract or contracts, the applicant for a permit described herein may file the following:
 - (1) A brief description of the tract of land including the district and county wherein the tract is located;
 - (2) The identification of all parties to all leases or other continuing contractual agreements by which the right to extract, produce or market the oil or gas is claimed;
 - (3) The book and page number wherein each such lease or contract by which the right to extract, produce or market the oil or gas is recorded; and
 - (4) A brief description of the royalty provisions of each such lease or contract.
 - (d) Unless the provisions of subsection (e) are met, no such permit shall be hereafter issued for the drilling of a new oil or gas well, or for the redrilling, deepening, fracturing, stimulating, pressuring, converting, combining or physically changing to allow the migration of fluid from one formation to another, of an existing oil or gas production well, where or if the right to extract, produce or market the oil or gas is based upon a lease or leases or other continuing contract or contracts providing for flat well royalty or any similar provision for compensation to the owner of the oil or gas in place which is not inherently related to the volume of oil and gas so extracted, produced and marketed.
 - (e) To avoid the permit prohibition of subsection (d), the applicant may file with such application an affidavit which certifies that the affiant is authorized by the owner of the working interest in the well to state that it shall tender to the owner of the oil or gas in place not less than one eighth of the total amount paid to or received by or allowed to the

owner of the working interest at the wellhead for the oil or gas so extracted, produced or marketed before deducting the amount to be paid to or set aside for the owner of the oil or gas in place, on all such oil or gas to be extracted, produced or marketed from the well. If such affidavit be filed with such application, then such application for permit shall be treated as if such lease or leases or other continuing contract or contracts comply with the provisions of this section.

- 97 (f) The owner of the oil or gas in place shall have a cause of action to enforce his rights established by this section.
 - (g) The provisions of this section shall not affect or apply to any lease or leases or other continuing contract or contracts for the underground storage of gas or any well utilized in connection therewith or otherwise subject to the provisions of article four of this chapter.
- 104 (h) The director shall enforce this requirement irrespective 105 of whether such lease or other continuing contract was 106 executed before or after the effective date of this chapter.
- 107 (i) The provisions of this section shall not adversely affect 108 any rights to free gas.

§22B-1-9. Notice to property owners.

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- 1 (a) No later than the filing date of the application, the
 2 applicant for a permit for any well work shall deliver by
 3 personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested,
 4 copies of the application, well plat and erosion and sediment
 5 control plan required by section six of this article to each of
 6 the following persons:
- 7 (1) The owners of record of the surface of the tract on which 8 the well is, or is to be located; and
- 9 (2) The owners of record of the surface tract or tracts overlying the oil and gas leasehold being developed by 11 proposed well work, if such surface tract is to be utilized for roads or other land disturbance as described in the erosion and sediment control plan submitted pursuant to section six of this article.
 - (b) If more than three tenants in common or other coowners of interests described in subsection (a) of this section hold interests in such lands, the applicant may serve the documents required upon the person described in the records

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- 19 of the sheriff required to be maintained pursuant to section 20 eight, article one, chapter eleven-a of this code, or publish in 21 the county in which the well is located or to be located a Class 22 II legal advertisement as described in section two, article three. 23 chapter fifty-nine of this code, containing such notice and 24 information as the director shall prescribe by rule and 25 regulation, with the first publication date being at least ten 26 days prior to the filing of the permit application: Provided, 27 That all owners occupying the tracts where the well work is. 28 or is proposed to be located at the filing date of the permit 29 application shall receive actual service of the documents required by subsection (a) of this section. 30
 - (c) Materials served upon persons described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall contain a statement of the methods and time limits for filing comments, who may file comments and the name and address of the director for the purpose of filing comments and obtaining additional information and a statement that such persons may request, at the time of submitting comments, notice of the permit decision and a list of persons qualified to test water as provided in this section.
- (d) Any person entitled to submit comments shall also be entitled to receive a copy of the permit as issued or a copy of the order denying the permit if such person requests the receipt thereof as a part of the comments concerning said permit application.
- 45 (e) Persons entitled to notice may contact the district office 46 of the division to ascertain the names and location of water 47 testing laboratories in the area capable and qualified to test 48 water supplies in accordance with standard accepted methods. 49 In compiling such list of names the division shall consult with 50 the state and local health departments.

§22B-1-10. Procedure for filing comments; certification of notice.

- 1 (a) All persons described in subsections (a) and (b), section 2 nine of this article may file comments with the director as to 3 the location or construction of the applicant's proposed well 4 work within fifteen days after the application is filed with the 5 director.
- 6 (b) Prior to the issuance of any permit for well work, the 7 applicant shall certify to the director that the requirements of

- 8 section nine of this article have been completed by the
- 9 applicant. Such certification may be by affidavit of personal
- 10 service or the return receipt card, or other postal receipt for
- 11 certified mailing.

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§22B-1-11. Review of application; issuance of permit in the absence of objections; copy of permits to county assessor.

The director shall review each application for a well work permit and shall determine whether or not a permit shall be issued.

4 No permit shall be issued less than fifteen days after the 5 filing date of the application for any well work except plugging 6 or replugging; and no permit for plugging or replugging shall 7 be issued less than five days after the filing date of the 8 application except a permit for plugging or replugging a dry 9 hole: Provided. That if the applicant certifies that all persons 10 entitled to notice of the application under the provisions of this article have been served in person or by certified mail, 11 return receipt requested, with a copy of the well work 12 13 application, including the erosion and sediment control plan, if required, and the plat required by section six of this article, 14 and further files written statements of no objection by all such 15 16 persons, the director may issue the well work permit at any 17 time.

The director may cause such inspections to be made of the proposed well work location as to assure adequate review of the application. The permit shall not be issued, or shall be conditioned including conditions with respect to the location of the well and access roads prior to issuance if the director determines that:

- 24 (1) The proposed well work will constitute a hazard to the safety of persons; or
- (2) The plan for soil erosion and sediment control is not
 adequate or effective; or
- 28 (3) Damage would occur to publicly owned lands or 29 resources; or
- 30 (4) The proposed well work fails to protect fresh water 31 sources or supplies.
- The director shall promptly review all comments filed. If after review of the application and all comments received, the

34 application for a well work permit is approved, and no timely

35 objection or comment has been filed with the director or made

36 by the director under the provisions of section fifteen, sixteen

37 or seventeen of this article, the permit shall be issued, with 38

conditions, if any. Nothing in this section shall be construed

39 to supersede the provisions of sections six, twelve, thirteen,

40 fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article.

41 The director shall mail a copy of the permit as issued or 42 a copy of the order denying a permit to any person who 43 submitted comments to the director concerning said permit 44 and requested such copy.

45 Upon the issuance of any permit pursuant to the provisions 46 of this article, the director shall transmit a copy of such permit 47 to the office of the assessor for the county in which the well 48 is located.

§22B-1-12. Plats prerequisite to drilling or fracturing wells; preparation and contents; notice and information furnished to coal operators, owners or lessees; issuance of permits; performance bonds or securities in lieu thereof; bond forfeiture.

(a) Before drilling for oil or gas, or before fracturing or 1 stimulating a well on any tract of land, the well operator shall 2 have a plat prepared by a licensed land surveyor or registered 4 engineer showing the district and county in which the tract of land is located, the name and acreage of the same, the names 5 of the owners of adjacent tracts, the proposed or actual 6 location of the well determined by survey, the courses and 7 distances of such location from two permanent points or 8 landmarks on said tract and the number to be given the well 9 10 and the date of drilling completion of a well when it is proposed that such well be fractured and shall forward by 11 registered or certified mail a copy of the plat to the director. 12 In the event the tract of land on which the said well proposed 13 to be drilled or fractured is located is known to be underlaid 14 with one or more coal seams, copies of the plat shall be 15 forwarded by registered or certified mail to each and every coal 16 operator operating said coal seams beneath said tract of land, who has mapped the same and filed his maps with the division 18 of mines and minerals in accordance with chapter twenty-twoa of this code, and the coal seam owner of record and lessee of record, if any, if said owner or lessee has recorded the

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22 declaration provided in section thirty-six of this article, and 23 if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams beneath said tract of land. With each of such plats there shall 24 25 be enclosed a notice (form for which shall be furnished on request by the director) addressed to the director and to each 26 27 such coal operator, owner and lessee, if any, at their respective 28 addresses, informing them that such plat and notice are being mailed to them respectively by registered or certified mail, 29 30 pursuant to the requirements of this article.

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- (b) If no objections are made, or are found by the director, to such proposed location or proposed fracturing within fifteen days from receipt of such plat and notice by the director, the same shall be filed and become a permanent record of such location or fracturing subject to inspection at any time by any interested person, and the director may forthwith issue to the well operator a permit reciting the filing of such plat, that no objections have been made by the coal operators, owners and lessees, if any, or found thereto by the director, and authorizing the well operator to drill at such location, or to fracture the well. Unless the director has objections to such proposed location or proposed fracturing or stimulating, such permit may be issued prior to the expiration of such fifteenday period upon the obtaining by the well operator of the consent in writing of the coal operator or operators, owners and lessees, if any, to whom copies of the plat and notice shall have been mailed as herein required, and upon presentation of such written consent to the director. The notice above provided for may be given to the coal operator by delivering or mailing it by registered or certified mail as above to any agent or superintendent in actual charge of mines.
- 52 (c) A permit to drill, or to fracture or stimulate an oil or 53 gas well shall not be issued unless the application therefor is 54 accompanied by a bond as provided in section twenty-six of 55 this article.

§22B-1-13. Notice to coal operators, owners or lessees and director of division of mines and minerals of intention to fracture certain other wells; contents of such notice; bond; permit required.

Before fracturing any well the well operator shall, by registered or certified mail, forward a notice of intention to fracture such well to the director and to each and every coal

4 operator operating coal seams beneath said tract of land, who 5 has mapped the same and filed his maps with the division of 6 mines and minerals in accordance with chapter twenty-two-a 7 of this code, and the coal seam owner and lessee, if any, if 8 said owner of record or lessee of record has recorded the 9 declaration provided in section thirty-six of this article, and 10 if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams 11 beneath said tract of land.

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18 19 The notice shall be addressed to the director and to each such coal operator at their respective addresses, shall contain the number of the drilling permit for such well and such other information as may be required by the director to enable that division and the coal operators to locate and identify such well and shall inform them that such notice is being mailed to them, respectively, by registered or certified mail, pursuant to the requirements of this article. (The form for such notice of intention shall be furnished on request by the director.)

20 21 If no objections are made, or are found by the director to 22 such proposed fracturing within fifteen days from receipt of 23 such notice by the director, the same shall be filed and become a permanent record of such fracturing, subject to inspection 24 at any time by any interested person, and the director shall 25 26 forthwith issue to the well operator a permit reciting the filing of such notice, that no objections have been made by the coal 27 28 operators, or found thereto by the director, and authorizing 29 the well operator to fracture such well. Unless the director has objections to such proposed fracturing, such permit-shall be 30 issued prior to the expiration of such fifteen-day period upon 31 the obtaining by the well operator of the consent in writing 32 of the coal operator or operators, owners or lessees, if any, 33 34 to whom notice of intention to fracture shall have been mailed as herein required, and upon presentation of such written 35 consent to the director. The notice above provided for may 36 be given to the coal operator by delivering or mailing it by 37 registered or certified mail as above to any agent or 38 39 superintendent in actual charge of mines.

§22B-1-14. Plats prerequisite to introducing liquids or waste into wells; preparation and contents; notice and information furnished to coal operators, owners or lessees and division of mines and minerals chief of water resources; issuance of permits; performance bonds or security in lieu thereof.

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(a) Before drilling a well for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided for in section twenty-five of this article or for the introduction of liquids for the disposal of pollutants or the effluent therefrom on any tract of land, or before converting an existing well for such purposes, the well operator shall have a plat prepared by a registered engineer or licensed land surveyor showing the district and county in which the tract of land is located, the name and acreage of the same, the names of the owners of all adjacent tracts, the proposed or actual location of the well or wells determined by a survey, the courses and distances of such location from two permanent points of land marked on said tract and the number to be given to the well, and shall forward by registered or certified mail the original and one copy of the plat to the division of oil and gas. In addition, the well operator shall provide the following information on the plat or by way of attachment thereto to the director of the division of oil and gas in the manner and form prescribed by the director's rules and regulations: (1) The location of all wells, abandoned or otherwise located within the area to be affected; (2) where available, the casing records of all such wells; (3) where available, the drilling log of all such wells; (4) the maximum pressure to be introduced; (5) the geological formation into which such liquid or pressure is to be introduced; (6) a general description of the liquids to be introduced; (7) the location of all water-bearing horizons above and below the geological formation into which such pressure, liquid or waste is to be introduced; and (8) such other information as the director by rule and regulation may require.

(b) In the event the tract of land on which said well proposed to be drilled or converted for the purposes provided for in this section is located is known to be underlaid with coal seams, copies of the plat and all information required by this section shall be forwarded by the operator by registered or certified mail to each and every coal operator operating coal seams beneath said tract of land, who has mapped the same and filed his maps with the division of mines and minerals in accordance with chapter twenty-two-a of this code, and the coal seam owner of record and lessee of record, if any, if said owner or lessee has recorded the declaration provided in section thirty-six of this article, and if said owner or lessee is

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not yet operating said seams beneath said tract of land. With each of such plats, there shall be enclosed a notice (form for which shall be furnished on request by the director) addressed to the director and to each such coal operator, owner or lessee, if any, at their respective addresses, informing them that such plat and notice are being mailed to them, respectively, by registered or certified mail, pursuant to the requirements of this section.

- (c) If no objections are made by any such coal operator. owner or lessee, or the chief of the division of water resources of the department of natural resources or are found by the director of the division of oil and gas to such proposed drilling or converting of the well or wells for the purposes provided for in this section within thirty days from the receipt of such plat and notice by the director, the same shall be filed and become a permanent record of such location or well, subject to inspection at any time by any interested person, and the director may after public notice and opportunity to comment, issue such permit authorizing the well operator to drill at such location or convert such existing well or wells for the purposes provided for in this section. The notice above provided for may be given to the coal operator by delivering or mailing it by registered or certified mail as above to any agent or superintendent in actual charge of the mines.
- (d) A permit to drill a well or wells or convert an existing well or wells for the purposes provided for in this section shall not be issued until all of the bonding provisions required by the provisions of section twelve of this article have been fully complied with and all such bonding provisions shall apply to all wells drilled or converted for the purposes provided for in this section as if such wells had been drilled for the purposes provided for in section twelve of this article, except that such bonds shall be conditioned upon full compliance with all laws, rules and regulations relating to the drilling of a well or the converting of an existing well for the purposes provided for in said section twenty-five, or introducing of liquids for the disposal of pollutants including the redrilling, deepening, casing, plugging or abandonment of all such wells.

§22B-1-15. Objections to proposed drilling of deep wells and oil wells; objections to fracturing; notices and hearings; agreed locations or conditions; indication of changes on plats, etc.; issuance of permits.

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(a) When a proposed deep well drilling site or oil well drilling site or any site is above a seam or seams of coal, then the coal operator operating said coal seams beneath the tract of land, or the coal seam owner or lessee, if any, if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams, may within fifteen days from the receipt by the director of the plat and notice required by section twelve of this article, or within fifteen days from the receipt by the director of notice required by section thirteen of this article, file objections in writing (forms for which will be furnished by the director on request) to such proposed drilling or fracturing with the director, setting out therein as definitely as is reasonably possible the ground or grounds on which such objections are based.

If any objection is filed, or if any objection is made by the director, the director shall notify the well operator of the character of the objections and by whom made and fix a time and place, not less than fifteen days from the end of said fifteen-day period, at which such objections will be considered of which time and place the well operator and all objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, shall be given at least ten days' written notice by the director, by registered or certified mail, and summoned to appear. At the time and place so fixed the well operator and the objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, or such of them as are present or represented, shall proceed to consider the objections. In the case of proposed drilling, such parties present or represented may agree upon either the location as made or so moved as to satisfy all objections and meet the approval of the director, and any change in the original location so agreed upon and approved by the director shall be indicated on said plat on file with the director, and the distance and direction of the new location from the original location shall be shown, and as so altered, the plat shall be filed and become a permanent record, and in the case of proposed fracturing, such parties present or represented may agree upon conditions under which the well is to be fractured which will protect life and property and which will satisfy all objections and meet the approval of the director, at which time the plat and notice required by section twelve or the notice required by section thirteen, as the case may be, shall be filed and become a permanent record.

Whereupon the director shall forthwith issue to the well operator a drilling or fracturing permit, as the case may be, reciting the filing of the plat and notice required by said section twelve, or the notice required by said section thirteen, as the case may be, that at a hearing duly held a location as shown on the plat or the conditions under which the fracturing is to take place for the protection of life and property were agreed upon and approved, and that the well operator is authorized to drill at such location or to fracture at the site shown on such plat, or to fracture the well identified in the notice required by section thirteen, as the case may be.

- (b) In the event the well operator and the objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, or such as are present or represented at such hearing are unable to agree upon a drilling location, or upon a drilling location that meets the approval of the director, then the director shall proceed to hear the evidence and testimony in accordance with sections one and two, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except where such provisions are inconsistent with the article. The director shall take into consideration in arriving at his decision:
- (1) Whether the drilling location is above or in close proximity to any mine opening or shaft, entry, travelway, airway, haulageway, drainageway or passageway, or to any proposed extension thereof in any operated or abandoned or operating coal mine or coal mines already surveyed and platted, but not yet being operated;
- 68 (2) Whether the proposed drilling can reasonably be done 69 through an existing or planned pillar of coal, or in close 70 proximity to an existing well or such pillar of coal, taking into 71 consideration the surface topography;
 - (3) Whether a well can be drilled safely, taking into consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other disturbances due to the extraction of coal; and
 - (4) The extent to which the proposed drilling location unreasonably interferes with the safe recovery of coal, oil and gas.
- At the close of the hearing or within ten days thereafter the director shall issue an order stating:

80 (1) That he refuses to issue a permit;

- 81 (2) That he will issue a permit for the proposed drilling 82 location;
- 83 (3) That he will issue a permit for a drilling location different from that requested by the well operator.

The order shall state with particularity the reasons for the director's order and shall be mailed by registered or certified mail to the parties present or represented at such hearing. If the director has ruled that he will issue a permit, he shall issue a permit effective ten days after he has mailed such order, except that for good cause shown, the director may stay the issuance of a permit for a period not to exceed thirty days.

If a permit is issued, the director shall indicate the new drilling location on the plat on file and shall number and keep an index of and docket each plat and notice mailed to him as provided in section twelve of this article, and each notice mailed to him as provided in section thirteen of this article, entering in such docket the name of the well operator, and the names and addresses of all persons notified, the dates of hearings and all actions taken by the director. The director shall also prepare a record of the proceedings, which record shall include all applications, plats and other documents filed with the director, all notices given and proof of service thereof, all orders issued, all permits issued and a transcript of the hearing. The record prepared by the director shall be open to inspection by the public.

(c) In the event the well operator and the objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, or such as are present or represented at such hearing, are unable to agree upon the conditions under which the well is to be fractured as to protect life and property, or upon conditions of fracturing that meet with the approval of the director, then the director shall proceed to hear the evidence and testimony in accordance with sections one and two, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except where such provisions are inconsistent with this article.

The director shall take into consideration upon his decision whether the well can be fractured safely, taking into consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other 119 disturbances.

At the close of the hearing, or within ten days thereafter, the director shall issue an order stating the conditions under which the well is to be fractured, provided the well can be fractured safely, taking into consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other disturbances. If such fracturing cannot be done safely, the director shall issue an order stating with particularity the reasons for refusing to issue a permit.

The order shall state with particularity the reasons for the director's order and shall be mailed by registered or certified mail to the parties present or represented at such hearing. If the director has ruled that he will issue a permit, he shall issue a permit effective ten days after it has mailed such order, except that for good cause shown, the director may stay the issuance of a permit for a period not to exceed thirty days.

If a permit is issued, the director shall indicate the well to be fractured on the plat on file and shall number and keep an index of and docket each plat and notice mailed to him as provided in section twelve of this article, and each notice mailed to him as provided in section thirteen of this article, entering in such docket the name of the well operator, the names and addresses of all persons notified, the dates of hearings and all actions taken by the director. The director shall also prepare a record of the proceedings, which record shall include all applications, plats and other documents filed with the director, all notices given and proof of service thereof, all orders issued, all permits issued and a transcript of the hearing. The record prepared by the director shall be open to inspection by the public.

§22B-1-16. Objections to proposed drilling or converting for introducing liquids or waste into wells; notices and hearings; agreed location or conditions; indication of changes on plats, etc.; issuance of permits; docket of proceeding.

1 (a) When a well is proposed to be drilled or converted for 2 the purposes provided for in section fourteen of this article, 3 and is above a seam or seams of coal, then the coal operator 4 operating said coal seams beneath the tract of land, or the coal 5 seam owner or lessee, if any, if said owner or lessee is not 9 yet operating said coal seams, may within fifteen days from

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7 the receipt by the director of the plat and notice required by 8 section twelve of this article, file objections in writing (forms 9 for which will be furnished by the director on request) to such proposed drilling or conversion.

- (b) In any case wherein a well proposed to be drilled or converted for the purposes provided for in section fourteen of this article shall, in the opinion of the chief of the division of water resources of the department of natural resources, affect detrimentally the reasonable standards of purity and quality of the waters of the state, such chief shall, within the time period established by the director for the receipt of public comment on such proposed drilling or conversion, file with the director his objections in writing to such proposed drilling or conversion, setting out therein as definitely as is reasonably possible the ground or grounds upon which such objections are based and indicating the conditions, consistent with the provisions of this article and the rules or regulations promulgated thereunder, as may be necessary for the protection of the reasonable standards of the purity and quality of such waters under which such proposed drilling or conversion may be completed to overcome such objections, if
 - (c) If any objection or objections are so filed, or are made by the director, the director shall notify the well operator of the character of the objections and by whom made and fix a time and place, not less than thirty days from the end of said thirty-day period, at which such objections will be considered, of which time and place the well operator and all objecting coal operators, the owners or lessees, if any, or such chief, shall be given at least ten days' written notice by the director by registered or certified mail, and summoned to appear. At the time and place so fixed the well operator and the objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, or such of them as are present or represented, or such chief, shall proceed to consider the objections. In the case of proposed drilling or converting of a well for the purposes provided for in section fourteen of this article, such parties present or represented may agree upon either the location as made or so moved as to satisfy all objections and meet the approval of the director, and any change in the original location so agreed upon and approved by the director shall be indicated on said

48 plat on file with the director, and the distance and direction 49 of the new location from the original location shall be shown, 50 and, as so altered, the plat shall be filed and become a 51 permanent record. In the case of proposed conversion, such 52 parties present or represented may agree upon conditions 53 under which the conversion is to take place for the protection 54 of life and property or for protection of reasonable standards 55 of purity and quality of the waters of the state. At which time 56 the plat and notice required by section fourteen shall be filed 57 and become a permanent record. Whereupon the director may 58 issue to the well operator a permit to drill or convert, as the 59 case may be, reciting the filing of the plat and notice required 60 by said section fourteen that at a hearing duly held a location 61 as shown on the plat or the conditions under which the 62 conversion is to take place for the protection of life and property and reasonable standards of purity and quality of the 63 waters of the state where agreed upon and approved, and that 64 the well operator is authorized to drill at such location or to 65 convert at the site shown on such plat, as the case may be. 66

(d) (1) In the case the well operator and the objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, and such chief, or such as are present or represented at such hearing are unable to agree upon a drilling location, or upon a drilling location that meets the approval of the director, then the director shall proceed to hear the evidence and testimony in accordance with sections one and two, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except where such provisions are inconsistent with this article. The director shall take into consideration upon his decision:

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- (a) Whether the drilling location is above or in close proximity to any mine opening or shaft, entry, traveling, air haulage, drainage or passageway, or to any proposed extension thereof, in any operated or abandoned or operating coal mine, or coal mine already surveyed and platted, but not yet being operated;
- (b) Whether the proposed drilling can reasonably be done through an existing or planned pillar of coal, or in close proximity to an existing well or such pillar of coal, taking into consideration the surface topography;
- 87 (c) Whether a well can be drilled safely, taking into

88 consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other 89 disturbances, due to the extraction of coal;

- 90 (d) The extent to which the proposed drilling location 91 unreasonably interferes with the safe recovery of coal, oil and 92 gas.
- 93 (2) At the close of the hearing or within ten days thereafter 94 the director shall issue an order stating:
- 95 (a) That he refuses to issue a permit;

- 96 (b) That he will issue a permit for the proposed drilling 97 location;
 - (c) That he will issue a permit for a drilling location different than that requested by the well operator.

The order shall state with particularity the reasons for the director's order and shall be mailed by registered or certified mail to the parties present or represented at such hearing. If the director has ruled that he will issue a permit, he shall issue a permit effective ten days after he has mailed such order: Except that for good cause shown, the director may stay the issuance of a permit for a period not to exceed thirty days.

- (3) If a permit is issued, the director shall indicate the new drilling location on the plat on file with the director and shall number and keep an index of and docket each plat and notice mailed to it as provided in section twelve of this article, and each notice mailed to it as provided in section thirteen of this article, entering in such docket the name of the well operator, and the names and addresses of all persons notified, the dates of hearings and all actions taken by the director, permits issued or refused, the papers filed and a transcript of the hearing. This shall constitute a record of the proceedings before the director and shall be open to inspection of the public.
- (e) (1) In the case, the well operator and the objecting coal operators, owners or lessees, if any, and such chief, or such as are present or represented at such hearing, are unable to agree upon the conditions under which the well is to be converted as to protect life and property, and the reasonable standards of purity and quality of the waters of the state, or upon conditions of converting that meet with the approval of the director, then the director shall proceed to hear the

- 126 evidence and testimony in accordance with sections one and
- 127 two, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except
- 128 where such provisions are inconsistent with this article. The
- 129 director shall take into consideration upon his decision:

- (a) Whether the well can be converted safely, taking into consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other disturbances;
- 133 (b) Whether the well can be converted, taking into 134 consideration the reasonable standards of the purity and 135 quality of the waters of the state.
 - (2) At the close of the hearing, or within ten days thereafter, the director shall issue an order stating the conditions under which the conversion is to take place, providing the well can be converted safely, taking into consideration the dangers from creeps, squeezes or other disturbances and the reasonable standards of purity and quality of the waters of this state. If such converting cannot be done safely, or if the reasonable standards of purity and quality of such waters will be endangered, the director shall issue an order stating with particularity the reasons for refusing to issue a permit.
- (3) The order shall state with particularity the reasons for the director's order and shall be mailed by registered or certified mail to the parties present or represented at such hearing. If the director has ruled that he will issue a permit, he shall issue a permit effective ten days after the division has mailed such order: Except for good cause shown, the director may stay the issuance of a permit for a period not to exceed thirty days.
 - (4) If a permit is issued, the director shall indicate the well to be converted on the plat on file with the director, and shall number and keep an index of and docket each plat and notice mailed to him as provided in section fourteen of this article, entering in such docket the name of the well operator, and names and addresses of all persons notified, the dates of hearings and all actions taken by the director, permits issued or refused, the papers filed and a transcript of the hearings. This shall constitute a record of the proceedings before the director and shall be open to inspection by the public.

§22B-1-17. Objections to proposed drilling of shallow gas wells; notice to chairman of review board; indication of changes on plats; issuance of permits.

When a proposed shallow well drilling site is above a seam or seams of coal, then the owner of any such coal seam may, within fifteen days from the receipt by the director of the plat and notice required by section twelve of this article, file objections in writing (forms for which will be furnished by the director on request) to such proposed drilling with the director, setting out therein as definitely as is reasonably possible the ground or grounds on which such objections are based.

If any such objection is filed, or if any objection is made by the director of the division of oil and gas the director shall forthwith mail, by registered or certified mail, to the chairman of the review board a notice that an objection to the proposed drilling or deepening of a shallow well has been filed with or made by the director, and shall enclose in such notice a copy of all objections and of the application and plat filed with the director in accordance with the provisions of section twelve of this article.

Thereafter, no further action shall be taken on such application by the director until he receives an order from the review board directing the director to:

(a) Refuse a drilling permit; or

- (b) Issue a drilling permit for the proposed drilling location;or
- (c) Issue a drilling permit for an alternate drilling location
 different from that requested by the well operator; or
 - (d) Issue a drilling permit either for the proposed drilling location or for an alternative drilling location different from that requested by the well operator, but not allow the drilling of the well for a period of not more that one year from the date of issuance of such permit.

Upon receipt of such board order, the director shall promptly undertake the action directed by the review board, except that he shall not issue a drilling permit unless all other provisions of this article (except section fifteen) pertaining to the application for and approval of a drilling permit have been complied with. All permits issued by the director pursuant to

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this section shall be effective ten days after issuance unless the review board orders the director to stay the effectiveness of a permit for a period not to exceed thirty days from the date of issuance.

If a permit is issued, the director shall indicate the approved drilling location on the plat filed with the director in accordance with the provisions of section twelve of this article and shall number and keep an index of and docket each plat and notice mailed to him as provided in section twelve of this article, and each notice mailed to him as provided in section thirteen of this article, entering in such docket the name of the well operator, and the names and addresses of all persons notified, the dates of conferences, hearings and all other actions taken by the director and the review board. The director shall also prepare a record of the proceedings, which record shall include all applications, plats and other documents filed with the director, all notices given and proof of service thereof, all orders issued, all permits issued and a transcript of the hearing. The record prepared by the director shall be open to inspection by the public.

§22B-1-18. Protective devices—When well penetrates workable coal bed; when gas is found beneath or between workable coal beds.

- (a) When a well penetrates one or more workable coal beds. 1 the well operator shall run and cement a string of casing in 2 the hole through the workable coal bed or beds in such a 3 manner as will exclude all oil, gas or gas pressure from the 5 coal bed or beds, except such oil, gas or gas pressure as may be found in such coal bed or beds. Such string of casing shall be run to a point at least thirty feet below the lowest workable 7 coal bed which the well penetrates and shall be circulated and 8 cemented from such point to the surface in such a manner as 9 provided for in reasonable rules and regulations promulgated 10 11 by the director in accordance with the provisions of chapter 12 twenty-nine-a. After any such string of casing has been so run 13 and cemented to the surface, drilling may proceed to the 14 permitted depth.
- 15 (b) In the event that gas is found beneath a workable coal bed before the hole has been reduced from the size it had at the coal bed, a packer shall be placed below the coal bed, and

18 above the gas horizon, and the gas by this means diverted to 19 the inside of the adjacent string of casing through perforations 20 made in such casing, and through it passed to the surface 21 without contact with the coal bed. Should gas be found between two workable beds of coal, in a hole, of the same 22 diameter from bed to bed, two packers shall be placed, with 23 perforations in the casing between them, permitting the gas to 24 25 pass to the surface inside the adjacent casing. In either of the cases here specified, the strings of casing shall extend from 26 their seats to the top of the well. 27

§22B-1-19. Same—Continuance during life of well; dry or abandoned wells.

1 In the event that a well becomes productive of natural gas 2 or petroleum, or is drilled for or converted for the introduction 3 of pressure, whether liquid or gas, or for the introduction of 4 liquid for the purposes provided for in section twenty-five of this article or for the disposal of pollutants or the effluent 5 therefrom, all coal-protecting strings of casing and all water-6 protecting strings of casing shall remain in place until the well 7 is plugged or abandoned. During the life of the well the 8 annular spaces between the various strings of casing adjacent 9 to workable beds of coal shall be kept open, and the top ends 10 of all such strings shall be provided with casing heads, or such 11 12 other suitable devices as will permit the free passage of gas and prevent filling of such annular spaces with dirt or debris. 13

Any well which is completed as a dry hole or which is not in use for a period of twelve consecutive months shall be presumed to have been abandoned and shall promptly be plugged by the operator in accordance with the provisions of this article, unless the operator furnishes satisfactory proof to the director that there is a bona fide future use for such well.

§22B-1-20. Same—When well is drilled through horizon of coal bed from which coal has been removed.

When a well is drilled through the horizon of a coal bed from which the coal has been removed, the hole shall be drilled at least thirty feet below the coal bed, of a size sufficient to permit the placing of a liner which shall start not less than twenty feet beneath the horizon of the coal bed and extend not less than twenty feet above it. Within this liner, which may be welded to the casing to be used, shall be centrally placed

- 8 the largest sized casing to be used in the well, and the space
- 9 between the liner and casing shall be filled with cement as they
- 10 are lowered into the hole. Cement shall be placed in the
- 11 bottom of the hole to a depth of twenty feet to form a sealed
- 12 seat for both liner and casing. Following the setting of the
- 13 liner, drilling shall proceed in the manner provided above.
- 14 Should it be found necessary to drill through the horizon of
- 15 two or more workable coal beds from which the coal has been
- 16 removed, such liner shall be started not less than twenty feet
- 17 below the lowest such horizon penetrated and shall extend to
- 18 a point not less than twenty feet above the highest such
- 19 horizon.

§22B-1-21. Same—Installation of fresh water casings.

- 1 When a permit has been issued for the drilling of an oil or
- 2 gas well or both, each well operator shall run and permanently
- 3 cement a string of casing in the hole through the fresh water
- 4 bearing strata in such a manner and to the extent provided
- 5 for in rules and regulations promulgated by the director in
- 6 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-two and
- 7 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 8 No oil or gas well shall be drilled nearer than two hundred
- 9 feet from an existing water well or dwelling without first
- 10 obtaining the written consent of the owner of such water well
- 11 or dwelling.

§22B-1-22. Well log to be filed; contents; authority to promulgate regulations.

- 1 Within a reasonable time after the completion of the drilling
- 2 of a well, the well operator shall file with the director an
- 3 accurate log. Such log shall contain the character, depth and
- 4 thickness of geological formations encountered, including fresh
- 5 water, coal seams, mineral beds, brine, and oil and gas bearing
- 6 formations and such other information as the director may
- 7 require to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and chapter
- 8 twenty-two of this code.
- 9 The director may promulgate such reasonable rules and
- 10 regulations in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-
- 11 nine-a of this code, as he may deem necessary to insure that
- 12 the character, depth and thickness of geological formations
- 13 encountered are accurately logged: Provided, That the director

14 shall not require logging by the use of an electrical logging 15 device.

§22B-1-23. Plugging, abandonment and reclamation of well; notice of intention; bonds; affidavit showing time and manner.

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All dry or abandoned wells or wells presumed to be 2 abandoned under the provisions of section nineteen of this 3 article shall be plugged and reclaimed in accordance with this section and the other provisions of this article and in 4 accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the 5 6 director.

7 Prior to the commencement of plugging operations and the 8 abandonment of any well, the well operator shall either (a) 9 notify, by registered or certified mail, the director and the coal 10 operator operating coal seams, the coal seam owner of record 11 or lessee of record, if any, to whom notices are required to 12 be given by section twelve of this article, and the coal 13 operators to whom notices are required to be given by section thirteen of this article, of its intention to plug and abandon 14 15 any such well (using such form of notice as the director may 16 provide), giving the number of the well and its location and 17 fixing the time at which the work of plugging and filling will 18 be commenced, which time shall be not less than five days after 19 the day on which such notice so mailed is received or in due 20 course should be received by the director, in order that a 21 representative or representatives of the director and such coal 22 operator, owner or lessee, if any, may be present at the 23 plugging and filling of the well: Provided, That whether such 24 representatives appear or do not appear, the well operator may 25 proceed at the time fixed to plug and fill the well in the manner 26 hereinafter described, or (b) first obtain the written approval 27 of the director and such coal operator, owner or lessee, if any, 28 or (c) in the event the well to be plugged and abandoned is 29 one on which drilling or reworking operations have been 30 continuously progressing pursuant to authorization granted by 31 the director, first obtain the verbal permission of the director or his designated representative to plug and abandon such 32 well, except that the well operator shall, within a reasonable 33 period not to exceed five days after the commencement of such 34 35 plugging operations, give the written notices required by subdivision (a) above. 36

37 No well may be plugged or abandoned unless prior to the 38 commencement of plugging operations and the abandonment 39 of any well the director is furnished a bond as provided in section twenty-six of this article.

41 When the plugging, filling and reclamation of a well have been completed, an affidavit, in triplicate, shall be made (on 42 a form to be furnished by the director) by two experienced 43 44 persons who participated in the work, the director for oil and 45 gas or his designated representative, in which affidavit shall 46 be set forth the time and manner in which the well was plugged 47 and filled and the land reclaimed. One copy of this affidavit 48 shall be retained by the well operator, another (or true copies of same) shall be mailed to the coal operator or operators. 49 50 if any, and the third to the director.

§22B-1-24. Methods of plugging well.

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Upon the abandonment or cessation of the operation of any well drilled for natural gas or petroleum, or drilled or converted for the introduction of pressure, whether liquid or gas, or for the introduction of liquid for the purposes provided for in section twenty-five of this article or for the disposal of pollutants or the effluent therefrom the well operator, at the time of such abandonment or cessation, shall fill and plug the well in the following manner:

(a) Where the well does not penetrate workable coal beds, it shall either be filled with mud, clay or other nonporous material from the bottom of the well to a point twenty feet above the top of its lowest oil, gas or water-bearing stratum; or a permanent bridge shall be anchored thirty feet below its lowest oil, gas or water-bearing stratum, and from such bridge it shall be filled with mud, clay or other nonporous material to a point twenty feet above such stratum; at this point there shall be placed a plug of cement or other suitable material which will completely seal the hole. Between this sealing plug and a point twenty feet above the next higher oil, gas or waterbearing stratum, the hole shall be filled, in the manner just described; and at such point there shall be placed another plug of cement or other suitable material which will completely seal the hole. In like manner the hole shall be filled and plugged, with reference to each of its oil, gas or water-bearing strata. However, whenever such strata are not widely separated and

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are free from water, they may be grouped and treated as a single sand, gas or petroleum horizon, and the aforesaid filling and plugging be performed as though there were but one horizon. After the plugging of all oil, gas or water-bearing strata, as aforesaid, a final cement plug shall be placed approximately ten feet below the bottom of the largest casing in the well; from this point to the surface the well shall be filled with mud, clay or other nonporous material. In case any of the oil or gas-bearing strata in a well shall have been shot, 35 thereby creating cavities which cannot readily be filled in the 36 manner above described, the well operator shall follow either 37 of the following methods:

- (1) Should the stratum which has been shot be the lowest one in the well, there shall be placed, at the nearest suitable point, but not less than twenty feet above the stratum, a plug of cement or other suitable material which will completely seal the hole. In the event, however, that the shooting has been done above one or more oil or gas-bearing strata in the well, plugging in the manner specified shall be done at the nearest suitable point, but not less than twenty feet below and above the stratum shot, or (2), when such cavity shall be in the lowest oil or gas-bearing stratum in the well, a liner shall be placed which shall extend from below the stratum to a suitable point, but not less than twenty feet above the stratum in which shooting has been done. In the event, however, that the shooting has been done above one or more oil or gas-bearing strata in the well, the liner shall be so placed that it will extend not less than twenty feet above, nor less than twenty feet below, the stratum in which shooting has been done. Following the placing of the liner in the manner here specified it shall be compactly filled with cement, mud, clay or other nonporous sealing material.
- (b) Where the well penetrates one or more workable coal beds and a coal protection string of casing has been circulated and cemented in to the surface, the well shall be filled and securely plugged in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this section, except that expanding cement shall be used instead of regular hydraulic cement, to a point approximately one hundred feet below the bottom of the coal protection string of casing. A one hundred foot plug of expanding cement shall then be placed in the well so that the top of such plug

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is located at a point just below the coal protection string of casing. After such plug has been securely placed in the well. the coal protection string of casing shall be emptied of liquid from the surface to a point one hundred feet below the lowest workable coal bed or to the bottom of the coal protection string of casing, whichever is shallower. A vent or other device approved by the director shall then be installed on the top of the coal protection string of casing in such a manner that will prevent liquids and solids from entering the well but will permit ready access to the full internal diameter of the coal protection string of casing when required. The coal protection string of casing and the vent or other device approved by the director shall extend, when finally in place, a distance of not less than thirty inches above ground level and shall be permanently marked with the well number assigned by the director.

(c) Where the well penetrates one or more workable coal beds and a coal protection string of casing has not been circulated and cemented in to the surface, the well shall be filled and securely plugged in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this section to a point fifty feet below the lowest workable coal bed. Thereafter, a plug of cement shall be placed in the well at a point not less than forty feet below the lowest workable coal bed. After the cement plug has been securely placed in the well, the well shall be filled with cement to a point twenty feet above the lowest workable coal bed. From this point the well shall be filled with mud, clay or other nonporous material to a point forty feet beneath the next overlying workable coal bed, if such there be, and the well shall then be filled with cement from this point to a point twenty feet above such workable coal bed, and similarly, in case there are more overlying workable coal beds. After the filling and plugging of the well to a point above the highest workable coal bed, filling and plugging of the well shall continue in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this section to a point fifty feet below the surface, and a plug of cement shall be installed from the point fifty feet below the surface to the surface with a monument installed therein extending thirty inches above ground level.

(d) (1) Where the well penetrates one or more workable coal beds and a coal protection string of casing has not been

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circulated and cemented in to the surface, a coal operator or coal seam owner may request that the well be plugged in the manner provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection rather than by the method provided in subsection (c) of this section. Such request (forms for which shall be provided by the director) must be filed in writing with the director prior to the scheduled plugging of the well, and must include the number of the well to be plugged and the name and address of the well operator. At the time such request is filed with the director, a copy of such request must also be mailed by registered or certified mail to the well operator named in the request.

(2) Upon receipt of such request, the director shall issue an order staying the plugging of the well and shall promptly determine the cost of plugging the well in the manner provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection and the cost of plugging the well in the manner provided in subsection (c) of this section. In making such determination, the director shall take into consideration any agreement previously made between the well operator and the coal operator or coal seam owner making the request. If the director determines that the cost of plugging the well in the manner provided in subsection (c) of this section exceeds the cost of plugging the well in the manner provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the director shall grant the request of the coal operator or owner and shall issue an order requiring the well operator to plug the well in the manner provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection. If the director determines that the cost of plugging the well in the manner provided in subsection (c) of this section is less than the cost of plugging the well in the manner provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, the director shall request payment into escrow of the difference between the determined costs by the coal operator or coal seam owner making the request. Upon receipt of satisfactory notice of such payment, or upon receipt of notice that the well operator has waived such payment, the director shall grant the request of the coal operator or coal seam owner and shall issue an order requiring the well operator to plug the well in the manner provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection. If satisfactory notice of payment into escrow, or notice that the well operator has waived such payment, is not received by the director within fifteen days after the request for payment into escrow, the

150 director shall issue an order permitting the plugging of the well 151 in the manner provided in subsection (c) of this section. Copies 152 of all orders issued by the director shall be sent by registered 153 or certified mail to the coal operator or coal seam owner 154 making the request and to the well operator. When the escrow 155 agent has received certification from the director of the 156 satisfactory completion of the plugging work and the 157 reimbursable extra cost thereof (that is, the difference between 158 the director's determination of plugging cost in the manner 159 provided in subsection (c) of this section and the well 160 operator's actual plugging cost in the manner provided in 161 subdivision (3) of this subsection), he shall pay the reimbur-162 sable sum to the well operator or his nominee from the 163 payment into escrow to the extent available. The amount by 164 which the payment into escrow exceeds the reimbursable sum 165 plus the escrow agent's fee, if any, shall be repaid to the coal 166 owner. If the amount paid to the well operator or his nominee 167 is less than the actual reimbursable sum, the escrow agent shall inform the coal owner, who shall pay the deficiency to the well 168 169 operator or his nominee within thirty days. If the coal operator 170 breaches this duty to pay the deficiency, the well operator shall 171 have a right of action and be entitled to recover damages as if for wrongful conversion of personalty, and his reasonable 172 173 attorney fees.

(3) Where a request of a coal operator or coal seam owner filed pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection has been granted by the director, the well shall be plugged in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this section, except that expanding cement shall be used instead of regular hydraulic cement, to a point approximately two hundred feet below the lowest workable coal bed. A one hundred foot plug of expanding cement shall then be placed in the well beginning at the point approximately two hundred feet below the lowest workable coal bed and extending to a point approximately one hundred feet below the lowest workable coal bed. A string of casing with an outside diameter no less than four and onehalf inches shall then be run into the well to a point approximately one hundred feet below the lowest workable coal bed and such string of casing shall be circulated and cemented in to the surface. The casing shall then be emptied of liquid from a point approximately one hundred feet below the lowest workable coal bed to the surface, and a vent or

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other device approved by the director shall be installed on the top of the string of casing in such a manner that it will prevent liquids and solids from entering the well but will permit ready access to the full internal diameter of the coal protection string of casing when required. The string of casing and the vent or other device approved by the director shall extend, when finally in place, a distance of no less than thirty inches above ground level and shall be permanently marked with the well number assigned by the director. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, if under particular circumstances a different method of plugging is required to obtain the approval of another governmental agency for the safe mining through of said well, the director may approve such different method of plugging if he finds the same to be as safe for mining through and otherwise adequate to prevent gas or other fluid migration from the oil and gas reservoirs as the method above specified.

(e) Any person may apply to the director for an order to clean out and replug a previously plugged well in a manner which will permit the safe mining through of such well. Such application shall be filed with the director and shall contain the well number, a general description of the well location, the name and address of the owner of the surface land upon which the well is located, a copy of or record reference to a deed, lease or other document which entitles the applicant to enter upon the surface land, a description of the methods by which the well was previously plugged, and a description of the method by which such applicant proposes to clean out and replug the well. At the time an application is filed with the director, a copy shall be mailed by registered or certified mail to the owner or owners of the land, and the oil and gas lessee of record, if any, of the site land upon which the well is located. If no objection to the replugging of the well is filed by any such landowner or oil and gas lessee within thirty days after the filing of the application, and if the director determines that the method proposed for replugging the well will permit the safe mining through of such well, the director shall grant the application by an order authorizing the replugging of the well. Such order shall specify the method by which the well shall be replugged, and copies thereof shall be mailed by certified or registered mail to the applicant and to the owner or owners of the land, and the oil and gas lessee, if any, of

234 the site upon which such well is located. If any such landowner 235 or oil and gas lessee objects to the replugging of the well, the 236 director shall notify the applicant of such objection. Thereaf-237 ter, the director shall schedule a hearing to consider the 238 objection, which hearing shall be held after notice by registered 239 or certified mail to the objectors and the applicant. After 240 consideration of the evidence presented at the hearing, the 241 director shall issue an order authorizing the replugging of the 242 well if he determines that replugging of the well will permit 243 the safe mining through of such well. Such order shall specify 244 the manner in which the well shall be replugged and copies 245 thereof shall be sent by registered or certified mail to the applicant and objectors. The director shall issue an order 246 247 rejecting the application if he determines that the proposed 248 method for replugging the well will not permit the safe mining 249 through of such well.

250 (f) All persons adversely affected by a determination or 251 order of the director issued pursuant to the provisions of this 252 section shall be entitled to judicial review in accordance with 253 the provisions of articles five and six, chapter twenty-nine-a 254 of this code.

§22B-1-25. Introducing liquid pressure into producing strata to recover oil contained therein.

1 The owner or operator of any well or wells which produce oil or gas may allow such well or wells to remain open for 2 the purpose of introducing water or other liquid pressure into 3 and upon the producing strata for the purpose of recovering 4 the oil contained therein, and may drill additional wells for 5 like purposes, provided that the introduction of such water or 6 7 other liquid pressure shall be controlled as to volume and pressure and shall be through casing or tubing which shall be 8 so anchored and packed that no water-bearing strata or other 9 oil, or gas-bearing sand or producing stratum, above or below 10 the producing strata into and upon which such pressure is 11 12 introduced, shall be affected thereby, fulfilling requirements as 13 set forth under section fourteen.

§22B-1-26. Performance bonds; corporate surety or other security.

1 (a) No permit shall be issued pursuant to this article unless 2 a bond which is required for a particular activity by this article 3 is or has been furnished as provided in this section.

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(b) A separate bond may be furnished for a particular oil or gas well, or for a particular well for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided in section twenty-five of this article. A separate bond shall be furnished for each well drilled or converted for the introduction of liquids for the disposal of pollutants or the effluent therefrom. Every such bond shall be in the sum of ten thousand dollars, payable to the state of West Virginia, conditioned on full compliance with all laws, rules and regulations relating to the drilling, redrilling, deepening, casing and stimulating oil and gas wells (or, if applicable, with all laws, rules and regulations relating to drilling or converting wells for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided for in section twenty-five of this article or for the introduction of liquids for the disposal of pollutants or the effluent therefrom) and to the plugging, abandonment and reclamation of wells and for furnishing such reports and information as may be required by the director.

- (c) When an operator makes or has made application for permits to drill or stimulate a number of oil and gas wells or to drill or convert a number of wells for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided in section twenty-five of this article, the operator may in lieu of furnishing a separate bond furnish a blanket bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars, payable to the state of West Virginia, and conditioned as aforesaid in subsection (b) of this section.
- (d) All bonds submitted hereunder shall have a corporate bonding or surety company authorized to do business in this state as surety thereon: Provided. That in lieu of corporate surety on a separate or blanket bond, as the case may be, the operator may elect to deposit with the director cash or the following collateral securities or any combination thereof: (1) Bonds of the United States or agency thereof, or those guaranteed by, or for which the credit of the United States or agency therefor is pledged for the payment of the principal and interest thereof; (2) direct general obligation bonds of this state, or any other state, or territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, unconditionally guaranteed as to the principal and interest by such other state or territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia if such other state, territory, or the District of Columbia has the power to levy taxes for the payment of the principal and interest of such

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securities, and if at the time of the deposit such other state, territory, or the District of Columbia is not in default in the payment of any part of the principal or interest owing by it upon any part of its funded indebtedness; (3) direct general obligation bonds of any county, district, city, town, village, school district or other political subdivision of this state issued pursuant to law and payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property located herein, that the total indebtedness after deducting sinking funds and all debts incurred for selfsustaining public works does not exceed five percent of the assessed value of all taxable property therein at the time of the last assessment made before the date of such deposit, and that the issuer has not, within five years prior to the making thereof, been in default for more than ninety days in the payment of any part of the principal or interest on any debt, evidenced by its bonds; (4) revenue bonds issued by this state or any agency of this state when such bonds are payable from revenues or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve fund has been established and is being maintained for the payment of such bonds; (5) revenue bonds issued by a municipality in this state for the acquisition, construction, improvement or extension of a waterworks system, or a sewerage system, or a combined waterworks and sewerage system, when such bonds are payable from revenue or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve fund has been established and is being maintained for the payment of such bonds; (6) revenue bonds issued by a public service board of a public service district in this state for the acquisition, construction, improvement or extension of any public service properties, or for the reimbursement or payment of the costs and expenses of creating the district, when such bonds are payable from revenue or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve fund has been established and is being maintained for the payment of such bonds; (7) revenue bonds issued by a board of trustees of a sanitary district in this state for the corporate purposes of such district, when such bonds are payable from revenue or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve fund has been established and is being maintained for the

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- (b) A separate bond may be furnished for a particular oil or gas well, or for a particular well for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided in section twenty-five of this article. A separate bond shall be furnished for each well drilled 8 or converted for the introduction of liquids for the disposal 9 of pollutants or the effluent therefrom. Every such bond shall 10 be in the sum of ten thousand dollars, payable to the state 11 of West Virginia, conditioned on full compliance with all laws, 12 rules and regulations relating to the drilling, redrilling, 13 deepening, casing and stimulating oil and gas wells (or, if 14 applicable, with all laws, rules and regulations relating to drilling or converting wells for the introduction of liquids for 15 16 the purposes provided for in section twenty-five of this article 17 or for the introduction of liquids for the disposal of pollutants 18 or the effluent therefrom) and to the plugging, abandonment 19 and reclamation of wells and for furnishing such reports and 20 information as may be required by the director.
 - (c) When an operator makes or has made application for permits to drill or stimulate a number of oil and gas wells or to drill or convert a number of wells for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided in section twenty-five of this article, the operator may in lieu of furnishing a separate bond furnish a blanket bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars. payable to the state of West Virginia, and conditioned as aforesaid in subsection (b) of this section.
 - (d) All bonds submitted hereunder shall have a corporate bonding or surety company authorized to do business in this state as surety thereon: Provided. That in lieu of corporate surety on a separate or blanket bond, as the case may be, the operator may elect to deposit with the director cash or the following collateral securities or any combination thereof: (1) Bonds of the United States or agency thereof, or those guaranteed by, or for which the credit of the United States or agency therefor is pledged for the payment of the principal and interest thereof; (2) direct general obligation bonds of this state, or any other state, or territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, unconditionally guaranteed as to the principal and interest by such other state or territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia if such other state, territory, or the District of Columbia has the power to levy taxes for the payment of the principal and interest of such

45 securities, and if at the time of the deposit such other state. 46 territory, or the District of Columbia is not in default in the 47 payment of any part of the principal or interest owing by it 48 upon any part of its funded indebtedness: (3) direct general 49 obligation bonds of any county, district, city, town, village, 50 school district or other political subdivision of this state issued 51 pursuant to law and payable from ad valorem taxes levied on 52 all taxable property located herein, that the total indebtedness 53 after deducting sinking funds and all debts incurred for self-54 sustaining public works does not exceed five percent of the 55 assessed value of all taxable property therein at the time of 56 the last assessment made before the date of such deposit, and 57 that the issuer has not, within five years prior to the making 58 thereof, been in default for more than ninety days in the 59 payment of any part of the principal or interest on any debt, 60 evidenced by its bonds; (4) revenue bonds issued by this state 61 or any agency of this state when such bonds are payable from 62 revenues or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of 63 principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve 64 fund has been established and is being maintained for the payment of such bonds: (5) revenue bonds issued by a 65 municipality in this state for the acquisition, construction, 66 improvement or extension of a waterworks system, or a 67 68 sewerage system, or a combined waterworks and sewerage 69 system, when such bonds are payable from revenue or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of principal and interest, 70 71 and a lawful sinking fund or reserve fund has been established 72 and is being maintained for the payment of such bonds; (6) revenue bonds issued by a public service board of a public 73 74 service district in this state for the acquisition, construction, 75 improvement or extension of any public service properties, or for the reimbursement or payment of the costs and expenses 76 77 of creating the district, when such bonds are payable from 78 revenue or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve 79 80 fund has been established and is being maintained for the 81 payment of such bonds; (7) revenue bonds issued by a board of trustees of a sanitary district in this state for the corporate 82 83 purposes of such district, when such bonds are payable from revenue or earnings specifically pledged for the payment of 84 85 principal and interest, and a lawful sinking fund or reserve 86 fund has been established and is being maintained for the

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payment of such bonds; and (8) bonds issued by a federal land bank or home owners' loan corporation. The cash deposit or market value, or both, of the collateral securities shall be equal to or greater than the penalty of the separate or blanket bond, as the case may be. Upon receipt of any such deposit or cash or collateral securities, the director shall immediately deliver the same to the treasurer of the state of West Virginia. The treasurer shall determine whether any such securities satisfy the requirements of this section. If the securities are approved they shall be accepted by the treasurer. If the securities are not approved, they shall be rejected and returned to the operator and no permit shall be issued until a corporate surety bond is filed or cash or proper collateral securities are filed in lieu of such surety. The treasurer shall hold any cash or securities in the name of the state in trust for the purposes for which the deposit was made. The operator shall be entitled to all interest and income earned on the collateral securities filed by such operator so long as the operator is in full compliance with all laws, rules and regulations relating to the drilling, redrilling, deepening, casing and fracturing of oil and gas wells (or, if applicable, with all laws, rules and regulations relating to drilling or converting wells for the introduction of liquids for the purposes provided for in section twenty-five of this article for the introduction of liquids for the disposal of pollutants or the effluent therefrom) and the plugging, abandonment and reclamation of wells and for furnishing such reports and information as may be required by the director. The operator making the deposit shall be entitled from time to time to receive from the treasurer, upon the written order of the director, the whole or any portion of such securities upon depositing with the treasurer in lieu thereof cash equal to or greater than the penalty of the bond, in other approved securities of the classes herein specified having a market value equal to or greater than the penalty of the bond, or a corporate surety bond.

(e) When an operator has furnished a separate bond from a corporate bonding or surety company to drill, fracture or stimulate an oil or gas well and the well produces oil or gas or both, its operator may deposit with the director cash from the sale of the oil or gas or both until the total deposited is ten thousand dollars. When the sum of the cash deposited is ten thousand dollars, the separate bond for the well shall be

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released by the director. Upon receipt of such cash, the director shall immediately deliver the same to the treasurer of the state of West Virginia. The treasurer shall hold such cash in the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which the bond was furnished and the deposit was made. The operator shall be entitled to all interest and income which may be earned on the cash deposited so long as the operator is in full compliance with all laws, rules and regulations relating to the drilling, redrilling, deepening, casing, plugging, abandonment and reclamation of the well for which the cash was deposited and so long as he has furnished all reports and information as may be required by the director. If the cash realized from the sale of oil or gas or both from the well is not sufficient for the operator to deposit with the director the sum of ten thousand dollars within one year of the day the well started producing, the corporate or surety company which issued the bond on the well may notify the operator and the director of its intent to terminate its liability under its bond. The operator then shall have thirty days to furnish a new bond from a corporate bonding or surety company or collateral securities, as provided in the next preceding paragraph of this section with the director. If a new bond or collateral securities are funished by the operator, the liability of the corporate bonding or surety company under the original bond shall terminate as to any acts and operations of the operator occurring after the effective date of the new bond or the date the collateral securities are accepted by the treasurer of the state of West Virginia. If the operator does not furnish a new bond or collateral securities, as provided in the next preceding paragraph of this section, with the director, he shall immediately plug, fill and reclaim the well in accordance with all of the provisions of law, rules and regulations applicable thereto. In such case, the corporate or surety company which issued the original bond shall be liable for any plugging, filling or reclamation not performed in accordance with such laws, rules and regulations.

(f) Any separate bond furnished for a particular well prior to the effective date of this chapter shall continue to be valid for all work on the well permitting prior to the effective date of this chapter; but no permit shall hereafter be issued on such a particular well without a bond complying with the provisions of this section. Any blanket bond furnished prior to the

171 effective date of this chapter shall be replaced with a new 172 blanket bond conforming to the requirements of this section, 173 at which time the prior bond shall be discharged by operation 174 of law; and if the director determines that any operator has 175 not furnished a new blanket bond, the director shall notify the 176 operator by certified mail, return receipt requested, of the 177

requirement for a new blanket bond; and failure to submit a

- 178 new blanket bond within sixty days after receipt of the notice
- 179 from the director shall work a forfeiture under subsection (h)
- 180 of this section of the blanket bond furnished prior to the 181 effective date of this chapter.
- 182 (g) Any such bond shall remain in force until released by 183 the director, and the director shall release the same when it 184 is satisfied the conditions thereof have been fully performed. Upon the release of any such bond, any cash or collateral 185 186 securities deposited shall be returned by the director to the 187 operator who deposited same.
- 188 (h) If any of the requirements of this article or rules and 189 regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or the orders of the 190 director have not been complied with within the time limit set by the violation notice as defined in sections three, four and 191 five of this article, the performance bond shall then be 192 193 forfeited.
- 194 (i) When any bond is forfeited pursuant to the provisions 195 of this article or rules and regulations promulgated pursuant 196 thereto the director shall give notice to the attorney general 197 who shall collect the forfeiture without delay.
- 198 (j) All forfeitures shall be deposited in the treasury of the 199 state of West Virginia in the special reclamation fund as 200 defined in section twenty-nine of this article.

§22B-1-27. Cause of action for damages caused by explosions.

- Any person suffering personal injury or property damage
- 2 due to any explosion caused by any permittee, shall have a
- 3 cause of action against such permittee for three years after the
- explosion regardless of whether the explosion occurred before
- or after the effective date of this article.

§22B-1-28. Supervision by director over drilling and reclamation operations; complaints; hearings; appeals.

1 The director shall exercise supervision over the drilling, 2 casing, plugging, filling and reclamation of all wells and shall have such access to the plans, maps and other records and to 3 the properties of the well operators as may be necessary or 4 proper for this purpose, and, either as the result of its own 5 investigations or pursuant to charges made by any well 6 7 operator or coal operator, the director may himself enter, or shall permit any aggrieved person to file before him, a formal 9 complaint charging any well operator with not drilling or casing, or not plugging or filling, or reclaiming any well in 10 accordance with the provisions of this article, or to the order 11 12 of the director. True copies of any such complaints shall be served upon or mailed by registered mail to any person so 13 charged, with notice of the time and place of hearing, of which 14 the operator or operators so charged shall be given at least 15 five days' notice. At the time and place fixed for hearing, full 16 opportunity shall be given any person so charged or 17 complaining to be heard and to offer such evidence as desired, 18 and after a full hearing, at which the director may offer in 19 evidence the results of such investigations as it may have made, 20 the director shall make his findings of fact and enter such 21 order as in his judgment is just and right and necessary to 22 secure the proper administration of this article, and if he deems 23 necessary, restraining the well operator from continuing to 24 drill or case any well or from further plugging, filling or 25 reclaiming the same, except under such conditions as the 26 director may impose in order to ensure a strict compliance 27 28 with the provisions of this article relating to such matters.

Any well operator or coal operator adversely affected by a final decision or order of the director, may appeal in the manner prescribed in section four, article five, chapter twentynine-a of this code.

§22B-1-29. Special reclamation fund; fees.

In addition to any other fees required by the provisions of this article, every applicant for a permit to drill a well shall, before the permit is issued, pay to the director a special reclamation fee of one hundred dollars for each well to be drilled. Such special reclamation fee shall be paid at the time the application for a drilling permit is filed with the director and the payment of such reclamation fee shall be a condition precedent to the issuance of said permit.

There is hereby created within the treasury of the state of West Virginia a special fund to be known as the oil and gas reclamation fund, and the director shall deposit with the state treasurer to the credit of such special fund all special reclamation fees collected. The proceeds of any bond forfeited under the provisions of this article shall inure to the benefit of and shall be deposited in such oil and gas reclamation fund.

The oil and gas reclamation fund shall be administered by the director. The director shall cause to be prepared plans for the reclaiming and plugging of abandoned wells which have not been reclaimed or plugged or which have been improperly reclaimed or plugged. The director, as funds become available in the oil and gas reclamation fund, shall reclaim and properly plug wells in accordance with said plans and specifications and in accordance with the provisions of this article relating to the reclaiming and plugging of wells and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Such funds may also be utilized for the purchase of abandoned wells, where such purchase is necessary, and for the reclamation of such abandoned wells, and for any engineering, administrative and research costs as may be necessary to properly effectuate the reclaiming and plugging of all wells, abandoned or otherwise.

The director may avail himself of any federal funds provided on a matching basis that may be made available for the purpose of reclaiming or plugging any wells.

The director shall make an annual report to the governor and to the Legislature setting forth the number of wells reclaimed or plugged through the use of the oil and gas reclamation fund provided for herein. Such report shall identify each such reclamation and plugging project, state the number of wells reclaimed or plugged thereby, show the county wherein such wells are located and shall make a detailed accounting of all expenditures from the oil and gas reclamation fund.

All wells shall be reclaimed or plugged by contract entered into by the director on a competitive bid basis as provided for under the provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

§22B-1-30. Reclamation requirements.

The operator of a well shall reclaim the land surface within the area disturbed in siting, drilling, completing or producing the well in accordance with the following requirements:

- (a) Within six months after the completion of the drilling process, the operator shall fill all the pits for containing muds, cuttings, salt water and oil that are not needed for production purposes, or are not required or allowed by state or federal law or rule and remove all concrete bases, drilling supplies and drilling equipment. Within such period, the operator shall grade or terrace and plant, seed or sod the area disturbed that is not required in production of the well where necessary to bind the soil and prevent substantial erosion and sedimentation. No pit may be used for the ultimate disposal of salt water. Salt water and oil shall be periodically drained or removed, and properly disposed of, from any pit that is retained so the pit is kept reasonably free of salt water and oil.
- (b) Within six months after a well that has produced oil or gas is plugged, or after the plugging of a dry hole, the operator shall remove all production and storage structures, supplies and equipment, and any oil, salt water and debris, and fill any remaining excavations. Within such period, the operator shall grade or terrace and plant, seed or sod the area disturbed where necessary to bind the soil and prevent substantial erosion and sedimentation.

The director may, upon written application by an operator showing reasonable cause, extend the period within which reclamation shall be completed, but not to exceed a further six-month period.

If the director refuses to approve a request for extension, he shall do so by order.

- (c) It shall be the duty of an operator to commence the reclamation of the area of land disturbed in siting, drilling, completing or producing the well in accordance with soil erosion and sediment control plans approved by the director or his designate.
- 37 (d) The director shall promulgate rules setting forth 38 requirements for the safe and efficient installation and burying 39 of all production and gathering pipelines where practical and

reasonable except that such rules shall not apply to those pipelines regulated by the public service commission.

§22B-1-31. Preventing waste of gas; plan of operation required for wasting gas in process of producing oil; rejection thereof.

1 Natural gas shall not be permitted to waste or escape from 2 any well or pipeline, when it is reasonably possible to prevent 3 such waste, after the owner or operator of such gas, or well, or pipeline, has had a reasonable length of time to shut in such 4 gas in the well, or make the necessary repairs to such well or 5 pipeline to prevent such waste: Provided, That (a) if, in the process of drilling a well for oil or gas, or both, gas is found 7 in such well, and the owner or operator thereof desires to 8 continue to search for oil or gas, or both, by drilling deeper 9 in search of lower oil or gas-bearing strata, or (b) if it becomes 10 necessary to make repairs to any well producing gas, 11 commonly known as "cleaning out," and if in either event it 12 is necessary for the gas in such well to escape therefrom during 13 the process of drilling or making repairs, as the case may be, 14 15 then the owner or operator of such well shall prosecute such drilling or repairs with reasonable diligence, so that the waste 16 of gas from the well shall not continue longer than reasonably 17 necessary, and if, during the progress of such deeper drilling 18 or repairs, any temporary suspension thereof becomes 19 20 necessary, the owner or operator of such well shall use all 21 reasonable means to shut in the gas and prevent its waste 22 during such temporary suspension: Provided, however, That 23 in all cases where both oil and gas are found and produced from the same oil and gas-bearing stratum, and where it is 24 25 necessary for the gas therefrom to waste in the process of 26 producing the oil, the owner or operator shall use all reasonable diligence to conserve and save from waste so much 27 of such gas as it is reasonably possible to save, but in no case 28 shall such gas from any well be wasted in the process of 29 producing oil therefrom until the owner or operator of such 30 31 well shall have filed with the director a plan of operation for 32 said well showing, among other things, the gas-oil production ratio involved in such operation, which plan shall govern the 33 operation of said well unless the director shall, within ten days 34 from the date on which such plan is submitted to the director. 35 make a finding that such plan fails, under all the facts and 36

37 circumstances, to propose the exercise of all reasonable

- 38 diligence to conserve and save from waste so much of such
- 39 gas as it is reasonably possible to save, in which event
- 40 production of oil at such well by the wasting of gas shall cease
- 41 and determine until a plan of operation is approved by the
- 42 director. Successive plans of operation may be filed by the
- 43 owner or operator of any such well with the director.

§22B-1-32. Right of adjacent owner or operator to prevent waste of gas; recovery of cost.

If the owner or operator of any such well shall neglect or 1 refuse to drill, case and equip, or plug and abandon, or shut 2 3 in and conserve from waste the gas produced therefrom, as 4 required to be done and performed by the preceding sections of this article, for a period of twenty days after a written notice 5 so to do, which notice may be served personally upon the owner or operator, or may be posted in a conspicuous place at or near the well, it shall be lawful for the owner or operator 8 of any adjacent or neighboring lands or the director to enter 9 upon the premises where such well is situated and properly 10 case and equip such well, or, in case the well is to be 11 adandoned, to properly plug and abandon it, or in case the 12 well is wasting gas, to properly shut it in and make such 13 needed repairs to the well to prevent the waste of gas, in the 14 manner required to be done by the preceding sections of this 15 article; and the reasonable cost and expense incurred by an 16 owner or operator or the director in so doing shall be paid 17 by the owner or operator of such well and may be recovered 18 as debts of like amount are by law recoverable. 19

The director may utilize funds and procedures established pursuant to section twenty-nine of this article for the purposes set out in the section. Amounts recovered by the director pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the oil and gas reclamation fund established pursuant to section twenty-nine of this article.

§22B-1-33. Restraining waste.

Aside from and in addition to the imposition of any penalties under this article, it shall be the duty of any circuit court in the exercise of its equity jurisdiction to hear and determine any bill or bills in equity which may be filed to restrain the waste of natural gas in violation of this article,

- 6 and to grant relief by injunction or by other decrees or orders,
- 7 in accordance with the principles and practice in equity. The
- 8 plaintiff in such bill shall have sufficient standing to maintain
- the same if he shall aver and prove that he is interested in 9
- the lands situated within the distance of one mile from such 10
- 11 well, either as an owner of such land, or of the oil or gas,
- 12 or both, thereunder, in fee simple, or as an owner of leases
- 13 thereof or of rights therein for the production of oil and gas
- 14 or either of them or as the director

§22B-1-34. Offenses; penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership
- 2 association or corporation who willfully violates any provision of this article or any rule or order promulgated hereunder shall 3
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 - be subject to a civil penalty not exceeding two thousand five
- hundred dollars. Each day a violation continues after notice 5
- by the division of oil and gas constitutes a separate offense.
- 7 The penalty shall be recovered by a civil action brought by
- 8 the division of oil and gas, in the name of the state, before
- 9 the circuit court of the county in which the subject well or
- facility is located. All such civil penalties collected shall be 10
- 11 credited to the general fund of the state.
- 12 (b) Any person or persons, firm, partnership, partnership 13
- association or corporation willfully violating any of the provisions of this article which prescribe the manner of drilling 14
- and casing or plugging and filling any well, or which prescribe 15
- 16 the methods of conserving gas from waste shall be guilty of
- 17 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 18 punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or
- imprisonment in jail for not exceeding twelve months, or both, 19
- 20 in the discretion of the court, and prosecutions under this
- 21 section may be brought in the name of the state of West
- 22 Virginia in the court exercising criminal jurisdiction in the
- 23 county in which the violation of such provisions of the article
- 24 or terms of such order was committed, and at the instance and
- 25 upon the relation of any citizens of this state.

822B-1-35. Civil action for contamination or deprivation of fresh water source or supply; presumption.

- In any action for contamination or deprivation of a fresh 1
- water source or supply within one thousand feet of the site 2
- of drilling for an oil or gas well, there shall be a rebuttable 3

- 4 presumption that such drilling, and such oil or gas well, or
- 5 either, was the proximate cause of the contamination or
- 6 deprivation of such fresh water source or supply.

§22B-1-36. Declaration of oil and gas notice by owners and lessees of coal seams.

- For purposes of notification under this article, any owner or lessee of coal seams shall file a declaration of his interest
- 3 in such coal seams with the clerk of the county commission
- 4 in the county where such coal seams are located. Said clerk
- 5 shall file and index such declaration in accordance with section
- 6 two, article one, chapter thirty-nine of this code, and shall
- 7 index the name of the owner or lessee of such coal seams in
- the grantor index of the record maintained for the indexing
- 9 of leases.
- The declaration shall entitle such owner or lessee to the notices provided in sections twelve, thirteen, fourteen and
- 12 twenty-three of this article: Provided, That the declaring owner
- 13 shall be the record owner of the coal seam, and the declaring
- 14 lessee shall be the record lessee with his source or sources of
- 15 title recorded prior to recording such lessee's declaration.
- The declaration shall be acknowledged by such owner or lessee, and in the case of a lessee, may be a part of the coal lease under which the lessee claims. Such declaration may be
- 19 in the following language:

20 "DECLARATION OF OIL AND GAS NOTICE"

- 21 "The undersigned hereby declares:
- 22 (1) The undersigned is the ('owner' or 'lessee') of one or 23 more coal seams or workable coal beds as those terms are 24 defined in section one, article two, chapter twenty-two-a of the 25 code of West Virginia.
- 26 (2) The coal seam(s) or workable coal bed(s) owned or 27 leased partly or wholly by the undersigned lie(s) under the 28 surface of lands described as follows:
- Here insert a description legally adequate for a deed, whether by metes and bounds or other locational description, or by title references such as a book and page legally sufficient to stand in lieu of a locational description.)

- 33 (3) The undersigned desires to be given all notices of oil and 34 gas operations provided by sections twelve, thirteen, fourteen 35 and twenty-three, article one, chapter twenty-two-b of the code 36 of West Virginia, addressed as follows:
- 37 (Here insert the name and mailing address of the under-38 signed owner or lessee.)

39 ______(Signature)

41 (Here insert an acknowledgement legally adequate for a 42 deed)."

The benefits of the foregoing declaration shall be personal to the declaring owner or lessee, and not transferable or assignable in any way.

§22B-1-37. Rules, regulations, orders and permits remain in effect.

The rules and regulations promulgated and all orders and permits in effect upon the effective date of this chapter pursuant to the provisions of former article four, chapter twenty-two, of this code, shall remain in full force and effect as if such rules, regulations, orders and permits were adopted by the director established in this chapter but all such rules, regulations, orders and permits shall be subject to review by the director to ensure they are consistent with the purposes and policies set forth in this chapter.

§22B-1-38. Application of article; exclusions.

This article shall not apply to or affect any well work 1 permitted prior to the effective date of this chapter under 2 former article four, chapter twenty-two of this code, unless 3 such well is, after completion (whether such completion is 4 prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this chapter) 5 deepened subsequent to the effective date of this chapter 6 through another coal seam to another formation above the top of the uppermost member of the "Onondaga Group" or to a 8 depth of less than six thousand feet, whichever is shallower.

§22B-1-39. Injunctive relief.

1 (a) In addition to other remedies, and aside from various 2 penalties provided by law, whenever it appears to the director 3 that any person is violating or threatening to violate any

4 provision of this article, any order or final decision of the 5 director, or any lawful rule or regulation promulgated hereunder, the director may apply in the name of the state to 6 7 the circuit court of the county in which the violations or any 8 part thereof has occurred, is occurring or is about to occur, 9 or the judge thereof in vacation, for an injunction against such persons and any other persons who have been, are or are about 10 to be, involved in any practices, acts or admissions so in 11 12 violation, enjoining such person or persons from any violation 13 or violations. Such application may be made and prosecuted to conclusion, whether or not any violation or violations have 14 resulted or shall result, in prosecution or conviction under the 15 16 provisions of this article.

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- (b) Upon application by the director, the circuit courts of this state may, by mandatory or prohibitory injunction compel compliance with the provisions of this article, and all orders and final decisions of the director. The court may issue a temporary injunction in any case pending a decision on the merits of any application filed. Any other section of this code to the contrary notwithstanding, the state shall not be required to furnish bond or other undertaking as a prerequisite to obtaining mandatory, prohibitory or temporary injunctive relief under the provisions of this article.
- (c) The judgment of the circuit court upon application permitted by the provisions of this section, shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner and within the time provided by law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil actions.
- 33 (d) The director shall be represented in all such proceedings 34 by the attorney general or his assistants or in such proceedings 35 in the circuit courts by the prosecuting attorney of the several 36 counties as well, all without additional compensation. The 37 director with the written approval of the attorney general, may 38 employ special counsel to represent the director in any such 39 proceedings.
- 40 (e) If the director shall refuse or fail to apply for an 41 injunction to enjoin a violation or threatened violation of any 42 provision of this article, any order or final decision of the 43 director, or any rules or regulations promulgated hereunder,

44 within ten days after receipt of a written request to do so by any well operator, coal operator, operating coal seams beneath 45 the tract of land, or the coal seam owner or lessee, if any, 46 if said owner or lessee is not yet operating said coal seams 47 beneath said tract of land, adversely affected by such violation 48 or threatened violation, the person making such request may 49 apply in his own behalf for an injunction to enjoin such 50 51 violation or threatened violation in any court in which the 52 director might have brought suit. The director shall be made 53 party defendant in such application in addition to the person or persons violating or threatening to violate any provisions 54 of this article, any final order or decision of the director, or 55 56 any rule or regulation promulgated hereunder. The application shall proceed and injunctive relief may be granted in the same 57 58 manner as if the application had been made by the director: Except that the court may require a bond or other undertaking 59 60 from the plaintiff.

§22B-1-40. Appeal from order of issuance or refusal of permit to drill or fracture; procedure.

1 Any party to the proceeding under section fifteen of this 2 article or section seven, article seven, chapter twenty-two of 3 this code, adversely affected by the issuance of a drilling permit 4 or to the issuance of a fracturing permit or the refusal of the 5 director to grant a drilling permit or fracturing permit is 6 entitled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent 7 provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall apply to and govern such judicial review with 9 like effect as if the provisions of said section four were set forth 10 in extenso in this section.

The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§22B-1-41. Appeal from order of issuance or refusal of permit for drilling location for introduction of liquids or waste or from conditions of converting procedure.

Any party to the proceedings under section sixteen of this article adversely affected by the order of issuance of a drilling permit or to the issuance of a fracturing permit or the refusal of the director to grant a drilling permit or fracturing permit

- 5 is entitled to judicial review thereof. All of the pertinent
- 6 provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a
- 7 of this code shall apply to and govern such judicial review with
- 8 like effect as if the provisions of section four were set forth
- 9 in extenso in this section.
- 10 The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless
- 11 reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court
- 12 of appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one,
- 13 article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

ARTICLE 2. OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION DAMAGE COM-PENSATION.

- §22B-2-1. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §22B-2-2. Definitions.
- §22B-2-3. Compensation of surface owners for drilling operations.
- §22B-2-4. Common law right of action preserved; offsets.
- §22B-2-5. Notification of claim.
- §22B-2-6. Agreement; offer of settlement.
- §22B-2-7. Rejection; legal action; arbitration; fees and costs.
- §22B-2-8. Application of article.
- §22B-2-9. Severability.

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§22B-2-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

- (a) The Legislature finds the following:
- 2 (1) Exploration for and development of oil and gas reserves
- 3 in this state must coexist with the use, agricultural or
- 4 otherwise, of the surface of certain land and that each
- 5 constitutes a right equal to the other.
- 6 (2) Modern methods of extraction of oil and gas require the 7 use of substantially more surface area than the methods
- 8 commonly in use at the time most mineral estates in this state
- 9 were severed from the fee tract; and, specifically, the drilling
- of wells by the rotary drilling method was virtually unknown
- 11 in this state prior to the year one thousand nine hundred sixty,
- 12 so that no person theretofore severing his oil and gas from
- 13 his surface land and no person theretofore leasing his oil and
- 14 gas with the right to explore for and develop the same could
- 15 reasonably have known nor could it have been reasonably
- 16 contemplated that rotary drilling operations imposed a greater
- 17 burden on the surface than the cable tool drilling method
- 18 heretofore employed in this state; and since the year one
- 19 thousand nine hundred sixty, the use of rotary drilling

methods has spread slowly but steadily in this state, with concomitant public awareness of its impact on surface land; and that the public interest requires that the surface owner be entitled to fair compensation for the loss of the use of his surface area during the rotary drilling operation, but recognizing the right of the oil and gas operator to conduct rotary drilling operations as allowed by law.

- (3) Prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty, the rotary method of drilling oil or gas wells was virtually unknown to the surface owners of this state nor was such method reasonably contemplated during the negotiations which occasioned the severance of either oil or gas from the surface.
- (4) The Legislature further finds and creates a rebuttable presumption that even after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, and prior to the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, it was unlikely that any surface owner knew or should have known of the rotary method of drilling oil or gas wells, but, that such knowledge was possible and that the rotary method of drilling oil or gas wells could have, in some instances, been reasonably contemplated by the parties during the negotiations of the severance of the oil and gas from the surface. This presumption against knowledge of the rotary drilling method may be rebutted by a clear preponderance of the evidence showing that the surface owner or his predecessor of record did in fact know of the rotary drilling method at the time he or his predecessor executed a severance deed or lease of oil and gas and that he fairly contemplated the rotary drilling method, and received compensation for the same.
- (b) Any surface owner entitled to claim any finding or any presumption which is not rebutted as provided in this section shall be entitled to the compensation and damages of this article.
- (c) The Legislature declares that the public policy of this state shall be that the compensation and damages provided in this article for surface owners may not be diminished by any provision in a deed, lease or other contract entered into after the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.
 - (d) It is the purpose of this article to provide constitution-

- 60 ally permissible protection and compensation to surface
- 61 owners of lands on which oil and gas wells are drilled from
- the burden resulting from drilling operations commenced after 62
- 63 the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.
- 64 This article is to be interpreted in the light of the legislative
- 65 intent expressed herein. This article shall be interpreted to
- 66 benefit surface owners, regardless of whether the oil and gas
- mineral estate was separated from the surface estate and 67
- 68 regardless of who executed the document which gave the oil
- and gas developer the right to conduct drilling operations on 69
- 70 the land. Section four of this article shall be interpreted to
- 71 benefit all persons.

§22B-2-2. Definitions.

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- 1 (a) In this article, unless the context or subject matter 2 otherwise requires:
- 3 (1) "Agricultural production" means the production of any growing grass or crop attached to the surface of the land, 4 whether or not the grass or crop is to be sold commercially, 5 and the production of any farm animals, whether or not the 7 animals are to be sold commercially;
- (2) "Drilling operations" means the actual drilling or 8 redrilling of an oil or gas well commenced subsequent to the 9 ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, 10 and the related preparation of the drilling site and access road, which requires entry, upon the surface estate;
 - (3) "Oil and gas developer" means the person who secures the drilling permit required by article one of this chapter;
- (4) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, firm, 15 partnership, partnership association, venture, receiver, trustee, 16 executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary or other represen-17 tative of any kind, and includes any government or any 18 19 political subdivision or agency thereof;
- (5) "Surface estate" means an estate in or ownership of the 20 21 surface of a particular tract of land overlying the oil or gas 22 leasehold being developed; and
- 23 (6) "Surface owner" means a person who owns an estate in fee in the surface of land, either solely or as a co-owner. 24

§22B-2-3. Compensation of surface owners for drilling operations.

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- (a) The oil and gas developer shall be obligated to pay the surface owner compensation for:
- 3 (1) Lost income or expenses incurred as a result of being unable to dedicate land actually occupied by the driller's 4 operation or to which access is prevented by such drilling 5 operation to the uses to which it was dedicated prior to commencement of the activity for which a permit was obtained 8 measured from the date the operator enters upon the land until the date reclamation is completed, (2) the market value of 9 crops destroyed, damaged or prevented from reaching market, 10 (3) any damage to a water supply in use prior to the 11 commencement of the permitted activity, (4) the cost of repair 12 of personal property up to the value of replacement by 13 personal property of like age, wear and quality, and (5) the 14 diminution in value, if any, of the surface lands and other 15 property after completion of the surface disturbance done 16 pursuant to the activity for which the permit was issued 17 determined according to the actual use made thereof by the 18 19 surface owner immediately prior to the commencement of the 20 permitted activity.

The amount of damages may be determined by any formula mutually agreeable between the surface owner and the oil and gas developer.

- (b) Any reservation or assignment of the compensation provided in this section apart from the surface estate except to a tenant of the surface estate is prohibited.
- (c) In the case of surface lands owned by more than one person as tenants in common, joint tenants or other co-ownership, any claim for compensation under this article shall be for the benefit of all such co-owners. The resolution of a claim for compensation provided in this article shall operate as a bar to the assertion of additional claims under this section arising out of the same drilling operations.

§22B-2-4. Common law right of action preserved; offsets.

(a) Nothing in section three or elsewhere in this article shall be construed to diminish in any way the common law remedies, including damages, of a surface owner or any other person against the oil and gas developer for the unreasonable, negligent, or otherwise wrongful exercise of the contractual

- 6 right, whether express or implied, to use the surface of the land 7 for the benefit of his mineral interest.
- 8 (b) An oil and gas developer shall be entitled to offset 9 compensation agreed to be paid or awarded to a surface owner 10 under section three of this article against any damages sought 11 by or awarded to the surface owner through the assertion of 12 common law remedies respecting the surface land actually 13 occupied by the same drilling operation.
- 14 (c) An oil and gas developer shall be entitled to offset 15 damages agreed to be paid or awarded to a surface owner 16 through the assertion of common-law remedies against 17 compensation sought by or awarded to the surface owner 18 under section three of this article respecting the surface land 19 actually occupied by the same drilling operation.

§22B-2-5. Notification of claim.

I Any surface owner, to receive compensation under section 2 three of this article, shall notify the oil and gas developer of the damages sustained by the person within two years after 3 4 the date that the oil and gas developer files notice that he is commencing reclamation under section thirty, article one of 5 this chapter. Such notice shall be given to surface owners by 6 7 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall be complete upon mailing. If more than three tenants in 8 9 common or other co-owners hold interests in such lands, the developer may give such notice to the person described in the 10 records of the sheriff required to be maintained pursuant to 11 section eight, article one, chapter eleven-a of this code or 12 publish in the county in which the well is located or to be 13 located a Class II legal advertisement as described in section 14 two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, containing 15 such notice and information as the director shall prescribe by 16 17 rule.

§22B-2-6. Agreement; offer of settlement.

- Unless the parties provide otherwise by written agreement, within sixty days after the oil and gas developer received the notification of claim specified in section five of this article, the oil and gas developer shall either make an offer of settlement
- 5 to the surface owner seeking compensation, or reject the claim.
- 6 The surface owner may accept or reject any offer so made.

§22B-2-7. Rejection; legal action; arbitration; fees and costs.

(a) Unless the oil and gas developer has paid the surface owner a negotiated settlement of compensation within sixty days after the date the notification of claim was mailed under section five of this article, the surface owner may, within eighty days after the notification mail date, either (i) bring an action for compensation in the circuit court of the county in which the well is located, or (ii) elect instead, by written notice delivered by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the designated agent named by the oil and gas developer under the provisions of section six, article one of this chapter, to have his compensation finally determined by binding arbitration pursuant to article ten, chapter fifty-five of this code.

Settlement negotiations, offers and counter-offers between the surface owner and the oil and gas developer shall not be admissible as evidence in any arbitration or judicial proceeding authorized under this article, or in any proceeding resulting from the assertion of common-law remedies.

- (b) The compensation to be awarded to the surface owner shall be determined by a panel of three disinterested arbitrators. The first arbitrator shall be chosen by the surface owner in his notice of election under this section to the oil and gas developer; the second arbitrator shall be chosen by the oil and gas developer within ten days after receipt of the notice of election; and the third arbitrator shall be chosen jointly by the first two arbitrators within twenty days thereafter. If they are unable to agree upon the third arbitrator within twenty days, then the two arbitrators are hereby empowered to and shall forthwith submit the matter to the court under the provisions of section one, article ten, chapter fifty-five of this code, so that, among other things, the third arbitrator can be chosen by the judge of the circuit court of the county wherein the surface estate lies.
- (c) The following persons shall be deemed interested and not be appointed as arbitrators: Any person who is personally interested in the land on which rotary drilling is being performed or has been performed, or in any interest or right therein, or in the compensation and any damages to be awarded therefor, or who is related by blood or marriage to

- 40 any person having such personal interest, or who stands in the
- 41 relation of guardian and ward, master and servant, principal
- 42 and agent, or partner, real estate broker, or surety to any
- 43 person having such personal interest, or who has enmity
- 44 against or bias in favor of any person who has such personal
- 45 interest or who is the owner of, or interested in, such land
- 46 or the oil and gas development thereof. No person shall be
- 47 deemed interested or incompetent to act as arbitrator by
- 48 reason of his being an inhabitant of the county, district or
- 49 municipal corporation wherein the land is located, or holding
- 50 an interest in any other land therein.
- 51 (d) The panel of arbitrators shall hold hearings and take
- 52 such testimony and receive such exhibits as shall be necessary
- 53 to determine the amount of compensation to be paid to the
- 54 surface owner. However, no award of compensation shall be
- 55 made to the surface owner unless the panel of arbitrators has
- 56 first viewed the surface estate in question. A transcript of the
- 57 evidence may be made but shall not be required.
- 58 (e) Each party shall pay the compensation of his own
- 59 arbitrator and one half of the compensation of the third
- 60 arbitrator, or his own court costs as the case may be.

§22B-2-8. Application of article.

- l The remedies provided by this article shall not preclude any
- 2 person from seeking other remedies allowed by law.

§22B-2-9. Severability.

- If any section, subsection, subdivision, subparagraph,
- 2 sentence or clause of this article is adjudged to be unconsti-
- 3 tutional or invalid, such invalidation shall not affect the
- 4 validity of the remaining portions of this article, and, to this
- 5 end, the provisions of this article are hereby declared to be
- 6 severable.

ARTICLE 3. TRANSPORTATION OF OILS.

- §22B-3-1. Scope of article.
- §22B-3-2. Duty of pipeline companies to accept and transport oil.
- §22B-3-3. Oil of 35° Baume at 60° Fahrenheit; inspection, grading and measurement; receipt; deduction for waste.
- §22B-3-4. Oil over 35° Baume at 60° Fahrenheit; inspection and measurement; loss.
- §22B-3-5. Lien for charges.
- §22B-3-6. Accepted orders and certificates for oil—Negotiability.
- §22B-3-7. Same Further provisions.

- §22B-3-8. Dealing in oil without consent of owner.
- §22B-3-9. Monthly statements.
- §22B-3-10. Statements of amount of oil.
- §22B-3-11. Penalty-Wrongful issuance, sale or alteration of receipts, orders, etc.
- §22B-3-12. Same—Dealing in oil without consent of owner in interest.
- §22B-3-13. Same-Failure to make report and statement.

§22B-3-1. Scope of article.

- 1 Every person, corporation or company now engaged, or
- 2 which shall hereafter engage, in the business of transporting
- 3 or storing petroleum, by means of pipeline or lines or storage
- by tanks, shall be subject to the provisions of this article and 4
- 5 shall conduct such business in conformity herewith: Provided,
- That the provisions of this article shall be subject to all federal
- 7 laws regulating interstate commerce on the same subject.

§22B-3-2. Duty of pipeline companies to accept and transport oil.

- 1 Any company heretofore or hereafter organized for the 2
 - purpose of transporting petroleum or other oils or liquids by
- means of pipeline or lines shall be required to accept all 3
- 4 petroleum offered to it in merchantable order in quantities of
- 5 not less than two thousand gallons at the wells where the same
- is produced, making at its own expense all necessary 7
- connections with the tanks or receptacles containing such
- petroleum, and to transport and deliver the same at any 9 delivery station, within or without the state, on the route of
- its line of pipes, which may be designated by the owners of 10
- 11 the petroleum so offered.

§22B-3-3. Oil of 35° Baume at 60° Fahrenheit; inspection, grading and measurement; receipt; deduction for waste.

- 1 All petroleum of a gravity of thirty-five degrees Baume or 2 under, at a temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit, offered
- 3 for transportation by means of pipeline or lines, shall, before
- 4 the same is transported, as provided by section two of this
- 5 article, be inspected, graded and measured at the expense of
- 6 the pipeline company, and the company accepting the same
- 7 for transportation shall give to the owner thereof a receipt
- 8 stating therein the number of barrels or gallons so received,
- 9 and the grade, gravity and measurement thereof, and within
- 10 a reasonable time thereafter, upon demand of the owner or
- 11 his assigns, shall deliver to him at the point of delivery a like
- quantity and grade or gravity of petroleum in merchantable 12

- 13 condition as specified in such receipt; except that the company
- 14 may deduct for waste one percent of the amount of petroleum
- 15 specified in such receipt.

§22B-3-4. Oil over 35°Baume at 60° Fahrenheit; inspection and measurement; loss.

1 All petroleum of a gravity exceeding thirty-five degrees 2 Baume, at a temperature of sixty degrees Fahrenheit, offered 3 for transportation by means of pipeline or lines, shall be 4 inspected and measured at the expense of the company 5 transporting the same, before the same is transported. The 6 company accepting the same for transportation shall give to 7 the owner thereof, or to the person in charge of the well or 8 wells from which such petroleum has been produced and run, a ticket signed by its gauger, stating the number of feet and 9 inches of petroleum which were in the tank or receptacle 10 11 containing the same before the company began to run the 12 contents from such tank, and the number of feet and inches 13 of petroleum which remained in the tank after such run was 14 completed. All deductions made for water, sediment or the like 15 shall be made at the time such petroleum is measured. Within 16 a reasonable time thereafter the company shall, upon demand, 17 deliver from the petroleum in its custody to the owner thereof, or to his assignee, at such delivery station on the route of its 81 19 line of pipes as he may elect, a quantity of merchantable petroleum, equal to the quantity of petroleum run from such 20 tank, or receptacle, which shall be ascertained by computation; 21 except that the company transporting such petroluem may 22 23 deduct for evaporation and waste two percent of the amount 24 of petroleum so run, as shown by such run ticket, and except that in case of loss of any petroleum while in the custody of 25 company caused by fire, lightning, storm or other like 26 unavoidable cause, such loss shall be borne pro rata by all the 27 28 owners of such petroleum at the time thereof. But the company shall be liable for all petroleum that is lost while in its custody 29 30 by the bursting of pipes or tanks, or by leakage from pipes 31 or tanks; and it shall also be liable for all petroleum lost from 32 tanks at the wells produced before the same has been received 33 for transportation, if such loss be due to faulty connections 34 made to such tanks; and the company shall be liable for all petroleum lost by the overflow of any tanks with which 35 36 pipeline connections have been made, if such overflow be due

- 37 to the negligence of such company, and for all the petroleum
- lost by the overflow of any tanks with which pipeline 38
- connections should have been made under the provisions of 39
- 40 this article, but were not so made by reason of negligence or
- delay on the part of the company. 41

§22B-3-5. Lien for charges.

- Any company engaged in transporting or storing petroleum 1
- shall have a lien upon such petroleum until all charges for
- transporting and storing the same are paid.

§22B-3-6. Accepted orders and certificates for oil-Negotiability.

- 1 Accepted orders and certificates for petroleum, issued by
- 2 any company engaged in the business of transporting and
- 3 storing petroleum in this state by means of pipeline or lines
- and tanks, shall be negotiable, and may be transferred by 4
- 5 indorsement either in blank or to the order of another, and
- 6 any person to whom such accepted orders and certificates shall
- 7 be so transferred shall be deemed and taken to be the owner
- of the petroleum therein specified.

§22B-3-7. Same—Further provisions.

- 1 No receipt, certificate, accepted order or other voucher shall
- 2 be issued or put in circulation, nor shall any order be accepted
- 3 or liability incurred for the delivery of any petroleum, crude
- or refined, unless the amount of such petroleum represented 4
- 5 in or by such receipt, certificate, accepted order, or other
- voucher or liability, shall have been actually received by and 6
- 7 shall then be in the tanks and lines, custody and control of
- 8 the company issuing or putting in circulation such receipt,
- 9 certificate, accepted order or voucher, or written evidence of
- liability. No duplicate receipt, certificate, accepted order or 10
- other voucher shall be issued or put in circulation, or any 11
- liability incurred for any petroleum, crude or refined, while 12
- any former liability remains in force, or any former receipt, 13
- 14 certificate, accepted order or other voucher shall be outstand-
- ing and uncanceled, except such original papers shall have 15
- been lost, in which case a duplicate, plainly marked "duplicate" 16 17 upon the face, and dated and numbered as the lost original
- was dated and numbered, may be issued. No receipt, voucher,
- 18
- accepted order, certificate or written evidence of liability of 19
- such company on which petroleum, crude or refined, has been 20

21 delivered, shall be reissued, used or put in circulation. No 22 petroleum, crude or refined, for which a receipt, voucher, 23 accepted order, certificate or liability incurred, shall have been 24 issued or put in circulation, shall be delivered, except upon 25 the surrender of the receipt, voucher, order or liability 26 representing such petroleum, except upon affidavit of loss of 27 such instrument made by the former holder thereof. No 28 duplicate receipt, certificate, voucher, accepted order or other 29 evidence of liability, shall be made, issued or put in circulation 30 until after notice of the loss of the original, and of the 31 intention to apply for a duplicate thereof, shall have been given 32 by advertisement over the signature of the owner thereof as 33 a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the 34 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and 35 the publication area for such publication shall be the county 36 where such duplicate is to be issued. Every receipt, voucher, 37 accepted order, certificate or evidence of liability, when surrendered or the petroleum represented thereby delivered, 38 shall be immediately canceled by stamping and punching the 39 same across the face in large and legible letters with the word 40 "canceled," and giving the date of such cancellation; and it 41 shall then be filed and preserved in the principal office of such 42 company for a period of six years. 43

§22B-3-8. Dealing in oil without consent of owner.

1 No company, its officers or agents, or any person or persons engaged in the transportation or storage of petroleum, crude 2 or refined, shall sell or encumber, ship, transfer, or in any 3 manner remove or procure, or permit to be sold, encumbered, 4 shipped, transferred, or in any manner removed from the tanks 5 or pipes of such company engaged in the business aforesaid, 6 any petroleum, crude or refined, without the written order of 7 the owner or a majority of the owners in interest thereof. 8

§22B-3-9. Monthly statements.

Every company now or hereafter engaged in the business of transporting by pipelines or storing crude or refined petroleum in this state shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, make or cause to be made and posted in its principal business office in this state, in an accessible and convenient place for the examination thereof by any person desiring such examination, and shall keep so posted continuously until the next

8 succeeding statement is so posted, a statement plainly written 9 or printed, signed by the officer, agent, person or persons 10 having charge of the pipes and tanks of such company, and also by the officer or officers, person or persons, having charge 11 12 of the books and accounts thereof, which statement shall show 13 in legible and intelligent form the following details of the business: (a) How much petroleum, crude or refined, was in 14 the actual and immediate custody of such company at the 15 16 beginning and close of the previous month, and where the 17 same was located or held; describing in detail the location and 18 designation of each tank or place of deposit, and the name 19 of its owner: (b) how much petroleum, crude or refined, was 20 received by such company during the previous month; (c) how much petroleum, crude or refined, was delivered by such 21 company during the previous month; (d) for how much 22 23 petroleum, crude or refined, such company was liable for the 24 delivery or custody of to other corporations, companies or 25 persons at the close of the month; (e) how much of such 26 liability was represented by outstanding receipts or certificates, 27 accepted orders or other vouchers, and how much was represented by credit balances; and (f) that all the provisions 28 29 of this article have been faithfully observed and obeyed during 30 the previous month. The statement so required to be made 31 shall also be sworn to by such officer, agent, person or persons 32 before some officer authorized by law to administer oaths, 33 which shall be in writing, and shall assert the familiarity and 34 acquaintance of the deponent with the business and condition 35 of such company, and with the facts sworn to, and that the 36 statements made in such report are true.

§22B-3-10. Statements of amount of oil.

1 All amounts in the statements required by this article, when 2 the petroleum is handled in bulk, shall be given in barrels and 3 hundredths of barrels, reckoning forty-two gallons to each 4 barrel, and when such petroleum is handled in barrels or 5 packages, the number of such barrels or packages shall be 6 given, and such statements shall distinguish between crude and 7 refined petroleum, and give the amount of each. Every 8 company engaged in the business aforesaid shall at all times have in their pipes and tanks an amount of merchantable oil 9 equal to the aggregate of outstanding receipts, certificates, 10 accepted orders, vouchers, acknowledgements, evidences of 11

12 liability, and credit balances, on the books thereof.

§22B-3-11. Penalty—Wrongful issuance, sale or alteration of receipts, orders, etc.

1 Any company, its officers or agents, who shall make or cause to be made, sign or cause to be signed, issue or cause 3 to be issued, put in circulation or cause to be put in circulation, any receipt, accepted order, certificate, voucher or evidence of liability, or shall sell, transfer or alter the same, or cause such sale, transfer or alteration, contrary to the 7 provisions of this article, or shall do or cause to be done any of the acts prohibited by section seven of this article, or omit 9 to do any of the acts by said section directed, shall be guilty 10 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 11 not exceeding one thousand dollars, and, if the offender be 12 a natural person, imprisoned not less than ten days nor exceeding one year. 13

§22B-3-12. Same—Dealing in oil without consent of owner in interest.

Any company, its officers or agents, who shall sell, encumber, transfer or remove, or cause or procure to be sold, transferred or removed from the tanks or pipes of such company, any petroleum, crude or refined, without the written consent of the owner or a majority of the owners in interest thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined one thousand dollars and, if the offender be a natural person, imprisoned in the county jail not less than ninety days nor more than one year.

§22B-3-13. Same—Failure to make report and statement.

Any company engaged in the business of transporting by 1 pipelines or storing petroleum, crude or refined, and each and 2 every officer or agent of such company, who shall neglect or 4 refuse to make the report and statement required by section 5 nine of this article, within the time and the manner directed by said section, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one thousand 7 dollars, and in addition thereto the sum of five hundred dollars for each day after the tenth day of the month that the report and statement required by said section nine shall remain 9 10 unposted as therein directed.

ARTICLE 4. UNDERGROUND GAS STORAGE RESERVOIRS.

- §22B-4-1. Definitions.
- §22B-4-2. Filing of maps and data by persons operating or proposing to operate gas storage reservoirs.
- §22B-4-3. Filing of maps and data by persons operating coal mines.
- §22B-4-4. Notice by persons operating coal mines.
- §22B-4-5. Obligations to be performed by persons operating storage reservoirs.
- §22B-4-6. Inspection of facilities and records; reliance on maps; burden of proof.
- §22B-4-7. Exemptions.
- §22B-4-8. Alternative method.
- §22B-4-9. Powers and duties of director.
- §22B-4-10. Conferences, hearings and appeals.
- §22B-4-11. Enforcement.
- §22B-4-12. Penalties.

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§22B-4-13. Orders remain in effect.

§22B-4-1. Definitions.

- In this article unless the context otherwise requires:
- 2 (1) The term "coal mine" means those operations in a coal seam which include the excavated and abandoned portions as well as the places actually being worked; also all underground workings and shafts, slopes, tunnels, and other ways and openings and all such shafts, slopes, tunnels, and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven, together with all roads and facilities connected with them below the surface.
- 9 (2) The term "operating coal mine" means (a) a coal mine 10 which is producing coal or has been in production of coal at any time during the twelve months immediately preceeding the 11 12 date its status is put in question under this article and any worked out or abandoned coal mine connected underground 13 with or contiguous to such operating coal mine as herein 14 15 defined and (b) any coal mine to be established or reestab-16 lished as an operating coal mine in the future pursuant to 17 section four of this article.
 - (3) The term "outside coal boundaries" when used in conjunction with the term "operating coal mine" means the boundaries of the coal acreage assigned to such coal mine and which can be practicably and reasonably expected to be mined through such coal mine.
- 23 (4) The term "well" means a borehole drilled or proposed 24 to be drilled within the storage reservoir boundary or reservoir 25 protective area for the purpose of or to be used for producing, 26 extracting or injecting any gas, petroleum or other liquid but 27 excluding boreholes drilled to produce potable water to be

- 28 used as such.
- 29 (5) The term "gas" means any gaseous substance.
- 30 (6) The term "storage reservoir" means that portion of any
- 31 subterranean sand or rock stratum or strata into which gas
- 32 is or may be injected for the purpose of storage or for the
- 33 purpose of testing whether said stratum is suitable for storage.
- 34 (7) The term "bridge" means an obstruction placed in a well at any specified depth.
- 36 (8) The term "linear foot" means a unit of measurement in a straight line on a horizontal plane.
- 38 (9) The term "person" means any individual, association, partnership or corporation.
- 40 (10) The term "reservoir protective area" means all of that 41 area outside of and surrounding the storage reservoir 42 boundary but within two thousand linear feet thereof.
- 43 (11) The term "retreat mining" means the removal of such 44 coal, pillars, ribs and stumps as remain after the development 45 mining has been completed in that section of a coal mine.
- 46 (12) The term "pillar" means a solid block of coal 47 surrounded by either active mine workings or a mined out 48 area.
- 49 (13) The term "inactivate" means to shut off all flow of gas 50 from a well by means of a temporary plug, or other suitable 51 device or by injecting aquagel or other such equally nonporous 52 material into the well.
- 53 (14) The term "storage operator" means any person as 54 herein defined who proposes to or does operate a storage 55 reservoir, either as owner or lessee.
- 56 (15) The term "workable coal seam" shall have the same 57 meaning as the term "workable coal bed" as set out in section 58 one, article one of this chapter.
- 59 (16) The terms "owner," "coal operator," "well operator," 60 "division," "division of mines and minerals," "plat," "casing," 61 "oil" and "cement," shall have the meanings set out in section 62 one, article one of this chapter.

§22B-4-2. Filing of maps and data by persons operating or proposing to operate gas storage reservoirs.

(a) Any person who, on the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five is injecting gas into or storing gas in a storage reservoir which underlies or is within three thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine which is operating in a coal seam that extends over the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area shall, within sixty days thereafter, file with the division a copy of a map and certain data in the form and manner provided in this subsection.

Any person who, on the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, is injecting gas into or storing gas in a storage reservoir which is not at such date under or within three thousand linear feet, but is less than ten thousand linear feet from an operating coal mine which is operating in a coal seam that extends over the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area, shall file such map and data within such time in excess of sixty days as the director may fix.

Any person who, after the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, proposes to inject or store gas in a storage reservoir located as above shall file the required map and data with the director not less than six months prior to the starting of actual injection or storage.

The map provided for herein shall be prepared by a competent engineer or geologist. It shall show the stratum or strata in which the existing or proposed storage reservoir is or is to be located, the geographic location of the outside boundaries of the said storage reservoir and the reservoir protective area, the location of all known oil or gas wells which have been drilled into or through the storage stratum within the reservoir or within three thousand linear feet thereof, indicating which of these wells have been, or are to be cleaned out and plugged or reconditioned for storage and also indicating the proposed location of all additional wells which are to be drilled within the storage reservoir or within three thousand linear feet thereof.

The following information, if available, shall be furnished for all known oil or gas wells which have been drilled into or through the storage stratum within the storage reservoir or within three thousand linear feet thereof; name of the operator, date drilled, total depth, depth of production if the well was

productive of oil or gas, the initial rock pressure and volume, the depths at which all coal seams were encountered and a copy of the driller's log or other similar information. At the time of the filing of the aforesaid maps and data such person shall file a detailed statement of what efforts he has made to determine, (1) that the wells shown on said map are accurately located thereon, and (2) that to the best of his knowledge they are all the oil or gas wells which have ever been drilled into or below the storage stratum within the proposed storage reservoir or within the reservoir protective area. This statement shall also include information as to whether or not the initial injection is for testing purposes, the maximum pressures at which injection and storage of gas is comtemplated, and a detailed explanation of the methods to be used or which theretofore have been used in drilling, cleaning out, reconditioning or plugging wells in the storage reservoir or within the reservoir protective area. The map and data required to be filed hereunder shall be amended or supplemented semiannually in case any material changes have occurred: Provided, That the director may require a storage operator to amend or supplement such map or data at more frequent intervals if material changes have occurred justifying such earlier filing.

At the time of the filing of the above maps and data, and the filing of amended or supplemental maps or data, the director shall give written notice of said filing to all persons who may be affected under the provisions of this subsection by the storage reservoir described in such maps or data. Such notices shall contain a description of the boundaries of such storage reservoir. When a person operating a coal mine or owning an interest in coal properties which are or may be affected by the storage reservoir, requests in writing a copy of any map or data filed with the director such copy shall be furnished by the storage operator.

(b) Any person who, on the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, is injecting gas into or storing gas in any other storage reservoir in this state not subject to subsection (a) of this section shall, on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, file with the division a map in the same detail as the map required for a storage reservoir subject to subsection (a) of this section; and, if the initial injection of gas into the storage reservoir by such

person or any predecessor occurred after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy, data in the same detail as the data required for a storage reservoir shall be filed subject to subsection (a) of this section: *Provided*, That in the case of a storage reservoir the operation of which has been certificated by the federal power commission or the federal energy regulatory commission under section seven of the federal Natural Gas Act, the person may, in lieu of the data, submit copies of the application and all amendments and supplements of record in the federal docket, together with the certificate of public convenience and necessity and any amendments thereto.

Any person who, after the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, proposes to inject or store gas in any other storage reservoir in this state not subject to subsection (a) of this section shall file with the division a map and data in the same detail as the map and data required for a storage reservoir subject to subsection (a) of this section not less than six months prior to the starting of actual injection or storage: Provided. That in the case of a storage reservoir the operation of which will be required to be certificated by the federal energy regulatory commission, the person may, in lieu of the data, submit copies of the application and all amendments and supplementals filed in the federal docket, together with the certificate of public convenience and necessity and any amendments thereto, within twenty days after the same have been filed by such person or issued by the federal energy regulatory commission.

At the time of the filing of the above maps and data or documents in lieu of data and filing of amended or supplemental maps or data or documents in lieu of data, or upon receipt of an application filed with the federal energy regulatory commission for a new storage reservoir, the director shall give notice of said filing by a Class II legal advertisement in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fiftynine of this code, the publication area for which shall be the county or counties in which the storage reservoir is located. Such legal advertisement shall contain a description of the boundaries of such storage reservoir. The storage operator shall pay for the legal advertisements upon receipt of the invoice therefor from the division. When any person owning

an interest in land which is or may be affected by the storage reservoir requests in writing a copy of any map or data or documents in lieu of data filed with the division such copy

125 shall be furnished by the storage operator.

- 126 (c) The director shall also intervene in the federal docket. 127 and participate in the proceedings for the purpose of assuring 128 that the certificate of public convenience and necessity issued 129 by the federal energy regulatory commission does not authorize operations or practices in conflict with the provisions 130 131 of this article. The director may cooperate with the public 132 service commission if the commission also intervenes. The 133 attorney general is hereby directed to provide legal represen-134 tation to the director to achieve the purposes of this 135 subsection.
- 136 (d) For all purposes of this article, the outside boundaries 137 of a storage reservoir shall be defined by the location of those 138 wells around the periphery of the storage reservoir which had 139 no gas production when drilled in said storage stratum: 140 Provided, That the boundaries as thus defined shall be 141 originally fixed or subsequently changed where, based upon 142 the number and nature of such wells, upon the geological and 143 production knowledge of the storage stratum, its character, permeability, and distribution, and operating experience, it is 144 determined in a conference or hearing under section ten of this 145 146 article that modification should be made.

§22B-4-3. Filing of maps and data by persons operating coal mines.

(a) Any person owning or operating a coal mine, who has 1 not already done so with respect to the department of mines 2 pursuant to the former provisions of article seven, chapter 3 twenty-two of this code, shall, within thirty days from the 4 effective date of this article, file with the director of the 5 6 division of mines and minerals a map, prepared by a competent engineer, showing the outside coal boundaries of 7 the said operating coal mine, the existing workings and 8 exhausted areas and the relationship of said boundaries to 9 identifiable surface properties and landmarks. Any person who 10 is storing or comtemplating the storage of gas in the vicinity 11 12 of such operating coal mines shall, upon written request, be 13 furnished a copy of the aforesaid map by the coal operator 14 and such person and the director shall thereafter be informed

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of any boundary changes at the time such changes occur. The director shall keep a record of such information and shall promptly notify both the coal operator and the storage operator if it is found that the coal mine and the storage reservoir are within ten thousand linear feet of each other.

20 (b) Any person owning or operating any coal mine which, 21 on the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred fifty-22 five, is or which thereafter comes within ten thousand linear feet of a storage reservoir, and where the coal seam being 23 24 operated extends over the storage reservoir or the reservoir 25 protective area, shall within forty-five days after he has notice 26 from the director of such fact, file with the director, and 27 furnish to the person operating such storage reservoir, a map 28 in the form hereinabove provided and showing in addition, the 29 existing and projected excavations and workings of such 30 operating coal mine for the ensuing eighteen-month period, 31 and also the location of any oil or gas wells of which said 32 coal operator has knowledge. Such person owning or 33 operating said coal mine shall each six months thereafter file 34 with the director and the director of the division of mines and 35 minerals and furnish to the person operating such storage 36 reservoir a revised map showing any additional excavations 37 and workings, together with the projected excavations and workings for the then ensuing eighteen-month period which 38 39 may be within ten thousand linear feet of said storage 40 reservoir: Provided. That the director of mines and minerals 41 may require a coal operator to file such revised map at more 42 frequent intervals if material changes have occured justifying 43 such earlier filing. Such person owning or operating said coal mine shall also file with the director and-furnish the person 44 45 operating said reservoir prompt notice of any wells which have 46 been cut into, together with all available pertinent information.

§22B-4-4. Notice by persons operating coal mines.

1 (a) Any person owning or operating a coal mine on the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, and having knowledge that it overlies or is within two thousand linear feet of a gas storage reservoir, shall within thirty days notify the director and the storage operator of such fact unless such notification has already been provided to the director of mines pursuant to the provisions of former article seven, chapter twenty-two of this code.

- 9 (b) When any person owning or operating a coal mine 10 hereafter expects that within the ensuing nine-month period 11 such coal mine will be extended to a point which will be within 12 two thousand linear feet of any storage reservoir, he shall 13 notify the director and the storage operator in writing of such 14 fact.
- 15 (c) Any person hereafter intending to establish or reestablish 16 an operating coal mine which when established or reestab-17 lished will be over a storage reservoir or within two thousand linear feet of a storage reservoir, or which upon being 18 19 established or reestablished may within nine months thereafter 20 be expected to be within two thousand linear feet of a storage 21 reservoir, shall notify the director and the storage operator in 22 writing before doing so and such notice shall include the date 23 on which it is intended the operating coal mine will be 24 established or reestablished.
- 25 Any person who serves such notice of an intention to 26 establish or reestablish an operating coal mine under this 27 subsection, without intending in good faith to establish or reestablish such mine, shall be liable for continuing damages 28 29 to any storage operator injured by the serving of such improper notice and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor under 30 this article and subject to the same penalties as set forth in 31 32 section twelve of this article.

§22B-4-5. Obligations to be performed by persons operating storage reservoirs.

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- (a) Any person who, on or after the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, is operating a storage reservoir which underlies or is within two thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine which is operating in a coal seam that extends over the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area, shall:
- (1) Use every known method which is reasonable under the circumstances for discovering and locating all wells which have or may have been drilled into or through the storage stratum in that acreage which is within the outside coal boundaries of such operating coal mine and which overlies the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area;
- 13 (2) Plug or recondition, in the manner provided by sections

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twenty-three and twenty-four, article one of this chapter and subsection (e) of this section, all known wells (except to the 16 extent otherwise provided in subsections (e), (f), (g) and (h) of this section) drilled into or through the storage stratum and 18 which are located within that portion of the acreage of the 19 operating coal mine overlying the storage reservoir or the 20 reservoir protective area: Provided, That where objection is 21 raised as to the use of any well as a storage well, and after 22 a conference or hearing in accordance with section ten of this 23 article it is determined, taking into account all the circumstan-24 ces and conditions, that such well should not be used as a 25 storage well, such well shall be plugged: Provided, however, 26 That if, in the opinion of the storage operator, the well to 27 which such objection has been raised may at some future time 28 be used as a storage well, the storage operator may recondition 29 and inactivate such well instead of plugging it, if such 30 alternative is approved by the director after taking into 31 account all of the circumstances and conditions.

The requirements of clause (2) of this subsection shall be deemed to have been fully complied with if, as the operating coal mine is extended, all wells which, from time to time, come within the acreage described in said clause (2) are reconditioned or plugged as provided in subsection (e) or (f) of this section and in section twenty-four, article one of this chapter so that by the time the coal mine has reached a point within two thousand linear feet of any such wells, they will have been reconditioned or plugged so as to meet the requirements of said subsection (e) or (f) and of said section twenty-four of article one.

- (b) Any person operating a storage reservoir referred to in subsection (a) of this section, who has not already done so with respect to the department of mines pursuant to the provisions of former article seven, chapter twenty-two of this code, shall within sixty days after the effective date of this article file with the director and furnish a copy to the person operating the affected operating coal mine, a verified statement setting forth:
- (1) That the map and any supplemental maps required by subsection (a), section two of this article have been prepared and filed in accordance with section two;

- 54 (2) A detailed explanation of what the storage operator has 55 done to comply with the requirements of clauses (1) and (2), 56 subsection (a) of this section and the results thereof;
- 57 (3) Such additional efforts, if any, as the storage operator 58 is making and intends to make to locate all oil and gas wells; 59 and
- 60 (4) Any additional wells that are to be plugged or 61 reconditioned to meet the requirements of clause (2), 62 subsection (a) of this section.

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If such statement is not filed by the storage reservoir operator within the time specified herein, the director shall summarily order such operator to file such statement.

(c) Within one hundred twenty days after the receipt of any such statement, the director may, and he shall, if so requested by either the storage operator or the coal operator affected, direct that a conference be held in accordance with section ten of this article to determine whether the information as filed indicates that the requirements of section two of this article and of subsection (a) of this section have been fully complied with. At such conference, if any person shall be of the opinion that such requirements have not been fully complied with, the parties shall attempt to agree on what additional things are to be done and the time within which they are to be completed, subject to the approval of the director, to meet the said requirements.

If such agreement cannot be reached, the director shall direct that a hearing be held in accordance with section ten of this article. At such hearing the director shall determine whether the requirements of said section two of this article and of subsection (a) of this section have been met and shall issue an order setting forth such determination. If the director shall determine that any of the said requirements have not been met, the order shall specify, in detail, both the extent to which such requirements have not been met, and the things which the storage operator must do to meet such requirements. The order shall grant to the storage operator such time as is reasonably necessary to complete each of the things which he is directed to do. If, in carrying out said order, the storage operator encounters conditions which were not known to exist at the time of the hearing and which materially affect the

validity of said order or the ability of the storage operator to comply with the order, the storage operator may apply for a rehearing or modification of said order.

- (d) Whenever, in compliance with subsection (a) of this section, a storage operator, after the filing of the statement provided for in subsection (b) of this section, plugs or reconditions a well, he shall so notify the director and the coal operator affected in writing, setting forth such facts as will indicate the manner in which the plugging or reconditioning was done. Upon receipt thereof, the coal operator affected or the director may request a conference or hearing in accordance with section ten of this article.
- (e) In order to meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, wells which are to be plugged shall be plugged in the manner specified in section twenty-four, article one of this chapter. When a well located within the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area has been plugged prior to the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, and on the basis of the data, information and other evidence submitted to the director, it is determined that: (1) Such plugging was done in the manner required in section twenty-four, article one of this chapter; and (2) said plugging is still sufficiently effective to meet the requirements of this article, the obligations imposed by subsection (a) of this section as to plugging said well shall be considered fully satisfied.
- (f) In order to meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section, wells which are to be reconditioned shall be cleaned out from the surface through the storage horizon and the following casing strings shall be pulled and replaced with new casing, using the same procedure as is applicable to drilling a new well as provided for in sections eighteen, nineteen and twenty, article one of this chapter: (1) The producing casing; (2) the largest diameter casing passing through the lowest workable coal seam unless such casing extends at least twenty-five feet below the bottom of such coal seam and is determined to be in good physical condition: Provided, That the storage operator may, instead of replacing the largest diameter casing, replace the next largest casing string if such casing string extends at least twenty-five feet below the lowest workable coal seam; and (3) such other casing strings which are determined not to be in good physical

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condition. In the case of wells to be used for gas storage, the annular space between each string of casing, and the annular space behind the largest diameter casing to the extent possible, shall be filled to the surface with cement or aquagel or such equally nonporous material as is approved by the director pursuant to section eight of this article. At least fifteen days prior to the time when a well is to be reconditioned the storage operator shall give notice thereof to the coal operator or owner and to the director setting forth in such notice the manner in which it is planned to recondition such well and any pertinent data known to the storage operator which will indicate the then existing condition of such well. In addition the storage operator shall give the coal operator or owner and such representative of the director as the director shall have designated at least seventy-two hours notice of the time when such reconditioning is to begin. The coal operator or owner shall have the right to file, within ten days after the receipt of the first notice required herein, objections to the plan of reconditioning as submitted by the storage operator. If no such objections are filed or if none is raised by the director within such ten-day period, the storage operator may proceed with the reconditioning in accordance with the plan as submitted. If any such objections are filed by the coal operator or owner or are made by the director, the director shall fix a time and place for a conference in accordance with section ten of this article at which conference the well operator and the person who has filed such objections shall endeavor to agree upon a plan of reconditioning which meets the requirements herein and which will satisfy such objections. If no plan is approved at such conference, the director shall direct that a hearing be held in accordance with section ten of this article and, after such hearing, shall by an appropriate order determine whether the plan as submitted meets the requirements set forth herein, or what changes, if any, should be made to meet such requirements. If, in reconditioning a well in accordance with said plan, physical conditions are encountered which justify or necessitate a change in said plan, the storage operator or the coal operator may request that the plan be changed. If the storage operator and the coal operator cannot agree upon such change, the director shall arrange for a conference or hearing in accordance with section ten of this article to determine the matter in the same manner as set forth herein in connection

with original objections to said plan. Application may be made to the director in the manner prescribed in section eight of this article for approval of an alternative method of reconditioning a well. When a well located within the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area has been reconditioned prior to the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, or was so drilled and equipped previously and on the basis of the data, information and other evidence submitted to the director, it is determined that: (1) Such reconditioning or previous drilling and equipping was done in the manner required in this subsection, or in a manner approved as an alternative method in accordance with section eight of this article and (2) such reconditioning or previous drilling and equipping is still sufficiently effective to meet the requirements of this article, the obligations imposed by subsection (a) as to reconditioning said well shall be considered fully satisfied. Where a well requires emergency repairs this subsection shall not be construed to require the storage operator to give the notices specified herein before making such repairs.

- (g) When a well located within the reservoir protective area is a producing well in a stratum below the storage stratum the obligations imposed by subsection (a) of this section shall not begin until such well ceases to be a producing well.
- (h) When a well within a storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area penetrates the storage stratum but does not penetrate the coal seam being mined by an operating coal mine the director may, upon application of the operator of such storage reservoir, exempt such well from the requirements of this section. Either party affected may request a conference and hearing with respect to the exemption of any such well in accordance with section ten of this article.
- (i) In fulfilling the requirements of clause (2), subsection (a) of this section with respect to a well within the reservoir protective area, the storage operator shall not be required to plug or recondition such well until he has received from the coal operator written notice that the mine workings will within the period stated in such notice, be within two thousand linear feet of such well. Upon the receipt of such notice the storage operator shall use due diligence to complete the plugging or reconditioning of such well in accordance with the require-

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- ments of this section and of section twenty-four, article one of this chapter. If the said mine workings do not, within a period of three years after said well has been plugged, come within two thousand linear feet of said well, the coal operator shall reimburse the storage operator for the cost of said plugging, provided such well is still within the reservoir protective area as of that time.
 - (j) When retreat mining approaches a point where within ninety days it is expected that such retreat work will be at the location of the pillar surrounding an active storage well the coal operator shall give written notice of such approach to the storage operator and by agreement said parties shall determine whether it is necessary or advisable to inactivate effectively said well temporarily. The well shall not be reactivated until a reasonable period has elapsed, such reasonable period to be determined by the said parties. In the event that the said parties cannot agree upon either of the foregoing matters, such question shall be submitted to the director for decision in accordance with section ten of this article. The number of wells required to be temporarily inactivated during the retreat period shall not be such as to materially affect the efficient operation of such storage pool. This provision shall not preclude the temporary inactivation of a particular well where the practical effect of inactivating such well is to render the pool temporarily inoperative.
 - (k) The requirements of subsections (a), (1) and (m) of this section shall not apply to the injection of gas into any stratum when the sole purpose of such injection (such purpose being herein referred to as testing) is to determine whether the said stratum is suitable for storage purposes: *Provided*, That such testing shall be conducted only in compliance with the following requirements:
 - (1) The person testing or proposing to test shall comply with all the provisions and requirements of section two of this article and shall verify the statement required to be filed thereby;
 - (2) If any part of the proposed storage reservoir is under or within two thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine which is operating in a coal seam that extends over the proposed storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area, the

storage operator shall give at least six months' written notice to the director and to the coal operator of the fact that injection of gas for testing purposes is proposed;

- 261 (3) The coal operator affected may at any time file 262 objections with the director in accordance with subsection (d), 263 section nine of this article. If any such objections are filed by the coal operator or if the director shall have any objections, 264 265 the director shall fix a time and place for a conference in 266 accordance with section ten of this article, not more than ten days from the date of the notice to the storage operator, at 267 which conference the storage operator and the person who has 268 filed such objections shall attempt to agree, subject to the 269 approval of the director, on the questions involved. If such 270 271 agreement cannot be reached at such conference, the director 272 shall direct that a hearing be held in accordance with section 273 ten of this article. At such hearing the director shall determine 274 and set forth in an appropriate order the conditions and 275 requirements which he shall deem necessary or advisable in 276 order to prevent gas from such storage reservoir from entering 277 any operating coal mine. The storage operator shall comply 278 with such conditions and requirements throughout the period of the testing operations. In determining such conditions and 279 280 requirements the director shall take into account the extent to 281 which the matters referred to in subsection (a) of this section 282 have been performed. If, in carrying out said order, either the 283 storage operator or the coal operator encounters or discovers 284 conditions which were not known to exist at the time of the hearing and which materially affect said order or the ability 285 of the storage operator to comply with the order, either 286 287 operator may apply for a rehearing or modification of said 288 order;
 - (4) Where, at any time, a proposed storage reservoir being tested comes under or within two thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine either because of the extension of the storage reservoir being tested or because of the extension or establishment or reestablishment of the operating coal mine, then and at the time of any such event the requirements of this subsection shall become applicable to such testing.

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(1) Any person who, after the effective date of this article, proposes to establish a storage reservoir under, or within two thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine which is

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operating in a coal seam that extends over the storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area, shall, prior to establishing such reservoir, in addition to complying with the requirements of section two of this article and subsection (a) of this section, file the verified statement required by subsection (b) of this section and fully comply with such order or orders, if any, as the director may issue in the manner provided for under subsections (b) or (c) of this section before beginning the operation of such storage reservoir. After the person proposing to operate such storage reservoir shall have complied with such requirements and shall have thereafter begun to operate such reservoir, he shall continue to be subject to all of the provisions of this article.

(m) When a gas storage reservoir, (1) was in operation on the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, and at any time thereafter it is under or within two thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine, or (2) when a gas storage reservoir is put in operation after the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-five, and at any time after such storage operations begin it is under or within two thousand linear feet of an operating coal mine, then and in either such event, the storage operator shall comply with all of the provisions of this section except that the time for filing the verified statement under subsection (b) shall be sixty days after the date stated in the notice filed by the coal operator under subsection (b) or (c), section four of this article as to when the operating coal mine will be at a point within two thousand linear feet of such reservoir: Provided. That if the extending of the projected workings or the proposed establishment or reestablishment of the operating coal mine is delayed after the giving of the notice provided in subsections (b) and (c), section four of this article, the coal operator shall give notice of such delay to the director and the director shall, upon the request of the storage operator, extend the time for filing such statement by the additional time which will be required to extend or establish or reestablish such operating coal mine to a point within two thousand linear feet of such reservoir. Such verified statement shall also indicate that the map referred to in subsection (a), section two of this article has been currently amended as of the time of the filing of such statement. The person operating any such storage reservoir shall continue to be subject to all of the provisions of this article.

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- (n) If, in any proceeding under this article, the director shall determine that any operator of a storage reservoir has failed to carry out any lawful order of the director issued under this article, the director shall have authority to require such storage operator to suspend the operation of such reservoir and to withdraw the gas therefrom until such violation is remedied. In such an event the gas shall be withdrawn under the following conditons. The storage operator shall remove the maximum amount of gas which is required by the director to be removed from the storage reservoir that can be withdrawn in accordance with recognized engineering and operating procedures and shall proceed with due diligence insofar as existing facilities used to remove gas from the reservoir will permit.
- 355 (o) In addition to initial compliance with the other 356 provisions of this article and any lawful orders issued 357 thereunder, it shall be the duty at all times of the person 358 owning or operating any storage reservoir which is subject to 359 the provisions of this article to keep all wells drilled into or 360 through the storage stratum in such condition and to operate 361 the same in such manner as to prevent the escape of gas into 362 any coal mine therefrom, and to operate and maintain such 363 storage reservoir and its facilities in such manner and at such 364 pressures as will prevent gas from escaping from such reservoir 365 or its facilities into any coal mine: Provided, That this duty 366 shall not be construed to include the inability to prevent the 367 escape of gas where such escape results from an act of God 368 or an act of any person not under the control of the storage 369 operator other than in connection with any well which the 370 storage operator has failed to locate and to make known to 371 the director: Provided, however, That if any escape of gas into 372 a coal mine does result from an act of God or an act of any 373 person not under the control of the storage operator, the 374 storage operator shall be under the duty of taking such action 375 thereafter as is reasonably necessary to prevent further escape 376 of gas into the coal mine.

§22B-4-6. Inspection of facilities and records; reliance on maps; burden of proof.

(a) In determining whether a particular coal mine or operating coal mine is or will be within any distance material under this article from any storage reservoir, the owner or

- 4 operator of such coal mine and the storage operator may rely 5 on the most recent map of the storage reservoir or coal mine 6 filed by the other with the director.
- 7 (b) In any proceeding under this article where the accuracy 8 of any map or data filed by any person pursuant to the 9 requirements of this article is in issue, the person filing the 10 same shall at the request of any party to such proceeding be required to disclose the information and method used in 11 12 compiling such map and data and such information as is 13 available to such person that might affect the current validity of such map or data. If any material question is raised in such 14 15 proceeding as to the accuracy of such map or data with respect to any particular matter or matters contained therein, the 16 17 person filing such map or data shall then have the burden of 18 proving the accuracy of the map or data with respect to such 19 matter or matters.
- 20 (c) The person operating any storage reservoir affected by 21 the terms of this article shall, at all reasonable times, be 22 permitted to inspect the applicable records and facilities of any 23 coal mine overlying such storage reservoir or the reservoir protective area, and the person operating any such coal mine 24 affected by the terms of this article, shall similarly, at all 25 reasonable times, be permitted to inspect the applicable 26 27 records and facilities of any such storage reservoir underlying 28 any such coal mine. In the event that either such storage 29 operator or coal operator shall refuse to permit any such inspection of records or facilities, the director shall, on his own 30 motion, or on application of the party seeking the inspection 31 after reasonable written notice, and a hearing thereon, if 32 requested by either of the parties affected, make an order 33 providing for such inspection. 34

§22B-4-7. Exemptions.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall not apply to strip
 2 mines and auger mines operating from the surface.
- 3 (b) Injection of gas for storage purposes in any workable
 4 coal seam, whether or not such seam is being or has been
 5 mined, shall be prohibited. Nothing in this article shall be
 6 construed to prohibit the original extraction of natural gas,
 7 crude oil or coal. No storage operator shall have authority to
 8 appropriate any coal or coal measure whether or not being

9 mined, or any interest therein.

§22B-4-8. Alternative method.

- 1 (a) Whenever provision is made in this article by reference 2 to this section for using an alternative method or material in 3 carrying out any obligation imposed by the article, the person 4 seeking the authority to use such alternative method or 5 material shall file an application with the director describing 6 such proposed alternative method or material in reasonable 7 detail. Notice of filing of any such application shall be given 8 by registered mail to any coal operator or operators affected. 9 Any such coal operator may within ten days following such 10 notice, file objections to such proposed alternative method or 11 material. If no objections are filed within said ten-day period 12 or if none is raised by the director, the director shall forthwith 13 issue a permit approving such proposed alternative method or 14 material
- 15 (b) If any such objections are filed by any coal operator or 16 are raised by the director, the director shall direct that a 17 conference be held in accordance with section ten of this article 18 within the ten days following the filing of such objections. At 19 such conference the person seeking approval of the alternative 20 method or material and the person who has filed such 21 objections shall attempt to agree on such alternative method 22 or material or any modification thereof, and if such agreement 23 is reached and approved by the director, the director shall 24 forthwith issue a permit approving the alternative method or 25 material. If no such agreement is reached and approved, the 26 director shall direct that a hearing be held in accordance with 27 section ten of this article: Provided. That if the alternative 28 method or material involves a new development in technology 29 or technique the director may, before such a hearing is held, 30 grant such affected parties a period not to exceed ninety days 31 to study and evaluate said proposed alternative method or 32 material. Following such hearing, if the director shall find that 33 such proposed alternative method or material will furnish 34 adequate protection to the workable coal seams, the director 35 shall by order approve such alternative method or material; 36 otherwise the director shall deny the said application.

§22B-4-9. Powers and duties of director.

(a) The director may review the maps and data filed under

2 sections two and three hereof for the purpose of determining 3 the accuracy thereof. Where any material question is raised by 4 any interested storage operator or coal operator or owner as 5 to the accuracy of any such map or data, the director shall 6 hold hearings thereon and shall by an appropriate order 7 require the person filing such map or data to correct the same 8 if they are found to be erroneous.

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- (b) It shall be the duty of the director to receive and keep in a safe place for public inspection any map, data, report, well log, notice or other writing required to be filed with it pursuant to the provisions of this article. The director shall keep such indices of all such information as will enable any person using the same to readily locate such information either by the identity of the person who filed the same or by the person or persons affected by such filing or by the geographic location of the subject matter by political subdivision. The director shall also keep a docket for public inspection of all proceedings, in which shall be entered the dates of any notices, the names of all persons notified and their addresses, the dates of hearings, conferences and all orders, decrees, decisions, determinations, rulings or other actions issued or taken by the director and such docket shall constitute the record of each and every proceeding before the director.
- 25 (c) The director shall have authority to make any inspec-26 tions and investigations of records and facilities which he shall 27 deem necessary or desirable to perform his functions under this 28 article.
- (d) Where in any section of this article provision is made for the filing of objections, such objections shall be filed in writing with the director, by the person entitled to file the same or by the director, and shall state as definitely as is reasonably possible the reasons for such objections. The person filing such objections shall send a copy thereof by registered mail to the person or persons affected thereby.

§22B-4-10. Conferences, hearings and appeals.

(a) The director or any person having a direct interest in the subject matter of this article may at any time request that a conference be held for the purpose of discussing and endeavoring to resolve by mutual agreement any matter arising under the provisions of this article. Prompt notice of any such

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conference shall be given by the director to all such interested parties. At such conference a representative of the director shall be in attendance, and the director may make such recommendations as he deems appropriate. Any agreement reached at such conference shall be consistent with the requirements of this article and, if approved by such representative of the director, it shall be reduced to writing and shall be effective unless reviewed and rejected by the director within ten days after the close of the conference. The record of any such agreement approved by the director shall be kept on file by the director with copies furnished to the parties. The conference shall be deemed terminated as of the date any party refuses to confer thereafter. Such a conference shall be held in all cases prior to conducting any hearing under this section.

(b) Within ten days after termination of the conference provided for in this section at which no approved agreement has been reached or within ten days after the rejection by the director of any agreement approved at any such conference, any person who has a direct interest in the subject matter of the conference may submit the matter or matters, or any part thereof, considered at the conference, to the director for determination at a public hearing. The hearing procedure shall be formally commenced by the filing of a petition with the director upon forms prescribed by the director or by specifying in writing the essential elements of the petition, including name and address of the petitioner and of all other persons affected thereby, a clear and concise statement of the facts involved, and a specific statement of the relief sought. The hearing shall thereafter be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and with such regulations and such provisions as to reasonable notice as the director may prescribe. Consistent with the requirements for reasonable notice all hearings under this article shall be held by the director promptly. All testimony taken at such hearings shall be under oath and shall be reduced to writing by a reporter appointed by the director, and the parties shall be entitled to appear and be heard in person or by attorney. The director may present at such hearing any evidence which is material to the matter under consideration and which has come to the director's attention in any investigation or inspection made pursuant to provisions of this article.

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- (c) After the conclusion of hearings, the director shall make and file his findings and order with his opinion, if any. A copy of such order shall be served by registered mail upon the person against whom it runs, or his attorney of record, and notice thereof shall be given to the other parties to the proceedings, or their attorney of record.
 - (d) The director may, at any time after notice and after opportunity to be heard as provided in this section, rescind or amend any approved agreement or order made by him. Any order rescinding or amending a prior agreement or order shall, when served upon the person affected, and after notice thereof is given to the other parties to the proceedings, have the same effect as is herein provided for original orders; but no such order shall affect the legality or validity of any acts done by such person in accordance with the prior agreement or order before receipt by such person of the notice of such change.
 - (e) The director shall have power, either personally or by any of his authorized representatives, to subpoena witnesses and take testimony, and administer oaths to any witness in any hearing, proceeding or examination instituted before the director or conducted by him with reference to any matter within the jurisdiction of the director. In all hearings or proceedings before the director the evidence of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence may be required at any designated place of hearing; and in case of disobedience to a subpoena or other process the director or any party to the proceedings before the director may invoke the aid of any circuit court in requiring the evidence and testimony of witnesses and the production of such books, records, maps, plats, papers, documents and other writings as he may deem necessary or proper in and pertinent to any hearing, proceeding or investigation held or had by it. Such court, in case of the refusal of any such person to obey the subpoena, shall issue an order requiring such person to appear before the director and produce the required documentary evidence, if so ordered, and give evidence touching the matter in question. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as contempt thereof. A claim that any such testimony or evidence may tend to criminate the person giving the same shall not excuse such witness from testifying, but such witness shall not be prosecuted for any offense concerning

89 which he is compelled hereunder to testify.

- (f) With the consent of the director, the testimony of any witness may be taken by deposition at the instance of a party to any hearing before the director at any time after hearing has been formally commenced. The director may, of his own motion, order testimony to be taken by deposition at any stage in any hearing, proceeding or investigation pending before it. Such deposition shall be taken in the manner prescribed by the laws of West Virginia for taking depositions in civil cases in courts of record.
- (g) Whether or not it be so expressly stated, an appeal from any final order, decision or action by the director in administering the provisions of this article may be taken by any aggrieved person within ten days of notice of such order, decision or action, to the circuit court of the county in which the subject matter of such order, decision or action is located, and in all cases of appeals to the circuit court, that court shall certify its decisions to the director. The circuit court to which the appeal is taken shall hear the appeal without a jury on the record certified by the director. In any such appeal the findings of the director shall, if supported by substantial evidence, be conclusive. If the order of the director is not affirmed, the court may set aside or modify it, in whole or in part, or may remand the proceedings to the director for further disposition in accordance with the order of the court. From all final decisions of the circuit court an appeal shall lie to the supreme court of appeals as is now provided by law in cases in equity, by the director as well as by any other party of record before the circuit court.

Any party feeling aggrieved by the final order of the circuit court affecting him, may present his petition in writing to the supreme court of appeals, or to a judge thereof in vacation, within twenty days after the entry of such order, praying for the suspension or modification of such final order. The applicant shall deliver a copy of such petition to the director and to all other parties of record before presenting the same to the court or judge. The court or judge shall fix a time for the hearing on the application, but such hearing shall not be held sooner than seven days after its presentation unless by agreement of the parties, and notice of the time and place of such hearing shall be forthwith given to the director and to

130 all other parties of record. If the court or judge, after such 131 hearing, be of opinion that such final order should be 132 suspended or modified, the court or the judge may require 133 bond, upon such conditions and in such penalty, and impose 134 such terms and conditions upon the petitioner as are just and 135 reasonable. For such hearing the entire record before the 136 circuit court, or a certified copy thereof, shall be filed in the supreme court, and that court, upon such papers, shall 137 promptly decide the matter in controversy as may seem to it 138 139 to be just and right, and may award costs in each case as to 140 it may seem just and equitable.

§22B-4-11. Enforcement.

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- 1 (a) The director or any person having a direct interest in 2 the subject matter of this article may complain in writing 3 setting forth that any person is violating or is about to violate, any provisions of this article, or has done, or is about to do, 4 any act, matter or thing therein prohibited or declared to be 6 unlawful, or has failed, omitted, neglected or refused, or is about to fail, omit, neglect or refuse, to perform any duty 7 enjoined upon him by this article. Upon the filing of a 8 complaint against any person, the director shall cause a copy 9 thereof to be served upon such person by registered mail 10 accompanied by a notice from the director setting such 11 complaint for hearing at a time and place specified in such 12 notice. At least five days' notice of such hearing shall be given 13 to the parties affected and such hearing shall be held in 14 accordance with the provisions of section ten of this article. 15 Following such hearing, the director shall, if he finds that the 16 matter alleged in the complaint is not in violation of this 17 article, dismiss the complaint, but if the director shall find that 18 the complaint is justified, he shall by appropriate order compel 19 20 compliance with this article.
 - (b) Whenever the director shall be of the opinion that any person is violating, or is about to violate, any provisions of this article, or has done, or is about to do, any act, matter or thing therein prohibited or declared to be unlawful, or has failed, omitted, neglected or refused, or is about to fail, omit, neglect or refuse, to perform any duty enjoined upon him by this article, or has failed, omitted, neglected or refused, or is about to fail, omit, neglect or refuse to obey any lawful requirement or order made by the director, or any final

30 judgment, order or decree made by any court pursuant to this 31 article, then and in every such case the director may institute 32 in the circuit court of the county or counties wherein the 33 operation is situated, injunction, mandamus or other approp-34 riate legal proceedings to restrain such violations of the 35 provisions of this article or of orders of the director to enforce 36 obedience therewith. No injunction bond shall be required to 37 be filed in any such proceeding. Such persons or corporations as the court may deem necessary or proper to be joined as 38 39 parties in order to make its judgment, order or writ effective may be joined as parties. The final judgment in any such action 40 41 or proceedings shall either dismiss the action or proceeding or direct that the writ of mandamus or injunction or other order, 42 43 issue or be made permanent as prayed for in the petition or in such modified or other form as will afford appropriate 44 45 relief. An appeal may be taken as in other civil actions.

- (c) In addition to the other remedies herein provided, any storage operator or coal operator affected by the provisions of this article may proceed by injunction or other appropriate remedy to restrain violations or threatened violations of the provisions of this article or of orders of the director or the judgments, orders or decrees of any court or to enforce obedience therewith.
- 53 (d) Each remedy prescribed in this section shall be deemed 54 concurrent or contemporaneous with any other remedy 55 prescribed herein and the existence or exercise of any one such 56 remedy shall not prevent the exercise of any other such 57 remedy.

§22B-4-12. Penalties.

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1 Any person who shall willfully violate any order of the director issued pursuant to the provisions of this article shall 2 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall 3 4 be punished by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars, or 5 imprisoned in jail for not exceeding twelve months, or both, in the discretion of the court, and prosecutions under this 6 7 section may be brought in the name of the State of West 8 Virginia in the court exercising criminal jurisdiction in the county in which the violation of such provisions of the article 9 or terms of such order was committed, and at the instance and 10 upon the relation of any citizen of this state. 11

§22B-4-13. Orders remain in effect.

1 All orders in effect upon the effective date of this article 2 pursuant to the provisions of former article seven, chapter

twenty-two of this code, shall remain in full force and effect

as if such orders were adopted by the division established in

this chapter but all such orders shall be subject to review by 5

the director to ensure they are consistent with the purposes 6

7 and policies set forth in this chapter.

CHAPTER 78

(S. B. 1-By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed March 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty, article six, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to surface coal mining and reclamation generally; requiring advertisement and notification of application for surfacemining permit.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article six, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA SURFACE COAL MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT.

§20-6-20. Public notice; written objections; public hearings; informal conferences.

- (a) At the time of submission of an application for a 1
- 2 surface-mining permit or a significant revision of an
- 3 existing permit pursuant to the provisions of this article,
- 4 the applicant shall submit to the department a copy of the
- 5 required advertisement. At the time of submission, the
- 6 applicant shall place the advertisement in a local
- 7 newspaper of general circulation in the county of the
- 8 proposed surface-mining operation at least once a week for

four consecutive weeks. The director shall notify various appropriate federal and state agencies as well as local 10 11 governmental bodies, planning agencies and sewage and 12 water treatment authorities or water companies in the 13 locality in which the proposed surface-mining operation will take place, notifying them of the operator's intention to 14 mine on a particularly described tract of land and 15 16 indicating the application number and where a copy of the 17 proposed mining and reclamation plan may be inspected. 18 These local bodies, agencies, authorities or companies may 19 submit written comments within a reasonable period 20 established by the director on the mining application with 21 respect to the effect of the proposed operation on the environment which is within their area of responsibility. 22 Such comments shall be immediately transmitted by the 23 24 director to the applicant and to the appropriate office of the department. The director shall provide the name and 25 address of each applicant to the commissioner of labor who 26 27 shall within fifteen days from receipt notify the director as 28 to the applicant's compliance, if necessary, with section 29 fourteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of this code.

30 (b) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected, or the officer or head of any federal, 31 32 state or local governmental agency, shall have the right to 33 file written objections to the proposed initial or revised 34 permit application for a surface-mining operation with the 35 director within thirty days after the last publication of the 36 advertisement required in subsection (a) of this section. Such objections shall be immediately transmitted to the 37 38 applicant by the director and shall be made available to the 39 public. If written objections are filed and an informal conference requested within thirty days of the last 40 41 publication of the above notice, the director shall then hold a conference in the locality of the proposed mining within 42 43 three weeks after the close of the public comment period. Those requesting the conference shall be notified and the 44 45 date, time and location of the informal conference shall also 46 be advertised by the director in a newspaper of general 47 circulation in the locality at least two weeks prior to the scheduled conference date. The director may arrange with 48 the applicant, upon request by any party to the conference 49 proceeding, access to the proposed mining area for the 50

- 51 purpose of gathering information relevant to the
- 52 proceeding. An electronic or stenographic record shall be
- 53 made of the conference proceeding unless waived by all
- 54 parties. Such record shall be maintained and shall be
- 55 accessible to the parties at their respective expense until
- 56 final release of the applicant's performance bond or other
- 57 security posted in lieu thereof. The director's authorized
- 58 agent will preside over the conference. In the event all
- 59 parties requesting the informal conference stipulate
- 60 agreement prior to the conference and withdraw their
- 61 request, a conference need not be held.

CHAPTER 79

(H. B. 1136—By Delegate Wiedebusch)

[Passed March 15, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article four-a, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing and reestablishing the oil and gas conservation commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article four-a, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION.

- §22-4A-4. Oil and gas conservation commissioner and commission; commission membership; qualifications of members; terms of members; vacancies on commission; meetings; compensation and expenses; appointment and qualifications of commissioner; general powers and duties.
 - (a) There is hereby created the "West Virginia Oil and Gas
 Conservation Commission" which shall be composed of five
 - members. The director of the department of natural resources
 - 4 and the deputy director for oil and gas shall be members of
 - 5 the commission ex officio. The remaining three members of

6 the commission shall be appointed by the governor, by and 7 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Of the three 8 members appointed by the governor, one shall be an 9 independent producer and at least one shall be a public member not engaged in full-time employment in an activity 10 11 under the jurisdiction of the public service commission or the 12 federal power commission. As soon as practical after appointment of the members of the commission, the governor 13 14 shall call a meeting of the commission to be convened at the state capitol for the purpose of organizing and electing a 15 chairman. 16

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- (b) The members of the commission appointed by the governor shall be appointed for overlapping terms of six years each, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of two, four and six years, respectively. Each member appointed by the governor shall serve until his successor has been appointed and qualified. Members may be appointed by the governor to serve any number of terms. The members of the commission appointed by the governor, before performing any duty hereunder, shall take and subscribe to the oath required by section five, article four of the Constitution of West Virginia. Vacancies in the membership appointed by the governor shall be filled by appointment by him for the unexpired term of the member whose office shall be vacant and such appointment shall be made by the governor within sixty days of the occurrence of such vacancy. Any member appointed by the governor may be removed by the governor in case of incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.
- (c) The commission shall meet at such times and places as shall be designated by the chairman. The chairman may call a meeting of the commission at any time, and he shall call a meeting of the commission upon the written request of two members or upon the written request of the oil and gas conservation commissioner. Notification of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the chairman at least five days in advance of the meeting. Any three members, one of which may be the chairman, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business as herein provided for. A majority of the commission shall be required to determine any issue brought before it.

(d) Each member of the commission appointed by the governor shall receive thirty-five dollars per diem not to exceed one hundred days per calendar year while actually engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of the commission. Each member of the commission shall also be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties as a member of the commission.

- (e) The commission shall appoint the oil and gas conservation commissioner, fix his salary within available funds, and advise him regarding his duties and authority under this article and consult with him prior to his reaching any final decisions and entering orders hereunder. However, the commissioner has full and final authority under this article with the commission serving in an advisory capacity to him. The commissioner shall possess a degree from an accredited college or university in petroleum engineering or geology and must be a registered professional engineer with particular knowledge and experience in the oil and gas industry.
- (f) The oil and gas commissioner is hereby empowered and it shall be his duty to execute and carry out, administer and enforce the provisions of this article in the manner provided herein. Subject to the provisions of section three of this article, the commissioner shall have jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property necessary therefor. The commissioner is authorized to make such investigation of records and facilities as he deems proper. In the event of a conflict between the duty to prevent waste and the duty to protect correlative rights, the commissioner's duty to prevent waste shall be paramount. He shall serve as secretary of the oil and gas conservation commission.
- (g) Without limiting his general authority, the commissioner shall have specific authority to:
- 79 (1) Regulate the spacing of deep wells;
 - (2) Make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations and orders reasonably necessary to prevent waste, protect correlative rights, govern the practice and procedure before the commissioner and otherwise administer the provisions of this article;
- 85 (3) Issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and

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subpoenas duces tecum for the production of any books, records, maps, charts, diagrams and other pertinent documents, and administer oaths and affirmations to such witnesses, whenever, in the judgement of the commissioner, it is necessary to do so for the effective discharge of his duties under the provisions of this article; and

- (4) Serve as technical advisor regarding oil and gas to the Legislature, its members and committees, to the deputy director for oil and gas, to the department of natural resources and to any other agency of state government having responsibility related to the oil and gas industry.
- (h) After having conducted a performance audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the oil and gas conservation commission should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the oil and gas conservation commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 80

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1707—By Delegate Jordan and Delegate Garrett)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article one, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article five of said chapter, all relating to the appointment of a nonresident as executor of an estate; when such executor may be required to give security or bond; the form and amount of such surety; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article one, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

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- 1. Personal Representatives.
- 5. General Provisions as to Fiduciaries.

ARTICLE 1. PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVES.

§44-1-8. When executor not to give security on bond.

- 1 Subject to the provisions of section three, article five of this
- 2 chapter governing the appointment of a nonresident of this
- 3 state as an executor, where the will directs that an executor
- 4 shall not give security, it shall not be required of him, unless
- 5 at the time the will is admitted to probate or at any time
- 6 subsequently, on the application of any person interested, or
- 7 from the knowledge of the court or clerk admitting the will
- 8 to probate, it is deemed proper that security ought to be given.

ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO FIDUCIARIES.

§44-5-3. Appointment of nonresident; bond; service of notice and process; fees; penalty.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person not 2 a resident of this state nor any nonresident banking institution 3 nor any corporation having its principal office or place of 4 business outside this state may be appointed or act as executor, 5 administrator, curator, guardian or committee, except that a 6 testator who is a nonresident of this state at the time of his 7 death may name, and there may be appointed and act, a 8 nonresident as his executor, and except that for the guardian 9 of an infant who is a nonresident of this state there may be 10 appointed and act the same person who is appointed guardian at the domicile of the infant; Provided. That whenever the will 11 12 of a decedent who was a resident of this state at the time of 13 his death, hereinafter in this section referred to as "resident decedent," designates an individual, who is the husband, wife, 14 father, mother, brother, sister, child, grandchild or sole 15 beneficiary of such resident decedent as executor, then such 16 designated individual may qualify and act as executor 17 notwithstanding the fact that he is a nonresident: Provided, 18 19 however. That a nonresident individual or individuals may be appointed as the testamentary guardian of a resident infant if 20 appointed in accordance with the provisions of section one, 21 article twelve of this chapter: Provided further, That a 22

nonresident individual may be appointed as administrator of

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an estate in accordance with the provisions of section four, article one of this chapter and act as such administrator and, notwithstanding any other provision of law as to the form or amount of surety, shall give bond with such surety as may be approved by the clerk if such individual be the husband, wife, father, mother, brother, sister, child, grandchild or the sole beneficiary of a decedent who was a resident of this state at the time of his death, hereinafter in this section also referred to as a "resident decedent," and if such individual may otherwise qualify as such administrator. Nonresident executors and administrators of resident decedents, and nonresident testamentary guardians who are not such relatives named 36 above or sole beneficiary shall give bond with corporate surety 37 thereon, qualified to do business in this state, in such penalty as may be fixed pursuant to the provisions of section seven, 38 article one of this chapter, except that such penalty in the case 39 of a nonresident executor shall not be less than (1) double the 40 value of the personal estate, and (2) double the value of any 41 42 real property authorized to be sold under the will or the value 43 of any rents and profits from any real property which the will 44 authorizes the nonresident executor to receive, and except that 45 such penalty in the case of a nonresident administrator shall 46 not be less than double the value of the personal estate: And 47 provided further. That where the will directs that a nonresident 48 executor who is the husband, wife, father, mother, brother, sister, child or grandchild or sole beneficiary of the decedent 49 50 shall not give security, it may be required of that person only as hereinbefore provided. The personal estate of a resident 51 52 decedent may not be removed from this state until the 53 inventory or appraisement of the resident decedent's estate has 54 been filed and any new or additional bond required to satisfy the penalty specified above in this section has been furnished. 55 The liability of a nonresident executor or administrator and 56 57 such surety shall be several and a civil action on any such bond may be instituted and maintained against the surety, 58 notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the 59 contrary, even though no civil action has been instituted 60 against the nonresident executor or administrator. 61

When a nonresident qualifies as an executor, administrator or guardian of an infant pursuant to the provisions of this section, he thereby constitutes the clerk of the county

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commission wherein the will was admitted to probate or wherein he was appointed as administrator, or such clerk's successor in office, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact upon whom may be served all notices and process in any action or proceeding against him as executor, administrator or guardian or with respect to such estate, and such qualification shall be a signification of the executor's, or administrator's or guardian's agreement that any notice or process, which is served in the manner hereinafter in this section provided, shall be of the same legal force and validity as though the executor, administrator or guardian were personally served with notice and process within this state. Service shall be made by leaving the original and two copies of any notice or process, together with a fee of five dollars, with the clerk of such county commission. Such clerk shall thereupon endorse upon one copy thereof the day and hour of service and shall file such copy in his office and said service shall constitute personal service upon such nonresident executor, administrator or guardian: Provided. That the other copy of such notice or process shall be forthwith sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, deliver to addressee only, by said clerk to the nonresident executor, administrator or guardian at the address last furnished by him to said clerk and either (a) such nonresident executor's, administrator's or guardian's return receipt signed by him or (b) the registered or certified mail bearing thereon the stamp of the post-office department showing that delivery therefor was refused by such nonresident executor, administrator or guardian is appended to the original notice or process and filed therewith in the office of the clerk of the county commission from which such notice or process was issued. No notice or process may be served on such clerk of the county commission or accepted by him less than twenty days before the return day thereof. The clerk of such county commission shall keep a record in his office of all such notices and process and the day and hour of service thereof. The provision for service of notice or process herein provided is cumulative and nothing herein contained shall be construed as a bar to service by publication where proper or to the service of notice or process in any other lawful mode or manner. The fee of five dollars shall be deposited in the county treasury.

If a nonresident testamentary guardian appointed pursuant

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106 to this section fails or refuses to file an accounting required by this chapter while his ward remains a resident of this state, 107 108 and the failure continues for two months after the due date, 109 he may, upon notice and hearing, be removed or subjected to 110 any other appropriate order by the county commission, and 111 if his failure or refusal to account continues for six months. 112 he shall be removed as testamentary guardian by the county 113 commission.

Any nonresident executor, administrator or guardian who removes from this state the personal estate of a resident decedent or of the infant of a resident decedent without complying with the provisions of this section, the provisions of article eleven, chapter forty-four of this code or any other requirement pertaining to fiduciaries generally, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by confinement in the county jail for not more than one year, or, in the discretion of the court, by both such fine and imprisonment.

CHAPTER 81

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1070—By Delegate Blatnik)

[Passed April 9, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one, five and forty-two, article three-a of said chapter, all relating to the settlement of estates generally; increasing the value of estates exempted from reference to fiduciary commissioners; limiting fees charged by such commissioners and allowing the county commission to approve additional fees in certain cases; election by the county commission to adopt the optional procedure for such settlement; public hearings with respect thereto and notice of such hearings; providing for petition by the voters of the county for such hearings; increasing the maximum amount of probate estate to be supervised by fiduciary supervision without reference to a fiduciary commissioner; and limiting the fee which a fiduciary

supervisor may charge to settle an estate.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections one, five and forty-two, article three-a of said chapter, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 2. Proof and Allowance of Claims Against Estates of Decedents.
- 3A. Optional Procedure for Proof and Allowance of Claims Against Estates of Decedents; County Options.

ARTICLE 2. PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS.

§44-2-1. Reference of decedents' estates; proceedings thereon.

1 (a) Upon the return of the appraisement by the personal representative to the county clerk, the estate of his decedent 2 3 shall, by order of the county commission to be then made, be referred to a fiduciary commissioner for proof and 4 determination of debts and claims, establishment of their 5 priority, determination of the amount of the respective shares 6 of the legatees and distributees, and any other matter necessary 7 and proper for the settlement of the estate: Provided, That in counties where there are two or more such commissioners, the 9 10 estates of decedents shall be referred to such commissioners in rotation, in order that, so far as possible, there may be an 11 12 equal division of the work: Provided, however, That if the 13 personal representative shall deliver to the clerk an appraise-14 ment of the assets of the estate showing their value to be fifty thousand dollars or less, exclusive of property held by the 15 decedent and another person or other persons as joint tenants 16 with rights of survivorship, the clerk shall record said 17 appraisement and publish a notice as set forth herein: Provided 18 further, That a fiduciary commissioner may not charge to the 19 estate a fee greater than two hundred dollars for the settlement 20 of an estate, except upon approval of the county commission 21 22 because of complicating issues or problems attendant to such settlement and amount of time involved in and about their 23 resolution. The personal representative shall, within two 24 months from the date of recordation of the appraisement in 25 such case, make report to the clerk of his receipts, disburse-26

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its fiduciary commissioners.

27 ments and distribution, and shall make affidavit that all claims 28 against the estate, for expenses of administration, taxes and 29 debts of the decedent, have been paid in full; the clerk shall 30 be entitled to collect and receive a fee of ten dollars for 31 recording such report and affidavit, and for publication of the 32 notice hereinafter provided, said fee to be in lieu of any other 33 fee provided by law for recording a report of settlement of 34 the accounts of a decedent's personal representative. It shall 35 be the duty of the clerk, at least once a month, to cause to 36 be published once a week for two successive weeks in a 37 newspaper of general circulation within the county of the 38 administration of the estate, a notice substantially as follows:

NOTICE OF FILING OF ESTATE ACCOUNTS

40 41 42	I have before me the account of the executor(s) or adminsitrator(s) of the estates of the following deceased persons:
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46	Any person having a claim against the estate of any such
47	deceased person, or who has any beneficial interest therein,
48	may appear before me or the county commission at any time
49	within thirty days after first publication of this notice, and
50	request reference of said estate to a commissioner or object
51	to confirmation of said accounting. In the absence of such
52	request or objection, the accounting may be approved by the
53	county commission.
54	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
55	Clerk of the County Commission
56	ofCounty, W. Va.
57	If no such request or objection be made to the clerk or to
58	the county commission, the county commission may confirm
59	the report of the personal representative, and thereupon the
60	personal representative and his surety shall be discharged; but
61	if such objection or request be made, the county commission
62	may confirm the accounting or may refer the estate to one of

(b) If upon the return and recordation of the appraisement, it shall appear to the clerk that there is only one beneficiary of the estate and that said beneficiary is competent at law,

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67 there shall be no further administration upon the estate, and 68 no reference to a fiduciary commissioner, unless, for due cause, 69 the county commission shall order further administration and 70 a reference to a fiduciary commissioner. The bond of the 71 personal representative and his surety shall be discharged one 72 year after the date of qualification of the personal represen-73 tative if no claim shall have been filed with the county clerk and no suit shall have been instituted against the personal 74 75 representative. The clerk shall publish a notice once a week 76 for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation 77 within the county of administration of the estate, substantially 78 as follows:

NOTICE OF UNADMINISTERED ESTATE

Notice is hereby given that, there being only one beneficiary of the estate of the deceased, there will be no administration of said estate unless within ninety days demand for administration be made by a party in interest or an unpaid creditor.

84	Dated thisday of
85	
86	Clerk of the County Commission
87	ofCounty, W. Va.
88	The clerk shall charge to the personal representative, an
89	receive, the reasonable cost of publication of said notice.
90	If no person demands administration and no credito

If no person demands administration and no creditor appears in response to the notice hereinabove provided, alienation of the decedent's real estate more than six months after the date of the notice to a bona fide purchaser for value without notice of any claim against the estate shall be free of any lien for taxes or debts of the decedent, notwithstanding the provisions of section five, article eight, chapter forty-four of this code.

ARTICLE 3A. OPTIONAL PROCEDURE FOR PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS; COUNTY OPTIONS.

§44-3A-1 Election to make article applicable

§44-3A-5 Reference to fiduciary commissioner; exceptions and limitations.

§44-3A-42. Fees to be charged by fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary commissioner; disposition of fees.

§44-3A-1. Election to make article applicable.

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- (a) Any county commission which has not heretofore elected to proceed under provisions of this article may do so in accord with this section.
- (b) Prior to the adoption of the optional procedure 4 provided for under this article, the county commission shall 5 fix a time for public hearing on the issue of adoption of the 6 7 fiduciary supervisor system as described in this article and cause to be published as a Class II-0 legal advertisement, as 8 provided in section two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of the 9 code, setting forth the reasons for the hearing, its date, place 10 and time. Whenever ten percent or more of the voters of the 11 county participating in the next preceding general election 12 13 shall so petition the county commission in writing, the 14 commission shall within sixty days of the filing of such petition conduct the public hearing provided by this subsection. The 15 provisions hereof relating to the publication of notice of such 16 hearing shall apply to the hearing held pursuant to such 17 petition. The notice in either case shall also recite that within 18 fifteen days after the public hearing the commission, after 19 consideration of the following factors, will make a final 20 21 determination whether to proceed under this article:
 - (I) The relatively expeditious and efficient administration and settlement of estates;
- 24 (2) The relative cost and convenience to the public and to 25 the estates;
 - (3) Whether the fees provided under this article would be insufficient to fund the salary and expenses of a fiduciary supervisor as described in this article;
 - (4) Whether the county commission and the public interest is served by the availability of the unsupervised administration of estates having sole beneficiaries based upon the local needs of the county;
- 33 (5) The availability of physical facilities necessary for the administration of this article.
 - (c) At the hearing the county commission shall receive both written and oral comment from any citizen upon the desirability of proceeding under the provisions of this article. It may limit the time for oral presentations and permit additional written presentations to be filed up to three days

- 40 after the hearing.
- 41 (d) Within sixty days of the public hearing, the commission
- 42 shall enter an order either adopting or rejecting the provisions
- 43 of this article.
- 44 (e) The county commission shall make such orders for the
- 45 closing of estates opened prior to the effective date of the order
- 46 adopting the provisions of this article as it may deem expedient
- 47 which are not inconsistent with the express provisions of this
- 48 chapter.

§44-3A-5. Reference to fiduciary commissioner; exceptions and limitations.

- 1 When the personal representative shall deliver to the
- 2 fiduciary supervisor the appraisement required by section
- 3 fourteen, article one of this chapter, and is notified as to the
- 4 completeness thereof, the fiduciary supervisor shall, unless
- 5 otherwise ordered by the county commission, proceed to
- 6 receive claims and proceed to supervise settlement of the
- 7 estate.
- The county commission shall not remove the estate from supervision by the fiduciary supervisor and no reference to a
- 9 supervision by the fiduciary supervisor and no reference to a 10 fiduciary commissioner shall be made if the appraisement,
- 11 properly completed, shows the total value of all assets included
- 12 in the estate which are subject to administration (exclusive of
- 13 real property, unless the will, if any, requires administration
- thereof) to be one hundred thousand dollars or less: *Provided*,
- 15 That if a dispute arises as to a matter of law or fact, then
- 16 the matter may be referred to a fiduciary commissioner for
- 17 the sole purpose of taking evidence as to making a recommen-
- 18 dation as to the disputed facts and applicable law in such
- 19 dispute.
- 20 The county commission shall not refer any estate to a
- 21 fiduciary commissioner:
- 22 (a) If the personal representative is also the sole beneficiary
- 23 of the estate; nor
- 24 (b) If the surviving spouse is the sole beneficiary of the
- 25 estate unless the spouse requests such reference; nor
- 26 (c) (l) If all the beneficiaries of the estate advise the 27 fiduciary supervisor by verified writing that no dispute is likely

to arise with respect to the administration of the estate; and (2) it appears to the county commission or to the fiduciary supervisor thereof that there are ample assets in the estate to satisfy all claims of creditors and others against the estate and that proper distribution thereof will be made, including the payment of all taxes due thereon; and (3) if the personal representative agrees thereto; nor

(d) If the county commission or fiduciary supervisor, subject to the approval of the county commission, finds that there are ample assets in the estate to satisfy all claims of creditors and others against the estate and that proper distribution thereof will be made including, but not limited to, the payment of all taxes due thereon and that no disputed question of law or fact has arisen or is likely to arise.

The commission shall, before making any reference to a fiduciary commissioner, find by its order that none of the prohibitions contained in this section obtains: *Provided*, That in any case in which a reference would otherwise be prohibited, the commission may refer a matter for the sole purpose of resolving a disputed question of law or fact or may, if the matter can be resolved expeditiously, permit the fiduciary supervisor to conduct the necessary proceedings and to prepare a recommendation on such disputed question.

In the event reference is made because of the failure to meet any of the conditions in the preceding paragraph which preclude reference to a fiduciary commissioner, such reference may be made generally or for the sole purpose of determining those matters in dispute. In any event, such reference shall be withdrawn at any time upon the settlement or determination or resolution of the reason or reasons giving rise to such reference or at any other time deemed appropriate by the county commission or by the fiduciary supervisor, subject to the approval of the county commission. If no such reference is made and it is later found that a dispute or other condition has arisen which makes reference to a fiduciary commissioner necessary, then reference to a fiduciary commissioner may be made, either generally or for the settlement, determination or resolution of the dispute or condition and shall, in any event, be later withdrawn at any time required by this section or deemed appropriate by the fiduciary supervisor with the approval of the county commission.

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In counties where there are two or more such fiduciary commissioners, the estates of decedents shall be referred to such commissioners in rotation in order that, so far as possible, there may be an equal division of the work.

§44-3A-42. Fees to be charged by fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary commissioner; disposition of fees.

1 (a) When necessary solely for the purpose of financing the 2 cost of settling estates, the county commission may authorize 3 the fiduciary supervisor to charge and collect at the time of 4 qualification of the fiduciary of a decedent's estate, a fee not to exceed: (A) Twenty-five dollars for all estates in which the 5 6 probate assets do not exceed three thousand dollars; (B) 7 seventy-five dollars for all estates in which the probate assets 8 are more than three thousand dollars and do not exceed ten 9 thousand dollars; and (C) one hundred twenty-five dollars for 10 all estates in which the probate assets exceed ten thousand 11 dollars. Of the sums collected by the fiduciary supervisor, five 12 dollars shall be forwarded to the state tax commissioner. The 13 moneys so forwarded to the state tax commissioner shall be 14 deposited in the office of the treasurer of the state in the special fund, designated "The Inheritance Tax Administration 15 16 Fund," to be used to defray, in whole or in part, the costs 17 of administration of taxes imposed by article eleven, chapter 18 eleven of this code in order to facilitate the prompt 19 administration of the provisions imposed by said article. The 20 remaining amounts shall be deposited in the county fiduciary 21 fund as provided in section forty-three of this article. Such fee 22 shall be paid to include all services of the fiduciary supervisor for the settlement of every such decedent's estate which is 23 settled pursuant to the provisions of section nineteen, article 24 25 three-a of this chapter. All such fees shall also include the cost of publication of the notice required by section four, article 26 three-a of this chapter, and the notice required by section 27 nineteen, article three-a of this chapter, but shall not include 28 the cost of any mailings or of the cost of recording any 29 documents required to be recorded in the office of the clerk 30 of the county commission by the provisions of this chapter. 31

In the event the fiduciary supervisor is required to examine and prepare a statement of deficiencies, including reasons for disapproving any of the documents required to be filed by the personal representative of any decedent's estate, he shall charge

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36 and collect from such personal representative a fee of ten 37 dollars.

- (b) In addition to the fees set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the fiduciary supervisor shall charge a fee to be fixed by the county commission in the manner provided in subsection (c) of this section for conducting hearings, granting continuances of hearings, considering evidence, for drafting recommendations with respect to such hearings and for appearing before the county commission with respect thereto and any other matters of an extraordinary nature not normally included within a summary settlement as contemplated by section nineteen, article three-a of this chapter. Such fee shall be used to defray the costs imposed by or incidental to any extraordinary demands by or conditions imposed by a fiduciary or imposed by the circumstances of the estate.
- 51 (c) The fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary commissioner shall 52 prepare a voucher for the county commission, which voucher 53 shall be itemized and shall set forth in detail all of the services 54 performed and the amount charged for such service or services. 55 Such voucher shall also indicate in each instance if the service 56 was actually performed by the fiduciary supervisor or fiduciary 57 commissioner or whether such service was performed by an 58 employee or deputy of such supervisor or commissioner. All 59 vouchers shall reflect the services rendered pursuant to the initial fee charged and collected as provided in subsection (a) 60 of this section and, in addition thereto, shall indicate those 61 services for which charges are to be made over and above that 62 63 amount. In the case of any service for which a fee is not fixed 64 by this section, or the fee fixed is based on time expended, 65 the voucher shall show the actual time personally expended 66 by the supervisor or commissioner, to the nearest tenth of an 67 hour. All such vouchers shall be verified prior to submission to the county commission for approval. Upon approval of any 68 69 such voucher, the same shall be charged against the estate to which the same applies. In reviewing any fee charged by either 70 71 the fiduciary supervisor or a fiduciary commissioner the 72 county commission shall consider the following:
- 73 (1) The time and effort expended;
- 74 (2) The difficulty of the questions raised;
- 75 (3) The skill required to perform properly the services

76 rendered:

- (4) The reasonableness of the fee:
- 78 (5) Any time limitations imposed by the personal represen-79 tative, any beneficiary or claimant, or by the attendant 80 circumstances; and
 - (6) Any unusual or extraordinary circumstances or demands or conditions imposed by the personal representative, any beneficiary or claimant or by the attendant circumstances. The county commission may approve any such voucher or may reduce the same, as it deems proper, after considering those matters set forth in this subsection. Any such approval shall be by order of the commission and be entered of record by the clerk of the county commission in the fiduciary record book and the general order books of the commission. In no event shall any fee for any service, whether performed by the fiduciary supervisor or the fiduciary commissioner, be fixed, charged or approved which is based upon or with reference to the monetary value of the estate or of the amount in controversy upon any disputed issue or fact of law.
 - (d) For every estate other than a decedent's estate, there shall be charged by the fiduciary supervisor at the time of qualification, a fee of twenty-five dollars, which fee shall include all services performed by the fiduciary supervisor with respect to such estate from the time of qualification of the personal representative thereof until and including the filing of the first annual settlement. For each additional or subsequent annual or triennial settlement, the fiduciary supervisor shall charge and collect a fee of ten dollars.
 - (e) The county commission or other tribunal in lieu thereof, shall, by order, establish or fix a schedule of suggested fees or rates of compensation for the guidance of the fiduciary supervisor and any fiduciary commissioner in preparing their respective vouchers for fees other than those fees fixed by any provision of this section or of this chapter. A copy of these fees or rates shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the county courthouse.

CHAPTER 82

(H. B. 1486-By Delegate Feinberg)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, relating to restrictions on the exercise of power for fiduciary's benefit.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO FIDUCIARIES.

§44-5-13. Restrictions on exercise of power for fiduciary's benefit.

(a) A power conferred upon a person in his capacity as 1 2 fiduciary to make discretionary distributions of principal or

income to himself or to make discretionary allocations in his

favor of receipts or expenses between income and principal

cannot be exercised by him. If the power is conferred on two

or more fiduciaries, it may be exercised by the fiduciaries who

are not so disqualified. If there is no fiduciary qualified to

exercise the power, it may be exercised by a special fiduciary

appointed by the circuit court authorized under article 9

fourteen of this chapter, and in accordance with the procedure 10

11 described therein, to appoint a successor or substitute trustee.

12 Except as provided in subsection (c), this section applies to

all trusts now in existence and to all trusts which shall 13

hereafter come into existence. 14

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(b) Unless either (i) mandatory, (ii) limited by an ascertainable standard relating to the health, education, support or 16 maintenance of the fiduciary or (iii) exercisable by the 17 fiduciary only in conjunction with another person having a 18 substantial interest in the trust which is adverse to the interest 19 of the fiduciary, a power to make distributions of principal or income is a discretionary power for purposes of this section.

22 (c) This section does not apply to trusts that come into 23 existence or are amended after the effective date of this section 24 which show a clear intent that this section not apply.

CHAPTER 83

(S. B. 284—By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President and Senator Tomblin)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the council of finance and administration; providing for membership composition, including authorized voting designees; providing for meetings; council duties to include oversight of federal funds; and specifying compensation and reimbursement for expenses of appointed, non-ex officio members.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§5A-1-3. Council of finance and administration.

- 1 The council of finance and administration is hereby
- 2 created and shall be composed of ten members, four of
- 3 whom shall serve ex officio and six of whom shall be
- 4 appointed as herein provided. The ex officio members shall
- 5 be the governor or his designee, the attorney general or his
- 6 designee, the state treasurer or his designee and the state
- 7 auditor or his designee; such designees being authorized
- 8 voting ones. From the membership of the Legislature, the 9 President of the Senate shall appoint three senators as
- 10 members of the council, not more than two of whom shall be
- 10 members of the council, not more than two of whom shall be 11 members of the same political party, and the Speaker of the
- 11 members of the same political party, and the Speaker of the 12 House shall appoint three delegates as members of the

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13 council, not more than two of whom shall be members of the 14 same political party. Members of the council appointed by 15 the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House 16 shall serve at the will and pleasure of the officer making 17 their appointment. The commissioner of finance and 18 administration shall serve as chairman of the council. 19 Meetings of the council shall be upon call of the chairman or 20 a majority of the members thereof. It shall be the duty of the 21 chairman to call no less than four meetings in each fiscal 22 year, one in each quarter, or more often as necessary, and all 23 meetings shall be open to the public. All meetings of the 24 council shall be held at the capitol building in a suitable 25 committee room which shall be made available by the 26 Legislature for such purpose: Provided, That the second 27 quarterly meeting in each fiscal year shall be held in 28 November and shall be a joint meeting with the joint 29 committee on government and finance of the Legislature 30 called jointly by the President of the Senate, Speaker of the 31 House and commissioner of finance and administration.

The council shall serve the department of finance and 33 administration in an advisory capacity for purposes of 34 reviewing the performance of the administrative and fiscal 35 procedures of the state, including the oversight of all 36 federal funds, and shall have the following duties:

- (1) To advise with the commissioner in respect to matters 37 38 of budgetary intent and efficiency, including budget bill and budget document detail and format; 39
- (2) To advise with the commissioner concerning such studies of government and administration concerning fiscal 41 policy as it may consider appropriate; 42
- (3) To advise with the commissioner in the preparation of 44 studies designed to provide long-term capital planning and finance for state institutions and agencies; and
- (4) To advise with the commissioner in respect to the 46 application for, and receipt and expenditure of, anticipated 47 or unanticipated federal funds.

The appointed, non-ex officio members of the council 49 50 shall be entitled to receive such compensation and 51 reimbursement for expenses in connection with 52 performance of their duties, during interim periods, if not 53 otherwise receiving the same for such identical periods, as 54 is authorized by the applicable sections of article two-a,

- 55 chapter four of the code in respect to performance of duties
- 56 either within the state or, if deemed necessary, out-of-state.
- 57 Such compensation and expenses shall be incurred and paid
- 58 only after approval by the joint committee on government
- 59 and finance.

CHAPTER 84

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 680—By Senator Boettner)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifty-eight, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty-one of said code, all relating to allowing the operator of a gun repair shop to be exempt from the statutory prohibition, subject to rules and regulations prescribed by the director of the department of natural resources.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifty-eight, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty-one of said code, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 20. Natural Resources.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-58. Shooting across road or near building or crowd; penalty.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or discharge
- 2 any firearms across or in any public road in this state, at
- 3 any time, or within four hundred feet of any school-
- 4 house or church, or within five hundred feet of any

5 dwelling house, or on or near any park or other place 6 where persons gather for purposes of pleasure, and any 7 person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor: 8 Provided, That any person operating a gun repair shop, 9 licensed to do business in the state of West Virginia and 10 duly licensed under applicable federal statutes, may be 11 exempted from the prohibition established by this section and section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty-one of 12 this code for the purpose of test firing a firearm. The 13 14 director of the department of natural resources shall 15 prescribe such rules as may be necessary to carry out the purpose of the exemption under this section and section 16 twelve, article seven, chapter sixty-one and shall ensure 17 18 that any person residing in any dwelling home within five hundred feet of such gun repair shop be given an 19 opportunity to protest the granting of such exemption. 20

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT. ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

§61-7-12. Shooting across road or near building or crowd; penalty.

1 It shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or discharge any firearms across or in any public road in this state, at any time, or within four hundred feet of any schoolhouse or church, or within five hundred feet of any dwelling house, or on or near any park or other place where persons gather for purposes of pleasure, and any person violating this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, 7 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 8 ten nor more than one hundred dollars, or, be imprisoned 10 in the county jail not more than one hundred days for 11 each offense: Provided, That any person operating a gun . 11 repair shop, licensed to do business in the state of West 12 Virginia and duly licensed under applicable federal 13 statutes, may be exempted from the prohibition estab-14 lished by this section and section fifty-eight, article two, 15 16 chapter twenty of this code for the purpose of test firing a firearm. The director of the department of natural 17 resources shall prescribe such rules as may be necessary 18 to carry out the purposes of the exemption under this

- 20 section and section fifty-eight, article two, chapter
- 21 twenty, and shall ensure that any person residing in any
- 22 dwelling home within five hundred feet of such gun
- 23 repair shop be given an opportunity to protest the grant-
- 24 ing of such exemption.

CHAPTER 85

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 162—By Senators Kaufman and Holliday)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifty-b, article twentyfour, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one
thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to
amend and reenact section two, article seventeen, chapter
twenty-seven of said code, all relating to group residential
facilities; permitted use; restrictions; health director or
commissioner of department of human services to give
notice and hold hearings upon objection of request upon
application for operation of group residential facility in area
limited to single-family residences; board of health
regulations; reconsiderations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifty-b, article twenty-four, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article seventeen, chapter twenty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 27. Mentally Ill Persons.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 24. PLANNING AND ZONING.

§8-24-50b. Permitted use for group residential facility.

1 (a) A group residential facility as defined in article

2 seventeen, chapter twenty-seven of this code, shall be a 3 permitted residential use of property for the purposes of 4 zoning and shall be a permitted use in all zones or districts. 5 No county commission, governing board of a municipality 6 or planning commission, shall require a group residential 7 facility, its owner or operator, to obtain a conditional use 8 permit, special use permit, special exception or variance for 9 location of such facility in any zone or district or 10 discriminate in regard to housing in any other regard: 11 Provided, That a county commission, governing board of a 12 municipality or planning commission may require a group 13 residential facility, its owner or operator, to obtain a 14 conditional use permit, special use permit, special 15 exception or variance if the home is to be in a zone or district 16 restricted to single-family residences and is to be occupied 17 by more than six individuals who are developmentally 18 disabled and three supervisors, or is to be occupied by the 19 behaviorally disabled within a zoning district or zone 20 restricted solely to single-family residences with no 21 allowance for duplexes, apartments or other multi-family 22 use of a single parcel of property.

23 (b) When an application to operate such a group 24 residential facility in a district or zone limited to single-25 family residences is submitted to the department of health 26 or the department of human services for the issuance of a 27 license, as required by the provisions of said article 28 seventeen, chapter twenty-seven, upon receipt of said 29 application, the director of the department of health or the 30 commissioner of the department of human services shall 31 give written notice of such application to the county 32 commission, governing board of a municipality or planning 33 commission within whose jurisdiction the proposed facility 34 lies. The county commission, governing board of a 35 municipality or planning commission shall have thirty days 36 in which to file objections or request a hearing with the 37 department of health or the department of human services. 38 Upon the filing of such objections or hearing request, the 39 director of the department of health or the commissioner of 40 the department of human services shall hold a hearing. The state board of health shall promulgate regulations governing the conduct of such hearings and applicable 42 standards pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code:

- 44 Provided, That the owner or operator of such group
- 45 residential facility shall, in all cases of such facilities
- 46 located within zoning districts or zones, submit an
- 47 application for any required zoning or occupancy permit
- 48 allowed under provisions of this section to the appropriate
- 49 zoning permit agency on or before the date of submission of
- 50 the application to the department of health or the
- 51 department of human services.
- 52 (c) The provisions of this section shall not exempt any
- 53 such residence from the structural requirements of any
- 54 bona fide historic preservation district.

CHAPTER 27. MENTALLY ILL PERSONS.

ARTICLE 17. GROUP RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES.

§27-17-2. Permitted use of group residential facilities; restrictions.

- 1 (a) A group residential facility shall be a permitted
 - 2 residential use of property for the purposes of zoning and
 - 3 shall be a permitted use in all zones or districts. No county
 - 4 commission, governing board of a municipality or planning
 - 5 commission shall require a group residential facility, its
 - 6 owner or operator, to obtain a conditional use permit,
 - 7 special use permit, special exception or variance for
- 8 location of such facility in any zone or district: Provided,
- 9 That no more than one such facility may be located on the
- 10 same block face in any municipality, or within twelve
- 11 hundred feet, measured from front door to front door, in any
- 12 area not within a municipality: Provided, however, That
- 13 the owner or operator of such group residential facility
- 14 shall, in all cases of such facilities located within zoning
- 15 districts or zones, submit an application for any required
- 16 zoning or occupancy permit allowed under provisions of
- 17 this section to the appropriate zoning permit agency on or
- 18 before the date of submission of the application to the
- 19 department of health or the department of human services.
- 20 (b) Any resident of the contiguous area of a zoning 21 district limited to single-family or duplex-family
- 22 residences in which a group residential facility is located,
- 23 may file a complaint with the director of the department of
- 24 health or the commissioner of the department of human
- 25 services, as applicable. If the complaint states specific

26 conduct on the part of an individual placed in that facility 27 or other specific facts regarding such individual which 28 adversely affect public health and safety, upon the receipt 29 of such a complaint the director or commissioner shall 30 cause to be made an investigation of the facts alleged. If the 31 director or commissioner determines that the alleged facts 32 may have a substantial basis, the director or commissioner 33 shall cause a full reconsideration of the decision to place 34 that individual in that group residential facility in light of 35 those facts. The results of the reconsideration shall be given 36 to the complainant in writing with an explanation of the 37 reason for the decision: Provided, That this requirement 38 shall not be deemed to authorize the disclosure of 39 information that the director or commissioner would not 40 otherwise disclose without written release by the individual 41 unless a release for this purpose is obtained.

CHAPTER 86

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1104—By Delegate Love and Delegate Flanigan)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-aa, relating to permitting county commissions to create a hazardous material response program for the purpose of responding to hazardous material incidents; to designate current fire fighters, emergency medical services personnel and persons with expertise with hazardous materials to serve on any team established pursuant to program; to conduct affairs of the team; to receive and expend donated funds; to expend its own funds to acquire equipment and materials for the team; to provide training for the entire team; to enter into agreements with other counties to combine or coordinate teams; to combine, share or coordinate team training; and the purchase or lease and use of equipment or materials.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-aa, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-3aa. Authority of county commissions to create and fund a hazardous material accident response program.

1 In addition to all other powers and duties now conferred 2 by law upon county commissions, county commissions are 3 hereby authorized and empowered to create a hazardous material accident response program. The program may include the establishment of a hazardous materials response team. Such a team shall be comprised of the members of the fire departments recognized and approved by the West Virginia 7 fire commission in the county and designated by the county commission and those emergency medical services personnel 10 certified pursuant to article four-c, chapter sixteen of this code who are acting in their official capacity providing ambulance 11 or emergency medical services within the county as designated 12 13 by the county. Such a team may also be comprised of members of the community who are recognized as having expertise with 14 hazardous materials and/or hazardous materials incidents. The 15 purpose of the team is to respond to hazardous material 16 incidents. The affairs of the team shall be conducted at the 17 will and pleasure of the county commission. The team shall 18 operate in cooperation with the county office of emergency 19 services and other approved fire departments. The commission 20 is authorized to receive donated funds and to expend those 21 funds and to expend its own funds for the acquisition of 22 equipment and materials for the use of the team and for the 23 provision of training for the members of the team. The county 24 commission is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with 25 26 other counties to combine or coordinate hazardous material 27 response team training and the purchase or lease and use of 28 equipment or materials.

CHAPTER 87

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1282—By Delegate Hatfield and Delegate White)

[Passed March 29, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, relating to requesting that certain information about hazardous materials be provided to the department of health, and that a list of hazardous materials be developed along with certain other information; providing for the enforcement of the provisions of said article; and providing penalties for violations thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 3A. REPOSITORY OF INFORMATION ON MEDICAL TREAT-MENT FOR CERTAIN HAZARDOUS MATERIALS; REQUEST FOR INFORMATION; PENALTIES; ENFORCEMENT.
- §16-3A-1. Purpose and legislative findings.
- §16-3A-2. Hazardous materials; duties of the director of the department of health; requests for information; penalties; enforcement.

§16-3A-1. Purpose and legislative findings.

- 1 (a) The purpose of this article is to provide a centralized
- 2 repository of information on hazardous materials and to
- 3 identify the chemical elements of such materials, the harmful
- 4 effects of exposure to such materials and the proper
- 5 recommended emergency medical treatment for exposure to
- such hazardous materials.
- 7 (b) The Legislature finds that there is a lack of adequate
- 8 information concerning hazardous materials, present in West
- 9 Virginia, the immediate effects of exposure to such hazardous
- 10 materials on human beings and the appropriate emergency
- 11 medical treatment for exposure to hazardous materials. This
- 12 lack of information increases the medical health risks of
- 13 persons or communities who are exposed to hazardous

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- 14 materials. The prompt availability of this information would
- 15 afford increased protection to persons and communities
- 16 exposed to hazardous materials.

§16-3A-2. Hazardous materials; duties of the director of the department of health; requests for information; penalties; enforcement.

- 1 (a) The director of the West Virginia department of health shall within one hundred eighty days of the passage of this 2 article establish a list of hazardous materials, including their 3 treatment and effect, which have been determined to be, or 4 5 are suspected to be hazardous or toxic to human health. In 6 developing and maintaining this list the director shall give 7 consideration to: (1) The existing list prepared by the 8 commissioner of labor pursuant to section eighteen, article three, chapter twenty-one of this code, (2) any list, publica-9 tion, regulation, report, guideline or other compilation of the 10 occupational health and safety administration of the United 11 States department of labor, (3) any list, publication, regula-12 tion, report, guideline or other compilation of the national 13 institute for occupational safety and health, (4) any list, 14 15 publication, regulation, report, guideline or other compilation of the national fire protection association, (5) any list, 16 publication, regulation, report, guideline or other compilation 17 of the United States environmental protection agency, or (6) 18 any other source considered by the director to be reliable. In 19 determining what hazardous materials to place on the list, the 20 director shall give consideration to: (1) The materials' 21 frequency of use in the state, (2) the frequency of exposure 22 or overexposure of persons in the state to the materials, (3) 23 the seriousness of the effects of such exposure, or (4) such 24 25 other reason as the director may determine to be sufficient.
 - (b) The director of the department of health shall, within ninety days of the preparation of the list described above, determine the immediate health effects of exposure to and the recommended emergency medical treatment of exposure to such hazardous materials and publish such information in a usable form for medical and emergency personnel. The director shall also arrange that this information shall be immediately available to medical or emergency personnel at any time in the event of an accident. The director may do so by storing this information in the West Virginia poison control

- 36 center or in such other manner and form as he may determine.
- 37 The distribution of this information in a medical or other
- 38 emergency to persons other than the medical or emegency
- 39 personnel shall be approved by the director of the department
- 40 of health or his authorized agent who may release such
- 41 information in his discretion notwithstanding the requirements
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- of the freedom of information act, chapter twenty-nine-b of
- 43 this code.

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- (c) The director may accept for any of the purposes of this article all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, conditional or otherwise, from any state, the United States or any other governmental agency, or from any person, firm, association or corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of these in accordance with other state laws.
- (d) The lists referred to in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be updated annually.
- (e) If the director determines that any information on the use, manufacture, transportation or storage of hazardous materials in West Virginia would be of assistance to him, he may request that such information be provided to him by any person, any industry or company, any medical group or person, or any academic institution or person. He may also request from any person information concerning the harmful effects of exposure to such hazardous materials or the best method of medical treatment of such exposures. The information requested of any person, firm or corporation shall be provided to the director within thirty days unless good cause be shown to the satisfaction of the director why such request is unreasonable because of the potential breach of a trade secret.
- (f) Any person, or corporation, that violates the provisions of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars for each violation. When the director believes that a violation has occurred he may request the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county where the violation occurred to file a civil action for civil penalties, or for injunctive or other relief, or both penalties and injunctive or other relief.

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(g) The director shall develop by rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to the provisions of the administrative procedures act, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, a program to assemble and update the hazardous materials list, the information on the immediate medical effects of exposure to such materials and the appropriate emergency medical treatment of persons exposed: Provided, That the list and other information shall not be required to be promulgated pursuant to the administrative procedures act, chapter twentynine-a of this code. The program shall also include the most effective method or methods of distributing this information to medical and emergency personnel. This program shall be developed using the budget provided by the Legislature for this program. The director shall implement this program immediately and it shall be later reviewed by the Legislature through the approval of rules and regulations as provided for in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 88

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 338—By Senator Boettner and Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-one, relating to creating the "Community Right to Know Act"; providing short title; providing legislative findings and declarations; providing definitions; stating duties and responsibilities of the director; procedure for residents to request information on hazardous substances; stating information to be provided by employers; providing for notice of violation; civil penalties and injunctions; providing for the protection of proprietary information; criminal penalties for disclosure; providing for expiration of act upon passage of federal legislation; severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-one, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 31. COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW.

- §16-31-1. Short title.
- §16-31-2. Legislative findings and declarations.
- §16-31-3. Definitions.
- §16-31-4. Duties and responsibilities of the director; procedure for residents to request information on hazardous substances.
- §16-31-5. Information to be provided by employers.
- §16-31-6. Notice of violation; civil penalties.
- §16-31-7 Protection of proprietary information; criminal penalties for disclosure.
- §16-31-8. Expiration of act upon passage of federal legislation.
- §16-31-9. Severability.

§16-31-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "Community Right to Know Act."

§16-31-2. Legislative findings and declarations.

- 1 The Legislature finds that the health and safety of
- 2 persons living in this state may be improved by providing
- 3 access to information regarding hazardous substances to
- 4 which they may be exposed in their daily lives; that
- 5 individuals have a basic right to the information provided
- 6 under this article, including the risks presented by
- 7 hazardous substances, thereby allowing them to make
- 8 reasoned decisions and to take informed actions with
- 9 regard to their living conditions; that the manufacturing
- 10 industry plays a significant role in the economy of this state
- 11 and the lives of its citizens and that the creation, use and
- storage of hazardous substances, given the limits of currenttechnology, is inherent in the operations of this industry;
- 14 and that local fire officials require information about
- 14 and that local fire officials require information about 15 hazardous substances stored in their localities in order to
- 15 nazardous substances stored in their localities in order t
- 16 adequately plan for, and respond to, emergencies.
- 17 The Legislature therefore declares that it is the intent and
- 18 purpose of this article to establish a program for the
- 19 disclosure of information about hazardous substances in
- 20 and near the community, and to provide a procedure

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21 whereby residents of this state may obtain access to such 22 information.

§16-31-3. Definitions.

- (a) "Compressed gas" means:
- 2 (1) A gas or mixture of gases having, in a container, an 3 absolute pressure exceeding 40 psi at 70°F (21.1°C); or
- 4 (2) A gas or mixture of gases having, in a container, an 5 absolute pressure exceeding 104 psi at 130°F (54.4°C) 6 regardless of the pressure at 70°F (21.1°C); or
- 7 (3) A liquid having a vapor pressure exceeding 40 psi at 8 100°F (37.8°C) as determined by ASTM D-323-72.
- 9 (b) "Director" means the director of the state 10 department of health as described in article one of this 11 chapter.
- 12 (c) "Employer" means a person engaged in a business in 13 this state having a standard industrial classification, as 14 designated by the standard industrial classification manual 15 prepared by the federal office of management and budget, 16 within major group members twenty through thirty-nine 17 inclusive.
- 18 (d) "Facility" means the building, structure, equipment 19 and contiguous area used for the conduct of business.
- 20 (e) "Flammable" means a chemical that falls into one of 21 the following categories:
- 22 (1) "Aerosol, flammable" means an aerosol that, when 23 tested by the method described in 16 Code of Federal 24 Regulations, Section 1500.45, yields a flame projection 25 exceeding eighteen inches at full valve opening, or a flash-26 back (a flame extending back to the valve) at any degree of 27 valve opening;
 - (2) "Gas, flammable" means:
- 29 (i) A gas that, at ambient temperature and pressure, 30 forms a flammable mixture with air at a concentration of 31 thirteen (13) percent by volume or less; or
- 32 (ii) A gas that, at ambient temperature and pressure, 33 forms a range of flammable mixtures with air wider than 34 twelve (12) percent by volume, regardless of the lower limit;
- 35 (3) "Liquid, flammable" means any liquid having a 36 flash point below 100°F (37.8°C), except any mixture having 37 components with flash points of 100°F (37.8°C) or higher,

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38 the total of which make up ninety-nine percent or more of 39 the total volume of the mixture; and

- (4) "Solid, flammable" means a solid, other than a 40 41 blasting agent or explosive as defined in 29 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1910.109(a), that is liable to cause fire 42 43 through friction, absorption of moisture, spontaneous chemical change, or retained heat from manufacturing or processing, or which can be ignited readily and when ignited burns so vigorously and persistently as to create a 46 serious hazard. A chemical shall be considered to be a 47 48 flammable solid if, when tested by the method described in 16 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1500.44, it ignites 49 50 and burns with a self-sustained flame at a rate greater than 51 one tenth of an inch per second along its major axis.
- (f) "Flash point" means the minimum temperature at 53 which a liquid gives off a vapor in sufficient concentration 54 to ignite when tested as follows:
- (1) Tagliabus Closed Tester (See American National 55 56 Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Tag Closed 57 Tester, Z11.24-1979 (ASTM D 56-79)) for liquids with a 58 viscosity of less than forty-five Saybolt Universal Seconds 59 (SUS) at 100°F (37.8°C), that do not contain suspended 60 solids and do not have a tendency to form a surface film 61 under test; or
- 62 (2) Pensky-Martens Closed Tester (See American 63 National Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by 64 Pensky-Martens Closed Tester, Z11.7-1979 (ASTM 65 D93-79)) for liquids with a viscosity equal to or greater than 66 forty-five SUS at 100°F (37.8°C), or that contain suspended 67 solids, or that have a tendency to form a surface film under 68 test; or
- (3) Setaflash Closed Tester (See American National 70 Standard Method of Test for Flash Point by Setaflash 71 Closed Tester (ASTM D 3278-78)): Provided, That organic 72 peroxides, which undergo autoaccelerating thermal 73 decomposition, are excluded from any of the flash point 74 determination methods specified above.
- (g) "Hazardous substance" means any element, 76 chemical compound or mixture of elements and/or 77 compounds which is a physical hazard as defined in this 78 section or a health hazard as defined or listed in (1) the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration in

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- 80 29 Code of Federal Regulations Part 1910.1000 through
- 81 1910.1045, Subpart Z, as in effect January 1, 1985; (2) the
- 82 American Conference of Governmental Industrial
- 83 Hygienists (ACGIH) "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical
- 84 Substances and Physical Agents in the Work
- 85 Environment", as in effect January 1, 1985; and (3) the
- 86 National Toxicology Program "Annual Report on
- 87 Carcinogens" as in effect January 1, 1985.
- 88 (h) "Hazardous substances fact sheet" means any 89 document containing the information described in subdivi-90 sion (1) through (8), subsection (a), section five of this 91 article.
 - (i) "Organic peroxide" means an organic compound that contains the bivalent -0-0-structure and which may be considered to be a structural derivative of hydrogen peroxide where one or both of the hydrogen atoms has been replaced by an organic radical.
 - (j) "Oxidizer" means a chemical other than a blasting agent or explosive as defined in 29 Code of Federal Regulations Part 1910.109(a), that initiates or promotes combustion in other materials, thereby causing fire either by itself or through the release of oxygen or other gases.
- 102 (k) "Person" means an individual, trust, firm, joint 103 stock company, public, private or government corporation, 104 partnership, association, state or federal agency, the United 105 States government, the state of West Virginia or any other 106 state, municipality, county commission or any other 107 political subdivision of a state or any interstate body.
- 108 (l) "Physical hazard" means a chemical for which there 109 is scientifically valid evidence that it is a combustible 110 liquid, a compressed gas, explosive, flammable, an organic 111 peroxide, an oxidizer, pyrophoric, unstable (reactive) or 112 water reactive.
- 113 (m) "Proprietary information" means any formula, 114 pattern, device, or compilation of information which is used 115 in an employer's business, and which gives said employer an 116 opportunity to obtain an advantage over competitors who 117 do not know or use it.
- 118 (n) "Pyrophoric" means a chemical that will ignite 119 spontaneously in air at a temperature of 130°F (54.4°C) or 120 below.
- 121 (o) "Storage" or "to store" means to hold a hazardous

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- 122 substance for a temporary period, at the end of which the hazardous substance is used on site, transported off site, or 123 treated, stored or disposed of elsewhere. 124
- (p) "Unstable (reactive)" means a chemical which in the 125 pure state, or as produced or transported, will vigorously 126 127 polymerize, decompose, condense, or will become selfreactive under conditions of shocks, pressure or 128 129 temperature.
- (q) "Water-reactive" means a chemical that reacts with 130 131 water to release a gas that is either flammable or presents a 132 health hazard.

§16-31-4. Duties and responsibilities of the director; procedure for residents to request information on hazardous substances.

- (a) Within thirty days of the passage of this article, the 1 2 director shall develop a list of hazardous substances as 3 defined in subsection (g), section three of this article. The 4 director shall provide this list and the definition of a physical hazard to any employer who may request it.
- (b) The director shall, by the first day of June, one 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and every two years thereafter, review the most recent editions of the publications referenced in subsection (g), section three of 10 this article to determine whether there have been any additions to or deletions of hazardous substances listed in 11 12 those publications. Where such additions or deletions have been made, and unless the director is presented with clear 13 14 and compelling reasons to the contrary, the list of hazardous substances covered by subsection (g), section three of this article shall be revised to reflect the changes 16 made in the referenced publications. Such revisions shall be 17 made in accordance with the administrative procedures act, 18 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The director shall make 19 available such revised list and the definition of a physical 20 hazard to any employer who may request it. 21
- (c) Any resident of this state may request from the director a copy of any hazardous substance fact sheet and 24 other information submitted by an employer for any facility. The director, subject to the provisions of section six 26 of this article, shall transmit the requested information within ten working days. The director may recover the

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28 actual cost of copying the requested information from the 29 person making the request.

§16-31-5. Information to be provided by employers.

- (a) Any employer who normally stores any hazardous 2 substance in quantities greater than fifty-five gallons or 3 five hundred pounds shall provide to the director, the 4 county sheriff of the county, and to the fire chief of the local 5 fire department most proximate to the facility at which 6 such substance is stored within four months of the effective 7 date of this article and once every two years thereafter 8 during the month of November, the following information:
- (1) The chemical name or common name used on the 9 10 material safety data sheet and/or container label;
- (2) Physical and major chemical characteristics of the 11 12 hazardous substance (such as vapor pressure, flash point, 13 solubility):
- (3) The physical hazards of the hazardous chemical, 15 including the potential for fire, explosion and reactivity;
- 16 (4) The health hazards of a hazardous substance including signs and symptoms of exposure, and any medical 17 conditions which are generally recognized as being 18 activated by exposure to such substance; 19
- (5) The primary route(s) of entry (inhalation, physical 20 contact): 21
 - (6) Any generally applicable precautions for safe handling and use which are known to the employer;
 - (7) Emergency and first-aid procedures and the name and address of the manufacturer of the hazardous substance, if other than the employer, if said manufacturer can provide additional information on the hazardous substance and appropriate emergency procedures, if necessary:
- 30 (8) Whether the substance is listed in the National Toxicology Program "Annual Report of Carcinogens", 31 referenced in subsection (g), section three of this article; 32 33
- (9) An average quantity of each hazardous substance on 34 inventory at the facility over the last year to be reported by 35 indicating the applicable range from the following: Five 36 hundred pounds to four thousand nine hundred ninety-nine 37 pounds, five thousand pounds to forty-nine thousand nine 38 hundred ninety-nine pounds, fifty thousand pounds to four 39 hundred ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine

- 40 pounds and five hundred thousand pounds and above:
 41 Provided, That for purposes of this subsection, "average"
 42 shall mean the arithmetic mean; and
- (10) The amount of such substance, if any: (i) Reported as 43 44 having been managed in the most recent annual hazardous waste report filed with the department of natural resources 45 46 pursuant to article five-e, chapter twenty of this code; (ii) reported as having been emitted in the most recent air 47 emissions inventory filed with the air pollution control 48 commission pursuant to article twenty, chapter sixteen of 49 this code; and (iii) reported as having been discharged in the 50 most recent discharge monitoring report filed with the 51 department of natural resources pursuant to article five-a, 52 chapter twenty of this code: Provided. That the information 53 required in this subdivision is required to be reported to 54 the director only: Provided, however, That if a discharge monitoring report is used to provide the information, an 56 employer shall specify the inclusive time period of the 57 report. 58
- (b) Where an employer stores a hazardous substance that is manufactured by some person other than the employer and where the information required in subdivision (1) through (8), subsection (a) of this section has not been made available by the manufacturer, the employer shall certify to the director that this information is not available and shall thereafter have an additional sixty days within which to provide such information to the director.

§16-31-6. Notice of violation; civil penalties.

- 1 (a) An employer who fails to provide the information 2 to the director under subsection (a), section five of this 3 article within the time period provided shall be deemed in 4 violation of this article. Employers not complying within 5 fourteen days following written notification from the 6 director of such violation shall be subject to civil penalties of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars per 8 violation.
- 9 (b) An employer who fails to provide to the fire chief 10 information as required in subsection (a), section five of 11 this article within the time period provided shall be deemed 12 in violation of this article. Employers not complying within 13 fourteen days following written notification from the

- 14 director of such violation shall be subject to civil penalties15 not to exceed five thousand dollars per violation.
- 16 (c) Any person who willfully, knowingly and 17 deliberately makes any false material statement or 18 representation in any document submitted pursuant to 19 section five of this article shall be subject to a civil penalty 20 of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five 21 thousand dollars per violation.
- 22 (d) When the director believes that a violation of the 23 provisions of this article has occurred he may request the 24 attorney general to file an action for civil penalties, or 25 injunctive relief as may be necessary to enforce the 26 provisions of this article. Such action may be brought in the 27 circuit court of Kanawha County or the county where the 28 employer's facility or a major portion thereof is located.

§16-31-7. Protection of proprietary information; criminal penalties for disclosure.

- 1 (a) In submitting the information required under 2 section five of this article, an employer may withhold the 3 specific chemical identity, including the quantity, the 4 chemical name and other specific identification of a 5 hazardous substance, on the grounds that such information 6 is proprietary information as long as:
- 7 (1) Other information is submitted pursuant to the 8 request which describes the properties and effects of the 9 hazardous substance; and
- 10 (2) The employer specifically indicates the type of 11 information that is being withheld as proprietary 12 information.
- 13 (b) The director may request any or all of the data substantiating the proprietary information claim to 15 determine whether a claim made pursuant to this section is 16 valid. The director shall protect from disclosure any or all 17 information coming into his or her possession when such 18 information is marked by the employer as confidential and 19 shall return all information so marked to the employer at 20 the conclusion of his or her determination.
- 21 (c) The employer shall have thirty days after 22 notification by the director that a proprietary information 23 claim is not valid to request an administrative hearing on

- 24 the determination. Any such hearing shall be held in a 25 manner consistent with that provided for hearings in 26 contested cases under article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of 27 this code, with the right to appeal such ruling to the circuit 28 court of Kanawha County. No information relating to the 29 proprietary information claim shall be communicated outside the department of health while the director's ruling 31 is being contested.
- (d) An employer shall provide to a physician any 33 information for which a proprietary information claim is 34 pending or has been approved pursuant to this section when 35 such information is needed for medical diagnosis or 36 treatment. The employer may require that the physician 37 sign an agreement protecting the confidentiality of 38 information disclosed pursuant to this subsection as soon as 39 circumstances permit.
- (e) The subject of any proprietary information claim 40 pending or approved shall be treated as confidential 42 information.
- 43 (f) Any person who knowingly and willingly divulges or 44 discloses any information entitled to protection under this 45 section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 46 thereof, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, 47 or imprisoned for not more than six months, or both fined and imprisoned.

§16-31-8. Expiration of act upon passage of federal legislation.

The Legislature recognizes that the United States 2 Congress is considering the adoption of legislation relating 3 to the dissemination of information to the public regarding 4 hazardous substances stored in or near their communities. 5 It is the intention of the Legislature that upon the passage of 6 federal legislation which would assure access by citizens of 7 this state to information substantially similar to that which 8 they could obtain under this article, this article shall be 9 subject to expiration, and therefore have no further effect. 10 It shall be the responsibility of the director, upon the 11 passage of such legislation by the United States Congress, 12 to certify to the legislative rule-making review committee that such federal action has occurred. Such certification 13 shall be subject to all of the procedures set out in chapter

- 15 twenty-nine-a of this code, relating to the promulgation of a
- 16 legislative rule.

§16-31-9. Severability.

- Except where this act is declared to have no effect and be
- 2 void pursuant to section eight of this article, if any section,
- 3 part or provision of this article or the application thereof to
- 4 any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional or
- 5 invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not
- 6 affect any other section, part or provision of this article or
- 7 its application, and to this end the provisions of this article
- 8 are declared severable.

CHAPTER 89

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 649—By Senator Whitacre)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend sections seven, eight, twelve, thirteen, fifteen and twenty-one, article five-e, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authority and jurisdiction of the state board of health in establishing standards regarding hazardous waste; ownership of hazardous waste sites or facilities requiring permit; employee access to records regarding generation and transportation of hazardous waste; authority of chief of division of water resources to issue order requiring elimination of hazard, or risk of hazard, where potential hazard to human health or environment exists; criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven, eight, twelve, thirteen, fifteen and twentyone, article five-e, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5E. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

- §20-5E-7. Authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies.
- §20-5E-8. Permit process; undertaking activities without a permit.

- §20-5E-12. Inspections; right of entry; sampling; reports and analyses; subpoenas.
- §20-5E-13. Monitoring, analysis and testing.
- §20-5E-15. Criminal penalties.
- §20-5E-21. Appropriation of funds; hazardous waste management fund created.

§20-5E-7. Authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies.

(a) The commissioner of highways, in consultation with 2 the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and 3 avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable 4 with rules and regulations required to be promulgated 5 pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-6 making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of 7 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall promulgate, as 8 necessary, rules and regulations governing the 9 transportation of hazardous wastes by vehicle upon the 10 roads and highways of this state. Such rules and regulations 11 shall be consistent with applicable rules and regulations 12 issued by the federal department of transportation and 13 consistent with this article: Provided, That such rules and 14 regulations shall apply to the interstate transportation of 15 hazardous wastes as well as the intrastate transportation of 16 such waste within the boundaries of this state.

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the commissioner of highways elsewhere by law with respect to the transportation of hazardous waste, the commissioner of highways has the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent, or any authorized employee or agent of the department of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article. The limitations of this subsection shall not affect in any way the powers of the department of highways with respect to weight enforcement.

29 (b) The public service commission, in consultation with 30 the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and 31 avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable 32 with rules and regulations required to be promulgated 33 pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-34 making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of 35 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall promulgate, as 36 necessary, rules and regulations governing the

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transportation of hazardous wastes by railroad in this state. Such rules and regulations shall be consistent with 38 applicable rules and regulations issued by the federal 39 40 department of transportation and consistent with this article: Provided, That such rules and regulations apply to 41 the interstate transportation of hazardous wastes as well as 42 the intrastate transportation of such wastes within the 43 boundaries of this state. 44

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers 46 conferred upon the public service commission elsewhere by law with respect to the transportation of hazardous waste. the public service commission has the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the department of natural resources. as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article.

53 (c) The rules and regulations required to be 54 promulgated pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this 55 section shall apply equally to those persons transporting 56 hazardous wastes generated by others and to those 57 transporting hazardous wastes they have generated 58 themselves or combinations thereof. Such rules and 59 regulations shall establish such standards, applicable to 60 transporters of hazardous waste identified or listed under 61 this article, as may be necessary to protect public health, safety and the environment. Such standards shall include, 63 but need not be limited to, requirements respecting (A) 64 record keeping concerning such hazardous waste 65 transported, and their source and delivery points, (B) 66 transportation of such waste only if properly labeled, (C) 68 compliance with the manifest system referred to in 69 subdivision (3), subsection (a), section six of this article, and (D) transportation of all such hazardous waste only to the 70 hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities 71 which the shipper designates on the manifest form to be a 72 facility holding a permit issued under: (1) This article or any 73 rule and regulation required by this article to be 74 promulgated; (2) Subtitle C of the federal Solid Waste 75 76 Disposal Act, as amended; (3) the laws of any other state which has an authorized hazardous waste program 77 78 pursuant to Section 3006 of the federal Solid Waste

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79 Disposal Act, as amended; or (4) Title I of the federal Marine 80 Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act.

(d) The state board of health of the state department of health, in consultation with the director of the department of natural resources, and avoiding inconsistencies with, and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director of the department of natural resources or any other rule-making authority, shall promulgate rules and regulations establishing standards applicable to permitting, licensing and operation of facilities that treat, store or dispose of hazardous wastes with infectious characteristics. Such rules and regulations shall specify the terms, conditions and procedures under which the state director of health or his authorized representative shall issue, modify, suspend, revoke or deny such permits required pursuant to those regulations. Such permits as the board of health regulations may require shall be issued by the state director of health or his authorized representative. All rules and regulations promulgated under this subsection shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to diminish or alter the authority of the air pollution control commission or its director under this article or article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code: Provided, That such permitting or licensing required by this subsection shall be in addition to those permits required by section eight of this article. Such rules and regulations shall be consistent with this article and shall be promulgated within six months of the effective date of this article.

Any person aggrieved or adversely affected by an order of the state director of health pursuant to this article, or the denial or issuance of a permit, or the failure or refusal of said director to act within a reasonable time on an application for a permit or the terms or conditions of a permit granted under the provisions of this article, may appeal to a special hearing examiner appointed to hear contested cases in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. All procedures for appeal and conduct of hearings shall comply with rules and regulations promulgated by the state board of health.

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121 Unless the board of health directs otherwise, the appeal 122 hearing shall be held in the city of Charleston, Kanawha 123 County.

124 In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers 125 conferred upon the state director of health elsewhere by law 126 with respect to hazardous waste with infectious 127 characteristics, the state director of health shall have the 128 same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted 129 to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any 130 authorized employee or agent of the department of natural 131 resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, 132 thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this 133 article.

- (e) The director shall rely, to the maximum extent practicable, on the department of health for expertise on the adverse effects of toxic hazardous waste on human health.
- (f) The air pollution control commission, in consultation 139 with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable 140 141 with rules and regulations required to be promulgated 142 pursuant to this article by the director or any other rulemaking authority, and in accordance with the provisions of 143 article twenty, chapter sixteen and chapter twenty-nine-a 144 of this code, shall promulgate such rules and regulations 145 establishing air pollution performance standards and 146 147 permit requirements and procedures as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of this article. Such permits 148 shall be in addition to those permits required by section 149 eight of this article. All rules and regulations promulgated 150 pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with this article.

With respect to this article, and any rules or regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, the director of the air pollution control commission has the same enforcement and inspection powers as those of the chief under sections 157 eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article: Provided, That no action for penalties may be initiated by the director of the air 160 pollution control commission without the approval of that commission. Any person aggrieved or adversely affected by an order of the director of the air pollution control

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163 commission made and entered in accordance with the provisions of this article, or by the failure or refusal of said 164 165 director to act within a reasonable time on an application 166 for a permit or by the issuance or denial of or by the terms 167 and conditions of a permit granted under the provisions of 168 this article, may appeal to the air pollution control 169 commission in accordance with the procedure set forth in 170 section six, article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code, and 171 orders made and entered by said commission shall be 172 subject to judicial review in accordance with the 173 procedures set forth in section seven, article twenty, 174 chapter sixteen of this code, except that as to cases 175 involving an order granting or denying an application for a 176 permit, revoking or suspending a permit or approving or 177 modifying the terms and conditions of a permit or the 178 failure to act within a reasonable time on an application for 179 a permit, the petition for judicial review shall be filed in the 180 circuit court of Kanawha County.

- (g) The director of the department of natural resources 182 has exclusive responsibility for carrying out any requirement of this article with respect to coal mining 184 wastes or overburden for which a permit is issued under the surface coal mining and reclamation act of 1980, article six of this chapter.
- (h) To the extent that this article relates to activities 188 with respect to oil and gas wells, liquid injection wells and 189 waste disposal wells now regulated by articles four, four-b 190 and seven, chapter twenty-two of this code, the 191 administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow 192 gas-well review board has the jurisdiction with respect to 193 the regulation of such activities and shall promulgate such 194 rules and regulations as may be necessary to comply with 195 the requirements of this article: Provided, That nothing in 196 this subsection may be construed to diminish or alter the authority and responsibility of the chief or the water 197 198 resources board under articles five and five-a, chapter 199 twenty of this code.

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers 201 conferred upon the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board elsewhere by law, with respect to hazardous wastes, the administrator of the 203 office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board

- have the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the department of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article.
- 211 (i) The water resources board, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistency with and avoiding 212 duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules 213 and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to 214 this article by the director or any other rule-making 215 216 authority, and in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall, as necessary, promulgate 217 rules and regulations governing discharges into the waters 218 of this state of hazardous waste resulting from the 219 220 treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste as may be required by this article. Such rules and regulations shall be 221 222 consistent with this article.
- 223 (j) All rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to 224 this section shall be consistent with rules and regulations 225 promulgated by the federal environmental protection 226 agency pursuant to the federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as 227 amended.
- 228 (k) The director shall submit his written comments to 229 the legislative rule-making review committee regarding all 230 rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article.

§20-5E-8. Permit process; undertaking activities without a permit.

(a) No person may own, construct, modify, operate or 1 close any facility or site for the treatment, storage or 2 disposal of hazardous waste identified or listed under this article, nor shall any person store, treat or dispose of any 4 such hazardous waste without first obtaining a permit from 5 the chief for such facility, site or activity and all other 6 permits as required by law. Such permit shall be issued, 7 after public notice and opportunity for public hearing, 8 upon such reasonable terms and conditions as the chief may 9 direct if the application, together with all supporting 10 information and data and other evidence establishes that 11 the construction, modification, operation or closure, as the 12 case may be, of the hazardous waste facility, site or activity 13

- will not violate any provisions of this article or any of the rules and regulations promulgated by the director as required by this article: Provided, That in issuing the permits required by this subsection, the chief shall not regulate those aspects of a hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facility which are the subject of the permitting or licensing requirements of section seven of this article, and which need not be regulated in order for the chief to perform his duties under this article.
 - (b) The chief shall prescribe a form of application for all permits issued by the chief.
 - (c) The chief may require a plan for the closure of such facility or site to be submitted along with an application for a permit which plan for closure shall comply in all respects with the requirements of this article and any rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. Such plan of closure shall be subject to modification upon application by the permit holder to the chief and approval of such modification by the chief.
 - (d) An environmental analysis shall be submitted with the permit application for all hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities which are major facilities as that term may be defined by rules and regulations promulgated by the director: *Provided*, That facilities in existence on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty, need not comply with this subsection. Such environmental analysis shall contain information of the type, quality and detail that will permit adequate consideration of the environmental, technical and economic factors involved in the establishment and operation of such facilities:
 - (1) The portion of the applicant's environmental analysis dealing with environmental assessments shall contain, but not be limited to:
 - (A) The potential impact of the method and route of transportation of hazardous waste to the site and the potential impact of the establishment and operation of such facilities on air and water quality, existing land use, transportation and natural resources in the area affected by such facilities;
- 54 (B) A description of the expected effect of such 55 facilities; and

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- 56 (C) Recommendations for minimizing any adverse 57 impact.
- 58 (2) The portion of the applicant's environmental 59 analysis dealing with technical and economic assessments 60 shall contain, but not be limited to:
 - (A) Detailed descriptions of the proposed site and facility, including site location and boundaries and facility purpose, type, size, capacity and location on the site and estimates of the cost and charges to be made for material accepted, if any;
- 66 (B) Provisions for managing the site following cessation 67 of operation of the facility; and 68 (C) Qualifications of owner and operation including a
 - (C) Qualifications of owner and operation, including a description of the applicant's prior experience in hazardous waste management operations.
- 71 (e) Any person undertaking, without a permit, any of 72 the activities for which a permit is required under this 73 section or under section seven of this article, or any person 74 violating any term or condition under which a permit has 75 been issued pursuant to this section or pursuant to section 76 seven of this article, shall be subject to the enforcement 77 procedures of this article.
- 78 (f) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in 79 subsections (a) through (e) of this section or section seven of 80 this article, any surface coal mining and reclamation permit covering any coal mining wastes or overburden which has 81 82 been issued or approved under the surface coal mining and reclamation act of 1980, article six of this chapter, shall be 83 considered to have all necessary permits issued pursuant to 84 this article with respect to the treatment, storage or 85 disposal of such wastes or overburden. Rules and 86 87 regulations promulgated under this article are not applicable to treatment, storage or disposal of coal mining 88 wastes and overburden which are covered by such a permit.

§20-5E-12. Inspections; right of entry; sampling; reports and analyses; subpoenas.

1 (a) The chief or any authorized representative, 2 employee or agent of the division, upon the presentation of 3 proper credentials and at reasonable times, may enter any 4 building, property, premises, place, vehicle or permitted 5 facility where hazardous wastes are or have been generated,

- treated, stored, transported or disposed of for the purpose of making an investigation with reasonable promptness to ascertain the compliance by any person with the provisions of this article or the rules and regulations promulgated by the director or permits issued by the chief hereunder.
- (b) The chief or his authorized representative, employee or agent shall make periodic inspections at every permitted facility as necessary to effectively implement and enforce the requirements of this article or the rules and regulations promulgated by the director or permits issued by the chief hereunder. After an inspection is made, a report shall be prepared and filed with the chief and a copy of such inspection report shall be promptly furnished to the person in charge of such building, property, premises, place, vehicle or facility. Such inspection reports shall be available to the public in accordance with the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.
 - (c) Whenever the chief has cause to believe that any person is in violation of any provision of this article, any condition of a permit issued by the chief, any order or any regulation promulgated by the director under this article, he shall immediately order an inspection of the building, property, premises, place, vehicle or permitted facility at which the alleged violation is occurring.
- (d) The chief or any authorized representative, employee or agent of the division may, upon presentation of proper credentials and at reasonable times, enter any establishment, building, property, premises, vehicle or other place maintained by any person where hazardous wastes are being or have been generated, transported, stored, treated or disposed of to inspect and take samples of wastes, soils, air, surface water and groundwater and samples of any containers or labelings for such wastes. In taking such samples, the division may utilize such sampling methods as it determines to be necessary, including, but not limited to, soil borings and monitoring wells. If the representative, employee or agent obtains any such samples, prior to leaving the premises, he shall give to the owner, operator or agent in charge a receipt describing the sample obtained and, if requested, a portion of each such sample equal in volume or weight to the portion retained.

The division shall promptly provide a copy of any analysis 48 made to the owner, operator or agent in charge.

49 (e) Upon presentation of proper credentials and at 50 reasonable times, the chief or any authorized representative, employee or agent of the division shall be 51 52 given access to all records relating to the generation, 53 transportation, storage, treatment or disposal of hazardous waste in the possession of any person who generates, stores, 54 treats, transports, disposes of, or otherwise handles or has 55 handled such waste, the chief or an authorized 56 representative, employee or agent shall be furnished with 57 58 copies of all such records or given the records for the 59 purpose of making copies. If the chief, upon inspection, 60 investigation or through other means, observes or learns of 61 a violation or probable violation of this article, he is 62 authorized to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum 63 and to order the attendance and testimony of witnesses and 64 to compel the production of any books, papers, documents, 65 manifests and other physical evidence pertinent to such 66 investigation or inspection.

§20-5E-13. Monitoring, analysis and testing.

- (a) If the chief determines, upon receipt of any 2 information, that (1) the presence of any hazardous waste at 3 a facility or site at which hazardous waste is, or has been, 4 stored, treated or disposed of, or (2) the release of any such 5 waste from such facility or site may present a substantial 6 hazard to human health or the environment, he may issue an 7 order requiring the owner or operator of such facility or site 8 to conduct such monitoring, testing, analysis and reporting 9 with respect to such facility or site as the chief deems 10 reasonable to ascertain the nature and extent of such 11 hazard.
- 12 (b) In the case of any facility or site not in operation at 13 the time a determination is made under subsection (a) of 14 this section with respect to the facility or site, if the chief 15 finds that the owner of such facility or site could not 16 reasonably be expected to have actual knowledge of the 17 presence of hazardous waste at such facility or site and of its 18 potential for release, he may issue an order requiring the 19 most recent previous owner or operator of such facility or
- 20 site who could reasonably be expected to have such actual

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knowledge to carry out the actions referred to in subsection (a) of this section. 22

- (c) An order under subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall require the person to whom such order is issued to submit to the chief within thirty days from the issuance of such order a proposal for carrying out the required monitoring, testing, analysis and reporting. The chief may, after providing such person with an opportunity to confer with the chief respecting such proposal, require such person to carry out such monitoring, testing, analysis and reporting in accordance with such proposal, and such modifications in such proposal as the chief deems reasonable to ascertain the nature and extent of the hazard.
- (d) The following duties shall be carried out by the chief:
- (1) If the chief determines that no owner or operator referred to in subsection (a) or (b) of this section is able to conduct monitoring, testing, analysis or reporting 38 satisfactory to the chief, if the chief deems any such action carried out by an owner or operator to be unsatisfactory or if the chief cannot initially determine that there is an owner 41 or operator referred to in subsection (a) or (b) of this section 42 43 who is able to conduct such monitoring, testing, analysis or reporting, he may conduct monitoring, testing or analysis 45 (or any combination thereof) which he deems reasonable to 46 ascertain the nature and extent of the hazard associated 47 with the site concerned, or authorize a state or local 48 authority or other person to carry out any such action, and require, by order, the owner or operator referred to in subsection (a) or (b) of this section to reimburse the chief or other authority or person for the costs of such activity.
 - (2) No order may be issued under this subsection requiring reimbursement of the costs of any action carried out by the chief which confirms the results of the order issued under subsection (a) or (b) of this section.
 - (e) If the monitoring, testing, analysis and reporting conducted pursuant to this section indicates that a potential hazard to human health or the environment may or does exist, the chief may issue an appropriate order requiring that the hazard or risk of hazard be eliminated.
 - (f) The chief may commence a civil action against any person who fails or refuses to comply with any order issued

- 63 under this section. Such action shall be brought in the
- circuit court in which the defendant is located, resides or is 64
- 65 doing business. Such court has jurisdiction to require
- 66 compliance with such order and to assess a civil penalty of
- not to exceed five thousand dollars for each day during 67
- 68 which such failure or refusal occurs.

§20-5E-15. Criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) If any person knowingly (1) transports any hazardous waste identified or listed under this article to a
- facility which does not have a permit required by this
- article, Section 3005 of the federal Solid Waste Disposal
- Act, as amended, the laws of any other state which has an
- authorized hazardous waste program pursuant to Section
- 7 3006 of the federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended,
- or Title I of the federal Marine Protection, Research and 8
- Sanctuaries Act; (2) treats, stores or disposes of any such 9
- 10 hazardous waste either (A) without having obtained a permit required by this article, or by Title I of the Federal
- 11 12 Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act, or by
- Section 3005 or 3006 of the federal Solid Waste Disposal 13
- 14 Act, as amended, or (B) in knowing violation of a material
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- condition or requirement of such permit, he shall be guilty
- of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 16
- to exceed fifty thousand dollars for each day of violation or 17 confined in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than
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- two years, or both such fine and imprisonment or, in the discretion of the court, be confined in jail not more than one 20
- 21 year in addition to the above fine.
- (b) If any person knowingly (1) makes any false material 22 statement or representation in any application, label, 23
- manifest, record, report, permit or other document filed, 24
- maintained or used for purposes of compliance with this 25
- article; or (2) generates, stores, treats, transports, disposes 26
- of or otherwise handles any hazardous waste identified or 27
- listed under this article (whether such activity took place 28 before or takes place after the effective date of this article)
- 29 and who knowingly destroys, alters or conceals any record 30
- required to be maintained under regulations promulgated 31
- by the director pursuant to this article, he shall be guilty of a 32
- misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 33
- not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars, or sentenced to 34

imprisonment for a period not to exceed one year, or bothfined and sentenced to imprisonment for each violation.

- 37 (c) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent 38 violation of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, shall be 39 guilty of a felony, and, upon such conviction, shall be 40 confined in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than 41 three years, or fined not more than fifty thousand dollars for 42 each day of violation, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- (d) Any person who knowingly transports, treats, stores 43 or disposes of any hazardous waste identified or listed 44 pursuant to this article in violation of subsection (a) of this 45 section, or having applied for a permit pursuant to sections 46 seven and eight of this article, and knowingly either (1) fails 47 48 to include in a permit application any material information required pursuant to this article, or rules and regulations 49 promulgated hereunder, or (2) fails to comply with 50 applicable interim status requirements as provided in 51 section ten of this article and who thereby exhibits an 52 unjustified and inexcusable disregard for human life or the 53 safety of others and he thereby places another person in 54 imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall be 55 guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 56 fined not more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars or 57 imprisoned not less than one year nor more than four years 58 or both such fine and imprisonment. 59
- 60 (e) As used in subsection (d) of this section, the term 61 "serious bodily injury" means:
- 62 (1) Bodily injury which involves a substantial risk of 63 death;
 - (2) Unconsciousness;

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- (3) Extreme physical pain;
- (4) Protracted and obvious disfigurement; or
- 67 (5) Protracted loss or impairment of the function of a 68 bodily member, organ or mental faculty.

§20-5E-21. Appropriation of funds; hazardous waste management fund created.

- 1 The net proceeds of all fines, penalties and forfeitures
- 2 collected under this article shall be appropriated as
- 3 directed by Article XII, Section 5 of the Constitution of
- 4 West Virginia. For the purposes of this section, the net
- 5 proceeds of such fines, penalties and forfeitures shall be

- 6 deemed the proceeds remaining after deducting therefrom
- 7 those sums appropriated by the Legislature for defraying
- 8 the cost of administering this article. All permit application
- 9 fees collected under this article shall be paid into the state
- 10 treasury into a special fund designated "The Hazardous
- 11 Waste Management Fund." In making the appropriation for
- 12 defraying the cost of administering this article, the
- 13 Legislature shall first take into account the sums included
- 14 in such special fund prior to deducting such additional
- 15 sums as may be needed from the fines, penalties and
- 16 forfeitures collected pursuant to this article.

CHAPTER 90

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 279—By Senators Spears and Palumbo)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-h, relating generally to approving, ratifying and enacting into law the "Appalachian States Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact" and making the state of West Virginia a party thereto; creating the "Appalachian States Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission"; providing for the appointment of said commissioners for certain terms by the governor: providing for all necessary and incidental powers of the commission for carrying out the compact; authorizing and directing all officers of this state to do what is necessary or incidental to carry out the compact; giving the director of health primary responsibility; powers to be supplemental and not a limitation upon other powers; authorizing and directing the state and it subdivisions to cooperate with the director of health; authorizing the director of health to promulgate rules and regulations; authorizing the director of health, the attorney general and certain county prosecutors to seek injunctions of violations without bond, lack of remedy at law or exhaustion of administrative remedies; authorizing the director of health to remedy certain conditions arising from violations;

authorizing the director of health and the attorney general to prosecute actions for judgments for the costs of remedial actions; authorizing punitive fines and penalties; providing for actions in circuit court as contested cases pursuant to the administrative procedure act; subpoena power; providing criminal felonies, misdemeanors; imprisonment and fines as penalties for violations of the compact, this article or rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the compact or this article; this article and the compact to prevail over inconsistent laws of this state; appropriations; and when article effective.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-h, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1H. APPALACHIAN STATES LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT.

- §29-1H-1. Appalachian states low-level radioactive waste compact approved.
- §29-1H-2. Appointment of members of commission.
- §29-1H-3. Powers of commission, duties of state officers, departments, etc.
- §29-1H-4. Powers granted herein supplemental to other powers vested in commission.
- §29-1 H-5. Cooperation of state agencies, boards, departments, subdivisions,
- §29-1H-6. Rules and regulations.
- §29-1H-7. Enforcement.
- §29-1 H-8. Penalties.
- §29-1H-9. Conflicting laws.
- §29-1H-10. Appropriations.
- §29-1H-11. When article effective.

§29-1H-1. Appalachian states low-level radioactive waste compact approved.

- The following Appalachian States Low-Level 1
- 2 Radioactive Waste Compact, which has been negotiated by
- 3 representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and
- 4 the states of West Virginia, Delaware and Maryland, is
- 5 hereby approved, ratified, adopted, enacted into law, and
- 6 entered into by the state of West Virginia as a party state
- 7 thereto, namely:

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8 Appalachian States Low-Level 9 RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT 10 Preamble

11 WHEREAS, The United States Congress, by enacting the 12 Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 13 U.S.C.§§2021b-2021d) has encouraged the use of interstate 14 compacts to provide for the establishment and operation of 15 facilities for regional management of low-level radioactive 16 waste:

WHEREAS, Under section 4 (a) (1) (A) of the Low-Level 18 Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C.§2021 (a) (l) (A)), 19 each state is responsible for providing for the capacity for 20 disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within its 21 borders:

WHEREAS, To promote the health, safety and welfare of 23 residents within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and 24 the states of West Virginia, Delaware and Maryland, the 25 aforementioned states wish to enter into a compact for the 26 regional management of low-level radioactive waste;

Now, therefore, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and 28 the states of West Virginia, Delaware and Maryland hereby 29 agree to enter into the Appalachian States Low-Level 30 Radioactive Waste Compact.

Article 1 **Definitions**

As used in this compact, unless the context clearly 34 indicates otherwise:

- (a) "Carrier" means a person who transports low-level 36 waste to a regional facility.
- (b) "Commission" means the Appalachian States Low-37 38 Level Radioactive Waste Commission.
- (c) "Disposal" means the isolation of low-level waste 39 40 from the biosphere or other such activity for the disposition 41 of low-level waste that meets applicable federal and state 42 laws and regulations.
- (d) "Facility" means any real or personal property, 44 within the region, and improvements thereof or thereon, 45 and any and all plants, structures, machinery and 46 equipment, acquired, constructed, operated or maintained 47 for the management or disposal of low-level waste.
- (e) "Generate" means to produce low-level waste 48 49 requiring disposal.

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- 50 (f) "Generator" means a person whose activity results in 51 the production of low-level waste requiring disposal.
- (g) "Host state" means Pennsylvania or other party states so designated by the Commission in accordance with 53 Article 3 of this compact. 54
 - (h) "Low-level waste" means radioactive waste that:
- (1) Is neither high-level waste or transuranic waste, nor 57 spent nuclear fuel, nor by-product material as defined in 58 Section 11 (e) (2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 as 59 amended; and
- (2) Is classified by the federal government as low-level 61 waste, consistent with existing law; but does not include 62 waste generated as a result of atomic energy defense 63 activities of the federal government, as defined in Public 64 Law 96-573, or federal research and development activities.
- (i) "Management" means the reduction, collection, 65 66 consolidation, storage, packaging or treatment of low-level 67 waste.
- (j) "Operator" means a person who operates a regional 69 facility.
- (k) "Party state" means any state that has become a 71 party in accordance with Article 5 of this compact.
- (1) "Person" means an individual, corporation, 73 partnership or other legal entity, whether public or private.
- (m) "Region" means the combined geographical area 75 within the boundaries of the party states.
- (n) "Regional facility" means a facility within any party 77 state which has been approved by the Commission for the 78 disposal of low-level waste.
- (o) "Transuranic waste" means low-level waste 80 containing radionuclides with an atomic number greater 81 than 92 which are excluded from shallow-land burial by the 82 federal government.

Article 2

The Commission

- (A) Creation and Organization.
- (1) There is hereby created the Appalachian States 87 Low-Level Radioactive Waste Commission. The 88 Commission is hereby created as a body corporate and 89 politic, with succession for the duration of this compact, as 90 an agency and instrumentality of the governments of the 91 respective signatory parties, but separate and distinct from

- 92 the respective signatory party states. The Commission shall93 have central offices located in Pennsylvania.
- 94 (2) Commission Membership—The Commission shall 95 consist of two voting members from each party state to be 96 appointed according to the laws of each party state, and two 97 additional voting members from each host state to be 98 appointed according to the laws of each host state. The 99 appointing authority of each party state shall notify the 100 Commission in writing of the identities of the members and 101 of any alternates. An alternate may act in the member's 102 absence.
- 103 (3) Compensation—Members of the Commission and 104 alternates shall serve without compensation from the 105 Commission but may be reimbursed for necessary expenses 106 incurred in and incident to the performance of their duties.
- 107 (4) Voting Power—Each Commission member is 108 entitled to one vote. The affirmative vote of a majority of all 109 members is necessary for the Commission to take any 110 action. Notwithstanding this provision and unless 111 otherwise provided in this compact, affirmative votes by a 112 majority of a host state's members are necessary for the 113 Commission to take any action related to the regional 114 facility and the disposal and management of low-level 115 waste within that host state.
- 116 (5) Organization and Procedure.
- 117 (a) The Commission shall provide for its own 118 organization and procedures, and shall adopt bylaws not 119 inconsistent with this compact and any rules and 120 regulations necessary to implement this compact. It shall 121 meet at least once a year and shall elect a chairman from 122 among its members. In the absence of the chairman, the 123 alternate shall serve.
- 124 (b) All meetings of the Commission shall be open to the 125 public with reasonable advance notice. The Commission 126 may, by a majority vote, including approval of a majority of 127 each host state's Commission members, hold an Executive 128 Session closed to the public for the purpose of: Considering 129 or discussing legally privileged or proprietary information; 130 to consider dismissal, disciplining of, or hearing complaints 131 or charges brought against an employee or other public 132 agent unless such person requests such public hearing; or to 133 consult with its attorney regarding information or strategy

- 134 in connection with specific litigation. The reason for the
- 135 Executive Session must be announced during the open
- 136 meeting occurring immediately prior to the Executive
- 137 Session or at the open meeting immediately subsequent to
- 138 the Executive Session. All action taken in violation of this
- 139 open meeting provision shall be null and void.
- (c) Detailed written minutes shall be kept of all 140
- 141 meetings of the Commission. All decisions, files, records
- 142 and data of the Commission shall be open to reasonable
- 143 public inspection and may be copied upon request and
- 144 payment of reasonable fees to be established by the
- 145 Commission, except for information privileged against
- 146 introduction in judicial proceedings, personnel records,
- 147 proprietary information as determined by the Commission,
- 148 and minutes of a properly convened Executive Session.
- (d) The Commission shall select an appropriate staff, 149
- 150 including an executive director, to carry out the duties and
- 151 functions assigned by the Commission. Notwithstanding
- 152 any other provision of law the Commission may hire and/or
- 153 retain its own legal counsel.
- 154 (e) Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the
- 155 Commission which adversely affects the legal rights, duties
- 156 or privileges of such person, may petition a court of
- 157 competent jurisdiction, within sixty days after the
- 158 Commission's final decision, to obtain judicial review of
- 159 said final decisions
- 160 (f) Liabilities of the Commission shall not be deemed
- 161 liabilities of the party states. Members of the Commission
- 162 shall not be personally liable for actions taken in their
- 163 official capacity.
- 164 (B) Powers and Duties.
- 165 (1) The Commission:
- 166 (a) Should encourage reduction of the amount of low-
- 167 level waste generated and low-level waste requiring 168 disposal within the region.
- (b) Shall do whatever is reasonably necessary to ensure 169
- 170 that low-level wastes are safely disposed of within the
- 171 region except that the Commission shall have no power or
- authority to license, regulate or otherwise develop a 172
- regional facility, such powers and authority being reserved
- 174 for the host state(s) as permitted under the law.
- (c) Shall designate as "host states" any party state 175

- 176 which generates twenty-five percent or more of 177 Pennsylvania's volume of low-level waste generated based 178 on a comparison of averages over three successive years, as 179 determined by the Commission.
- (d) Shall ensure that low-level waste packages brought into the regional facility for disposal conform to applicable state and federal regulations. Low-level waste handlers, shippers or generators who persistently violate these regulations will be subject to a fine or other penalty imposed by the Commission, including restricted access to a regional facility. The Commission may impose such fines and/or penalties in addition to any other penalty levied by the party states pursuant to Article 4 (D).
- 189 (e) May establish such advisory committees as it deems 190 necessary for the purpose of advising the Commission on 191 matters pertaining to the management of low-level waste.
- 192 (f) May contract to accomplish its duties and effectuate 193 its powers subject to projected available resources. No 194 contract made by the Commission shall bind a party state.
- 195 (g) Shall prepare contingency plans for management of 196 low-level waste in the event any regional facility should be 197 closed.
- 198 (h) May examine all records of operators of regional 199 facilities pertaining to operating costs, profits or the 200 assessment or collection of any charge, fee or surcharge, and 201 may make recommendations to the host state(s) which shall 202 review the recommendations in accordance with its (their) 203 own sovereign laws.
- 204 (i) Shall have the power to sue and be sued subject to 205 Article 2 (A) (5) (e) and may seek to intervene in any 206 administrative or judicial proceeding.
- 207 (j) May accept any donations, grants, equipment, supplies, materials or services, conditional or otherwise, from any source. The nature, amount and condition, if any, attendant upon any donations, grants or other resources accepted pursuant to this subsection, together with the identity of the donor or grantor, shall be detailed in the annual report of the Commission. Before the Commission may accept any donation, grant, equipment, supplies, materials or services, such gift shall be reviewed by Commission Counsel to study the legality and propriety of such gifts. If the Commission Counsel determines that the

- 218 receipt of such a gift would be contrary to applicable law or 219 would present a conflict of interest, the Commission shall 220 not accept such gift.
- (k) Shall assemble and make available to the party 221 222 states and to the public, information concerning low-level 223 waste management needs, technologies and problems.
- (1) Shall keep current and annual inventories of all 225 generators by name and quantity generated within the 226 region, based upon information provided by the party 227 states.
- (m) Shall keep an inventory of all regional disposal 228 229 facilities, including, but not necessarily restricted to, 230 information on their size, capacity and location, as well as specific wastes capable of being managed, and the 231 232 projected useful life of each regional facility.
- (n) Shall make and publish an annual report to the 233 234 governors of the signatory party states and to the public 235 detailing its programs, operations and finances, including 236 copies of the annual budget and the independent audit 237 required by this compact.
- (o) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 238 239 compact to the contrary, may, with the approval of a 240 majority of the Commission members of the host state(s), 241 enter into agreements with nonparty states or other 242 regional boards for the disposal of low-level waste at the 243 regional facility, if so authorized by law(s) of the host 244 state(s), or other disposal facilities located in states that are 245 not parties to this agreement.
- (C) Budget and Operation. 246
- (1) The Commission shall establish a fiscal year which 247 248 conforms to the fiscal year of the Commonwealth of 249 Pennsylvania.
- (2) Upon legislative enactment of this compact by two 250 251 party states and each year until the regional facility 252 becomes available, the Commission shall adopt a current 253 expense budget for its fiscal year. The budget shall include 254 the Commission's estimated expenses for administration. 255 Such expenses shall be allocated to the party states 256 according to the following formula:

Each designated initial host state will be allocated costs 257 258 equal to twice the costs of the other party states, but such 259 costs will not exceed two hundred thousand dollars.

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260 Each remaining party state will be allocated a cost of one 261 half the cost of the initial host state, but such costs will not 262 exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

263 The party states will include the amounts allocated above in their respective budgets, subject to such review and 264 approval as may be required by their respective budgetary 265 266 processes. Such amounts shall be due and payable to the Commission in quarterly installments during the fiscal 267 268 year:

- (3) For continued funding of its activities, the 270 Commission shall submit an annual budget request to each party state for funding, based upon the percentage of the 271 region's waste generated in each state in the region, as 272 273 reported in the latest available annual inventory required 274 under Article 2 (B) (1) (1).
- 275 The Commission shall prepare and include in the 276 annual report a budget showing anticipated receipts and disbursements for the ensuing year. 277
 - (5) Annual Independent Audit.
- (a) As soon as practicable after the closing of the fiscal 279 280 year, an audit shall be made of the financial accounts of the 281 Commission. The audit shall be made by qualified certified public accountants selected by the Commission, who have 282 no personal direct or indirect interest in the financial 283 affairs of the Commission or any of its officers or employees. 284 The report of audit shall be prepared in accordance with 285 accepted accounting practices and shall be filed with the 286 chairman and such other officers as the Commission shall 287 288 direct. Copies of the report shall be distributed to each 289 Commission member and shall be made available for public 290 distribution.
- (b) Each signatory party by its duly authorized officers 291 292 shall be entitled to examine and audit at any time all of the 293 books, documents, records, files and accounts and all other papers, things or property of the Commission. The 294 representatives of the signatory parties shall have access to 295 296 all books, documents, records, accounts, reports, files and all other papers, things or property belonging to or in use 297 298 by the Commission and necessary to facilitate the audit; 299 and, they shall be afforded full facilities for verifying 300 transactions with the balances or securities held by 301 depositaries, fiscal agents and custodians.

302 Article 3 303 Rights, Responsibilities and 304 Obligations of Party States

- 305 (A) There shall be regional facilities sufficient to 306 dispose of the low-level waste generated within the region. 307 Each regional facility shall be capable of disposing of such 308 low-level waste but in the form(s) required by regulations 309 or license conditions. Specialized facilities for particular 310 types of low-level waste management or disposal may be 311 developed in any party state in accordance with the laws 312 and regulations of such state and applicable federal laws 313 and regulations.
- 314 (B) Each party state shall have equal access as other 315 party states to regional facilities located within the region 316 and accepting low-level waste: *Provided*, That the host 317 state may close the regional facility located within its 318 borders when necessary for public health and safety. 319 However, a host state shall send notification to the 320 Commission in writing within three days of its action, and 321 shall, within thirty working days, provide in writing the 322 reasons for the closing.
- 323 (C) Pennsylvania and party states which generated 324 twenty-five percent or more of the volume of low-level 325 waste generated by Pennsylvania based on a comparison of 326 averages over the three years one thousand nine hundred 327 eighty-two through one thousand nine hundred eighty-four 328 are designated as "initial host states" and are required to 329 develop and host low-level waste sites as regional facilities.
- 330 (D) Party states which generated less than twenty-five percent of the volume of low-level waste generated by Pennsylvania based on a comparison of averages over the years one thousand nine hundred eighty-two through one thousand nine hundred eighty-four shall be exempt from initial host state responsibilities. These states shall continue to be exempt as long as they generate less than the twenty-five percent threshold over successive three-year periods. Once a state generates twenty-five percent or more of the volume generated by Pennsylvania over a successive three-year period, it shall be designated as a "host state" for a thirty-year period by the Commission. Such host state shall be prepared to accept at its regional facility low-level waste at least equal to that generated in the state. With

- 344 Commission approval, any party state may volunteer to 345 host a low-level waste disposal facility.
- 346 (E) Pennsylvania and other host states are obligated to 347 develop regional facilities for the duration of this compact. 348 All regional facilities shall be designated for at least a 349 thirty-year useful life. At the end of the facility's life, 350 normal closure and maintenance procedures shall be 351 initiated in accordance with the applicable requirements of 352 the host state and the federal government. Each host state's 353 obligation for operating regional facilities shall remain as 354 long as the state continues to produce over a three-year 355 period twenty-five percent or more of the volume of low-
- 357 (F) Each host state shall:

356 level waste generated by Pennsylvania.

- 358 (1) Cause a regional facility to be sited and developed on 359 a timely basis.
- 360 (2) Ensure by law, consistent with applicable state and 361 federal law, the protection and preservation of public 362 health and safety in the siting, design, development, 363 licensure, or other regulation, operation, closure, 364 decommissioning and long-term care of the regional facility 365 within the state.
- 366 (3) Ensure that charges for disposal of low-level waste 367 at the regional facility are reasonably sufficient to ensure 368 the safe disposal and perpetual care of the regional facility 369 and that charges are assessed without discrimination as to 370 the party state of origin.
- 371 (4) Submit an annual report to the Commission on the 372 status of the regional facility which contains projections of 373 the anticipated future capacity.
- 374 (5) Notify the Commission immediately if any exigency 375 arises requiring the possible temporary or permanent 376 closure of a regional facility within the state at a time 377 earlier than was projected in the state's most recent annual 378 report to the Commission.
 - (G) Each party state:

- 380 (1) Shall appropriate its portion of the Commission's 381 initial and annual budgets as set out in Article 2 (C) (2) and 382 (3).
- 383 (2) To the extent authorized by federal law shall develop 384 and enforce procedures requiring low-level waste 385 shipments originating within its borders and destined for a

- 386 regional facility to conform to volume reduction, packaging 387 and transportation requirements and regulations as well as 388 any other requirements specified by the regional facility. 389 Such procedures shall include, but are not limited to:
- 390 (i) Periodic inspections of packaging and shipping 391 practices;
- 392 (ii) Periodic inspections of low-level waste containers 393 while in custody of carriers; and
- 394 (iii) Appropriate enforcement actions with respect to 395 violations.
- 396 (3) To the extent authorized by federal law, shall after receiving notification from a host state that a person in a 397 party state has violated volume reduction, packaging, 398 399 shipping or transportation requirements or regulations, 400 take appropriate action to ensure that violations do not 401 recur. Appropriate action may include, but is not limited to, 402 the requirement that a bond be posted by the violator to pay 403 the cost of repackaging at the regional facility and the requirement that future shipments be inspected. 404
- 405 (4) Shall maintain a registry of all generators and 406 quantities generated within the state.
- 407 (H) In the event of liability arising from the operation of any regional facility and during and after closure of that 408 409 facility, each party state shall share in that liability in an 410 amount equal to that state's share of the region's low-level 411 waste disposed of at the facility. If such liability arises from 412 negligence, malfeasance or neglect on the part of a host 413 state or any party state, then any other host or party state(s) may make any claim allowable under law for that 414 negligence, malfeasance or neglect. If such liability arises 415 from a particular waste shipment or shipments to, or 416 417 quantity of waste or condition at, the regional facility, then 418 any host or party state may make any claim allowable under 419 law for such liability.
- 420 (I) A party state which fails to fulfill its obligations, 421 including timely funding of the Commission may have its 422 privileges under the Compact suspended or its membership 423 in the Compact revoked by the Commission and be subject 424 to any other legal and equitable remedies available to the 425 party states.

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426 Article 4 427

Prohibited Acts and Penalties

- 428 (A) It shall be unlawful for any person to dispose of 429 low-level waste within the region except at a regional 430 facility unless authorized by the Commission.
 - After establishment of the regional facility or facilities, it shall be unlawful for any person to dispose of any low-level waste within the region unless the waste was generated within the region or unless authorized to do so both by the Commission and by law of the host state in which said disposal takes place. For the purposes of this Compact, waste generated within the region excludes radioactive material shipped from outside the party states to a waste management facility within the region. In determining whether to grant such authorization, the factors to be considered by the Commission shall include. but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) The impact on the health and safety of the citizens of 443 444 the party states;
- 445 The impact of importing waste on the available capacity and projected life of the regional facility; 446
 - The economic impact on the regional facility; and
 - The availability of a regional facility appropriate for the safe disposal of the type of low-level waste involved.
 - (C) Following the establishment of a regional facility, any and all low-level waste generated within the region shall be disposed of at a regional facility, except for specific cases agreed upon by the Commission, with the affirmative votes by a majority of the Commission members of the host state(s) affected by the decision.
- (D) Generators, shippers and carriers of wastes, and owners and operators of sites shall be liable for their acts, omissions, conduct or relationships in accordance with all laws relating thereto. The party states may impose a fine for any violation in an amount equal to the present and future 461 costs associated with correcting any harm caused by the 462 violation and may assess punitive fines or penalties if it is 463 deemed necessary. In addition, the host state may bar any 464 person who violates host state or federal regulations from 465 using the regional facility until that person demonstrates to 466 the satisfaction of the host state their ability and 467 willingness to comply with the law.

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468 Article 5 469 Eligibility, Entry into Effect, 470 Congressional Consent, Withdrawal

- 471 (A) The states of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Delaware 472 and Maryland, are initially eligible to become parties to this 473 Compact. Other states may be made eligible by unanimous consent of the party states in accordance with the laws of 474 each party state: Provided. That such states be contiguous 475 476 to Pennsylvania.
- 477 (B) An eligible state may become a party state by 478 legislative enactment of this compact or by executive order 479 of the governor adopting this compact: Provided, That a state becoming a party state by executive order shall cease 480 to be a party state upon adjournment of the first general 481 482 session of its Legislature convened thereafter, unless the 483 Legislature shall have enacted this Compact before such 484 adjournment.
- (C) This Compact shall take effect when it has been 486 enacted by the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and one or 487 more eligible states. However, subsections (B) and (C) of Article 4 shall not take effect until Congress has consented to this Compact. Every fifth year after such consent has been given, Congress may withdraw consent.
- 491 (D) A party state may withdraw from the Compact by repealing the enactment of this Compact, but no such 492 493 withdrawal shall become effective until two years after 494 enactment of the repealing legislation. If the withdrawing state is a host state, any regional facility in that state shall 495 496 remain available to receive low-level waste generated 497 within the region until five years after the effective date of 498 the withdrawal.

Article 6 **Construction and Severability**

- 501 (A) The provisions of this Compact shall be broadly 502 construed to carry out the purposes of the Compact, but the 503 sovereign powers of a party state shall not unnecessarily be 504 infringed.
- 505 (B) If any part or application of this Compact is held 506 invalid, the remainder, or its application to other situations 507 or persons, shall not be affected.

§29-1H-2. Appointment of members of Commission.

- 1 In pursuance of Article 2 of the Compact, the governor of
- 2 the state of West Virginia, by and with the advice and
- 3 consent of the Senate, shall appoint two persons as
- 4 members of the Appalachian States Low-Level Radioactive
- 5 Waste Commission from the state of West Virginia, each of
- 6 whom shall be a resident and citizen of the state. The term of
- 7 the member of the Commission first appointed shall be two
- 8 years and of the other shall be four years, and their
- 9 successors shall be appointed by the governor, by and with
- 10 the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms of four years
- 11 each. Each member of the Commission shall hold office
- 12 until his successor has been appointed and qualified.
- 13 Vacancies occurring in the office of any such member for
- 14 any reason or cause shall be filled by appointment by the
- 15 governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate,
- 16 for the unexpired term.

§29-1H-3. Powers of Commission, duties of state officers, departments, etc.

- 1 There is hereby granted to the Commission and members
- 2 of the Commission all of the powers provided for in the
- 3 Compact and all the powers necessary or incidental to the
- 4 carrying out of the Compact in every particular. All officers
- 5 of this state are hereby authorized and directed to do all
- 6 things falling within their respective provinces and
- 7 jurisdiction necessary to or incidental to the carrying out of
- 8 the Compact in every particular, it being hereby declared to
- 9 be the policy of this state to perform and carry out the
- 10 Compact and to accomplish the purposes thereof. The
- 11 director of health shall have the primary responsibility
- 12 therefor.

§29-1H-4. Powers granted herein supplemental to other powers vested in Commission.

- 1 Any powers herein granted to the Commission shall be
- 2 regarded as in aid of and supplemental to and in no case a
- 3 limitation upon any of the powers vested in the Commission
- 4 by other laws of this state, by the other party states, by
- 5 Congress or the terms of the Compact.

§29-1H-5. Cooperation of state agencies, boards, departments, subdivisions, etc.

- 1 The departments, boards, agencies, commissions, officers
- 2 and employees of the state and its subdivisions are
- 3 authorized and directed to cooperate with the director of
- 4 health in the furtherance of any of his activities pursuant to
- 5 the Appalachian States Low-Level Radioactive Waste
- 6 Compact and the provisions of this article.

§29-1H-6. Rules and regulations.

- 1 The director of health is authorized to promulgate and
- 2 adopt rules and regulations as are necessary and incidental
- 3 to the carrying out of the Compact and this article. Such
- 4 authorization shall include, without limitation, rules and
- 5 regulations necessary and incidental to carrying out
- 6 subsection two, section (g), article three of the Compact.
- 7 Such rules and regulations shall be promulgated only in
- 8 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this
- 9 code.

§29-1H-7. Enforcement.

- 1 (a) Following the establishment of a regional facility
- pursuant to the Appalachian States Low-Level Radioactive
- 3 Waste Compact, the director of health, the attorney general
- 4 or the prosecuting attorney of any county in which a
- 5 violation occurs may seek in the name of the state an 6 injunction against any person in violation of any of the
- 7 provisions of said Compact, this article or the rules and
- 8 regulations promulgated pursuant to said Compact or this
- 9 article. In seeking such an injunction it is not necessary for
- 10 the state to post bond nor to allege or prove at any stage of
- 11 the proceeding that irreparable harm will occur if the
- 12 injunction is not issued or that the remedy of the law is
- 13 inadequate. An application for injunctive relief under this
- 14 section may be filed and relief granted notwithstanding the
- 15 fact that all administrative remedies provided for have not
- 16 been exhausted or invoked against the person or persons
- 17 against whom such relief is sought.
- 18 (b) The director of health is hereby authorized to 19 remedy or to contract to remedy any condition he deems a
- 20 threat to public health and safety arising from a violation of

- the Appalachian States Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact, this article or the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the Compact or this article and to proceed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section to recover judgment for the costs thereof.
- 26 (c) Pursuant to section (d), Article 4 of the Appalachian 27 States Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact, the director of health and the attorney general are hereby authorized to 28 29 prosecute actions for judgments pursuant to subsection (b) 30 of this section. The director of health and the attorney 31 general are further authorized to institute actions to assess 32 punitive fines or penalties pursuant to section (d), Article 4 33 of the Compact for violations of the Compact, this article or 34 rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to the Compact 35 or this article. Such actions may be brought at the option of 36 the state in the circuit court of any county in which a violation occurred or may be brought as a contested case 37 38 pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. In any action brought under the provisions of chapter twenty-39 nine-a of this code, the director of health or the attorney 40 general shall have the power to issue subpoenas and 41 subpoenas duces tecum on behalf of the state or any 43 interested party. The punitive fines and penalties may not exceed the fines provided in section eight of this article and 45 may only be sought in lieu thereof.

§29-1H-8. Penalties.

(a) Any person who after the establishment of a regional 1 facility pursuant to the Appalachian States Low-Level 3 Radioactive Waste Compact violates or causes to be 4 violated the provisions of section (a) or section (b), Article 4 of the Compact or any of the provisions of or regulations 6 regarding packaging and transportation promulgated pursuant to subsection two, section (g), Article 3 of the 8 Compact is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more 10 than twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of violation, 11 or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more 12 than five years, or both fined and imprisoned. If the 13 conviction is for a violation committed after a first 14 conviction of such person under this subsection, the person shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof,

- 16 shall be fined not less than five thousand dollars nor more
- 17 than fifty thousand dollars for each day of violation, or shall
- 18 be imprisoned not less than two nor more than ten years, or
- 19 both fined and imprisoned.
- (b) Any person who after the establishment of a regional 20
- 21 facility pursuant to this Compact violates or causes to be
- 22 violated the provisions of any rules and regulations
- 23 regarding volume reduction promulgated pursuant to
- 24 subsection two, section (g), Article 3 of the Compact is
- 25 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall
- 26 be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than
- 27 twenty-five hundred dollars for each day of such violation,
- or imprisoned in the county jail not less than one nor more 28
- 29 than five months, or both fined and imprisoned. If the
- conviction is for a violation committed after a first 30
- 31 conviction of such person under this subsection, the person shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, 32
- 33 shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more
- than twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of such 34
- violation, or shall be imprisoned not less than two nor more 35
- 36 than ten years, or both fined and imprisoned.

§29-1H-9. Conflicting laws.

- In the event the provisions of the Appalachian States
- 2 Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact, this article or any
- 3 rules and regulations lawfully promulgated thereunder 4 shall be or become inconsistent with any other provisions of
- 5 this code, the provisions of the Appalachian States Low-
- 6 Level Radioactive Waste Compact and this article and the
- 7 rules and regulations lawfully promulgated thereunder 8 shall prevail to the extent of such inconsistency and the
- 9 conflicting provisions shall be null and void to the extent of
- 10 such inconsistency.

§29-1H-10. Appropriations.

- The Legislature may appropriate such funds as it
- 2 considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this
- 3 article.

§29-1H-11. When article effective.

- This article shall take effect and become operative and
- 2 the Compact be executed for and on behalf of this state only

- 3 from and after the approval, ratification and adoption, and
- 4 entering into thereof by the Commonwealth of

5 Pennsylvania.

CHAPTER 91

(S. B. 713—Originating in the Committee on Health and Human Resources.)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to state department of health reimbursement to state employees in certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

§16-1-12. Expenditures of state department of health.

- The state department of health shall have power to
- 2 expend annually, for the purpose of performing the duties
- 3 imposed on it, or authorized by law, such sum as may be
- 4 appropriated by the Legislature for the department of
- 5 health.
- 6 The department may provide reimbursement to em-
- 7 ployees of the department whose eyeglasses, contact
- 8 lenses, dentures or other personal items are damaged
- 9 during the course of employment as a result of aggressive
- 10 behavior by a client in any facility under the manage-
- 11 ment and control of the department: Provided, That such
- 12 reimbursement shall be limited to a maximum amount of
- 13 two hundred fifty dollars per claim.
- 14 The director of health shall audit all bills, which shall
- 15 be made out in due form and verified by the members of
- 16 the board of health, directors of divisions, employees or

agents rendering services or incurring traveling or other expenses in the performance of the duties of their offices or employments. Such bills, when approved by the auditor, shall be paid out of the state treasury.

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The director of the department of health is authorized to make advance payments to public and nonprofit health services providers when it has been determined by the director of health to be necessary for the initiation or continuation of health services. Such advance payments, being in derogation of the principle of payment only after receipt of goods or services, shall be authorized only after serious consideration by the director of the necessity therefor and shall be for a period no greater than ninety days in advance of rendition of service or receipt of goods and continuation of health services.

CHAPTER 92

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 616—By Senator Loehr)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, seven, nine and thirteen, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended; and to further amend article two-d of said chapter by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen, all relating to certificate of need; increasing the minimum levels for expenditures and major medical equipment subject to review and for health services exempted from review; providing for review of community mental health and retardation facilities and private office practice of licensed health professionals under certain circumstances; authorizing ninety-day agency imposed moratorium on applications involving new medical technology in absence of criteria for review; providing for imposition of conditions of operation for no longer than a three-year period with the issuance of a certificate of need; three-year statute of limitations for state agency to correct violations; previously approved rules and regulations to remain in force.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, five, seven, nine and thirteen, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article two-d be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

- §16-2D-2. Definitions.
- §16-2D-3. Certificate of need.
- §16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.
- §16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency.
- §16-2D-7. Procedure for certificate of need reviews.
- §16-2D-9. Agency to render final decision; issue certificate of need; write findings; specify capital expenditure maximum.
- §16-2D-13. Injunctive relief; civil penalty.
- §16-2D-14. Statute of limitations.
- §16-2D-15. Previously approved rules and regulations.

§16-2D-2. Definitions.

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- 1 As used in this article, unless otherwise indicated by the 2 context:
 - (a) "Affected person" means:
- 4 (1) The applicant;
- 5 (2) An agency or organization representing consumers;
- 6 (3) Any individual residing within the geographic area 7 served or to be served by the applicant;
- 8 (4) Any individual who regularly uses the health care 9 facilities within that geographic area;
- 10 (5) The health care facilities located in the applicable 11 health service area which provide services similar to the 12 services of the facility under review;
 - (6) The health care facilities which, prior to receipt by the state agency of the proposal being reviewed, have formally indicated an intention to provide similar services in the future;
 - (7) Third party payers who reimburse any health care facilities for services in the applicable health service area;
- 19 (8) Any agency which establishes rates for the health 20 care facilities located in the applicable health service area; 21 or
- 22 (9) Organizations representing health care providers.
- 23 (b) "Ambulatory health care facility" means a facility.

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24 which is free-standing and not physically attached to a health care facility and which provides health care to noninstitutionalized and nonhomebound persons on an 27 outpatient basis. This definition does not include the private office practice of any one or more health 28 professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant to 29 the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, That 30 such exemption from review of private office practice shall 31 not be construed to include such practices where major 32 33 medical equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article is acquired, offered or developed. 34

- (c) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility which is free-standing and not physically attached to a health care facility and which provides surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization. This definition does not include the private office practice of any one or more health professionals licensed to practice surgery in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not be construed to include such practices where major medical equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article is acquired, offered or developed.
- (d) "Annual implementation plan" means a plan established, annually reviewed and amended as necessary by a health systems agency in conformance with Section 1513(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 3001-2(b)(3), which describes objectives which will achieve the goals of the health systems plan, or, if those goals are amended by the statewide health coordinating council when included in the state health plan, as so amended, and priorities among the objectives.
- (e) "Applicable health service area" means a health service area, as defined in this section, in which a new institutional health service is proposed to be located.
- "Applicant" means: (1) The governing body or the person proposing a new institutional health service who is, or will be, the health care facility licensee wherein the new 63 institutional health service is proposed to be located, and (2) in the case of a proposed new institutional health service not to be located in a licensed health care facility, the

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governing body or the person proposing to provide such new institutional health service. Incorporators or promoters who will not constitute the governing body or persons responsible for the new institutional health service may not be an applicant.

- (g) "Bed capacity" means the number of beds for which a license is issued to a health care facility, or, if a facility is unlicensed, the number of adult and pediatric beds permanently staffed and maintained for immediate use by inpatients in patient rooms or wards.
 - (h) "Capital expenditure" means an expenditure:
 - (1) Made by or on behalf of a health care facility; and
- 78 (2) (A) Which (i) under generally accepted accounting 79 principles is not properly chargeable as an expense of 80 operation and maintenance, or (ii) is made to obtain either 81 by lease or comparable arrangement any facility or part 82 thereof or any equipment for a facility or part; and (B) which (i) exceeds the expenditure minimum, or (ii) is a 83 84 substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility with 85 respect to which the expenditure is made, or (iii) is a 86 substantial change to the services of such facility. For purposes of part (i), subparagraph (B), subdivision (2) of 87 88 this definition, the cost of any studies, surveys, designs, 89 plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities, including staff effort and consulting and other 90 services, essential to the acquisition, improvement, 91 92 expansion, or replacement of any plant or equipment with respect to which an expenditure described in subparagraph 93 94 (B), subdivision (2) of this definition is made shall be included in determining if such expenditure exceeds the 95 96 expenditure minimum. Donations of equipment or facilities to a health care facility which if acquired directly by such 97 facility would be subject to review shall be considered 98 capital expenditures, and a transfer of equipment or 99 facilities for less than fair market value shall be considered 100 a capital expenditure for purposes of such subdivisions if a 101 transfer of the equipment or facilities at fair market value 102 would be subject to review. A series of expenditures, each 103 less than the expenditure minimum, which when taken 104 together are in excess of the expenditure minimum, may be 105 determined by the state agency to be a single capital 106 expenditure subject to review. In making its determination, 107

108 the state agency shall consider: Whether the expenditures 109 are for components of a system which is required to 110 accomplish a single purpose; whether the expenditures are 111 to be made over a two-year period and are directed towards 112 the accomplishment of a single goal within the health care 113 facility's long-range plan; or, whether the expenditures are 114 to be made within a two-year period within a single 115 department such that they will constitute a significant 116 modernization of the department.

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- (i) "Expenditure minimum" means seven hundred fourteen thousand dollars for the twelve-month period beginning the first day of October, one thousand nine 120 hundred eighty-five. For each twelve-month period 121 thereafter, the state agency may, by regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article, adjust the 122 123 expenditure minimum to reflect the impact of inflation.
- (i) "Health," used as a term, includes physical and mental health. 125
- (k) "Health care facility" is defined as including 126 hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, kidney disease 127 treatment centers, including free-standing hemodialysis 128 units, intermediate care facilities, ambulatory health care 129 facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, home health 130 131 agencies, rehabilitation facilities, and health maintenance 132 organizations, community mental health and mental 133 retardation facilities; whether under public or private ownership, or as a profit or nonprofit organization and 134 whether or not licensed or required to be licensed in whole 135 or in part by the state. For purposes of this definition, 136 "community mental health and mental retardation facility" 137 means a private facility which provides such 138 comprehensive services and continuity of care as 139 140 emergency, outpatient, partial hospitalization, inpatient and consultation and education for individuals with mental 141 illness, mental retardation or drug or alcohol addiction. 142
 - (l) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility or institution licensed or certified or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this state to an individual during that individual's medical care, treatment or confinement.
- (m) "Health maintenance organization" means a public 148

149 or private organization, organized under the laws of this 150 state, which:

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- (1) Is a qualified health maintenance organization 152 under Section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 300e-9(d); or
 - (2) (A) Provides or otherwise makes available to enrolled participants health care services, including substantially the following basic health care services: Usual physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, Xray, emergency and preventive services and out-of-area coverage; and
- 160 (B) Is compensated except for copayments for the 161 provision of the basic health care services listed in 162 subparagraph (2)(A), subdivision (m) of this definition to 163 enrolled participants on a predetermined periodic rate 164 basis without regard to the date the health care services are provided and which is fixed without regard to the 165 166 frequency, extent or kind of health service actually provided: 167 and
 - (C) Provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly through physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization, or (ii) through arrangements with individual physicians or one or more groups of physicians organized on a group practice or individual practice basis.
 - (n) "Health service area" means a geographic area designated by the Federal Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to Section 1511 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 3001, with respect to which health systems agencies shall be designated under Section 1515 of such act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 3001-4.
 - (o) "Health services" means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative services, including alcohol, drug abuse and mental health services.
 - (p) "Home health agency" is an organization primarily engaged in providing directly or through contract arrangements, professional nursing services, home health aide services, and other therapeutic and related services including, but not limited to, physical, speech and occupational therapy and nutritional and medical social services, to persons in their place of residence on a parttime or intermittent basis.

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- (q) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of 194 195 injured, disabled or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons. This term also includes psychiatric and tuberculosis hospitals.
- (r) "Intermediate care facility" means an institution which provides, on a regular basis, health-related care and services to individuals who do not require the degree of care 202 and treatment which a hospital or skilled nursing facility is 203 designed to provide, but who, because of their mental or 204 physical condition, require health related care and services above the level of room and board
 - "Long-range plan" means a document formally adopted by the legally constituted governing body of an existing health care facility or by a person proposing a new institutional health service. Each long-range plan shall consist of the information required by the state agency in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article.
 - "Major medical equipment" means a single unit of medical equipment or a single system of components with related functions which is used for the provision of medical and other health services and which costs in excess of four hundred thousand dollars, except that such term does not include medical equipment acquired by or on behalf of a clinical laboratory to provide clinical laboratory services if the clinical laboratory is independent of a physician's office and a hospital and it has been determined under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act to meet the requirements of paragraphs ten and eleven of Section 1861(s) of such act, Title 42 United States Code Sections 1395x (10) and (11). In determining whether medical equipment costs more than four hundred thousand dollars, the cost of studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities essential to the acquisition of such equipment shall be included. If the equipment is acquired for less than fair market value, the term "cost" includes the fair market value.
- "Medically underserved population" means the 231 population of an urban or rural area designated by the state 232

233 agency as an area with a shortage of personal health 234 services or a population having a shortage of such services. 235 after taking into account unusual local conditions which 236 are a barrier to accessibility or availability of such services. 237 Such designation shall be in regulations adopted by the 238 state agency pursuant to section eight of this article, and the 239 population so designated may include the state's medically 240 underserved population designated by the Federal 241 Secretary of Health and Human Services under Section 242 330(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, 243 Title 42 United States Code Section 254(b)(3).

(v) "New institutional health service" means such service as described in section three of this article.

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- (w) "Offer" when used in connection with health services, means that the health care facility or health maintenance organization holds itself out as capable of providing, or as having the means for the provision of, specified health services.
- (x) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate, partnership, committee, corporation, association and other organizations such as joint-stock companies and insurance companies, a state or a political subdivision or instrumentality thereof or any legal entity recognized by the state.
- 257 (y) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or 258 osteopathy legally authorized to practice medicine and 259 surgery by the state. 260 (z) "Proposed new institutional health service" means
 - (z) "Proposed new institutional health service" means such service as described in section three of this article.
 - (aa) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution which primarily provides to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, specialized services for the diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation of mentally ill and emotionally disturbed persons.
 - (bb) "Rehabilitation facility" means an inpatient facility which is operated for the primary purpose of assisting in the rehabilitation of disabled persons through an integrated program of medical and other services which are provided under competent professional supervision.
- 272 (cc) "Review agency" means an agency of the state 273 designated by the governor as the agency for the review of 274 state agency decisions.

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- 275 (dd) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a 276 distinct part of an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related 277 278 services for patients who require medical or nursing care, or 279 rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, 280 disabled or sick persons.
 - (ee) "State agency" means that agency of state government selected by the governor and designated as the state health planning and development agency in an agreement entered into pursuant to Section 1521 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 300m.
- 287 (ff) "State health plan" means the document approved 288 by the governor after preparation by the statewide health 289 coordinating council pursuant to Section 1524(c)(2) of the 290 Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United 291 States Code Section 300m-3(c)(2).
- 292 (gg) "Statewide health coordinating council" means the 293 body established pursuant to Section 1524 of the Public 294 Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States 295 Code Section 300m-3, to advise the state agency.
- 296 (hh) "Substantial change to the bed capacity" of a 297 health care facility means a change, with which a capital 298 expenditure is associated, in any two-year period of ten or 299 more beds or more than ten percent, whichever is less, of the 300 bed capacity of such facility that increases or decreases the 301 bed capacity, redistributes beds among various categories, 302 or relocates beds from one physical facility or site to 303 another. A series of changes to the bed capacity of a health 304 care facility in any two-year period, each less than ten beds 305 or ten percent of the bed capacity of such facility, but which 306 when taken together comprise ten or more beds or more 307 than ten percent of the bed capacity of such facility, 308 whichever is less, is a substantial change to the bed 309 capacity.
- "Substantial change to the health services" of a 311 health care facility means the addition of a health service 312 which is offered by or on behalf of the health care facility 313 and which was not offered by or on behalf of the facility 314 within the twelve-month period before the month in which the service is first offered, or the termination of a health 316 service which was offered by or on behalf of the facility.

- 317 (jj) "To develop," when used in connection with health 318 services, means to undertake those activities which, upon 319 their completion, will result in the offer of a new 320 institutional health service or the incurring of a financial 321 obligation, in relation to the offering of such a service.
- 322 (kk) "Tuberculosis hospital" means an institution 323 which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or 324 under the supervision of a physician, medical services for 325 the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis.

§16-2D-3. Certificate of need.

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1 Except as provided in section four of this article, any new institutional health service may not be acquired, offered or 3 developed within this state except upon application for and 4 receipt of a certificate of need as provided by this article. 5 Whenever a new institutional health service for which a certificate of need is required by this article is proposed for a health care facility for which, pursuant to section four of 8 this article, no certificate of need is or was required, a 9 certificate of need shall be issued before the new 10 institutional health service is offered or developed. No 11 person may knowingly charge or bill for any health services 12 associated with any new institutional health service that is 13 knowingly acquired, offered or developed in violation of 14 this article, and any bill made in violation of this sentence is legally unenforceable. For purposes of this article, a 15 16 proposed "new institutional health service" includes:

- (a) The construction, development, acquisition or other establishment of a new health care facility or health maintenance organization;
- (b) The partial or total closure of a health care facility or health maintenance organization with which a capital expenditure is associated;
- (c) Any obligation for a capital expenditure incurred by or on behalf of a health care facility, except as exempted in section four of this article, or health maintenance organization in excess of the expenditure minimum or any obligation for a capital expenditure incurred by any person to acquire a health care facility. An obligation for a capital expenditure is considered to be incurred by or on behalf of a health care facility:
- 31 (1) When a contract, enforceable under state law, is

- 32 entered into by or on behalf of the health care facility for the 33 construction, acquisition, lease or financing of a capital 34 asset;
- 35 (2) When the governing board of the health care facility 36 takes formal action to commit its own funds for a 37 construction project undertaken by the health care facility 38 as its own contractor; or
- 39 (3) In the case of donated property, on the date on which 40 the gift is completed under state law;

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- (d) A substantial change to the bed capacity of a health care facility with which a capital expenditure is associated;
- The addition of health services which are offered by or on behalf of a health care facility or health maintenance organization and which were not offered on a regular basis by or on behalf of such health care facility or health maintenance organization within the twelve-month period prior to the time such services would be offered:
- (f) The deletion of one or more health services. previously offered on a regular basis by or on behalf of a health care facility or health maintenance organization which deletion is associated with a capital expenditure;
- (g) A substantial change to the bed capacity or health 54 services offered by or on behalf of a health care facility, whether or not the change is associated with a proposed 55 capital expenditure, if the change is associated with a previous capital expenditure for which a certificate of need was issued and if the change will occur within two years after the date the activity which was associated with the previously approved capital expenditure was undertaken;
 - (h) The acquisition of major medical equipment; and
- 62 A substantial change in an approved new institutional health service for which a certificate of need is 63 64 in effect. For purposes of this subdivision "substantial 65 change" shall be defined by the state agency in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article.

§16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (h), section three of this article, nothing in this article or the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the provisions of this 3 article may be construed to authorize the licensure,
- supervision, regulation or control in any manner of: (1)

Private office practice of any one or more health professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided. That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not be construed to include such practices where major medical equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article is acquired, offered or developed: (2) dispensaries and first-aid stations located within business or industrial establishments maintained solely for the use of employees: Provided, however, That such facility does not contain inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees who generally remain in the facility for more than twenty-four hours: (3) establishments, such as motels. hotels and boardinghouses, which provide medical, nursing personnel and health related services; and (4) the remedial care or treatment of residents or patients in any home or institution conducted only for those who rely solely upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means in accordance with the creed of tenets of any recognized church or religious denomination.

(b) (1) A certificate of need is not required for the offering of an inpatient institutional health service or the acquisition of major medical equipment for the provision of an inpatient institutional health service or the obligation of a capital expenditure for the provisions of an inpatient institutional health service, if with respect to such offering, acquisition or obligation, the state agency has, upon application under subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section, granted an exemption to:

(A) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations if (i) the organization or combination of organizations has, in the service area of the organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand individuals, (ii) the facility in which the service will be provided is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization or organizations in the combination;

48 (B) A health care facility if (i) the facility primarily 49 provides or will provide inpatient health services, (ii) the facility is or will be controlled, directly or indirectly, by a 50 health maintenance organization or a combination of 51 health maintenance organizations which has, in the service 52 53 area of the organization or service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least 54 fifty thousand individuals, (iii) the facility is or will be 55 geographically located so that the service will be 56 reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iv) 57 at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can 58 reasonably be expected to receive the institutional health 59 service will be individuals enrolled with such organization 60 or organizations in the combination; or 61

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- (C) A health care facility, or portion thereof, if (i) the 63 facility is or will be leased by a health maintenance organization or combination of health maintenance 64 65 organizations which has, in the service area of the 66 organization or the service areas of the organizations in the combination, an enrollment of at least fifty thousand 68 individuals and on the date the application is submitted 69 under subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section, at least 70 fifteen years remain in the term of the lease, (ii) the facility is or will be geographically located so that the service will be reasonably accessible to such enrolled individuals, and (iii) at least seventy-five percent of the patients who can reasonably be expected to receive the new institutional health service will be individuals enrolled with such organization.
 - (2) (A) A health maintenance organization, combination of health maintenance organizations, or other health care facility is not exempt under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, from obtaining a certificate of need unless:
 - (i) It has submitted, at such time and in such form and manner as the state agency shall prescribe, an application for such exemption to the state agency;
 - (ii) The application contains such information respecting the organization, combination or facility and the proposed offering, acquisition or obligation as the state agency may require to determine if the organization or combination meets the requirements of subdivision (1),

90 subsection (b) of this section, or the facility meets or will 91 meet such requirements; and 92

(iii) The state agency approves such application.

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- (B) The state agency shall approve an application submitted under subparagraph (A), subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section, if it determines that the applicable requirements of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, are met or will be met on the date the proposed activity for which an exemption was requested will be undertaken.
- (3) A health care facility, or any part thereof, or medical equipment with respect to which an exemption was granted under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, may not be sold or leased and a controlling interest in such facility or equipment or in a lease of such facility or equipment may not be acquired and a health care facility described in subparagraph (C), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, which was granted an exemption under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, may not be used by any person other than the lessee described in subparagraph (C), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, unless:
- (A) The state agency issues a certificate of need approving the sale, lease, acquisition or use; or
- (B) The state agency determines, upon application, that the entity to which the facility or equipment is proposed to be sold or leased, which intends to acquire the controlling interest in or to use the facility is:
- (i) A health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations which meets the enrollment requirements of part (i), subparagraph (A), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, and with respect to such facility or equipment, the entity meets the accessibility and patient enrollment requirements of parts (ii) and (iii), subparagraph (A), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section; or
- (ii) A health care facility which meets the inpatient, enrollment and accessibility requirements of parts (i), (ii) and (iii), subparagraph (B), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, and with respect to its patients meets the enrollment requirements of part (iv), subparagraph (B), subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section.
 - (4) In the case of a health maintenance organization or

an ambulatory care facility or health care facility which ambulatory or health care facility is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization or a combination of health maintenance organizations, the certificate of need requirements apply only to the offering of inpatient institutional health services, the acquisition of major medical equipment, and the obligation of capital

- major medical equipment, and the obligation of capital expenditures for the offering of inpatient institutional
- health services and then only to the extent that such offering, acquisition or obligation is not exempt under

142 subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section.

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- 143 (5) The state agency shall establish the period within 144 which approval or disapproval by the state agency of 145 applications for exemptions under subdivision (1), 146 subsection (b) of this section, shall be made.
- 147 (c) (1) A health care facility is not required to obtain a 148 certificate of need for the acquisition of major medical 149 equipment to be used solely for research, the addition of 150 health services to be offered solely for research, or the 151 obligation of a capital expenditure to be made solely for 152 research if the health care facility provides the notice 153 required in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section, 154 and the state agency does not find, within sixty days after it receives such notice, that the acquisition, offering or 155 156 obligation will, or will have the effect to:
 - (A) Affect the charges of the facility for the provision of medical or other patient care services other than the services which are included in the research;
 - (B) Result in a substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility; or
- 162 (C) Result in a substantial change to the health services 163 of the facility.
 - (2) Before a health care facility acquires major medical equipment to be used solely for research, offers a health service solely for research, or obligates a capital expenditure solely for research, such health care facility shall notify in writing the state agency of such facility's intent and the use to be made of such medical equipment, health service or capital expenditure.
 - (3) If major medical equipment is acquired, a health service is offered, or a capital expenditure is obligated and a certificate of need is not required for such acquisition,

offering or obligation as provided in subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, such equipment or service or equipment or facilities acquired through the obligation of such capital expenditure may not be used in such a manner as to have the effect or to make a change described in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C), subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, unless the state agency issues a certificate of need approving such use.

- (4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "solely for research" includes patient care provided on an occasional and irregular basis and not as part of a research program.
- (d) (1) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which a certificate of need may not be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility: *Provided*, That a certificate of need shall be required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility if:
- (A) The notice required by subdivision (2), subsection (d) of this section, is not filed in accordance with that subdivision with respect to such acquisition; or (B) the state agency finds, within thirty days after the date it receives a notice in accordance with subdivision (2), subsection (d) of this section, with respect to such acquisition, that the services or bed capacity of the facility will be changed by reason of said acquisition.
- arrangement to acquire an existing health care facility, such person shall notify the state agency of his or her intent to acquire the facility and of the services to be offered in the facility and its bed capacity. Such notice shall be made in writing and shall be made at least thirty days before contractual arrangements are entered into to acquire the facility with respect to which the notice is given. The notice shall contain all information the state agency requires in accordance with subsections (e) and (s), section seven of this article.
- (e) The state agency shall adopt regulations, pursuant to section eight of this article, wherein criteria are established

216 to exempt from review the addition of certain health 217 services, not associated with a capital expenditure, that are 218 projected to entail annual operating costs of less than the expenditure minimum for annual operating costs. For 219 purposes of this subsection, "expenditure minimum for 220 annual operating costs" means two hundred ninety-seven 221 thousand five hundred dollars for the twelve-month period 222 223 beginning the first day of October, one thousand nine 224 hundred eighty-five, and for each twelve-month period 225 thereafter, the state agency may, by regulations adopted 226 pursuant to section eight of this article, adjust the 227 expenditure minimum for annual operating costs to reflect the impact of inflation. 228

§16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state health planning and development agency.

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- (a) The state agency is hereby empowered to administer the certificate of need program as provided by this article.
- (b) The state agency shall cooperate with the statewide health coordinating council in developing rules and regulations for the certificate of need program to the extent appropriate for the achievement of efficiency in their reviews and consistency in criteria for such reviews.
- 8 (c) The state agency may seek advice and assistance of 9 other persons, organizations, and other state agencies in the 10 performance of the state agency's responsibilities under 11 this article.
 - (d) For health services for which competition appropriately allocates supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the performance of its functions under this article, give priority, where appropriate, to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness, and access, to actions which would strengthen the effect of competition on the supply of such services.
 - (e) For health services for which competition does not or will not appropriately allocate supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the exercise of its functions under this article, take actions, where appropriate, to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness, and access and the other purposes of this article, to allocate the supply of such services.

27 (f) The state agency is hereby empowered to order a 28 moratorium upon the processing of an application or 29 applications for the acquisition of major medical equipment filed pursuant to section three of this article and 30 31 considered by the agency to be new medical technology, 32 when criteria and guidelines for evaluating the need for such new medical technology have not yet been adopted. 33 Such moratoriums shall be declared by a written order 34 which shall detail the circumstances requiring the 35 moratorium. Upon the adoption of criteria for evaluating 36 the need for the new medical technology affected by the 37 moratorium, or ninety days from the declaration of a 38 moratorium, whichever is less, the moratorium shall be 39 declared to be over and affected applications shall be 40 processed pursuant to section six of this article. 41

§16-2D-7. Procedures for certificate of need reviews.

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- (a) Prior to submission of an application for a certificate of need, the state agency shall require the submission of long-range plans by health care facilities with respect to the development of proposals subject to review under this article. The plans shall be in such form and contain such information as the state agency shall require.
- (b) An application for a certificate of need shall be submitted to the state agency prior to the offering or development of all new institutional services within this state. Persons proposing new institutional health services shall submit letters of intent not less than fifteen days prior to submitting an application. The letters of intent shall be of such detail as specified by the state agency.
- (c) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant to section eight of this article for:
- 16 (1) Provision for applications to be submitted in 17 accordance with a timetable established by the state 18 agency;
 - (2) Provision for such reviews to be undertaken in a timely fashion; and
 - (3) Except for proposed new institutional health services which meet the requirements for consideration under subsection (g), section nine of this article with regard to the elimination or prevention of certain imminent safety

hazards or to comply with certain licensure or accreditation standards, provision for all completed applications pertaining to similar types of services, facilities or equipment to be considered in relation to each other, at least twice a year.

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- (d) An application for a certificate of need shall specify the time the applicant will require to make such service or equipment available or to obligate such expenditure and a timetable for making such service or equipment available or obligating such expenditure.
- (e) The application shall be in such form and contain such information as the state agency shall establish by rule or regulation, but requests for information shall be limited to only that information which is necessary for the state agency to perform the review.
- (f) Within fifteen days of receipt of application, the state agency shall determine if the application is complete. The state agency may request additional information from the applicant.
- (g) The state agency shall provide timely written notice to the applicant and to all affected persons of the beginning of the review, and to any person who has asked the state agency to place the person's name on a mailing list maintained by the state agency. Notification shall include the proposed schedule for review, the period within which a public hearing during the course of the review may be requested by affected persons, which period may not be less than thirty days from the date of the written notification of the beginning of the review required by this section, and the manner in which notification will be provided of the time and place of any public hearing so requested. For the purposes of this subsection, the date of notification is the date on which the notice is sent or the date on which the notice appears in a newspaper of general circulation, whichever is later.
- (h) Written notification to members of the public and third-party payers may be provided through newspapers of general circulation in the applicable health service area and public information channels; notification to all other affected persons shall be by mail which may be as part of a newsletter.
 - (i) If, after a review has begun, the state agency requires

the person subject to the review to submit additional information respecting the subject of the review, such person shall be provided at least fifteen days to submit the information and the state agency shall, at the request of such person, extend the review period by fifteen days. This extension applies to all other applications which have been considered in relation to the application for which additional information is required.

- (j) The state agency shall adopt schedules for reviews which provide that no review may, to the extent practicable, take longer than ninety days from the date that notification, as described under subsection (g) of this section, is sent to the applicant to the date of the final decision of the state agency, and in the case of expedited applications, may by regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article provide for a shortened review period.
- (k) The state agency shall adopt criteria for determining when it would not be practicable to complete a review within ninety days.
- (l) The state agency shall provide a public hearing in the course of agency review if requested by any affected person and the state agency may on its own initiate such a public hearing:
- (1) The state agency shall, prior to such hearing, provide notice of such hearing and shall conduct such hearing in accordance with administrative hearing requirements in article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and its procedure adopted pursuant to this section.
- (2) In a hearing any person has the right to be represented by counsel and to present oral or written arguments and evidence relevant to the matter which is the subject of the hearing. Any person affected by the matter which is the subject of the hearing may conduct reasonable questioning of persons who make factual allegations relevant to such matter.
- (3) The state agency shall maintain a verbatim record of the hearing.
- (4) After the commencement of a hearing on the applicant's application and before a decision is made with respect to it, there may be no ex parte contacts between (a) the applicant for the certificate of need, any person acting

109 on behalf of the applicant or holder of a certificate of need, 110 or any person opposed to the issuance of a certificate for the applicant and (b) any person in the state agency who 111 112 exercises any responsibility respecting the application.

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- The state agency may not impose fees for such a public hearing.
- (m) If a public hearing is not conducted during the 116 review of a new institutional health service, the state agency may, by regulations adopted pursuant to section 118 eight of this article, provide for a file closing date during the review period after which date no other factual information 119 or evidence may be considered in the determination of the 120 application for the certificate of need. 121

A detailed itemization of documents in the state agency file on a proposed new institutional health service shall, on request, be made available by the state agency at any time before the file closing date.

- (n) The extent of additional information received by the state agency from the applicant for a certificate of need after a review has begun on the applicant's proposed new institutional health service, with respect to the impact on such new institutional health service and additional information which is received by the state agency from the applicant, may be cause for the state agency to determine the application to be a new proposal, subject to a new review cycle.
- (o) The state agency shall in timely fashion notify, upon 136 request, providers of health services and other persons subject to review under this article of the status of the state agency review of new institutional health services subject to review, findings made in the course of such review, and other appropriate information respecting such review.
- 141 (p) The state agency shall prepare and publish, at least 142 annually, reports of reviews completed and being 143 conducted, with general statements about the status of each 144 review still in progress and the findings and rationale for 145 each completed review since the publication of the last 146 report.
- 147 (q) The state agency shall provide for access by the 148 general public to all applications reviewed by the state agency and to all other pertinent written materials essential 149 to agency review. 150

- 151 (r) (1) Any person may request in writing a public 152 hearing for purposes of reconsideration of a state agency 153 decision. No fees may be imposed by the state agency for the 154 hearing. For purposes of this section, a request for a public 155 hearing for purposes of reconsideration shall be deemed to 156 have shown good cause if, in a detailed statement, it:
 - (A) Presents significant, relevant information not previously considered by the state agency, and demonstrates that with reasonable diligence the information could not have been presented before the state agency made its decision:
 - (B) Demonstrates that there have been significant changes in factors or circumstances relied upon by the state agency in reaching its decision;
 - (C) Demonstrates that the state agency has materially failed to follow its adopted procedures in reaching its decision: or
 - (D) Provides such other bases for a public hearing as the state agency determines constitutes good cause.
 - (2) To be effective, a request for such a hearing shall be received within thirty days after the date upon which all parties received notice of the state agency decision, and the hearing shall commence within thirty days of receipt of the request.
 - (3) Notification of such public hearing shall be sent, prior to the date of the hearing, to the person requesting the hearing, the person proposing the new institutional health service, and shall be sent to others upon request.
 - (4) The state agency shall hold public reconsideration hearings in accordance with the provisions for administrative hearings contained in:
 - (A) Its adopted procedures;

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- Ex parte contact provisions of subdivision (4), subsection (1) of this section; and
- (C) The administrative procedures for contested cases 185 186 contained in article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 187
- The state agency shall make written findings which 189 state the basis for its decision within forty-five days after the conclusion of such hearing. 190
- 191 (6) A decision of the state agency following a 192 reconsideration hearing shall be considered a decision of

193 the state agency for purposes of sections nine and ten of this 194 article and for purposes of the notification of the status of review, findings and annual report provisions of 195 196 subsections (o) and (p) of this section.

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- (s) The state agency may adopt regulations pursuant to 198 section eight of this article for reviews and such regulations may vary according to the purpose for which a particular 199 200 review is being conducted or the type of health services being reviewed. 201
- 202 (t) Notwithstanding other provisions of this article, the 203 state agency shall adopt rules and regulations for determining when there is an application which warrants 204 expedited review. If procedures adopted by the state agency 205 to handle expedited applications do not conform to the 206 207 provisions of this article, such procedures shall be approved by the federal secretary of health and human services and 208 209 shall be adopted as regulations pursuant to section eight of 210 this article.

§16-2D-9. Agency to render final decision; issue certificate of need; write findings; specify capital expenditure maximum.

- Only the state agency, or the appropriate 2 administrative or judicial review body, may issue, deny or withdraw certificates of need, grant exemptions from certificate of need reviews, or determine that certificate of 5 need reviews are not required. 6
 - (b) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, a certificate of need may only be issued if the proposed new institutional health service is:
 - (1) Found to be needed: and
 - (2) Except in emergency circumstances that pose a threat to public health, consistent with the state health plan: Provided, That if a health care facility which is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization applies for a certificate of need for a proposed new institutional health service, the state agency may not disapprove the application solely because such an institutional health service is not discussed in the state health plan or annual implementation plan.
- (c) The state agency shall render a final decision on 19 every application for a certificate of need or application for 20

exemption in the form of an approval, a denial, or an approval with conditions. Any decision of the state agency with respect to a certificate of need, or exemption, shall be based solely on:

(1) The review of the state agency conducted in

(1) The review of the state agency conducted in accordance with procedures and criteria in this article and in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article; and

- (2) The record established in administrative proceedings held with respect to the certificate of need or exemption.
- (d) Approval with conditions does not give the state agency authority to mandate new institutional health services not proposed by the health care facility or health maintenance organization. Issuance of a certificate of need or exemption may not be made subject to any condition unless the condition directly relates to criteria in this article or in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article. Conditions may be imposed upon the operations of the health care facility or health maintenance organization for no longer than a three-year period. Compliance with such conditions may be enforced through the mechanisms detailed in section thirteen of this article.
- (e) (1) For each proposed new institutional health service it approves, the state agency shall, in addition to the written findings required in subsection (e), section six of this article, make a written finding, which shall take into account the current accessibility of the facility as a whole, on the extent to which the new institutional health service will meet the criteria in subdivisions (4), (14) and (25), subsection (a), section six of this article, regarding the needs of medically underserved population. except in the following cases:
- (A) Where the proposed new institutional health service is one described in subsection (g) of this section to eliminate or prevent certain imminent safety hazards or to comply with certain licensure or accreditation standards; or
- (B) Where the new institutional health service is a proposed capital expenditure not directly related to the provision of health services or to beds or major medical equipment; or
 - (C) Where the new institutional health service is

proposed by or on behalf of a health care facility which is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization.

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- (2) If the state agency disapproves a proposed new institutional health service for failure to meet the needs of medically underserved populations, it shall so state in a written finding.
- (f) (1) Notwithstanding review criteria in subdivision (12), subsection (a), section six of this article, if a health care facility which is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization applies for a certificate of need, such application shall be approved by the state agency if the state agency finds, in accordance with criteria prescribed by the state agency by regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article, that:
- (A) Approval of such application is required to meet the needs of the members of the health maintenance organization and of the new members which such organization can reasonably be expected to enroll; and
- (B) The health maintenance organization is unable to provide, through services or facilities which can reasonably be expected to be available to the organization, its institutional health services in a reasonable and cost-effective manner which is consistent with the basic method of operation of the organization and which makes such services available on a long-term basis through physicians and other health professionals associated with it.
- (2) Except as provided in subdivision (1), subsection (b), section four of this article, a health care facility, or any part thereof, or medical equipment with respect to which a certificate of need was issued under this subsection, may not be sold or leased, and a controlling interest in such facility or equipment or in a lease of such facility or equipment may not be acquired unless the state agency issues a certificate of need approving the sale, acquisition or lease.
- 99 (g) (1) Notwithstanding review criteria in section six 100 of this article, an application for a certificate of need shall 101 be approved, if the state agency finds that the facility or 102 service with respect to which such capital expenditure is 103 proposed to be made is needed and that the obligation of

- such capital expenditure is consistent with the state health plan, for a capital expenditure which is required:
- 106 (A) To eliminate or prevent imminent safety hazards as 107 defined by federal, state or local fire, building or life safety 108 codes or regulations;
 - (B) To comply with state licensure standards; or

- 110 (C) To comply with accreditation or certification 111 standards, compliance with which is required to receive 112 reimbursements under Title XVIII of the Social Security 113 Act or payments under the state plan for medical assistance 114 approved under Title XIX of such act.
 - (2) An application for a certificate of need approved under this subsection shall be approved only to the extent that the capital expenditure is required to eliminate or prevent the hazards described in subparagraph (A), subdivision (1), subsection (g), or to comply with the standards described in either subparagraph (B) or (C), subdivision (1), subsection (g) of this section.
 - (h) (1) The state agency shall send its decision along with written findings to the person proposing the new institutional health service or exemption and shall make it available to others upon request.
 - (2) In the case of a new institutional health service proposed by a health maintenance organization, the state agency shall send the written findings to the appropriate regional office of the federal department of health and human services at the time they are sent to the applicant.
 - (3) In any decision where the state agency finds that a proposed new institutional health service does not satisfy the criteria in subdivisions (4), (14) and (25), subsection (a), section six of this article, regarding the needs of medically underserved population, it shall so notify in writing the applicant and the appropriate regional office of the federal department of health and human services.
 - (i) In the case of a final decision to approve or approve with conditions a proposal for a new institutional health service, the state agency shall issue a certificate of need to the person proposing the new institutional health service.
 - (j) The state agency shall specify in the certificate the maximum amount of capital expenditures which may be obligated under such certificate. The state agency shall prescribe the method used to determine capital expenditure

146 maximums and shall adopt regulations pursuant to section
147 eight of this article for the review of approved new
148 institutional health services for which the capital
149 expenditure maximum is exceeded or is expected to be
150 exceeded.

151 (k) If the state agency fails to make a decision within the 152 time period specified for the review, the applicant may, 153 within one year following the expiration of such period, bring an action, at the election of the applicant, in either the 154 circuit court of Kanawha County, or with the judge thereof 155 in vacation, or in the circuit court of the county in which the 156 applicant or any one of the applicants resides or does 157 business, or with the judge thereof in vacation to require the 158 state agency to approve or disapprove the application. An 159 application for a proposed new institutional health service 160 or exemption may not be approved or denied by the circuit 161 court solely because the state agency failed to reach a 162 163 decision.

§16-2D-13. Injunctive relief; civil penalty.

- (a) In addition to all other remedies, and aside from various penalties provided by law, if any person acquires, 2 3 offers or develops any new institutional health service for which a certificate of need is required under this article 4 without first having a certificate of need therefor as herein 5 provided, or violates any other provision of this article or 6 7 any lawful rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, 8 affected persons, as defined in section two of this article, 9 and the state agency shall request that the attorney general maintain a civil action in the circuit court of the county 10 wherein such violation has occurred, or wherein such 11 12 person may be found, to enjoin, restrain or prevent such 13 violation. No injunction bond shall be required to be filed in 14 any such proceeding.
- 15 (b) The state agency may assess a civil penalty for violation of this article. Upon the state agency determining 16 that there is probable cause to believe that any person is 17 18 knowingly offering, developing, or has acquired any new institutional health service subject to certificate of need 19 review without having first obtained a certificate of need 20 therefor or that any person is otherwise in violation of the 21 provisions of this article, or any lawful rule or regulation 22

promulgated thereunder, the state agency shall provide 23 24 such person with written notice which shall state the nature 25 of the alleged violation and the time and place at which such person shall appear to show good cause why a civil penalty 26 should not be imposed, at which time and place such person 27 28 shall be afforded an opportunity to cross-examine the state 29 agency's witnesses and afforded an opportunity to present testimony and other evidence in support of his position. The 30 31 hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the administrative hearing provisions of section four, article 32 33 five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. If, after reviewing 34 the record of such hearing, the state agency director determines that such person is in violation of the certificate 35 of need law, the state agency shall assess a civil penalty of 36 not less than five hundred dollars nor more than twenty-37 five thousand dollars. In determining the amount of the 38 39 penalty, the state agency shall consider the degree and 40 extent of harm caused by the violation and the cost of 41 rectifying the damage. Any person assessed shall be notified of the assessment in writing, and the notice shall specify the 42 reasons for the assessment. If the person assessed fails to 43 pay the amount of the assessment to the state agency within 44 thirty days, the attorney general may institute a civil action 45 in the circuit court of the county wherein such violation has 46 occurred, or wherein such person may be found to recover 47 the amount of the assessment. In any such civil action, the 48 scope of the court's review of the state agency's action, 49 which shall include a review of the amount of the 50 assessment, shall be as provided in section four, article five, 51 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the judicial review of 52 contested administrative cases. 53

§16-2D-14. Statute of limitations.

The state agency shall have a period of three years in which to take actions as provided in this article to correct violations of the provisions of this article. The three-year period shall begin to run from the date the state agency knows or should have known of the violation. Each new act of a continuing violation shall provide a basis for restarting the calculation of the limitations period.

§16-2D-15. Previously approved rules and regulations.

1 All rules and regulations previously promulgated to

- 2 implement this article shall continue in force following the
- 3 amendments to this article; except that, where such
- 4 previous rules and regulations differ from the requirements
- 5 of the amendments to this article, then such part of those
- 6 rules and regulations are hereby abrogated and shall have
- 7 no further legal effect. The state agency shall commence a
- 8 review of such rules and regulations and shall promulgate
- 9 revised rules and regulations.

CHAPTER 93

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 522—By Senator Kaufman)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend chapter sixteen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, all relating to compulsory immunizations and dissemination of information at birth; pertussis vaccine; definitions; information on adverse reactions to pertussis vaccine to be provided prior to vaccination; recordation of and reporting pertussis vaccination data; data collection; and public hearings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that chapter sixteen be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, all to read as follows:

Article

- 3. Prevention and Control of Communicable and other Infectious Diseases.
- 3B. Pertussis.
- ARTICLE 3. PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE AND OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.
- §16-3-4. Compulsory immunization of school children; information disseminated; offenses; penalties.
 - 1 Whenever a resident birth occurs, the state director of

health shall promptly provide parents of the newborn child with information on immunizations mandated by 4 this state or required for admission to a public school in this state. 5

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All children entering school for the first time in this state shall have been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough. Any person who cannot give satisfactory proof of having been immunized previously or a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for any or all diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough is impossible or improper or sufficient reason why 13 any or all immunizations should not be done, shall be immunized for diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough prior to being admitted in any of the schools of the state. No child or person shall be admitted or received in any of the schools of the state until he or she has been immunized as hereinafter provided, or produces a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough has been done or is impossible or improper or other sufficient reason why such immunizations have not been done. Any teacher having information concerning any person who attempts to enter school for the first time without having been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough shall report the names of all such persons to the county health officer. It shall be the duty of the health officer in counties having a full-time health officer to see that such persons are immunized before entering school.

In counties where there is no full-time health officer or district health officer, the county commission or municipal council shall appoint competent physicians to do the immunizations and fix their compensation. County health departments shall furnish the biologicals for this immunization free of charge.

Health officers and physicians who shall do this immunization work shall give to all persons and children a certificate free of charge showing that they have been

42 immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, or he or she may give the 43 certificate to any person or child whom he or she knows 44 to have been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, 45 rubella, tetanus and whooping cough. If any physician 46 shall give any person a false certificate of immunization 47 against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and 48 whooping cough, he or she shall be guilty of a misde-49 meanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less 50 than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars. 51

52 Any parent or guardian who refuses to permit his or her child to be immunized against diphtheria, polio, 53 rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, who can-54 not give satisfactory proof that the child or person has 55 been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, **56** rubella, tetanus and whooping cough previously, or a 57 certificate from a reputable physician showing that an 58 immunization for any or all is impossible or improper, or 59 sufficient reason why any or all immunizations should 60 not be done, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and 61 except as herein otherwise provided, shall, upon convic-62 tion, be punished by a fine of not less than ten nor more 63 than fifty dollars for each offense.

ARTICLE 3B. PERTUSSIS.

- §16-3B-1. Definitions.
- §16-3B-2. Information supplied to individuals; parents prior to administration of pertussis vaccine.
- §16-3B-3. Recordation of pertussis vaccine administration.
- §16-3B-4. Data collection on pertussis vaccine administration.
- §16-3B-5. Public hearings.

§16-3B-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Health care provider" means any licensed health
 2 care professional, organization or institution, whether
 3 public or private, under whose authority pertussis vac4 cine is administered.
- 5 (b) "Major adverse reaction" means any serious ill-6 ness, disability or impairment of mental, emotional, be-7 havioral or physical functioning or development, the 8 first manifestation of which appears within four weeks

- 9 after the date of administration of pertussis vaccine and
- 10 for which there is reasonable scientific or medical evi-
- 11 dence that pertussis vaccine causes, or significantly con-
- 12 tributed to, such effect.
- 13 (c) "Any other adverse reaction" means any reaction
- 14 which the department, after consultation with the medi-
- 15 cal and pharmacy faculties of West Virginia's teaching
- 16 hospitals, determines by guideline is a basis for not con-
- 17 tinuing with pertussis vaccine administration.
- 18 (d) "Pertussis vaccine" means any vaccine that con-
- 19 tains materials intended to prevent the occurrence of
- 20 pertussis, whether or not the materials are administered
- 21 separately or in conjunction with other materials intended
- 22 to prevent the occurrence of other diseases.

§16-3B-2. Information supplied to individuals' parents prior to administration of pertussis vaccine.

- 1 (a) Prior to the administration of pertussis vaccine,
- 2 the health care provider shall provide to the individual's
- 3 parent or guardian written information satisfying the
- 4 requirements of this section, and by appropriate inquiries
- 5 attempt to elicit the information necessary to make the
- 6 determinations required by this section:
- 7 (1) The frequency, severity and potential long-term 8 effects of pertussis;
- 9 (2) Possible adverse reactions to pertussis vaccine 10 which, if they occur, should be brought to the immediate
- 11 attention of the health care provider;
- 12 (3) A form listing symptoms to be monitored and con-
- 13 taining places where information can be recorded to
- 14 assist in reporting to the health care provider, health
- 15 officer and the department;
- 16 (4) Measures parents should take to reduce the risk 17 of, or to respond to, any adverse reaction;
- 18 (5) Early warning signs or symptoms to which parents
- 19 should be alert as possible precursors to an adverse re-20 action:
- 21 (6) When and to whom parents should report any 22 adverse reaction; and

23 (7) The information required under section four of 24 this article.

§16-3B-3. Recordation of pertussis vaccine administration.

- 1 (a) At the time of administration of pertussis vaccine
- to an individual, the health care provider shall record
- in a permanent record to which the patient or the
- patient's parent or guardian shall have access on request:
- (1) The date of each vaccination; 5
- 6 (2) The manufacturer and lot number of the vaccine 7 used for each:
- 8 (3) Any other identifying information on the vaccine used: and
- 10 (4) The name and title of the health care provider.
- 11 (b) Within twenty-four hours after an adverse re-12 action is recognized by any health care provider who has
- administered pertussis vaccine to an individual and has
- reason to believe that the individual has had a major
- adverse reaction to the vaccine, such health care provider
- 16 shall:
- 17 (1) Record all relevant information in the individual's permanent medical record; and 18
- 19 (2) Report the information including the manufac-20 turer's name and lot number to the county health officer
- 21 who shall immediately forward the information to the
- 22 department. On receipt of the information, the depart-
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- ment shall immediately notify the vaccine manufacturer,
- and the United States centers for disease control.

§16-3B-4. Data collection on pertussis vaccine administration.

- 1 (a) By guideline, the department shall establish a
- system, sufficient for the purposes of subsections (b) and (c) of this section, to collect data from the local health
- 4 officers, from public and private health care providers
- and from parents on the incidence of pertussis and major
- adverse reactions to pertussis vaccine.
- (b) On the basis of information collected under this 7 subsection and of other information available, the de-

- 9 partment shall periodically revise and update the in-10 formation required by and the guidelines adopted under 11 section two of this article.
- 12 (c) (1) The department shall report to the United 13 States centers for disease control all information col-14 lected under this section, including that received under 15 section three of this article.
- 16 (2) The department shall report annually to the Legis-17 lature on the incidence of pertussis and of adverse re-18 actions to pertussis vaccine.

§16-3B-5. Public hearings.

- 1 (a) The department shall adopt guidelines, after notice 2 and public hearing in accordance with the administrative 3 procedures act, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, setting 4 forth:
- 5 (1) The circumstances under which pertussis vaccine 6 should not be administered;
- 7 (2) The circumstances under which administration of8 the vaccine should be delayed;
- 9 (3) Any categories of potential recipients who are 10 significantly more vulnerable to major adverse reactions 11 than is the general population; and
- 12 (4) Procedures to notify all health care providers of 13 the content of the final guidelines and all updates issued 14 thereafter.
- (b) The administration of pertussis vaccine to an in dividual may not be required by any provision of law if,
 in the judgment of the health care provider:
- 18 (1) The circumstances specified under this section are 19 present; or
- 20 (2) Taking into account the information specified under 21 this section as well as all other relevant information, 22 the risk to the potential recipient outweighs the benefits 23 both to the potential recipient and to the public in ad-24 ministering the vaccine.
- 25 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect 26 any emergency authority of the director of health under 27 any other provision of law to protect the public health.

CHAPTER 94

(H. B. 1055—By Delegate Blatnik and Delegate Davis)

[Passed March 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen, relating to the establishment of a central registry of traumatic spinal cord injuries; and requiring the current acute care facility to report spinal cord injuries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10A. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION.

- §18-10A-15. Establishment of a central registry of traumatic spinal cord injury; physicians required to report spinal cord injury.
 - 1 (a) The director shall establish and maintain a central 2 registry of persons who sustain spinal cord injury other than
 - 3 through disease, whether or not permanent disability results,
 - 4 in order to facilitate the provisions of appropriate rehabilita-
 - 5 tive services by the division or other state agencies to such
 - 6 persons.
 - (b) The current acute care facility shall report to the director
 by the most expeditious means within seven days after
 - 9 identification of any person sustaining such an injury. The
 - 10 report shall contain the name and residence of the person and
 - 11 the name of the current acute care facility.

CHAPTER 95

(H. B. 1408—By Delegate Moore)

[Passed March 20, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to legal holidays; date of observing Martin Luther King's Birthday.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. LEGAL HOLIDAYS; SPECIAL MEMORIAL DAYS; CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTES; DEFINITIONS.

§2-2-1. Legal holidays; official acts or court proceedings.

1 The following days shall be regarded, treated and observed 2 as legal holidays, viz: The first day of January, commonly 3 called "New Year's Day"; the third Monday of January, commonly called "Martin Luther King's Birthday"; the twelfth 4 5 day of February, commonly called "Lincoln's Birthday"; the 6 third Monday of February, commonly called "Washington's Birthday"; the last Monday in May, commonly called 7 "Memorial Day"; the twentieth day of June, commonly called 8 "West Virginia Day"; the fourth day of July, commonly called 9 "Independence Day"; the first Monday of September, 10 commonly called "Labor Day"; the second Monday of 11 October, commonly called "Columbus Day"; the eleventh day 12 of November, hereafter referred to as "Veterans Day"; the 13 fourth Thursday of November, commonly called "Thanksgiv-14 ing Day"; the twenty-fifth day of December, commonly called 15 "Christmas Day"; any national, state or other election day 16 throughout the district or municipality wherein the election is 17 held; and all days which may be appointed or recommended 18 by the governor of this state, or the president of the United 19 States, as days of thanksgiving, or for the general cessation 20 of business; and when any of these days or dates falls on a 21 22 Sunday, then the succeeding Monday shall be regarded, treated and observed as the legal holiday. 23

When the return day of any summons or other court proceeding or any notice or time fixed for holding any court or doing any official act shall fall on any of these holidays, the next ensuing day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday shall be taken as meant and intended: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall increase nor diminish the legal

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30 school holidays provided for in section two, article five, 31 chapter eighteen-a of this code.

CHAPTER 96

(H. B. 2090-By Delegate Davis and Delegate Wells)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen, relating to authorizing county commissions and municipalities to impose a local hotel tax in conformity with state law, and as to such, providing for three percent rate of tax; definitions of terms; liability of the consumer for payment of the tax; collection of the tax by the hotel operator as a part of the consideration paid for the use or occupancy of hotel room; commingling of tax with receipts by hotel operator unless otherwise required; taxing authority to have superior lien thereon; hotel not to represent that it will absorb all or any part of tax; occupancy billed to government agencies and employees; collection of tax on credit sales; priority of tax as subordinate in bankruptcy to claims of the United States and this state; personal liability of hotel operator for failure to collect or remit tax; remittance of tax by hotel to taxing authority; returns and payment of tax; record keeping; personal liability of officers; general administration; expenditure of tax receipts; and imposing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18. HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX.

- §7-18-1. Hotel occupancy tax.
- §7-18-2. Rate of tax.
- §7-18-3. Definitions.
- §7-18-4. Consumer to pay tax; hotel or hotel operator not to represent that it will absorb tax; accounting by hotel.
- §7-18-5. Occupancy billed to government agencies or employees.

- §7-18-6. Collection of tax when sale on credit.
- **§7-18-7.** Receivership bankruptcy; priority of tax.
- §7-18-8. Failure to collect or remit tax; liability of hotel operator.
- §7-18-9. Total amount collected to be remitted.
- §7-18-10. Tax return and payment.
- §7-18-11. Keeping and preserving of records.
- §7-18-12. Liability of officers.
- §7-18-13. General procedure and administration.
- §7-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.
- §7-18-15. Criminal penalties.

§7-18-1. Hotel occupancy tax.

- (a) Authority to impose. On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, any county or
- 3 municipality may impose and collect a privilege tax upon the
- occupancy of hotel rooms located within its taxing jurisdiction.
- Such tax shall be imposed and collected as provided in this
- 6 article.
- 7 (b) Municipal tax. — A municipal hotel tax shall be 8 imposed by ordinance enacted by the governing body of the municipality, in accordance with the provisions of article 9 eleven, chapter eight of this code. Such tax shall be imposed 10 11 uniformly throughout the municipality; and the tax shall apply
- 12 to all hotels located within the corporate limits of the
- 13 municipality, including hotels owned by the state or by any
- 14 political subdivision of this state.
- 15 (c) County tax. — A county hotel tax shall be imposed by 16 order of the county commission duly entered of record. Such 17 tax shall be imposed uniformly throughout the county:
- 18 Provided, That no county commission may impose its tax on
- 19 hotels located within the corporate limits of any municipality
- situated, in whole or in part, within the county: Provided, 20
- however, That the tax collected by a hotel owned by a 21
- 22 municipality but located outside the corporate limits of such
- 23 municipality pursuant to this article shall be remitted to the
- 24 municipality owning such hotel for expenditure pursuant to
- 25 the provisions of section fourteen of this article. The tax shall
- 26 apply to all hotels located outside the corporate limits of a
- 27 municipality, including hotels owned by the state or any
- political subdivision of this state. 28
- 29 (d) The tax shall be imposed on the consumer and shall be 30 collected by the hotel operator as part of the consideration

- 31 paid for the occupancy of a hotel room: Provided, That the
- 32 tax shall not be imposed on any consumer occupying a hotel
- 33 room for thirty or more consecutive days.

§7-18-2. Rate of tax.

- 1 The rate of tax imposed shall be three percent of the
- 2 consideration paid for the use or occupancy of a hotel room.
- 3 Such consideration shall not include the amount of tax
- 4 imposed on the transaction under article fifteen, chapter eleven
- 5 of this code, or charges for meals, valet service, room service,
- 6 telephone service or other charges or consideration not paid
- 7 for use or occupancy of a hotel room.

§7-18-3. Definitions.

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1 For the purposes of this article:

political subdivisions thereof.

- (a) "Consideration paid" or "consideration" means the
 amount received in money, credits, property or other
 consideration for or in exchange for the right to occupy a hotel
- 5 room as herein defined.
- 6 (b) "Consumer" means a person who pays the consideration
 7 for the use or occupancy of a hotel room. The term
 8 "consumer" shall not be construed to mean the government
 9 of the United States of America, its agencies or instrumental10 ities, or the government of the state of West Virginia or
- (c) "Hotel" means any facility, building or buildings, 12 publicly or privately owned (including a facility located in a 13 state, county or municipal park), in which the public may, for 14 a consideration, obtain sleeping accommodations. The term 15 shall include, but not be limited to, boarding houses, hotels, 16 motels, inns, courts, lodges, cabins and tourist homes. The 17 18 term "hotel" shall include state, county and city parks offering 19 accommodations as herein set forth. The term "hotel" shall not be construed to mean any hospital, sanitarium, extended care 20 21 facility, nursing home or university or college housing unit or 22 any facility providing fewer than three hotel rooms, nor any 23 tent, trailer or camper campsites: Provided, That where a university or college housing unit provides sleeping accommo-24 dations for the general nonstudent public for a consideration. 25 the term "hotel" shall, if otherwise applicable, apply to such 26 accommodations for the purposes of this tax. 27

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- 28 (d) "Hotel operator" means the person who is proprietor of 29 a hotel, whether in the capacity of owner, lessee, mortgagee 30 in possession, licensee, trustee in possession, trustee in 31 bankruptcy, receiver, executor or in any other capacity. Where 32 the hotel operator performs his functions through a managing 33 agent of any type or character other than an employee, the 34 managing agent shall also be deemed a hotel operator for the 35 purposes of this article and shall have the same duties and 36 liabilities as his principal. Compliance with the provisions of this article by either the principal or the managing agent shall, 37 38 however, be considered to be compliance by both.
 - (e) "Hotel room" means any room or suite of rooms or other facility affording sleeping accommodations to the general public and situated within a hotel. The term "hotel room" shall not be construed to mean a banquet room, meeting room or any other room not primarily used for, or in conjunction with, sleeping accommodations.
 - (f) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, syndicate, social club, fraternal organization, joint stock company, receiver, corporation, guardian, trust, business trust, trustee, committee, estate, executor, administrator or any other group or combination acting as a unit.
- 51 (g) "State park" means any state-owned facility which is part of this state's park and recreation system established 52 pursuant to this code. For purposes of this article, any 53 recreational facility otherwise qualifying as a "hotel" and 54 situated within a state park shall be deemed to be solely within 55 the county in which the building or buildings comprising said 56 facility are physically situated, notwithstanding the fact that 57 the state park within which said facility is located may lie 58 59 within the jurisdiction of more than one county.
- 60 (h) "Tax," "taxes" or "this tax" means the hotel occupancy tax authorized by this article.
- 62 (i) "Taxing authority" means a municipality or county 63 levying or imposing the tax authorized by this article.
- 64 (j) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the tax 65 authorized by this article.

§7-18-4. Consumer to pay tax; hotel or hotel operator not to represent that it will absorb tax; accounting by hotel.

- 1 (a) The consumer shall pay to the hotel operator the 2 amount of tax imposed by any municipality or county 3 hereunder, which tax shall be added to and shall constitute 4 a part of the consideration paid for the use and occupancy 5 of the hotel room, and which tax shall be collectible as such 6 by the hotel operator who shall account for, and remit to the 7 taxing authority, all taxes paid by consumers. The hotel 8 operator shall separately state the tax authorized by this article 9 on all bills, invoices, accounts, books of account and records 10 relating to consideration paid for occupancy or use of a hotel 11 room. The hotel operator may commingle taxes collected 12 hereunder with the proceeds of the rental of hotel accommo-13 dations unless the taxing authority shall, by ordinance, order, 14 regulation or otherwise require in writing the hotel operator 15 to segregate such taxes collected from such proceeds. The 16 taxing authority's claim shall be enforceable against, and shall 17 be superior to, all other claims against the moneys so 18 commingled excepting only claims of the state for moneys held 19 by the hotel pursuant to the provisions of article fifteen, 20 chapter eleven of this code. All taxes collected pursuant to the 21 provisions of this article shall be deemed to be held in trust 22 by the hotel until the same shall have been remitted to the 23 taxing authority as hereinafter provided.
- 24 (b) A hotel or hotel operator shall not represent to the 25 public in any manner, directly or indirectly, that it will absorb 26 all or any part of the tax or that the tax is not to be considered 27 an element in the price to be collected from the consumer.

§7-18-5. Occupancy billed to government agencies or employees.

- 1 (a) Hotel room occupancy billed directly to the federal
 2 government shall be exempt from this tax: *Provided*, That
 3 rooms paid for by a federal government employee for which
 4 reimbursement is made shall be subject to this tax.
- 5 (b) Hotel room occupancy billed directly to this state or its political subdivisions shall be exempt from this tax: *Provided*, 7 That rooms paid for by an employee of this state for which reimbursement is made shall be subject to this tax.

§7-18-6. Collection of tax when sale on credit.

1 A hotel operator doing business wholly or partially on a

- credit basis shall require the consumer to pay the full amount
- of tax due upon a credit sale at the time such sale is made
- or within thirty days thereafter.

§7-18-7. Receivership bankruptcy; priority of tax.

In the distribution, voluntary or compulsory, in receivership. 2

bankruptcy or otherwise, of the property or estate of any 3 person, all taxes due and unpaid authorized under this article

shall be paid from the first money available for distribution

in priority to all claims and liens except taxes and debts due

to the United States which under federal law are given priority 7

over the debts and liens created by municipal ordinance or

order of the county commission for this tax and taxes and

debts due to the state of West Virginia. Any person charged 9

with the administration or distribution of any such property 10

11 or estate who shall violate the provisions of this section shall

12 be personally liable for any taxes accrued and unpaid which

are chargeable against the person whose property or estate is 13

14 in administration or distribution.

§7-18-8. Failure to collect or remit tax; liability of hotel operator.

I If any hotel operator fails to collect the tax authorized by

this article and levied pursuant to municipal ordinance or 2

order of the county commission or shall fail to properly remit

such tax to the taxing authority, he shall be personally liable

for such amount as he failed to collect or remit: Provided. 5

That such hotel operator shall not be held liable for failure to collect such tax if the hotel operator can by good and 7

substantial evidence prove the refusal of the purchaser to pay

this tax despite the diligent effort in good faith of the hotel 9

operator to collect the tax. 10

§7-18-9. Total amount collected to be remitted.

No profit shall accrue to any person as a result of the 1 2

collection of the tax authorized under this article. Notwith-

standing that the total amount of such taxes collected by a 3

hotel operator may be in excess of the amount for which a

consumer would be liable by the application of the levy of 5

three percent for the occupancy of a hotel room or rooms,

the total amount of all taxes collected by any hotel operator 7

shall be remitted to the taxing authority as hereinafter 8

9 provided.

§7-18-10. Tax return and payment.

Unless otherwise provided by ordinance, order, rule or 1 regulation of the taxing authority, the tax authorized by this 2 3 article, if imposed or levied by any municipality or county, shall be due and payable in monthly installments on or before 4 5 the fifteenth day of the calendar month next succeeding the month in which the tax accrued: Provided, That for credit 6 7 sales in which the tax authorized by this article is not collected 8 by the hotel operator at the time of such sales, such tax shall not, for purposes of this article, be regarded as having accrued 9 until the date on which it is either received by the hotel 10 operator or upon the expiration of the thirty day payment 11 12 period set forth in section six of this article, whichever shall first occur. The hotel operator shall, on or before the fifteenth 13 day of each month, prepare and deliver to the taxing authority 14 a return for the preceding month, in the form prescribed by 15 the taxing authority. Such form shall include all information 16 necessary for the computation, collection and subsequent 17 distribution of the tax as the taxing authority may require. A 18 remittance for the amount of the tax due shall accompany each 19 return. Each return shall be signed by the hotel operator or 20 21 his duly authorized agent.

§7-18-11. Keeping and preserving of records.

Each hotel operator shall keep complete and accurate 1 records of taxable sales and of charges, together with a record 2 of the tax collected thereon, and shall keep all invoices and 3 other pertinent documents in such form as the taxing authority 4 may require. Such records and other documents shall be 5 preserved for a period of not less than three years, unless the taxing authority shall consent in writing to their destruction 7 within that period or shall require that they be kept for a 9 longer period.

§7-18-12. Liability of officers.

If the taxpayer is an association or corporation, the officers thereof actually participating in the management or operation of the association or corporation shall be personally liable, jointly and severally, for any default on the part of the association or corporation; and payment of tax, fines, additions to tax or penalties which may be imposed by state law, municipal ordinance, order of the county commission or

other authority may be enforced against such officers as against the association or corporation which they represent.

§7-18-13. General procedure and administration.

- 1 (a) The taxing authority shall promulgate, by ordinance, 2 order, rule or regulation, administrative procedures for the assessment, collection and refund of the tax authorized by this 4 article. In the case of a county, the sheriff of that county shall 5 be the county's agent for administration and collection of the tax and shall have the power to distrain property and to 7 initiate civil suits for collection of this tax. The county commission may promulgate such regulations and return 8 forms as may be necessary or desirable for the administration
- and collection of the tax. 10
- 11 (b) The county assessor shall have the power and the duty 12 to issue tax returns and to receive tax returns for this tax.
- 13 (c) In any dispute arising among or between cities or counties or cities and counties as to jurisdiction to tax or 14 15 apportionment of taxes collected, the tax commissioner may 16 by ruling or regulation decide such disputes.
- 17 (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, taxing authorities may, in accordance with the provisions of 18 19 article twenty-three, chapter eight of this code, enter into 20 agreements among and between such taxing authorities for the collection or administration of this tax. 21
- 22 (e) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, taxing authorities may, in accordance with the provisions of 23 article twenty-three, chapter eight of this code, enter into 24 agreements with the tax commissioner for auditing services: 25 Provided. That the taxing authorities shall pay to the tax 26 27 commissioner the reasonable cost of such audits.

§7-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.

- (a) Application of proceeds. The net proceeds of the tax 1 collected and remitted to the taxing authority pursuant to this 2 article shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of such 3 4 municipality or county commission, and after appropriation thereof shall be expended only as provided in subsections (b)
- and (c) of this section.
- (b) Required expenditures. At least fifty percent of the 7

- 8 net revenue receivable during the fiscal year by a county, or 9 a municipality, pursuant to this article shall be expended in the 10 following manner for the promotion of conventions and 11 tourism:
 - (1) Municipalities. If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within the municipality, the governing body of such municipality shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection (b) to that bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within the municipality, but such a bureau is located within the county in which the municipality is located, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated to such convention and visitor's bureau located within such county. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such county, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated as follows:
 - (i) Any hotel located within such municipality may apply to such municipality for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such municipality, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such municipality shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
 - (ii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by subsection (b) of this section shall be appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the municipality is located.
 - (2) Counties. If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within a county, the county commission shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection (b) to that convention and visitor's bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such county, then the

- percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated as follows:
 - (i) Any hotel located within such county may apply to such county for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such county, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such county shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
 - (ii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by subsection (b) of this section shall be appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the county is located.
 - (3) Legislative finding. The Legislature hereby finds that the support of convention and visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils is a public purpose for which funds may be expended. Local convention and visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils receiving funds under this subsection (b) may expend such funds for the payment of administrative expenses, and for the direct or indirect promotion of conventions and tourism, and for any other uses and purposes authorized by subdivisions one and two of this subsection (b).
 - (c) Permissible expenditures. After making the appropriation required by subsection (b) of this section, the remaining portion of the net revenues receivable during the fiscal year by such county or municipality, pursuant to this article, may be expended for one or more of the purposes set forth in this subsection, but for no other purpose. The purposes for which expenditures may be made pursuant to this subsection are as follows:
 - (1) The planning, construction, reconstruction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, equipment, maintenance, repair and operation of publicly owned convention facilities including, but not limited

- 88 to, arenas, auditoriums, civic centers and convention centers;
- 89 (2) The payment of principal or interest or both on revenue 90 bonds issued to finance such convention facilities:
- 91 (3) The promotion of conventions;
- 92 (4) The construction or maintenance of public parks, tourist 93 information centers and recreation facilities (including land 94 acquisition); or
- 95 (5) The promotion of the arts.
- 96 (d) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the 97 following terms are defined:
- 98 (1) Convention and visitor's bureau and visitor's and 99 convention bureau. - "Convention and visitor's bureau" and 100 "visitor's and convention bureau" are interchangeable, and 101 either shall mean a nonstock, nonprofit corporation with a 102 full-time staff working exclusively to promote tourism and to 103 attract conventions, conferences and visitors to the municipality or county in which such convention and visitor's bureau 104 105 or visitor's and convention bureau is located.
- 106 (2) Convention center. — "Convention center" means a 107 convention facility owned by the state, a county, a municipal-108 ity or other public entity or instrumentality and shall include 109 all facilities, including armories, commercial, office, commun-110 ity service and parking facilities, and publicly owned facilities 111 constructed or used for the accommodation and entertainment 112 of tourist and visitors, constructed in conjunction with the 113 convention center and forming reasonable appurtenances 114 thereto.
- 115 (3) Fiscal year. "Fiscal year" means the year beginning 116 July first and ending June thirtieth of the next calendar year.
- 117 (4) Net proceeds. "Net proceeds" means the gross 118 amount of tax collections less the amount of tax lawfully 119 refunded.
- 120 (5) Promotion of the arts. "Promotion of the arts" means 121 activity to promote public appreciation and interest in one or 122 more of the arts. It includes the promotion of music for all 123 types, the dramatic arts, dancing, painting and the creative arts 124 through shows, exhibits, festivals, concerts, musicals and plays.

- 125 (6) Recreational facilities. "Recreational facilities" means 126 and includes any public park, parkway, playground, public 127 recreation center, athletic field, sports arena, stadium, skating 128 rink or arena, golf course, tennis courts and other park and 129 recreation facilities, whether of a like or different nature, that 130 are owned by a county or municipality.
- 131 (7) Regional travel council. "Regional travel council"
 132 means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation, with a full-time staff
 133 working exclusively to promote tourism and to attract
 134 conventions, conferences and visitors to the region of this state
 135 served by the regional travel council.

§7-18-15. Criminal penalties.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully refuse to collect or to pay the tax or to willfully refuse to make the return required to be made by this article; or to willfully make any false or fraudulent return or false statement in any return with the intent to defraud any taxing authority, or to willfully evade the payment of the tax, or any part thereof; or for any person to willfully aid or abet another in any attempt to evade the payment of the tax, or any part thereof; or for any officer, partner or principal of any corporation or association to willfully make or willfully permit to be made for such corporation or association any false return, or any false statement in any return authorized by this article, with the intent to evade the payment of this tax.
- (b) Any person willfully violating any of the provisions of this article shall for the first offense be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned for a period of not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned. For each offense after the first offense, such person shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years, or in the discretion of the court be confined in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
- (c) Every prosecution for any offense arising under this article shall be commenced within three years after the offense was committed, notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary.

- 30 (d) Proceedings against any person under this section shall
 31 be initiated in the county of this state wherein such person
 32 resides if any element of the offense occurs in such county of
 33 residence, or if no element of the offense occurs in such county
 34 of residence, then in the county where the offense was
 35 committed
 - (e) For purposes of this section, the term:
 - (1) "Willfully" means the intentional violation of a known legal duty to perform any act, required to be performed by any provision of this article, in respect of which the violation occurs: *Provided*, That the mere failure to perform any act shall not be a willful violation under this article. A willful violation of this article requires that the defendant have had knowledge of or notice of a duty to perform such act, and that the defendant, with knowledge of or notice of such duty, intentionally failed to perform such act.
 - (2) "Evade" means to willfully and fraudulently commit any act with the intent of depriving the state of payment of any tax which there is a known legal duty to pay.
 - (3) "Fraud" means any false representation or concealment as to any material fact made by any person with the knowledge that it is not true and correct, with the intention that such representation or concealment be relied upon by the state.

CHAPTER 97

(H. B. 1697-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright and Delegate Swann)

[Passed April 2, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, six, eighteen and twenty, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section nine, article eighteen-b of said chapter, all relating to the West Virginia housing development fund; defining eligible persons and families by including persons or families of higher income; defining temporary housing to include temporary residential housing for shelters for homeless people, housing for victims of flood

and other disasters, shelters for abused or battered persons and their children, housing for families with hospitalized family members, housing for students and student families and housing for handicapped; authorizing the housing development fund to own real property and to make loans for temporary housing; providing tax exemption; authorizing a limit on borrowing; providing that the housing development fund may contract with private institutions to place and service loans and authorizing an increase in the interest rate for servicing of loans.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, six, eighteen and twenty, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section nine, article eighteen-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- West Virginia Housing Development Fund.
- 18B. Mortgage and Industrial Development Investment Pool.

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND.

- **§31-18-3.** Definitions.
- §31-18-6. Corporate powers.
- §31-18-18. Tax exemption.
- §31-18-20. Authorized limit on borrowing.

§31-18-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires: 1
- 2 (1) "Annual sinking fund payment" means the amount of
- money specified in the resolution or resolutions authorizing 3
- term bonds as payable into a sinking fund during a particular
- calendar year for the retirement of term bonds at maturity 5
- after such calendar year, but shall not include any amount
- 7 payable by reason only of the maturity of a bond;
- 8 (2) "Development costs" means the costs approved by the 9
- housing development fund as appropriate expenditures by the
- housing development fund, by sponsors of land development 10
- for residential housing, or by sponsors of residential housing, 11
- 12 within this State, including, but not limited to:
- (a) Payments for options to purchase properties on the 13

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- proposed residential housing site, deposits on contracts of purchase, or, with prior approval of the housing development
- 16 fund, payments for the purchase of such properties;
- 17 (b) Legal and organization expenses, including payments of 18 attorneys' fees, project manager and clerical staff salaries, 19 office rent and other incidental expenses;
- 20 (c) Payment of fees for preliminary feasibility studies and advances for planning, engineering and architectural work;
- 22 (d) Expenses for tenant surveys and market analyses; and
- (e) Necessary application and other fees;
- 24 (3) "Eligible persons and families" means:
- 25 (a) Persons and families of low and moderate income; or
- 26 (b) Persons or families of higher income to the extent the
 27 housing development fund shall find and determine, by
 28 resolution, that construction of new or rehabilitated residential
 29 housing for occupancy by them will cause to be vacated
 30 existing sanitary, decent and safe residential housing available
 31 at prices or rentals which persons and families of low and
 32 moderate income can afford: or
 - (c) Persons or families of higher income to the extent the housing development fund shall find and determine, by resolution, that construction of new or rehabilitated multifamily rental housing or new, rehabilitated or existing home ownership housing in the state for occupancy by them will further economic growth, increase the housing stock in the state by eliminating substandard or deteriorating housing conditions, or provide additional housing opportunities in the state; or
- 42 (d) Persons who because of age or physical disability are 43 found and determined by the housing development fund, by 44 resolution, to require residential housing of a special location 45 or design in order to provide them with sanitary, decent and 46 safe residential housing; or
 - (e) Persons and families for whom, as found and determined by the housing development fund by resolution, construction of new or rehabilitated residential housing some designated area or areas of the state is necessary for the purpose of

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- 51 retaining in, or attracting to, such area or areas qualified 52 manpower resources essential to modern mining, industrial 53 and commercial operations and development in such area or 54 areas:
- 55 (4) "Federally insured construction loan" means a construc-56 tion loan for land development for residential housing or for 57 residential housing which is either secured by a federally 58 insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, or which is insured by the United States or an instrumentality thereof, or a 59 60 commitment by the United States or an instrumentality thereof 61 to insure such loan:
- (5) "Federaly insured mortgage" means a mortgage loan for 63 land development for residential housing or for residential housing insured or guaranteed by the United States or an instrumentality thereof to insure such a mortgage;
- 66 (6) "Federal mortgage" means mortgage loan for land 67 development for residential housing or for residential housing 68 made by the United States or an instrumentality thereof, or 69 a commitment by the United States or an instrumentality 70 thereof to make such a mortgage loan;
- 71 (7) "Housing development fund" means the West Virginia 72 housing development fund heretofore created and established 73 by section four of this article:
 - (8) "Land development" means the process of acquiring land for residential housing construction and of making, installing or constructing nonresidential housing improvements, including waterlines and water supply installations, sewer lines and sewage disposal installations, steam, gas and electric lines and installations, roads, streets, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, whether on or off the site, which the housing development fund deems necessary or desirable to prepare such land for residential housing construction within this state;
 - (9) "Land development fund" means the land development fund which may be created and established by the housing development fund in accordance with section twenty-a of this article;
- 87 (10) "Minimum bond insurance requirement" means, as of any particular date of computation, an amount of money equal 88 to the greatest of the respective amounts, for the then current 89

or any future calendar year, of annual debt service of the housing development fund on all outstanding mortgage finance bonds, such annual debt service for any calendar year being the amount of money equal to the aggregate of (a) all interest payable during such calendar year on such mortgage finance bonds on said date of computation, plus (b) the principal amount of such mortgage finance bonds outstanding which matures during such calendar year, other than mortgage finance bonds for which annual sinking fund payments have been or are to be made in accordance with the resolution authorizing such bonds, plus (c) the amount of all annual sinking fund payments payable during such calendar year with respect to any such mortgage finance bonds, all calculated on the assumption that bonds will after said date of computation cease to be outstanding by reason, but only by reason, of the payment of bonds when due, and the payment when due and application in accordance with the resolution authorizing such bonds of all such sinking fund payments payable at or after said date of computation;

- (11) "Mortgage finance bonds" means bonds issued or to be issued by the housing development fund and secured by a pledge of amounts payable from the mortgage finance bond insurance fund in the manner and to the extent provided in section twenty-b of this article;
- (12) "Mortgage finance bond insurance fund" means the special trust fund created and established in the state treasury in accordance with section twenty-b of this article;
- (13) "Operating loan fund" means the operating loan fund which may be created and established by the housing development fund in accordance with section nineteen of this article;
- (14) "Persons and families of low and moderate income" means persons and families, irrespective of race, creed, national origin or sex, determined by the housing development fund to require such assistance as is made available by this article on account of personal or family income not sufficient to afford sanitary, decent and safe housing, and to be eligible or potentially eligible to occupy residential housing constructed and financed, wholly or in part, with federally insured construction loans, federally insured mortgages, federal

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130 mortgages or with other public or private assistance, or with 131 uninsured construction loans, or uninsured mortgage loans. 132 and in making such determination the fund shall take into 133 account the following: (a) The amount of the total income of 134 such persons and families available for housing needs. (b) the 135 size of the family, (c) the cost and condition of housing 136 facilities available, (d) the eligibility of such persons and 137 families for federal housing assistance of any type predicated 138 upon low or moderate income basis, and (e) the ability of such 139 persons and families to compete successfully in the normal 140 housing market and to pay the amounts at which private 141 enterprise is providing sanitary, decent and safe housing: 142 Provided. That to the extent found and determined by the 143 housing development fund, by resolution, to be necessary or 144 appropriate for the purposes of eliminating undesirable social 145 conditions and permanently eliminating slum conditions, the 146 income limitation requirements of this article may be waived as to any persons or families who are eligible to occupy 147 148 residential housing constructed in whole, or in part, with 149 federally insured construction loans, federally insured 150 mortgages or federal mortgages under housing assistance or mortgage insurance programs of the United States, or an 151 152 instrumentality thereof, predicated upon any low or moderate 153 income basis:

(15) "Residential housing" means a specific work or improvement within this State undertaken primarily to provide dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of land, buildings and improvements thereto, for residential housing, including, but not limited to, nursing homes and intermediate care facilities, and such other nonhousing facilities as may be incidental or appurtenant thereto;

(16) "Special bond insurance commitment fee" means a fee in the amount of one per centum of the total principal amount of each loan which is to be temporarily or permanently financed from the proceeds of mortgage finance bonds, other than a federally insured construction loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, or an amount equal to an equivalent discount on each loan purchased or invested in by the housing development fund from the proceeds of mortgage finance bonds, other than a federally insured construction

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- 171 loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, and 172 which may be payable from the proceeds of such bonds or 173 any other source available to the housing development fund 174 for such use: Provided. That if the period of time between the 175 first disbursement of proceeds of such loan and the date upon which it is specified that the first repayment of principal of 176 177 such a loan shall be payable exceeds twelve months, an 178 additional amount computed on the basis of one twelfth of 179 one per centum per month on the total principal amount of 180 such loan over the number of months of such period of time 181 in excess of twelve months shall be included in such fee:
 - (17) "Special bond insurance premium" means (i) a fee at the rate of one half of one percent per annum on the outstanding principal balance which the housing development fund shall charge the borrower of a mortgage loan, or of a loan secured by a mortgage, financed from the proceeds of mortgage finance bonds, other than a federally insured construction loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, which shall accrue from a date which is one month prior to the date on which the first installment payment of principal of such a loan is payable and which shall be payable thereafter in monthly installments on the same day of each successive month that installment payments of principal of such a loan are payable, and (ii) with respect to any loan, other than a federally insured construction loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, purchased, or invested in with such proceeds, an equivalent amount which the housing development fund shall set aside from payments it receives on such loan or from any other source available to the housing development fund for such use;
 - (18) "State sinking fund commission" means the commission known as such and continued in existence pursuant to article three, chapter thirteen of this code and any body, board, person or commission which shall, by law, hereafter succeed to the powers and duties of such commission;
 - (19) "Temporary housing" means a specific work or improvement within this state undertaken primarily to provide dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of land, buildings and improvements thereto, for temporary residential housing, including, but not limited to, shelters for homeless people, housing for victims

- 212 of floods and other disasters, shelters for abused or battered
- 213 persons and their children, housing for families with
- 214 hospitalized family members, housing for students and student
- 215 families, and housing for the handicapped and such other
- 216 nonhousing facilities as may be incidental or appurtenant
- 217 thereto:
- 218 (20) "Uninsured construction loans" means a construction
- 219 loan for land development or for residential housing which is
- 220 not secured by either a federally insured mortgage or a federal
- 221 mortgage, and which is not insured by the United States or
- 222 an instrumentality thereof, and as to which there is no
- 223 commitment by the United States or an instrumentality thereof
- 224 to provide insurance;
- 225 (21) "Uninsured mortgage" and "uninsured mortgage loan"
- 226 means a mortgage loan for land development or for residential
- 227 housing which is not insured or guaranteed by the United
- 228 States or an instrumentality thereof, and as to which there is
- 229 no commitment by the United States or an instrumentality
- 230 thereof to provide insurance.

§31-18-6. Corporate powers.

- 1 The housing development fund is hereby granted, has and
- 2 may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out
- 3 and effectuate its corporate purpose, including, but not limited
- 4 to, the following:
- 5 (1) To make or participate in the making of federally
- 6 insured construction loans to sponsors of land development for
- 7 residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible
- 8 persons and families or to sponsors of residential or temporary
- 9 housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families. Such
- 10 loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing
- 11 development fund that construction loans are not otherwise
- 12 available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon
- 13 reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
- 14 (2) To make temporary loans, with or without interest, but
- 15 with such security for repayment as the housing development
- 16 fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable, from
- 17 the operating loan fund, if created, established, organized and
- 18 operated in accordance with the provisions of section nineteen
- 19 of this article, to defray development costs to sponsors of land

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- 20 development for residential or temporary housing for 21 occupancy by persons and families of low and moderate 22 income or residential or temporary housing construction for occupancy by persons and families of low and moderate 23 income which is eligible or potentially eligible for federally 24 insured construction loans, federally insured mortgages, 25 26 federal mortgages or uninsured construction loans or 27 uninsured mortgage loans;
- 28 (3) To make or participate in the making of long-term 29 federally insured mortgage loans to sponsors of residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 30 families, or to eligible persons and families, who may purchase 31 or construct such residential or temporary housing. Such loans 32 shall be made only upon determination by the housing 33 34 development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders 35 36 upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
- 37 (4) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and 38 devises, and to utilize or dispose of the same to carry out its 39 corporate purpose;
- 40 (5) To make and execute contracts, releases, compromises, 41 compositions and other instruments necessary or convenient 42 for the exercise of its powers, or to carry out its corporate 43 purpose;
 - (6) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and servicing its loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments and other evidences of indebtedness, and in connection with providing technical, consultative and project assistance services. Such fees and charges shall be limited to the amounts required to pay the costs of the housing development fund, including operating and administrative expenses, and reasonable allowances for losses which may be incurred:
- 53 (7) To invest any funds not required for immediate disbursement in any of the following securities:
- 55 (i) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the 56 United States of America;
 - (ii) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks for

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- cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks; federal home
 loan bank system; Export-Import Bank of the United States;
 federal land banks; the Federal National Mortgage Association
 or the Government National Mortgage Association;
 - (iii) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract or contracts with the United States of America; or temporary notes issued by public agencies or municipalities or preliminary loan notes issued by public agencies or municipalities, in each case, fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America:
- 73 (iv) Certificates of deposit secured by obligation of the 74 United States of America;
- 75 (v) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the 76 State of West Virginia;
 - (vi) Direct and general obligations of any other state within the territorial United States, to the payment of the principal of and interest on which the full faith and credit of such state is pledged: *Provided*. That at the time of their purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond-rating agency; and
 - (vii) Any fixed interest bond, note or debenture of any corporation organized and operating within the United States: Provided. That such corporation shall have a minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on one or more of the national stock exchanges: Provided, however, That (1) such corporation has earned a profit in eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as reflected in its statements, and (2) such corporation has not defaulted in the payment of principal or interest on any of its outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten fiscal years, and (3) the bonds, notes or debentures of such corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating services such as Standard and Poor's, Dun & Bradstreet or Moody's;

- 99 (8) To sue and be sued;
- 100 (9) To have a seal and alter the same at will;
- 101 (10) To make, and from time to time, amend and repeal 102 bylaws and rules and regulations not inconsistent with the 103 provisions of this article:
- 104 (11) To appoint such officers, employees and consultants as 105 it deems advisable and to fix their compensation and prescribe 106 their duties;
- 107 (12) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal 108 property for its corporate purposes;
- 109 (13) To enter into agreements or other transactions with any 110 federal or state agency, any person and any domestic or 111 foreign partnership, corporation, association or organization;
- 112 (14) To acquire real property, or an interest therein, in its 113 own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where such acquisition 114 is necessary or appropriate to protect any loan in which the 115 housing development fund has an interest and to sell, transfer 116 and convey any such property to a buyer and, in the event 117 such sale, transfer or conveyance cannot be effected with 118 reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, to lease such 119 property to a tenant;
- 120 (15) To sell, at public or private sale, any mortgage or other 121 negotiable instrument or obligation securing a construction, 122 rehabilitation, improvement, land development, mortgage or 123 temporary loan;
- 124 (16) To procure insurance against any loss in connection 125 with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, as 126 may be necessary or desirable;
- 127 (17) To consent, whenever it deems it necessary or desirable 128 in the fulfillment of its corporate purpose, to the modification 129 of the rate of interest, time of payment or any installment of 130 principal or interest, or any other terms, of mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction loan, rehabilitation 131 loan, improvement loan, temporary loan, contract or 132 agreement of any kind to which the housing development fund 133 134 is a party;
- 135 (18) To make and publish rules and regulations respecting

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- 136 its federally insured mortgage lending, uninsured mortgage 137 lending, construction lending, rehabilitation lending, improve-138 ment lending and lending to defray development costs and any 139 such other rules and regulations as are necessary to effectuate 140 its corporate purpose;
- (19) To borrow money to carry out and effectuate its 142 corporate purpose and to issue its bonds or notes as evidence of any such borrowing in such principal amounts and upon 143 144 such terms as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for 145 achieving its corporate purpose, except that no notes shall be 146 issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance 147 and no bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years 148 from date of issuance:
- 149 (20) To issue renewal notes, to issue bonds to pay notes and. 150 whenever it deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be 151 152 refunded have or have not matured except that no such 153 renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years 154 from date of issuance of the notes renewed and no such 155 refunding bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years 156 from the date of issuance:
- 157 (21) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes 158 or refunding bonds to the purchase, redemption or payment 159 of the notes or bonds to be refunded:
 - (22) To provide technical services to assist in the planning, processing, design, construction, or rehabilitation or improvement of residential and temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families or land development for residential and temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families;
 - (23) To provide consultative project assistance services for residential and temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families and for land development for residential and temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families and for the residents thereof with respect to management, training and social services;
- 172 (24) To promote research and development in scientific 173 methods of constructing low cost residential and temporary housing of high durability; 174

- (25) With the proceeds from the issuance of notes or bonds of the housing development fund, including, but not limited to, mortgage finance bonds, or with other funds available to the housing development fund for such purpose, to participate in the making of or to make loans to mortgagees approved by the housing development fund and take such collateral security therefor as is approved by the housing development fund and to invest in, purchase, acquire, sell or participate in the sale of, or take assignments of, notes and mortgages, evidencing loans for the construction, rehabilitation, improve-ment, purchase or refinancing of residential and temporary housing in this state: Provided, That the housing development fund shall obtain such written assurances as shall be satisfactory to it that the proceeds of such loans, investments or purchases will be used, as nearly as practicable, for the making of or investment in long-term federally insured mortgage loans or federally insured construction loans, uninsured mortgage loans or uninsured construction loans, for residential and temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families in this state or that other moneys in an amount approximately equal to such proceeds shall be committed and used for such purpose;
 - (26) To make or participate in the making of uninsured construction loans to sponsors of land development for residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families or to sponsors of residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families, or to eligible persons and families who may construct such housing. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that construction loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
 - (27) To make or participate in the making of long-term uninsured mortgage loans to sponsors of residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families, or to eligible persons and families who may purchase or construct such residential housing. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;

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- 216 (28) To obtain options to acquire and to acquire real 217 property, or any interest therein, in its own name, by purchase, 218 or lease, or otherwise, which is found by the housing 219 development fund to be suitable, or potentially suitable, as a 220 site, or as part of a site, for the construction of residential or 221 temporary housing; to hold such real property; to make loans 222 to finance the performance of land development activities on 223 or in connection with any such real property or to perform 224 land development activities on or in connection with any such 225 real property; to sponsor the development of residential and 226 temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 227 families on such real property; and to sell, transfer and convey, 228 lease or otherwise dispose of such real property, or lots, tracts 229 or parcels of such real property, or residential or temporary 230 housing, for such prices, upon such terms, conditions and 231 limitations, and at such time or times as the housing 232 development fund shall determine, to sponsors of residential 233 or temporary housing: Provided, That if the housing 234 development fund shall determine that any such real property 235 or any lots, tracts or parcels of such real property are not at 236 any time or times needed for present or future residential or 237 temporary housing, the housing development fund may sell, 238 transfer and convey, lease or otherwise dispose of the same, 239 to such purchasers or lessees, for such prices, upon such terms, 240 conditions and limitations, and for such uses and purposes as 241 the housing development fund shall determine;
 - (29) To make loans, with or without interest, but with such security for repayment as the housing development fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable from the land development fund, if created, established, organized and operated in accordance with the provisions of section twentya of this article, to sponsors of land development, to defray development costs and other costs of land development;
 - (30) To exercise all of the rights, powers and authorities of a public housing authority as set forth and provided in article fifteen, chapter sixteen of this code in any area or areas of the state which the housing development fund shall determine by resolution to be necessary or appropriate;
 - (31) To make or participate in the making of loans to eligible persons and families for the purpose of rehabilitating or improving existing residential and temporary housing, or

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257 to owners of existing residential or temporary housing for 258 occupancy by eligible persons and families for the purpose of 259 rehabilitating or improving such residential or temporary housing and, in connection therewith, to refinance existing 260 261 loans involving the same property. Such loans shall be made 262 only upon determination by the housing development fund 263 that rehabilitation or improvement loans are not otherwise 264 available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon 265 reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;

(32) Whenever the housing development fund deems it necessary in order to exercise any of its powers set forth in subdivision (28) of this section, and upon being unable to agree with the owner or owners of real property or interest therein sought to be acquired by the fund upon a price for acquisition of private property not being used or operated by the owner in the production of agricultural products, to exercise the powers of eminent domain in the acquisition of such real property or interest therein in the manner provided under chapter fifty-four of this code, and the purposes set forth in subdivision (28) of this section are hereby declared to be public purposes for which private property may be taken. For the purposes of this section, the determination of "use or operation by the owner in the production of agricultural products" means that the principal use of such real estate is for the production of food and fiber by agricultural production other than forestry, and the fund shall not initiate or exercise any powers of eminent domain without first receiving an opinion in writing from both the governor and the commissioner of agriculture of this state that at the time the fund had first attempted to acquire such real estate or interest therein, such real estate or interest therein was not in fact being used or operated by the owner in the production of agricultural products.

§31-18-18. Tax exemption.

The housing development fund shall not be required to pay any taxes and assessments to the state of West Virginia, or any county, municipality or other governmental subdivision of the state of West Virginia, upon any of its property or upon its obligations or other evidences of indebtedness pursuant to the provisions of this article, or upon any moneys, funds, revenues or other income held or received by the housing

- development fund. The notes and bonds of the housing 8
- development fund and the income therefrom shall at all times
- 10 be exempt from taxation, except for death and gift taxes, taxes
- on transfers, sales taxes, real property taxes and business and 11
- 12 occupation taxes.

§31-18-20. Authorized limit on borrowing.

- 1 The aggregate principal amount of bonds and notes issued
- by the housing development fund shall not exceed one billion, 2
- two hundred fifty million dollars outstanding at any one time:
- Provided. That in computing the total amount of bonds and 4
- notes which may at any one time be outstanding, the principal
- 6 amount of any outstanding bonds or notes refunded or to be
- refunded either by application of the proceeds of the sale of 7
- 8 any refunding bonds or notes of the housing development fund
- or by exchange for any such refunding bonds or notes, shall 9
- 10 be excluded.

ARTICLE 18B. MORTGAGE AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT POOL.

- §31-18B-9. Housing development fund may contract with private institutions to place and service loans or may itself provide such servicing; increasing interest rate and payment of a portion of interest to cover cost of servicing.
 - (a) The housing development fund may contract with 1
 - private mortgage companies, savings and loan associations or 2 banks to provide for the placement, origination and servicing
 - 3 of the mortgages described in this article or the housing 4
 - development fund may provide such servicing: Provided, That 5
 - such institutions must be licensed to do business in West 6
 - Virginia and, in the case of a savings and loan, or a bank, 7
 - must be under the supervision of the department of banking 8
 - of this state as provided in chapter thirty-one-a of this code 9
 - or must be a national bank or a federally insured savings and 10
- loan. Such institutions shall follow the same restrictions as the 11
- housing development fund, and shall act only as the agent for 12 13 such.
- (b) Notwithstanding the maximum interest rate specified in 14
- section six of this article, the housing development fund is 15
- authorized to increase the interest rate, up to one half of one 16 percent over the rate provided in section six to pay the cost 17

- 18 of placing and servicing the mortgages.
- 19 (c) If the housing development fund so determines, one of 20 the points provided for in section six of this article may be
- paid to the private mortgage company, bank or savings and 21
- loan to cover the expense of origination of the loan. 22

CHAPTER 98

(S. B. 704—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the human rights commission; compensation of members and reimbursement for expenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

§5-11-5. Composition; appointment, terms and oath of members: compensation and expenses.

- 1 The commission shall be composed of nine members,
- all residents and citizens of the state of West Virginia and
- broadly representative of the several racial, religious and
- 4 ethnic groups residing within the state, to be appointed
- 5 by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of
- 6 the Senate. Not more than five members of the com-
- mission shall be members of the same political party and
- at least one member, but not more than three members,
- shall be from any one congressional district.
- Members of the commission shall be appointed for 10
- terms of three years commencing on the first day of July 11
- 12 of the year of their appointments, except that the nine
- members first appointed hereunder shall be appointed 13

14 for terms of from one to three years, respectively, so that the terms of three members of the commission will 15 16 expire on the thirtieth day of June of each succeeding year thereafter. Upon the expiration of the initial terms, 17 18 all subsequent appointments shall be for terms of three 19 years each, except that appointments to fill vacancies 20 shall be for the unexpired term thereof. Members shall 21 be eligible for reappointment. Before assuming and per-22 forming any duties as a member of the commission, each 23 commission member shall take and subscribe to the official oath prescribed by section 5, article IV of the Con-24 25 stitution of West Virginia, which executed oath shall be 26 filed in the office of the secretary of state.

27 The members of the commission shall not receive a 28 salary, but each appointed member shall be paid twentyfive dollars per diem for actual time spent in the per-29 formance of duties under this article and shall be re-30 imbursed for actual and necessary expenses incident to 31 the performance of their duties, upon presentation of an 32 33 itemized and sworn statement thereof. The foregoing per diem and reimbursement for actual and necessary ex-34 penses shall be paid from appropriations made by the 35 36 Legislature to the commission.

CHAPTER 99

(H. B. 1100—By Delegate Knight and Delegate McKinley)

[Passed March 15, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-a, article two, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing and reestablishing the department of human services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-a, article two, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; POWERS, DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES GENERALLY.

§9-2-1a. Department of welfare renamed department of human services; continuation.

1 The state department of welfare, created pursuant to the provisions of chapter nine of this code, is hereby continued 2 as an official department of the state of West Virginia, but 4 effective May twenty-nine, one thousand nine hundred eightythree, its name shall be the department of human services. All references in the code to the department of welfare shall mean 6 the department of human services, and all references to the 7 commissioner of the department of welfare shall mean the 8 commissioner of the department of human services and for all other legal purposes the department of welfare shall continue 10 as the department of human services. 11

12 After having conducted a performance audit through its 13 joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature 14 hereby finds and declares that the department of human 15 services should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, 16 notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, 17 chapter four of this code, the department of human services 18 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand 19 20 nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 100

(S. B. 606-By Senator Whitacre)

[Passed April 10, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eleven and twelve, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the sale and transportation of legally taken furs, pelts and parts of legally taken fur-bearing animals and fish beyond the limits of the state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eleven and twelve, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

- §20-2-11. Sale of wildlife: transportation of same.
- §20-2-12. Transportation of wildlife out of state; penalties.

§20-2-11. Sale of wildlife; transportation of same.

- No person, except those legally licensed to operate pri-
- vate game preserves for the purpose of propagating game
- 3 for commercial purposes, and those legally licensed to
- propagate or sell fish, amphibians and other forms of
- aquatic life, shall purchase or offer to purchase, sell or
- offer to sell, expose for sale, or have in his possession for
- the purpose of sale any wildlife, or part thereof, which
- has been designated as game animals, fur-bearing ani-
- mals, game birds, game fish or amphibians, or any of the
- song or insectivorous birds of the state, or any other spe-10
- cies of wildlife which the director may designate: Pro-11
- vided. That pelts of game or fur-bearing animals taken 12
- during the legal season may be sold: Provided, however, 13
- That hide, head, antiers and feet of a legally killed deer 14
- and the hide, head, skull, organs and feet of a legally 15
- 16 killed black bear may be sold.
- 17 No person, including a common carrier, shall transport, carry or convey, or receive for such purposes any wildlife,
- 18
- the sale of which is prohibited, if such person knows or 19
- has reason to believe that such wildlife has been or is to 20
- 21 be sold in violation of this section.
- The selling or exposing for sale, having in possession for 22
- sale, transporting or carrying in violation of this section 23
- shall each constitute a separate misdemeanor offense. 24
- Notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other sec-25
- tion of this chapter, any game birds or game bird meats 26
- sold by licensed retailers may be served at any hotel, 27
- restaurant or other licensed eating place in this state. 28
- The director shall have authority to promulgate rules 29

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thereof.

- 30 and regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-
- 31 a of this code, dealing with the sale of wildlife and the
- 32 skins thereof.

§20-2-12. Transportation of wildlife out of state; penalties.

No person shall at any time transport or have in his 2 possession with the intention of transporting beyond the limits of the state, any species of wildlife or any part thereof killed, taken, captured or caught within this state: Provided, That a nonresident legally entitled to hunt and fish in this state may take with him personally, when leaving the state, any wildlife that he has lawfully taken or killed, not exceeding, during the open season, the number that any person may lawfully take or kill in any 9 two days. This section shall not apply to persons legally 10 entitled to propagate and sell wild animals, wild birds, 11 fish, amphibians and other forms of aquatic life: Provided, 12 13 however. That licensed resident hunters and trappers and 14 resident and nonresident fur dealers may transport be-15 yond the limits of the state pelts of game and fur-bearing 16 animals taken during the legal season: Provided further, 17 That hide, head, antlers and feet of a legally killed deer, 18 and the hide, head, skull, organs and feet of a legally killed black bear may also be transported beyond the 19 limits of the state. The director shall have authority to 20 21 promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, dealing with the 22

Notwithstanding any provision of this section, any person violating the provisions of this section by transporting or possessing with the intention of transporting beyond the limits of this state, deer or wild boar, shall be deemed to have committed a separate offense for each animal so transported or possessed. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars and be imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten nor more than sixty days.

transportation and tagging of wildlife and the skins

CHAPTER 101

(H. B. 1995-By Delegate M. Harman)

[Passed April 9, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two-a, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to hunting, tagging and reporting bear; procedures applicable to property destruction by bear; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two-a, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-22a. Hunting, tagging and reporting bear; procedures applicable to property destruction by bear; penalties.

- 1 (a) No person in any county of this state shall hunt, capture 2 or kill any bear, or have in his possession any bear, or any part thereof, including fresh pelt, except during the hunting season for bear designated by rules and regulations to be promulgated by the department of natural resources and at no other time nor in any other way than as herein and therein provided. A person on killing a bear shall, within twenty-four 7 8 hours after killing, deliver the bear or fresh skin to a conservation officer or checking station for tagging. The bear 9 10 shall have affixed thereto an appropriate tag provided by the department before any part of the bear may be transported 11 more than seventy-five miles from the point of kill. Any bear 12 not properly tagged, or any part of such bear, shall be forfeited 13 to the state for disposal to a charitable institution, or school, 14 or as otherwise designated by the department of natural 15
- 17 It shall be unlawful:

resources.

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18 (1) To hunt bear without a bear damage stamp as prescribed 19 in section forty-four-b of this article, in addition to a hunting 20 license as prescribed in this article;

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- 21 (2) To hunt a bear with (a) a shotgun using ammunition 22 loaded with more than one solid ball, or (b) a rifle of less than 23 twenty-five caliber using rimfire ammunition or (c) a crossbow;
- 24 (3) To kill or attempt to kill any bear through the use of poison, or explosives, or through the use of snares, steel traps or deadfalls other than as authorized herein;
- 27 (4) To shoot at or kill a cub bear weighing less than one hundred pounds or to kill any bear accompanied by such cub;
- 29 (5) To have in possession any part of a bear not tagged in accordance with the provisions of this section;
- 31 (6) To enter a state game refuge with firearms for the 32 purpose of pursuing or killing a bear except under the direct 33 supervision of department personnel;
 - (7) To hunt bear with dogs during seasons other than those designated for such purpose by the department of natural resources; after a bear is spotted and the chase has begun, to pursue the bear with other than the pack of dogs in use at the beginning of the hunt;
- 39 (8) To train bear hunting dogs on bear or to cause dogs 40 to chase bear at times other than those designated by the 41 department of natural resources for the hunting of bear;
 - (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections twenty-three and twenty-four of this article, for any person to organize for commercial purposes, or to professionally outfit a bear hunt or to give or receive any consideration whatsoever or any donation in money, goods or services in connection with a bear hunt;
 - (10) For any person, who is not a resident of this state, to hunt bear with dogs or to use dogs in any fashion for the purpose of hunting bear in this state, except in legally authorized hunts.
- 52 (b) The following shall apply to bear destroying property:
- 53 (1) Any property owner including a lessee, who has suffered 54 damage to real or personal property including loss occasioned 55 by the death of livestock or the injury thereto or the unborn 56 issue thereof, caused by an act of a bear may complain to any 57 conservation officer of the department of natural resources, for

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58 the protection against such bear. Upon receipt of the 59 complaint, such officer shall immediately proceed to investigate the circumstances giving rise to such complaint, and if 60 61 such officer is unable to personally investigate the complaint. 62 he shall designate a wildlife biologist to investigate on his 63 behalf and if the complaint is found to be justified, such officer 64 or designated person, may, together with the owner and other 65 residents, proceed to hunt and destroy or capture the bear 66 which is determined to have caused the property damage: 67 Provided, That only the conservation officer or the wildlife 68 biologist shall determine whether the bear shall be destroyed 69 or captured. Notwithstanding any provision of this article, if 70 it is determined that the complaint is justified, the officer or designated person may summon or use dogs from within or 71 72 without this state to effectuate the hunting and destruction or 73 capture of such bear. Provided, however, That in the event dogs from without this state are used in such hunt, the owners 74 75 thereof shall be the only nonresidents permitted to participate 76 in hunting such bear.

(2) When a property owner has suffered damage as the result of an act by a bear, such owner shall file a report with the director of the department of natural resources, stating whether or not such bear was hunted and destroyed and if so, the sex, weight and estimated age of subject bear, and also submit to the department an appraisal of the property damage occasioned by subject bear duly signed by three competent appraisers, fixing the value of the property lost. Such report shall be ruled upon and the alleged damages examined by a commission to which it shall be referred by the department. The commission shall be composed of the complaining property owner, an officer of the department and a person to be selected by the officer of the department and the complaining property owner. The department shall by rules and regulations to be promulgated, establish the procedures to be followed in presenting and deciding claims under this section and all such claims shall be paid in the first instance from the bear damage fund provided in section forty-four-b of this article, and in the event such fund is insufficient to pay all claims determined by the commission to be just and proper the remainder due to owners of lost or destroyed property shall be paid from the special revenue account of the department of natural resources.

- 100 (3) In all cases where the act of the bear complained of by the property owner is the killing of livestock, the value to be 101 102 established is the fair market value of the livestock at the date 103 of death, and in cases where livestock killed is pregnant, the 104 total value shall be the sum of the values of the mother and 105 the unborn issue, with the value of the unborn issue to be 106 determined on the basis of the fair market value of the issue, 107 had it been born. In no event shall the fair market value of 108 the livestock exceed twice the assessed value of the livestock 109 for personal property taxes.
- (c) Any person who kills a bear in violation of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty nor more than one hundred days, or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 102

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 685—By Senator Tucker)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixty-two, relating to former prisoners of war being permitted to hunt and fish in season without licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-62. Persons exempt from obtaining hunting and fishing licenses; qualification.

1 Any person who has been a prisoner of war, was hon-

orably discharged from the military forces and is a resident of this state may take, or catch by angling, fish of the kind lawfully permitted to be taken or caught and may hunt or trap wild birds or wild quadrupeds lawfully permitted to be hunted or trapped without procuring a fishing license, hunting license or trapping permit. The person, while taking or catching fish or hunting or trapping wild birds or wild quadrupeds for which he would 9 otherwise be required to have a fishing license, hunting 10 license or trapping permit, shall carry written evidence 11 in the form of a record of separation, a letter from one of 12 the military forces of the United States, or such other 13 evidence as the director of the department of natural resources requires by rule that satisfies the eligibility criteria established by this section. 16

17 For purposes of this section, the term "prisoner of war" means any member of the armed forces of the United 18 States, including the United States coast guard and na-19 tional guard, who was held by any hostile force with 20 which the United States was actually engaged in armed 21 conflict during any period of the incarceration; or any person, military or civilian, assigned to duty on the U.S.S. Pueblo who was captured by the military forces of North Korea on the twenty-third of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, and thereafter held prisoner. Not-26 withstanding any provision in this section, a prisoner of 27 war shall not include any person who, at any time, volun-28 tarily, knowingly and without duress, gave aid to or col-29 laborated with or in any manner served any such hostile 31 force.

CHAPTER 103

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1424—By Delegate Givens)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding

thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine-c, relating to the establishment and funding of an indigent care fund; assessment of hospitals by health care cost review authority; rules and regulations; legislative task force on uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures created; termination of article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29C. INDIGENT CARE.

§16-29C-1. Short title.

§16-29C-2. Legislative findings.

§16-29C-3. Indigent care fund.

§16-29C-4. Legislative study; appointment of members; expenses; reports; temination.

§16-29 C-5. Effective date and termination date.

§16-29C-1. Short title.

This article shall be known and may be cited as the

2 "Indigent Care Act."

§16-29C-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature does hereby find as follows:
- 2 (a) That hospitals in this state presently are required to bear
- 3 without compensation a substantial portion of the cost of the
- 4 health care services rendered to indigent patients in this state;
- 5 (b) That, as a result of this burden, hospitals in this state
- 6 presently are forced to shift the cost of these uncompensated
- 7 services onto private pay patients and increase substantially
- 8 their charges to private pay patients;
- 9 (c) That, as a further result of this burden, the financial
- 10 status of hospitals in this state and the health and welfare of
- 11 the citizens of this state are threatened;
- 12 (d) That, in order to alleviate this burden and the results
- 13 thereof, special funds for the state's medicaid program must
- 14 be established to assist hospitals in financing these uncompen-
- 15 sated services;
- 16 (e) That, increasing numbers of citizens of this state are

- 17 experiencing difficulties having access to medical care due to 18 the lack of resources to pay for medical services;
- 19 (f) That, no immediate relief is seen for such individuals by 20 way of their obtaining medical insurance or having access to 21 sufficient funds to pay for such medical services:
- 22 (g) That, the state medicaid program faces serious financial 23 difficulties in terms of decreasing amounts of available federal 24 and state dollars by which to fund the medicaid program and 25 in paying debts presently owed hospitals:
- 26 (h) That the magnitude of the present problem may 27 necessitate an assessment of hospitals for a period limited to 28 one year as a means of raising additional revenue to address 29 the problem;
- (i) That, the provision of primary health services in the 30 31 hospital setting is inefficient from both a cost containment and 32 a medical practices viewpoint; and
- 33 (i) That, the health and well-being of all state citizens is of 34 primary concern to state government.

§16-29C-3. Indigent care fund.

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- 1 (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special 2 fund to be known as the indigent care fund.
- 3 (b) Moneys from the following sources shall be paid into 4 the indigent care fund:
- 5 (1) For the state's fiscal year beginning in the year one 6 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the Legislature shall make 7 an appropriation to the indigent care fund in an amount to 8 be determined by it which shall be in addition to its general 9 appropriation to the state's medicaid program; and
- 10 (2) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the West Virginia health care cost review authority 12 may assess hospitals under the jurisdiction of the authority, 13 with the exception of hospitals owned and operated by the 14 state government, an aggregate amount which is either equal to the Legislature's fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 15 eighty-five-eighty-six appropriation to the indigent care fund or three million dollars, whichever is less: Provided, That if the authority makes such an assessment, the authority shall

certify that such assessment is for a one-year period and is necessary for the health and well-being of all the citizens of the state and provide the reasons therefor.

- (c) Each hospital assessed pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (b) of this section shall be assessed on a pro rata basis based upon a three year average of net revenues less expenditures and taxes for each hospital's one thousand nine hundred eighty-three and one thousand nine hundred eighty-four fiscal years weighted by the hospital's ratio of West Virginia gross medicaid revenues to gross patient revenues for the same three-year period. Payment of this assessment shall be made in four equal quarterly payments and remittable no later than the end of the month succeeding the close of each quarter.
- (d) All moneys paid into the indigent care fund shall be used to supplement the Legislature's general appropriation to the state's medicaid program in order that the state may receive corresponding matching funds from the federal government and the state's medicaid program shall be utilized to finance the amount of inpatient and outpatient acute care hospital services practicable.
- (e) If it is determined by the United States department of health and human services that federal medicaid funds will not be forthcoming to match all or part of the funds assessed from hospitals, that portion of the hospital assessment for which no matching federal funds will be forthcoming will not be collected from hospitals and any such hospital assessment already collected will be returned to said hospitals.
- (f) Any balance remaining in the indigent care fund at the end of the state's fiscal year shall not revert to the state treasury, but shall remain in the indigent care fund and be used consistent with subsection (d) of this section.
- (g) The West Virginia health care cost review authority shall administer and promulgate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That in so doing the authority shall seek the advice of the department of human services: *Provided*, *however*, That nothing in this article shall be construed to give the West Virginia health care cost review authority any jurisdiction over the medicaid program or its operations.

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§16-29C-4. Legislative study; appointment of members; expenses; reports; termination.

Not later than the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the president of the Senate and speaker of the House of Delegates of the West Virginia Legislature shall appoint a legislative task force on uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures which shall meet, study and make recommendations as herein provided.

The task force shall be composed of three members of the Senate appointed by the president from the membership of the Senate standing committee on health and human resources. three members of the House of Delegates appointed by the speaker from the membership of the House of Delegates standing committee on health and welfare, and a number of citizens appointed jointly by the president and speaker which, in their discretion, adequately provides for the appropriate representation of the interests of the providers of health care services, the providers of health care insurance, state departments involved in the administration of health care and health care related programs and the citizens of this state. Of the members of the Senate appointed by the president, not more than two shall be from the same political party. Of the members of the House of Delegates appointed by the speaker, not more than two shall be from the same political party.

Members originally appointed to the task force shall serve for terms beginning on the date of appointment and ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, unless sooner replaced by the president or the speaker as applicable, or, in the discretion of the president and the speaker, unless the work of the task force is completed or the need for the task force no longer exists prior to that date. The task force shall cease to exist on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

The task force shall meet on such dates as may be approved by the joint committee on government and finance for the regular meetings of its subcommittees unless approval is first obtained from the joint committee on government and finance for additional meetings. The task force shall conduct studies on the amount of funds expended by hospitals and other health care providers of this state for services to persons who

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are unable to pay for those services and for which they receive no other form of reimbursement, the extent to which persons in this state forego needed medical services because of insufficient income and assets to pay for those services, the extent to which the the state is maximizing available federal programs and moneys in providing health care services to the citizens of this state, the operation of the programs and funds created by this article and the roles of the public, private and private nonprofit sectors in providing health care services to the citizens of this state. The task force shall also study the state medicaid program in order to determine if the state medicaid agency, as the payor of last resort, is expending maximum effort to identify alternate private insurance resources for medicaid beneficiaries and shall study the feasibility and financial impact upon the state of assuring increased access to medicaid beneficiaries to primary health care in the nonhospital setting by requiring enrollment in a primary care clinic program, if available, and of the establishment of different and lesser schedules of payment for primary health services delivered by a hospital emergency room as compared to the schedule of payments for emergency room services of a true medical emergency nature. The task force shall make such recommendations as it deems appropriate to address the needs identified in the studies.

The task force shall file an interim report with the joint committee on government and finance and the Legislature on the date of the last meeting of the joint committee on government and finance prior to commencement of the regular session of the Legislature in each year before the final report of the task force is filed with the joint committee on government and finance and the Legislature on or before the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

The members of the task force shall be entitled to compensation at the rate authorized for members of the Legislature participating in legislative interim meetings and to reimbursement for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in attending meetings of the task force, except that any employee of the state appointed to the task force is not entitled to such compensation. Funds necessary for the work of the task force shall be paid from joint appropriations to the Senate and House of Delegates but no such funds shall

- 80 be spent or obligations incurred in the conduct of such work
- 81 without prior approval of the joint committee on government
- 82 and finance.

§16-29C-5. Effective date and termination date.

- This article shall be effective from passage, and section three of this article shall terminate on the thirtieth day of June, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-six. The other sections of this
- 4 article shall be subject to termination pursuant to the
- 5 provisions of article ten, chapter four of the code on the
- 6 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight,
- 7 unless extended by legislation enacted prior to this termination
- 8 date.

CHAPTER 104

(H. B. 1290-By Delegate Smirl)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-b, relating to allowing for the group purchase of vehicle insurance for the states transit properties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. STATE INSURANCE.

§29-12-5b. Transit insurance.

- In accordance with the terms and provisions of this article
- 2 the state board of risk and insurance management shall
- 3 provide appropriate aid and assistance to the transit author-
- 4 ities in this state in their procurement of fleet liability
- 5 insurance for all vehicles operated by any such authorities and
- 6 any and all expense associated with the procurement of

7 purchase of said insurance coverage shall be borne by the 8 transit authorities.

CHAPTER 105

(H. B. 1861-By Delegate Riffle)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen-a, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to waiver of charitable or governmental immunity in public liability insurance policies issued to charitable associations and governmental units.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen-a, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

§33-6-14a. Public liability insurance policies issued to charitable associations and governmental units to contain provision for waiving of immunity defense.

1 Any policy or contract of public liability insurance providing 2 coverage for public liability sold, issued or delivered in this state to any religious or charitable corporation or association, either directly or to the trustees of such associations, or sold, 4 issued or delivered to any governmental unit, agency or 6 subdivision, shall be read so as to contain a provision or 7 endorsement whereby the company issuing such policy waives, or agrees not to assert as a defense, on behalf of the 8 policyholder or any beneficiary thereof, to any claim covered 9 by the terms of such policy within the policy limits, the 10 immunity from liability of the insured by reason of such I 1 insured's charitable or governmental status, unless such 12 provision or endorsement is rejected in writing by the named 13 insured. 14

CHAPTER 106

(H. B. 1763—By Delegate Riffle)

[Passed April 2, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a; and to amend and reenact sections five, eight and eighteen, article twenty-six of said chapter, all relating to the rehabilitation and liquidation of insurers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a; and that sections five, eight and eighteen, article twenty-six of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 10. Rehabilitation and Liquidation.
- 26. West Virginia Insurance Guaranty Association Act.

ARTICLE 10 REHABILITATION AND LIQUIDATION.

§33-10-19a. Priority of distribution.

- 1 The priority of distribution of claims from the insurer's
- 2 estate shall be in accordance with the order in which each class
- 3 of claims is herein set forth. Every claim in each class shall
- 4 be paid in full or adequate funds retained for such payment
- 5 before the members of the next class receive any payment. No
- 6 subclasses shall be established within any class. The order of
- 7 distribution shall be:
- 8 (a) Class I. The costs and expenses of administration,
- 9 including, but not limited to, the following:
- 10 (1) The actual and necessary costs of preserving or
- 11 recovering the assets of the insurer;
- 12 (2) Compensation for all services rendered in the

- 13 liquidation;
- 14 (3) Any necessary filing fees;
- 15 (4) The fees and mileage payable to witnesses;
- 16 (5) Reasonable attorney's fees; and
- 17 (6) The reasonable expenses of a guaranty association or 18 foreign guaranty association in handling claims.
- 19 (b) Class II. Debts due to employees for compensation 20 under the provisions of section twenty-seven of this article.
- 21 (c) Class III. All claims under the provisions of subsection 22 (a), section thirty-six of this article.
- (d) Class IV. Claims under nonassessable policies for
 unearned premium or other premium refunds and claims of
 general creditors.
- 26 (e) Class V. Claims of the federal or any state or local 27 government. Claims, including those of any governmental 28 body for a penalty or forfeiture, shall be allowed in this class
- 29 only to the extent of the pecuniary loss sustained from the act,
- 30 transaction or proceeding out of which the penalty or
- forfeiture arose, with reasonable and actual costs occasioned thereby. The remainder of such claims shall be postponed to
- the class of claims under subdivision (h) of this section.
- 34 (f) Class VI. Claims filed late or any other claims other than
- 35 claims under subdivisions (g) and (h) of this section.
- 36 (g) Class VII. Surplus or contribution notes, or similar
- 37 obligations and premium refunds on assessable policies.
- 38 Payments to members of domestic mutual insurance compan-
- 39 ies shall be limited in accordance with law.
- 40 (h) Class VIII. The claims of shareholders or other owners.

ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIA-TION ACT.

§33-26-5. Definitions.

§33-26-8. Powers and duties of the association.

§33-26-18. Stay of proceedings; reopening of default judgments.

§33-26-5. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

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- 2 (1) "Account" means any one of the two accounts created by section six of this article.
 - (2) "Association" means the West Virginia insurance guaranty association created under section six of this article.
- 6 (3) "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner of West Virginia.
 - (4) "Covered claim" means an unpaid claim, including one for unearned premiums other than retrospective premiums or other premiums subject to adjustment after the date of liquidation, which arises out of and is within the coverage of an insurance policy to which this article applies and which policy is in force at the time of the occurrence giving rise to such unpaid claims if (a) the insurer issuing the policy becomes an insolvent insurer after the effective date of this article and (b) the claimant or insured is a resident of this state at the time of the insured occurrence, or the property from which the claim arises is permanently located in this state. "Covered claim" shall not include (i) any amount in excess of the applicable limits of coverage provided by an insurance policy to which this article applies; nor (ii) any amount due any reinsurer, insurer, insurance pool or underwriting association. as subrogation recoveries or otherwise from an insolvent insurer or the insured of an insolvent insurer to the extent of coverage under the insured's policy.
 - (5) "Insolvent insurer" means an insurer (a) licensed to transact insurance in this state either at the time the policy was issued or when the insured event occurred and (b) against whom an order of liquidation with a finding of insolvency has been entered by a court of competent jurisdiction in the insurer's state of domicile or of this state.
 - (6) "Member insurer" means any person who (a) writes any kind of insurance to which this article applies under section three of this article, including farmers' mutual fire insurance companies and the exchange of reciprocal or interinsurance contracts, and (b) is licensed to transact insurance in this state.
 - (7) "Net direct written premiums" means direct gross premiums written in this state on insurance policies to which this article applies, less return premiums thereon and dividends paid or credited to policyholders on such direct business. "Net

- 41 direct written premiums" does not include premiums on 42 contracts between insurers or reinsurers.
- 43 (8) "Person" includes an individual, company, insurer, 44 association, organization, society, reciprocal, partnership, 45 syndicate, business trust, corporation or any other legal entity.
- 46 (9) "Receiver" means receiver, liquidator, rehabilitator or conservator as the context may require.

§33-26-8. Powers and duties of the association.

(1) The association shall:

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- 2 (a) Be obligated to the extent of the covered claims existing 3 prior to the determination of insolvency, and for such claims 4 arising within thirty days after the determination of insolvency, 5 but such obligation shall include only that amount of each covered claim which is in excess of one hundred dollars and 6 7 is less than three hundred thousand dollars. In no event shall 8 the association be obligated to a policyholder or claimant in 9 an amount in excess of the obligations of the insolvent insurer 10 under the policy from which the claim arises. Notwithstanding 11 any other provision of this article, a covered claim shall not 12 include any claim filed with the guaranty fund after the final 13 date set by the court for the filing of claims against the 14 liquidator or receiver of an insolvent insurer, nor shall any default judgment or stipulated judgment against the insolvent 15 insurer, or against the insured of an insolvent insurer, be 16 17 binding against the association.
 - (b) Be deemed the insurer to the extent of its obligation on the covered claims and to such extent shall have all rights, duties, defenses and obligations of the insolvent insurer as if the insurer had not become insolvent.
- 22 (c) Allocate claims paid and expenses incurred among the two accounts separately, and assess member insurers separately 23 24 for each account amounts necessary to pay the obligations of 25 the association under subdivision (a) of this subsection 26 subsequent to an insolvency, the expenses of handling covered claims subsequent to an insolvency, the cost of examinations 27 28 under section thirteen of this article and other expenses authorized by this article. The assessments of each member 29 insurer shall be in the proportion that the net direct written 30 premiums of the member insurer for the preceding calendar 31

32 year on the kinds of insurance in the account bears to the net 33 direct written premiums of all member insurers for the 34 preceding calendar year on the kinds of insurance in the 35 account. Each member insurer shall be notified of the 36 assessment not later than thirty days before it is due. No 37 member insurer may be assessed in any one year on any 38 account an amount greater than two percent of that member 39 insurer's net direct written premiums for the preceding 40 calendar year on the kinds of insurance in the account. If the 41 maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the 42 association in any account, does not provide in any one year 43 in any account an amount sufficient to make all necessary 44 payments from that account, the funds available shall be 45 prorated and the unpaid portion shall be paid as soon 46 thereafter as funds become available. The association may 47 exempt or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of any 48 member insurer, if the assessment would cause the member 49 insurer's financial statement to reflect the amounts of capital 50 or surplus less than the minimum amounts required for a 51 certificate of authority by any jurisdiction in which the 52 member insurer is authorized to transact insurance. Each 53 member insurer may set off against any assessment, authorized 54 payments made on covered claims and expenses incurred in 55 the payment of such claims by the member insurer if they are 56 chargeable to the account for which the assessment is made.

(d) Investigate claims brought against the association and adjust, compromise, settle and pay covered claims to the extent of the association's obligation and deny all other claims and may review settlements, releases and judgments to which the insolvent insurer or its insureds were parties to determine the extent to which such settlements, releases and judgments may be properly contested.

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- 64 (e) Notify such persons as the commissioner directs under 65 subsection (2), section ten of this article.
 - (f) Handle claims through its employees or through one or more insurers or other persons designated as servicing facilities. Designation of a servicing facility is subject to the approval of the commissioner, but such designation may be declined by a member insurer.
 - (g) Reimburse each servicing facility for obligations of the

- 72 association paid by the facility and for expenses incurred by
- 73 the facility while handling claims on behalf of the association
- 74 and shall pay the other expenses of the association authorized
- 75 by this article.
- 76 (2) The association may:
- 77 (a) Employ or retain such persons as are necessary to handle claims and perform other duties of the association.
- 79 (b) Borrow funds necessary to effect the purposes of this article in accord with the plan of operation.
- 81 (c) Sue or be sued.
- 82 (d) Negotiate and become a party to such contracts as are necessary to carry out the purpose of this article.
- 84 (e) Perform such other acts as are necessary or proper to effectuate the purpose of this article.
- 86 (f) Refund to the member insurers in proportion to the contribution of each member insurer to an account that amount by which the assets of the account exceed the liabilities, if, at the end of any calendar year, the board of directors finds that the assets of the association in any account exceed the liabilities of that account as estimated by the board of directors for the coming year.

§33-26-18. Stay of proceedings; reopening of default judgments.

1 All proceedings in which the insolvent insurer is a party or 2 obligated to defend a party in any court in this state shall be 3 stayed for six months from the date the proof of claims 4 provided for in section eighteen, article ten of this chapter is filed with the receiver to permit proper defense by the 5 association of all pending causes of action. As to any covered 6 7 claims arising from a judgment under any order, decision, 8 verdict or finding based on the default of the insolvent insurer 9 or its wrongful failure to defend an insured, the association either on its own behalf or on behalf of such insured may 10 apply to have such judgment, order, decision, verdict or 11 finding set aside by the same court or administrator that made 12 such judgment, order, decision, verdict or finding and shall be 13 permitted to defend against such claim on the merits. 14

CHAPTER 107

(H. B. 1851—By Delegate Yanni and Delegate Mastrantoni)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article eleven, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the payment of insurance benefits; when benefits must be paid; exceptions; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article eleven, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES.

§33-11-4. Unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices defined.

- The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the business of insurance:
- 4 (1) Misrepresentation and false advertising of insurance 5 policies. — No person shall make, issue, circulate, or cause 6 to be made, issued or circulated, any estimate, circular, 7 statement, sales presentation, omission or comparison which:
- 8 (a) Misrepresents the benefits, advantages, conditions or terms of any insurance policy; or
- (b) Misrepresents the dividends or share of the surplus to
 be received on any insurance policy; or
- 12 (c) Make any false or misleading statements as to the 13 dividends or share of surplus previously paid on any insurance 14 policy; or
- (d) Is misleading or is a misrepresentation as to the financial
 condition of any person, or as to the legal reserve system upon
 which any life insurer operates; or
- 18 (e) Uses any name or title of any insurance policy or class

- of insurance policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
- 21 (f) Is a misrepresentation for the purpose of inducing or 22 tending to induce the lapse, forfeiture, exchange, conversion 23 or surrender of any insurance policy; or
- 24 (g) Is a misrepresentation for the purpose of effecting a 25 pledge or assignment of or effecting a loan against any 26 insurance policy; or
- 27 (h) Misrepresents any insurance policy as being shares of 28 stock.
- 29 (2) False information and advertising generally. — No person shall make, publish, disseminate, circulate or placed 30 before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, to be made, 31 published, disseminated, circulated or place before the public, 32 33 in a newspaper, magazine or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter or poster or over any 34 35 radio or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement or statement containing any assertion, 36 representation or statement with respect to the business of 37 insurance or with respect to any person in the conduct of his 38 39 insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive or misleading.
 - (3) Defamation. No person shall make, publish, disseminate or circulate, directly or indirectly, or aid, abet or encourage the making, publishing, disseminating or circulating of any oral or written statement or any pamphlet, circular, article or literature which is false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial condition of any person and which is calculated to injure such person.

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- (4) Boycott, coercion and intimidation. No person shall enter into any agreement to commit, or by any concerted action commit, any act of boycott, coercion or intimidation resulting in or tending to result in unreasonable restraint of, or monopoly in, the business of insurance.
- (5) False statements and entries. (a) No person shall knowingly file with any supervisory or other public official, or knowingly make, publish, disseminate, circulate or deliver to any person, or place before the public, or knowingly cause directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person or placed before the public,

- 58 any false material statement of fact as to the financial condition of a person.
- 60 (b) No person shall knowingly make any false entry of a
 61 material fact in any book, report or statement of any person
 62 or knowingly omit to make a true entry of any material fact
 63 pertaining to the business of such person in any book, report
 64 or statement of such person.
 - (6) Stock operations and advisory board contracts. No person shall issue or deliver or permit agents, officers or employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any commonlaw corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.
 - (7) Unfair discrimination. (a) No person shall make or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract.
 - (b) No person shall make or permit any unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and of essentially the same hazard in the amount of premium policy fees, or rates charged for any policy or contract of accident and sickness insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever.
 - (c) As to kinds of insurance other than life and accident and sickness, no person shall make or permit any unfair discrimination in favor of particular persons, or between insureds or subjects of insurance having substantially like insuring, risk and exposure factors or expense elements, in the terms or conditions of any insurance contract, or in the rate or amount of premium charge therefor. This paragraph shall not apply as to any premium or premium rate in effect pursuant to article twenty of this chapter.
 - (8) Rebates. (a) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, no person shall knowingly permit or offer to make or make any contract of life insurance, life annuity, or accident

97 and sickness insurance, or agreement as to such contract other 98 than as plainly expressed in the insurance contract issued 99 thereon, or pay or allow or give or offer to pay, allow or give, 100 directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance or 101 annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or 102 any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other 103 benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement 104 whatever not specified in the contract; or give or sell, or 105 purchase or offer to give, sell or purchase as inducement to 106 such insurance contract or annuity or in connection therewith, 107 any stocks, bonds or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association or partnership, or any 108 109 dividends or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value 110 whatsoever not specified in the contract.

(b) Nothing in subdivision seven or paragraph (a) of subdivision eight of this section shall be construed as including within the definition of unfair discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:

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- (i) In the case of any contract of life insurance or life annuity, paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance: *Provided*, That any such bonuses or abatement of premiums shall be fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the insurer and its policyholders;
- (ii) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expenses;
- 127 (iii) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group 128 insurance policy based on the loss or expense thereunder, at 129 the end of the first or any subsequent policy year of insurance 130 thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such 131 policy year;
 - (iv) Issuing life or accident and sickness policies on a salary savings or payroll deduction plan at a reduced rate commensurate with the savings made by the use of such plan.
- 135 (c) With respect to insurance other than life, accident and

136 sickness, ocean marine or marine protection and indemnity 137 insurance, no person shall knowingly charge, demand or 138 receive a premium for such insurance except in accordance 139 with an applicable filing on file with the commssioner. No such person shall pay, allow or give, directly or indirectly, either 140 as an inducement to insurance or after insurance has been 141 142 effected, any rebate, discount, abatement, credit or reduction 143 of the premium named in a policy of insurance, or any special 144 favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement 145 146 whatever, not specified in the policy of insurance, except to 147 the extent provided for in an applicable filing. No insured 148 named in a policy of insurance, nor any relative, representative or employee of such insured shall knowingly receive or accept 149 directly or indirectly, any such rebate, discount, abatement, 150 151 credit or reduction of premium, or any such special favor or advantage or valuable consideration or inducement. Nothing 152 153 in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the payment of commissions or other compensation to duly licensed agents 154 and brokers, nor as prohibiting any insurer from allowing or 155 returning to its participating policyholders, members or 156 subscribers, dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium 157 158 deposits. As used in this section the word "insurance" includes suretyship and the word "policy" includes bond. 159

(9) Unfair claim settlement practices. — No person shall commit or perform with such frequency as to indicate a general business practice any of the following:

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- 163 (a) Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy 164 provisions relating to coverages at issue;
 - (b) Failing to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to claims arising under insurance policies;
 - (c) Failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt investigation of claims arising under insurance policies;
 - (d) Refusing to pay claims without conducting a reasonable investigation based upon all available information;
 - (e) Failing to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a reasonable time after proof of loss statements have been completed;

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- 176 (f) Not attempting in good faith to effectuate prompt, fair 177 and equitable settlements of claims in which liability has 178 become reasonably clear;
 - (g) Compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts due under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in actions brought by such insureds, when such insureds have made claims for amounts reasonably similar to the amounts ultimately recovered;
- (h) Attempting to settle a claim for less than the amount to which a reasonable man would have believed he was entitled by reference to written or printed advertising material accompanying or made part of an application;
- (i) Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of the insured;
 - (j) Making claims payments to insureds or beneficiaries not accompanied by a statement setting forth the coverage under which payments are being made;
 - (k) Making known to insureds or claimants a policy of appealing from arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than the amount awarded in arbitration;
 - (l) Delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an insured, claimant or the physician of either to submit a preliminary claim report and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal proof of loss forms, both of which submissions contain substantially the same information;
 - (m) Failing to promptly settle claims, where liability has become reasonably clear, under one portion of the insurance policy coverage in order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance policy coverage;
 - (n) Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation of the basis in the insurance policy in relation to the facts or applicable law for denial of a claim or for the offer of a compromise settlement;

- 213 (o) Failing to notify the first party claimant and the 214 provider(s) of services covered under accident and sickness 215 insurance and hospital and medical service corporation 216 insurance policies whether the claim has been accepted or 217 denied and if denied, the reasons therefore within fifteen 218 calendar days from the filing of the proof of loss: Provided, 219 That should benefits due the claimant be assigned, notice to 220 the claimant shall not be required: Provided, however, That 221 should the benefits be payable directly to the claimant, notice 222 to the health care provider shall not be required. If the insurer needs more time to investigate the claim, it shall so notify the 223 224 first party claimant in writing within fifteen calendar days from 225 the date of the initial notification and every thirty calendar days, thereafter; but in no instance shall a claim remain 226 227 unsettled and unpaid for more than ninety calendar days from the first party claimant's filing of the proof of loss unless there 228 229 is, as determined by the insurance commissioner, (1) a 230 legitimate dispute as to coverage, liability or damages; or (2) 231 if the claimant has fraudulently caused or contributed to the loss. In the event that the insurer fails to pay the claim in full 232 233 within ninety calendar days from the claimant's filing of the 234 proof of loss, except for exemptions provided above, there 235 shall be assessed against the insurer and paid to the insured a penalty which will be in addition to the amount of the claim 236 and assessed as interest on such at the then current prime rate 237 plus one percent. Any penalty paid by an insurer pursuant to 238 this section shall not be a consideration in any rate filing made 239 240 by such insurer.
- (10) Failure to maintain complaint handling procedures. 241 No insurer shall fail to maintain a complete record of all the 242 complaints which it has received since the date of its last 243 examination under section nine, article two of this chapter. 244 This record shall indicate the total number of complaints, their 245 classification by line of insurance, the nature of each 246 complaint, the disposition of these complaints and the time it 247 took to process each complaint. For purposes of this 248 subsection, "complaint" shall mean any written communica-249 tion primarily expressing a grievance. 250
- 251 (11) Misrepresentation in insurance applications. No 252 person shall make false or fraudulent statements or represen-253 tations on or relative to an application for an insurance policy,

for the purpose of obtaining a fee, commission, money or other benefit from any insurer, agent, broker or individual.

CHAPTER 108

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 118-By Senator Tucker)

[Passed March 21, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article fourteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the sale of debtor groups credit life insurance and removal of certain statutory policy amount limitations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article fourteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE.

§33-14-3. Debtor groups.

- 1 The lives of a group of individuals may be insured
 - under a policy issued to a creditor, who shall be deemed
- 3 the policyholder, to insure debtors of the creditor, subject
- 4 to the following requirements:
- 5 (a) The debtors eligible for insurance under the
- policy shall be all of the debtors of the creditor whose
- 7 indebtedness is repayable either (i) in installments, or
- 8 (ii) in one sum at the end of a period not in excess of
- 9 eighteen months from the initial date of debt, or all of
- 10 any class or classes thereof determined by conditions
- 11 pertaining to the indebtedness or to the purchase
- 12 giving rise to the indebtedness. The policy may
- 13 provide that the term "debtors" shall include the
- 14 debtors of one or more subsidiary corporations, and the
- 15 debtors of one or more affiliated corporations, proprietors
- 16 or partnerships if the business of the policyholder and of
- 17 such affiliated corporations, proprietors or partnerships

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- is under common control through stock ownership, contract or otherwise. No debtor shall be eligible unless the contract of indebtedness constitutes an obligation to repay which is binding upon him during his lifetime, at and from the date the insurance becomes effective upon his life
- 24 (b) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the 25 policyholder, either from the creditor's funds, or from charges collected from the insured debtors, or from both. 26 A policy on which part or all of the premium is to be 27 28 derived from the collection from the insured debtors of 29 identifiable charges not required of uninsured debtors 30 shall not include, in the class or classes of debtors eligible 31 for insurance, debtors under obligations outstanding at its 32 date of issue without evidence of individual insurability 33 unless at least seventy-five percent of the then eligible 34 debtors elect to pay the required charges. A policy on 35 which no part of the premium is to be derived from the 36 collection of such identifiable charges must insure all 37 eligible debtors, or all except any as to whom evidence of 38 individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.
 - (c) The policy may be issued only if the group of eligible debtors is then receiving new entrants at the rate of at least one hundred persons yearly, or may reasonably be expected to receive at least one hundred new entrants during the first policy year, and only if the policy reserves to the insurer the right to require evidence of individual insurability if less than seventy-five percent of the new entrants become insured. The policy may exclude from the classes eligible for insurance classes of debtors determined by age.
 - (d) The amount of insurance on the life of any debtor shall at no time exceed the amount owed by him which is repayable in installments to the creditor. Where the indebtedness is repayable in one sum to the creditor, the insurance on the life of any debtor shall in no instance be in effect for a period in excess of eighteen months except that such insurance may be continued for an additional period not exceeding six months in the case of default, extension or recasting of the loan.

- 58 (e) The insurance shall be payable to the policyholder.
- 59 Such payment shall reduce or extinguish the unpaid
- 60 indebtedness of the debtor to the extent of such payment.

CHAPTER 109

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1334—By Delegate Springston and Delegate Leary)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eleven, article thirty, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections three, four, six, seven, eight, ten, twelve and thirteen of said article, all generally relating to mine subsidence insurance; definition; mine subsidence; waivers; insurance fund; mine subsidence coverage; providing for waiver in certain counties; a waiting period; limited right of insurers to refuse to provide subsidence coverage; refusing coverage where damage is in progress; reinsurance agreements; adjustment of losses and administration of the fund; payment of losses; right of recourse; subrogation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article thirty, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections three, four, six, seven, eight, ten, twelve and thirteen of said article be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 30. MINE SUBSIDENCE INSURANCE.

- §33-30-3. Definitions.
- §33-30-4. Mine subsidence insurance fund.
- §33-30-6. Mine subsidence coverage; waivers.
- §33-30-7. Limited right of insurers to refuse to provide subsidence coverage.
- §33-30-8. Reinsurance agreements.
- §33-30-10. Payment of losses.
- §33-30-12. Right of recourse.
- §33-30-13. Subrogation.

§33-30-3. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

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- 2 (1) "Board" means the state board of risk and insurance management;
 - (2) "Mine subsidence" means loss to the structure caused by lateral or vertical movement, including collapse which results therefrom, of structures from collapse of man-made underground coal mines. It does not include loss caused by earthquake, landslide, volcanic eruption or collapse of storm and sewer drains and rapid transit tunnels;
 - (3) "Mine subsidence insurance fund" or "fund" means the fund established by this article within the office of the state board of risk and insurance management;
- (4) "Policy" means a contract of insurance providing minesubsidence insurance;
- 15 (5) "Premium" means the gross rate charged policyholders 16 for insurance provided by this article; and
- 17 (6) "Structure" means any dwelling, building or fixture 18 permanently affixed to realty located in West Virginia, 19 including basements, footings, foundations, septic systems and 20 underground pipes directly servicing the dwelling or building. 21 "Structure" shall not include driveways, sidewalks, parking 22 lots, land, trees, plants, crops or agricultural field drainage tile.

§33-30-4. Mine subsidence insurance fund.

- 1 (a) There is hereby established within the office of the state 2 board of risk and insurance management a fund to be known 3 as the "mine subsidence insurance fund." The board shall 4 operate the fund pursuant to this article.
- 5 (b) The fund shall make available insurance coverage 6 against losses arising out of or due to mine subsidence within 7 this state as to any structure within this state.
- 8 (c) The moneys in the fund shall be derived from premiums
 9 for subsidence insurance collected on behalf of the board
 10 pursuant to this article. The board shall be empowered to
 11 invest the fund and first use the interest therefrom for claim
 12 payments and administration expenses.
- (d) Premiums for subsidence insurance shall be established
 by the board, who shall periodically review the premium level

- and the experience data applicable to operation of the fund and make changes as required.
- 17 (e) Premiums shall be established at a rate or within a 18 schedule of rates sufficient to satisfy all foreseeable claims 19 upon the fund during the period of coverage, giving due 20 consideration to relevant loss or claim experience or trends, 21 to cover normal costs of operation of the fund by the board
- 22 and provide a reasonable reserve fund for unexpected
- 22 and provide a reasonable reserve fund for unexpected
- 23 contingencies. Deviation from the premium set by the board
- 24 shall not be allowed.

structure.

§33-30-6. Mine subsidence coverage; waivers.

Beginning the first day of October, one thousand nine l hundred eighty-two, every insurance policy issued or renewed 2 insuring on a direct basis a structure located in this state shall 3 include, at a separately stated premium, insurance for loss 4 occurring on or after October first, one thousand nine hundred 5 eighty-two, caused by mine subsidence unless waived by the 6 insured: Provided, That no waiver shall be required and such 7 coverage shall only be provided if requested by the insured in 8 the following counties: Berkeley, Cabell, Calhoun, Hampshire, 9 Hardy, Jackson, Jefferson, Monroe, Morgan, Pendleton, 10 Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Wirt, Wood: Provided, however, 11 That the effective date of a new policy or endorsement 12 containing mine subsidence insurance coverage shall be on the 13 thirtieth calendar day after the application date. The premium 14 charged for coverage shall be set by the board. The loss 15 coverage shall be the loss in excess of two percent of the 16 policy's total insured value, but at no time shall the deductible 17 be less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than five 18 hundred dollars; and total insured value reinsured by the 19 board shall not exceed seventy-five thousand dollars: Provided 20 further. That in no event shall the amount of mine subsidence 21

§33-30-7. Limited right of insurers to refuse to provide subsidence coverage.

An insurer may refuse to provide subsidence coverage (1) on a structure evidencing unrepaired subsidence damage, until

reinsurance exceed the amount of the fire insurance on the

- 3 necessary repairs are made; or (2) where the insurer has
- declined, nonrenewed or canceled all coverage under a policy

- 5 for underwriting reasons unrelated to mine subsidence:
- 6 Provided, That an insurer shall refuse to provide subsidence
- 7 coverage on a structure which evidences a loss or damage in
- 8 progress.
- Any dispute arising under this section shall be subject to the
- 10 hearing and appeal provisions of article two of this chapter.

§33-30-8. Reinsurance agreements.

All companies authorized to write fire insurance in this state 2 shall enter into a reinsurance agreement with the board in which each insurer agrees to cede to the board one hundred 3 4 percent, up to seventy-five thousand dollars, of any subsidence insurance coverage issued and, in consideration of the ceding 5 6 commission retained by the insurer, agree to absorb all 7 expenses of the insurer necessary for sale of policies and any 8 administration duties of the mine subsidence insurance 9 program imposed upon it pursuant to the terms of the reinsurance agreement. The board is authorized to undertake 10 adjustment of losses and administer the fund, or it may 11 12 provide in a reinsurance agreement that the insurer do so. The board shall agree to reimburse the insurer from the fund for 13 all amounts paid policyholders for claims resulting from mine 14 15 subsidence and shall pay from the fund all costs of administration incurred by the board but an insurer is not required 16 to pay any claim for any loss insured under this article except 17 18 to the extent that the amount available in the mine subsidence 19 insurance fund, as maintained pursuant to sections four and 20 five of this article, is sufficient to reimburse the insurer for 21 such claim under this section, and without moral obligation.

§33-30-10. Payment of losses.

- 1 (a) Pursuant to the reinsurance agreements, authorized by 2 this article, the board shall, within ninety days after receiving 3 the loss report, pay the insurer all amounts due out of the 4 fund.
- 5 (b) No claim of an insured shall be paid by an insurer in 6 respect of a loss covered by mine subsidence insurance prior
- 7 to February fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.
- 8 On and after February fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred
- 9 eighty-three, all claims of insureds shall be paid within one
- 10 hundred twenty days after proof of loss is presented to an

- 11 insurer unless otherwise agreed by the insurer and claimant.
- 12 Upon payment of the claim of an insured from the fund, the
- 13 insured shall be deemed to have waived any cause of action
- 14 for damages caused by subsidence to the extent of the payment
- 15 from the fund.

§33-30-12. Right of recourse.

- 1 Except in the case of fraud by an insurer, the board does
- 2 not have any right of recourse against the insurer and the
- 3 insurer may settle losses in the customary manner consistent
- 4 with this article.
- 5 The board may require an insurer to attempt recovery from
- 6 a policyholder for the amounts paid to such policyholder if,
- 7 in the judgment of the board, the policyholder was not entitled
- 8 to the amounts paid because of fraud or violation of the policy
- 9 conditions. The costs of such recovery attempt shall be borne
- 10 by the board. Any dispute under this section shall be subject
- 11 to the hearing and appeal provisions of article two of this
- 12 chapter.

§33-30-13. Subrogation.

- 1 Each insurer issuing mine subsidence insurance policies in
- 2 this state has the right of subrogation.
- 3 The board may exercise the right of subrogation.

CHAPTER 110

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1232—By Delegate Wooton)

[Passed March 14, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to grand juries; and providing not less than six nor more than twelve alternate grand juries to be selected for a term of court.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two, chapter fifty-two of the code of

West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. GRAND JURIES.

§52-2-3. Summoning jury commissioners; selection and summoning of jurors.

1 The clerk of any court requiring a grand jury shall, at least 2 thirty days before the term of court, summon the jury commissioners to attend at his office at a day specified, which 3 4 shall not be less than twenty days before such term, and select 5 persons for the grand jury, but the court or judge thereof may require such jury commissioners to appear forthwith, or at any 7 specified time, and select grand jurors for either a regular, 8 special or adjourned term of court. On the day appointed, the 9 jury commissioners shall appear and draw the names of sixteen persons from the grand jury box, and the persons so drawn 10 11 shall constitute the grand jury, and at the same time the jury commissioners shall draw the names of not less than six nor 12 more than twelve additional persons from the grand jury box, 13 14 as the judge of the court or if more than one judge the chief 15 judge of the court shall by prior order direct, and the persons so drawn shall constitute alternate jurors for the grand jury, 16 and the judge may replace any absent members of the grand 17 jury from among the alternate grand jurors. If when drawing 18 19 the ballots it appears to the commissioners that any person 20 so drawn is dead or for any reason disqualified or unable to serve, they shall destroy the ballot and cancel the name on 21 the list and draw another in that person's stead. They shall 22 enter the names of all persons so drawn in a book kept for 23 that purpose and deliver a list thereof to the clerk, who shall 24 25 issue a summons for the persons drawn, directed to the sheriff 26 of the county requiring him to summon them to appear on 27 the day required and serve as grand jurors. The provisions of 28 article one of this chapter relating to the drawing and summoning of petit jurors and drawing ballots and cancella-29 30 tion and marking thereof, so far as applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall be 31 observed and govern the selection of a grand jury, except in 32 33 that the ballots shall be drawn from the several envelopes in proportion as near as may be to the numbers endorsed 34 35 thereon, but so that at least one ballot shall be drawn from 36 each envelope.

CHAPTER 111

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 78-By Senator Rogers)

[Passed April 2, 1985; in effect July I, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eleven, twelve-a and thirteen, article six, chapter fifty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to reducing from twelve to six the size of juries in civil trials; specifying that juries in criminal trials in circuit court shall consist of twelve members; jury in cases of eminent domain to consist of twelve freeholders: waiver of right to jury trial in criminal cases; alternate jurors, qualifications and challenges, number of alternate jurors; special juries, number of special jurors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eleven, twelve-a and thirteen, article six, chapter fifty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. TRIAL.

- 856-6-11. Execution of order of inquiry and trial of case by court; six member jury in civil trials; twelve member jury in eminent domain and criminal trials.
- §56-6-12a. Alternate jurors for protracted civil cases; qualifications and challenges.
- §56-6-13. Special jury in civil cases.
- §56-6-11. Execution of order of inquiry and trial of case by court; six member jury in civil trials; twelve member jury in eminent domain and criminal trials.
 - The court, in an action at law, if neither party requires a 1
 - jury, or if the defendant has failed to appear and the 2
 - plaintiff does not require a jury, shall ascertain the amount the plaintiff is entitled to recover in the action, if any, and
 - 4
 - render judgment accordingly. In any case in which a trial by 5
 - jury would be otherwise proper, the parties or their counsel,

- by consent entered of record, may waive the right to have a
- jury, and thereupon the whole matter of law and fact shall
- be heard and determined, and judgment given by the court. 9
- 10 Absent such waiver, in any civil trial a jury shall consist of
- 11 six members and in any criminal trial a jury shall consist of
- 12 twelve members.
- The provisions of this section shall not apply to any 13
- proceeding had pursuant to article two, chapter fifty-four 14
- of this code, the provisions of which shall apply in all cases 15
- involving the taking of property for a public use. 16

Alternate jurors for protracted civil cases; qualifica-§56-6-12a. tions and challenges.

- 1 In any civil case, whenever in the opinion of the court the
- 2 trial is likely to be a protracted one, the court may direct
- 3 that not more than four jurors, in addition to the regular
- 4 jury, be called and impaneled to sit as alternate jurors. Said
- 5 alternate jurors shall be chosen from a separate panel of six
- after the regular jury of six or twelve, as the case may be, has 6
- 7 been selected. Alternate jurors in the order in which they
- are called shall replace jurors who, prior to the time the jury 8
- retires to consider its verdict, become unable or disqualified 9
- to perform their duties. Alternate jurors shall be drawn in
- 10
- the same manner, shall have the same qualifications, shall 11 be subject to the same examination and challenges, shall 12
- 13 take the same oath and shall have the same functions,
- powers, facilities and privileges as the regular jurors. An 14
- alternate juror who does not replace a regular juror shall be 15
- discharged after the jury retires to consider its verdict. Each 16
- side is entitled to one peremptory challenge in addition to 17
- those otherwise allowed by law if one or two alternate 18
- jurors are to be impaneled, and two peremptory challenges 19
- 20 if three or four alternate jurors are to be impaneled. The
- additional peremptory challenges may be used against an 21
- alternate juror only, and the other peremptory challenges 22
- allowed by this section may not be used against an alternate 23
- 24 juror.

§56-6-13. Special jury in civil cases.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, 1
- any court may allow a special jury in any civil case, to be 2
- formed in the following manner: The court shall direct a

panel of ten jurors to be drawn by the clerk, in the presence of the court, from the box mentioned in section seven, article one, chapter fifty-two of this code, who shall be summoned by the sheriff to attend on the day named in the order, from which number eight shall be chosen by lot; and the parties thereupon, the plaintiff's attorney beginning, 10 shall alternately strike off one until the number be reduced 11 to six, which number shall complete the jury for the trial of 12 the case. The court may also allow a special jury in any civil case when the panel of drawn jurors is exhausted, upon the 13 motion of either of the parties, to be summoned by the 14 sheriff so far as may be required from the body of the 15 county; but no such special jury shall be allowed in any case 16 unless the court certifies of record that the interest of the 17 parties so asking such jury will be promoted by the 18 19 allowance of such special jury. 20

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(b) In any case held pursuant to article two, chapter fifty-four of this code, for the taking of property for a public use, any court may allow a special jury to be formed in the following manner: The court shall direct a panel of twenty jurors, who are qualified freeholders of the county wherein the property to be taken is situate, to be drawn by the clerk, in the presence of the court, from the box mentioned in section seven, article one, chapter fifty-two of this code, who shall be summoned by the sheriff to attend on the day named in the order, from which number sixteen shall be chosen by lot; and the parties thereupon, the plaintiff's attorney beginning, shall alternately strike off one until the number be reduced to twelve, which number shall complete the jury for the trial of the case, but no such special jury shall be allowed in any case unless the court certifies of record that the interest of the parties so asking such jury will be promoted by the allowance of such special jury.

CHAPTER 112

(S. B. 283-By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President and Senator Tomblin)

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article eleven, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article two, chapter five-a of said code, all relating to legislative appropriation authority in respect of federal funds; providing authorization for the governor to approve and permit expenditure of certain unanticipated federal funds received when Legislature not in session, with limitations thereon, including governor seeking recommendation of council of finance and administration, during interim periods, in certain instances; and providing for commissioner of finance and administration to be primary approval official for, and repository agency of, information and activity in respect of federal funds by state agencies at times of application for, and change, receipt and expenditure of, federal funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article eleven, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-six, article two, chapter five-a of said code, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

Chapter.

- 4. The Legislature.
- 5A. Department of Finance and Administration.

CHAPTER 4. THE LEGISLATURE.

ARTICLE 11. LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION OF FEDERAL FUNDS.

§4-11-5. Legislative appropriation authority.

- 1 (a) No spending unit may make expenditures of any
- 2 federal funds, whether such funds are advanced prior to
- 3 expenditure or as reimbursement, unless such expendi-
- 4 tures are made pursuant to specific appropriations by the
- 5 Legislature, except as may be hereinafter provided.
- 6 (b) To the extent not precluded by the terms and con-
- 7 ditions under which federal funds are made available to
- 8 the spending unit by the United States government, the
- 9 spending unit shall use federal funds in accordance with
- 10 any purposes, policies or priorities the Legislature may

- 11 have established for the activity being assisted or for the 12 use of state, federal and other fiscal resources in a par-13 ticular fiscal year.
- (c) If the federal funds received by a spending unit for a specific purpose are greater than the amount of such funds contained in the appropriation by the Legislature for such purpose, the total appropriation of federal funds and any state matching funds for such purpose shall remain at the level appropriated, except as hereinafter provided.
- 21 (d) If federal funds become available to the spending 22 unit for expenditure while the Legislature is not in ses-23 sion and the availability of such funds could not reasonably have been anticipated and included in the budget 24 25 approved by the Legislature for the next fiscal year, the 26 treasurer may accept such funds on behalf of the spend-27 ing unit and the governor may authorize, in writing, the 28 expenditure of such funds by the spending unit during 29 that fiscal year as authorized by federal law and pursuant 30 to the provisions of article two, chapter five-a of the code, 31 which permits expenditure of amounts in excess of the 32 appropriation upon the filing of a proper expenditure 33 schedule: Provided. That the governor may not authorize the expenditure of such funds received for the creation of 34 35 a new program or for a significant alteration of an exist-36 ing program. For purposes of this article, a mere new 37 source of funding of federal moneys for a program which 38 has been prior approved by legislative appropriation will 39 not be deemed to be a "new program" or a "significant alteration of an existing program" and the governor may 40 authorize the expenditure of such funds as herein pro-41 42 vided. Should a question arise concerning whether such expenditures would constitute a new program or sig-43 nificant alteration of an existing program, while the 44 Legislature is not in session, the governor shall seek the 45 recommendation of the council of finance and administra-46 tion, as created and existing pursuant to the provisions 47 of section three, article one, chapter five-a of the code. 48 Upon application to the federal government for such 49 funds and upon receipt of such funds, the governor shall 50

- 51 submit to the legislative auditor two copies of a state-
- 53 (1) Describing the proposed expenditure of such funds 54 in the same manner as it would be described in the state
- 55 budget; and

- 56 (2) Explaining why the availability of such federal
- 57 funds and why the necessity of their expenditure could
- 58 not have been anticipated in time for such expenditures
- 59 to have been approved as part of the adopted budget for
- 60 that particular fiscal year.

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMIN-ISTRATION

ARTICLE 2. BUDGET DIVISION.

§5A-2-26. Approval of commissioner of requests for, changes, receipt and expenditure of federal funds by state agencies; copies or sufficient summary information to be furnished commissioner and legislative auditor; and consolidated report of federal funds.

1 Every agency of the state government when making requests or preparing budgets to be submitted to the 2 federal government for funds, equipment, material or 3 services, the grant or allocation of which is conditioned upon the use of state matching funds, shall have such 5 request or budget approved in writing by the commis-7 sioner before submitting it to the proper federal authority. At the time such agency submits such a request or 8 budget to the commissioner for his approval, it shall send 9 a copy thereof to the legislative auditor. When such 10 federal authority has approved the request or budget. 11 the agency of the state government shall resubmit it to 12 13 the commissioner for recording before any allotment or 14 encumbrance of the federal funds can be made and the 15 commissioner shall send a copy of the federally approved request or budget to the legislative auditor. Whenever 16 any agency of the state government shall receive from 17 any agency of the federal government a grant or alloca-18 tion of funds which do not require state matching, the 19

state agency shall report to the commissioner and the

21 legislative auditor for their information the amount of the federal funds so granted or allocated. 22

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Unless contrary to federal law, any agency of state government, when making requests or preparing budgets to be submitted to the federal government for funds for personal services, shall include in such request or budget the amount of funds necessary to pay for the costs of any fringe benefits related to such personal service. For the purposes of this section "fringe benefits" means any employment benefit granted by the state which involves state funds, including, but not limited to, contributions to 32 insurance, retirement and social security, and which does not affect the basic rate of pay of an employee. 33

34 In addition to the other requirements of this section, 35 the commissioner shall, as soon as possible after the end of each fiscal year but no later than the first day of 36 37 October of each year, submit to the governor and the 38 legislative auditor a consolidated report which shall con-39 tain a detailed itemization of all federal funds received 40 by the state during the preceding and current fiscal years, as well as those scheduled or anticipated to be received 41 during the next ensuing fiscal year. Such itemization 42 43 shall show: (a) Each spending unit which has received or is scheduled or expected to receive federal funds in 44 either of such fiscal years, (b) the amount of each sepa-45 rate grant or distribution received or to be received, (c) a 46 brief description of the purpose of every such grant or 47 other distribution, with the name of the federal agency, 48 bureau or department making such grant or distribution: 49 Provided. That it shall not be necessary to include in such 50 report an itemization of federal revenue sharing funds 51 deposited in and appropriated from the revenue sharing 52 trust fund, or federal funds received for the benefit of the 53 department of highways and the state road fund. 54

The commissioner is authorized and empowered to obtain from the spending units any and all information necessary to prepare such report.

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section 58 and in supplementation thereof, the Legislature hereby 59

60 determines that the department of finance and administration and its commissioner need to be the single and 61 central agency for receipt of information and documents 62 63 in respect of applications for, and changes, receipt and expenditure of, federal funds by state agencies. Every 64 agency of state government, when making application 65 for federal funds in the nature of a grant, allocation or 66 otherwise; when amending such applications or requests; 67 when in receipt of such federal funds; or when under-68 taking any expenditure of federal funds; in all such 69 70 respective instances, provide to the commissioner of fi-71 nance and administration document copies or sufficient 72 summary information in respect thereof as to enable the commissioner to provide approval in writing for such 73 activity in respect to the federal funds, and such state 74 agencies shall, at the same time, provide such a document 75 copy or sufficient summary information report to the legislative auditor's office; in order to permit continuing meaningful cooperative overview of federal funds and 78 their use budgetarily and in establishing state fiscal 79 80 policies.

CHAPTER 113

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 555-By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article one, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to public libraries; willful retention of library property; providing criminal penalties; and liability of parents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article one, chapter ten of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

§10-1-11. Willful retention of library property.

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1 Any person who willfully retains a book, newspaper, 2 plate, picture, photograph, engraving, painting, drawing, map, magazine, document, letter, public record, microfilm, 4 sound recording, audio visual materials in any format, magnetic or other tapes, artifacts or other documentary 5 6 (written or printed) materials, or all materials of any 7 kind whatsoever belonging to any public library for thirty days after the mailing date of a written notice 9 demanding the return of said material and giving notice of said violation, forwarded to that person's last known 10 address, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 11 12 thereof, shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars: 13 Provided. That a date or dates designating a grace period 14 for the return of library materials to public libraries shall 15 be established, said dates to be established by the state library commission pursuant to rules and regulations 16 17 promulgated thereto.

A conviction or payment of any fine shall not be construed to constitute payment for library material, nor shall a person convicted under this section be thereby relieved of any obligation to return to the library such material. Further, a conviction or payment of any fine shall not be construed as a waiver of any nominal daily fine which may be imposed by library rules, regulations or policies.

The parent or guardian of a minor who willfully commits any act prohibited by this section shall be liable for all damages so caused by the minor up to the amount of two thousand five hundred dollars, after the parent or 29 guardian is served with proper written notice as afore-30 mentioned. 31

CHAPTER 114

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 26—By Senator Holliday, et al)

AN ACT to amend article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six, all relating to creation of the West Virginia litter control program: definitions; additional duties of the director of the department of natural resources in the administration of the West Virginia litter control program; matching grants to localities for litter control programs and regulations relating thereto; lawful disposal of litter and criminal penalties therefor: costs for cleanup, investigation and prosecution to be assessed against violators and transmitted to litter control fund account in state treasury; notice of penalties for unlawful disposal of litter; mandatory placement and maintenance of litter receptacles; penalties for failure to place and maintain litter receptacles upon two warnings: construction of section; and duty of law-enforcement officers to enforce against violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENALTIES; MOTORBOATING; WEST VIRGINIA LITTER CONTROL PROGRAM.

PART III. WEST VIRGINIA LITTER CONTROL PROGRAM.

§20-7-24. Definitions.

§20-7-25. West Virginia litter control programs; additional duties of director; grants to counties and municipalities; and regulations relating thereto.

§20-7-26. Unlawful disposal of litter; penalties; evidence; notice of violations; litter receptacle placement; penalties; duty to enforce violations.

§20-7-24. Definitions.

- 1 As used in sections twenty-five and twenty-six of this
- 2 article, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 3 "Litter" means all waste material including, but not
- 4 limited to, any garbage, refuse, trash, disposable package,

- 5 container, can, bottle, paper, ashes, cigarette or cigar butt,
- 6 carcass of any dead animal or any part thereof, or any
- 7 other offensive or unsightly matter, but not including the
- 8 wastes of primary processes of mining, logging, sawmill-
- 9 ing, farming or manufacturing.
- 10 "Litter receptacle" means those containers suitable for
- 11 the depositing of litter at each respective public area
- 12 designated by the director's regulations promulgated pur-
- 13 suant to subdivision eight, subsection (a), section twen-
- 14 ty-five of this article.
- 15 "Public area" means an area outside of a municipality,
- 16 including public road and highway rights-of-way, parks
- 17 and recreation areas owned or controlled by this state or
- 18 any county thereof, or an area held open for unrestricted
- 19 access by the general public.

§20-7-25. West Virginia litter control programs; additional duties of director; grants to counties and municipalities; and regulations relating thereto.

- 1 (a) In addition to all other powers, duties and respon-
- 2 sibilities granted and assigned to the director of the de-
- 3 partment of natural resources in this chapter and else-
- 4 where by law, the director is hereby authorized and
- 5 empowered, in the administration of the West Virginia litter
- 6 control program created by this section, to:
- 7 (1) Coordinate all industry and business organizations 8 seeking to aid in the litter control effort;
- 9 (2) Cooperate with all local governments to accomplish coordination of local litter control efforts;
- 11 (3) Encourage, organize and coordinate all voluntary 12 litter control campaigns, including citizen litter watch 13 programs, seeking to focus the attention of the public on 14 the litter control programs of the state and local govern-15 ments:
- 16 (4) Recommend to local governing bodies that they 17 adopt ordinances similar to the provisions of section 18 twenty-six of this article;
- 19 (5) Investigate the methods and success of techniques 29 of litter control, removal and disposal utilized in other

- states, and develop, encourage, organize and coordinate local litter control programs funded by grants awarded pursuant to subsection (b) of this section utilizing such successful techniques;
- 25 (6) Investigate the availability of, and apply for, funds 26 available from any and all private or public sources to be 27 used in the litter control program created by this section;
- 28 (7) Promulgate regulations pursuant to article three, 29 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing criteria 30 for the awarding of direct and/or matching grants for 31 the study of available research and development in the 32 fields of litter control, removal and disposal, methods for 33 the implementation of such research and development, 34 and the development of public educational programs con-35 cerning litter control;
 - (3) Promulgate regulations pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code designating public areas where litter receptacles shall be placed in accordance with subsection (d), section twenty-six of this article. The director is further authorized to specify within such regulations the minimum number of litter receptacles required to be placed at each designated public area; and

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- (9) Expend for the purposes set forth in this section any and all moneys credited to the special revenue fund known as the "litter control fund" by the state treasurer pursuant to subsection (b), section twenty-six of this article.
- (b) Commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, the director shall expend annually at least fifty percent of the moneys credited to the "litter control fund" in the previous fiscal year for matching grants to counties and municipalities for the initiation and administration of local litter control programs. The director may promulgate regulations pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing criteria for the awarding of matching grants.
- 58 (c) The director of the department of natural resources 59 in cooperation with the commissioner of highways, the

60 department of public safety, the United States forestry 61 service, and other local, state and federal law-enforcement agencies, shall be responsible for the administration 62 and enforcement of all laws and regulations relating to 63 64 the maintenance of cleanliness and improvement of ap-65 pearances on and along highways, roads, streets, alleys and other public areas of the state and shall make recom-66 67 mendations to the director from time to time concerning 68 means and methods of accomplishing litter control con-69 sistent with the provisions of this chapter.

§20-7-26. Unlawful disposal of litter; penalties; evidence; notice of violations; litter receptacle placement; penalties; duty to enforce violations.

1 (a) Any person who places, deposits, dumps or throws or 2 causes to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any litter as defined in section twenty-four, article seven of this 3 chapter, in or upon any public or private highway, road, 4 street or alley, or upon any private property without the 5 consent of the owner, or in or upon any public park or other 6 public property other than in such place as may be set aside 7 for such purpose by the governing body having charge 8 thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 9 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more 10 11 than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than sixty days, or sentenced to remove litter from 12 any public highway, road, street, alley or any other public 13 park or property as designated by the court for a total of 14 not less than thirty hours under the supervisor of the county 15 supervisor of the department of highways, or his designated 16 agent. 17

If any litter be thrown or cast from a motor vehicle, such action is prima facie evidence that the driver of such motor vehicle intended to violate the provisions of this section. If any litter be dumped or discharged from a motor vehicle, such action is prima facie evidence that the owner and driver of such motor vehicle intended to violate the provisions of this section.

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25 (b) Every person who is convicted of or pleads guilty 26 to disposing of litter in violation of subsection (a) of this

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section shall pay the sum of fifty dollars as costs for clean-28 up, investigation and prosecution in such case, in addition 29 to any other court costs that the court is otherwise re-30 quired by law to impose upon such convicted person. The clerk of the circuit court, magistrate court or municipal 31 32 court wherein such additional costs are imposed shall, on or before the last day of each month, transmit all such 33 34 costs received under this subsection to the state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of a special 36 revenue fund to be known as the "litter control fund" which is hereby created. All moneys collected and received under this subsection and paid into the state treasury and credited to the "litter control fund" in the manner prescribed by section two, article two, chapter twelve of this code, shall be kept and maintained for expenditure by the director for the specific purposes of section twenty-five of this article, and shall not be treated by the state auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended balance of the "litter control fund" shall not be transferred to the general revenue fund, but shall remain in the "litter control fund."

(c) The commissioner of motor vehicles, upon registering a motor vehicle or issuing an operator's or chauffeur's license, shall issue to the owner or licensee, as the case may be, a copy of subsection (a) of this section.

The commissioner of highways may cause appropriate signs to be placed at the state boundary on each primary and secondary road, informing those entering the state of the maximum penalty provided for disposing of litter in violation of subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Any person who owns, operates or otherwise controls any public area as may be designated by the director by regulation promulgated pursuant to subdivision eight, subsection (a), section twenty-five of this article, shall procure and place litter receptacles at his own expense upon his premises and shall remove and dispose of litter collected in such litter receptacles. After receiving two written warnings from any law-enforcement officer or officers to comply with this subsection or the said regula-

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67 tions of the director, any person who fails to place and maintain such litter receptacles upon his premises in vio-68 lation of this subsection or the regulations of the director shall be fined fifteen dollars per day of such violation.

- (e) No portion of this section shall be construed to restrict a private owner in the use of his own private property or to prohibit the disposal of litter in any manner otherwise authorized by law.
- (f) Any law-enforcement officer who shall observe a person violating the provisions of this section shall have a mandatory duty to arrest or otherwise prosecute the violator to the limits provided herein. The West Virginia department of highways shall investigate and cause to be prosecuted violations of this section occurring upon the highways of the state as the term "highways" is defined in 81 chapter seventeen of this code.

CHAPTER 115

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1929—By Delegate Rollins and Delegate Love)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article fifteen, and section twelve, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend chapter twenty-nine of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two, relating to taxation; consumers sales tax, exemption of lottery sales therefrom; personal income tax, exemption of lottery prizes therefrom; relating to the state lottery act; short title; legislative findings and intent; definitions; state lottery commission created; composition; qualifications; appointment; terms of office; removal; vacancies; chairperson; meetings; quorum; compensation and expenses; oath and bond; powers and duties; cooperation of other agencies; designation of enforcement agents; lottery director; appointment; qualifications; oath and bond; salary; divisions of the state lottery office; lottery director; powers and duties; appointment of deputy directors; hiring of staff; civil service coverage;

submission of proposed appropriations; initiation and operation of lottery; restrictions; prohibited themes, games, machines or devices; distinguishing numbers; winner selection; public drawings; witnessing results; testing and inspection of equipment; price of tickets; claim for and payment of prizes; invalid, counterfeit tickets; estimated prizes and odds of winning; participant bound by lottery rules and validation procedures; security procedures; additional games; electronic and computer systems; licensed lottery sales agents; restrictions; annual license and fee; factors; application; bond; age; nonassignable license; bond; organizations qualified; commissions: display of license; geographic distribution; monopoly prohibited: lottery retailers: preprinted instant type lottery tickets; fee; certificate of authority; security; bond; prohibited acts; crimes; selling without license; unauthorized sales; sales to minors; gifts to minors; prizes to commission officers and staff prohibited; criminal penalties for prohibited acts; crimes; forgery, counterfeiting of lottery tickets; criminal penalties; prohibited acts; conflicts of interest; prohibited gifts, gratuities; administrative violations of article; hearings; administrative penalties; payment of prizes to minors; disposition of unclaimed prize money; lottery proceeds; accounting therefor; deposit into account of state treasurer; reports; funds to be held in trust; failure to collect, account or deposit; personal liability; state lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes; net profit and expenses; surplus; appropriation of net profits; post audit of accounts and transactions of office; monthly and annual reports; official's name not to appear on lottery materials or advertising; official not to appear at any lottery drawing, exceptions; exemption of lottery prizes from state and local taxation; procurement; disclosures by vendors and related persons and entities; authorizing background investigations; unenforceability of contracts in contravention of section; disclosures by vendors and related persons and entities of political contributions; preemption of state laws or local regulation; termination of state lottery commission; penalties for criminal violations; and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article fifteen, and section twelve, article twenty-

one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that chapter twenty-nine of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two, all to read as follows:

Chapter.

- 11. Taxation.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 15. Consumers Sales Tax.
- 21. Personal Income Tax.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

- I The following sales and services shall be exempt:
- 2 (1) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to consumers 3 through mains or pipes, and sales of electricity;
- 4 (2) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of the 5 schools of this state:
- 6 (3) Sales of property or services to the state, its institutions 7 or subdivisions, and to the United States, including agencies 8 of federal, state or local governments for distribution in public 9 welfare or relief work;
- (4) Sales of motor vehicles which are titled by the
 department of motor vehicles and which are subject to the tax
 imposed by section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of
 the code;
- (5) Sales of property or services to churches and bona fide charitable organizations who make no charge whatsoever for the services they render: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies and materials directly used or consumed by these organizations, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
- 20 (6) Sales of property or services to corporations or 21 organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal 22 Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or under section 501(c)(4) 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, who make

casual and occasional sales not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies and materials directly used or consumed by these organizations and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel:

- (7) Sales of property or services to persons engaged in this state in the business of contracting, manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or in the production of natural resources: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the businesses or organizations named above, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
- (8) An isolated transaction in which any tangible personal property is sold, transferred, offered for sale, or delivered by the owner thereof or by his representative for the owner's account, such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of like character by such owner or on his account by such representative;
- (9) Sales of tangible personal property and services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the conduct of the business of selling tangible personal property to consumers or dispensing a service subject to tax under this article or which would be subject to tax under this article but for the exemption for food provided in section eleven of this article and sales of tangible personal property and services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be subject to the tax imposed by this article or which would have been subject to tax under this article but for the exemption for food provided in section eleven of this article: Provided, That sales of tangible personal property and services to be used or consumed in the construction of or permanent improvement to real property and sales of gasoline and special fuel shall not be exempt;
- (10) Sales of tangible personal property for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel by distributors and

- 64 importers shall be taxable except when the sale is to another 65 distributor for resale:
- 66 (11) Sales of property or services to nationally chartered 67 fraternal or social organizations for the sole purpose of free 68 distribution in public welfare or relief work: Provided, That 69 sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- 70 (12) Sales and services, fire fighting, or station house 71 equipment, including construction and automotive, made to any volunteer fire department organized and incorporated 72 73 under the laws of the state of West Virginia: Provided, That 74 sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- 75 (13) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consumers by 76 route carriers:
- 77 (14) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription and sales 78 of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;
- 79 (15) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time, 80 newspaper and outdoor advertising space for the advertisement 81 of goods or services;
- 82 (16) Sales and services performed by day care centers;
- (17) Casual and occasional sales of property or services not 84 conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of 85 repetitive and successive transactions of like character by 86 corporations or organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) 87 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, or under section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as 88 89 amended;
 - (18) Bank safety deposit boxes;
 - (19) Sales of property or services to a school which has approval from the West Virginia board of regents to award degrees, which has its principal campus in this state, and which is exempt from federal and state income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended: Provided. That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
 - (20) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers as their principal year-round residence and dwelling: Provided, That these mobile homes shall be subject to tax at the three percent rate; and
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- 102 (21) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed lottery
- sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by the state lottery
- 104 commission, under the provisions of article twenty-two,
- 105 chapter twenty-nine of this code.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-12. West Virginia adjusted gross income of resident individual.

- 1 (a) General.—The West Virginia adjusted gross income of
- 2 a resident individual means his federal adjusted gross income
- 3 as defined in the laws of the United States for the taxable year
- 4 with the modifications specified in this section.
- 5 (b) Modifications increasing federal adjusted gross in-
- 6 come.—There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income
- 7 the following items, except that modifications (5), (6) and (7)
- 8 shall be required only with respect to tax periods ending on
- 9 or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 10 eighty-two:
- 11 (1) Interest income on obligations of any state other than
- 12 this state, or of a political subdivision of any such other state
- 13 unless created by compact or agreement to which this state
- 14 is a party:
- 15 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities
- 16 of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United
- 17 States, which the laws of the United States exempt from
- 18 federal income tax but not from state income taxes:
- 19 (3) Income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing
- 20 jurisdiction, to the extent deductible in determining federal
- 21 adjusted gross income and not credited against federal income
- 22 tax:
- 23 (4) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to
- 24 purchase or carry obligations or securities the income from
- 25 which is exempt from tax under this article, to the extent
- 26 deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income;
- 27 (5) Interest on a depository institution tax-exempt savings
- 28 certificate which is allowed as an exclusion from federal gross
- 29 income under section 128 of the Internal Revenue Code, for
- 30 the federal taxable year;

31 (6) The amount allowed as a deduction from federal gross 32 income under section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code by 33 married couples who file a joint federal return for the federal 34 taxable year; and

- (7) The deferral value of certain income that is not recognized for federal tax purposes, which value shall be an amount equal to a percentage of the amount allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the accelerated cost recovery system under section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code for the federal taxable year, with the percentage of the federal deduction to be added as follows with respect to the following recovery property: Three-year property—no modification; five-year property—ten percent; ten-year property—fifteen percent; fifteen-year public utility property—twenty-five percent; and fifteen-year real property—thirty-five percent: *Provided*, That this modification shall not apply to any person whose federal deduction is determined by the use of the straight line method.
- 49 (c) Modifications reducing federal adjusted gross income.— 50 There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income:
 - (1) Interest income on obligations of the United States and its possessions to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
 - (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States;
 - (3) Any gain from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher fair market value on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, than the adjusted basis at said date for federal income tax purposes: *Provided*, That the amount of this adjustment is limited to that portion of any such gain which does not exceed the difference between such fair market value and such adjusted basis: *Provided*, however, That if such gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to forty percent of such portion of the gain;

- (4) The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent properly included in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
 - (5) Annuities, retirement allowances, returns of contributions and any other benefit received under the public employees retirement system, the department of public safety death, disability and retirement fund, the state teachers retirement system, and all forms of military retirement, including regular armed forces, reserves and national guard, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
- (6) Retirement income received in the form of pensions and annuities after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, under any police or firemen's retirement system, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
- (7) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of eight thousand dollars received from any source after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, by any person who has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the taxable year, or by any person certified by proper authority as permanently and totally disabled, regardless of age, on or before the last day of the taxable year, to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*, That if a person has a medical certification from a prior year and he is still permanently and totally disabled, a copy of the original certificate is acceptable as proof of disability. A copy of the form filed for the federal disability income tax exclusion is acceptable: *Provided*, however, That
- (i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is eight thousand dollars per person or more, no deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision, and
- (ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), 107 (5) and (6) of this subsection is less than eight thousand dollars per person, the total modification allowed under this

- subdivision for all gross income received by such person shall be limited to the difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum of modifications under such subdivisions:
- 112 (8) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of eight 113 thousand dollars received from any source after the thirty-first 114 day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, by 115 the surviving spouse of any person who had attained the age 116 of sixty-five or who had been certified as permanently and 117 totally disabled, to the extent includible in federal adjusted 118 gross income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*. That
- (i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), 120 (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is eight thousand dollars or more, no deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision, 122 and
- (ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), 124 (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is less than eight thousand dollars per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for all gross income received by such person shall be limited to the difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum of such subdivisions:
- 129 (9) Any pay or allowances received, after the thirty-first day
 130 of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, by
 131 West Virginia residents who have not attained the age of sixty132 five, as compensation for active service in the armed forces
 133 of the United States: *Provided*, That such deduction shall be
 134 limited to an amount not to exceed four thousand dollars:
- 135 (10) Gross income to the extent included in federal adjusted 136 gross income under section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code 137 for federal income tax purposes; and
- 138 (11) The amount of any lottery prize awarded by the West 139 Virginia state lottery commission, to the extent properly 140 included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.
 - (d) Modification for West Virginia fiduciary adjustment.— There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the West Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under section nineteen of this article.
- 146 (e) Partners.—The amounts of modifications required to be

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- 147 made under this section by a partner, which relate to items
- 148 of income, gain, loss or deduction of a partnership, shall be
- 149 determined under section seventeen of this article.
- 150 (f) Husband and wife.—If husband and wife determine their
- 151 federal income tax on a joint return but determine their West
- 152 Virginia income taxes separately, they shall determine their
- 153 West Virginia adjusted gross incomes separately as if their
- 154 federal adjusted gross incomes had been determined separately.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

- §29-22-1. Short title.
- §29-22-2. Legislative findings and intent.
- §29-22-3. Definitions.
- §29-22-4. State lottery commission created; composition; qualifications; appointment; terms of office; removal; vacancies; compensation and expenses; quorum; oath and bond.
- §29-22-5. State lottery commission; powers and duties; cooperation of other agencies.
- §29-22-6. Lottery director; appointment; qualifications; oath and bond; salary.
- §29-22-7. Divisions of the state lottery office.
- §29-22-8. Lottery director; powers and duties; deputy directors; hiring of staff; civil service coverage; submission of proposed appropriations.
- §29-22-9. Initiation and operation of lottery; restrictions; prohibited themes, games machines or devices; distinguishing numbers, winner selection; public drawings; witnessing of tickets; claim for and payments of prizes; invalid, counterfeit tickets; estimated prizes and odds of winning; participant bound by lottery rules and validation procedures; security procedures; additional games; electronic and computer systems.
- §29-22-10. Licensed lottery sales agents; restrictions; annual license and fee; factors; application; bond; age; nonassignable license; organizations qualified; commissions; display of license; geographic distribution; monopoly prohibited; lottery retailers; preprinted instant type lottery tickets; fee; certificate of authority; security; bond.
- §29-22-11. Prohibited acts; restrictions on sales agents and retailers; unauthorized sales; sales to minors; gifts to minors; prizes to commission officers and staff prohibited; criminal penalties for prohibited acts.
- §29-22-12. Crimes; forgery, counterfeiting, etc. of lottery tickets; penalties.
- §29-22-13. Prohibited acts; conflict of interest; prohibited gifts and gratuities.

- §29-22-14. Administrative violations of article; hearing; administrative penalties.
- §29-22-15. Payment of prizes to minors.
- §29-22-16. Disposition of unclaimed prize money.
- §29-22-17. Lottery proceeds; accounting therefor; deposit into account of state treasurer; reports; funds to be held in trust; failure to collect, account or deposit; personal liability.
- §29-22-18. State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; appropriation of net profits.
- §29-22-19. Postaudit of accounts and transactions of office.
- §29-22-20. Monthly and annual reports.
- §29-22-21. Official's name not to appear on lottery materials or at drawing.
- §29-22-22. Exemption of lottery prizes from state and local taxation.
- §29-22-23. Procurement; disclosures by vendors and related persons and entities; authorizing background investigation; unenforceability of contracts in contravention of section.
- §29-22-24. Disclosures by vendors and related persons and entities of political contributions.
- §29-22-25. Preemption of state laws or local regulation.
- §29-22-26. Termination of state lottery commission.
- §29-22-27. Penalties for criminal violations.
- §29-22-28. Severability.

§29-22-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the "State
- 2 Lottery Act."

§29-22-2. Legislative findings and intent.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares that the purpose of this
- 2 article is to establish and implement a state-operated lottery
- 3 under the supervision of the state lottery commission and the
- 4 director of the state lottery office who shall be appointed by
- 5 the governor and hold broad authority to administer the
- 6 system in a manner which will provide the state with a highly
- efficient operation.

§29-22-3. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "State lottery commission" or "commission" means the
- 2 state lottery commission created by this article.

- 3 (b) "Director" means the individual appointed by the 4 governor to provide management and administration necessary 5 to direct the state lottery office.
- 6 (c) "Lottery" means the public gaming systems or games 7 established and operated by the state lottery office.
- 8 (d) "Lottery tickets" or "tickets" means tickets or other 9 tangible evidence of participation used in lottery games or 10 gaming systems.
- §29-22-4. State lottery commission created; composition; qualifications; appointment; terms of office; chairman; removal; vacancies; compensation and expenses; quorum; oath and bond.
 - (a) There is hereby created a state lottery commission which 1 shall consist of seven members, all residents and citizens of 2 the state, one who shall be a lawyer, one who shall be a certified public accountant, one who shall be a computer 4 expert, one who shall have not less than five years experience 5 in law enforcement and one who shall be qualified by experience and training in the field of marketing. The two 7 remaining members shall be representative of the public at 8 large. The commission shall carry on a continuous study and 9 investigation of the lottery throughout the state and advise and 10 assist the director of the state lottery. The commission 11 members shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the 12 advice and consent of the Senate, no later than the first day 13 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. At least one 14 member shall be appointed from each congressional district 15 existing as of the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand 16 nine hundred eighty-two. The terms of members first 17 appointed expire as designated by the governor at the time of 18 appointment: One at the end of one year; two at the end of 19 two years; one at the end of three years; two at the end of 20 four years; and one at the end of five years. No more than 21 22 four members of such commission shall belong to the same political party. Members serve overlapping terms of five years 23 and are eligible for successive appointments to the commission. 24 On the first day of July of each year, the commission shall 25 select a chairman from its membership. The governor may 26

- 27 remove any commission member for cause, notwithstanding
- 28 the provisions of section four, article six, chapter six of this
- 29 code. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the
- 30 original appointment but only for the remainder of the term.
- 31 No person convicted of a felony or crime involving moral
- 32 turpitude shall be eligible for appointment nor appointed as
- 33 a commissioner.
- 34 (b) The members of the lottery commission receive one
- 35 hundred dollars for each day or portion thereof spent in the
- 36 discharge of their official duties. Members are reimbursed for
- 37 reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge
- 38 of their official duties. All such payments shall be made from
- 39 the state lottery fund.
- 40 (c) At least one meeting per month shall be held by the
- 41 commission. Additional meetings may be held at the call of
- 42 the chairman, director or majority of the commission
- 43 members.
- 44 (d) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the
- 45 transaction of business, and all actions require a majority vote
- 46 of the members present.
- 47 (e) Before entering upon the discharge of the duties as
- 48 commissioner, each commissioner shall take and subscribe to
- 49 the oath of office prescribed in section 5, article IV of the
- 50 Constitution of West Virginia and shall enter into a bond in
- 51 the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars with a
- 52 corporate surety authorized to engage in business in this state,
- 53 conditioned upon the faithful discharge and performance of
- 54 the duties of the office. The executed oath and bond shall be
- 55 filed in the office of the secretary of state.

§29-22-5. State lottery commission; powers and duties; cooperation of other agencies.

- 1 (a) The commission shall have the authority to:
- 2 (1) Promulgate rules in accordance with chapter twenty-
- 3 nine-a of this code: Provided, That those rules promulgated
- 4 by the commission that are necessary to begin the lottery
- 5 games selected shall be exempted from the provisions of

- 6 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code in order that the selected 7 games may commence as soon as possible;
- 8 (2) Establish rules for conducting lottery games, a manner 9 of selecting the winning tickets and manner of payment of 10 prizes to the holders of winning tickets;
- 11 (3) Select the type and number of public gaming systems 12 or games, to be played in accordance with the provisions of 13 this article;
- (4) Contract, if deemed desirable, with the educational broadcasting authority to provide services through its microwave interconnection system to make available to public broadcasting stations servicing this state, and, at no charge, for rebroadcast to commercial broadcasting stations within
- 19 this state, any public gaming system or games drawing;
- 20 (5) Enter into interstate lottery agreements with other states;
- 21 (6) Adopt an official seal;
- 22 (7) Maintain a principal office and, if necessary, regional suboffices at locations properly designated or provided;
- 24 (8) Prescribe a schedule of fees and charges;
- 25 (9) Sue and be sued;
- 26 (10) Lease, rent, acquire, purchase, own, hold, construct, 27 equip, maintain, operate, sell, encumber and assign rights of 28 any property, real or personal, consistent with the objectives 29 of the commission as set forth in this article;
- (11) Designate one of the deputy directors to serve as actingdirector during the absence of the director;
- 32 (12) Hold hearings on any matter of concern to the 33 commission relating to the lottery, subpoena witnesses, 34 administer oaths, take testimony, require the production of 35 evidence and documentary evidence and designate hearing 36 examiners and employees to so act; and

- 37 (13) To make and enter into all agreements and do all acts 38 necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and 39 the exercise of its powers under this article.
- 40 (b) Departments, boards, commissions or other agencies of 41 this state shall provide assistance to the state lottery office 42 upon the request of the director.
- 43 (c) Upon the request of the deputy director for the security and licensing division in conjunction with the director, the 44 attorney general, department of public safety and all other law-45 46 enforcement agencies shall furnish to the director and the deputy director such information as may tend to assure the 47 security, honesty, fairness and integrity in the operation and 48 administration of the lottery as they may have in their 49 possession, including, but not limited to, manual or compu-50 terized information and data. The director is to designate such 51 employees of the security and licensing division as may be 52 necessary to act as enforcement agents. Such agents are 53 authorized to investigate complaints made to the commission 54 or the state lottery office concerning possible violation of the 55 provisions of this article and determine whether to recommend 56 criminal prosecution. If it is determined that action is 57 necessary, an agent, after approval of the director, is to make 58 such recommendation to the prosecuting attorney in the 59 county wherein the violation occurred or to any appropriate law-enforcement agency.

§29-22-6. Lottery director; appointment; qualifications; oath and bond; salary.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created the position of the lottery 2 director whose duties include the management and administration of the state lottery office. The director shall be qualified by training and experience to direct the operations of the 4 lottery, and shall be appointed, within ninety days of the 5 effective date of this article, by the governor and shall serve 6 at the will and pleasure of the governor. No person shall be 7 appointed as lottery director who has been convicted of a 8 felony or crime involving moral turpitude. 9
- 10 (b) The director serves on a full-time basis and may not be engaged in any other profession or occupation.
- 12 (c) The director:

- 13 (1) Shall have a good reputation, particularly as a person of honesty and integrity, and shall favorably pass a thorough
- 15 background investigation prior to appointment;
- 16 (2) The director shall not hold political office in the 17 government of the state either by election or appointment 18 while serving as director;
- 19 (3) The director shall be a citizen of the United States and 20 must become a resident of the state within ninety days of 21 appointment;
- 22 (4) The director shall receive an annual salary as provided 23 for by the governor; and
- 24 (5) The director and his or her executive secretary are 25 ineligible for civil service coverage as provided in section four, 26 article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
- 27 (d) Before entering upon the discharge of the duties as 28 director, the director shall take and subscribe to the oath of 29 office prescribed in section 5, article IV of the Constitution 30 of West Virginia and shall enter into a bond in the penal sum 31 of one hundred thousand dollars with a corporate surety 32 authorized to engage in business in this state, conditioned upon the faithful discharge and performance of the duties of 33 the office. The executed oath and bond shall be filed in the 34 35 office of the secretary of state.

§29-22-7. Divisions of the state lottery office.

There shall be established within the state lottery office a 1 2 security and licensing division; a personnel, data processing, accounting and administration division; and a marketing, 3 education and information division. Each division shall be under the supervision of a deputy director who shall administer and coordinate the operation of authorized 7 activities in the respective division. Each deputy director shall have had three years management experience in areas pertinent 8 to his prospective responsibilities and an additional three years 9 of experience in the same field. 10

§29-22-8. Lottery director; powers and duties; deputy directors; hiring of staff; civil service coverage; submission of proposed appropriations.

l (a) The director shall have the authority to:

- 2 (1) Appoint, with the approval of the commission, a deputy director for each of the divisions established in this article. The deputy directors appointed shall serve at the will and pleasure of the director at an annual salary established by the commission. Deputy directors shall not be eligible for civil service coverage as provided in section four, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 9 (2) The director shall hire, pursuant to the approval of the commisson, such professional, clerical, technical and adminis-10 trative personnel as may be necessary to carry out the 11 12 provisions of this article. No person shall be employed by the lottery who has been convicted of a felony or other crime 13 involving moral turpitude. Each person employed by the 14 commission shall execute an authorization to allow an 15 16 investigation of that person's background;
- 17 (3) Designate the number and types of locations at which tickets may be sold.
- 19 (b) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 20 hundred eighty-six, all employees of the commission, except 21 as otherwise provided herein, shall be in the classified service 22 under the provisions of article six, chapter twenty-nine of this 23 code.
- 24 (c) The director shall, pursuant to the approval of the 25 commission, prepare and submit the annual proposed 26 appropriations for the commission to the governor.
- §29-22-9. Initiation and operation of lottery; restrictions; prohibited themes, games, machines or devices; distinguishing numbers; winner selection; public drawings; witnessing of results; testing and inspection of equipment; price of tickets; claim for and payment of prizes; invalid, counterfeit tickets; estimated prizes and odds of winning; participant bound by lottery rules and validation procedures; security procedures; additional games; electronic and computer systems.

(a) The commission shall initiate operation of the state lottery on a continuous basis at the earliest feasible and practical time, first initiating operation of the preprinted instant winner type lottery. The lottery shall be initiated and shall continue to be operated so as to produce the maximum

- 6 amount of net revenues to benefit the public purpose described
- 7 in this article consonant with the public good. Other state
- 8 government departments, boards, commissions, agencies and
- 9 their officers shall cooperate with the lottery commission so
- 10 as to aid the lottery commission in fulfilling these objectives.
- 11 (b) The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations 12 specifying the types of lottery games to be conducted by the
- 13 lottery: Provided, That:

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- 14 (1) No lottery may use the theme of bingo, roulette, dice 15 or similar game, or similar games commonly associated with 16 casino gaming.
- 17 (2) No lottery may use the results of any amateur or 18 professional sporting event, dog race or horse race to 19 determine the winner.
- 20 (3) Electronic video lottery systems must include a central site system of monitoring the lottery terminals utilizing an online or dial-up inquiry.
- 23 (4) In a lottery utilizing a ticket, each ticket shall bear a unique number distinguishing it from each other ticket.
- 25 (5) No lottery utilizing a machine may use machines which dispense coins or currency.
- 27 (6) Selection of the winner must be predicated totally on chance.
- (7) Any drawings or winner selections shall be held in public
 and witnessed by an independent accountant designated by the
 director for such purposes.
- 32 (8) All lottery equipment and materials shall be regularly 33 inspected and tested, before and after any drawings or winner 34 selections, by independent qualified technicians.
 - (9) The director shall establish the price for each lottery and determine the method of selecting winners and the manner of payment of prizes, including providing for payment by the purchase of annuities for prizes payable in installments.
- 39 (10) All claims for prizes shall be examined and no prize 40 shall be paid as a result of altered, stolen or counterfeit tickets 41 or materials, or which fail to meet validation rules or 42 regulations established for a lottery. No prize shall be paid

- more than once, and, in the event of a binding determination by the commission that more than one person is entitled to a particular prize, the sole remedy of the claimants shall be the award to each of them of an equal share in the single prize.
 - (11) A detailed tabulation of the estimated number of prizes of each particular prize denomination that are expected to be awarded in each lottery, or the estimated odds of winning such prizes shall be printed on any lottery ticket, where feasible, or in descriptive materials, and shall be available at the offices of the commission.
- 53 (12) No prizes shall be paid which are invalid and not contemplated by the prize structure of the lottery involved.
 - (13) By purchasing a ticket or participation in a lottery, a participant agrees to abide by, and be bound by, the lottery rules which apply to the lottery or game play involved. An abbreviated form of such rules may appear on tickets and shall appear on descriptive materials and shall be available at the offices of the commission. A participant in a lottery agrees that the determination of whether the participant is a valid winner is subject to the lottery or game play rules and the winner validation tests established by the commission. The determination of the winner by the commission shall be final and binding upon all participants in a lottery and shall not be subject to review or appeal.
 - (14) The commission shall institute such security procedures as it deems necessary to ensure the honesty and integrity of the winner selection process for each lottery. All such security and validation procedures and techniques shall be, and remain, confidential, and shall not be subject to any discovery procedure in any civil judicial, administrative or other proceeding, nor subject to the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
 - (c) The commission shall proceed with operation of such additional lottery games, including the implementation of games utilizing a variety of existing or future technological advances at the earliest feasible date. The commission may operate lottery games utilizing electronic computers and electronic computer terminal devices and systems, which systems must include a central site system of monitoring the

- 83 lottery terminals utilizing direct communication systems, or
- 84 other technological advances and procedures, ensuring honesty
- and integrity in the operation of the lottery.
- §29-22-10. Licensed lottery sales agents; restrictions; annual license and fee; factors; application; bond; age; nonassignable license; organizations qualified; commissions; display of license; geographic distribution; monopoly prohibited; lottery retailers; preprinted instant type lottery tickets; fee; certificate of authority; security; bond.
 - 1 (a) The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations 2 for the licensing of lottery sales agents for the sale and 3 dispensing of lottery tickets, materials and lottery games, and 4 the operations of electronic computer terminals therefor, 5 subject to the following:
 - 6 (1) The commission shall issue its annual license to such
 7 lottery sales agents for each lottery outlet and for such fee as
 8 is established by the commission to cover its costs thereof, but
 9 not to exceed one thousand dollars. Application for licensing
 10 as a lottery sales agent shall be on forms to be prescribed and
 11 furnished by the director.
 - 12 (2) No licensee may engage in business exclusively as a lottery sales agent.
 - 14 (3) The commission shall ensure geographic distribution of lottery sales agents throughout the state.
- 16 (4) Before issuance of a license to an applicant, the 17 commission shall consider factors such as the financial 18 responsibility, security, background, accessibility of the place 19 of business or activity to the public, public convenience and 20 the volume of expected sales.
- 21 (5) No person under the age of twenty-one may be licensed 22 as an agent. No licensed agent shall employ any person under 23 the age of eighteen for sales or dispensing of lottery tickets 24 or materials or operation of a lottery terminal.
- 25 (6) A license is valid only for the premises stated thereon.
- 26 (7) The director may issue a temporary license when deemed necessary.

28 (8) A license is not assignable or transferable.

- 29 (9) Before a license is issued, an agent shall be bonded for an amount and in the form and manner to be determined by the director.
 - (10) The commission may issue licenses to any legitimate business, organization, person or entity, including, but not limited to, civic or fraternal organizations, parks and recreation commissions or similar authorities, senior citizen centers, state owned stores, persons lawfully engaged in nongovernmental business on state property, persons lawfully engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages, political subdivisions or their agencies or departments, state agencies, commission operated agencies, persons licensed under the provisions of article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of this code, religious, charitable or seasonal businesses.
 - (11) Licensed lottery sales agents shall receive five percent of gross sales as commission for the performance of their duties. In addition, the commission may promulgate a bonus-incentive plan as additional compensation not to exceed one percent of annual gross sales. The method and time of payment shall be determined by the commission.
 - (12) Licensed lottery sales agents shall prominently display the license on the premises where lottery sales are made.
 - (13) No person or entity or subsidiary, agent or subcontractor thereof shall receive or hold more than twenty-five percent of the licenses to act as licensed lottery sales agent in any one county or municipality nor more than five percent of the licenses issued throughout this state: *Provided*, That the limitations of twenty-five percent and five percent in this subdivision shall not apply if it is determined by the commission that there are not a sufficient number of qualified applicants for licenses to comply with these requirements.
 - (b) The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying the terms and conditions for contracting with lottery retailers for sale of preprinted instant type lottery tickets and may provide for the dispensing of such tickets through machines and devices. Tickets may be sold or dispensed in any public or private store, operation or organization, without limitation. The commission may establish an annual fee not

67 to exceed fifty dollars for such persons, per location or site, 68 and shall issue a certificate of authority to act as a lottery 69 retailer to such persons. The commission shall establish 70 procedures to ensure the security, honesty and integrity of the 71 lottery and distribution system. The commission shall establish 72 the method of payment, commission structure, methods of 73 payment of winners, including payment in merchandise and 74 tickets, and may require prepayment by lottery retailers, require bond or security for payment and require deposit of 75 76 receipts in accounts established therefor. Retailers shall 77 prominently display the certificate of authority issued by the commission on the premises where lottery sales are made. 78

§29-22-11. Prohibited acts; restrictions on sales agents and retailers; unauthorizied sales; sales to minors; gifts to minors; prizes to commission officers and staff prohibited; criminal penalties for prohibited acts..

- 1 (a) No person may sell lottery tickets or materials unless authorized by the commission to so act. No person may 3 perform the functions of a licensed lottery sales agent unless 4 licensed by the commission. No person may perform the 5 functions of a lottery retailer unless authorized therefor by the commission. No person may sell a lottery ticket or material 6 7 at a price greater than that established by the commission; 8 except, that nothing in this section may be construed to prevent any person from giving a lottery ticket or material to 9 another as a gift or bonus. No person other than a licensed 10 lottery sales agent or an employee thereof, while acting within 11 the scope of such employment, shall sell lottery tickets, and 12 then only on the premises stated on the license. 13
- 14 (b) No ticket shall be sold to any person under the age of eighteen years. This section does not prohibit the purchase of a ticket by a person eighteen years of age or older for the purpose of making the ticket a gift to a person less than that age.
- 19 (c) No ticket may be purchased by and no prizes received 20 by or awarded to any officers or employees of the commission 21 or any member of their immediate household.
- (d) Any person who violates the provisions of this section
 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall
 be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred

- 25 dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one
- 26 year, or both fined and imprisoned.

§29-22-12. Crimes; forgery, counterfeiting, etc. of lottery tickets; penalties.

- l Any person who, with intent to defraud, falsely makes,
- 2 alters, forges, utters, passes or counterfeits a lottery ticket is
- 3 guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined
- 4 not more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned in the
- 5 penitentiary for not less than one year or both fined and
- 6 imprisoned.

§29-22-13. Prohibited acts; conflict of interest; prohibited gifts and gratuities.

- 1 (1) The commissioner, the deputy directors and the
- 2 employees of the lottery may not directly or indirectly,
- 3 individually, or as a member of a partnership or as a
- 4 shareholder of a corporation have an interest in dealing in a
- 5 lottery.
- 6 (2) A member of the commission, an employee of the lottery
- 7 or a member of their immediate families may not ask for, offer
- B to accept or receive any gift, gratuity or other thing of value
- 9 from any person, corporation, association or firm contracting
- 10 or seeking to contract with the state to supply gaming
- 11 equipment or materials for use in the operation of a lottery
- 12 or from an applicant for a license to sell tickets in the lottery
- 13 or from a licensee.
- 14 (3) A person, corporation, association or firm contracting
- 15 or seeking to contract with the state to supply gaming
- 16 equipment or materials for use in the operation of a lottery,
- 17 an applicant for a license to sell tickets in the lottery or a
- 18 licensee may not offer a member of the commission, an
- 19 employee of the lottery, or a member of their immediate
- 20 families any gift, gratuity or other thing of value.

§29-22-14. Administrative violations of article; hearing; administrative penalties.

- 1 (a) In addition to any criminal penalty imposed under the provisions of this article or any other chapter of this code:
- 3 (1) No person shall be appointed, employed or continue to 4 serve in any position or employment with the commission who

- 5 has been convicted of any violation of this article, or of any felony or any crime related to theft or gambling or involving moral turpitude. The commission shall remove or discharge any person so convicted.
- 9 (2) No person shall be licensed as a lottery sales agent nor authorized to act as a lottery retailer who has been convicted of any violation of this article, or of any felony or any crime related to theft or gambling or involving moral turpitude. The commission shall revoke the license or the authority of any person so convicted.
 - (3) No person shall be permitted to act as vendor to the commission who has been convicted of any violation of this article, or of any felony or any crime related to theft, bribery or gambling or involving moral turpitude. The commission shall deny the privilege of acting as a vendor to the commission for any person so convicted.
- 21 (b) Any person aggrieved by any action of the commission under the provisions of this article may in writing to the 22 23 commission request a hearing which shall be held before the commission or its duly authorized representative. Upon receipt 24 of the request for a hearing, the commission shall set a hearing 25 date within thirty days of the receipt of the request and shall 26 27 notify the aggrieved party in writing at least seven days in advance of the hearing date of the time, date and place of the 28 29 hearing. The commission shall issue an order within thirty days after the hearing date, either affirming or reversing the action 30 of the director. The provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 31 32 code shall apply to such hearings.
- 33 (c) After hearing and determination that any provision of 34 this article or rule or regulation of the commission has been 35 violated, the commission may impose a penalty not to exceed 36 one hundred dollars per violation.

§29-22-15. Payment of prizes to minors.

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- If the person entitled to a prize or any winning ticket is under the age of eighteen years, and such prize is less than five thousand dollars, the director may direct payment of the
- 4 prize by delivery to an adult member of the minor's family
- 5 or a legal guardian of the minor of a check or draft payable
- 6 to the order of the minor. If the person entitled to a prize

- 7 or any winning ticket is under the age of eighteen years, and the prize is five thousand dollars or more, the director may 9 direct payment to the minor by depositing the amount of the prize in any bank to the credit of an adult member of the 10 minor's family or a legal guardian of the minor as guardian 11
- for the minor. The person so named as guardian shall have 12
- qualified under and shall have the same duties and powers as 13 a person designated as a guardian in the manner as provided 14
- in article ten, chapter forty-four of this code. The commission 15
- and director shall be discharged of all further liability upon 16
- payment of a prize pursuant to this section. 17

§29-22-16. Disposition of unclaimed prize money.

1 Unclaimed prize money for the prize on a winning ticket

- shall be retained by the director for the person entitled thereto 2
- for one hundred eighty days after the drawing in which the
- prize was won or for one hundred eighty days after the 4
- announced end of a game. If no claim is made for said money
- within one hundred eighty days, the prize money reverts to
- the state lottery fund for the purpose of awarding additional
- prizes. The commission shall promulgate rules for the
- awarding of additional prizes.

§29-22-17. Lottery proceeds; accounting therefor; deposit into account of state treasurer; reports; funds to be held in trust; failure to collect, account or deposit; personal liability.

- (a) The commission shall establish rules and regulations for 1
- accounting for sales of lottery tickets and materials and 2
- accounting for all funds from sales and dispensing of lottery 3
- tickets, materials and games. Such regulations shall require all 4
- licensed lottery sales agents and lottery retailers to deposit in 5
- the bank account of the state treasurer in banks regularly used 6
- by said agents or retailers and approved by the director all 7
- moneys received by such agents and retailers from the sale of 8
- lottery tickets, materials and games, within twenty-four hours 9
- of the receipt thereof, and in accordance with the provisions 10
- of section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code of West 11
- Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, 12
- unless the director specifies a different time within which the 13
- deposit must be made. The state treasurer shall credit all funds 14
- so deposited to the credit of the state lottery fund. The director 15

- shall require such reports of lottery receipts and transactions in the sale of lottery tickets and materials in such form and containing such information as the director deems necessary.
- 19 (b) All funds from the sale of lottery tickets, materials and 20 games are the funds of the state and until deposited in the 21 accounts and in the manner specified by the director are held 22 in trust by the person or entity receiving them for deposit. If 23 a person or entity fails to collect, account for or deposit such 24 funds to the accounts and in the manner specified by the 25 director, such person and entity shall be personally liable for 26 the full amount of such funds. If the person so failing is an 27 association, corporation or other entity, the officers thereof 28 shall be personally liable, jointly and severally, for any default 29 on the part of the association, corporation or entity, and payment may be enforced against them as against the 30 31 association, corporation or entity.
- §29-22-18. State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; appropriation of net profits.
 - 1 (a) There is hereby created a special fund in the state treasury which shall be designated and known as the "state 2 3 lottery fund." The fund shall consist of all appropriations to 4 the fund and all interest earned from investment of the fund, 5 and any gifts, grants or contributions received by the fund. 6 All revenues received from the sale of lottery tickets, materials and games shall be deposited with the state treasurer and 7 placed into the "state lottery fund." The revenue shall be 8 9 disbursed in the manner herein provided for the purposes 10 stated herein and shall not be treated by the auditor and 11 treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state.
 - (b) No appropriation, loan or other transfer of state funds shall be made to the commission or lottery fund after the initial appropriation. The initial appropriation shall be used solely for the establishment and operation of the commission and lottery operations during the period until the lottery becomes a revenue-producing agency but no longer than eighteen months. After such period, but in no event longer

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- than eighteen months from the effective date of this article, the commission shall commence repayment to the state general revenue fund of the amount of the initial appropriation from the general revenue fund to be repaid in equal installments over the ensuing twelve months from the funds provided in subsection (e) below.
- 25 (c) A minimum annual average of forty-five percent of the 26 gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated and 27 disbursed as prizes.

- (d) A minimum annual average of forty percent of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated as net profit. The director is authorized to expend the necessary percentage of the amount allocated as net profit, not to exceed fifteen percent thereof, for the purposes of entering into contractual arrangements for the acquisition, financing, lease and lease-purchase, and other financing transactions, of lottery goods and services, including tickets, equipment, machinery, electronic computer systems and terminals, and supplies and maintenance therefor, for the first thirty-six months of operation, and may apportion the costs, expenses and expenditures related thereto among the commission, vendor or vendors and licensed lottery sales agents.
- (e) Not more than fifteen percent of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated to and may be disbursed as necessary for fund operation and administration expenses: *Provided*, That in the initial year of operation not more than twenty percent may be so allocated and disbursed. In the event that the percentage allotted for operations and administration generates a surplus, the surplus will be allowed to accumulate to an amount not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars. On a monthly basis the director shall report to the joint committee on government and finance of the Legislature any surplus in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars and remit to the state treasurer the entire amount of those surplus funds in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars which shall be allocated as net profit.
- 55 (f) Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the amounts 56 allocated as net profit above for such purposes as it deems 57 beneficial to the citizens of this state.

§29-22-19. Postaudit of accounts and transactions of office.

1 The legislative auditor shall conduct a yearly post audit of

- all accounts and transactions of the state lottery office. The
- cost of the audit shall be paid out of the state lottery fund
- 4 moneys designated for payment of operating expenses. The
- 5 commission shall have an annual audit performed by an
- independent certified public accountant.

§29-22-20. Monthly and annual reports.

- (a) The director shall, upon the tenth day of each month 2 provide the joint committee on government and finance of the
- Legislature with a report reviewing the lottery operations,
- including, but not limited to, the amount of gross sales, the 4 5
- amount of net profit, the types of games being played, the number of licensed sales agents, the names and amounts of 6
- winners and any other information requested by the Legisla-
- ture or by the joint committee on government and finance.
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- 9 (b) The director shall, no later than the tenth day of each
- regular session of the Legislature, provide to the Legislature, 10
- 11 legislative auditor, governor and state treasurer an annual 12 report focused upon subjects of interest concerning lottery
- operations, including, but not limited to, an annual financial 13
- analysis of the lottery operations, a discussion of the types of 14
- games played and revenues generated, a statement of 15
- expenditures for the last fiscal year, a summary of the benefit 16
- programs and recommendations to the Legislature. 17

§29-22-21. Official's name not to appear on lottery materials or at drawing.

- 1 No elected or appointed official's name shall appear on any
- lottery ticket or material or in connection with any advertise-
- ment, nor shall any elected or appointed official, other than 3
- the members of the lottery commission, the director or deputy 4
- directors, preside or appear at any lottery drawing.

§29-22-22. Exemption of lottery prizes from state and local taxation.

- 1 No state or local taxes of any type whatsoever shall be
- imposed upon any prize awarded by the state lottery.
- §29-22-23. Procurement; disclosures by vendors and related persons and entities; authorizing background investigation; unenforceability of contracts in contravention of section.
 - (a) The commission shall utilize the provisions of article 1

three, chapter five-a of this code in the procurement of all commodities, printing, services and goods, materials, lottery tickets and other items necessary for the commission and lottery, subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.

- (b) For the printing of tickets used in any lottery game, any goods or services involving the receiving or recording of number selection of any lottery game, or any goods or services involving the determination of winners on any lottery game, which are hereby referred to as major procurements, the commission shall evaluate the competence, integrity, character, reputation and background of the vendor. To allow for this evaluation, potential vendors shall supply the following information prior to the submission of an initial bid or proposal and on or before the first day of July of each year thereafter;
- (1) If the vendor is a corporation, the officers, directors and each stockholder in such corporation; except that, in the case of stockholders of publicly held equity securities of a publicly traded corporation, only the names and addresses of those known to the corporation to own beneficially five percent or more of such securities need be disclosed; and
- (2) If the vendor is a partnership or joint venture, all of the general and limited partners or joint venturers; if such general and limited partners or joint venturers are themselves a partnership, joint venture, trust, association, corporation, subsidiary or intermediary corporation, the same information required by this section shall be supplied for such entities also;
- 30 (3) If the vendor is a trust, the name of the trustee;
- (4) If the vendor is an association, the members, officers and
 directors; and
 - (5) If the vendor intends to or does subcontract to another person or entity any integral or substantial portion of the work to be performed in supplying such materials or equipment, then the vendor shall supply the above-mentioned information for all such persons or entities.
 - (6) The following information shall also be submitted:

- 39 (A) Other jurisdictions in which the vendor has contracts 40 to supply gaming materials or equipment and the types of 41 gaming materials or equipment involved therewith;
- 42 (B) The details of any felony conviction of a criminal 43 offense, state or federal, of the vendor or any person whose 44 name and address are required by this section;
- 45 (C) The details of any disciplinary action of a judicial nature 46 relating to gaming taken by any state or person against the 47 vendor or any person whose name and address are required 48 by this section;
- (D) The number of years the vendor has been in the business of supplying gaming materials or equipment;
- 51 (E) A disclosure of each state and jurisdiction in which the 52 vendor has been denied, or has had revoked a gaming license 53 of any kind, and the disposition of such in each such state 54 or jurisdiction. If any gaming license has been revoked or has not been renewed or any gaming license application has been 55 either denied or is pending and has remained pending for more 56 57 than six months, all of the facts and circumstances underlying 58 such failure to receive such license must be disclosed;
- 59 (F) A disclosure of the details of any bankruptcy, insol-60 vency, reorganization or any pending litigation relating to 61 gaming of each vendor;
- 62 (G) A signed authorization by each vendor and officer 63 thereof allowing the deputy director for security to conduct 64 a background investigation of such person; and
- 65 (H) Such other information, accompanied by such docu-66 ments, as the commission, by rule or contract procurement 67 documents, may require as being necessary or appropriate in 68 the public interest to accomplish the purposes of this section.
- 69 (c) No contract for the supply of gaming materials or 70 equipment for use in the operation of the state lottery is 71 enforceable against the state if the provisions of this section 72 are not complied with.

§29-22-24. Disclosures by vendors and related persons and entities of political contributions.

(a) For purposes of this section:

- 2 "Vendor" means any person required to make any disclosure 3 under the provisions of section twenty-three of this article.
- 4 "Major procurement" has the same meaning as set out in 5 section twenty-three of this article.
- 6 (b) Prior to the submission of the initial bid or proposal, 7 and on or before the first day of July of each year thereafter, 8 a vendor who is submitting an initial bid or proposal to, or 9 who has submitted such within the preceding twelve months to, or who has a current contract with, the state lottery 10 11 commission or any state agency, board or commission or 12 political subdivision, for any major procurement, shall file with the secretary of state a detailed itemized disclosure statement, 13 14 subscribed and sworn to before an officer authorized to 15 administer oaths, setting forth each contribution to any local, 16 state or federal political candidate or political committee in this state, made in the preceding three years, or a statement 17 18 that no such contributions have been made.

§29-22-25. Preemption of state laws or local regulation.

- (a) No state or local law or regulation providing any penalty, disability, restriction, regulation or prohibition for the 3 manufacture, transportation, storage, distribution, advertising, 4 possession or sale of any lottery tickets or materials or for the 5 operation of any lottery shall apply to authorized operations by or for the state lottery or commission.
- (b) The provisions of this article preempt all regulations, rules, ordinances and laws of any county or municipality in conflict herewith: Provided, That nothing herein shall 9 invalidate any zoning law, or Sunday closing law under article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code.
- 12 (c) Nothing in this article shall be deemed to permit the operation of any lottery otherwise prohibited by the laws of 13 this state, not owned and operated by this state and permitted 14 15 by this article.

§29-22-26. Termination of state lottery commission.

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The state lottery commission shall be terminated pursuant to the provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one,

- 4 unless sooner terminated or unless continued or reestablished
- 5 pursuant to such article and chapter.

§29-22-27. Penalties for criminal violations.

- 1 (a) Any person violating any of the provisions of this article,
- 2 except sections eleven and twelve of this article, is guilty of
- 3 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, for the first
- 4 offense, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more than
- 5 five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more
- 6 than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 7 (b) Any person violating any of the provisions of this
- 8 article, except sections eleven and twelve of this article, shall,
- 9 for the second offense, be guilty of a felony, and, upon
- 10 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand
- 11 dollars, or be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than
- 12 one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

§29-22-28. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or the application thereof to
- 2 any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall
- 3 not affect other provisions or applications of this article, and
- 4 to this end the provisions of this article are declared to be
- 5 severable

CHAPTER 116

(S. B. 15-By Senator Tucker)

[Passed March 6, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article two, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the jurisdiction of magistrate courts in civil matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article two, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. JURISDICTION AND AUTHORITY.

§50-2-1. Civil jurisdiction.

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Except as limited herein and in addition to jurisdiction granted elsewhere to magistrate courts or justices of the 3 peace, magistrate courts shall have jurisdiction of all civil 4 actions wherein the value or amount in controversy or the 5 value of property sought, exclusive of interest and cost, is 6 not more than three thousand dollars. Notwithstanding the 7 provisions of section eleven, article five of this chapter, or 8 any other limitations to the contrary, magistrate courts 9 shall have jurisdiction to enter an order for support and to 10 enforce said orders as provided in articles seven and eight, 11 chapter forty-eight of this code. Magistrate courts shall 12 have jurisdiction of matters involving unlawful entry or 13 detainer of real estate so long as the title to such real estate 14 is not in dispute. Except as the same may be in conflict with 15 the provisions of this chapter, the provisions of article 16 three, chapter fifty-five of this code, regarding unlawful 17 entry and detainer, shall apply to such actions in magistrate court. Magistrate courts shall have jurisdiction of actions 19 on bonds given pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. 20 Magistrate courts shall have continuing jurisdiction to 21 entertain motions in regard to post-judgment process issued from magistrate court and decisions thereon may be 22 23 appealed in the same manner as judgments. 24

Magistrate courts shall not have jurisdiction of actions in 25 equity, of matters in eminent domain, of matters in which 26 the title to real estate is in issue, of proceedings seeking satisfaction of liens through the sale of real estate, of actions for false imprisonment, of actions for malicious prosecution or of actions for slander or libel or of any of the 30 extraordinary remedies set forth in chapter fifty-three of this code.

Magistrates, magistrate court clerks, magistrate court 32 33 deputy clerks and magistrate assistants shall have the authority to administer any oath or affirmation, to take any 34 affidavit or deposition, unless otherwise expressly provided 35 by law, and to take, under such regulations as are 37 prescribed by law, the acknowledgment of deeds and other 38 writings.

CHAPTER 117

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1280—By Delegate Yanni and Delegate Burke)

[Passed April 5, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-three chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section ten, article four, chapter seventeen-a of said code; and to amend and reenact sections four and ten, article six, chapter seventeen-a of said code, all relating to salvage yards; increasing licensing fee; permitting one assignment of salvage certificates for wrecked or damaged vehicles without charge therefor; increasing time period for surrender of certificates; requiring surrender of title, vehicle identification number plate and submission of photograph for certain vehicles; reducing salvage certificates fee; exempting from payment of privilege tax certain applicants for titles to reconstructed vehicles; changing certain titling provisions for reconstructed vehicles; expanding bonding provisions for applicants for license certificates; deleting reference to license certificate appeal board; and providing special license plates for used parts dealers, wreckers and dismantlers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twenty-three, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section ten, article four, chapter seventeen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that sections four and ten, article six of chapter seventeen-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter.

- 17. Roads and Highways.
- 17A. Motor Vehicle Administration, Registration, Certificate of Title and Antitheft Provisions.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 23. SALVAGE YARDS.

- §17-23-3. License required; issuance; fee; renewal; disposition of fees.
 - l No salvage yard or any part thereof shall be established,

- 2 operated or maintained without a state license. The commis-
- 3 sioner shall have the sole authority to issue such a state license,
- 4 and he shall charge therefor a fee of two hundred dollars
- 5 payable annually in advance. All licenses issued under this
- 6 section shall expire on the first day of January following the
- 7 date of issuance. A license may be renewed from year to year
- 8 upon paying the commissioner the sum of two hundred dollars
- 9 for each such renewal. All such renewal license fees collected
- 10 under the provisions of this article shall be deposited in the
- 11 special fund provided for in section ten of this article.

CHAPTER 17A. MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND ANTITHEFT PROVISIONS.

Article.

- 4. Transfer of Title or Interest.
- 6. Licensing of Dealers and Wreckers or Dismantlers; Special Plates; Temporary Plates or Markers, etc.

ARTICLE 4. TRANSFERS OF TITLE OR INTEREST.

§17A-4-10. Salvage certificates for certain wrecked or damaged vehicles; fee; penalty.

1 In the event a motor vehicle is determined to be a total loss

2 or otherwise designated as "totaled" by any insurance company

3 or insurer, and upon payment of an agreed price as a claim

4 settlement to any insured or claimant owner for the purchase

5 of the vehicle, the insurance company or the insurer shall

6 receive the certificate of title and the vehicle. The insurance

7 company or insurer shall within ten days surrender the

8 certificate of title and a copy of the claim settlement to the

9 department of motor vehicles. The department shall issue a

10 "salvage certificate," on a form prescribed by the commis-

11 sioner, in the name of the insurance company or the insurer.

12 Such certificate shall contain on the reverse thereof spaces for

one successive assignment before a new certificate at an additional fee is required. Upon the sale of the vehicle the

14 additional fee is required. Upon the sale of the vehicle the 15 insurance company or insurer shall endorse the assignment of

16 ownership on the salvage certificate and deliver it to the

17 purchaser who shall also apply for a salvage certificate, even

18 if the insured or claimant owner is the purchaser. The vehicle

19 shall not be titled or registered for operation on the streets

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- 20 or highways of this state unless there is compliance with 21 subsection (b) of this section:
- 22 (a) Any owner, who scraps, compresses, dismantles or 23 destroys a vehicle for which a certificate of title or salvage 24 certificate has been issued, shall, within twenty days, surrender the certificate of title or salvage certificate to the department 25 for cancellation. Any person who purchases or acquires a 26 27 vehicle as salvage or scrap, to be dismantled, compressed or 28 destroyed, shall within twenty days surrender the certificate to 29 the department. Should a vehicle less than eight years old be 30 determined to be a complete fire, flood or basket, the vehicle 31 identification number plate and a photograph of the vehicle 32 shall accompany the surrendered certificate: Provided. That the term "basket" means a vehicle which has been damaged 33 34 more than seventy-five percent of the retail price as described in the national automobile dealers association official used car 35 guide. If the vehicle is to be reconstructed, the owner must 36 37 obtain a salvage certificate and comply with the provisions of 38 subsection (b) of this section.
 - (b) If the motor vehicle is a "reconstructed vehicle" as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, it may not be titled or registered for operation until it has been inspected by an authorized law-enforcement officer or official state inspection station to determine the operating condition and vehicle identification number and all other inspection requirements. Following an approved inspection, an application for a new certificate of title may be submitted to the department; however, the applicant may be required to submit all receipts for component parts, equipment and materials used in the reconstruction. The salvage certificate must also be surrendered to the department before a certificate of title may be issued.
 - (c) The department shall charge a fee of fifteen dollars for the issuance of each salvage certificate but shall not require the payment of the five percent privilege tax. However, upon application for a certificate of title for a reconstructed vehicle, the department shall collect the five percent privilege tax on the fair market value of the vehicle as determined by the commissioner unless the applicant is otherwise exempt from the payment of such privilege tax.

- 60 (d) A certificate of title issued by the department for a 61 reconstructed vehicle shall contain markings in bold print on the face of the title that it is for a reconstructed vehicle: 62 63 Provided, That if the application for a certificate of title is 64 accompanied by a sworn statement under penalty of perjury that cost of repair to the vehicle is not more than fifty percent 65 66 of the national automobile dealers association official used car guide value of the vehicle, the boldface markings "recon-67
- Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

ARTICLE 6. LICENSING OF DEALERS AND WRECKERS OR DIS-MANTLERS; SPECIAL PLATES; TEMPORARY PLATES OR MARKERS, ETC.

PART II. LICENSE CERTIFICATE PROVISIONS.

- §17A-6-4. Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds; investigation; information confidential.
- §17A-6-10. Fee required for license certificate; dealer special plates.

structed vehicle" shall not appear on the title.

§17A-6-4. Application for license certificate; insurance; bonds; investigation; information confidential.

1 (a) Application for any license certificate required by section three of this article shall be made on such form as may be 2 prescribed by the commissioner. There shall be attached to the 3 application a certificate of insurance certifying that the 4 applicant has in force an insurance policy issued by an 5 insurance company authorized to do business in this state 6 7 insuring the applicant and any other person, as insured, using any vehicle or vehicles owned by the applicant with the express 8 or implied permission of such named insured, against loss from 9 the liability imposed by law for damages arising out of the 10 ownership, operation, maintenance or use of such vehicle or 11 vehicles, subject to minimum limits, exclusive of interest and 12 cost, with respect to each such vehicle, as follows: Ten 13 thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one 14 person in any one accident and, subject to said limit for one 15 person, twenty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to 16 or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and five 17 thousand dollars because of injury to or destruction of 18



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- 19 property of others in any one accident.
- 20 (b) In the case of an application for a license certificate to 21 engage in the business of new motor vehicle dealer, used motor 22 vehicle dealer or house trailer dealer, such application shall
- 23 disclose, but not be limited to, the following:
- 24 (1) The type of business for which a license certificate is sought;
- 26 (2) If the applicant be an individual, the full name and address of the applicant and any trade name under which he will engage in said business;
- 29 (3) If the applicant be a copartnership, the full name and address of each partner therein, the name of the copartnership, its post-office address and any trade name under which it will engage in said business;
- 33 (4) If the applicant be a corporation, its name, the state of 34 its incorporation, its post-office address and the full name and 35 address of each officer and director thereof:
- 36 (5) The location of each place in this state at which the 37 applicant will engage in said business and whether the same 38 is owned or leased by the applicant;
- 39 (6) Whether the applicant, any partner, officer or director 40 thereof has previously engaged in said business or any other 41 business required to be licensed under the provisions of this 42 article and if so, with or for whom, at what location and for 43 what periods of time;
 - (7) Whether the applicant, any partner, officer, director or employer thereof has previously applied for a license certificate under the provisions of this article or a similar license certificate in this or any other state, and if so, whether such license certificate was issued or refused, and, if issued, whether it was ever suspended or revoked;
 - (8) A statement of previous general business experience and past history of the applicant; and
 - (9) Such other information as the commissioner may reasonably require which may include information relating to any contracts, agreements or understandings between the applicant and other persons respecting the transaction of said

- 56 business, and any criminal record of the applicant if an 57 individual, or of each partner if a copartnership, or of each 58 officer and director, if a corporation.
- 59 (c) In the case of an application for a license certificate to 60 engage in the business of new motor vehicle dealer, such 61 application shall, in addition to the matters outlined in 62 subsection (b) of this section disclose:
 - (1) The make or makes of new motor vehicles which the applicant will offer for sale in this state during the ensuing fiscal year; and
 - (2) The exact number of new motor vehicles, if any, sold at retail in this state by such applicant or his predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, and if no new motor vehicles were sold at retail in this state by such applicant or his predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, the number of new motor vehicles the applicant reasonably expects to sell at retail in this state during the ensuing fiscal year.
 - (d) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of used motor vehicle dealer, such application shall in addition to the matters outlined in subsection (b) of this section, disclose the exact number of used motor vehicles, if any, sold at retail in this state by such applicant or his predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, and if no used motor vehicles were sold at retail in this state by such applicant or his predecessor, if any, during the preceding fiscal year, the number of used motor vehicles the applicant reasonably expects to sell at retail in this state during the ensuing fiscal year.
 - (e) In the case of an application for a license certificate to engage in the business of trailer dealer, motorcycle dealer, used parts dealer, or wrecker or dismantler, such application shall disclose such information as the commissioner may reasonably require.
 - (f) Such application shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant, if an individual, or if the applicant is a copartnership or corporation, by a partner or officer thereof, as the case may be. Such application must be accompanied by a bond of the applicant in the penal sum of

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- 95 two thousand dollars, in such form as may be prescribed by 96 the commissioner, conditioned that the applicant will not in 97 the conduct of his business practice any fraud which, or make any fraudulent representation which, shall cause a financial 98 99 loss to any purchaser, seller or financial institution or agency, 100 or the state of West Virginia, with a corporate surety thereon 101 authorized to do business in this state, which bond shall be effective as of the date on which the license certificate sought 102 103 is issued.
- 104 (g) Upon receipt of any such fully completed application, 105 together with any bond required as aforesaid, the certificate 106 of insurance as aforesaid and the appropriate fee as hereinafter 107 provided in section ten of this article, the commissioner may 801 conduct such investigation, as he deems necessary to determine 109 the accuracy of any statements contained in such application and the existence of any other facts which he deems relevant in considering such application. To facilitate such investigation, the commissioner may withhold issuance or refusal of the 113 license certificate for a period not to exceed twenty days.
- 114 (h) Any application for a license certificate under the 115 provisions of this article and any information submitted 116 therewith shall be confidential for the use of the department. 117 No person shall divulge any information contained in any such application or any information submitted therewith except in 118 119 response to a valid subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued 120 pursuant to law.

PART III. FEES AND DEALER SPECIAL PLATES GENERALLY.

§17A-6-10. Fee required for license certificate; dealer special plates.

(a) The annual fee required for a license certificate to engage 1 2 in the business of new motor vehicle dealer shall be one 3 hundred dollars. This fee shall also entitle such licensee to one 4 dealer's special plate which shall be known as a Class D special 5 plate. Up to nine additional Class D special plates shall be 6 issued to any such licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the 7 payment of a fee of five dollars for each additional Class D 8 special plate. Any such licensee who obtains a total of ten 9 10 Class D special plates as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive additional Class D special plates on a formula basis, that is, 11 one additional Class D special plate per twenty new motor 12

vehicles sold at retail in this state by such licensee or his predecessor during the preceding fiscal year, upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each such additional Class D special plate: Provided, That in the case of a licensee who did not own or operate such business during such preceding fiscal year and who has no predecessor who owned or operated such business during the preceding fiscal year, additional Class D special plates shall be issued, for the ensuing fiscal year only, on a formula basis of one additional Class D special plate per twenty new motor vehicles which such licensee estimates on his application for his license certificate he will sell at retail in this state during said ensuing fiscal year. Any such licensee may obtain Class D special plates in addition to the ten plates authorized above and any authorized on a formula basis, but the cost of each such Class D special plate shall be thirty dollars.

(b) The annual fee required for a license certificate to engage in the business of used motor vehicle dealer shall be one hundred dollars. This fee shall also entitle such licensee to one dealer's special plate which shall be known as a Class D-U/C special plate. Up to four additional Class D-U/C special plates shall be issued to any such licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each additional Class D-U/C special plate. Any such licensee who obtains a total of five Class D-U/C special plates as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive additional Class D-U/C special plates on a formula basis, that is, one additional Class D-U/C special plate per thirty used motor vehicles sold at retail in this state by such licensee or his predecessor during the preceding fiscal year, upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for each such additional Class D-U/C special plate: Provided, That in the case of a licensee who did not own or operate such business during such preceding fiscal year and who has no predecessor who owned or operated such business during the preceding fiscal year, additional Class D-U/C special plates shall be issued, for the ensuing fiscal year only, on a formula basis of one additional Class D-U/C special plate per thirty used motor vehicles which such licensee estimates on his application for his license



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- 55 certificate he will sell at retail in this state during said ensuing
- 56 fiscal year. Any such licensee may obtain Class D-U/C special 57
- plates, in addition, to the five plates authorized above and any
- 58 authorized on a formula basis, but the cost of each such Class
- 59 D-U/C special plate shall be thirty dollars.
- 60 (c) The annual fee required for a license certificate to engage 61 in the business of house trailer dealer or trailer dealer, as the 62 case may be, shall be twenty-five dollars. This fee shall also 63 entitle such licensee to four dealer's special plates which shall 64 be known as Class D-T/R special plates. Additional Class D-65 T/R special plates shall be issued to any such licensee upon 66 application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner 67 for such purpose and the payment of a fee of five dollars for 68 each such additional Class D-T/R special plate.
- 69 (d) The annual fee required for a license certificate to 70 engage in the business of motorcycle dealer shall be ten dollars. 71 This fee shall also entitle such licensee to two dealer's special 72 plates which shall be known as Class F special plates. 73 Additional Class F special plates shall be issued to any such 74 dealer upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the 75 commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of 76 five dollars for each such additional Class F special plate.
- 77 (e) The annual fee required for a license certificate to engage 78 in the business of used parts dealer, or wrecker, or dismantler, 79 as the case may be, shall be fifteen dollars. Upon payment of 80 the fee for said license certificate, a licensee shall be entitled to up to four special license plates which shall be known as 82 Class WD special plates. Such plates shall be issued to any such licensee upon application therefor on a form prescribed by the commissioner for such purpose and the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars for each such plate. Such plate issued under the provisions of this subsection shall have the words "Towing Only" affixed thereon.
 - (f) All of the special plates provided for in this section shall be of such form and design and contain such other distinguishing marks or characteristics as the commissioner may prescribe.

CHAPTER 118

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 329—By Senator Tucker)

[Passed April 10, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section sixteen, article four-a, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one hundred four and one hundred six, article two, chapter forty-six-a of said code; and to amend and reenact sections one hundred eleven, one hundred twelve and one hundred thirteen, article three of said chapter, all relating to credit transactions generally; priority of a security interest in a motor vehicle by delivery of certificate of origin and actual and continued possession of such certificate; notice of liability to a surety, cosigner, comaker, endorser or guarantor of a consumer credit sale or consumer loan obligation; notice of a consumer's right to cure default; curing of such default and acceleration of the maturity of a consumer credit sale or consumer loan; application of payments on account; rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation of a consumer loan or consumer credit sale; judgments and interest on judgments arising from a consumer credit sale or consumer loan; delinquency charges on precomputed consumer credit sales or consumer loans; and delinquency charges on nonprecomputed consumer credit sales or consumer loans.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen, article four-a, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections one hundred four and one hundred six, article two, chapter forty-six-a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that sections one hundred eleven, one hundred twelve and one hundred thirteen, article three of said chapter, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 2. Consumer Credit Protection.
- 3. Finance Charges and Related Provisions.

ARTICLE 2. CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION.

§46A-2-104. Notice to cosigners.

§46A-2-106. Notice of consumer's right to cure default; cure; acceleration.

§46A-2-104. Notice to cosigners.

- 1 No person shall be held liable as surety, cosigner, co-
- 2 maker, endorser or guarantor or be charged with personal
- 3 liability for payment in a consumer credit sale or con-
- 4 sumer loan unless that person, in addition to and before
- 5 signing any instrument evidencing the transaction, signs
- 6 and receives a separate notice which clearly explains his
- 7 liability in the event of default by the consumer and also
- 8 receives a copy of the disclosure required by the "Federal
- 9 Consumer Credit Protection Act." Such notice shall be
- 10 sufficient if it appears under the conspicuous caption
- 11 "NOTICE TO COSIGNER" and contains substantially the
- 12 following language:
- 13 "You are being asked to guarantee this debt. Think
- 14 carefully before you do. If the borrower doesn't pay the
- 15 debt, you will have to. Be sure you can afford to pay it
- 16 if you have to, and that you want to accept this responsi-
- 17 billity."
- "You may have to pay up to the full amount of the debt
- 19 if the borrower does not pay. You may also have to pay late
- 20 fees or collection costs, which increase this amount."
- 21 "The creditor can collect this debt from you without
- 22 first trying to collect from the borrower. The creditor can
- 23 use the same collection methods against you that can be
- 24 used against the borrower, such as suing you, garnishing
- 25 your wages, etc. If this debt is ever in default, that fact
- 26 may become a part of your credit record."
- 27 "This notice is not the contract that makes you liable 28 for the debt."
- 29 The caption shall be typewritten or printed in at least
- 30 twelve point bold Helvetica upper case type. The body of
- 31 the notice shall be typewritten or printed in at least eight
- 32 point regular Helvetica type, in upper or lower case.
- 33 where appropriate.

§46A-2-106. Notice of consumer's right to cure default; cure; acceleration.

After a consumer has been in default on any installment obligation or any other secured obligation for five days for failure to make a scheduled payment or otherwise perform pursuant to such a consumer credit sale or consumer loan other than with respect to a covenant to provide insurance for or otherwise to protect and preserve the property covered by a security interest, the creditor may give him notice of such fact in the manner provided for herein. Actual delivery of such notice to a 9 consumer or delivery or mailing of same to the last 10 known address of the consumer is sufficient for the pur-11 pose of this section. If given by mail, notice is given when it is deposited in a mailbox properly addressed and post-13 age prepaid. Notice shall be in writing and shall conspicuously state the name, address and telephone number 15 of the creditor to whom payment or other performance 16 is owed, a brief description of the transaction, the con-17 sumer's right to cure such default and the amount of 18 payment and other required performance and date by 19 which it must be paid or accomplished in order to cure 20 21 the default. A copy of the notice required by this section shall be (i) retained by the creditor, (ii) certified in the 22 23 manner prescribed by this section by an officer or other authorized representative of such creditor, and (iii) no-24 25 tarized by a person licensed as a notary under the laws of the state of West Virginia or any other state or terri-26 tory of the United States. The certification required by this section shall substantially conform to the following 28 29 language:

30 "I, (name of person certifying),
31 the (title of person certifying)
32 of (creditor's name), hereby
33 certify that the notice of the consumer's right to cure
34 default on which this certification appears [or to which
35 this certification is attached] was on this day of
36 , mane(s) appear herein [therein] at the address(es) set

38 forth herein [therein].
39 (Signature)

41 Except as hereinafter provided in this section, after a de-42 fault on any installment obligation or any other secured 43 obligation other than with respect to a covenant to provide insurance for or otherwise to protect and preserve the 44 45 property covered by a security interest, a creditor may 46 not accelerate maturity of the unpaid balance of any 47 such installment obligation or any other such secured 48 obligation, commence any action or demand or take pos-49 session of collateral on account of default until ten days 50 after notice has been given to the consumer of his right 51 to cure such default. Until such period expires, the con-52 sumer shall have the right to cure any default by tender-53 ing the amount of all unpaid sums due at the time of the tender, without acceleration, plus any unpaid delinquen-54 cy or deferral charges and by tendering any other per-55 56 formance necessary to cure such default. Any such cure 57 shall restore a consumer to all his rights under the agreement the same as if there had been no default. A con-58 58 sumer who has been in default three or more times on the 60 same obligation and who has been given notice of such fact three or more times shall not have the right to cure 61 a default under this section even though previous de-62 faults have been cured and his creditor's right to proceed 63 against him and his collateral shall not be impaired or 64 limited in any way by this section. There shall be no acceleration of the maturity of all or part of any amount 66 owing in such a consumer credit sale or consumer loan, 67 except where nonperformance specified in the agree-68 ment as constituting default has occurred.

ARTICLE 3. FINANCE CHARGES AND RELATED PROVISIONS.

§46A-3-111. Application of payments on account; rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation; judgments and interest on judgments.

§46A-3-112. Delinquency charges on precomputed consumer credit sales or consumer loans.

§46A-3-111. Application of payments on account; rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation; judgments and interest on judgments.

- 1 (1) When a consumer credit sale or consumer loan is 2 precomputed all payments on account shall be applied to installments in the order in which they fall due, except as provided in subsection (3), section one hundred twelve of this article. When the total amount is payable in substantially equal consecutive monthly installments, the portion of the sales finance charge or loan finance charge attributable to any particular monthly installment period shall be that proportion of the sales finance charge or loan finance charge originally contracted for, as the balance scheduled to be outstanding on the last day of the month-11 ly installment period before deducting the payment, if 12 any, scheduled to be made on that day bears to the sum 13 of all the monthly installment balances under the original 14 schedule of payments. (This method of allocation is the 15 sum of the digits method, commonly referred to as the 16 17 "Rule of 78.")
- 18 (2) Upon prepayment in full of a precomputed consumer credit sale or consumer loan by cash, a new loan, 19 refinancing, consolidation or otherwise, the creditor shall 20 rebate to the consumer that portion of the sales finance 21 charge or loan finance charge in the manner specified in 22 section five-d, article six, chapter forty-seven of this code: 23 Provided, That no rebate of less than one dollar need be 24 25 made.
- 26 (3) If the maturity of a precomputed consumer credit 27 sale or consumer loan is accelerated for any reason and 28 judgment is obtained, the debtor is entitled to the same 29 rebate as if the payment had been made on the date 30 judgment is entered and such judgment shall bear in-31 terest until paid at the rate of ten percent per annum.

§46A-3-112. Delinquency charges on precomputed consumer credit sales or consumer loans.

1 (1) With respect to a precomputed consumer credit sale 2 or consumer loan, refinancing or consolidation, the parties

- 3 may contract for a delinquency charge on any install-4 ment not paid in full within ten days after its scheduled 5 due date in an amount not exceeding the greater of:
- 6 (a) An amount, not exceeding ten dollars, which is 7 five percent of the unpaid amount of the installment, but 8 in any event not less than one dollar; or
- 9 (b) An amount equivalent to the deferral charge that 10 would be permitted to defer the unpaid amount of the 11 installment for the period that it is delinquent.
- 12 (2) A delinquency charge under subdivision (a) of subsection (1) may be collected only once on an in-13 14 stallment however long it remains in default. No delinquency charge may be collected with respect to a de-15 ferred installment unless the installment is not paid in 16 full within ten days after its deferred due date. A 17 18 delinquency charge may be collected at the time it accrues or at any time thereafter. 19
- 20 (3) No delinquency charge may be collected on an 21 installment which is paid in full within ten days after its scheduled or deferred installment due date, even 22 23 though an earlier maturing installment or a delinquency 24 or deferral charge on an earlier installment may not 25 have been paid in full. For purposes of this subsection, payments shall be applied first to current installments, 26 then to delinquent installments, and then to delinquency 27 28 and other charges.
- (4) If two installments or parts thereof of a precomputed 29 consumer credit sale or consumer loan are in default 30 for ten days or more, the creditor may elect to convert 31 such sale or loan from a precomputed sale or loan to 32 one in which the sales finance charge or loan finance 33 charge is based on unpaid balances. In such event the 34creditor shall make a rebate pursuant to the provisions 35 on rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation 36 as of the maturity date of any installment then delin-37 quent, and thereafter may make a sales finance charge 38 or loan finance charge as authorized by the appropriate 39 provisions on sales finance charges or loan finance charges 40 for consumer credit sales or consumer loans. 41

- The amount of the rebate shall not be reduced by the amount of any permitted minimum charge. If the creditor proceeds under this subsection, any delinquency or deferral charges made with respect to installments due at or after the maturity date of the delinquent installments shall be rebated, and no further delinquency or deferral charges shall be made.
- 49 (5) The commissioner shall prescribe by rule the 50 method or procedure for the calculation of delinquency 51 charges consistent with the other provisions of this 52 chapter where the precomputed consumer credit sale 53 or consumer loan is payable in unequal or irregular 54 installments.

§46A-3-113. Delinquency charges on nonprecomputed consumer credit sales or consumer loans repayable in installments.

- 1 (1) As an alternative to the continuation of the sales 2 finance charge or loan finance charge on a delinquent 3 installment of a nonprecomputed credit sale or consumer 4 loan, refinancing or consolidation, repayable in installments, the parties may contract for a delinquency charge 6 on any installment not paid in full within ten days after 7 its scheduled due date in an amount, not exceeding ten 8 dollars, which is five percent of the unpaid amount of the 9 installment, but in any event not less than one dollar.
- 10 (2) A delinquency charge under subsection (1) may be 11 collected only once on an installment however long it 12 remains in default. A delinquency charge may be col-13 lected at the time it accrues or at any time thereafter.
- 14 (3) No delinquency charge may be collected on an installment which is paid in full within ten days after 15 its scheduled due date, even though an earlier maturing 16 installment or a delinquency or deferral charge on an 17 earlier installment may not have been paid in full. For 18 purposes of this subsection, payments shall be applied 19 first to current installments, then to delinquent install-20 ments, and then to delinquency and other charges. 21

CHAPTER 119

(S. B. 254—By Senators Tucker and Spears)

[Passed March 19, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen, relating to providing accident reports to the commissioner of the department of highways when property of the department is damaged as a result of the accident and to the mayor of a municipality when property of the municipality is damaged as a result of the accident.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. ACCIDENTS.

§17C-4-16. Accidents involving state and municipal property; reports to be provided.

- 1 Whenever a report of a motor vehicle accident prepared
- 2 by a member of the department of public safety, a mem-
- B ber of a county sheriff's department or a municipal police
- 4 officer, in the regular course of their duties, indicates that
- 5 as a result of such accident damage has occurred to any
- 6 bridge, sign, guardrail or other property, exclusive of
- 7 licensed motor vehicles, a copy of such report shall, in
- 8 the case of such property belonging to the department of
- 9 highways, be provided to the commissioner of the depart-
- 10 ment of highways, and, in the case of such property be-
- 11 longing to a municipality, be provided to the mayor of 12 that municipality. The copies of such reports shall be
- 13 provided to the commissioner or mayor, as applicable,
- 14 without cost to them.

CHAPTER 120

(S. B. 463—By Senator Tomblin)

[Passed April 11, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four and eleven-b, article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the height and weight of vehicles and loads; length of combination vehicles permitted.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and eleven-b, article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17. SIZE, WEIGHT AND LOAD.

§17C-17-4. Height and length of vehicles and loads.

§17C-17-11b. Authority of state road commissioner to increase length limitations upon highways designated by him.

§17C-17-4. Height and length of vehicles and loads.

- 1 (a) A vehicle including any load thereon shall not
- 2 exceed a height of thirteen feet six inches, but the owner or
- 3 owners of such vehicles shall be responsible for damage to
- 4 any bridge or highway structure and to municipalities for
- 5 any damage to traffic control devices or other highway
- 6 structures where such bridges, devices or structures have a
- 7 vehicle clearance of less than thirteen feet six inches.
- 8 (b) A motor vehicle including any load thereon shall not 9 exceed a length of forty feet extreme overall dimension,
- 10 inclusive of front and rear bumpers.
- 11 (c) Except as hereinafter provided, a combination of
- 12 vehicles coupled together shall not consist of more than two
- 13 units, and no such combination of vehicles including any
- 14 load thereon shall have an overall length, inclusive of front
- 15 and rear bumpers, in excess of fifty-five feet, except as
- 16 provided in section eleven-b of this article, and except as
- 17 otherwise provided in respect to the use of a pole trailer as
- 18 authorized in section five of this article: Provided, That the

19 limitation that a combination of vehicles coupled together

20 shall not consist of more than two units shall not apply to a

21 combination of vehicles coupled together by a saddle mount

22 device used to transport motor vehicles in a drive-away

23 service when no more than three saddle mounts are used:

24 Provided, however, That equipment used in said

25 combination meets the requirements of the safety

26 regulations of the United States department of

27 transportation and shall not exceed an overall length of

28 more than sixty-five feet.

29 (d) The length limitations for truck tractor-semitrailer 30 combinations and truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combinations operating on the national system of interstate 31 32 and defense highways and those classes of qualifying federal-aid primary system highways so designated by the 34 United States secretary of transportation, and those highways providing reasonable access to and from 36 terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs and rest, and 37 points of loading and unloading for household goods 38 carriers from such highways, and further, as to other 39 highways so designated by the West Virginia commissioner 40 of highways, shall be as follows: The maximum length of a 41 semitrailer unit operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer 42 combination shall not exceed forty-eight feet in length and 43 the maximum length of any semitrailer or trailer operating 44 in a truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination shall not 45 exceed twenty-eight feet in length and in no event shall any 46 combinations exceed three units, including the truck 47 tractor: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall 48 impose an overall length limitation as to commercial motor 49 vehicles operating in truck tractor-semitrailer or truck

§17C-17-11b. Authority of state road commissioner to increase length limitations upon highways designated by him.

50 tractor-semitrailer-trailer combinations.

1 If, in the opinion of the commissioner of the department

2 of highways, the design, construction and safety of any

3 highway, or portion thereof, are such that the length

4 limitations prescribed in subsection (c), section four of this

5 article can be increased without undue risk of damage to

6 other vehicles lawfully using such highway or portion thereof, to bridges or other road structures, and to 8 municipal and utility company facilities, wires, traffic 9 devices or other structures, the commissioner may, by order, 10 increase the length limitations of vehicles which may be 11 operated upon any such highway, or portion thereof, 12 designated by him in such order and may establish therein 13 the maximum length limitations which shall thereafter be applicable to the highway or portion thereof so designated 15 by him; Provided. That the maximum length of any 16 combination of vehicles including any load thereon shall not 17 exceed sixty feet, except as otherwise provided in this article 18 with respect to the size of vehicles: Provided, however, That 19 no such order of the commissioner shall establish any height 20 or length limitation in excess of or in conflict with any height or length limitation prescribed by or pursuant to acts 21 of Congress with respect to the national system of interstate 23 defense highways.

CHAPTER 121

(H. B. 1450—By Delegate McCormick)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article nineteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to parties subject to penalties for certain traffic violations; creating a violation of driving less than ten miles per hour over the stated speed limit on certain highways; penalty; violations not subject to report to department of motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article nineteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. PARTIES, PROCEDURE UPON ARREST AND REPORTS IN CRIMINAL CASES.

§17C-19-2. Offenses by persons owning or controlling vehicles; owner present in vehicle to be arrested rather than driver for certain traffic violations.

It is unlawful for the owner, or any other person, employing or otherwise directing the driver of any vehicle to require or knowingly to permit the operation of such vehicle upon a highway in any manner contrary to law.

If the owner of a motor vehicle is present in the vehicle at a time when another driver is operating the vehicle upon the highways of this state (1) with defective or improper equipment in violation of the provisions of article fifteen of this chapter, (2) in violation of the weight, height, length or width provisions of article seventeen of this chapter, (3) with improper registration in violation of the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code or (4) with an expired vehicle inspection decal or certificate in violation of the provisions of article sixteen of this chapter, the owner rather than the driver shall be arrested for any violation enumerated herein in lieu of an arrest of the driver. If the owner of the vehicle is not present therein, then the driver shall be arrested for any violation enumerated in this section.

If an owner or driver is arrested under the provisions of this section for the offense of driving above the speed limit on a controlled access highway or interstate highway, and if the evidence shall show that the motor vehicle was being operated at less than ten miles per hour above said speed limit, then upon conviction thereof, such person shall be fined not more than five dollars, plus court costs.

If an owner or driver is convicted under the provisions of this section for the offense of driving above the speed limit on a controlled access highway or interstate highway, and if the evidence shall show that the motor vehicle was being operated at less than ten miles per hour above said speed limit, then notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code, a certified abstract of the judgment on such conviction shall not be transmitted to the department of motor vehicles.

CHAPTER 122

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1064—By Delegate Given)

[Passed April 5, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section five, article four of said chapter, all relating generally to the framing and adopting of city charters; election of charter boards; convening and organizing of charter boards; powers and duties of charter boards; requiring that a city charter provide for a form of city government; specifying such forms of city government as may be provided in a city charter; effective date of an approved charter; recordation of an approved charter and the election results relating thereto; and rejection of a proposed charter.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section five, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 3. Framing and Adopting an Original Charter Following Incorporation of a City; Revising or Amending a Charter; Expenses of Incorporation.
- 4. Framing and Adopting a Charter Other Than Immediately Following Incorporation; Revising or Amending a Charter; Elections and Expenses.
- ARTICLE 3. FRAMING AND ADOPTING AN ORIGINAL CHARTER FOLLOWING INCORPORATION OF A CITY; REVISING OR AMENDING A CHARTER; EXPENSES OF INCORPORATION.
- 88-3-2. Charter board for cities-Organization; journal; quorum; duties; time for draft of charter; form of city government.
 - If on the returns being canvassed on the question of
 - incorporation of a city, such canvassing to be done by the 2 county commission, a majority of the legal votes cast be in
 - favor of such incorporation, then the legal votes cast for 4

 - members of the charter board shall be counted and canvassed 5
 - by the county commission, and the candidates in the number

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to be chosen who received the highest number of votes shall 8 be declared elected. The charter board shall be convened at 9 a suitable place within the territory, by the member receiving 10 the highest number of votes, not less than five days nor more 11 than ten days after the canvass of the returns. He shall notify 12 the other members of the board in writing of the time and 13 place of the first meeting of the charter board. At such first meeting, the board shall perfect its organization by electing a 14 chairman and secretary from its membership and by determin-15 16 ing the rules to govern its proceedings. Any vacancy in the 17 membership of the board occurring before a charter is approved by the qualified voters of the incorporated territory 18 19 shall be filled by appointment by majority action of the 20 remaining members, and any vacancy occurring after approval 21 of a charter as aforesaid shall be filled as specified in section 22 nine of this article. A journal shall be kept by the secretary, in which journal shall be entered, upon demand by any 23 24 member, the vote by ayes and nays on any question. A majority of the members of said board shall constitute a 25 quorum. The board shall specify the manner for nominating 26 27 and electing candidates for the first elective offices provided for in the proposed charter at the election to be held on the 28 question of approval of the charter. It shall fix the date of 29 30 said election and it shall do and provide all other things 31 necessary for making nominations and holding and conducting 32 such election. Any qualified voter and any freeholder of the incorporated territory may file with said charter board any 33 written material bearing upon the purposes of the board, and 34 the board shall give such material so filed such consideration 35 as it may deem proper. The charter drafting process may be 36 37 carried on through committees, but their work shall be advisory only. The charter board shall complete its draft of 38 a charter within ninety days after its first meeting. It shall be 39 the duty of the charter board to provide in the charter so 40 drafted for a form of city government in accordance with one 41 42 of the following plans:

43 Plan 1—"Mayor-Council Plan." Under this plan:

(1) There shall be a city council, elected at large or by wards, or both at large and by wards, by the qualified voters of the city; a mayor elected by the qualified voters of the city; and such other elective officers as the charter may prescribe;

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- 49 (2) The mayor and council shall be the governing body and 50 administrative authority.
- 51 Plan II—" Strong-Mayor Plan." Under this plan:
- 52 (1) There shall be a mayor elected by the qualified voters 53 of the city; and a city council elected at large or by wards, 54 or both at large and by wards, by the qualified voters of the 55 city:
- 56 (2) The council shall be the governing body;
- 57 (3) The mayor shall be the administrative authority; and
- 58 (4) Other officers and employees shall be appointed by the 59 mayor or by his order in accordance with this chapter, but 60 such appointments by the mayor or by his order may be made 61 subject to the approval of the council.
- 62 Plan III—"Commission Government." Under this plan:
- 63 (1) There shall be, except as hereinafter in this plan 64 provided, a commission of five members elected at large by 65 the qualified voters of the city;
- (2) The members of the commission shall be a commissioner 66 of public affairs, a commissioner of finance, a commissioner 67 of public safety, a commissioner of public works and a 68 69 commissioner of streets: Provided, That a charter for a Class 70 I or Class II city may, and a charter for a Class III city shall, 71 provide for a commission of three members, viz., a commissioner of finance, a commissioner of public works and a 72 73 commissioner of public safety;
- 74 (3) The members of the commission shall elect a mayor 75 from among their membership;
- 76 (4) The commission shall be the governing body and 77 administrative authority; and
- 78 (5) Officers and employees, other than members of the 79 commission, shall be appointed in accordance with this chapter 80 by the commissioners or by each commissioner with respect 81 to his department, as the charter may prescribe.
- 82 Plan IV—"Manager Plan." Under this plan:

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- 83 (1) There shall be a council of not less than five nor more than eleven members, elected either at large or from such 84 85 geographical districts as may be established by the charter, or 86 partly at large and partly from such geographical districts, and 87 the charter may empower the council to change, from time to time, such districts without amending the charter: Provided. 88 That the change of such districts shall not take effect during 89 90 the terms of office of the members of such council making such 91 change;
 - (2) There shall be a mayor elected by the council from among its membership who shall serve as the presiding officer of the council; and a city manager who shall be appointed by the council:
- 96 (3) The council shall be the governing body; and
- 97 (4) The manager shall be the administrative authority. He 98 shall manage the affairs of the city under the supervision of 99 the council and he shall be responsible to such council. He 100 shall appoint or employ, in accordance with this chapter, all 101 subordinates and employees for whose duties or work he is 102 responsible to the council.

103 Plan V—"Manager-Mayor Plan." Under this plan:

- (1) There shall be a council of not less than five nor more than eleven members, elected either at large or from such geographical districts as may be established by the charter, or partly at large and partly from such geographical districts, and the charter may empower the council to change, from time to time, such districts without amending the charter: *Provided*, That the change of such districts shall not take effect during the terms of office of the members of such council making such change;
- (2) There shall be a mayor elected at large by the qualified voters of the municipality as may be established by the charter, who shall serve as a member and the presiding officer of the council; and a city manager who shall be appointed by the council;
- 118 (3) The council shall be the governing body; and
- 119 (4) The manager shall be the administrative authority. He 120 shall manage the affairs of the city under the supervision of

121 the council and he shall be responsible to such council. He

122 shall appoint or employ, in accordance with this chapter, all

123 subordinates and employees for whose duties or work he is

124 responsible to the council.

The purpose of the provisions of this section pertaining to Plan I, Plan II, Plan III, Plan IV and Plan V is to establish

127 basic requirements of alternative plans of structure and

128 organization of city government. The structure and organiza-

129 tion of a city government may be specified by the charter in

130 respects other than those enumerated, and in elaboration of

131 the basic requirements, insofar as such charter provisions do

132 not conflict with the purpose and the provisions of the

133 alternative plans prescribed.

ARTICLE 4. FRAMING AND ADOPTING A CHARTER OTHER THAN IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING INCORPORATION; RE-VISING OR AMENDING A CHARTER; ELECTIONS AND EXPENSES.

§8-4-5. Approval of charter; effective date; certification; judicial notice; recordation; effect of rejection.

1 If the proposed charter shall be approved by a majority of 2 the legal votes cast at the election thereon, the charter shall take effect on July first next after the date of the election. If 4 approved as aforesaid, one of the signed copies of the charter 5 on file with the recorder of the city, together with a certified copy of the declaration of the results of the election showing the total legal votes cast for and against approval, shall be 7 8 certified forthwith by such recorder to the clerk of the House 9 of Delegates, in his capacity as keeper of the rolls. The same shall be preserved by said clerk of the House of Delegates as 10 11 an authentic public record. After the effective date of a charter 12 so filed, all courts shall take judicial notice of its provisions.

If the charter is approved as aforesaid, a certified copy of the declaration of the results of the election showing the total legal votes cast for and against approval shall be forwarded by the recorder of the city to the clerk of the county commission for filing with the signed copy of the charter previously filed with him.

Rejection of the proposed charter by a majority of the legal votes cast shall have the same effect as a majority vote against the question of framing a charter as specified in section two

- 22 of this article, and no further effort shall be made to have a
- 23 charter approved until the question of framing a charter is
- 24 again submitted to the qualified voters of the city and is
- 25 approved by a majority vote, subject to the two-year limitation
- 26 set forth in said section two of this article.

CHAPTER 123

(H. B. 1522-By Delegate J. Martin)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty, article thirteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to and providing for alternative methods by which a municipality may provide for the defeasance or payment of bonded indebtedness.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article thirteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

- Balances in municipal bond commission fund may be **δ8-13-20.** transferred or remitted to general fund where bonded indebtedness has been paid or where defeasance or payment of bonded indebtedness has been provided for; use of transferred or remitted funds.
 - (a) As used in this section, unless the context in which used 1 clearly requires a different meaning, the word "commission"
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 - means the West Virginia municipal bond commission. 3
 - 4 (b) Every municipality shall have plenary power and 5 authority to transfer to the general fund of such municipality:
 - (1) Any unexpended balances of funds raised to pay the 6 interest on and create sinking funds for any bonded indebted-7
 - ness when the bonded indebtedness for the payment of which

9 such funds were raised has been fully paid and discharged or 10 when provision has been made, as hereinafter provided in 11 subsection (d) of this section, to fully pay and discharge such 12 bonded indebtedness, and

- (2) Any balance remaining in any fund levied and collected under authority of any special levy election.
- (c) The commission is authorized to remit to the municipality which has issued or issues any bonds, to be credited to the general fund of such municipality, any balances of funds remaining under the supervision and control of the commission when the bonded indebtedness for the payment of which such funds were raised and paid to the commission has been fully paid and discharged or when provision has been made, as hereinafter provided in subsection (d) of this section, to fully pay and discharge such bonded indebtedness.
- (d) All outstanding bonds of any series shall, prior to the maturity date thereof, be deemed to have been fully paid and discharged when there shall have been deposited with the commission:
- (1) Either moneys in an amount which shall be sufficient, or
- (2) Securities of a quality in which the commission is authorized by law to invest moneys in its possession and control, the principal of and interest on which will provide moneys which, together with the moneys, and investment securities, if any, theretofore deposited with, or acquired by, the commission and held by it for the payment of such bonds and the moneys, if any, then deposited with the commission for such purpose, (i) shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal and interest due and to become due on said bonds on and prior to the maturity date thereof, or (ii) if the outstanding bonds are redeemable and the municipality by ordinance determines to redeem said outstanding bonds, shall be sufficient to pay when due the redemption price, and interest due and to become due on said bonds on and prior to the next redemption date thereof.

The moneys and securities held by the commission pursuant to this subsection (d) shall be held by the commission in trust for the payment of the principal or redemption price, if



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48 applicable, of and interest on the bonds for the payment or 49 redemption of which such provision is made: Provided, That 50 any cash received from principal or interest payments on 51 securities so held by the commission, if not then needed for 52 such purpose, shall, to the extent practicable, be reinvested in 53 securities maturing at times and in principal amounts sufficient 54 to pay when due the principal or redemption price, if 55 applicable, of and interest to become due on such bonds on and prior to the redemption date or maturity date thereof, as 56 57 the case may be, and the interest earned from any such 58 reinvestments shall be paid over to the municipality which 59 issued such bonds, as received by the commission, free and 60 clear of any trust. Any moneys, and the proceeds of any 61 securities, held by the commission in trust for the redemption. 62 if applicable, or for the payment and discharge of any series 63 of bonds, which are in excess of the moneys required to fully 64 pay and discharge such bonds, by redemption, if applicable, 65 or upon maturity thereof, shall also be transferred to the 66 general fund of the municipality which issued such bonds after 67 such bonds are redeemed, if applicable, or after such bonds 68 are fully paid and discharged at maturity, as the case may be.

(e) In any case where such funds are transferred from sinking funds, or are remitted from the commission, as hereinabove provided, no part of the moneys so transferred or remitted shall be expended for the payment of current expenses of the municipality, but such funds shall be expended as the governing body of such municipality shall elect for the liquidation of existing nonbonded indebtedness, if any, of such municipality or for the liquidation of other bonded indebtedness of such municipality or for any combination of such uses.

CHAPTER 124

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 147-By Senators Loehr and Cook)

[Passed March 22, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authoriz-

ing municipalities to contract to provide services for the prevention and extinguishment of fire for property located outside corporate limits; providing such services beyond three miles of corporate limits in accordance with a rural fire protection district plan approved by the state fire commission; disallowing such rural fire protection district plans to infringe upon the response area of an existing fire department without such department's written consent; annual payments for contracted fire services; liens for and collection of defaulted payments; cancellation of contracts upon default; such contracts passing to the successors in title to property covered by such contracts: and cancellation of such contracts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DEPART-SERVICE FOR. PAID FIRE MENTS: CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.

- §8-15-3. Municipalities empowered and authorized to contract for prevention and extinguishment of fires beyond three miles of corporate limits.
 - (a) Any municipality may contract to render services 1 2 in the prevention and extinguishment of fires upon prop-
 - 3 erty located within three miles of its corporate limits. A

 - 4 municipality may contract beyond the three-mile limit
 - for fire service protection, if fire protection is provided
 - in accordance with and under a rural fire protection dis-
 - trict plan based upon the fire suppression rating schedule
 - approved by the state insurance commissioner. All rural
 - fire protection district plans shall be approved by the
 - state fire commission. No rural fire protection district 10 plan providing for a municipality to contract beyond the
 - 11 three-mile limit may infringe upon an existing fire depart-12
 - ment's response area without the written consent of the 13
- fire department providing fire services for that area. 14
- No contract entered into under the authority of this 15

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section may operate to impose any greater obligation or liability upon the municipality than that with respect to property within its corporate limits. Nothing contained in this section may be construed as requiring any municipality to contract to render such services.

Any contract entered into under the authority of this section, on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, shall require the property owner to pay as consideration for said services an annual payment, determined as provided in the remainder of this subsection. If the municipality does not impose a fire service fee on the users of such service within the municipality as authorized in section thirteen, article thirteen of this chapter, the annual payment shall be equivalent to eighty percent of the annual tax levied for current municipal purposes upon property within said municipality of like assessed valuation to the property under contract. If the municipality does impose a fire service fee on the users of such service within the municipality, as authorized in section thirteen, article thirteen of this chapter, the annual payment shall be equivalent to the amount of fire service fee which would be imposed if the property under contract were located within the municipality plus at least fifty percent of the annual tax levied for current municipal purposes upon property within said municipality of like assessed valuation to the property under contract. No contract entered into under the authority of this section, and nothing herein contained, may be construed as requiring or permitting any municipality to install or maintain any special additional apparatus or equipment beyond that necessary for the protection of property within its corporate limits.

(b) The annual payments due under any such contract are payable on or before the first day of October of each calendar year in which such contract remains in effect, or upon such day as may be hereinafter provided as the due date of the first installment of ad valorem taxes. If any annual payment is in default for a period of more than thirty days, it shall bear interest at the same rate as that provided for delinquent property taxes and shall be a lien

56 upon the property under contract if a notice of such lien 57 is recorded in the proper deed of trust book in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in 58 which such property or the major portion thereof is lo-59 cated. Such lien is void at the expiration of two years 60 after such defaulted annual payment became due, unless 61 within such two-year period a civil action seeking equi-62 table relief to enforce the lien was instituted by the 63 municipality. The municipality may by civil action collect 64 any annual payment and the interest thereon at any time 65 within five years after such payment became due; and 66 upon default in any annual payment, the municipality 67 may cancel the contract involved. 68

- 69 (c) Any contract made under the authority of this sec70 tion shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the
 71 successors in title of the person making the same con72 tract; and such person, upon conveying the property
 73 subject to such contract is no longer liable under such
 74 contract, except as to annual payments which were due
 75 prior to the conveyance and which remain unpaid.
- 76 (d) Any property owner may cancel any such contract with respect to the property of such owner upon giving 77 a thirty-day written notice to the municipality, if the 78 owner is not in default with respect to any annual pay-79 ment due thereunder, except that if such notice is given 80 subsequent to July first of any calendar year, the next 81 succeeding annual payment shall be made by the prop-**82**. erty owner as soon as the amount thereof is ascertainable. 83 Upon cancellation as aforesaid, the municipality shall 84 deliver to the property owner a recordable release dis-85 charging such owner and such property from any further 86 lien or obligation with respect to the annual payments. 87 The annual payments due under any such contract shall 88 be made to the officials as the municipality, in the con-89 tract, designates to receive them, who likewise may re-90 ceive notice of cancellation and execute upon behalf of 91 the municipality the release for which provision is here-92 inbefore made. 93

CHAPTER 125

(H. B. 1488—By Delegate Seacrist)

[Passed March 18, 1985; in effect April 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating generally to municipal policemen and firemen pension and relief funds; increase of minimum benefits paid to certain disability and retirement pensioners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

§8-22-24. Disability pensions.

§8-22-25. Retirement pensions.

§8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.

*§8-22-24. Disability pensions.

- 1 (a) The monthly sum to be paid to each member eligible
- 2 for disability under the provisions of section twenty-three-a of
- 3 this article, shall be equal to sixty percent of the monthly
- 4 salary or compensation being received by such member, at the
- 5 time he is so disabled, or the sum of three hundred dollars
- 6 per month, whichever shall be greater: Provided, That the
- 7 limitation provided in subsection (b) of this section is not
- 8 exceeded.
- 9 (b) Effective for any member who becomes eligible for 10 disability benefits on or after the first day of July, one 11 thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under the provisions of *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 440, which passed subsequent to this act.

12 section twenty-three-a of this article, as a proximate result of 13 service rendered in the performance of his duties within such departments, his monthly disability payment as provided in 14 subsection (a) of this section shall not, when aggregated with 15 16 the monthly amount of state workers' compensation, result in 17 such disabled member receiving a total monthly income from 18 such sources in excess of one hundred percent of the basic compensation which is paid to members holding the same 19 20 position which such member held within such department at 21 the time of his disability. Lump sum payments of state workers' compensation benefits shall not be considered for 22 23 purposes of this subsection unless such lump sum payments 24 represent commuted values of monthly state workers' 25 compensation benefits.

*§8-22-25. Retirement pensions.

- (a) Any member of a paid police or fire department who 2 is entitled to a retirement pension hereunder, and who has been in the honorable service of such department for twenty 3 4 years, may, upon written application to the board of trustees, 5 be retired from all service in such department without medical 6 examination or disability; and on such retirement the board 7 of trustees shall authorize the payment of annual retirement 8 pension benefits commencing upon his retirement or upon his 9 attaining the age of fifty years, whichever is later, payable in twelve monthly installments for each year of the remainder of 10 his life, in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's 11 12 average annual salary or compensation received during the three twelve-consecutive-month periods, not necessarily 13 14 consecutive, each of such three periods beginning with the same calendar month of different years and all such three 15 periods falling within the member's final five years of 16 employment with such department, in which such member 17 18 received his highest salary or compensation while a member of the department, or an amount of three hundred dollars per 19 month, whichever shall be greater. 20
- 21 (b) Any member of any such department who is entitled to
 22 a retirement pension under the provisions of subsection (a) of
 23 this section and who has been in the honorable service of such
 24 department for more than twenty years at the time of his
 25 retirement, as herein provided, shall, in addition to the sixty

*Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 440, which passed subsequent to this act.

percent authorized in said subsection (a), receive one additional percent, to be added to the sixty percent, per each year served in excess of twenty years up to a maximum of ten additional percent.

(c) Any member of any such department whose service has been interrupted by duty with the armed forces of the United States as provided in section twenty-seven of this article prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyone, shall be eligible for retirement pension benefits immediately upon retirement, regardless of his age, if he shall otherwise be eligible for such retirement pension benefits.

Any member of any such department who has served in active duty with the armed forces of the United States as described in section twenty-seven of this article, whether prior to or subsequent to becoming a member of a paid police or fire department covered by the provisions of this article, shall receive, in addition to the sixty percent authorized in subsection (a) of this section and the additional percent credit authorized in subsection (b) of this section, one additional percent per each year so served in active military duty, up to a maximum of four additional percent. In no event, however, may the total benefit granted to any member exceed seventy-five percent of the member's annual average salary calculated in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Any member of a paid police or fire department shall be retired at the age of sixty-five years in the manner provided in this subsection. When a member of the paid police or fire department shall have reached the age of sixty-five years, the said board of trustees shall notify the mayor of this fact, within thirty days of such member's sixty-fifth birthday; and the mayor shall cause such sixty-five-year-old member of the paid police or fire department to be retired within a period of not more than thirty additional days. Upon retirement under the provisions of this subsection, such member shall receive retirement pension benefits payable in twelve monthly installments for each year of the remainder of his life, in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's average annual salary or compensation received during the three twelve-consecutive-month periods, not necessarily consecutive, each of such three periods beginning with the same calendar month of different years and all such three periods falling

within the member's final five years of employment with such department, in which such member received his highest salary or compensation while a member of the department, or an amount of three hundred dollars per month, whichever is greater. If such member has been employed in said department for more than twenty years, the provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall apply.

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(e) It shall be the duty of each member of a paid police or fire department at the time a fund is hereafter established to furnish the necessary proof of his date of birth to the said board of trustees, as specified in section twenty-three of this article, within a reasonable length of time, said length of time to be determined by the said board of trustees; and then the board of trustees and the mayor shall proceed to act in the manner provided in subsection (d) of this section and shall cause all members of the paid police or fire department who are over the age of sixty-five years to be retired in not less than sixty days from the date the fund is established. Upon retirement under the provisions of this subsection (e), such member, whether he has been employed in said department for twenty years or not, shall receive retirement pension benefits payable in twelve monthly installments for each year of the remainder of his life, in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's average annual salary or compensation received during the three twelve-consecutive-month periods, not necessarily consecutive, each of such three periods beginning with the same calendar month of different years and all such three periods falling within the member's final five years of employment with such department, in which such member received his highest salary or compensation while a member of the department, or an amount of three hundred dollars per month, whichever shall be greater. If such member has been employed in said department for more than twenty years, the provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall apply.

*§8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.

1 (a) In determining the years of service of a member in a 2 paid police or fire department for the purpose of ascertaining 3 certain disability pension benefits, all retirement pension *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 440, which passed subsequent to this act.

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- 4 benefits and certain death benefits, the following provisions 5 shall be applicable:
 - (1) Absence from the service because of sickness or injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed as time out of service; and
- 9 (2) Any member of any paid police or fire department covered by the provisions of sections sixteen through twenty-10 11 eight of this article who has been required to or shall at any 12 future time be required to enter the armed forces of the United 13 States by conscription, by reason of being a member of some 14 reserve unit of the armed forces or a member of the West 15 Virginia national guard or air national guard, whose reserve 16 unit or guard unit is called into active duty for one year or 17 more, or who enlists in one of the armed forces of the United States during hostilities, and who upon receipt of an honorable 18 19 discharge from such armed forces presents himself for 20 resumption of duty to his appointing municipal official within 21 six months from his date of discharge, and is accepted by the 22 pension board's board of medical examiners as being mentally and physically capable of performing his required duties as a 23 member of such paid police or fire department, shall be given 24 credit for continuous service in said paid police or fire 25 department, and his rights shall be governed as herein 26 provided. No member of a paid police or fire department shall 27 be required to pay the monthly assessment as now required 28 by law, during his period of service in the armed forces of the 29 30 United States.
 - (b) As to any former member of a paid police or fire department receiving disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, on the effective date of this article, the following provisions shall govern and control the amount of such pension benefits:
 - (1) A former member who on June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive pension benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, such pension benefits shall be in the amount of three hundred dollars per month; and

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- (2) A former member who became entitled to disability pension benefits or retirement pension benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, shall continue to receive pension benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall receive not less than the minimum disability pension benefits, or not less than the minimum retirement pension benefits provided for in section twenty-four or section twenty-five of this article, as the case may be.
- (c) As to any dependent spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member of a paid police or fire department, receiving any death benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, on the effective date of this article, the following provisions shall govern and control the amount of such death benefits:
- (1) A dependent spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member, who on June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving any death benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive death benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, such death benefits shall be in the following amounts: To a dependent spouse, until death or remarriage, the sum of two hundred dollars per month; to each dependent child the sum of thirty dollars per month, until such child shall attain the age of eighteen years or marry, whichever first occurs; to each dependent orphaned child the sum of forty-five dollars per month, until such child shall attain the age of eighteen years or marry, whichever first occurs; to each dependent father and mother the sum of thirty dollars per month for each; to each dependent brother or sister the sum of five dollars per month, until such individual shall attain the age of eighteen years or marry, whichever first occurs, but in no event shall the aggregate amount paid to such brothers and sisters exceed thirty dollars per month; but if at any time, because of the number of dependents, all such dependents cannot be paid in full as herein provided, then each dependent shall receive his pro rata share of such payments: Provided, That in no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be cut

below sixty-five percent of the total amount to be paid to all
 dependents;

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- (2) A dependent spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any former member, who became eligible for death benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, shall continue to receive death benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, shall receive the death benefits provided for in section twenty-six of this article.
- (d) A former member who is receiving disability pension benefits on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, shall continue to receive disability pension benefits provided for in section twenty-four of this article.

CHAPTER 126

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 440—By Senator Boettner)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-four, twentyfive, twenty-six and twenty-seven, article twenty-two. chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; all relating to municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds generally; calculation of monthly disability pensions; maximum aggregate monthly payments from disability pension and workers' compensation benefits; increasing the minimum amount of monthly disability and retirement pensions; calculation of monthly retirement benefits; providing an additional benefit credit on retirement pensions for members with more than twenty years of service; retirement pensions for members who served in the armed forces; requiring retirement of members at age sixtyfive; requiring members to furnish proof of birth date to the board of trustees; providing for death benefits to surviving dependents of deceased members and calculation thereof; calculation of years of service of members; and monthly disability, retirement and death benefits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICEMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIREMEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

- §8-22-24. Disability pensions.
- §8-22-25. Retirement pensions.
- §8-22-26. Death benefits.
- §8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.

*§8-22-24. Disability pensions.

- 1 (a) The monthly sum to be paid to each member eligible
 2 for disability under the provisions of section twenty-three3 a of this article, shall be equal to sixty percent of the
 4 monthly salary being received by such member, at the time
 5 he is so disabled, or the sum of five hundred dollars per
 6 month, whichever shall be greater: *Provided*, That the
 7 limitation provided in subsection (b) of this section is not
 8 exceeded.
- (b) Effective for any member who becomes eligible for 9 disability benefits on or after the first day of July, one 10 thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under the provisions of 11 section twenty-three-a of this article, as a proximate result 12 of service rendered in the performance of his duties within 13 such departments, his monthly disability payment as 14 provided in subsection (a) of this section shall not, when 15 aggregated with the monthly amount of state workers' 16 compensation, result in such disabled member receiving a 17 total monthly income from such sources in excess of one 18 hundred percent of the basic compensation which is paid to 19 members holding the same position which such member 20 held within such department at the time of his disability. 21 Lump sum payments of state workers' compensation 22
- *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1488, which passed prior to this act.

- 23 benefits shall not be considered for purposes of this
- 24 subsection unless such lump sum payments represent
- 25 commuted values of monthly state workers' compensation
- 26 benefits.

*§8-22-25. Retirement pensions.

- Any member of a paid police or fire department who 1 is entitled to a retirement pension hereunder, and who has 2 3 been in the honorable service of such department for twenty years, may, upon written application to the board of 4 trustees, be retired from all service in such department 5 without medical examination or disability. On such 6 7 retirement the board of trustees shall authorize the payment of annual retirement pension benefits 8 9 commencing upon his retirement or upon his attaining the 10 age of fifty years, whichever is later, payable in twelve monthly installments for each year of the remainder of his 11 life, in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's 12 average annual salary or compensation received during the 13 three twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment 14 with such department in which such member received his 15 highest salary or compensation while a member of the 16 department, or an amount of five hundred dollars per 17 month, whichever is greater. 18
- 19 (b) Any member of any such department who is entitled 20 to a retirement pension under the provisions of subsection 21 (a) of this section and who has been in the honorable service 22 of such department for more than twenty years at the time 23 of his retirement shall receive, in addition to the sixty 24 percent authorized in said subsection (a):
- 25 (1) Two additional percent, to be added to the sixty 26 percent, for each of the first five additional years of service 27 completed at the time of retirement in excess of twenty 28 years of service up to a maximum of seventy percent; and
- 29 (2) One additional percent, to be added to such 30 maximum of seventy percent, for each of the first five 31 additional years of service completed at the time of 32 retirement in excess of twenty-five years of service up to a 33 maximum of seventy-five percent.
- 34 The total additional credit provided for in this subsection

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1488, which passed prior to this act.

35 may not exceed fifteen additional percent.

(c) Any member of any such department whose service 36 37 has been interrupted by duty with the armed forces of the 38 United States as provided in section twenty-seven of this 39 article prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine 40 hundred eighty-one, shall be eligible for retirement pension 41 benefits immediately upon retirement, regardless of his age, 42 if he shall otherwise be eligible for such retirement pension 43 benefits.

Any member or previously retired member of any such 44 45 department who has served in active duty with the armed 46 forces of the United States as described in section twenty-47 seven of this article, whether prior to or subsequent to 48 becoming a member of a paid police or fire department 49 covered by the provisions of this article, shall receive, in 50 addition to the sixty percent authorized in subsection (a) of 51 this section and the additional percent credit authorized in 52 subsection (b) of this section, one additional percent for 53 each year so served in active military duty, up to a 54 maximum of four additional percent. In no event, however, 55 may the total benefit granted to any member exceed 56 seventy-five percent of the member's annual average salary calculated in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Any member of a paid police or fire department shall be retired at the age of sixty-five years in the manner 59 60 provided in this subsection. When a member of the paid police or fire department reaches the age of sixty-five years, the said board of trustees shall notify the mayor of this fact, within thirty days of such member's sixty-fifth birthday. The mayor shall cause such sixty-five-year-old member of the paid police or fire department to retire within a period of not more than thirty additional days. Upon retirement under the provisions of this subsection, such member shall receive retirement pension benefits payable in twelve monthly installments for each year of the remainder of his 69 life in an amount equal to sixty percent of such member's average annual salary or compensation received during the three twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment with such department in which such member received his highest salary or compensation while a member of the department, or an amount of five hundred dollars per month, whichever is greater. If such member has been



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employed in said department for more than twenty years,

the provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall apply. 78 (e) It shall be the duty of each member of a paid police or 79 80 fire department at the time a fund is hereafter established to furnish the necessary proof of his date of birth to the said 81 board of trustees, as specified in section twenty-three of 82 this article, within a reasonable length of time, said length 83 of time to be determined by the said board of trustees. Then 84 the board of trustees and the mayor shall proceed to act in 85 the manner provided in subsection (d) of this section and 86 shall cause all members of the paid police or fire 87 department who are over the age of sixty-five years to retire 88 89 in not less than sixty days from the date the fund is established. Upon retirement under the provisions of this 90

subsection (e), such member, whether he has been employed 91 in said department for twenty years or not, shall receive 92 retirement pension benefits payable in twelve monthly 93 installments for each year of the remainder of his life in an 94 amount equal to sixty percent of such member's average 95 annual salary or compensation received during the three 96

twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment with 97 such department in which such member received his 98

highest salary or compensation while a member of the 99 department, or an amount of five hundred dollars per 100

month, whichever is greater. If such member has been 101

employed in said department for more than twenty years, 102 the provisions of subsection (b) of this section shall apply. 103

§8-22-26. Death benefits.

(a) In case:

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- 2 Any member of a paid police or fire department who 3 has been in continuous service for more than five years dies 4 from any cause other than as specified in subsection (b) of 5 this section before retirement on a disability pension under 6 the provisions of, prior to the first day of July, one thousand 7 nine hundred eighty-one, section twenty-four of this article 8 or, after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, sections twenty-three-a and twenty-9 10 four of this article or a retirement pension under the 11 provisions of subsection (a) or both subsections (a) and (b),
- section twenty-five of this article, leaving in either case 12
- 13 surviving a spouse, or any dependent child or children

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under the age of eighteen years, or dependent father or mother or both, or any dependent brothers or sisters or both under the age of eighteen years; or

17 (2) Any former member of any such department who is 18 on a disability pension prior to the first day of July, one 19 thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under section twenty-20 four of this article, or after the thirtieth day of June, one 21 thousand nine hundred eighty-one, under sections twenty-22 three-a and twenty-four of this article, or is receiving or is entitled to receive retirement pension benefits under the 23 provisions of subsection (a) or both subsections (a) and (b), 24 25 section twenty-five of this article, dies from any cause other 26 than as specified in subsection (b) of this section leaving in 27 either case surviving a spouse or any dependent child or 28 children under the age of eighteen years or dependent 29 father or mother or both, or any dependent brothers or 30 sisters or both under the age of eighteen years; then in any of 31 the cases set forth above in (1) and (2) the board of trustees 32 of such pension and relief fund shall, immediately following the death of such member, pay to or for each of such entitled 33 surviving dependents the following pension benefits: To 34 such spouse, until death or remarriage, a sum per month 35 equal to sixty percent of such member's pension or, in the 36 37 event such member was not receiving a pension at the time 38 of his death, a sum per month equal to sixty percent of the monthly retirement pension such member would have been 39 40 entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of this 41 article on the date of his death if such member had then 42 been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder, or the sum of three hundred dollars per month, whichever is 43 greater; to each such dependent child, a sum per month 44 equal to ten percent of such member's pension or, in the 45 event such member was not receiving a pension on the date 46 of his death, a sum per month equal to ten percent of the 47 monthly retirement pension such member would have been 48 entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of this 49 article on the date of his death if such member had then 50 been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder, or until 51 such child attains the age of eighteen years or marries, **52** whichever first occurs; to each such dependent orphaned 53 child, a sum per month equal to twenty-five percent of such 54 member's pension or, in the event such member was not 55



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56 receiving a pension at the time of his death, a sum per month 57 equal to twenty-five percent of the monthly retirement 58 pension such member would have been entitled to receive 59 pursuant to section twenty-five of this article on the date of 60 his death if such member had then been eligible for a 61 retirement pension thereunder, until such child attains the 62 age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs; to 63 each such dependent father or mother, a sum per month for 64 each equal to ten percent of such member's pension or, in 65 the event such member was not receiving a pension on the 66 date of his death, a sum per month equal to ten percent of 67 the monthly retirement pension such member would have 68 been entitled to receive pursuant to section twenty-five of 69 this article on the date of his death if such member had then 70 been eligible for a retirement pension thereunder; to each 71 such dependent brother or sister, the sum of fifty dollars per month until such individual attains the age of eighteen 72 years or marries, whichever first occurs, but in no event 73 shall the aggregate amount paid to such brothers and sisters 74 exceed one hundred dollars per month. If at any time, 75 because of the number of dependents, all such dependents 76 cannot be paid in full as herein provided, then each 77 78 dependent shall receive his pro rata share of such payments. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and 79 children be cut below sixty-five percent of the total amount 80 81 paid to all dependents. 82

- (b) The surviving spouse, child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, of any such member who dies by reason of service rendered in the performance of such member's duties shall, regardless of the length of such member's service and irrespective of whether such member was or was not entitled to receive, or was or was not receiving, disability pension or temporary disability payments at the time of his death, receive the death benefits provided for in subsection (a) of this section. If such member had less than three years' service at the time of his death, the member's pension shall be computed on the basis of the actual number of years of service.
- (c) If a member dies without leaving a spouse, dependent child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or sisters, his contributions to the

98 fund plus six percent interest shall be refunded to his 99 named beneficiary or, if no beneficiary has been named, to 100 his estate to the extent that such contributions plus interest 101 exceed any disability or retirement benefits that he may 102 have received before his death.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not be construed 103 as creating or establishing any contractual or vested rights 104 in favor of any individual who may be or become qualified 105 as a beneficiary of the death benefits herein authorized to 106 be made, all the provisions hereof and benefits provided for 107 hereunder being expressly subject to such subsequent 108 legislative enactments as may provide for any change, 109 modification or elimination of the beneficiaries or benefits 110 specified herein. 111

*§8-22-27. General provisions concerning disability pensions, retirement pensions and death benefits.

- 1 (a) In determining the years of service of a member in a 2 paid police or fire department for the purpose of 3 ascertaining certain disability pension benefits, all 4 retirement pension benefits and certain death benefits, the 5 following provisions shall be applicable:
- 6 (1) Absence from the service because of sickness or 7 injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed 8 as time out of service; and
- 9 (2) Any member of any paid police or fire department 10 covered by the provisions of sections sixteen through 11 twenty-eight of this article who has been required to or 12 shall at any future time be required to enter the armed 13 forces of the United States by conscription, by reason of 14 being a member of some reserve unit of the armed forces or a member of the West Virginia national guard or air national 15 guard, whose reserve unit or guard unit is called into active 16 duty for one year or more, or who enlists in one of the armed 17 forces of the United States during hostilities, and who upon 18 19 receipt of an honorable discharge from such armed forces presents himself for resumption of duty to his appointing 20 municipal official within six months from his date of 21 discharge, and is accepted by the pension board's board of medical examiners as being mentally and physically

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1488, which passed prior to this act.

- capable of performing his required duties as a member of such paid police or fire department, shall be given credit for continuous service in said paid police or fire department, and his rights shall be governed as herein provided. No member of a paid police or fire department shall be required to pay the monthly assessment as now required by law, during his period of service in the armed forces of the United States
- 32 (b) As to any former member of a paid police or fire 33 department receiving disability pension benefits or 34 retirement pension benefits from a policemen's or firemen's 35 pension and relief fund, on the first day of July, one 36 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the following 37 provisions shall govern and control the amount of such 38 pension benefits:
- 39 (1) A former member who on June thirtieth, one 40 thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving disability 41 pension benefits or retirement pension benefits from a 42 policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall 43 continue to receive pension benefits, but on and after July 44 one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, such pension 45 benefits shall be no less than the amount of five hundred 46 dollars per month; and
- 47 (2) A former member who became entitled to disability
 48 pension benefits or retirement pension benefits on or after
 49 July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, shall
 50 continue to receive pension benefits, but on and after July
 51 one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall receive
 52 the disability pension benefits, or retirement pension
 53 benefits provided for in section twenty-four or section
 54 twenty-five of this article, as the case may be.
- 55 (c) As to any surviving spouse, dependent child or 56 children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent 57 brothers or sisters, of any former member of a paid police or 58 fire department receiving any death benefits from a 59 policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension 60 and relief fund, on the first day of July, one thousand nine 61 hundred eighty-five, the following provisions shall govern 62 and control the amount of such death benefits:

- 63 (1) A surviving spouse, dependent child or children, or dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or 64 sisters of any former member, who on June thirty, one 65 thousand nine hundred sixty-two, was receiving any death 66 67 benefits from a policemen's pension and relief fund or firemen's pension and relief fund, shall continue to receive 68 69 death benefits, but on and after July one, one thousand nine 70 hundred eighty-five, such death benefits shall be no less than the following amounts: To a surviving spouse, until 71 death or remarriage, the sum of three hundred dollars per 72 month; to each dependent child, the sum of thirty dollars 73 per month, until such child attains the age of eighteen years 74 or marries, whichever first occurs; to each dependent 75 76 orphaned child, the sum of forty-five dollars per month, until such child attains the age of eighteen years or marries, 77 78 whichever first occurs; to each dependent father or mother, 79 the sum of thirty dollars per month for each; to each 80 dependent brother or sister, the sum of fifty dollars per month, until such individual attains the age of eighteen years or marries, whichever first occurs, but in no event 82 shall the aggregate amount paid to such brothers and sisters 83 exceed one hundred dollars per month. If at any time, 84 85 because of the number of dependents, all such dependents cannot be paid in full as herein provided, then each 86 dependent shall receive his pro rata share of such payments. 87 In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and 88 children be cut below sixty-five percent of the total amount paid to all dependents; and 90
 - (2) A surviving spouse, dependent child or children, or 91 dependent father or mother, or dependent brothers or 92 sisters, of any former member who became eligible for 93 death benefits on or after July one, one thousand nine 94 hundred sixty-two, shall continue to receive death benefits, 95 but on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred 96 eighty-five, shall receive the death benefits provided for in 97 section twenty-six of this article. 98
 - (d) A former member who is receiving disability pension benefits on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall continue to receive disability pension benefits provided for in section twenty-four of this article.

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CHAPTER 127

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 9—By Senator Palumbo)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-seven, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a, relating to prohibiting smoking on any urban mass transportation system vehicle; providing for signs to be posted; and providing criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-seven, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 27. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS — URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS.

§8-27-10a. Smoking on vehicles prohibited; posting of signs required; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) Every authority operating any vehicle accessible to 2 the public, designed for the ground transportation of eight
- 3 or more persons, shall post "No Smoking" signs
- 4 conspicuously at the entrance to, and on the inside of, each
- 5 such vehicle. No person shall smoke or carry a lighted pipe,
- 6 cigar or cigarette in any such vehicle wherein a sign 7 prohibiting smoking is posted.
- 8 (b) The posting requirements set forth in subsection (a)
 9 above do not apply to any vehicle operated in interstate
 10 commerce, nor to any chartered vehicle: *Provided*, That if
 11 any vehicle operated in interstate commerce or chartered
 12 vehicle has a posted nonsmoking area, no person shall
- 13 smoke or carry a lighted pipe, cigar or cigarette in the
- 14 posted nonsmoking area of such vehicle.
- 15 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this section 16 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,
- 17 shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than one
- 18 hundred dollars.

CHAPTER 128

(H. B. 1456—By Delegate Sattes)

[Passed April 3, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article thirty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing municipalities and counties to make appropriations for the celebration of historical and commemorative occasions: legislative findings; nonprofit corporations eligible to receive such appropriations; such appropriations to be made from general funds; requiring accounting of funds received; requiring recipients to return any unexpended funds at the conclusion of the funded event; prohibiting indebtedness to be incurred for such appropriations; recordation and certification of an eligible nonprofit corporation's charter; and prohibiting such appropriation as a prerequisite for grants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article thirty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 32. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS—CONTRIBU-TIONS TO OR INVOLVEMENT WITH NONSTOCK, NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS OR HEALTH INSTI-TUTIONS FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

> PART V. CELEBRATION OF HISTORICAL AND COMMEMORATIVE EVENTS.

- §8-32-5. Legislative findings; authority of municipalities and counties to make appropriations for the celebration of historical and commemorative events; limitations and restrictions.
 - (a) The Legislature hereby finds that the support of 1 nonstock, nonprofit corporations dedicated to making
 - available to the general public, programs, activities or events
 - organized by a commission, committee, group, organization or
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 - community, for the purpose of providing historical or cultural
 - activities, municipal, county or regional improvement events

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46 47 or other programs related to the celebration of historical and commemorative events, is for the general welfare of the public and is a public purpose for which funds of a municipality or county may be lawfully expended. This section is enacted in view of this finding and shall be liberally construed in the light thereof.

(b) When a commission, committee, group, organization or community (hereinafter referred to as corporation) is chartered as a nonstock, nonprofit corporation under the laws of this state, and, (1) is organized for the purpose of providing historical or cultural activities, municipal, county or regional improvement events or other programs related to the celebration of a historical or commemorative event, and provides in its charter that its programs, activities or events shall be devoted to the use by the public for all purposes set forth in such charter without regard to race, sex, religion. national origin or economic circumstance, and free from charge except such as is necessary to provide the means to keep any buildings, facilities or grounds in proper condition and repair, or to pay the cost of insurance, care, management, operations, programs, activities or events, so that the general public may have the benefit of such establishments, programs, activities or events for the uses set forth in such corporation's charter at as little expense as possible, (2) provides in its charter that no member, trustee or member of the board of directors (by whatever name the same may be called) of the corporation shall receive any compensation, gain or profit from such corporation, and (3) is operated in compliance with such charter provisions as aforesaid, any municipality in the county in which such corporation is operating, and the county commission of any county in which such corporation is operating, are hereby empowered and authorized to appropriate funds to any such corporation, subject to the provisions and limitations set forth in this section.

(c) Any appropriation shall be made from the general funds of such municipality or county that have not been otherwise appropriated. Each corporation receiving an appropriation from a municipality or county shall upon demand at any time make a full and complete accounting of all such funds to such governing body of the municipality or to the county commission, as the case may be, and shall in every event

without demand make to such governing body or county commission an accounting thereof. Each corporation shall return to the county or municipality all of the funds the county or municipality appropriated pursuant to this section or pursuant to the previous enactments of this section for the celebration of the American Revolution Bicentennial which are unexpended after the conclusion of the programs, activities or events relating to the historical or commemorative event. The county or municipality may at any time set a date after the conclusion of the programs, activities or events by which such return shall be made.

- (d) Under no circumstances whatever shall any action taken by any municipality or county commission under the authority of this section give rise to or create any indebtedness on the part of the municipality, the governing body of such municipality, the county, such county commission, any member of such governing body or county commission or any municipal or county official or employee.
- (e) No municipality or county commission may appropriate funds to any corporation under this article unless and until such corporation has recorded a certified copy of its corporate charter in the county in which the principal office of such corporation is located, and has received from the prosecuting attorney a written statement that the charter of such corporation contains the necessary language to comply with the provisions of this article.
- (f) No officer, agent or instrumentality of the state shall require that local government funds be appropriated or expended under this section as a prerequisite for, or as matching funds for, a federal or state grant or as a prerequisite to entitle such corporation to receive a grant of federal or state funds.

CHAPTER 129

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 469—By Senators Whitlow and Palumbo)

[Passed April 10, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section two hundred five, article two, chapter twenty-nine-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand

nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section one hundred three, article one, section three hundred one, article two, section one hundred two, article three, section one hundred two, article four and section one hundred one, article six, all of said chapter; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article nine, all relating to notary publics; prospective effect of chapter; exceptions; removing required bond; clarifying disqualifying interest; application to notaries public commissioned prior to the effective date of the uniform notary act; optional use of rubber stamp seals by notaries appointed under prior law; requiring such notaries not commissioned on a statewide basis to include the county on the seal; uniform application of chapter; validation of good faith notarial acts; and nonliability for such good faith acts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two hundred five, article two, chapter twenty-nine-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section one hundred three, article one, section three hundred one, article two, section one hundred two, article three, section one hundred two, article four and section one hundred one, article six, all of said chapter, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article nine, all to read as follows:

Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- 2. Appointment Provisions.
- 3. Powers.
- 4. Duties.
- 6. Liability, Fines and Imprisonment.
- 9. Curative Provisions.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§29C-1-103. Prospective effect of chapter; exceptions.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided herein, this chapter ap-
- 2 plies prospectively and shall be applicable to all notaries
- 3 public whether commissioned before, on or after the
- 4 effective date of this chapter: Provided, That the follow-
- 5 ing sections in article two of this chapter shall apply only

- 6 to those notaries public commissioned on or after the
- 7 effective date of this chapter: Subsections (a) and (b) of
- 8 section one hundred one, sections two hundred one, two
- 9 hundred two, two hundred three, two hundred four,
- 10 two hundred six, two hundred seven and three hundred
- 11 one, relating to the appointment and qualifications of
- 12 notaries, and section one hundred two, relating to juris-
- 13 diction and terms of notaries public.

ARTICLE 2. APPOINTMENT PROVISIONS.

§29C-2-301. State and local government employees.

- 1 (a) The governor may appoint and commission such
- 2 number of state and local government employees as
- 3 notaries public, to act for and in behalf of their respec-
- 4 tive state and local government offices, as he deems
- 5 proper. An appointee commissioned as a notary public
- 6 under this section may act only for and in behalf of the
- 7 government office or offices in which he is employed.
- 8 (b) An appointee under this section shall meet the re-
- 9 quirements for qualification and appointment prescribed
- 10 in article two of this chapter except that the head of the
- 11 state or local government office where the applicant is
- 12 employed may execute a certificate that the application is
- 13 made for the purposes of the office and in the public in-
- 14 terest and submit it to the governor together with the
- 15 application for appointment as a notary public, in which
- 16 case the fee for appointment specified in article two,
- 17 section two hundred two, is waived.
- 18 (c) The costs of all notary supplies for a commissioned 19 state or local government employee shall be paid from
- 20 funds available to the office in which he is employed.
- 21 (d) All fees received for notarial services by a notary
- 22 public appointed for and in behalf of a state or local
- 23 government office shall be remitted by him to the state or
- 24 local government office in which he is employed.
- 25 (e) A notary public who is an employee of a state or
- 26 local government office in this state must comply with
- 27 all provisions of this chapter.



ARTICLE 3. POWERS.

§29C-3-102. Limitations on powers.

- 1 (a) A notary public who has a disqualifying interest,
- 2 as hereinafter defined, in a transaction may not legally
- 3 perform any notarial act in connection with the trans-
- 4 action.
- 5 (b) For the purposes of this chapter, a notary public
- 6 has a disqualifying interest in a transaction in connection
- 7 with which notarial services are requested if he:
- 8 (1) May receive directly, and as a proximate result
- 9 of the notarization, any advantage, right, title, interest,
- 10 cash or property, exceeding in value the sum of any fee
- 11 properly received in accordance with section three hun-
- 12 dred one, article four of this chapter, or exceeding his
- 13 regular compensation and benefits as an employee whose
- 14 duties include performing notarial acts for and in behalf
- 15 of his employer; or
- 16 (2) Is named, individually, as a party to the transaction.

ARTICLE 4. DUTIES.

§29C-4-102. Rubber stamp seal.

- 1 Under or near his official signature on every notarial
- 2 certificate, a notary public shall rubber stamp clearly and
- 3 legibly, so that it is capable of photographic reproduction:
- 4 (a) The words "Official Seal";
- 5 (b) His name exactly as he writes his official signa-6 ture:
- 7 (c) The words "Notary Public," "State of West Vir-
- 8 ginia" and "My Commission expires (commission expira-
- 9 tion date)";
- 10 (d) The address of his business or residence in this 11 state; and
- 12 (e) A serrated or milled edge border in a rectangular
- 13 form not more than one inch in width by two and one-
- 14 half inches in length surrounding the information.
- 15 No person holding a notary commission pursuant to
- 16 former section two, article four, chapter twenty-nine on

- 17 the effective date of this chapter may be required to
- 18 obtain or use a rubber stamp seal prior to the expiration
- 19 of that commission. However, such a notary who was
- 20 appointed for one or more counties of the state may
- 21 obtain and use the rubber stamp seal prior to the expira-
- 22 tion of that commission if the name of the county in
- 23 which the notarial act is performed is on the seal used
- 24 for that act.

ARTICLE 6. LIABILITY, FINES AND IMPRISONMENT.

§29C-6-101. Liability of notary.

- 1 A notary public is liable to the persons involved for all
- 2 damages proximately caused by the notary's official
- 3 misconduct.

ARTICLE 9. CURATIVE PROVISIONS.

§29C-9-101. Uniform application of chapter; validation of good faith notarial acts; nonliability for good faith notarial acts.

- 1 This article is to prevent or redress problems which
- 2 might be caused by notaries public who in good faith
- 3 performed notarial acts in substantial compliance with
- 4 the laws which were replaced by the uniform notary act,
- 5 chapter twenty-nine-c of this code, during a forgiveness
- 6 period which begins with the effective date of that act
- 7 and ends with the effective date of this section.
- 8 With respect to notarial acts performed in good faith
 - and in substantial compliance with prior law during the
- 10 forgiveness period:
- 11 (a) Instruments so notarized shall be conclusively
- 12 presumed to have been validly notarized;
- 13 (b) Notaries public and all parties to such notarial
- 14 acts shall be immune from civil and criminal liability for
- 15 such acts or the consequences of such acts. The rebuttable
- 16 presumption created by section nine, article seven, chap-
- 17 ter fifty-five of this code, that any violation of a statute
- 18 which proximately causes injury constitutes negligence,
- 19 does not apply; and

- 20 (c) The retrospective application of this section 21 applies to all litigation which has not been fully adjudi-22 cated, including cases pending on appeal. This section 23 does not apply to notarial acts performed prior to or 24 subsequent to the forgiveness period.
- The purposes of this article are remedial and shall be construed liberally to accomplish the purposes set forth herein.

CHAPTER 130

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1431—By Delegate McCormick)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the licensing of physicians to practice medicine in this state; permitting certain temporary permittees points on the licensure examination.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

- §30-3-10. Licenses to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry; educational training permits; temporary licenses and permits.
 - 1 (a) The board shall issue a license to practice medicine and 2 surgery or to practice podiatry to any individual who is 3 qualified to do so in accordance with the provisions of this 4 article.
 - 5 (b) For an individual to be licensed to practice medicine and 6 surgery in this state, he must meet the following requirements:
 - (1) He shall submit an application to the board on a form provided by the board and remit to the board an examination

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- fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars, the amount of such fee to be set by the board. The application must, as a minimum, require a sworn and notarized statement that the applicant is of good moral character and that he is physically and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of medicine and surgery;
- 15 (2) He must provide evidence of graduation and receipt of 16 the degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent from a 17 school of medicine, which is approved by the liaison committee 18 on medical education or by the board;
 - (3) He must submit evidence to the board of having completed a minimum of one year of graduate clinical training in a program approved by the board; and
 - (4) He must pass an examination approved by the board, which examination can be related to a national standard. The examination shall be in the English language and be designed to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice medicine and surgery. The board shall before the date of examination determine what will constitute a passing score: Provided, That the said board, or a majority of them, may accept in lieu of an examination of applicants, the certificate of the national board of medical examiners issued within the previous eight years, or diplomate certificate from an American specialty board: Provided, however, That any certificate or license to practice which is granted by the board by virtue of such diplomate certificate shall only be valid so long as the holder thereof maintains such diplomate certificate in good standing with the applicable American specialty board and no longer and such certificate shall be limited to that specific specialty in the practice of medicine and surgery in this state. If an applicant fails to pass the examination on two occasions, he shall successfully complete a course of study or training, as approved by the board, designed to improve his ability to engage in the practice of medicine and surgery, before being eligible for reexamination: Provided further, That said board is required to establish a program that will assist all temporary license holders in preparing for and passing the medical examination prescribed by it: And provided further, That said board shall maintain the program until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and shall make an

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- 49 annual report of its activities to the Legislature for each year 50 the program is maintained.
- 51 (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b) hereof, 52 any individual who has received the degree of doctor of 53 medicine or its equivalent from a school of medicine located 54 outside of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto 55 Rico and Canada, to be licensed to practice medicine in this 56 state, must also meet the following additional requirements 57 and limitations:
- 58 (1) He must be able to demonstrate to the satisfaction of 59 the board his ability to communicate in the English language; 60 and
- 61 (2) He must have fulfilled the requirements of the educa-62 tional council for foreign medical graduates for certification 63 before taking a licensure examination, including the receipt of 64 a passing score on the educational council for foreign medical 65 graduates examination; and
- 66 (3) An individual subject to the provisions of this subsection 67 shall not be awarded a temporary permit unless such individual was a bona fide resident of this state for the six-68 month period preceding the filing of his application for such 69 temporary permit: Provided, That an individual subject to the 70 provisions of this subsection who did not hold a temporary 71 permit before June eight, one thousand nine hundred seventy-72 nine, shall be ineligible for a temporary permit if he has failed 73 74 to pass the medical examination prescribed by the board on two or more occasions. 75
- (4) An individual subject to the provisions of this subsection 76 and holding a temporary permit who shall have taken the 77 examination after the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and no later than the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be allowed one point toward his score on the licensure examination for every year he has held a temporary permit in this state, up to a maximum of five points for five years of practice.
- (d) For an individual to be licensed to practice podiatry in 84 85 this state, he must meet the following requirements:

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- 86 (1) He shall submit an application to the board on a form 87 provided by the board and remit to the board an examination 88 fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars, the amount of such 89 fee to be set by the board. The application must, as a minimum, require a sworn and notarized statement that the 90 applicant is of good moral character and that he is physically 91 92 and mentally capable of engaging in the practice of podiatric 93 medicine:
 - (2) He must provide evidence of graduation and receipt of the degree of doctor of podiatric medicine or its equivalent from a school of podiatric medicine which is approved by the council of podiatry education or by the board;
- 98 (3) He must pass an examination approved by the board. 99 which examination can be related to a national standard. The 100 examination shall be in the English language and be designed 101 to ascertain an applicant's fitness to practice podiatric 102 medicine. The board shall before the date of examination determine what will constitute a passing score. If an applicant 103 104 fails to pass the examination on two occasions, he shall successfully complete a course of study or training, as 105 approved by the board, designed to improve his ability to 106 engage in the practice of podiatric medicine, before being 107 108 eligible for reexamination.
 - (e) An individual meeting the requirements set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (b) and subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c), if applicable, of this section, may be granted an educational training permit to practice medicine and surgery. Such permits shall authorize the permit holder to practice medicine and surgery only under the supervision of a licensed physician in a training program approved by the liaison committee on graduate medical education or the board. The board may fix and collect a fee not to exceed fifty dollars for this class of permit.
 - (f) If the board determines that the public health in a specified geographical area of the state requires such action, the board may grant a temporary permit to an individual who meets the requirements set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (b) and subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c), if applicable, of this section. Such license shall be limited to the

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125 specified geographical area and shall be valid for a period of 126 not more than one year. The board may fix and collect a fee 127 not to exceed fifty dollars for this class of temporary permit.

128 (g) All licenses or temporary permits granted prior to the 129 effective date of this article and valid on the effective date of 130 this article shall continue in full effect for such term and under 131 such conditions as provided by law at the time of the granting 132 of the license or temporary permit: Provided, That any 133 physician who has been certified by the educational council 134 for foreign medical graduates or who, as of the effective date 135 of this section, holds a temporary permit to practice in a 136 prescribed area, shall not when under the supervision of a 137 licensed physician be ineligible for a temporary license permit 138 to practice in any mental health or state-owned facility and 139 in any hospital, clinic, physician's office and any other 140 approved health care facility until the first day of July, one 141 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, by virtue of his failure to 142 pass the medical examination prescribed by the board, so long 143 as such physician shall take said examination at least once 144 each year: Provided, however, That such physician shall be 145 enrolled in an educational program approved by the board 146 that will assist him in preparing for the examination and that 147 the program sponsored by the University of Charleston shall 148 be deemed to be approved: Provided further, That any such 149 physician granted a temporary permit who fails to pass the 150 medical examination prescribed by the board before the first 151 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be 152 thereafter disqualified from obtaining any further temporary 153 permits in this state: And provided further, That notwithstand-154 ing any provision of law to the contrary, the name, address, 155 and type of license or permit held by any physician shall be 156 public information: And provided further. That the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall not apply to any person legally entitled to practice chiropody or podiatry in this state prior to June eleventh, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five: And provided further, That all persons licensed to practice chiropody prior to June eleventh, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five, shall be permitted to use the term "chiropodypodiatry" and shall have the rights, privileges and responsibilities of a podiatrist set out in this article.

CHAPTER 131

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1157—By Delegate Wooton)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, four-a, four-b, four-c, five, six, ten, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen-a and seventeen-b, article four, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing fees charged by the board of dental examiners; changing the term West Virginia dental society to West Virginia dental association; requiring the annual registration of dental corporations; expanding the voting rights of dental hygienist member of the board; requiring the board to promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to legislative rule-making authority; and increasing the per diem payments to members of the board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, four-a, four-b, four-c, five, six, ten, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen-a and seventeen-b, article four, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. DENTISTS, DENTAL HYGIENISTS AND DENTAL CORPORATIONS.

- §30-4-4. Board of dental examiners.
- §30-4-4a. Powers and duties of board.
- §30-4-4b. Registration of dental corporations.
- §30-4-4c. Practice of dentistry by dental corporations; limitations; dentist-patient relationship not affected; biennial registration; penalty;
- §30-4-5. License required as prerequisite to practice dentistry; exceptions; temporary and special permits.
- §30-4-6. Qualifications of applicant for license; examinations; examination fee; licensing.
- §30-4-10. Fees for licenses and certificates issued under §§30-4-8 and 30-4-9.
- §30-4-14. Prerequisites to practice dental hygiene; examination fee; licensing.
- §30-4-16. Dental hygienists from other states who desire to practice in this state; qualifications.
- §30-4-17a. Specialities; qualifications; application for certificate; fee; limitation of practice.
- §30-4-17b. Annual information and renewal fee; notice; reinstatement; penalty fee; waiver of payment of fee on retirement or disability; change of address.

§30-4-4. Board of dental examiners.

The "West Virginia Board of Dental Examiners" heretofore established shall be continued and shall be composed of six members. The members of the board in office on the date this section takes effect shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve until their respective terms expire and until their successors have been appointed and have qualified. Members of the board shall serve for a term of five years. In addition to the five practicing dentists appointed to the board, there shall be appointed one dental hygienist with a degree in dental hygiene from an accredited college, who shall be appointed for a term beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven. The member of the board who is a licensed dental hygienist is empowered to participate in and vote on all transactions and business of the board.

All members of the board shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each member of the board, at the time of his appointment and during his term as such member, shall have been a citizen of this state and shall have been either a licensed dentist or a licensed dental hygienist for a period of not less than five years immediately preceding his appointment.

No person may be eligible for appointment to the board who is connected with or interested in any dental college or dental department of any institution of learning or in a dental supply business.

Except for the dental hygienist, any member shall be eligible for reappointment for one additional consecutive term.

Each appointment of a licensed dentist, whether for a full term or to fill a vacancy, shall be made by the governor from among three nominees therefor selected by the West Virginia dental association and each appointment of a licensed dental hygienist, whether for a full term or to fill a vacancy, shall be made by the governor from among three nominees therefor selected by the West Virginia dental hygienists' association. In the case of an appointment for a full term such nominations shall be submitted to the governor not later than eight months prior to the date on which the appointment shall become effective. In the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy, such nominations shall be submitted to the governor within thirty

- 40 days after a request for such nominations shall have been made 41 by the governor to the president of the West Virginia dental 42 association or the president of the West Virginia dental 43 hygienists' association. In the event of the failure of an association to submit to the governor nominations for an 44 45 appointment in accordance with the requirements of this 46 section, the governor may make the appointment without such nominations 47
- Each member of the board shall receive one hundred dollars for each day actually spent in attending meetings of the board, or of its committees, and shall also be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the discharge of his duties under the provisions of this article.

§30-4-4a. Powers and duties of board.

1 The West Virginia board of dental examiners shall examine 2 all qualified applicants for license to practice dentistry or 3 dental hygiene, and it shall license all such applicants who are 4 qualified under applicable statutes and who pass the examinations that may be required by statute or by any legally 5 6 adopted rule or regulation. The board shall examine all applications filed in accordance with the provisions of section 7 four-b of this article and shall issue certificates of authoriza-8 tion to all applicants legally entitled to receive the same, such 9 certificates to be signed by the chairman and secretary of the 10 11 board.

12 The said board shall have the power to make such 13 examination of all applicants appearing before it for any type of license as may be necessary to determine that the applicant 14 is qualified. The board shall also have authority to license 15 dental corporations authorized under the provisions of and 16 subject to the limitations of this article, to practice dentistry 17 through duly licensed dentists. The said board shall also have 18 the power to revoke or suspend any license issued by it, for 19 cause, after having given the person whose license is sought 20 to be revoked or suspended, an opportunity to be heard in 21 the manner provided by section eight, article one, chapter 22 thirty of this code. It shall have the power to reinstate any 23 license revoked or suspended by it. 24

The said board is authorized and empowered to hold and conduct hearings and investigations on the issuance, suspen-

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sion, revocation or reinstatement of licenses and on charges of unauthorized practice of dentistry or dental hygiene.

The board shall have the authority to promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this article, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

The board, acting by and through its members, employees and agents, is further authorized and empowered, at any time during customary office hours, to enter into the office or place of business of any dental laboratory, licensed dentist, dental corporation or other dental practitioner of this state, and to obtain access to, make inspection of and request information regarding any work authorization which such dental laboratory, licensed dentist, dental corporation or other dental practitioner is required under the provisions of section twoa of this article, to retain therein, and is further authorized and empowered to inspect any items of dental technological work then in the course of performance by such dental laboratory or person employed by it, and to inspect any dental prosthesis then in the place of business of, or upon the premises occupied by, such dental laboratory for making, production, reproduction, construction, repair, alteration or restoration, and to request any information which it, its members, employees or agents deem to be pertinent relating to any such dental technological work and any such dental prosthesis. For the purpose of this paragraph the definition of terms contained in subsection-a, section two-a of this article is made expressly applicable.

The said board shall have the power to hire, fix the compensation of and discharge such employees as are necessary for the performance of the powers and duties vested in the said board by law and to expend such sums as said board may deem necessary to maintain an office and to carry out and enforce the provisions of this article.

All fees and other moneys collected by the board pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be kept in a separate fund and expended solely for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this article. The compensation provided for in this article and all expenses incurred under this article shall be paid from this special fund. No compensation or expense

67 incurred under this article shall be a charge against or payable out of the general revenue fund of this state.

§30-4-4b. Registration of dental corporations.

1 When any one or more dentists duly licensed to practice 2 dentistry in the state of West Virginia wish to form a dental 3 corporation, such dentist or dentists shall file a written 4 application with the board of dental examiners, on a form 5 prescribed by the board, and shall furnish proof satisfactory 6 to the board that the signer is such a duly licensed dentist, 7 or if there be more than one that all of the signers of such 8 application are such duly licensed dentists. A fee of two 9 hundred dollars shall accompany each such application, no 10 part of which shall be returnable.

11 If the board finds that the signer is a duly licensed dentist, 12 or if there be more than one that all of the signers of such 13 application are such duly licensed dentists, the board shall 14 notify the secretary of state that a certificate of authorization 15 has been issued to the individual or individuals signing such 16 application to form a dental corporation.

17 When the secretary of state receives notification from the 18 board of dental examiners that a person or persons have been 19 issued a certificate of authorization, he shall attach such 20 authorization to the agreement of incorporation and upon 21 compliance by the corporation with the applicable provisions of chapter thirty-one of this code, shall notify the incorpor-22 ators that such corporation, through a duly licensed dentist 23 or dentists, may engage in the practice of dentistry. 24

§30-4-4c. Practice of dentistry by dental corporations; limitations; dentist-patient relationship not affected; biennial registration; penalty; severability.

(1) A dental corporation may practice dentistry only 1 through an individual dentist or dentists duly licensed to 2 practice dentistry in the state of West Virginia, but such dentist 3 or dentists may be employees rather than shareholders of such 4 corporation, and nothing herein contained shall be construed 5 to require a license or other legal authorization of any 6 individual employed by such corporation to perform services 7 for which no license or other legal authorization is otherwise 8 required. Nothing contained in this article is meant or intended

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- 10 to change in any way the rights, duties, privileges, responsi-11 bilities and liabilities incident to the dentist-patient relationship 12 nor is it meant or intended to change in any way the personal 13 character of the dentist-patient relationship. A corporation 14 holding such certificate of authorization shall register annually, 15 on or before the thirtieth day of June, on a form prescribed 16 by the board of dental examiners and shall pay an annual 17 registration fee of one hundred fifty dollars.
- 18 (2) A dental corporation holding a certificate of authoriza-19 tion shall cease to engage in the practice of dentistry upon 20 being notified by the board of dental examiners that any of 21 its shareholders is no longer a duly licensed dentist, or when 22 any shares of such corporation have been sold or disposed of 23 to a person who is not a duly licensed dentist: Provided, That 24 the personal representative of a deceased shareholder shall have a period, not to exceed twelve months from the date of such shareholder's death, to dispose of such shares; but nothing contained herein shall be construed as affecting the existence of such corporation or its right to continue to operate for all lawful purposes other than the practice of dentistry.
 - (3) No corporation shall practice dentistry, or any of its branches, or hold itself out as being capable of doing so, without a certificate from the board of dental examiners, nor shall any corporation practice dentistry, or any of its branches, or hold itself out as being capable of doing so, after its certificate has been revoked, or if suspended, during the term of such suspension. A certificate signed by the secretary of the board of dental examiners to which is affixed the official seal of the board to the effect that it appears from the records of the board that no such certificate to practice dentistry or any of its branches in the state has been issued to any such corporation specified therein or that such certificate has been revoked or suspended shall be admissible in evidence in all courts of this state and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein.
 - (4) Any officer, shareholder or employee of such corporation who participates in a violation of any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars.

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(5) If any provision of section four-b or four-c of this article 50 be held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other 51 provisions of said sections, and to this end the provisions of 52 53 said sections are severable.

§30-4-5. License required as prerequisite to practice dentistry; exceptions; temporary and special permits.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person shall 2 practice or offer to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in this state until a license for such purpose shall be issued to him 3 by the board of dental examiners, nor shall any person so 4 practice after the first anniversary of the issuance of such 5 6 license until he shall have in his possession a current renewal 7 certificate issued by the board.

8 The board of dental examiners under such regulations as it may prescribe may issue a temporary permit to practice 9 dentistry or dental hygiene to graduates of schools of dentistry 10 or dental hygiene approved by the board who are certified to 11 the board of directors of dental clinics established by law, by 12 13 the chief executive of any hospital or sanitarium licensed or operated by the state or by the chief dental officer of the health 14 department of the state. Such permits shall expire thirty days 15 after the date of the next examination given by the board for 16 licenses in dentistry or dental hygiene and shall not be subject 17 to renewal. Such permits shall terminate when the holder 18 thereof ceases to be employed by the person certifying him. 19 A fee of one hundred dollars shall be paid to the board upon 20 21 issuance of such permit by the person certifying the applicant.

The board of dental examiners under such regulations as it may prescribe may issue a dental intern or dental residency permit to graduates of dental schools approved by the board who are not licensed to practice dentistry in this state and who have not failed an examination for a license to practice dentistry in this state. Applicants for such permits shall be certified to the board by the director of a hospital operated or licensed by the state which maintains a dental intern or residency program. Such permits shall authorize the holder thereof to serve as a dental intern or a dental resident for a period of not more than one year in any hospital licensed or operated by the state which maintains an established dental department under the supervision of a licensed dentist. The

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35 holder of such a permit shall function under the supervision 36 of the dental staff of the hospital and shall limit his practice 37 to patients selected by the hospital. The holder of such a 38 permit shall not be entitled to receive any fee or other 39 compensation other than such salary as may be paid by such 40 hospital. Permits may be revoked by the board for cause and 41 shall expire at the end of one year or on the date the dental 42 internship or residency is discontinued, whichever first occurs. 43 A fee of fifty dollars shall be paid to the board upon the 44 issuance of such a permit by the hospital nominating him,

The board of dental examiners under such regulations as it may prescribe may issue teaching permits to persons who are graduates of a school of dentistry or dental hygiene approved by the board where such persons are not licensed to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in this state. Such permits shall be issued only upon the certification of the dean of a dental school located in this state that the applicant is a bona fide member of the staff of that school. Such permits shall be valid for one year and may be reissued by the board in its discretion. The holder of such a permit shall be entitled to perform all operations which a person licensed to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in this state would be entitled to perform, but only within the facilities of the dental school and as an adjunct to his teaching functions in such school. A fee of one hundred dollars shall be paid to the board on the issuance of a teaching permit or upon each renewal thereof by the school nominating the applicant.

Nothing in this article shall be deemed to prohibit the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene by persons licensed in another state who, at the request of an approved dental school or any regularly organized dental society, may give a clinic at such school or at a scientific meeting of such dental society for the purpose of advancing the professional knowledge of members of the dental profession or members of the student body of a dental school.

An applicant for a permit under this section shall transmit with his application a fee of fifty dollars which sum the board is authorized to expend in an investigation of the applicant's qualifications. No portion of this fee is refundable.

§30-4-6. Qualifications of applicant for license; examinations;

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examination fee; licensing.

1 An applicant for a dental license shall be of good moral 2 character, a citizen of the United States or an individual who 3 has declared his intention to become and who shows progress toward becoming a citizen of the United States, at least 4 5 eighteen years of age at the time of making application, and be a graduate of, and possess an acceptable dental diploma 6 7 from the faculty of a dental school approved by the board. The board may require the application to be accompanied by 8 sufficient evidence of these qualifications.

The applicant shall transmit with his application an examination fee of fifty dollars, which sum the board is authorized to expend in an investigation of the applicant's qualifications. No portion of this fee is refundable.

An applicant whose application has been accepted by the board shall be given an examination on subjects selected by the board from among those currently being taught in approved dental schools which shall test the qualifications of the applicant to practice dentistry. The testing body for such examinations shall be decided by the board under rules and regulations promulgated by it.

The board may recognize a certificate granted by the national board of dental examiners in lieu of the written portion of the required examination.

An applicant obtaining a satisfactory grade on such examination and otherwise fulfilling the requirements of the board shall be granted a license by the board to practice dentistry, which license shall bear a serial number, the full name of the licensee, the date of issuance of the license, the seal of the board and the signatures of a majority of the members of the board.

The board shall not issue a license to any person found guilty of cheating, deception or fraud in the examination or on any part of the application. All manuscripts used in any examination and all applications for licensure shall be filed for a period of two years by the secretary of the board for the purpose of reference and inspection.

§30-4-10. Fees for licenses and certificates issued under §§30-4-8 and 30-4-9.

- 1 The fee for issuing the license to a legal practitioner from another state, as provided in section eight of this article, shall
- 2 be one hundred dollars, and the fee for issuing a certificate 3
- to a legal practitioner in this state, as provided in section nine 4
- of this article, shall be ten dollars, and in each case the fee
- shall be paid before the license or certificate, respectively, is
- issued. No portion of these fees is refundable.

§30-4-14. Prerequisites to practice dental hygiene; examination fee; licensing.

1 No person who has not been licensed as a dental hygienist 2

- in this state on or before the first day of September, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred thirty-seven, shall practice as a dental
- hygienist until he has first passed an examination or 4
- examinations selected by the West Virginia board of dental 5
- examiners and otherwise qualifies under such rules and 6
- regulations as the board may establish. Such examination or 7
- examinations shall be both practical and theoretical. The fee 8
- for the examination shall be thirty-five dollars and shall 9
- accompany the application. An applicant failing to pass the 10
- first examination shall be entitled to one reexamination at the 11
- next regular meeting of the board without additional cost. The 12
- fee for every reexamination after that shall be ten dollars. No 13
- portion of these fees is refundable. 14
- The board of dental examiners shall issue a license to 15
- practice dental hygiene in this state to any person who has 16
- passed such an examination and who has otherwise qualified 17
- to practice dental hygiene under the rules and regulations 18
- established by the board: Provided, That no person shall be 19
- entitled to such dental hygiene license unless he be: (a) At least 20
- eighteen years of age, (b) of good moral character, (c) a 21 graduate of a first class high school of this state or its 22
- equivalent and (d) be a graduate of, and possess an acceptable
- 23 diploma in dental hygiene from a school having a course in 24
- dental hygiene approved by the board of dental examiners. 25

830-4-16. Dental hygienists from other states who desire to practice in this state; qualifications.

- The board of dental examiners may, at its discretion, 1
- without the examination herein provided, issue a license to 2
 - practice dental hygiene to any applicant therefor, who shall
- furnish proof satisfactory to the board that he has been duly

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- 5 licensed to practice as a dental hygienist in another state after
- 6 full compliance with the requirements of its dental laws:
- 7 Provided, That his professional and preliminary education
- 8 shall not be less than that required in this state, and that he
- 9 shall have been in active practice at least two years previous
- 10 to his application for a license. The fee for issuing a license
- to a legal practitioner of dental hygiene from another state
- 12 shall be fifty dollars, which shall be paid before the license
- 13 is issued. No portion of this fee is refundable.

§30-4-17a. Specialties; qualifications; application for certificate; fee; limitation of practice.

No licensee shall announce or otherwise hold himself out to the public as a specialist or as being specially qualified in

3 any particular branch of dentistry, or as giving special

attention to any branch of dentistry, or as limiting his practice

5 to any branch of dentistry, unless he has first complied with

6 the requirements established by the board of dental examiners

for such specialty and has been issued a certificate of

8 qualification authorizing him so to do.

The board of dental examiners may establish higher standards and additional requirements for any licensee who desires to announce or otherwise hold himself out to the public as being specially qualified in a branch or specialty of dentistry recognized by the board. The board may give such examinations and secure such assistance as it may deem necessary in determining the qualifications of applicants.

The state board of dental examiners may appoint not more than three specialists to examine the credentials of applicants, and each specialist so appointed shall receive ten dollars for each day actually spent in examining the credentials of applicants and shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in discharging such duties. The state board of dental examiners may appoint not more than three specialists to administer and grade the specialty examination given to applicants, and each specialist so appointed shall receive forty dollars for each day actually spent in administering and grading such examination.

Application to the board for a certificate of qualification in a specialty of dentistry shall be upon such form and contain such information as the board may require and shall be

- 30 accompanied by a fee of three hundred dollars. No portion
- of this fee is refundable. A licensee found by the board to be 31
- qualified under the standards and other requirements 32
- 33 promulgated by the board in the specialty indicated in his
- 34 application shall be issued a certificate of qualification
- 35 authorizing the licensee to announce or otherwise hold himself
- 36 out to the public as specially qualified in the indicated specialty
- under such terms and in a manner approved by the board. 37

§30-4-17b. Annual information and renewal fee; notice; reinstatement; penalty fee; waiver of payment of fee on retirement or disability; change of address.

1 On or before the first day of February of each year, every dentist licensed to practice dentistry in this state, and every 2

dental hygienist licensed to practice dental hygiene in this state,

- shall transmit to the secretary of the board upon a form 4
- prescribed by the board, his signature, post-office address,
- 5 office address, the serial number of his license certificate, 6
- 7 whether he has been engaged during the preceding year in the
- active and continuous practice of dentistry or dental hygiene. 8
- as the case may be, whether within or without this state, and 9
- such other information as may be required by the board, 10
- together with an information and renewal fee herein provided 11
- 12 for.
- The annual information and renewal fee for a dentist shall 13
- 14 be fifty dollars and for a dental hygienist shall be twenty-five
- 15 dollars.

Upon receipt of the required information and the payment 16 of the proper renewal fee, the licensee shall be issued a renewal 17 certificate authorizing him to continue the practice of dentistry 18

19 or the practice of dental hygiene in this state for a period of

one year from the first day of February. 20

21 A license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene granted 22 under the authority of this article shall be canceled on the first day of May if the holder thereof fails to secure a current 23 renewal certificate by that date. Any licensee whose license is 24 25 thus canceled by reason of the failure, neglect or refusal to secure the proper renewal certificate may be reinstated by the 26 board at any time within six months from the date of the 27 28 cancellation of said license upon the payment of the proper

renewal fee and an additional fee of twenty-five dollars. If the 29

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licensee shall not apply for renewal of his license as herein required within the said six months, that person shall, at the

32 discretion of said board, be required to file an application for

33 and take the examination provided in this article should he

34 desire to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in this state.

35 Upon failure of any licensee to submit the required information and pay the annual renewal fee as herein required 36 37 by the statutory date, the board shall attempt to notify such 38 licensee in writing by mailing to his last registered address a 39 notice of the requirements of this section apprising him of the 40 fact that his license to practice will be canceled on the statutory 41 date: Provided. That failure to mail or receive such notice shall 42 not affect the cancellation of his license.

The board may waive the annual payment of the renewal fee herein required, and issue a renewal certificate to any West Virginia licensee who has held a West Virginia license for at least twenty-five years and is presently retired from active practice, or to any West Virginia licensee who has retired for reasons of physical disability, so long as such retirement continues: *Provided*, That the licensee provides the board with the information required by this section.

Every licensed dentist within thirty days of changing his place of practice or establishing additional offices shall furnish the secretary of the board with his new professional address.

Every licensed dental hygienist within thirty days of changing his place of employment shall furnish the secretary of the board with his new professional address and the name of his employer.

CHAPTER 132

(S. B. 423—By Senator Palumbo)

[Passed April 4, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and sixteen, article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relat-

ing generally to the powers and duties of the West Virginia board of pharmacy; removing the requirement that a registered pharmacist be a citizen of the United States: requiring a permit for the distribution of any legend drug; extending the requirement of obtaining a permit to manufacture, package, make or prepare or distribute certain products to include partnerships, companies, cooperative societies or organizations; and providing penalties for the violation of such section sixteen.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and sixteen, article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, ASSISTANT PHARMACISTS AND DRUGSTORES.

- §30-5-5. Qualifications for registration as pharmacist; certificates of registration.
- §30-5-16. Permit for manufacture, packaging, etc., of drugs, medicines, cosmetics, distribution of legend drugs, etc.; regulations as to sanitation and equipment; penalties; revocation of permit.

§30-5-5. Qualifications for registration as pharmacist; certificates of registration.

- 1 In order to be registered as a pharmacist within the
- meaning of this article, a person shall be not less than
- eighteen years of age, shall present to the board of phar-
- macy satisfactory evidence that he or she is a graduate of
- a recognized school of pharmacy as defined by the board 5
- of pharmacy. In addition thereto, he or she shall have had
- at least nine months of practical experience in a pharmacy
- or drugstore under the instruction and supervision of a 8
- registered pharmacist and shall pass satisfactorily an
- 10 examination by or under the direction of the board of
- pharmacy: Provided, That any registered pharmacist who 11
- has renewed his or her registration as such assistant phar-12
- 13 macist for each consecutive year since his or her original
- 14 registration with the state board of pharmacy, may upon
- application to the board of pharmacy, be registered as a 15

16 pharmacist within the meaning of this article. An appli-

17 cant for examination shall forward to the secretary a fee

18 of one hundred twenty-five dollars with his or her appli-

19 cation.

Every applicant for registration as a pharmacist shall present to the board of pharmacy satisfactory evidence that he or she is a person of good moral character and not addicted to drunkenness or the use of controlled sub-

23 not addicted to drunkenness or the use of controlled sub-24 stances. The board shall issue certificates of registration

25 to all persons who successfully pass the required exami-

26 nation and are otherwise qualified and to all those whose

27 certificates or licenses the board shall accept in lieu of an

28 examination as provided in section six of this article.

§30-5-16. Permit for manufacture, packaging, etc., of drugs, medicines, cosmetics, distribution of legend drugs, etc.; regulations as to sanitation and equipment; penalties; revocation of permit.

No drugs or medicines, or toilet articles, dentifrices, 1 or cosmetics, shall be manufactured, made, produced, 2 3 packed, packaged or prepared within the state, except under the personal and immediate supervision of a regis-4 tered pharmacist or such other person as may be approved 5 by the board of pharmacy, after an investigation and 6 determination by the said board that they are qualified 7 by scientific or technical training and/or experience to perform such duties of supervision as may be necessary to protect the public health and safety; and no person shall 10 manufacture, make, produce, pack, package or prepare 11 any such articles without first obtaining a permit to do so 12 from the board of pharmacy. Such permit shall be sub-13 ject to such rules and regulations, with respect to sani-14 tation and/or equipment, as the said board of pharmacy 15 may from time to time adopt for the protection of the 16 public health and safety. 17

Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society or organization who offers for sale, sells, offers or exposes for sale through the method of distribution any legend drug shall be subject to this article.

The application for such permit shall be made on a form to be prescribed and furnished by the said board of pharmacy and shall be accompanied by the required fee of fifty dollars which amount shall also be paid as the fee for each annual renewal of such permit. Separate appli-cations shall be made and separate permits issued for each separate place of manufacture, distribution, making, producing, packing, packaging or preparation.

Permits issued under the provisions of this section shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the factory or place for which issued; such permits shall not be transferable, and shall expire on the thirtieth day of June following the day of issue and shall be renewed annually. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to those operating registered pharmacies or drugstores.

Any person, firm or corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society or organization violating any of the provisions of this section and any permittee hereunder who shall violate any of the conditions of this permit or any of the rules and regulations adopted by the said board of pharmacy in pursuance of the power hereby conferred, shall, upon conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not more than fifty dollars for each offense, and each and every day such violation continues shall constitute a separate and distinct offense, and upon conviction of a permittee, his permit shall also forthwith be revoked and become null and void.

Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society or organization or any permittee hereunder who shall have been convicted of two or more successive violations of the provisions of this section or of the rules and regulations adopted by the board of pharmacy in pursuance of the powers hereby conferred, shall at the discretion of the board of pharmacy have such permit permanently revoked, and the board of pharmacy is hereby authorized to refuse the issuance of further permits to such person, firm, corporation, partnership, company, cooperative society or organization or permittee.

CHAPTER 133

(H. B. 1543-By Delegate Wiedebusch)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article fourteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to osteopathic physicians and surgeons; application for examination; fee increase.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article fourteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

§30-14-4. Application for examination.

- 1 Each applicant for examination by the board, with the
- 2 exception of assistants to osteopathic physicians and surgeons,
- 3 as hereinafter provided, shall submit an application therefor
- 4 on forms prepared and furnished by the board, accompanied
- 5 by evidence verified by oath and satisfactory to the board,
- 6 establishing that the applicant has satisfied the following
- 7 requirements: (a) That the applicant is eighteen years of age
- 8 or over; (b) that the applicant is of good moral character; (c)
- 9 that the applicant has graduated from an approved osteopathic
- 10 college; and (d) that the applicant has paid to the board a fee
- 11 of one hundred fifty dollars.

CHAPTER 134

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1493—By Delegate Ryan and Delegate Stacy)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to barbers and beauticians; shop to be managed by licensed barbers and

beauticians; sign; removal of certain prohibitions on conduct of business other than barbering or beauty culture; removal of prohibition on advertising of prices.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article twenty-seven, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 27. BOARD OF BARBERS AND BEAUTICIANS.

§30-27-7. Shop to be managed by licensed barbers and beauticians; sign.

- 1 Every barber or beauty shop in this state shall be operated
- 2 under the supervision and management of a barber or
- 3 beautician who is licensed as such in this state. A barbershop
- 4 and a beauty shop may be conducted within the same shop.
- 5 A suitable sign shall be displayed at the main entrance of all
- 6 barber and beauty shops, plainly indicating the business
- 7 conducted therein.

CHAPTER 135

(H. B. 1442—By Delegate Roop and Delegate Mastrantoni)

[Passed March 25, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections; law-enforcement training subcommittee; addition of member from the department of natural resources enforcement division.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 29. LAW-ENFORCEMENT TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION. §30-29-2. Law-enforcement training subcommittee.

1 (a) A subcommittee of the governor's committee on crime,

- 2 delinquency and corrections is hereby created and assigned responsibility for review and administration of programs for 3 qualification, training and certification of law-enforcement 4 5 officers in the state. The subcommittee shall be comprised of ten members of the governor's committee including one 6 7 representative of each of the following: The department of 8 public safety, the law-enforcement division of the department 9 of natural resources, the West Virginia sheriffs association, the West Virginia association of chiefs of police, the West Virginia 10 deputy sheriffs association, the West Virginia fraternal order 11 of police lodge, the West Virginia municipal league, the West 12 Virginia association of county officials, the human rights 13 commission and the public at large. 14
- 15 (b) The subcommittee shall elect a chairperson and a vice chairperson. Special meetings may be held upon the call of the chairperson, vice chairperson or a majority of the members of the subcommittee. A majority of the members of the subcommittee constitutes a quorum.

CHAPTER 136

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 312—By Senator R. Williams, et al)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, fourteen, seventeen and twenty-two-b, article ten, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-six-h, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of said code, all relating to the state public employees retirement act and the state teachers retirement system; providing increased supplemental benefits for certain annuitants contingent on legislative budgetary action; specifying factors for eligibility and computation thereof, under both systems; providing, in respect of the public employees retirement act, for all temporary employees of the Legislature who have been employed for ten years or more to be eligible for participation in such public employees retirement system; membership; definitions; and service credit.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, fourteen, seventeen and twenty-two-b, article ten, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-six-h, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, etc.
- 18. Education.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIRE-MENT ACT.

§5-10-2. Definitions.

§5-10-14. Service credit.

§5-10-17. Retirement system membership.

§5-10-22b. Supplemental benefits for certain annuitants.

§5-10-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following words and phrases as used in this article,
- 2 unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the
- 3 context, shall have the following meanings:
- 4 (1) "State" means the state of West Virginia;
- 5 (2) "Retirement system" or "system" means the West
- 6 Virginia public employees retirement system created and
- 7 established by this article;
- 8 (3) "Board of trustees" or "board" means the board of
- 9 trustees of the West Virginia public employees retirement
- 10 system;
- 11 (4) "Political subdivision" means the state of West
- 12 Virginia, a county, city or town in the state; a school
- 13 corporation or corporate unit; any separate corporation or

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instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or instru-15 16 mentality supported in most part by counties, cities or towns; any public corporation charged by law with the 17 18 performance of a governmental function and whose juris-19 diction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities or towns, any agency or organization established by, or 20 approved by the department of mental health for the 21 provision of community health or mental retardation 22 23 services, and which is supported in part by state, county 24 or municipal funds;

- (5) "Participating public employer" means the state of West Virginia, any board, commission, department, institution or spending unit, and shall include any agency created by rule of the supreme court of appeals having full-time employees, which for the purposes of this article shall be deemed a department of state government; and any political subdivision in the state which has elected to cover its employees, as defined in this article, under the West Virginia public employees retirement system;
- (6) "Employee" means any person who serves regularly as an officer or employee, full time, on a salary basis, whose tenure is not restricted as to temporary or provisional appointment, in the service of, and whose compensation is payable, in whole or in part, by any political subdivision, or an officer or employee whose compensation is calculated on a daily basis and paid monthly or on completion of assignment, including technicians and other personnel employed by the West Virginia national guard whose compensation, in whole or in part, is paid by the federal government: Provided, That members of the state Legislature, the Clerk of the House of Delegates, the Clerk of the state Senate, employees of the state Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions and who have been or are so employed during regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions for ten or more years, members of the legislative body of any politi-

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- 54 cal subdivision and judges of the state court of claims 55 shall be considered to be employees, anything contained 56 herein to the contrary notwithstanding. In any case of 57 doubt as to who is an employee within the meaning of 58 this article the board of trustees shall decide the ques-59 tion;
- 60 (7) "Member" means any person who is included in the 61 membership of the retirement system:
- (8) "Retirant" means any member who retires with an 62 annuity payable by the retirement system: 63
- 64 (9) "Beneficiary" means any person, except a retirant, 65 who is entitled to, or will be entitled to, an annuity or other benefit payable by the retirement system; 66
 - (10) "Service" means personal service rendered to a participating public employer by an employee, as defined in this article, of a participating public employer;
- 70 (11) "Prior service" means service rendered prior to 71 July one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, to the extent credited a member as provided in this article; 72
- 73 (12) "Contributing service" means service rendered by 74 a member from and after the date of his entrance in the 75 retirement system, to the extent credited him as provided 76 in this article;
- (13) "Credited service" means the sum of a member's 77 78 prior service credit and contributing service credit stand-79 ing to his credit as provided in this article;
- (14) "Compensation" means the remuneration paid a 80 member by a participating public employer for personal 81 services rendered by him to the participating public em-82 83 ployer. In the event a member's remuneration is not all paid in money, his participating public employer shall fix 84 85 the value of the portion of his remuneration which is not 86 paid in money;
- (15) "Final average salary" means either (a) the aver-88 age of the highest annual compensation received by a 89 member (including a member of the Legislature who 90 participates in the retirement system in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-one or thereafter) during 91

92 any period of three consecutive years of his credited ser-93 vice contained within his ten years of credited service immediately preceding the date his employment with a 94 participating public employer last terminated, or (b) if he 95 has less than five years of credited service, the average of 96 the annual rate of compensation received by him during 97 his total years of credited service; and in determining the 98 annual compensation, under either (a) or (b) of this sub-99 division (15), of a member of the Legislature who par-100 101 ticipates in the retirement system as a member of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred sev-102 enty-one or in any year thereafter, his actual legislative 103 104 compensation (the total of all compensation paid under sections two, three, four and five, article two-a, chapter 105 106 four of this code) in the year one thousand nine hundred 107 seventy-one or in any year thereafter, plus any other compensation he receives in any such year from any other 108 participating public employer including the state of West 109 Virginia, without any multiple in excess of one times his 110 actual legislative compensation as aforesaid and other 111 compensation, shall be used: Provided, That "final average 112 salary" for any former member of the Legislature or for 113 114 any member of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-one who, in either event, was a 115 member of the Legislature on November thirty, one thou-116 sand nine hundred sixty-eight, or November thirty, one 117 thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, or November thirty, 118 one thousand nine hundred seventy, or on November 119 thirty in any one or more of said three years, and who 120 121 participated in the retirement system as a member of the 122 Legislature in any one or more of such years of one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, one thousand nine hun-123 dred sixty-nine or one thousand nine hundred seventy, 124 means (i) either (notwithstanding the provisions of this 125 subdivision (15) preceding this proviso) one thousand five 126 hundred dollars multiplied by eight, plus the highest other 127 compensation such former member or member received 128 in any one of said three years from any other participat-129 ing public employer including the state of West Virginia, 130 or (ii) "final average salary" determined in accordance 131 with (a) or (b) of this subdivision (15), whichever com-132

- 133 putation shall produce the higher final average salary
- 134 (and in determining the annual compensation under (ii)
- 135 of this proviso, the legislative compensation of any such
- 136 former member shall be computed on the basis of one
- 137 thousand five hundred dollars multiplied by eight, and
- 138 the legislative compensation of any such member shall be
- computed on the basis set forth in the provisions of this
- 140 subdivision (15) immediately preceding this proviso or on
- 141 the basis of one thousand five hundred dollars multiplied
- by eight, whichever computation as to such member shall
- 143 produce the higher annual compensation);
- 144 (16) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all 145 amounts deducted from the compensations of a member 146 and credited to his individual account in the members' 147 deposit fund, together with regular interest thereon;
- 148 (17) "Regular interest" means such rate or rates of 149 interest per annum, compounded annually, as the board of 150 trustees shall from time to time adopt;
- 151 (18) "Annuity" means an annual amount payable by 152 the retirement system throughout the life of a person. All 153 annuities shall be paid in equal monthly installments, 154 using the upper cent for any fraction of a cent;
- 155 (19) "Annuity reserve" means the present value of all 156 payments to be made to a retirant or beneficiary of a 157 retirant on account of any annuity, computed upon the 158 basis of such mortality and other tables of experience, and 159 regular interest, as the board of trustees shall from time 160 to time adopt;
- 161 (20) "Retirement" means a member's withdrawal from 162 the employ of a participating public employer with an 163 annuity payable by the retirement system;
- 164 (21) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal 165 value computed upon the basis of such mortality table 166 and regular interest as the board of trustees shall from 167 time to time adopt; and
- 168 (22) The masculine gender shall include the feminine 169 gender, and words of the singular number with respect to 170 persons shall include the plural number, and vice versa.

§5-10-14. Service credit.

- (a) The board of trustees shall credit each member with the prior service and contributing service to which he is entitled based upon such rules and regulations as the board of trustees shall from time to time adopt: Provided, That in no case shall less than ten days of service ren-dered by a member in any calendar month be credited as a month of service; nor shall less than ten months of service rendered in any calendar year be credited as a year of service; nor shall more than one year of service be credited any member for all service rendered by him in any calendar year; nor shall any member who was not in the employ of a political subdivision within a period of twenty-five years immediately preceding the date the political subdivision became a participating public employer be credited with prior service.
 - (b) The board of trustees shall grant service credit to employees of boards of health, the Clerk of the House of Delegates and the Clerk of the state Senate, or to any former and present member of the state teachers retirement system who have been contributing members for more than three years, for service previously credited by the state teachers' retirement system, and shall require the transfer of the member's contributions to the retirement system, and shall also require a deposit, with interest, of any withdrawals of contributions any time prior to said member's retirement. Repayment of withdrawals shall be as directed by the board of trustees.
 - (c) Court reporters who are acting in an official capacity, although paid by funds other than the county commission or state auditor, may receive prior service credit for such time as served in such capacity.
 - (d) Employees of the state Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions and who have been or are so employed during regular sessions or during the interim between sessions for ten or more years, may receive service credit for such time as served in that capacity.

§5-10-17. Retirement system membership.

- The membership of the retirement system shall consist of the following persons:
- 3 (a) All employees, as defined in section two of this article, who are in the employ of a political subdivision 4 the day preceding the date it becomes a participating public employer and who continue in the employ of the said participating public employer on and after the said 7 date shall become members of the retirement system; and 8 9 all persons who become employees of a participating public employer on or after the said date shall thereupon 10 become members of the system; except as provided in 11 subdivisions (b) and (c) of this section. 12
- 13 (b) The membership of the retirement system shall not 14 include any person who is a member of, or who has been retired by, the state teachers retirement system, the 15 judges retirement system, the retirement system of the 16 department of public safety, or any municipal retirement 17 system for either, or both, policemen or firemen; and the 18 West Virginia department of employment security, by 19 the commissioner of such department, may elect whether 20 its employees will accept coverage under this article or 21 be covered under the authorization of a separate enactment: Provided. That such exclusions of membership shall not apply to any member of the state Legislature, 24 the Clerk of the House of Delegates, the Clerk of the 25 state Senate or to any member of the legislative body 26 of any political subdivision provided he once becomes 27 a contributing member of the retirement system: Pro-28 vided, however, That any retired member of the retire-29 ment system of the department of public safety, and 30 any retired member of any municipal retirement system 31 for either, or both, policemen or firemen may on and 32 after the effective date of this section become a member 33 of the retirement system as provided in this article, 34 without receiving credit for prior service as a municipal 35 policeman or fireman or as a member of the department 36 37 of public safety.
 - (c) Any member of the state Legislature, the Clerk of

39 the House of Delegates, the Clerk of the state Senate, any employee of the state Legislature whose employment is 40 otherwise classified as temporary and who is employed to 41 42 perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim between regular ses-43 sions and who has been or is so employed during regular 44 sessions or during the interim between sessions for ten 45 or more years, or any member of the legislative body of 46 47 any other political subdivision shall become a member of 48 the retirement system provided he notifies the retirement 49 system in writing of his intention to be a member of the system and files a membership enrollment form as the 50 board of trustees shall prescribe, and each person, upon 51 52 filing his written notice to participate in the retirement 53 system, shall by said act authorize the Clerk of the House of Delegates or the Clerk of the state Senate or such per-54 55 son or legislative agency as the legislative body of any other political subdivision shall designate to deduct such 56 member's contribution, as provided in subsection (b), 57 58 section twenty-nine of this article, and after said deductions have been made from said member's compensation, 59 60 such deductions shall be forwarded to the retirement 61 system.

62 (d) Should any question arise regarding the member-63 ship status of any employee, the board of trustees has the 64 final power to decide the question.

§5-10-22b. Supplemental benefits for certain annuitants.

Any annuitant who is receiving a retirement annuity of 1 less than seven thousand five hundred dollars annually on the effective date of this section shall receive, upon application, a supplemental benefit, prospectively, under 4 this section in any fiscal year for which the Legislature 5 provides by line item appropriations for the payment of 6 such benefit: Provided, That the effective date of retire-7 ment for such annuitants was prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, and he had ten years or more of credited service at the time of 10 such retirement. For the purposes of this section, "effec-11 tive date of retirement" means the last day of actual 12

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employment, or the last day carried on the payroll of the employer, whichever is later, together with a meeting fully of all eligibility requirements for retirement prior to the aforesaid effective date. Any annuitant retired pursuant to the disability provisions of this article shall be considered to have had ten years or more credited service at the time of such retirement.

Each such annuitant shall receive as his supplemental benefit an increased annual amount which is the product of the sum of eighteen dollars multiplied by his years of credited service: *Provided*, That the total annuity of any annuitant affected by the provisions of this section, together with any of the other provisions of this article, shall not exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars annually.

Any annuitant receiving the supplemental benefit provided for herein for the annuity payment period just prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, or any annuitant made newly eligible for receipt of such supplemental benefit on such date, shall receive a nineteen percent increase in the amount of such supplemental benefit prior received or newly calculated, effective on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and irrespective of the maximum total annuity proviso and limitation of seven thousand five hundred dollars annually. In any fiscal year in which pay increases are granted by the Legislature to active public employees, there may also be given an increase in retirement benefits for retired public employees, if funding is available for this purpose.

For the purpose of calculating the supplemental benefit provided in this section, fractional parts of a service credit year are to be disregarded unless in excess of one half of a credited service year, in which event the same shall constitute a full year of service credit.

On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, for the purpose of computation for determination of eligibility and for the amount of any supplemental benefit hereunder, separate computation shall be made of a retirant's own benefit and that which

- 53 may be receivable as beneficiary of another, under the
- 54 provisions of this article, with each such benefit being
- eligible for the supplemental benefit herein provided. 55

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7A-26h. Supplemental benefits for certain annuitants.

- Any annuitant who is receiving a retirement annuity of 1
- 2 less than seven thousand five hundred dollars annually
- on the effective date of this section shall receive a supple-
- mental benefit, prospectively, under this section in any
- fiscal year for which the Legislature provides by line
- item appropriation for the payment of such benefit:
- Provided. That the effective date of retirement for such
- annuitant was prior to the first day of July, one thousand 8
- nine hundred seventy-eight, and he had ten years or more 9
- of credited service at the time of such retirement. For the 10
- purposes of this section, "effective date of retirement" 11
- means the last day of actual employment, or the last day
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- carried on the payroll of the employer, whichever is later, 13
- 14 together with a meeting fully of all eligibility require-
- ments for retirement prior to the aforesaid effective date. 15
- Any annuitant retired pursuant to the disability provisions 16
- of this article shall be considered to have had ten years or 17
- more credited service at the time of such retirement. 18
- 19 Each such annuitant shall receive as his supplemental
- benefit an increased annual amount which is the product 20
- of the sum of eighteen dollars multiplied by his years of 21
- credited service: Provided, That the total annuity of any 22
- annuitant affected by the provisions of this section, to-23
- gether with any of the other provisions of this article, 24
- shall not exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars 25
- annually. 26
- Any annuitant receiving the supplemental benefit pro-27 vided for herein for the annuity payment period just 28 prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 29
- eighty-four, or any annuitant made newly eligible for 30
- receipt of such supplemental benefit on such date, shall 31

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32 receive a nineteen percent increase in the amount of such 33 supplemental benefit prior received or newly calculated, effective on and after the first day of July, one thousand 34 nine hundred eighty-four, and irrespective of the maxi-35 mum total annuity proviso, and limitation of seven thou-36 sand five hundred dollars annually. In any fiscal year in 37 38 which pay increases are granted by the Legislature to 39 active teachers, there may also be given an increase in retirement benefits for retired teachers, if funding is 40 41 available for this purpose.

For the purpose of calculating the supplemental benefit provided in this section, fractional parts of a service credit year are to be disregarded unless in excess of one half of a credited service year, in which event the same shall constitute a full year of service credit.

47 On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, for the purpose of computation for **48** determination of eligibility and for the amount of any 49 supplemental benefit hereunder, separate computation 50 51 shall be made of a retirant's own benefit and that which 52 may be receivable as beneficiary of another under the provisions of this article, with each such benefit being 53 eligible for the supplemental benefit herein provided. 54

CHAPTER 137

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1239—By Delegate Wooton and Delegate Shiflet)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia public employees insurance act; providing coverage for certain retired employees; specifying insurance coverages available for surviving spouses and dependents of deceased employee who was either an active or retired employee just prior to such decease; and providing for premium cost payment methods.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.

*§5-16-12. Payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's spouse and dependents generally; short term continuance of coverage for involuntary employee termination; extended insurance coverage for retired employees with accrued annual leave and sick leave; additional eligible retired employees.

1 The board is hereby authorized to provide under any 2 contract or contracts entered into under the provisions of this 3 article that the costs of any such group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, group life and 4 accidental death insurance benefit plan or plans may be paid 5 6 by the employer and employee. In addition, each employee 7 shall be entitled to have his spouse and dependents, as defined 8 by the rules and regulations of the board, included in any group hospital and surgical insurance or group major medical 9 10 insurance coverage provided. The board shall adopt rules and 11 regulations according to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code governing the discontinuance and resumption of any em-12 ployee's coverage for his spouse and dependents. 13

14 Should a participating employee be terminated from 15 employment involuntarily or in reduction of work force, the employee's insurance coverage provided under this article shall 16 continue for a period of three months at no additional cost 17 to the employee: Provided, That an employee discharged for 18 misconduct shall not be eligible for extended benefits under 19 20 this section: Provided, however, That coverage may be extended up to the maximum period of three months, while 21 administrative remedies contesting the charge of misconduct 22 are pursued: Provided further, That should the discharge for 23 misconduct be upheld, the full cost of the extended coverage 24 shall be reimbursed by the employee. If the employee is again 25 employed or recalled to active employment within twelve 26 months of his prior termination, he shall not be considered 27

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 2091, which passed prior to this bill.

a new enrollee and shall not be required to again contribute his share of the premium cost, if he had already fully contributed such share during the prior period of employment.

When a participating employee is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee's accrued annual leave and sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward an extension of the insurance coverage provided by this article, according to the following formulae: Such insurance coverage for a retired employee shall continue one additional month for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his retirement. For a retired employee, his spouse and dependents, such insurance coverage shall continue one additional month for every three days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his retirement.

Any employee who retired prior to the twenty-first of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, and who also otherwise meets the conditions of the "retired employee" definition in section two of this article, shall be eligible for insurance coverage under the same terms and provisions of this article. The premium cost for any such coverage shall be borne by the retired employee and the rates for such coverage shall accurately reflect the total cost of such coverage and shall not be subsidized by the rate structure for any other insurance programs administered pursuant to the West Virginia public employees insurance act.

A surviving spouse and dependents of a deceased employee, who was either an active or retired employee just prior to such decease, shall be entitled to be included in any group insurance coverage provided under this article, and such spouse and dependents shall bear the premium cost of such insurance coverage and the rates for such coverage shall accurately reflect the total cost of such coverage and shall not be subsidized by any other insurance programs administered pursuant to the West Virginia public employees insurance act.

In construing the provisions of this section or any other provisions of this code, the Legislature declares that it is not now nor has it ever been the Legislature's intent that elected

- 68 public officials be provided any sick leave, annual leave or
- 69 personal leave, and the enactment of this section is based upon
- 70 the fact] and assumption that no statutory or inherent
- 71 authority exists extending sick leave, annual leave or personal
- 72 leave to elected public officials and the very nature of such
- 73 positions preclude the arising or accumulation of such, so as
- 74 to be thereafter usable as premium paying credits for which
- 75 such officials may claim extended insurance benefits.

(H. B. 2091—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia public employees insurance act; payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's spouse and dependents; short term continuance of coverage for involuntary employee termination; extended insurance coverage for retired employees with accrued annual leave and sick leave; elected public officials not eligible.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.
- *§5-16-12. Payment of costs by employer and employee; coverage for employee's spouse and dependents generally; short term continuance of coverage for involuntary employee termination; extended insurance coverage for retired employees with accrued annual leave and sick leave; elected public officials ineligible.
 - The board is hereby authorized to provide under any
 - 2 contract or contracts entered into under the provisions of this
- *Clerks Note: This section was also amended in H. B. 1239, which passed subsequent this bill.

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3 article that the costs of any such group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, group life and 4 5 accidental death insurance benefit plan or plans may be paid 6 by the employer and employee. In addition, each employee 7 shall be entitled to have such employee's spouse and dependents, as defined by the rules and regulations of the 8 9 board, included in any group hospital and surgical insurance or group major medical insurance coverage provided. The 10 11 board shall adopt rules and regulations according to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code governing the discontinuance and 12 13 resumption of any employee's coverage for such employee's spouse and dependents. 14

Should a participating employee be terminated from employment involuntarily or in reduction of work force, the employee's insurance coverage provided under this article shall continue for a period of three months at no additional cost to the employee: Provided, That an employee discharged for misconduct shall not be eligible for extended benefits under this section: Provided, however, That coverage may be extended up to the maximum period of three months, while administrative remedies contesting the charge of misconduct are pursued: Provided further, That should the discharge for misconduct be upheld, the full cost of the extended coverage shall be reimbursed by the employee. If the employee is again employed or recalled to active employment within twelve months of his prior termination, such employee shall not be considered a new enrollee and shall not be required to again contribute his share of the premium cost, if such employee had already fully contributed such share during the prior period of employment.

When a participating employee is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee's accrued annual leave and sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward an extension of the insurance coverage provided by this article, according to the following formulae: Such insurance coverage for a retired employee shall continue one additional month for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of such retirement. For a retired employee, such employee's spouse and dependents, such insurance coverage

- 44 shall continue one additional month for every three days of
- 45 annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had
- 46 accrued as of the effective date of his retirement.
- 47 In construing the provisions of this section or any other
- 48 provisions of this code, the Legislature declares that it is not
- 49 now nor has it ever been the Legislature's intent that elected
- 50 public officials be provided any sick leave, annual leave or
- 51 personal leave, and the enactment of this section is based upon
- 52 the fact and assumption that no statutory or inherent authority
- 53 exists extending sick leave, annual leave or personal leave to
- 54 elected public officials and the very nature of such positions
- 55 preclude the arising or accumulation of such, so as to be
- 56 thereafter usable as premium paying credits for which such
- 57 officials may claim extended insurance benefits.

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 194-By Senators Ash and Harman)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, relating to authorizing a minimum security facility for the housing of youthful male offenders and certain female offenders at Pruntytown Correctional Center.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

- §25-1-7. Pruntytown Correctional Center established as a minimum security facility; limitations on type of residents therein.
 - 1 The commissioner of corrections is hereby authorized to

- 2 house youthful male offenders as defined in section six,
- 3 article four, chapter twenty-five of this code, and any such
- 4 other female criminal offenders as he deems necessary to
- 5 the operation of a just, humane and efficient system of
- 6 corrections at the facility located at Pruntytown, West
- 7 Virginia, heretofore known as the West Virginia Indus-
- 8 trial School for Boys. Henceforth, this facility shall be
- 9 known as the Pruntytown Correctional Center and it may
- 10 be operated as a minimum security facility according to
- 11 rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner
- 12 pursuant to the provisions of section four, article thirteen,
- 13 chapter sixty-two.

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1175—By Delegate Springston and Delegate Starcher)

[Passed March 21, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eight and section one, article eleven, both of chapter twenty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections six, eight, seventeen and eighteen, article three, chapter twenty-eight of said code, all relating to changing the name of Fairmont Emergency Hospital to "Marion Health Care Hospital"; clarifying that the director of health is to manage, direct and control that institution; and deleting the name Fairmont Emergency Hospital from parts of the code pertaining to state correctional and penal institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eight, and section one, article eleven, both of chapter twenty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections six, eight, seventeen and eighteen, article three, chapter twenty-eight of said code, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter.

- 26. State Benevolent Institutions.
- 28. State Correctional and Penal Institutions.

CHAPTER 26. STATE BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

Article.

- 8. Emergency Hospitals.
- 11. State Extended Care and Emergency Facilities.

ARTICLE 8. EMERGENCY HOSPITALS.

- §26-8-1. Continuation; management; superintendent; qualifications of superintendent; division of fiscal, administrative and clinical duties; certain persons exempted from qualification requirements.
 - (a) The hospitals heretofore established and known, 1 respectively, as Welch Emergency Hospital and Fairmont 2 Emergency Hospital shall be continued and shall be managed, directed and controlled as prescribed in article eleven, chapter 4 5 twenty-six of this code: Provided, That the hospital heretofore known as Fairmont Emergency Hospital shall henceforth be 6 known as the Marion Health Care Hospital and any reference 7 8 in this code to the Fairmont Emergency Hospital shall mean 9 the Marion Health Care Hospital. The chief executive officer of each of said hospitals shall be the superintendent, who shall 10 be a college graduate and have a minimum of two years' 11 experience in either hospital administration, health services 12 13 administration or business administration with broad knowledge of accounting, purchasing and personnel practices as 14 related to the rendition of health and health related services. 15
 - 16 (b) A superintendent is the person having the fiscal 17 responsibility of the hospital and the authority to manage and 18 administer the financial, business and personnel affairs of the 19 hospital.
 - (c) A clinical director is the person having the responsibility
 for decisions involving clinical and medical treatment of
 patients, and who shall be a duly qualified physician licensed
 to practice medicine in the state of West Virginia.
 - (d) The provisions of this section relating to the qualification of persons eligible to serve as superintendent shall not apply to any person serving in the capacity of business manager on the effective date hereof, and who has served in such capacity for at least six consecutive months next preceding such effective date.

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ARTICLE 11. STATE EXTENDED CARE AND EMERGENCY FACILITIES.

§26-11-1. Management by director of health.

- The director of health or his or her successor shall manage,
- 2 direct, control and govern the Andrew S. Rowan Memorial
- 3 Home, Denmar Hospital, heretofore established and known as
- 4 Denmar State Hospital, Hopemont Hospital, heretofore
- 5 known as Hopemont State Hospital, Pinecrest Hospital,
- 6 Marion Health Care Hospital, heretofore known as Fairmont
- 7 Emergency Hospital and Welch Emergency Hospital and such
- 8 other state health care facilities as are or may hereafter be
- 9 created by law.
- The director shall designate the functions of each facility and
- 11 prescribe guidelines for the admission of persons thereto,
- 12 pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the board
- 13 of health, and shall supervise the business, personnel and
- 14 clinical responsibilities of each facility: Provided, That in
- 15 prescribing admission guidelines, precedence shall be given to
- 16 persons unable to pay therefor.

CHAPTER 28. STATE CORRECTIONAL AND PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

ARTICLE 3. INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR YOUTH.

- §28-3-6. Custody and conveyance of girls committed to institutions; expenses.
- §28-3-8. Transfer of certain inmates to other institutions.
- §28-3-17. Same—Preparation of inmate lists for billing purposes; application of county funds in state treasury.
- §28-3-18. Same—Determination of payments due; levy; compelling payment.

§28-3-6. Custody and conveyance of girls committed to institutions; expenses.

- 1 Whenever a girl is committed to the industrial home by any
- 2 of the courts hereinbefore named, it shall be the duty of the
- 3 clerk of the court before whom the trial was held to prepare
- 4 the commitment papers in the case and forward the same by
- 5 mail without delay to the superintendent of the industrial
- 6 home. On receipt of such commitment papers, the superintend-
- 7 ent of the home, if the commitment is found by her to conform
- 8 to the provisions of this article, and there is room in said
- 9 home, shall promptly so advise the authority making the
- 10 commitment, who shall at once send the girl so committed to

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- the home, under escort of a discreet woman of mature age. 11
- Such escort shall be designated by the authority by whom the 12
- commitment was made, and her compensation, which shall be 13
- fixed by the same authority and shall not exceed three dollars 14
- per day of twenty-four hours, and her expenses, and the girl's 15
- necessary traveling expenses, fully itemized and sworn to by 16
- the escort, shall be paid out of the treasury of the county from 17
- which the commitment was made, by the county commission 18
- thereof. No girl committed to said industrial home shall be 19
- lodged in any jail or lockup; but the authority committing her 20
- shall designate an officer or other proper person, preferably 21
- a woman, in whose custody she will be kept until she is 22
- delivered to the person duly authorized to conduct her to said 23
- home. The expense of keeping such girl shall be paid like any 24
- other expense of the hearing or trial. 25

§28-3-8. Transfer of certain inmates to other institutions.

- 1 The state commissioner of corrections shall have authority
 - to transfer any girl who is an inmate of the industrial home,
- in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-seven of 3
- this code, who is mentally ill, mentally retarded or addicted, 4
- to any state institution charged with the care and treatment 5
- of such persons; to transfer any girl in such home who is blind
- or deaf, or whose sight or hearing is so impaired as to make
- a transfer desirable, to the schools for the deaf and blind; to
- transfer to Welch Emergency Hospital, any girl infected with
- syphillis or gonorrhea. 10

§28-3-17. Same—Preparation of inmate lists for billing purposes; application of county funds in state treasury.

The superintendent of the industrial home shall, before the 1

tenth day of January of each year, prepare and certify to the 2

auditor and the state commissioner of corrections each a list

by counties of all such girls as are mentioned in the preceding 4

section, who were kept in the home during the preceding year 5 or any part of it, showing as to each girl what part of the 6

year she was so kept in the home. On receiving such list the 7

auditor shall charge to each county fifty dollars on account 8

of each girl from such county who was kept in such home 9

during the preceding year, and a proportionate amount on 10

account of each girl kept in the home for any part of such 11

year less than the whole. Any money in the treasury of the 12

- 13 state to the credit of any such county, from whatever source
- 14 arising, and not appropriated to pay any other debt of the
- 15 county to the state, shall be applied, so far as necessary, to
- 16 the payment of the sums so charged. If any sum in the treasury
- 17 due the county shall not be sufficient to pay the whole amount
- 18 so charged against it, such sum shall be applied as a credit
- 19 on the amount charged, and the balance shall remain a charge
- 20 against the county.

§28-3-18. Same—Determination of payments due; levy; compelling payment.

1 Within ten days after receiving such list the auditor shall certify to the county commission of such county a list of the 2 girls from the county in such home, stating the length of the term during the year each girl was in such home, as shown 5 by the list certified by the superintendent, the amount due from the county on her account, and the total amount due 6 on account of all. He shall credit on such statement whatever 7 8 amount has been applied as a payment thereon from any funds of the county in the treasury. Such statement shall be a receipt 9 to the county for any amount so credited, and shall be a bill 10 for any amount still appearing to be due from the county. 11 Unless the bill shall have been paid by the application of funds 12 of the county in the state treasury, the county commission 13 shall, at its next levy term, provide for the payment of the 14 same, or such part as may not have been paid, and cause the 15 amount to be paid into the state treasury. If the amount so 16 due from any county be not paid in a reasonable time after 17 such levy term, the auditor may in the name of the state, apply 18 to the circuit court of the county for a mandamus to require 19 the county commission to provide for and pay the same, or 20 he may proceed in the name of the state by any other 21 appropriate remedy to recover the same. 22

CHAPTER 141

(S. B. 495-By Senator Tucker)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five-b,

chapter twenty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to sale of prison-made goods; and authorizing prison-made goods designed and intended to be used solely by blind and handicapped persons to be offered for sale or distributed on the open market.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article five-b, chapter twenty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5B. PRISON-MADE GOODS.

§28-5B-15. Sale of prison-made goods on open market prohibited; penalty; exceptions.

- 1 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) 2 of this section, it is unlawful to sell or offer for sale on
- 3 the open market of this state any articles or products
- 4 manufactured or produced wholly or in part, in this or
- 5 any other state, by convicts or prisoners of this state, or
- 6 any other state, except convicts or prisoners on parole or
- 7 probation. Any person violating the provisions of this
- 8 section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction,
- ${\bf 9}$ shall be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred
- 10 dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, or by im-
- 11 prisonment in jail not less than three months nor more
- 12 than one year, or by both fine and imprisonment. Each
- 13 such sale or offer for sale shall constitute a separate
- 14 offense under this section.
- 15 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a)
- 16 of this section, any articles or products manufactured or
- 17 produced, wholly, or in part, by inmates of West Virginia
- 18 penal and correctional institutions and facilities which
- 19 are designed and intended to be used solely by blind and
- 20 handicapped persons, including, but not limited to, braille
- 21 books and reading materials, may be sold or offered for
- 22 sale or distributed on the open market by the department
- 23 of corrections or other state department or agency.
- 24 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) 25 of this section, arts and crafts produced by inmates may

26 be sold to the general public by the department of corrections or by such other agencies or departments of state 27 government as the commissioner of corrections may des-28 ignate. The arts and crafts shall be sold only on a con-29 signment basis so that inmates whose arts and crafts 30 products are sold shall receive payment for the products. 31 The payment shall be deposited in such accounts or funds 32 33 and managed in such a manner as provided by section six, article five of this chapter: Provided, That where the 34 state department of corrections or any other agency or 35 department of state government provides any materials 36 used in the production of an arts and crafts product, the 37 fair market value of such materials may be deducted from 38 the account of the individual inmate after the sale of such 39 product. 40

(d) For purposes of this section, "arts and crafts" means articles produced individually by artistic or craft skill such as, but not limited to, painting, sculpture, pottery and jewelry.

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CHAPTER 142

(S. B. 569—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 1, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to public moneys and the state general revenue appropriations and expenditures; providing for reducing the period within which warrants may be drawn after the close of a fiscal year for payment of bills for such fiscal year to just the subsequent month of July, with effect of weekend days being last day or days of such month; and expiration of unexpended appropriations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND DEDUC-

§12-3-12. Expiration of unexpended appropriations.

- Every appropriation which is payable out of the gene-
- ral revenue, or so much thereof as may remain undrawn
- at the end of the year for which made, shall be deemed
- to have expired at the end of the year for which it is
- made, and no warrant shall thereafter be issued upon it:
- Provided, That warrants may be drawn through the
- thirty-first day of July after the end of the year for which
- the appropriation is made if the warrants are in payment
- of bills for such year and have been encumbered by the 9
- budget office prior to July first; but appropriations for 10
- buildings and land or capital outlay shall remain in effect, 11
- and shall not be deemed to have expired until the end of 12
- three years after the passage of the act by which such
- appropriations are made: Provided, however, That if such
- thirty-first day of July is on Saturday, then warrants may
- only be drawn through the Friday immediately preceding
- such Saturday, but if such thirty-first day of July is on 17
- Sunday, the warrants may be drawn through the Monday 18
- immediately following such Sunday.

CHAPTER 143

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1182-By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to the establishment of a deputy sheriff's reserve in each county by the sheriff; stating purpose; relating to appointment, qualifications, duties, attire, oath, training, bond and liability insurance; reserves not employees of sheriff or county commission; and limitations on liability of sheriff and county commission for actions of reserves.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. DEPUTY OFFICERS AND CONSERVATORS OF THE PEACE.

- §6-3-1a. Deputy sheriff's reserve; purpose; appointment and qualifications of members; duties; attire; training; oath; bond; not employee of sheriff or county commission for certain purposes; limitation on liability.
 - 1 (a) The sheriff of any county may, for the purposes 2 hereinafter set forth, designate and appoint a deputy sheriff's 3 reserve, hereinafter referred to as "reserve" or "reserves." No 4 such reserve shall be designated or created without the prior 5 approval of the county commission for the establishment
 - 6 thereof.
 - 7 (b) Each sheriff is authorized to appoint as members of the reserve bona fide citizens of the county who are of good moral 8 character and who have not been convicted of a felony or 9 other crime involving moral turpitude. Any person so 10 11 appointed shall serve at the will and pleasure of the sheriff and shall not be subject to the provisions of article fourteen, 12 chapter seven of this code. No member of the reserves shall 13 engage in any political activity or campaign involving the 14 office of sheriff or from which activity or campaign the sheriff 15 or candidates therefor appointing such member would directly 16 17 benefit.
- 18 (c) Members of the reserves shall not carry weapons nor 19 serve as law-enforcement officers. Such reserves may, however, be provided with radio communication equipment for the 20 purpose of maintaining contact with the sheriff's department 21 or other law-enforcement agencies. The duties of the reserves 22 shall be limited to crowd control or traffic control and 23 direction within the county. In addition, such reserves may 24 25 perform such other duties of a nonlaw-enforcement nature as are designated by the sheriff or by a deputy sheriff designated 26

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- 27 and appointed by the sheriff for that purpose: Provided, That
- 28 in no case shall any member of the reserves aid or assist any
- 29 law-enforcement officer in enforcing the statutes and laws of
- this state in any labor trouble or dispute between employer 30
- 31 and employee.
- 32 (d) Members of the reserves may be uniformed; however, if so uniformed, such uniforms shall clearly differentiate such 33 34 members from other law-enforcement deputy sheriffs.
 - (e) After appointment to the reserves but prior to service as such, each member of the reserves shall receive appropriate training and instruction in their functions and authority as well as the limitations of such authority. In addition, each member of the reserves shall annually receive in-service training.
- 40 (f) Each member of the reserve shall take the same oath as prescribed by section five, article IV of the constitution of the 41 state of West Virginia, but the taking of such oath shall not 42 43 serve to make such member a public officer.
- 44 (g) The county commission of each county shall provide for the bonding and liability insurance of each member of the 45 46 reserve.
- 47 (h) No member of the reserve shall be regarded as an 48 employee of either the sheriff or of the county commission for any purpose or purposes, including, but not limited to, the 49 purposes of workers' compensation, civil service, unemploy-50 ment compensation, public employees retirement, public 51 employees insurance or for any other purpose. No member of 52 53 the reserves shall receive any compensation or pay for any services performed as such member nor shall such member use 54 the designated uniform for any other similar work performed. 55
- 56 (i) Neither the county commission nor the sheriff shall be liable for any of the acts of any member of the reserves except 57 in the case of gross negligence on the part of the county 58 commission or sheriff in the appointment of such member or 59 in the case of gross negligence on the part of either the sheriff 60 or any of his deputies in directing any action on the part of 61 such member. 62

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1013—By Delegate Murphy)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article six, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections twentynine, thirty and thirty-one, article eight, chapter eleven of said code; and to further amend article eight by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-one-a, all relating generally to the liability of and the removal from office of certain public officials in the several political subdivisions of the state; setting forth the grounds upon which such persons may be so removed; identifying the person or persons and number thereof who may prefer charges against such officers; requiring such charges to be preferred in writing before the circuit court of the county wherein such officer resides; requiring the convening of a three-judge court consisting of three circuit judges to hear the matter without a jury; establishing certain procedures with respect to such proceedings and the time within which the same must be heard; requiring certain findings of fact and conclusions of law to be made with respect to any final decision of such three-judge court; providing for an appeal to the supreme court of appeals with respect to a final decision of such court and certain procedures relating to such appeal; providing for the filling of any vacancy of the office from which any such person was removed: requiring certain duties of the prosecuting attorney of the county wherein the charges are brought and of the attorney general of the state upon any appeal therefrom in certain cases; providing for the personal liability of such officers for the negligent illegal expenditure of public moneys; providing for certain criminal liability for the willful illegal expenditure of such moneys and prescribing the punishment therefor; providing that such persons may not be removed from office except upon a showing of willful or grossly negligent behavior with respect to such illegal expenditures; clarifying that certain described conduct shall not constitute gross negligence or willful conduct; setting forth certain instances wherein such officials may be personally liable or

liable upon his or her official bond; recovery of punitive damages in certain instances and the amount thereof; and providing for the recovery of attorney fees in certain instances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article six, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-one, article eight, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted; and that article eight be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-one-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter.

- 6. General Provisions.
- Taxation. 11.

CHAPTER 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 6. REMOVAL OF OFFICERS.

- §6-6-7. Procedure for removal of county, school district and municipal officers having fixed terms; appeal; grounds.
 - (a) Any person holding any county, school district or 1 2 municipal office, including the office of member of a board
 - of education and the office of magistrate, the term or tenure 3
 - of which office is fixed by law, whether the office be elective 4
 - or appointive, except judges of the circuit courts, may be
 - removed from such office in the manner provided in this
 - section for official misconduct, malfeasance in office, 7
 - incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality or for any
 - of the causes or on any of the grounds provided by any other 9
 - statute. 10
 - (b) Charges may be preferred: 11
 - (1) In the case of any county officer, member of a district 12
 - board of education or magistrate, by the county commission, 13 or other tribunal in lieu thereof, any other officer of the county 14
- or by any number of persons other than such county officers, 15
- which number shall be the lesser of fifty or one percent of the 16
- total number of voters of the county participating in the
- 17
- general election next preceding the filing of such charges. 18

- (2) In the case of any municipal officer, by the prosecuting attorney of the county wherein such municipality, or the greater portion thereof, is located, any other elective officer of the municipality, or by any number of persons other than the prosecuting attorney or other municipal elective officer of the municipality who are residents of the municipality, which number shall be the lesser of twenty-five or one percent of the total number of voters of the municipality participating in the election at which the governing body was chosen which election next preceded the filing of the petition.
 - (3) By the chief inspector and supervisor of public offices of the state where the person sought to be removed is entrusted by law with the collection, custody and expenditure of public moneys because of any misapplication, misappropriation or embezzlement of such moneys.
 - (c) The charges shall be reduced to writing in the form of a petition duly verified by at least one of the persons bringing the same, and shall be entered of record by the court, or the judge thereof in vacation, and a summons shall thereupon be issued by the clerk of such court, together with a copy of the petition, requiring the officer or person named therein to appear before the court, at the courthouse of the county where such officer resides, and answer the charges on a day to be named therein, which summons shall be served at least twenty days before the return day thereof in the manner by which a summons commencing a civil suit may be served.

The court, or judge thereof in vacation, or in the case of any multi-judge circuit, the chief judge thereof, shall without delay forward a copy of the petition to the supreme court of appeals and shall ask for the impaneling or convening of a three-judge court consisting of three circuit judges of the state. The chief justice of the supreme court of appeals shall without delay designate and appoint three circuit judges within the state, not more than one of whom shall be from the same circuit in which the petition is filed and, in the order of such appointment, shall designate the date, time and place for the convening of such three-judge court, which date and time shall not be less than twenty days from the date of the filing of the petition.

Such three-judge court shall, without a jury, hear the

charges and all evidence offered in support thereof or in opposition thereto and upon satisfactory proof of the charges shall remove any such officer or person from office and place the records, papers and property of his office in the possession of some other officer or person for safekeeping or in the possession of the person appointed as hereinafter provided to fill the office temporarily. Any final order either removing or refusing to remove any such person from office shall contain such findings of fact and conclusions of law as the three-judge court shall deem sufficient to support its decision of all issues presented to it in the matter.

- (d) An appeal from an order of such three-judge court removing or refusing to remove any person from office pursuant to this section may be taken to the supreme court of appeals within thirty days from the date of entry of the order from which the appeal is to be taken. The supreme court of appeals shall consider and decide the appeal upon the original papers and documents, without requiring the same to be printed and shall enforce its findings by proper writ. From the date of any order of the three-judge court removing an officer under this section until the expiration of thirty days thereafter, and, if an appeal be taken, until the date of suspension of such order, if suspended by the three-judge court and if not suspended, until the final adjudication of the matter by the supreme court of appeals the officer, commission or body having power to fill a vacancy in such office may fill the same by a temporary appointment until a final decision of the matter, and when a final decision is made by the supreme court of appeals shall fill the vacancy in the manner provided by law for such office.
- (e) In any case wherein the charges are preferred by the chief inspector and supervisor of public offices against the county commission or any member thereof or any county district or municipal officer, the proceedings under this section shall be conducted and prosecuted by the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the officer proceeded against resides, and on any appeal from the order of the three-judge court in any such case, the attorney general of the state shall represent the people. When any municipal officer is proceeded against the solicitor or municipal attorney for such municipality may assist in the prosecution of the charges.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 8. LEVIES.

- §11-8-29. Personal liability of official participating in unlawful expenditure.
- §11-8-30. Recovery of unlawful expenditure from participating official by action; costs.
- §11-8-31. Criminal liability of official violating provisions of article; proceeding for removal.
- §11-8-31a. Recovery of attorneys' fees authorized.

§11-8-30. Personal liability of official participating in unlawful expenditure.

- I A person who in his official capacity negligently participates
- 2 in the violation of either section twenty-five or section twenty-
- 3 six of this article shall be personally liable, jointly and
- 4 severally, for the amount illegally expended.

§11-8-30. Recovery of unlawful expenditure from participating official by action; costs.

- 1 A person who in his official capacity negligently participates
- 2 in an illegal expenditure may be proceeded against for the
- 3 recovery of the amount illegally expended. The political
- 4 subdivision concerned, a taxpayer of the subdivision, the state
- 5 tax commissioner or a person prejudiced may bring the
- 6 proceeding.
- 7 All moneys recovered in these proceedings shall be paid into
- 8 the treasury of the proper fiscal body and credited to the 9 proper fund. Recovery in these proceedings shall, in all cases,
- 10 include the principal and interest on the principal at a
- 11 reasonable rate of interest as set by the court in the judgment
- 12 order and may include, in the discretion of the court, a penalty
- 13 of not more than twenty-five percent of the aggregate amount
- 14 of the judgment and interest.
- 15 If the plaintiff prevail, he shall recover against the
- 16 defendant, the costs of the proceedings, including a reasonable
- 17 attorney's fee to be fixed by the trial court and included in
- 18 the taxation of costs.

§11-8-31. Criminal liability of official violating provisions of article; proceeding for removal.

- A person who in his official capacity willfully violates the
- 2 provisions of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
- 3 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than five hundred

dollars, or confined in jail not more than one year, or both.

Upon conviction he shall also forfeit his office: Provided, That
no liability shall arise under the provisions of this section so
far as obligations may have been incurred or may be incurred
prior to the time tax levies may be made under the provisions
of this article by fiscal bodies having for their purpose the

maintenance and operation of free schools or other govern-

mental functions for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred thirty-three—one thousand nine hundred thirty-four.

Proceedings for the removal of a member of a local fiscal body who has willfully or with gross negligence violated any of the provisions of this article shall be brought and maintained in accordance with and shall be subject to the provisions of section seven, article six, chapter six of this code.

An attested copy of the petition and the charges contained therein shall be served upon the defendants at least twenty days prior to the date of hearing. No other pleading or notice of the proceedings shall be necessary.

22 If any person in his or her official capacity participates in 23 an illegal expenditure and in so doing acts in accordance with and upon the advice of his or her statutory attorney or duly 24 appointed attorney, which advice was asked for, received and 25 given in good faith, such person so acting shall not be deemed 26 guilty of gross negligence or of willfully violating any of the 27 28 provisions of this article but may be found to have so acted in a negligent manner and may be proceeded against for the 29 recovery of the amount illegally or improperly expended, both 30 personally or upon his or her official bond. 31

§11-8-31a. Recovery of attorneys' fees authorized.

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The governing body of the governmental entity of which a person is an official is hereby authorized to reimburse such person for the reasonable amount of such person's attorney fees in any case:

- 5 (a) Wherein such person has successfully defended against 6 an action seeking his or her removal from office, or
 - (b) Wherein such person has successfully defended against an action seeking the recovery of moneys alleged to have been wrongfully expended.

- 10 In either case such governing body shall have authority to
- 11 determine if such reimbursement is warranted and the
- 12 reasonableness of the amount sought to be recovered.

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1758-By Delegate Wooton)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article fourteen, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to facsimile signatures of public officials; use; legal effect.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article fourteen, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. UNIFORM FACSIMILE SIGNATURES OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS ACT.

§6-14-2. Facsimile signature; use; legal effect.

- 1 Any authorized officer, after filing with the secretary of state
- 2 his manual signature certified by him under oath, may execute
- 3 or cause to be executed with a facsimile signature in lieu of
- 4 his manual signature:
- 5 (a) Any public security, provided that at least one signature
- 6 required or permitted to be placed thereon shall be manually
- 7 subscribed. If a public security is required to be manually
- 8 signed by a trustee, issuing agent, fiscal agent, registrar, or
- 9 other agent or custodian, the signature of any or all authorized
- 10 officers may be executed by facsimile; and
- 11 (b) Any instrument of payment.
- 12 Upon compliance with this article by the authorized officer,
- 13 his facsimile signature shall have the same legal effect as his
- 14 manual signature.

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 654—By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President, and Senator Harman)

[Passed April 8, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the maximum supplemental payment to the members of the department of public safety in lieu of overtime; and increasing salaries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

§15-2-5. Salaries; exclusion from wage and hour law, with supplemental payment; bond; leave time for members called to duty in guard or reserves.

1 Members of the department shall receive annual salaries

pursuant to appropriation by the Legislature, payable at

least monthly as follows:

4 Any lieutenant colonel shall receive an annual salary of thirty-one thousand five hundred dollars; any major shall 5

receive an annual salary of twenty-eight thousand eight

hundred eighty-four dollars; any captain shall receive an

annual salary of twenty-six thousand seven hundred

8 seventy-two dollars; any lieutenant shall receive an an-9

nual salary of twenty-five thousand two hundred dollars; 10

11 any master sergeant or first sergeant shall receive an an-

12 nual salary of twenty-three thousand six hundred twenty-

eight dollars; any sergeant shall receive an annual salary 13

of twenty-two thousand fifty-six dollars; any corporal 14

shall receive an annual salary of twenty thousand four 15

hundred seventy-two dollars; any trooper first class shall 16

receive an annual salary of eighteen thousand nine hun-17

dred dollars; and any newly enlisted trooper shall receive 18

a salary of one thousand three hundred fifty-five dollars 19

20 monthly during the period of his basic training, and upon 21 the satisfactory completion of such training and assign-22 ment to active duty, each such trooper shall receive, dur-23 ing the remainder of his first year's service, a salary of 24 one thousand four hundred sixty-four dollars monthly. 25 During the second year of his service in the department. 26 each trooper shall receive an annual salary of seventeen 27 thousand nine hundred fifty-two dollars; during the third year of his service, each such trooper shall receive an 28 annual salary of eighteen thousand two hundred fifty-two 29 30 dollars; and during the fourth and fifth year of such trooper's service and for each year thereafter, he shall 31 receive an annual salary of eighteen thousand four hun-32 33 dred ninety-two dollars. Each member of the department 34 whose salary is fixed and specified herein shall receive 35 and be entitled to an increase in salary over that hereinbefore set forth, for grade in rank, based on length of ser-36 vice, including that heretofore and hereafter served with 37 the department as follows: At the end of five years of 38 service with the department, such member shall receive 39 a salary increase of three hundred dollars to be effective 40 41 during his next three years of service and a like increase at three-year intervals thereafter, with such increases to 42 43 be cumulative.

In applying the foregoing salary schedule where salary increases are provided for length of service, members of the department in service at the time this article becomes effective shall be given credit for prior service and shall be paid such salaries as the same length of service will entitle them to receive under the provisions hereof.

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58 59 The Legislature finds and declares that there is litigation pending in the circuit court of Kanawha County on the question whether members of the department of public safety are covered by the provisions of the state wage and hour law, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of this code. The Legislature further finds and declares that because of the unique duties of members of the department, it is not appropriate to apply said wage and hour provisions to them. Accordingly, members of the department of public safety are hereby excluded from the provisions

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of said wage and hour law. The express exclusion hereby 60 enacted shall not be construed as any indication that such 61 members were or were not heretofore covered by said 62 63 wage and hour law.

In lieu of any overtime pay they might otherwise have received under the wage and hour law, and in addition to their salaries and increases for length of service, members who have completed basic training may receive supplemental pay as hereinafter provided.

The superintendent shall, within thirty days after the effective date hereof, promulgate a rule or regulation to establish the number of hours per month which shall 72 constitute the standard work month for the members of the department. Such rule or regulation shall further 73 74 establish, on a graduated hourly basis, the criteria for receipt of a portion or all of such supplemental payment when hours are worked in excess of said standard work month. Such rule or regulation shall be promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The superintendent shall certify monthly to the department's payroll officer the names of those members who have worked in excess of the standard work month and the amount of their entitlement to supplemental payment.

The supplemental payment shall be in an amount equal to one and one-half percent of the annual salary of a trooper during his second year of service, not to exceed two hundred twenty-five dollars monthly. The superintendent and civilian employees of the department shall not be eligible for any such supplemental payments.

Each member of the department, except the superintendent and civilian employees, shall execute, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, a bond with security in the sum of five thousand dollars payable to the state of West Virginia, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties, and such bond shall be approved as to form by the attorney general and to sufficiency by the governor.

Any member of the department who is called to perform active duty for training or inactive duty training in

- 100 the national guard or any reserve component of the armed
- 101 forces of the United States annually, shall be granted
- 102 upon request leave time not to exceed thirty calendar
- 103 days for the purpose of performing such active duty for
- 104 training or inactive duty training, and the time so granted
- training or inactive duty training, and the time so granted
- shall not be deducted from any leave accumulated as a member of the department.

(H. B. 1800—By Delegate Damron)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing an increase in the age limit for persons with prior military experience applying for positions as state police helicopter pilots.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-7. Cadet selection board; qualifications for and appointment to membership in department; civilian employees.
 - 1 (a) The superintendent shall establish within the department 2 of public safety a cadet selection board which shall be 3 representative of commissioned and noncommissioned officers 4 within the department.
 - 5 (b) The superintendent shall appoint a member to the 6 position of trooper from among the top three names on the current list of eligible applicants established by the cadet 8 selection board.
 - 9 (c) Preference in making appointments shall be given 10 whenever possible to honorably discharged members of the

11 armed forces of the United States and to residents of West 12 Virginia. Each applicant for appointment shall be a person not 13 less than twenty-one nor more than thirty years of age, of 14 sound constitution and good moral character; shall be required 15 to pass such mental examination and meet other requirements 16 as may be provided for in regulations promulgated by the 17 cadet selection board; and shall be required to pass such 18 physical examination as may be provided for in regulations 19 promulgated by the retirement board: Provided, That a former 20 member may, at the discretion of the superintendent, be 21 reenlisted if the period of his former service subtracted from 22 his age does not exceed thirty years: Provided, however, That 23 the age limit requirement may be modified for persons over 24 the age of thirty with active duty military experience who are 25 applying for positions as helicopter pilots in the department. 26 For each full year of active military service, the age limit 27 requirement shall be raised by one year to a maximum age of thirty-five years for helicopter pilot applicants. 28 29

- (d) No person may be barred from becoming a member of the department because of his religious or political convictions.
- 31 (e) The superintendent shall adhere to the principles of 32 equal employment opportunity set forth in article eleven, 33 chapter five of this code, and shall take positive steps to 34 encourage applications for department membership from 35 females and minority groups within the state.

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- 36 (f) Except for the superintendent, no person may be 37 appointed or enlisted to membership in the department at a 38 grade or rank above the grade of trooper.
 - (g) The superintendent shall appoint such civilian employees as may be necessary, and all such employees may be included in the classified service of the civil service system except those in positions exempt under the provisions of article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code.

CHAPTER 148

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 523—By Senator White and Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-seven, twentynine, thirty, thirty-three, thirty-four and thirty-five, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to increasing retirement and disability benefits for members of the department of public safety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-seven, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-three, thirty-four and thirty-five, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-27. Retirement; awards and benefits.
- §15-2-29. Awards and benefits for disability—Incurred in performance of duty.
- §15-2-30. Same—Due to other causes.
- §15-2-33. Awards and benefits to dependents of member—When member dies in performance of duty, etc.
- §15-2-34. Same—When member dies from nonservice—connected causes.
- §15-2-35. Same—When member dies after retirement or after serving twenty years.

§15-2-27. Retirement; awards and benefits.

- 1 (a) The retirement board shall retire any member of 2 the department of public safety when the member has
- 3 both attained the age of fifty-five years and completed
- 4 twenty-five years of service as a member of the depart-
- 5 ment, including military service credit granted under the
- 6 provisions of section twenty-eight of this article.
- (b) The retirement board shall retire any member of
 the department of public safety who has lodged with the
 secretary of the retirement board his voluntary petition
- 10 in writing for retirement, and:
- 11 (1) Has or shall have completed twenty-five years of 12 service as a member of the department (including mili-
- 13 tary service credit granted under the provisions of section
- 14 twenty-eight of this article);
- 15 (2) Has or shall have attained the age of fifty years
- 16 and has or shall have completed twenty years of service
- 17 as a member of the department (excluding military ser-
- 18 vice credit granted under section twenty-eight of this
- 19 article); or
- 20 (3) Being under the age of fifty years has or shall have

21 completed twenty years of service as a member of the 22 department (excluding military service credit granted 23 under section twenty-eight of this article).

- 24 (c) When the retirement board retires any member 25 under any of the provisions of this section, the board shall, by order in writing, make an award directing that 26 the member shall be entitled to receive annually and that 27 28 there shall be paid to the member from the death, disability and retirement fund in equal monthly installments 29 30 during the natural lifetime of the member while in status of retirement one or the other of two amounts, whichever 31 32 is the greater:
- 33 (1) An amount equal to five percent of the aggregate 34 of salary paid to the member during the whole period of 35 service as a member of the department of public safety; 36 or
 - (2) The sum of five thousand five hundred dollars.

When a member has or shall have served twenty years or longer but less than twenty-five years as a member of the department and shall be retired under any of the provisions of this section before he shall have attained the age of fifty years, payment of monthly installments of the amount of retirement award to such member shall commence on the date he attains the age of fifty years.

§15-2-29. Awards and benefits for disability—Incurred in performance of duty.

1 Any member of said department who has been or shall become physically or mentally permanently disabled by 2 injury, illness or disease resulting from any occupational risk or hazard inherent in or peculiar to the services re-4 quired of members of said department and incurred pursuant to or while such member was or shall be engaged 6 in the performance of his duties as a member of said 7 department shall, if, in the opinion of the retirement 8 board, he is by reason of such cause unable to perform 9 adequately the duties required of him as a member of 10 said department, be retired from active service by the 11 retirement board and thereafter such member shall be en-12 titled to receive annually and there shall be paid to such 13

member from the death, disability and retirement fund in equal monthly installments during the natural lifetime of such member or until such disability shall sooner terminate, one or the other of two amounts, whichever is greater:

- (1) An amount equal to five and one-half percent of the total salary which would have been earned during twenty-five years or actual service if more than twentyfive years in said department based on the average earnings of such member while employed as a member of said department; or
 - (2) The sum of five thousand five hundred dollars.

If such disability shall be permanent and total to the extent that such member is or shall be incapacitated ever to engage in any gainful employment, such member shall be entitled to receive annually and there shall be paid to such member from the death, disability and retirement fund in equal monthly installments during the natural lifetime of such member or until such disability shall sooner terminate, an amount equal to eight and one-half percent of the total salary which would have been earned by such member during twenty-five years or actual service if more than twenty-five years of service in said department based on the average earnings of such member while employed as a member of said department.

The superintendent is authorized to expend moneys from funds appropriated for the department in payment of medical, surgical, laboratory, X-ray, hospital, ambulance and dental expenses and fees, and reasonable costs and expenses incurred in purchase of artificial limbs and other approved appliances which may be reasonably necessary for any member of said department who has or shall become temporarily, permanently or totally disabled by injury, illness or disease resulting from any occupational risk or hazard inherent in or peculiar to the service required of members of said department and incurred pursuant to or while such member was or shall be engaged in the performance of duties as a member of said department. Whenever the superintendent shall determine that any disabled member is ineligible to receive

- 54 any of the aforesaid benefits at public expense the super-
- 55 intendent shall, at the request of such disabled member,
- 56 refer such matter to the retirement board for hearing and
- 57 final decision.

§15-2-30. Same—Due to other causes.

If any member while in active service of said depart-1 ment has or shall, in the opinion of the retirement board, 3 become permanently disabled to the extent that such 4 member cannot adequately perform the duties required of a member of the department from any cause other than those set forth in the next preceding section and not due to vicious habits, intemperance or willful misconduct on his part, such member shall be retired by the retirement board and, if such member at the time of such retirement under this section, shall have served less than 10 twenty years as a member of said department, such mem-11 12 ber shall be entitled to receive annually and there shall 13 be paid to such member while in status of retirement, from the death, disability and retirement fund in equal monthly installments during a period equal to one half the time such member has served as a member of said 16 department, a sum equal to five and one-half percent of 17 the total salary which would have been earned during 18 twenty-five years of service in said department based on 19 the average earnings of such member while employed 20 as a member of said department, but if such member, at 21 the time of such retirement under the terms of this sec-22 tion, shall have served twenty years or longer as a mem-23 ber of said department, such member shall be entitled to 24 receive annually and there shall be paid to such member 25 from the death, disability and retirement fund in equal 26 monthly installments, commencing on the date such mem-27 ber shall be retired and continuing during the natural 28 lifetime of such member while in status of retirement. 29 one or the other of the two amounts, based upon either 30 the aggregate of salary paid to such member during the 31 whole period of service of such member or the period of 32 twenty years or longer during which such member at 33 the time of such retirement has, or shall have served as 34

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- 35 a member of said department, whichever shall be the
- 36 greater, to be determined in the manner provided by sub-
- 37 divisions (1) and (2), subsection (c), section twenty-seven
- 38 of this article.

§15-2-33. Awards and benefits to dependents of member— When member dies in performance of duty, etc.

1 The surviving spouse or the dependent child or children 2 or dependent parent or parents of any member who has lost or shall lose his life by reason of injury, illness or 3 disease resulting from an occupational risk or hazard inherent in or peculiar to the service required of mem-5 bers while such member was or shall be engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of said department or if said member shall die from any cause after 8 9 having been retired pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-nine of this article, shall be entitled to receive 10 and shall be paid from the death, disability and retire-11 ment fund benefits as follows: To the surviving spouse 12 annually, in equal monthly installments during his or her 13

(1) An amount equal to five and one-half percent of the total salary which would have been earned by said deceased member during twenty-five years of service in said department based on the average earnings of such member while employed as a member of said department; or

lifetime or until his or her remarriage one or the other

of two amounts, whichever shall be the greater, namely:

(2) The sum of five thousand five hundred dollars.

In addition thereto such surviving spouse shall be entitled to receive and there shall be paid to such person one hundred dollars monthly for each dependent child or children. If such surviving spouse shall die or remarry or if there be no surviving spouse there shall be paid monthly to such dependent child or children from the death, disability and retirement fund the sum of one hundred dollars each. If there be no surviving spouse and no dependent child or children, there shall be paid annually in equal monthly installments from said death, disability

33 and retirement fund to the dependent parents of said 34 deceased member during their joint lifetimes a sum 35 equal to the amount which a surviving spouse, without 36 children, would have received: *Provided*, That when there 37 shall be but one dependent parent surviving, such parent 38 shall be entitled to receive during his or her lifetime one

39 half the amount which both parents, if living, would

40 have been entitled to receive.

§15-2-34. Same—When member dies from nonservice-connected causes.

1 In any case where a member while in active service of said department, before having completed twenty years of service as a member of said department, has died or shall die from any cause other than those specified in this article and not due to vicious habits, intemperance or willful misconduct on his part, there shall be paid annually in equal monthly installments from said death, 7 disability and retirement fund to the surviving spouse of such member during his or her natural lifetime or until 9 such time said surviving spouse remarries, a sum equal 10 to two and three-quarters percent of the total salary 11 which would have been earned by said member during 12 13 twenty-five years of service in said department based on his or her average earnings while employed as a member of said department. If there be no surviving spouse there 15 16 shall be paid from said fund to each dependent child or children of said deceased member the sum of one hundred 17 dollars monthly. If there be no surviving spouse and no 18 dependent child or children there shall be paid annually 19 in equal monthly installments from said fund to the de-20 pendent parents of said deceased member during their 21 joint lifetimes a sum equal to the amount which a surviv-22 ing spouse would have been entitled to receive: Provided, 23 That when there shall be but one dependent parent sur-24 viving then such dependent parent shall be entitled to 25 receive during his or her lifetime one half the amount 26 which both parents, if living, would have been entitled 27 to receive. 28

§15-2-35. Same—When member dies after retirement or after serving twenty years.

1 When any member of said department has heretofore completed or hereafter shall complete twenty years of service or longer as a member of said department and has died or shall die from any cause or causes other than those specified in this article before having been retired 5 by the retirement board, and when a member in retire-7 ment status has died or shall die after having been retired by the retirement board under the provisions of this article, there shall be paid annually in equal monthly 9 installments from said fund to the surviving spouse of 10 said member, commencing on the date of the death of 11 said member and continuing during the lifetime or until 12 remarriage of said surviving spouse an amount equal to 13 14 three fourths the retirement benefits said deceased member was receiving while in status of retirement, or would 15 16 have been entitled to receive to the same effect as if such 17 member had been retired under the provisions of this article immediately prior to the time of his death; and in 18 addition thereto said surviving spouse shall be entitled 19 20 to receive and there shall be paid to such surviving spouse 21 from said fund the sum of one hundred dollars monthly for each dependent child or children. If such surviving 22 spouse die or remarry, or if there be no surviving spouse 23 there shall be paid monthly from said fund to each de-24 pendent child or children of said deceased member the 25 sum of one hundred dollars. If there be no surviving 26 spouse or no surviving spouse eligible to receive benefits 27 28 and no dependent child or children there shall be paid annually in equal monthly installments from said fund to 29 the dependent parents of said deceased member during 30 their joint lifetimes a sum equal to the amount which 31 32 a surviving spouse without children would have been entitled to receive: Provided, That when there shall be 33 but one dependent parent surviving, such parent shall be 34 entitled to receive during his or her lifetime one half 35 the amount which both parents, if living, would have been 36 entitled to receive. 37

(H. B. 2132—By Delegate Starcher)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the public service commission; commission continued; membership; chairman; compensation; and increasing the salaries of commissioners.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§24-1-3. Commission continued; membership; chairman; compensation.

1 (a) The public service commission of West Virginia, 2 heretofore established, is continued and directed as provided by this chapter, chapter twenty-four-a and chapter twenty-4 four-b. The public service commission may sue and be sued 5 by that name. Such public service commission shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commissioners shall 7 be citizens and residents of this state and at least one of them shall be duly licensed to practice law in West Virginia, of not 9 10 less than ten years' actual experience at the bar. No more than 11 two of said commissioners shall be members of the same political party. Each commissioner shall, before entering upon 12 13 the duties of his office, take and subscribe to the oath provided by section five, article IV of the constitution, which oath shall 14 be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The governor 15 shall designate one of the commissioners to serve as chairman 16 at the governor's will and pleasure. The chairman shall be the 17 chief administrative officer of the commission. The governor 18 may remove any commissioner only for incompetency, neglect 19 of duty, gross immorality, malfeasance in office or violation 20 of subsection (c) of this section. 21

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- 22 (b) The unexpired term of members of the public service 23 commission at the time this subsection becomes effective are 24 continued through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine. In accordance with the provisions of 25 subsection (a) of this section, the governor shall appoint three 26 27 commissioners, one for a term of two years, one for a term of four years and one for a term of six years, all the terms 28 beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 29 30 seventy-nine. All future appointments are for terms of six 31 years, except that an appointment to fill a vacancy is for the unexpired term only. The commissioners whose terms are 32 terminated by the provisions of this subsection are eligible for 33 34 reappointment.
 - (c) No person while in the employ of, or holding any official relation to, any public utility subject to the provisions of this chapter, or holding any stocks or bonds thereof, or who is pecuniarily interested therein, may serve as a member of the commission or as an employee thereof. Nor may any such commissioner be a candidate for or hold public office, or be a member of any political committee, while acting as such commissioner; nor may any commissioner or employee of said commission receive any pass, free transportation or other thing of value, either directly or indirectly, from any public utility or motor carrier subject to the provisions of this chapter. In case any of the commissioners becomes a candidate for any public office or a member of any political committee, the governor shall remove him from office and shall appoint a new commissioner to fill the vacancy created.
- 50 (d) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and in light of the assignment of new, substantial duties embracing new areas and fields of activity 52 under certain legislative enactments, each commissioner shall 53 receive a salary of thirty-nine thousand two hundred forty 54 dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- 57 (1) From the public service commission fund collected 58 under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, 59 thirty thousand two hundred ten dollars:
- 60 (2) From the public service commission motor carrier fund collected under the provisions of section six, article six, 61

62 chapter twenty-four-a of this code, seven thousand five 63 hundred twenty-five dollars; and

(3) From the public service commission gas pipeline safety fund collected under the provisions of section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, one thousand five hundred five dollars.

In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive three thousand five hundred dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four.

- (e) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and in light of the assignment of new, substantial additional duties embracing new areas and fields of activity under certain legislative enactments, each commissioner shall receive a salary of forty-one thousand dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- 82 (1) From the public service commission fund collected 83 under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, 84 thirty-one thousand six hundred dollars;
 - (2) From the public service commission motor carrier fund collected under the provisions of section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, seven thousand nine hundred dollars; and
 - (3) From the public service commission gas pipeline safety fund collected under the provisions of section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, one thousand five hundred dollars.

In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive three thousand six hundred seventy-five dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

CHAPTER 150

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 232—By Senators Craigo, Boettner and Chafin)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend chapter thirty-one of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty; to amend and reenact sections one, two and four, article three, chapter fifty of said code; and to further amend said article three by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a; to amend and reenact sections eleven, twenty-eight and thirty-one, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code; and to further amend said article one by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-eight-a, all relating generally to the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority and funding therefor; excepting certain costs and fees from net proceeds accounted for and sent to the treasury of the state by the sheriff; requiring certain proceeds of costs and fines to be transmitted to the regional jail and prison development fund upon completion of regional jail facilities; providing for certain expenses related to local holding facilities; creating the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority; enacting the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority act; definitions; the authority to be a body corporate and a government instrumentality; governing board; commissioner of corrections to be chairman; commissioner of finance and administration to be treasurer; members; appointment; terms; vacancies; members bond; board to be governing body and exercise powers of authority; meetings; officers; quorum; bylaws; rules regarding business of authority; executive director; personnel, consultants, technicians and legal staff; expenses from regional jail and prison development fund; comprehensive study of prison, work farm and jail facilities; deadline; requirements of study; plan to specify groups of counties; bidding procedures; notice thereof; contracts for lease not to be bid; bond of contractors; what authority to consider when creating the plan establishing regions; public hearings and

notice thereof; hearings on sites; procedures to be promulgated; requirements; powers of authority; regional jail commissions; composition; appointment; terms; vacancies; compensation and expenses; regional jail commission powers and duties; jail, work farm and prison standards commission; members; appointment; compensation and expenses; secretarial and other expenses; vacancies; quorum; purpose; standards and procedures for prisons, work farms, regional jails and local jail facilities used as temporary holding facilities; requirements of standards; promulgation of standards by legislative rule making; review and update of standards; reports to authority; regional jail and prison development fund created; special account in state treasury; revolving fund; revenues to secure bonds, security interests or notes; investments; interest to be credited to the fund; excess to general fund; what fund shall consist of; how amounts deposited to be accounted for and expended; counties to use regional jail facilities; costs per day to be paid; borrowing of money; authorization by resolution of board; not to exceed twenty-five years; provisions of resolution; notes, security interests and bonds to be general obligations and negotiable instruments; provisions of resolutions authorizing notes, security interests or bonds or any issue thereof may contain to be a part of the contract with holders; authority for purchase and redemption of notes, security interests or bonds; the state of West Virginia not to be liable on notes, security interests or bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of the authority; disclaimer thereof to be noted thereon; twenty-five percent of holders authorized to appoint a trustee in the event of default in payment, default in any agreement or failure or refusal to comply with law on the part of the authority; procedures; powers of trustee upon request of twenty-five percent of holders; incidental powers; notice before declaration that obligations due and payable; notes, security interests and bonds to be securities; who may invest therein; duties of state board of investments prior to investing therein; requirements and limits for purchase by state board of investments; tax exemption of authority; obligations, and interest and income thereon to be exempt from taxation by this state or its subdivisions or instrumentalities except inheritance taxes; limit on



principal amount of obligations; computation thereof; purchase by state board of investments limited; validity of any pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument; money of authority to be collected and received by the treasurer of the authority and paid into the state treasury; exceptions; conflicts of interest prohibited; such contracts or agreements to be void; acts of authority not to conflict with performance due by agreement with federal agency; authority not to alter or limit rights and powers inconsistent therewith; civil filing fees in magistrate courts raised; costs in criminal proceedings in magistrate courts raised; disposition of additional fees and costs to regional jail and prison development fund in the state treasury; civil filing fees in circuit court raised: fees for services in circuit court misdemeanor and felony cases raised; disposition of additional filing fees and fees for services in criminal cases to the state treasury; fees for enforcement of a judgment raised; duties of clerks; additional costs, fees, fees for services in criminal cases exempt from certain handling; authority to exercise all power and authority provided in this article necessary and convenient to plan, finance, construct, renovate, maintain and operate prisons after first providing for regional jail facilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that chapter thirty-one of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty; that sections one, two and four, article three, chapter fifty of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article three be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a; that sections eleven, twenty-eight and thirty-one, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said article one be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-eight-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter.

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 31. Corporations.
- 50. Magistrate Courts.
- 59. Fees, Allowance and Costs; Newspapers; Legal Advertisements.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 5. FISCAL AFFAIRS.

§7-5-15. Annual statement of sheriff of fines and costs received from magistrates; payment into state treasury.

The sheriff shall annually, during the month of January, 1 2 render under oath to the auditor a true statement of the account of all fines and costs collected by magistrates and transmitted to him and pay into the treasury of the state, the net proceeds of such fines and costs as exhibited by such 5 account, to be appropriated as directed by the fifth section 6 7 of article twelve of the constitution of this state. Failure to do so shall be deemed a breach of his official duty. For the 8 purposes of this section, the net proceeds of such fines and 9 costs shall be deemed to be the proceeds remaining after 10 11 deducting therefrom: (1) The cost of auditing the accounts of magistrates by the chief inspector's office; (2) the 12 amounts of costs and fees paid into the regional jail and 13 prison development fund of the state treasury by the clerk 14 in the manner provided by section four-a, article three, 15 chapter fifty of this code; (3) until a regional facility is 16 provided pursuant to article twenty, chapter thirty-one of 17 this code, the expenses and costs of operation and 18 maintenance of the county jail or a regional correctional 19 facility, other than a facility provided pursuant to article 20 21 twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code, operated jointly with one or more other county or counties, and of 22 constructing, reconstructing and renovating any jail 23 facility used for county prisoners and of periodic payments, 24 if any, for the establishment of a jail improvement fund in 25 the manner provided by section nine, article one of this 26 chapter for constructing, reconstructing or renovating any 27 jail facility used for county prisoners; and (4) after a 28 regional facility is made available to the county pursuant to 29 article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code, the expenses 30 and costs of operation of the jail for the county in the form of 31 the per day costs required to be paid into the regional jail 32 and prison development fund pursuant to subsection (h), 33 section ten, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code, 34 the periodic payments, if any, for the establishment of a jail 35 improvement fund in the manner provided by section nine, 36

- 37 article one of this chapter, which shall thereafter be
- 38 transmitted to the state treasurer and deposited in the
- 39 regional jail and prison development fund, and the funds
- 40 expended by the respective counties, if any, for expenses
- 41 incurred in housing prisoners in local jail facilities used as
- 42 holding facilities.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 20. WEST VIRGINIA REGIONAL JAIL AND PRISON AUTHORITY.

- §31-20-1. Short title.
- §31-20-2. Definitions.
- §31-20-3. West Virginia regional jail and prison authority; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.
- §31-20-4. Governing body; organization and meetings; quorum; administrative expenses.
- §31-20-5. Powers and duties of the authority; bidding procedures.
- §31-20-5a. Bidding procedures.
- §31-20-6. Regional jail commissions; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.
- §31-20-7. General powers of the commission.
- §31-20-8. Jail and prison standards commission; appointments; compensation; vacancies; quorum.
- §31-20-9. Purpose; powers and duties.
- §31-20-10. Regional jail and prison development fund.
- §31-20-11. Borrowing of money.
- §31-20-12. Notes, security interests and bonds as general obligations of authority.
- §31-20-13. Notes, security interests and bonds as negotiable instruments.
- §31-20-14. Authorizing resolutions.
- §31-20-15. Redemption of notes, security interests or bonds.
- §31-20-16. Disclaimer of any liability of state of West Virginia.
- §31-20-17. Default in payment of principal or interest.
- §31-20-18. Investment in notes, security interests and bonds.
- §31-20-19. Tax exemption.
- §31-20-20. Authorized limit on borrowing.
- §31-20-21. Validity of any pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument.
- §31-20-22. Money of the authority.
- §31-20-23. Conflict of interest; when contracts void.
- §31-20-24. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.

§31-20-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as "The West
- 2 Virginia Regional Jail and Prison Authority Act."

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§31-20-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context indicates clearly otherwise, as used in 2 this article:
- (a) "Authority" or "West Virginia regional jail
 authority" means the West Virginia regional jail and prison
 authority created by this article.
 - (b) "Board" means the governing body of the authority.
 - (c) "Bonds" means bonds of the authority issued under this article.
 - (d) "Cost of construction or renovation of a local jail facility or regional jail facility" means the cost of all lands, water areas, property rights and easements, financing charges, interest prior to and during construction and for a period not exceeding six months following the completion of construction, equipment, engineering and legal services, plans, specifications and surveys, estimates of costs and other expenses necessary or incidental to determining the feasibility or practicability of any such project, together with such other expenses as may be necessary or incidental to the financing and the construction or renovation of such facilities and the placing of same in operation.
 - (e) "County" means any county of this state.
 - (f) "Federal agency" means the United States of America and any department, corporation, agency or instrumentality created, designated or established by the United States of America.
 - (g) "Fund" means the regional jail development fund provided in section ten of this article.
 - (h) "Government" means state and federal government, and any political subdivision, agency or instrumentality thereof, corporate or otherwise.
 - (i) "Inmate" means any person properly committed to a local or regional jail facility or a prison.
- (j) "Local jail facility" means any county facility for the
 confinement, custody, supervision or control of persons
 convicted of misdemeanors, awaiting trial or awaiting
 transportation to a state correctional facility.
- 37 (k) "Municipality" means any city, town or village in 38 this state.
 - (l) "Notes" means any notes as defined in section one

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- hundred four, article three, chapter forty-six of this code issued under this article by the authority.

 (m) "Prison" means any prison, penitentiary detention
- 42 (m) "Prison" means any prison, penitentiary, detention 43 center or other correctional institution operated by the 44 department of corrections.
- 45 (n) "Regional jail facility" or "regional jail" means any 46 facility operated by the authority and used jointly by two or 47 more counties for the confinement, custody, supervision or 48 control of persons convicted of misdemeanors or awaiting 49 trial or awaiting transportation to a state correctional 50 facility.
- 51 (o) "Regional jail commission" means the commission 52 established in section eight of this article. 53 (p) "Revenues" means all fees charges moneys profits
 - (p) "Revenues" means all fees, charges, moneys, profits, payments of principal of, or interest on, loans and other investments, grants, contributions and all other income received by the authority.
 - (q) "Security interest" means an interest in the loan portfolio of the authority which interest is secured by an underlying loan or loans and is evidenced by a note issued by the authority.
- 61 (r) "Work farm" shall have the same meaning as that 62 term is used in section twelve, article eight, chapter seven of 63 this code authorizing work farms for individual counties.

§31-20-3. West Virginia regional jail and prison authority; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.

There is hereby created the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority which shall be a body corporate and a government instrumentality.

The authority shall be governed by a board, consisting of 4 a chairman, who shall be the commissioner of the 5 department of corrections; a treasurer, who shall be the commissioner of the department of finance and 7 administration or his designated representative; three members appointed by the governor, who are 9 representative of the areas of law, medicine and county 10 11 government; the state superintendent of schools or his designated representative; the state fire marshal or his 12 designated representative; the director of the department of 13

14 health or his designated representative; and a

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15 representative from the juvenile facilities review panel.

16 Upon the establishment of the regional jail commissions, as

17 provided for in section five of this article, one member of

each commission shall become a member of the board, such 18

member to be appointed by the regional jail commission. 19

Members of the Legislature are not eligible to serve on the 20 21 board.

The governor shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint three members of the authority for staggered terms of four years beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. Of the members of the board first appointed, one shall be 26 appointed for a term ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and one each for terms 28 ending one and two years thereafter. As these original 29 appointments expire, each subsequent appointment shall 30 be for a full four-year term. 31

Any appointed member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any appointed member is eligible for reappointment. Members of the authority are not entitled to compensation for services performed as members but are entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

All members of the board of the authority shall execute an 41 official bond in a penalty of ten thousand dollars, 42 conditioned as required by law. Premiums on such bond 43 shall be paid from funds accruing to the authority. Such 44 bond shall be approved as to form by the attorney general 45 and as to sufficiency by the governor and, when fully 46 executed and approved, shall be filed in the office of the 47 48 secretary of state.

§31-20-4. Governing body; organization and meetings; quorum; administrative expenses.

The governing body of the authority shall consist of the 1 2 members of the board as provided in section three of this article and shall exercise all the powers given to the authority in this article. The commissioner of the department of corrections shall be chairman of the board



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and its chief executive officer. On the second Monday of July of each year, the board shall meet to elect a secretary 8 from among its own members.

9 A majority of the members of the board constitute a 10 quorum, and a quorum must be present for the board to conduct business. Unless the bylaws require a larger 11 number, action may be taken by majority vote of the 12 13 members present.

14 The board shall manage the property and business of the 15 authority and prescribe, amend and repeal by laws and rules governing the manner in which the business of the authority 16 17 is conducted.

18 The authority shall employ an executive director and any 19 other personnel it determines necessary and may appoint its 20 own counsel and legal staff and retain such temporary engineering, financial and other consultants or technicians 21 as may be required for any special study or survey 22 consistent with the provisions of this article. 23

All costs incidental to the administration of the authority 24 25 including office expense, personal services expense and 26 current expense, shall be paid from the regional jail and prison development fund in accordance with guidelines 28 issued by the board of the authority.

§31-20-5. Powers and duties of the authority; bidding procedures.

The regional jail and prison authority shall complete a 1 comprehensive study of all prison and jail facilities in the state of West Virginia no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. This study shall include an assessment of the physical conditions of confinement 5 within the institutions and the relative need for the institutions when considering other available institutions of confinement located within the state. 8

After completing this study, the authority shall submit a 9 plan to the governor on the establishment of regional jails in 10 this state and the acquisition, construction or renovation of facilities for prisons. The authority shall specify groups of 12 counties within the state to be formed into regions for the establishment of such regional jails. Within each region a 14 local jail commission shall be established and have the powers and duties as set forth in section six of this article.

The authority shall consider, but not be limited to, the following when creating the plan establishing regions:

- (1) The relative physical condition of the prisons and jail facilities located within the state;
- (2) The transportation costs associated with the establishment of centralized jail services including, but not limited to, the costs of transporting persons incarcerated in regional jails to court appearances, to interviews with their attorneys, and to have visitation with their families and friends all in any county seat of a county served by the regional facility:
- (3) The availability of medical services and educational and recreational opportunities;
 - (4) Information received from public hearings;
- (5) The relative efficiency in the cost of jail services caused by establishment of regional jail facilities;
- (6) Available facilities which may be used as regional jails or prisons including, but not limited to, existing county and state owned properties;
- (7) The cost of acquiring, constructing, renovating, operating and maintaining local jail facilities for use as local holding facilities in each county and regional jail facilities for each county and the financing provided by this article:
- (8) The leasing of any available portion of any regional jail space and the leasing of available facilities of any regional jail to the West Virginia department of corrections for the keeping and detaining of prisoners sentenced to serve terms of incarceration under the custody of the West Virginia department of corrections for nonviolent crimes and to contract with the department of corrections for the providing of food, clothing, shelter and any and all incidental costs in the care, control and maintenance of such prisoners: *Provided*, That such leasing does not restrict space or facilities needed for the detention of county prisoners;
- (9) The advisability and cost effectiveness of acquiring, constructing, renovating, operating and maintaining work farms serving one or more counties or regions; and
- (10) The proximity of possible sites for the regional jail facilities to residential areas, schools, churches and other public buildings and facilities.



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59 Public hearings pursuant to this section shall be held by 60 the authority in convenient locations throughout the state. 61 No less than ten public hearings shall be held for public 62 comment on the establishment of regional jails. The 63 authority shall cause to be published at least two weeks in 64 advance of a hearing a Class II-O legal advertisement, as 65 provided in section two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of 66 this code, setting forth the reason for the hearing and the 67 time, place and date thereof, the publication area shall be 68 each county which may be included in a region for the 69 purposes of a regional jail with the county in which the 70 public hearing is held.

In addition to the hearing requirements above, before beginning construction of a new facility for use as a regional jail or prison facility or before beginning renovation or acquisition of an existing facility for use as a regional jail facility which existing facility is not already a jail, prison or secure facility for the detention of juveniles or persons otherwise involuntarily committed or confined, the authority shall hold a hearing for comment by all members of the public on all aspects relating to the advisability of the use of the site for that regional jail facility. The authority shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the requirements for notice and other procedures of said public hearings which requirements shall be as similar as practicable to those hearings conducted regarding the construction of bridges by the West Virginia department of highways.

The authority, as a public corporation and governmental instrumentality exercising public powers of the state, may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article, including, but not limited to, the power:

- (a) To acquire, own, hold and dispose of property, real and personal, tangible and intangible.
 - (b) To lease property, whether as lessee or lessor.
- (c) To mortgage or otherwise grant security interests in its property.
- (d) To conduct examinations and investigations and to hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirmation at public or private hearings, on any matter relevant to this article and necessary for information on the construction or

renovation of any correctional facility or the establishment of any prison industries project.

- (e) To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers relevant to any hearing before such authority or one or more members appointed by it to conduct any hearing.
- (f) To apply to the circuit court having venue of such offense to have punished for contempt any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena, to be sworn or affirmed or to testify or who commits any contempt after being summoned to appear.
- (g) To sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in any court.
 - (h) To adopt, use and alter at will a corporate seal.
- (i) To make bylaws for the management and regulation of its affairs pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
 - (j) To appoint officers, agents and employees.
- (k) To make contracts of every kind and nature and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient for carrying on its business.
- (l) Without in any way limiting any other subdivision of this section, to accept grants from and enter into contracts and other transactions with any federal agency.
- (m) To borrow money and to issue its negotiable bonds, security interests or notes and to provide for and secure the payment thereof, and to provide for the rights of the holders thereof, and to purchase, hold and dispose of any of its bonds, security interests or notes: *Provided*, That no bond or other obligation may be issued or incurred unless and until the Legislature by concurrent resolution has approved the purpose and amount of each project for which proceeds from the issuance of such bond or other obligation will be used.
- (n) To sell, at public or private sale, any bond or other negotiable instrument, security interest or obligation of the authority in such manner and upon such terms as the authority considers would best serve the purposes of this article.
- (o) To issue its bonds, security interests and notes payable solely from the revenues or other funds available to the authority therefor; and the authority may issue its



- bonds, security interests or notes in such principal amounts
 as it considers necessary to provide funds for any purposes
 under this article, including:
 - (1) The payment, funding or refunding of the principal of, interest on or redemption premiums on, any bonds, security interests or notes issued by it whether the bonds, security interests, notes or interest to be funded or refunded have or have not become due.
 - (2) The establishment or increase of reserves to secure or to pay bonds, security interests, notes or the interest thereon and all other costs or expenses of the authority incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its corporate purposes and powers. Any bonds, security interests or notes may be additionally secured by a pledge of any revenues, funds, assets or moneys of the authority from any source whatsoever.
 - (p) To issue renewal notes or security interests, to issue bonds to pay notes or security interests and, whenever it considers refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance of the notes renewed and no such refunding bonds may be issued to mature more than twenty-five years from the date of issuance.
 - (q) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes, security interests or refunding bonds to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes, security interests or bonds to be refunded.
 - (r) To accept gifts or grants of property, funds, security interests, money, materials, labor, supplies or services from the United States of America or from any governmental unit or any person, firm or corporation, and to carry out the terms or provisions of, or make agreements with respect to, or pledge, any gifts or grants, and to do any and all things necessary, useful, desirable or convenient in connection with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of gifts or grants.
- 181 (s) To the extent permitted under its contracts with the 182 holders of bonds, security interests or notes of the authority, 183 to consent to any modification of the rate of interest, time of 184 payment of any installment of principal or interest, security

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or any other term of any bond, security interest, note or contract or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party.

- (t) To sell security interests in the loan portfolio of the authority. Such security interests shall be evidenced by instruments issued by the authority. Proceeds from the sale of security interests may be issued in the same manner and for the same purposes as bond and note revenues.
- (u) To promulgate rules, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement and make effective the powers, duties and responsibilities invested in the authority by the provisions of this article and otherwise by law.
- (v) To assume the responsibility for operation and management of regional jail facilities under the jurisdiction of the state regional jail and prison authority including the transportation of persons incarcerated therein for all required purposes including, but not limited to, court appearances and reasonable interviews with their attorney or visitation with their family and friends all in the county seat of any county served by the regional facility.
- 206 (w) To exercise all power and authority provided in this 207 article necessary and convenient to plan, finance, construct, 208 renovate, maintain and operate prisons after first providing 209 for regional jail facilities.

§31-20-5a. Bidding procedures.

1 When the cost under any contract or agreement entered into by the authority other than compensation for personal services, involves an expenditure of more than two thousand dollars, the authority shall make a written 4 contract with the lowest responsible bidder after public 5 notice published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, the publication area for such 8 publication to be the county or counties wherein the work is 9 to be performed or which is affected by the contract, which 10 notice shall state the general character of the work and 11 general character of the materials to be furnished, the place 12 where plans and specifications therefor may be examined 13 and the time and place of receiving bids, but a contract for 14

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15 lease of a prison or regional or county jail project 16 constructed and owned by the authority is not subject to the 17 foregoing requirements and the authority may enter into 18 such contract for lease pursuant to negotiation upon such 19 terms and conditions and for such period as it finds to be 20 reasonable and proper under the circumstances and in the 21 best interests of proper operation or efficient acquisition or 22 construction of such projects. The authority may reject any 23 and all bids. A bond with good and sufficient surety, approved by the authority, shall be required of all 24 contractors in an amount equal to at least fifty percent of 25 26 the contract price, conditioned upon faithful performance 27 of the contract.

§31-20-6. Regional jail commissions; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.

1 Upon the formation of specific regions by the regional jail 2 and prison authority for the establishment of regional jails as provided in section five of this article, there shall be created in each region a regional jail commission composed of the following members: The sheriff from each county in the region or his designated representative; a member of the 7 county commission from each county in the region chosen by the commission or a designated representative; one 8 9 mayor from each county in the region to be appointed by the regional jail and prison authority from a list of names 10 submitted by the West Virginia municipal league, or his 11 designated representative; and three persons from the 12 region who are representative of the areas of law, medicine 13 14 and education to be appointed by the regional jail and prison authority and who shall serve for a term of three 15 years: Provided, That any local regional jail authority or 16 commission established prior to the effective date of this 17 article shall be recognized as meeting the requirements of 18 19 this section, at the option of the local regional jail authority 20 or commission.

Any appointed member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any appointed member is

- 25 eligible for reappointment. Members of the authority are
- not entitled to compensation for services performed as 26
- members but are entitled to reimbursement for all 27
- reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the 28
- performance of their duties. The county commission from 29
- each county in the region shall provide the commission with 30
- secretarial and other necessary services. 31

§31-20-7. General powers of the commission.

1 Each regional jail commission shall prepare and submit

- 2 such plans, suggestions and recommendations to the
- regional jail and prison authority which will define the 3
- needs for its region as to the construction, renovation and
- 5 general operation of a regional jail facility. The report may
- 6 include, but is not limited to, recommendations for
- conforming its jail facility to the jail standards
- 8 promulgated by the jail and prison standards commission,
- 9 upgrading the recreational and educational opportunities
- 10 for inmates confined in the region's facility, development of
- programs in cooperation with community medical and 11
- 12 mental health centers in the region to provide adequate
- 13 medical and drug and alcohol addiction services within the
- 14 facility and information concerning the costs incurred in
- 15 the operation of the facility.

§31-20-8. Jail and prison standards commission; appointments; compensation; vacancies;

quorum.

1 A jail and prison standards commission of eleven members is hereby created. The governor shall appoint two

county sheriffs, to be chosen from a list of three names 3

- provided by the president of the West Virginia sheriff's
- association, and three county commissioners, to be chosen
- from a list of five names provided by the president of the 6
- West Virginia county commissioner's association. The chief
- justice of the state supreme court of appeals shall appoint a 8
- representative from the juvenile facilities review panel. 9
- Each of the members so appointed shall serve for a term of 10
- three years and be eligible for reappointment. The 11 commissioner of the department of corrections, the director 12
- of the department of health, the state fire marshal, the 13
- commissioner of the department of human services and the

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15 director of the division of vocational education of the state 16 department of education or their designees, shall be 17 members ex officio in an advisory capacity.

Members of the commission shall serve without 19 compensation, but may be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The governor shall provide the commission with secretarial and other necessary services.

A vacancy among the appointed members of the commission shall be filled, within thirty days, in the same manner as the original appointment. A quorum consists of five members. Members of the commission shall select a chairman.

§31-20-9. Purpose; powers and duties.

The purpose of the commission is to assure that proper minimum standards and procedures are developed for jail, work farm and prison operation, maintenance and 3 management of inmates for prisons, regional jails and local 4 jail facilities used as temporary holding facilities. In order to accomplish this purpose, the commission shall:

- (1) Prescribe standards for the maintenance and operation of prisons, county and regional jails. Such standards shall include, but not be limited to, requirements assuring adequate space, lighting and ventilation; fire protection equipment and procedures; provision of specific personal hygiene articles; bedding, furnishings and clothing; food services; appropriate staffing and training; sanitation, safety and hygiene; isolation and suicide prevention; appropriate medical, dental and other health services; indoor and outdoor exercise; appropriate vocational and educational opportunities; classification; inmate rules and discipline; inmate money and property; religious services; inmate work programs; library services; visitation, mail and telephone privileges; and other standards necessary to assure proper operation.
- (2) Promulgate such rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code as are necessary to implement the provisions of this article, including, without limitation, minimum jail, work farm and prison standards which shall be promulgated on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.

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- 28 (3) Develop a process for reviewing and updating the 29 jail, work farm and prison standards pursuant to the 30 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code as may be 31 necessary to assure that they conform to current law.
- 32 (4) Report periodically to the authority to advise and 33 recommend actions to be taken by the authority to 34 implement proper minimum jail, work farm and prison 35 standards.

§31-20-10. Regional jail and prison development fund.

- 1 (a) The regional jail and prison development fund is 2 hereby created and shall be a special account in the state 3 treasury. The fund shall operate as a revolving fund 4 whereby all appropriations and payments thereto may be 5 applied and reapplied by the authority for the purposes of 6 this article. Separate accounts may be established within 7 the special account for the purpose of identification of 8 various revenue resources and payment of specific 9 obligations.
- (b) Revenues deposited into the fund may be used to
 make payments of interest and may be pledged as security
 for bonds, security interests or notes issued by the authority
 pursuant to this article.
- 14 (c) Whenever the authority determines that the balance 15 in the fund is in excess of the immediate requirements of 16 this article, it may request that such excess be invested until 17 needed. In such case such excess shall be invested in a 18 manner consistent with the investment of the temporary 19 state funds. Interest earned on any money invested 20 pursuant to this section shall be credited to the fund.
 - (d) If the authority determines that funds held in the fund are in excess of the amount needed to carry out the purposes of this article, it shall take such action as is necessary to release such excess and transfer it to the general fund of the state treasury.
 - (e) The fund shall consist of the following:
 - (1) Amounts raised by the authority by the sale of bonds or other borrowing authorized by this article;
- 29 (2) Moneys collected and deposited in the state treasury 30 which are specifically designated by acts of the Legislature 31 for inclusion into the fund;

- 32 (3) Contributions, grants and gifts from any source, 33 both public and private, which may be used by the authority 34 for any project or projects;
- 35 (4) All sums paid by the counties pursuant to subsection 36 (h) of this section; and
- 37 (5) All interest earned on investments made by the state from moneys deposited in this fund.
- 39 (f) The amounts deposited in the fund shall be 40 accounted for and expended in the following manner:
 - (1) Amounts raised by the sale of bonds or other borrowing authorized by this article shall be deposited in a separate account within the fund and expended for the purpose of construction and renovation of regional jails for which need has been determined by the authority;
 - (2) Amounts deposited from all other sources shall be pledged first to the debt service on any bonded indebtedness or other obligation incurred by borrowing of the authority;
 - (3) After any requirements of debt service have been satisfied, the authority shall requisition from the fund such amounts as are necessary to provide for payment of the administrative expenses of this article;
 - (4) The authority shall requisition from the fund after any requirements of debt service have been satisfied such amounts as are necessary for the maintenance and operation of the regional jails that are constructed pursuant to the plan required by this article and shall expend such amounts for such purpose. The fund shall make an accounting of all amounts received from each county by virtue of any filing fees, court costs or fines required by law to be deposited in the fund and amounts from the jail improvement funds of the various counties. After the expenses of administration have been deducted the amounts expended in the respective regions from such sources shall be in proportion to the percentage the amount contributed to the fund by the counties in each region bears to the total amount received by the fund from such sources;
 - (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, sums paid into the fund by each county pursuant to subsection (h) of this section for each inmate shall be placed in a separate account and shall be requisitioned from the

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- fund to pay for the costs specified in that subsection incurred at the regional jail facility at which each such inmate was incarcerated; and
 - (6) Any amounts deposited in the fund from other sources permitted by this article shall be expended in the respective regions based on particular needs to be determined by the authority.
 - (g) After a regional jail facility becomes available pursuant to this article for the incarceration of inmates, each county within the region shall incarcerate all persons whom the county would have incarcerated in any jail prior to the availability of the regional jail facility in the regional jail facility except those whose incarceration in a local jail facility used as a local holding facility is specified as appropriate under the standards and procedures developed pursuant to section nine of this article and who the sheriff or the circuit court elects to incarcerate therein.
- 90 (h) When inmates are placed in a regional jail facility 91 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section the county shall 92 pay into the regional jail and prison development fund a cost per day for each inmate so incarcerated to be 93 determined by the regional jail and prison authority 94 according to criteria and by procedures established by 95 regulations pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-96 97 nine-a of this code to cover the costs of operating such 98 regional jail facility to maintain each such inmate which 99 costs shall not include the cost of construction, acquisition or renovation of said regional jail facility. 100

§31-20-11. Borrowing of money.

1 The borrowing of money and the notes, bonds and security interests evidencing any such borrowing shall be 3 authorized by resolution approved by the board, shall bear such date or dates and shall mature at such time or times, in 4 the case of any such bonds, not exceeding twenty-five years from the date of issue, as such resolution or resolutions may provide. The notes, bonds and security interests shall bear 7 interest at such rate or rates, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon or registered, carry such 9 registration privileges, be executed in such manner, be 10

payable in such medium of payment and at such place or

- places, and be subject to such terms or conditions of redemption as such resolution or resolutions may provide.
- §31-20-12. Notes, security interests and bonds as general obligations of authority.
 - 1 Except as may otherwise be provided by the authority
 - every issue of its notes, security interests and bonds shall be
 - 3 general obligations of the authority payable out of any
 - 4 revenues or moneys of the authority, subject only to any
 - 5 agreements with the holders of particular notes, security
 - 6 interests or bonds pledging any particular revenues.

§31-20-13. Notes, security interests and bonds as negotiable instruments.

- 1 The notes, security interests and bonds issued by the
- 2 authority shall be and hereby are made negotiable
- 3 instruments under the provisions of article eight, chapter
- 4 forty-six of this code, subject only to the provisions of the
- 5 notes, security interests or bonds for registration.

§31-20-14. Authorizing resolutions.

- Any resolution or resolutions authorizing any notes, security interests or bonds or any issue thereof, may contain
- provisions, which shall be a part of the contract with
- 4 holders, as to:
- 5 (1) Pledging all or part of the revenues of the authority 6 to secure the payment of the notes, security interests or 7 bonds or any issue thereof, subject to such agreements with 8 noteholders, holders of security interests or bondholders as
- 9 may then exist;
- 10 (2) Pledging all or any part of the assets of the authority
- 11 to secure the payment of the notes, security interests or
- 12 bonds or any issue thereof, subject to such agreements with
- 13 noteholders, holders of security interests or bondholders as
- 14 may then exist;
- 15 (3) The setting aside of reserves or sinking funds and the regulation and disposition thereof;
- 17 (4) Limitations on the purposes to which proceeds of
- 18 sale of notes, security interests or bonds may be applied and
- 19 pledging such proceeds to secure the payment on the notes,
- 20 security interests or bonds or of any issue thereof;

- 21 (5) Limitations on the issuance of additional notes, 22 security interests or bonds; the terms upon which 23 additional notes, security interests or bonds may be issued 24 and secured; and the refunding of outstanding or other 25 notes, security interests or bonds;
- 26 (6) The procedure, if any, by which the terms of any 27 contract with noteholders, holders of security interests or 28 bondholders may be amended or abrogated, the amount of 29 notes, security interests or bonds the holders of which must 30 consent thereto, and the manner in which such consent may 31 be given;
- 32 (7) Limitations on the amount of moneys to be expended 33 by the authority for operating, administrative or other 34 expenses of the authority;
- 35 (8) Vesting in a trustee or trustees the property, rights, 36 powers and duties of a trustee appointed by the 37 bondholders pursuant to section thirteen of this article, and 38 limiting or abrogating the right of the bondholders to 39 appoint a trustee under section thirteen of this article or 40 limiting the rights, powers and duties of such trustees; and
- 41 (9) Any other matters, of like or different character, 42 which in any way affect the security or protection of the 43 notes, security interests or bonds.

§31-20-15. Redemption of notes, security interests or bonds.

1 The authority, subject to such agreements with 2 noteholders, holders of security interests or bondholders as may then exist, may, out of any funds available therefor, 4 purchase notes, security interests or bonds of the authority. 5 If the notes, security interests or bonds are then 6 redeemable, the price of such purchase shall not exceed the redemption price then applicable plus accrued interest to the next interest payment date thereon. If the notes, security interests or bonds are not then redeemable, the 9 price of such purchase shall not exceed the redemption 10 price applicable on the first date after such purchase upon 11 which the notes, security interests or bonds become subject 12 to redemption plus accrued interest to such date. Upon such 13 purchase, such notes, security interests or bonds shall be 14 cancelled. 15

§31-20-16. Disclaimer of any liability of state of West Virginia.

- The state of West Virginia shall not be liable on notes,
- 2 security interests or bonds or other evidences of
- 3 indebtedness of the authority and such notes, security
- 4 interests or bonds or other evidences of indebtedness shall
- 5 not be a debt of the state of West Virginia, and such notes,
- 6 security interests or bonds or other evidences of
- 7 indebtedness shall contain on the face thereof a statement
- 8 to such effect.

§31-20-17. Default in payment of principal or interest.

- In the event the authority shall default in the payment of principal of or interest on any issue of its notes, security
- 3 interests or bonds after they become due, whether at 4 maturity or upon call for redemption, and such default
- 5 continues for a period of thirty days, or in the event the
- authority fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of
- this article or defaults in any agreement made with the
- holders of any issue of notes, security interests or bonds, the
- 9 holders of twenty-five percent in aggregate principal
- amount of the notes, security interests or bonds of such
- issue then outstanding, by instrument or instruments filed 11
- in the office of the clerk of the county commission of any 12
- county in which the authority operates and has an office 13 and acknowledged in the same manner as a deed to be 14
- recorded, may appoint a trustee to represent the holders of 15
- such notes, security interests or bonds for the purposes 16
- 17 herein provided:
- (a) Any such trustee, upon the written request of the 18 holders of twenty-five percent in the principal amount of 19 such notes, security interests or bonds of the authority then 20 outstanding, shall, in his or its own name, do any one or 21
- more of the following: 22
- (1) By civil action or other proceeding, enforce all rights 23 of the noteholders, holders of security interests or 24 bondholders, including the right to require the authority to 25 perform its duties under this article; 26
- (2) Bring a civil action upon such notes, security 27 interests or bonds: 28
- (3) By civil action or other proceeding, require the 29 authority to account as if it were the trustee of an express 30

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- 31 trust for the holders of such notes, security interests or 32 bonds;
 - (4) By civil action or other proceeding, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the holders of such notes, security interests or bonds; or
- 36 (5) Declare all such notes, security interests or bonds 37 due and payable, and, if all defaults are made good, then 38 annul such declaration and its consequences.
- (b) In addition to the foregoing, such trustee shall have
 and possess all of the powers necessary or appropriate for
 the exercise of any functions specifically set forth herein or
 incident to the general representation of holders of notes,
 security interests or bonds of the authority in the
 enforcement and protection of their rights.
- (c) Before declaring the principal of any notes, security
 interests or bonds due and payable, the trustee shall first
 give thirty days' notice in writing to the authority.

§31-20-18. Investment in notes, security interests and bonds.

The notes, security interests and bonds of the authority 1 are hereby made securities in which the state board of investments, all insurance companies and associations and 4 other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banking institutions, trust companies, building and loan 5 6 associations, savings and loan associations, investment 7 companies and other persons carrying on a banking business and other persons, except administrators, 8 9 guardians, executors, trustees and fiduciaries, who are now or who may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or 10 other obligations of the state, may properly and legally 11 invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging 12 to them. The state board of investments, prior to investing 13 funds, including capital in such notes, security interests or bonds of the authority shall first inquire fully into the 15 integrity and sufficiency of the collateral securing such 16 investment and shall be fully satisfied as to the sufficiency 17 and integrity thereof; and may only so invest if the yield 18 therefrom is at least equal to or greater than the prevailing 19 market yield from similar United States twenty-six-week 20 treasury bills. The state board of investments shall not 21 purchase evidences of indebtedness having terms in excess 22 of eighteen months from date of purchase to date of 23 maturity. 24

§31-20-19. Tax exemption.

1 The exercise of the powers granted to the authority by this article will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of the state for the improvement of their safety, convenience and welfare. Since the operation and maintenance of correctional facilities and prison industries projects will constitute the performance of essential governmental functions, the authority is not required to pay any taxes or 8 assessments upon any such facilities or projects or upon any property acquired or used by the authority or upon the income therefrom. Such bonds, security interests and notes 10 11 and all interest and income thereon are exempt from all 12 taxation by this state, or any county, municipality, political 13 subdivision or agency thereof, except inheritance taxes.

§31-20-20. Authorized limit on borrowing.

1 The aggregate principal amount of notes, security interests and bonds issued by the authority may not exceed one hundred million dollars outstanding at any one time. In computing the total amount of notes, security interests and bonds which may be outstanding at any one time, the principal amount of any outstanding notes, security 7 interests and bonds refunded or to be refunded either by 8 application of the proceeds of the sale of any refunding 9 notes, security interests or refunding bonds of the authority 10 or by exchange for any such notes, security interests or 11 refunding bonds shall be excluded. The state board of 12 investments may have invested no more than a total 13 aggregate principal amount of fifteen million dollars at any 14 one time in such notes, security interests or bonds.

§31-20-21. Validity of any pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument.

It is the intention hereof that any pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument made by or for the benefit of the authority shall be valid and binding between the parties from the time the pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument is made; and that the moneys or property so pledged, encumbered, mortgaged or entrusted shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument without any physical delivery thereof or further act.

§31-20-22. Money of the authority.

- 1 All money accruing to the authority from whatever
- 2 source derived, except legislative appropriations, and
- except that authorized to be deposited directly into the
- 4 regional jail and prison development fund shall be collected
- and received by the treasurer of the authority, who shall pay
- it into the state treasury in the manner required by section
- two, article two, chapter twelve of this code, to be credited
- to the fund.

§31-20-23. Conflict of interest; when contracts void.

- No member, officer or employee of the authority may be 1
- interested, either directly or indirectly, in any manner in
- any contract or agreement of any person with the authority.
- Any contract or agreement made in violation of the
- 5 provisions of this section is void and no action thereon may
- be maintained against the authority.

§31-20-24. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.

- 1 The state hereby pledges to and agrees with each federal
- agency that, if such agency constructs or loans or 2
- contributes any funds for the acquisition, construction, 3
- extension, improvement or enlargement of any correctional 4
- facility or prison industries project, the state will not alter 5
- or limit the rights and powers of the authority in any
- manner which would be inconsistent with the due 7
- performance of any agreement between the authority and such federal agency and that the authority shall continue to
- have and exercise all powers granted for carrying out the 10
- purposes of this article for so long as necessary.

CHAPTER 50. MAGISTRATE COURTS.

ARTICLE 3. COSTS, FINES AND RECORDS.

- Costs in civil actions. §50-3-1.
- §50-3-2. Costs in criminal proceedings.
- Disposition of costs; magistrate court fund. **§50-3-4**.
- §50-3-4a. Disposition of criminal costs and civil filing fees.

Costs in civil actions. **§50-3-1.**

- The following costs shall be charged in magistrate courts
- in civil actions and shall be collected in advance:

3	(a) For filing and trying any civil action and for all
4	services connected therewith but excluding services
5	regarding enforcement of judgment\$20.00
6	(b) For each service regarding enforcement of a
7	judgment including execution, suggestion, garnishment
8	and suggestee execution\$5.00
9	(c) For each bond filed in a case\$1.00
10	(d) For taking deposition of witness for each hour or
11	portion thereof
12	(e) For taking and certifying acknowledgment of a deed
13	or other writing or taking oath upon an affidavit\$.50
14	(f) For mailing any matter required or provided by law
15	to be mailed by certified or registered mail with return
16	receipt\$1.00
17	Costs incurred in a civil action shall be reflected in any
18	judgment rendered thereon. The provisions of section one,
19	article two, chapter fifty-nine of this code, relating to the
20	payment of costs by poor persons, shall be applicable to all
21	costs in civil actions.

§50-3-2. Costs in criminal proceedings.

In each criminal case tried in a magistrate court in which the defendant is convicted there shall be imposed, in addition to such other costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties as may be allowed by law, costs in the amount of thirty dollars. No such costs shall be collected in advance.

A magistrate shall assess costs in the amount of two dollars and fifty cents for issuing a sheep warrant, appointment and swearing appraisers and docketing the same.

In each criminal case which must be tried by the circuit court but in which a magistrate renders some service, costs in the amount of ten dollars shall be imposed by the magistrate court and shall be certified to the clerk of the circuit court in accordance with the provisions of section six, article five, chapter sixty-two of this code.

§50-3-4. Disposition of costs; magistrate court fund.

Except for the funds specified in section four-a, all costs collected in magistrate courts in a civil or criminal proceeding shall be submitted on or before the tenth day of the month following the month of their collection to the

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5 magistrate court clerk or, if there is no magistrate court clerk, to the clerk of the circuit court along with such information as may be required by the rules of the supreme court and by the rules of the chief inspector of public 8 offices. Such clerk shall pay such costs into the special 9 county fund hereafter created during each fiscal year until 10 11 there shall have been paid a sum equal to twelve thousand 12 five hundred dollars multiplied by the number of 13 magistrates authorized for such county. All costs collected in excess of such sum during a fiscal year shall be paid to the 14 state. All costs and fees collected by magistrates on or after 15 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-16 17 six, shall be paid into said special county fund hereafter 18 created. 19

There is hereby created in each county a special county fund designated as the magistrate court fund. No moneys shall be appropriated from the fund except for the purposes provided for in this section. Any money remaining in the magistrate court fund on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, and on the thirtieth day of June of each year thereafter, shall be paid to the state.

A county may appropriate and spend from such fund such sums as shall be necessary to defray the expenses of providing bailiff and service of process services by the sheriff, to defray the cost of acquiring or renting magistrate court offices and providing utilities and telephones therefor and to defray the expenses of such other services which by the terms of this chapter are to be provided to magistrate court by the county.

§50-3-4a. Disposition of criminal costs and civil filing fees into state treasury account for regional jail and prison development fund.

1 The clerk of each magistrate court shall at the end of each

2 month pay into the regional jail and prison development

3 fund in the state treasury an amount equal to twenty dollars

4 of the costs collected in each criminal proceeding and ten

5 dollars of the costs collected for the filing of each civil

6 action.

CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS; LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

- §59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.
- §59-1-28. Use and disposition of fees of sheriffs, clerks and prsecuting attorneys.
- §59-1-28a. Disposition of filing fees and fees for services in criminal cases.
- §59-1-31. Monthly payments; how credited; report required.

§59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.

- 1 The clerk of a circuit court shall charge and collect for
- 2 services rendered as such clerk the following fees, and such
- 3 fees shall be paid in advance by the parties for whom such
- 4 services are to be rendered:
- 5 For instituting any civil action under the rules of civil
- 6 procedure, any statutory summary proceeding, any
- 7 extraordinary remedy, the docketing of civil appeals, or any
- 8 other action, cause, suit or proceeding, twenty dollars.
- 9 In addition to the foregoing fees, the following fees shall
- 10 likewise be charged and collected:
- 11 For any transcript, copy or paper made by the clerk for
- 12 use in any other court or otherwise to go out of the office, for
- 13 each page, twenty-five cents;
- 14 For action on suggestion, five dollars;
- 15 For issuing an execution, two dollars;
- 16 For issuing or renewing a suggestee execution, including
- 17 copies, postage, registered or certified mail fees and the fee
- 18 provided by section four, article five-a, chapter thirty-eight
- 19 of this code, three dollars;
- 20 For vacation or modification of a suggestee execution,
- 21 one dollar;
- 22 For docketing and issuing an execution on a transcript of
- 23 judgment from magistrate's court, three dollars;
- 24 For arranging the papers in a certified question, writ of
- 25 error, appeal or removal to any other court, five dollars;
- 26 For postage and express and for sending or receiving
- 27 decrees, orders or records, by mail or express, three times
- 28 the amount of the postage or express charges;
- 29 For each witness summons over and above five, on the
- 30 part of either plaintiff or defendant, to be paid by the party
- 31 requesting the same, twenty-five cents;
- 32 For additional services (plaintiff or appellant) where any
- case remains on the docket longer than three years, for eachadditional year or part year, five dollars.
- 35 The clerk shall tax the following fees for services in any

- 36 criminal case against any defendant convicted in such 37 court:
- 38 In the case of any misdemeanor, thirty dollars:
- In the case of any felony, forty dollars; 39
- No such clerk shall be required to handle or accept for 40
- disbursement any fees, costs or accounts, of any other 41
- officer or party not payable into the county treasury, except
- it be on order of the court or in compliance with the 43
- provisions of law governing such fees, costs or accounts. 44

§59-1-28. Use and disposition of fees of sheriffs, clerks and prosecuting attorneys.

- Except for the funds designated in section twenty-eight-a 1
- 2 of this article, all fees, costs, percentages, penalties,
- 3 commissions, allowances, compensation, income and all
- 4 other perquisites of whatever kind which by law may now
- 5 or hereafter be collected or received as compensation for
- services by any clerk of the county commission, sheriff,
- clerk of the circuit court or of any court of limited
- jurisdiction and prosecuting attorney shall be collected 8
- and received by such officer for the sole use of the treasury 9
- of the county in which he is an officer, and shall be held as 10
- public moneys belonging to the county fund, and shall be 11
- accounted for and paid over as such in the manner 12
- hereinafter provided. Nothing in this article shall be 13
- construed to require any county officer to pay into the 14
- county treasury any fees earned prior to the twenty-first 15
- day of May, one thousand nine hundred fifteen. Fees are 16
- held to be earned at the time the service is rendered and not 17
- at the time the matter is finally adjudicated. 18
- Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, all 19
- fees collected by a sheriff for service of all manner of 20
- process from magistrate court, in addition to such other 21
- funds as may be provided by the county commissions, shall 22
- be dedicated by the county commission to the office of 23
- sheriff for providing bailiff and service of process services 24
- for magistrate court. 25

Disposition of filing fees and fees for services in §59-1-28a. criminal cases.

(a) The clerk of each circuit court shall at the end of each 1

- month pay into the regional jail and prison development
- fund in the state treasury an amount equal to ten dollars of 3
- 4 every filing fee received for instituting any civil action
- under the rules of civil procedure, any statutory summary 5
- proceeding, any extraordinary remedy, the docketing of 6
- civil appeals, or any other action, cause, suit or proceeding
- 8 in the circuit court.
- 9 (b) The clerk of each circuit court shall at the end of each
- 10 month pay into the regional jail and prison development
- 11 fund in the state treasury an amount equal to twenty dollars
- of every fee for service received in any criminal case against 12
- any defendant convicted in such court. 13

§59-1-31. Monthly payments; how credited; report required.

- Except for the funds designated in section twenty-eight-a 1
- of this article, each of the officers named in section twenty-
- nine of this article shall at the end of each month pay into
- the county treasury all fees, costs, percentages, penalties,
- commissions, compensation, income and all other 5
- perquisites of whatever kind collected by his office
- 7 during such month, which money shall be credited to the
- 8 general county fund. All such officers shall cause to be made
- a quarterly report to the administrative director of the 9 supreme court of appeals, which shall indicate the money 10
- received by them during such quarter and the source and 11
- nature of such money. Such report shall be made within 12
- thirty days following the close of each quarter. 13

CHAPTER 151

(H. B. 2024—By Delegate Burke and Delegate Seacrist)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-b, relating generally to creation of the West Virginia toll road commission; providing for certain legislative findings and purposes with respect thereto; providing for the composition of the commission, its chairman and the manner of appointment of

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its members; providing for the compensation and reimbursement of expenses; the funds from which such reimbursed expenses and other expenses of the commission are to be paid; the powers, duties and authority of the commission; the duty of other governmental agencies to cooperate with and assist the commission; providing for meetings of the commission and defining a quorum with respect to such meetings; the interpretation of said article; and the termination of the existence of the commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2B. TOLL ROAD STUDY COMMISSION.

- §17-2B-1. Legislative findings and purposes.
- §17-2B-2. Toll road study commission created; composition; appointment of members; chairman.
- §17-2B-3. Compensation and expenses of commission members; expenses of commission.
- §17-2B-4. Powers and duties of the commission.
- §17-2B-5. Meetings of the commission; quorum.
- §17-2B-6. Interpretation of article; termination of commission.

§17-2B-1. Legislative findings and purposes.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares:
- 2 (1) That modern, well-constructed and properly maintained 3 roads and highways are of great importance to the economic 4 and industrial growth and development and well-being of the 5 state and to the health, education, welfare and prosperity of 6 its citizens:
- 7 (2) That due to budgetary and economic constraints, it is 8 frequently not feasible, desirable nor prudent to meet the costs 9 of construction and maintenance of a modern highways system 10 sufficient to meet current or future needs of the state, of its 11 citizens and of its industrial and commercial communities 12 through the utilization of current revenues, increased or 13 expanded taxation or general obligation bonds;
 - (3) That there is opinion that alternative methods of financing the construction and maintenance of an efficient and modern road and highway system could be desirable; that these alternative methods may include, but not necessarily be

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- limited to, the utilization of tolls to be paid by the users of such highways and other methods of financing or a combination of various methods, including tolls; and
- 21 (4) That the purpose of this article is to create a commission, as hereinafter constituted and appointed, to study various and alternative methods of financing road and highway construction and maintenance, with particular emphasis upon the feasibility and desirability of adopting a system of tolls to be paid by the users of such roads and highways either alone or in combination with other methods of financing.
- 28 (b) The Legislature further declares that it recognizes that 29 the provisions of section 1, article V of the Constitution of 30 West Virginia prohibit any person from exercising the powers 31 of more than one branch or department of government at the 32 same time; however, it is the express purpose, intent and 33 finding of the Legislature that those members of the 34 commission who are members of the Legislature are acting as such while serving on the commission and in the furtherance 35 36 of the Legislature's inherent right and power to investigate and inquire into and report on those matters which are legitimately 37 within its powers, and that since the commission's role and 38 39 duties are investigative and reportive in nature, the service upon the commission by its legislative members is not violative 40 41 of nor inimical to the constitutional mandate with respect to 42 the separation of governmental powers.

§17-2B-2. Toll road study commission created; composition; appointment of members; chairman.

The West Virginia toll road study commission is hereby created. The commission shall consist of eleven members, who are designated or to be appointed as follows:

- (a) The West Virginia commissioner of highways shall serve as a voting member of the commission by virtue of that person's office and shall serve as chairman of the commission;
- (b) The chairman of the West Virginia turnpike commission shall serve as a voting member of the commission by virtue of that person's office;
- (c) Three members shall be appointed by the governor who shall be representative private citizens and who shall have been residents of this state for a period of at least one year

- 13 immediately next preceding such persons' appointment no
- 14 more than two of whom shall be members of the same political
- 15 party; and
- 16 (d) Three members of the commission shall be members of
- the Senate, to be appointed by the president thereof; no more
- 18 than two of whom shall be members of the same political
- 19 party; and

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- 20 (e) Three members of the commission shall be members of
- 21 the House of Delegates, to be appointed by the speaker
- 22 thereof; no more than two of whom shall be members of the
- 23 same political party.

§17-2B-3. Compensation and expenses of commission members; expenses of commission.

- (a) Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for their reasonable and necessary travel and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the performance of their duties as members of the commission, including, but not limited to, their attendance at meetings thereof.
- 6 (b) Except as to those members of the commission who are
 7 members of the Legislature, the reimbursement of expenses
 8 provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall be paid from
 9 legislative appropriations to the state department of highways,
 10 account number 6700, line item number 7, "Toll Road
 11 Examination"
- 12 (c) As to those members of the commission who are 13 members of the Legislature, the reimbursement of expenses 14 provided for in subsection (a) of this section shall be paid from 15 legislative appropriations to the joint committee on govern-16 ment and finance, under "Account No. 103—Joint Expenses."
- 17 (d) Members of the commission shall receive no other 18 compensation for their services on or with the commission 19 other than the reimbursement of expenses as provided in this 20 section.
- 21 (e) All other expenses and costs incurred by the commis-22 sion, which are not otherwise provided for in this section shall 23 be paid from legislative appropriations to the state department 24 of highways, account number 6700, line item number 7, "Toll
- 25 Road Examination."

§17-2B-4. Powers and duties of the commission.

- 1 The commission shall have the following powers, duties and 2 responsibilities:
 - (a) To conduct a thorough and comprehensive study into the various ways and means of financing the construction and maintenance of a modern and efficient system of roads and highways which would be in addition to or in augmentation of or in conjunction with already existing roads and highways, with particular, but not exclusive, emphasis upon the feasibility, desirability and prudence of utilizing the imposition of tolls upon the users of such roads and highways, either alone or together with other means and methods of financing the construction and maintenance of the same;
- (b) Special attention shall be given to planning, financing
 and construction of a modern highway connecting the
 Appalachian Corridor "G" highway at Chapmanville with
 Interstate Highway 64 at Huntington;
 - (c) To file an interim report as to its progress and tentative conclusions with the governor, the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates not later than the second Wednesday in January, in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
 - (d) To file its final report with respect to its findings and conclusions, together with any legislation it deems appropriate to recommend and as it deems necessary to carry its findings and conclusions into effect with the governor, the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates not later than the second Wednesday in January in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven;
 - (e) To employ such legal, technical, investigative, clerical, stenographic, advisory and other personnel as it deems necessary and needful and to fix the reasonable compensation of such persons as may be so employed;
 - (f) To request such information and data from any state officer or agency or from any political subdivision of the state as the commission may deem necessary to assist it in the performance of its duties and it shall be the duty of all such officers and agencies to cooperate with and assist the commission in and about the completion of its studies and deliberations;

- 40 (g) To confer with representative citizens and groups of the private, business and industrial sectors with respect to all
- 42 matters deemed relevant to the study program of the
- 43 commission: and
- 44 (h) To perform every other act necessary or desirable to
- 45 carry out any of the other powers, duties or responsibilities
- 46 enumerated in this article.

§17-2B-5. Meetings of the commission; quorum.

- 1 The commission shall meet at such times and places as its
- 2 chairman shall deem to be proper and expedient. Such
- 3 meetings shall be coordinated with and be in conjunction with
- 4 the monthly meeting of the joint committee on government
- 5 and finance insofar as the same may be practicable. Nothing
- 6 herein shall preclude the commission from meeting with such
- 7 frequency or at such times and places as it may determine.
- 8 The presence of no less than six members of the commission
- 9 shall constitute a quorum for the conducting of any business
- 10 by the commission.

§17-2B-6. Interpretation of article; termination of commission.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall be liberally construed 2 in order to permit the commission sufficient latitude for the 3 orderly completion of its studies and duties.
- 4 (b) The commission shall cease its existence upon the sine 5 die adjournment of the Legislature at its regular session held 6 in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

CHAPTER 152

(H. B. 1508-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eight, article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections one and two, article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of

the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, all relating to authorizing the issuance and sale of notes as special obligations of the state of West Virginia to finance the construction of surface transportation improvements; setting forth the purpose and scope thereof; definition of terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections one and two, article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17A. CONSTRUCTION FINANCING FOR SURFACE TRANS-PORTATION IMPROVEMENTS.

§17-17A-1. Purpose and scope.

§17-17A-2. Definitions.

§17-17A-1. Purpose and scope.

- This article is intended to facilitate the acquisition of right-
- 2 of-way for, the construction of, the reconstruction of and the
- improvement or repair of any interstate or other highway, 3
- secondary road, bridge and toll road to be funded wholly or 4
- in part by amounts to be made available pursuant to the 5
- Federal Surface Transportation Assistance Act of one 6 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-two, or from amounts to be
- 8 made available pursuant to any other federal legislation, or
- from amounts specifically appropriated or dedicated therefor 9
- by the state, or from amounts which may be properly 10
- 11 expended from the state road fund under article three, chapter
- seventeen of this code. This article authorizes notes, in an 12
- 13 aggregate amount of outstanding notes not to exceed two 14 hundred million dollars, to be issued to provide financing for
- 15 such projects in anticipation of reimbursement from such
- sources, but such notes will be special obligations of the state 16
- 17 only, and will not be general obligations of the state or secured
- by any claim on the general credit or taxing powers of the 18
- 19 state.

§17-17A-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the following words and terms shall
- 2 have the following meaning:

- 3 "Commissioner" means the West Virginia commissioner of 4 highways.
- 5 "Cost," when used with respect to any surface transportation
- 6 improvement, means any and all costs of acquiring, construct-
- 7 ing, reconstructing, replacing, completing or repairing any
- 8 surface transportation improvement, including without
- 9 limiting the generality of the foregoing, land, property, rights,
- 10 franchises, materials, labor and services, contractors' fees,
- 11 planning and engineering expenses, financing costs, legal fees,
- 12 trustees' or paving agents' fees and interest on obligations
- 13 issued under this article.
- "Note" means any note or other obligation issued pursuant to this article.
- "Outstanding note" means a note which has been issued
- 17 pursuant to this article and has not been repaid, but does not 18 include notes which are to be paid from designated moneys
- or securities which are irrevocably held in trust solely for such
- 20 purpose.
- 21 "Surface transportation improvement" means any interstate
- 22 or other highway, secondary road, bridge and toll road
- 23 construction, reconstruction, improvement or repair, as to
- 24 which all or a portion of the cost thereof is to be reimbursed
- 25 to the state under federal legislation.

CHAPTER 153

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1868—By Delegate Casey)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections eight and fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to administrative procedures; rule making; emergency rules; and changing effective period of emergency rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections eight and fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-

a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. RULE MAKING.

§29A-3-8. Adoption of procedural and interpretive rules.

§29A-3-15, Emergency legislative rules; procedure for promulgation; definition.

§29A-3-8. Adoption of procedural and interpretive rules.

1 A procedural and interpretive rule shall be considered by 2

the agency for adoption not later than six months after the

3 close of public comment and a notice of withdrawal or

4 adoption shall be filed in the state register within that period.

5 Failure to file such notice shall constitute withdrawal and the

6 secretary of state shall note such failure in the state register 7

immediately upon the expiration of the six-month period.

8 A procedural or interpretive rule may be amended by the 9 agency prior to final adoption without further hearing or 10 public comment. No such amendment may change the main 11 purpose of the rule. If the fiscal implications have changed 12 since the rule was proposed, a new fiscal note shall be attached 13 to the notice of filing. Upon adoption of the rule (including 14 any such amendment) the agency shall file the text of the adopted procedural or interpretive rule with its notice of 15 adoption in the state register and the same shall be effective

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on the date specified in the rule or thirty days after such filing,

18 whichever is later.

Emergency legislative rules; procedure for promulga-§29A-3-15. tion: definition.

(a) Any agency with authority to propose legislative rules 1 may, without hearing, find that an emergency exists requiring 2 3 that emergency rules be promulgated and promulgate the same 4 in accordance with this section. Such emergency rules, together 5 with a statement of the facts and circumstances constituting 6 the emergency, shall be filed in the state register and shall 7 become effective immediately upon such filing. Such emergency rules may adopt, amend or repeal any legislative rule 8 9 but the circumstances constituting the emergency requiring 10 such adoption, amendment or repeal shall be stated with particularity and be subject to de novo review by any court 11 having original jurisdiction of an action challenging their 12

validity. Fifteen copies of the rules and of the required statement shall be filed forthwith with the legislative rulemaking review committee.

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An emergency rule shall be effective for not more than fifteen months and shall expire earlier if any of the following occurs:

- (1) The agency has not previously filed and fails to file a notice of public hearing on the proposed rule within sixty days of the date the proposed rule was filed as an emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule expires on the sixty-first day.
- (2) The agency has not previously filed and fails to file the proposed rule with the legislative rule-making review committee within one hundred eighty days of the date the proposed rule was filed as an emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule expires on the one hundred eighty-first day.
- 28 (3) The Legislature has authorized or directed promulgation 29 of an authorized legislative rule dealing with substantially the 30 same subject matter since such emergency rule was first 31 promulgated, and in which case the emergency rule expires on 32 the date the authorized rule is made effective.
 - (4) The Legislature has, by law, disapproved of such emergency rule; in which case the emergency rule expires on the date the law becomes effective.
 - (b) Any amendments to an emergency rule made by the agency shall be filed in the state register and does not constitute a new emergency rule for the purpose of acquiring additional time or avoiding the expiration dates in subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4), subsection (a) of this section.
- 41 (c) Once an emergency rule expires due to the conclusion 42 of fifteen months or due to the effect of subdivision (1), (2), 43 (3) or (4), subsection (a) of this section, the agency may not 44 refile the same or similar rule as an emergency rule.
- (d) Emergency legislative rules currently in effect under the prior provisions of this section may be refiled under the provisions of this section.
 - (e) The provisions of this section shall not be used to avoid or evade any provision of this article or any other provisions of this code, including any provisions for legislative review and

approval of proposed rules. Any emergency rule promulgated for any such purpose may be contested in a judicial proceeding before a court of competent jurisdiction.

- (f) The legislative rule-making review committee may review any emergency rule to determine (1) whether the agency has exceeded the scope of its statutory authority in promulgating the emergency rule; (2) whether there exists an emergency justifying the promulgation of such rule; and (3) whether the rule was promulgated in compliance with the requirements and prohibitions contained in this section. The committee may recommend to the agency or the Legislature such action as it may deem proper.
- (g) For the purposes of this section, an emergency exists when the promulgation of a rule is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety or welfare or is necessary to comply with a time limitation established by this code or by a federal statute or regulation or to prevent substantial harm to the public interest.

CHAPTER 154

(S. B. 399—By Senator R. Williams)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five (sixteen) (eighteen), fifteen (two) (twenty-five), sixteen (one) (seven), sixteen (twenty-nine-b) (eight), seventeen-a (two) (nine), seventeen-d (two-a) (eight), nineteen (twenty-three) (six), twenty (five-a) (three), twenty (five-e) (six), twenty (five-e) (seven), twenty (six) (two) and thirty-two (four) (four hundred twelve), article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article two by adding thereto twenty-nine new sections, designated sections five (sixteen) (five), eleven (one-a) (one), eleven (ten) (five), sixteen (five-b) (one), sixteen (twenty-nine-b) (twenty-three), seventeen (two-a) (eight), seventeen (four) (nineteen), nineteen (one) (four), nineteen (two), nineteen (nine) (two), nineteen (nine-a) (seven), nineteen (twelve-d) (four),

nineteen (sixteen-b) (four), nineteen (twenty) (four), twenty (one) (seven), twenty (two) (forty-b), twenty (five-c) (six), twenty (six) (seven), twenty (six) (forty-three), twenty-one (five) (five-c), twenty-three (one) (thirteen), twenty-three (one) (fifteen), twenty-nine (one) (six), twenty-nine (five-a) (twenty-four), thirty (five) (nineteen), thirty (six) (three), thirty (twenty-one) (six), forty-six-a (six-a) (eight) and sixty-one (eleven-a) (six), all relating generally to the legislative mandate or authorization for the promulgation of certain legislative rules by various executive agencies of the state; authorizing certain of such agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules in the form that such rules were filed in the state register; authorizing certain of such agencies to promulgate legislative rules as amended by the Legislature; authorizing certain of such agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules with various modifications presented to and recommended by the legislative rule-making review committee; directing certain of such agencies to promulgate certain legislative rules filed in the office of the secretary of state during the regular session of the Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; authorizing the public employees insurance board to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to late enrollment in the public employees insurance program, with certain amendments thereto and relating generally to the public employees insurance plan, with certain amendments thereto; directing the state tax commissioner to promulgate certain legislative rules which were filed in the office of the secretary of state during the regular session of the Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the identification and appraisal of farmland subsequent to the base year of statewide reappraisal for ad valorem tax purposes as amended by the Legislature; authorizing the state tax commissioner to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to estimated personal income tax, with certain amendments and certain rules relating to estimated corporation net income tax, with certain amendments; authorizing the department of public safety to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to general orders, with certain amendments; authorizing the state board of health to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to trauma center or facility designation, to promulgate certain

legislative rules relating to reportable diseases, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to retail food store sanitation and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the licensure of medical adult day care centers: authorizing the health care cost review authority to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to hospital cost containment methodology and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the implementation of the utilization review and quality assurance program; authorizing the commissioner of highways to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to construction and reconstruction of state roads, with certain amendments, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to disqualification and suspension of prequalified contractors and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the transportation of hazardous waste by highway transporters, with certain amendments; authorizing the commissioner of motor vehicles to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to titling of vehicles and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to compulsory motor vehicle liability insurance; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to conducting of beef industry self-improvement assessment program referendum, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to public markets, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to animal disease control, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to feeding untreated garbage to swine, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to noxious weeds, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the use of certain picloram products and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to registration, taxation and control of dogs; authorizing the West Virginia racing commission to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to greyhound racing and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to thoroughbred racing; authorizing the department of natural resources to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the public use of state parks, forests, hunting and fishing areas, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to small arms hunting, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to hazardous waste management, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to surface mining reclamation, to

promulgate certain legislative rules relating to coal refuse disposal, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the transfer of the state national discharge elimination system program, with certain amendments; authorizing the water resources board to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to water quality standards; authorizing the water development authority to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to hardship grant funds; authorizing the department of labor to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to polygraph examination; authorizing the workers' compensation commissioner to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to time limits for the administrative proceedings of adjudications and awards, to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to self-insured employers and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the payment of attorney's fees; authorizing the archives and history commission to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to locally created historic landmark commissions and certified local government programs with respect thereto, with certain amendments; authorizing the state athletic commission to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to professional and amateur boxing; authorizing the board of pharmacy to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to parenteral/enteral compounding; authorizing the board of embalmers and funeral directors to promulgate certain legislative rules relating generally to apprenticeships; authorizing the board of examiners of psychologists to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to examination fees; authorizing the state auditor as securities commissioner to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to filing fees; and authorizing the attorney general to promulgate certain legislative rules relating generally to new motor vehicle warranties and to third party dispute mechanisms with respect thereto and to promulgate certain legislative rules relating to the fair treatment of crime victims and witnesses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five (sixteen) (eighteen), fifteen (two) (twenty-five), sixteen (one) (seven), sixteen (twenty-nine-b) (eight), seventeen-a (two) (nine), seventeen-d (two-a) (eight), nineteen (twenty-three) (six), twenty (five-a) (three), twenty (five-e) (six),

twenty (five-e) (seven), twenty (six) (two) and thirty-two (four) (four hundred twelve), article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article two be further amended by adding thereto twenty-nine new sections, designated sections five (sixteen) (five), eleven (one-a) (one), eleven (ten) (five), sixteen (five-b) (one), sixteen (twenty-nine-b) (twenty-three), seventeen (two-a) (eight), seventeen (four) (nineteen), nineteen (one) (four), nineteen (two) (two), nineteen (nine) (two), nineteen (nine-a) (seven), nineteen (twelve-d) (four), nineteen (sixteen-b) (four), nineteen (twenty) (four), twenty (one) (seven), twenty (two) (forty-b), twenty (five-c) (six), twenty (six) (seven), twenty (six) (forty-three), twenty-one (five) (five-c), twenty-three (one) (thirteen), twenty-three (one) (fifteen), twenty-nine (one) (six), twenty-nine (five-a) (twenty-four), thirty (five) (nineteen), thirty (six) (three), thirty (twenty-one) (six), forty-six-a (six-a) (eight) and sixty-one (eleven-a) (six), all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. EXECUTIVE AGENCY AUTHORIZATION TO PROMULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-2-5(16)(5).	Public employees insurance board.
§64-2-5(16)(18).	Public employees insurance board.
§64-2-11(1a)(1).	State tax commissioner.
§64-2-11(10)(5).	State tax commissioner.
§64-2-15(2)(25).	Department of public safety.
§64-2-16(1)(7).	State board of health.
§64-2-16(5b)(1).	State board of health.
§64-2-16(29b)(8).	Health care cost review authority.
§64-2-16(29b)(23).	Health care cost review authority.
§64-2-17(2a)(8).	Commissioner of highways.
§64-2-17(4)(19).	Commissioner of highways.
§64-2-17a(2)(9).	Commissioner of motor vehicles.
§64-2-17d(2a)(8).	Commissioner of motor vehicles.
§64-2-19(1)(4).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(2)(2).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(9)(2).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(9a)(7).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(12d)(4).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(16b)(4).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(20)(4).	Commissioner of agriculture.
§64-2-19(23)(6).	West Virginia racing commission.
§64-2-20(1)(7).	Department of natural resources.
§64-2-20(2)(40b).	Department of natural resources.
§64-2-20(5a)(3).	Water resources board.
§64-2-20(5c)(6).	Water development authority.

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§64-2-20(5e)(6).
                   Department of natural resources.
§64-2-20(5e)(7).
                   Commissioner of highways.
§64-2-20(6)(2).
                   Department of natural resources.
§64-2-20(6)(7).
                   Department of natural resources.
§64-2-20(6)(43).
                   Department of natural resources.
§64-2-21(5)(5c).
                   Department of labor.
§64-2-23(1)(13).
                    Workers' compensation commissioner.
§64-2-23(1)(15).
                    Workers' compensation commissioner.
§64-2-29(1)(6).
                    Archives and history commission.
§64-2-29(5a)(24).
                    State athletic commission.
§64-2-30(5)(19).
                    Board of pharmacy.
§64-2-30(6)(3).
                    Board of embalmers and funeral directors.
§64-2-30(21)(6).
                    Board of examiners of psychologists.
§64-2-32(4)(412).
                    State auditor, securities commissioner.
§64-2-46a(6a)(8).
                    Attorney general.
§64-2-61(11a)(6).
                    Attorney general.
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§64-2-5(16)(5). Public employees insurance board.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the public employees insurance board (late enrollment in the public employees insurance program) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

§2.01(b) shall read as follows:

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"(b) 'children' shall mean unmarried children between 8 birth and age nineteen and shall include: (1) The employee's natural children, (2) legally adopted children, including 10 children living with the employee during the period of 11 12 probation, (3) stepchildren residing in the employee's 13 household and (4) other children fully dependent upon the 14 employee for support and maintenance and residing in the 15 household of which the employee is head and actually being 16 supported by the employee. Children may be included after 17 the attainment of age nineteen, but not beyond the 18 attainment of age twenty-five, if they are enrolled as full-19 time students, are unmarried, and are dependent upon the 20 employee for support. Children may also be included after 21 the attainment of age nineteen while incapable of self-22 support because of mental illness, mental retardation or a 23 permanent physical disability, if the child was dependent upon the employee for support and maintenance at the 24 onset of the mental illness, mental retardation or 25 26 permanent physical disability. For the purpose of this

- 27 section, mental illness includes addiction as defined in Code
- 28 27-1-11 as is defined as a manifestation in a person of
- 29 significantly impaired capacity to maintain acceptable
- 30 levels of functioning in the areas of intellect, emotion and
- 31 physical well-being, only if such impairment renders the
- 32 person dangerous to himself or others or such person is
- 33 substantially unable to protect himself from significant
- 34 hazard: Provided, That children included because of
- 35 addiction as hereinbefore defined shall not be included
- 36 beyond the attainment of age twenty-five."
- 37 On page six, at 4.01(g) (2) shall read as follows:
- 38 The end of any 12 month period after enrollment during
- 39 which no diagnosis or treatment is received, and no
- 40 expenses are incurred for care of the injury, illness or
- 41 related conditions.
- 42 Also, insert a new section, designated section 5.07, to read
- 43 as follows:
- 44 "5.07.—Coverage for dependents shall terminate at the
- 45 end of the month in which they no longer meet the definition
- 46 of 'dependent' as set forth in section 2.01 of these rules."

§64-2-5(16)(18). Public employees insurance board.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 3 three, relating to the public employees insurance board
- 4 (public employees insurance plan) are authorized with the
- 5 amendments set forth below:
- §6.03.—In the second sentence delete the words
- 7 "Executive Secretary" and insert the word "Board."
- 8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 9 twenty-seventh day of September, one thousand nine
- 10 hundred eighty-four, modified by the public employees
- 11 insurance board to meet the objections of the legislative
- 12 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- 13 register on the fourth day of March, one thousand nine
- 14 hundred eighty-five, relating to the public employees
- 15 insurance board (credit for accrued sick/annual leave and
- 16 optional life insurance) are authorized.

§64-2-11(1a)(1). State tax commissioner.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

- 3 five, relating to the state tax commissioner (identification
- 4 and appraisal of farmland subsequent to the base year of
- 5 statewide reappraisal) are authorized and directed to be
- 6 promulgated with the following amendments:
- 7 Title page, Subject; following the word "Farmland,"
- insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon".
- Page i, Subject; following the word "Farmland," insert 9 10 the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon".
- Page i, TABLE OF CONTENTS, Section 10; following the 11
- 12 words "Valuation of Farmland" add the words "and of
- 13 Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page 10.1, Title; following the word "FARMLAND" insert 14 15 the words "AND STRUCTURES SITUATED THEREON."
- Page 10.1, Section 10, Title; following the word 16
- 17 "Farmland" add the words "and Structures Situated
 - 18 Thereon."
 - 19 Page 10.1, Section 10.01(b); following the word 20 "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated 21 thereon."
 - Page 10.2, Section 10.02(a), first sentence; following the 22 23 word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated 24 thereon."
 - Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), first sentence; following the 25 26 word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated 27 thereon." Delete the words "for purposes of the statewide 28 reappraisal."
 - 29 Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), last sentence; following the 30 word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated 31 thereon."
 - 32 Page 10.8, Section 10.04(5)(B), last sentence; delete the 33 period and add "or the incapability to be adapted to 34 alternative uses."
 - Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), first sentence; following the 35 36 words "land currently being used" insert the words "as part 37 of a farming operation,".
- Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), following the last sentence; 38 39 add the sentence "For the purposes of this definition, 40 'contiguous tracts' are farmlands which are in close
- proximity, but not necessarily adjacent: Provided, That all
- 42 such contiguous tracts are operated as part of the same farm 43 management plan."

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44 Page 10.10, Section 10.04(8) is amended to read in its 45 entirety as follows: 46

(8) Farm Buildings.—The term "farm buildings" shall mean structures which directly contribute to the operation of the farm, and shall include tenant houses and quarters furnished farm employees without rent as a part of the 50 terms of their employment.

Page 10.11, Section 10.04; delete the word "November" and insert in lieu thereof the word "September." Delete the period following the word "valuation" and add the words "for the assessment year beginning July 1st of each year."

Page 10.11, Section 10.04, insert the following subdivision; "(12) Application Form: The application form required to be filed with the assessor on or before September 1st of each year shall require certification that the farm complies with criteria set forth in Section 10.05(c) of these regulations, and renewal applications from year to year shall be sufficient upon statement certifying that no change has been made in the use of farm property which would disqualify 'farm use' classification for assessment purposes." Renumber the subdivisions of Section 10.04 following the new 10.04(12), formerly 10.04(12) through 66 10.04(28), to 10.04(13) through 10.04(29) respectively.

Page 10.14, Section 10.04(28) (formerly 10.04(27)); 68 following the words "woodland products" insert a comma and the words "such as nuts or fruits harvested" and add a comma following the words "human consumption" on Page 10.15.

Page 10.16, Section 10.05, subsection (a) following the words "land is used for farm purposes" by striking the period and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the 75 following: "Provided, That the true and actual value of all 76 farms used, occupied and cultivated by their owners or 77 bona fide tenants shall be arrived at according to the fair 78 and reasonable value of the property for the purpose for 79 which it is actually used regardless of what the value of the 80 property would be if used for some other purpose; and that 81 the true and actual value shall be arrived at by giving 82 consideration to the fair and reasonable income which the 83 same might be expected to earn under normal conditions in 84 the locality wherein situated, if rented: Provided, however, 85 That nothing herein shall alter the method of assessment of

86 lands or minerals owned by domestic or foreign 87 corporations."

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Page 10.16, Section 10.05 (b), first clause; following the 89 words "following factors shall be" insert the words 90 "indicative of but not conclusive" and delete the word "considered." 91

92 Page 10.16, Section 10.05 (b) (2); delete the period and add 93 the words "such as soil conservation, farmland preservation or federal farm lending agencies."

95 Page 10.17, Section 10.05 (b) (7); delete the section and 96 insert in lieu thereof the words "(7) Whether or not the 97 farmer practices 'custom farming' on the land in question." 98

Page 10.17, Section 10.05 (b) (9); following the word 99 "type" add a comma and insert the word "utility."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05 (b) (11), first sentence; 100 101 following the word "sales" insert the words "for nonfarm 102 uses."

103 Page 10.17, Section 10.05 (b) (12) (A); following the words 104 "part of" insert the words "or appurtenant to."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05 (b) (12) (B); following the words 105 106 "contiguous to" insert the words "or operated in common 107 with."

108 Page 10.18, Section 10.05, subsection (c), the first 109 sentence of which is amended in its entirety to read as 110 follows: "Qualifying farmland and the structures situate 111 thereon shall be subject to farm use valuation, with primary 112 consideration being given to the income which the property 113 might be expected to earn, in the locality wherein situated, 114 if rented."

115 Page 10.18, Section 10.05 (b) (12) (B); delete the 116 semicolons and the words "it was purchased at the same 117 time as the tract so used." Delete the period following the 118 word "purposes" and add the words "or any nonfarm use."

Page 10.19, Section 10.05 (c) (2); following the words 119 120 "Provided. That no" delete the word "reason" and insert in 121 lieu thereof the words "individual event."

122 Page 10.20, Section 10.05 (c) (4) (C); following the words "(1,000) minimum production value" insert the words "or 123 124 the small farm five hundred dollars (\$500) minimum production and sale." 125

Page 10.23, Section 10.05 (d) (3) (B), third sentence; 126 127 following the word "If" insert the words "timber from".

- 128 Delete the period following the word "purpose" and add the 129 words "or is being converted to farm production uses."
- 130 Page 10.26, Section 10.05 (f) (2) is amended in its entirety
- 131 to read as follows:
- 132 "(2) Farm Buildings.—Rental value of farm buildings 133 and other improvements on the farmland shall be valued by 134 determining the replacement cost of the building or
- 135 structure by usual farm construction practices, and farm
- 136 labor standards and subtracting therefrom depreciation.1
- 137 Both of these determinations shall be made in accordance
- 138 with the Tax Department's real property appraisal manual²
- 139 as filed in the State Register in accordance with Chapter
- 140 29A of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and
- 141 as it relates to agricultural buildings and structures. One (1)
- 142 acre of land shall be assigned to all buildings as a unit
- 143 situate on the property, regardless of the actual acreage
- 144 occupied by such buildings and shall be appraised at its
- 145 farm-use valuation bases on the highest class of farmland 146 present on the farm.
- 147 Page 10.28, Section 10.05 (f)(3)(B)(1); following the words 148 "or more of the" insert the word "usual".
- 149 Page 10.28, Section 10.05 (f)(3)(B)(2); following the words 150 "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual".
- 151 Page 10.29, Section 10.05 (f)(3)(C)(1)(a); following the 152 words "(50%) or more of the" insert the word "usual".
- 153 Page 10.29, Section 10.05 (f)(3)(C)(1)(b); following the 154 words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual".
- Page 10.31, Section 10.05 (f)(3)(C)(2)(b); following the last 155 156 sentence insert the sentence "An individual employed other
- 157 than in farming is not an unincorporated business."
- Page 10.35, Section 10.07, Title; following the word 158
- "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated 159
- 160 Thereon."
- 161 Page 10.35, Section 10.07 (a), first sentence; following the
- 162 word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated
- 163 thereon."
- 164 Page 10.46, Subject; following the word "Farmland"
- insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."

§64-2-11 (10) (5). State tax commissioner.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1
- 2 twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner

- 4 (estimated personal income tax) are authorized with the 5 amendments set forth below:
- 55.02 (a) (2) (on page 182.2) line 18, after the word "profession" strike the words "on his own account" and the comma (,).
- 55.12 (b) (1) (page 182.35) at end of the section, change the
 period to a comma, and add the following language: and in
 the case of a court appointed agent, a copy of the court order
 of appointment is sufficient.
- 13 55.12 (c) (page 182.36) after the word "for", strike the 14 word "erroneous".
- 15 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine 17 hundred eighty-four, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule19 making review committee and refiled in the state register on 10 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-four, and on the twenty-first day of March, 12 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state 13 tax commissioner (estimated corporation net income tax are 14 authorized.

§64-2-15(2)(25). Department of public safety.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the department of public safety 4 (general orders) are authorized with the amendment set 5 forth below:
- Page 23, §9.10 remove the period at the end of the sentence and add the words "or municipalities."
- 8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 9 twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred 10 eighty-four, modified by the department of public safety to 11 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 12 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of 13 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating 14 to the department of public safety (commission on drunk 15 driving) are authorized.

§64-2-16(1)(7). State board of health.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, 3 relating to the state board of health (waste water treatment 4 works operations) are authorized.

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- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 5 6 second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, 7 relating to the state board of health (laboratory reporting of 8 syphilis and gonorrhea) are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 9 10 second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, 11 relating to the state board of health (public water supply 12 operators) with the modification of §11.02 as presented to 13 the legislative rule-making review committee on the ninth 14 day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, 15 are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 16 17 twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (sewage 19 systems) with the modification presented to the legislative 20 rule-making review committee on the sixth day of 21 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are 22 authorized except lines ten through seventeen, page eight of 23 the rules shall be stricken in their entirety and the 24 remaining paragraphs renumbered. These rules were 25 proposed by the state board of health pursuant to sections 26 seven and nine, article one, chapter sixteen of this code.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 28 second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, 29 relating to the state board of health (approval of 30 laboratories) are authorized. These rules were proposed by 31 the state board of health pursuant to section one, article 32 seven, chapter sixteen and section six-a, article one, 33 chapter forty-eight of this code.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 34 35 thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 36 eighty-two, and filed with amendments on the eleventh day 37 of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, 38 relating to the state board of health (nursing home 39 licensure) are authorized with the amendment of §5.15.02 of 40 those rules as set forth below:
- By striking the word "and" at the end of subdivision (f), 41 42 by changing the period at the end of subdivision (g) to a 43 semicolon, and by adding the following after subdivision 44 (g): "(h) one (1) member who represents social work 45 services."
- These rules were proposed by the state board of health 46

47 pursuant to section seven, article one, chapter sixteen and 48 section three, article five-c, chapter sixteen of this code.

- 49 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 50 third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-51 four, relating to the state board of health (trauma center or 52 facility designation) are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 53 54 seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (well 56 water regulations) are authorized with the amendments set 57 forth below:
- §4.1. In the first sentence delete the word "obtaining" 59 and insert in lieu thereof the words "applying for." In the 60 second sentence after "4.3" add "and 4.5."

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§4.2. At the end of the second sentence, strike the period 61 62 and add the words "unless emergency conditions prevail as 63 noted under §4.3."

With the balance of §4.2 and create a new §4.3 with the 64 65 following changes: In the first sentence delete the word 66 "deadline" and insert in lieu thereof the word 67 "requirements." Add after the first sentence the sentence, 68 "Emergency conditions and unavoidable circumstances are 69 those conditions involving acts of God, water outages or 70 disruption of water service, unsatisfactory water quality or 71 quantity or public health threats." In the third sentence 72 delete the word "exceed" and insert in lieu thereof the 73 words "be made in excess of."

Renumber §4.3 as §4.4 and add the following two 74 75 sentences at the end of the section: "Such standards shall 76 constitute the minimum standards for the installation, the 77 alteration or the deepening of water wells. Any plans 78 approved by the director pursuant to these regulations shall 79 be in substantial compliance with the heretofore mentioned 80 standards."

81 Renumber §4.4 as §4.5, §4.5 as §4.6, §4.6 as §4.7, §4.7 as 82 §4.8 and §4.8 as §4.9.

- §5.2. Delete the words "four (4)" and insert in lieu thereof 84 the words "two (2)" and delete the words "active, 85 continuous."
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 87 88 eighty-three, relating to the state board of health

- 89 (procedures for recovery of corneal tissue for transplant)
 90 are authorized.
- 91 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 92 twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 93 eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (reportable 94 diseases) are authorized.
- 95 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 96 third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-97 four, relating to the state board of health (retail food store 98 sanitation) are authorized.

$\S64-2-16(5b)(1)$. State board of health.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (licensure of medical adult day care centers) are authorized.

§64-2-16(29b)(8). Health care cost review authority.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the health care cost review 4 authority (limitation on hospital gross patient revenue) are authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 7 nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-three, relating to the health care cost review 9 authority (freeze on hospital rates and granting temporary 10 rate increases) are authorized.
- 11 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 12 fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-13 four, relating to the health care cost review authority 14 (hospital cost containment methodology), are authorized.

§64-2-16(29b)(23). Health care cost review authority.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost review authority (implementation of the utilization review and quality assurance program) are authorized.

§64-2-17(2a)(8). Commissioner of highways.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth 2 day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the commissioner of highways (construction and

4 reconstruction of state roads), are authorized with the 5 amendments set forth below:

Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 21, (unnumbered), by inserting after the word "all" the following language: "reasonable and necessary" and after the word "project" inserting the following language: "by the Railroad".

Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 22, (unnumbered), after the word "the" by striking the words "Railroad's Chief".

Page 19, Sec. 8.08, line 25, (unnumbered), by striking 13 "Railroad's Chief" and adding the following new language:

15 Any approval by the Department of any activity by the 16 Contractor upon the right-of-way or premises of any 17 Railroad which is provided for in this Section (8.08) 18 (including, but not limited to, approval of work, methods, or 19 procedures of work to be done, and the condition of 20 premises after completion of work by the Contractor) shall 21 in no way create any liability by the Department to the 22 Railroad except to the extent provided otherwise by law 23 and the Contractor shall, during all periods of construction 24 and thereafter, indemnify and save harmless the department 25 from any and all liability to the Railroad or any third parties 26 for any damages as a result of the work of the Contractor, 27 the methods and procedures for performing work, the 28 failure of the Contractor to properly remove equipment, 29 surplus material and other debris upon the Railroad 30 premises, or the condition of the premises of the Railroad 31 during construction or after completion of construction by 32 the Contractor as approved by the Department or 33 otherwise.

Page 18, Sec. 8.08, Subdivision (a), line 22, (unnumbered), by striking the words "single limit" and inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per occurrence".

Page 19, Sec. 8.08, Subdivision (b), line 8, (unnumbered), sy striking the words "single limit" and inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per occurrence".

Page 19, Sec. 8.08 (c), line 18, (unnumbered), by inserting after the word "occurrence" the following language: "of"; and after the word "injury" insert a comma and strike the word "or".

§64-2-17(4)(19). Commissioner of highways.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

- 2 fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of highways to
- 4 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of
- 6 October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating
- 7 to the commissioner of highways (disqualification and
- 8 suspension of prequalified contractors) are authorized.

§64-2-17a(2)(9). Commissioner of motor vehicles.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 second day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles 4 (denial of driving privileges), are authorized with the 5 amendments set forth below:
- By inserting the words "licensed in the United States"
 fafter the phrase "physician of the applicant's choice," on
 page five, line two, and page seven, line one; and by striking
 out the words "licensed vision specialist" and inserting in
 lieu thereof the words "an optometrist or ophthalmologist
 licensed in the United States," on page five, line three, and
 on page seven, line two.
- These rules were proposed by the commissioner pursuant to section nine, article two, chapter seventeen-a and section six, article three-c, chapter seventeen-b of this code.
- 16 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 17 twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles 19 (titling a vehicle) are authorized.

§64-2-17d(2a)(8). Commissioner of motor vehicles.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 three, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles 4 (compulsory insurance) are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 6 tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-7 four, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to 8 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 9 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of 10 October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating 11 to the commissioner of motor vehicles (compulsory motor
- 12 vehicle liability insurance) are authorized.

§64-2-19(1)(4). Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 3 four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (conduct of
- 4 beef industry self-improvement assessment program
- 5 referendum) are authorized.

§64-2-19(2)(2). Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first
- 2 day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (public markets)
- 4 are authorized.

§64-2-19(9)(2). Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease
- 4 control) are authorized.

§64-2-19(9a)(7). Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (feeding
- 4 untreated garbage to swine) are authorized.

§64-2-19(12d)(4). Commissioner of agriculture.

- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth
- 2 day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (noxious weed
- 4 rules) are authorized.

§64-2-19(16b)(4). Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth
- 2 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (use of certain
- 4 picloram products) are authorized.

§64-2-19(20)(4). Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,

- 3 relating to the commissioner of agriculture (registration,
- 4 taxation and control of dogs) are authorized.

§64-2-19(23)(6). West Virginia racing commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia racing commission 4 (Rule 795), are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 6 twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia racing commission 8 (Rule 107), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed with the legislative rule-9 10 making review committee on the tenth day of January, one 11 thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West 12 Virginia racing commission (Rule 471), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 13 14 tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-15 three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 16 526), are authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 17 18 twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred 19 eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia racing commission 20 (Rule 819), are authorized.

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- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 22 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 23 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 24 commission (Rule 107) greyhound racing, are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 25 26 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 27 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 28 commission (Rule 108) greyhound racing are authorized 29 with the amendment set forth below:
- Following the word "Association" insert a period and 30 31 strike the remainder of the sentence.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 32 33 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 34 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 35 commission (Rule 108) thoroughbred racing are authorized 36 with the amendment set forth below:
- Following the word "Association" insert a period and 37 38 strike the remainder of the sentence.

39 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 40 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 42 commission (Rule 392) greyhound racing, are authorized.

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- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 44 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 46 commission (Rule 455) greyhound racing are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 48 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 49 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 50 commission (Rule 609A) greyhound racing are authorized.
- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 52 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 53 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 54 commission (Rule 627) greyhound racing are authorized.
- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 55 56 twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 57 eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing 58 commission (Rule 845) thoroughbred racing are authorized.
- (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 60 ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-61 four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission 62 (greyhound racing — Rule 628), are authorized.
- (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 64 twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing 66 commission (greyhound racing — Rule 672) are authorized.
- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 68 ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eightyfour, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing - Rule 808), are authorized.
- (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 73 eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing 74 commission (thoroughbred racing - Rule 843), are authorized. 75
- (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-77 four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing — Rule 845-I) are authorized.

§64-2-20(1)(7). Department of natural resources.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources
- 4 (public use of state parks, forests, hunting and fishing
- 5 areas) are authorized.

§64-2-20(2)(40b). Department of natural resources.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources
- 4 (small arms hunting) are authorized.

$\S64-2-20(5a)(3)$. Water resources board.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 three, relating to the state water resources board 4 (underground injection control program), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 6 fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board 8 (special regulations), are authorized.
- 9 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 10 third day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-11 three, relating to the state water resources board 12 (groundwater protection standards), are authorized.
- 13 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 14 fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 15 eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board 16 (state national pollutant discharge elimination system 17 (NPDES) program), are authorized.
- 18 (e) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the water resources board to promulgate rules relating to water 20 quality standards in exact conformity with the rules 21 relating to water quality standards tendered to the 22 secretary of state on the seventh day of March, one thousand 23 nine hundred eighty-four, by the executive secretary of the 24 state water resources board, to be received and filed for 25 inclusion in the state register by the secretary of state.
- 26 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
 27 seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

- 28 five, modified by the water resources board to meet the
- 29 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee
- 30 and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of
- 31 February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating
- 32 to the water resources board (water quality standards), are
- 33 authorized.

§64-2-20(5c)(6). Water development authority.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 3 four, relating to the water development authority (hardship
- 4 grant funds) are authorized.

§64-2-20(5e)(6). Department of natural resources.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 four, relating to the department of natural resources 4 (hazardous waste management) are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 6 sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-7 four, relating to the air pollution control commission (to 8 prevent and control air pollution from hazardous waste 9 treatment, storage or disposal facilities) (series XXV) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 3, §1.06, change the §title from "Enforcement" to Procedure"; place an "(a)" in front of the existing paragraph and add the following:
- "(b) Permit applications filed pursuant to this regulation shall be processed in accordance with the permitting procedures as set forth in code §20-5E of this regulation. Permit procedures set forth in code §16-20 and any other regulation of this commission are not applicable to any permit application filed pursuant to this regulation."
- 20 Such rules shall also include a section which shall read as 21 follows:
- "The commission shall report to the legislative rulemaking review committee as required by that committee, but in no event later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. Such report shall include information regarding the commission's data gathering efforts, the
- 28 development of compliance programs, the progress in

- 29 implementation, and such other matters as the committee 30 may require, pertaining to the regulations hereby 31 authorized."
- 32 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 33 third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-34 four, modified by the department of natural resources to 35 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 35 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 36 committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth
- 37 day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five,
- 38 relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous
- 39 waste management), are authorized.

§64-2-20 (5e) (7). Commissioner of highways.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of highways
- 4 (transportation of hazardous waste by highway
- 5 transporters) are authorized with the amendments set forth
- 6 below:
- Pages 3 and 7, after "40CFR part 262" add the words "as amended through February 20, 1984,"
- 9 Page 7, after "49CFR parts 171-179" add the words "as 10 amended through February 20, 1984," and
- Page 11, after "49CFR part 171.16" add the words "as amended through February 20, 1984."
- 13 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 14 seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred
- 15 eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of highways to16 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 17 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of
- 18 October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating
- 19 to the commissioner of highways (transportation of
- 20 hazardous waste) are authorized with the amendment set
- 20 hazardous waste) are authorized with the amendment set 21 forth below:
- 22 Page 5, by amending §3.01 by adding thereto a new
- 23 subsection, designated subsection (4), to read as follows:
- 24 "(4) Before accepting hazardous waste from a rail
- 25 transporter, a highway transporter must sign and date the
- 26 manifest and provide a copy to the rail transporter."

§64-2-20 (6) (2). Department of natural resources.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

- 2 eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 3 three, relating to the department of natural resources
- 4 (surface mining) are authorized with the amendments set
- 5 forth below:
- 6 Page 3-4, section 3E.01 by adding after the word
- 7 "engineer" the words "or licensed land surveyor."
- 8 Page 3-5, section 3E.02, subsection (a), by adding after
- 9 the word "mining" the words "or civil."
- Page 3-5, section 3E.02, subsection (b), by adding after
- 11 the first sentence—"Those persons who have been approved
- 12 to date need not make said demonstration."
- 13 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 14 seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred
- 15 eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources
- 16 (surface mining reclamation) are authorized.

§64-2-20 (6) (7). Department of natural resources.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources
- 4 (coal refuse disposal) are authorized.

§64-2-20 (6) (43). Department of natural resources.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth
- 2 day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the department of natural resources (transfer of
- 4 the state national pollutant discharge elimination system
- 5 program), are authorized with the amendments set forth
- 6 below:
- 7 Page 10-5, by striking §10B.19 and inserting in lieu
- 8 thereof a new §10B.19, to read as follows: "'Effluent
- 9 limitations guidelines' means a regulation published by the
- 10 Administrator under Section 304(b) or Section 301 (b) (1)
- 11 (B) of the CWA to adopt or revise effluent limitations or
- 12 levels of effluent quality attainable through the application
- 13 of secondary or equivalent treatment. For the coal industry
- 14 these regulations are published at 40 C.F.R. Parts 434 and
- 15 133. (See: Appendix G and H)"

§64-2-21 (5) (5c). Department of labor.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 second day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

3 four, relating to the department of labor (polygraph 4 examinations) are authorized.

§64-2-23 (1) (13). Workers' compensation commissioner.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the workers' compensation commis-
- 4 sioner (time limits for the administrative proceedings of
- 5 adjudications and awards) are authorized.

§64-2-23 (1) (15). Workers' compensation commissioner.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred3 eighty-four, modified by the workers' compensation
- 4 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- Commissioner to meet the objections of the registative full-
- 5 making review committee and refiled in the state register on
- 6 the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 7 eighty-five, relating to the workers' compensation
- 8 commissioner (self-insured employers) are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 10 twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 11 eighty-four, modified by the workers' compensation
- 12 commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- 13 making review committee and refiled in the state register on
- 14 the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred
- 15 eighty-four, relating to the workers' compensation 16 commissioner (payment of attorney's fees) are authorized.

§64-2-29 (1) (6). Archives and history commission.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 fourteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the archives and history commission
- 4 (certified local government program) are authorized with the
- 5 following amendments;
- 6 §4.02, subsections a, b, c, d, e and i are amended in their rentirety to read as follows:
- 8 "a. The local government shall have created a historic
- 9 landmark commission or commission, consisting of five (5)
- 10 members, to carry out the provisions of the ordinance or 11 order."
- 12 "b. HLC or commission membership shall be drawn
- 13 from among persons with demonstrated interest,

14 competence, or knowledge in historic preservation and 15 local history. To the extent available in the community, 16 members of the HLC shall be preservation-related 17 professionals (including the professions of history, 18 architecture, architectural history, planning, real estate, 19 American studies, geography, landscape architecture, law,

20 engineering, or archaeology)."

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"c. The local government, be certified without the 21 22 minimum number or types of professional disciplines, must 23 report to the SHPO's satisfaction that it has made a 24 reasonable effort to fill those positions."

Commission meetings shall be held at regular 25 26 intervals at least four times each year, advertised in 27 advance, and open to the public. The Commission shall 28 establish rules of procedure or bylaws including a code of 29 conduct."

30 The Commission shall transmit an annual report of 31 its activities to the State Historic Preservation Officer. 32 Such reports shall include, at a minimum, new designations 33 made, progress on survey activities, and attendance 34 records. Reports shall be submitted within sixty days after 35 the end of the fiscal year for the local government or portion 36 of the fiscal year in the first year of the establishment of the 37 commission. These reports will be reviewed and evaluated 38 by the SHPO to ensure that the Commission's activities are 39 consistent with the State Historic Preservation Plan."

Commission responsibilities must be 40 41 complementary to and carried out in coordination with 42 those of the State Historic Preservation Office as outlined in 43 36 CFR 61.4 (b)."

§5.01, subsections a and d are amended to read in their 45 entirety as follows:

"a. A written assurance by the chief elected official that 47 the local government does fulfill all the standards for certification outlined above." 48

"d. Resumes of each of the members of the historic 50 landmark commission including credentials of member 51 expertise in fields related to historic preservation. Where no 52 professional members have been appointed an explanation 53 and information demonstrating good faith efforts to obtain 54 such members shall be included."

85.03 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

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56 "5.03—Determination that Local Government Fulfills 57 Requirements for Certification-if the State Historic 58 Preservation Officer determines that the local government 59 fulfills the requirements for certification, the State Historic 60 Preservation Officer will prepare a written certification agreement with the local government that lists the specific 62 responsibilities of the local government where certified. 63 These responsibilities will include those powers and duties 64 as stated in 4.02. The SHPO will notify the United States 65 Secretary of the Interior, or designee and furnish a copy of 66 the approved request and the certification agreement and 67 shall respond to the local government within fifteen days of 68 the Secretary's response."

69 The fourth line of §5.04 is amended to read as follows: "Secretary of the Interior within 15 working days. The 70 71 certification"

72 The last line of Section 6 is amended to read as follows: 73 "(National Historic Preservation Act, Section 101(c)(2)"

The section heading to §6.01 is amended in its entirety to 74 75 read as follows: "6.01 Notification of Commission by SHPO 76 of National Register Nomination of Property Within Local 77 Government Jurisdiction—"

78 The last three lines of §6.01 are amended in their entirety 79 to read as follows: "101(a) of the National Historic 80 Preservation Act, as amended. The State may expedite such 81 process with the concurrence of the certified local 82 government."

The first line after the section heading of §6.02 is 84 amended to read as follows: "(National Historic 85 Preservation Act, Sec. 101(c)(2)(b). If" and the third 86 sentence of said §6.02 is amended in its entirety to read as 87 follows: "If such an appeal is filed, the State shall follow the 88 procedures for making a nomination pursuant to 89 established procedures (section 101(a) of the Act)."

The second sentence of §6.03 is amended in its entirety to 91 read as follows: "If an HLC or commission does not have a 92 professional member with the necessary federal 93 qualifications in the area, the HLC can obtain the opinion of 94 a qualified professional in the area and consider their 95 opinion in their recommendation."

§6.04 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: 96

"6.04—Commission Qualifications for Federal Pass 97

98 Through Funds-Federal regulations also require that 99 commissions possess certain qualifications in order to 100 receive federal pass through funds. These are explained in 101 Section 4.02."

102 §7.01 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

103 "7.01—Performance Review of Certified Local Gov-104 ernment by SHPO-The SHPO will review the 105 commission's annual report to ensure that the performance 106 of the local government is consistent with the State Historic 107 Preservation Plan. If the SHPO determines that the 108 performance of a certified local government is not in 109 conformance with the certification agreement and the State 110 Historic Preservation Plan the State Historic Preservation 111 Officer shall document that determination and recommend 112 to the certified local government steps which may be taken 113 to improve their performance."

The last sentence of §7.03 is amended in its entirety to 114 115 read as follows: "This closeout will follow procedures 116 specified in National Register Programs Guidelines."

The first sentence of §8.01 is amended in its entirety to 117 118 read as follows: "A minimum of 10% of the state's annual 119 apportionment from the Historic Preservation Fund of the 120 Department of the Interior will be set aside for transfer to 121 qualified CLG's in accordance with the National Historic 122 Preservation Act as amended."

123 The third line of the first sentence of §8.04 is amended in 124 its entirety to read as follows: "consistent with 35(FR 61.7(f) (1), which states that the amount awarded to". 125

§8.05 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

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"8.05—Application and Selection Criteria—Project application forms and selection criteria will be made 128 129 available through individual notification and public 130 advertisement from the SHPO of the West Virginia 131 Department of Culture and History in June of each year. 132 The criteria will be coordinated with those used to select 133 survey and planning grants during that fiscal year. Funds 134 must be applied for by August 30 of each year. Funding in any prior year does not guarantee continued funding. The 135 136 project schedule and deadlines may vary from year to year and is dependent upon the time frame in which the 138 Secretary of the Interior notifies the state of its

- 139 apportionment from the annual Historic Preservation 140 Fund."
- 141 The third sentence of §8.06 is amended in its entirety to
- 142 read as follows: "The SHPO is responsible for proper
- 143 accounting of Historic Preservation Fund grants to CLG's
- 144 in accordance with Office Management and Budget
- 145 Circular A-102, Attachment P Audit Requirements."

§64-2-29(5a)(24). State athletic commission.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-five, relating to the state athletic commission
- 4 (professional and amateur boxing) are authorized.

§64-2-30(5)(19). Board of pharmacy.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 second day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 3 four, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet the
- 4 objections of the legislative rule-making review committee
- 5 and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of January,
- 6 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the
- 7 board of pharmacy (parenteral/enteral compounding) are
- 8 authorized.

§64-2-30(6)(3). Board of embalmers and funeral directors.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, modified by the board of embalmers and
- 4 funeral directors to meet the objections of the legislative
- 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- 6 register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine
- 7 hundred eighty-five, relating to the board of embalmers
- 8 and funeral directors (apprenticeship), are authorized.

§64-2-30(21)(6). Board of examiners of psychologists.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, relating to the board of examiners of
- 4 psychologists (examination fee) are authorized.

§64-2-32(4)(412). State auditor, securities commissioner.

1 (a) The legislative rules authorized by the Legislature in

- 2 section thirty-two (four) (four hundred two) of this article
- 3 were also proposed by the state auditor, securities
- 4 commissioner pursuant to section four hundred twelve,
- 5 article four, chapter thirty-two of this code.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 7 eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 8 eighty-five, relating to the state auditor, securities
- 9 commissioner (filing fee) are authorized.

§64-2-46a(6a)(8). Attorney general.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth
- 2 day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four,
- 3 relating to the attorney general (third party dispute
- 4 mechanisms) are authorized.

§64-2-61(11a)(6). Attorney general.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth
- 2 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five,
- 3 relating to the attorney general (fair treatment of crime
- 4 victims and witnesses) are authorized.

CHAPTER 155

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1588—By Delegate Mastrantoni and Delegate Blatnik)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-bb, relating to the authority of county commissions to levy for, to erect, maintain and operate sheltered workshops in the county and to render financial aid to sheltered workshops in the county; definitions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-bb, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-3bb. Levy for, establishment and operation of sheltered workshops; financial aid.

- (a) The county commission in any county is authorized,
- without limiting any other levying authority the counties may
- 3 have, to levy for and may erect, maintain and operate sheltered
- 4 workshops in the county and may render financial aid to any
- 5 one or more sheltered workshop facilities operating in the
- 6 county.

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persons.

(b) As used in this section:

- 8 (1) "Sheltered workshop" means a particular type of 9 vocational rehabilitation facility where any manufacture or 10 handiwork is carried on and which is operated by a public 11 agency or by a private corporation or association, no part of 12 the net earnings of which inures or may lawfully inure to the 13 benefit of any private shareholder or individual, or by a 14 cooperative, for the primary purpose of providing remunera-15 tive employment to disabled persons (a) as an interim step in 16 the rehabilitation process for those who cannot be readily 17 absorbed in the competitive labor market; or (b) during such 18 time as employment opportunities for them in the competitive 19 labor market do not exist; or (c) for providing vocational 20 evaluation and work adjustment services for disadvantaged
- 22 (2) "Vocational rehabilitation facility" means a facility 23 which is operated for the primary purpose of providing vocational rehabilitation services to, or gainful employment 24 25 for, handicapped individuals, or, for providing evaluation and 26 work adjustment services for disadvantaged individuals, and 27 which provides singly or in combination one or more of the 28 following services for handicapped individuals: (a) Compre-29 hensive rehabilitation services which shall include, under one management, medical, psychological, social and vocational 30 services; (b) testing, fitting or training in the use of prosthetic 31 32 and orthopedic devices; (c) prevocational conditioning or recreational therapy; (d) physical and occupational therapy; (e) 33 therapy for speech and hearing pathology; (f) psychological 34 and social services; (g) evaluation; (h) personal and work 35 adjustment; (i) vocational training (in combination with other 36 rehabilitation services); (j) evaluation or control of special 37

- 38 disabilities; and (k) extended employment for the severely
- 39 handicapped who cannot be readily absorbed in the compet-
- 40 itive labor market; but all medical and related health services
- 41 must be prescribed by, or under the formal supervision of,
- 42 persons licensed to practice medicine or surgery in the state.

CHAPTER 156

(S. B. 349—By Senator Stacy)

[Passed April 10, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, relating to advance payments to sheltered workshops; and providing certain restrictions and requirements in regard to such payments.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten-b, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10B. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION FACILITIES.

§18-10B-2a. Advance payment to facilities.

- 1 Notwithstanding section ten, article three, chapter
- 2 twelve of this code, the director of the division of voca-
- 3 tional rehabilitation is authorized to make advance
- 4 payments to public and private nonprofit sheltered work-
- 5 shops when it has been determined by the director after
- 6 serious consideration to be necessary for the initiation or
- 7 continuation of such workshops. Such advance payments
- 8 shall be for a period no greater than ninety days in
- 9 advance of rendition or continuation of rehabilitation
- 10 services provided by the public or private nonprofit
- 11 sheltered workshop.

CHAPTER 157

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1102—By Delegate Knight and Delegate Faircloth)

[Passed April 8, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to rescheduling the termination date of certain governmental entities or programs; changing certain names.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. THE WEST VIRGINIA SUNSET LAW.

§4-10-4. Termination of governmental entities or programs.

- 1 The following governmental entities and programs shall be
- 2 terminated on the date indicated but no governmental entity
- 3 or program shall be terminated under this article unless a
- 4 performance audit has been conducted of such entity or
- 5 program, except as authorized under section fourteen of this
- 5 article:
- 7 (1) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-one: Judicial council of West Virginia; geological and 9 economic survey commission; motor vehicle certificate appeal
- 10 board; child welfare licensing board.
- 11 (2) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-two: Ohio River basin commission; commission on 13 postmortem examination; state commission on manpower,
- 14 training and technology.
- 15 (3) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 16 eighty-three: Anatomical board; economic opportunity 17 advisory committee; community development authority board.
- 18 (4) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 19 eighty-four: The following programs of the department of 20 natural resources: Rabies control, work incentive program;

- 21 West Virginia alcoholic beverage control licensing advisory 22 board.
- 23 (5) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 24 eighty-five; beautification commission; labor management 25 advisory council.
 - (6) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six: Board of regents; water resources board; water resources division of the department of natural resources; division of archives and history; state board of risk and insurance management; interstate commission on the Potomac River basin; health resources advisory council; welfare advisory council; board of banking and financial institutions; public service commission: Provided, That in the case of the public service commission, the study by the committee required by this article shall be completed on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and shall be by such date transmitted to the joint committee on government and finance for review by the joint committee or its subcommittee designated pursuant to section one, article one, chapter twenty-four of this code for review, examination and study of the operations of the public service commission; state building commission; capitol building commission; public employees insurance board.
 - (7) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven: The geological and economic survey; the commission on uniform state laws; department of labor; civil service commission advisory board; council of finance and administration; motorcycle safety standards and specifications board; oil and gas inspectors' examining board.
 - (8) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight: Information system advisory commission; veteran's council; labor management relations board; board of investments; records management and preservation advisory committee; minimum wage rate board; Ohio River valley water sanitation commission; southern regional education board; department of corrections.
 - (9) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Mental retardation advisory committee; interagency committee on pesticides; commission on charitable organizations; board of school finance; veteran's affairs



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- 61 advisory council; emergency medical services advisory council;
- 62 pesticides board of review; reclamation commission; West
- 63 Virginia health care cost review authority.
- 64 (10) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 65 ninety: Consumer affairs advisory council; savings and loan 66 association; forest industries industrial foundation; U.S. 67 geological survey program within the department of natural resources; drivers' license advisory board; the following 68 69 divisions or programs of the department of agriculture: Soil 70 conservation committee, rural resource division, meat 71 inspection program; women's commission; office of workers' 72 compensation commissioner.
- 73 (11) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 74 ninety-one: State advisory council of the department of 75 employment security; department of human services; oil and 76 gas conservation commission.

CHAPTER 158

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 609-By Senators Tucker and Spears)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nine and twenty-seven, article three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to property exempt from taxation; allowing a taxpayer to obtain relief from overpayment of taxes due to a clerical error or other mistake within one year after the mistake is discovered; notice to taxpayer; providing that such relief from overpayment discovered after one year be in the form of a credit against tax.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine and twenty-seven, article three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ASSESSMENTS GENERALLY.

§11-3-9. Property exemption from taxation.

§11-3-27. Relief in county commission from erroneous assessments.

§11-3-9. Property exempt from taxation.

1 All property, real and personal, described in this sec-2 tion, and to the extent herein limited, shall be exempt 3 from taxation, that is to say: Property belonging to the 4 United States, other than property permitted by the 5 United States to be taxed under state law; property belonging exclusively to the state; property belonging exclu-7 sively to any county, district, city, village or town in this 8 state, and used for public purposes; property located in this state, belonging to any city, town, village, county or any 9 other political subdivision of another state, and used for 10 public purposes; property used exclusively for divine wor-11 ship; parsonages, and the household goods and furni-12 ture pertaining thereto; mortgages, bonds and other evi-13 dence of indebtedness in the hands of bona fide owners 14 15 and holders hereafter issued and sold by churches and religious societies for the purposes of securing money to 16 be used in the erection of church buildings used exclu-17 sively for divine worship, or for the purpose of paying 18 indebtedness thereon; cemeteries; property belonging to, 19 or held in trust for, colleges, seminaries, academies and 20 free schools, if used for educational, literary or scientific 21 22 purposes, including books, apparatus, annuities and furniture; public and family libraries; property used for 23 charitable purposes, and not held or leased out for profit; 24 property used for the public purposes of distributing 25 water or providing sewer service by a duly chartered 26 nonprofit corporation when such property is not held, 27 leased out or used for profit; property used for area 28 economic development purposes by nonprofit corporations 29 when such property is not leased out for profit; all real 30 estate not exceeding one-half acre in extent, and the 31 buildings thereon, and used exclusively by any college or 32 university society as a literary hall, or as a dormitory or 33 clubroom, if not leased or otherwise used with a view to 34 profit; all property belonging to benevolent associations, 35 not conducted for private profit; property belonging to 36

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37 any public institution for the education of the deaf, dumb 38 or blind, or any hospital not held or leased out for profit; house of refuge, lunatic or orphan asylum; homes for 39 40 children or for the aged, friendless or infirm, not conduct-41 ed for private profit; fire engines and implements for 42 extinguishing fires, and property used exclusively for the 43 safekeeping thereof, and for the meeting of fire companies; and all property on hand to be used in the sub-45 sistence of livestock on hand at the commencement of the 46 assessment year; household goods to the value of two 47 hundred dollars, whether or not held or used for profit; 48 bank deposits and money; household goods (which term 49 is deemed for purposes of this section to mean only personal property and household goods commonly found 50 51 within the house and items used to care for the house and 52 its surrounding property) when not held or used for 53 profit, and personal effects (which term is deemed for 54 purposes of this section to mean only articles and items 55 of personal property commonly worn on or about the human body, or carried by a person and normally thought 56 57 to be associated with the person) when not held or used 58 for profit; dead victuals laid away for family use and any 59 other property or security exempted by any other provi-60 sion of law; but no property shall be exempt from taxa-61 tion which shall have been purchased or procured for the 62 purpose of evading taxation, whether temporarily holding 63 the same over the first day of the assessment year or otherwise: Provided, That real property which is exempt 64 65 from taxation by this section shall be entered upon the 66 assessor's books, together with the true and actual value 67 thereof, but no taxes shall be levied upon the same or 68 extended upon the assessor's books. 69

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, however, no language herein shall be construed to exempt from taxation any property owned by, or held in trust for, educational, literary, scientific, religious or other charitable corporations or organizations, unless such property is used primarily and immediately for the purposes of such corporations or organizations.

76 The tax commissioner shall, by issuance of regulations,

- 77 provide each assessor with guidelines to ensure uniform
- 78 assessment practices statewide to effect the intent of this
- 79 section.

§11-3-27. Relief in county commission from erroneous assessments.

Any taxpayer, or the prosecuting attorney or tax com-1 2 missioner, upon behalf of the state, county and districts, 3 claiming to be aggrieved by any entry in the property 4 books of the county, including entries with respect to classification and taxability of property, resulting from a clerical error, or a mistake occasioned by an unintentional or inadvertent act as distinguished from a mistake growing out of negligence or the exercise of poor judgment, may, within one year from the time the property books are delivered to the sheriff or within one year from 11 the time such clerical error or mistake is discovered or reasonably could have been discovered, apply for relief to the county commission of the county in which such 13 books are made out: Provided, That upon the discovery 14 of any such clerical error or mistake by the sheriff or the 15 assessor, or either officer having knowledge thereof, the 16 sheriff or assessor shall cause notice to be sent to any 17 taxpayer affected by the clerical error or mistake by first-18 class United States mail advising the taxpayer of the right to make application from relief from the erroneous assessment. Before the application is heard, the taxpayer 21 shall give notice to the prosecuting attorney of the 22 county, or the state shall give notice to the taxpayer, as 23 the case may be. The application, whether by the taxpayer or the state, shall have precedence over all other 25 business before the court; but any order or judgment 26 shall show that either the prosecuting attorney or the tax 27 commissioner was present defending the interests of the 28 state, county and districts: Provided, however, That the 29 provisions of this section shall not be construed as giving 30 county commissions jurisdiction to consider any question 31 involving the classification or taxability of property which 32 has been the subject matter of an appeal under the pro-33 visions of section twenty-four-a of this article; and any 34

other such clerical error or mistake involving the classification or taxability of property, may be corrected by the county commission under the provisions of this section only when approved, in writing, by the county assessor.

40 In the event it is ascertained that the applicant is 41 entitled to relief, any excess taxes already paid shall be 42 refunded and, if charged but not paid, the applicant shall 43 be released from the payment of such excess: Provided, 44 That in the event a mistake or error is discovered more 45 than one year after the property books for the year or 46 years in question are delivered to the sheriff, any relief 47 granted to the applicant shall be in the form of a credit 48 against taxes owing for the following year or years 49 until the debt is paid. Whenever any correction is made 50 by the county commission, the clerk shall certify copies 51 of the order to the auditor, to the sheriff and to the 52 assessor, and in the case of real estate, the assessor shall thereupon make a correction in accordance with the order 53 54 in his landbook for the next year. Any such order delivered to the sheriff or other collecting officer shall restrain 55 56 him from collecting so much as is erroneously charged 57 against the taxpaver, and, if already collected, shall compel him to refund the money if such officer has not 58 already paid it into the treasury. In either case, when 59 60 indorsed by the person exonerated, it shall be sufficient 61 voucher to entitle the officer to a credit for so much in 62 his settlement which he is required to make. If the applicant be the state, the order certified to the sheriff shall 63 show the correct amount of taxes due the state, county 64 and districts and shall be sufficient to authorize collection 65 in the same manner as for other state, county and district 66 67 taxes.

CHAPTER 159

(S. B. 538—By Senators Spears and R. Williams)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, three, four, five,

seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and sixteen, article six, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto fifteen new sections, designated sections eleven-a, eleven-b, eleven-c, eleven-d, eleven-e, thirteen-a, thirteen-b, thirteen-c, thirteen-d, thirteen-e, thirteen-f, thirteen-g, thirteen-h, thirteen-i and thirteen-j, all relating generally to assessment of public service businesses for ad valorem property taxes; changing title of article; transferring to tax commissioner duty of making such assessments; providing form and manner of making return of property; imposing criminal penalty for failure to make such return; permitting tax commissioner to compel furnishing of information by public service business by issuance of subpoena or subpoena duces tecum; providing for service and enforcement of subpoena and subpoena duces tecum; requiring issuance of tentative assessments; providing for administrative hearing if petition for reassessment is timely filed; making tentative assessment prima facie evidence of assessed value; providing for service of notice of tentative assessments and assessments; providing rules for timely filing of returns and other documents; providing for issuance of assessments; permitting appeal of assessment where tentative assessment was protested and administrative hearing held; providing procedures for administrative hearing and appeals to court; specifying time periods within which petitions for reassessment and petitions for appeal must be filed; providing for assessment to be prima facie evidence of assessed value; providing for apportionment of value among counties, school districts and municipalities by tax commissioner; and providing for auditor to enter assessments against public service business.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, three, four, five, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen and sixteen, article six, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto fifteen new sections, designated sections eleven-a, eleven-b, eleven-c, eleven-d, eleven-e, thirteen-a, thirteen-b, thirteen-d, thirteen-d, thirteen-

e, thirteen-f, thirteen-g, thirteen-h, thirteen-i and thirteen-j, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. ASSESSMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE BUSINESSES.

- §11-6-1. Returns of property to tax commissioner.
- §11-6-3. Same—Toll bridges.
- §11-6-4. Same—Car line companies.
- §11-6-5. Same—Pipeline companies.
- §11-6-7. Same—Telegraph and telephone companies.
- §11-6-8. Form and manner of making return; failure to make return; criminal penalty.
- §11-6-9. Compelling such return; procuring information and tentative assessment by tax commissioner.
- §11-6-10. Failure to give information required by tax commissioner; criminal penalty.
- §11-6-11. Valuation of property by tax commissioner.
- §11-6-11a. Notice of tentative assessment; petition for reassessment.
- §11-6-11b. Administrative hearing; procedures.
- §11-6-11c. Service of notice.
- §11-6-11d. Timely filing.
- §11-6-11e. Time for performance of acts where last day falls on Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.
- §11-6-12. Appeal from valuation by tax commissioner.
- §11-6-13. Apportionment of value among counties, districts and municipalities.
- §11-6-13a. Bridge companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13b. Bus companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13c. Express companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13d. Light, heat or power companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13e. Pipeline companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13f. Railroad companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13g. Railroad car companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13h. Telephone and telegraph companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13i. Water distribution companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-13j. Other companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.
- §11-6-16. Entry of assessment by auditor of property of such public service businesses.

§11-6-1. Returns of property to tax commissioner.

- 1 (a) On or before the first day of May in each year a return
- 2 in writing shall be filed with the tax commissioner: (1) By
- 3 the owner or operator of every railroad, wholly or in part
- 4 within this state; (2) by the owner or operator of every
- 5 railroad bridge upon which a separate toll or fare is
- 6 charged; (3) by the owner or operator of every car or line of
- 7 cars used upon any railroad within the state for
- 8 transportation or accommodation of freight or passengers,
- 9 other than such owners or operators as may own or operate
- 10 a railroad within the state; (4) by the owner or operator of

11 every express company or express line, wholly or in part 12 within this state, used for the transportation by steam or 13 otherwise of freight and other articles of commerce; (5) by 14 the owner or operator of every pipeline, wholly or in part 15 within this state, used for the transportation of oil or gas or 16 water, whether such oil or gas or water be owned by such 17 owner or operator or not, or for the transmission of 18 electrical or other power, or the transmission of steam or 19 heat and power or of articles by pneumatic or other power; 20 (6) by the owner or operator of every telegraph or telephone 21 line, wholly or in part within this state, except private lines 22 not operated for compensation; (7) by the owner and 23 operator of every gas company and electric lighting 24 company furnishing gas or electricity for lighting, heating 25 or power purposes; (8) by the owner or operator of 26 hydroelectric companies for the generation and 27 transmission of light, heat or power; (9) by the owner or 28 operator of water companies furnishing or distributing 29 water; and (10) by the owner or operator of all other public 30 service corporations or persons engaged in public service 31 business whose property is located wholly or in part within 32 this state.

(b) The words "owner or operator," as applied herein to 34 railroad companies, shall include every railroad company 35 incorporated by or under the laws of this state for the 36 purpose of constructing and operating a railroad, or of 37 operating part of a railroad within this state, whether such 38 railroad or any part of it be in operation or not; and shall 39 also include every other railroad company, or persons or 40 associations of persons, owning or operating a railroad or 41 part of a railroad in this state on which freight or 42 passengers, or both, are carried for compensation. The word "railroad," as used herein includes every street, city, 44 suburban or electric or other railroad or railway.

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- (c) The words "owner or operator," as applied herein to 46 express companies, shall include every express company incorporated by or under the laws of this state, or doing business in this state, whether incorporated or not, and any 49 person or association of persons, owning or operating any express company or express line upon any railroad or otherwise, doing business partly or wholly within this state.
 - (d) Such return shall be signed and sworn to by such

owner or operator if a natural person, or, if such owner or operator shall be a corporation, shall be signed and sworn to by its president, vice president, secretary or principal accounting officer.

57 (e) The return required by this section of every such 58 owner or operator shall cover the year ending on the thirty-59 first day of December, next preceding, and shall be made on 60 forms prescribed by the tax commissioner, who is hereby 61 invested with full power and authority and it is hereby 62 made his duty to prescribe such forms as will require from 63 any owner or operator herein mentioned such information 64 as in the judgment of the tax commissioner may be of use to 65 him in determining the true and actual value of the 66 properties of such owners or operators.

§11-6-3. Same—Toll bridges.

1 In the case of any bridge upon which a separate toll or fare 2 is charged, such return shall show: (a) The location of the 3 same; (b) for what used; and, if used by a railroad, what 4 railroad uses it; (c) the length of such bridge; and, if used by 5 a railroad, the number of tracks on it; (d) all other property 6 owned by such owner or operator and used in connection with such bridge; (e) the capital actually invested; the amount of capital stock authorized and issued, the par value and the market value of the shares into which the capital stock is divided, and the amount of dividends 10 declared on the capital stock within the twelve months 11 12 preceding the first day of the current assessment year; the 13 total amount of bonded indebtedness and of indebtedness 14 not bonded; gross earnings for the year from all sources; (f) 15 gross expenditures for the year, giving a detailed statement 16 thereof under each class or head of expenditure; and (g) any 17 other information requested by the tax commissioner which 18 the tax commissioner deems may be of use to him in 19 determining the actual value of such bridge or bridges.

§11-6-4. Same—Car line companies.

In the case of car lines used for the transportation or accommodation of passengers or freight by owners or operators, other than railroad companies making their treturn under this law, such return shall show for every such owner or operator: (a) All cars and other rolling stock, giving a detailed statement of the number of cars, including

7 passenger, mail, express, baggage, freight, sleeping, dining, 8 parlor, refrigerator, stock or other cars of every description, 9 and the true and actual value of all such cars used wholly or 10 in part in this state, distinguishing between those used 11 wholly in this state and those used partly within and partly 12 without the state, and the true and actual value of those 13 used wholly within the state and those used partly within 14 and partly without the state, and the proportional value of 15 such cars used partly within and partly without the state, 16 according to the time used and the number of miles run by 17 such cars in and out of the state, the railroad over which 18 they were run, and the proportional value in each county 19 within this state within which such cars were run; but in 20 any case where it may appear to the tax commissioner that from the nature of the employment of such cars, or 21 22 otherwise, it is not practicable to show the matters 23 hereinbefore required in this section as to the cars used in this state, and the proportional value of the cars used partly 24 within and partly without this state and each county 25 thereof, the tax commissioner may, as to such matters, 26 27 accept such other information as it may be practicable to 28 obtain, or in its discretion the tax commissioner may 29 dispense with such showing as to any such matter; (b) real and personal property of every kind, whatever, including 30 31 money, credits and investments and the amount thereof, 32 wholly held or used in this state, showing the amount and 33 the true and actual value in each county; and (c) the actual capital employed in the business of such owner or operator, 34 the total amount of bonded indebtedness with respect to 35 36 such line, and of indebtedness not bonded: the whole length of the several lines of railroad over which such cars run, 37 including branches and connecting lines in and out of the 38 state; and, if such owner or operator be a corporation, its 39 actual capital stock and the number, character, amount and 40 market value of the shares thereof, and the amount of 41 capital stock actually paid in; its bonded indebtedness and 42 its indebtedness not bonded. The tax commissioner shall 43 have the right to require any such owner or operator to 44 furnish such other and further information as, in the 45 judgment of the tax commissioner, may be of use to him in 46 determining the true and actual value of the property to be 47 assessed to such owner or operator. 48

§11-6-5. Same — Pipeline companies.

1 In the case of a pipeline, such return shall show for each 2 owner or operator: (a) The number of miles of pipeline 3 owned, leased or operated within this state, the size or sizes 4 of the pipe composing such line, and the material of which 5 such pipe is made; (b) if such pipeline be partly within and 6 partly without this state, the whole number of miles thereof 7 within this state and the whole number of miles without this 8 state, including all branches and connecting lines in and out 9 of the state; (c) the length, size and true and actual value of 10 such pipelines in each county of this state, including in such 11 valuation the main line, branches and connecting lines, and 12 stating the different values of the pipe separately; (d) its 13 pumping stations, machine and repair shops and machinery 14 therein, tanks, storage tanks and all other buildings, 15 structures and appendages connected or used therewith, 16 together with all real estate, other than its pipeline, owned or used by it in connection with its pipeline, including 18 telegraph and telephone lines, and the true and actual value 19 of all such buildings, structures, machinery and appendages and of each parcel of such real estate, including 20 such telegraph and telephone lines, and the true and actual 21 value thereof in each county in this state in which it is 22 23 located; and the number and value of all tank cars, tanks, barges, boats and barrels; (e) its personal property of every kind whatsoever, including money, credits and 26 investments, and the amount thereof wholly held or used in this state, showing the amount and value thereof in each 27 28 county; (f) an itemized list of all other real property within this state, with the location thereof; and (g) the actual 29 30 capital employed in the business of such owner or operator, 31 the total amount of the bonded indebtedness of such owner or operator with respect to such line, and of indebtedness 33 not bonded; and, if such owner or operator be a corporation, 34 its capital stock, the character, number and amount and the market value of the shares thereof, and the amount of 35 capital stock actually paid in; its bonded indebtedness and 36 its indebtedness not bonded. The tax commissioner shall 37 have the right to require such owner or operator to furnish 38 such other and further information as, in the judgment of the tax commissioner may be of use in determining the true

41 and actual value of the property to be assessed to such 42 owner or operator.

§11-6-7. Same — Telegraph and telephone companies.

1 In the case of a telegraph or telephone line, such report 2 shall show for every such owner or operator: (a) The number 3 of miles of lines owned, leased or operated within this state, 4 the guage of the wire, the number of strands of wire, the 5 material of which it is made, and, as accurately as may be, 6 the time when the line or any material part thereof was 7 constructed or last replaced; (b) if such lines be partly 8 within and partly without the state, the whole number of 9 miles thereof within this state and the whole number of 10 miles without this state, including all branches and 11 connecting lines in and out of the state; (c) the true and 12 actual value per mile of such line in each county of this 13 state; (d) its stations, shops and machinery therein, and all 14 buildings, structures and appendages connected or used 15 therewith, together with all real estate, other than its 16 telegraph or telephone line, owned or used by it in 17 connection with its line, and of each parcel of such real 18 estate and the true and actual value thereof in each county 19 in this state in which it is located; (e) its personal property of 20 every kind whatsoever, including money, credits and 21 investments, and the amounts thereof wholly held or used in 22 this state, showing the amount and value thereof in each 23 county; (f) an itemized list of all other real property within 24 this state, with the location thereof; and (g) the actual capital employed in the business of such owner or operator, 26 the total amount of the bonded indebtedness of such owner or operator, with respect to such line, and of all 28 indebtedness not bonded; and, if such owner or operator be a corporation, its capital stock, the character, number, amount and the market value of the shares thereof, and the amount of capital stock actually paid in; its bonded indebtedness and its indebtedness not bonded. The tax 33 commissioner shall have the right to require any such owner or operator to furnish such other and further information as, in the judgment of the tax commissioner, may be of use to 35 him in determining the true and actual value of the property 36 to be assessed to such owner or operator.

§11-6-8. Form and manner of making return; failure to make return; criminal penalty.

- 1 All returns to be made to the tax commissioner, under this
- 2 chapter, shall be made in conformity with any reasonable
- 3 requirement of the tax commissioner of which the person
- 4 making the return shall have had notice, and shall be made
- 5 upon forms which may be furnished by the tax
- 6 commissioner, and according to instructions which the tax
- 7 commissioner may give relating thereto, and to the
- 8 description and itemizing of the property. Such owner or
- 9 operator, whether a natural person, or a corporation or
- 10 company, failing to make such return as herein required
- 11 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined one thousand
- 12 dollars for each month such failure continues.

§11-6-9. Compelling such return; procuring information and tentative assessments by tax commissioner.

- 1 (a) If any owner or operator fails to make such return 2 within the time required by section one of this article, it 3 shall be the duty of the tax commissioner to take such steps
- 4 as may be necessary to compel such compliance, and to
- 5 enforce any and all penalties imposed by law for such 6 failure.
- (b) The return delivered to the tax commissioner shall be examined by him, and if it be found insufficient in form or in any respect defective, imperfect or not in compliance
- with law, he shall compel the person required to make it to
 do so in proper and sufficient form, and in all respects as
- 11 do so in proper and sufficient form, and in all respects a12 required by law.
- 13 (c) If any such owner or operator fails to make such 14 return, the tax commissioner shall proceed, in such manner 15 as to him may seem best, to obtain the facts and information 16 required to be furnished by such returns.
- 17 (d) The tax commissioner may send for persons and 18 papers, and may compel the attendance of any person and 19 the production of any paper necessary, in the opinion of said 20 tax commissioner, to enable him to obtain the information 21 required for the proper discharge of his duties under this 22 section. Service of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, 23 and enforcement of compliance with such subpoena or 24 subpoena duces tecum, shall be in conformity with the

- 25 provisions of section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-26 a of this code.
- (e) The tax commissioner shall arrange, collate and 27 28 tabulate such returns and all pertinent information and data contained therein, such further evidence or 29 information as may be required by the tax commissioner of such owner or operator, and all other pertinent evidence, 31 information and data he has been able to procure, upon 32 suitable work sheets, so that they may be conveniently 33 considered. The tax commissioner shall retain in his office 34 true copies of such work sheets which shall be available for 35 inspection by any such owner or operator or his duly 36 authorized representative. 37
- 38 (f) On or before the first day of September in each year 39 beginning with the current calendar year, the tax 40 commissioner shall make a tentative assessment of the true 41 and actual value of all property owned or operated by each 42 public service business whose property is located in whole 43 or in part within this state.

§11-6-10. Failure to give information required by tax commissioner; criminal penalty.

If any person shall refuse to appear before the tax commissioner when required to do so, as aforesaid, or shall refuse to testify before the tax commissioner in regard to any matter as to which the tax commissioner may require him to testify, or if any person shall refuse to produce any paper in his possession or under his control, which the tax commissioner may require him to produce, every such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined five hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned not less than one nor more than six months, at the discretion of the court.

§11-6-11. Valuation of property by tax commissioner.

1 (a) In ascertaining the true and actual value of all property of such owner or operator hereinbefore required to be returned, the tax commissioner shall consider the return, if any, made by the owner or operator, and any return which may have been previously made by such owner or operator, the work sheets prepared by the tax commissioner, such evidence or information as may be offered by such owner or operator, such further evidence or information as may be

- 9 required by the tax commissioner of such owner or 10 operator, and any other pertinent evidence, information 11 and data. Any and all evidence, information and data 12 considered by the tax commissioner shall be available for 13 inspection by any such owner or operator or his duly 14 authorized representative, and an opportunity given to be 15 heard thereon as provided in this section.
- 16 (b) Nothing in this chapter contained shall be construed 17 to require the assessment by the tax commissioner of any 18 part of a railroad, telegraph, telephone or pipeline until 19 such part is so far completed as to be fit for use. But material 20 held by any railroad, telegraph, telephone or pipeline 21 company shall be returned to the tax commissioner for 22 assessment as personal property.
- (c) The proportionate share of the value of the 23 intangible property of such public service businesses as do 24 business in this and other states, growing out of the use of 25 their tangible property in this state under their franchises, 26 privileges and contracts, shall have its situs in this state and 27 in the several counties and municipalities thereof in which 28 they exercise their rights: Provided, That property of any 29 such owner located outside of this state which is not directly 30 used in the business to which the property in this state is 31 32 devoted, shall not enter into the value of the property within 33 this state to be assessed.

§11-6-11a. Notice of tentative assessment; petition for reassessment.

- 1 (a) The tax commissioner shall give the owner or 2 operator of the public service business written notice of the 3 amount of any tentative assessment made pursuant to this 4 article.
- (b) Unless the owner or operator to whom a notice of assessment is given files, within thirty days after date of issuance thereof, either personally or by certified mail, with the tax commissioner a petition in writing, verified under oath by the owner or operator, or his duly authorized agent having knowledge of the facts, setting forth with particularity: (1) The items of the tentative assessment objected to, together with (2) the reasons for the objections, the tentative assessment shall become final and not subject
- 14 to administrative or judicial review.

§11-6-11b. Administrative hearing; procedures.

- 1 (a) When a petition for reassessment is filed in the form
 2 and within the time prescribed in section eleven-a of this
 3 article, the tax commissioner shall assign a time and place
 4 for a hearing upon the same. Written notice of the hearing
 5 shall be given to the petitioner at least ten days in advance
 6 thereof. At the same time that notice is given to the
 7 petitioner, notice of the hearing shall also be filed in the
 8 state register created in the office of the secretary of state by
 9 section two, article two, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 10 (b) Any hearing may be continued by the tax
 11 commissioner upon his own motion, agreement of the
 12 parties, or motion of the petitioner setting forth good cause.
 13 Notice of such continuance shall promptly be given to all
 14 parties and filed in the state register.
- 15 (c) A hearing on a petition for reassessment shall be a contested case, as defined in section two, article one, 17 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and shall be conducted 18 in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter 19 twenty-nine-a of this code, that are not inconsistent with 10 this article, notwithstanding the provisions of section five, 11 article five of chapter twenty-nine-a, which exempts the 12 state tax commissioner from the provisions of said article 12 five. A copy of the notice of tentative assessment shall be 12 admissible and shall constitute prima facie evidence of the 12 assessed value of the property of the public service business 12 under the provisions of this article.

§11-6-11c. Service of notice.

- (a) Notices of tentative assessments and assessments
 shall be served upon the owner or operator of a public
 service business, or his designated agent, by personal
 service, or by regular or certified mail.
- (b) If served by regular or certified mail, the notice shall
 be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, in
 an envelope addressed to such owner or operator, or his
 designated agent, at the principal office or place of business
 of such owner or operator, or his designated agent. Service
 shall be complete upon deposit of the notice in the United
 States mail in conformity with this subsection.
- 12 (c) Proof of the giving of notice in conformity with this

- 13 section may be made by the affidavit of any person over
- 14 eighteen years of age, naming the owner or operator, or his
- 15 designated agent, to whom such notice was given and
- 16 specifying the time, place and manner of the giving thereof.
- 17 If service was by certified mail, proof of service may be made
- 18 by affidavit as aforesaid, or by the certified mail return
- 19 receipt card. The affidavit or certified mail return receipt
- 20 card shall be prima facie evidence of service under this
- 21 section.

§11-6-11d. Timely filing.

- 1 (a) Delivery in person.—If any return, claim, statement
- 2 or other document required to be filed, within a prescribed
- 3 period or on or before a prescribed date, is delivered in
- 4 person on or before such date to the tax commissioner, or
- 5 the appropriate division or officer of the tax department, at
- 6 Charleston, West Virginia, during normal business hours of
- 7 the tax department, it shall be timely filed.
- 8 (b) Timely mailing.—If any return, claim, statement or
- 9 other document required to be filed, within a prescribed
- 10 period or on or before a prescribed date under authority of
- 11 any provision of this article, is after such period or such
- 12 date, delivered by United States mail to the tax
- 13 commissioner or the state tax department, the date of the
- 14 United States postmark stamped on the cover in which such
- 15 return, claim, statement or other document or payment is
- 16 mailed shall be deemed to be the date of delivery or the date
- 17 of payment, as the case may be, provided the following
- 18 mailing requirements are met:
- 19 (1) The postmark date falls within the prescribed period 20 or on or before the prescribed date for filing (including any
- 21 extension granted for such filing), of the return, claim,
- 22 statement or other document or for making the payment
- 23 (including any extension granted for such payment), and
- 24 (2) The return, claim, statement, other document or
- payment was, within the time prescribed in subsection (a) of
 this section, deposited in the mail in the United States in an
- this section, deposited in the mail in the United States in an envelope or other appropriate wrapper, postage prepaid,
- 28 properly addressed to the tax commissioner or the state tax
- 29 department.
- 30 (c) Postmarks.—This section applies in the case of 31 postmarks not made by the United States post office only if

- 32 and to the extent provided by rules or regulations 33 prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- 34 (d) Registered and certified mailing.—For purposes of 35 this section, if any return, claim, statement or other 36 document or payment is sent by United States registered or 37 certified mail, the date of registration or certification shall 38 be deemed the postmark date.
- (e) Last date for filing or payment.—The last date for 39 40 timely filing or timely making payment shall include any 41 extension of time authorized by law or regulation and any 42 extension of time granted in writing by the tax
- 43 commissioner.

§11-6-11e. Time for performance of acts where last day falls on Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

1 When the last day prescribed under authority of any

2 article of this chapter imposing any tax administered under

3 this article for performing any act falls on Saturday,

4 Sunday or a legal holiday, the performance of such act shall

5 be considered timely if it is performed on the next

succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or a legal

7 holiday. For purposes of this section, the last day for the

8 performance of any act shall be determined by including

9 any authorized extension of time; and the term "legal

10 holiday" means a legal holiday in this state.

§11-6-12. Appeal from valuation by tax commissioner.

- 1 (a) If the owner or operator of a public service business 2 does not file a petition for reassessment with the tax 3 commissioner within the time prescribed in section eleven-4 a of this article, the amount of the tentative assessment shall
- 5 be assessed, and notice of the assessment given to the owner

6 or operator, or his designated agent.

- (b) If the owner or operator of a public service business 8 timely files a petition for reassessment under section 9 eleven-a of this article, the tax commissioner shall review 10 the petition and any evidence or information as may be 11 offered by the owner or operator, or his duly authorized 12 agent, along with the return, if any, made by the owner or 13 operator, any return which may have been previously made 14 by such owner or operator, the tentative assessment and the
- 15 work sheets. If after his review the tax commissioner

16 determines that his tentative assessment is too high or low, 17 he shall, if the petitioner be in agreement, correct his 18 tentative assessment and issue an assessment.

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- (1) This agreement shall be in writing, and shall be 20 signed by the tax commissioner and the petitioner. Such 21 agreement shall be final and conclusive of the assessed 22 value of the property, and except upon a showing of fraud or 23 malfeasance, or misrepresentation of a material fact, shall not be subject to administrative or judicial review.
- (2) Whenever an agreement is made under this 26 subsection, there shall be placed on file in the office of the tax commissioner, the amount of the tentative assessment, 27 28 the amount of the assessment and the reason or reasons for 29 the difference.
- (c) If the owner or operator of a public service business 31 timely files a petition for reassessment under section 32 eleven-a of this article, and if an agreement cannot be 33 reached under subsection (b) of this section, an 34 administrative hearing shall be held as provided in section 35 eleven-b of this article, and a final order or decision issued. 36 An assessment shall be made for the amount of the final 37 order or decision and notice of this assessment shall be served on the petitioner along with a copy of the final order or decision. Such decision and assessment shall become final and not subject to judicial or administrative review unless a petition for appeal is filed within thirty days after date the decision and assessment are issued.
- 43 (d) Any owner or operator claiming to be aggrieved by any such decision may, within the time aforesaid, apply by 44 petition in writing, duly verified, to the circuit court of the 46 county in which the property so assessed is situated, or if such property be situated in more than one county then in 47 48 the county in which the largest assessment of such owner or 49 operator was made in the next preceding year, for an appeal 50 from the assessment and valuation so made of all such 51 property, and jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon and 52 declared to exist in the court, in which such application is 53 filed, to grant, docket and hear such appeal; and such 54 appeal, as to all of the property so assessed, as well as that 55 situated in the county of the court so applied to, as that 56 situated in the several other counties, shall forthwith be 57 allowed by such court so applied to, and be heard by such

58 court as to all of such property as soon as possible after the 59 appeal is docketed. Except as specifically provided in this 60 subsection (d), judicial review of the final order or decision 61 shall be in accordance with the provisions of section four, 62 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. A certified 63 copy of the assessment and administrative decision of the 64 tax commissioner shall be admissible and shall constitute 65 prima facie evidence of the assessed value of the property of 66 the public service business under the provisions of this article. An appeal may be taken by either party to the 67 supreme court of appeals, as provided in section one, article 68 six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, if the assessed value 69 70 of the property be fifty thousand dollars or more.

(e) Assessments under this section must be made on or 71 72 before the fifteenth day of January succeeding the date of 73 the tentative assessment.

§11-6-13. Apportionment of value among counties, districts and municipalities.

- (a) Upon assessment of the property of such owner or 1 2 operator as aforesaid, the tax commissioner shall 3 immediately apportion to each county, both as to the fixed 4 situs property and the nonfixed but distributable and apportionable operating property, the relative value of such 6 operating property within each county to the value of the 7 total operating property within the state, to be determined 8 upon such factors as the tax commissioner shall deem 9 proper and in respect to the value of property of every such 10 owner or operator as valued or assessed as aforesaid; and 11 further shall apportion such value as aforesaid among the 12 several districts, school districts and independent school 13 districts therein, according to the value thereof, as near as 14 may be and forthwith shall certify to the auditor and to the 15 county commission of such county the values so apportioned. The clerk of the county commission shall 16 forthwith certify such values to the school district and to 17 the several municipalities, respectively, in such county. 18
- (b) The assessed value of operating property owned, 20 leased or used by the various public service businesses shall be apportioned to each tax district as provided in sections thirteen-a through thirteen-j of this article: Provided, That the tax commissioner may also consider any other factors

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24 that will help determine the fair apportionment of 25 indefinite-situs distributable operating property to each 26 tax district. For purposes of apportionment, operating 27 property is classified as definite-situs distributable 28 operating property or as indefinite-situs distributable 29 operating property. Definite-situs distributable operating 30 property as defined in sections thirteen-a through thirteen-31 j of this article shall be apportioned to the tax district 32 wherein such property is located. Indefinite-situs 33 distributable operating property is any operating property 34 that is not definite-situs distributable operating property. 35 and its assessed value shall be apportioned among the 36 several tax districts as provided in sections thirteen-a 37 through thirteen-j of this article. For purposes of 38 apportionment, the term tax district means and includes 39 the state and local levying bodies, including the county 40 commission, school districts and municipalities of this state.

§11-6-13a. Bridge companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) A bridge company's definite-situs distributable 2 operating property consists of: (1) Bridges; (2) land on 3 which bridge heads are located; and (3) the company's 4 rights-of-way.
- (b) A bridge company's operating property which is not 5 6 described in subsection (a) of this section is indefinite-situs distributable operating property. The tax commissioner shall apportion and distribute the assessed valuation of this property among the taxing districts in which the company 10 has property that is described in subsection (a) of this 11 section. The amount which shall be distributed to a taxing 12 district equals the product of (1) the total assessed valuation 13 of the bridge company's indefinite-situs distributable 14 operating property, multiplied by (2) a fraction, the 15 numerator of which is the book value of the company's 16 operating property which is located in the taxing district 17 and which is described in subsection (a) of this section, and 18 the denominator of which is the book value of the 19 company's operating property which is located in this state 20 and which is described in subsection (a) of this section.

§11-6-13b. Bus companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) The definite-situs distributable operating property 2 of a bus company consists of real property and tangible 3 personal property which is located within or on the real 4 property.
- 5 (b) A bus company's operating property which is not 6 described in subsection (b) of this section is indefinite-situs 7 distributable operating property. This property includes, 8 but is not limited to, buses and other mobile equipment. The 9 tax commissioner shall apportion and distribute the 10 assessed valuation of this property among the taxing 11 districts in or through which the company operates its 12 system. The amount which shall be distributed to a taxing 13 district equals the product of (1) the total assessed valuation 14 of the bus company's indefinite-situs distributable 15 operating property, multiplied by (2) a fraction, the 16 numerator of which is the company's average daily 17 regularly scheduled passenger vehicle route miles in the 18 taxing district, and the denominator of which is the 19 company's average daily regularly scheduled passenger 20 vehicle route miles in this state.

§11-6-13c. Express companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) The definite-situs distributable operating property 2 of an express company consists of real property and 3 tangible personal property which has a definite-situs. The 4 remainder of the express company's property is indefinite-5 situs distributable operating property.
- 6 (b) The tax commissioner shall apportion and distribute
 7 the assessed valuation of an express company's indefinite8 situs distributable operating property among the taxing
 9 districts in which the definite-situs distributable operating
 10 property of the company is located. The amount which shall
 11 be distributed to a taxing district equals the product of (1)
 12 the total assessed valuation of the express company's
 13 indefinite-situs distributable operating property,
 14 multiplied by (2) a fraction, the numerator of which is the
 15 book value of the company's definite-situs distributable
 16 operating property which is located in the taxing district,

- 17 and the denominator of which is the book value of the
- 18 company's definite-situs distributable operating property
- 19 which is located in this state.

§11-6-13d. Light, heat or power companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) The definite-situs distributable operating property
- 2 of a light, heat or power company consists of: (1) Office
- 3 furniture and fixtures; (2) other tangible personal property
- 4 which is not used as part of the company's production plant,
- 5 transmission system or distribution system; and (3) real
- 6 property which is not part of the company's rights-of-way,
- 7 transmission system or distribution system.
- 8 (b) A light, heat or power company's property which is
- 9 not described as definite-situs distributable operating
- 10 property in subsection (a) of this section is indefinite-situs
- 11 distributable operating property. This property includes,
- 12 but is not limited to, turbogenerators, boilers, transformers,
- 13 transmission lines, distribution lines and pipelines. The tax
- 14 commissioner shall apportion and distribute the assessed
- 15 valuation of this property among the taxing districts in
- 16 which the secondary's transmission lines distribution lines
- 16 which the company's transmission lines, distribution lines
- 17 and pipelines are located. The amount which shall be
- 18 distributed to a taxing district equals the product of (1) the
- 19 total assessed valuation of the company's indefinite-situs
- 20 distributable operating property multiplied by (2) a
- 21 fraction, the numerator of which is the length of the
- 22 company's transmission lines, distribution lines and
- 23 pipelines, weighted by the capacity of such lines which are
- 24 located in the taxing district, and the denominator of which
- 25 is the length of the company's lines weighted by the
- 26 capacity of such lines which are located in this state.

§11-6-13e. Pipeline companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) The definite-situs distributable operating property
- 2 of a pipeline company consists of: (1) Real property which is
- 3 not part of a pipeline or right-of-way of the company; and
- 4 (2) tangible personal property which is not part of the 5 company's transmission system.
- 6 (b) A pipeline company's property which is not 7 described in subsection (a) of this section is indefinite-situs

- 8 distributable operating property. The tax commissioner
- 9 shall apportion and distribute the assessed valuation of this
- 10 property among the taxing districts in which the company's
- 11 pipelines are located. The amount which shall be
- 12 distributed to a taxing district equals the product of (1) the
- 13 total assessed valuation of the pipeline company's
- 14 indefinite-situs distributable operating property,
- 15 multiplied by (2) a fraction, the numerator of which is the
- 16 length of the company's pipelines weighted by the capacity
- 17 of such lines in the taxing district, and the denominator of
- 18 which is the length of the company's pipelines weighted by
- 19 the capacity of such lines in this state.

§11-6-13f. Railroad companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) A railroad company's definite-situs distributable
- operating property consists of the company's: (1) Rights-of-2 way and road beds; (2) station and depot grounds; (3) yards,
- yard sites, superstructures, turntables and turnouts; (4)
- tracks; (5) telegraph poles, wires, instruments and other
- appliances, which are located on the rights-of-way; and (6)
- any other buildings or definite-situs personal property used
- in the operation of the railroad.
- 9 (b) A railroad company's operating property which is 10 not described in subsection (a) of this section is indefinite-
- 11 situs distributable operating property. This property
- 12 includes, but is not limited to, rolling stock. The tax
- 13 commissioner shall apportion and distribute the assessed
- 14 valuation of this property among the taxing districts in
- 15 which the railroad company operates its system. The
- 16 amount which the tax commissioner shall distribute to a
- 17 taxing district equals the product of (1) the total assessed 18 valuation of the railroad company's indefinite-situs
- 19 distributable operating property, multiplied by (2) a
- 20 fraction, the numerator of which is the main line and second
- 21 main line track mileage, including such lines and tracks as
- 22 are leased, which are located in the taxing district, and the
- 23 denominator of which is the main line and second main line
- 24 track mileage including such lines and tracks, as are leased,
- 25 which are located in this state.

§11-6-13g. Railroad car companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) The definite-situs distributable operating property 2 of a railroad car company consists of real property and 3 tangible personal property which has a definite-situs. The 4 remainder of the railroad car company's operating property 5 is indefinite-situs distributable property.
- (b) The tax commissioner shall apportion and distribute 7 a railroad car company's indefinite-situs distributable 8 operating property apportioned to this state on the basis of 9 the number of miles traveled on each railroad company's 10 trackage located in the state weighted by the number of 11 main line and second main line track miles of such railroad 12 in each taxing district. The amount distributable to each 13 taxing district equals the product of: (1) The total assessed 14 valuation of the railroad carline company's indefinite-situs 15 distributable operating property multiplied by (2) a 16 fraction, the numerator of which is the number of miles 17 traveled on each railroad operating in the state, and the 18 denominator of which is the quotient of the number of main 19 line and second main line track miles of the railroad located 20 in each taxing district divided by the number of main line 21 and second main line track miles of railroad located in the 22 state.

§11-6-13h. Telephone and telegraph companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

- 1 (a) The definite-situs distributable operating property
 2 of a telephone or telegraph company consists of: (1)
 3 Tangible personal property which is not used as part of the
 4 distribution system of the company; and (2) real property
 5 which is not part of the company's rights-of-way or
 6 distribution system.
- 7 (b) A telephone or telegraph company's property which 8 is not described under subsection (a) of this section is 9 indefinite-situs distributable operating property. The tax 10 commissioner shall apportion and distribute the assessed 11 valuation of this property among the taxing districts in 12 which the company's lines or cables, including laterals, are 13 located. The amount which the tax commissioner shall 14 distribute to a taxing district equals the product of: (1) The

15 total assessed valuation of the telephone or telegraph 16 company's indefinite-situs distributable operating 17 property, multiplied by (2) a fraction, the numerator of 18 which is the length of the company's lines and cables, 19 (including lateral lines and cables), weighted by the 20 capacity of such lines and cables, which are located in the 21 taxing district, and the denominator of which is the length

22 of the company's lines and cables, (including lateral lines

23 and cables), weighted by the capacity of such lines and

24 cables, which are located in this state.

§11-6-13i. Water distribution companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

(a) The definite-situs distributable operating property 1 of a water distribution company consists of: (1) Tangible 3 personal property which is not used as part of the 4 company's distribution system; and (2) real property which 5 is not part of the company's rights-of-way or distribution 6 system. A well, settling basin or reservoir (except an 7 impounding reservoir) is not definite-situs distributable 8 operating property of a water distribution company if it is 9 used to store treated water or water in the process of 10 treatment.

11 (b) A water distribution company's property which is 12 not described as definite-situs distributable operating 13 property under subsection (a) of this section is indefinite-14 situs distributable operating property. The tax 15 commissioner shall apportion and distribute the assessed 16 valuation of this property among the taxing districts in 17 which the company's water mains, including feeder and 18 distribution mains, are located. The amount which the tax 19 commissioner shall distribute to a taxing district equals the 20 product of: (1) The total assessed valuation of the water 21 distribution company's indefinite-situs distributable 22 operating property, multiplied by (2) a fraction, the 23 numerator of which is the length of the company's water 24 mains, including feeder and distribution mains, weighted 25 by the capacity of all such mains, which are located in the 26 taxing district, and the denominator of which is the length 27 of the company's water mains, including feeder and 28 distribution mains, weighted by the capacity of all such 29 mains, which are located in this state.

§11-6-13j. Other companies; apportionment of assessed valuation.

For a public service business which is not within one of the classes of business companies whose property is described in section thirteen-a through thirteen-i of this article, the definite-situs distributable operating property of the company consists of real property and tangible personal property which has a permanent situs. The remainder of the company's property is indefinite-situs distributable operating property. The tax commissioner shall, in a manner which he considers fair, apportion and distribute the assessed valuation of the company's indefinite-situs distributable operating property among the taxing districts in which the public service business operates.

§11-6-16. Entry of assessment by auditor of property of such public service businesses.

1 As soon as possible after the valuation of the property of 2 such owner or operator is fixed by the tax commissioner or 3 by the circuit court on appeal as aforesaid, and after he shall 4 have obtained the information herein provided for to enable 5 him to do so, the auditor shall assess and charge each class 6 of property of every such owner or operator with the taxes 7 properly chargeable thereon, in a book to be kept by him for 8 that purpose, as follows: (a) With the whole amount of taxes 9 upon such property for state and state school purposes, if 10 any such taxes are levied; (b) with the whole amount of 11 taxes on such property in each county for county purposes; 12 (c) with the whole amount of taxes on such property in each 13 school district for free school and building purposes; and (d) 14 with the whole amount of taxes on such property in each 15 municipal corporation for each and all of the purposes for 16 which a levy therein was made by the municipal authorities 17 of such corporation.

CHAPTER 160

(H. B. 1018—By Delegate Phillips and Delegate Hutchinson)

AN ACT to repeal article ten-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the multistate tax compact.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 10A. MULTISTATE TAX COMPACT.

- §1. Repeal of article ratifying multistate tax compact.
 - 1 Article ten-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia,
 - 2 one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, is hereby
 - 3 repealed.

CHAPTER 161

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 73—By Senator Loehr and Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed April 12, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article eleven, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section two, article nine, and section three, article ten, both of said chapter eleven; to amend said chapter eleven by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven; and to amend and reenact section one, article eleven-a of said chapter, all relating generally to death taxes imposed by this state; abolishing inheritance and transfer taxes for persons dying after June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, but fully preserving such taxes for persons dying on or before such date; imposing estate taxes for persons dying after June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; limiting amount of such estate tax to that for which full credit is allowed against federal estate taxes; permitting proration of such federal credit when property of decedent located in and taxed by two or more states; exempting from tax estates not required to file federal estate tax return; providing short title; defining terms; tying definitions of certain terms to definitions for federal estate tax purposes when terms used in similar context, and exceptions thereto; providing procedures for administration and collection of tax; incorporating provisions of West Virginia tax procedure and administration act, except as specifically provided; providing for criminal penalties and adopting provisions of West Virginia tax crimes and penalties act; providing for termination of tax if credit against federal estate taxes for state taxes abolished; providing rules of construction and interpretation and for severability of provisions; and authorizing compromise of estate taxes under Uniform Act on Interstate Compromise of Death Taxes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eleven, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section two, article nine, and section three, article ten, both of said chapter eleven, be amended and reenacted; that said chapter eleven be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven; and that section one, article eleven-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 9. Crimes and Penalties.
- 10. Procedure and Administration.
- 11. Estate Taxes.
- 11A. Interstate Compromise of Inheritance and Death Taxes.

ARTICLE 9. CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

*§11-9-2. Application of this article.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the 2 following taxes imposed by chapter eleven: (1) The
- 3 inheritance and transfer taxes and estate taxes imposed by
- 4 article eleven; (2) the business franchise registration tax
- 5 imposed by article twelve: (3) the annual tax on incomes of
- o imposed by article twelve; (3) the annual tax on incomes of certain carriers imposed by article twelve-a; (4) the
- business and occupation tax imposed by article thirteen; (5)
- 8 the gasoline and special fuels excise tax imposed by article
- 9 fourteen; (6) the motor carrier road tax imposed by article
- 10 fourteen-a; (7) the consumers sales and service tax imposed
- 11 by article fifteen; (8) the use tax imposed by article fifteen-
- 12 a; (9) the cigarette tax imposed by article seventeen; (10) the
- 13 soft drinks tax imposed by article nineteen; (11) the
- 14 personal income tax imposed by article twenty-one; and

^{*} Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1693, which passed prior to this act.

- 15 (12) the corporation net income tax imposed by article twenty-four.
- 17 (b) The provisions of this article shall also apply to the
 18 West Virginia tax procedures and administration act in
 19 article ten of chapter eleven, and to any other articles of this
 20 chapter when such application is expressly provided for by
 21 the Legislature.
- (c) Each and every provision of this article shall apply to
 the articles of this chapter listed in subsections (a) and (b),
 with like effect, as if the provisions of this article were
 applicable only to such tax and were set forth in extenso in
 such article.

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

*§11-10-3. Application of this article.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the 2 inheritance and transfer taxes, the estate tax, interstate 3 compromise and arbitration of inheritance and death taxes.
- 4 the business franchise registration certificate tax, the
- 5 annual tax on incomes of certain carriers, the business and
- 6 occupation tax, the consumers sales and service tax, the use
- 7 tax, the cigarette tax, the soft drinks tax, the personal
- 8 income tax, the corporation net income tax, the gasoline
- 9 and special fuels excise tax, the motor carrier road tax and
- 10 the tax relief for elderly homeowners and renters
- 11 administered by the state tax commissioner. This article
- 12 shall not apply to ad valorem taxes on real and personal
- 13 property, the corporate license tax or any other tax not
- 14 listed hereinabove.
- (b) The provisions of this article shall also apply to any
 other article of this chapter when such application is
 expressly provided for by the Legislature.

ARTICLE 11. ESTATE TAXES.

- §11-11-1. Short title; arrangement and classification.
- §11-11-2. Definitions.
- §11-11-3. Imposition of tax.
- §11-11-4. Tax on transfer of estate of residents; credit; property of residents defined.
- §11-11-5. Tax on transfer of estate of nonresidents; property of nonresidents defined; exemption.
- §11-11-6. Tax on transfer of estate of aliens.
- §11-11-7. Notice of death to tax commissioner.
- §11-11-8. Estate tax returns.
- *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1693, which passed prior to this act.

- §11-11-9. Extension of time for filing return.
- §11-11-10. Amended returns.
- §11-11-11. Returns executed by tax commissioner.
- §11-11-12. Report of change in federal estate tax.
- §11-11-13. Payment of tax.
- §11-11-14. Extension of time for payment.
- §11-11-15. Interest.
- §11-11-16. Receipts for taxes.
- §11-11-17. Lien for nonpayment of tax; releases.
- §11-11-18. Discharge of estate; notice of lien; limitation on lien, etc.
- §11-11-19. Final accounting delayed until liability for tax determined.
- §11-11-20. Liability of personal representatives, etc.
- §11-11-21. Duty of resident personal representative of nonresident decedent.
- §11-11-22. Duties and powers of corporate personal representatives of nonresident decedents.
- §11-11-23. Proof of payment of death taxes to state of domicile.
- §11-11-24. Domicile of decedent.
- §11-11-25. Tax due and payable from entire estate; third persons.
- §11-11-26. Sale of real estate by personal representative to pay tax.
- §11-11-27. Prima facie liability for tax.
- §11-11-28. Person paying tax entitled to reimbursement.
- §11-11-29. Time for assessment of tax.
- §11-11-30. Refund of excess tax due to overpayment of federal estate tax.
- §11-11-31. Agreements as to amount of tax due.
- §11-11-32. County commissions to furnish tax commissioner with names of decedents, etc.
- §11-11-33. Administration of article by tax commissioner.
- §11-11-34. Appointment of special appraisers.
- §11-11-35. Secrecy of information.
- §11-11-36. Money penalty for failure to produce records.
- §11-11-37. Interpretation and construction.
- §11-11-38. Estate to which article applies; former law preserved.
- §11-11-39. Effectiveness of this article.
- §11-11-40. General procedure and administration.
- §11-11-41. Criminal penalties.
- §11-11-42. Severability.

ARTICLE 11. ESTATE TAXES.

§11-11-1. Short title; arrangement and classification.

- 1 This article shall be known as the "West Virginia Estate
- 2 Tax Act."

§11-11-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the
- 2 administration of this article, terms defined in subsection
- 3 (b) shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section,
- 4 unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the
- 5 context in which the term is used, or by specific definition.

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- (b) Terms defined.
- Alien.—The term "alien" means a decedent who at 8 the time of his or her death, was not domiciled in this state or any other state of the United States, and was not a citizen 10 of the United States.
- (2) Decedent or transferor.—The terms "decedent" or "transferor" are used herein interchangeably and mean a 12 13 deceased natural person by or from whom a transfer is made; and include any testator, intestate grantor, 15 bargainor, vendor, assignor, donor, joint tenant or insured.
- (3) Delegate.—The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his 17 delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, 18 means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or 20 indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to 21 perform the function or functions mentioned or described 22 in the context.
- 23 (4) Estate or property.—The terms "estate" or 24 "property" mean the real or personal property or interest 25 therein of a decedent or transferor, and includes all the 26 following: 27
- (A) All intangible personal property of a resident 28 decedent within or without this state or subject to the 29 jurisdiction of this state.
 - (B) All intangible personal property in this state belonging to a deceased nonresident of the United States, including all stock of a corporation organized under the laws of this state, or which has its principal place of business or does the major part of its business in this state, or of a federal corporation or national bank which has its principal place of business or does the major part of its business in this state, excluding, however, savings accounts and savings and loan associations operating under the authority of the state banking commissioner or the federal home loan bank board, and bank deposits, unless those deposits are held and used in connection with a business conducted or operated, in whole or in part, in this state.
 - (5) Federal credit.—The term "federal credit" means the maximum amount of the credit for state death taxes allowable by Section 2011, credit against federal estate tax (or Section 2102 in the case of an alien) and Section 2602,

- credit against the federal tax on generation-skipping transfers of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to a decedent's taxable estate. The term "maximum amount" shall be construed so as to take full advantage of such credit as the laws of the United States may allow: Provided. That in no event shall such amount be less than the federal credit allowable by Sections 2011, 2102 and 2602 of the Internal Revenue Code, as it existed on January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
 - (6) Gross estate.—The term "gross estate" means the gross estate of the decedent as defined in Section 2031 (or Section 2103 in the case of an alien) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States.
 - (7) Includes and including.—The words "includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this article shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.
 - (8) Intangible personal property.—The term "intangible personal property" means incorporeal personal property including deposits in banks, negotiable instruments, mortgages, debts, receivables, shares of stock, bonds, notes, credits, evidences of an interest in personal property, evidences of debt and choses in action generally.
- 73 (9) Internal Revenue Code.—The term "Internal Revenue Code" means the United States Internal Revenue 75 Code of 1954, as amended and in effect on the first day of 76 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, including 77 all changes to such code enacted subsequent to such date, 78 that are similar to or a replacement of the section cited or 79 referred to.
 - (10) Net estate.—The term "net estate" means the net estate of the decedent as defined in Section 2051 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States.
- 85 (11) Nonresident.—The term "nonresident" means a 86 decedent who was a citizen of the United States, but was 87 domiciled outside the state of West Virginia at the time of 88 his or her death.

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- 89 (12) Notice.—The term "notice" means a written notice 90 sent to the last known address of the addressee and shall be 91 effective upon mailing.
 - (13) Other state.—The term "other state" means any state of the fifty states in the United States (other than this state) and includes the District of Columbia and any possession or territory of the United States.
 - (14) Person.—The term "person" includes natural person, corporation, society, association, partnership, joint venture, syndicate, estate, trust or other entity under which business or other activities may be conducted.
 - (15) Person required to file.—The phrase "person required to file" means any person, including a personal representative, qualified heir, distributee or trustee required or permitted to file a federal estate tax return, or a West Virginia estate tax return, pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code or this article.
- 106 (16) Personal representative.—The terms "personal 107 representative" and "fiduciary" are used interchangeably 108 and mean:
- 109 (A) The personal representative of the estate of the 110 decedent, appointed, qualified and acting within this state; 111 or
- (B) If there is no personal representative appointed, qualified and acting within this state, then any person in 114 actual or constructive possession of the West Virginia gross 115 estate of the decedent. The term "personal representative" includes the executor of a will, the administrator of the 116 117 estate of a deceased person, the administrator of such estate 118 with the will annexed, the administrator de bonis non of 119 such estate, whether there be a will or not, the sheriff or other officer lawfully charged with the administration of 120 the estate of a deceased person, and every other curator or 122 committee of a decedent's estate for or against whom suits 123 may be brought for causes of action which accrued to or against such decedent. 124
 - (17) Real property situated in this state.—The phrase "real property situated in this state" means any and all interests in real property located in this state, including leasehold interests, royalty interests, production payments and working interests in coal, oil, gas and other natural resources.

- 131 (18) Resident.—The term "resident" means a decedent 132 who was domiciled in the state of West Virginia at the time 133 of his or her death.
- 134 (19) State.—The term "state" means any state, territory 135 or possession of the United States and the District of 136 Columbia.
- 137 (20) Tangible personal property.—The term "tangible 138 personal property" means corporeal personal property 139 including money.
- 140 (21) Tax.—The term "tax" means the tax imposed by 141 this article, and includes any additions to tax, penalties and 142 interest imposed by this article or article ten of this chapter.
- 143 (22) Tax commissioner.—The term "tax commissioner" 144 means the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia or 145 his delegate.
- 146 (23) Taxable estate.—The term "taxable estate" means 147 the taxable estate of the decedent as defined in Section 2051 148 (or Section 2106 in the case of an alien) of the United States 149 Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, 150 or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States.
- 151 (24) Taxpayer.—The term "taxpayer" means any 152 person required to file a return for the tax imposed by this article and any person liable for payment of the tax imposed 154 by this article.
- 155 (25) This code.—The term "this code" means the code of 156 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as 157 amended.
- 158 (26) This state.—The term "this state" means the state 159 of West Virginia.
- 160 (27) Transfer.—The term "transfer" means "transfer" as defined in Sections 2001, 2101, 2601 of the United States 161 Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, 162 or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States. It 163 includes the passage of any property, or any interest 164 therein, or income therefrom, in possession or enjoyment, 165 present or future, in trust or otherwise, whether by 166 inheritance, descent, devise, succession, bequest, grant, 167 deed, bargain, sale, gift or appointment. 168
- 169 (28) Transferee.—The term "transferee" means any 170 person to whom a transfer is made and includes any legatee, 171 devisee, heir, next of kin, grantee, donee, vendee, assignee,
- 172 successor, survivor or beneficiary.

- 173 (29) United States.—The term "United States," when 174 used in a geographical sense, includes only the fifty states 175 and the District of Columbia.
- 176 (30) Value.—The term "value" means the value of 177 property, the value of the gross estate or the value of the 178 taxable estate as finally determined for federal estate tax 179 purposes under the laws of the United States relating to 180 federal estate taxes.
- (c) Any term used in this article shall have the same 181 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws 182 of the United States relative to estate taxes, unless a 183 different meaning is clearly required by the provisions of 184 this article. Any reference in this article to the laws of the 185 United States relating to federal estate taxes shall mean the 186 provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and 187 amendments thereto, and other provisions of the laws of the 188 United States relating to federal estate taxes, as the same 189 may be or become effective at any time or from time to time. 190

§11-11-3. Imposition of tax.

Whenever a federal estate tax is payable to the United States, there is hereby imposed a West Virginia estate tax equal to the portion, if any, of the maximum allowable amount of federal credit for state death taxes which is attributable to property located in this state, or within its taxing jurisdiction. In no event, however, shall the estate tax hereby imposed result in a total death tax liability to this state and the United States in excess of the death tax liability to the United States which would result if this article were not in effect.

§11-11-4. Tax on transfer of estate of residents; credit; property of residents defined.

- 1 (a) Imposition of tax.—A tax in the amount of the 2 federal credit is imposed on the transfer of the taxable 3 estate of every resident decedent, subject, where applicable, 4 to the credit provided for in subsection (b).
- 5 (b) Credit.—If property of a resident is subject to a 6 death tax imposed by another state for which a federal 7 credit is allowed, the amount due under this section shall be 8 credited with the lesser of:
- 9 (1) The amount of the death tax paid to the other state,

- or states, and credited against the federal estate tax and
 federal tax on generation-skipping transfers; and
- 12 (2) The amount computed by multiplying the amount of 13 the federal credit by a fraction, the numerator of which is 14 the value of that part of the gross estate over which another 15 state (or states) has (or have) jurisdiction to the same extent 16 to which West Virginia would exert jurisdiction under this 17 article with respect to residents of such other state (or 18 states). The denominator of the fraction shall be the value of
- 19 the decedent's gross estate.
 20 (c) Property of resident.—The property of a resident
 21 includes:
- 22 (1) Real property situated in this state;
- 23 (2) Tangible personal property having its actual situs in 24 this state; and
- 25 (3) Intangible personal property owned by the resident, 26 regardless of where it is located.

§11-11-5. Tax on transfer of estate of nonresidents; property of nonresidents defined; exemption.

- 1 (a) Imposition of tax.—A tax in an amount computed as 2 provided in this section is imposed on the transfer of the 3 taxable estate located in West Virginia of every nonresident 4 decedent.
- 5 (b) Amount of tax.—The tax shall be an amount 6 computed by multiplying the federal credit by a fraction, 7 the numerator of which is the value of that part of the gross 8 estate over which West Virginia has jurisdiction for estate 9 tax purposes. The denominator shall be the value of the 10 decedent's gross estate.
- 11 (c) Property of nonresident.—For purposes of this 12 section, property included in the gross estate of a 13 nonresident which is taxable under this section shall 14 include:
- 15 (1) Real property and real property interests located in 16 this state, including (but not limited to) mineral interests, 17 royalties, production payments, leasehold interests or 18 working interests in coal, oil, gas or any other natural 19 resource.
- 20 (2) Tangible personal property having an actual situs in 21 this state.

§11-11-6. Tax on transfer of estate of aliens.

- 1 (a) Imposition of tax.—A tax in the amount computed as
- 2 provided in this section is imposed on the transfer of the
- 3 taxable estate located in West Virginia of every alien.
- 4 Taxable transfers include:
 - (1) Real property situated in this state;
- 6 (2) Tangible personal property having an actual situs in 7 this state; and
- 8 (3) Intangible personal property physically present
 9 within this state of every decedent who, at the time of his or
 10 her death, was not a citizen of the United States.
- 11 (b) Amount of tax.—The tax shall be an amount 12 computed by multiplying the federal credit by a fraction,
- 13 the numerator of which shall be the value of that part of the
- 14 gross estate over which this state has jurisdiction for estate
- 15 tax purposes. The denominator shall be the value of the
- 16 decedent's gross, wherever situate, that is taxable by the
- 17 United States.

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- 18 (c) Stock of West Virginia corporations.—For purposes
- 19 of this section, stock in a corporation organized under the
- 20 laws of this state shall be deemed to be physically present
- 21 within this state.

§11-11-7. Notice of death to tax commissioner.

- 1 The personal representative, within two months after the
- 2 decedent's death, or within a like period after qualifying as
- 3 such, shall give written notice of the decedent's death to the
- 4 tax commissioner on the form prepared and published by
- 5 the tax department known as the preliminary notice and
- 6 report. If a federal estate tax return is required by the
- 7 applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code,
- 8 then a copy of the preliminary notice filed with the federal
- 9 government may be filed with the tax commissioner in lieu
- 10 of such preliminary notice and report.

§11-11-8. Estate tax returns.

- 1 (a) When no return required.—No West Virginia estate 2 tax return needs to be filed if the estate of the decedent is
- 3 not subject to the tax imposed by this article.
- 4 (b) Returns by personal representative.—The personal 5 representative of every estate subject to the tax imposed by
- 6 this article, who is required by the laws of the United States

- 7 to file a federal estate tax return, shall file with the tax
 8 commissioner, on or before the date the federal estate tax
 9 return is required to be filed:
- 10 (1) A return for the tax due under this article; and
- 11 (2) An executed copy of the federal estate tax return.
- 12 (c) Returns by beneficiaries.
- 13 (1) If the personal representative fails to make a 14 complete return as to any part of the gross estate of the 15 decedent, he shall include in his return a description of such 16 part and the name of every person holding a legal or 17 beneficial interest therein. The providing of such 18 information shall not, in and of itself, exonerate the 19 personal representative from any additions to tax or 20 penalties prescribed by law for failure to file a complete 21 return.
- 22 (2) Upon notice from the tax commissioner, a 23 beneficiary of the estate, or other person holding a legal or 24 beneficial interest therein, shall file a return under this 25 article providing such information as the tax commissioner 26 may request pertaining to the interest of the beneficiary, or 27 other person, in the estate of the decedent.
- 28 (d) Returns due.—Returns made under this article shall 29 be filed within nine months after the date of the decedent's 30 death.
- 31 (e) Place of filing.—Estate tax returns shall be filed with 32 the tax commissioner at his office in Charleston, West 33 Virginia.

§11-11-9. Extension of time for filing return.

- 1 (a) Extension of time.—If the personal representative 2 has obtained an extension of time for filing the federal 3 estate tax return, the filing required by section eight shall
- be extended until the end of the time period granted in the
 extension of time for filing the federal estate tax return.
- 6 (b) Copy of federal extension.—Upon obtaining an 7 extension of time for filing the federal estate tax return, the 8 personal representative shall provide the tax commissioner 9 with a true copy of the instrument providing for this 10 extension within thirty days after receipt of it.
- 11 (c) Payment of tax.—An extension of the time for filing 12 a return shall not operate to extend the time for payment of the tax.

§11-11-10. Amended returns.

- 1 (a) When required.—If the personal representative files 2 an amended federal estate tax return, he shall, within sixty 3 days thereafter, file an amended return under this article, 4 and give such information as the tax commissioner may 5 require. Such amended return shall include a copy of the 6 amended federal estate tax return.
- 7 (b) Payment of additional tax.—Any additional tax due 8 under this article shall be remitted when the amended 9 return is filed.

§11-11-11. Returns executed by tax commissioner.

- 1 (a) Authority of tax commissioner to execute return.—If 2 any person fails to file a return at the time prescribed by 3 law, or files (willfully or otherwise) a false or fraudulent 4 return, the tax commissioner shall make the return from his 5 own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain 6 through testimony or otherwise.
- 7 (b) Status of returns.—A return so made and subscribed 8 by the tax commissioner shall be prima facie good and 9 sufficient for all legal purposes.

§11-11-12. Report of change in federal estate tax.

- 1 (a) Report of federal change.—If the amount of the 2 federal taxable estate reported on federal estate tax return 3 is changed or corrected by the United States Internal 4 Revenue Service, or other competent authority, the 5 personal representative shall report the change or 6 correction within ninety days after the final determination 7 of the change, or correction, or as otherwise required by the 8 tax commissioner. Such report shall concede the accuracy 9 of the change, or correction, or state whether and wherein 10 the determination is believed to be erroneous. The 11 imposition of an additional federal estate tax under Section 12 2032A of the Internal Revenue Code shall constitute a 13 change. The tax commissioner may by regulation prescribe exceptions to the requirements of this section as he deems 15 appropriate.
- 16 (b) Payment of deficiency.—If, based upon any 17 deficiency in federal estate tax and the ground therefore, it 18 shall appear that the amount of tax previously paid under 19 this article is less than the amount of tax due and owing, the

- difference together with interest at the rate of one percent
 per month from the date the tax became delinquent under
 this article shall be remitted at the time the notice required
 by this section is filed.
- 24 (c) Failure to give notice.—In the event the personal 25 representative required to file the return and pay the tax 26 required by this article shall fail to give the notice required 27 by this section, any additional tax which may be due and 28 owing may be assessed by the tax commissioner at any time
- 29 notwithstanding the provisions of section fifteen, article

30 ten of this chapter.

§11-11-13. Payment of tax.

- 1 (a) Payment by personal representative.—The tax 2 imposed by this article shall be paid by the personal 3 representative. Liability for payment of the tax continues 4 until the tax is paid.
- 5 (b) Due date.—The tax imposed by this article is due 6 and payable at the date of the decedent's death.
- 7 (c) Delinquent date.—The tax imposed by this article 8 becomes delinquent upon the expiration of nine months 9 after the date on which it becomes due and payable, if not 10 paid within that time.

§11-11-14. Extension of time for payment.

- 1 (a) General.—If an extension of time for payment of 2 federal estate tax has been granted and the tax 3 commissioner finds that payment by the due date of the tax 4 imposed by this article, or any part thereof, would impose undue hardship upon the estate, the tax commissioner may 6 extend the time for payment of any such part, but no 7 extension shall be for more than one year at a time. The 8 aggregate of extensions with respect to any estate shall not 9 exceed ten years from the due date.
- 10 (b) Payment of tax where extension granted.—If an extension of time for payment has been granted under this section, the amount in respect of which the extension is granted shall be paid on or before the date of the expiration of the period of the extension, unless a further extension is granted. If the time for payment is thus extended, there shall be collected, as part of such amount, interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum of the amount due, from

the date which is nine months after the date of death of thedecedent until the date the tax is paid.

§11-11-15. Interest.

- 1 (a) Rate.—The tax imposed by this article does not bear 2 interest if it is paid before the expiration of nine months 3 after the date of death of the decedent. If that tax is paid 4 after that date, the tax bears interest at the rate of twelve 5 percent per annum from the date by which it should have 6 been paid (determined without regard to any extension of 7 time for payment) until the date it is paid.
- 8 (b) Application of payment.—Every payment of 9 delinquent tax shall be applied, first, to any interest due on 10 that tax, secondly, to any additions to tax or penalty 11 imposed by article ten of this chapter, and then, if there is 12 any balance, to the tax itself.

§11-11-16. Receipts for taxes.

- 1 (a) Receipts in triplicate.—The tax commissioner shall issue to the personal representative, upon payment of the tax imposed by this article, receipts in triplicate, any of which shall be sufficient evidence of such payment, and shall entitle the personal representative to be credited and allowed the amount thereof by any county commission or court having jurisdiction to audit or settle his accounts.
- 8 (b) Application of personal representative for 9 receipt.—If the personal representative files a complete and 10 correct return under this article, and there has been a final 11 determination of the federal estate tax liability, he may 12 make written application to the tax commissioner for 13 determination of the amount of the tax and discharge from 14 personal liability therefor. The tax commissioner, as soon as possible, and in any event within one year after receipt of 15 16 such application, shall notify the personal representative of the amount of the tax; and upon payment thereof the 17 personal representative shall be discharged from personal 18 19 liability for any additional tax thereafter found to be due, 20 and shall be entitled to receive from the tax commissioner a receipt in writing showing such discharge: Provided, That 21 such discharge shall not operate to release the gross estate 22 of the lien of any additional tax that may thereafter be 23 found to be due nor release the personal representative if 24 there has been negligence or fraud. 25

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§11-11-17. Lien for nonpayment of tax; releases.

- 1 (a) Lien created.—Unless the tax imposed by this article 2 is sooner paid in full, it shall be a lien for ten years after the 3 death of the decedent upon all property, real or personal, of 4 such decedent located in this state, except as provided in 5 subsection (b).
- 6 (b) Exceptions.
 - (1) Such part of the property of the decedent as may at the time be subject to the lien provided for under subsection (a) shall be divested of such lien to the extent used for payment of charges against the estate or expenses of its administration allowed by the county commission or court having jurisdiction thereof.
 - (2) Such part of the personal property of the decedent as may at the time be subject to the lien provided for under subsection (a) shall be divested of such lien upon the conveyance or transfer of such property to a bona fide purchaser or holder of a security interest for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth. Such liens shall then attach to the consideration received for such property from such purchaser or holder of a security interest.
- 22 (c) Real property.—Real property shall not be divested 23 of such lien, except as provided in subdivision (1), 24 subsection (b) and subsection (d) of this section.
- (d) Release of lien.—When any lien under this section 25 has attached and the tax commissioner is satisfied that no 26 tax liability exists, or that the tax liability of the estate has 27 been fully discharged, the tax commissioner shall issue a 28 certificate releasing all property of such estate from the lien 29 herein imposed. If the tax commissioner is satisfied that the 30 tax liability of the estate has been provided for, he shall 31 32 issue a certificate releasing any surplus property of such estate from the lien imposed by this section. 33

§11-11-18. Discharge of estate; notice of lien; limitation on lien; etc.

1 (a) Where no receipt for payment of the taxes, or no 2 receipt of nonliability for taxes has been issued or recorded 3 as provided for in this article, the property constituting the 4 estate of the decedent in this state shall be deemed fully 5 acquitted and discharged of all liability for estate taxes 6 under this article after a lapse of ten years from the date of
7 the filing with the tax commissioner of notice of the
8 decedent's death, or after a lapse of ten years from the date
9 of the filing with the tax commissioner of an estate tax
10 return, whichever date shall be earlier, unless the tax
11 commissioner shall make out and file and have recorded in
12 the office of the clerk of the county wherein any part of the
13 estate of the decedent may be situated in this state, a notice
14 of lien against the property of the estate, specifying the
15 amount or approximate amount of taxes claimed to be due
16 to the state under this article, which notice of lien shall
17 continue said lien in force for an additional period of five
18 years, or until payment is made.

19 (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this 20 section or this article, no lien for estate taxes under this 21 article shall continue for more than twenty years from the 22 date of death of the decedent, whether the decedent be a 23 resident or a nonresident of this state.

§11-11-19. Final accounting delayed until liability for tax determined.

- 1 (a) No final account of a personal representative in any 2 probate proceeding, who is required to file a federal estate 3 tax return, shall be allowed and approved by the county 4 commission, or the clerk thereof, before whom such 5 proceeding is pending, unless the commission finds that the 6 tax imposed on the transfer of property by this article has 7 been paid in full, or that no such tax is due.
- 8 (b) No final account of a personal representative of an 9 estate shall be allowed by any county commission, or clerk 10 thereof, unless such account shows and the county 11 commission, or clerk thereof, finds that all taxes imposed 12 by this article upon such personal representative, which 13 have become payable, have been paid.
- 14 (c) The certificate of waiver and/or acquittance of the 15 tax commissioner of nonliability for taxes, or his receipt for 16 the amount of the tax herein certified, shall be conclusive in 17 such proceedings as to the liability or the payment of the 18 tax, to the extent of said certificate or waiver and/or 19 acquittance.

§11-11-20. Liability of personal representatives, etc.

1 (a) Personal representative.—Any personal

2 representative who distributes any property without first
3 paying, securing another's payment of, or furnishing
4 security for payment of the taxes due under this article, is
5 personally liable for the taxes due to the extent of the value
6 of any property that may come or that may have come into
7 the possession of the personal representative. Security for
8 payment of taxes due under this article shall be in an
9 amount equal to or greater than the value of all property
10 that is or has come into the possession of the personal
11 representative, as of the time the security is furnished.

- 12 (b) Other person.—Any person who has the control, 13 custody or possession of any property and who delivers any 14 of the property to the personal representative or legal 15 representative of the decedent outside this state without 16 first paying, securing another's payment of, or furnishing 17 security for payment of the taxes due under this article, is 18 liable for the taxes due under this article to the extent of the 19 value of the property delivered. Security for payment of the 19 taxes due under this article shall be in an amount equal to or 19 greater than the value of all property delivered to the 19 personal representative or legal representative of the 19 decedent outside this state by such a person.
- 24 (c) Persons not having control.—For the purpose of this 25 section, persons do not have control, custody or possession 26 of a decedent's property, if they are not responsible for 27 paying the tax due under this section, such as transferees, 28 which term includes, but is not limited to, stockbrokers or 29 stock transfer agents, banks and other depositories of 30 checking and savings accounts, safe deposit companies and 31 life insurance companies.
- 32 (d) Reliance upon release.—For the purposes of this 33 section, any person who has the control, custody or 34 possession of any property and who delivers any of the 35 property to the personal representative or legal 36 representative of the decedent may rely upon the release 37 furnished by the tax commissioner to the personal 38 representative as evidence of compliance with the 39 requirements of this article, and make such deliveries and 40 transfers as the personal representative may direct without 41 being liable for any taxes due under this article.
- 42 (e) Discharge of personal liability for federal estate 43 taxes.—If a personal representative receives a discharge

44 from personal liability for federal estate taxes pursuant to Section 2204 of the Internal Revenue Code, and if the 46 personal representative makes written application to the 47 tax commissioner for determination of the amount of the 48 tax due under this article and discharged from personal liability, the tax commissioner, within two months after 49 receiving satisfactory evidence of the Section 2204 discharge, but not after the expiration of the period for 51 52 issuance of a deficiency assessment, shall notify the 53 personal representative of the amount of the tax. The 54 personal representative, upon payment of the amount of 55 which he is notified (other than any portion for which an 56 extension of time for payment has been granted), and upon 57 furnishing any bond which may be required for any amount 58 for which the time for payment has been extended, shall be 59 discharged from personal liability for any deficiency in tax 60 thereafter found to be due and shall be entitled to a receipt 61 or writing showing the discharge.

§11-11-21. Duty of resident personal representative of nonresident decedent.

- 1 (a) General.—A resident personal representative,
 2 holding personal property (tangible or intangible) of a
 3 deceased nonresident subject to tax under this article, shall
 4 not deliver such property to the personal representative of
 5 the domiciliary estate, or to any other person, until after the
 6 resident personal representative shall have deducted the
 7 tax therefrom, or collected it from the personal
 8 representative of the domiciliary estate and remitted it to
 9 the tax commissioner.
- (b) Failure of domiciliary personal representative to pay 10 tax.-When the transfer of personal property of a 11 nonresident decedent is taxable under this article and the 12 personal representative of the domiciliary estate neglects or 13 refuses to pay the tax upon demand of a resident personal 14 representative, or if for any reason the tax is not paid within 15 nine months after the decedent's death, the resident 16 personal representative may, upon such notice as the 17 circuit court of Kanawha County may direct, be 18 authorized to sell such property, or if the same can be 19 divided, such portion thereof as may be necessary, and shall 20

deduct the tax from the proceeds of such sale and shallaccount for the balance, if any, in lieu of such property.

§11-11-22. Duties and powers of corporate personal representatives of nonresident decedents.

1 If the personal representative of the estate of a 2 nonresident is a corporation duly authorized, qualified and 3 acting as such personal representative in the jurisdiction of 4 the domicile of the decedent, it shall be under the duties and obligations as to the giving of notices and filing of returns required by this article, and may bring and defend actions 7 and suits as may be authorized or permitted by this article. and articles nine and ten of this chapter, to the same extent 9 as an individual personal representative, notwithstanding 10 that such corporation may be prohibited from exercising in this state any powers as personal representative. Nothing 11 12 herein contained shall be taken or construed as authorizing 13 corporations not authorized to do business in this state to qualify or act as personal representative, administrator or in any other fiduciary capacity, if otherwise prohibited by 15 16 the laws of this state, except to the extent herein expressly 17 provided.

§11-11-23. Proof of payment of death taxes to state of domicile.

- 1 (a) General.—At any time before the expiration of 2 eighteen months after the qualification in this state of any 3 executor of the will of, or administrator of the estate of, any 4 nonresident decedent, such executor or administrator shall 5 file with the clerk of the county commission of the county in 6 which he qualified proof that all death taxes which are due 7 to the state of domicile of such decedent, or to any political 8 subdivision thereof, have been paid, or secured, or that no 9 such taxes are due, as the case may be, unless it appears that 10 letters of probate or administration have been issued in the state of domicile.
- 12 (b) Form of proof.—The proof required by subsection (a)
 13 may be in the form of a certificate issued by the official or
 14 body charged with the administration of the death tax laws
 15 of the domiciliary state.
- (c) Notice to domiciliary state if proof not filed.—If such
 proof is not filed within eighteen months after the
 qualification in this state of any personal representative of

a nonresident decedent, then the clerk of the county commission shall forthwith notify by mail the official or body of the domiciliary state charged with the administration of the death tax laws thereof with respect to such estate and shall state in such notice, so far as it is known to him:

- (1) The name, date of death and last domicile of such decedent;
- (2) The name and address of each executor or administrator;
- (3) A summary of the values of the real estate, tangible personal property and intangible personal property, wherever situated, belonging to such decedent at the time of his death; and
- (4) The fact that such executor or administrator has not filed, within the time prescribed by law, proof of payment of death taxes to the state of domicile of the nonresident decedent.

To such notice the clerk of the county commission shall attach a plain copy of the will and codicils of such decedent, if he died testate, or, if he died intestate, a list of his heirs and next of kin, so far as is known to such clerk.

- (d) Petition of domiciliary state.—Within sixty days after the mailing of the notice provided in the preceding subsection, the official or body charged with the administration of the death tax laws of the domiciliary state may file with the county clerk in this state a petition for an accounting in such estate. Such official body of the domiciliary state shall, for the purpose of this article, be a party interested for the purpose of petitioning such county clerk for such an accounting. If such petition be filed within the period of sixty days, such county clerk shall order such accounting and upon such accounting being filed and approved, shall decree the remission of the fiduciary appointed by the domiciliary probate court of the balance of the intangible personal property after payment of creditors and expenses of administration in this state.
- (e) Final accounting not granted without compliance.—Unless the provisions of either subsection (c) or (d) of this section shall have been complied with, no such executor or administrator shall be entitled to a final accounting or discharge by any county commission of this state.

§11-11-24. Domicile of decedent.

- 1 (a) General.—For purposes of this article, every person 2 shall be presumed to have died a resident and not a 3 nonresident of this state:
- 4 (1) If such person has dwelled or lodged in this state 5 during and for the greater part of any period of twelve 6 consecutive months in the twenty-four months next 7 preceding the decedent's death, notwithstanding the fact 8 that from time to time during such twenty-four months 9 such person may have sojourned outside of this state, and
- 10 without regard to whether or not such person:
- 11 (A) May have voted in this state;
- 12 (B) May have been entitled to vote in this state; or
- 13 (C) May have been assessed for taxes in this state.
- 14 (2) If such person has been a resident of this state, 15 sojourning outside this state.
- 16 (b) *Proof of domicile.*—The burden of proof in an estate 17 tax proceeding shall be upon any person claiming
- 18 exemption by reason of alleged nonresidency. Domicile
- 19 shall be determined exclusively in the proceedings provided
- 20 in this chapter, and orders relating to domicile previously
- 21 entered in any probate proceedings shall not be conclusive
- 22 for purposes of the tax imposed by this article.

§11-11-25. Tax due and payable from entire estate; third persons.

- persons.

 1 If the tax, or any part thereof, is paid or collected out of
- 2 that part of the estate passing to, or in possession of, any
- 3 person other than the personal representative in his
- 4 capacity as such, such person shall be entitled to a
- 5 reimbursement out of any part of the estate still
- 6 undistributed, or by a just and equitable contribution by
- 7 the person whose interest in the estate of the decedent
- 8 would have been reduced if the tax had been paid before
- 9 distribution of the estate, or whose interest in the estate is
- 10 subject to an equal or prior liability for the payment of tax,
- 11 debts or other charges against the estate. It is the purpose
- 12 and intent of this section that, so far as is practical and
- 13 unless otherwise directed by the will of the decedent, the
- 14 tax shall be paid out of the estate before its distribution; but
- 15 the tax commissioner shall not be charged with enforcing
- 16 contribution from any person.

§11-11-26. Sale of real estate by personal representative to pay tax.

- 1 Every personal representative shall have the same right
- 2 and power to take possession of or sell, convey and dispose
- 3 of real estate as assets of the estate for the payment of the
- 4 tax imposed by this article, as he may have for the payment
- 5 of the debts of the decedent

§11-11-27. Prima facie liability for tax.

- (a) The estate of each decedent whose property shall be
- 2 subject to the laws of this state shall be deemed prima facie
- 3 liable for estate taxes under this article and shall be subject
- 4 to a lien therefor in such amount as may be later determined
- 5 to be due and payable on such estate as provided in this
 - article.
- (b) This presumption of liability shall begin on the date
- 8 of the death of the decedent and shall continue until the full
- 9 settlement of all taxes which may be found to be due under
- 10 this article, the settlement to be shown by receipts for all
- 11 taxes due to be issued by the tax commissioner as provided
- 12 for in this article.
- (c) Whenever it shall be made to appear to the tax
- 14 commissioner that an estate is not subject to tax under this
- 15 article, the tax commissioner shall issue to the personal
- 16 representative a certificate in writing to that effect,
- 17 showing such nonliability to tax, which certificate of 18 nonliability shall have the same force and effect as a receipt
- 19 showing payment. This certificate of nonliability shall be
- 20 subject to record and admissible in evidence in like manner
- as receipts showing payment of taxes.

§11-11-28. Person paying tax entitled to reimbursement.

- If the tax or any part thereof is paid or collected out of
- 2 that part of the estate passing to or in possession of any
- 3 person other than the personal representative in his
- 4 capacity as such, such person shall be entitled to a
- 5 reimbursement out of any part of the estate still
- 6 undistributed, or by a just and equitable contribution by 7 the person whose interest in the estate of the decedent
- 8 would have been reduced if the tax had been before the
- 9 distribution of the estate, or whose interest in the estate is
- subject to an equal or prior liability for the payment of the

- 11 tax, debts or other charges against the estate, it being the
- 12 purpose and intent of this section that insofar as is
- 13 practical, and unless otherwise directed by the will of the
- 14 decedent, the tax shall be paid out of the estate before its
- 15 distribution: Provided. That the tax commissioner shall not
- 16 be charged with enforcing contribution from any person or 17 persons.

§11-11-29. Time for assessment of tax.

- 1 (a) General.—The amount of estate tax due under this 2 article shall be assessed on or before whichever of the 3 following dates occurs last:
- 4 (1) The period specified in section fifteen, article ten of 5 this chapter, during which an assessment may generally be 6 issued:
- 7 (2) Within a period expiring ninety days after the last 8 day on which the assessment of a deficiency in federal estate 9 tax may lawfully be made under applicable provisions of 10 the Internal Revenue Code; or
- 11 (3) Within ninety days after receipt of notice from a 12 personal representative that the federal estate tax liability 13 of an estate has been changed.
- 14 (b) Exceptions.—In the case of a false or fraudulent 15 return, or failure to file a return on or before the last day
- 16 prescribed for filing, or failure of the personal
- 17 representative to give the tax commissioner notice of a
- 18 change in the federal estate tax liability of an estate, the tax
- 19 may be assessed at any time.

§11-11-30. Refund of excess tax due to overpayment of federal estate tax.

- 1 (a) Claim for refund.—Notwithstanding the provisions
- 2 of section fourteen, article ten of this chapter, in the event of
- 3 a final determination by the United States Internal Revenue
- 4 Service, or other competent authority, of an overpayment of
- 5 the estate's federal estate tax liability, the period of
- 6 limitation upon claiming a refund reflecting such final
- 7 determination in the taxes due under this article shall not
- 8 expire until six months after such determination is made by
- 9 the United States Internal Revenue Service or other 10 competent authority.
- 11 (b) When determination becomes final.—For purposes

- 12 of this section, an administrative determination shall be
- 13 deemed to have become final on the date of receipt by the
- 14 personal representative, or other interested party, of the
- 15 final payment to be made refunding federal estate tax or
- 16 upon the last date on which the personal representative, or
- any other interested party, shall receive notice from the 17
- 18 United States that an overpayment of federal estate tax has
- been credited by the United States against any liability 19
- other than the federal estate tax of said estate. A final
- judicial determination shall be deemed to have occurred on
- 22 the date on which any judgment entered by a court of
- competent jurisdiction, determining that there has been an 23
- overpayment of federal estate tax, becomes final. 24

§11-11-31. Agreements as to amount of tax due.

- For the purpose of facilitating the settlement and 1
- distribution of estates held by personal representatives, the
- 3 tax commissioner may, on behalf of the state, agree to the
- amount of taxes due or to become due from such personal
- representative under the provisions of this article. Payment
- in accordance with such agreement shall be full satisfaction
- of the taxes to which the agreement relates.

§11-11-32. County commissions to furnish tax commissioner with names of decedents, etc.

- 1 The county commission of all counties of this state, or the clerks thereof, shall, on or before the tenth day of January,
- April, July and October of each calendar year, notify the tax
- commissioner of the names of all decedents, the names and 4
- addresses of the respective executors, administrators or
- curators appointed and the amount of the bonds, if any, 6
- with respect to all estates of decedents whose wills have 7
- been probated or presented for probate before the county 8
- clerk, or upon which letters testamentary or upon whose 9 estates letters of administration or curatorship have been
- 10 sought or granted, during the preceding quarter. Such 11
- report shall contain any other information which the
- 12 county clerk may have concerning the estates of such 13
- decedents. The county clerk shall also furnish forthwith 14
- such further information, from the records and files of the 15
- clerk's office in regard to such estates, as the tax 16
- commissioner may from time to time require. 17

§11-11-33. Administration of article by tax commissioner.

- 1 (a) The tax commissioner shall administer and enforce 2 the tax imposed by this article. He is authorized to require 3 such facts and information to be reported as he deems 4 necessary to enforce the provisions of this article.
- 5 (b) Rules and regulations promulgated by the tax 6 commissioner shall follow as nearly as practicable the rules 7 and regulations of the secretary of the treasury of the 8 United States. The construction of this article shall further 9 its purpose to simplify the preparation of tax returns, aid in 10 its interpretations through use of federal precedents and 11 improve its enforcement.
- 12 (c) The tax commissioner may prescribe the form and 13 content of any return or other documents, including a copy 14 of part or all of a federal return, required to be filed under 15 the provisions of this article.
- (d) Reports and returns required to be filed under this
 article shall be preserved for four years and thereafter until
 the tax commissioner orders them destroyed.

§11-11-34. Appointment of special appraisers.

- 1 The tax commissioner may employ special appraisers for
- 2 the purpose of determining the value of any property which
- 3 is, or is believed by the tax commissioner to be, subject to
- 4 the tax imposed by this article. Such special appraisers
- 5 shall be paid such compensation as the tax commissioner
- 6 deems proper.

4

§11-11-35. Secrecy of information.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of article ten of this chapter to the contrary, the tax return of an estate shall be open to inspection by or disclosure to:
 - (1) The personal representative of the estate;
- 5 (2) Any heir at law, next of kin or beneficiary under the 6 will of the decedent, but only if the tax commissioner finds 7 that this heir at law, next of kin or beneficiary has a 8 material interest which will be affected by information 9 contained in the return; or
- 10 (3) The attorney for the estate or its personal 11 representative or the attorney-in-fact duly authorized by 12 any of the persons described in subdivision (1) or (2).

§11-11-36. Money penalty for failure to produce records.

1 If any person:

15 the state.

- 2 (1) Fails to comply with any duty imposed upon him by 3 this article; or
- 4 (2) Having in his possession or control any record, file or paper containing or supposed to contain any information concerning the estate of the decedent, or, having in his possession or control any property comprising part of the gross estate of the decedent, fails to exhibit the same upon request to the tax commissioner or any examiner, appraiser or attorney appointed pursuant to this article, who desires to examine the same in the performance of his duties under the article, such person shall be liable to a money penalty of not less than ten nor more than five hundred dollars to be recovered, with costs of suit, in a civil action in the name of

§11-11-37. Interpretation and construction.

- 1 (a) No inference, implication or presumption of
 2 legislative construction or intent shall be drawn or made by
 3 reason of the location or grouping of any particular section,
- 4 provision or portion of this article; and no legal effect shall
- 5 be given to any descriptive matter or heading relating to any
 6 section, subsection or paragraph of this article.
- 7 (b) When not otherwise provided for in this article, the 8 rules of interpretation and construction applicable to the
- 9 estate tax laws of the United States shall apply to, and be
- 10 followed in, the interpretation of this article.
- 11 (c) The provisions of this article shall be liberally
- 12 construed in order to ensure that the state of domicile of any
- 13 decedent shall receive any death taxes, together with
- 14 interest and penalties thereon, due it.

§11-11-38. Estates to which article applies; former law preserved.

- 1 (a) Persons dying after June 30, 1985.—Except as
- 2 otherwise specifically provided, the provisions of this
- 3 article shall apply to the estate of every person dying on or
- 4 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 5 eighty-five.
- 6 (b) Persons dying before July 1, 1985.—With respect to 7 persons dying prior to the first day of July, one thousand

- 8 nine hundred eighty-five, the provisions of article eleven,
- 9 chapter eleven of this code, in effect on the first day of
- 10 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, are hereby
- 11 continued in force, and fully preserved, until their objects
- 12 have been fully accomplished.

§11-11-39. Effectiveness of this article.

- 1 This article shall remain in force and effect until either
- 2 one of the following events occurs:
- (1) This article is repealed by the Legislature; or
- 4 (2) The government of the United States ceases to allow
- 5 credit against its estate tax for payment of state death taxes.

§11-11-40. General procedure and administration.

- 1 The provisions of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and
- 2 Administration Act" set forth in article ten of this chapter,
- 3 shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect
- 4 as if said act were set forth in extenso in this article, except
- 5 where it is expressly and specifically provided in this article
- 6 that a particular provision of this article shall govern and
- 7 control.

§11-11-41. Criminal penalties.

- 1 Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax
- 2 Crimes and Penalties Act" set forth in article nine of this
- 3 chapter, shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with
- 4 like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax
- 5 imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this
- 6 article.

§11-11-42. Severability.

- If any provision of this article or the application thereof
- 2 to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional or
- 3 invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not
- 4 affect, impair or invalidate other provisions or applications
- 5 of the article, and to this end the provisions of this article
- 6 are declared to be severable.

ARTICLE 11A. INTERSTATE COMPROMISE OF INHERITANCE AND DEATH TAXES.

§11-11A-1. Procedure and authority.

1 When the state tax commissioner claims that a decedent

2 was domiciled in this state at the time of his death and the 3 taxing authorities of another state or states make a like 4 claim on behalf of their state or states, the state tax 5 commissioner may make a written agreement of 6 compromise with the other taxing authorities and the 7 executor or administrator that a certain sum shall be 8 accepted in full satisfaction of any and all death taxes 9 imposed by this state, including any additions to tax, 10 interest or penalties to the date of filing the agreement. The 11 agreement shall also fix the amount to be accepted by the 12 other states in full satisfaction of death taxes. The executor 13 or administrator is hereby authorized to make such 14 agreement. Either the state tax commissioner or the 15 executor or administrator shall file the agreement, or a 16 duplicate, with the authority that would be empowered to 17 assess inheritance taxes for this state if there had been no 18 agreement; and thereupon the tax shall be deemed 19 conclusively fixed as therein provided. Unless the tax is 20 paid within thirty days after filing the agreement, additions 21 to tax, interest and penalties shall thereafter accrue upon 22 the amount fixed in the agreement but the time between the 23 decedent's death and the filing shall not be included in 24 computing the same.

CHAPTER 162

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1693—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Farley)

[Passed April 8, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article twelve-a, of chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section seventeen-a, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven; to amend and reenact section five, article thirteen, chapter eight of said code; to amend and reenact section two, article nine, chapter eleven of said code; to amend and reenact section three, article ten, of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article ten by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-a; to amend article twelve-a of said chapter eleven, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-four; to amend and reenact sections

two, two-d, two-m and nine, article thirteen of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article thirteen by adding thereto two new sections, designated section twenty-eight and section twenty-nine; to amend and reenact section eight, article twentyone of said chapter eleven; to amend and reenact sections three, four, five, six, seven, nine, thirteen and nineteen, article twentyfour of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article twenty-four by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a; to further amend said article twenty-four by redesignating section thirteen-a as section thirteen-b, and reenacting the same; and by adding a new section thereto, designated section thirteen-a; to further amend said chapter eleven by adding thereto three new articles, designated articles thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three, all relating generally to state tax reform of state taxes imposed on businesses; preserving the power of municipalities to continue imposing business and occupation or privilege taxes on business activity engaged in within the municipality and as to such: Prohibiting multiple taxation of the same gross income under the same classification by two or more municipalities; authorizing the tax commissioner to prescribe regulations for apportionment of gross receipts, and requiring administrative procedures for assessment and collection of tax; making "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" and "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" applicable to the taxes imposed by articles thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three, chapter eleven of this code; imposing additions to tax for underpayment of estimated tax and prescribing when additions are not applicable; imposing annual business and occupation privilege tax against persons engaging in businesses and other activities in this state until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven and thereafter, only on the privilege of providing public utility service and generating electric power, with certain rate changes and effective dates therefor; requiring tax commissioner to prepare certain comparative study reports in relation to the new tax structure, dates for submission thereof to governor and legislature; requiring tax year and method of accounting for purposes of business and occupation taxes conforming with methods for federal income tax purposes; providing transition rules and effective dates for changes in business and occupation tax and surtax; imposing severance tax act and as to such act, providing for: Short title, definitions, determination of tax

base, imposition of tax, rates of tax, procedures for computation, assessment and collection of tax, incorporation of provisions of "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" and "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" into severance tax act, effective dates and transition rules; and requiring filing of information return, with civil penalty for failure to file; providing for tax credit for such tax against personal income tax and effective date thereof; imposing the telecommunications tax act, and as to such act, providing for: Short title, definitions, imposition of tax, rate of tax, procedures for computation, assessment and collection of tax, incorporation of provisions of "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" and "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" into telecommunications tax act, effective dates and transition rules; requiring filing of information return, with civil penalty for failure to file; imposing a business franchise tax act, and as to such act, providing for: Legislative finding, short title, definitions; determination of tax base; use of four-factor apportionment formula, double-weighting the sales factor; imposition of tax; rate of tax; procedures for computation, assessment and collection of tax; incorporation of provisions of "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" and "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" into business franchise tax, effective dates and transition rules; providing for credits against franchise tax; requiring filing of information return with civil penalty for failure to file; defining terms in "West Virginia Corporation Net Income Tax Act" and as to such act providing for: Nine and three-quarters percent tax rate, phasing-down in equal steps over five-year period to nine percent tax rate; taxation of banks and other financial organizations; adjustments to federal taxable income to determine West Virginia income allocation and apportionment of income of multi-state taxpayers; use of four-factor formula for apportionment, double-weighting the sales factor; and procedures for computation, assessment and collection of tax, with effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twelve-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section seventeen-a, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven be repealed; that section five, article thirteen, chapter eight of said code

be amended and reenacted; that section two, article nine, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted; that section three, article ten of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article ten be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen-a; that said article twelve-a of said chapter eleven, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-four; that sections two, two-d, two-m and nine, article thirteen of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article thirteen be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated section twenty-eight and section twenty-nine; that section eight, article twenty-one of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that sections three, four, five, six. seven, nine, thirteen and nineteen, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article twenty-four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-a; that said article twenty-four be further amended by redesignating section thirteen-a as thirteen-b and reenacting the same, and by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-a; and that said chapter eleven be further amended by adding thereto three new articles, designated articles thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 11. Taxation.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 13. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

- §8-13-5. Business and occupation or privilege tax; limitation on rates; effective date of tax; exemptions; activity in two or more municipalities; administrative provisions.
- (a) Authorization to impose tax.—Whenever any business activity or occupation for which the state imposed its annual business and occupation or privilege tax under article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code, prior to July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, is engaged in or carried on within the corporate limits of any municipality, the governing body thereof shall have plenary power and authority, unless prohibited by general law, to impose a similar business and occupation tax thereon for the use of the municipality.
- (b) Maximum tax rates.—In no case shall the rate of such municipal business and occupation or privilege tax on a particular

activity exceed the maximum rate imposed by the state, exclusive of surtaxes, upon any business activities or privileges taxed under sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-d, two-e, two-g, two-h, two-i and two-j, article thirteen of said chapter eleven, as such rates were in effect under said article thirteen, on January one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, or in excess of one percent of gross income under section two-k of said article thirteen, or in excess of three tenths of one percent of gross value or gross proceeds of sale under section two-m of said article thirteen.

- (c) Effective date of local tax.—Any taxes levied pursuant to the authority of this section may be made operative as of the first day of the then current fiscal year or any date thereafter: Provided, That any new imposition of tax or any increase in the rate of tax upon any business, occupation or privilege taxed under section two-e of said article thirteen shall apply only to gross income derived from contracts entered into after the effective date of such imposition of tax or rate increase, and which effective date shall not be retroactive in any respect.
- (d) Exemptions.—A municipality shall not impose its business and occupation or privilege tax on any activity that was exempt from the state's business and occupation tax under the provisions of section three, article thirteen of said chapter eleven, prior to July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and determined without regard to any annual or monthly monetary exemption also specified therein.
- (e) Activity in two or more municipalities.—Whenever the business activity or occupation of the taxpayer is engaged in or carried on in two or more municipalities of this state, the amount of gross income, or gross proceeds of sales, taxable by each municipality shall be determined in accordance with such legislative regulations as the tax commissioner may prescribe. It being the intent of the Legislature that multiple taxation of the same gross income, or gross proceeds of sale, under the same classification by two or more municipalities shall not be allowed, and that gross income, or gross proceeds of sales, derived from activity engaged in or carried on within this state, that is presently subject to state tax under section two-c or two-h, article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code, which is not taxed or taxable by any other municipality of this state, may be included in the measure of tax for any municipality in this state, from which the activity was directed, or in the absence thereof, the municipality in this state in which the principal office of the

taxpayer is located. Nothing in this subsection (e) shall be construed as permitting any municipality to tax gross income or gross proceeds of sales in violation of the constitution and laws of this state or the United States, or as permitting a municipality to tax any activity that has a definite situs outside its taxing jurisdiction.

- (f) Where the governing body of a municipality imposes a tax authorized by this section, such governing body shall have the authority to offer tax credits from such tax as incentives for new and expanding businesses located within the corporate limits of the municipality.
- (g) Administrative provisions.—The ordinance of a municipality imposing a business and occupation or privilege tax shall provide procedures for the assessment and collection of such tax, which shall be similar to those procedures in article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code, as in existence on June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, or to those procedures in article ten, chapter eleven of this code, and shall conform with such provisions as they relate to waiver of penalties and additions to tax.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 9. Crimes and Penalties.
- 10. Procedure and Administration.
- 12A. Annual Tax on Incomes of Certain Carriers.
 - 13. Business and Occupation Tax.
- 13A. Severance Taxes.
- 13B. Telecommunications Tax.
 - 23. Business Franchise Tax.
 - 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 9. CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

*§11-9-2. Application of this article.

- (a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the following taxes imposed by chapter eleven:
 - (1) The inheritance and transfer taxes imposed by article eleven;
- (2) The business franchise registration tax imposed by article twelve;
- (3) The annual tax on incomes of certain carriers imposed by article twelve-a;
 - (4) The business and occupation tax imposed by article thirteen;
- * Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 73, which passed subsequent to this act.

- (5) The gasoline and special fuels excise tax imposed by article fourteen;
 - (6) The motor carrier road tax imposed by article fourteen-a;
 - (7) The consumers sales and service tax imposed by article fifteen;
 - (8) The use tax imposed by article fifteen-a;
 - (9) The cigarette tax imposed by article seventeen;
 - (10) The soft drinks tax imposed by article nineteen;
 - (11) The personal income tax imposed by article twenty-one; and
- (12) The corporation net income tax imposed by article twenty-four.
- (b) The provisions of this article shall also apply to the West Virginia tax procedure and administration act in article ten of chapter eleven, and to any other articles of this chapter when such application is expressly provided for by the Legislature.
- (c) Each and every provision of this article shall apply to the articles of this chapter listed in subsections (a) and (b), with like effect, as if the provisions of this article were applicable only to such tax and were set forth in extenso in such article.

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-3. Application of this article.

§11-10-18a. Additions to tax for failure to pay estimated tax.

*§11-10-3. Application of this article.

- (a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the inheritance and transfer taxes, and interstate compromise and arbitration of inheritance and death taxes, the business franchise registration certificate tax, the annual tax on incomes of certain carriers, the business and occupation tax, the consumers sales and service tax, the use tax, the cigarette tax, the soft drinks tax, the personal income tax, the corporation net income tax, the gasoline and special fuel excise tax, the motor carrier road tax and the tax relief for elderly homeowners and renters administered by the state tax commissioner. This article shall not apply to ad valorem taxes on real and personal property, the corporate license tax or any other tax not listed hereinabove.
- (b) The provision of this article shall also apply to any other article of this chapter when such application is expressly provided for by the Legislature.
- *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 73, which passed subsequent to this act.

§11-10-18a. Additions to tax for failure to pay estimated tax.

- (a) Addition to tax.—Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e), in the case of any underpayment of estimated tax there shall be added to the tax due for the taxable year, under any article administered by this article, an amount determined at the rate established under section seventeen of this article, on the amount of the underpayment of estimated tax for the period of the underpayment.
- (b) Amount of underpayment.—For purposes of subsection (a), the amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of:
- (1) The amount of the installment which would be required to be paid if the estimated tax were an amount equal to eighty percent of the tax shown on the return for the taxable year, or if no return was filed, eighty percent of the tax for such year, over
- (2) The amount, if any, of the installments paid on or before the last date prescribed for payment.
- (c) Period of underpayment.—The period of the underpayment shall run from the date the installment was required to be paid to whichever of the following dates is the earlier:
- (1) The fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year.
- (2) With respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which such portion is paid. For purposes of this subdivision, a payment of estimated tax on any installment date shall be considered a payment of any previous underpayment only to the extent such payment exceeds the amount of the installment determined under subdivision (1), subsection (b) for such installment date.
- (d) Exception.—Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding subsections, the additions to the tax with respect to any underpayment of any installment shall not be imposed if the total amount of all payments of estimated tax made on or before the last date prescribed for the payment of such installment equals or exceeds the amount which would have been required to be paid on or before such date if the estimated tax were whichever of the following is the lesser:
 - (1) Prior year's tax.—The tax shown on the return of the taxpayer

for the preceding taxable year, if a return showing a liability for tax was filed by the taxpayer for the preceding taxable year and such preceding year was a taxable year of twelve months.

- (2) Prior year's facts.—An amount equal to the tax computed at the rates applicable to the current taxable year, but otherwise on the basis of the facts shown on the return of the taxpayer for, and the law applicable to, the preceding taxable year.
 - (3) Annualized tax.—
- (A) An amount equal to eighty percent of the tax for the current taxable year computed by placing on an annualized basis the taxable income:
- (i) For the first three months of the taxable year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the fourth month;
- (ii) For the first three months or for the first five months of the taxable year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the sixth month;
- (iii) For the first six months or for the first eight months of the taxable year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the ninth month; and
- (iv) For the first nine months or for the first eleven months of the taxable year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the twelfth month of the taxable year.
- (B) For purposes of this subdivision (3), the taxable income shall be placed on an annualized basis by:
- (i) Multiplying by twelve the taxable income referred to in subparagraph (A), and
- (ii) Dividing the resulting amount by the number of months in the taxable year (three, five, six, eight, nine or eleven, as the case may be) referred to in subparagraph (A).
- (e) Short taxable year.—The application of this section to taxable years of less than twelve months shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner.

ARTICLE 12A. ANNUAL TAX ON INCOMES OF CERTAIN CARRIERS.

- §11-12A-24. Repeal of article and date thereof; short taxable years for taxpayers on calendar or fiscal year and cash or accrual accounting methods.
 - (a) Each and every provision of article twelve-A of this chapter

is repealed for all tax periods beginning on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven: *Provided*, That tax liabilities, if any, arising for taxable years or portions thereof ending prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be determined, administered, assessed and collected as if the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this chapter had not been repealed; and the rights and duties of the taxpayer and the state of West Virginia shall be fully and completely preserved.

- (b) Persons who are calendar year taxpayers under this article shall file their annual return for calendar year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, on or before the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and remit the amount of any taxes shown thereon to be due, unless an extension of time for filing is authorized by the tax commissioner.
- (c) Persons who are fiscal year taxpayers shall similarly file an annual return on or before the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, for their short taxable year which ended the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and remit the amount of any taxes shown thereon to be due, unless an extension of time for filing is authorized by the tax commissioner.
- (d) Persons who keep their records using the accrual method of accounting shall file their annual return for the full or short taxable year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, computing their tax liability under such method. A taxpayer shall file an amended return for such year and pay any additional taxes due within thirty days after determining that gross income was under-reported on such annual return, or that any allowable deductions were over-reported.
- (e) Persons who keep their records using the cash method of accounting may file their annual return for the full or short taxable year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, computing their tax liability under such method: Provided, That such a taxpayer shall file a supplemental return for such year within one month after the close of each calendar quarter during which he received gross income for any activity or portion thereof completed prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and pay any additional taxes shown on the supplemental return to be due. The purpose of this requirement is

to minimize the advantage or disadvantage associated with the different methods of accounting when the carrier income tax is repealed.

ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

- §11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax; reduction of rates and elimination of surtax on July 1, 1985, and exceptions thereto; elimination of certain classifications effective July 1, 1987, with retention thereafter of only classifications for public service utility businesses and electric power generation businesses.
- §11-13-2d. Public service or utility business.
- §11-13-2m. Business of generating or producing electric power; exception; rate.
- §11-13-9. Tax year.
- §11-13-28. Effective date; transition rules.
- §11-13-29. Tax commissioner to furnish comparative study reports to Governor and Legislature, dates therefor.
- *§11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax; reduction of rates and elimination of surtax on July 1, 1985, and exceptions thereto; elimination of certain classifications effective July 1, 1987, with retention thereafter of only classifications for public service utility businesses and electric power generation businesses.
- (a) Periods before July 1, 1987.—For taxable years or months thereof ending prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against the persons, on account of the business and other activities, and in the amount to be determined by the application of rates against values or gross income as set forth insections two-a to two-m, inclusive, of this article and the application of the surtax rate against gross income as set forth in section twok until expiration of such surtax on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the rates set forth in sections two-b through two-m, inclusive, shall be reduced by five percent through reduction of the rates applicable and in effect on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, except that taxpayers exercising privileges in respect of severance, extraction and production of natural resource products and taxable at the rates set forth under section two-a of this article, shall not receive such rate reduction: Provided, That there shall be no such reduction of the tax imposed in section two-l for the use and benefit of counties and municipalities; Provided, further, That the additional, temporary surtax set forth in section two-k of this article shall, on and after
- *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 705, which passed subsequent to this act.

the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be nullified and of no further force or effect whatsoever.

- (b) Periods after June 30, 1987.—For taxable years or months thereof beginning after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against the persons, on account of the business and other activities, and in the amount to be determined by the application of rates against values or gross income as set forth in sections two-d and two-m of this article: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the rates applicable to the privileges exercised in sections two-d and two-m of this article shall be restored and returned to those which were in effect as to such privileges on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- (c) If any person liable for any tax under sections two-a, two-b, two-l or two-m shall ship or transport his products or any part thereof out of the state without making sale of such products, the value of the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before transportation out of the state shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed in said sections, except in those instances in which another measure of the tax is expressly provided. The tax commissioner shall prescribe equitable and uniform rules for ascertaining such value.
- (d) In determining value, however, as regards sales from one to another of affiliated companies or persons, or under other circumstances where the relation between the buyer and seller is such that the gross proceeds from the sale are not indicative of the true value of the subject matter of the sale, the tax commissioner shall prescribe uniform and equitable rules for determining the value upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or character where no common interest exists between the buyer and seller but the circumstances and conditions are otherwise similar.
- (e) Gross income included in the measure of the tax under sections two-a, two-b, two-l and two-m of this article shall neither be added nor deducted in computing the tax levied under the other sections of this article.
- (f) A person exercising any privilege taxable under section two-a, two-b, two-l or two-m of this article and engaging in the business

of selling his natural resources, manufactured products or electricity at retail in this state shall be required to make returns of the gross proceeds of such retail sales and pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling such natural resources, manufactured products or electricity at retail in this state. But any person exercising any privilege taxable under section two-a, two-b, two-l or two-m of this article and engaging in the business of selling his natural resources, manufactured products or electricity to producers of natural resources, manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers, retailers or commercial consumers for use or consumption in the purchaser's business shall not be required to pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article.

- (g) Persons exercising any privilege taxable under section two-b or two-m of this article shall not be required to pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article for the privilege of selling their manufactured products or electricity for delivery outside of this state, but the gross income derived from the sale of such products or electricity outside of this state shall be included in determining the measure of the tax imposed on such person in section two-b or two-m.
- (h) A person exercising privileges taxable under the other sections of this article, producing coal, oil, natural gas, minerals, timber or other natural resource products, the production of which is taxable under sections two-a and two-l, and using or consuming the same in his business or transferring or delivering the same as any royalty payment, in kind, or the like, shall be deemed to be engaged in the business of mining and producing coal, oil, natural gas, minerals, timber or other natural resource products for sale, profit or commercial use, and shall be required to make returns on account of the production of the business showing the gross proceeds or equivalent in accordance with uniform and equitable rules for determining the value upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or character by other taxpayers, which rules the tax commissioner shall prescribe.

§11-13-2d. Public service or utility business.

Upon any person engaging or continuing within this State in any public service or utility business, except railroad, railroad car, express, pipeline, telephone and telegraph companies, water carriers by steamboat or steamship and motor carriers, there is likewise

hereby levied and shall be collected taxes on account of the business engaged in equal to gross income of the business multiplied by the respective rates as follows: Street and interurban and electric railways, one and four-tenths percent; water companies, four and four-tenths percent, except as to income received by municipally owned water plants; electric light and power companies, four percent on sales and demand charges for domestic purposes and commercial lighting and four percent on sales and demand charges for all other purposes, except as to income received by municipally owned plants producing or purchasing electricity and distributing same: Provided. That electric light and power companies which engage in the supplying of public service but which do not generate or produce electric power shall be taxed on the gross income derived therefrom at the rate of three percent on sales and demand charges for domestic purposes and commercial lighting and three percent on sales and demand charges for all other purposes, except as to income received by municipally owned plants: Provided, however, That the sale of electric power under this section shall be taxed at the rate of two and forty-six hundredths percent on that portion of the gross proceeds derived from the sale of electric power to a plant location of a customer engaged in a manufacturing activity, if the contract demand at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per year, or if the usage at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour in a year: Provided, That such two and forty-six hundredths percent rate will be reduced to a rate of two and three hundred thirty-seven thousandths percent through occurrance of the contemplated five percent reduction of rates on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and with such rate to thereafter, on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, become two percent; natural gas companies, four and twenty-nine hundredths percent on the gross income; toll bridge companies, four and twentynine hundredths percent; and upon all other public service or utility business, two and eighty-six hundredths percent. The measure of this tax shall not include gross income derived from commerce between this State and other states of the United States or between this State and foreign countries. The measure of the tax under this section shall include only gross income received from the supplying of public services. The gross income of the taxpayer from any other activity shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed upon the appropriate section or sections of this article.

§11-13-2m. Business of generating or producing electric power; exception; rates.

- (1) Upon every person engaging or continuing within this State in the business of generating or producing electric power for sale, profit or commercial use, either directly or through the activity of others, in whole or in part, when the sale thereof is not subject to tax under section two-d [§11-13-2d] of this article, the amount of the tax to be equal to the value of the electric power, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the generator or producer of the same multiplied by a rate of four percent, except that the rate shall be two and forty-six hundredths percent on that portion of the gross proceeds derived from the sale of electric power to a plant location of a customer engaged in a manufacturing activity, if the contract demand at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per year, or if the usage at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour in a year: Provided. That such two and forty-six hundredths percent rate will be reduced to a rate of two and three hundred thirty-seven thousandths percent through occurrence of the contemplated five percent reduction of rates on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and with such rate to thereafter, on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, become two percent; natural gas companies, four and twenty-nine hundredths percent on the gross income; toll bridge companies, four and twenty-nine hundredths percent; and upon all other public service or utility business, two and eighty-six hundredths percent. The measure of this tax shall not include gross income derived from commerce between this State and other states of the United States or between this State and foreign countries. The measure of the tax under this section shall include only gross income received from the supplying of public services. The gross income of the taxpayer from any other activity shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed upon the appropriate section or sections of this article.
- (2) The measure of this tax shall be the value of all electric power generated or produced in this State for sale, profit or commercial use, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that transmission may be to points outside this State: *Provided*, That the gross income received by municipally owned plants generating or producing electricity shall not be subject to tax under this article.

§11-13-9. Tax year.

- (a) Taxable year.—For purposes of the tax imposed by this article, a taxpayer's taxable year shall be the same as the taxpayer's taxable year for federal income tax purposes.
- (b) Method of accounting.—A taxpayer's method of accounting under this article shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. In the absence of any method of accounting for federal income tax purposes, the tax under this article shall be computed under such method that in the opinion of the tax commissioner clearly reflects such income.
- (c) Adjustments.—In computing a taxpayer's liability for tax for any taxable year under a method of accounting different from the method under which the taxpayer's liability for tax under this article for the previous year was computed, there shall be taken into account those adjustments which are determined, under regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner, to be necessary solely by reason of the change in order to prevent amounts from being duplicated or omitted.

§11-13-28. Effective date; transition rules.

- (a) The provisions of sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-e, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, two-k and two-l of this article are inoperative as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven. Persons who are fiscal year taxpayers having a fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall file their annual return for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven on or before the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven and remit the amount of any taxes shown thereon to be due.
- (b) Persons who are calendar year taxpayers and who are not subject to the tax imposed by this article for months beginning on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and persons who are fiscal year taxpayers having a fiscal year ending on any date other than the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and who are not subject to the tax imposed by this article for months beginning on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall file their annual returns on or before the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven for the short taxable year which ended the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and remit the amount of any taxes shown thereon to be due. Persons required to file an annual return for a short taxable year may claim

- a portion of the annual exemption allowed under section three of this article, determined in accordance with the amount of the exemption allowable for each month in the short taxable year. The five thousand dollar annual exemption allowed to producers of natural gas shall similarly be calculated and allowed on a monthly basis at the rate of four hundred sixteen dollars and sixty-six cents for each month of the short taxable year ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
- (c) Persons engaged in activities taxable under sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-e, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, two-k and two-l of this article prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, are taxable under either article thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter, or both, on and after such date.
- (d) Persons who keep their records using the accrual method of accounting shall file their annual return for the full or short taxable year ending the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, computing their tax liability under such method. A taxpayer shall file an amended return for such year and pay any additional taxes due within thirty days after determining that gross income, gross proceeds of sale or gross value were under reported on such annual return, or that any allowable deductions were over reported.
- (e) Persons who keep their records using the cash method of accounting may file their annual return for the full or short taxable year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, computing their tax liability under such method: Provided, That such a taxpayer shall file a supplemental return for such year within one month after the close of each quarter during which he received gross income or gross proceeds of sale for any activity or portion thereof completed prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and pay any additional taxes shown on the supplemental return to be due. The purpose of this requirement is to minimize the advantage or disadvantage associated with the different methods of accounting when the business and occupation tax no longer applies to the taxpayer's ongoing business activity.
- (f) Tax liabilities, if any arising for taxable years ending prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be determined, administered, assessed and collected as if sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-e, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, two-k and

two-l of this article had not been effectively repealed; and the rights and duties of the taxpayer and the state of West Virginia shall be fully and completely preserved.

§11-13-29. Tax Commissioner to furnish comparative study reports to Governor and Legislature, dates therefor.

The state tax commissioner, who will be recipient of informational reports and tax returns from taxpayers in respect of the revised state tax structure on business, beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall furnish a comparative study report in respect of the data concerning businesses and their changed tax liabilities, entitlement to tax credits, and general categories wherein tax liability is substantially increased or lessened. Such report shall be furnished to the governor and to the Legislature at its regular sessions of the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six and one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, with particular emphasis on the elements of equity and adequacy that the acquired data may reflect in respect of the state's major industries and taxpayers, on the basis of their being subjected to taxation under the revised state tax structure.

ARTICLE 13A. SEVERANCE TAXES.

- §11-13A-1. Short title; arrangement and classification.
- §11-13A-2. Definitions.
- §11-13A-3. Imposition of privilege tax, phase-in of modified rates and effective dates therefor.
- §11-13A-4. Treatment processes as production.
- §11-13A-5. Oil and gas operating units.
- §11-13A-6. Additional tax on the severance, extraction and production of coal; dedication of additional tax for benefit of counties and municipalities; distribution of major portion of such additional tax to coal-producing counties; distribution of minor portion of such additional tax to all counties and municipalities; reports; rules and regulations; creation of special funds in office of state treasurer; method and formulas for distribution of such additional tax; expenditures of funds by counties and municipalities for public purposes; creating special funds in counties and municipalities; and requiring special county and municipal budgets and reports thereon.
- §11-13A-7. Accounting periods and methods of accounting.
- §11-13A-8. Annual return.
- §11-13A-9. Periodic installment payments of tax.
- §11-13A-10. Time for filing returns and paying tax; credit.
- §11-13A-11. Extension of time for filing returns.
- §11-13A-12. Extension of time for paying tax.
- §11-13A-13. Place for filing returns or other documents.

- §11-13A-14. Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.
- §11-13A-15. Signing of returns and other documents.
- §11-13A-16. Bond of taxpayer may be required.
- §11-13A-17. Collection of tax; agreement for processor to pay tax due from severor.
- §11-13A-18. Records.
- §11-13A-19. General procedure and administration.
- §11-13A-20. Criminal penalties.
- §11-13A-21. Severability.
- §11-13A-22. Information return and due date thereof; penalty for failure to file, waiver thereof; short taxable year provisions.

§11-13A-1. Short title; arrangement and classification.

This article may be cited as the "Severance Tax Act." No inference, implication or presumption of legislative construction shall be drawn or made by reason of the location or grouping of any particular section or provision or portion of this article, and no legal effect shall be given to any descriptive matter of headings relating to any part, section, subsection or paragraph of this article.

§11-13A-2. Definitions.

- (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the administration of this article, the terms defined in subsection (b) shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section, unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used, or by specific definition.
 - (b) Terms defined.—
- (1) "Coal" means and includes any material composed predominantly of hydrocarbons in a solid state.
- (2) "Delegate" in the phrase "or his delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the function mentioned or described in this article or regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (3) "Economic interest" for the purpose of this article is synonymous with the economic interest ownership required by section 611 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, entitling the taxpayer to a depletion deduction for income tax purposes: *Provided*, That a person who only receives an arm's length royalty shall not be considered as having an economic interest.

- (4) "Extraction of ores or minerals from the ground" includes extraction by mine owners or operators of ores or minerals from the waste or residue of prior mining.
- (5) "Fiduciary" means and includes, a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any person.
- (6) "Gross value" in the case of natural resources means the market value of the natural resource product, in the immediate vicinity, where severed, determined after application of post production processing generally applied by the industry to obtain commercially marketable or usable natural resource products. For all natural resources, "gross value" is to be reported as follows:
- (A) For natural resources severed or processed (or both severed and processed) and sold during a reporting period, gross value is the amount received or receivable by the taxpaver.
- (B) For natural resources severed or processed (or both severed and processed) but not sold during a reporting period, gross value shall be determined as follows:
- (i) If the natural resource is to be sold under the terms of an existing contract, the contract price shall be used in computing gross value.
- (ii) If there is no existing contract, the fair market value for that grade and quality of the natural resource shall be used in computing gross value.
- (C) In a transaction involving related parties, gross value shall not be less than the fair market value for natural resources of similar grade and quality.
- (D) In the absence of a sale, gross value shall be the fair market value for natural resources of similar grade and quality.
- (E) If severed natural resources are purchased for the purpose of processing and resale, the gross value is the amount received or receivable during the reporting period reduced by the amount paid or payable to the taxpayer actually severing the natural resource. If natural resources are severed outside the State of West Virginia and brought into the State of West Virginia by the taxpayer for the purpose of processing and resale, the gross value is the amount received or receivable during the reporting period reduced by the fair market value of the coal of similar grade and quality and in the same

condition immediately preceding the processing of the coal in this state.

- (F) If severed natural resources are purchased for the purpose of processing and consumption, the gross value is the fair market value of processed natural resources of similar grade and quality reduced by the amount paid or payable to the taxpayer actually severing the natural resource. If severed natural resources are severed outside the State of West Virginia and brought into the State of West Virginia by the taxpayer for the purpose of processing and consumption, the gross value is the fair market value of processing natural resources of similar grade and quality reduced by the fair market value of the coal of similar grade and quality and in the same condition immediately preceding the processing of the coal.
- (G) In all instances, the gross value shall not be reduced by any state or federal taxes, royalties, sales commissions, or any other expense.
- (H) For natural gas, gross value is the value of the natural gas at the wellhead immediately preceding transportation and transmission.
- (7) "Mining" includes not merely the extraction of ores or minerals from the ground but also those treatment processes considered as mining under this article, and those treatment processes necessary or incidental thereto.
- (8) "Natural resource" means all forms of minerals including, but not limited to, rock, stone, limestone, coal, shale, gravel, sand, clay, natural gas, oil and natural gas liquids which are contained in or on the soils or waters of this state, and includes standing timber.
- (9) "Partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which natural resources are severed, extracted, reduced to possession and produced or prepared in this state for sale, profit or commercial use. "Partner" includes a member of such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or organization.
- (10) "Person" or "company" are herein used interchangeably and include any individual, firm, partnership, mining partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, trust or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is declared by the context.

- (11) "Processed" or "processing" as applied to oil and natural gas shall not include any conversion or refining activities.
- (12) "Related parties" means two or more persons, organizations or businesses owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the same interests. Control exists if a contract or lease, either written or oral, is entered into whereby one party mines or processes natural resources owned or held by another party and the owner or lessor participates in the severing, processing or marketing of the natural resources or receives any value other than an arm's length passive royalty interest. In the case of related parties, the tax commissioner may apportion or allocate the receipts between or among such persons, organizations or businesses if he determines that such apportionment or allocation is necessary to more clearly reflect gross value.
- (13) "Sale" includes any transfer of the ownership or title to property, whether for money or in exchange for other property or services, or any combination thereof.
- (14) "Severing" or "severed" means the physical removal of the natural resources from the earth or waters of this state by any means: *Provided*, That "severing" or "severed" shall not include the removal of natural gas from underground storage facilities into which the natural gas has been mechanically injected following its initial removal from the earth, *Provided*, *further*, That "severing" or "severed" oil and natural gas shall not include any separation process of oil or natural gas commonly employed to obtain marketable natural resource products.
- (15) "Stock" includes shares in an association, joint-stock company or corporation.
- (16) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate.
- (17) "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.
- (18) "Taxpayer" means and includes any individual, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, administrator, fiduciary or representative of any kind

engaged in the business of severing or processing (or both severing and processing) natural resources in this state for sale or use. In instances where contracts (either oral or written) are entered into whereby persons, organizations or businesses are engaged in the business of severing or processing (or both severing and processing) a natural resource but do not obtain title to or do not have an economic interest therein, the party who owns the natural resource or has an economic interest therein is the taxpayer.

- (19) "This code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
 - (20) "This state" means the state of West Virginia.

§11-13A-3. Imposition of privilege tax; phase-in of modified rates and effective dates therefor.

- (a) Upon every person exercising the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in severing, extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale, profit or commercial use any natural resource product or products there is hereby imposed a tax in the amount to be determined by the application of rates against the gross value of the articles produced, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the producer, except as otherwise provided, multiplied by the rates, in the classifications and according to the effective dates in subsection (b) of this section.
- (b) Tax rates; classifications; effective dates.—Beginning on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven and for each first day of July thereafter, as specified below, the rates of tax on each respective classification and for each respective year are as follows:
- (1) On coal, and including the thirty-five one hundredths (.35) of one percent additional severance tax on such coal for the benefit of counties and municipalities, as provided in section six of this article, on
 - July 1, 1987—three and eighty-five one hundredths (3.85) percent;
- July 1, 1988—three and eighty-eighths one hundredths (3.88) percent;
 - July 1, 1989—three and ninety-one hundredths (3.91) percent;
 - July 1, 1990—three and ninety-four one hundredths (3.94) percent;
- July 1, 1991—three and ninety-seven one hundredths (3.97) percent; and

- July 1, 1992 and thereafter—four (4.0) percent.
- (2) On limestone or sandstone quarried or mined, on
- July 1, 1987—two and two-tenths (2.2) percent;
- July 1, 1988—two and fifty-six one hundredths (2.56) percent;
- July 1, 1989—two and ninety-two one hundredths (2.92) percent;
- July 1, 1990—three and twenty-eight one hundredths (3.28) percent;
- July 1, 1991—three and sixty-four one hundredths (3.64) percent; and
 - July 1, 1992—and thereafter—four (4.0) percent.
 - (3) On oil, on
 - July 1, 1987—four and thirty-four one hundredths (4.34) percent;
- July 1, 1988—four and two hundred seventy-two one thousandths (4.272) percent;
- July 1, 1989—four and two hundred four one thousandths (4.204) percent;
- July 1, 1990—four and one hundred thirty-six one thousandths (4.136) percent;
- July 1, 1991—four and sixty-eight one thousandths (4.068) percent; and
 - July 1, 1992—and thereafter—four (4.0) percent.
 - (4) (a) On natural gas, on
 - July 1, 1987-six and five-tenths (6.5) percent;
 - July 1, 1988—six (6.0) percent;
 - July 1, 1989—five and five-tenths (5.5) percent;
 - July 1, 1990—five (5.0) percent;
 - July 1, 1991—four and five-tenths (4.5) percent; and
 - July 1, 1992—and thereafter—four (4.0) percent.
- (4) (b) On natural gas produced from new wells drilled and placed in service on and after July 1, 1987 four (4.0) percent.

(5) On sand, gravel or other mineral product not quarried or mined, on

July 1, 1987—four and thirty-four one hundredths (4.34) percent;

July 1, 1988—four and two hundred seventy-two one thousandths (4.272) percent;

July 1, 1989—four and two hundred four one thousandths (4.204) percent;

July 1, 1990—four and one hundred thirty-six one thousandths (4.136) percent;

July 1, 1991—four and sixty-eight one thousandths (4.068) percent; and

July 1, 1992—and thereafter (4.0) percent.

- (6) On timber, on and after July 1, 1987—two and five-tenths (2.5) percent.
 - (7) On other natural resources, on

July 1, 1987—two and eighty-six one hundredths (2.86) percent;

July 1, 1988—three and eighty-eight one thousandths (3.088) percent;

July 1, 1989—three and three hundred sixteen one thousandths (3.316) percent;

July 1, 1990—three and five hundred forty-four one thousandths (3.544) percent;

July 1, 1991—three and seven hundred seventy-two one thousandths (3.772) percent

and

January 1, 1992—and thereafter four (4.0) percent.

- (c) Tax in addition to other taxes.—The taxes imposed by this article shall apply to all persons severing or processing (or both severing and processing) natural resources in this state and shall be in addition to all other taxes imposed by law.
- (d) Statement of purpose; relationship to existing contracts.—It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this article thirteen-a to continue the imposition of the tax upon exercising the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state the business of severing,

extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale, profit or commercial use, natural resource products, which was imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, by such act. The provisions of any contract entered into prior to the effective date of this act and relating to the allocation, reimbursement, payment or assessment of the tax imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter, formerly, shall apply with full force and effect to the tax imposed by this article; it being the intent of the Legislature that, for purposes of any such contractural provision, the tax imposed by this article shall be considered the same as the tax imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

§11-13A-4. Treatment processes as production.

- (a) Treatment processes considered as mining.—The following treatment processes (and the treatment processes necessary or incidental thereto) when applied by the mine owner or operator to natural resources mined in this state shall be considered as mining and part of the privilege taxed under this article.
- (1) Coal.—In the case of coal: Cleaning, breaking, sizing, dust allaying, treating to prevent freezing and loading for shipment.
- (2) Minerals customarily sold in crude form.—In the case of other minerals which are customarily sold in crude form: Sorting, concentrating, sintering and substantially equivalent processes to bring them to shipping grade and form, and loading for shipment.
- (3) Minerals not customarily sold in crude form.—In the case of other minerals which are not customarily sold in the form of the crude mineral products: Crushing, grinding, and beneficiation by concentration (gravity, flotation, amalgamation or electrostatic or magnetic), cyanidation, leaching, crystallization, precipitation (but not including electrolytic deposition, roasting, thermal or electric smelting or refining), or substantially equivalent processes or combinations of processes used in the separation or extraction of the product or products from the ore or the mineral or minerals from other material from the mine or other natural deposit.
- (4) Oil shale.—In the case of oil shale: Extraction from the ground, crushing, loading into the retort and retorting, but not hydrogenation, refining, or any other process subsequent to retorting; and

- (5) Other.—Any other treatment process provided for in a legislative rule prescribed by the tax commissioner which, with respect to the particular ore or mineral, is not inconsistent with the preceding subdivisions of this subsection (a).
- (b) Treatment processes not considered as mining. —Unless such processes are otherwise provided for in subsection (a), or are necessary or incidental to processes provided for in subsection (a), the following treatment processes shall not be considered as "mining": Electrolytic deposition, roasting, calcining, thermal or electric smelting, refining, polishing, fine pulverization, blending with other materials, treatment effecting a chemical change, thermal action and molding or shaping.
- (c) Treatment processes considered part of production of oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids.—The privileges of severing and producing oil and natural gas shall not include any conversion or refining process.
- (d) Timber production privilege.—The privilege of severing and producing timber shall end once the tree is severed and delimbed.

§11-13A-5. Oil and gas operating unit.

- (a) For purposes of the production of oil classification and the production of natural gas classification, as set forth in this article, multiple co-owners of oil or natural gas, in place, lessees thereof, or others being vested with title and ownership to part or all of the oil and gas, as personal property, immediately after its severance, extraction, reduction to possession and production (except royalty recipients in kind) shall be deemed to be a "group or combination acting as a unit" and one "person" as defined in section two of this article, if not otherwise defined therein, whenever engaged in the producing of oil or natural gas through common use (by joint or separately executed contracts) of the same independent contract driller or operator's services; and notwithstanding provisions of private contracts for separate deposit of gross receipts in separate members' accounts or for members of such group or combination to take in kind any proportionate part of such natural resources.
- (b) Lessees, sublessees or other denominated lessees are considered to be producers of all of the oil or natural gas produced, regardless of any payment, in kind, to lessors, sublessors or other denominated lessors of a part of such natural resources as rents or royalties.

- §11-13A-6. Additional tax on the severance, extraction and production of coal; dedication of additional tax for benefit of counties and municipalities; distribution of major portion of such additional tax to coalproducing counties; distribution of minor portion of such additional tax to all counties and municipalities; reports; rules and regulations; creation of special funds in office of state treasurer; method and formulas for distribution of such additional tax; expenditure of funds by counties and municipalities for public purposes; creating special funds in counties and municipalities; and requiring special county and municipal budgets and reports thereon.
- (a) Additional coal severance tax.—Upon every person exercising the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in the business of severing coal, or preparing coal (or both severing and preparing coal), for sale, profit or commercial use, there is hereby imposed an additional severance tax, the amount of which shall be equal to the value of the coal severed or prepared (or both severed and prepared), against which the tax imposed by section three of the article is measured as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the producer, multiplied by thirty-five one hundredths of one percent. The tax imposed by this subsection (a) shall be in addition to the tax imposed by section three of this article, and this additional tax is hereinafter in this section referred to as the "additional tax on coal."
- (b) This additional tax on coal is imposed pursuant to the provisions of section six-a, article ten of the West Virginia Constitution. Seventy-five percent of the net proceeds of this additional tax on coal shall, after appropriation thereof by the Legislature, be distributed by the state treasurer in the manner hereinafter specified, to the various counties of this state in which the coal upon which this additional tax is imposed was located at the time it was severed from the ground. Those counties are hereinafter in this section referred to as the "coal-producing counties." The remaining twenty-five percent of the net proceeds of this additional tax on coal shall be distributed, after appropriation, among all the counties and municipalities of this state in the manner hereinafter specified.
- (c) Such additional tax on coal shall be due and payable, reported and remitted as elsewhere provided in this article for the tax imposed by said section three of this article, and all of the enforcement and

other provisions of this article shall apply to such additional tax. In addition to the reports and other information required under the provisions of this article and the tonnage reports required to be filed under the provisions of section seventy-two, article two, chapter twenty-two of this code, the tax commissioner is hereby granted plenary power and authority to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations requiring the furnishing by producers of such additional information as may be necessary to compute the allocation required under the provisions of subsection (f) of this section. The tax commissioner is also hereby granted plenary power and authority to promulgate such other reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

(d) In order to provide a procedure for the distribution of seventy-five percent of the net proceeds of such additional tax on coal to such coal-producing counties, there is hereby created in the state treasurer's office a special fund to be known as the "county coal revenue fund;" and in order to provide a procedure for the distribution of the remaining twenty-five percent of the net proceeds of such additional tax on coal to all counties and municipalities of the state, without regard to coal having been produced therein, there is also hereby created in the state treasurer's office a special fund to be known as the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund."

Seventy-five percent of the net proceeds of such additional tax on coal shall be deposited in the "county coal revenue fund" and twenty-five percent of such net proceeds shall be deposited in the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund," from time to time, as such proceeds are received by the tax commissioner. The moneys in such funds shall, after appropriation thereof by the Legislature, be distributed to the respective counties and municipalities entitled thereto in the manner set forth in subsection (e) of this section.

(e) The moneys in the "county coal revenue fund" and the moneys in the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" shall be allocated among and distributed quarterly to the counties and municipalities entitled thereto by the state treasurer in the manner hereinafter specified. On or before each distribution date, the state treasurer shall determine the total amount of moneys in each fund which will be available for distribution to the respective counties and municipalities entitled thereto on that distribution date. The amount to which a coal-producing county is entitled from the "county coal revenue fund" shall be determined in accordance with subsection (f) of this section, and the amount to which every county and

municipality shall be entitled from the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" shall be determined in accordance with subsection (g) of this section. After determining as set forth in subsection (f) and subsection (g) of this section the amount each county and municipality is entitled to receive from the respective fund or funds, a warrant of the state auditor for the sum due to such county or municipality shall issue and a check drawn thereon making payment of such sum shall thereafter be distributed to such county or municipality.

- (f) The amount to which a coal-producing county is entitled from the "county coal revenue fund" shall be determined by (1) dividing the total amount of moneys in such fund then available for distribution by the total number of tons of coal mined in this state during the preceding quarter, and (2) multiplying the quotient thus obtained by the number of tons of coal removed from the ground in such county during the preceding quarter.
- (g) The amount to which each county and municipality shall be entitled from the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. For purposes of this subsection "population" shall mean the population as determined by the most recent decennial census taken under the authority of the United States:
- (1) The treasurer shall first apportion the total amount of moneys available in the "all counties and municipalities revenue fund" by multiplying the total amount in such fund by the percentage which the population of each county bears to the total population of the state. The amount thus apportioned for each county shall be the county's "base share."
- (2) Each county's "base share" shall then be subdivided into two portions. One portion shall be determined by multiplying the "base share" by that percentage which the total population of all unincorporated areas within the county bears to the total population of the county, and the other portion shall be determined by multiplying the "base share" by that percentage which the total population of all municipalities within the county bears to the total population of the county. The former portion shall be paid to the county and the latter portion shall be the "municipalities' portion" of the county's "base share." The percentage of such latter portion to which each municipality in the county is entitled shall be determined by multiplying the total of such latter portion by the

percentage which the population of each municipality within the county bears to the total population of all municipalities within the county.

- (h) All counties and municipalities shall create a "coal severance tax revenue fund" which shall be the depository for moneys distributed to any county or municipality under the provisions of this section, from either or both special funds. Moneys in such "coal severance tax revenue funds," in compliance with subsection (i), may be expended by the county commission or governing body of the municipality for such public purposes as the county commission or governing body shall determine to be in the best interest of the people of its respective county or municipality: Provided, That in counties with population in excess of two hundred thousand at least fifty percent of such funds received from the county coal revenue fund shall be apportioned to, and expended within the coal producing area or areas of the county, said coal producing areas of each county to be determined generally by the state tax commissioner: Provided, however, That a line item budgeted amount from the current levy estimated for a county shall be funded at one hundred percent of the preceding year's expenditure from the county general fund prior to the use of coal severance tax revenue fund moneys for the same general purpose: Provided further, That said coal severance tax revenue fund moneys shall not be budgeted for personal services in an amount to exceed one fourth of the total funds available in such fund
- (i) On or before March twenty-eighth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and each March twenty-eighth thereafter, each county commission or governing body of a municipality receiving such revenue shall submit to the tax commissioner on forms provided by the tax commissioner a special budget, detailing how such revenue is to be spent during the subsequent fiscal year. Such budget shall be followed in expending such revenue unless a subsequent budget is approved by the state tax commissioner. All unexpended balances remaining in said special fund at the close of a fiscal year shall be reappropriated to the budget for the subsequent fiscal year. Such reappropriation shall be entered as an amendment to the new budget and submitted to the tax commissioner on or before July fifteenth of the current budget year.
- (j) On or before December fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and each December fifteenth thereafter, the tax commissioner shall deliver to the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk

of the House of Delegates a consolidated report of the special budgets, created by subsection (i) of this section, for all county commissions and municipalities as of July fifteenth of the current year.

(k) The state tax commissioner shall retain for the benefit of the state from the additional taxes on coal collected the amount of thirty-five thousand dollars annually as a fee for the administration of such additional tax by the tax commissioner.

§11-13A-7. Accounting periods and methods of accounting.

- (a) General rule. For purposes of the tax imposed by this article, a taxpayer's taxable year shall be the same as the taxpayer's taxable year for federal income tax purposes.
- (b) Change of taxable year. If a taxpayer's taxable year is changed for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer's taxable year for purposes of this article shall be similarly changed. The taxpayer shall provide a copy of the authorization for such change from the Internal Revenue Service, with its annual return for the taxable year filed under this article.
 - (c) Methods of accounting.
- (1) Same as federal. A taxpayer's method of accounting under this article shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. In the absence of any method of accounting for federal income tax purposes, the accrual method of accounting shall be used unless the tax commissoner, in writing, consents to use of another method.
- (2) Change of accounting methods. If a taxpayer's method of accounting is changed for federal income tax purposes, his method of accounting for purposes of this article shall similarly be changed. The taxpayer shall provide a copy of the authorization for such change from the Internal Revenue Service, with its annual return for the taxable year filed under this article.

§11-13A-8. Annual return.

On or before the expiration of one month after the end of the taxable year, every taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this article shall make and file an annual return for the entire taxable year showing such information as the tax commissioner may require and computing the amount of taxes due under this article for the taxable year.

§11-13A-9. Periodic installment payments of tax.

- (a) General rule. Taxes levied under this article shall be due and payable in periodic installments as follows:
- (1) Tax of more than \$1,000 per month. For taxpayers whose estimated tax liability under this article exceeds one thousand dollars per month, the tax shall be due and payable in monthly installments on or before the last day of the month following the month in which the tax accrued:
- (A) Each such taxpayer shall, on or before the last day of each month, make out an estimate of the tax for which the taxpayer is liable for the preceding month, sign the same and mail it together with a remittance, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner of the amount of tax due to the office of the tax commissioner.
- (B) In estimating the amount of tax due for each month, the taxpayer may deduct one twelfth of any applicable tax credits allowable for the taxable year, and one twelfth of any annual exemption allowed for such year.
- (2) Tax of \$1,000 per month or less. For taxpayers whose estimated tax liability under this article is one thousand dollars per month or less, the tax shall be due and payable in quarterly installments on or before the last day of the month following the quarter in which the tax accrued:
- (A) Each such taxpayer shall, on or before the last day of the fourth, seventh and tenth months of the taxable year, make out an estimate of the tax for which the taxpayer is liable for the preceding quarter, sign the same and mail it together with a remittance, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, of the amount of the tax due to the office of the tax commissioner.
- (B) In estimating the amount of tax due for each quarter, the taxpayer may deduct one fourth of any applicable tax credits allowable for the taxable year and one fourth of any annual exemption allowed for such year.
- (b) Exception. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the tax commissioner, if he deems it necessary to ensure payment of the tax, may require the return and payment under this section for periods of shorter duration than those prescribed in subsection (a) of this section.

§11-13A-10. Time for filing returns and paying tax; credit.

- (a) Calendar year taxpayers. Returns made on the basis of the calendar year shall be filed with the tax commissioner on or before the expiration of one month after the end of the taxable year.
- (b) Fiscal year taxpayers. Returns made on the basis of a fiscal year shall be filed with the tax commissioner on or before the expiration of one month after the end of the fiscal year.
- (c) Payment of tax. A person required to make and file a return under this article shall pay any tax shown to be due by such return, without assessment, notice or demand, to the tax commissioner on or before the date fixed for filing such return (determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the return).
- (d) Credit. Every taxpayer under this article shall be allowed an annual credit of five hundred dollars against the taxes due under this article to be applied at the rate of forty-one dollars and sixty-seven cents per month for each month the taxpayer was engaged in business in this state exercising a privilege taxable under this article.

§11-13A-11. Extension of time for filing returns.

The tax commissioner may, upon written request received on or prior to the due date of the annual return or any periodic estimate, grant a reasonable extension of time for filing any return or other document required by this article, upon such terms as he may by regulation prescribe, or by contract require, if good cause satisfactory to the tax commissioner is provided by the taxpayer.

§11-13A-12. Extension of time for paying tax.

- (a) Amount determined on return. The tax commissioner may extend the time for payment of the amount of the tax shown, or required to be shown, on any return required by this article (or any periodic installment payments), for a reasonable period not to exceed six months from the date fixed for payment thereof.
- (b) Amount determined as deficiency. Under regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner, he may extend the time for the payment of the amount determined as a deficiency of the taxes imposed by this article for a period not to exceed eighteen months from the date fixed for payment of the deficiency. In exceptional cases, a further period of time not to exceed twelve months may be granted. An extension under this subsection (b) may be granted only where it is shown to the satisfaction of the tax commissioner that payment of a deficiency upon the date fixed for the payment thereof

will result in undue hardship to the taxpayer.

(c) No extension for certain deficiencies. — No extension shall be granted under this section for any deficiency if the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules and regulations, or to fraud with intent to evade tax.

§11-13A-13. Place for filing returns or other documents.

Tax returns, statements, or other documents, or copies thereof, required by this article or by regulations shall be filed with the tax commissioner by delivery, in person or by mail, to his office in Charleston, West Virginia: *Provided*, That the tax commissioner may, by regulation, prescribe the place for filing such returns, statements, or other documents, or copies thereof.

§11-13A-14. Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.

- (a) General rule. The person required to make the annual return required by this article shall, without assessment or notice and demand from the tax commissioner, pay such tax at the time and place fixed for filing the return (determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the return.)
- (b) Date fixed for payment of tax. The date fixed for payment of the taxes imposed by this article shall be deemed to be a reference to the last day fixed for such payment (determined without regard to any extension of time for paying the tax).
- (c) Terms of extension. Any extension of time for payment of tax under this section may be granted upon such terms as the tax commissioner may, by regulation, prescribe or by contract require.

§11-13A-15. Signing of returns and other documents.

- (a) General. Any return, statement or other document required to be made under the provisions of this article shall be signed in accordance with instructions or regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- (b) Signing of corporation returns. The return of a corporation shall be signed by the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer or any other officer duly authorized so to act. In the case of a return made for a corporation by a fiduciary, such fiduciary shall sign the return. The fact that an individual's name is signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such individual is authorized to sign the return on

behalf of the corporation.

- (c) Signing of partnership returns. The return of a partnership shall be signed by any one of the partners. The fact that a partner's name is signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such partner is authorized to sign the return on behalf of the partnership.
- (d) Signature presumed authentic. The fact that an individual's name is signed to a return, statement or other document shall be prima facie evidence for all purposes that the return, statement or other document was actually signed by him.
- (e) Verification of returns. Except as otherwise provided by the tax commissioner, any return, declaration or other document required to be made under this article shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury.

§11-13A-16. Bond of taxpayer may be required.

- (a) Whenever it is deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this article, the tax commissioner may require any taxpayer to post a cash or corporate surety bond.
- (b) The amount of the bond shall be fixed by the tax commissioner but, except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, shall not be greater than three times the average quarterly liability of taxpayers filing returns for quarterly periods, five times the average monthly liability of taxpayers required to file returns for monthly periods, or two times the average periodic liability of taxpayers permitted or required to file returns for other than monthly or quarterly periods.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, no bond required under this section shall be less than five hundred dollars.
- (d) The amount of the bond may be increased or decreased by the tax commissioner at any time subject to the limitations provided in this section.
- (e) The tax commissioner may bring an action for a restraining order or a temporary or permanent injunction to restrain or enjoin the operation of a taxpayer's business until the bond is posted and any delinquent tax, including applicable interest and additions to tax has been paid. Such action may be brought in the circuit court of Kanawha County or in the circuit court of any county having jurisdiction over the taxpayer.

§11-13A-17. Collection of tax; agreement for processor to pay tax due from severor.

- (a) General. In the case of natural resources, other than natural gas, where the tax commissioner finds that it would facilitate and expedite the collection of the taxes imposed under this article, the tax commissioner may authorize the taxpayer processing the natural resource to report and pay the tax which would be due from the taxpayer severing the natural resources. The agreement shall be in such form as the tax commissioner may prescribe. The agreement must be signed: By the owners, if the taxpayers are natural persons; in the case of a partnership or association, by a partner or member; in the case of a corporation, by an executive officer or some person specifically authorized by the corporation to sign the application. The agreement may be terminated by any party to the agreement upon giving thirty days' written notice to the other parties to the agreement: Provided, That the tax commissioner may terminate the agreement immediately upon written notice to the other parties when either the taxpayer processing the natural resource or the taxpayer severing the natural resource fails to comply with the terms of the agreement.
 - (b) Natural gas. --
 - (1) In the case of natural gas, except for those cases:
 - (A) Where the person severing (or both severing and processing) the natural gas will sell the gas to the ultimate consumer, or
- (B) Where the tax commissioner determines that the collection of taxes due under this article would be accomplished in a more efficient and effective manner through the severor, or severor and processor, remitting the taxes; the first person to purchase the natural gas after it has been severed, or in the event that the natural gas has been severed and processed before the first sale, the first person to purchase the natural gas after it has been severed and processed, shall be liable for the collection of the taxes imposed by this article. He shall collect the taxes imposed from the person severing (or severing and processing) the natural gas, and he shall remit the taxes to the tax commissioner. In those cases where the person severing (or severing and processing) the natural gas sells the gas to the ultimate consumer, the person so severing (or severing and processing) the natural gas shall be liable for the taxes imposed by this article. In those cases where the tax commissioner determines that the collection of the taxes due under this article from the

severance (or severance and processing) of natural gas would be accomplished in a more efficient and effective manner through the severor (or severor and processor) remitting the taxes, the tax commissioner shall set out his determination in writing, stating his reasons for so finding, and so advise the severor (or severor and processor) at least fifteen days in advance of the first reporting period for which such action would be effective.

- (2) On or before the last day of the month following each taxable calendar month, each person first purchasing natural gas as described in subdivision (1) above, shall report purchases of natural gas during the taxable month, showing the quantities of gas purchased, the price paid, the date of purchase, and any other information deemed necessary by the tax commissioner for the administration of the tax imposed by this article, and shall pay the amount of tax due, on forms prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- (3) On or before the last day of the month following each taxable calendar month, each person severing (or severing and processing) natural gas, shall report the sales of natural gas, showing the name and address of the person to whom sold, the quantity of gas sold, the date of sale, and the sales price on forms prescribed by the tax commissioner

§11-13A-18. Records.

- (a) Every taxpayer liable for reporting or paying tax under this article shall keep such records, receipts, invoices, and other pertinent papers in such forms as the tax commissioner may require.
- (b) Every taxpayer shall keep such records for not less than three years after the annual return is filed under this article, unless the tax commissioner in writing authorizes their earlier destruction. An extension of time for making an assessment shall automatically extend the time period for keeping the records for all years subject to audit covered in the agreement for extension of time.

§11-13A-19. General procedure and administration.

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article ten of this chapter, shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

§11-13A-20. Criminal penalties.

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" set forth in article nine of this chapter shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

§11-13A-21. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

§11-13A-22. Information return and due date thereof; penalty for failure to file, waiver thereof; short taxable year provisions.

(a) The state tax commissioner shall require taxpayers subject to this article to file an information return for tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four and tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. These returns shall be due on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five and on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, respectively, unless an extension is provided by the tax commissioner. These returns shall be on forms and pursuant to instructions provided by the tax commissioner. The informational returns shall require computations as if the tax due hereunder and applicable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, were in force and effect, as to such taxpayer during the informational tax year: Provided, That any person failing to comply with the following requirements of this section in respect of informational returns and on the forms and pursuant to the instructions prescribed by the tax commissioner, shall be subject to a penalty, collectible as provided in article ten of this chapter, the amount of which shall be the greater of one thousand dollars or ten percent of the pro forma tax liability, as computed by the tax commissioner in accordance with this article and the rules and regulations pertaining thereto, which should have been shown on the informational returns of the taxpayer. The tax commissioner is hereby authorized to waive all or any part of such penalty for good cause shown.

(b) If the taxpayer's taxable year under this article is not the calendar year, then such taxpayer's first taxable year under this article shall be a short taxable year and shall cover the period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and ending with the last day of the taxpayer's then current fiscal year for federal income tax purposes.

ARTICLE 13B. TELECOMMUNICATIONS TAX.

§11-13B-1.	Short title; arrangment and classification.
§11-13B-2.	Definitions.
§11-13B-3.	Tax imposed on telecommunications businesses; effective date.
§11-13B-4.	Accounting periods and methods of accounting.
§11-13B-5.	Annual return.
§11-13B-6.	Periodic installment payments of tax.
§11-13B-7.	Extension of time for filing returns.
§11-13B-8.	Extensions of time for paying tax.
§11-13B-9.	Place for filing returns or other documents.
§11-13B-10.	Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.
§11-13B-11.	Signing of returns and other documents.
§11-13B-12.	Records.
§11-13B-13.	Information return and due date thereof; penalty for failure to file, waiver thereof; short taxable year provisions.
§11-13B-14.	Preservation of rights and the liabilities of taxpayers.
§11-13B-15.	General procedure and administration.
§11-13B-16.	Criminal penalties.
§11-13B-17.	Severability.

§11-13B-1. Short title; arrangement and classification.

This article may be cited as the "Telecommunications Tax Act." No inference, implication or presumption of legislative construction shall be drawn or made by reason of the location or grouping of any particular section or provision or portion of this article, and no legal effect shall be given to any descriptive matter of headings relating to any part, section, subsection or paragraph of this article.

§11-13B-2. Definitions.

- (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the administration of this article, the terms defined in subsection (b) shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section, unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used, or by specific definition.
 - (b) Terms defined.
- (1) Business.—The term "business" shall include all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or

economic benefit, either direct or indirect.

- (2) Communications channel.—The term "communications channel" or "channel" means the smallest discrete circuit or other means whereby a message, conversation, data set or signal may be communicated, which cannot be subdivided without destroying or diminishing its capacity to carry such communications.
- (3) Communications pathway.—The term "communications pathway" means any conduit, wire, cable, microwave signal path, radio signal path or other pathway over which telecommunications can be carried. The length of the communications pathway of satellite repeater facilities or other satellite communications facilities is deemed to be the shortest distance over the surface of the earth between the point on the earth from which signals are sent to the satellite and the point on the earth where such signals are received from the satellite.
- (4) Delegate.—The term "delegate" in the phrase " or his delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the function mentioned or described in this article or regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (5) Gross income.—The term "gross income" of a telephone company or communications carrier shall be defined as all gross income received from the provision of local exchange or long distance voice or data communications services but shall not include gross income from the provision of network access, billing or similar services provided to end users, other telephone companies, or communications carriers.
- (6) Person.—The term "person" or "company" are herein used interchangeably and include any individual, firm, partnership, mining partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, trust or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is declared by the context.
- (7) Sale.—The term "sale" includes any transfer of the ownership or title to property or any provision of a service, whether for money or in exchange for other property or services, or a combination thereof.
 - (8) Tax commissioner.—The term "tax commissioner" means the



tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate.

- (9) Taxable year.—The term "taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of the article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.
- (10) Taxpayer.—The term "taxpayer" means and includes any individual, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, administrator, fiduciary or representative of any kind engaged in telecommunications business activity.
- (11) Telecommunications.—The term "telecommunications" means all telephone, radio, light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other communication, or means of communication, whether used for voice communication, computer data transmission, or other encoded symbolic information transfers. The term shall not include commercial broadcast radio or television, cable television or amateur or citizen's band radio.

§11-13B-3. Tax imposed on telecommunications businesses; effective date.

- (a) Tax imposed.—Upon every telecommunications business selling or funishing telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, there is hereby imposed an annual privilege tax on account of the business, or other activities, of the taxpayer engaged in or carried on within this state, during the taxable year. The amount of taxes due shall be determined by application of rates against gross income, as specified in subsection (b) for telecommunications business effective on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
- (b) Tax rate.—The liability of a taxpayer under this article shall be four percent of the sum of:
- (A) Its gross income from all telecommunications business beginning and ending within this state, and
- (B) Its gross income apportioned to this state from all telecommunications business that either begins or ends in this state.
- (c) Exemptions.—This section shall not apply to telecommunications services provided by municipalities, or by any other political subdivisions of this state.

(d) Apportionment of certain income of telecommunications companies.—Gross revenues of telecommunications companies derived from one point business in this state shall be apportioned to the state of West Virginia in the same proportion that the length of such company's communications pathways, weighted by the number of channels such pathways are capable of carrying, in West Virginia bears to the total length of such company's communications pathways, weighted by the number of channels such pathways are capable of carrying, located everywhere in the United States, its territories, and possessions.

§11-13B-4. Accounting periods and methods of accounting.

- (a) Taxable year.—For purposes of the tax imposed by this article, a taxpayer's taxable year shall be the same as the taxpayer's taxable year for federal income tax purposes.
- (b) Change of taxable year.—If a taxpayer's taxable year is changed for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer's taxable year for purposes of this article shall be similarly changed. The taxpayer shall provide a copy of the authorization for such change from the Internal Revenue Service, with its annual return for the taxable year filed under this article.
 - (c) Methods of accounting.
- (1) Same as federal.—A taxpayer's method of accounting under this article shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. In the absence of any method of accounting for federal income tax purposes, the accrual method of accounting shall be used unless the tax commissioner, in writing, consents to use of another method.
- (2) Change of accounting methods.—If a taxpayer's method of accounting is changed for federal income tax purposes, his method of accounting for purposes of this article shall similarly be changed. The taxpayer shall provide a copy of the authorization for such change from the Internal Revenue Service, with its annual return for the taxable year filed under this article.

§11-13B-5. Annual return.

On or before the expiration of one month after the end of the taxable year, every taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this article shall make and file an annual return for the entire taxable year

showing such information as the tax commissioner may require and computing the amount of taxes due under this article for the taxable year.

§11-13B-6. Periodic installment payments of tax.

- (a) General rule.—Taxes levied under this article shall be due and payable in periodic installments as follows:
- (1) Tax of more than \$1,000 per month.—For taxpayers whose estimated tax liability under this article exceeds one thousand dollars per month, the tax shall be due and payable in monthly installments on or before the last day of the month following the month in which the tax accrued
- (A) Each such taxpayer shall, on or before the last day of each month, make out an estimate of the tax for which the taxpayer is liable for the preceding month, sign the same and mail it together with a remittance, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner and the amount of tax due to the office of the tax commissioner.
- (B) In estimating the amount of tax due for each month, the taxpayer may deduct one twelfth of any applicable tax credits allowable for the taxable year, and one twelfth of any annual exemption allowed for such year.
- (2) Tax of \$1,000 per month or less.—For taxpayers whose estimated tax liability under this article is one thousand dollars per month or less, the tax shall be due and payable in quarterly installments on or before the last day of the month following the quarter in which the tax accrued.
- (A) Each such taxpayer shall, on or before the last day of the fourth, seventh and tenth months of the taxable year, make out an estimate of the tax for which the taxpayer is liable for the preceding quarter, sign the same and mail it together with a remittance, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, of the amount of the tax due to the office of the tax commissioner.
- (B) In estimating the amount of tax due for each quarter, the taxpayer may deduct one fourth of any applicable tax credits allowable for the taxable year and one fourth of any annual exemption allowed for such year.
- (b) Exception.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the tax commissioner, if he deems it necessary to ensure payment of the tax, may require the return and payment



under this section for periods of shorter duration than those prescribed in subsection (a) of this section.

§11-13B-7. Extension of time for filing returns.

The tax commissioner may, upon written request received on or prior to the due date of the annual return or any periodic estimate, grant a reasonable extension of time for filing any return or other document required by this article, upon such terms as he may by regulation prescribe, or by contract require, if good cause satisfactory to the tax commissioner is provided by the taxpayer.

§11-13B-8. Extensions of time for paying tax.

- (a) Amount determined on return.—The tax commissioner may extend the time for payment of the amount of the tax shown, or required to be shown, on any return required by this article (or for any periodic installment payments), for a reasonable period not to exceed six months from the date fixed for payment thereof.
- (b) Amount determined as deficiency.—Under regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner, he may extend the time for the payment of the amount determined as a deficiency of the taxes imposed by this article for a period not to exceed eighteen months from the date fixed for payment of the deficiency. In exceptional cases, a further period of time not to exceed twelve months may be granted. An extension under this subsection (b) may be granted only where it is shown to the satisfaction of the tax commissioner that payment of a deficiency upon the date fixed for the payment thereof will result in undue hardship to the taxpayer.
- (c) No extension for certain deficiencies.—No extension shall be granted under this section for any deficiency if the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules and regulations, or to fraud with intent to evade tax.

§11-13B-9. Place for filing returns or other documents.

Tax returns, statements, or other documents, or copies thereof, required by this article or by regulations shall be filed with the tax commissioner by delivery, in person or by mail, to his office in Charleston, West Virginia: *Provided*, That the tax commissioner may, by regulation, prescribe the place for filing such returns, statements, or other documents, or copies thereof.

§11-13B-10. Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.

- (a) General rule.—The person required to make the annual return required by this article shall, without assessment or notice and demand from the tax commissioner, pay such tax at the time and place fixed for filing the return (determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the return).
- (b) Date fixed for payment of tax.—The date fixed for payment of the taxes imposed by this article shall be deemed to be a reference to the last day fixed for such payment (determined without regard to any extension of time for paying the tax).
- (c) Terms of extension.—Any extension of time for payment of tax under this section may be granted upon such terms as the tax commissioner may by regulation prescribe, or by contract require.

§11-13B-11. Signing of returns and other documents.

- (a) General.—Any return, statement or other document required to be made under the provisions of this article shall be signed in accordance with instructions or regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- (b) Signing of corporation returns.—The return of a corporation shall be signed by the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer or any other officer duly authorized so to act. In the case of a return made for a corporation by a fiduciary, such fiduciary shall sign the return. The fact that an individual's name is signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such individual is authorized to sign the return on behalf of the corporation.
- (c) Signing of partnership returns.—The return of a partnership shall be signed by any one of the partners. The fact that a partner's name is signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such partner is authorized to sign the return on behalf of the partnership.
- (d) Signature presumed authentic.—The fact that an individual's name is signed to a return, statement or other document shall be prima facie evidence for all purposes that the return, statement or other document was actually signed by him.
- (e) Verification of returns.—Except as otherwise provided by the tax commissioner, any return, declaration or other document required to be made under this article shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury.

§11-13B-12. Records.

- (a) Every taxpayer liable for reporting or paying taxes under this article shall keep such records, receipts, invoices, and other pertinent papers in such forms as the tax commissioner may require.
- (b) Every taxpayer shall keep such records for not less than three years after the annual return is filed under this article, unless the tax commissioner in writing authorizes their earlier destruction. An extension of time for making an assessment shall automatically extend the time period for keeping the records for all years subject to audit covered in the agreement.

§11-13B-13. Information return and due date thereof; penalty for failure to file, waiver thereof; short taxable year provisions.

- (a) The state tax commissioner shall require taxpayers subject to this article to file an information return for tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four and tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. These returns shall be due on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five and on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, respectively, unless an extension is provided by the tax commissioner. These returns shall be on forms and pursuant to instructions provided by the tax commissioner. The informational returns shall require computations as if the tax due hereunder and applicable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven were in force and effect, as to such taxpayer during the informational tax year: Provided, That any person failing to comply with the following requirements of this section in respect of informational returns and on the forms and pursuant to the instructions prescribed by the tax commissioner, shall be subject to a penalty, collectible as provided in article ten of this chapter, the amount of which shall be the greater of one thousand dollars or ten percent of the pro forma tax liability, as computed by the tax commissioner in accordance with this article and the rules and regulations pertaining thereto, which should have been shown on the informational returns of the taxpayer. The tax commissioner is hereby authorized to waive all or any part of such penalty for good cause shown.
- (b) If the taxpayer's taxable year under this article is not the calendar year, then such taxpayer's first taxable year under this article shall be a short taxable year and shall cover the period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and ending with the last day of the taxpayer's then current



fiscal year for federal income tax purposes.

§11-13B-14. Preservation of rights and the liabilities of taxpayers.

Tax liabilities, if any arising for taxable years or portions thereof ending prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be determined, administered, assessed and collected as if the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this chapter had not been repealed; and the rights and duties of the taxpayer and the state of West Virginia shall be fully and completely preserved.

§11-13B-15. General procedure and administration.

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article ten of this chapter, shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

§11-13B-16. Criminal penalties.

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" set forth in article nine of this chapter shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

§11-13B-17. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-8. Credits against tax.

(a) Business and occupation tax credit.—A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by section three [§11-21-3] of this article equal to the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for any tax imposed under article thirteen, chapter eleven of this Code: Provided, That the amount of such business and occupation tax credit shall not exceed the portion of the tax imposed



by this article which is attributable to the West Virginia taxable income derived by the taxpayer for the taxable year from the business or occupation with respect to which said tax under article thirteen was imposed. In case the West Virginia taxable income of a taxpayer includes income from a partnership, estate, trust or a corporation electing to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, a part of any tax liability of the partnership, estate, trust or corporation under said article thirteen shall be allowed to the taxpayer, in computing the credit provided for by this section, in an amount proportionate to the income of such partnership, estate, trust or corporation, which is included in the taxpayer's West Virginia taxable income.

For purposes of this section, the tax imposed under article thirteen chapter eleven of this Code shall be the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for such tax under said article thirteen computed without reduction for the tax credit for industrial expansion or revitalization allowed for such year.

- (b) Carrier income tax credit.—A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by section three of this article equal to the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for any tax imposed on the taxpayer under article twelve-A, chapter eleven of this Code: Provided. That the amount of such credit shall not exceed the portion of the tax imposed by this article which is attributable to the West Virginia taxable income derived by the taxpayer for the taxable year from the activities with respect of which said income tax under article twelve-A was imposed. In case the West Virginia taxable income of a taxpayer includes income from a partnership, estate, trust or a corporation electing to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, a part of any tax liability of the partnership, estate, trust or corporation under said article twelve-A shall be allowed to the taxpayer, in computing the credit provided for by this section in an amount proportionate to the income of such partnership, estate, trust or corporation, which is included in the taxpayer's West Virginia taxable income.
- (c) Severance tax credit.—On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, a credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by section three of this article equal to the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for any tax imposed under article thirteen-A, chapter eleven of this code: Provided, That the amount of such severance tax credit shall not exceed the portion of the tax imposed by this article which is



attributable to the West Virginia taxable income derived by the taxpayer for the taxable year from the activities with respect to which said tax under article thirteen-A was imposed. In case the West Virginia taxable income of a taxpayer includes income from a partnership, estate, trust or a corporation electing to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, a part of any tax liability of the partnership, estate, trust or corporation under said article thirteen-a shall be allowed to the taxpayer, in computing the credit provided for by this section, in an amount proportionate to the income of such partnership, estate, trust or corporation, which is included in the taxpayer's West Virginia taxable income.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

§11-23-1. Legislative finding.

§11-23-2. Short title; arrangement of sections or portions thereof.

§11-23-3. Definitions

- §11-23-4. Tax base determined.
- §11-23-5. Apportionment of tax.

§11-23-6. Imposition of tax.

- §11-23-7. Persons and organizations exempt from tax.
- §11-23-8. Accounting periods and methods of accounting.

§11-23-9. Annual returns.

- §11-23-10. Extension of time for filing returns.
- §11-23-11. Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.
- §11-23-12. Extensions of time for paying tax.
- §11-23-13. Declaration and payment of estimated tax.
- §11-23-14. Requirements concerning returns, notices, records and statements.
- §11-23-15. Signing of returns and other documents.
- §11-23-16. Place for filing returns or other documents.
- §11-23-17. Credits against tax.
- §11-23-18. Tax under this article in addition to all other taxes.
- §11-23-19. Records.
- §11-23-20. Criminal penalties.
- §11-23-21. General procedure and administration.
- §11-23-22. Severability.
- §11-23-23. Information return and due date thereof; penalty for failure to file, waiver thereof; short taxable year provisions.

§11-23-1. Legislative finding.

This business franchise tax on corporations and partnerships is enacted pursuant to the provision of article X, section one of the constitution of this state, granting to the Legislature the authority to tax privileges, franchises and incomes of persons and corporations. The Legislature finds and declares that this franchise tax is imposed on the privilege of doing business in this state, and that

this tax is not an ad valorem property tax imposed on the property of corporations and partnerships doing business in this state.

§11-23-2. Short title; arrangement of sections or portions thereof.

This article shall be known and may be cited as the "Business Franchise Tax Act." No inference, implication or presumption of legislative construction or intent shall be drawn or made by reason of the location or grouping of any particular section, provision or portion of this article; and no legal effect shall be given to any descriptive matter or heading relating to any part, section, subsection or paragraph of this article.

§11-23-3. Definitions.

- (a) General. When used in this article, or in the administration of this article, terms defined in this section shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used, or by specific definition in this article.
 - (b) Terms defined.
- (1) Business income. The term "business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business and includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management and disposition of the property constitute integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.
 - (2) Capital. The term "Capital" of a taxpayer shall mean:
- (A) In the case of a corporation, the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the sum of the following entries from Schedule L of Federal Form 1120, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year:
- (i) The value of all common stock and preferred stock of the taxpayer;
 - (ii) The amount of paid-in or capital surplus;
 - (iii) Retained earnings, appropriated and unappropriated;
 - (iv) Less the cost of treasury stock.
- (B) In the case of a partnership, the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the value of partner's capital accounts from Schedule L of Federal Form 1065, as filed by the taxpayer with the

Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year.

- (C) Additional items in capital. The term "Capital" for purposes of this article shall include such additional items from the accounts of the taxpayer as the tax commissioner may by regulation prescribe, which fairly represent the net equity of the taxpayer as defined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (D) Allowance for certain government obligations and obligations secured by residential property. As to both corporations and partnerships, capital shall be multiplied by a fraction equal to one minus a fraction:
- (1) The numerator of which is the sum of the average of the beginning and ending account balances for the taxable year (account balances to be determined at cost in the same manner that such obligations, investments and loans are reported on Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120 or Federal Form 1065) of the following:
- (a) Obligations and securities of the United States, or of any agency, authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and any other corporation or entity created under the authority of the United States Congress for the purpose of implementing or furthering an objective of national policy, which is specifically made exempt from state taxes by federal law;
- (b) Obligations of this state and any political subdivision of this state;
- (c) Investments or loans primarily secured by mortgages, or deeds of trust, on residential property located in this state and occupied by nontransients; and
- (d) Loans primarily secured by a lien or security agreement on residential property in the form of a mobile home, modular home or double-wide, located in this state and occupied by nontransients.
- (2) The denominator of which is the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the total assets of the taxpayer as shown on Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service or, in the case of partnerships, Schedule L of Federal Form 1065, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service.
- (3) Commercial domicile. The term "commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or managed.

- (4) Commissioner or tax commissioner. The terms "commissioner" or "tax commissioner" are used interchangeably herein and mean the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate.
- (5) Compensation. the term "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
- (6) Corporation. The term "corporation" includes any corporation, S corporation, joint-stock company, and any association or other organization which is taxable as a corporation under federal income tax laws or the income tax laws of this state.
- (7) Delegate. The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissoner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described in this article or regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (8) Doing business. The term "doing business" means any activity of a corporation or partnership which enjoys the benefits and protection of the government and laws of this state, except the activity of agriculture and farming, which shall mean the production of food, fiber and woodland products (but not timbering activity), by means of cultivation, tillage of the soil and by the conduct of animal, livestock, dairy, apairy, equine or poultry husbandry, horticulture, or any other plant or animal production and all farm practices related, usual or incidental thereto, including the storage, packing, shipping and marketing, but not including any manufacturing, milling or processing of such products by persons other than the producer thereof.

The activity of agriculture and farming shall mean not less than five acres of land and the improvements thereon, used in the production of the aforementioned activities, and shall mean the production of at least one thousand dollars of products per annum through the conduct of such principal business activities as set forth in section ten, article one-a, chapter eleven of this code.

(9) Domestic corporation. — The term "domestic corporation" means a corporation organized under the laws of this state, and certain corporations organized under the laws of the state of Virginia before the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred sixty-



three. Every other corporation is a foreign corporation.

- (10) Federal Form 1120. The term "Federal Form 1120" means the annual federal income tax return of any corporation made pursuant to Section 6012, 6037, 6038 or 6046 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable income of a corporation, and filed with the Federal Internal Revenue Service. In the case of a corporation that is exempt from federal income taxes but which has taxable unrelated business income, it means Federal Form 990T. In the case of a corporation that elects to file a federal income tax return as part of an affiliated group, but files as a separate corporation under this article, then as to such corporation Federal Form 1120 means its pro forma Federal Form 1120.
- (11) Federal Form 1065. The term "Federal Form 1065" means the annual federal income tax return of a partnership made pursuant to Section 6031 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable income of a partnership, and filed with the Federal Internal Revenue Service.
- (12) Fiduciary. The term "fiduciary" means, and includes, a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any person.
- (13) Financial organization. The term "financial organization" includes any bank, banking association, trust company, industrial loan company, small loan company or licensee, building and loan association, savings and loan association, finance company, investment company, investment broker or dealer, and any other similar business organization at least ninety percent of the assets of which consist of intangible personal property and at least ninety percent of the gross receipts of which consist of dividends, interest and other charges derived from the use of money or credit.
- (14) Fiscal year. The term "fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on any day other than the last day of December, and on the basis of which the taxpayer is required to report for federal income tax purposes.
- (15) Includes and including. The term "includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this article shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning

of the term being defined.

- (16) Parent and subsidiary corporations. A corporation which owns on average during the taxable year more than fifty percent of the stock of all classes of another corporation is defined to be the "parent corporation" and the corporation which is so owned by the parent is defined to be a "subsidiary corporation."
- (17) Partnership and partner. The term "partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization through or by means of which any business, financial operation or venture is carried on, and which is not, a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole proprietorship. The term "partner" includes a member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or organization.
- (18) Person. The term "person" includes any corporation or partnership.
- (19) Pro forma return. The term "pro forma return" when used in this article means the return which the taxpayer would have filed with the Internal Revenue Service had it not elected to file federally as part of a consolidated group.
- (20) Sales. The term "sales" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer that are "business income," as defined in this section.
- (21) State. The term "state" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States.
- (22) Stock. The term "stock" includes shares in a corporation, association or joint stock company. It shall not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends, or treasury stock. "Stock owned by a corporation" shall include stock owned directly by such corporation and stock which is subject to an option to acquire stock.
- (23) Taxable year. The term "taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made for a fractional part of a year (short taxable year) under the provisions of this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.
 - (24) Taxable in another state. The term "taxable in another



state" for purposes of apportionment under this article, means a taxpayer who:

- (A) Is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax measured by net income, a franchise tax for the privilege of doing business or a corporate stock tax; or
- (B) Would be subject to a net income tax if such other state imposed such a tax.
- (25) Taxpayer. The term "taxpayer" means any person (as defined in this section) subject to the tax imposed by this article.
- (26) This code. The term "this code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
- (27) This state. The term "this state" means the state of West Virginia.
- (28) Treasury stock. The term "treasury stock" means shares of a corporation which have been issued and have been subsequently acquired by and belong to such corporation, and have not been cancelled or restored to the status of authorized but unissued shares. Treasury stock is deemed to be issued shares, but not outstanding shares.
- (c) Any term used in this article shall have the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context or by definition in this article. Any reference in this article to the laws of the United States, or to the Internal Revenue Code, or to the federal income tax law shall mean the provisions of the laws of the United States as related to the determination of income for federal income tax purposes as in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

§11-23-4. Tax base determined.

The tax base of a taxpayer, for purposes of this article, shall be its capital, as defined and adjusted in section three of this article. If the taxpayer is also taxable in another state, then the tax base of the taxpayer shall be its capital, as defined in section three of this article, multiplied by its apportionment factor determined under section five of this article.

§11-23-5. Apportionment of tax base.

(a) A taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this article and also

taxable in another state shall, for the purposes of this tax, apportion its tax base to this state by multiplying its tax base by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, plus the payroll factor, plus two times the sales factor, all of which shall be determined as hereinafter provided in this section, and the denominator of which is four

- (b) Property factor. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used by it in this state during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all real and tangible personal property owned or rented by the taxpayer and used by it during the taxable year, which is reported on Schedule L of Federal Form 1120 (or 1065 for partnerships), plus the average value of all real and tangible personal property leased and used by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
- (c) Value of property. Property owned by the taxpayer shall be valued at its original cost, adjusted by subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, exchange, abandonment, etc.: Provided, That where records of original cost are unavailable or cannot be obtained without unreasonable expense, property shall be valued at original cost as determined under regulations of the tax commissioner. Property rented by the taxpayer from others shall be valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental paid, directly or indirectly, by the taxpayer, or for its benefit, in money or other consideration for the use of the property and includes:
- (1) Any amount payable for the use of real or tangible personal property, or any part thereof, whether designated as a fixed sum of money or as a percentage of sales, profits or otherwise.
- (2) Any amount payable as additional rent or in lieu of rents, such as interest, taxes, insurance, repairs or any other items which are required to be paid by the terms of the lease or other arrangement, not including amounts paid as service charges, such as utilities, janitor services, etc. If a payment includes rent and other charges unsegregated, the amount of rent shall be determined by consideration of the relative values of the rent and the other items.
- (d) Leasehold improvements. Leasehold improvements shall, for the purposes of the property factor, be treated as property owned by the lessee regardless of whether the lessee is entitled to remove

the improvements or the improvements revert to the lessor upon expiration of the lease. Leasehold improvements shall be included in the property factor at their original cost.

- (e) Average value of property. The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year: Provided, That the tax commissioner may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year if substantial fluctuations in the values of the property exist during the taxable year, or where property is acquired after the beginning of the taxable year, or is disposed of, or whose rental contract ceases, before the end of the taxable year.
- (f) Payroll factor. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total compensation paid in this state during the taxable year by the taxpayer, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year as shown on the taxpayer's federal income tax return as filed with the Internal Revenue Service, as reflected in the schedule of wages and salaries and that portion of cost of goods sold which reflects compensation, or as shown on a pro forma return.
- (g) Compensation. The term "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services. Payments made to an independent contractor or to any other person not properly classifiable as an employee shall be excluded. Only the amounts paid directly to employees shall be included in the payroll factor. Amounts considered paid directly to employees include the value of board, rent, housing, lodging, and other benefits or services furnished to employees by the taxpayer in return for personal services, provided such amounts constitute income to the recipient for federal income tax purposes.
 - (h) Employee. The term "employee" means:
 - (1) Any officer of a corporation; or
- (2) Any individual who, under the usual common-law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the status of an employee.
- (i) Compensation paid in this state. Compensation is paid in this state if:
 - (1) The employee's service is performed entirely within the state;

- (2) The employee's service is performed both within and without the state, but the service performed without the state is incidental to the individual's service within the state. The word "incidental" means any service which is temporary or transitory in nature, or which is rendered in connection with an isolated transaction; or
 - (3) Some of the service is performed in the state and:
- (A) The employee's base of operations or, if there is no base of operations, the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in the state, or
- (B) The base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the employee's residence is in this state.

The term "base of operations" is the place of more or less permanent nature from which the employee starts his work and to which he customarily returns in order to receive instructions from the taxpayer or communications from his customers or other persons or to replenish stock or other materials, repair equipment, or perform any other functions necessary to the exercise of his trade or profession at some other point or points. The term "place from which the service is directed or controlled" refers to the place from which the power to direct or control is exercised by the taxpayer.

- (j) Sales factor. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business in this state during the taxable year, less returns and allowances. The denominator of the fraction shall be the total gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business, and reflected in its gross income reported and as appearing on the taxpayer's Federal Form 1120 or 1065, and consisting of those certain pertinent portions of the (gross income) elements set forth.
- (k) Allocation of sales of tangible personal property. Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if:
- (1) The property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the United States government, within this state regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale; or
- (2) The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state and (A) the purchaser



is the United States government or (B) the taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the purchaser.

- (1) Allocation of other sales. Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are in this state if:
 - (1) The income-producing activity is performed in this state; or
- (2) The income-producing activity is performed both in and outside this state and a greater proportion of the income-producing activity is performed in this state than in any other state, based on costs of performance.
 - (m) Other methods of allocation. —
- (1) General. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsection (a) do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the taxpayer may petition for, or the tax commissioner may require, in respect to all or any part of the taxpayer's business activities, if reasonable:
 - (A) Separate accounting;
 - (B) The exclusion of one of the factors;
- (C) The inclusion of one or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or
- (D) The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation or apportionment of the taxpayer's tax base.
- (2) Burden of Proof. In any proceeding before the tax commissioner or in any court in which employment of one of the methods of allocation or apportionment provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection is sought, on the ground that the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsection (a) do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the burden of proof shall:
- (A) If the tax commissioner seeks employment of one of such methods, be on the tax commissioner, or
- (B) If the taxpayer seeks employment of one of such other methods, be on the taxpayer.

§11-23-6. Imposition of tax.

(a) General. — An annual business franchise tax is hereby imposed on the privilege of doing business in this state and in respect

of the benefits and protections conferred. Such tax shall be collected from every domestic corporation, every corporation having its commercial domicile in this state, every foreign or domestic corporation leasing property located in this state or doing business in this state and from every partnership owning or leasing property located in this state or doing business in this state, effective on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

(b) Amount of tax and rate; effective date. — On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the amount of tax shall be the greater of fifty dollars or fifty-five one hundredths of one percent of the value of the tax base, as determined under this article: Provided, That when the taxpayer's first taxable year under this article is a short taxable year, the taxpayer's liability shall be prorated bases upon the ratio which the number of months in such short taxable year bears to twelve.

§11-23-7. Persons and organizations exempt from tax.

The following organizations and persons shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this article to the extent provided in this section:

- (a) Natural persons doing business in this state that are not doing business in the form of a partnership (as defined in section three of this article) or in the form of a corporation (as defined in section three of this article). Such persons include persons doing business as sole proprietors, sole practitioners and other self-employed persons.
- (b) Corporations and organizations which by reason of their purposes or activities are exempt from federal income tax: *Provided*, That this exemption shall not apply to that portion of their capital (as defined in section three of this article) which is used, directly or indirectly in the generation of unrelated business income (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code) of any such corporation or organization if the unrelated business income is subject to federal income tax.
- (c) Insurance companies which pay this state a tax upon premiums.
- (d) Production credit associations organized under the provisions of the federal "Farm Credit Act of 1933": *Provided*, That this exemption shall not apply to corporations or associations organized under the provisions of article four, chapter nineteen of this code.



- (e) Any trust established pursuant to section one hundred eightysix, chapter seven, title twenty-nine of the code of the laws of the United States (enacted section three hundred two (c) of the labor management relations act, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven), as amended prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- (f) Any credit union organized under the provisions of chapter thirty-one, or any other chapter of this code: *Provided*, That this exemption shall not apply to corporations or cooperative associations organized under the provisions of article four, chapter nineteen of this code.
- (g) Any corporation organized under this code which is a political subdivision of the state of West Virginia, or is an instrumentality of a political subdivision of this state, and was created pursuant to this code.

§11-23-8. Accounting periods and methods of accounting.

- (a) General rule.—For purposes of the tax imposed by this article, a taxpayer's taxable year shall be the same as the taxpayer's taxable year for federal income tax purposes.
- (b) Change of taxable year.—If a taxpayer's taxable year is changed for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer's taxable year for purposes of this article shall be similarly changed. The taxpayer shall provide a copy of the authorization for such change from the Internal Revenue Service with its return for the taxable year filed under this article.
 - (c) Methods of accounting.
- (1) Same as federal.—A taxpayer's method of accounting under this article shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes. In the absence of any method of accounting for federal income tax purposes, the accrual method of accounting shall be used unless the tax commissioner, in writing, consents to use of another method.
- (2) Change of accounting methods.—If a taxpayer's method of accounting is changed for federal income tax purposes, his method of accounting for purposes of this article shall similarly be changed. The taxpayer shall provide a copy of the authorization for such change from the Internal Revenue Service, with its return for the taxable year filed under this article.

§11-23-9. Annual returns.

- (a) In general.—Every person subject to the tax imposed by this article shall make and file an annual return for the taxable year on or before the fifteenth day of the third month of the next succeeding taxable year. The annual return shall include such information as the tax commissioner may require for determining the amount of taxes due under this article for the taxable year.
- (b) Consolidated returns.—Any corporation that files as part of an affiliated group for purposes of the tax imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter, shall file a consolidated return under this article.
- (c) The tax commissioner may, at his discretion, require an affiliated group of corporations to file a consolidated tax return under this article in order to accurately determine the taxes due under this article.

§11-23-10. Extension of time for filing returns.

The tax commissioner may grant a reasonable extension of time for filing any returns or other document required by this article upon such terms as he may by regulations prescribe. An extension of time for filing Federal Form 1120, Federal Form 990T or Federal Form 1065 shall automatically extend the time for filing any return or other document required by this article for the same period as the extension for filing such federal form. An extension of time for filing a return shall not extend the time for payment of the tax.

§11-23-11. Time and place for paying tax shown on returns.

- (a) In general.—The person required to make the annual return required by this article shall, without assessment or notice and demand from the tax commissioner, pay such tax at the time and place fixed for filing the return (determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the return).
- (b) Date fixed for payment of tax.—The date fixed for payment of the taxes imposed by this article shall be deemed to be a reference to the last day fixed for such payment (determined without regard to any extension of time for paying the tax).

§11-23-12. Extensions of time for paying tax.

(a) Amount determined on return.—The tax commissioner may extend the time for payment of the amount of the tax shown, or required to be shown, on any return required by this article (or any



periodic installment payments), for a reasonable period not to exceed six months from the date fixed for payment thereof.

- (b) Amount determined as deficiency.—Under regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner, he may extend the time for the payment of the amount determined as a deficiency of the taxes imposed by this article for a period not to exceed eighteen months from the date fixed for payment of the deficiency. In exceptional cases, a further period of time not to exceed twelve months may be granted. An extension under this subsection (b) may be granted only where it is shown to the satisfaction of the tax commissioner that payment of a deficiency upon the date fixed for the payment thereof will result in undue hardship to the taxpayer.
- (c) No extension for certain deficiencies.—No extension shall be granted under this section for any deficiency if the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules and regulations or to fraud with intent to evade tax.

§11-23-13. Declaration and payment of estimated tax.

- (a) Requirement of declaration.—Every taxpayer subject to tax under this article shall file a declaration of estimated tax for the taxable year if the taxpayer's liability for tax under this article can reasonably be expected to exceed twelve thousand dollars for the taxable year. A taxpayer not required by this section to file a declaration and pay estimated tax may elect to so file and pay.
- (b) Definition of estimated tax.—The term "estimated tax" means the amount which a taxpayer estimates to be his liability under this article for the taxable year.
- (c) Contents of declaration.—The declaration shall contain such information as the tax commissioner may, by rules or regulations, require, including, but not limited to, such detailed information as may be necessary to estimate the taxpayer's liability under sections two and three of this article.
- (d) Time for filing declaration.—A declaration of estimated tax shall be filed on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month of the taxable year, for any taxable year beginning after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
- (e) Amendment of declaration.—A taxpayer may amend his declaration at any time during the taxable year in accordance with regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner. If any amendment

of a declaration is filed by a taxpayer, the remaining installments, if any, shall be ratably increased or decreased (as the case may be) to reflect any increase or decrease in the estimated tax by reason of such amendment. If any amendment is made after the fifteenth day of the ninth month of the taxable year, any increase in the estimated tax by reason thereof shall be paid at the time of making such amendment.

- (f) Payment of estimated tax.—The estimated tax shall be paid in four equal installments. At the time the declaration of estimated payment is filed, the taxpayer shall pay one fourth of the estimated tax liability for the taxable year. The second, third and fourth installments shall be paid on the following fifteenth day of the sixth, ninth and twelfth months of the taxable year, respectively.
- (g) Application to short taxable year.—This section shall apply to a taxable year of less than twelve months in accordance with regulations of the tax commissioner.
- (h) Installment paid in advance.—Any taxpayer may elect to pay any installment of its estimated tax prior to the date prescribed for its payment.

§11-23-14. Requirements concerning returns, notices, records and statements.

- (a) General.—The tax commissioner may prescribe regulations as to the keeping of records, the content and form of returns and statements, and the filing of copies of federal income tax returns and determinations. The tax commissioner may require any person, by regulation or notice served upon such person, to make such returns, render such statements, or keep such records, as the tax commissioner may deem sufficient to show whether or not such person is liable for tax under this article.
- (b) As a part of a full and complete tax return, the taxpayer shall provide:
- (1) A copy of pages one through four of its signed, federal corporation income tax return or its signed federal partnership income tax return, as filed with the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year; and
- (2) If a consolidated federal income tax return was filed for the taxable year:
 - (A) Supporting schedules showing the consolidation of its income

statement and balance sheets, including schedules supporting any eliminations and adjustments made to the income statement and balance sheets;

- (B) A copy of Federal Form 851 as filed with the Internal Revenue Service and supporting schedules displaying any subsidiary corporations in which the taxpayer has stock ownership; and
- (C) A signed statement explaining the relationship and differences, if any, between the income statement and the balance sheet reported for federal consolidated filing purposes and the income statement and the balance sheet reported to this state under the tax imposed by this article.
 - (c) Notice of qualification as receiver, etc.

Every receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for benefit of creditors, or other like fiduciary shall give notice of his qualification as such to the tax commissioner, as may be required by regulation.

§11-23-15. Signing of returns and other documents.

- (a) General.—Any return, statement or other document required to be made under the provisions of this article shall be signed in accordance with instructions or regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner.
- (b) Signing of corporation returns.—The return of a corporation shall be signed by the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer or any other officer duly authorized so to act. In the case of a return made for a corporation by a fiduciary, such fiduciary shall sign the return. The fact that an individual's name is signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such individual is authorized to sign the return on behalf of the corporation.
- (c) Signature presumed authentic.—The fact that an individual's name is signed to a return, statement or other document shall be prima facie evidence for all purposes that the return, statement or other document was actually signed by him.
- (d) Verification of returns.—Except as otherwise provided by the tax commissioner, any return, declaration or other document required to be made under this article shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury.

§11-23-16. Place for filing returns or other documents.

Tax returns, statements or other documents, or copies thereof, required by this article or by regulations shall be filed with the tax commissioner by delivering it, in person or by mail, to his office in Charleston, West Virginia: *Provided*, That the tax commissioner may, by regulation, prescribe the place for filing such returns, statements or other documents, or copies thereof.

§11-23-17. Credits against tax.

- (a) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by this article equal to the amount of franchise tax liability due under this article, (determined before application of credits) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross income of the business subject to tax under article thirteen-a, of this chapter and the denominator of which is the total amount of gross income derived by the taxpayer from all activity in West Virginia.
- (b) A parent taxpayer who files a separate return under this article shall be allowed a credit against such taxpayer's liability for the tax under this article for the amount of net taxes that would have been paid without regard to the adjustment required by subparagraph (D), paragraph (2), subsection (b), section three of this article for the taxable year by a subsidiary corporation or partnership: *Provided*, That the amount of credit allowed shall not exceed the amount of tax that would have been paid, without regard to such adjustment, under this article by the subsidiary or partnership, multipled by the percentage of the parent's ownership of the subsidiary corporation or partnership. In the case of corporations, this percentage shall be equal to the percentage of stock of all classes owned by the parent. In no case shall any credit allowable by this section, which is not used on an annual return, be carried forward or back, but instead the same shall be forfeited.
- (c) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by this article equal to the amount of liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year of the full amount of any tax imposed under sections fourteen and fourteen-a, article three of this chapter.

§11-23-18. Tax under this article in addition to all other taxes.

The returns, requirements and taxes set forth and imposed under this article shall be in addition to all other reports, requirements, taxes and duties set forth and imposed by this state.

§11-23-19. Records.

- (a) Every taxpayer liable for reporting or paying taxes under this article shall keep such records, receipts, invoices and other pertinent papers in such forms as the tax commissioner may require.
- (b) Every taxpayer shall keep such records for not less than three years after the annual return is filed under this article, unless the tax commissioner in writing authorizes their earlier destruction. An extension of time for making an assessment shall automatically extend the time period for keeping the records for all years subject to audit covered in the agreement.

§11-23-20. Criminal penalties.

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Crimes and Penalties Act" set forth in article nine of this chapter shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in extense in this article

§11-23-21. General procedure and administration.

Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article ten of this chapter shall apply to the tax imposed by this article with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the tax imposed by this article and were set forth in extenso in this article.

§11-23-22. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

§11-23-23. Information return and due date thereof; penalty for failure to file, waiver thereof; short taxable year provisions.

(a) The state tax commissioner shall require taxpayers subject to this article to file an information return for the tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four and tax year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. These returns shall be due on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five and on the first day of

July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, respectively, unless an extension is provided by the tax commissioner. These returns shall be on forms and pursuant to instructions provided by the tax commissioner. The informational returns shall require computations as if the tax due hereunder and applicable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven were in force and effect, as to such taxpayer during the informational tax year: Provided, That any person failing to comply with the following requirements of this section in respect of informational returns and on the forms and pursuant to the instructions prescribed by the tax commissioner, shall be subject to a penalty, collectible as provided in article ten of this chapter, the amount of which shall be the greater of one thousand dollars or ten percent of the pro forma tax liability, as computed by the tax commissioner in accordance with this article and the rules and regulations pertaining thereto, which should have been shown on the informational returns of the taxpayer. The tax commissioner is hereby authorized to waive all or any part of such penalty for good cause shown.

(b) If the taxpayer's taxable year under this article is not the calendar year, then such taxpayer's first taxable year under this article shall be a short taxable year and shall cover the period beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and ending with the last day of the taxpayer's then current fiscal year for federal income tax purposes.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

- §11-24-3. Meaning of terms.
- §11-24-4. Imposition of primary tax and rate thereof; imposition of additional, temporary surtax; effective and termination dates.
- §11-24-5. Corporations exempt from tax.
- §11-24-6. Adjustments in determining West Virginia taxable income.
- §11-24-7. Allocation and apportionment.
- §11-24-9. Credits against primary tax; election of taxpayer; expiration of credit.
- §11-24-9a. Credits against primary tax; election of taxpayer.
- §11-24-13. Returns; time for filing.
- §11-24-13a. Method of filing for business taxes.
- §11-24-13b. Information return for corporations electing to be taxed under subchapter S.
- §11-24-19. Requirements concerning returns, notices, records and statements.

*§11-24-3. Meaning of terms.

- (a) General. Any term used in this article shall have the same
- *Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 622, which passed prior to this act.

meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context or by definition in this article. Any reference in this article to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code or to the federal income tax law shall mean the provisions of the laws of the United States related to the determination of income for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to the laws of the United States prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this article for the tax period beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and thereafter, but no amendment to laws of the United States made on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be given effect.

- (b) Certain terms defined. For purposes of this article:
- (1) Business income. The term "business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business and includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management and disposition of the property constitute integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.
- (2) Commercial domicile. The term "commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or managed.
- (3) Compensation. The term "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
- (4) Corporation. The term "corporation" includes a joint-stock company and any association or other organization which is taxable as a corporation under the federal income tax law.
- (5) Delegate. The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly, by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described in this article or regulation promulgated thereunder.
- (6) Domestic corporation. The term "domestic corporation" means any corporation organized under the laws of West Virginia and certain corporations organized under the laws of the state of Virginia before the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight

hundred sixty-three. Every other corporation is a foreign corporation.

- (7) Engaging in business. The term "engaging in business" or "doing business" means any activity of a corporation which enjoys the benefits and protection of government and laws of this state.
- (8) Federal Form 1120. The term "Federal Form 1120" means the annual federal income tax return of any corporation made pursuant to Section 6012, 6037, 6038 or 6046 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable income of a corporation, and filed with the Federal Internal Revenue Service. In the case of a corporation that is exempt from federal income taxes but which has taxable unrelated business income, it means Federal Form 990T. In the case of a corporation that elects to file a federal income tax return as part of an affiliated group, but files as a separate corporation under this article, then as to such corporation Federal Form 1120 means its pro forma Federal Form 1120.
 - (9) Fiduciary. The term "fiduciary" means, and includes, a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any person.
 - (10) Fiscal year. The term "fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on any day other than the last day of December, and on the basis of which the taxpayer is required to report for federal income tax purposes.
 - (11) Includes and including. The terms "includes and including" when used in a definition contained in this article shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.
 - (12) Nonbusiness income. The term "nonbusiness income" means all income other than business income.
 - (13) Person. The term "person" is to be deemed interchangeable with the term "corporation" in this section.
 - (14) Pro forma return. The term "pro forma return" when used in this article means the return which the taxpayer would have filed with the Internal Revenue Service had it not elected to file federally as part of a consolidated group.
 - (15) Public utility. The term "public utility" means any business

activity to which the jurisdiction of the public service commission of West Virginia extends under section one, article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia.

- (16) Sales. The term "sales" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer that are "business income," as defined in this section.
- (17) State. —The term "state" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, and any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.
- (18) Taxable year. The term "taxable year" means the taxable year for which the taxable income of the taxpayer is computed under the federal income tax law.
- (19) Tax. The term "tax" includes, within its meaning, interest and additions to tax, unless the intention to give it a more limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
- (20) Tax commissioner. The term "tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia or his delegate.
- (21) Taxpayer. The term "taxpayer" means a corporation subject to the tax imposed by this article.
- (22) This code. The term "this code" means the code of West Virginia.
- (23) This state. The term "this state" means the state of West Virginia.
- (24) West Virginia taxable income. The term "West Virginia taxable income" means the taxable income of a corporation as defined by the laws of the United States for federal income tax purposes, adjusted, as provided in section six of this article: Provided, That in the case of a corporation having income from business activity which is taxable without this state, its "West Virginia taxable income" shall be such portion of its taxable income as so defined and adjusted as is allocated or apportioned to this state under the provisions of section seven of this article.
- §11-24-4. Imposition of primary tax and rate thereof; imposition of additional, temporary surtax; effective and termination dates.
 - (a) Primary tax.

- (1) In the case of taxable periods beginning after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, and ending prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, a tax is hereby imposed for each taxable year at the rate of six percent per annum on the West Virginia taxable income of every domestic or foreign corporation engaging in business in this state or deriving income from property, activity or other sources in this state, except corporations exempt under section five.
- (2) In the case of taxable periods beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and ending prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, a tax is hereby imposed for each taxable year on the West Virginia taxable income of every domestic or foreign corporation engaging in business in this state or deriving income from property, activity or other sources in this state, except corporations exempt under section five, and any banks, banking associations or corporations, trust companies, building and loan associations, and savings and loan associations, at the rates which follow:
- (A) On taxable income not in excess of fifty thousand dollars, the rate of six percent; and
- (B) On taxable income in excess of fifty thousand dollars, the rate of seven percent.
- (3) In the case of taxable periods beginning on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, a tax is hereby imposed for each taxable year on the West Virginia taxable income of every domestic or foreign corporation engaging in business in this state or deriving income from property activity or other sources in this state, except corporations exempt under section five, at the rate of nine and three quarters percent. Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, the rate shall be reduced by fifteen one hundredths (.15) of one percent per year for five successive years, with such rate to be nine percent (9.0) on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
- (b) Temporary surtax. In addition to the primary tax imposed, determinable and with exemptions, as aforesaid, there is hereby imposed an additional tax, a temporary surtax, of fifteen percent of the determined primary tax liability (as determined prior to application of any credits allowable under section nine of this article), and with such additional, temporary surtax being hereby made effective and applicable to taxable years or portions thereof

beginning on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, with such additional temporary surtax to expire, be nullified and be of no further force or effect whatsoever after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. Section four-a of this article, applicable to the effect of any rate changes during a taxable year, shall be construed to include and also be applicable to this surtax or any change of such surtax hereafter occurring during a taxable year. Corporations exempt under section five of this article from the primary tax, as imposed, are hereby made exempt from the additional temporary surtax as imposed.

§11-24-5. Corporations exempt from tax.

The following corporations shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this article to the extent provided in this section:

- (a) Corporations which by reason of their purposes or activities are exempt from federal income tax: *Provided*, That this exemption shall not apply to the unrelated business income, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, of any such corporation if such income is subject to federal income tax.
- (b) Insurance companies which pay this state a tax upon premiums.
- (c) Production credit associations organized under the provisions of the federal "Farm Credit Act of 1933": *Provided*, That the exemption shall not apply to corporations or associations organized under the provisions of article four, chapter nineteen of this code.
- (d) Corporations electing to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of one thousand nine hundred fifty-four, as amended: *Provided*, That said corporations shall file the information return required by section thirteen-b of this article.
- (e) Trusts established pursuant to section one hundred eighty-six, chapter seven, title twenty-nine of the code of the laws of the United States (enacted as section three hundred two (c) of the labor management relations act, one thousand nine hundred forty-seven), as amended prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven.

§11-24-6. Adjustments in determining West Virginia taxable income.

(a) General. — In determining West Virginia taxable income of a corporation, its taxable income as defined for federal income tax

purposes shall be adjusted and determined before the apportionment provided by section seven of this article, by the items specified in this section.

- (b) Adjustments increasing federal taxable income. There shall be added to federal taxable income, unless already included in the computation of federal taxable income, the following items except that adjustment (5) shall be required only with respect to tax periods ending after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one:
- (1) Interest or dividends on obligations or securities of any state or of a political subdivision or authority thereof;
- (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax but not from state income taxes;
- (3) Income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deductible in determining federal taxable income and not credited against federal income tax, and the taxes imposed by this state for which credit against the taxes imposed by section four is allowed by section nine;
- (4) Interest charges directly incurred in the carrying of securities whose income is not taxable under this article, to the extent deductible in determining federal taxable income; and
- (5) The deferral value of certain income that is not recognized for federal tax purposes, which value shall be an amount equal to a percentage of the amount allowed as a deduction in determining federal taxable income pursuant to the accelerated cost recovery system under section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code for the federal taxable year, with the percentage of the federal deduction to be added as follows with respect to the following recovery property; three-year property no modifications; five-year property ten percent; ten-year property fifteen percent; fifteen-year public utility property twenty-five percent; and fifteen-year or eighteen-year real property thirty-five percent: *Provided*, That this modification shall not apply to any person whose federal deduction is determined by the use of the straight line method, or to any taxable year beginning after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
 - (c) Adjustments decreasing federal taxable income. There shall

be subtracted from federal taxable income:

- (1) Any gain from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher fair market value on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, than the adjusted basis at said date for federal income tax purposes: *Provided*, That the amount of this adjustment is limited to that portion of any such gain which does not exceed the difference between such fair market value and such adjusted basis;
- (2) The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent properly included in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
- (3) The amount of dividends received, to the extent included in federal taxable income: *Provided*, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven; and
- (4) Thirty-seven and one-half percent of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss as defined in the laws of the United States: *Provided*, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
- (d) Adjustment resulting from recomputation of net operating loss deduction. In determining the West Virginia taxable income of a corporation entitled to a net operating loss deduction for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, there shall be added to or subtracted from the federal taxable income the amount of an adjustment reflecting a recomputation of such net operating loss deduction in which the adjustments required by subsections (b) and (c) are made for each taxable year involved in the computation of such net operating loss deduction.
- (e) Special adjustments for expenditures for water and air pollution control facilities.
- (1) If the taxpayer so elects under subdivision (2) of this subsection, there shall be:
- (A) Subtracted from federal taxable income the total of the amounts paid or incurred during the taxable year for the acquisition, construction or development within this state of water pollution control facilities and air pollution control facilities as defined in

section 48 (h)(12)(B) and (C) of the Internal Revenue Code, and

- (B) Added to federal taxable income the total of the amounts of any allowances for depreciation and amortization of such water pollution control facilities and air pollution control facilities, as so defined, to the extent deductible in determining federal taxable income.
- (2) The election referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be made in the return filed within the time prescribed by law (including extensions thereof) for the taxable year in which such amounts were paid or incurred. Such election shall be made in such manner, and the scope of application of such election shall be defined, as the tax commissioner may by regulations prescribe, and shall be irrevocable when made as to all amounts paid or incurred for any particular water pollution control facility or air pollution control facility.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection or of section seven to the contrary, if the taxpayer's federal taxable income is subject to allocation and apportionment under section seven, the adjustments prescribed in paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (1) of this subsection shall (instead of being made to the taxpayer's federal taxable income before allocation and apportionment thereof as provided in section seven) be made to the portion of the taxpayer's net income, computed without regard to such adjustments, allocated and apportioned to this state in accordance with the amounts of any allowances for depreciation and amortization of such water pollution control facilities and air pollution control facilities, as so defined, to the extent deductible in determining federal taxable income.
- (f) Allowance for certain government obligations and obligations secured by residential property.—The West Virginia taxable income of a taxpayer subject to this article as adjusted in accordance with parts (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this section shall be further adjusted by multiplying such taxable income after such adjustment by parts (b), (c), (d) and (e) by a fraction equal to one minus a fraction:
- (1) The numerator of which is the sum of the average of the beginning and ending account balances for the taxable year (account balances to be determined at cost in the same manner that such obligations, investments and loans are reported on Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120) of the following:
 - (A) Obligations or securities of the United States, or of any

agency, authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and any other corporation or entity created under the authority of the United States Congress for the purpose of implementing or furthering an objective of national policy, which is specifically made exempt from state taxes by federal law;

- (B) Obligations or securities of this state and any political subdivision or authority thereof;
- (C) Investments or loans primarily secured by mortgages, or deeds of trust, on residential property located in this state and occupied by nontransients; and
- (D) Loans primarily secured by a lien or security agreement on residential property in the form of a mobile home, modular home or double-wide, located in this state and occupied by nontransients.
- (2) The denominator of which is the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the total assets of the taxpayer as shown on Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service.

§11-24-7. Allocation and apportionment.

- (a) General. Any taxpayer having income from business activity which is taxable both in this state and in another state shall allocate and apportion its net income as provided in this section. For purposes of this section, the term "net income" means the taxpayer's federal taxable income adjusted as provided in section six.
- (b) "Taxable in another state" defined. For purposes of allocation and apportionment of net income under this section, a taxpayer is taxable in another state if:
- (1) In that state the taxpayer is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax measured by net income, a franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or a corporation stock tax, or
- (2) That state has jurisdiction to subject the taxpayer to a net income tax, regardless of whether, in fact, that state does or does not subject the taxpayer to such tax.
- (c) Business activities entirely within West Virginia. —If the business activities of a taxpayer take place entirely within this state, and if such taxpayer is not taxable in another state, entire net income of such taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed by this article.
 - (d) Business activities partially within and partially without West

Virginia; allocation of nonbusiness income. — If the business activities of a taxpayer take place partially within and partially without this state and such taxpayer is also taxable in another state, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital gains, interest, dividends or patent or copyright royalties, to the extent that they constitute nonbusiness income of the taxpayer, shall be allocated as provided in subdivisions (1) through (4).

- (1) Net rents and royalties.
- (A) Net rents and royalties from real property located in this state are allocable to this state.
- (B) Net rents and royalties from tangible personal property are allocable to this state:
- (i) If and to the extent that the property is utilized in this state, or
- (ii) In their entirety if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the taxpayer is not organized under the laws of or taxable in the state in which the property is utilized.
- (C) The extent of utilization of tangible personal property in a state is determined by multiplying the rents and royalties by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property in the state during the rental or royalty period in the taxable year and the denominator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property everywhere during all rental or royalty periods in the taxable year. If the physical location of the property during the rental or royalty period is unknown or unascertainable by the taxpayer, tangible personal property is utilized in the state in which the property was located at the time the rental or royalty payer obtained possession.
 - (2) Capital gains.
- (A) Capital gains and losses from sales of real property located in this state are allocable to this state.
- (B) Capital gains and losses from sales of tangible personal property are allocable to this state if:
- (i) The property had a situs in this state at the time of the sale, or
- (ii) The taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the taxpayer is not taxable in the state in which the property had a situs.

- (C) Capital gains and losses from sales of intangible personal property are allocable to this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
- (D) Gains pursuant to section 631 (a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, shall be considered business income for purposes of this article.
- (3) Interest and dividends are allocable to this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
 - (4) Patent and copyright royalties.
 - (A) Patent and copyright royalties are allocable to this state:
- (i) If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in this state; or
- (ii) If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in a state in which the taxpayer is not taxable and the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
- (B) A patent is utilized in a state to the extent that it is employed in production, fabrication, manufacturing or other processing in the state or to the extent that a patented product is produced in the state. If the basis of receipts from patent royalties does not permit allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do not reflect states of utilization, the patent is utilized in the state in which the taxpayer's commercial domicile is located.
- (C) A copyright is utilized in a state to the extent that printing or other publication originates in the state. If the basis of receipts from copyright royalties does not permit allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do not reflect states of utilization, the copyright is utilized in the state in which the taxpayer's commercial domicile is located.
- (e) Business activites partially within and partially without this state: apportionment of business income. All net income, after deducting those items specifically allocated under subsection (d), shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such net income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus two times the sales factor, and the denominator of which is four.
- (1) Property factor. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and

tangible personal property owned or rented and used by it in this state during the taxable year and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used by the taxpayer during the taxable year, which is reported on Schedule L Federal Form 1120, plus the average value of all real and tangible personal property leased and used by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

- (2) Value of property. Property owned by the taxpayer shall be valued at its original cost, adjusted by subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, exchange, abandonment, etc.: Provided, That where records of original cost are unavailable or cannot be obtained without unreasonable expense, property shall be valued at original cost as determined under regulations of the tax commissioner. Property rented by the taxpayer from others shall be valued at eight times the annual rental rate. The term "net annual rental rate" is the annual rental paid, directly or indirectly, by the taxpayer, or for its benefit, in money or other consideration for the use of property and includes:
- (A) Any amount payable for the use of real or tangible personal property, or any part thereof, whether designated as a fixed sum of money or as a percentage of sales, profits or otherwise.
- (B) Any amount payable as additional rent or in lieu of rents, such as interest, taxes, insurance, repairs or any other items which are required to be paid by the terms of the lease or other arrangement, not including amounts paid as service charges, such as utilities, janitor services, etc. If a payment includes rent and other charges unsegregated the amount of rent shall be determined by consideration of the relative values of the rent and the other items.
- (3) Leasehold improvements. Leasehold improvements shall, for purposes of the property factor, be treated as property owned by the taxpayer regardless of whether the taxpayer is entitled to remove the improvements or the improvements revert to the lessor upon expiration of the lease. Leasehold improvements shall be included in the property factor at their original cost.
- (4) Average value of property. The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the taxable year: Provided, That the tax commissioner may require the averaging of monthly values during the taxable year if substantial fluctuations in the values of the property exist during the

taxable year, or where property is acquired after the beginning of the taxable year, or is disposed of, or whose rental contract ceases, before the end of the taxable year.

- (5) Payroll factor. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total compensation paid in this state during the taxable year by the taxpayer for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year, as shown on the taxpayer's federal income tax return as filed with the Internal Revenue Service, as reflected in the schedule of wages and salaries and that portion of cost of goods sold which reflects compensation, or as shown on a pro forma return.
- (6) Compensation. The term "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services. Payments made to an independent contractor or to any other person not properly classifiable as an employee shall be excluded. Only amounts paid directly to employees are included in the payroll factor. Amounts considered as paid directly to employees include the value of board, rent, housing, lodging and other benefits or services furnished to employees by the taxpayer in return for personal services, provided such amounts constitute income to the recipient for federal income tax purposes.
 - (7) Employee. The term "employee" means:
 - (A) Any officer of a corporation; or
- (B) Any individual who, under the usual common-law rule applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the status of an employee.
 - (8) Compensation. Compensation is paid in this state if:
- (A) The employee's service is performed entirely within this state; or
- (B) The employee's service is performed both within and without this state, but the service performed without the state is incidental to the individual's service within this state. The word "incidental" means any service which is temporary or transitory in nature, or which is rendered in connection with an isolated transaction; or
 - (C) Some of the service is performed in this state and
 - (i) The employee's base of operations or, if there is no base of

operations, the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in the state, or

(ii) The base of operations or the place from which the service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the employee's residence is in this state.

The term "base of operations" is the place of more or less permanent nature from which the employee starts his work and to which he customarily returns in order to receive instructions from the taxpayer or communications from his customers or other persons or to replenish stock or other materials, repair equipment, or perform any other functions necessary to the exercise of his trade or profession at some other point or points. The term "place from which the service is directed or controlled" refers to the place from which the power to direct or control is exercised by the taxpayer.

- (9) Sales factor. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business in this state during the taxable year, less returns and allowances. The denominator of the fraction shall be the total gross receipts derived by the taxpayer from transactions and activity in the regular course of its trade or business, and reflected in its gross income reported and as appearing on the taxpayer's Federal Form 1120, and consisting of those certain pertinent portions of the (gross income) elements set forth.
- (10) Allocation of sales of tangible personal property. Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if:
- (A) The property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the United States government, within this state regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale; or
- (B) The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state and
 - (i) The purchaser is the United States government; or
 - (ii) The taxpayer is not taxable in the state of the purchaser.
- (11) Allocation of other sales. Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are in this state if:
 - (A) The income-producing activity is performed in this state; or
 - (B) The income-producing activity is performed both in and

outside this state and a greater proportion of the income-producing activity is performed in this state than in any other state, based on costs of performance.

- (f) Income producing activity. The term "income producing activity" applies to each separate item of income and means the transactions and activity directly engaged in by the taxpayer in the regular course of its trade or business for the ultimate purpose of obtaining gain or profit. Such activity does not include transactions and activities performed on behalf of the taxpayer, such as those conducted on its behalf by an independent contractor. "Income producing activity" includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- (1) The rendering of personal services by employees with utilization of tangible and intangible property by the taxpayer in performing a service,
 - (2) The sale, rental, leasing, licensing or other use of real property,
- (3) The rental, leasing, licensing or other use of tangible personal property,
 - (4) The sale, licensing or other use of intangible personal property.

The mere holding of intangible personal property is not, in itself, an income producing activity.

- (g) Cost of performance. The term "cost of performance" means direct costs determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and in accordance with accepted conditions or practices in the trade or business of the taxpayer.
 - (h) Other methods of allocation and apportionment.
- (1) General. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsections (d) and (e) of this section do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the taxpayer may petition for, or the tax commissioner may require, in respect to all or any part of the taxpayer's business activities, if reasonable:
 - (A) Separate accounting;
 - (B) The exclusion of one or more of the factors;
- (C) The inclusion of one or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or
- (D) The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation or apportionment of the taxpayer's income.

- (2) Alternative method for public utilities. If the taxpayer is a public utility and if the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsections (d) and (e) do not fairly represent the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the taxpayer may petition for, or the tax commissioner may require, as an alternative to the other methods provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's net income in accordance with any system of accounts prescribed by the public service commission of this state pursuant to the provisions of section eight, article two, chapter twenty-four of this code, provided the allocation and apportionment provisions of such system of accounts fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state for the purposes of the tax imposed by this article.
- (3) Burden of proof. In any proceeding before the tax commissioner or in any court in which employment of one of the methods of allocation or apportionment provided for in subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection is sought on the ground that the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsections (d) and (e) do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activities in this state, the burden of proof shall:
- (A) If the tax commissioner seeks employment of one of such methods, be on the tax commissioner, or
- (B) If the taxpayer seeks employment of one of such other methods, be on the taxpayer.

§11-24-9. Credits against primary tax; election of taxpayer; expiration of credit.

(a) Credit for primary taxes imposed under article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code. — A credit shall be allowed against the primary tax imposed by this article equal to the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for any tax imposed under article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code: Provided, That the amount of such business and occupation tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the primary tax liability of the taxpayer under this article, which is attributable to the West Virginia taxable income derived by the taxpayer for the taxable year from the business or occupation with respect to which said tax under article thirteen was imposed, and shall not in any event exceed fifty percent of the primary tax liability of the taxpayer under this article for such taxable year: Provided, however, That the entire amount of the business and occupation tax liability of the taxpayer, which was

taken as a deduction in determining its federal taxable income for the taxable year, shall be an adjustment increasing federal taxable income under section six of this article: *Provided further*, That the taxpayer may at its option elect, in lieu of claiming the credit allowable by this subsection, to not increase its federal taxable income under section six of this article and thereby take as a full deduction under this article for the taxable year the amount of its business and occupation tax liability for the taxable year, which was taken as a deduction on its federal return for such taxable year.

For purposes of this section, the tax imposed under article thirteen, chapter eleven of this code shall be the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for such tax under said article thirteen computed without reduction for the tax credit for industrial expansion or revitalization allowed for such year.

- (b) Credit for taxes imposed under article twelve-a, chapter eleven of this code. — A credit shall be allowed against the primary tax imposed by this article equal to the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for any tax imposed on the taxpayer under article twelve-a, chapter eleven of this code: Provided. That the amount of such credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the primary tax liability of the taxpayer under this article which is attributable to the West Virginia taxable income derived by the taxpayer for the taxable year from any source with respect to which said tax under article twelve-a was imposed and shall not in any event exceed fifty percent of the primary tax liability of the taxpayer under this article for such taxable year: Provided, however, That the entire amount of the carrier income tax liability of the taxpayer, which was taken as a deduction in determining its federal taxable income for the taxable year shall be an adjustment increasing federal taxable income under section six of this article: Provided further, That the taxpayer may at its option elect in lieu of claiming the credit allowable by this subsection, to not increase its federal taxable income under section six of this article and thereby take as a full deduction under this article for the taxable year the amount of its carrier income tax liability for the taxable year, which was taken as a deduction on its federal return for the taxable year.
- (c) Expiration of credits. The credits authorized in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall expire and not be authorized or allowed for any taxable year beginning after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

§11-24-9a. Credits against primary tax; election of taxpayer.

Credit for primary taxes imposed under article thirteen-A, chapter eleven of this code. - A credit shall be allowed against the primary tax imposed by this article equal to the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for the severance tax imposed under article thirteen-a, chapter eleven of this code: Provided, That the amount of such severance tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the primary tax liability of the taxpayer under this article, which is attributable to the West Virginia taxable income derived by the taxpayer for the taxable year from the activities with respect to which said tax under article thirteen-a was imposed, and shall not in any event exceed fifty percent of the primary tax liability of the taxpayer under this article for such taxable year: Provided, however, That the entire amount of the severance tax liability of the taxpayer, which was taken as a deduction in determining its federal taxable income for the taxable year, shall be an adjustment increasing federal taxable income under section six of this article: Provided further, That the taxpayer may at its option elect, in lieu of claiming the credit allowable by this subsection, to not increase its federal taxable income under section six of this article and thereby take as a full deduction under this article for the taxable year the amount of its severance tax liability for the taxable year, which was taken as a deduction on its federal return for such taxable year.

For purposes of this section, the tax imposed under article thirteen-a, chapter eleven of this code shall be the amount of the liability of the taxpayer for such tax under said article thirteen-a computed without reduction for the tax credit for coal loading facilities or for industrial expansion or revitalization allowed for such year.

§11-24-13. Returns; time for filing.

On or before the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of a taxable year, an income tax return under this article shall be made and filed by or for every corporation subject to the tax imposed by this article.

§11-24-13a. Method of filing for business taxes.

(a). Privilege to file. — An "affiliated group" of corporations (as defined for purposes of filing a consolidated federal income tax return), shall subject to the provisions of this section and in accordance with any regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner,

have the privilege of filing a consolidated return with respect to the tax imposed by this article for the taxable year in lieu of separate returns. The making of a consolidated return shall be upon the condition that all corporations which at any time during the taxable year have been members of the affiliated group and which are included in such return consent to the filing of such return. The filing of a consolidated return shall be considered as such consent. In the case of a corporation which is a member of the affiliated group for a fractional part of the year, the consolidated return shall include the income of such corporation for such part of the year as it is a member of the affiliated group.

- (b) Election binding. If an affiliated group of corporations elects to file a consolidated return under this article for any taxable year ending after June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, such elections once made shall not be revoked for any subsequent taxable year without the written approval of the tax commissioner consenting to the revocation.
- (c) Method of filing under this article deemed controlling for filing under other business taxes articles. The taxpayer shall file on the same basis under articles thirteen-a, thirteen-b, and twenty-three of this chapter as such taxpayer has filed pursuant to this article. Such filing method may not be changed in respect of this article or articles thirteen-a, thirteen-b or twenty-three of this chapter without the written consent of the tax commissioner.
- (d) Regulations. The tax commissioner shall prescribe such regulations as he may deem necessary in order that the tax liability of any affiliated group of corporations making a consolidated return and of each corporation in the group, both during and after the period of affiliation, may be returned, determined, computed, assessed, collected and adjusted, in such manner as the tax commissioner deems necessary to clearly reflect the income tax liability and the income factors necessary for the determination of such liability, and in order to prevent avoidance of such tax liability.
- (e) Computation and payment of tax. In any case in which a consolidated return is filed, or is required to be filed, the tax due under this article from the affiliated group shall be determined, computed, assessed, collected and adjusted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the tax commissioner, in effect on the last day prescribed by law for the filing of such return, and such affiliated group shall be treated as the taxpayer.

(f) Consolidated return required. — If any affiliated group of corporations has not elected to file a consolidated return, the tax commissioner may require such corporations to make a consolidated return in order to clearly reflect the taxable income of such corporations.

§11-24-13b. Information return for corporations electing to be taxed under subchapter S.

Every corporation electing to be taxed under subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of one thousand nine hundred fifty-four, as amended, shall on or before the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of the taxable year file an information return for each tax year, stating specifically the items of its gross income and the deductions allowable, the names and addresses of all persons owning stock in the corporation at any time during the tax year, the number of shares of stock owned by each shareholder at all times during the tax year, the amount of money and other property distributed by the corporation during the tax year to each shareholder, the date of each such distribution, and such other information as the tax commissioner may prescribe. Corporations failing to file information returns by the due date as prescribed in this section shall be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars for each failure to file, with such penalty being collected as other penalties are collected by the tax commissioner. This section shall take effect for tax years beginning on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two.

§11-24-19. Requirements concerning returns, notices, records and statements.

- (a) General. The tax commissioner may prescribe regulations as to the keeping of records, the contents and form of returns and statements, and the filing of copies of federal income tax returns and determinations. The tax commissioner may require any corporation, by regulation or notice served upon such corporation, to make such returns, render such statements, or keep such records, as the tax commissioner may deem sufficient to show whether or not such corporation is liable under this article for tax.
- (b) Information at source. The tax commissioner may prescribe regulations and instructions requiring returns of information to be made by any person, including lessees or mortgagers of real or personal property, fiduciaries, employers, and all officers and

employees of this state, or of any municipal corporation or political subdivision of this state, having the control, receipt, custody, disposal or payment of interest, rents, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, emoluments or other fixed or determinable gains, profits or income, except interest coupons payable to bearer.

- (c) Notice of qualifications as receiver, etc. Every receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for benefit of creditors, or other like fiduciary shall give notice of his qualification as such to the tax commissioner, as may be required by regulation.
- (d) Federal return information. As part of a full and complete tax return, the taxpayer shall provide:
- (1) A copy of pages one through four of its signed, federal corporation income tax return or its signed federal partnership income tax return, as filed with the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year; and
- (2) If a consolidated federal income tax return was filed for the taxable year:
- (A) Supporting schedules showing the consolidation of its income statement and balance sheets, including schedules supporting any eliminations and adjustments made to the income statement and balance sheets;
- (B) A copy of Federal Form 851 as filed with the Internal Revenue Service and supporting schedules displaying any subsidiary corporations in which the taxpayer has stock ownership; and
- (C) A signed statement explaining the relationship and differences, if any, between the income statement and the balance sheet reported for federal, consolidated filing purposes and the income statement and the balance sheet reported to this state under the tax imposed by this article.

CHAPTER 163

(S. B. 705—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating generally to business and occupation tax liability of persons exercising the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in any taxable activity; providing for certain tax rates to be reduced by five percent for taxable months beginning on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; providing for all tax rates except those set forth in sections two-d and two-m, to expire on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, for taxable months beginning on and after such date; providing for the rates set forth in sections two-d and two-m, on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, increase to and revert back to those rates in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for taxable months beginning on and after said first day of July; reducing rate of tax under section two-b to eight tenths of one percent upon the effective date of this bill or said first day of July, whichever is first, and for there to be no five percent reduction of said rate; requiring persons exercising the privilege of manufacturing, compounding or preparing tangible personal property for sale, profit or commercial use to pay tax imposed on privilege of selling such products at wholesale in this state on or after the effective date of this bill; and providing for persons exercising the privilege of dressing and processing of food for human consumption sold in this state to report gross proceeds of such sales under wholesale sales classification or retail sales classification and pay applicable rate of tax thereon.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and two-b, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

§11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax; reduction and restoration of rates; expiration on July 1, 1987, of all tax on all privileges except public service utility businesses and electric power generation.

§11-13-2b. Manufacturing, compounding or preparing products; exception of generated or produced electric power by public utilities or others; treatment accorded electricity generated by manufacturers for own use; exemption of dressing and processing food for human consumption; valuation of timber products.

*§11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax; reduction and restoration of rates; expiration on July 1, 1987, of all tax on all privileges except public service utility businesses and electric power generation.

- (a) Periods before July 1, 1987.—For taxable years or 2 months thereof ending prior to the first day of July, one 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is hereby levied 4 and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against the 5 persons, on account of the business and other activities, and 6 in the amounts to be determined by the application of rates 7 against values or gross income as set forth in sections two-a 8 to two-m, both inclusive, of this article and the application 9 of the surtax rate against gross income as set forth in section 10 two-k: Provided, That on the first day of July, one thousand 11 nine hundred eighty-five, the taxes imposed by this section, 12 at the rates set forth in sections two-b through two-m, both 13 inclusive, of this article, and in effect on the first day of 14 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, exclusive 15 of any surtaxes, shall be reduced by five percent for taxable 16 months beginning on and after said first day of July: 17 Provided, however, That on and after the first day of July, 18 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the rate of tax 19 under section two-b of this article shall not be less than 20 eight tenths of one percent: Provided further, That there
- 23 (b) Periods after June 30, 1987.—For taxable years or 24 months thereof beginning after the thirtieth day of June, 25 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is hereby 26 levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against 27 the persons, on account of the business and other activities, 28 and in the amount to be determined by the application of 29 rates against values or gross income as set forth in sections

21 shall be no such reduction of the rates set forth in section

22 two-a or two-l of this article.

- rates against values or gross income as set forth in sections
 two-d and two-m of this article: Provided, That on and after
- 31 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1693, which passed prior to this act.

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32 seven, the rates applicable to the privileges exercised in 33 sections two-d and two-m of this article shall be restored and returned to those which were in effect as to such 35 privileges on the first day of January, one thousand nine 36 hundred eighty-five.

- (c) If any person liable for any tax under section two-a, two-b, two-l or two-m shall ship or transport his products or any part thereof out of the state without making sale of such products, the value of the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before transportation out of the state shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed in said sections, except in those instances in 44 which another measure of the tax is expressly provided. The 45 tax commissioner shall prescribe equitable and uniform 46 rules for ascertaining such value.
- (d) In determining value, however, as regards sales from 47 48 one to another of affiliated companies or persons, or under 49 other circumstances where the relation between the buyer 50 and seller is such that the gross proceeds from the sale are 51 not indicative of the true value of the subject matter of the 52 sale, the tax commissioner shall prescribe uniform and 53 equitable rules for determining the value upon which such 54 privilege tax shall be levied, corresponding as nearly as 55 possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar 56 products of like quality or character where no common 57 interest exists between the buyer and seller but the 58 circumstances and conditions are otherwise similar.
- (e) Gross income included in the measure of the tax 59 60 under sections two-a, two-b, two-l and two-m of this article 61 shall neither be added nor deducted in computing the tax 62 levied under the other sections of this article.
- (f) A person exercising any privilege taxable under 64 section two-a, two-b, two-l or two-m of this article and 65 engaging in the business of selling his natural resources, 66 manufactured products or electricity at retail in this state 67 shall be required to make returns of the gross proceeds of 68 such retail sales and pay the tax imposed in section two-c of 69 this article for the privilege of engaging in the business of 70 selling such natural resources, manufactured products or 71 electricity at retail in this state. But any person exercising 72 any privilege taxable under section two-a, two-b, two-l or 73 two-m of this article and engaging in the business of selling

his natural resources, manufactured products or electricity to producers of natural resources, manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers, retailers or commercial consumers for use or consumption in the purchaser's business shall not be required to pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article: *Provided*, That on and after the effective date of this proviso, a person exercising any privilege taxable under section two-b of this article, and engaging in the business of selling his manufactured products in this state shall be required to make returns of the gross proceeds of such wholesale sales and pay the tax imposed by this section at the rate set forth in section two-c of this article for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling such manufactured products in this state.

(g) Persons exercising any privilege taxable under

- 88 (g) Persons exercising any privilege taxable under section two-b or two-m of this article shall not be required to pay the tax imposed in section two-c of this article for the privilege of selling their manufactured products or electricity for delivery outside of this state, but the gross income derived from the sale of such products or electricity outside of this state shall be included in determining the measure of the tax imposed on such person in section two-b or two-m.
- 97 (h) A person exercising privileges taxable under the 98 other sections of this article, producing coal, oil, natural 99 gas, minerals, timber or other natural resource products, 100 the production of which is taxable under sections two-a and 101 two-l, and using or consuming the same in his business or 102 transferring or delivering the same as any royalty payment, 103 in kind, or the like, shall be deemed to be engaged in the 104 business of mining and producing coal, oil, natural gas, 105 minerals, timber or other natural resource products for sale, 106 profit or commercial use, and shall be required to make 107 returns on account of the production of the business 108 showing the gross proceeds or equivalent in accordance 109 with uniform and equitable rules for determining the value 110 upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, 111 corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds 112 from the sale of similar products of like quality or character 113 by other taxpayers, which rules the tax commissioner shall 114 prescribe.

- §11-13-2b. Manufacturing, compounding or preparing products; exception of generated or produced electric power by public utilities or others; treatment accorded electricity generated by manufacturers for own use; exemption of dressing and processing food for human consumption; valuation of timber products.
 - 1 (a) Upon every person engaging or continuing within 2 this state in the business of manufacturing, compounding or 3 preparing for sale, profit or commercial use, either directly 4 or through the activity of others in whole or in part, any 5 article or articles, substance or substances, commodity or 6 commodities, or newspaper publishing (including all gross 7 income or proceeds of sale from circulation and advertising) 8 except electric power produced by public utilities or others, 9 the amount of the tax to be equal to the value of the article, 10 substance, commodity or newspaper, manufactured, 11 compounded or prepared for sale, as shown by the gross 12 proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer 13 or person compounding or preparing the same, except as 14 otherwise provided, multiplied by a rate of eight tenths of 15 one percent.
 - 16 (b) The measure of this tax is the value of the entire 17 product manufactured, compounded or prepared in the 18 state for sale, profit or commercial use, regardless of the 19 place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to 20 points outside the state.
 - 21 (c) The value of electricity generated by persons taxed 22 under the provisions of this section, which electricity is 23 directly used by such persons in the business of 24 manufacturing and not sold or otherwise transferred or 25 transmitted to others, shall be exempt from the imposition 26 of any tax under this article.
 - (d) With respect to the manufacturing, compounding or preparing for sale of timber or timber products, the measure of this tax is the value of the entire timber product manufactured, compounded or prepared in the state for sale, profit or commercial use, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the state but such value shall not include the value of any

34 timber or timber products used as ingredients, components35 or elements of such timber products.

- 36 (e) The dressing and processing of food intended for 37 human consumption by a person, firm or corporation, 38 which food is to be sold in this state by such person, firm or 39 corporation shall not be considered as manufacturing or 40 compounding or preparing for sale, but the sale of these 41 products shall be reported under section two-c of this 42 article, as either a wholesale or retail sale, as the case may 43 be.
- 43 be.
 44 (f) It is further provided, however, that in those
 45 instances in which the same person partially manufactures,
 46 compounds or prepares products within this state and
 47 partially manufactures, compounds or prepares such
 48 products outside of this state the measure of this tax under
 49 this section shall be that proportion of the sale price of the
 50 product that the payroll cost of manufacturing within this
 51 state bears to the entire payroll cost of manufacturing the
 52 product; or, at the option of the taxpayer, the measure of his
 53 tax under this section shall be the proportion of the sales
 54 value of the articles that the cost of operations in West
 55 Virginia bears to the full cost of manufacture of the articles.

CHAPTER 164

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 198—By Senators Loehr, Burdette, Karras and Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section three-c, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal article thirteen-c of said chapter; to amend and reenact section three-d, article thirteen of said chapter; to further amend said article thirteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-c; to amend article thirteen-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; to amend article thirteen-b of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; to amend and reenact

sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article thirteen-d of said chapter; to further amend said article thirteen-d by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seven, eight and nine; to amend and reenact sections two, three, five and six, article thirteen-e of said chapter; to further amend said article thirteen-e by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; to amend article twenty-three of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-a; and to further amend chapter eleven by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirteen-c, all relating generally to providing tax credits for certain investment in new or expanded businesses, or eligible research and development projects, and for certain investment in coal loading facilities; providing the West Virginia business investment and jobs expansion tax credit act, and as to such act: Providing a short title; stating legislative purpose and findings; defining terms; allowing credit for qualified investment for business expansion based on the useful life of property and number of new jobs created; limiting application of credit to taxes directly attributable to qualified investment for business expansion; permitting credit to offset business and occupation taxes, carrier income taxes, severance taxes, telecommunications taxes, business franchise taxes, corporation net income taxes, or personal income taxes in case of electing small business corporations, partnerships and sole proprietorships, unemployment taxes and workers' compensation premiums; providing for credit to result in rebate of ad valorem property taxes directly attributable to the qualified investment by means of additional credit against state taxes; providing for transfer, forfeiture and recapture of unused credit under certain circumstances; providing administrative procedures; making credit available to qualified investment made on or after March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; providing tax credits for industrial expansion and industrial revitalization and eligible research and development projects, and as to such credits: Stating legislative purpose and findings; defining terms; allowing credit for eligible investment in industrial expansion and revitalization and in eligible research and development projects; permitting such credit to offset up to

fifty percent of business and occupation taxes of eligible taxpayer for eligible investment made on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five: permitting allowable credit to offset up to fifty percent of severance taxes and business franchise taxes imposed in lieu of business and occupation taxes after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, regardless of when eligible investment was made; providing for transfer. forfeiture and recapture of unused credit under certain circumstances, and preserving legal rights under existing law; providing credit against certain taxes for eligible investment in new or expanded or revitalized coal loading facilities and as to such credit: Defining terms: allowing credit for qualified investment in coal loading facilities; permitting such credit to offset up to fifty percent of business and occupation taxes of eligible taxpayer for qualified investment made on or after the first day of March. one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; permitting allowable credit to offset up to fifty percent of severance taxes and business franchise taxes imposed in lieu of business and occupation taxes after the thirtieth day of June. one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, regardless of when eligible investment was made; and providing for transfer, forfeiture and recapture of unused credit under certain circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-c, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that article thirteen-c of said chapter eleven be repealed; that section three-d, article thirteen, chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article thirteen be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-c; that article thirteen-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; that article thirteen-b of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; that sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article thirteen-d of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article thirteen-d be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections seven, eight and nine; that sections two, three, five and six, article thirteen-e of said chapter be

amended and reenacted; that said article thirteen-e be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; that article twenty-three of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventeen-a; and that chapter eleven be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirteen-c, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 13. Business and Occupation Tax.
- 13A. Severance Taxes.
- 13B. Telecommunications Tax.
- 13C. Business Investment and Jobs Expansion Tax Credit.
- 13D. Business and Occupation Tax Credit for Industrial Expansion and Revitalization and for Research and Development Projects.
- 13E. Business and Occupation Tax Credit for Coal Loading Facilities.
- 23. Business Franchise Tax.

ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

- §11-13-3c Tax credit for business investment and jobs expansion.
- §11-13-3d. Tax credit for industrial expansion and industrial revitalization, and eligible research and development projects.

§11-13-3c. Tax credit for business investment and jobs expansion.

- 1 (a) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
- 2 imposed by this article, the amount determined under
- 3 article thirteen-c of this chapter, relating to tax credit for
- 4 business investment and jobs expansion.
- 5 (b) The tax commissioner shall prescribe such
- 6 regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes
- 7 of this section and article thirteen-c of this chapter.

§11-13-3d. Tax credit for industrial expansion and industrial revitalization, and eligible research and development projects.

- 1 (a) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
- 2 imposed by this article, the amount determined under
- 3 article thirteen-d of this chapter, relating to tax credit for
- 4 industrial expansion and industrial revitalization, and
- 5 eligible research and development projects.
- 6 (b) The tax commissioner shall prescribe such 7 regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes
- 8 of this section and article thirteen-d of this chapter.

- 9 (c) Any tax credit to which an industrial taxpayer
- 10 became entitled under section three-c of this article, before
- 11 its repeal, shall be fully and completely preserved under the
- 12 provision of this section, as amended, as if this section were
- 13 in effect, at the time the qualifying investment was made.

ARTICLE 13A. SEVERANCE TAXES.

§11-13A-10a. Tax credit for business investment and jobs expansion; industrial expansion and revitalization; eligible research and development projects; coal loading facilities.

- 1 (a) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
- 2 imposed by this article for the taxable year, the amount
- 3 determined under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and
- 4 thirteen-e of this chapter relating respectively to:
- 5 (1) The tax credit for business investment and jobs 6 expansion;
- 7 (2) The tax credit for industrial expansion and 8 revitalization and eligible research and development 9 projects; and
- 10 (3) The tax credit for coal loading facilities.
- 11 (b) The tax commissioner shall prescribe such
- 12 regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes
- 13 of this section and articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and thirteen-
- 14 e of this chapter.
- 15 (c) This provision shall take effect on the first day of
- 16 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

ARTICLE 13B. TELECOMMUNICATIONS TAX.

§11-13B-10a. Tax credit for business investment and jobs expansion; and for eligible research and development projects.

- 1 (a) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
- 2 imposed by this article for the taxable year, the amount
- 3 determined under articles thirteen-c and thirteen-d of this
- 4 chapter relating respectively to:
- 5 (1) Tax credit for business investment and jobs 6 expansion: and
- 7 (2) Tax credit for eligible research and development 8 projects; and
- 9 (3) Tax credit for coal loading facilities.

- 10 (b) The tax commissioner shall prescribe such
- 11 regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes
- 12 of this section and articles thirteen-c and thirteen-d of this
- 13 chapter.
- 14 (c) This provision shall take effect on the first day of
- 15 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

ARTICLE 13C. BUSINESS INVESTMENT AND JOBS EXPANSION TAX CREDIT.

- §11-13C-1. Short title.
- §11-13C-2. Legislative finding and purpose.
- §11-13C-3. Definitions.
- §11-13C-4. Amount of credit allowed.
- §11-13C-5. Application of annual credit allowance.
- §11-13C-6. Qualified investment.
- §11-13C-7. New jobs percentage.
- §11-13C-8. Forfeiture of unused tax credits; redetermination of credit allowed.
- §11-13C-9. Transfer of qualified investment to successors.
- §11-13C-10. Identification of investment credit property.
- §11-13C-11. Failure to keep records of investment credit property.
- §11-13C-12. Interpretation and construction.
- §11-13C-13. Severability.

§11-13C-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Business
- 2 Investment and Jobs Expansion Tax Credit Act."

§11-13C-2. Legislative finding and purpose.

- 1 The Legislature finds that the encouragement of
- 2 economic growth and development in this state is in the
- 3 public interest and promotes the general welfare of the
- 4 people of this state. In order to encourage capital
- 5 investment in businesses in this state and thereby increase
- 6 employment and economic development, there is hereby
- 7 provided a business investment and jobs expansion tax
- 8 credit.

§11-13C-3. Definitions.

- 1 (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the
- 2 administration of this article, terms defined in subsecton (b)
- 3 shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section,
- 4 unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the
- 5 context in which the term is used, or by specific definition,
- 6 in this article.
- 7 (b) Terms defined.

- (1) Business.—The term "business" means any activity 9 taxable under article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this 10 chapter, which is engaged in by any person in this state: 11 Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one 12 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes 13 imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen, or both, of this 14 chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by article thirteen. 15 thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or 16 any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."
- (2) Business expansion.—The term "business 18 expansion" means capital investment in a new or expanded 19 business facility in this state.

- (3) Business facility.—The term "business facility" 20 21 means any factory, mill, plant, refinery, warehouse, building or complex of buildings located within this state. 22 23 including the land on which it is located, and all machinery. 24 equipment and other real and tangible personal property 25 located at or within such facility, used in connection with 26 the operation of such facility, in a business taxable under 27 article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter: 28 Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one 29 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes 30 imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, 31 thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or 32 any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)." 33
- (4) Commissioner or tax commissioner.—The terms 34 "commissioner" and "tax commissioner" are used 35 36 interchangeably herein and mean the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate. 37
- (5) Compensation.-The term "compensation" means 38 39 wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of 40 remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
- (6) Controlled group.—The term controlled group 42 means one or more chains of corporations connected 43 through stock ownership with a common parent 44 corporation if stock possessing at least fifty percent of the 45 voting power of all classes of stock of each of the 46 corporations is owned directly or indirectly by one or more 47 of the corporations; and the common parent owns directly 48 stock possessing at least fifty percent of the voting power of 49 all classes of stock of at least one of the other corporations.

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- (7) Corporation.—The term "corporation" means any corporation, joint-stock company or association, and any 51 business conducted by a trustee or trustees wherein interest 52 53 or ownership is evidenced by a certificate of interest or ownership or similar written instrument. 54
- (8) Delegate.—The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his 56 delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department 57 58 duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to 60 perform the functions mentioned or described in this article. 61
- (9) Eligible taxpayer.—The term "eligible taxpayer" 63 means any person subject to the taxes imposed by article 64 twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter, who purchases 65 property that has the effect of business expansion and 66 creation of new jobs at a business facility located in this state: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one 68 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes 69 imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this 70 chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, 71 thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."
- (10) Expanded facility.—The term "expanded facility" 74 means any facility (other than a new or replacement 75 facility) resulting from the acquisition, construction, 76 reconstruction, installation or erection of improvements or additions to existing property (not including any 78 improvement or addition resulting from a repair, 79 refurbishing, retooling, recycling or other similar process or 80 procedure that merely preserves or restores the value of an 81 existing facility, and not including any improvement or addition that, in the determination of the tax commissioner, 83 does not constitute an integral part of a qualified activity), 84 if such improvements or additions are purchased on or after 85 March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, but only 86 to the extent of the taxpayer's qualified investment in such improvements or additions.
- (11) Includes and including.—The terms "includes" and "including," when used in a definition contained in this 90 article, shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term defined.

- 92 (12) New business facility.—The term "new business 93 facility" means a facility which satisfies all the 94 requirements of subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D) of this 95 paragraph.
- 96 (A) The facility is employed by the taxpayer in the 97 conduct of a business taxable under article twelve-a or 98 thirteen (or both) of this chapter. Such facility shall not be 99 considered a new business facility in the hands of the 100 taxpayer if the taxpayer's only activity with respect to such 101 facility is to lease it to another person or persons.
- 102 (B) Such facility is acquired by, or leased to, the 103 taxpayer on or after March one, one thousand nine hundred 104 eighty-five.
- 105 (C) The facility was not acquired by the taxpayer from a 106 related person.
- 107 (D) If such facility was acquired by the taxpayer from 108 an unrelated person (or persons), such facility was not in 109 service or use during the ninety days immediately prior to 110 transfer of the title to such facility, or to the commencement 111 of the term of the lease of such facility, unless upon 112 application of the taxpayer, the tax commissioner consents 113 to waiving this ninety-day period.
- (13) New employee.-The term "new employee" means 114 115 a person residing and domiciled in this state, hired by the taxpayer to fill a position for a job in this state, which 116 previously did not exist in the business enterprise in this 117 state, prior to the date on which the taxpayer's qualified 118 investment is placed in service or use in this state. In no case 119 120 shall the new employees allowed for purposes of this credit 121 exceed the total increase in the taxpayer's employment in 122 this state. A person shall be deemed to be a "new employee" 123 if such person's duties in connection with the operation of 124 the business enterprise are on:
 - (A) A regular, full-time and permanent basis.

- 126 (1) "Full-time employment" means employment for at 127 least one hundred twenty hours per month at a wage not less 128 than the prevailing state or federal minimum wage, 129 depending on which minimum wage provision is applicable 130 to the business.
- 131 (2) "Permanent employment" does not include 132 employment that is temporary or seasonal.
- 133 (B) A part-time basis, provided such person is

- 134 customarily performing such duties at least twenty hours per week for at least six months during the taxable year. 135
- (14) New job.—The term "new job" means a job which 136 did not exist in the business of the taxpayer in this state 137 138 prior to the taxpayer's qualified investment being made, and which is filled by a new employee.

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- (15) New property.—The term "new property" means:
- 141 (A) Property the construction, reconstruction or 142 erection of which is begun on or after March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; and 143
- (B) Property acquired by the taxpayer on or after March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, if the original 145 146 use of such property commences with the taxpayer and 147 commences after such date.
- (16) Original use.—The term "original use" means the 149 first use to which the property is put, whether or not such 150 use corresponds to the use of the property by the taxpayer. 151
- (17) Partnership and partner.—The term "partnership" 152 includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or other 153 unincorporated organization through or by means of which any business, financial operation or venture is carried on, and which is not, a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole proprietorship. The term "partner" includes a member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or organization.
- (18) Person.—The term "person" includes any natural 159 person, corporation or partnership.
 - (19) Property purchased for business expansion.
- 161 (A) Included property.—Except as provided in 162 subparagraph (B), the term "property purchased for 163 business expansion" means real property, and 164 improvements thereto, and tangible personal property, but 165 only if such property was constructed, or purchased, on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 166 167 eighty-five, for use as a component part of a new or 168 expanded business, as defined in this section, which 169 business is located within West Virginia. This term includes 170 only tangible personal property with respect to which 171 depreciation, or amortization in lieu of depreciation, is 172 allowable in determining the personal income tax or 173 corporation net income tax liability of the business 174 taxpayer under article twenty-one or twenty-four of this 175 chapter, and has a useful life, at the time such property is

- 176 placed in service or use in this state, of four years or more.
- 177 Property acquired by written lease, for a primary term of
- 178 ten years or longer, if used as a component part of a new or
- 179 expanded business facility, shall be included within this 180 definition.
- 181 (B) Excluded property.—The term "property purchased 182 for business expansion" shall not include:
- 183 (1) Property which qualifies or was qualified for credit 184 under article thirteen-c of this chapter prior to its repeal, or 185 under article thirteen-d or thirteen-e of this chapter;
- 186 (2) Repair costs, including materials used in the repair, 187 unless for federal income tax purposes, the cost of the repair 188 must be capitalized and not expensed;
- 189 (3) Motor vehicles licensed by the department of motor 190 vehicles;
- 191 (4) Airplanes;
- 192 (5) Off-premise transportation equipment;
- 193 (6) Property which is primarily used outside this state; 194 and
- 195 (7) Property which is acquired incident to the purchase 196 of the stock or assets of a taxpayer, which property was or had been used by the seller in a business taxable under 197 198 article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter, or 199 which property was previously designated qualified or 200 eligible investment for purposes of the tax credits 201 authorized by article thirteen-c of this chapter (prior to its 202 repeal), article thirteen-d or article thirteen-e of said chapter eleven: Provided, That on and after the first day of 203 204 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase 205 "taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of 206 this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by article thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or 207 208 any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)." 209
- 209 (c) *Purchase date.*—Property shall be deemed to have 210 been purchased prior to a specified date only if:
- 211 (1) The physical construction, reconstruction or 212 erection of the property was begun prior to the specified 213 date, or such property was constructed, reconstructed, 214 erected or acquired pursuant to a written contract as 215 existing and binding on the purchaser prior to the specified 216 date:
- 217 (2) The machinery or equipment was owned by the

- 218 taxpayer prior to the specified date or was acquired by the 219 taxpayer pursuant to a binding purchase contract which 220 was in effect prior to the specified date; or
- 221 (3) In the case of leased property, there was a binding 222 written lease or contract to lease identifiable property in 223 effect prior to the specified date.
- 224 (20) Purchase.—The term "purchase" means any 225 acquisition of property, but only if:
- (A) The property is not acquired from a person whose relationship to the person acquiring it would result in the disallowance of deductions under Section 267 or 707 (b) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended and in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five;
- 232 (B) The property is not acquired by one component 233 member of a controlled group from another component 234 member of the same controlled group; and
- 235 (C) The basis of the property for federal income tax 236 purposes, in the hands of the person acquiring it is not 237 determined:
- 238 (1) In whole or in part by reference to the federal 239 adjusted basis of such property in the hands of the person 240 from whom it was acquired; or
- 241 (2) Under Section 1014 (e) of the United States Internal 242 Revenue Code of 1954, as amended and in effect on the first 243 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- 244 (21) Qualified activity.—The term "qualified activity"
 245 means any business or other activity subject to the tax
 246 imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this
 247 chapter: Provided, That on and after the first day of July,
 248 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes
 249 imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this
 250 chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen,
 251 thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or
 252 any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."
- 253 (22) Related person.—The term "related person" 254 means:
- 255 (A) A corporation, partnership, association or trust 256 controlled by the taxpayer;
- 257 (B) An individual, corporation, partnership, association 258 or trust that is in control of the taxpayer;

(C) A corporation, partnership, association or trust

260 controlled by an individual, corporation, partnership, 261 association or trust that is in control of the taxpayer; or

262 (D) A member of the same controlled group as the 263 taxpayer. 264

For purposes of subdivisions (20) and (22) of this section, 265 "control," with respect to a corporation means ownership, 266 directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or 267 more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the 268 stock of such corporation entitled to vote. "Control," with 269 respect to a trust, means ownership, directly or indirectly, 270 of fifty percent or more of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of such trust. The ownership of stock in 271 a corporation, of a capital or profits interest in a partnership or association or of a beneficial interest in a trust shall be determined in accordance with the rules for 275 constructive ownership of stock provided in Section 267 (c) 276 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as 277 amended, other than paragraph (3) of such section.

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- 278 (23) Replacement facility.—The term "replacement 279 facility" means any property (other than an expanded 280 facility) that replaces or supersedes any other property 281 located within this state that:
 - The taxpayer or a related person used in or in connection with any activity for more than two years during the period of five consecutive years ending on the date the replacement or superseding property is placed in service by the taxpayer.
- 287 (B) Is not used by the taxpayer or a related person in or 288 in connection with any qualified activity for a continuous period of one year or more commencing with the date the 289 290 replacement or superseding property is placed in service by 291 the taxpayer.
 - Taxpayer.—The term "taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."
 - This code.—The term "this code" means the code of

- 302 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as 303 amended.
- 304 (26)This state.—The term "this state" means the state 305 of West Virginia.
- 306 (27) Used property.—The term "used property" means 307 property acquired after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, that is not "new 308 property." 309

§11-13C-4. Amount of credit allowed.

- 1 (a) Credit allowed.—Eligible taxpayers shall be allowed 2 a credit against the portion of taxes imposed by this state 3 that are attributable to and the consequence of the 4 taxpayer's qualified investment in a new or expanded 5 business in this state, which results in the creation of new 6 jobs. The amount of this credit shall be determined and applied as hereinafter provided in this article. 7
- (b) Amount of credit.—The amount of credit allowable 9 is determined by multiplying the amount of the taxpayer's 10 "qualified investment" (determined under section six) in 11 property purchased for business expansion on or after 12 March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, by the 13 taxpayer's new jobs percentage (determined under section 14 seven). The product of this calculation establishes the 15 maximum amount of credit allowable under this article, 16 due to the qualified investment.
- (c) Application of credit over ten years.—The amount of 17 18 credit allowable must be taken over a ten-year period, at the 19 rate of one tenth of the amount thereof per taxable year, 20 beginning with the taxable year in which the taxpayer 21 places the qualified investment in service or use in this 22 state. The annual credit allowance shall be taken in the 23 manner prescribed in section four of this article.
- (d) Placed in service or use.—For purposes of the credit 25 allowed by this section, property shall be considered placed 26 in service or use in the earlier of the following taxable years:
- (1) The taxable year in which, under the taxpayer's 27 depreciation practice, the period for depreciation with 29 respect to such property begins; or
- (2) The taxable year in which the property is placed in a 30 31 condition or state of readiness and availability for a 32 specifically assigned function.

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§11-13C-5. Application of annual credit allowance.

- (a) In general.—The aggregate annual credit allowance for the current taxable year is an amount equal to the sum of:

 (1) The one tenth part allowed under section three for
 - (1) The one-tenth part allowed under section three, for qualified investment placed into service or use during a prior taxable year, plus
 - (2) The one-tenth part allowed under section three, for qualified investment placed into service or use during the current taxable year.
 - (b) Application of current year annual credit allowance.—The amount determined under subsection (a) shall be allowed as a credit against that portion of the taxpayer's state tax liability which is attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment, and shall be applied as provided in subsections (c) through (j), both inclusive.
 - (c) Business and occupation taxes.
 - (1) That portion of the allowable credit attributable to qualified investment in a business or other activity subject to the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter, shall first be applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter for the taxable year (determined before application of allowable credits against tax and the annual exemption).
 - (2) If the taxes due under said article thirteen, are not solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable under article thirteen of this chapter, the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, shall be determined by multiplying the amount of taxes due under said article thirteen, for the taxable year (determined before application of any allowable credits against tax and the annual exemption), by a fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable under article thirteen of this chapter. The denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees

of the taxpayer, employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the business or other activity of the taxpayer, that is taxable under article thirteen of this chapter.

- (3) The annual exemption allowed by section three of said article thirteen, plus any credits allowable under articles thirteen-d and thirteen-e of this chapter, shall be applied against and reduce only the portion of article thirteen taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment under this article: *Provided*, That any excess exemption or credits may be applied against the amount of article thirteen taxes apportioned to the qualified investment under this article, that is not offset by the amount of annual credit against such taxes allowed under this article for the taxable year, unless their application is otherwise prohibited by this chapter.
 - (d) Carrier income taxes.

- (1) That portion of the allowable credit attributable to qualified investment in a business or other activity subject to the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this chapter, shall first be applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this chapter, for the taxable year.
- (2) If the taxes due under said article twelve-a are not solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable under article twelve-a of this chapter, the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, shall be determined by multiplying the amount of taxes due under said article twelve-a, for the taxable year, by a fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable under article twelve-a of this chapter. The denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer, employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the business or other activity of the taxpayer, that is taxable under article twelve-a of this chapter.
 - (e) Severance taxes.

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- 83 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 84 hundred eighty-seven, that portion of the allowable credit attributable to qualified investment in a business or other 85 activity subject to the tax imposed by article thirteen-a of 86 87 this chapter, and qualified investment in a business or 88 activity that was subject to the tax imposed by article 89 thirteen of this chapter prior to said first day of July, but on 90 and after said first day of July, is subject to the tax imposed 91 by article thirteen-a of this chapter, shall first be applied to 92 reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article 93 thirteen-a of this chapter for the taxable year (determined 94 before application of any allowable credits against tax).
- (2) If the taxes due under said article thirteen-a are not 95 96 solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's 97 qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable under article thirteen-a of this chapter, the amount of such 98 taxes, which are so attributable, shall be determined by 99 100 multiplying the amount of taxes due under said article 101 thirteen-a, for the taxable year (determined before 102 application of any allowable credits against tax), by a 103 fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and 104 other compensation paid during the taxable year to all 105 employees of the taxpayer employed in this state, whose 106 positions are directly attributable to the qualified 107 investment in a business or other activity taxable under 108 article thirteen-a of this chapter. The denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other 109 110 compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees 111 of the taxpayer, employed in this state, whose positions are 112 directly attributable to the business or other activity of the 113 taxpayer, that is taxable under article thirteen-a of this 114 chapter.
 - (3) Any credits allowable under articles thirteen-d and thirteen-e of this chapter, shall be applied against and reduce only the portion of article thirteen-a taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment under this article: *Provided*, That any excess credits may be applied against the amount of article thirteen taxes apportioned to the qualified investment under this article, that is not offset by the amount of annual credit against such taxes allowed under this article for the taxable year, unless their application is otherwise prohibited by this chapter.

(f) Telecommunications taxes.

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- 126 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 127 hundred eighty-seven, that portion of the allowable credit 128 attributable to qualified investment in a business or other 129 activity subject to the taxes imposed by article thirteen-b of 130 this chapter, shall first be applied to reduce up to eighty 131 percent of the taxes imposed by article thirteen-b of this 132 chapter for the taxable year (determined before application 133 of allowable credits against tax) and qualified investment 134 in a business or activity that was subject to the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this chapter prior to said first 135 136 day of July, but on and after said first day of July is subject 137 to the tax imposed by article thirteen-b of this chapter.
- 138 (2) If the taxes due under said article thirteen-b are not 139 solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's 140 qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable 141 under article thirteen-b of this chapter, the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, shall be determined by 142 multiplying the amount of taxes due under said article 143 thirteen-b, for the taxable year (determined before 144 145 application of any allowable credits against tax), by a fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and 146 other compensation paid during the taxable year to all 147 148 employees of the taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified 149 150 investment in a business or other activity taxable under article thirteen-b of this chapter. The denominator of the 151 152 fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees 153 of the taxpayer, employed in this state, whose positions are 154 155 directly attributable to the business or other activity of the 156 taxpayer, that is taxable under article thirteen-b of this 157 chapter.
 - (g) Business franchise tax.
 - (1) On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, that portion of the allowable credit attributable to qualified investment in a business or activity subject to the taxes imposed by article twenty-three of this chapter, and qualified investment in a business or activity that was subject to the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter prior to said first day of July, but on and after said first day of July, is subject to the tax imposed

by article twenty-three of this chapter, shall first be applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article twenty-three of this chapter for the taxable year (determined after application of the credits against tax provided in section seventeen of said article twenty-three, but before application of any other allowable credits against tax).

- 174 (2) If the taxes due under said article twenty-three are 175 not solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in a business or other 176 177 activity taxable under article twenty-three of this chapter. 178 the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, shall be 179 determined by multiplying the amount of taxes due under 180 said article twenty-three, for the taxable year (determined 181 after application of the credits against tax provided in section seventeen of said article twenty-three, but before 182 application of any other allowable credits), by a fraction, 183 the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other 184 compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees 185 186 of the taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified investment in a 187 business or other activity taxable under article twenty-188 three of this chapter. The denominator of the fraction shall 189 be the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during 190 the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer, employed 191 in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the 192 business or other activity of the taxpayer, that is taxable 193 under article twenty-three of this chapter. 194
 - (3) Any credits allowable under articles thirteen-d and thirteen-e of this chapter, shall be applied against and reduce only the portion of article twenty-three taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment under this article: Provided, That any excess exemption or credits may be applied against the amount of article twenty-three taxes apportioned to the qualified investment under this article, that is not offset by the amount of annual credit against such taxes allowed under this article for the taxable year, unless their application is otherwise prohibited by this chapter.
 - (h) Corporation net income taxes.

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207 (1) After application of subsections (c) through (g), both 208 inclusive, of this section, any unused credit shall next be

applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter, for the taxable year (determined before application of allowable credits against tax).

- 213 (2) If the taxes due under said article twenty-four 214 (determined before application of allowable credits against 215 tax) are not solely attributable to and the direct result of the 216 taxpayer's qualified investment, the amount of such taxes 217 which are so attributable, shall be determined by 218 multiplying the amount of taxes due under said article 219 twenty-four for the taxable year (determined before 220 application of allowable credits against tax), by a fraction, 221 the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees 222 of the taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are 223 224 directly attributable to the qualified investment. The 225 denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all 226 employees of the taxpayer, employed in this state. 227
 - (3) Any credits allowable under article twenty-four of this chapter shall be applied against and reduce only the amount of article twenty-four taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment under this article: *Provided*, That any excess credits may be applied against the amount of article twenty-four taxes apportioned to the qualified investment under this article, that is not offset by the amount of annual credit against such taxes allowed under this article for the taxable year, unless their application is otherwise prohibited by this chapter.
 - (i) Personal income taxes.

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- 239 (1) If the person making the qualified investment is an 240 electing small business corporation (as defined in Section 241 1361 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended), a partnership or a sole proprietorship, then any 242 243 unused credit (after application of subsections (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g)) shall be allowed as a credit against up to eighty 244 percent of the taxes imposed by article twenty-one of this 245 chapter on net income from business or other activity 246 subject to tax under article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of 247 this chapter. 248
- 249 (2) Electing small business corporations, partnerships 250 and other unincorporated organizations shall allocate the

credit allowed by this article among its members in the same manner as profits and losses are allocated for the taxable year.

- 254 (3) If the amount of taxes due under article twenty-one 255 of this chapter (determined before application of allowable 256 credits against tax), that is attributable to business, is not solely attributable to and the direct result of the qualified 257 258 investment of the electing small business corporation, 259 partnership, other unincorporated organization or sole proprietorship, the amount of such taxes which are so 260 attributable shall be determined by multiplying the amount 261 of taxes due under said article twenty-one (determined 262 before application of allowable credits against tax), that is 263 attributable to business by a fraction, the numerator of 264 which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid 265 during the taxable year to all employees of the electing 266 267 small business corporation, partnership, other unincorporated organization or sole proprietorship, 268 employed in this state, whose positions are directly 269 attributable to the qualified investment. The denominator 270 of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other 271 compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees 272 273 of the taxpayer.
 - (4) No credit shall be allowed under this section against an employer withholding taxes imposed by article twentyone of this chapter.
 - (j) Ad valorem property taxes.

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- (1) After application of subsections (a) through (i), both inclusive, of this section, any unused credit shall next be applied as a rebate of up to eighty percent of the ad valorem property taxes imposed pursuant to article eight of this chapter for the taxable year, on property of the taxpayer that is directly attributable to the qualified investment (including property having a useful life of less than four years) of the taxpayer, in the new or expanded business of the taxpayer resulting in new jobs.
- (2) A taxpayer eligible to claim this rebate for ad valorem property taxes shall apply the rebate against the remaining twenty percent of the taxes imposed by articles twelve-a, thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b, twenty-one, twenty-three and twenty-four of this chapter, attributable to the qualified investment under this article.

293 (k) Unemployment taxes.

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- 294 After application of subsections (c) through (j), both (1)295 inclusive, of this section, any unused credit shall next be 296 applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed 297 by article five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, for the taxable year. 298
 - (2) If the taxes due under said article five are not solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment, the amount of such taxes which are so attributable shall be determined by multiplying the amount of taxes due under article five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, by a fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to employees of the taxpayer whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified investment, and the denominator of which is the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer in this state.
 - Workers' compensation premium.
- (1) After application of subsections (c) through (k), both inclusive, of this section, any unused credit shall next be applied to reduce up to twenty percent of the workers' compensation premiums imposed by article two, chapter twenty-three of this code, for the taxable year. 317.
 - (2) If the premiums due under article two of said chapter twenty-three, for the taxable year, are not solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment, the amount of such premiums which are so attributable shall be determined by multiplying the amount of premiums due under article two, chapter twentythree of this code for the taxable year, by a fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and compensation paid during the taxable year to employees of the taxpayer whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified investment, and the denominator of which is the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer, in this state.
 - (m) Unused credit forfeited.—If any credit remains after application of subsection (b), the amount thereof shall be forfeited. No carryover to a subsequent taxable year or carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the amount of any unused portion of any annual credit allowance.

§11-13C-6. Qualified investment.

- 1 (a) General.—The qualified investment in property
 2 purchased for business expansion shall be the applicable
 3 percentage of the cost of each property purchased for the
 4 purpose of business expansion which is placed in service or
 5 use in this state by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
 6 (b) Applicable percentage—For the purpose of
 - (b) Applicable percentage.—For the purpose of subsection (a), the applicable percentage of any property shall be determined under the following table:

If useful life is: The applicable percentage is: 4 years or more but less than 6 years 331/3 6 years or more but less than 8 years 663/3 8 years or more...... 100 The useful life of any property, for purposes of this section, shall be determined as of the date such property is first placed in service or use in this state by the taxpayer, determined in accordance with federal income tax law.

- (c) Cost.—For purposes of subsection (a), the cost of each property purchased for business expansion shall be determined under the following rules:
- (1) Trade-ins.—Cost shall not include the value of property given in trade or exchange for the property purchased for business expansion.
- (2) Damaged, destroyed or stolen property.—If property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other casualty, or is stolen, then the cost of replacement property shall not include any insurance proceeds received in compensation for the loss.
- (3) Rental property.—The cost of property acquired by written lease for a primary term of ten years, or longer, shall be one hundred percent of the rent reserved for the primary term of the lease, not to exceed twenty years.
- (4) Property purchased for multiple use.—In the case of property purchased for use as a component part of a new or expanded business taxable under article twelve-a of this chapter, and use as a component part of a new or expanded business taxable under article thirteen of this chapter, the cost thereof shall be apportioned between such businesses. The amount apportioned to each such new or expanded business for which credit is allowed under this article, shall be considered as a qualified investment subject to the conditions and limitations of this article.

Self-constructed property.—In the case of self-42 constructed property, the cost thereof shall be the amount 43 properly charged to the capital account for depreciation in 44 accordance with federal income tax law. 45

§11-13C-7. New jobs percentage.

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- (a) In general.—The new jobs percentage is based on the number of new jobs created in this state that are directly attributable to the qualified investment of the taxpayer.
- (b) Applicable percentage.—For the purpose of 5 subsection (a), the applicable new jobs percentage shall be determined under the following table:

7	If number of	The applicable
8	new jobs is:	percentage is:
9	1,000	90%
10	760	80%
11	520	70%
12	280	60%
13	50	50%

- (c) When a job is attributable.—An employee's position 14 is directly attributable to the qualified investment if: 15
 - (1) The employee's service is performed or his base of operations is at the new or expanded business facility;
 - (2) The position did not exist prior to the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition of the business facility and the making of the qualified investment; and
- (3) But for the qualified investment, the position would 21 22 not have existed.
 - (d) Certification of new jobs.—With the annual return for the taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen of this chapter, filed for the taxable year in which the qualified investment is first placed in service or use in this state, the taxpayer shall estimate and certify the number of new jobs reasonably projected to be created by it in this state within the period prescribed in subsection (f), that are, or will be, directly attributable to the qualified investment of the taxpayer: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."

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- 37 (e) Eqivalency of permanent employees.—The hours of 38 part-time employees shall be aggregated to determine the 39 number of equivalent full-time employees.

 40 (f) Redetermination of new jobs percentage —With the
 - (f) Redetermination of new jobs percentage.—With the annual return for the taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen of this chapter, filed for the third taxable year in which the qualified investment is in service or use, the taxpayer shall certify the actual number of new jobs created by it in this state, that are directly attributable to the qualified investment of the taxpayer: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter (or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."
 - (1) If the actual number of jobs created would result in a higher new jobs percentage, the credit allowed under this article shall be redetermined and amended returns filed for the first and second taxable years that the qualified investment was in service or use in this state.
 - (2) If the actual number of jobs created would result in a lower new jobs percentage, the credit previously allowed under this article shall be redetermined and amended returns filed for the first and second taxable years. In applying the amount of redetermined credit allowable for the two preceding taxable years, the redetermined credit shall first be applied to the extent it was originally applied in such prior two years to workers' compensation premiums, then to unemployment taxes, then to ad valorem property tax rebates, then to personal income taxes, then to corporation net income taxes, then to business franchise taxes, then to telecommunications taxes, then to severance taxes, then to carrier income taxes and lastly to business and occupation taxes. Any additional taxes due under this chapter shall be remitted with the amended returns filed with the tax commissioner, along with interest, as provided in section seventeen, article ten of this chapter, and a ten percent penalty, which may be waived by the tax commissioner if the taxpayer shows that the overclaimed amount of the new jobs percentage was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect.

§11-13C-8. Forfeiture of unused tax credits; redetermination of credit allowed.

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- (a) Disposition of property or cessation of use.—If during any taxable year, property with respect to which a tax credit has been allowed under this article:
- (1) Is disposed of prior to the end of its useful life, as determined under section six of this article; or
- 6 (2) Ceases to be used in an eligible business of the 7 taxpayer in this state prior to the end of its useful life, as determined under said section six, then the unused portion of the credit allowed for such property shall be forfeited for 9 10 the taxable year and all ensuing years. Additionally, except when the property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, 11 storm or other casualty, or is stolen, the taxpayer shall 12 redetermine the amount of credit allowed in all earlier years 13 by reducing the applicable percentage of cost of such 14 15 property allowed under said section six, to correspond with the percentage of cost allowable for the period of time that 16 the property was actually used in this state in the new or 17 expanded business of the taxpayer. Taxpayer shall then file 18 a reconciliation statement with its annual business and 19 20 occupation tax return or carrier income tax return, for the 21 year in which the forfeiture occurs and pay any additional **2**2 taxes owed due to reduction of the amount of credit 23 allowable for such earlier years, plus interest and any applicable penalties: Provided, That for taxable periods 24 beginning on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 25 hundred eighty-seven, such reconciliation statement shall 26 be filed with the annual return for the primary tax for 27 which the taxpayer is liable under articles thirteen, 28 thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-three of this chapter. 29
 - (b) Cessation of operation of business facility.—If during any taxable year the taxpayer ceases operation of a business facility in this state for which credit was allowed under this article, before expiration of the useful life of property with respect to which tax credit has been allowed under this article, then the unused portion of the allowed credit shall be forfeited for the taxable year and all ensuing years. Additionally, except when the cessation is due to fire, flood, storm or other casualty, the taxpayer shall redetermine the amount of credit allowed in earlier years by reducing the applicable percentage of cost of such property

41 allowed under section six, to correspond with the 42 percentage of cost allowable for the period of time that the property was actually used in this state in a business of the 43 taxpayer that is taxable under article twelve-a or thirteen 44 of this chapter. Taxpayer shall then file a reconciliation 45 statement with its annual business and occupation tax 46 47 return or carrier income tax return for the year in which the forfeiture occurs, and pay any additional taxes owed due to 48 reduction of the amount of credit allowable for such earlier 49 50 years, plus interest and any applicable penalties: *Provided*. That for taxable periods beginning on or after the first day 51 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, such 52 reconciliation statement shall be filed with the annual 53 return for the primary tax for which the taxpayer is liable 54 under articles thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b and twenty-55 three of this chapter. 56

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(c) Reduction in number of employees.—If during any taxable year subsequent to the taxable year in which the new jobs percentage is redetermined as provided in section seven of this article, the average number of employees of the 60 taxpayer, for the then current taxable year, employed in 61 positions created because of and directly attributable to the 62 qualified investment falls below the minimum number of 63 new jobs created upon which the taxpayer's annual credit 64 allowance is based, the taxpayer shall calculate what his annual credit allowance would have been had his new jobs percentage been determined based upon the average number of employees, for the then current taxable year, employed in positions created because of and directly attributable to the qualified investment. The difference between the result of this calculation and the taxpayer's annual credit allowance for the qualified investment as determined under section four of this article, shall be forfeited for the then current taxable year, and for each succeeding taxable year unless for such succeeding taxable year the taxpayer's average employment in positions directly attributable to the qualified investment once again meets the level required to enable the taxpayer to utilize its full annual credit allowance for that taxable year.

§11-13C-9. Transfer of qualified investment to successors.

(a) Mere change in form of business.—Property shall not 1

- 2 be treated as disposed of under section eight of this article,
- 3 by reason of a mere change in the form of conducting the
- 4 business as long as the property is retained in a business in
- 5 this state, and the taxpayer retains a controlling interest in
- 6 the successor business. In this event, the successor business
- 7 shall be allowed to claim the amount of credit still available
- 8 with respect to the business facility or facilities transferred,
- 9 and the taxpayer (transferor) shall not be required to
- 10 redetermine the amount of credit allowed in earlier years.
- 11 (b) Transfer or sale to successor.—Property shall not be
- 12 treated as disposed of under section eight by reason of any
- 13 transfer or sale to a successor business which continues to
- 14 operate the business facility in this state. Upon transfer or
- 15 sale, the successor shall acquire the amount of credit that
- 16 remains available under this article for each subsequent
- 17 Associations available under units afficie for each subsequent
- 17 taxable year and the taxpayer (transferor) shall not be
- 18 required to redetermine the amount of credit allowed in
- 19 earlier years.

§11-13C-10. Identification of investment credit property.

- Every taxpayer who claims credit under this article shall
- 2 maintain sufficient records to establish the following facts
- 3 for each item of qualified property:
 - (1) Its identity;
- 5 (2) Its actual or reasonably determined cost;
- 6 (3) Its straight-line depreciation life;
- 7 (4) The month and taxable year in which it was placed in 8 service:
- 9 (5) The amount of credit taken; and
- 10 (6) The date it was disposed of or otherwise ceased to be
- 11 qualified property.

§11-13C-11. Failure to keep records of investment credit property.

- A taxpayer who does not keep the records required for identification of investment credit property, is subject to the following rules:
- 4 (1) A taxpayer shall be treated as having disposed of,
 5 during the taxable year, any investment credit property
 6 which the taxpayer cannot establish was still on hand, in
- 7 this state, at the end of that year.
- 8 (2) If a taxpayer cannot establish when investment

- credit property reported for purposes of claiming this credit
- 10 returned during the taxable year was placed in service, the
- 11 taxpayer shall be treated as having placed it in service in the
- 12 most recent prior year in which similar property was placed
- 13 in service, unless the taxpayer can establish that the
- 14 property placed in service in the most recent year is still on
- hand. In that event, the taxpayer will be treated as having 15
- placed the returned property in service in the next most
- recent year.

§11-13C-12. Interpretation and construction.

- (a) No inference, implication or presumption of 1 2 legislative construction or intent shall be drawn or made by
- reason of the location or grouping of any particular section,
- 4 provision or portion of this article; and no legal effect shall
- be given to any descriptive matter or heading relating to any
- section, subsection or paragraph of this article. 6
- (b) The provisions of this article shall be liberally 8 construed in order to effectuate the legislative intent recited in section two of this article.

§11-13C-13. Severability.

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- (a) If any provision of this article or the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- (b) If any provision of this article or the application 10 11 thereof shall be made invalid or inapplicable by reason of 12 the failure of the Legislature to enact any statute therein 13 addressed or referred to, or by reason of the repeal or any other invalidation of any statute therein addressed or 14 referred to, such failure to reenact on such repeal or 15 invalidation of any such statute shall not affect, impair or 16 invalidate the remainder of the said article, but shall be 17 18 confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly 19 involved with, pertaining to, addressing or referring to the said statute, and the application of such provision with

- regard to other statutes or in other instances not affected by
- 22 any such invalid or repealed statute shall not be abrogated
- 23 or diminished in any way.

ARTICLE 13D. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZATION AND FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.

- §11-13D-1. Legislative finding and purpose.
- §11-13D-2. Definitions.
- §11-13D-3. Amount of credit allowed for industrial expansion or revitalization and for eligible research and development projects.
- §11-13D-4. Eligible investment for industrial expansion or revitalization.
- §11-13D-5. Eligible investment for research and development.
- §11-13D-6. Forfeiture of unused tax credits; redetermination of credit required.
- §11-13D-7. Transfer of eligible investment to successors.
- §11-13D-8. Prior industrial expansion credit preserved.
- §11-13D-9. Severability.

§11-13D-1. Legislative finding and purpose.

- The Legislature finds that the encouragement of the
- 2 location of new industry in this state; the expansion, growth
- 3 and revitalization of existing industrial facilities in this
- 4 state; and the conduct of research and development in this
- 5 state, for purposes of expanding markets for sales and uses
- 6 of this state's natural resources and industrial products, are
- 7 all in the public interest and promote the general welfare of
- 8 the people of this state. In order to encourage capital 9 investment in this state and thereby increase employment
- 10 and economic development, there is hereby provided a
- 11 business and occupation tax credit for industrial expansion
- 12 and revitalization in this state, and for certain research and
- 13 development related expenditures in this state.

§11-13D-2. Definitions.

- (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same
- 2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in article
- 3 thirteen of this chapter, unless a different meaning is
- 4 clearly required by the context of its use or by definition in
- 5 this article.
 - (b) For purposes of this article, the term:
- (1) "Eligible investment" means that amount 8 determined under either section four of this article, for
- 9 investment in a new or expanded or revitalized industrial

10 facility, or under section five of this article, in the case of an 11 eligible research and development project.

- (2) "Eligible taxpayer" means an industrial taxpayer 12 13 who purchases new property for the purpose of industrial 14 expansion, or for the purpose of revitalizing an existing 15 industrial facility in this state; or a taxpayer who purchases 16 property or services (or both) for the purpose of conducting 17 an eligible research and development project in this state.
- "Eligible research and development project" means 18 19 a research and development project engaged in or 20 conducted within this state, by a person who is engaged in 21 this state in the business of producing natural resources or 22 in an industrial business when such research and 23 development project is conducted for purposes relating to 24 the technical, economic, financial, engineering or 25 marketing aspects of expanding markets for, and 26 increasing sales of, this state's natural resource products, or 27 industrial products (or both).
- (4) "Industrial business" means any privilege taxable 28 29 under section two-b or two-m, article thirteen of this 30 chapter, and includes a manufacturing service taxable 31 under section two-h of said article: Provided, That on and 32 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 33 eighty-seven, the term "industrial business" shall mean the 34 business of manufacturing, compounding or preparing 35 tangible personal property for sale, profit or commercial 36 use, the business of generating electric power, and the 37 business of providing a manufacturing service, which were 38 taxable, respectively, under sections two-b, two-m and 39 two-h, article thirteen of this chapter on the first day of 40 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
- (5) "Industrial facility" means any factory, mill, plant, 42 refinery, warehouse, buildings or complex of buildings 43 located within this state, including the land on which it is 44 located, and all machinery, equipment and other real and 45 tangible personal property located at or within such facility 46 used in connection with the operation of such facility in an 47 industrial business.
- (6) "Industrial revitalization" means capital 48 49 investment in an industrial facility located in this state to 50 replace or modernize buildings, equipment, machinery and 51 other tangible personal property used in connection with

52 the operation of such facility in an industrial business of the 53 taxpayer, including the acquisition of any real property 54 necessary to the industrial revitalization.

- (7) "Industrial expansion" means capital investment in 56 a new or expanded industrial facility in this state.
- (8) "Industrial taxpayer" means any person subject to 57 58 business and occupation taxes under article thirteen of this 59 chapter, exercising any privilege taxable under section 60 two-b or two-m of said article thirteen, or providing a 61 manufacturing service taxable under section two-h of said 62 article thirteen: Provided, That on and after the first day of 63 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, "industrial 64 taxpayer" shall mean any person subject to tax under 65 section two-n, article thirteen of this chapter; or any person 66 subject to tax under article thirteen-a or twenty-three of 67 this chapter engaging in any activity that was taxable under 68 section two-b, article thirteen of this chapter, on the first 69 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five; or 70 any person taxable under article twenty-three of this 71 chapter providing a manufacturing service that was 72 taxable under section two-h, article thirteen of this chapter 73 on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 74 eighty-five.
- 75 (9) "Manufacturing service" means a privilege that 76 would be taxable under section two-b, article thirteen of 77 this chapter, if title to the raw materials used in the 78 manufacturing process was vested in the taxpayer 79 exercising the privilege taxable under section two-h of said 80 article thirteen.
- (10) Subject to subdivision (12) below, "property 81 82 purchased for an eligible research and development 83 project" means real property, and improvements thereto, 84 and tangible personal property, but only if such real or 85 personal property is constructed or purchased on or after 86 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, 87 for use as a component part of an eligible research and 88 development project which is located within this state on or 89 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 90 eighty-five. This term includes only tangible personal 91 property with respect to which depreciation or 92 amortization, in lieu of depreciation, is allowable in 93 determining the personal income tax or corporation net

94 income tax liability of the purchaser under article twenty-95 one or twenty-four of this chapter. Property acquired by 96 written lease for a term of ten years or longer, if used as a 97 component part of an eligible research and development 98 project, shall be included within this definition.

99 (11) Subject to subdivision (13) below, "property 100 purchased for industrial expansion" means real property, 101 and improvements thereto, and tangible personal property. 102 but only if such property was constructed, or purchased, on 103 or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 104 sixty-nine, for use as a component part of a new or 105 expanded industrial facility (as defined in subdivision (5) of 106 this subsection) located within this state. This term includes 107 only tangible personal property with respect to which 108 depreciation, or amortization in lieu of depreciation, is 109 allowable in determining the personal income tax or 110 corporation net income tax liability of the industrial 111 taxpaver under article twenty-one or twenty-four of this 112 chapter, and has a useful life, at the time such property is 113 placed in service or use in this state, of four years or more. 114 Property acquired by written lease, for a primary term of 115 ten years or longer, if used as a component part of a new or 116 expanded industrial facility, shall be included within this 117 definition.

(12) Subject to subdivision (13) below, "property 118 119 purchased for industrial revitalization" means real 120 property, and improvements thereto, and new tangible 121 personal property, but only if such property was 122 constructed, or purchased, on or after the first day of July, 123 one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, for use as a 124 component part of an ongoing industrial facility (as defined 125 in subdivision (5) of this subsection located within this state. 126 This term includes only tangible personal property with 127 respect to which depreciation is allowable in determining the 128 personal income tax or corporation net income tax liability 129 of the industrial taxpayer under article twenty-one or twenty-130 four of this chapter, and has a useful life at the time the 131 property is placed in service or use in this state of four years 132 or more. Property acquired by written lease for a primary 133 term of ten years or longer, if used as a component part of 134 an industrial revitalization, shall be included within this 135 definition.

- 136 "Property purchased for industrial expansion," "property purchased for industrial revitalization" and 137 "property purchased for an eligible research and 138 development project" shall not include: 139
- 140 (A) Repair costs including materials used in the repair, unless for federal income tax purposes the cost of the repair 141 must be capitalized and not expensed: 142
- 143 (B) Motor vehicles licensed by the department of motor 144 vehicles:
- 145 (C) Airplanes;

- 146 (D) Off-premise transportation equipment;
- 147 Property which is primarily used outside this state; (E) 148 and
- (F) Property which is acquired incident to the purchase 149 150 of the stock or assets of an industrial taxpayer, which property was or had been used by the seller in his industrial 151 business in this state, or which property was previously 152 designated "property purchased for industrial expansion" 153 or "property purchased for industrial revitalization," or 154 "property purchased for eligible research and development 155 project," and used to qualify for business and occupation 156 tax credit for industrial expansion or revitalization, or for 157 an eligible research and development project. 158
- (14) Property shall be deemed to have been purchased 159 160 prior to a specified date only if:
- (A) The physical construction, reconstruction or 161 162 erection of the property was begun prior to the specified 163 date, or such property was constructed, reconstructed, 164 erected or acquired pursuant to a written contract as 165 existing and binding on the taxpayer prior to the specified 166 date:
- (B) The machinery or equipment was owned by the 167 168 taxpayer prior to the specified date or was acquired by the 169 taxpayer pursuant to a binding purchase contract which was in effect prior to such date; or 170
- (C) In the case of leased property, there was a binding written lease or contract to lease identifiable property in 173 effect prior to the specified date.
- (15) "Taxpayer" means any person taxable under 174 175 article thirteen of this chapter: Provided, That on and after 176 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, "taxpayer" shall mean any person taxable under 177 article thirteen, thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter. 178

§11-13D-3. Amount of credit allowed for industrial expansion or revitalization and for eligible research and development projects.

- 1 (a) Credit allowed.—There shall be allowed to eligible 2 taxpayers a credit against the taxes imposed by article 3 thirteen, thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter, for 4 industrial expansion or revitalization, and for eligible 5 research and development projects. The amount of credit shall be determined as hereinafter provided in this section.
- (b) Qualified investment for industrial expansion; July 7 8 1, 1969 — March 31, 1978.—For property purchased for 9 industrial expansion during the period beginning the first 10 day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, and 11 ending the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine 12 hundred seventy-eight, the amount of allowable credit shall 13 be equal to ten percent of the qualified investment (as 14 determined in section four) made for industrial expansion, 15 and shall reduce the business and occupation tax liability of 16 the industrial taxpayer under article thirteen of this 17 chapter, subject to the following conditions and 18 limitations:
- 19 (1) The amount of credit allowable shall be applied over 20 a ten year period, at the rate of one-tenth thereof per taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the 22 qualified investment is first placed in service or use in this 23 state.

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- (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not 25 reduce the business and occupation tax under article thirteen of this chapter, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed for such taxable year in the 27 absence of this credit against tax, computed before application of the annual exemption allowed by section three, article thirteen of this chapter.
- 31 (3) No carryover to a subsequent taxable year or carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the amount of any unused portion of any annual credit 33 allowance. Such unused credit shall be forfeited. 34
- 35 (c) Qualified investment for industrial expansion; April 36 1, 1978—February 28, 1985.—For property purchased for industrial expansion during the period beginning the first 37 day of March, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, and ending the twenty-eighth day of February, one

thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the amount of allowable credit shall be equal to ten percent of the 41 42 qualified investment (as determined in section four) made 43 for industrial expansion, and shall reduce the business and 44 occupation tax liability of the industrial taxpayer under sections two-b, two-h and two-m, article thirteen of this 45 chapter, subject to the following conditions and 46 limitations: 47

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- (1) The amount of credit allowable shall be applied over 49 a ten-year period, at the rate of one-tenth thereof per taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the qualified investment is first placed in service or use in this 52 state.
- 53 (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not 54 reduce the business and occupation taxes imposed by 55 section two, article thirteen of this chapter, under sections 56 two-b, two-h and two-m, article thirteen of this chapter, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed 58 for such taxable year, in the absence of this credit against 59 tax, computed before application of the annual exemption allowed by section three, article thirteen of this chapter: 60 61 Provided. That the tax under section two-h of said article 62 thirteen, shall not be reduced by more than fifty percent of 63 the tax attributable to the privilege of manufacturing for 64 another, which privilege would be taxable under section 65 two-b of said article thirteen, if title to the raw materials 66 involved in the manufacturing process were vested in the 67 taxpayer exercising the privilege taxable under section 68 two-h of said article thirteen.
- 69 (3) No carryover to a subsequent taxable year or 70 carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the amount of any unused portion of any annual credit allowance. Such unused credit shall be forfeited. 72
- (d) Eligible investment for industrial revitalization; 73 74 July 1, 1981—February 28, 1985.—For property purchased 75 for industrial revitalization during the period beginning the 76 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, and ending the twenty-eighth day of February, one 77 78 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the amount of allowable credit shall be equal to ten percent of the eligible 79 80 investment (as determined under section four) made for industrial revitalization, and shall reduce the business and

82 occupation tax under sections two-b and two-h, article 83 thirteen of this chapter, subject to the following conditions 84 and limitations:

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- (1) The allowable credit shall be applied over a ten-year period at the rate of one tenth of the amount thereof per taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the eligible investment is first placed in service or use in this state.
- 90 (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not 91 reduce the business and occupation taxes imposed by 92 section two, article thirteen of this chapter, under sections 93 two-b and two-h of said article, below fifty percent of the 94 amount which would be imposed for the taxable year in the 95 absence of this credit against tax, computed before application of the annual exemption allowed by section 96 97 three, article thirteen of this chapter: Provided. That the 98 tax under section two-h of said article thirteen, shall not be 99 reduced by more than fifty percent of the tax attributable to 100 the privilege of manufacturing for another, which privilege 101 would be taxable under section two-b of said article 102 thirteen, if title to the raw materials involved in the 103 manufacturing process were vested in the taxpayer 104 exercising the privilege taxable under section two-h of said 105 article thirteen.
- 106 (3) When in any taxable year the eligible industrial 107 taxpayer is entitled to claim credit under both this 108 subsection (d) and under subsection (b) or (c), or both, of this 109 section, the total amount of all credits allowed under this 110 section shall not exceed the fifty percent rule outlined in 111 subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- 112 (4) No carryover to a subsequent taxable year or 113 carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the 114 amount of any unused portion of any annual credit 115 allowance. Any unused credit shall be forfeited.
- 116 (5) No credit shall be allowed under this section for any 117 property purchased for industrial revitalization prior to the 118 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one.
- 119 (e) Eligible investment for industrial expansion or 120 revitalization after February 28, 1985.—For property 121 purchased for industrial expansion or industrial 122 revitalization on or after the first day of March, one 123 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the amount of

124 allowable credit shall be equal to ten percent of the eligible 125 investment (as determined in section four) made for 126 industrial expansion or industrial revitalization, and shall 127 reduce the business and occupation tax imposed under 128 article thirteen of this chapter subject to the following 129 conditions and limitations:

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- (1) The amount of credit allowable shall be applied over 131 a ten-year period, at the rate of one-tenth thereof per 132 taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the 133 eligible investment is first placed in service or use in this 134 state.
- (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not 136 reduce the business and occupation taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter, below fifty percent of the 138 amount which would be imposed for such taxable year in the absence of this credit against tax, computed before application of the annual exemption allowed by section 141 three, article thirteen of this chapter.
- (3) When in any taxable year the industrial taxpayer is 142 143 entitled to claim credit under this subsection (e) and under 144 subsection (b), (c) or (d) of this section (or any combinations 145 thereof), the total amount of all credits allowed under this section shall not exceed the fifty percent rule outlined in subdivision (2) of this subsection. 147
- (4) No carryover to a subsequent taxable year or carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the 149 amount of any unused portion of any annual credit 150 151 allowance. Such unused credit shall be forfeited.
- (5) When in any taxable year the industrial taxpayer is 153 entitled to claim credit under this article and article 154 thirteen-e of this chapter, the total amount of all such credits allowable for the taxable year shall not reduce the amount of business and occupation taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed for such taxable year, computed before allowance of the annual exemption allowed by 159 160 section three, article thirteen of this chapter.
- (6) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (e) 162 for any property purchased on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for which credit is allowed under article thirteen-c of this chapter.
 - (7) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (e)

166 for any property purchased for industrial expansion or 167 industrial revitalization prior to the first day of March, one 168 thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

- 169 Eligible investment for research and development 170 project after June 30, 1985.—For property and services 171 purchased for an eligible research and development project 172 on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 173 eighty-five, the amount of allowable credit shall be equal to 174 ten percent of the eligible investment (as determined in 175 section five) made for an eligible research and development 176 project, and shall reduce the business and occupation taxes 177 under sections two-a, two-b, two-h and two-m, article 178 thirteen of this chapter, subject to the following conditions 179 and limitations:
- (1) The allowable credit shall be applied over a ten-year 181 period at the rate of one tenth of the amount thereof per taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the eligible investment is first placed in service or use in this state, or is expensed for federal income tax purposes.

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- (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not 186 reduce the business and occupation taxes imposed by 187 section two, article thirteen of this chapter, under section 188 two-a of said article, on the business of producing natural 189 resources; under section two-b of said article thirteen, on 190 the business of manufacturing, compounding or preparing tangible personal property for sale; under section two-h of 191 said article thirteen on the providing of a manufacturing 192 193 service; and under section two-m of said article thirteen, on the business of generating electric power, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed for the taxable year in the absence of this credit against tax, computed before application of the annual exemption allowed by section three, article thirteen of this chapter.
 - (3) When in any taxable year the eligible taxpayer is entitled to claim credit under both this subsection (f) and subsection (b), (c) or (d) of this section (or any combinations thereof), the total amount of all credits allowed under this section shall not exceed the fifty percent rule outlined in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - (4) No carryover to a subsequent tax year or carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the amount of any unused portion of any annual credit allowance. Any unused credit shall be forfeited.

- 209 (5) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (f) 210 for any property purchased for an eligible research and 211 development project, when such property is used to 212 determine the eligible investment under section four of this 213 article, or determine the amount of credit allowable under 214 article thirteen-c of this chapter.
- 215 (6) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (f) 216 for any property purchased for research and development 217 prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 218 eighty-five.
- 219 (g) Credit limitation.—The aggregate amount of credit 220 allowable under this article and article thirteen-e of this 221 chapter, against the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this 222 chapter for the taxable year, shall in no event exceed fifty 223 percent of the tax due for the taxable year, computed prior 224 to application of the tax credits provided by this article and 225 articles thirteen-c and thirteen-e of this chapter, and the 226 annual exemption allowed provided by section three, 227 article thirteen of this chapter.
- 228 (h) Application of credit after June 30, 1987.—On and 229 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 230 eighty-seven, the credits allowed under subsections (b), (c), 231 (e) and (f) of this section shall be applied to and reduce the 232 taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-233 three of this chapter: Provided, That this credit shall not 234 reduce the sum of the net tax liability of the taxpayer under 235 articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-three of this 236 chapter, for taxable year below fifty percent of the amount 237 thereof, determined before application of the credits 238 allowed by this article and article thirteen-c or thirteen-e, 239 or both, of this chapter.

§11-13D-4. Eligible investment for industrial expansion or revitalization.

- 1 (a) General.—The eligible or qualified investment in property purchased for industrial expansion or revitalization shall be the applicable percentage of the cost of each property purchased for the purpose of industrial expansion or revitalization, which is placed in service or use in this state, by the eligible taxpayer during the taxable year.
- 8 (b) Applicable percentage.—For the purpose of

9	subsection (a), the applicable percentage for any property	
	shall be determined under the following table:	

	ii useiul lite is:	The applicable percentage is:
12	4 years or more but less	than 6 years 331/3
		than 8 years 663/3

The useful life of any property for purposes of this section shall be determined as of the date such property is first placed in service or use in this state by the taxpayer, determined in accordance with federal income tax law.

- (c) Cost.—For purposes of subsection (a), the cost of each property purchased for industrial expansion or revitalization, or for conduct of an eligible research and development project, shall be determined under the following rules:
- 24 (1) Trade-ins.—Cost shall not include the value of 25 property given in trade or exchange for the property 26 purchased for industrial expansion or revitalization.
 - (2) Damaged, destroyed or stolen property.—If property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other casualty, or is stolen, then the cost of replacement property shall not include any insurance proceeds received in compensation for the loss.
 - (3) Rental property.—The cost of property acquired by lease for a term of ten years or longer shall be one hundred percent of the rent reserved for the primary term of the lease, not to exceed twenty years.
 - (4) Property purchased for multiple use.—The cost of property purchased for multiple business use including use as a component part of a new or expanded or revitalized industrial business, together with some other business or activity not eligible for credit under this article, shall be apportioned between such businesses and occupations. The amount apportioned to the new or expanded or revitalized industrial business, shall be considered to be as an eligible investment, subject to the conditions and limitations of this section.
 - (5) Self-constructed property.—In the case of self-constructed property, the cost thereof shall be the amount properly charged to the capital account for purposes of depreciation.

- (a) General.—The eligible investment in a research and 1 development project shall be the sum of the applicable percentage of the cost of land and depreciable property purchased for the conduct of an eligible research and 4 development project, which is placed in service or use in this state during the taxable year, plus the amount of 6 qualified research expenses (as defined in this section) 8 deducted by the eligible taxpayer, for federal income tax 9 purposes.
 - (b) Applicable percentage of property.—For the purpose of subsection (a), the applicable percentage for land and depreciable property shall be determined under the following table:

13 If useful life is: 14 The applicable percentage is: 15 6 years or more but less than 8 years 662/3 16 17

The useful life of any property for purposes of this section shall be determined as of the date such property is first placed in service or use in this state by the taxpayer, determined in accordance with federal income tax law.

- (c) Cost of property.—For purposes of subsection (a), the cost of each property purchased for the conduct of an eligible research and development project shall be determined under the following rules:
- Trade-ins.—Cost shall not include the value of property given in trade or exchange for the property purchased for conduct of the research and development project.
- (2) Damaged, destroyed or stolen property.—If property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other casualty, or is stolen, then the cost of replacement property shall not include any insurance proceeds received in compensation for the loss.
- 35 (3) Rental property.—The cost of property acquired by lease for a term of ten years or longer shall be one hundred 36 percent of the rent reserved for the primary term of the 37 lease, not to exceed twenty years. 38
- (4) Property purchased for multiple use.—The cost of property purchased for multiple business use including **4**0 direct use in the conduct of an eligible research and 42 development project, together with some other business or



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activity not eligible under this section, shall be apportioned between such activities. The amount apportioned to the 45 conduct of the eligible research and development project 46 shall be considered to be eligible investment subject to the 47 conditions and limitations of this section.

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- (5) Self-constructed property.—In the case of selfconstructed property, the cost thereof shall be the amount properly charged to the capital account for depreciation in accordance with federal income tax law.
- (d) Qualified research expenses.—For purposes of this 53 section:
- 54 (1) "Qualified research expenses" means the sum of 55 in-house and contract research expenses for qualified 56 research allocated to this state, which are paid or incurred 57 by the eligible taxpayer during the taxable year in carrying 58 on any trade or business taxable under sections two-a, 59 two-b and two-m, article thirteen of this chapter, or under 60 section two-h of said article thirteen (in the case of 61 manufacturing services only): Provided, That on and after 62 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-63 seven, "qualified research expenses" shall mean the sum of 64 in-house and contract research expenses for qualified 65 research, allocated to this state, which are paid or incurred 66 by the eligible taxpayer during the taxable year in carrying 67 on any trade or business taxable under article thirteen, 68 thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter, that would have 69 been taxable under section two-a, two-b, two-m or two-h 70 (in the case of manufacturing services only) of said article 71 thirteen, as in effect on the first day of January, one 72 thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

In no event shall "qualified research expenses" include 74 any expense that must be capitalized and depreciated for 75 federal income tax purposes, or any expenditure paid or 76 incurred for the purpose of ascertaining the existence, location, extent or quality of any deposit of coal, limestone 78 or other natural resource, including oil and natural gas.

- (2) "In-house research expenses" means:
- (A) Wages paid or incurred to an employee for qualified services performed in this state by such employee;
- (B) Amounts paid or incurred for supplies used in the 82 conduct of qualified research in this state; and 83
 - (C) Amounts paid or incurred to another person for the

85 right to use personal property in the conduct of qualified 86 research in this state.

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- (3) "Qualified services" means services consisting of:
- (A) Engaging in qualified research in this state; or
- 89 (B) Engaging in the direct supervision or direct support 90 of research activities in this state, which constitute 91 qualified research.

If substantially all of the services performed by an individual for the taxpayer during the taxable year consist of services meeting the requirements of subparagraph (A) or (B), the term "qualified services" means all services performed by such individual for the taxable year.

- (4) "Supplies" means any tangible property other than:
- (A) Land or improvements to land; and
- 99 (B) Property of a character subject to depreciation for 100 federal income tax purposes.
- "Wages" has the meaning given to such term by 101 Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as 102 amended. In the case of self-employed individuals and 103 104 owner-employees (within the meaning of Section 401(c)(1) of said Internal Revenue Code), the term "wages" includes 105 106 the earned income (as defined in Section 401(c)(2) of said Internal Revenue Code) of such employee. The term 107 108 "wages" shall not include any amount taken into account in 109 determining the federal targeted jobs credit under Section 110 51(a) of said Internal Revenue Code.
- 111 (6) "Contract research expenses" means:
- 112 (A) In general, sixty-five percent of any amount paid or 113 incurred by the taxpayer to any person (other than an 114 employee of the taxpayer) for qualified research.
- 115 (B) If any contract research expenses paid or incurred 116 during any taxable year are attributable to qualified 117 research to be conducted after the close of the taxable year, 118 such amount shall be treated as paid or incurred during the 119 taxable year during which the qualified research is 120 conducted.
- 121 (7) "Qualified research" means research and 122 development conducted for purposes relating to the 123 technical, economic, financial, engineering or marketing 124 aspects of expanding markets for and increasing sales of 125 this state's natural resource products or manufactured 126 products, or both: *Provided*, That it shall not include:

- 127 Research or development conducted outside this 128 state:
- 129 (B) Research or development not directly related to 130 increasing the uses for and sales of this state's natural 131 resource products and industrial products: 132
 - Research in the social sciences or humanities; or
- 133 (D) Research and development to the extent funded by 134 any grant, contract or otherwise by another person (or any 135 governmental entity). 136
- (e) Research by colleges, universities and certain 137 research organizations.—In general, sixty-five percent of 138 the amount paid or incurred by a corporation to any 139 nonprofit educational organization which is an institution -140 of higher education (as defined in Section 3304 (f) of the 141 Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended), an institution 142 of higher education subject to the jurisdiction of the West 143 Virginia board of regents, or any other nonprofit 144 organization exempt from federal income taxes which is 145 organized and operated primarily to conduct scientific 146 research and is not a private foundation for federal income 147 tax purposes for research to be performed by such 148 organization shall be treated as contract research expenses.
- 149 The preceding sentence shall apply only if the amount is paid or incurred pursuant to a written research agreement 150 151 between the corporation and the qualified organization. 152 (f) Standards for determining qualified research
- 153 expenses.—In prescribing standards for determining which 154 research and development expenses are 'considered to be 155 West Virginia qualified research expenses for purposes of 156 this section, the tax commissioner may consider: (1) The 157 place where the services are performed; (2) the residence or 158 business location of the person or persons performing the 159 services; (3) the place where qualified research supplies are 160 consumed; and (4) other factors that the tax commissioner believes relevant in determining whether or not the
- 161
- research and development expenses, land and depreciable 162
- property were purchased and used for qualified research, as 163
- 164 defined in this article, during the taxable year.

Forfeiture of unused tax credits; redetermination §11-13D-6. of credit required.

1 (a) Disposition of property or cessation of use.-If during any taxable year, property with respect to which a tax credit has been allowed under this article:

- (1) Is disposed of prior to the end of its useful life, as determined under section four or five of this article; or
- 6 (2) Ceases to be used in the new or expanded or 7 revitalized industrial business, or in the eligible research and development project, of the taxpayer in this state prior 8 to the end of its useful life, as determined under said section 9 four or five, then the unused portion of the credit allowed 10 for such property shall be forfeited for the taxable year and 11 all ensuing years. Additionally, except when the property is 12 damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other 13 casualty, or is stolen, the taxpayer shall redetermine the 14 15 amount of credit allowed in all earlier years by reducing the applicable percentage of cost of such property allowed 16 under said section three, to correspond with the percentage 17 of cost allowable for the period of time that the property 18 was actually used in this state in the industrial business of 19 20 the taxpayer. Taxpayer shall then file a reconciliation 21 statement with its annual business and occupation tax return for the year in which the forfeiture occurs and pay 22 any additional business and occupation taxes owed due to 23 24 reduction of the amount of credit allowable for such earlier 25 years, plus interest and any applicable penalties: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 26 hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article 27 28 twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-29 30 three of this chapter (or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)." 31
- (b) Cessation of operation of industrial facility or eligible research and development project.—If during any taxable year, the industrial taxpayer ceases operation of an industrial facility in this state, or of an eligible research and development project, for which credit was allowed under this article, or article thirteen-c of this chapter prior to its repeal, before expiration of the useful life of the property with respect to which tax credit has been allowed under this article or article thirteen-c of this chapter prior to its repeal, 41 then the unused portion of the allowed credit shall be forfeited for the taxable year and all ensuing years. Additionally, except when the cessation is due to fire, flood,



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storm or other casualty, the taxpayer shall redetermine the 45 amount of credit allowed in earlier years by reducing the applicable percentage of cost of such property allowed 46 47 under section three, to correspond with the percentage of 48 cost allowable for the period of time that the property was 49 actually used in this state in the industrial business of the 50 taxpayer. Taxpayer shall then file a reconciliation 51 statement with its annual business and occupation tax 52 return for the year in which the forfeiture occurs and pay 53 any additional business and occupation taxes owed due to 54 reduction of the amount of credit allowable for such earlier 55 years, plus interest and any applicable penalties: Provided, 56 That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 57 hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article 58 twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean 59 "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twentythree of this chapter (or any one or combination of such 60 61 articles of this chapter)."

§11-13D-7. Transfer of eligible investment to successors.

- 1 (a) Mere change in form of business.—Property shall not
 2 be treated as disposed of under section six of this article, by
 3 reason of a mere change in the form of conducting the
 4 business as long as the property is retained in a similar
 5 industrial business activity in this state and the taxpayer
 6 retains a controlling interest in the successor business. In
 7 this event, the successor business shall be allowed to claim
 8 the amount of credit still available with respect to the
 9 industrial facility or facilities transferred (or to the eligible
 10 research and development project); and the taxpayer
 11 (transferor) shall not be required to redetermine the amount
 12 of credit allowed in earlier years.
- Transfer or sale to successor.—Property shall not be 13 14 treated as disposed of under section six by reason of any transfer or sale to a successor business which continues to 15 operate the industrial facility in this state. Upon transfer or 16 sale, the successor shall acquire the amount of credit that 17 remains available under this article for each subsequent 18 taxable year and the taxpayer (transferor) shall not be 19 required to redetermine the amount of credit allowed in 20 21 earlier years.

§11-13D-8. Prior industrial expansion credit preserved.

- 1 Any tax credit to which an industrial taxpayer became
- 2 entitled under article thirteen-c of this chapter, before the
- 3 repeal of said article thirteen-c, shall be fully and
- 4 completely preserved under the provisions of this article, as
- 5 if the provisions of this article were in effect at the time the
- 6 qualifying investment was made.

§11-13D-9. Severability.

- 1 (a) If any provision of this article or the application
- 2 thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of
- 3 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall
- 4 not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said
- 5 article, but shall be confined in its operation to the
- 6 provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in
- 7 which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the
- 8 applicability of such provision to other persons or
- 9 circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- 10 (b) If any provision of this article or the application
- 11 thereof shall be made invalid or inapplicable by reason of
- 12 the failure of the Legislature to enact any statute therein
- 13 addressed or referred to, or by reason of the repeal or any
- 14 other invalidation of any statute therein addressed or
- 15 referred to, such failure to reenact on such repeal or
- 16 invalidation of any such statute shall not affect, impair or
- 17 invalidate the remainder of the said article, but shall be
- 18 confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly
- 19 involved with, pertaining to, addressing or referring to the
- 20 said statute, and the application of such provision with
- 21 regard to other statutes or in other instances not affected by
- 22 any such invalid or repealed statute shall not be abrogated
- 23 or diminished in any way.

ARTICLE 13E. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR COAL LOADING FACILITIES.

- §11-13E-2. Definitions.
- §11-13E-3. Amount of credit allowed for coal loading facilities.
- §11-13E-5. Forfeiture of unused tax credits; redetermination of credit required.
- §11-13E-6. Transfer of eligible investment to successors.
- §11-13E-7. Severability.

§11-13E-2. Definitions.

1 (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same

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- meaning as when used in a comparable context in article
 thirteen or thirteen-a of this chapter, unless a different
 meaning is clearly required by the context of its use or by
 definition in this article.
 - (b) For purpose of this article, the term:
- 7 (1) "Coal loading facility" means any building or 8 structure specifically designed and solely used to transfer 9 coal from a coal processing or preparation facility, or from a 10 coal storage facility, or both, or from any means of 11 transportation, to any means of rail or barge transportation 12 used to move coal, including such land as is directly 13 associated with and solely used for the coal loading facility. 14 and including any device or combination of machinery and 15 equipment that is directly associated with and solely used 16 for the loading of coal. This definition applies only when the 17 transfer is to any means of rail or barge transportation and 18 specifically excludes the transfer to any other form of 19 transportation. This may include, but is not limited to, the 20 coal loading tipple, conveyors, coal storage facilities, 21 weighing equipment and rail trackage, if they are directly 22 associated with and solely used for the loading of coal. In no 23 event may the eligible investment in a coal loading facility, 24 for purposes of this credit, include the cost of any coal 25 processing, preparation, blending or sizing facility or 26 equipment, or any combination thereof, even though 27 physically a part of the coal loading facility, and even 28 though such coal processing, preparation, blending or 29 sizing facility or equipment, or any combination thereof, is 30 necessary or essential to the loading of commercially usable 31 or marketable coal.
 - (2) "Eligible taxpayer" means any person subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter who purchases real or personal property, or a combination thereof, for the purpose of building or constructing a new or expanded coal loading facility in this state, or who revitalizes an existing coal loading facility located in this state, and upon completion, operates the new or expanded or revitalized coal loading facility: *Provided*, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "subject to tax under article thirteen of this chapter" shall mean "subject to tax under article thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter."

- (3) "Revitalization" means capital investment in a coal loading facility located in this state to replace or modernize buildings, structures, equipment, machinery and other tangible personal property directly associated with and solely used in the operation of a coal loading facility, including the acquisition of any real property directly associated with and solely used in the operation of a revitalized coal loading facility.
- (4) Subject to subdivision (5) below, "property purchased for a coal loading facility" means real property and improvements thereto and tangible personal property, but only if such real or personal property is constructed or purchased for use as a component part of a new or expanded coal loading facility, or the revitalization of an existing coal loading facility located within this state. This term includes only tangible personal property with respect to which depreciation, or amortization in lieu of depreciation, is allowable in determining the personal income tax or corporation net income tax due under article twenty-one or twenty-four of this chapter, and has a useful life at the time such property is placed in service or use in this state of four years or more. Property acquired by written lease for a term of ten years or longer, if used as a component part of a coal loading facility, shall be included within this definition.
- 69 (5) "Property purchased for a coal loading facility" 70 shall not include:
- 71 (A) Property which qualifies or was qualified for credit 72 under article thirteen-c or thirteen-d of this chapter;
 - (B) Repair costs, including materials used in making the repair, unless for federal income tax purposes the cost of the repair must be capitalized and not expensed;
- 76 (C) Motor vehicles licensed by the department of motor 77 vehicles;
 - (D) Airplanes;

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- (E) Off-premise transportation equipment;
- (F) Property which is primarily used outside the state;
- (G) Property purchased prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three; and
- (H) Property which is acquired incident to the purchase of the stock or assets of a taxpayer which property was or had been used by the seller in his business in this state, or

which property was previously designated "property purchased for industrial expansion" or "property purchased for industrial revitalization" under article thirteen-d of this chapter and used to qualify for the tax credit provided by either of said articles.

- (6) Property shall be deemed to have been purchased prior to a specified date only if:
- (A) The physical construction, reconstruction or erection of the property was begun prior to the specified date, or such property was constructed, reconstructed, erected or acquired pursuant to a written contract as existing and binding on the taxpayer prior to the specified date:
- 99 (B) The machinery or equipment was owned by the 100 taxpayer prior to the specified date or was acquired by the 101 taxpayer pursuant to a binding purchase contract which 102 was in effect prior to such date; or
- 103 (C) In the case of leased property, there was a binding 104 written lease or contract to lease identifiable property in 105 effect prior to the specified date.

§11-13E-3. Amount of credit allowed for coal loading facilities.

- 1 (a) There shall be allowed to eligible taxpayers a credit
 2 against the business and occupation taxes imposed by
 3 article thirteen, thirteen-a or twenty-three of this chapter,
 4 for investment in a new or expanded or revitalized coal
 5 loading facility. The amount of this credit shall be
 6 determined as hereinafter provided in this section.
 7 (b) Pre March 1, 1985 investment.—For investment in a
 - (b) Pre March 1, 1985 investment.—For investment in a new or expanded or revitalized coal loading facility made on or after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and prior to the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the amount of this credit shall be equal to ten percent of the cost of the eligible investment (as determined in section four) made in a coal loading facility and shall reduce the business and occupation taxes imposed by section two, article thirteen of this chapter, under sections two-a, two-b and two-h of said article thirteen of this chapter, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- 19 (1) The allowable credit shall be applied over a ten-year 20 period at the rate of one tenth of the amount thereof per

taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the
eligible investment is first placed in service or use in this
state.

- (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not reduce the business and occupation taxes imposed by section two, article thirteen of this chapter, under section two-a of said article thirteen, on the business of producing coal; under section two-b of said article thirteen, on the business of manufacturing, compounding or preparing coal for sale; and under section two-h of said article thirteen, on the activity of loading coal, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed for the taxable year in the absence of the annual exemption allowed by section three, article thirteen of this chapter.
- (3) When in any taxable year the eligible taxpayer is entitled to claim credit under this article and article thirteen-d of this chapter, the total amount of credits allowed under sections two-b and two-h, article thirteen of this chapter, shall not exceed fifty percent of the tax liability under said sections, on manufacturing or manufacturing-service activity.
- (4) No carryover to a subsequent tax year or carryback to a prior tax year shall be allowed for the amount of any unused portion of the credit allowed under this subsection (b) for the taxable year. Any unused credit shall be forfeited.
- (5) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (b) for any property purchased for a coal loading facility prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.
- (c) Post February 28, 1985 investment.—For investment in a new or expanded or revitalized coal loading facility made on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the amount of the credit shall be equal to ten percent of the cost of eligible investment (as determined in section four) made in a coal loading facility and shall reduce the business and occupation tax imposed under article thirteen of this chapter, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- (1) The amount of credit allowable shall be applied over a ten-year period, at the rate of one-tenth thereof per taxable year, beginning with the taxable year in which the

- 63 eligible investment is first placed in service or use in this64 state.
 - (2) The amount of annual credit allowed shall not reduce the business and occupation taxes under article thirteen of this chapter, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed for such taxable year in the absence of this credit against tax, computed before application of the annual exemption allowed by section three, article thirteen of this chapter.
 - (3) When in any taxable year the eligible taxpayer is entitled to claim credit computed under two or more subsections of this section, the total amount of all credits allowable under this section shall not exceed the fifty percent rule outlined in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
 - (4) No carryover to a subsequent taxable year or carryback to a prior taxable year shall be allowed for the amount of any unused portion of any annual credit allowance. Such unused credit shall be forfeited.
 - (5) When in any taxable year the eligible taxpayer is entitled to claim credit under this article and article thirteen-d of this chapter, the total amount of all such credits allowable for the taxable year shall not reduce the amount of business and occupation taxes under article thirteen of this chapter, below fifty percent of the amount which would be imposed for such taxable year computed before allowance of the annual exemption allowed by section three, article thirteen of this chapter.
 - (6) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (c) for any property purchased on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for which credit is allowed under article thirteen-c of this chapter.
 - (7) No credit shall be allowed under this subsection (c) for any property purchased for a coal loading facility prior to the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.
 - (d) Credit limitation.—The aggregate amount of credit allowable under this article and article thirteen-e of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter, for the taxable year, shall in no event exceed fifty percent of the tax due for the taxable year computed prior to application of the tax credits provided by this article and article thirteen-d of this chapter, and the annual exemption



105 provided by section three, article thirteen of this chapter. 106 Application of credit after June 30, 1987.—On and 107 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 108 eighty-seven, the credits allowed under subsections (b), (c), 109 (e) and (f) of this section, shall be applied to and reduce the taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-110 111 three of this chapter: Provided, That this credit shall not 112 reduce the sum of the net tax liability of the taxpayer under 113 articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-three of this chapter for the taxable year below fifty percent of the 114 amount thereof, determined before application of the 115 116 credits allowed by this article and article thirteen-c or thirteen-d, or both, of this chapter. 117

§11-13E-5. Forfeiture of unused tax credits; redetermination of credit required.

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- (a) Disposition of property or cessation of use.—If during any taxable year, property with respect to which a tax credit has been allowed under this article:
- (1) Is disposed of prior to the end of its useful life, as determined under section three of this article; or
- 6 (2) Ceases to be used in a coal loading facility by the 7 eligible taxpayer, in this state, prior to the end of its useful 8 life, as determined under said section three of this article, 9 then the unused portion of the credit allowed for such property shall be forfeited for the taxable year and all 10 11 ensuing years. Additionally, except when the property is damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm or other 12 13 casualty, or is stolen, the taxpayer shall redetermine the amount of credit allowed in all earlier years by reducing the 14 15 applicable percentage of cost of such property allowed under said section three of this article, to correspond with 16 the percentage of cost allowable for the period of time that 17 the property was actually used in this state as a coal loading 18 facility of the eligible taxpayer. The taxpayer shall then file 19 a reconcilation statement with its annual business and 20 occupation tax return for the year in which the forfeiture 21 occurs and pay any additional business and occupation 22 taxes, plus interest and any applicable penalties: Provided, 23 That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 24 hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article 25 twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean 26

"taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twentythree of this chapter (or any one or combination of such
articles of this chapter)."

(b) Cessation of operation of coal loading facility.—If 30 during any taxable year the eligible taxpayer ceases 31 operation of a coal loading facility in this state, for which 32 credit was allowed under this article, before expiration of 33 the useful life of the property with respect to which tax 34 credit has been allowed under this article, then the unused 35 portion of the allowed credit shall be forfeited for the 36 taxable year and all ensuing years. Additionally, except 37 when the cessation is due to fire, flood, storm or other 38 casualty, the taxpayer shall redetermine the amount of credit allowed in earlier years by reducing the applicable percentage of cost of such property allowed under section three of this article, to correspond with the percentage of 42 cost allowable for the period of time that the property was 43 actually used in this state in a coal loading facility of the 44 eligible taxpayer. The taxpayer shall then file a 45 reconciliation statement with its annual business and occupation tax return for the year in which the forfeiture occurs and pay any additional business and occupation taxes, plus interest and any applicable penalties: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 50 hundred eighty-seven, the phrase "taxes imposed by article 51 twelve-a or thirteen (or both) of this chapter" shall mean 52 "taxes imposed by articles thirteen, thirteen-a and twenty-53 three of this chapter (or any one or combination of such articles of this chapter)."

§11-13E-6. Transfer of eligible investment to successors.

1 (a) Mere change in form of business.—Property shall not
2 be treated as disposed of under section five of this article by
3 reason of a mere change in the form of conducting the
4 business as long as the property is used as or in a coal
5 loading facility in this state and the taxpayer retains a
6 controlling interest in the successor business. In this event,
7 the successor business shall be allowed to claim the amount
8 of credit still available with respect to the coal loading
9 facility or facilities transferred and the taxpayer
10 (transferor) shall not be required to redetermine the amount
11 of credit allowed in earlier years.

12 (b) Transfer or sale to successor.—Property shall not be
13 treated as disposed of under section five by reason of any
14 transfer or sale to a successor business which continues to
15 operate the coal loading facility in this state. Upon transfer
16 or sale, the successor shall acquire the amount of credit that
17 remains available under this article for each subsequent
18 taxable year, and the taxpayer (transferor) shall not be
19 required to redetermine the amount of credit allowed in
20 earlier years.

§11-13E-7. Severability.

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- (a) If any provision of this article or the application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of said article, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- 9 (b) If any provision of this article or the application 10 thereof shall be made invalid or inapplicable by reason of 11 the failure of the Legislature to enact any statute therein 12 addressed or referred to, or by reason of the repeal or any 13 other invalidation of any statute therein addressed or 14 referred to, such failure to reenact on such repeal or 15 invalidation of any such statute shall not affect, impair or 16 invalidate the remainder of the said article, but shall be 17 confined in its operation to the provision thereof directly 18 involved with, pertaining to, addressing or referring to the 19 said statute, and the application of such provision with 20 regard to other statutes or in other instances not affected by 21 any such invalid or repealed statute shall not be abrogated 22 or diminished in any way. 23

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

- §11-23-17a. Tax credit for business investment and jobs expansion; industrial expansion and revitalization; eligible research and development projects; coal loading facilities.
 - (a) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
 imposed by this article for the taxable year the amount

- 3 determined under articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and 4 thirteen-e of this chapter relating respectively to:
- 5 (1) The tax credit for business investment and jobs expansion;
- 7 (2) The tax credit for industrial expansion and 8 revitalization and eligible research and development 9 projects; and
- 10 (3) The tax credit for coal loading facilities.
- 11 (b) The tax commissioner shall prescribe such 12 regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes 13 of this section and articles thirteen-c, thirteen-d and 14 thirteen-e of this chapter.
- 15 (c) This provision shall take effect on the first day of 16 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

CHAPTER 165

(S. B. 621—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 30, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to updating meaning of terms used in the West Virginia personal income tax act; and making such updating retroactive to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-9. Meaning of terms.

- 1 Any term used in this article shall have the same mean-
- 2 ing as when used in a comparable context in the laws of
- 3 the United States relating to income taxes, unless a dif-
- 4 ferent meaning is clearly required. Any reference in this

- 5 article to the laws of the United States shall mean the
- 6 provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as
- 7 amended, and such other provisions of the laws of the
- 8 United States as relate to the determination of income for
- 9 federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to
- 10 the laws of the United States prior to the first day of
- 11 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be
- 12 given effect in determining the taxes imposed by this
- 13 article for the tax period beginning the first day of Janu-
- 14 ary, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and there-
- 15 after, but no amendment to the laws of the United States
- 16 made on or after the first day of January, one thousand
- 17 nine hundred eighty-five shall be given effect.

CHAPTER 166

(S. B. 343—By Senator Parker)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventy-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the employer's return and payment of state income tax withheld; date for filing monthly return for taxes withheld in the month of December.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventy-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-74. Employer's return and payment of withheld taxes.

- . _
- 1 (a) General.—Every employer required to deduct and 2 withhold tax under this article shall, for each calendar
- 3 quarter, on or before the last day of the month following the
- 4 close of such calendar quarter, file a withholding return as
- 5 prescribed by the tax commissioner and pay over to the tax
- 6 commissioner the taxes so required to be deducted and

withheld. Where the aggregate amount so deducted and withheld by any employer is less than twenty-five dollars in a calendar quarter and the aggregate for the calendar year can reasonably be expected to be less than one hundred dollars, the tax commissioner may by regulation permit an employer to file an annual return and pay over to the tax commissioner the taxes deducted and withheld on or before the last day of the month following the close of such calendar year. The tax commissioner may, if he believes such action necessary for the protection of the revenues, require any employer to make such return and pay to him the tax deducted and withheld at any time, or from time to time.

- 20 (b) Monthly returns and payments of withheld tax for April and May, 1971.—Notwithstanding the provisions of 21 22 subsection (a), in the case of each of the months of April and 23 May, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, every 24 employer required to deduct and withhold tax under this 25 article, except any employer with respect to whom the tax 26 commissioner may have by regulation provided otherwise 27 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a), shall, 28 for the months of April and May, one thousand nine 29 hundred seventy-one, file a withholding return for each of 30 such months as prescribed by the tax commissioner and pay 31 over to the tax commissioner the taxes so required to be 32 deducted and withheld for each of such months by the 33 twentieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-34 one.
- 35 (c) Monthly returns and payments of withheld tax on and after June 1, 1971.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), on and after June 1, 1971, every employer required to deduct and withhold tax under this article shall, for each of the first eleven months of the calendar year, on or before the twentieth day of the succeeding month and for the last calendar month of the year, on or before the last day of the succeeding month, file a withholding return as prescribed by the tax commissioner and pay over to the tax commissioner the taxes so required to be deducted and withheld, if such withheld taxes aggregate one hundred dollars or more for such month; except any employer with respect to whom the tax commissioner may have by

- 48 regulation provided otherwise in accordance with the 49 provisions of subsection (a).
- (d) Deposit in trust for tax commissioner.—Whenever any employer fails to collect, truthfully account for, pay over the tax, or make returns of the tax as required in this section, the tax commissioner may serve a notice requiring such employer to collect the taxes which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such taxes in a bank approved by the tax commissioner, in a separate account, in trust for and payable to the tax commissioner, and to keep the amount of such tax in such account until payment over to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall remain in effect
- 59 to the tax commissioner. Such notice shall remain in effect 60 until a notice of cancellation is served by the tax
- 60 until a notice of cancellation is served by the tax 61 commissioner.

CHAPTER 167

(S. B. 622—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April I, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twenty-four, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to updating meaning of terms used in the West Virginia corporation net income tax act; and making such updating retroactive to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twenty-four, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

*§11-24-3. Meaning of terms.

- 1 (a) General.—Any term used in this article shall have
- 2 the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1693, which passed subsequent to this act.

3 the laws of the United States relating to federal income 4 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by the 5 context or by definition in this article. Any reference in this 6 article to the laws of the United States or to the Internal 7 Revenue Code or to the federal income tax law shall mean 8 the provisions of the laws of the United States as relate to 9 the determination of income for federal income tax 10 purposes. All amendments made to the laws of the United 11 States prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-five, shall be given effect in determining 13 the taxes imposed by this article for the tax period 14 beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-four, and thereafter, but no amendment to 16 laws of the United States made on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall be 18 given effect.

- (b) Certain terms defined.—For purposes of this article:
- 20 (1) The term "tax commissioner" means the tax 21 commissioner of the state of West Virginia or his delegate.

- 22 (2) The term "corporation" means and includes a joint-23 stock company or any association which is taxable as a 24 corporation under the federal income tax law.
- 25 (3) The term "domestic corporation" means any 26 corporation organized under the laws of West Virginia.
- 27 (4) The term "foreign corporation" means any 28 corporation other than a domestic corporation.
- 29 (5) The term "state" means any state of the United 30 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 31 Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United 32 States, and any foreign country or political subdivision 33 thereof.
- 34 (6) The term "taxable year" means the taxable year for 35 which the taxable income of the taxpayer is computed 36 under the federal income tax law.
- 37 (7) The term "taxpayer" means a corporation subject to 38 the tax imposed by this article.
- 39 (8) The term "tax" includes, within its meaning, interest 40 and additions to tax, unless the intention to give it a more 41 limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
- 42 (9) The term "commercial domicile" means the 43 principal place from which the trade or business of the 44 taxpayer is directed or managed.

- (10) The term "compensation" means wages, salaries, 45 commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to 46 employees for personal services. 47
- (11) The term "West Virginia taxable income" means 48 the taxable income of a corporation as defined by the laws 49 of the United States for federal income tax purposes, 50 adjusted as provided in section six of this article: *Provided*. 51 That in the case of a corporation having income from 52 business activity which is taxable without this state, its 53 "West Virginia taxable income" shall be such portion of its 54 55 taxable income as so defined and adjusted as is allocated or 56 apportioned to this state under the provisions of section 57 seven of this article.
- (12) The term "business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business and includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management and disposition of the property constitute 62 integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business 64 operations.

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- (13) The term "nonbusiness income" means all income 65 66 other than business income.
- (14) The term "public utility" means any business 67 activity to which the jurisdiction of the public service 68 commission of West Virginia extends under section one, 69 article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West 70 71 Virginia.
- The term "this code" means the code of West (15)72 73 Virginia.
- The term "this state" means the state of West (16)74 75 Virginia.

CHAPTER 168

(S. B. 52—By Senator Tucker)

[Passed March 22, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter eleven-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to publication by the sheriff of a notice of sale of land for delinquent taxes; notice to landowners and lienholders; manner and time of notice.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article three, chapter eleven-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES.

§11A-3-2. Second publication of list of delinquent real estate; notice.

1	On or before September tenth of each year, the sheriff
2	shall prepare a second list of delinquent lands, which shall
3	include all real estate in his county remaining delinquent as
4	of September first, together with a notice of sale, in form or
5	effect as follows:
6	Notice is hereby given that the following described tracts
7	or lots of land or undivided interests therein in the County
8	of which are delinquent for the nonpayment
9	of taxes for the year (or years) 19, will be offered for sale
10	by the undersigned sheriff (or collector) at public auction at
11	the front door of the courthouse of the county, between the
12	hours of ten in the morning and four in the afternoon, on the
13	, 19
14	Each unredeemed tract or lot, or each unredeemed part
15	thereof or undivided interest therein, will be sold at public
16	auction to the highest bidder for cash in an amount which
17	shall not be less than the taxes, interest and charges which
18	shall be due thereon to the date of sale, as set forth in the
19	following table:

- Name of person Quantity Local Total amount of taxes,
 charged of descriptinterest and charges
 with taxes land tion due to date of sale
- Any of the aforesaid tracts or lots, or part thereof or an undivided interest therein, may be redeemed by the payment to the undersigned sheriff (or collector) before sale, of the total amount of taxes, interest and charges due thereon up to the date of redemption.

28	Given under my hand this day of
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31	Sheriff (or collector).

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The sheriff shall publish the list and notice prior to the sale date fixed in the notice as a Class III-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county. In addition to such publication, no less than thirty days prior to the sale the sheriff shall send a notice of such delinquency by certified mail to the last known address of each person whose taxes are delinquent and to each person having a lien on real property upon which the taxes are due, as disclosed by a valid lien instrument duly recorded in the office of the clerk of the county commission: Provided, That in a case where one owner owns more than one parcel of real property upon which taxes are delinquent, the sheriff may, at his option, mail separate notices to the owner and each lienholder for each parcel, or may prepare and mail to the owner and each lienholder a single notice which pertains to all such delinquent parcels. If he elects to mail only one notice, that notice shall set forth a legally sufficient description of all parcels of property on which taxes are delinquent. In no event shall failure to receive the mailed notice by the landowner or lienholder affect the validity of the title of the property conveyed if it is sold pursuant to section four, article three, chapter eleven-a of this code.

To cover the cost of preparing and publishing the delinquent list and mailing notice to the landowner and any lienholder, a charge of six dollars shall be added to the taxes, interest and charges already due on each item and other charges shall be stated in the list as the total amount due.

Any person, whose taxes were delinquent on September first, may have his name removed from the delinquent list prior to the time the same is delivered to the newspapers for publication and the mailing of the above required notice by paying to the sheriff the full amount of taxes and costs owed by such person at the date of such redemption. In such case, the sheriff shall include but fifty cents of the costs provided

- 69 in this section in making such redemption. Costs collected
- 70 by the sheriff hereunder which are not expended for
- 71 publication and mailing shall be paid into the general
- 72 county fund.

CHAPTER 169

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1575—By Delegate J. Martin and Delegate Starcher)

[Passed April 3, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-e, relating to licensing of transient merchants; definitions relating thereto; providing certain exemptions from licensing; prohibiting a transient merchant from transacting business in this state without a license; requiring certain information to be contained in applications for such licenses; requiring the commissioner of labor to prepare application forms and license certificates; establishing license fees and bonding requirements; providing for the issuance, nontransferability, validity and renewal of such license; requiring registered agents of transient merchants to be residents of this state; requiring the commissioner of labor to maintain a list of licensed transient merchants and their registered agents; providing for the secretary of state to accept service of process on behalf of transient merchants without registered agents; requiring registration of transient vendors with the sheriff of each county in which business will be transacted; registration fees; requiring sheriffs to maintain a list of registered transient merchants; authorizing conduct of business in counties and certain exceptions relating thereto; requiring display of license, registration receipt and business franchise certificates; criminal penalties for violations; and enforcement against violators.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-e, to read as follows:

ARTICLE IIE. TRANSIENT MERCHANT LICENSING ACT.

- §47-11E-1. Short title.
- §47-11E-2. General definitions.
- §47-11E-3. Application; exemptions.
- §47-11E-4. Licenses to operate as transient merchants.
- §47-11E-5. Applications for transient merchant licenses.
- §47-11E-6. License fee; bond required.
- §47-11E-7. Issuance of licenses; nontransferability; conditions of validity.
- §47-11E-8. Registered agents; state residency requirements; service of process, notice, etc., upon registered agents.
- §47-11E-9. Listings of transient merchants and registered agents to be maintained by commissioner.
- §47-11E-10. Service of process, notices, etc., upon secretary of state.
- §47-11E-11. Local registration with county sheriff; fee; display of license.
- §47-11E-12. Activities prohibited; criminal penalties; enforcement.

§47-11E-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Transient Merchant Licensing Act."

§47-11E-2. General definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the following words and phrases shall
- 2 have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section:
- (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of labor or his
 duly authorized representative.
- 5 (b) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partner-6 ship, association or entity.
- 7 (c) "Temporary or transient business" means any business
- 8 conducted for the sale or offer for sale of goods, wares or
- 9 merchandise which is carried on in any building, structure,
- 10 motor vehicle, railroad car or real estate for a period of less
- 11 than six months in each year.
- 12 (d) "Merchandise, goods or wares" means any consumer
- 13 item that is, or is represented to be, new or not previously
- 14 owned by a consumer.
- 15 (e) "Transient merchant" means any person, firm, corpora-
- 16 tion, partnership or other entity which engages in, does or
- 17 transacts any temporary or transient business in the state,
- 18 either in one locality or in traveling from place to place in
- 19 the state, offering for sale or selling goods, wares, merchandise
- 20 or services and includes those merchants who, for the purpose
- 21 of carrying on such business, hire, lease, use or occupy any

22 building, structure, motor vehicle, railroad car or real estate.

§47-11E-3. Application; exemptions.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall not apply to:
- 2 (1) Sales at wholesale to retail merchants by commercial travelers or selling agents in the usual course of business;
- 4 (2) Wholesale trade shows or conventions;
- 5 (3) Sales of goods, wares or merchandise by sample 6 catalogue or brochure for future delivery;
- 7 (4) State and local fairs and conventions;
- 8 (5) Any general sale, fair, auction or bazaar sponsored by any church, religious or nonprofit organization;
- 10 (6) Garage sales held on premises devoted to residential use;
- 11 (7) Sales of crafts or items made by hand and sold or 12 offered for sale by the person making such crafts or handmade 13 items;
- (8) Sales of agricultural products, except nursery products
 and foliage plants;
- 16 (9) Sales made by a seller at residential premises pursuant 17 to an invitation issued by the owner or legal occupant of such 18 premises; or
- 19 (10) A person who operates a permanent business in this 20 state and in connection with the permanent business, operates 21 a temporary business location and prominently displays the 22 business name and permanent address while conducting 23 business from the temporary business location.
- A transient merchant not otherwise exempted from the provisions of this article shall not be relieved or exempted
- 26 from the provisions of this article by reason of associating
- 27 himself temporarily with any local dealer, auctioneer, trader,
- 28 contractor or merchant or by conducting such temporary or
- 29 transient business in connection with or in the name of any
- 30 local dealer, auctioneer, trader, contractor or merchant.

§47-11E-4. Licenses to operate as transient merchants.

- It is unlawful for any transient merchant to transact business
- 2 in this state unless such merchant and the owners of any

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- goods, wares or merchandise to be offered for sale or sold,
- 4 if such are not owned by the merchant, shall have first secured
- 5 a license and shall have otherwise complied with the
- 6 requirements of this article.

§47-11E-5. Applications for transient merchant licenses.

- 1 (a) Any transient merchant desiring to transact business 2 shall make application for and obtain a license from the 3 commissioner. The application for license shall be filed with 4 the commissioner and shall include the following information:
 - (1) The name and permanent address of the transient merchant making the application and if the applicant is a firm or corporation the name and address of the members of the firm or the officers of the corporation, as the case may be;
- 9 (2) If the applicant is a corporation, there shall be stated on the application form the date of incorporation, the state of incorporation, and if the applicant is a corporation formed in a state other then the state of West Virginia, the date on which such corporation qualified to transact business as a foreign corporation in the state of West Virginia;
 - (3) A statement showing the kind of business proposed to be conducted, the length of time for which the applicant desires to transact such business and the location of such proposed place of business;
- 19 (4) The name and permanent address of the transient 20 merchant's registered agents or offices;
- 21 (5) A statement that the applicant has acquired all other required city, county and state permits and licenses;
- 23 (6) A receipt or statement showing that any personal 24 property taxes due on goods, wares or merchandise to be 25 offered for sale have been paid, including any taxes due under 26 the provisions of section eight, article five, chapter eleven of 27 this code;
 - (7) A written statement by each registered agent designated in the application for a license that the agent is a resident of the state of West Virginia and shall be agent of the transient merchant upon whom any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the transient merchant may be served; and

- 34 (8) Counties in which the transient merchant intends to conduct business.
- 36 (b) The commissioner shall design and cause to be printed 37 appropriate forms for applications for licenses and for the 38 license certificates to be issued to applicants under this article.

§47-11E-6. License fee; bond required.

1 Each application for a transient merchant license shall be 2 accompanied by a license fee of two hundred fifty dollars and by a cash bond or a surety bond issued by a corporate surety 3 4 authorized to do business in the state in the amount of two 5 thousand dollars or five percent of the wholesale value of any 6 goods, wares, merchandise or services to be offered for sale 7 whichever sum is lesser. The surety bond shall be in favor of 8 the state of West Virginia and shall assure the payment by the 9 applicant of all taxes that may be due from the applicant to 10 the state or any political subdivision of the state, the payment 11 of any fines that may be assessed against the applicant or its 12 agents or employees for violation of the provisions of this 13 article and for the satisfaction of all judgments that may be rendered against the transient merchant or its agents or 14 15 employees in any cause of action commenced by any purchaser 16 of goods, wares, merchandise or services within one year from the date of the sale by such transient merchant. The bonds 17 shall be maintained so long as the transient merchant conducts 18 business in the state of West Virginia and for a period of one 19 year after the termination of such business and shall be 20 21 released only when the transient merchant furnishes satisfactory proof to the commissioner that it has satisfied all claims 22 of purchasers of goods, wares, merchandise or services from 23 such merchant and that all state and local sales taxes and other 24 taxes have been paid. 25

§47-11E-7. Issuance of licenses; nontransferability; conditions of validity.

A transient business license shall be issued hereunder only when all requirements of this article have been met, such license shall not be transferable, shall be valid only for a period of ninety days and shall be valid only for the business stated in the application. A license so issued shall be valid for only one person unless such person shall be a member of a

- 7 partnership or employee of a firm or corporation obtaining
- 8 such license.
- 9 A license may be renewed for an additional period of ninety
- 10 days upon payment of an additional license fee of ten dollars.

§47-11E-8. Registered agents; state residency requirements; service of process, notice, etc., upon registered agents.

- 1 Each registered agent designated by a transient merchant in
- 2 the application for a license shall be a resident of the state
- 3 of West Virginia and shall be agent of the transient merchant
- 4 upon whom any process, notice or demand required or
- 5 permitted by law to be served upon the transient merchant
- 6 may be served. The registered agent shall agree in writing to
- 7 act as such agent and a copy of the agreement to so act shall
- B be filed by the applicant with the application for license
- 9 required by section five of this article.

§47-11E-9. Listings of transient merchants and registered agents to be maintained by commissioner.

- 1 The commissioner shall maintain an alphabetical list of all
- 2 transient merchants for each county and the names and
- 3 addresses of their registered agents.

§47-11E-10. Service of process, notices, etc., upon secretary of state.

- 1 If any transient merchant doing business or having done
- 2 business in this state shall fail to have or maintain a registered
- 3 agent in this state or if such registered agent cannot be found
- 4 at a permanent address in this state, the secretary of state shall
- 5 be an agent of such transient merchant for service of all
- 6 process, notices or demands. Service on the secretary of state 7 shall be made in the manner provided by section thirty-three,
- 8 article three, chapter fifty-six of this code, as amended. The
- 9 provisions of this section shall not limit or otherwise affect the
- 10 right of any person to serve any process, notice or demand
- 11 in any other manner now or hereafter authorized by law.

§47-11E-11. Local registration with county sheriff; fee; display of license.

- 1 After receipt of a transient vendor license from the
- 2 commissioner, a transient vendor shall pay a five dollar
- 3 registration fee and shall register in the office of the sheriff
- 4 in each county in which the transient vendor intends to do

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5 business. The sheriff's office shall maintain and make available 6 to police agencies and the public, upon request, a current 7 listing of such registrations including date and time of 8 registration. Upon registration with the sheriff and offering 9 proof of licensing as required by section four of this article. 10 the vendor shall be authorized to conduct business in that 11 county for the seventy-two hour period immediately following 12 registration, except that nothing herein shall be deemed to 13 permit the conduct of business in those counties wherein the 14 same is prohibited on Sunday pursuant to the provisions of 15 article ten, chapter sixty-one of this code, and except that 16 nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the conduct of 17 business on public rights-of-way or other areas where the 18 conduct of business is otherwise prohibited, and except that 19 nothing herein shall be deemed to authorize the conduct of 20 business prior to registration with the state tax department 21 pursuant to the provisions of article twelve, chapter eleven of 22 this code.

A transient vendor conducting any business pursuant to this article shall prominently display at the business site the license issued by the commissioner of labor, the receipt from the sheriff of the county wherein the business is being conducted, and the business franchise certificate issued by the state tax department.

§47-11E-12. Activities prohibited; criminal penalties; enforcement.

No person or entity shall transact a transient business as 1 2 defined in this article without having first obtained a license 3 therefor from the commissioner and without having then registered with the sheriff in the county in which the transient 4 vendor transacts any business, nor shall any person or entity 5 knowingly advertise, offer for sale or sell any goods, wares, 6 merchandise or service in violations of the provisions of this 7 8 article.

Any person or entity violating any provision of this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than two hundred nor more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned. The penalties prescribed herein shall be in addition to any other penalties prescribed by law for violation

- 16 of any other criminal offense committed by any such person 17 or entity.
- Notwithstanding the enforcement powers of the commis-18 sioner of labor and the state department of labor, violators 19
- 20 of this article shall be subject to investigation and arrest by 21
 - state, county and local law-enforcement officers.

CHAPTER 170

(H. B. 1904—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Albright, and Delegate Swann, by request of the Executive)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one; section ten, article five; sections one, one-b and fifteen, article six; section one, article eight; and section eleven, article ten, all of chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the employment security generally, the unemployment compensation trust fund and the employee contributions thereto; employee eligibility for benefits and the qualifications therefor; requalification requirements; disqualification for such benefits; benefit payments for service with educational institutions; and the establishment and use of certain information provided.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one; section ten, article five; sections one, one-b and fifteen, article six; section one, article eight; and section eleven, article ten, all of chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article.

- 1. Department of Employment Security.
- 5. Employer Coverage and Responsibility.
- 6. Employee Eligibility; Benefits.
- 8. Unemployment Compensation Fund.
- General Provisions.

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ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY. §21A-1-3. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

"Administration fund" means the employment security administration fund, from which the administrative expenses under this chapter shall be paid.

"Annual payroll" means the total amount of wages for employment paid by an employer during a twelve-month period ending with June thirty of any calendar year.

"Average annual payroll" means the average of the last three annual payrolls of an employer.

"Base period" means the first four out of the last five completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of the individual benefit year.

"Base period employer" means any employer who in the base period for any benefit year paid wages to an individual who filed claim for unemployment compensation within such benefit year.

"Base period wages" means wages paid to an individual during the base period by all his base period employers.

"Benefit year" with respect to an individual means the fifty-two-week period beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which a valid claim is effective, and thereafter the fifty-two-week period beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which such individual next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his last preceding benefit year. An initial claim for benefits filed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed to be a valid claim within the purposes of this definition if the individual has been paid wages in his base period sufficient to make him eligible for benefits under the provisions of this chapter.

31 "Benefits" means the money payable to an individual with respect to his unemployment.

33 "Board" means board of review.

"Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March thirty-one, June thirty, September thirty or December thirty-one, or the equivalent

37 thereof as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe.

"Commissioner" means the employment security commissioner.

"Computation date" means June thirty of the year immediately preceding the January one on which an employer's contribution rate becomes effective.

"Employing unit" means an individual, or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company, corporation (domestic or foreign), state or political subdivision thereof, or their instrumentalities, as provided in paragraph (b), subdivision (9) of the definition of "employment" in this section, institution of higher education, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, which has on January first, one thousand nine hundred thirty-five, or subsequent thereto, had in its employ one or more individuals performing service within this state.

"Employer" means:

- (1) Until January one, one thousand nine hundred seventytwo, any employing unit which for some portion of a day, not necessarily simultaneously, in each of twenty different calendar weeks, which weeks need not be consecutive, within either the current calendar year, or the preceding calendar year, has had in employment four or more individuals irrespective of whether the same individuals were or were not employed on each of such days;
- (2) Any employing unit which is or becomes a liable employer under any federal unemployment tax act;
- (3) Any employing unit which has acquired or acquires the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets thereof, of an employing unit which at the time of such acquisition was an employer subject to this chapter;
- (4) Any employing unit which, after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and until January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, in any one calendar quarter, in any calendar year, has in employment four or more individuals and has paid wages for employment in the total

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- sum of five thousand dollars or more, or which, after such date, has paid wages for employment in any calendar year in the sum total of twenty thousand dollars or more;
- 78 (5) Any employing unit which, after December thirty-one, 79 one thousand nine hundred sixty-three, and until January one, 80 one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, in any three-week 81 period, in any calendar year, has in employment ten or more 82 individuals;
 - (6) For the effective period of its election pursuant to section three, article five of this chapter, any employing unit which has elected to become subject to this chapter;
 - (7) Any employing unit which, after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, (i) in any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year paid for service in employment wages of one thousand five hundred dollars or more, or (ii) for some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding calendar year had in employment at least one individual (irrespective of whether the same individual was in employment in each such day) except as provided in subdivisions eleven and twelve hereof:
- 97 (8) Any employing unit for which service in employment, 98 as defined in subdivision (9) of the definition of "employment" 99 in this section, is performed after December thirty-one, one 100 thousand nine hundred seventy-one;
- 101 (9) Any employing unit for which service in employment, 102 as defined in subdivision (10) of the definition of "employ-103 ment" in this section, is performed after December thirty-one, 104 one thousand nine hundred seventy-one;
- 105 (10) Any employing unit for which service in employment, 106 as defined in paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision (9) of the 107 definition of "employment" in this section, is performed after 108 December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-109 seven;
- (11) Any employing unit for which agricultural labor, as defined in subdivision (12) of the definition of "employment" in this section, is performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven;

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- (12) Any employing unit for which domestic service in employment, as defined in subdivision (13) of the definition of "employment" in this section, is performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
- "Employment," subject to the other provisions of this section, means:
- 120 (1) Service, including service in interstate commerce, 121 performed for wages or under any contract of hire, written or 122 oral, express or implied;
- 123 (2) Any service performed prior to January one, one 124 thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which was employment as defined in this section prior to such date and, subject to 125 the other provisions of this section, service performed after 126 127 December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, 128 by an employee, as defined in section 3306(i) of the Federal 129 Unemployment Tax Act, including service in interstate 130 commerce;
- 131 (3) Any service performed prior to January one, one 132 thousand nine hundred seventy-two, which was employment 133 as defined in this section prior to such date and, subject to 134 the other provisions of this section, service performed after 135 December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, 136 including service in interstate commerce, by any officer of a 137 corporation;
 - (4) An individual's entire service, performed within or both within and without this state if: (a) The service is localized in this state or (b) the service is not localized in any state but some of the service is performed in this state and (i) the base of operations, or, if there is no base of operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this state or (ii) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed but the individual's residence is in this state;
 - (5) Service not covered under paragraph four of this subdivision and performed entirely without this state with respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid under an unemployment compensation law of any other state or of the federal government, shall be deemed to be

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- employment subject to this chapter if the individual performing such services is a resident of this state and the commissioner approves the election of the employing unit for whom such services are performed that the entire service of such individual shall be deemed to be employment subject to this chapter;
 - (6) Service shall be deemed to be localized within a state, if: (a) The service is performed entirely within such state; or (b) the service is performed both within and without such state, but the service performed without such state is incidental to the individual's service within this state, as, for example, is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions;
- 166 (7) Services performed by an individual for wages shall be 167 deemed to be employment subject to this chapter unless and 168 until it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner that: 169 (a) Such individual has been and will continue to be free from 170 control or direction over the performance of such services, 171 both under his contract of service and in fact; and (b) such 172 service is either outside the usual course of the business for 173 which such service is performed or that such service is 174 performed outside of all the places of business of the enterprise 175 for which such service is performed; and (c) such individual 176 is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, 177 occupation, profession or business;
- 178 (8) All service performed by an officer or member of the 179 crew of an American vessel (as defined in section three hundred five of an act of Congress entitled Social Security Act 180 181 Amendment of 1946, approved August tenth, one thousand 182 nine hundred forty-six), on or in connection with such vessel, 183 provided that the operating office, from which the operations 184 of such vessel operating on navigable waters within and 185 without the United States is ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled, is within this 186 187 state;
- 188 (9) (a) Service performed after December thirty-one, one 189 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an individual in the 190 employ of this state or any of its instrumentalities (or in the 191 employ of this state and one or more other states or their 192 instrumentalities) for a hospital or institution of higher

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- education located in this state: *Provided*, That such service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act solely by reason of section 3306(c) (7) of that act and is not excluded from "employment" under subdivision (11) of the exclusion from employment;
 - (b) Service performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in the employ of this state or any of its instrumentalities or political subdivisions thereof or any of its instrumentalities or any instrumentality of more than one of the foregoing or any instrumentality of any foregoing and one or more other states or political subdivisions: *Provided*, That such service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act by section 3306(c)(7) of that act and is not excluded from "employment" under subdivision (15) of the exclusion from employment in this section; and
- 209 (c) Service performed after December thirty-one, one 210 thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in the employ of a 211 nonprofit educational institution which is not an institution of 212 higher education;
- 213 (10) Service performed after December thirty-one, one 214 thousand nine hundred seventy-one, by an individual in the 215 employ of a religious, charitable, educational or other 216 organization but only if the following conditions are met:
- 217 (a) The service is excluded from "employment" as defined 218 in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act solely by reason of 219 section 3306(c)(8) of that act; and
 - (b) The organization had four or more individuals in employment for some portion of a day in each of twenty different weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, within either the current or preceding calendar year, regardless of whether they were employed at the same moment of time;
 - (11) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the United States, performed outside the United States after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, (except in Canada and in the case of Virgin Islands after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and before January one of the year following the year in which the secretary of labor approves for the first time an unemployment

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- insurance law submitted to him by the Virgin Islands for approval) in the employ of an American employer (other than
- 234 service which is deemed "employment" under the provisions
- of subdivision (4), (5) or (6) of this definition of "employment"
- or the parallel provisions of another state's law) if:
- 237 (a) The employer's principal place of business in the United 238 States is located in this state; or
- 239 (b) The employer has no place of business in the United 240 States, but (i) the employer is an individual who is a resident 241 of this state; or (ii) the employer is a corporation which is 242 organized under the laws of this state; or (iii) the employer 243 is a partnership or a trust and the number of the partners or 244 trustees who are residents of this state is greater than the 245 number who are residents of any one other state; or
 - (c) None of the criteria of subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision (11) is met but the employer has elected coverage in this state or, the employer having failed to elect coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based on such service, under the law of this state.
- An "American employer," for purposes of this subdivision
 (11) means a person who is (i) an individual who is a resident
 of the United States; or (ii) a partnership if two thirds or more
 of the partners are residents of the United States; or (iii) a
 trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States;
 or (iv) a corporation organized under the laws of the United
 States or of any state;
 - (12) Service performed after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, by an individual in agricultural labor as defined in subdivision (5) of the exclusions from employment in this section when:
 - (a) Such service is performed for a person who (i) during any calendar quarter in either the current or the preceding calendar year paid remuneration in cash of twenty thousand dollars or more to individuals employed in agricultural labor or (ii) for some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding calendar year, employed in agricultural labor ten or more individuals, regardless of whether they were employed at the same moment of time;

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- (b) Such service is not performed in agricultural labor if performed before January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, by an individual who is an alien admitted to the United States to perform service in agricultural labor pursuant to sections 214(c) and 101(a)(15)(H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;
 - (c) For the purposes of the definition of employment, any individual who is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person shall be treated as an employee of such crew leader (i) if such crew leader holds a valid certificate of registration under the Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act of 1963; or substantially all the members of such crew operate or maintain tractors, mechanized harvesting or crop-dusting equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided by such crew leader; and (ii) if such individual is not an employee of such other person within the meaning of subdivision (7) of the definition of employer;
 - (d) For the purposes of this subdivision (12), in the case of any individual who is furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person and who is not treated as an employee of such crew leader under subparagraph (c) of this subdivision (12), (i) such other person and not the crew leader shall be treated as the employer of such individual; and (ii) such other person shall be treated as having paid cash remuneration to such individual in an amount equal to the amount of cash remuneration paid to such individual by the crew leader (either on his own behalf or on behalf of such other person) for the service in agricultural labor performed for such other person;
 - (e) For the purposes of this subdivision (12), the term "crew leader" means an individual who (i) furnishes individuals to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person, (ii) pays (either on his own behalf or on behalf of such other person) the individuals so furnished by him for the service in agricultural labor performed by them, and (iii) has not entered into a written agreement with such other person under which such individual is designated as an employee of such other person;
 - (13) The term "employment" shall include domestic service

- 311 after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred 312 seventy-seven, in a private home, local college club or local 313 chapter of a college fraternity or sorority performed for a 314 person who paid cash remuneration of one thousand dollars
- 315 or more after December thirty-one, one thousand nine
- 316 hundred seventy-seven, in any calendar quarter in the current
- 317 calendar year or the preceding calendar year to individuals
- 318 employed in such domestic service.
- 319 Notwithstanding the foregoing definition of "employment," 320 if the services performed during one half or more of any pay 321 period by an employee for the person employing him 322 constitute employment, all the services of such employee for 323 such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the 324 services performed during more than one half of any such pay 325 period by an employee for the person employing him do not 326 constitute employment, then none of the services of such 327 employee for such period shall be deemed to be employment.
- 328 The term "employment" shall not include:
- 329 (1) Service performed in the employ of this state or any 330 political subdivision thereof, or any instrumentality of this 331 state or its subdivisions, except as otherwise provided herein 332 until December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred 333 seventy-seven;
- 334 (2) Service performed directly in the employ of another 335 state, or its political subdivisions, except as otherwise provided 336 in paragraph (a), subdivision (9) of the definition of 337 "employment," until December thirty-one, one thousand nine 338 hundred seventy-seven;
- 339 (3) Service performed in the employ of the United States 340 or any instrumentality of the United States exempt under the 341 Constitution of the United States from the payments imposed 342 by this law, except that to the extent that the Congress of the 343 United States shall permit states to require any instrumental-344 ities of the United States to make payments into an 345 unemployment fund under a state unemployment compensa-346 tion law, all of the provisions of this law shall be applicable 347 to such instrumentalities and to service performed for such instrumentalities, in the same manner, to the same extent and 348 349 on the same terms as to all other employers, employing units, individuals and services: Provided, That if this state shall not 350

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- 351 be certified for any year by the secretary of labor under section 352 1603(c) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, the payments 353 required of such instrumentalities with respect to such year 354 shall be refunded by the commissioner from the fund in the 355 same manner and within the same period as is provided in 356 section nineteen, article five of this chapter, with respect to 357 payments erroneously collected:
- (4) Service performed after June thirty, one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine, with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act and service with respect to which unemployment benefits are payable under an unemployment compensation system for maritime employees established by an act of Congress. The commissioner may enter into agreements with the proper agency established under such an act of Congress to provide reciprocal treatment to individuals who, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment compensation 368 under an act of Congress, or who have, after acquiring 369 potential rights to unemployment compensation under an act of Congress, acquired rights to benefit under this chapter. Such agreement shall become effective ten days after such publications which shall comply with the general rules of the department:
 - (5) Service performed by an individual in agricultural labor, except as provided in subdivision (12) of the definition of "employment" in this section. For purposes of this subdivision (5), the term "agricultural labor" includes all services performed:
 - (a) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training and management of livestock, bees, poultry and fur-bearing animals and wildlife;
 - (b) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm:

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- 391 (c) In connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in section fifteen (g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended, or in connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes;
 - (d) (i) In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such operator produced more than one half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed; or (ii) in the employ of a group of operators of farms (or a cooperative organization of which such operators are members) in the performance of service described in clause (i), but only if such operators produced more than one half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed; but the provisions of clauses (i) and (ii) shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption;
 - (e) On a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business or is domestic service in a private home of the employer. As used in this subdivision (5), the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animals, truck farms, plantations, ranches, greenhouses, ranges and nurseries, or other similar land areas or structures used primarily for the raising of any agricultural or horticultural commodities;
 - (6) Domestic service in a private home except as provided in subdivision (13) of the definition of "employment" in this section;
- 426 (7) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his 427 son, daughter or spouse;
- 428 (8) Service performed by a child under the age of eighteen 429 years in the employ of his father or mother;

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- 430 (9) Service as an officer or member of a crew of an American vessel, performed on or in connection with such vessel, if the operating office, from which the operations of the vessel operating on navigable waters within or without the United States are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed and controlled, is without this state;
- 436 (10) Service performed by agents of mutual fund broker-437 dealers or insurance companies, exclusive of industrial 438 insurance agents, or by agents of investment companies, who 439 are compensated wholly on a commission basis;
- 440 (11) Service performed (i) in the employ of a church or 441 convention or association of churches, or an organization 442 which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled or principally supported by 443 444 a church or convention or association of churches; or (ii) by 445 a duly ordained, commissioned or licensed minister of a church 446 in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order; or (iii) 447 448 prior to January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-449 eight, in the employ of a school which is not an institution 450 of higher education; or (iv) in a facility conducted for the 451 purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for 452 individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remun-453 454 erative work for individuals who because of their impaired 455 physicial or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in the competitive labor market by an individual receiving such 456 rehabilitation or remunerative work; or (v) as part of an 457 unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted 458 or financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or an 459 460 agency of a state or political subdivision thereof, by an individual receiving such work relief or work training; or (vi) 461 prior to January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-462 eight, for a hosptial in a state prison or other state correctional 463 institution by an inmate of the prison or correctional 464 institution, and after December thirty-one, one thousand nine 465 hundred seventy-seven, by an inmate of a custodial or penal 466 institution; 467
 - (12) Service performed in the employ of a school, college or university, if such service is performed (i) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school,

- college or university, or (ii) by the spouse of such a student, if such spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to perform such service, that (I) the employment of such spouse to perform such service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school, college or university, and (II) such employment will not be covered by any program of unemployment insurance;
 - (13) Service performed by an individual under the age of twenty-two who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution, which combines academic instruction with work experience, if such service is an integral part of such program, and such institution has so certified to the employer, except that this subdivision shall not apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers;
- 490 (14) Service performed in the employ of a hospital, if such 491 service is performed by a patient of the hospital, as defined 492 in this section;
 - (15) Service in the employ of a governmental entity referred to in subdivision (9) of the definition of "employment" in this section if such service is performed by an individual in the exercise of duties (i) as an elected official; (ii) as a member of a legislative body, or a member of the judiciary, of a state or political subdivision; (iii) as a member of the state national guard or air national guard; (iv) as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood or similar emergency; (v) in a position which, under or pursuant to the laws of this state, is designated as (I) a major nontenured policy-making or advisory position, or (II) a policy-making or advisory position the performance of the duties of which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per week.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing exclusions from the definition of "employment," services, except agricultural labor and domestic service in a private home, shall be deemed to be in employment if with respect to such services a tax is required

- to be paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment compensation fund, or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act are required to be covered under this chapter.
- "Employment office" means a free employment office or 518 branch thereof, operated by this state, or any free public 519 employment office maintained as a part of a state controlled 520 system of public employment offices in any other state.
- 521 "Fund" means the unemployment compensation fund 522 established by this chapter.
- 523 "Hospital" means an institution which has been licensed, 524 certified or approved by the state department of health as a 525 hospital.
- 526 "Institution of higher education" means an educational 527 institution which:
- 528 (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a 529 certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized 530 equivalent of such a certificate;
- 531 (2) Is legally authorized in this state to provide a program 532 of education beyond high school;
- 533 (3) Provides an educational program for which it awards a
 534 bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is
 535 acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, or provides
 536 a program of post-graduate or post-doctoral studies, or
 537 provides a program of training to prepare students for gainful
 538 employment in a recognized occupation; and
- 539 (4) Is a public or other nonprofit institution.
 - Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this definition all colleges and universities in this state are institutions of higher education for purposes of this section.
- "Payments" means the money required to be paid or that may be voluntarily paid into the state unemployment compensation fund as provided in article five of this chapter.
- "Separated from employment" means, for the purposes of this chapter, the total severance, whether by quitting, discharge

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- or otherwise, of the employer-employee relationship.
- "State" includes, in addition to the states of the United 550 States, Puerto Rico, District of Columbia and the Virgin 551 Islands.
- "Total and partial unemployment" means:
- 553 (1) An individual shall be deemed totally unemployed in any 554 week in which such individual is separated from employment 555 for an employing unit and during which he performs no 556 services and with respect to which no wages are payable to 557 him.
- 558 (2) An individual who has not been separated from 559 employment shall be deemed to be partially unemployed in any 560 week in which due to lack of full-time work wages payable 561 to him are less than his weekly benefit amount plus twenty-562 five dollars: *Provided*, That said individual must have earnings 563 of at least twenty-six dollars.
 - "Wages" means all remuneration for personal service, including commissions and bonuses, and the cash value of all remuneration in any medium other than cash except for agricultural labor and domestic service: *Provided*, That the term "wages" shall not include:
- 569 (1) That part of the remuneration which, after remuneration equal to three thousand dollars has been paid to an individual 570 571 by an employer with respect to employment during any calendar year, is paid after December thirty-one, one thousand 572 573 nine hundred thirty-nine, and prior to January one, one 574 thousand nine hundred forty-seven, to such individual by such 575 employer with respect to employment during such calendar 576 year; or that part of the remuneration which, after remuner-577 ation equal to three thousand dollars with respect to 578 employment after one thousand nine hundred thirty-eight, has 579 been paid to an individual by an employer during any calendar 580 year after one thousand nine hundred forty-six, is paid to such individual by such employer during such calendar year, except 581 582 that for the purposes of sections one, ten, eleven and thirteen, 583 article six of this chapter, all remuneration earned by an 584 individual in employment shall be credited to the individual 585 and included in his computation of base period wages: 586 Provided. That notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, on

and after January one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, the term "wages" shall not include:

589 That part of the remuneration which, after remuneration 590 equal to three thousand six hundred dollars has been paid to 591 an individual by an employer with respect to employment 592 during any calendar year, is paid during any calendar year 593 after one thousand nine hundred sixty-one; and shall not 594 include that part of remuneration which, after remuneration 595 equal to four thousand two hundred dollars is paid during a 596 calendar year after one thousand nine hundred seventy-one: 597 and shall not include that part of remuneration which, after 598 remuneration equal to six thousand dollars is paid during a 599 calendar year after one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven; 600 and shall not include that part of remuneration which, after 601 remuneration equal to eight thousand dollars is paid during 602 a calendar year after one thousand nine hundred eighty, to an individual by an employer or his predecessor with respect to 603 604 employment during any calendar year, is paid to such 605 individual by such employee during such calendar year unless 606 that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a federal 607 law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for 608 contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment 609 fund. For the purposes of this subdivision (1), the term 610 "employment" shall include service constituting employment 611 under any unemployment compensation law of another state; 612 or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax 613 imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is required 614 to be covered under this chapter; and, except, that for the 615 purposes of sections one, ten, eleven and thirteen, article six 616 of this chapter, all remuneration earned by an individual in 617 employment shall be credited to the individual and included 618 in his computation of base period wages: Provided, That the remuneration paid to an individual by an employer with 619 620 respect to employment in another state or other states upon 621 which contributions were required of and paid by such employer under an unemployment compensation law of such 622 other state or states shall be included as a part of the 623 remuneration equal to the amounts of three thousand six 624 hundred dollars or four thousand two hundred dollars or six 625 thousand dollars or eight thousand dollars herein referred to. 626 In applying such limitation on the amount of remuneration 627 that is taxable, an employer shall be accorded the benefit of 628

all or any portion of such amount which may have been paid by its predecessor or predecessors: Provided, however, That if the definition of the term "wages" as contained in section 3306(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended: (a) Effective prior to January one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, to include remuneration in excess of three thousand dollars, or (b) effective on or after January one, one thousand nine hundred sixty-two, to include remuneration in excess of three thousand six hundred dollars, or (c) effective on or after January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to include remuneration in excess of four thousand two hundred dollars, or (d) effective on or after January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, to include remuneration in excess of six thousand dollars, or (e) effective on or after January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty, to include remuner-ation in excess of eight thousand dollars, paid to an individual by an employer under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act during any calendar year, wages for the purposes of this definition shall include remuneration paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer subject to this article or his predecessor with respect to employment during any calendar year up to an amount equal to the amount of remuneration taxable under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act;

- (2) The amount of any payment made after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment), to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ or any of his dependents, under a plan or system established by an employer which makes provision for individuals in its employ generally (or for such individuals and their dependents), or for a class or classes of such individuals (or for a class or classes of such individuals and their dependents), on account of (A) retirement, or (B) sickness or accident disability, or (C) medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, or (D) death;
- (3) Any payment made after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer to an individual in its employ (including any amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement;

- (4) Any payment made after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer on account of sickness or accident disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ after the expiration of six calendar months following the last calendar month in which such individual worked for such employer;
 - (5) Any payment made after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, by an employer to, or on behalf of, an individual in its employ or his beneficiary (A) from or to a trust described in section 401(a) which is exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code at the time of such payments unless such payment is made to such individual as an employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered by such individual and not as a beneficiary of the trust, or (B) under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payment, is a plan described in section 403(a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code;
 - (6) The payment by an employer of the tax imposed upon an employer under section 3101 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home of the employer of agricultural labor;
 - (7) Remuneration paid by an employer after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, in any medium other than cash to an individual in its employ for service not in the course of the employer's trade or business;
 - (8) Any payment (other than vacation or sick pay) made by an employer after December thirty-one, one thousand nine hundred fifty-two, to an individual in its employ after the month in which he attains the age of sixty-five, if he did not work for the employer in the period for which such payment is made;
 - (9) Payments, not required under any contract of hire, made to an individual with respect to his period of training or service in the armed forces of the United States by an employer by which such individual was formerly employed;
 - (10) Vacation pay, severance pay or savings plans received by an individual before or after becoming totally or partially



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709 unemployed but earned prior to becoming totally or partially 710 unemployed: Provided, That the term totally or partially 711 unemployed shall not be interpreted to include (1) employees 712 who are on vacation by reason of the request of the employees 713 or their duly authorized agent, for a vacation at a specific time, 714 and which request by the employees or their agent is acceded 715 to by their employer, (2) employees who are on vacation by 716 reason of the employer's request provided they are so informed 717 at least ninety days prior to such vacation, or (3) employees 718 who are on vacation by reason of the employer's request where 719 such vacation is in addition to the regular vacation and the 720 employer compensates such employee at a rate equal to or 721 exceeding their regular daily rate of pay during the vacation 722 period.

Gratuities customarily received by an individual in the course of his employment from persons other than his employing unit shall be treated as wages paid by his employing unit, if accounted for and reported to such employing unit.

The reasonable cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner, except for remuneration other than cash for services performed in agricultural labor and domestic service.

"Week" means a calendar week, ending at midnight Saturday, or the equivalent thereof, as determined in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the commissioner.

"Weekly benefit rate" means the maximum amount of benefit an eligible individual will receive for one week of total unemployment.

"Year" means a calendar year or the equivalent thereof, as determined by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYER COVERAGE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

*§21A-5-10. Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

- 1 On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 2 one, an employer's payment shall remain two and seven-tenths
- 3 percent, until:

^{*} Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 195, which passed prior to this act.

- 4 (1) There have elapsed thirty-six consecutive months 5 immediately preceding the computation date throughout which 6 an employer's account was chargeable with benefits.
 - (2) His payments credited to his account for all past years exceed the benefits charged to his account by an amount equal to at least the percent of his average annual payroll as shown in Column B of Table II. His rate shall be the amount appearing in Column C of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of the calendar year equal or exceed one hundred percent but are less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the average benefit payments from the trust fund for the three preceding calendar years, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column D of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred twenty-five percent but are less than one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column E of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column F of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

29			TABLE II			
30	Col. A	Col. B	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E	Col. F
31		Percentage of				
32		Average				
33		Annual Payroll				
34		By Which				
35	Rate	Credits Exceed	Employer's			
36	Class	Charges	Rate			
37	(1)	0.0 to 6.0	4.5	3.5	2.5	1.5
38	(2)	6.0	4.1	3.1	2.1	1.1
39	(3)	7.0	3.9	2.9	1.9	0.9
40	(4)	8.0	3.7	2.7	1.7	0.7
41	(5)	9.0	3.5	2.5	1.5	0.5
42	(6)	10.0	3.3	2.3	1.3	0.3

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43	(7)	10.5	3.1	2.1	1.1	0.1
44	(8)	11.0	2.9	1.9	0.9	0.0
45	(9)	11.5	2.7	1.7	0.7	0.0
46	(10)	12.0	2.5	1.5	0.5	0.0
47	(11)	12.5	2.3	1.3	0.3	0.0
48	(12)	13.0	2.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
49	(13)	14.0	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
50	(14)	16.0	1.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
51	(15)	18.0 and over	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.0

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All employer accounts in which charges for all past years exceed credits for such past years shall be adjusted effective June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, so that as of said date, for the purpose of determining such employer's rate of contribution, the credits for all past years shall be deemed to equal the charges to such accounts.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, the noncredited contribution identified in section seven of this article shall not be added to the employer's debit balance to determine the employer contribution rate.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and including ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of three percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment; except that effective on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and including five percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of five and five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment.

Effective on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years

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83 exceed the payments credited to their account for such past 84 years by an amount in excess of five percent but less than ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments 85 86 to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of six and 87 five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to 88 employment.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount of ten percent or above of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of three and three-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment; except that effective on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, such payments to the unemployment compensation fund shall be at the rate of seven and five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment or at such other rate authorized by this article.

"Debit balance account" for the purpose of this section means an account in which the benefits charged for all past years exceed the payments credited for such past years.

"Credit balance account" for the purposes of this section means an account in which the payments credited for all past 107 years exceed the benefits charged for such past years.

108 Once a debit balance account rate is established for an 109 employer's account for a year, it shall apply for the entire year.

"Due date" means the last day of the month next following a calendar quarter. In determining the amount in the fund on any due date, contributions received, but not benefits paid, for such month next following the end of a calendar quarter shall be included.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall, in addition to any other tax provided for in this section, pay contributions at the rate of one percent surtax on wages paid by him with respect to employment, beginning January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, until such time that the commissioner determines that the fund assets equal or

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- exceed the average benefits payments from the fund for the preceding three calendar years at which time such surtax shall be discontinued, and the commissioner shall so notify the employers subject to the provisions of this chapter.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, every debit balance employer subject to the provisions of this chapter, and any foreign corporation or business entity engaged in the constuction trades which has not been an employer in the state of West Virginia for thirty-six consecutive months ending on the computation date, shall, in addition to any other tax provided for in this section, pay contributions at the rate of one percent surtax on wages paid by him with respect to employment for a period of three years,
- beginning January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
- 136 (c) Effective June thirty, one thousand nine hundred eighty-137 five, and each computation date thereafter, the reserve balance 138 of a debit balance employer shall be reduced to fifteen percent 139 if such balance exceeds fifteen percent. The amount of 140 noncredited tax shall be reduced by an amount equal to the 141 eliminated charges. If the eliminated charges exceed the 142 amount of noncredited tax, the noncredited tax shall be 143 reduced to zero.

ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.

- §21A-6-1. Eligibility qualifications.
- §21A-6-1b. Requalification requirement.
- §21A-6-15. Benefit payments for service with nonprofit organizations, state hospitals, institutions of higher education, educational institutions and governmental entities.

*§21A-6-1. Eligibility qualifications.

- 1 An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive 2 benefits only if the commissioner finds that:
- 3 (1) He has registered for work at and thereafter continues 4 to report at an employment office in accordance with the 5 regulations of the commissioner, and provides accurate 6 verification of his social security number.
- 7 (2) He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of article seven of this chapter.
- 9 (3) He is able to work and is available for full-time work 10 for which he is fitted by prior training or experience and is

^{*} Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 195, which passed prior to this act.

- doing that which a reasonably prudent person in his circumstances would do in seeking work.
- 13 (4) He has been totally or partially unemployed during his 14 benefit year for a waiting period of one week prior to the week 15 for which he claims benefits for total or partial unemployment.
- 16 (5) He has within his base period earned wages for 17 employment equal to not less than two thousand two hundred 18 dollars and must have earned wages in more than one quarter 19 of his base period.

§21A-6-1b. Requalification requirement.

An individual filing a claim for benefits which, if otherwise valid, would establish a subsequent benefit year, in order to be eligible for benefits for such subsequent benefit year, must have returned to work and earned wages in covered employment after the beginning of his previous benefit year equal to or exceeding an amount eight times his weekly benefit rate amount established for the previous benefit year, and be otherwise eligible under the provisions of this article and of this chapter.

§21A-6-15. Benefit payments for service with nonprofit organizations, state hospitals, institutions of higher education, educational institutions and governmental entities.

1 (1) Benefits based on service in employment as defined in subdivisions (9) and (10) of the definition of "employment" in 2 3 section three, article one of this chapter, shall be payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same 4 5 conditions as compensation payable on the basis of other 6 service subject to this chapter; except that benefits based on 7 service in an instructional, research or principal administrative 8 capacity in an institution of higher education shall not be paid to an individual for any week of unemployment which begins 9 during the period between two successive academic years, or 10 11 during a similar period between two regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave 12 provided for in the individual's contract, if the individual has 13 a contract or contracts to perform services, in any such 14 capacity for any institution or institutions of higher education 15 for both such academic years or both such terms. 16

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- (2) Benefits based on service in employment defined in subdivisions (9) and (10) of the definition of "employment" in section three, article one of this chapter, shall be payable in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as benefits payable on the basis of other service subject to this chapter, except that:
- (a) With respect to service performed after December thirtyone, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, in an instructional, research or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution, benefits shall not be paid based on such services for any week of unemployment commencing during the period between two successive academic years, or during a similar period between two regular but not successive terms, or during any holiday or vacation period, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, to any individual if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years (or terms) or prior to the beginning of such holiday or vacation period and if there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms or after such holiday or vacation period: Provided. That subsection (1) of this section shall apply with respect to such services prior to January one, one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight;
- (b) With respect to services performed after April one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, in any other capacity for an educational institution, benefits shall not be paid on the basis of such services to any individual for any week which commences during any holiday or vacation period, or during a period between two successive academic years or terms if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms or prior to the beginning of such holiday or vacation period and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the second of such academic years or terms or after such holiday or vacation periods, except that if compensation is denied to any individual under this subsection and such individual was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for the educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, such individual shall be entitled to a retroactive

- 58 payment of compensation for each week for which the
- 59 individual filed a timely claim for compensation and for which
- 60 compensation was denied solely by reason of this clause.
- 61 (c) On and after April one, one thousand nine hundred
- eighty-four, benefits shall not be payable on the basis of 62
- services in any such capacities as specified in subdivisions (a) 63
- and (b) of this section, to any individual who performed such 64
- 65 services in an educational institution while in the employ of 66
- an educational service agency. For purposes of this subdivision
- the term "educational service agency" means a governmental 67
- agency or governmental entity which is established and 68
- operated exclusively for the purpose of providing such services 69
- to one or more educational institutions. 70

ARTICLE 8. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND.

§21A-8-1. Establishment.

- 1 There is hereby established as a special fund, separate and
- 2 apart from all public moneys or funds of the state, an
- 3 unemployment compensation fund. The fund shall consist of:
- 4 (1) All payments collected under this chapter.
- 5 (2) Interest earned upon money in the fund.
- 6 (3) Property or securities acquired through the use of the 7 fund.
- 8 (4) Earnings of such property or securities.
- 9 (5) Amounts transferred from the employment security 10 special administration fund.
- 11 (6) Any moneys received from the federal unemployment
- account in the unemployment trust fund in accordance with 12
- Title XII of the Social Security Act, as amended. 13
- All money in the fund shall be mingled and undivided. 14
- Any interest required to be paid on advances under Title 15
- XII of the Social Security Act, as amended, shall be paid by 16
- the date on which such interest is due. No interest shall be 17
- paid directly or indirectly from amounts in the unemployment 18
- compensation trust fund. 19



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ARTICLE 10. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§21A-10-11. Requiring information; use of information; libel and slander actions prohibited.

- 1 The commissioner may require an employing unit to provide
- 2 sworn or unsworn reports concerning:
- 3 (1) The number of individuals in its employ.
- 4 (2) Individually their hours of labor.
- 5 (3) Individually the rate and amount of wages.
- 6 (4) Such other information as is reasonably connected with 7 the administration of this chapter.

8 Information thus obtained shall not be published or be open to public inspection so as to reveal the identity of the 9 employing unit of the individual, with the exception of 10 information furnished to the department of welfare as required 11 12 under the provisions of section sixteen, article six of this 13 chapter, information furnished to the United States department of agriculture, information provided to the department 14 15 of human services for enforcement of the medicaid program under Title Nineteen of the Social Security Act and informa-16 tion furnished to the United States department of health and 17 human services or any state or federal program operating and 18 approved under Title One, Title Ten, Title Fourteen or Title 19 Sixteen of the Social Security Act. However, a claimant of 20 benefit or any other interested party shall, upon request, be 21 supplied with information from such records to the extent 22 necessary for the proper presentation or defense of a claim. 23 Such information may be made available to any agency of this 24 or any other state, or any federal agency, charged with the 25 administration of an unemployment compensation law or the 26 27 maintenance of a system of public employment offices.

A person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not longer than ninety days, or both.

No action for slander or libel, either criminal or civil, shall be predicated upon information furnished by any employer or any employee to the commissioner in connection with the administration of any of the provisions of this chapter.

CHAPTER 171

(H. B. 1099—By Delegate Wiedebusch and Delegate Faircloth)

[Passed March 15, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing and reestablishing the state advisory council of the department of employment security.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ADVISORY COUNCIL.

§21A-3-1. Creation; continuation and reestablishment.

- There is hereby created in the department of employment security a "state advisory council" composed of nine members.
- After having conducted a performance audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section
- 5 nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature 6 hereby finds and declares that the state advisory council of the
- 7 department of employment security should be continued and
- 8 reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of
- 9 section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the state
- 10 advisory council of the department of employment security
- 11 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand
- 12 nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 172

(H. B. 1084—By Delegate Wiedebusch and Delegate Faircloth)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article three, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the frequency of

regular meetings of the state advisory council in the department of employment security; specifying certain months during which regular meetings are to be held; exact date and time to be set by commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article three, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ADVISORY COUNCIL.

§21A-3-9. Meetings.

- The council shall hold one regular meeting in May and one
- 2 regular meeting in November each year. The exact date and
- 3 time of each regular meeting shall be determined by the
- 4 commissioner. Special meetings may be convened on the call
- 5 of the commissioner, the governor, or a majority of the
- 6 members.

CHAPTER 173

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 195-By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President)

[Passed March 6, 1985; in effect July 1, 1985. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one and ten, article six of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section five, article six-a of said chapter, all relating to unemployment compensation; employer coverage and responsibility; experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates; three-year, one percent surtax on wages paid by debit balance employers and foreign corporations or businesses engaged in construction trades; reduction of certain debit balance employer's reserve balance; employee eligibility; benefits; eligibility qualifications; increase of minimum wage earned during base period to qualify for benefits; benefit rate-total unemployment; annual computation and publication of rates; reducing maximum duration for entitlement to benefits from twenty-eight to

twenty-six weeks; changing the maximum weekly benefit rate; amending the benefit table; and increasing the total extended benefit amount.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections one and ten, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section five, article six-a, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

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- 5. Employer Coverage and Responsibility.
- Employee Eligibility; Benefits.
- 6A. Extended Benefits Program.

ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYER COVERAGE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

*§21A-5-10. Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

1 On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eightyone, an employer's payment shall remain two and seventenths percent, until: 3

(1) There have elapsed thirty-six consecutive months immediately preceding the computation date throughout which an employer's account was chargeable with benefits.

(2) His payments credited to his account for all past years exceed the benefits charged to his account by an amount equal to at least the percent of his average annual payroll as shown in Column B of Table II. His rate shall be the amount appearing in Column C of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a 14 calendar year equal or exceed one hundred percent but are less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the average benefit payments from the trust fund for the three preceding calendar years, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column D of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a 20 calendar year equal or exceed one hundred twenty-five 21

^{*}Clerks Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1904, which passed subsequent to this act.

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percent but are less than one hundred fifty percent, an
employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column E
of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column F of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

29			TABLE	II		
	Col. A	Col. B Percentage of Average Annual Payroll By which	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E	Col. F
	Rate Class	Credits Exceed Charges	Employer's Rate			
30	(1)	0.0 to 6.0	4.5	3.5	2.5	1.5
31	(2)	6.0	4.1	3.1	2.1	1.1
32	(3)	7.0	3.9	2.9	1.9	0.9
33	(4)	8.0	3.7	2.7	1.7	0.7
34	(5)	9.0	3.5	2.5	1.5	0.5
35	(6)	10.0	3.3	2.3	1.3	0.3
36	(7)	10.5	3.1	2.1	1.1	0.1
37	(8)	11.0	2.9	1.9	0.9	0.0
38	(9)	11.5	2.7	1.7	0.7	0.0
39	(10)	12.0	2.5	1.5	0.5	0.0
40	(11)	12.5	2.3	1.3	0.3	0.0
41	(12)	13.0	2.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
42	(13)	14.0	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
43	(14)	16.0	1.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
44	(15)	18.0 and over	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.0

All employer accounts in which charges for all past years exceed credits for such past years shall be adjusted effective June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, so that as of said date, for the purpose of determining such employer's rate of contribution, the credits for all past years shall be deemed to equal the charges to such accounts.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight, and notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), section seven of this article relating to the noncrediting of employers' accounts with the first seven tenths or with the

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56 first four tenths of one percent of contributions paid; for the 57 purpose of determining whether or not an employer shall pay contributions at a rate in excess of two and seven-58 59 tenths percent as hereinafter set forth, but not for the purpose of determining such rate, the department shall, 60 only for the purpose set forth herein and not as a credit to 61 such account, add to the accounts of all employers having a 62 63 debit balance, contribution payments made by such 64 employers on and after July one, one thousand nine 65 hundred sixty-seven, which payments are not credited to employers' accounts by reason of the provisions contained 66 67 in subsection (1), section seven of this article. If, after such contribution payments have been added to such employers' 68 accounts, such accounts continue to show a debit balance, 69 such employers shall make payments at a rate in excess of 70 four and five-tenths percent. If, after such contribution 71 72 payments have been added to such employers' accounts, such accounts show a credit balance, such employers shall 73 make payments at the rate of four and five-tenths percent. 74 If, under the conditions set forth in this paragraph, it is 75 76 determined that an employer shall pay contributions at a 77 rate in excess of four and five-tenths percent, the rate in 78 excess of four and five-tenths percent at which an employer 79 shall pay contributions shall then be determined solely 80 under the conditions set forth in the following paragraphs 81 of this section. The provisions contained in this paragraph shall in no way be considered as providing for the crediting 82 to an employer's account, of amounts of employer 83 contribution payments which are expressly not credited to 84 employers' accounts in subsection (1), section seven of this 85 86 article. 87

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and including ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of three percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment; except that effective on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, all employers with a debit



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98 balance account in which the benefits charged to their 99 account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and 100 101 including five percent of their average annual payroll, shall 102 make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of five and five-tenths percent of wages paid by 103 104 them with respect to employment.

Effective on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred 106 eighty-one, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount in excess of five percent but less than ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall 110 make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of six and five-tenths percent of wages paid by them 113 with respect to employment.

114 Effective on and after the computation date of June 115 thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all 116 employers with a debit balance account in which the 117 benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed 118 the payments credited to their account for such past years 119 by an amount of ten percent or above of their average 120 annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment 121 compensation fund at the rate of three and three-tenths 122 percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment; except that effective on and after July one, one thousand 123 nine hundred eighty-one, such payments to the 124 unemployment compensation fund shall be at the rate of 125 seven and five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with 126 respect to employment or at such other rate authorized by 127 128 this article.

"Debit balance account" for the purpose of this section 130 means an account in which the benefits charged for all past years exceed the payments credited for such past years.

"Credit balance account" for the purposes of this section 133 means an account in which the payments credited for all past years exceed the benefits charged for such past years. 134

Once a debit balance account rate is established for an 135 employer's account for a year, it shall apply for the entire 136 year. 137

"Due date" means the last day of the month next 138 139 following a calendar quarter. In determining the amount in

the fund on any due date, contributions received, but not
benefits paid, for such month next following the end of a
calendar quarter shall be included.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall, in addition to any other tax provided for in this section, pay contributions at the rate of one percent surtax on wages paid by him with respect to employment, beginning January first, one thousand nine hundred eightyone, until such time that the commissioner determines that the fund assets equal or exceed the average benefits payments from the fund for the preceding three calendar years at which time such surtax shall be discontinued, and the commissioner shall so notify the employers subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, 155 156 every debit balance employer subject to the provisions of 157 this chapter, and any foreign corporation or business entity engaged in the construction trades which has not been an 158 employer in the state of West Virginia for thirty-six 160 consecutive months ending on the computation date, shall, in addition to any other tax provided for in this section, pay 161 contributions at the rate of one percent surtax on wages 162 163 paid by him with respect to employment for a period of 164 three years, beginning January first, one thousand nine 165 hundred eighty-six.
- 166 (c) Effective June thirty, one thousand nine hundred 167 eighty-five, and each computation date thereafter, the 168 reserve balance of a debit balance employer shall be 169 reduced to fifteen percent if such balance exceeds fifteen 170 percent. The amount of noncredited tax shall be reduced by 171 an amount equal to the eliminated charges. If the 172 eliminated charges exceed the amount of noncredited tax, 173 the noncredited tax shall be reduced to zero.

ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.

§21A-6-1. Eligibility qualifications.

§21A-6-10. Benefit rate—Total unemployment; annual computation and publication of rates.

*§21A-6-1. Eligibility qualifications.

1 An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive *Clerks Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 1904, which passed subsequent to this act.

- 2 benefits only if the commissioner finds that:
- 3 (1) He has registered for work at and thereafter
 4 continues to report at an employment office in accordance
 5 with the regulations of the commissioner.
- 6 (2) He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with 7 the provisions of article seven of this chapter.
- 8 (3) He is able to work and is available for full-time work
 9 for which he is fitted by prior training or experience and is
 10 doing that which a reasonably prudent person in his
 11 circumstances would do in seeking work.
- 12 (4) He has been totally or partially unemployed during 13 his benefit year for a waiting period of one week prior to the 14 week for which he claims benefits for total or partial 15 unemployment.
- 16 (5) He has within his base period earned wages for 17 employment equal to not less than two thousand two 18 hundred dollars and must have earned wages in more than 19 one quarter of his base period.

§21A-6-10. Benefit rate — Total unemployment; annual computation and publication of rates.

Each eligible individual who is totally unemployed in any
week shall be paid benefits with respect to that week at the

3 weekly rate appearing in Column (C) in the Benefit Table in

4 this paragraph, on the line on which in Column (A) there is

5 indicated the employee's wage class, except as otherwise

6 provided under the term "total and partial unemployment"

7 in section three, article one of this chapter. The employee's

8 wage class shall be determined by his base period wages as

9 shown in Column (B) in the Benefit Table. The right of an

 $10\ \$ employee to receive benefits shall not be prejudiced nor the

11 amount thereof be diminished by reason of failure by an

12 employer to pay either the wages earned by the employee or

13 the contribution due on such wages. An individual who is

14 totally unemployed but earns in excess of twenty-five

15 dollars as a result of odd-job or subsidiary work in any

16 benefit week shall be paid benefits for such week in

17 accordance with the provisions of this chapter pertaining to

18 benefits for partial unemployment.

The maximum benefit for each wage class shall be equal to twenty-six times the weekly benefit rate.

On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eightyfive, and until July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

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eight, the maximum weekly benefit rate shall be seventy percent of the average weekly wage in West Virginia, which average weekly wage shall not exceed three hundred and twenty-two dollars per week; thereafter, the maximum benefit rate shall be sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the average weekly wage in West Virginia.

Beginning on July one, one thousand nine hundred 30 eighty-eight, the commissioner shall determine the maximum weekly benefit rate upon the basis of the formula 31 set forth above and shall establish wage classes as are 32 required, increasing or decreasing the amount of the base 33 34 period wages required for each wage class by one hundred fifty dollars, establishing the weekly benefit rate for each wage class by rounded dollar amount to be fifty-five 36 percent of one fifty-second of the median dollar amount of 37 wages in the base period for such wage class, and 38 39 establishing the maximum benefit for each wage class as an 40 amount equal to twenty-six times the weekly benefit rate. 41 The maximum weekly benefit rate, when computed by the 42 commissioner, in accordance with the foregoing provisions, shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of one dollar. 43

BENEFIT TABLE

	A Vage Class	B Wages Base Per		C Weekly Benefit Rate	Maximum Benefit in Benefit Year, for Total and/or Partial Un- employment
5		Under	\$2,200.00	Ineligible	
6	1	\$2,200.00-	2,349.99	\$24.00	\$624.00
7	2	2,350.00—	2,499.99	25.00	650.00
8	3	2,500.00—	2,649.99	27.00	702.00
9	4	2,650.00-	2,799.99	28.00	728.00
)	5	2,800.00-	2,949.99	30.00	780.00
	6	2,950.00—	3,099.99	31.00	806.00
	7	3,100.00—	3,249.99	33.00	858.00
	8	3,250.00—	3,399.99	35.00	910.00
	9	3,400.00—	3,549.99	36.00	936.00
	10	3,550.00—	3,699.99	38.00	988.00
	11	3,700.00—	3,849.99	39.00	1,014.00

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57	12	3,850.00—	3,999.99	41.00	1,066.00
58	13	4,000.00—	4,149.99	43.00	1,118.00
59	14	4,150.00—	4,299.99	44.00	1,144.00
60	15	4,300.00—	4,449.99	46.00	1,196.00
61	16	4,450.00—	4,599.99	47.00	1,222.00
62	17	4,600.00—	4,749.99	49.00	1,274.00
63	18	4,750.00—	4,899.99	51.00	1,326.00
64	19	4,900.00	5,049.99	52.00	1,352.00
65	20	5,050.00—	5,199.99	54.00	1,404.00
66	21	5,200.00—	5,349.99	55.00	1,430.00
67	22	5,350.00—	5,499.99	57.00	1,482.00
68	23	5,500.00-	5,649.99	58.00	1,508.00
69	24	5,650.00-	5,799.99	60.00	1,560.00
70	25	5,800.00—	5,949.99	62.00	1,612.00
71	26	5,950.00—	6,099.99	63.00	1,638.00
72	27	6,100.00—	6,249.99	65.00	1,690.00
73	28	6,250.00—	6,399.99	66.00	1,716.00
74	29	6,400.00-	6,549.99	68.00	1,768.00
75	30	6,550.00—	6,699.99	70.00	1,820.00
76	31	6,700.00—	6,849.99	71.00	1,846.00
77	32	6,850.00-	6,999.99	73.00	1,898.00
78	33	7,000.00—	7,149.99	74.00	1,924.00
79	34	7,150.00—	7,299.99	76.00	1,976.00
80	35	7,300.00—	7,449.99	78.00	2,028.00
81	36	7,450.00—	7,599.99	79.00	2,054.00
82	37	7,600.00—	7,749.99	81.00	2,106.00
83	38	7,750.00—	7,899.99	82.00	2,132.00
84	39	7,900.00	8,049.99	84.00	2,184.00
85	40	8,050.00—	8,199.99	85.00	2,210.00
86	41	8,200.00—	8,349.99	87.00	2,262.00
87	42	8,350.00	8,499.99	89.00	2,314.00
88	43	8,500.00—	8,649.99	90.00	2,340.00
89	44	8,650.00—	8,799.99	92.00	2,392.00
90	45	8,800.00—	8,949.99	93.00	2,418.00
91	46	8,950.00—	9,099.99	95.00	2,470.00
92	47	9,100.00-	9,249.99	97.00	2,522.00
93	48	9,250.00	9,399.99	98.00	2,548.00 2,600.00
94	49	9,400.00— 9,550.00—	9,549.99 9,699.99	100.00 101.00	2,626.00
95	50 51	9,550.00—	9,849.99	103.00	2,678.00
96	51 52	9,850.00—	9,999.99	104.00	2,704.00
97	52 53	10,000.00—	10,149.99	106.00	2,756.00
98	55	10,000.00-	10,110.00	200.00	_,

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99	54	10,150.00 10,299.99 108.00	2,808.00
100	55	10,300.00— 10,449.99 109.00	2,834.00
101	56	10,450.00— 10,599.99 111.00	2,886.00
102	57	10,600.00— 10,749.99 112.00	2,912.00
103	58	10,750.00— 10,899.99 114.00	2,964.00
104	59	10,900.00— 11,049.99 116.00	3,016.00
105	60	11,050.00— 11,199.99 117.00	3,042.00
106	61	11,200.00— 11,349.99 119.00	3,094.00
107	62	11,350.00— 11,499.99 120.00	3,120.00
108	63	11,500.00— 11,649.99 122.00	3,172.00
109	64	11,650.00— 11,799.99 124.00	3,224.00
110	65	11,800.00— 11,949.99 125.00	3,250.00
111	66	11,950.00— 12,099.99 127.00	3,302.00
112	67	12 ,100.00— 12 ,249.99	3,328.00
113	68	12,250.00— 12,399.99 130.00	3,380.00
114	69	12,400.00— 12,549.99 131.00	3,406.00
115	70	12,550.00— 12,699.99 133.00	3,458.00
116	71	12,700.00— 12,849.99 135.00	3,510.00
117	72	12,850.00— 12,999.99 136.00	3,536.00
118	73	13,000.00— 13,149.99 138.00	3,588.00
119	74	13,150.00— 13,299.99 139.00	3,614.00
120	75	13,300.00— 13,449.99 141.00	3,666.00
121	76	13,450.00— 13,599.99 143.00	3,718.00
122	77	13,600.00— 13,749.99 144.00	3,744.00
123	78	13,750.00— 13,899.99 146.00	3,796.00
124	79	13,900.00— 14,049.99 147.00	3,822.00
125	80	14,050.00 14,199.99 149.00	3,874.00
126	81	14,200.00— 14,349.99 150.00	3,900.00
127	82	14,350.00— 14,499.99 152.00	3,952.00
128	83	14,500.00— 14,649.99 154.00	4,004.00
129	84	14,650.00— 14,799.99 155.00	4,030.00
130	85	14,800.00— 14,949.99 157.00	4,082.00
131	86 87	14,950.00— 15,099.99 158.00	4,108.00
132 133	88	15,100.00— 15,249.99 160.00	4,160.00
	89	15,250.00— 15,399.99 162.00 15,400.00— 15,549.99 163.00	4,212.00
134	90		4,238.00 4,290.00
135 136	91	15,550.00— 15,699.99 165.00 15,700.00— 15,849.99 166.00	4,316.00
137	92	15,850.00— 15,999.99 168.00	4,368.00
138	93	16,000.00— 16,149.99 170.00	4,420.00
139	94	16,150.00— 16,299.99 171.00	4,446.00
140	95	16,300.00— 16,449.99 173.00	4,498.00

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141	0.0	10.450.00 10.500.00		4.504.00
141	96		174.00	4,524.00
142	97	, ,	176.00	4,576.00
143	98		177.00	4,602.00
144	99	,	179.00	4,654.00
145	100		181.00	4,706.00
146	101	,	182.00	4,732.00
147	102		184.00	4,784.00
148	103	, ,	185.00	4,810.00
149	104		187.00	4,862.00
150	105	, ,	189.00	4,914.00
151	106		190.00	4,940.00
152	107	,	192.00	4,992.00
153	108		193.00	5,018.00
154	109	18,400.00— 18,549.99	195.00	5,070.00
155	110	18,550.00— 18,699.99	196.00	5,096.00
156	111	18,700.00— 18,849.99	198.00	5,148.00
157	112	18,850.00— 18,999.99	200.00	5,200.00
158	113	19,000.00 19,149.99	201.00	5,226.00
159	114	19,150.00— 19,299.99	203.00	5,278.00
160	115	19,300.00— 19,449.99	204.00	5,304.00
161	116	19,450.00— 19,599.99	206.00	5,356.00
162	117	19,600.00— 19,749.99	208.00	5,408.00
163	118	19,750.00— 19,899.99	209.00	5,434.00
164	119	19,900.00- 20,049.99	211.00	5,486.00
165	120		212.00	5,512.00
166	121	20,200.00— 20,349.99	214.00	5,564.00
167	122	20,350.00 20,499.99	216.00	5,616.00
168	123		217.00	5,642.00
169	124		219.00	5,694.00
170	125		220.00	5,720.00
171	126		222.00	5,772.00
172	127	•	223.00	5,798.00
				= 050 00

After he has established such wage classes, the 174 175 commissioner shall prepare and publish a table setting 176 forth such information.

225.00

5,850.00

21,250.00— and over

Average weekly wage shall be computed by dividing the 178 number of employees in West Virginia earning wages in 179 covered employment into the total wages paid to employees 180 in West Virginia in covered employment, and by further 181 dividing said result by fifty-two, and shall be determined 182 from employer wage and contribution reports for the

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- 183 previous calendar year which are furnished to the
- 184 department on or before June one following such-calendar
- 185 year. The average weekly wage, as determined by the
- 186 commissioner, shall be rounded to the next higher dollar.
- The computation and determination of rates as aforesaid
- 188 shall be completed annually before July one, and any such
- 189 new wage class, with its corresponding wages in base 190 period, weekly benefit rate, and maximum benefit in a
- 191 benefit year established by the commissioner in the
- 192 foregoing manner effective on a July one, shall apply only to
- 193 a new claim established by a claimant on and after said July
- 194 one, and shall not apply to continued claims of a claimant
- 195 based on his new claim established before said July one.

ARTICLE 6A. EXTENDED BENEFITS PROGRAM.

§21A-6A-5. Total extended benefit amount.

- The total extended benefit amount payable to any eligible
 individual with respect to his applicable benefit year shall
- 3 be the least of the following amounts:
- 4 (1) Fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits 5 which were payable to him under this chapter in his 6 applicable benefit year;
- 7 (2) Thirteen times his weekly benefit amount which was 8 payable to him under this chapter for a week of total
- 9 unemployment in the applicable benefit year: Provided,
- 10 That an individual filing for extended benefits through the
- 11 interstate benefit payment plan and residing in a state
- 12 where an extended benefit period is not in effect shall be
- 13 limited to payment for only the first two weeks of such
- 14 extended benefits.

CHAPTER 174

(S. B. 653—By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President and Senator Harman)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen-c, relating to implementation of the provisions of

the Qualified Veterans Housing Bond Amendment of 1984 by the establishment of, and the sale of bonds for, the veterans' mortgage fund and the administration of the veterans' mortgage fund program by the West Virginia housing development fund; providing that article eighteen-c be known as the West Virginia veterans' mortgage fund; finding that qualified veterans constitute a readily identifiable and particularly deserving segment of the state's population; providing definitions for the terms bond, housing development fund, lending institution, loan, outstanding bond, program, residential dwelling, state and veteran; creating the veterans' mortgage fund; designating money and interests included in the veterans' mortgage fund; authorizing the issuance of veterans' mortgage bonds; pledging the credit of the state and providing security for bonds: establishing legality for investment and tax exemptions; providing for listing by auditor and agent for registration; authorizing use of veterans' loan payments to pay bonds and interest; providing for sale of bonds by governor; authorizing auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds; providing for designation of bond counsel and financial advisor; providing for approval and payment of necessary expenses; naming housing development fund to administer the veterans' mortgage fund program; authorizing the housing development fund to make available the veterans' mortgage funds; providing for terms and conditions of loans; authorizing the housing development fund to issue rules and regulations; prohibiting funds and benefits inuring to benefit of directors; and providing for annual audit.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18C. VETERANS' MORTGAGE FUND.

§31-18C-1. Short title.

§31-18C-2. Legislative findings; purpose and intent of article.

§31-18C-3. Definitions.

§31-18C-4. Veterans' mortgage fund created; purpose.

- §31-18C-5. Money and interests included in the veterans' mortgage fund. §31-18C-6. Veterans' mortgage bonds; amount; terms of bonds; when may issue. §31-18C-7. Pledge of credit of state and security for bonds. §31-18C-8. Legality for investment; tax exemption. §31-18C-9. Listing by auditor; agent for registration. Veterans' loan payments used to pay bonds and interest; §31-18C-10. investment of remainder. §31-18C-11. Sale by governor; minimum price. §31-18C-12. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds. §31-18C-13. Bond counsel and financial advisor. §31-18C-14.
- §31-18C-14. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses. §31-18C-15. Administration of veterans' mortgage fund program by West Virginia housing development fund.
- §31-18C-16. Powers and duties of housing development fund regarding veterans' mortgage fund.
- §31-18C-17. Terms and conditions of loans from veterans' mortgage fund.
- §31-18C-18. Prohibition of funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to the directors or officers.
- §31-18C-19. Annual audit.

§31-18C-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Veterans' Mortgage Fund Act."

§31-18C-2. Legislative findings; purpose and intent of article.

- It is hereby found, determined and declared as a matter of
 legislative finding: (a) That veterans, who have sacrificed in
- 3 the service of their country valuable years of their lives and
- 4 considerable earning potential, constitute a readily
- 4 considerable earning potential, constitute a readily
- 5 identifiable and particularly deserving segment of this 6 state's population; (b) that by making additional housing
- 7 loans available to eligible veterans, limited below-market
- 8 rate private home loan funds will be more readily available
- 9 to those qualified to receive such loans; and (c) that the
- 10 provisions of the Qualified Veterans Housing Bond
- 11 Amendment of 1984 authorize the Legislature to enact
- 12 legislation to establish a fund for the purpose of making
- 13 loans to qualified veterans.
- 14 It is hereby declared to be the public policy of this state to
- 15 assist its qualified veterans in financing owner-occupied
- 16 residences. It is the purpose and intent of the Legislature in
- 17 enacting this article to provide loans to qualified veterans
- 18 of this state to finance owner-occupied single-family

19 residential dwellings, as a recognition of their sacrifice and 20 service.

The Legislature finds that the public policy of the state as 21 22 set forth in this section cannot be effectively attained 23 without the funding, establishment, operation and 24 maintenance of the veterans' mortgage fund, and further, 25 that although federal law now effectively prohibits the 26 issuance of tax-exempt bonds to finance the operation of 27 the veterans' mortgage fund program, at such time as 28 federal law is amended so as to permit the issuance of such 29 bonds, because of the critical need to provide such 30 financing for veterans and because of the possibility that 31 Congress might at any time thereafter again take action 32 which would prohibit the operation of the veterans' 33 mortgage fund program, an emergency will exist, requiring 34 that any procedural, interpretive or legislative rules 35 determined by the West Virginia housing development fund 36 to be necessary for the administration of the veterans' 37 mortgage fund program, be promulgated by the West 38 Virginia housing development fund as emergency rules, in 39 accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 40 fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. This article authorizes the issuing and selling of general 42 obligation bonds of the state secured by the general credit 43 and taxing power of the state to be issued to provide 44 financing for mortgage loans to qualifying veterans.

§31-18C-3. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 2 requires:

- (1) "Bond" means any veterans' mortgage bond, a state general obligation bond issued pursuant to this article;
- (2) "Housing development fund" means the West 6 Virginia housing development fund created and established 7 under article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of this code;
- (3) "Lending institution" means a bank, trust company, 8 9 savings bank, national banking association, savings and 10 loan association, building and loan association, mortgage 11 bank, mortgage company, credit union, life insurance 12 company or other financial institution that customarily 13 provides service or aids in the financing of mortgages on 14 single-family residential housing which has been approved

15 for participation in the program by the housing 16 development fund; the term includes a holding company for 17 any of the foregoing;

- 18 (4) "Loan" means a veterans' mortgage loan to finance 19 the purchase, construction, improvement or rehabilitation 20 of a residential dwelling, made or acquired by the housing 21 development fund under this article, in the name of and on 22 behalf of the state, secured by a deed of trust or mortgage on 23 such residential dwelling:
- (5) "Outstanding bond" means a bond which has been
 issued pursuant to this article and has not been repaid, but
 does not include bonds which are to be paid from
 designated moneys or securities which are irrevocably held
 in trust solely for such purpose;
- 29 (6) "Program" means the veterans' mortgage fund 30 program administered by the housing development fund 31 pursuant to this article;
- 32 (7) "Residential dwelling" means a single-family
 33 residence located in the state, in which a veteran intends to
 34 reside as his or her principal residence;
- 35 (8) "State" means the state of West Virginia; and
- 36 (9) "Veteran" means a person who served in the active 37 military, naval or air service, and who was discharged or 38 released therefrom under conditions other than 39 dishonorable.

§31-18C-4. Veterans' mortgage fund created; purpose.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created and established under the 2 jurisdiction of the office of the treasurer of the state a 3 veterans' mortgage fund. All moneys resulting from the sale 4 of bonds pursuant to this article shall be credited to such 5 fund.
- 6 (b) For the purpose of creating and maintaining a fund 7 to provide loans for veterans in accordance with this article, 8 the state shall issue its negotiable bonds to provide funds 9 for a veterans' mortgage fund loan program to be made pursuant to this article.

§31-18C-5. Money and interests included in the veterans' mortgage fund.

(a) The veterans' mortgage fund shall include:

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2 (1) Any interest of the state in all loans made to veterans

- 3 pursuant to the program including any guaranty or 4 insurance thereon or on the homes or any mortgage-backed 5 certificates or like instruments taken in exchange therefor, 6 until the principal amount of such loans together with any 7 interest and penalties due have been received by the state:
- 7 interest and penalties due have been received by the state;
- 8 (2) The proceeds from the issuance and sale of such 9 bonds;
- 10 (3) Income, rents and any other pecuniary benefits 11 received by the state as a result of making or acquiring 12 veterans' mortgage loans;
- (4) Sums received by way of indemnity or forfeiture for
 the failure of any bidder for the purchase of any such bonds
 to comply with his bid and accept and pay for such bonds;
- 16 (5) Interest received from investments of any such 17 money including earnings received on bond proceeds prior 18 to disbursement for the purchase of loans; and
- 19 (6) Any equitable interest in properties encumbered 20 under this program.
- 21 (b) Money in the veterans' mortgage fund shall be 22 deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the veterans' 23 mortgage fund.
- 24 (c) Money in the fund shall be held in the following 25 accounts:
- 26 (1) A loan account, into which shall be deposited the 27 proceeds from the issuance and sale of bonds, from which 28 loans shall be made or repaid; and
- 29 (2) A general account, into which shall be deposited all 30 other money properly credited to the fund, from which shall 31 be paid the principal of and interest on the bonds, and all 32 expenses relating to the administration and operation of 33 such fund.

§31-18C-6. Veterans' mortgage bonds; amount; terms of bonds; when may issue.

1 (a) Bonds of the state, under authority of the Qualified 2 Veterans Housing Bond Amendment of 1984, are hereby 3 authorized to be issued and sold for the sole purpose of 4 raising funds for the veterans' mortgage fund, to be used for 5 financing loans. No such bonds may be issued, however, 6 unless they are part of an issue described in a written 7 declaration executed by the governor and filed in the office 8 of the secretary of state. The aggregate annual amount 9 payable on all such bonds, including both principal and 10 interest, shall be limited such that the debt service accruing 11 on such bonds in any fiscal year shall not exceed thirty-five 12 million dollars exclusive of any amounts payable on such 13 bonds for which moneys or securities have been irrevocably 14 set aside and dedicated solely for the purpose of such 15 payment. The total proceeds of each bond sale shall be 16 deposited in the manner hereinafter provided and shall be 17 earmarked, designated and used for the purposes of this 18 article.

- 19 (b) The description contained in any declaration with 20 respect to an issue of bonds hereunder shall specify that the veterans' mortgage fund program is to be financed through 21 the issuance of the bonds, the estimate of the cost of loans, 22 the aggregate amount of outstanding bonds which may at 23 any point in time constitute a part of such issue, the time or 24 times and manner of sale of such bonds, and the particular 25 26 terms of such bonds, or the manner in which such terms will be determined, including the date or dates, time or times of 27 28 issuance, time or times and amount or amounts of maturity or maturities, specified or variable rate or rates of interest, 29 30 the form of such bonds and provisions for registration or exchange, if applicable, the method and manner of payment 31 of such bonds, the provisions, if any, for redemption or 32 renewal of such bonds, and specifying such other similar 33 matters as the governor may determine to be necessary and 34 appropriate in connection with the sale and issuance of the 35 bonds. 36
 - (c) Such bonds shall be executed by the governor under the great seal of the state, attested by the signature of the secretary of state, and the coupons, if any, attached thereto shall be authenticated by the signature of the governor. Such signatures may be by facsimile signature, but, unless provision has been made for the authentication thereof by a bond registrar determined to be responsible by the governor, each bond shall bear at least one manual signature.

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(d) Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the governor may under like restrictions issue temporary bonds with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds upon the issuance of the latter. Such bonds may be issued without any other proceedings, or the happening of any

- 51 other conditions or things than those proceedings.
- 52 conditions or things which are specified and required by
- 53 this article or by the constitution of the state.

such year are insufficient therefor.

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§31-18C-7. Pledge of credit of state and security for bonds.

- 1 (a) The state covenants and agrees with the holders of the bonds issued pursuant hereto as follows: (1) That such 3 bonds shall constitute a direct and general obligation of the state; (2) that the full faith and credit of the state is hereby 5 pledged to secure the payment of the principal of and 6 interest on such bonds; (3) that an annual state tax shall be collected in an amount sufficient to pay, as it may accrue, 8 the interest on such bonds and the principal thereof; and (4) 9 that such tax shall be levied in any year only to the extent 10 that the moneys in the veterans' mortgage fund irrevocably 11 set aside for and applied to the payment of the interest on 12 and principal of said bonds becoming due and payable in
- (b) In addition, in connection with any issue of bonds 14 15 hereunder, the governor may pledge or assign as security for 16 the payment of the principal of or interest on such bonds, any of the following: 17
- (1) The proceeds of any such bonds pending their use or 18 19 of bonds which may be issued to renew such bonds;
- (2) The loans made with the proceeds of such bonds 20 including all collateral security for the payment of such 21 22 loans:
- (3) The proceeds of any mortgage or other insurance or 23 guaranty or letters of credit or similar arrangements 24 undertaken in connection with the financing of the 25 program; and 26
 - (4) Any other assets, including certificates of any entity approved by the governor received in exchange for loans pursuant to subdivision (k), section sixteen of this article, specifically designated for the purpose of paying any such principal or interest.
- (c) Any such pledge or assignment by the governor shall 33 be valid and binding from the time it is made, and the lien of such pledge or assignment shall be enforceable and need not 35 be perfected by delivery or any filing or further act. Such 36 lien shall be valid against all parties having claims of any

- 37 kind in tort, contract or otherwise, irrespective of whether
- 38 such parties have notice of the lien of such pledge or
- 39 assignment.

§31-18C-8. Legality for investment; tax exemption.

- 1 (a) The bonds are hereby made securities in which all
- 2 insurance companies and associations, and other persons
- 3 carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust
- 4 companies, building and loan associations, savings and
- 5 loan associations, investment companies and other persons
- 6 carrying on a banking business, and other persons, except
- 7 administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and
- 8 fiduciaries, who are now or who may hereafter be
- 9 authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the
- 10 state, may properly and legally invest funds including
- 11 capital in their control or belonging to them.
- 12 (b) The bonds and the income therefrom shall at all
- 13 times be exempt from taxation.

§31-18C-9. Listing by auditor; agent for registration.

- 1 All bonds issued under this article shall be separately
- 2 listed by the auditor of the state in books provided for the
- 3 purpose, in each case giving the date, number, character
- 4 and amount of obligations issued, and in case of registered
- 5 bonds, the name and post office address of the person, firm
- 6 or corporation registered as the owner thereof, but the
- 7 governor may, in his declaration with respect to such bonds,
- 8 designate an agent within or without the state for the
- 9 purpose of registration of transfer of such bonds.

§31-18C-10. Veterans' loan payments used to pay bonds and interest; investment of remainder.

- 1 (a) There shall be paid into the general account in the
- 1 (a) There shall be paid into the general account in the 2 veterans' mortgage fund all money from any and all loan
- 3 payments made by veterans under the terms of the loans for
- 4 the purpose of paying the interest on and principal of such
- 5 bonds and from any other source whatsoever which is made
- 6 liable by law or contract for the payment of the principal of
- 7 such bonds or the interest thereon.
- 8 (b) Moneys from time to time in the general account in
- 9 the fund in excess of the amount currently required for the
- 10 payment of the due principal of, or interest on, the bonds,

- 11 and the current expenses of the fund shall be invested by the
- 12 state treasurer at the direction of the governor.

§31-18C-11. Sale by governor; minimum price.

- I The governor shall sell the bonds herein authorized at
- 2 such time or times as he may determine necessary to provide
- 3 funds for the making or purchase of loans, as herein
- 4 provided, and after consultation with the housing
- 5 development fund regarding the status and requirements of
- 6 the program and subject to the limitations contained in this
- 7 article. All sales shall be at not less than at such price or
- 8 prices as he shall determine to be in the best interest of the
- 9 state.

§31-18C-12. Auditor to be custodian of unsold bonds.

- 1 The state auditor shall be the custodian of all unsold
- 2 bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this article.

§31-18C-13. Bond counsel and financial advisor.

- 1 The governor shall designate the bond counsel
- 2 responsible for the issuance of a final approving opinion
- 3 regarding the legality of the sale of such bonds and may at
- 4 his discretion designate a financial advisor to the governor
- 5 for the issuance and sale of such bonds.

§31-18C-14. Approval and payment of all necessary expenses.

- 1 All necessary expenses, including legal expenses incurred
- 2 in the execution of this article, to the extent such expenses
- 3 are not otherwise paid out of the veterans' mortgage fund,
- 4 shall be paid out of the general fund of the state on warrants
- 5 of the auditor of the state drawn on the state treasurer.

§31-18C-15. Administration of veterans' mortgage fund program by West Virginia housing development fund.

- 1 The program shall be administered by the West Virginia
- 2 housing development fund.

§31-18C-16. Powers and duties of housing development fund regarding veterans' mortgage fund.

- 1 The West Virginia housing development fund is hereby
- 2 authorized and empowered:

- (a) To make available the moneys from the veterans' mortgage fund for the making or purchase of loans in the name of and on behalf of the state;
- (b) To make and execute contracts, including contracts for the purchase of bond or pool insurance, releases, compromises, compositions and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers, or to 10 carry out its purposes under this article;
- (c) To impose and collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with the making, purchase and servicing of 12 loans, which fees and charges shall be limited to the 13 14 amounts required to pay the expenses related to the 15 administration of the program, including operating and 16 administrative costs and any bond guaranty fees;
- (d) To employ such agents and consultants as it deems 18 advisable and to fix their compensation and prescribe their 19 duties with respect to the program;
- (e) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal and real 20 property for its purposes under this article; 21
 - (f) To enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal or state agency, any lending institution or any other person, partnership, corporation, association or organization;
- (g) To sell, at public or private sale, any loan or other 27 negotiable instrument or obligation securing a loan made 28 under the provisions of this article;
- (h) To make loans or to purchase loans from lending 30 institutions in the manner and under the terms and 31 conditions prescribed by this article;
- (i) To enter into agreements with lending institutions 33 and other entities for advertising the program, for taking 34 applications for loans, for originating loans in the name of 35 the state or in the name of such lending institution, for 36 supervising the execution of promissory notes, deeds of 37 trust and other documents and agreements associated with 38 the program, for accepting and transmitting loan payments and otherwise servicing loans, for the operation and administration of any other aspect of the program or to 40 operate and administer any and all aspects of the program;
 - (j) To reimburse itself or to pay such lending institutions or other entities pursuant to any such agreements for any



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- 44 reasonable and necessary fees and expenses incurred in the
- 45 operation and administration of the program; and
- 46 (k) To exchange loans for certificates issued by an entity 47 approved by the governor for amounts and on terms and
- 48 conditions acceptable to the governor.

§31-18C-17. Terms and conditions of loans from veterans' mortgage fund.

- 1 No loans shall be made or acquired by the housing 2 development fund except loans to veterans who meet
- 3 reasonable criteria of creditworthiness as defined by the
- 4 housing development fund and in accordance with the
- 5 following terms and conditions, among other terms and
- 6 conditions which the housing development fund shall 7 require that:
- 8 (a) No loan shall be made unless an affidavit shall be 9 executed by the veteran establishing his eligibility and 10 submitted to the housing development fund together with 11 evidence of his or her eligible status:
- (b) The proceeds of all loans shall be used only for 13 financing the purchase of residential dwellings by veterans:
- (c) All loans shall be repaid in full over a term not to 14 15 exceed thirty years plus a reasonable construction period in 16 the case of a construction loan, and at a rate of interest 17 determined by the housing development fund, which may 18 set the interest rate to provide a margin over the rate paid on 19 the bonds issued under this article. The difference between 20 the interest rate on the loans and the interest rate on such 21 bonds may be used in whole or in part to defray the expense 22 of administering the program;
- 23 (d) The principal amount of each loan shall be limited to 24 the appraised value of the residential dwelling:
- (e) Each loan shall be evidenced by a negotiable 25 26 promissory note executed and delivered by the veteran and 27 shall be secured by a first lien deed of trust upon the 28 residential dwelling financed by the proceeds of the loan, subject only to such exceptions as shall be acceptable to the 30 housing development fund; and
- (f) All notes and deeds of trust accepted as security for 31 32 loans under this article shall be payable to the order of and 33 for the use and benefit of the state.
- The housing development fund is hereby empowered and 34

- 35 authorized to propose and promulgate such rules and
- 36 regulations as it determines are necessary or desirable in
- 37 the administration of the program, including procedural,
- 38 interpretive, legislative and emergency rules.

§31-18C-18. Prohibition of funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to the directors or officers.

- 1 No part of the funds of the veterans' mortgage fund shall
- 2 inure to the benefit of or be distributable to the directors or
- 3 officers of the housing development fund or other private
- 4 persons except that the housing development fund shall be
- 5 authorized and empowered to pay reasonable
- 6 compensation for services rendered, and to make loans as
- 7 previously specified in furtherance of its purposes under
- 8 this article: Provided, That no such loans shall be made to
- 9 and no property shall be purchased or leased from, or sold,
- 10 leased or otherwise disposed of to any director or officer of
- 11 the housing development fund.

§31-18C-19. Annual audit.

- 1 The housing development fund shall cause an annual
- 2 audit to be made by an independent certified public
- 3 accountant of the books, accounts and records of the
- 4 program, and with respect to the receipts, disbursements,
- 5 contracts, mortgages or deeds of trust, assignments, loans
- 6 and all other matters relating to its operation of the 7 program. The person, firm, association, partnership or
- 8 corporation performing such audit shall furnish copies of
- 9 the audit report to the treasurer, where such audit report
- 10 shall be placed on file and made available for inspection by
- 11 the general public.

CHAPTER 175

(H. B. 1098—By Delegate W. Martin)

[Passed March 6, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the county commission of Jefferson County to transfer a certain parcel of real estate located in Middleway District to the Jefferson County Animal Welfare Society,

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reserving certain reversionary rights.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

JEFFERSON COUNTY ANIMAL WELFARE SOCIETY.

§1. Jefferson County commission authorized to transfer a parcel of real estate to the Jefferson County Animal Welfare Society.

1 The Legislature hereby recognizes that the humane detention 2 and disposition of stray and unwanted animals is necessary for 3 the welfare of the people of Jefferson County. Accordingly, 4 the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the transfer of 5 land belonging to Jefferson County to any organization or 6 corporation for the furtherance of such activities promotes the 7 general welfare of the public and, therefore, is a public 8 ригроse.

The county commission of Jefferson County is hereby authorized and empowered to transfer and convey unto the Jefferson County Animal Welfare Society all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Middleway District of Jefferson County, West Virginia, and more particularly bounded and described as:

Beginning at a point in the centerline of West Virginia State Route No. 15, said point being in the western line (extended) of a twenty foot right-of-way; thence with the centerline of said West Virginia State Route No. 15, N 60 degrees-52'-51"W, a distance of 202.03 feet; thence leaving said centerline, N 19 degrees-49'-53"E, 218.47 feet to a No. 5 rebar; thence S 60 degrees-52'-51"E and parallel to the aforesaid centerline of West Virginia State Route No. 15, 202.03 feet to a No. 5 rebar in the westerly line of the aforesaid twenty foot right-of-way; thence with said rightof-way line (extended) S 19 degrees-49'-53"W, 218.47 feet to the place of beginning and containing 1.00 acres, more or less; and being the same property shown upon a map entitled "Plat of Survey Showing 1.00 Acre Parcel, Middleway District, Jefferson County, West Virginia," dated September 5, 1984, and made by Appalachian Surveys, Inc.; and being a part of the property known as the "Jefferson County farm" which was conveyed to the County of Jefferson by deed of record in the office of the Clerk of

34	the County Commission of Jefferson County, West
35	Virginia, in Deed Book 38, at page 24, reference to which
36	map and deed is here made for a more particular
37	description of said property.
38	Any proper conveyance made by the county commission
39	of Jefferson County transferring ownership of the above
40	described parcel to the Jefferson County Animal Welfare
41	Society shall contain a provision that ownership of such
42	property shall revert to the county commission should the
43	land cease to be used for animal shelter purposes.

CHAPTER 176

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2073—By Delegate Hutchinson and Delegate Ryan)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to establish the New River parkway authority; functions; members; appointment; powers and duties; officers; bylaws; rules and regulations; compensation; authority as corporate body; support, maintenance and operation; and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

NEW RIVER PARKWAY AUTHORITY

- §1. Parkway authority created; functions.
- §2. Members; appointment; powers and duties generally; officers; rules and regulations; compensation.
- §3. Body corporate.
- §4. Support, maintenance and operation.
- §5. Severability.

§1. Parkway authority created; functions.

- 1 There is hereby created a New River parkway authority, to
- 2 coordinate with counties, municipalities, state and federal
- 3 agencies, public nonprofit corporations, private corporations,
- 4 associations, partnerships and individuals for the purpose of planning, assisting and establishing recreational, tourism,
- 6 industrial, economic and community development of the New

- 7 River parkway for the benefit of West Virginians.
- §2. Members; appointment; powers and duties generally; officers; bylaws; rules and regulations; compensation.
 - 1 (a) The authority consists of six voting members and five 2 ex officio nonvoting members. All members shall be appointed 3 before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
 - 4 five.
 - 5 (b) Three voting members shall be appointed by the Raleigh county commission. Three voting members shall be appointed 6 by the Summers county commission. No more than two of the 7 three voting members appointed by a county commission may 8 9 be members of the same political party. The terms of the voting members initially appointed by a county commission 10 are as follows: One member shall be appointed for a term of 11 one year, one member shall be appointed for a term of two 12 years and one member shall be appointed for a term of three 13 years. All successive appointments shall be for a term of four 14 15 years. Any voting member may be removed for cause by the 16 appointing county commission.
 - 17 (c) The five ex officio nonvoting members are the commissioner of highways or his designee, the director of natural 18 resources or his designee, the commissioner of agriculture or 19 his designee, and, if they choose to serve after being invited 20 to do so by the county commissions of Raleigh and Summers 21 Counties, the district engineer of the United States Army 22 Corps of Engineers or his designee and the supervisor of the 23 New River gorge national river office or his designee. If either 24 or both of the latter two decline to serve, then the county 25 commissions of Raleigh and Summers Counties shall each 26 appoint one nonvoting member. All terms of ex officio 27 nonvoting members are for four years. 28
 - (d) Should a vacancy occur, the person appointed to fill the
 vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired portion thereof. All
 members are eligible for reappointment.
 - 32 (e) There shall be an annual meeting of the authority on 33 the second Monday in July in each year and a monthly 34 meeting on a day and at such time as the authority may 35 designate in its bylaws. A special meeting may be called by 36 the president, the secretary or any two members of the

- 37 authority and may be held only after all members are given
- 38 notice thereof in writing. Three members constitute a quorum
- 39 for all meetings. At each annual meeting of the authority, it
- 40 shall elect a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer.
- 41 The authority shall adopt such bylaws, rules and regulations
- 42 as are necessary for its own operation and management. The
- 43 authority has all but only those powers necessary, incidental,
- 44 convenient and advisable for the following purposes:
- 45 (1) The preparation of a plan or plans for the New River 46 parkway.
- 47 (2) Advocating actions consistent with that plan or its 48 provisions to or before any governmental entity or any private 49 person or entity; and
- 50 (3) Otherwise acting in an advisory capacity with regard to any aspects of the New River parkway upon or without request
- 52 to any governmental entity or private person or entity. The
- authority may not own any of the real estate or real property
- 54 herein described for development and may not be responsible
- 55 for operating or maintaining the parkway.
- 56 Each voting member of the authority shall be compensated
- 57 monthly by the governing bodies which appointed such
- 58 members in an amount to be fixed by such governing body.

§3. Body corporate.

- 1 The authority hereby created shall be a public corporation
- 2 and as such it may contract and be contracted with, sue and
- 3 be sued, plead and be impleaded and may have and use a
- 4 corporate seal.

§4. Support, maintenance and operation.

- 1 The governing bodies of Raleigh and Summers Counties
- 2 may provide for the support, maintenance and operation of
- 3 the New River parkway authority and other related activities
- 4 under jurisdiction of the authority hereby created.

§5. Severability.

- If any provision hereof is held invalid, such invalidity shall
- 2 not affect other provisions hereof which can be given effect
- 3 without the invalid provision, and to this end the provisions
- 4 of this act are declared to be severable.



CHAPTER 177

(H. B. 2027—By Delegate J. Martin and Delegate Jordan)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize the county commission of Randolph County to transfer up to five thousand dollars to the Frank and Eleanor Wimer memorial fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

WIMER MEMORIAL FUND.

- §1. Legislative findings.
- §2. Authorization to donate funds.
- §1. Legislative findings.
 - 1 The Legislature hereby finds that Frank Wimer was a coach
 - 2 in the public schools of Randolph County from 1926 to 1964;
 - 3 that Frank Wimer was in the National Coaches Hall of Fame
 - 4 and a national figure; that Frank Wimer and his wife Eleanor
 - 5 were treasured contributors to the common good of their
 - 6 community, county and state by their services to the youth of
 - community, county and state by their services to the youth of
 - 7 their community and otherwise; that a facility in the City of
 - 8 Elkins, Randolph County, West Virginia used for athletic and
 - 9 other appropriate public gatherings has been named Wimer
 - 10 field in memory of Frank and Eleanor Wimer; that various
 - 11 public and private persons and organizations are seeking
 - 12 through the auspices of the Frank and Eleanor Wimer
 - 13 memorial fund to accomplish a substantial renovation of
 - 14 Wimer Field, in part, to increase its seating capacity so there
 - 15 may be a larger and improved public facility for large athletic
 - 16 and other gatherings of the citizens of the City of Elkins,
- 17 Randolph County, and the state of West Virginia.

§2. Authorization to donate funds.

- 1 The county commission of Randolph County, by commis-
- 2 sion action, is empowered to recognize Wimer field as a most
- 3 worthy public purpose and the county commission of
- 4 Randolph County is hereby authorized, empowered to donate,
- 5 give and transfer to the Frank and Eleanor Wimer memorial
- give and transfer to the Trank and Eleanor wither memorial
- 6 fund a sum of up to five thousand dollars for the renovation
- 7 of Wimer field to the memory of Frank and Eleanor Wimer
- 8 and to require the funds be returned should the renovation
- 9 not take place or the funds not be necessary and convenient

10 to said renovation, all within a reasonable time as may be 11 determined by the Randolph county commission.

CHAPTER 178

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 1582—By Delegate Hutchinson and Delegate Ryan)

[Passed April 9, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the public land corporation of West Virginia to transfer the surface only of Sandstone Falls state park, the Minden railroad right-of-way and McKendree public hunting area to the United States national park service.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

SANDSTONE FALLS, MINDEN RAILROAD AND MCKENDREE PUBLIC HUNTING AREA TRANSFER.

- §1. Public land corporation of West Virginia authorized to transfer the surface only of Sandstone Falls state park, Minden railroad right-of-way and McKendree public hunting area to the United States national park service.
 - 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the transfer
 - 2 of the Sandstone Falls state park, the Minden railroad right-
 - 3 of-way and the McKendree public hunting area to the United
 - 4 States national park service for their future development,
 - 5 improvement and maintenance promotes the general welfare
 - 6 of the public and, therefore, is a public purpose.
 - 7 The public land corporation of West Virginia is hereby
 - 8 authorized and empowered to transfer and convey unto the
 - 9 United States national park service the following three parcels
 - 10 of land:
 - 11 (1) The surface only of that certain plot or parcel of land
 - 12 known as Sandstone Falls state park, being situate in
- 13 Richmond District of Raleigh County, West Virginia and
- 14 containing seventy-one and thirty-five one-hundredths acres,
- 15 more or less;
- 16 (2) The surface only of that certain plot or parcel of land
- 17 known as the Minden railroad right-of-way, being situate in

- Fayetteville District of Fayette County, West Virginia and containing twenty-three and forty-nine one-hundredths acres,
- 20 more or less; and
- 21 (3) The surface only of that certain plot or parcel of land 22 known as McKendree public hunting area, being situate in 23 New Haven District of Fayette County, West Virginia and 24 containing one hundred fifteen acres, more or less.
- Any proper conveyance made by the public land corporation of West Virginia transferring ownership of the three surface parcels of land stated above to the United States national park service shall contain a provision that ownership of such properties shall revert to the state should the lands cease to be used for public park and recreational purposes.

CHAPTER 179

(H. B. 1675—By Delegate McKinley and Delegate Blatnik)

[Passed March 27, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT generally to authorize the establishment and termination of the centre market commission, a body corporate and politic, by the City of Wheeling; findings and purposes; appointment of a board therefor to serve without compensation; board qualifications; terms; election of officers and removal; authorization to acquire, deal with and dispose of real and personal property and funds; authorization to contract, employ personnel, sue and be sued; authorization to own and operate facilities and fix and collect fees; and providing other necessary powers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CENTRE MARKET COMMISSION.

- §1. Legislative findings and purposes.
- §2. Centre commission may be created; board of directors; appointment; powers and duties generally; officers; bylaws; rules and regulations.
- §3. Powers and duties.
- §1. Legislative findings and purposes.
 - 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:

- 2 (a) The Centre Market Square Historic District, city of
 3 Wheeling, county of Ohio, state of West Virginia, is richly
 4 endowed with numerous historic buildings which have a close
 5 and immediate relationship to the values upon which this city
 6 and state and the nation were founded;
- 7 (b) That within the Centre Market Square Historic District 8 there are two market houses owned by the city that are on 9 the national register of historic places which are unique to this 10 state;
- 11 (c) That it would be a most worthy public purpose to 12 authorize the governing body of the city of Wheeling to 13 establish and terminate a centre market commission for the 14 following reasons:
- 15 1. To preserve and protect the historical and architectural 16 heritage and to promote the ecomonic redevelopment of the 17 Centre Market Square Historic District.
- 2. To effect and accomplish the protection, enhancement,
 and perpetuation of the Centre Market Square Historic
 District and its historic buildings;
- 21 3. To improve, develop, maintain and operate the historic 22 market houses;
- 4. To protect and enhance the Centre Market Square Historic District's attractions to residents, tourists and visitors and to serve as support and stimulus to business and industry;
- 5. To strengthen the economy of the Centre Market Square
 Historic District and the city;
- 28 6. To foster civic pride in the beauty and noble accomp-29 lishments of the past;
- 7. To promote the use of the Centre Market Square Historic District and its historic market house for the education,
- 32 pleasure and welfare of the people of the city of Wheeling.
- §2. Centre commission may be created; board of directors; appointment; powers and duties generally; officers; bylaws; rules and regulations.
 - 1 The governing body of the City of Wheeling is hereby

authorized to create a centre market commission by ordinance, 3 the same to be a body corporate and politic which shall have a board of directors as its governing body. The commission 4 5 may be created for a time certain or until terminated by like 6 ordinance of such governing body. The board consists of five 7 persons appointed by the city council, the members shall be 8 residents of Wheeling and shall serve without compensation. 9 They shall be appointed for a period of four years and may 10 hold no political office, municipal, county or state. The city 11 council shall, on or after the effective date of this act, appoint 12 five members, one for two years, two for three years and two 13 for four years, respectively, as designated by the city council. 14 Their respective successors, however, shall be appointed for the 15 term of four years excepting that any person appointed to fill 16 a vacancy occurring, before the expiration of a term, shall 17 serve only for the unexpired term. Any commissioner is eligible 18 for reappointment. However, any vacancy created either by the expiration of a term, or otherwise, shall be filled by the 19 appointing body. Upon the appointment of the commission, 20 21 the members thereof shall elect from among their number a 22 chairman and a secretary-treasurer who shall hold office for one year and be eligible for reelection. Annually thereafter the 23 24 commission shall organize by the election of a secretary-25 treasurer and such other officers from its own number as it 26 may deem advisable. Members of the commission may be 27 removed from office in the same manner as provided for the removal of county officers under article six, chapter six of the 28 29 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, 30 as amended.

§3. Powers and duties.

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The commission may be given the following powers and duties: Acquire property by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise; sell or lease property so acquired; contract and be contracted with; sue and be sued; solicit and accept gifts, bequests, endowments and funds both public and private; employ and compensate personnel; own and operate necessary facilities and equipment; fix, charge and collect fees for its acts and undertakings; and other powers necessary for the exercise of those powers enumerated above consistent with the purposes of the commission.

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CHAPTER 180

(H. B. 1848—By Delegate Neal and Delegate Crookshanks)

[Passed April 13, 1985; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize the city of White Sulphur Springs, Greenbrier County, West Virginia, to establish an interest bearing White Sulphur Springs capital improvement fund account; and authority of the governing body to expend the income from that account for capital improvements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND.

§1. Governing body of city of White Sulphur Springs authorized to establish an interest bearing capital improvement fund.

The governing body of the city of White Sulphur Springs is hereby authorized and empowered to establish a special interest bearing fund, and to transfer and deposit in the special fund all moneys received by the city of White Sulphur Springs from the sale and exchange of real estate in a deed of exchange 6 between CSX Hotels, Inc., a West Virginia corporation and the city of White Sulphur Springs, dated December 27, 1984, and recorded in the office of the clerk of the county 9 commission of Greenbrier County, West Virginia. The governing body is further authorized and empowered to use 10 the income, only, from the special fund created under the 11 authority of this act and to expend the same, year to year, 12 13 for capital improvements.

RESOLUTIONS

(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein.)

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 9

(By Delegate Sattes)

[Adopted April 2, 1985.]

Giving legislative approval to the readmission of the State of Oklahoma into the Southern Regional Education Compact entered into by the State of West Virginia and other southern states; to declare that, upon ratification of the compact by the legislature and approval by the Governor of Oklahoma and approval by the other states which are parties to the compact, the State of Oklahoma shall again become a party to the compact; and for other purposes.

WHEREAS, By action of the Legislature, the State of West Virginia is a party to the Southern Regional Education Compact with the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia; and

WHEREAS, The State of Oklahoma having withdrawn from the Southern Regional Education Compact has now indicated its interest in rejoining the southern states as a party to the compact; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the readmission of the State of Oklahoma is approved and that the State of Oklahoma is again a party to the Southern Regional Education Compact upon ratification of the compact by the legislature and approval by the Governor of the State of Oklahoma and upon approval of readmission by the other states which are parties to the compact.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 24

(By Delegate Conley, et al.)

[Adopted April 11, 1985.]

Urging the Congress of the United States to reject any proposed

legislation to abolish or defund the Appalachian Regional Commission.

WHEREAS, There is an urgent need to aid the economic growth of West Virginia and to reverse the increasing unemployment figures; and

WHEREAS, Industries essential to our country's survival are located in West Virginia and make our State a prime factor in the growth and development of Appalachia; and

WHEREAS, The Appalachian Regional Commission funding and its continuance is essential to the development of roads, sewer, public service districts and to putting and keeping West Virginians working; and

WHEREAS, Our public officials in Washington and in this State should make the fight against abolishing and defunding of the Appalachian Regional Commission a top priority because every citizen of this State will be affected if Congress should defund the ARC; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia economic development, growth and survival depend on the maintenance of the ARC; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Congress of the United States is hereby urged to reject any proposed legislation that would abolish or defund the Appalachian Regional Commission; and, be it

Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Senators Byrd and Rockefeller, to members of the West Virginia Congressional Delegation and to both houses of the Congress of the United States.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 34

(By Delegates Bailey, Flanigan, McNeely and Wellman)

[Adopted April 12, 1985.]

Requesting the West Virginia Board of Education to establish a policy that will standardize the grading scales among West Virginia's fifty-five counties.

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Board of Education has enacted a

policy requiring public school students to maintain a 2.0 grade point average to participate in extracurricular activities; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Board of Education has not defined a standardized relative value to numerical or letter grades awarded students; and

WHEREAS, The fifty-five county boards of education have different grading scales, resulting in circumstances whereby a student may be ineligible in his or her county while being eligible in another county; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the West Virginia Board of Education is requested to enact a standardized policy regarding the numerical or letter grade scaling for the fifty-five counties of West Virginia; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Superintendent of the West Virginia Board of Education.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 42

(By Delegates Jones, Murphy, Phillips and Pino)

[Adopted April 12, 1985.]

Expressing the will of the Legislature of West Virginia to lower the rate of high school dropouts in West Virginia; and recommending certain policies and practices to assist in lowering such rate.

WHEREAS, Data-based research has shown that high school dropouts can be just as motivated to learn, just as responsive to their teachers and fellow students, and just as ambitious as others in their age groups; and

WHEREAS, During this age of high technology, when the ability of a state to reach its economic potential rests on the quality of its workforce, the dropout situation becomes an intolerable burden on the State and its people and permanently contributes to the economic decline of the State; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That each county board of education establish a research-based dropout prevention program with special attention given to early

detection and remediation of high-risk students, and that each county board provide for consultation among any school and its feeder school or schools regarding dropout prevention and career guidance for high-risk students; and, be it

Further Resolved, That each county board of education develop a plan for the implementation of alternative programs and meaningful educational experiences designed to meet the needs of those students whose learning styles are incompatible with the present school program and who would benefit from other learning styles and strategies, such to provide an incentive for school attendance; and, be it

Further Resolved, That each county board of education establish referral services and rehabilitation, counseling and school re-entry programs for students who have withdrawn from school, and establish counseling, tutoring and other programs designed to discourage students from such withdrawal; and, be it

Further Resolved, That each county board report to the state board of education any job preparation programs established in accordance with article two-c, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia and that the state board report on the first day of the session of the West Virginia Legislature convening in January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, to the Speaker of the House of Delegates and the President of the Senate as to the status of the job preparation program required by such article; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the state board of education establish an on-going committee composed of government, business, industry, management, labor, schools, religious organizations and citizens for discussion and action towards the continual development of West Virginia school children; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the state superintendent of schools and to each county superintendent of schools.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 18

(By Delegates J. Martin and Carmichael)

[Adopted April 12, 1985.]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West

Virginia, amending article three thereof, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, relating to the right of a person to keep and bear arms; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at the next general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, which proposed amendment is that article three thereof be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE III. BILL OF RIGHTS.

§22. Right to keep and bear arms.

A person has the right to keep and bear arms for the defense of self, family, home and state, and for lawful hunting and recreational use.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment No. 1" and designated as the "Right to Keep and Bear Arms Amendment" and the purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To allow a person to keep and bear arms for defense of self, family, home and state and for recreation."

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 19

(By Delegates Ryan and M. Harman)

[Adopted April 13, 1985.]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, amending section one-a, article ten thereof, relating

to exempting inventory and warehouse goods from ad valorem property taxation when such property is in transit and declaring that such property has acquired no situs for taxation purposes in West Virginia; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Consitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at the next general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, which proposed amendment is that section one-a, article ten thereof, be amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE X. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

§1a. Exemption from ad valorem property taxation.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding section, bank deposits, money and household goods and personal effects if such household goods and personal effects are not held or used for profit, shall be exempt from ad valorem property taxation. Personal property which is moving in interstate commerce through or over the territory of the State of West Virginia, or which was consigned to a warehouse, public or private, within the State from outside the State for storage in transit to a final destination outside the State, whether specified when transportation begins or afterward, shall be deemed to have acquired no situs in West Virginia for purposes of taxation and shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation. Such property shall not be deprived of such exemption because while in the warehouse the property is assembled, bound, joined, processed, disassembled, divided, cut, broken in bulk, relabeled or repackaged: Provided, That property shall be deprived of such exemption if a new or a different product is created: Provided, however, That such exemption shall not apply to inventories of natural resources held for the manufacturing and sale of energy.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, for the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and for the first day of July of each year thereafter, ad valorem property taxation upon the value of property situate in a warehouse facility shall be reduced by one-fifth until such time as the property is fully exempt from taxation as herein provided in this section.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment No. 3" and designated as the "Warehouse Freeport Tax Amendment" and the purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To exempt inventory and warehouse goods from ad valorem property taxation when such property is in transit and to declare that such property has acquired no situs for taxation in West Virginia."

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 4

(By Senator R. Williams)

[Adopted March 19, 1985.]

Supporting the inclusion in the United States Congress' 1985 Farm Bill a forestry section which would provide for a long-term tree planting program.

WHEREAS, Forestry plays a major role in the economy of this nation, with the expected demand for softwood in the United States to exceed supply, at current price levels, by the year 2000; and

WHEREAS, There are millions of acres of eroding marginal crop and pastureland which will reduce the overall productivity of our agriculture and forestry land base; and

WHEREAS, Tree planting on those marginal crop and pasturelands will yield a greater average annual rate of return to the landowner and reduce erosion and improve water quality; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the inclusion of a forestry section to the 1985 Farm Bill that would provide federal incentives for planting trees on marginal crop and pasturelands, particularly those which are eroding at accelerated rates and those which will yield a greater economic return to the landowner if planted in trees, is hereby supported; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate forward a copy of this resolution to the West Virginia Congressional Delegation.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 14

(By Senator Shaw)

[Adopted April I, 1985.]

Urging the Congress of the United States to actively participate in and fund the Gallipolis Locks and Dam Project.

WHEREAS, With each passing year as the amount of barge traffic increases on the Ohio River with the expansion and growth of manufacturing and industrial development, it becomes necessary to increase the number of locks to accommodate the barge traffic on the river; and

WHEREAS, There is presently a bottleneck on the Ohio River just north of Point Pleasant, the construction of additional locks for barge traffic is necessary; and

WHEREAS, The construction of additional locks along the Ohio River will be good for the local economy and will create needed jobs for West Virginians; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That this body respectfully urges the Congress of the United States to provide funding for the Gallipolis Locks and Dam Project which will increase economic growth through providing jobs and will also increase the much needed number of locks on the Ohio River for barge traffic.

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate forward copies of this resolution to each member of the West Virginia Congressional Delegation.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 15

(By Senators Tucker, Holliday, Spears and R. Williams)

[Adopted March 26, 1985.]

Urging the United States Congress to closely examine all efforts to dispose of the Consolidated Rail Corporation (Conrail).

WHEREAS, The United States Department of Transportation Secretary Elizabeth Dole has recommended that Conrail be sold; and

WHEREAS, The disposal of Conrail might affect the production and shipping of coal from mines in West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, The effects of this sale should be fully studied; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House forthwith in a joint communique advise the appropriate authorities in the United States Congress that a resolution has passed both houses of the West Virginia Legislature, calling upon the United States Congress to closely examine all efforts to dispose of Conrail in a fashion that might affect the production and shipping of coal from West Virginia mines; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House advise the Honorable Arch A. Moore, Jr., Governor of the State of West Virginia, of its joint resolution and call upon him to join with such actions as are necessary to fully examine the sale of Conrail.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 16

(By Senator Boettner)

[Adopted March 20, 1985.]

Directing the Legislature of West Virginia to encourage, support and advance the continuance and growth of the National Railroad Passenge Corporation, known as Amtrak.

WHEREAS, The National Railroad Passenger Corporation, known as Amtrak, serves the citizens of West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, Our citizens' use of Amtrak has increased continously since 1971 until at the present time over 55,500 persons used Amtrak in 1985 to arrive and depart from points in our State; and

WHEREAS, Amtrak directly employs 29 citizens of this State and indirectly supports the employment of many others through the purchase of supplies and equipment from their employers; and

WHEREAS, Amtrak has invested several hundred thousand dollars in this State for the construction of passenger facilities and other equipment; and WHEREAS, Amtrak has continually improved the quality of its service, strengthened its financial position and increased the number of passengers carried to the point where it transported 22 million people in 1984 and expects to increase that amount by two percent to three percent in 1985; and

WHEREAS, The budget presented to the Congress of the United States by the President would, if enacted, deprive Amtrak of the federal funding required for its continued existence; and

WHEREAS, The effective elimination of Amtrak would result in serious adverse economic consequences to this State and its citizens in terms of loss of investment, loss of income to equipment and supplies contractors with Amtrak, loss of rail passenger service, loss of jobs and a concomitant strain on the Railroad Retirement system by the loss of many contributors to that system; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Amtrak must be continued in operation to serve West Virginia as it has in the past; and

That the Congress of the United States should provide sufficient funding through appropriation of those amounts of money necessary to maintain Amtrak in fiscal year 1986 in at least as sound a position operationally and financially as it has been in fiscal year 1985; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate shall forthwith transmit a copy of this resolution to each member of the Congressional Delegation from West Virginia, to the Honorable Elizabeth H. Dole, Secretary of Transportation, United States Department of Transportation, 400 7th Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20590 and to the Chairmen of the committees on appropriations of the United States Congress.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 24

(By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President, et al.)

[Adopted April 13, 1985.]

Providing for the first and second sessions of the third West Virginia Silver Haired Legislature conducted by elected Delegates and

Senators who are persons sixty years old or older to provide an opportunity for older West Virginians to learn about the legislative process.

WHEREAS, The members of the West Virginia Legislature have continually evidenced their concern for issues and programs affecting older West Virginians; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia legislators seek input from the State's older citizens to aid them in making their legislative decisions; and

WHEREAS, The Silver Haired Legislature is an effective means to identify common problems, not only of senior citizens, but all West Virginians, and to propose realistic, feasible solutions to those problems in the form of legislation; and

WHEREAS, It is appropriate for the citizens of the State to understand the legislative process of the State Legislature; and

WHEREAS, The members of the first and second Silver Haired Legislatures were very impressed with the knowledge they gained about the legislative process; and

WHEREAS, Over twenty states across the nation are conducting successful Silver Haired Legislature sessions, West Virginia being one of the first; and

WHEREAS, The West Virginia Commission on Aging wishes to again sponsor such a session; and

WHEREAS, A two-year authorization for the Silver Haired Legislature would be desirous insofar as it would serve to make the Silver Haired Legislature sessions more realistic and would allow for longer range planning and development of this program; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the first session of the 67th West Virginia Senate and the first session of the 67th West Virginia House of Delegates grant permission to the Silver Haired Legislature to utilize the Senate and House of Delegates Chambers and appropriate hearing and meeting rooms for a Silver Haired Legislature Session and related training activities during 1985 and during 1986: *Provided*, That no person who has publicly announced his candidacy for any elective office of this State or any political subdivision thereof, or any member or former member of the the West Virginia Legislature may serve as a member of the Silver Haired Legislature; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Office of the Clerk of the Senate and the Office of the Clerk of the House of Delegates assist the West Virginia Commission on Aging to effectuate the purposes of this resolution.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 31

(By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President, Senators Jarrell and Spears)

[Adopted March 27, 1985.]

Honoring members of the Armed Forces of the United States from West Virginia who were killed while on active duty, and the veterans of West Virginia and declaring March 27, 1985, as "Veterans Visibility Day."

WHEREAS, Since the founding of this country, the native sons and daughters of West Virginia have served in the Armed Forces of the United States and have freely given their lives on many foreign soils to protect the cause of liberty; and

WHEREAS, The veterans of West Virginia and their families have endured great sacrifices as a result of such patriotic service in the Armed Forces of our nation; and in the never ending struggle to preserve the peace of the world, young men from this State died on foreign shores; and

WHEREAS, The memory of these brave West Virginians should not pass without an expression of honor and gratitude; and it is necessary to recognize and honor the valor and patriotism of these West Virginians and of all our veterans, their families and those from the State of West Virginia presently serving in our Armed Forces; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature expresses the utmost honor and gratitude to the members of the Armed Forces of the United States from West Virginia who have lost their lives in the service to their country and declaring March 27, 1985, as "Veterans Visibility Day."

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 16

(By Mr. Tonkovich, Mr. President (By Request) and Senator Harman)

[Adopted March 13, 1985.]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West

Virginia, authorizing the issuing and selling of additional state bonds in an amount not exceeding two hundred million dollars and the distribution of the proceeds thereof to county boards of education for the construction, renovation or remodeling of elementary or secondary public school buildings or facilities, the equipping of the same in connection with any such construction, renovation or remodeling and the acquisition and preparation of sites for elementary or secondary public school buildings or facilities; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia shall be submitted to the voters of the State at the general election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, which proposed amendment is as follows:

The Legislature shall have power to authorize the issuing and selling of state bonds, not exceeding in the aggregate two hundred million dollars, which shall be in addition to all other state bonds heretofore authorized. The proceeds of the bonds hereby authorized to be issued and sold shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section six, article ten of this Constitution or any other provision of this Constitution to the contrary, be distributed to such county boards of education as qualify therefor by meeting such conditions, qualifications and requirements as shall be prescribed by general law and used and appropriated by such county boards of education solely for the construction, renovation or remodeling of elementary or secondary public school buildings or facilities, the equipping of the same in connection with any such construction, renovation or remodeling and the acquisition and preparation of sites for elementary or secondary public school buildings or facilities. Such bonds may be issued and sold at such time or times and in such amount or amounts as the Legislature shall authorize. When a bond issue as aforesaid is authorized, the Legislature shall at the same time provide for the collection of an annual state tax sufficient to pay as it may accrue the interest on such bonds and the principal thereof within and not exceeding thirty-four years, and all such taxes so levied shall be irrevocably dedicated for the payment of principal of and interest on such bonds until such principal of and interest on

such bonds are finally paid and discharged, and any of the covenants, agreements or provisions in the acts of the Legislature levying such taxes shall be enforceable in any court of competent jurisdiction by any of the holders of the bonds.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapte three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment No. 2" and designated as the "Better School Buildings Amendment," and the purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To authorize the Legislature to issue and sell state bonds in an amount not exceeding two hundred million dollars for distribution to county boards of education for use by such boards for the construction, renovation, remodeling and equipping of elementary and secondary school buildings and facilities and for acquisition and preparation of sites therefor."

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^{*} Indicates new chapter, article or section.

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